

# CENSUS OF INDIA 1981

SERIES 25

## ARUNACHAL PRADESH

PART XIII A & B

## DISTRICT CENSUS HANDBOOK
## LOHIT DISTRICT

Part A : Village and Town Directory

Part B : Village and Town Primary Census Abstract

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**Arunachal Pradesh**

Arunachal Pradesh is a thinly populated hilly tract lying roughly between the latitudes 26° 28'N and 29° 31' N and the longitudes 91° 30' E and 97° 30' E on the north east extremity of India, comprising roughly of 83,743 kilometre squares of area, bordering the international boundaries of Bhutan, Tibet, China and Burma. The Pradesh is known to be rich in flora, fauna, power and mineral potential.

When the 1971 Census was taken in Arunachal Pradesh, the area was known as the North East Frontier Agency (NEFA in short) which was constitutionally a part of the State of Assam. At that time NEFA was directly administered by the President of India through the Governor of Assam as his agent, who was assisted by an Adviser. The office of the Adviser to the Governor of Assam was situated at Shillong, the former Capital of the Assam State now the Capital of Meghalaya.

On the 21st January, 1972, NEFA was given the Status of a Union Territory under the provision of the North-Eastern Areas (Reorganisation) Act, 1971, (8 of 1971) and placed under the charge of a Chief Commissioner with his headquarters at Shillong.

When NEFA became a Union Territory in January, 1972 and renamed as Arunachal Pradesh, Itanagar was selected as its capital and gradually started shifting the headquarters from Shillong to Itanagar.

On 15th August, 1975 Arunachal Pradesh got its own elected Legislative Assembly and simultaneously the Chief Commissioner was replaced by Lt. Governor, assisted by a Cabinet of Ministers, to run the Government of this newly formed Union Territory.

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## FOREWORD

The District Census Handbook (DCH), compiled by the Census Organisation on behalf of the State Governments, is one of the most valuable products of the Census. The DCH is constantly referred to by planners, administrators, academicians and researchers. It is *inter alia* used for delimitation of constituencies, formulation of local level and regional plans and as an aid to District Administration. The District Census Handbook is the only publication which provides Primary Census Abstract (PCA) data upto village level for the rural areas and wardwise for each city or town. It also provides data on infra-structure and amenities in villages and towns, etc.

The District Census Handbook series was initiated during the 1951 Census. It contained important census tables and PCA for each village and town of the district. During 1961 Census the scope of the DCH was enlarged and it contained a descriptive account of the district, administrative statistics, census tables and a village and town directory, including PCA. The 1971 DCH series was planned in three parts. Part-A related to village and town directory, Part-B to village and town PCA and Part-C comprised analytical report, administrative statistics, district census tables and certain analytical tables based on PCA and amenity data in respect of villages. However, in some states it was confined to district census tables and in a few cases altogether given up due to delay in compilation and printing.

While designing the format of 1981 DCH series some new features alongwith the restructuring of the formats of village and town directory have been attempted. At the same time, comparability with the 1971 data has also been kept in view. All the amenities, except power supply in the village, have been brought together in the village directory with the instruction that in case an amenity is not available in the referrent village the distance in broad ranges from the nearest place where the amenity is available may be given. The restructuring of the format of the village directory and incorporating more exhaustive data on infra-structure aspect particularly in relation to amenities and land-use pattern is expected to further meet the need of micro level planning for rural areas. It is expected to help not only in local area planning but regulating the provision of goods and services as well so as to minimise the regional imbalances in the process of development. A few new items of information have also been introduced to meet some of the requirements of the Revised Minimum Needs Programme. Such new items of information as adult literacy centres, primary health sub-centres, and community health workers in the village have been introduced in the village directory with this objective in mind. The new item on approach to the village is to have an idea about the villages in the district which are inaccessible. A new column, "total population and number of households" has been introduced to examine the correlation of the amenities with the population and number of households they serve. Addition of two more appendices listing the villages where no amenities are available and according to the proportion of scheduled caste and scheduled tribe population to the total population has also been made with this view in mind.

The formats of the town directory have also been modified to meet the requirements of the Minimum Needs Programme by providing information of a few new items. A new statement on civic and other amenities in slums in Class—I and Class—II towns (Statement IV-A) has been introduced with this objective in mind. It is expected that this will help the planners to chalk out programmes on provision of civic amenities for the improvement of slums. The columns on Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes population in statement IV relating to civic and other amenities and adult literacy classes/centres under educational facilities in statement V are also added *inter alia* with this view. A significant addition is class of town in all the seven statements of the town directory. The infra-structure of amenities in urban areas of the country can be best analysed by taking the class of towns into consideration. The addition of the columns on civic administration status and population in a few statements also serves this purpose.

The format of the primary census abstract for the villages and towns has been formulated in the light of changes in the economic and other questions canvassed through the individual slip of 1981 Census.

In order to avoid delay in publication of 1981 DCH series it has been so designed that Part-A of the volume contains village and town directory and Part-B, the PCA of villages and towns including the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes PCA upto Tehsil/Town levels. At the beginning of the DCH a detailed analytical note supported by a number of inset tables based on PCA and non-census data in relation to the infra-structure has been introduced to enhance its value. The district and Tehsil/ Police Station/CD Block etc., level maps depicting the boundaries and other important features have been inserted at appropriate places, to further enhance the value of the publication.

This publication is a joint venture of the State Government and the Census Organisation. The data have been collected and compiled in the State under the direction of Shri M.B. Rai, IAS, the Director of Census Operations, Arunachal Pradesh on behalf of the State Government which has borne the cost of printing. The task of planning, designing and co-ordination of this publication was carried out by Shri N.G. Nag, Deputy Registrar General (Social Studies) of my office. Dr. B.K. Roy, Deputy Registrar General (Map) provided the technical guidance in the preparation of the maps. Data received from Census Directorates have been scrutinised in the Social Studies Division at the headquarters under the guidance of Shri M.M. Dua, Senior Research Officer. I am thankful to all who have contributed in this project.

NEW DELHI
*the 26th April*, 1982

P. PADMANABHA
*Registrar General, INDIA*

## PREFACE

The District Census Hand Book contains important Census statistics of the district. It has two parts—Part A and Part B. Part A deals with Village and Town Directory, whereas Part B contains Village and Town Primary Census Abstract (PCA) and also Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Primary Census Abstract.

2. In the Village Directory attempt has been made to present exhaustive data on various kinds of amenities available in a village and also on its land use pattern. A few new items have been introduced, such as adult literacy, primary health sub-centres and community health workers in a village. Similarly, in the Town Directory information on various civic amenities, adult literacy classes/centres etc. are incorporated. The Primary Census Abstract of villages and towns, and also of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, contain data on occupied residential houses, number of households, total population with sex-wise break-up, literate population, main workers marginal workers and non-workers. Brief notes on the economic resources of the district, namely, Forestry, Mineral and Mining, Electricity and Power, land and land use pattern, tenancy, agriculture, Animal Husbandry, Fishery, Industry, Trade and Commerce, Transport etc. are also incorporated. Besides, brief analytical notes on village and town directory are presented supported by a few in-set tables based on the Primary Census Abstract. In short, attempt has been made to present in the District Census Hand Book important statistical data on villages and towns which should come handy and useful to the administrators as well as to the planners and research workers. Though a few new items have been introduced in the village and town directory yet care has been taken to see that its comparability with 1971 Census data is fully maintained.

3. In 1951 Census, District Census Hand Book was published for the first time by the Governments of all States and Union Territories. Since then it has been published regularly during each census year. However, in the case of Arunachal Pradesh, or the erstwhile NEFA, no District Census Hand Book was published in 1951 and 1961 Censuses, because then Arunachal Pradesh (NEFA) was neither fully covered nor all-India Schedules were canvassed. It was only in 1971 Census the District Census Hand Books, for the then five existing districts, were published for the first time when all India Schedules were canvassed covering the whole of Arunachal Pradesh.

4. The District Census Hand Book is primarily a State Government publication for which the entire cost of printing etc. is borne by them. The Census Directorate, on behalf of the State Government, only prepares manuscripts for the districts from out of the data collected from field and through various other Government agencies.

5. For the preparation of manuscripts for nine districts that existed at the time of 1981 Census this Directorate received whole-hearted co-operation from the Secretary, Supply and Transport, all Heads of Departments, all district Heads of Departments, Extra Assistant Commissioners, Circle Officers, CPWD and PWD of Arunachal Pradesh Government. I am grateful to them all for their valuable contribution. Also, I am grateful to the Geological Survey of India, Shillong for providing valuable information on the "Minerals and Mining" existing in all the districts of Arunachal Pradesh, to the Indian Council of Agricultural Research, Shillong for exhaustive notes on their agricultural activities in Arunachal Pradesh; and to the All India Radio for giving us information on the programmes broadcast by them on various aspects of socio-economic and cultural activities in Arunachal Pradesh sponsored by both Arunachal Pradesh Government and Central Government.

6. In this Directorate Statistical Assistants and Computors worked very hard in preparing various tables and write-ups of nine District Census Hand Books under the close supervision of S/Shri A.K. Paul, ADCO(T), I.N. Gohain and A. Roy Choudhury, Investigators. S/Shri D.B. Rai, Computor, A.C. Paul, Senior Steno, S. K. Lama, Junior Steno, B. Das Gupta, UDC and Taru Taker, LDC helped in typing out fair copies of all the manuscripts for nine districts. In 1981 Census quite a large

number of maps have been incorporated in the District Census Hand Books. The Ferro-typer, Draftsman and Artist took pain to complete the arduous task of preparing the maps in time under the close supervision of Shri D. N. Ram, Cartographer. Shri A. K. Paul, ADCO (T) took the responsibility of the overall guidance in preparing the maps. I am grateful to them all.

7. Lastly, I cannot but express my gratefulness to Shri P. Padmanabha, Registrar General and Census Commissioner of India for his valuable instructions and guidance in writing this District Census Hand Book.

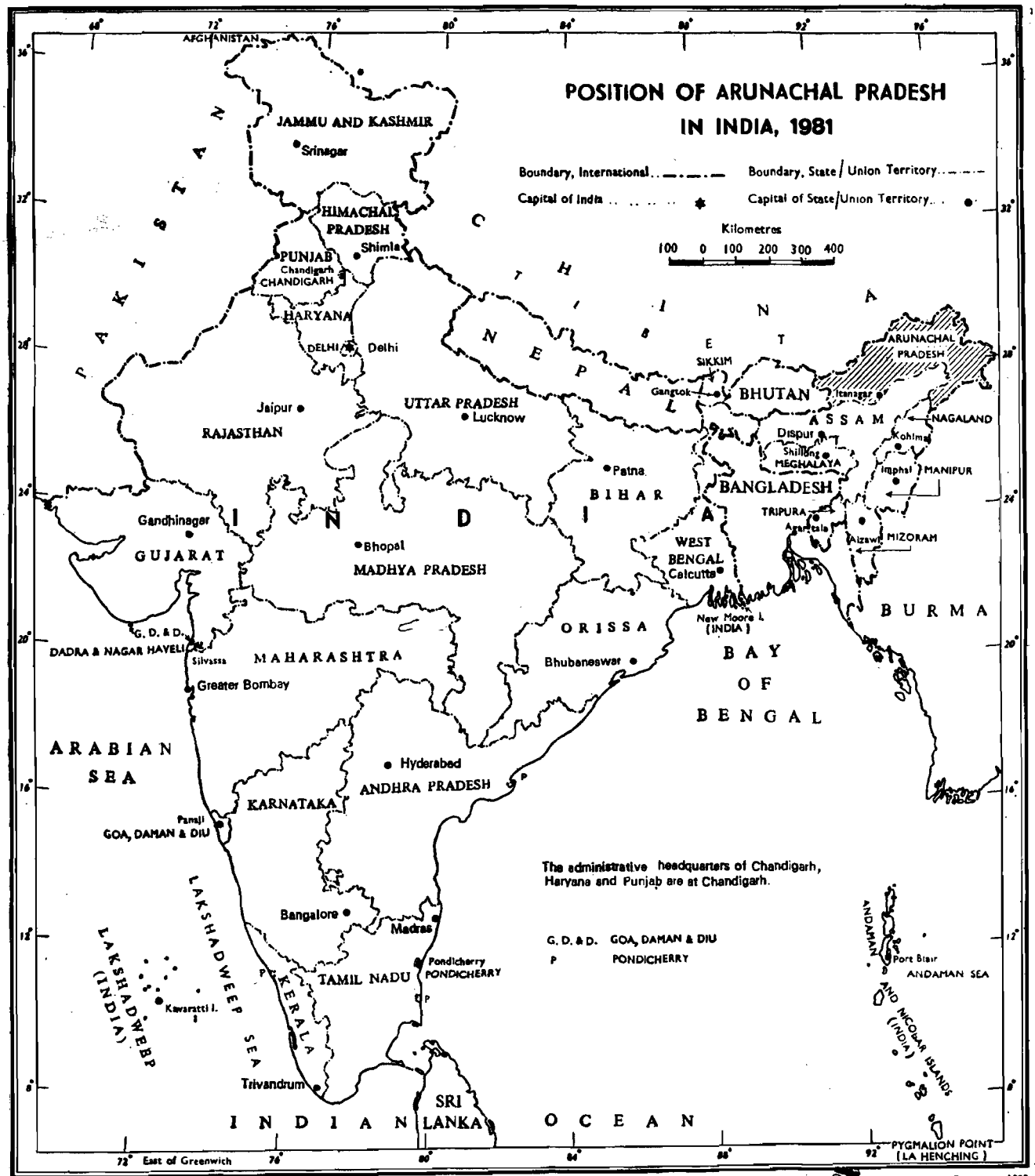
*Shillong,*
*15th March, 1983.*

M.B. RAI,
*Director of Census Operations,*
*Arunachal Pradesh.*

# DISTRICT CENSUS HANDBOOK
# PART—A AND B
# LOHIT DISTRICT

## IMPORTANT STATISTICS

| ERS : IN WORKERS | | UNION TERRITORY | DISTRICT LOHIT |
|---|---|---|---|
| . . . . | Persons | 71.26 | 59.63 |
| | Males | 58.22 | 49.13 |
| | Females | 92.69 | 88.08 |
| BOURERS | Persons | 2.49 | 2.73 |
| | Males | 2.79 | 2.95 |
| | Females | 1.99 | 2.12 |
| STRY | Persons | 0.32 | 0.32 |
| | Males | 0.43 | 0.44 |
| | Females | 0.13 | 0.01 |
| | Persons | 25.93 | 37.32 |
| | Males | 38.56 | 47.48 |
| | Females | 5.19 | 9.79 |
| LED CASTES | Persons | 0.46 | 1.31 |
| POPULATION . | Males | 0.54 | 1.34 |
| | Females | 0.37 | 1.28 |
| LED TRIBES . . | Persons | 69.82 | 43.35 |
| POPULATION . . | Males | 64.85 | 38.98 |
| | Females | 75.59 | 48.95 |
| SIDENTIAL HOUSES . | | 108,935 | 11,579 |
| . . . . . | Total | 3,257 | 456 |
| | Inhabited | 3,257 | 456 |
| | Uninhabited | — | — |
| | | 6 | 1 |




Based upon Survey of India map with the permission of the Surveyor General of India.

The territorial waters of India extend into the sea to a distance of twelve nautical miles measured from the appropriate base line.

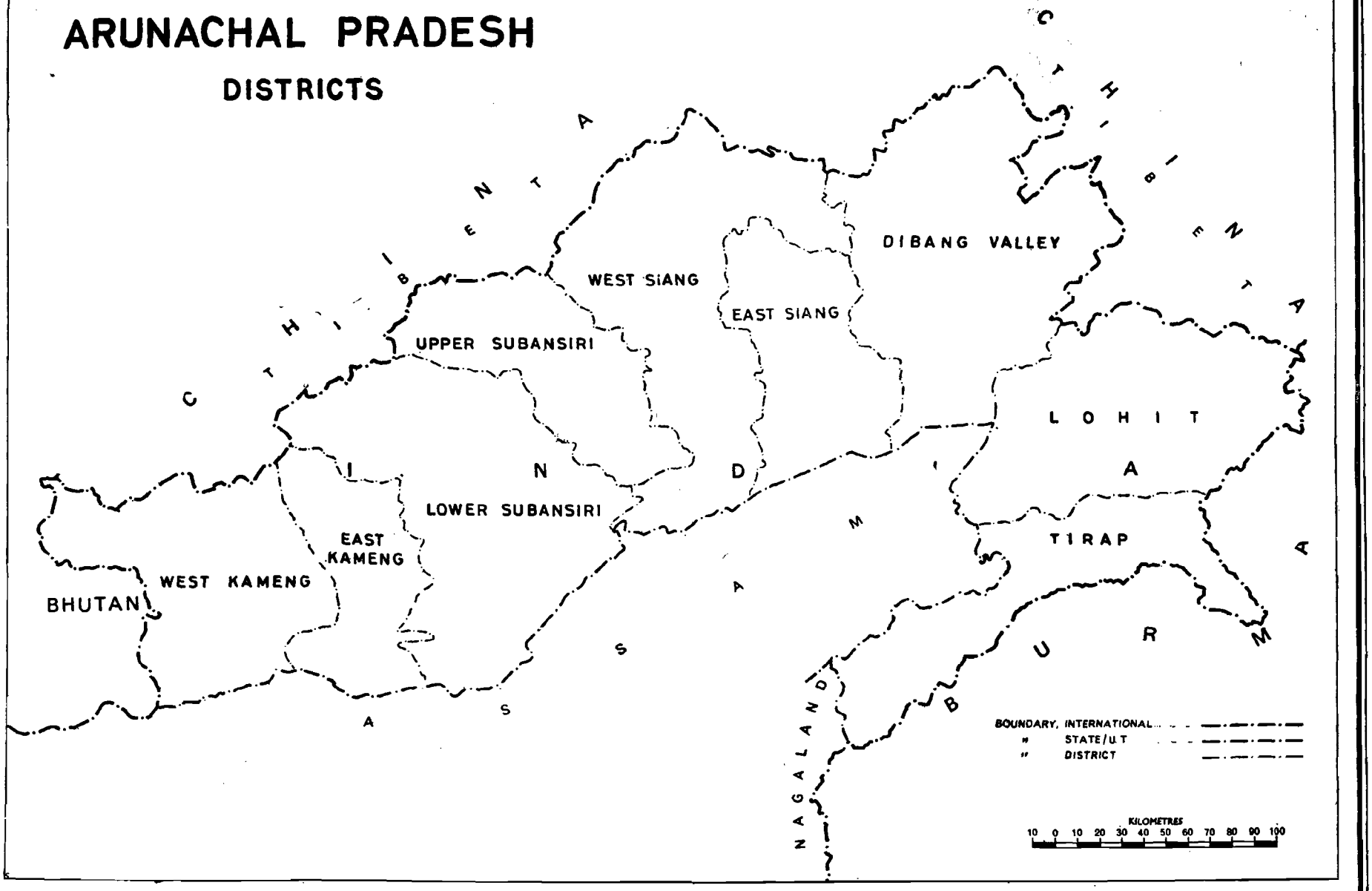
The boundary of Meghalaya shown on this map is as interpreted from the North-Eastern Areas (Reorganisation) Act, 1971, but has yet to be verified.

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# ANALYTICAL NOTE

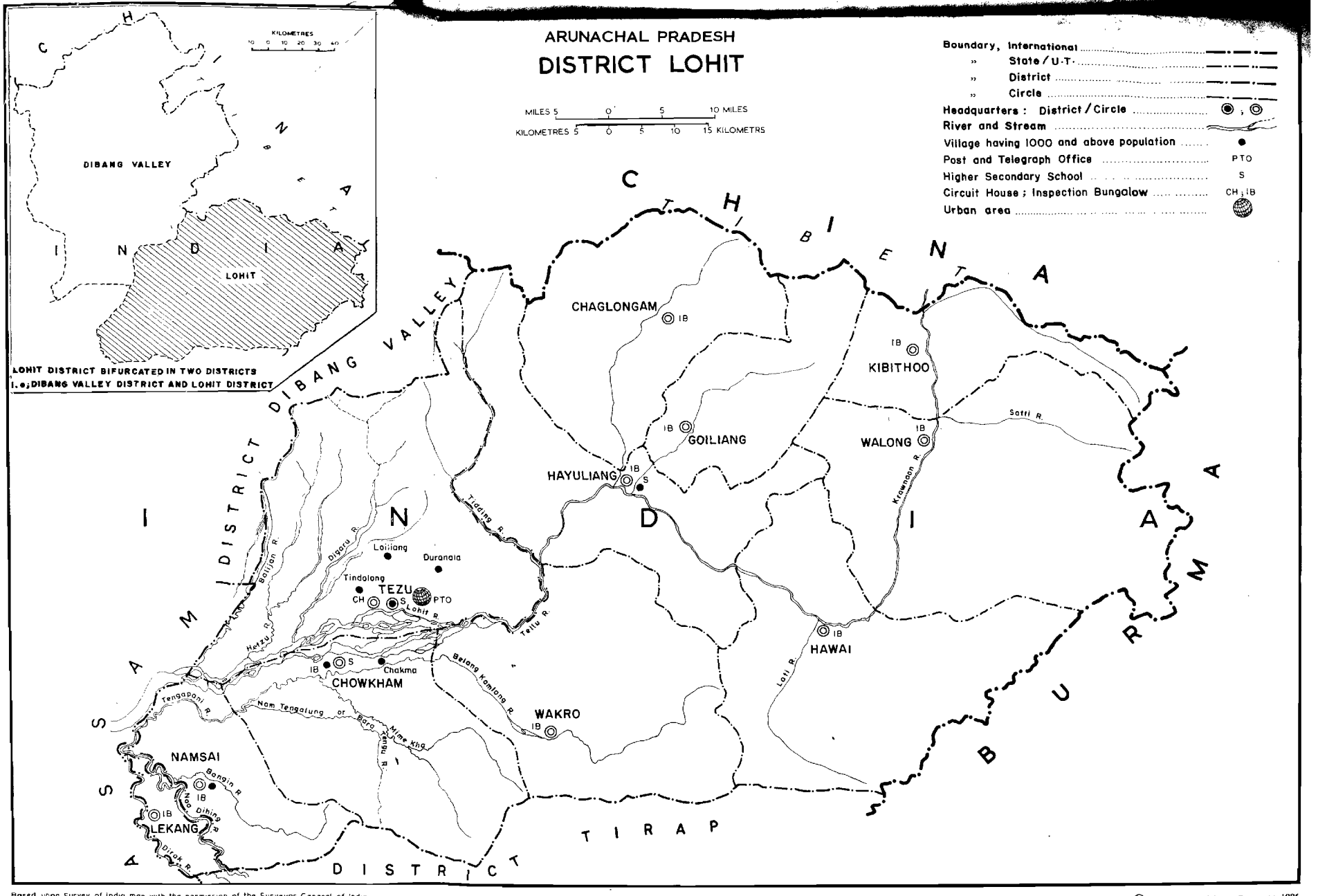
# ARUNACHAL PRADESH

## DISTRICTS




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## ANALYTICAL NOTE

### (i) Census Concepts

*Rural and Urban areas* : In all the Censuses throughout the world the dichotomy of rural and urban areas is recognised and the data are generally presented for rural and urban areas separately. But a common definition for the concept of rural areas or urban areas cannot be applicable to all countries or, for that matter, even within the same country. Inspite of this fact it would be better to know the census concepts of rural and urban areas before coming to the analysis of actual data.

As in the previous censuses the 1981 Census data are presented by rural and urban area. The basic unit for rural areas is the revenue village which has definite surveyed boundaries. The revenue village may comprise several hamlets but the entire village is one unit for the presentation of data. In unsurveyed villages within forest areas, each habitation area with locally recognised boundaries within each forest range officer's beat is treated as one unit. Again a census village may also be basically defined as a 'tract of land' which is an administrative rather than a demographic entity.

The situation is, however, different in Arunachal Pradesh. In Arunachal Pradesh, cadestral survey has not been done so far and revenue system in the village has not been introduced as yet. As such each area with locally recognised boundaries is considered as a village. Thus a village in Arunachal Pradesh may comprise even one house and household only and, in fact, there are such villages. The identity of the existence of certain habitations as separate village or otherwise is determined generally on the basis of how the local administration has accepted the existence of those habitations. In the case of hamlets and the migrated part or parts of a village bearing the same name of original village, (i.e. both the old and new villages are found to be known by the same name) the identity of the place is determined by the decision of the local administration only. A hamlet recognised by local customs and traditions may be treated as a separate village if the local administration has decided to be so and in that case it is treated as a census village. So also the old and new village bearing the same name of the old village are treated as separate census villages if it is decided so by the local administration even if both the units are treated as same village by the local traditions and customs; but in such cases the local people keep the identity of these villages by using 'Old' and 'New' before and after the names of the villages as the case may be, e.g., Old Shehung and New Shehung or Shehung 1 and Shehung 2.

In Arunachal Pradesh there may be some special cases of isolated and scattered habitations, in the notified forest areas, which may or may not be included in the custom and tradition bound village. Such habitations in some cases form a well defined forest village. But those of such habitations which were not accepted as 'forest village', till census enumeration, were treated as one unit and as one 'Census Village'.

As regards urban area it has very often been commonly vindicated that an urban area should be determined not only on the basis of defined demographic characteristics but also on the basis of the level of infrastructure facilities. The urban area may be defined in a more meaningful way in terms of the level of infrastructure development and the availability of amenities in a given area. But criteria based on such considerations have not been adopted in defining an urban area in India. The Census Organisation is, however, working on the feasibility of arriving at criteria based on such factors for indentifying urban areas through some scheme, but in 1981 Census the conventional definition has been adopted. For the purpose of maintanance of comparability and administrative convenience at large, the definition of an urban unit which was adopted in 1971 Census have been followed. This definition in fact, has been adopted since 1951. Broadly speaking the definition of an urban area as adopted in 1981 Census is as follows :—

(a) All places with a municipality, corporation, cantonment board or notified town area committee, etc.

(b) All other places which satisfy the following criteria :

  (i) a minimum population of 5000;

  (ii) at least 75% of male working population engaged in non-agricultural pursuits; and

  (iii) a density of population of at least 400 persons per Sq. km. (1,000 persons per Sq. mile).

The urban criterion of 1981 varies slightly from that of 1961 and 1971 Censuses in that the males working in activities, such as, fishing, logging, etc. were treated as engaged in non-agricultural activity, and therefore, these contributed to the 75% criterion in 1961 and 1971 Censuses, whereas in the 1981 Census these activities are treated as on par with cultivation and agricultural labour for the purpose of this criterion.

In the marginal cases, such as, project colonies, areas of intensive industrial development, railway colonies, important tourist centres etc., the decision as to whether these places were to be classified as urban or rural was considered mostly depending on the local circumstances. The classification of such cases were made by the census directorates in consultation with the office of the Registrar General, India.

Two distinct types of urban units are conspicuous from the definition of the urban area. The first type of urban unit includes those units which satisfy criterion (a) by virtue of statutory notification, and for census purpose these areas are referred to by the nomenclature as adopted in the relevant notification. Those units which satisfy the criterion (b), belong to the other type of urban units. These units are classified as urban units for census purpose only and are referred to as such in order to distinguish them from the statutory towns under criterion (a). These urban areas under criterion (b) may continue to be included in the list

of revenue village where these are in existence. However, for the convenience of the readers relevant cross references are generally made in the census records for identification of such cases.

As in the case of rural areas, the situation in Arunachal Pradesh is different in the case of urban areas also. The local administrative, economic and social milieu pose a difficulty in following the above criteria *in toto* for recognition of a place as urban area. During 1961 Census the whole of Arunachal Pradesh was treated as rural. For 1971 Census also, none of the places were found to be under municipality, town committee, etc. Same was the case in 1981 Census. As such there is no place in Arunachal Pradesh so far which satisfied the criterion (a). One the other hand, save and except two places (i.e. Old Itanagar and New Itanagar in Lower Subansiri District), the criterion (b) was also not satisfied till 1981 Census by any of the villages even though it was observed that many places, specially the district and subdivisional headquarters, had developed distinct urban characteristics where large majority of people pursued non-agricultural activities. It was, therefore, decided that inspite of the smallness of the population or less density of population, the district and sub-divisional headquarters having a population of more than 2,500 in 1961 should be declared as urban areas on an empirical basis for the purpose of 1971 Census. Accordingly four such places were declared as urban area in 1971, namely, Bomdila (Headquarters of Kameng District at present West Kameng District), Along (Headquarters of the Siang District at present West Siang District), Pasighat (Headquarters of the Pasighat Subdivision of the Siang District at present Headquarters of the East Siang District) and Tezu (Headquarters of the Lohit District). These urban areas have been continued as urban areas. Over and above, two more units namely Old Itanagar and New Itanagar which had satisfied all the conditions of criterion (b) have been declared as Census towns for the purpose of 1981 Census.

Before finalising the list of urban and rural areas the marginal cases for consideration of urban areas were examined by the Registrar General, India. The list of urban areas, which is generally referred to as the town list, was then prepared by this directorate and simultaneously a list of villages was also prepared. These lists in fact form the basic frame for the organisation of the Census Operations.

Urban units or towns are divided into the following six classes for the purpose of analysis :

| Class | Population |
|---|---|
| I | 100,000 and above |
| II | 50,000 to 99,999 |
| III | 20,000 to 49,999 |
| IV | 10,000 to 19,999 |
| V | 5,000 to 9,999 |
| VI | Less than 5,000 |

Class I town with a population of over 100,000 is also termed as a city. By convention, urban areas with a population of a million and above are often referred to as metropolitan areas. This terminology is adopted in all the census publications. The population size of the towns of Arunachal Pradesh being very small 5 of the 6 towns are in Class V and the remaining one in Class VI and that is Bomdila town of West Kameng District.

**Census House**

A Census House is a building or part of a building having a separate main entrance from the road or common, courtyard or stair case, etc. used or recognised as separate unit. It may be occupied or vacant. It may be used for a residential or non-residential purpose or both. If a building has number of flats or blocks which are independent of one another having separate entrances of their own from the road or a common staircase or a common courtyard leading to a main gate, they are considered as a separate Census House. If within large enclosed area, there are separate buildings owned by different persons, then each such building is also considered as a separate Census House. If all the structures within an enclosed compound are together treated as one building then each structure with a separate entrance is treated as separate Census House.

**Household**

A household is a group of persons who commonly live together and would take their meals from a common kitchen unless the exigencies of work prevented any of them from doing so. There may be a household of unrelated persons or having a mix of both. Examples of unrelated households are boarding houses, messes, hostels, residential hotels, rescue homes, jails, ashrams, etc. These are called 'Institutional Households'. There may be one member household, two members household or multi members household. For census purpose each one of these types is regarded as a 'household'.

**Scheduled Castes**

The castes which are Scheduled in Assam under 'The Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Lists (Modification) Order, 1956', (Part II of Schedule I) are treated as Scheduled Castes in Arunachal Pradesh. There are as many as sixteen different categories of Scheduled Castes in Arunachal Pradesh. Districtwise Scheduled Castes in Arunachal Pradesh. Districtwise list of Scheduled Castes with their demographic and other aspects will be published in a separate publication.

**Scheduled Tribes**

In the Presidential Order of 1956, it is said that all the tribes of the Agency are to be treated as Scheduled Tribes. At paragraph 2 of Part II of Schedule III of the Order, an illustrative list of tribes of Arunachal Pradesh is provided. It has also been mentioned that the Presidential Order is illustrative and not exhaustive with respect to the tribes of Arunachal Pradesh. There were one hundred and ten different categories of Scheduled Tribes in Arunachal Pradesh in 1971 Census whereas in 1961 Census the number was eighty

only. In 1981 Census the number of Scheduled Tribes has exceeded one hundred and ten.

Total number of tribes may vary from census to census because of the facts that the list of the tribes of the Presidential Order of 1956 is an open one, and according to the procedure of census enumeration the census enumerators are to record the name of the tribe as returned by the respondent without entering into any alteration or argument provided the persons for whom the information is recorded are the aborignes of Arunachal Pradesh. Another possible reason may be attributed to the growing consciousness for the identity of their individual groups or sects.

**Literate**

A person who can both read and write with understanding in any language is taken as literate. A person who can merely read but cannot write, is not literate. It is not necessary that a person who is literate should have received any formal education or should have passed any minimum educational standard. All children of the age 4 years or less have been treated as illiterate even if the child is going to a school and may have picked up reading and writing a few odd words.

**Workers and Non-Workers**

For the purpose of census basically the population have been divided into two broad groups, namely, Workers and Non-workers on the basic of the activities of the people.

Workers have been defined as those who have participated in any economically productive activity during the last one year preceding the date of enumeration. Such participation may be physical or mental in nature. Work involves not only actual work but also effective supervision and direction of work.

It has not always been possible to clearly define who is an economically productive worker and to what extent. The concept of worker, therefore, has varied from Census to Census. At each Census, on the advice of the data users and economic experts, the concept was sought to be improved upon to give what was expected to be a more correct picture of the economic activity of the people. In the 1951 Census, a significant change was made in the presentation of Census data. Prior to 1951 Census religion was adopted as the basis for broad classification of population. In 1951 Census, economic classification substituted the classification based on religion and it has been continued till 1981 Census; but then the criteria such as duration of economically productive activities and some other relevant factors to determine the economically active population varied from Census to Census. The means of livelihood approach was adopted from 1901 upto 1951. From 1901 to 1921 the expressions used were "Workers" and "dependents". In 1931, the concept used were "earner", "working dependent and non-working dependent". In 1951 the categories were "Self Supporting Persons", "earning dependents", and "non-earning dependents". In 1961 and 1971, however, there was a shift to the labour force approach according to which a person was treated as "Worker" if his activity during the reference period was productive work. Thus from 1961 the concept of worker and non-worker came into being. The difference in the concepts in 1961 and 1971 Censuses is summerised below :—

(a) 1961 Census :

"Workers" = main workers = marginal workers.

"Non-workers' '= Non-workers.

(b) 1971 Census :

"Workers" = 'Main workers'.

"Non-workers" =Marginal workers +Non-workers.

The consequence of such conceptual changes is not far to seek. The number of persons classified as worker at the national level in 1971 was 175.0 million, which was less than the number of workers (182.5 million) on 1961 Census. This obviously led to a loss of some comparability of the data with those collected at different censuses. In order to obviate these draw-backs, at the 1981 Census it was considered desirable to obtain, as far as possible, a detailed profile of the working characteristics of the population withut losing possibility of some comparability, at least with the 1961 and 1971 results. The basic concept of workers and non-workers at the 1981 Census can precisely be explained as shown below :

Workers = Main workers +Marginal Workers

Non-workers = Non-workers.

Workers have been further classified into three categories viz. Main Workers, Workers having secondary work and Marginal Workers.

**Main Workers**

A main worker is that person who has worked 183 days or more or in other words worked for six months or more during last one year prior to the date of enumeration. The reference period of work is the one year preceding the date of enumeration. Certain types of work, such as, agriculture, household industry like gur making, etc. are carried on either throughout the year or only during certain seasons or at different parts of the year, depending on the local circumstances. In such cases the board times-pan of the working period or seasons preceding the enumeration is only to be considered. Main workers are further grouped into 4 broad categories according to their main activities viz. cultivators, agricultural labourers, those engaged in household industry and other workers. These terms are explained below :

**Cultivator**

For the purpose of the Census of a person was considered as a cultivator if he or she was engaged in cultivation by himself/herself or by supervision or direction in his or her capacity as the owner or leasee of land held from private persons or institutions for payment in cash, in kind or share. Cultivation involves ploughing, sowing and harvesting and production of cereal and millet crops such as, wheat, paddy, jower, bajra, ragi, etc., and pulses, raw jute and kindred fibre crops,

84M/J(D)726RGI—2(a)

cotton etc., and other crops such as sugarcane, groundnuts, tapioca etc. Cultivation, however, does not includes fruit growing, vegetable growing or keeping orchards or groves or plantation of tea, coffee, rubber, and other medicinal plants and as such a person who grows these crops cannot be classiged as cultivator.

**Agricultural Labourer**

A person who works in another person's land for wages in money, in kind or share is regarded as an agricultural labourer. He or she has no risk in the cultivation but he or she merely works in another person's land for wages. An agricultural labourer has no right of lease or contract on land where he/shc works.

If such a labourer is involved in growing such crops which are not included in cultivation, such as, fruit growing, vegetable growing or keeping orchards or groves or plantation of tea, coffee, rubber etc. and other medicinal plants, he/she is not treated as agricultural labourer.

**Household Industry**

Household Industry is defined as an industry conducted by the head of household himself/herself or by the members of the household at home or within the village in rural areas, and only within the precincts of the house if the household lives in urban areas. The larger proportion of workers in a household industry should consist of members of the household including the head. The industry should not be run on the scale of a registered factory which would qualify for registration or has to be registered under the Indian Factories Act. It should involve production, processing, servicing or repair of articles (not on the scale of registered factory).

**Other Workers**

All workers, i.e., those who have been engaged in some economic activity during the last one year, who are not cultivators or agricultural labourers or not engaged in Household Industry, are "other workers". The type of workers that come under this category include factory workers, plantation workers, those in trade, commerce, business, transport, mining, construction, political or social work, all government servants, municipal employees, teachers, priests, entertainment artists, etc. In fact, all these who work in any field of economic activity other than cultivator, agricultural labourer or household industry, are "other workers".

**Workers Having Secondary Work**

A main worker may have some secondary work in addition to main work. He is categorised as a worker having secondary work. He is, therefore, basically a main worker. In order to classify those workers who are having secondary work, the work of the main workers other than their main work is recorded. A person whose main work is shown as, say, a clerk in a Government Office or in another establishment, also attends to cultivation by his direct supervision or undertakes some tuition work, this will be shown as his/her secondary work. A person's main work may be cultivation and his secondary work may be money lending. Again main activity may be agricultural labourer and secondary activity factory labourer and so on and so forth.

**Marginal Workers**

The concept of the marginal workers has been introduced for the first time in the 1981 Census. A marginal worker is that person who has worked any time in the year proceding the enumeration but has not worked for a major part of the year, i.e., for 183 days or more, or in other words 6 months or more during last one year prior to the date of enumeration.

**Non-workers**

Non-workers may be defined as those who have not participated or have been unable to participate in any economically productive activity during the last one year preceding the date of enumeration. The non-workers may again be categorised under seven broad heads. These are explained below :

(i) Household duties—

This covers all persons who are engaged in unpaid home duties and who do not other work or have not done any work at all during the last one year.

(ii) Students—

This will cover all full-time students and children attending school. In most houses; the daughters help in the household work though they are studying full time. In such cases we are more interested in finding out if they are students, if they are, they have been recorded as students and not as "engaged in household duties".

(iii) Dependents—

This category includes all dependents such as infants or children not attending school or a person permanently disabled from work because of illness or old age.

Dependents will include even able-bodied persons who cannot be categorised in any other category of non-worker but are dependent on others. However, if such a person who is dependent on others for subsistence is seeking work, he or she will be categorised as other non-workers.

(iv) Retired persons or Rentiers—

A person who has retired from service and is doing no other work, i.e., not employed again in some economic activity for some part of the year, or a person who is a rentier or living on agricultural or non-agricultural royalty, rent or dividend, or any other person having an independent means of earning an income for which he/she does not have to work, will come under this category.

(v) Beggars, etc.—

This covers beggars, vagrants or those persons without indication of source of income and also those with unspecified sources of subsistence who are not engaged in any economically productive work.

(vi) Inmates of institutions—

This covers convicts in jails or inmates of a penal, mental or charitable institutions, even

if such persons are compelled to do some work such as, carpentry, carpet weaving vegetable growing etc., in such institutions. But in the case of the under trial prisoners in a jail, for the work he/she was doing before he/she was apprehended is recorded for their work or economic activity. Similarly, a person temporarily in a hospital or similar institution is categorised according to the kind of work he/she was doing before he/she was admitted into the hospital or institution. But for a long term under trial prisoner, or convict in a prison, or for a long term inmate of penal or charitable or mental institution, the person's previous work is not recorded but he/she is treated as non-workers under the category of Inmates of Institutions'. A person is considered "for long term" if he or she is in such an institution for 6 months or more.

(vii) Other Non-Workers—

This includes all non-workers who may not come under any of the above mentioned six categories but now are looking for work. A boy or girl who has completed education or has stopped studying and is looking for work comes under this category. A person who is merely spending his/her time at home as a dependent and is not doing any work and is not seeking any work, however, comes under dependent. A person irrespective of age and whether educated or not, if he or she reports that he or she is not engaged in any other activity but is seeking work comes under this category.

It may be noted that this category includes only those who do not fall into any of the other categories of non-worker discussed earlier.

The figures under different categories of non-workers are, however, not indicated in the tables presented in this publication, the total figures of non-workers are only reflected.

**(ii) Brief history of the district and the district Census Handbook**

BRIEF HISTORY OF THE DISTRICT :—

The name of the district is derived from the river Lohit that flows through the district. Prior to 1914, the district was a part of Lakhimpur district. By 1914 the North East Frontier Tract was constituted with three political charges and the area covered by this district became a part of the central and Eastern Section which falls under one of the said political charges. In the year 1919, the Central and Eastern Section was renamed as the Sadiya Frontier Tract. In 1943 some area from both the Sadiya Frontier Tract and the Lakhimpur Frontier Tract were carved out and Tirap Frontier Tract was formed. In 1948, under the North-East *Frontier Tracts (Internal Administration)* Regulation. 1948, the remaining portion of the Sadiya Frontier Tract was divided into two separate administrative charges, namely the Abor Hills District and the Mishmi Hills District each under the charge of a Political Officer with headquarters at Pasighat and Sadiya respectively. In 1951, the plains portion of the Mishmi Hills District was transferred to the administrative jurisdiction of the Government of Assam. In 1952 the headquarters of the Mishmi Hills District was shifted from Sadiya to Tezu. According to the North-East Frontier Areas (Administration) Regulaton, 1954, the North-East Frontier Tract came to be known as North-East Frontier Agency and the Mishmi Hills District was renamed as the Lohit Frontier Division. In 1956, the Dibang Valley was constituted as a separate administrative unit within the division and placed under the charge of an Additional Political Officer with his headquarters at Roing which was subsequently shifted to Anini. In 1965 under the North-East Frontier Agency (Administration) Regulation, 1965 the Lohit Frontier Division came to be known by its present name the Lohit District and the Political Officer and Additional Political Officer were redesignated as the Deputy Commissioner and Additional Deputy Commissioner respectively. In June,1980, under the Arunachal Pradesh (Re-organisation of Districts.) Act. 1980, the Lohit District was bifurcated into two independent districts namely Lohit District and Dibang Valley District. The district headquarters of the Lohit District is at Tezu.

The present administrative units of the district are given below :—

| Sub-division | Circle |
|---|---|
| Tezu . . . . . | Tezu |
| Namsai . . . . . | Namsai<br>Chowkham<br>Wakro<br>Lekang |
| Hayuliang . . . . . | Hayuliang<br>Chaglongam<br>Goiliang<br>Hawai<br>Walong<br>Kibithoo |

Circle is the lowest administrative unit. Some villages together constitute a circle. Each circle is under the charge of a Circle Officer and the Sub-division is under the charge of an Extra Assistant Commissioner. The entire district is under the overall charge of a Deputy Commissioner.

The villages have their own customary administrative system in the form of traditional village councils. The Assam Frontier (Administration of Justice) Regulation. 1945 authorises village councils to settle all civil matters and certain criminal matters. According to the nature and seriousness of the offence they impose fine or other punishment to the convict. General cases are settled by imposing fine. The amount of fine varies according to the seriousness of the crime. The cases which are beyond the power of the council are generally forwarded to the concerned Government Administrative Officer. The council forward those cases also which they are unable to settle. The Deputy Commissioner holds the power of the session judge, and some other adminstrative officers are invested with Magisterial powers. The Assam High Court has jurisdiction over all the District Courts of Arunachal Pradesh.

The North-East Frontier Agency Panchayat Raj Regulation 1967 (No.3 of 1967 ) was promulgated in the district to introduce Panchayat Raj. The Agency Council of NEFA Administration was inaugurated on 3rd December, 1969. The Panchayat Raj Regulation provides for affective participation of the people in the Administration of the Agency through the institutions set-up under Panchayat Raj. Under this regulation(1) Gram Panchayat exists at the village level, (2) Anchal Samiti functions at the block level, (3) Zilla Parishad operates at the district level and (4) Agency Council operates at the agency level. The Agency council was later on renamed as Pradesh Council in 1972 when the Agency was made into Union Territory and renamed as Arunachal Pradesh. The Pradesh Council again had, however, lost its existence with the formation of Legislative Assembly in 1975. At present there are six Anchal Samities and one Zilla Parishad in the district.

On 21st January 1972, Arunachal Pradesh attained the status of a Union Territory. On 15th August, 1975 the Legislative Assembly was formed with the Chief Minister and a Cabinet of four Ministers to assist the Lt. Governor who was appointed on the same date as the Administrator of the Union Territory. On March, 1977 the 1st general election for both Parliamentary members and Legislative Assembly members was held. At present there are two M.L.A's from this district, and one of them is Minister. The present M.P. from Arunachal East Constituency is also from this district.

Promulgation of the Panchayat Raj Regulation has brought forth a new dimension in the local Administrative system. Now the villages can put forward their requirements and suggestions to the Government through their own representative for the development of their area. Out of 456 villages there are 105 Gram Panchayat and 7 Anchal Samities in this district. The Government Administrative Officers are also associated with Panchayat Raj in their administrative capacities at various level of the institution set up under Panchayat Raj. The Anchal Samities are headed by the Extra Assistant Commissioner (in his absence Circle Officer) as President and the Circle Officer are Executive Officer within their jurisdiction. The Zilla Parishad is headed by the Deputy Commissioner. The Anchal Samities and Zilla Parishad function as advisory bodies only. The Gram Sabha's or the Village Councils had,however,some administrative power within certain limitations as mentioned earlier. The Zilla Parishad meeting is held once in every year at the district headquarter in which Government representatives such as Heads of the Department and local people's representatives such as Anchal Samiti members, Vice President of Anchal Samiti and members of Zilla Parishad participate and discuss matters relating to the all round development of the villages and the district at large. This constructive discussion helps the Government Administration a lot in the matter of equitable distribution of resources and also in the formulation of various schemes. Formation of Legislative Assembly has further widened the scope of people's participation in the various formulation of development programmes and schemes of their area through their own representatives who are the mouth piece of the concerned local people.

The District Administration was run without the assistance of civil police. Police Department has been established for administration of justice during the last decade only. There are altogether 8 (eight) Police Station and two Reporting Out Posts (other than Police Stations) manned by three Inspectors, 16 (sixteen) Sub- Inspectors, 14 (fourteen) Head Constables, 182 (one hundred and eighty two ) Constables and 12 (twelve) Wireless Transmitter Operators (W.T. Operators).

## THE DISTRICT CENSUS HANDBOOKS

The District Census Handbook is an innovation of the 1951 Census. Prior to 1951 Census, publications and report contained data upto Tehsil, sub-Tehsil, Town and District level. Micro level data i.e. Statistical data for smaller Territorial Units Villages in rural areas and enumerator block/wards in urban areas were not published in any census report. With the rapid development and socio-economic changes in the society, necessity of data at micro level was felt considerably by the Government, economists, scholars and various data using agencies. With a view to making available these statistics at micro level, selected census data were given in the District Census Handbooks of 1951 Census and as such these handbooks contained important census data as well as general information relating to history, physical aspects, geology, archaeology, climate, rainfall, administration, medical and public health, educational and literacy, agriculture and co-operaton, industries ocal bodies, places of interest etc. relating to particular district.

The District Census Handbooks of 1961 Census under went complete transformation and attempts were made to makethem more comprehensive and informative.

In 1971 Census, efforts were made to make available both census and non-census data in a uniform manner with an enlarged perspective. The District Census Handbook of 1971 Census had been split-up into three parts namely, Part A, Part B, and Part C. Part A was comprised of Town and Village Directory while Part-B contained Urban Block/Villagewise Primary Census Abstract and Part-C included Administrative Statistics and Report.

District Census Handbooks of Arunachal Pradesh were brought out for the first time in the 1971 Census when the full fledged census was also taken in Arunachal Pradesh for the first time. Arunachal Pradesh being a Union Territory having less volume of data Part A and Part B of the District Census Handbooks were combined in one volume for convenience.

In the 1981 Census the District Census Handbook is divided into two parts only as follows :

Part A—comprising Town and Village Directory as it was in the 1971 Census.

Part B—consisting of (i) District Primary Census Abstract at Circle level, (ii) Circlewise Primary Census Abstract (a) Village level and (b) town level (within the town wardwise) and (c) Apendix to Primary Census Abstract showing Urban Blockwise total Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Population and (iii) Primary Census Abstract for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes at Circle level.

Part A and B of the District Census Handbook has been combined in one volume as it was done in 1971 Census. There is no third part of the District Census

Handbook in the 1981 Census. It has been experienced during 1971 Census that collection of administrative statistics pertaining to various departments take unusually long time and consequently this part of publication is inordinately delayed. It has, therefore, been decided not to go in for the administrative statistics in any case. The information would, however, be available to the data users in the publication of the concerned Statistical Bureaus/Departments.

THIS VOLUME :

This particular volume will present part A and part-B of the District Census Handbook pertaining to Lohit District of Arunachal Pradesh. Beside Village and Town Directories, Urban and Rural Primary Census Abstract and Primary Census Abstract for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, attempt will be made to cover various aspects in this volume in order to present a representative over all picture of the district in a comprehensive manner. The highlights of the multifarious aspects intended to be dealt with in this volume are indicated below :

(*i*) Various Census Concepts.

(*ii*) Brief history of the district and the District Census Handbook.

(*iii*) Scope of Village Directory, Town Directory, Statements and Primary Census Abstract.

(*iv*) Physical Aspects—Highlights on the changes in the jurisdiction of district during the decade including its boundaries and any important event on geographic or geophysical aspect.

(*v*) Major characteristics of the district particularly in relation to the economic resources namely forestry, minerals and mining, electricity and power, land and land-use pattern, tenancy, agriculture, animal husbandry, fishery industry, trade and commerce, transport, road communication etc.

(*vi*) Major social and cultural events, natural and administrative delelopments and miscellaneous activities of note during the decade.

(*vii*) Brief description of places of religious, historical or archaeological importance in villages and places of tourist interest in the town of the district.

**(iii) Scope of village directory, Town directory statements and primary census abstract (PCA) :**

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

The Village Directory is designed to give data on basic amenities available, land use pattern, staple food, and also to give some more important information of a village. Village Directory data were collected on the basis of the position as existed during 1981 Census enumeration.

The format of the Village Directory is also on the pattern canvassed in 1971 Census except for a few additional columns. The columns for the total population and number of households are added to facilitate analysis of Village Directory data. The column on approach to village is also added to know the number of inaccessible village in a district.

Main feature of the format for 1981 Census is its restructuring. Information in the columns for all the amenities except for power supply in the village have been furnished in such a manner that in case an amenity is not available in the village the name of the nearest circle, if in the same district, or the name of the nearest district, if in the same state, or name of other state where it is available and its distance from the referent village is mentioned in order to gauge how far the amenity actually serve the purpose in the referent village.

While ascertaining number of schools in a village under column-5 of Village Directory format the following methods have been adopted.

If there are composite schools like middle schools with primary classes, or secondary schools with middle classes, and primary classes, etc, these are included separately in the number of primary, middle and secondary schools respectively. For example, if in a village there are two primary schools and one middle school with primary classes, the number of primary schools in the village is given as three and that of middle school as one even though there are only three educational institutions. The same method will follow in case of other composite schools. likewise in the case of medical amenities in column-6 of Village Directory format, if in a Hospital there is Maternity and Child Welfare Centre, Family Planning Centre and T.B. Clinic Centre etc, all these have been counted separately, For example, Hospital having Family Planning Centre and T.B. Clinic Centre, the number of medical institutions have been shown as Hospital (H) Family Planning Centre (FPC) and T.B. Clinic (T.B).

Data for the columns-3 (total area of village), Column-15 (area under forest), Column- 17 (area under dry rice cultivation), and column-19 (area under Jhum-cultivation), supplied by the district authorities are purely based on eye estimation. As such, considering the fact that rough eye estimated data (no cadestral survey on land is done so far in Arunachal Pradesh) will not serve any useful purpose, it has been decided not to furnish these data, and 'NA' (for not available) has been recorded under these columns. Column-9 (Day or days of the market/hat has been left blank with dash only) in those cases where markets or hats are not held in the entire region.

TOWN DIRECTORY STATEMENTS :

The Town Directory consist of seven statements. All these are almost similar to those adopted in 1971 Census. The introduction of a few columns in the statements are with a view to facilitating analysis of the data. A significant addition is "Class of town" in every statement. The infrastructure of amenities and facilities available in urban area can best be analysed by taking the class of the town into consideration. The additions of the column on civic administration status in statements III and IV and population in statements IV and V also serve the same purpose vis-a vis the respective statements. Particulars on municipal finance in statement III in respect of town in Arunachal Pradesh are not available because there in no separate budget head on municipal finance. There is no statutory or non-statutory bodies managing the civic administration of the town in Arunachal Pradesh. The roads, buildings and other civic amenities are maintained by the

Central Public Works Department. Statement IV-A is applicable only for Class I and Class II towns. No town of Arunachal Pradesh falls under these categories. As such these statements (III and IV-A) are excluded.

The column on Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe population in statement IV is introduced to know the size of population of weaker sections of the community in the town. The column for adult literacy classes/ centres in the statement V is introduced keeping in view the Minimum Needs Programme of the Planning Commission.

If the fire fighting service as in statement IV and Medical and educational facilities as in statement V are not available in the town, the name of the nearest town, if in the same district or the name of the nearest district, if in the same state, or other state where available along with its distance from the referent town is given. This again is a new feature of 1981 Census as it is necessary to identify the areas having no such specific facility in the district.

If the Family Planning Centre is attached to other health institution like hospital or maternity and child welfare centre or primary health centre, these have been treated as independent units and counted separately. The maternity and child welfare centre, venereal disease clinic, chest clinic and leprosy clinic have, however, been indicated alongwith other medical institutions using the code '0'.

If there are more than one health or educational institutions of any type the number of such institutions have been indicated within bracket against the respective codes as illustrated below :

H (1), D (2), M (3), etc. where H.D., and M indicate hosipital, dispensary and junior secondary/middle school respectively.

The data furnished in the Town Directories are on the basis of position as existed during 1981 Census enumeration.

## PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT (PCA) :

The Primary Census Abstract gives basic information on occupied residential houses, number of households, total population, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes population, literates, main workers by broad categories of main activity (i.e. cultivation, agricultural labourers, workers in household industry and other workers), marginal workers and non-workers in respect of each village in case of rural areas and each block in case of urban areas for each Circle/Town separately. Similar information for all the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes as a whole are presented at the circle level/town level separately in the respective Primary Census Abstract for Sdheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe. There are also introduced for the first time in the District Census Handbook.

An appendix is presented for urban Primary Census Abstract which contains basic population data blockwise in each urban area. This will be of use to the administrative and election authorities in the urban areas.

### (iv) Physical aspects-highlights on the changes in the jurisdiction of the district

In 1971 Census Arunachal Pradesh consisted of five districts. During 1981 Census till houselisting operations same districts continued which were in existence during 1971 Census. Recent change in area and jurisdiction took place as a result of the re-organisation of the districts in Arunachal Pradesh. Four districts viz. Kameng, Subansiri, Siang and Lohit were bifurcated and altogether nine districts came into existence under the Arunachal Pradesh (Re-organisation of Districts) Act, 1980. The only district which was not affected by the re-organisation was Tirap District. The name of the old and new districts are shown in the table below.

| Sl. No. | Name of the District | Name of Existing Area | New name of the re-organised district |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Kameng District | 1. Kameng District | 1. West Kameng |
| | | 2. Seppa Sub-division | 2. East Kameng |
| 2 | Subansiri District | 1. Subansiri District | 1. Lower Subansiri |
| | | 2. Daporijo Sub-division | 2. Upper Subansiri |
| 3 | Siang District | 1. Siang District | 1. West Siang |
| | | 2. Pasighat Sub-division | 2. East Siang |
| 4 | Lohit District | 1. Dibang Valley Sub-division | 1. Dibang Valley |
| | | 2. Lohit District | 2. Lohit |
| 5 | Tirap District | 1. Tirap District | 1. Tirap |

N.B.—Further particulars regarding territorial units and changes during 1971-81 in respect of this district have been furnished in a seaparate statement at Appendix-1.

### (v) Major characteristics of the district

FORESTRY

According to Champion and Sethi's classification, the following important forest types can be identified in this territory.

(*a*) Assam Valley Tropical Wet-Evergreen Forests (1B/C1)

(*b*) Upper Assam Valley Tropical Evergreen Forests (1B/C2a)

(*c*) Upper Assam Valley Tropical Evergreen Forests (1B/C2b)

(*d*) Assam Valley Tropical Semi-Evergreen Forests (2B/C1a,b)

(*e*) Sub Himalayan High alluvial Semi-Evergreen Forests (2B/C1/1S1)

(*f*) Secondary moist bamboo brakes (2/2S1)

(*g*) Eastern Hollock Forests (3/1S2a,b)

(*h*) Eastern Himalayan Wet Temperate Forests (11B/C1a, b, c)

(*i*) East Himalayan moist temperate Forests (12/C3a, b)

(*j*) Cypress Forests (12/E-1)

(*k*) East Himalayan dry temperate coniferous Forests (13/C6)

(*l*) Larch Forests (13/C, 6/1)

(*m*) East Himalaya in dry Juniper Birch Forests (13/C7)

(*n*) East Himalayan sub-Alpine Birch Forests (14/C2)

(*o*) Moist Alpine scrub Forests (15/C1)

Percentage of Reserve Forests to total Forests is 13.67.

In Arunachal Pradesh the life of the local tribal population is very closely linked with the forests. The people enjoy customary rights, recognised under the Assam Forest Regulations, over collection of minor forest produces for their bonafied domestic requirements. For house construction purposes, each family is entitled to 300 cft. of round timber free of royalty etc. Besides, other benefits enjoyed by the people are :—

(*i*) Permits for trees for trade purposes are issued only to the local people in order to improve their economy and inculcate business skills.

(*ii*) 7½% concession in the award of leases and contracts pertaining to forestry and other works.

(*iii*) Preferential treatement in the matter regarding issue of licenses for forest-based industries.

(*iv*) Preference in employment in the Government.

Plantation is done under different schemes. In Lohit district the up-to-date figure under different schemes are as follows.

Afforestation upto 1981 in Arunachal Pradesh—1869 hectares.

Artificial plantation upto 1981 in Lohit District 2984.6 hectares.

Aided Natural Regeneration upto 1981 in Arunachal Pradesh—11208.9 hectares.

Moreover, there are some other schemes of plantations such as cash crop plantation, social forestry plantation scheme etc.

Forest has a great demand for the economic and commercial development. It is a good source of revenue. In 1980-81 out of 674.88 lakhs of the state revenue, forest department gave 462.67 lakhs revenue. In Lohit district the revenue was 24.05 lakhs. Forest revenue as percentage of the total state revenue is 63.22.

Forest occupies 61.67% of the total geographical area of the Union Territory, In Lohit District 57.69% of the area are forest area and 26.62% are the reserved forest area. Basing on the forest produces many Saw Mills, Veneer Mills have come up. There is a proposal for the establishment of a Paper Mill as the raw materials for this are in abundance in Tirap and Lohit districts. Such types of enterprises show a bright prospect in the commercial field.

Forest has the promising future for the development of forest-based industries. Government has taken various steps to establish forest based industries by issuing licenses, permits and the financial aid to bonafide persons through the Industry Department.

In the present state of forest-based Industries, Arunachal Pradesh shows a quick development as the raw materials available in this Territory in a very large quantity.

The Lohit District has shown some remarkable development in regard to forest-based industries. Details of the forest based industries of this district has been included in the note on the industries.

## MINERALS

Geological Survey of India has been engaged in geological investigation in this remotest part of India since the inception of this department by organising expeditions. But despite sincere efforts, so far only 16,000 Sq. Km. area has been covered by Geological mapping on all scales. Hence a vast area still remains *terra incognita*. In course of Geological investigations, the Geological Survey of India has located quite a few mineral occurrences in the areas so far investigated.

The general physical succession of rocks as seen from the Lohit plains to parts of Higher Himalaya in the NE-SW direction is as under:

| Age | Lithic Units |
|---|---|
| Pre-Cambrian (?) | Diorite-granodiorite complex Lohit thrust |
| Pre-Cambrian (Daling) | Schistose metasediments (chlorite-quartz and mica schists, carbonate rocks, emplacement of basic and ultrabasics) Thrust (?) |
| Early Paleozoic | Tidding limestone, quartzites, quartz-sericite schists (Fault and/or unconformity) |
| Pre-Cambrian (?) | Parametamorphites (high Grade schists and para-gneisses) Mishmi Thrust |
| Neogene-Quaternary Recent | Upper Tertiaries and /or Quaternary Lohit alluvial plain. SW |

The diorite-gneisses are thrust (Lohit Thrust) against the quartz mica schists (metasediments) while the metasediments are considered to rest on the Tidding limestone, etc. and form the tectonic contact between the two thrust (?). The parametamorphites underlie the Tidding limestone. The contact between the two is considered to be a fault or unconformity or both fault and unconformity. It has been suggested that the parametamorphites represent a folded recumbent fold on the Sewak ridge. The Mishmi Thrust on which the parametamorphites rest has undergone movements as late as Pliocene as it overrides the rocks of probably that age. The sedimentary rocks of the Tertiary period consist of sandstone, shale, clay and pebble beds and underlie the parametamorphites along the Mishmi Thrust.

*Mineral Occurrences*

(*i*) *Asbestos :* Minor occurrences of asbestos have been reported from a place 1 Km. upstream of the confluence of Lohit and Tidding rivers on the Tezu-Hayuliang road and in the Tidding Valley. This mineral is usually found to be associated with talc tremlite schist in intimate association with the serpentinites.

(*ii*) *Copper Ore :* Minor stringers of copper ore in the form of chalcopyrite, bornite, covelite, ozurite, etc. and in association of quartz veins have been noticed in hornblends granite in and around the Tellu river near 84.6. Km on the Tezu-Hayuliang road.

(*iii*) *Graphite :* Amorphous graphite has been noted in the schistose rocks of this district. A deposit of low grade graphite has been reported from the schistose rocks at Lalpam which is about 50 Km. from Tezu on Tezu-Hayuliang road. The deposit extends for a length of 1.10 Km. on the surface and is about 300 m. wide. The total estimated reserves upto a (down dip) depth of 100 m. are of the order of 71 million tonnes. The average graphitic carbon content is 5.86%.

Another small graphite deposit with an average width of 800 m. has been reported from a place near Hunli.

Although the reserves of these deposits are significant, the results of beneficiation tests on these were not encouraging.

(*iv*) *Limestone :* Deposits of cement grade limestone have been located at Tidding which is about 65 Km. from Tezu on Tezu-Hayuliang road. The limestone band has been traced for a length of 16 Km. along the strike (NW to N60° E-SE to S60° E). The limestone is highly crystalline towards its basal and is occassionally intercalated with schistose bands. The thickness of the limestone band varies from 140 m. to 200 m. The average true width is about 170 m.

Chemical analysis of the limestone samples indicate CaO above 45%, MgO below 1.5%, $R_2O_3$ below 1% and insolubles below 10%.

Estimated reserves are of the order of 140 million tonnes.

On the basis of the discovery of cement grade limestone at Tidding, made by the Geological Survey of India, Cement Corporation of India on instruction by the Ministry of Industrial Development, Arunachal Pradesh, has prepared feasibility report for the proposed 200 TPD cement plant at Tidding. A total cost of Rs. 767.30 lakhs has been indicated. The foundation stone for the proposed cement plant has already been laid down.

In addition to this, a mini cement plant (30 TPD) is also fixed to be set up at Tezu, the cost of which has been estimated at Rs. 88.60 lakhs.

(*v*) *Marble :* Near Tezu there are two marble bands.

(1) *Tezu river deposit :* This marble band stretches for a strike length of 1230 m. with an average true thickness of 92 m. It strikes at N30°—35°E and dips 40° Southeast. The band is mostly uniform in composition across strike.

CaO and MgO vary from 23.33% to 31.29% and 0.66% to 14.24% respectively. $R_2O_3$ is generally less than 1.5%. Insolubles are present in very high percentages.

Total reserves for this deposit are estimated at 30.3 million tonnes upto a depth of 50 m.

(2) *Dora river deposit* : This deposit occurs as two lenses within the quartz-plagioclase-sericite schist and are 180 m. apart. The major lens is 875 m. long and 186 m. thick at maximum.

The second band is 160 m. long at 45 m. thick at its widest. It thins out both ways along the strike.

Chemical analysis has shown the Cao varies from about 20% to 26%, MgO from 3.5% to about 17% and $R_2O_3$ from 0.4% to 1.6%. The percentage of insolubles is very high.

Total reserves have been estimated at 43.3 million tonnes upto a depth of 50 m.

A 200 m. thick marble band is located west of Bambi village in Telly valley. A few marble bands are also seen between 40 Km. and 70 Km. stones on the Tezu-Hayuliang road.

## CLIMATOLOGY

Data of meteorological elements for sufficiently long periods are not available for any station in the district. However, a description about general and broad features of climate such as rainfall, temperature, humidity, cloudness, winds, and special weather phenomena was given in the District Census Handbook 1971 of Lohit District. Since there are no significant variations of different features of climate during the last decade the description of the same has not been given in the present volume. A little description about the two major features of climate namely, rainfall and temperature may, however, be given in order to present a rough idea about the climatology of the district.

## RAINFALL

The annual rainfall in the north of the district exceeds 4,000 mm. and in the south it is over 2,500 mm. In the northern most parts of the district rainfall, mostly as snowfall, occurs during the winter months of January and February and may amount to 5 to 10 percent of the annual. Variability of annual and monsoon rainfall being small, the variations in rainfall from year to year are not significant. The average annual rainfall of Tezu, the district headquarters for the year 1970—79 is 3186.42 mm.

## TEMPERATURE

The maximum temperature of the district is 38°. O C and the minimum temperature is 3°OC.

A statement showing the annual rainfall and average temperature of Tezu, the district headquarters is furnished below.

*Rainfall and Temperature of Tezu (Town)*

| Years of observation | Annual Rainfall (in MM) | Average Temperature (in Centrigrade) | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | Maximum | Minimum |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 1979 | 2586.0 | 38.8 | 16.2 |
| 1978 | 3172.1 | 39.4 | 14.0 |
| 1977 | 3619.0 | 39.1 | 15.5 |
| 1976 | 2719.8 | 38.4 | 17.4 |
| 1975 | 3107.3 | 40.3 | 15.8 |
| 1974 | 3700.0 | 39.1 | 15.7 |
| 1973 | 3490.0 | 41.1 | 17.5 |
| 1972 | 2940.0 | 39.3 | 14.9 |
| 1971 | 2720.0 | 39.6 | 15.9 |
| 1970 | 3810.0 | 39.2 | 15.8 |

A ND RECORD

In the absence of any land legislation in Arunachal Pradesh proper survey and settlement operation scheme could not be taken up effectively. Only piece-meal land surveys have been taken up here and there in the territory. For want of adequate trained personnel to work in the difficult hilly terrain remarkable progress could not be achieved. It is, therefore, proposed to take up a comprehensive state-wise survey and settlement operation scheme during the sixth five year plan, 1980-85, for which proper land legislation, as necessary to suit the conditions prevailing in the Territory, has been drafted and is under consideration of the Government for enactment.

To begin with the proper survey and settlement work, traverse survey and preparation of polygons etc. will be undertaken in the capital complex areas and other townships. Gradually the work will be undertaken in other areas.

Only after promulgation of the land settlement Act in Arunachal Pradesh proper and regular Cadastral Survey will be possible and then as a continuous process the maintenance of land records will also be taken up.

AGRICULTURE

Agriculture constitutes the main stay of the most of the population of the district. Among the major tribes Khamtis are good agriculturists though Mishmis are taking up improved agriculture gradually. A fraction of population has resorted to business as means of living, but they too by and large are agriculturists. The crops grown round the year are the source of food and income for the bulk of the population. The common masses having no other sources of income to meet their daily needs have to stick to agriculture for all such purposes. Although, there are a few small saw mills operating in the district they provide employment to a very negligible population, as a result of which the rural masses are left to cultivate their fields and grow various crops for their livelihood.

The land which the farmers operate is owned either individually, classwise or villagewise depending upon the custom of the tribe in vogue. A sizeable population has taken to the method of settled cultivation whereas the majority of the farmers inhabiting the hills still continue to practise shifting cultivation.

Considerable importance has been laid during the post independence period and vigorous efforts have been made to increase agriculture production by way of settled cultivation and improved technology in the production of crops and in the development of horticulture based on the use of inputs like HYV seeds, fertilizer and pesticides. Various crops ranging from cereals to pulses, cash crop, oil seeds & fruits are also grown.

The district is comprised of mountainous tracts extending to foot hill and plain areas and therefore offer distinct agro-climatic conditions in each zone for promoting agriculture & horticulture for the economic betterment of the people of this area. The topography of mountainous range is very much diversified which embraces hills of mild slopes to alpines presenting both subtropical and temperate zones. However, most of the area consist of the loose hills strewn with boulders and sand and hence restricts the production of crops to a greater extent in such areas. Horticultural potentials are widely available.

There are two distinct seasons i.e. prolonged summer and restricted winter and therefore, the entire district can be divided into the followig agro-climatic zones.

(*a*) Plain and foot hill belts.

(*b*) Middle hill belts and

(*c*) High hill areas.

In the plains and foot hill areas, the production of cereals and commercial crops have vast scope. Coincidentally, this is the fertile zone having irrigation potential in some areas which could be gainfully utilised for the production of these crops.

The middle belt is ideal for growing orange, pineapple, pear & peach in addition to maize, millet, potato, beans and pulses.

The high hill areas of Chaglongam, Hawai & Walong have moderately temperate climate consisting of chilling winter on account of snow clad areas all around. These areas have tremendous scope for the development of the horticulture which would become ultimately main stay of the people. Development of horticulture would be an answer to raise economic standard of the people of these areas where shifting cultivation is mostly practised.

The huming cultivation is a way of life of the people. It is a slash and burn method which comprises of cutting the trees, bushes and shrubs followed by burning them after drying. The farmers find it convenient to grow their crops with least of labour. Use of plough, preparation of seed bed is avoided being difficult to prepare in the hill slopes. Woods are destroyed with the help of simple tools which the farmers prepare locally. The farmers prefer jhuming as it does not involve use of animal power, only use of human labour to the main input. The homestead is shifted along with the farm (although it is not a universal practice). However, this method has to be replaced in view of growing population, change in socio-economic outlook and diverse demands of the people, besides ecological and alike factors.

Dr. M.C. Joshi, Director of Agriculture Govt. of Arunachal Pradesh has noted that 'shifting cultivation by slash and burn method is ruinous and wasteful practice and that it must be abandoned as fast as practicable for the benefit of the people who practise it. Shifting cultivation with progressively shortening jhum icycle results in drying up of springs, loss of water retainng capacity, aggravated soil run-off and, water erosion. It destroys valuable forests and results in wanton destruction of bio-mass through indiscriminate burning of the scrubwood and vegetation. It further results in sedimentation of the river beds, siltation of reservoirs and causes frequent floods in the plains. Even in the hills there is progressive loss of surface soil fertility, reduction in depth of soil, their nutrients and population carrying capacity. The crop yields are low and the ecological balance is adversely affecting the human geography of the entire eco-system".

"Government of Arunachal Pradesh is very much aware of the menace of the shifting cultivation and have taken various measures for control of shifting over the past two decades. To prosecute the programme of jhum control on scientific lines the territory has been grouped into four agro-climatic zones belts. According to the suitability of the above agro-climatic zones different approaches have been adopted for different zones bearing in mind the agro-climatic imperatives and crop requirements. The above agro-climatic zones have been demarcated from the point of view of elevation, rainfall and temperature. The main components of jhum control programme are (1) reclamation of land, (2) soil conservation by physical, agronomic and chemical measures, (3) development of land into terraces and wet rice cultivation, (4) irrigation supported by scientific agricultural inputs like seeds, manures and fertilizers, pesticides and also improved tools and implements".

"As a matter of strategy full package of practices has been evolved to fight out the ills of shifting cultivation, the bane of jhuming and winning the people towards settled cultivation. This programme has been oriented towards extension work with accestion subsidy schemes for small holdings with a view to :—

(*i*) Motivating the cultivators to take up settled cultivation in preference to shifting cultivation.

(*ii*) Extending organised facilities in construction of small field channels.

(*iii*) Promoting use of improved seeds and plant protection chemicals.

(*iv*) Popularising use of agricultural tools and implements as well as bullock power as labour saving device.

"The above are to be achieved through : (*i*) equiping the farmers with technical know-how for increasing productivity for unit area on a continuous basis, (*ii*) developing adaptive schemes meant for farmers for trying different cultivations for higher productivity in areas identified for thrust under different crops, (*iii*) to encourage organised farming individually and collectively for economically profitable schemes for scientific crops in selected areas. Considering and consolidating agriculture extension methodologically adopted to local needs and conditions, (*iv*) promoting research facilities for carrying out trials and experiments and investigation departmentally in pursuance of lab to land programme.

In the foot hills as well as the mid and high hills effort has been made to develop the reclaimed land through bunding the level and terracing the slopy lands.

For better land use the Agriculture Department has been following combined approach of developing agriculture and horticultural cropping systems for the different agro-climatic zones which can be broadly grouped as follows :

(1) Subsistence farming under rain-fed dry terracing and contour bunding.

(2) Mixed farming of food grains, commercial crops and horticultural plantation.

(3) Intensive production of cereals and cash crops in the foot hill areas adopting scientific technology inputs and double and multiple cropping sequence.

(4) Horticultural plantation of fruits, nuts intercropped by vegetables and other leguminous and commercial crops in high altitudes.

(5) Plantation of abandoned Jhums with fruits and commercial crops and economically useful grasses.

The scheme of weaning individual farmers from jhuming to improved agriculture is also being carried out through IRD programme providing income generating projects, giving greater employment to identified poor families in the rural communities".

Considering the suitability of the Agro-climatic conditions, various schemes on production of the cereals, pulses, oil seeds and commercial crops has been taken up by the administration and other agencies.

The following are the major schemes taken up for development of agriculture and horticulture.

## COMMERCIAL CROPS

It is a complementary pattern suited to different Agro-climatic zones to help farmers to increase their purchasing power and thereby to raise their economic standard. The major thrust is on the production of potato, soyabean and mustard. Mustard also serves as a major oil seed crop. All these crops/vegetable are remunerative and pay heavy dividends to the farmers.

## HORTICULTURE

Production of fruits in the district is gaining popularity. In the plains, foot hills and mid belt large areas have been covered under orange and valencia, besides, pineapple production in compact areas has been taken up. Interested farmers are also supplied with planting materials on subsidised cost.

## AGRICULTURE ENGINEERING

Besides providing improved tools/implements, the mechanised farming is also receiving attention for which vast areas are available. Working hand is a limiting factor and therefore provision of Tractors/ Power Tillers for farmers is kept so that maximum area could be brought under cultivation. Mechanised farming plays an important role in multiple cropping programme where the time gap between the crops is very short.

## ANIMAL POWER

Good number of farmers have taken up practice for ploughing their land, therefore, work animals to the deserving farmers are supplied enabling them to bring maximum area under cultivation.

## PLANT PROTECTION

The field crops greatly suffer from the hazards of various pests leading enormous losses. Many pests species are prevailing in this area which pose a serious threat to the production of crops. The area consists of high humidity coupled with high temperature and thick wild vegetation which provide congenial environment for the development and multiplication of various pests. Chemicals are supplied as a free service and equipments are supplied to farmers on subsidised cost. Field staff is also provided with such equipments to render timely help.

## AGRICULTURAL MARKETING

To ensure maximum benefit to the farmers, 50% transport subsidy is provided so that the growers may dispose of their produces in the nearby markets. This gives them great incentive for going in for production of crops on commercial lines adopting improved techniques.

As regards area under different crops, production of various crops, food production and food requirement etc. the informations are furnished in the following tables.

*Area and production of different crops under HYV (High Yielding Variety) programme during 1980-81 and 1981-82*

| Sl. No. | Name of Crops | Area covered | Production received M.T. | Area Covered M.T. | Production received M.T. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | | Hec. | M.T. | Hec. | M.T |
| 1 | Potato | 24 | 345 | 18 | 360 |
| 2 | Mustard | 50 | 75 | 240 | 190 |
| 3 | Paddy | 304.9 | 766.5 | 547 | 1,665 |
| 4 | Millet | 10 | 25 | 55 | 50 |
| 5 | Maize | 55 | 55 | 329 | 320 |
| 6 | Soyabean | 25 | 20 | 155 | 130 |
| 7 | Wheat | 220 | 330 | 150 | 225 |
| 8 | Ground nut | 7 | 71 | 5 | 8 |

*Net area and production under paddy, pulses and oil seeds during 1981-82*

| | Crop | Area (Hec.) | Production (M.T.) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Paddy | 8,312 Hec. | 15,188.3 M.T. |
| 2 | Mustard | 1,950, Hec. | 1640 M.T. |
| 3 | Moong | 60 Hec. | 57 M.T. |
| 4 | Black gram | 432 Hec. | 701 M.T. |

*Area under different fruit crops during 1981-1982.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Orange | 39 Hec. | 300 M.T. |
| 2 | Papaya | 17 Hec. | 102 M.T. |
| 3 | Banana | 53 Hec. | 229 M.T. |
| 4 | Apple | 3 Hec. | 1.5 M.T. |
| 5 | Others | 6 Hec. | 13 M.T. |
| | Total : | 118 Hec. | 645.5 M.T. |

*Statement showing population, food equipment and estimated food production during 1981-82*

| Name of Circle | Total Population |
|---|---|
| Namsai | 13,599 |
| Wakro | 2,936 |
| Chowkham | 7,788 |
| Lekang | 13,002 |
| Hayuliang | 5,809 |
| Chaglongam | 2,251 |
| Hawai | 2,903 |
| Walong | 809 |
| Kibithoo | 386 |
| Goiliang | 1301 |
| Tezu | 18,480 |
| Total | 69,400 |
| Food requirement | 14,458 M.T. |
| Total production of staple food crops | 13,519 M.T.S. |
| Total deficit | (—) 939 M.T. |

*Estimated area & population of staple food during 1981-82*

| Sl. No. | Name of crop | Area in Hec. | Production in M.T. | Remarks |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Rice | 8,312 Hec. | 9,113 M.T. | Paddy—15,188.3M.T |
| 2 | Maize | 2,058 ,, | 2,767 ,, | |
| 3 | Millet | 358 ,, | 938 ,, | |
| 4 | Wheat | 514 ,, | 701 ,, | |
| | Total | 10,242 Hec. | 13,519, M.T. | |

## ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND VETERINARY

Livestock plays an important role in the socio-economic life and development of the people of Arunachal Pradesh. In rural areas, the economic status of a family is assessed with the number of animals especially Mithun a family possesses. Meat is the staple food for the people. Recent Livestock census revealed that each family has on average 2 cattles, 3 Pigs, 1 sheep & Goat and 8 Poultry.

In comparison to other parts of the country the potentiality of livestock rearing is found to be congenial in this region due to high rainfall and abundance natural green grasses all over the Union Territory.

Taking into consideration of the above facts, the Animal Husbandry activities, have been taken up for development of livestock and the development activities have been divided mainly into 3 aspects—

1. Animal Health.
2. Livestock Development & Production and
3. Education and training.

*Animal Health coverage* :

For effective animal health coverage, Vety. Aid Centres at village level and Dispensaries at block level are functioning.

Till the end of current year (1981-82) 69 Vety. Dispensaries, 84 Vety. Aid Centres and 4 District Diagnostic laboratories have been set up or are under process of setting up. Besides, one Disease Investigation Laboratory, one Central Vaccine Depot, 6 Mobile Vety. Dispensaries, Two Rinderpest Vigilence Units and 2 Rinderpest Check Posts are already functioning in Union Territory. Purpose of opening these Institutions is for providing extensive animal health coverage through effective diagonosis of diseases, vaccination and treatment.

## LIVESTOCK DEVELOPMENT & PRODUCTION

In view of vastness of the Territory and abundant green pastures available, there is ample scope of development of livestock in Arunachal Pradesh. Perspectively basing on traditional Animal Husbandry practices already in vouge, the U.T. has been divided into 3 main zones and one Alpine Zone :

(*i*) Foot Hills areas covering altitudes of 500 to 3000 feet occupying nearly 12% of the total area is conducive for rearing of cattles, pigs, poultry and Goats.

(*ii*) Broad Valley and Plateau ranging from 3000 to 6000 feet covering nearly 35% of the total area is conducive for rearing Hill Cattles, Mithuns, Sheep and poultry.

(*iii*) The third upper belt having the altitude of 6000 to 11000 feet covers another area of 35% of the total area. Suitable Animal Husbandry practices in this area, include sheep, yak, Zo-Zomo etc.

Keeping in view the rainfall and adaptability to different climatic zones as described above, emphasis has been laid on extensive cross-breeding programme to improve the local livestock for more production of milk, meat, wool etc.

## CATTLE DEVELOPMENT

On cattle development aspect, besides distribution of number of breeding bulls in villages, so far, 87 cattle upgrading centres and 30 Key village Sub-Centres have been set up in this territory with the objective to upgrade the local cattle population only.

Besides, 8 Cattle Breeding Farms in different districts of the U. T. with the objective to produce cross-breed stock have also been set-up.

The bulls produced in these farms are distributed to the people for further multiplication. The objective of the programme is to distribute more breeding bulls and to set up more cattle up-grading centres in order to provide effective coverage of up-grading the local stock.

## POULTRY DEVELOPMENT

A few private poultry farms are coming up through Govt. subsidy. Besides, poultry units on subsidy are distributed to the farmers under PLAN and IRDP cheme.

## PIGGERY DEVELOPMENT

Piggery has a great potentiality in Arunachal Pradesh. Pork makes a staple food of the Arunachal People.

(1) A programme has been undertaken in Lohit District for development of Piggery. A fair sized Pig Farm have been established for production of exotic breed of pigs at Loiliang. Breeds maintained in this Farm are large white and Hampshire. This Regional Pig Breeding Farm, sponsored by N.E.C. is set up recently with 100 sows capacity.

(2) Subsequent distribution of exotic pigs to the deserving Farmers for cross breeding and multiplication have been taken up. A simultenous subsidy programme on kind basis is launched for this purpose in and around Loiliang Project.

## OTHER LIVESTOCK DEVELOPMENT

(1) *Yak* : The high altitude area ranging from 600 feet and above is suitable for rearing of yak and yak cross-breed (Zo-Zomo). The cross-breed female (Zomo) are important from dairy point of view having higher percentage of fat contents. The livelihood of local inhabitants of this particular zone depends on milk products of these cross-breeds. Therefore, emphasis has been laid on supply and multiplication of more cross-breeds through deserving breeders of the locality.

(*ii*) *Mithun* : Mithun is a rare animal reared by the farmers of Arunachal Pradesh in lower middle belt. The Animal is socio-economically important to the people of these areas.

A cross-breed female Mithun (Mithun male $x$ siri Female) is potentially utilized as Dairy animal having higher percentage of fat contents.

## EDUCATION AND TRAINING

(1) Programme envisaged under the scheme are award of stipends for veterinary graduation to fill up the shortage Veterinary Doctors.

(2) In service courses of Training of Graduate and Under-Graduate level for staff.

(3) To meet up the manpower shortage a school of veterinary science and Animal Husbandry has been started for para veterinarians temporarily at Gramsevak Training Centre, Pasighat and first course of training has been started with 25 trainees in February, 1981.

Short term training Programmes to acquaint the farmers with various livestock Development aspects are also carried out every year.

## CO-OPERATIVE DAIRY FARMING

Collection of Milk from Dairy owners and subsequent distribution to the consumers have been established presently at Tezu and receiving encouraging result.

## SIXTH FIVE YEAR PLAN

A sum of Rs. 387.00 Lakhs has been approved for Arunachal Pradesh by the planning commission during the 6th plan period of which Rs. 345.00 Lakhs are for Animal Husbandry and Rs. 42.00 lakhs for Dairy Development.

VETERINARY INSTITUTION IN LOHIT DISTRICT

1. Veterinary Dispensary—7 Nos.
2. Veterinary Aid-Centre—9 Nos.
3. Cattle upgrading Centre—13 Nos.
4. Mobile Vety. Dispensary—1 No.
5. District Diagonostic Lab.—1 No.
6. Milk Collection and Marketing Centre —1 No.

FISHERIES

*Scope for development of Fishery Industries and its present stage.*

For development of fisheries in any place particularly for production of fishes there must be available water area or there should be suitable places where water area could be created artificially for taking up fisheries programme. In Lohit District of Arunachal Pradesh there are a good number of rivers, natural beels, swamps and lakes besides some pockets in different places where fisheries programme can be taken up by creating water area artificially.

(*a*) *Riverine Fisheries* : From fisheries' point of view the Lohit River system, Tengapani river system and the Noadihing river system are the main riverine fisheries in the district. Riverine Fisheries are mainly capture fisheries where only fishes are caught for human consumption. The above three river systems are registered Government Fishery Mahals and these are leased out for fishing right and annually Rs. 19,000 to Rs. 25,000 are obtained as revenue from these riverine fisheries.

For development of existing riverine fisheries no other development works can be undertaken except increasing the fish population by certain preservation methods. For this purpose killing of fry and fingerlings at any time as well as brood fishes (fishes with eggs during breeding season (May to August) is prohibited But this is hardly followed and instead reports are received regarding indiscriminate killing of fish by poision bombs and other destructive devices of fish capture. The natural production of fish in rivers which is already in decline will further decline unless these preservation methods are followed by all concerned. The species which are available in rivers are Nepura (*Labeo dero*), Gharia ( *Labeo dyocheilus*) Jongapithia (*Barbus for*) Sundari (*semiplotus*) Bokpithia (Barbus hexagonolepsis), *Barilius* species and other minor carps.

(*b*) *Beel Fisheries* : Beels are large water bodies like lake formed in the vicinity of rivers. In Namsai and Lekang circle of this district there are few such beels. These are Bar beel, Dhanekhona beel, Namsai beel Rangali beel, Mahadevpur Kumarikata beel, Nongkhong beel, Mohong beel and Deo beel. Total area under these beels will be more than 500 hectares. All the beels are heavily infested with aquatic weeds and 70 to 80% of the total water area are covered with these weeds leaving only a little portion clean where only fishing by nets etc. are possible. These beels which were once formed are now heading towards extinction mainly by gradual filling of their basins due to heavy silting year after year and other natural processes. By these processes most part of some of the beels namely Nong khong beel, Mohong beel, Mahadevpur Kumarikata beel, Rangali beel have already become very shallow and people even started paddy cultivation in those parts of the beels.

For every three years term these beels are leased out by Fisheries department for fishing rights by inviting tenders from intending parties. And annually an amount of Rs. 9,000.00 to Rs. 11,000.00 is obtained as revenue from these beels. Some beels which have almost come to the state of swamp through the above mentioned evolution process fetch very less revenue as there are less fish population. Some beels namely Dhanekhona beel, Namsai beel and Bar beel are heavily infested with aquatic weeds and hence in most part of the beels fishing cannot be done and therefore these beels also fetch comparatively low revenue. The fishes which are available in these beels one mainly Singi, Magur, Kurhi, Pubda, Puthi, Barali (Wallago), Sal, Shol, Ari, Kanduli, Barolia etc.

There is vast scope for development of these beels for more production of fishes. A separate team of workers both from Engineering and Fisheries side who can take up development and reclamation works with proper survey etc. will be required. But this involves a huge amount.

Presently it is proposed to develop and reclaim Barbeel through North Eastern Council (NEC) and accordingly a survey scheme has already been sent to N.E.C. by the Chief Fishery Officer, A.P., New Itanagar. The Fishery consultant N.E.C. has visited the said Barbeel and agreed with the scheme for development of the beel.

(*c*) *Lakes* : Naturally formed large hollows or depressions on the durable depth are called lakes. In Wakro circle of this district there is a lake known as Glow Lake with water area of 15—20 hectares. This lake can be developed a good fishery-cum-tourist centre but as the lake is in a remote area without any road except porter track it has not been possible to take up development works. With construction of road etc. it will be possible to develop the lake into a good fishery-cum-tourist centre.

(*d*) *Domestic Fish Ponds* : For domestic consumption of fish and also to improve economic condition of the people domestic fish ponds are constructed in feasible areas. For construction of such domestic fish ponds there are good scopes in the district particularly in Namsai sub-division where marshy or other suitable lands are in abundance. There are even scopes for construction of fish farms by private parties to take up the programme on commercial lines. Till now 62 Numbers of domestic fish ponds with water area of 5 hectares are constructed in the district with Government help in the shape of 50% subsidy.

(*e*) *Fish Culture in Paddy fields* : Certain varieties of fish (common carp, live fishes etc.) can be cultured in assured irrigated paddy fields for a period of 3/4 months till harvesting of paddy and this has become very successful in some parts of Arunachal Pradesh. In Lohit District also there is scope in Namsai area for this centre and it is already introduced in some paddy fields, at Momong, Jonapathar I. etc. Gradually this programme will be extended to other suitable areas also

*Government Patronisation*: In order to increase fish production Government is helping the people to enable them to take up fisheries programme. At present following incentives are given in the district from Government side.

(*a*) For construction of domestic fish ponds 50% subsidy is given for the construction of the pond as per availability of funds.

(*b*) Fingerlings, feed and manure required for such ponds are given free of cost for the first year. For subsequent years also fingerlings are arranged by the Government but costs are to be paid by the beneficiaries. One Fish Seed Farm has been established by the Government at Lathao, Jonapathar in Namsai area for production of fingerlings to cater the need of Pisciculturits. Another farm is proposed to be setup at T.R. Camp near Tezu.

(*c*) For fish culture in irrigated paddy fields which was introduced last year only fingerlings are supplied free to motivate the farmers as this is a new scheme for the district. For preparation of the plot also a lump sum amount is paid.

(*d*) Technical guidance is always provided from Government side for any fisheries programme people want to take up.

(*e*) Short duration training camps are organised for interested fish farmers to make them acquainted with different aspects of pond management etc.

(*f*) *Bank Loan*: For taking up large schemes like construction of fish farm etc. by interested farmers bank loan is available. But till now no such loans have been taken in this district.

*Commercial Viability*: To take up Fisheries programme on commercial lines there are scopes in Namsa and Lekang circles of the district where there are good places for construction of fish farms on commercial lines. But till now no one has ventured to take up such programme. In other places of the district there is not much scope to take up big projects on commercial lines.

## CONCLUSION

In conclusion it can be said that the district has got sufficient pontetiality for development of fisheries specially when beels, swamps and marshy lands available in Namsai and Lekang circles are taken into account. With availability of more funds and peoples participation in the programme it will be possible to develop fisheries on a sound footing in near future.

## INDUSTRY

### *Potentiality and scope for the development of ssi and large scale industries*

The scope for development of large scale industries in Lohit District is not encouraging now. This is mainly due to the lack of proper infrastructural facilities. The main drawback of setting up Industries is the transportation system. This transportation bottle-neck exists due to the stiff hills, speedy flowing rivers and frequent changing river course, which challenge the transport and communication system. Hence, it is difficult for a unit to transport raw-materials and finished products within and outside market.

The other drawback of establishing industrial unit is the shortage of power. The main source of power in the district is diesel generating sets, which is not economical for industrial use. However, a micro hydel project with a capacity of 4000 KV has been set up at Dura Nallah near Tezu which is able to feed few small scale Industry (SSI) units in the Tezu township. Recently, Namsai/Chowkham areas have been connected with a 33 KV H.T. line from Namrup thermal project, Assam, which will add to the development of industries in the district.

### *Forest Mineral and Agro-cum-Plantation based Industries*

(1) *Forest based Industries* : Forest resources play an important role in the district for setting up of industries. Out of the total area of the district approximately 3258.73 Sq. Kms. is covered with forest. In fact, the major source of revenue for the district is from forest products. Considering the sources available, the development of forest-based industries have good scope. There is a plywood factory at Namsai in Pvt. sector, which is considered one of the biggest plywood factories in India. Besides, there are 13 Saw Mills in small scale sector in the lower belt of the district.

Moreover, with the development of the Saw Mills in the district, a number of small scale industries like furniture making and allied products have come up. These units produce decorative furniture, electrical accessories, etc.

Besides, timber the district is also rich in cane and bamboo, About half of the forest area is covered by cane & bamboo. So the establishment of industries based on cane and bamboo have good scope in the district and in fact a few small scale industries for making cane and bamboo furniture have already come up.

(*ii*) *Mineral based Industries*: According to the Geological Survey of India, the mineral resources like graphite, limestone, stone marble and clay or bricks are available. About 140 million tonnes of lime stone have been made available in the district which encourage the Government to set up a 30 TPD Mini Cement Plant at Tezu to utilise the lime stone for commercial purposes. Due to the surplus resources, Govt. is also proposing to set up another 200 TPD Cement plant at Tidding. Basing on the surplus lime stone, Govt. has also established a lime Kiln unit with 3 ton capacity at Tezu. Despite this, brick unit at Namsai/Chowkham have also come up to utilise the clay found in the district.

(*iii*) *Agro-cum-plantation based Industries* : The district is not self-sufficient in cereals and foodgrains. However, some places which are situated in the lower belt of the district are practising permanent cultivation and produces surplus paddy and mustard seed. Basing on surplus produces of the lower belt, some tiny paddy husking and oil expelling units have come up.

The fruits and vegetables cover an area of 126.57 hectares. The crop of this kind are papaya, banana, guava, pineapple, plum, mango, orange, pears, lemon, etc. Considering the resources available, establishment of a fruit processing unit has a good scope.

According to the Agriculture Department, average yield of chillies in the district is about 15 mt at present.

As such, spice grinding unit can be established in the district.

*Cottage Industries* :

The scope for the development of cottage industries in the district is encouraging. It is mentioned earlier that, the district has got suitable clay for making bricks. This clay can be utilised for making various types of potteries in various designs.

The district is also rich in banana trees, which are useful for industrial purposes. These banana trees can be utilised for commercial use as banana fibre can be reprocessed for making decorative bag, mates and other products.

The handloom industries in village and cottage sector play an important role in both commercial and non-commercial basis. About 2,490 looms of different types, like fly shuttle loom, loin loom, Khamty loom, and pit loom are working in the district. The handloom products have good demand both within and outside the district. Hence, a few more handloom units could be set up in the district.

Besides, this, bee-keeping industry has also good scope. Local people could be encouraged and given training. in this field to start bee-keeping units. This will also help to increase production of agriculture through poligraphic means.

(*i*) *Woollen Textile Industries* : A number of places in the district are situated at high altitudes where temperature is relatively low. During winter season these places experience severe cold. It is therefore, necessary to put on the woollen clothes during the winter season and considerable demand is there for the woollen clothes. As such, few woollen units can be set up in the district to cope up with the demand of the people there.

(*ii*) *Wood Carving* : Wood carving industry in the district has a good prospect. The main raw material required for this industry is the timber which is available locally. There is a wood carving section in the Govt. Craft Centre, Tezu where local youths are being imparted training in the modern method of wood carving. The passed out trainees can set up wood carving units of there own .

(*iii*) *Silver & Blacksmithy article* : Blacksmithy is one of the indusries which the people have been practising since time immemorial. These units are very small as the local artisans use only hand tools for this trade. It is known that about 90% of tribal people are cultivators. They have good demand of black-smithy articles like dao, spade, garden rack etc.. So, few units can be established in the district by providing improved varieties of tools and implements.

The Silver smithy articles have also good demand. Most of the local people are using silver ornaments like earing, necklace etc. At present, there is a training section in the Craft Centre, Tezu, where the local-youths are being trained. So, two nos. of silver smithy units can be established one each at Hayuliang and Hawai.

*Govt. Patronisation for development of modern Industries, subsidy etc.*

To achieve an overall development in the field of small, village and cottage industries Govt. have taken up various schemes in the district. These schemes include setting up of new industries, establishment of industrial estates, common facilities centre, market survey, technical and managerial training and incentives and subsidy, etc. To implement these schemes Govt. has established the district Industries Centre in every district of the territory.

(*i*) *Industrial Estate* : To provide accommodation to the small scale industries, Govt. has proposed to set up industrial estate one each at Tezu and Namsai.

(*ii*) *Technical Training* : It is mentioned earlier that the district has got two Craft Centres one each at Tezu and Hawai and one weaving training unit at Nongkhong These centres are imparting training in various trades like weaving, tailoring, carpentry, blacksmithy, silver smithy, wood carving, cane and bamboo works etc. The main object of this is to motivate the local youths to acquaint themselves in various skills. In addition to this Govt. is providing training on marketing management etc. This will help the entrepreneurs to set up theiunits at different locations in the district successfully.

(*iii*) *Woman entrepreneurship* : Govt. is also providing various incentives for the development of women entrepreneurship. In the district the industries are mostly cottage and village type. These industries are mainly managed by women. The Govt. has therefore, introduced various trades like weaving, knitting, carpet making, tailoring etc. in all Craft Centres. These centres are providing training on improved technique for production of various articles and quality. As an incentive, Govt. provides all the inputs like looms, sewing machines and raw materials on subsidy basis.

(*iv*) *Other incentives* : The DIC in the district is the main centre to provide various services and supporting facilities to the Small, Village and Cottage Industries in the district, Under this scheme entrepreneurs are provided with various incentives like selection of items of manufacture or the inputs like finance, raw materials power supply accommodation etc. Despite this, some promotional agencies like SISI, SIET etc. provide all supports required by the DIC in the form of economic survey, preparation of projects and conducting of training courses etc. for implementing the projects taken up by the DIC.

Yarns and wool are mainly consumed by the village and cottage industries sector. A raw material bank has been established by the Government at Tezu to provide yarns and wool and other materials to the local artisans. About 1500 kgs of yarn is consumed every year in the district. In small scale sector, Government is providing raw-materials like Parrafin wax,M/tallow, steel materials etc.

*Tour programme* : To motivate the local entrepreneurs in various industries Govt. is organising touring facilities for local youths to various industrially developed states in the country.

*Subsidy* : To encourage the growth of industrial units, Govt. is providing 10-15% subsidy under central investment subsidy scheme.

ELECTRICITY AND POWER :

Electricity and Power in the district has yet to be developed a lot. There is only one Micro Hydel at Dura

Nallah working at present with a capacity of 400 K.W. The power generated by this Micro Hydel is utilised for a limited area only. Tezu the only town of the district is electrified with the power generated by this Micro Hydel. In addition to that a diesel generating set with a capacity of 148 K.W. is also installed in the town to meet the requirement at the time of peak load. In fact diesel generating sets ranging from the capacity of 30 K.W. to 100 K.W. are the main sources of electricity for almost all other electrified areas comprising a few villages only.

Some schemes have, however, been taken up for the development of electrification. Tafragam Micro Hydel Project and power supply line from Chowkham to Tezu are some of the major works under such schemes. Tafragam Micro Hydel (of 500 K.W. Capacity) construction is in progress. Erection of 33 K.V.H.T. line from Chowkham to Tezu is also in progress. Power in this line will be supplied by the Assam Electricity Board which will be mainly used for mini cement plant at Tezu. Some more schemes for rural electrification are also in process.

## TRADE AND COMMERCE

Inspite of the rugged terrain in the upper areas there has been significant trade in the district because of forest resources and agricultural produce. There has also been a long tradition of trade in the area going as late as the nineteen forties when shops were established even in many interior places by enterprising businessmen.

Five airfed stations receive essential commodities of an annual tonnage of 450 and there are 38 Fair Price Shops.

Limited means of communication with outside the district which are dislocated during the rainy season stand in the way of development of trade and commerce. This is hoped to be improved when a new road is opened via Miao (Tirap District) which would facilitate trade and commerce.

## TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION

Communication is cumbrous difficult and irregular during the rainy season because even the road to Tezu (District headquarter) is not only heavily silted but also passes through heavily flooded rivers. Boat service partially serves the district but sailing is extremely difficult because of heavy current, shallow beds and rocks. Three daily bus services are provided by Co-operative Societies and seven by Anchal Samities. Vayudoot provides bi-weekly air service to Tezu. IAF sorties also provide occasional service to Walong.

## ROAD COMMUNICATION

This district was having 108 Kms. of surfaced roads and 73 Kms. of unsurfaced roads upto February, 1981. During 1981-82 new roads like Hayuliang-Goiliang and Hayuliang-Hawai have to be started. C.P.W.D. is constructing and maintaining the roads connecting administrative centres. BRTF had constructed Dirok-Tezu and Hayuliang road and it is under their maintenance. Hayuliang-Hawai road will also be constructed by them on behalf of Arunachal Pradesh Government. The new national highway NH-52 has been approved for construction by Border Roads connecting Pasighat-Roing-Tezu-Wakro-Namsai-Rupai. Construction of this highway will be taken up during 1981-82, 25 Kms. of new road will be constructed every year.

## ALL INDIA RADIO

AIR, Tezu although a small station covering a radius of 15 Kms only, deserves special mention in the realm of All India Radio net work. All India Radio, Tezu came on air on 15th August, 1967, perhaps in the wake of Chinese aggression and, principally, to bridge the gap of communication between the local inhabitants and the rest of the country. Hemmed in between valleys and dales the people of this area lived in isolation an unsettled life till recently. However,g the situation has undergone a tremendous change durin the last decade with the advent of scientific knowledge in the field of primitive agriculture and insdustry. And now life is also humming with activities as in any other organised society.

Tezu Radio Station, since its inception has risen to the occasion of reaching the message of development to the indegenous people. AIR, Tezu Station, tried to bring the local people closer to the administration, and to the main stream of national life, through disseminating news and views of National Policy towards the tribal people, and their upliftment from centuries of neglect and poverty. Radio Organisation acted as a catalyst to forge the bond of unity and thereby national integration amongst the different sections of people living here. Modernising primitive slash and burn agricultural practices in this area is a tremendous task, and the Radio Station here practically moved to the villages with the message of improved method of agricultural practices in close co-operation with the District Administration. Agricultural scene is changing for the better here and the Radio has been playing a pivotal role in this process in taking the message at the door-steps of the farmers.

Any developmental project that came up in this area had always been highlighted to ensure involvement of the local people in the process of development. Government policies and schemes had been explained hrough different formats to the people.

To popularise local culture and traditions Radio Tezu not only noticed the local festivals and functions it travelled far beyond to bring the local people before the microphone to place their views, sentiments and aspirations. Traditional songs and folk lores were collected and supplied to other parts of the country. Likewise artists of repute from outside were presented before the invited audience here and thus the intermingling of diverse culture is enriching one another synthesing the compact culture of India-Bhinata.

In times of flood and drought this Radio Station undertook the duty of informing and educating the people how to combat the flood and drought situation and what and how helps were rendered by the adminsitration to ameliorate the difficulties. SOS messages were put out for general future information and action

**(vi) Major Social and Cultural Events :**

The district is inhabited by some major tribes. There are no such major social and cultural events with respect to these tribes except for some which are basically associated with their religious beliefs and practices. A note on these tribes is given below which also includes their social and cultural events.

KHAMTI

The Khamtis are Buddhist by religion. They have own script also which is derived from the Tai language. The society is divided into classes signifying distinct status in the social hierarchy. The chiefs naturally occupy the highest position followed by the priests who wield considerable influence over all ranks. The class of common men form the bulk of the population. In the past the slaves constituted the lowest rank.

However, the Khamtis profess the Hivayana form of Buddhism but they do not abstain from meat. The two great celebrations are held in commemoration of the birth and death of Gautam Buddha for which they take out religious procession with the idol of the Buddha.

The Khamtis celebrate 'Sangken' a Buddhist festival annually once in the month of April and similarly, 'Nunhak' is also celebrated on the full moon day in the month of May. The other ceremonies such as Khau-A, Catang Cale and Nyin-Cam-Meifung are celebrated in Buddhist way by offering flowers, vegetables and rice at the village monasteries in the last part of July for Khau-A, in the middle of September for Catang-Cale and before the start of winter for Nyin-Cam-Meifung.

*Marriage* : The Khamtis follow the rule of tribe endogamy and clan exogamy. In case of clan exogamy, cross-cousin marriage is socially approved in the society as parallel-cousin marriage is prohibited. However, polygamy is an accepted form of marriage as their marriage primarily depends upon the payment of bride-price which normally includes one or two buffaloes and a sum of cash money from Rs. 70.00 to Rs. 800.00 but monogamy is more commonly practised. The marriage is generally settled through negotiation between the parents of either parties with the help of a go-between (Pachou). In marriage negotiation the go-between is to play the role of mediator in fixing the bride-price as there is no definite amount for bride-price since among the Khamtis marriage by negotiation is more popular than other forms of marriage.

On the marriage day the bride-groom and his parents do not go to bride's house along with the marriage party. The marriage party generally includes the go-between, relatives of the groom and his friends. The party carries dried fish, bamboo shoots and rice-beer to bride's house and the party brings the bride to groom's house. The young boys and girls of the bride's village block the groom's party and demand for money to allow them to proceed further. On the occasion of marriage a feast is arranged at bride's house and while returning the party with the bride a string is tied across the way where the bride is to halt and in the meantime the priest reads some passages from a sacred book to give a lesson to the newly married couple about their duties in conjugal life. After that the bride unties the string and she is received by the mother of the groom or any elderly woman of the groom's family. She is then led to an apartment arranged for her. In the next day a feast is arranged at groom's house where other than the groom's relatives the relatives and friends of the bride who accompanied her are also invited.

*Death and Funeral* : In ancient days the Khamtis buried their dead and before burial the dead body was kept for several days to come and mourn by the relatives of the deceased but now-a-days the Khamtis keep their dead body for three days before disposal. But contrary to that the body is immediately buried after death, if the death occurs by accident or epidemic. The children of minor age are also buried immediately after death. Burial is the normal method of disposal of a dead body by putting the dead body in a coffin called Sung, a dug out of the trunk or a strecher made of bamboo, however, there is exception for cremation if textual instruction is made by a religious scripture called Samuktya. Over the grave a conical mound of earth is put up raising upward in a series of steps, the earth being kept in a position by bamboo matting round in each step. The grave is placed in the western side but outside the village perimeter. Immediately after death the villagers and relatives are summoned and the dead body is washed and dressed with clean robes. The people who come to console the bereaved family make some offerings to the dead. The dead body is kept inside the house till the arrival of a Buddhist monk as the monk is to read some passages of a holy book before removal of the dead body for disposal. The people who attend the burial or cremation ground are to take bath in the near by stream or river before entering his own house. The day of funery is celebrated on the seventh day after death with a feast.

SINGPHO

The Singphos are Buddhist and as follower of Buddhism they celebrate "Sangken" a Buddhist festival annually once in the month of April but, on the other hand, they have not given up their old shamanistic beliefs as such a number of spirits are considered as malevolent and responsible for causing miseries to human beings and, therefore, such spirits (Nats) are worshipped on a number of occasions such as Ningse-nat, Mutung-Dingna, Cithung-nat, Nat-kun, Mai-nat etc. by sacrificing bulls, cows, pigs and chickens.

*Marriage* : Polygamy prevails amongst the Singphos but monogamy is the socially accepted form of marriage by following the rule of clan exogamy and tribe endogamy. They usually practise cross-cousin marriage as parallel-cousin marriage is strictly prohibited in the society and in case of cross-cousin, if a man marries his mother's, brother's, daughter, such wife gets a preference over other wives but marriage with mother's sister's daughter is prohibited. The Singphos also follow the system of senior levirate i.e. a younger brother can marry the widow of his elder brother but an elder brother can not marry the widow of his younger brother and in case of sororate one can not marry his wife's elder sisters but he can marry the younger sisters of his wife.

Among the Singphos, negotiated marriage is more common than other forms of marriage and for marriage negotiation a go-between (Khumbang) is essential

In their marriages a series of rites and rituals are performed alongwith the payment of bride-price which is must. The settlement of marriage is ended with a feast where a number of pigs and chickens are killed. The marriage day is fixed by Dumsa (Local priest) at groom's house. Before the marriage day the bride-groom with some other relatives proceed to bride's house and they are to stay there for five days. On the sixth day after the payment of bride-price a grand feast is arranged at bride's house and then the local priest will decide the day on which the bride will go to her husband's house and as per Dumsa's decision the bride goes to her husband's house.

*Death and Funeral* : The usual method of disposal of dead among the Singphos is burial but they follow the practice of cremation too. Cremation is decided by their local priest (Dumsa) through omen. A person died of an accident is not cremated in the village cemetery but buried outside the village. Dead body of a new born baby is disposed of outside the village perimeter but near a tree.

Before disposal the dead body is washed and wrapped with a new cloth. In case of burial, a dug out tree trunk coffin is made for the dead by killing a fowl and offering its head, lung, feathers and legs with rice-beer to the spirits of the tree. On the second day of death a buffalo or a pig is sacrificed in the name of the deceased and on the third day of death the dead body is brought to the burial ground for disposal. No grave goods are offered to the dead by the Singphos except cloths which are buried inside the pit. A white cloth is hoisted on a bamboo pole near the cremation or burial ground. The Singphos do not observe uncleanliness period after the death of a person. It is believed that the soul returns to his house after seventh day of death to accept the food offered to the dead and, therefore, feeding of the dead on the seventh day is observed in case of both natural and unnatural deaths. For this purpose a Buddhist monk is invited to the house of the deceased to conduct a course of rituals.

The last funeral rite called Munglup-pai is celebrated some months after the death occurred. For this rite the day is fixed by the Dumsa (local priest) by means of omen. This ceremony lasts for four days to which the relatives and the fellow villagers are invited and a good number of pigs and buffaloes are sacrificed.

In the event of a chief's death food is offered everyday to the deceased for which buffaloes and pigs are sacrificed and the people use to dance and sing near the dead body. This celebration sometimes lasts for a month. On the last day of the ceremony the dead body is cremated.

## DEORI

The Deoris have three distinct groups or Khels namely (a) Dibongia (b) Tengapania and (c) Borgoya and each of the group or khel has a number of clans of its own. There are 24 clans of these three groups or khels of the Deoris.

*Birth* : The delivery generally takes place inside the house. Womenfolk help the mother at the time of delivery as male members are not allowed to enter the room at the time of delivery. As soon as the child is born it is washed and cleaned by the mother. A Sharai containing uncooked rice, egg, areca nut, betel leaf, one rupee coin, bow and arrow are placed as an offering near the bed of the mother by a woman of the house for the well-being of the newly born baby by the Deoris of the Dibongia Group. Later on, except the bow and arrow other articles are given to a beggar on the day on which the purification ritual is performed.

The household and all the members of the clan to which the mother belongs are regarded as impure till the purification ritual (Lubiruba) is performed and the period to that extent is treated as a polluted period. Generally, the day on which the nuptial cord falls off from the baby is chosen for this ritual but this ritual is never performed on saturday. The mother cleans her clothes and comes out with the baby from her room. The most significant aspect of this ritual is that at least seven old men, in case of a male child, and seven old women, in case of a female child, are invited, one from each clan to perform this ritual. A pig or a fowl is killed for the performance of this ritual. Till the performance of this ritual the people of other clans never enter into that household except one's own clansmen.

*Marriage* : Monogamy is the rule of marriage buy bigamy is tribe endogamy and clan exogamy are strictly maintained. However, clan exogamy is only applicable in case of one's own group or khel as the rule of clan exogamy is not followed in case of marriage between the groups or khels of Dibongia and Tengapania, Dibongia and Borgoya, Tengapania and Borgoya. Among the Deoris parallel cousin marriage is strictly prohibited but cross-cousin marriage i.e. mother's brother's daughter and father's sister's daughter are permitted in the sense that the mother of the boy and father of the girl or vice-versa should not be brother and sister of the same parents or own lineage group. Although marriages are mostly performed by negotiation with the help of two go-betweens but marriage by love and elopement are preferred by the youths as marriage by capture and service are rarely practised in the society. In case of levirate ones elder brother's widow may be inherited and in case of sororate, ones younger sisters-in-law may be married but in case of marriages with ones wife's elder sister and with the wife of ones younger brother are strictly prohibited. In case of marriage by negotiation a ritual is performed by killing a pig at the groom's house by the head of the groom's family to propitiate their ancestral manes a few days before the final marriage day. In a marriage by love, elopement, capture and service the ritual Suje Luburuba or "Meloni" is performed at the bride's parents house as well as at the groom's house in any day according to their own convenience but in case of marriage by negotiation this ritual is performed on the marriage day. After the performance of this ritual the bride attains the affiliation of her husband's clan (Jaku) for offering oblations to the manes of her husband's clan (Jaku) but at any cost this ritual is to be performed by killing a fowl or a pig. The payment of bride-price with cash ranging from Rs. 20 to Rs. 300 or so was, however, must in case of any type of marriages, but now-a-days the payment of bride-price is loosely practised in the society. In case of marriage by negotiation the payment of bride-price is almost abandoned except the payment of the pig, betel nut

leaves, areca nut with a "Sharai" where Rs. 5.00 to Rs. 10.00 or so is placed from the groom's parents side. Similar 'Sharai' is placed from the bride's parents side also. In all rituals and ceremonies connected with the marriage the rice-beer (Suja) is considered as an inevitable item as it is required for oblation as well as to entertain the gatherings.

*Death and Funeral* : The concept of the people about death and funeral is based on the belief that a separation takes place between the body and the soul at death.

*Ways of Disposal of the Dead* : For disposal of the dead the Deoris, follow two ways (1) cremation and (2) burial, but cremation is the normal way for disposal of the dead except for the cases of the children who die at the minor age, a woman who dies at the time of delivery and those who die owing to epidemic. Dead bodies in these cases are burried. There is no norm in the society to keep the dead body for some days before disposal but, in fact, cremation or burial is never done at night.

*Treatment of dead* : The body is washed with water and is adorned by a new white dress. A few silver coins are inserted into the mouth in order to enable the soul to cross the rivers and streams before reaching the destination. An egg of hen is broken on the forehead by the eldest son by saying that"Your life ends today as the broken egg by leaving all earthly objects and living beings. You now go to the under world where all our ancestors are living". After that the body is carried to the cremation ground in a procession by the sons, relatives, and villagers with the eldest son ahead who carries burning pieces of bamboo and others carry food and rice-beer for the dead. A man spreads raw cotton thread along the path leading to the cremation ground. The underlying meaning of spreading raw cotton throughout the path is to enable the soul to reach the cremation ground easily. While carrying the dead, its feet are placed in the front. In Deori society the layers of fire-wood in the funeral pile varies according to the clan that the dead belongs. The Deoris of Tengapania group or khel follow the rules of five layers and seven layers of fire-wood in the pyre whereas the Deoris of Dibongia and Borgoya groups follow seven layers of fire-wood in the pyre. Among the Deoris of Tengapania group only the people belonging to Khuttiya clan follow the rule of seven layers and the others follow five layers. But there is an exception in all the groups of the Deoris in case of the priests of their respective temples namely Gira-Girasi (Worshipped by the Dibongia khel) Pishadema or Baliahemeta (Worshipped by the Tengapania khel) and Pishasi, popularly known as Tameswari Mai (Worshipped by the Borgoya khel) where nine layers of fire-wood are placed at the pyre. The thread of raw cotton and the body with the bier are carried around the pyre in anti-clockwise direction as per the number of layers of fire-wood in the pyre. The body is then placed on the pyre keeping the head towards east. The pyre is first lit by the eldest son and he is to perform the mortuary rituals after cremation. The eldest son is to offer food and rice-beer before and after cremation in the cremation ground to the deceased. The cremation ground is attended by males and females but the females leave the cremation ground early. Before leaving the cremation ground all are to take bath by diving into water as per number of fire-wood in the pyre. The eldest son is to collect the calcine bones and then throw to the bottom of the river for the last mortuary ritual.

*Purification* : All the attendants of the cremation or burial ground are to come back to the deceased's house and each of them is to raise the right foot over a fire of straw and thereafter a woman or a girl of the bereaved family sprinkles water from a pot to each of the attendant one after another. Immediately after that each of them is to put the little finger in a bowl containing mustard oil, a coin of copper and a kind of herb known as 'dubari' as many times as the number of layers of fire-wood in the funeral pile. On the same day a ritual is performed by inviting all the attendants of the cremation or burial ground and they are served with rice, rice-beer, pork and betel nut and betel vine leaves. On that day all the villagers of the deceased observe taboo by abstaining themselves from works.

*Period of offering Oblations* : The eldest son is to offer oblations from the next day for seven days to the deceased with rice, rice-beer and cooked meat of pig or fowl which is killed for the ritual of purification. On each of these days the eldest son fasts from morning till evening. Since the day of death all consanguineal kins observe another taboo by covering the doors of their granaries for a week with white cloth with a belief that the goddess of wealth may leave the granaries if they enter them during the period of taboo.

*Daha* : The Daha is the final mortuary ritual of the Deoris. In the society, there is no hard and fast rule to perform this ritual within a fixed time. The ritual requires a large number of fowls and pigs for sacrifice. Apart from animals and birds, a huge quantity of rice, rice-beer, areca nut, betel vine leaves are also required for the feast as well as for the rituals (in the name of the deceased). The household of the deceased and other consanguineal and affinal kins are to give 'Sharais' separately where clothes, money, betel nut and vine leaves are placed. All necessary articles are given in the 'Sharai' by household of the deceased to offer to the deceased. Moreover, all consanguineal and affinal kins are to give rice, rice-beer, pigs and fowls in the name of the deceased and such animals are killed by the eldest son in the name of the deceased and are served to the gathering. This marks the unity and solidarity amongst the tribesman. All the consanguineal and affinal kins and villagers are invited by the deceased family to attend and participate in this last mortuary ritual.

## DIGARU AND MIJU MISHMIS

Out of three main groups of the Mishmis, Digaru and Miju Mishmis live in Lohit District. The other main group namely, the chulikatas are in the Dibang valley District. Chulikata, Digaru and Miju are the names given by the plains people. Their original names are Idu, Taraon and Kaman respectively. The Digaru's are scattered over both the bank of the Lohit river from Hayuliang downwards till it reaches the foot-hill region and in the Delai valley. The Miju Mishmis occupy the valleys of the rivers Dav, upper Lohit, Kamlang and Lati.

*Birth* : According to the custom of the societies a parturient woman can not deliver inside the main dwelling house. As such before the expected time of delivery, a small temporary shed is erected in the jungle near the house. When the expectant mother is in that temporary shed for delivery then no male person is allowed to attend the shed except the females, but under compelling circumstances if she is not within the reach of her female relatives and friends then only husband may attend her. But immediately after delivery she is to come back home along with the newly born baby and to remain in her own bed room for eleven days in case of a male child and for ten days in case of a female child and these days are observed as taboo during which the mother never goes out and does any work even inside the house as during these days she is believed to be a profane and all items of food are supplied to her by her female relatives. While observing taboo she takes her food by means of a bamboo spoon. on the last day of the taboo an offering is made by sacrificing a fowl for the well being of the mother and the child, but Rowlatt mentioned in his Expedition Note published in Asiatic Society's Journal, 1845, page 48 that she is to remain in the shed so erected for ten days in case of a boy, and for eight days in case of a girl till the days of her purification are over.

*Marriage* : Marriage usually takes place by negotiation but they occasionally practise elopement and capture too and in case of marriage within their own group they strictly follow clan exogamy but when marriage takes place between Digaru and Miju groups as they have inter-marriage system, the rule of clan exogamy does not arise. Marriage among the Mishmis of these two groups primarily depends upon the payment of bride-price. The bride-price normally consisted of mithuns, cows and pigs and contrary to that the parents of the bride are to give marriage gifts to their daughter such as silver ornaments, brass gongs, bearskin bags, utensils and such other things which are more or less equal to the amount of bride-price. The payment of both the bride-price and marriage-gift may be made by instalment. It is customary for them to return the bride-price if the wife dies without any issue. In case of love marriage parents consent is obligatory for the bride-price as it is to be fixed through negotiation between parents of both the parties. In case of elopement the amount of bride-price is almost double to the amount of bride-price paid for marriage by negotiation. Originally, the payment of marriage-gift was an act of courtesy on the part of the father-in-law to his son-in-law then obligation as it now seems to be.

Polygamy is socially approved form of marriage. Monogamy is also, however, present. Parallel-cousin marriage is prohibited but cross-cousin marriage is permitted. Marriages are performed with the help of a go between who is engaged by the parents of the boy. Secondary marriage in the form of levirate and sororate are widely practised by them.

When the wife dies shortly after marriage without leaving any child, the widower is entitled to marry his deceased wife's younger sister but if there being no younger sister of the deceased's wife one of her cousin sister is given in marriage for which a nominal bride-price is paid.

*Death and Funeral* : The concept of the people about death and funeral are based on the belief that a separation takes place between the body and the soul at death and the spirit of a dead person hovers elsewhere until funeral rites are performed properly.

The Mishmis of Digaru and Miju groups generally cremate their dead but in the case of a child the body is burried. Cremation and burial are always done outside the village perimeter. The dead body is not immediately cremated or burried. It is kept inside the house for two days so that as relatives come to mourn may pay homage to the deceased. On the second day after death a tomb like structure is erected in front of the deceased's house which is called 'Brow'. Some essential articles that belongs to the deceased are kept at the structure so erected. The funeral takes place on the third day. The person died of an accident is generally burried. On the sixth day after death the members of the bereaved family arrange a feast and invite the villagers and relatives in honour of the dead and offer food to the spirit of the deceased. The funeral is followed by a ceremonial feast continuing for several days which is conducted by the local priests, the obsequires are performed by beating of drums, songs and mournful chants for the well being of the deceased and his or her family, and the spirit of the deceased is urged to leave the surroundings of the house and the village at large. Lastly the funeral ceremony is brought to an end by a ritual called Tapang in which sacrificial offerings are made to various gods and thereafter the structure is burnt.

After the ceremony is over the members of the deceased family observe taboo for four days in case of the male and for five days in case of the female and the villagers of the deceased also observe taboo for a day in which they do not go out from the village and do not work anything at home as well as in the field. On the other hand, the outsiders are also not allowed to enter the village for three days.

**(vii) Places of religious importance**

| | |
|---|---|
| 1. Parasuram Kund | A place of religious importance for tourists and pilgrims. The site is located at a distance of about 25 KM. from Tezu, the headquarters of Lohit District. |
| 2. Chowkham | A big village having a Buddhist monastery. of the Khamptis who follow Hinayana sect of Buddhism. |
| 3. Empong | A village having monastery of the Khamptis. The monastery is visited by the Khamptis of other villages too once annually in the month of April at the time of their Sangken festival. |

| | |
|---|---|
| 4. Phaneng | A village of religious importance like Empong village. |
| 5. Mahadevpur | A place having a Pishadema (in Assamese Baliya Baba) temple of the Deoris of Tengapania Khel or group. The temple is located at Mahadevpur village No. 2 where every month of the year, he goats of one colour, male ducks, cocks and pigeons are sacrificed in the name of Pishadema and other Pantheons of the Deoris of Tengapani Khel. The Baisag Bihu and Magh Bihu festivals are held there by the Deoris. In Baisag Bihu festival Deudhani Nritya is also performed. It is a place for religious importance of the Deoris of Tengapania Khel. |
| 6. Mohong | A place having a Pishashi or Kesai Khaiti (in Assamese Tamreswari Mai) temple of the Deoris of Borgoya Khel or group. The temple is located in the village itself where every month of the year the goats of one colour, male ducks, cocks and pigeons are sacrificed in the name of Pishashi and other Pantheons of the Deoris of Borgoya Khel. The Magh and Baisag Bihu festivals are held there. It is a place for religious importance of the Deoris of Borgoya Khel. |

**(vii) Brief analysis of the Village and Town Directory and Primary Census Abstract, (PCA)**

Before coming to the brief analysis of the Village and Town Directories and Primary Census Abstract, an attempt is made to give a comparative position of some demographic aspects of the district so as to have some over all idea of the district as a whole.

Lohit District constitutes 69,498 persons out of which 39,024 are males and 30,474 are females. The urban population is 6,239 of which 3,767 are males and 2,472 are females. The urban population constitutes 8.98 percent of the total population. Position of Lohit District is the fifth in a total of nine districts of Arunachal Pradesh in terms of population and 4th (fourth) in area. The district has sixth position in case of density. The Scheduled Tribes population is the lowest with 30,130 persons among the nine districts of Arunachal Pradesh, which in terms of percentage works out to be 43.35 only. The highest percentage of Scheduled Tribes population is found in the Upper Subansiri District, being 91.68 while comparing with the district population. The following statement will illustrate the position.

*Area, population, Scheduled Tribes population and density of population in the districts of Arunachal Pradesh*

| Territory/District | Area ($Km^2$) | Population | Density (person per $Km^2$) | Scheduled Tribe population |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| **Arunachal Pradesh** | **83,743** | **631,839** | **8** | **441,167** |
| 1. West Kameng | 9,594 | 63,302 | 7 | 41,963 |
| 2. East Kameng . | 4,134 | 42,736 | 10 | 37,286 |
| 3. Lower Subansiri | 13,010 | 112,650 | 9 | 87,605 |
| 4. Upper Subansiri | 7,032 | 39,410 | 6 | 36,131 |
| 5. West Siang . | 12,006 | 74,164 | 6 | 62,323 |
| 6. East Siang . | 6,512 | 70,451 | 11 | 50,728 |
| 7. Dibang Valley | 13,029 | 30,978 | 2 | 15,044 |
| 8. Lohit . . | 11,402 | 69,498 | 6 | 30,130 |
| 9. Tirap . . | 7,024 | 128,650 | 18 | 79,957 |

The Lohit District ranks last but one in sex ratio (that is number of females per 1,000 males) while the Upper Subansiri District ranks 1st in sex ratio amongst all the districts of Arunachal Pradesh. The sex ratio of Lohit District was 773 in 1971 which is slightly increased during 1981 to 781. The overall sex ratio is found to be considerably low amongst the districts of Arunachal Pradesh. The following statement will give a clear picture about the position of Lohit District.

| Sl. No. | Territory/District | Population | | Sex ratio |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Male | Female | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| **Arunachal Pradesh** | | **339,322** | **292,517** | **862** |
| 1. | West Kameng . . | 34,078 | 29,224 | 858 |
| 2. | East Kameng . . | 21,999 | 20,737 | 943 |
| 3. | Lower Subansiri . . | 59,756 | 52,894 | 885 |
| 4. | Upper Subansiri . . | 19,986 | 19,424 | 972 |
| 5. | West Siang . . . | 38,797 | 35,367 | 912 |
| 6. | East Siang . . . | 38,097 | 32,354 | 849 |
| 7. | Dibang Valley . . | 18,646 | 12,332 | 661 |
| 8. | Lohit . . . . | 39,024 | 30,474 | 781 |
| 9. | Tirap . . . . | 68,939 | 59,711 | 866 |

The percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total Scheduled Tribes population is 6.83 *i.e.*, last but one in position whereas Lower Subansiri District ranks first amongst the districts of Arunachal Pradesh. While comparing the percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population of each district, this district ranks last. The picture is revealed in the following statement.

The total population with Scheduled Tribes population of the districts of Arunachal Pradesh are shown below.

| Sl. No. | Territory/District | Population | | | Scheduled Tribe population | | | Percentage of S.T. population to total population. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| | **Arunachal Pradesh** | **631,839** | **339,322** | **292,517** | **441,167** | **220,046** | **221,121** | **69.82** |
| 1. | West Kameng | 63,302 | 34,078 | 29,224 | 41,963 | 20,900 | 21,063 | 66.29 |
| 2. | East Kameng | 42,736 | 21,999 | 20,737 | 37,286 | 18,410 | 18,876 | 87.25 |
| 3. | Lower Subansiri | 112,650 | 59,756 | 52,894 | 87,605 | 43,539 | 44,066 | 77.77 |
| 4. | Upper Subansiri | 39,410 | 19,986 | 19,424 | 36,131 | 17,642 | 18,489 | 91.68 |
| 5. | West Siang | 74,164 | 38,797 | 35,367 | 62,323 | 30,922 | 31,401 | 84.03 |
| 6. | East Siang | 70,451 | 38,097 | 32,354 | 50,728 | 25,515 | 25,213 | 72.00 |
| 7. | Dibang Valley | 30,978 | 18,646 | 12,332 | 15,044 | 7,376 | 7,668 | 48.56 |
| 8. | Lohit | 69,498 | 39,024 | 30,474 | 30,130 | 15,212 | 14,918 | 43.35 |
| 9. | Tirap | 128,650 | 68,939 | 59,711 | 79,957 | 40,530 | 39,427 | 62.15 |

The variation in the population of Lohit District between 1971 and 1981 Census came to 45.90 percent as against 35.15 percent in Arunachal Pradesh. Lohit District ranks second amongst all the districts of Arunachal Pradesh in growth rate. On the other hand Dibang Valley District showed the highest decadal growth rate and the East Kameng District ranks last.

The following statement gives the percentage decadal variation in different districts of the territory with ranking.

*Growth rate of population in Arunachal Pradesh and its districts*

| Sl. No. | Territory/District | Growth rate | Rank in the rate of growth |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| | **Arunachal Pradesh** | (+)35.15 | .. |
| 1. | West Kameng | (+)25.95 | 6 |
| 2. | East Kameng | (+)19.57 | 9 |
| 3. | Lower Subansiri | (+)39.22 | 4 |
| 4. | Upper Subansiri | (+)23.10 | 8 |
| 5. | West Siang | (+)25.19 | 7 |
| 6. | East Siang | (+)43.76 | 3 |
| 7. | Dibang Valley | (+)103.37 | 1 |
| 8. | Lohit | (+)45.90 | 2 |
| 9. | Tirap | (+)31.00 | 5 |

The demographic and other aspects of the villages towns, and circles are now discussed below on the basis of Village and Town Directories and Primary Census Abstracts.

The distribution of population, number of villages and towns is shown below in table-1.

TABLE 1

*Population, number of villages and towns,* 1981

| Sl. No. | Name of Sub-division/ Circle | Population | | | | | | | | | No. of villages | | No. of towns |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Total | | | Rural | | | Urban | | | Total | Inhabited | |
| | | P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| | **Tezu Sub-division** | **16,118** | **9,402** | **6,716** | **9,879** | **5,635** | **4,244** | **6,239** | **3,767** | **2,472** | **28** | **28** | **1** |
| 1. | Tezu | 16,118 | 9,402 | 6,716 | 9,879 | 5,635 | 4,244 | 6,239 | 3,767 | 2,472 | 28 | 28 | 1 |
| | **Namsai Sub-division** | **38,929** | **21,654** | **17,275** | **38,929** | **21,654** | **17,275** | .. | .. | .. | **149** | **149** | .. |
| 2. | Namsai | 14,304 | 8,210 | 6,094 | 14,304 | 8,210 | 6,094 | .. | .. | .. | 52 | 52 | .. |
| 3. | Wakro | 3,319 | 1,999 | 1,320 | 3,319 | 1,999 | 1,320 | .. | .. | .. | 33 | 33 | .. |
| 4. | Chowkham | 8,304 | 4,707 | 3,597 | 8,304 | 4,707 | 3,597 | .. | .. | .. | 26 | 26 | .. |
| 5. | Lekang | 13,002 | 6,738 | 6,264 | 13,002 | 6,738 | 6,264 | .. | .. | .. | 38 | 38 | .. |
| | **Hayuliang Sub-division** | **14,451** | **7,968** | **6,483** | **14,451** | **7,968** | **6,483** | .. | .. | .. | **279** | **279** | .. |
| 6. | Hayuliang | 6,797 | 3,898 | 2,899 | 6,797 | 3,898 | 2,899 | .. | .. | .. | 112 | 112 | .. |
| 7. | Chaglongam | 2,251 | 1,160 | 1,091 | 2,251 | 1,160 | 1,091 | .. | .. | .. | 52 | 52 | .. |
| 8. | Hawai | 2,903 | 1,519 | 1,384 | 2,903 | 1,519 | 1,384 | .. | .. | .. | 56 | 56 | .. |
| 9. | Walong | 813 | 490 | 323 | 813 | 490 | 323 | .. | .. | .. | 17 | 17 | .. |
| 10. | Kibithoo | 386 | 258 | 128 | 386 | 258 | 128 | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 7 | .. |
| 11. | Goiliang | 1,301 | 643 | 658 | 1,301 | 643 | 658 | .. | .. | .. | 35 | 35 | .. |
| | **Lohit District total** | **69,498** | **39,024** | **30,474** | **63,259** | **35,257** | **28,002** | **6,239** | **3,767** | **2,472** | **456** | **456** | **1** |

It is seen from table 1 that the largest circle of Lohit District by size of population is Tezu Circle which consists of 16,118 persons out of a total population of 69,498, the percentage being 23.19. The Namsai Circle comes next with 14,304 persons with a percentage of 20.58. The smallest circle is Kibithoo that contains 386 population with only 0.56 percent of the population of the district. In case of rural population, Namsai Circle leads the district with 14,304 persons followed by Lekang Circle having 13,002 population. The urban population is contributed by the only Town Tezu, which constitute only 8.98 percent to the total population of the district. The following statement indicates the position. :

| Sl. No. | District/Circle | Percentage distribution of population. |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| | **Lohit District** | **100.00** |
| 1. | Tezu | 23.19 |
| 2. | Namsai | 20.58 |
| 3. | Wakro. | 4.78 |
| 4. | Chowkham | 11.95 |
| 5. | Lekang | 18.71 |
| 6. | Hayuliang | 9.78 |
| 7. | Chaglongam. | 3.24 |
| 8. | Hawai | 4.18 |
| 9. | Walong | 1.17 |
| 10. | Kibithoo | 0.55 |
| 11. | Goiliang | 1.87 |

The sex ratio of Goiliang circle is the highest, where there are 1,023 females per 1,000 males. Chaglongam Circle ranks second position with sex ratio 940 followed by Lekang with 929 sex ratio. The lowest sex ratio with 496 females per 1,000 males is found in Kibithoo Circle. The following statement shows the fact.

| Sl. No. | District/Circle | Sex Ratio |
|---|---|---|
| | **Lohit District** | 781 |
| 1. | Tezu | 753 |
| 2. | Namsai | 742 |
| 3. | Wakro. | 660 |
| 4. | Chowkham | 764 |
| 5. | Lekang | 929 |
| 6. | Hayuliang | 743 |
| 7. | Chaglongam. | 940 |
| 8. | Hawai | 911 |
| 9. | Walong | 659 |
| 10. | Kibithoo | 496 |
| 11 | Goiliang | 1,023 |

The average size of a village in Lohit District is 139 persons. The average size of the village is found to be highest in Tezu Circle with 353 persons. Lekang comes next with 342 persons. Chowkham Circle ranks third with 342 persons. Goiliang Circle with 37 Persons contains the villages with least average size. The following statement gives the position :

| Sl. No. | Name of the District/Circle | Average size of the villages |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| | **Lohit District** | **139** |
| 1. | Tezu | 353 |
| 2. | Namsai | 257 |
| 3. | Wakro. | 101 |
| 4. | Chowkham | 319 |
| 5. | Lekang | 342 |
| 6. | Hayuliang | 61 |
| 7. | Chaglongam. | 43 |
| 8. | Hawai | 52 |
| 9 | Walong | 48 |
| 10. | Kibithoo | 55 |
| 11. | Goiliang | 37 |

From the table 2 below it has been observed that the decadal variation in the population between 1971 and 1981 having 102.38 percent increase in Wakro Circle is the highest in Lohit District followed by Namsai with 94.98 percent variation. Tezu Circle ranks third with 61.24 percent increse of population. The rate of growth in Kibithoo, Chaglongam and Goiliang has gone down to (—) 9.39, (—) 4.33 and (—) 0.23 percent respectively during the decade.

TABLE 2

*Decadal change in distribution of population*

| Sl. No. | Name of Sub-division Circle | Population | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | 1971 | | | 1981 | | | Percentage decadal 1971—1981 variation | | |
| | | T | R | U | T | R | U | T | R | U |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| | **Tezu Sub-division** | **9,996** | **5,814** | **4,182** | **16,118** | **9,879** | **6,239** | **+61.24** | **+69.92** | **+49.19** |
| 1. | Tezu | 9,996 | 5,814 | 4,182 | 16,118 | 9,879 | 6,239 | +61.24 | +69.92 | +49.19 |
| | **Namsai Sub-division** | **24,064** | **24,064** | .. | **38,929** | **38,929** | .. | **+61.77** | **+61.77** | .. |
| 2. | Namsai | 7,336 | 7,336 | .. | 14,304 | 14,304 | .. | +94.98 | 94.98 | .. |
| 3. | Wakro | 1,640 | 1,640 | .. | 3,319 | 3,319 | .. | +102.38 | +102.38 | .. |
| 4. | Chowkham | 5,907 | 5,907 | .. | 8,304 | 8,304 | .. | +40.58 | +40.58 | .. |
| 5. | Lekang | 9,181 | 9,181 | .. | 13,002 | 13,002 | .. | +41.62 | +41.62 | .. |
| | **Hayuliang Sub-division** | **13,573** | **13,573** | .. | **14,451** | **14,451** | .. | **+6.47** | **+6.47** | .. |
| 6. | Hayuliang | 5,934 | 5,934 | .. | 6,797 | 6,797 | .. | +14.54 | +14.54 | .. |
| 7. | Chaglongam | 2,353 | 2,353 | .. | 2,251 | 2,251 | .. | (—)4.33 | (—)4.33 | .. |
| 8. | Hawai | 2,750 | 2,750 | .. | 2,903 | 2,903 | .. | +5.56 | +5.56 | .. |
| 9. | Walong | 806 | 806 | .. | 813 | 813 | .. | +0.87 | +0.87 | .. |
| 10. | Kibithoo | 426 | 426 | .. | 386 | 386 | .. | (—)9.39 | (—)9.39 | .. |
| 11. | Goiliang | 1,304 | 1,304 | .. | 1,301 | 1,301 | .. | (—)0.23 | (—)0.23 | .. |
| | **Lohit District total** | **47,633** | **43,451** | **4,182** | **69,398** | **63,159** | **6,239** | **+45.90** | **+45.59** | **+49.19** |

There is no uninhabited village in Arunachal Pradesh,. When all the inhabited village are distributed by different population ranges from below 200 population to above 10,000 population, it is seen that the maximum villages (82.46 percent) fall below 200 population range. Only a few villages fall in other population ranges. The details of the distribution of village by population range are furnished below in table—3.

TABLE 3

*Distribution of villages by population ranges*

| Range of population | No. of villages in each range | Percentage |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| —200 | 376 | 82.46 |
| 200—499 | 57 | 12.50 |
| 500—1,999 | 21 | 4.60 |
| 2,000 —4,999 | 2 | 0.44 |
| 5,000— 9,999 | .. | .. |
| 10,000+ | .. | .. |
| Total | 456 | 100.00 |

As regards Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Population, their distribution in town and circles and their distribution in the villages according to their range of population, are furnished in tables 4 to 6 and table 9. The literacy rates in the town and villages by population ranges, and the distribution of literates and main categories of workers of the population as a wholei n each circle of the district are shown in table 7 to 9. Some of the striking features of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes population and the literacy workers and non-workers of the poeple of the district as a whole is stated below, as indicated in the following table no. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.

There are 910 Scheduled Castes in Lohit District in a total of 69,498 population, the percentage being 1.31. In Arunachal Pradesh there is no indigenous Scheduled Caste as such. All Scheduled Castes that were enumerated during the 1981 Census were either Government employees or they were being inducted from outside for construction works by CPWD/RWD etc. The percentage of Scheduled Tribe population is the highest in Goiliang Circle with 97.08 percent population, Hawai Circle ranks second with 91.35 percent followed by Chaglongam Circle with 90.85 percent. The percentage is the lowest in Tezu Circle having 22.81 percent Scheduled Tribe population. In Tezu town there are only 11.88 percent Scheduled Tribe population. Scheduled Tribe population.

Literacy rate is the highest in Tezu Circle with 38.63 percent literates, whereas with only 5.91 percent literates Goiliang Circle is the lowest in literacy rate. However, literacy rates are found to be more or less uniform in all other circles, except Hayuliang, Chaglongam and Hawai with 15.48 percent, 8.17 per cent and 9.37 percent respectively.

Marginal workers in Chowkham Circle (10.45%) are found to be highest followed by Lekang Circle with 8.40 percent. Walong, Kibithoo and Goiliang Circles have no marginal workers.

Percentage of total workers to total population has registered highest in Hayuliang Circle with 64.09 percent. Tezu Circle has lowest percentage, only 43.10.

Most of the circles of the district show higher rate of percentage of workers than the district percentage 48.42. Only Tezu, Namsai, Chowkham and Lekang circles show lower rate of percentage than the district percentage. As such, work participation rate in this district is quite satisfactory.

While coming to the percentage of non-workers, out of eleven circles in the district more than half of them show less non-working population, which shows a good sign of economic prospect.

TABLE 4

*Proportion of Scheduled Castes population to total population in the villages*

| Percentage range of S.C. population to total population | No. of villages in the range | Percentage of villages in each range |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Nil | 432 | 94.74 |
| 0—5 | 20 | 4.38 |
| 6—10 | 1 | 0.22 |
| 11—15 | .. | .. |
| 16—20 | .. | .. |
| 21—30 | .. | .. |
| 31+ | 3 | 0.66 |
| **Total** | **456** | **100.00** |

TABLE 5

*Proportion of Scheduled Tribes population to total population in the villages.*

| Percentage range of S.T. Population to total population | No. of villages in the range | Percentage of villages in each range |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Nil | 25 | 5.48 |
| 0—5 | 19 | 4.17 |
| 6—15 | 13 | 2.85 |
| 16—25 | 3 | 0.66 |
| 26—35 | 6 | 1.32 |
| 36—50 | 13 | 2.85 |
| 51+ | 377 | 82.67 |
| **Total** | **456** | **100.00** |

TABLE 6

*Proportion of Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes population in towns*

| Name of the town | Total population | Total Scheduled Caste population | Total Scheduled Tribe population | Percentage of Scheduled Caste population to total population | Percentage of Scheduled Tribe population to total population |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Tezu | 6,239 | 121 | 741 | 1.94 | 11.88 |
| **All towns** | **6,239** | **121** | **741** | **1.94** | **11.88** |

TABLE 7

*Literacy rate by population range of villages*

| Range of population | No. of village in each range | Literacy rate |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| —200 . . . | 376 | 13.30 |
| 200—499 . . . | 57 | 28.60 |
| 500—1,999 . . . | 21 | 30.42 |
| 2,000—4,999 . . . | 2 | 43.46 |
| 5,000—9,999 . . . | — | — |
| 10,000+ | — | — |
| **Total** . | **456** | **25.58** |

TABLE 8

*Literacy rates for towns*

| Name of the town | Literacy rate |
|---|---|
| 1 | 2 |
| Tezu . . . . | 55.47 |
| All Towns . . . . | 55.47 |

TABLE

*Literates, Workers, Non-Workers, Scheduled Castes/*

| Sl. No. | Name of Sub-division/Circle | Total/ Rural/ Urban | Total Population | | | Percentage of | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Persons | Males | Females | Scheduled Caste population to total population | Scheduled Tribe Population to total population |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | **Tezu Sub-division** | **Total** | **16,118** | **9,402** | **6,716** | **1.51** | **22.81** |
| | | **Rural** | **9,879** | **5,635** | **4,244** | **1.23** | **29.72** |
| | | **Urban** | **6,239** | **3,767** | **2,472** | **1.94** | **11.88** |
| 1. | Tezu | Toatl | 16,118 | 9,402 | 6,716 | 1.51 | 22.81 |
| | | Rural | 9,879 | 5,635 | 4,244 | 1.23 | 29.72 |
| | | Urban | 6,239 | 3,767 | 2,472 | 1.94 | 11.88 |
| | **Namsai Sub- division** | **Total** | **38,929** | **21,654** | **17,275** | **1.58** | **39.02** |
| | | **Rural** | **38,929** | **21,654** | **17,275** | **1.58** | **39.02** |
| | | **Urban** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 2. | Namsai | Total | 14,304 | 8,210 | 6,094 | 1.23 | 37.44 |
| | | Rural | 14,304 | 8,210 | 6,094 | 1.23 | 37.44 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 3. | Wakro | Total | 3,319 | 1,999 | 1,320 | 0.06 | 54.56 |
| | | Rural | 3,319 | 1,999 | 1,320 | 0.06 | 54.56 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 4. | Chowkham | Total | 8,304 | 4,707 | 3,597 | 5.17 | 36.82 |
| | | Rural | 8,304 | 4,707 | 3,597 | 5.17 | 36.82 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 5. | Lekang | Total | 13,002 | 6,738 | 6,264 | 0.07 | 38.20 |
| | | Rural | 13,002 | 6,738 | 6,264 | 0.07 | 38.20 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| | **Hayuliang Sub-division** | **Total** | **14,451** | **7,968** | **6,483** | **0.35** | **77.93** |
| | | **Rural** | **14,451** | **7,968** | **6,483** | **0.35** | **77.93** |
| | | **Urban** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6. | Hayuliang | Total | 6,797 | 3,898 | 2,899 | 0.62 | 68.38 |
| | | Rural | 6,797 | 3,898 | 2,899 | 0.62 | 68.38 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 7. | Chaglongam | Total | 2,251 | 1,160 | 1,091 | .. | 90.85 |
| | | Rural | 2,251 | 1,160 | 1,091 | .. | 90.85 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 8. | Hawai | Total | 2,903 | 1,519 | 1,384 | 0.21 | 91.35 |
| | | Rural | 2,903 | 1,519 | 1,384 | 0.21 | 91.35 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 9. | Walong | Total | 813 | 490 | 323 | 0.12 | 61.01 |
| | | Rural | 813 | 490 | 323 | 0.12 | 61.01 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 10. | Kibithoo | Total | 386 | 258 | 128 | 0.52 | 40.93 |
| | | Rural | 386 | 258 | 128 | 0.52 | 40.93 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 11. | Goiliang | Total | 1,301 | 643 | 658 | .. | 97.08 |
| | | Rural | 1,301 | 643 | 658 | .. | 97.08 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| | **Lohit District TOTAL** | **Total** | **69,498** | **39,024** | **30,474** | **1.31** | **43.35** |
| | | **Rural** | **63,259** | **35,257** | **28,002** | **1.25** | **46.46** |
| | | **Urban** | **6,239** | **3,767** | **2,472** | **1.94** | **11.88** |

9

*Scheduled Tribes population in the district*

| Percentage of | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Literates to total population | | | Main workers to total population | | | Marginal workers to total population | | | Total workers to total population | | | Non-workers to total population | | |
| P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F |
| 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 |
| **38.63** | **45.63** | **28.84** | **42.95** | **58.98** | **20.52** | **0.15** | **0.15** | **0.15** | **43.10** | **59.13** | **20.67** | **56.90** | **40.87** | **79.33** |
| **28.00** | **34.11** | **19.89** | **46.66** | **59.88** | **29.10** | **0.17** | **0.17** | **0.16** | **46.83** | **60.05** | **29.26** | **53.17** | **39.95** | **70.74** |
| **55.47** | **62.86** | **44.21** | **37.09** | **57.63** | **5.79** | **0.11** | **0.11** | **0.12** | **37.20** | **57.74** | **5.91** | **62.80** | **42.26** | **94.09** |
| 38.63 | 45.63 | 28.84 | 42.95 | 58.98 | 20.52 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 43.10 | 59.13 | 20.67 | 56.90 | 40.87 | 79.33 |
| 28.00 | 34.11 | 19.89 | 46.66 | 59.88 | 29.10 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.16 | 46.83 | 60.05 | 29.26 | 53.17 | 39.95 | 70.74 |
| 55.47 | 62.86 | 44.21 | 37.09 | 57.63 | 5.79 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 37.20 | 57.74 | 5.91 | 62.80 | 42.26 | 94.09 |
| **29.53** | **38.69** | **18.04** | **40.25** | **55.33** | **21.36** | **5.57** | **1.44** | **10.74** | **45.82** | **56.77** | **32.10** | **54.18** | **43.23** | **67.90** |
| **29.53** | **38.69** | **18.04** | **40.25** | **55.33** | **21.36** | **5.57** | **1.44** | **10.74** | **45.82** | **56.77** | **32.10** | **54.18** | **43.23** | **67.90** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 30.22 | 37.54 | 20.36 | 43.27 | 58.79 | 22.37 | 0.73 | 0.23 | 1.39 | 44.00 | 59.02 | 23.76 | 56.00 | 40.98 | 76.24 |
| 30.22 | 37.54 | 20.36 | 43.27 | 58.79 | 22.37 | 0.73 | 0.23 | 1.39 | 44.00 | 59.02 | 23.76 | 56.00 | 40.98 | 76.24 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 24.37 | 34.42 | 9.17 | 57.01 | 67.23 | 41.52 | 3.10 | 2.35 | 4.24 | 60.11 | 69.58 | 45.76 | 39.89 | 30.42 | 54.24 |
| 24.37 | 34.42 | 9.17 | 57.01 | 67.23 | 41.52 | 3.10 | 2.35 | 4.24 | 60.11 | 69.58 | 45.76 | 39.89 | 30.42 | 54.24 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 35.36 | 45.97 | 21.46 | 34.09 | 55.32 | 6.31 | 10.45 | 1.62 | 22.02 | 44.54 | 56.94 | 28.33 | 55.46 | 43.06 | 71.67 |
| 35.36 | 45.97 | 21.46 | 34.09 | 55.32 | 6.31 | 10.45 | 1.62 | 22.02 | 44.54 | 56.94 | 28.33 | 55.46 | 43.06 | 71.67 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 26.35 | 36.26 | 15.69 | 36.60 | 47.59 | 24.78 | 8.40 | 2.51 | 14.73 | 45.00 | 50.10 | 39.51 | 55.00 | 49.90 | 60.49 |
| 26.35 | 36.26 | 15.69 | 36.60 | 47.59 | 24.78 | 8.40 | 2.51 | 14.73 | 45.00 | 50.10 | 39.51 | 55.00 | 49.90 | 60.49 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| **13.28** | **20.43** | **4.49** | **59.25** | **65.64** | **51.40** | **2.08** | **0.68** | **3.79** | **61.33** | **66.32** | **55.19** | **38.67** | **33.68** | **44.81** |
| **13.28** | **20.43** | **4.49** | **59.25** | **65.64** | **51.40** | **2.08** | **0.68** | **3.79** | **61.33** | **66.32** | **55.19** | **38.67** | **33.68** | **44.81** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 15.48 | 22.14 | 6.52 | 60.59 | 68.37 | 50.12 | 3.50 | 1.13 | 6.69 | 64.09 | 69.50 | 56.81 | 35.91 | 30.50 | 43.19 |
| 15.48 | 22.14 | 6.52 | 60.59 | 68.37 | 50.12 | 3.50 | 1.13 | 6.69 | 64.09 | 69.50 | 56.81 | 35.91 | 30.50 | 43.19 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 8.17 | 14.40 | 1.56 | 55.49 | 62.15 | 48.40 | 0.93 | 0.09 | 1.83 | 56.42 | 62.24 | 50.23 | 43.58 | 37.76 | 49.77 |
| 8.17 | 14.40 | 1.56 | 55.49 | 62.15 | 48.40 | 0.93 | 0.09 | 1.83 | 56.42 | 62.24 | 50.23 | 43.58 | 37.76 | 49.77 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 9.37 | 15.93 | 2.17 | 61.01 | 61.75 | 60.19 | 1.41 | 0.59 | 2.31 | 62.42 | 62.34 | 62.50 | 37.58 | 37.66 | 37.50 |
| 9.37 | 15.93 | 2.17 | 61.01 | 61.75 | 60.19 | 1.41 | 0.59 | 2.31 | 62.42 | 62.34 | 62.50 | 37.58 | 37.66 | 37.50 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 29.52 | 40.20 | 13.31 | 48.83 | 62.86 | 27.55 | .. | .. | .. | 48.83 | 62.86 | 27.55 | 51.17 | 37.14 | 72.45 |
| 29.52 | 40.20 | 13.31 | 48.83 | 62.86 | 27.55 | .. | .. | .. | 48.83 | 62.86 | 27.55 | 51.17 | 37.14 | 72.45 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 24.35 | 34.88 | 3.13 | 58.81 | 76.36 | 23.44 | .. | .. | .. | 58.81 | 76.36 | 23.44 | 41.19 | 23.64 | 76.56 |
| 24.35 | 34.88 | 3.13 | 58.81 | 76.36 | 23.44 | .. | .. | .. | 58.81 | 76.36 | 23.44 | 41.19 | 23.64 | 76.56 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 5.92 | 10.73 | 1.22 | 61.49 | 62.36 | 60.64 | .. | .. | .. | 61.49 | 62.36 | 60.64 | 38.51 | 37.64 | 39.36 |
| 5.92 | 10.73 | 1.22 | 61.49 | 62.36 | 60.64 | .. | .. | .. | 61.49 | 62.36 | 60.64 | 38.51 | 37.64 | 39.36 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 28.26 | 36.63 | 17.54 | 44.83 | 58.32 | 27.56 | 3.59 | 0.97 | 6.93 | 48.42 | 59.29 | 34.39 | 51.58 | 40.71 | 65.51 |
| 25.58 | 33.83 | 15.18 | 45.59 | 58.39 | 29.49 | 3.93 | 1.06 | 7.53 | 49.52 | 59.45 | 37.02 | 50.48 | 40.55 | 62.98 |
| 55.47 | 62.86 | 44.21 | 37.09 | 57.63 | 5.79 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 37.20 | 57.74 | 5.91 | 62.80 | 42.26 | 94.09 |

Different amenities in the villages as shown in the Village Directories incorporated in part A of this volume have been compiled in the tables 10-15 to focus some notable features of the district. These are discussed below.

*Education :* For the upliftment of the people of Arunachal Pradesh a good number of educational institutions have come up in Lohit District during the last decade *i.e.* 1971-1981. Out of 456 villages in Lohit District education facilities are available in 101 villages. When calculated the percentage comes to 22.15 . The highest number of villages having educational facilities are found in Tezu Circle which accounts for 50% villages. Namsai Circle ranks 2nd. with 48.08% villages having educational facilities followed by Lekang Circle with 47.37 villages having such facilities. The least number of villages having educational facilities are found in Goiliang Circle, the percentage being only 5.71%. Education facilities are not available in any of the villages in Kibithoo Circle.

Out of 63,259 rural population 37,745 persons in Lohit District are having education facilities, the percentage being 59.67. Number of villages where the amenities are not available but available at a distance of 5 Km. (5-10) Kms. and 10+KMS. are shown in table 13. It is seen that out of 355 such villages 37.46% of the villages fall in the 1st category, 29.30% falls in the 2nd. category and 33.24% villages fall in the 3rd. category respectively.

*Medical :* The health services has improved a lot in Lohit District during the last decade. More and more people are showing urge for coming to hospital than to appeasing of evil spirit and offering of sacrifices. There are 36 villages where medical facilities are found to be maximum in Tezu Circle where 25 percent of the villages are having such facilities. Lekang ranks 2nd. with 18.42% villages having medical facilities followed by Namsai 15.38% villages having such amenities. All other villages are having nominal medical facilities, medical facilities are not available in any of the villages of Kibitho Circle. In a total rural population of 63,259 in Lohit District 33.14 of the people are taken advantage of this facility.

*Drinking Water :* The striking features observed in Lohit District is that in all the villages drinking water facilities are available. The sources of supply are tap water, well water, river water and hand pump etc.

*Post and Telegraph :* The Post and Telegraph facilites are fast expanding in Lohit District. Almost all administrative centres are equipped with W.T. sets. Telephone exchange at Tezu provides telephone facilities within the town. Telegram facility is also available at Tezu. In Lohit District 6.36% of the villages and 33.00% of the people are having post and telegraph facilities. The notable feature is observed in Chowkham circle in which 72.51% of the people are enjoying such facilities. Tezu Circle comes next where as many as 58.39% of the people are having post and telegraph facilities. It may be noted that Hawai and Goiliang Circles have no telegraph facilities at all due to its location, It is also observed from table 13 that in about 62.76% of the villages, the amenity is available at a distance of 10+Kms. away:

*Market/Hat :* It is revealed that in Chaglongam, Hawai, Kibithoo and Goiliang circles not a single market/hat is available. All other circles are having one market/hat. It is observed that 76.6% of these market/hat are available at a distance of 10+Kms. away.

In fact market/hat (where almost all the necessary consumer goods are available) in the real sense of the term is rarely held in Arunachal Pradesh. Communication difficulties, very thinly populated area and scattered settlements of the people are the most likely bottlenecks to develop market/hat in these areas. However, necessary articles to the villagers have been made available by Government through the shops maintained or controlled by the Government in almost all the circle headquarters. Besides, one or two regular small shops are available in a few big villages. The concept of weekly or periodic market, therefore, does not appear to have much relevance in this district and in the territory at large.

*Communication :* In the matter of accessibility the district is far lagging behind. Some of the circles are yet to be connected by road. However Tezu, the district H.Q. is well connected by road as well as by Air. "Vayudoot' the third general Air service is operating regularly from Chabuwa to Tezu. Incidently Tezu is the only place in Arunachal Pradesh where Vayudoot Service operates.

Communication relates to whether the village is served by any mode of public transport like bus, rail and waterway. As Arunachal Pradesh is not yet connected by rail in any part, therefore the question of connecting the villages of Lohit District by rail does not arise. In Lohit District only 7.68% of the villages enjoy the facilities of public transport. However, in Tezu Circle 78.66% of the people are taken advantage of this communication system. It is observed that out of 11 circles in Lohit District only 5 circles are connected by road. It is also seen that more than 76% of the facilities in the district are available at distance of 10+ Kms. away.

*Approached by pucca road :* Only 36 villages out of 456 villages are linked by pucca road in this district. The percentage comes to 7.89%. Out of 11 circles only Tezu, Namsai, Chowkham and Hayuliang circles are linked by pucca road. In Tezu Circle 90.35% of the people are enjoying the facilities.

*Power Supply :* Due to poor communication system power supply is found to be meagre. Only 8 villages of the district ae connected by electricity, the percentage being 1.75. However, 14.90% of the people are enjoying this facility. Only in Tezu, Namsai, Hayuliang, Chaglongam and Walong circles, a minimum facility is available. Other circles are yet to the connected by electricity.

TABLE 10—*Distribution of villages according to the availability of different amenities*

| Sl. No. | Name of Sub-division/ Circle | No. of inhabited villages | No. (with percentage) of villages having one or more of the following | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Education | Medical | Drinking water | Post & Telegraph | Market/ Hat | Communi-cations | Approach by pucca road | Power Supply |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| | **Tezu Sub-division** | **28** | **14 (50.00)** | **7 (25.00)** | **28 100.00** | **7 (25.00)** | **1 (3.57)** | **17 (60.71)** | **20 (71.43)** | **3 (10.71)** |
| 1. | Tezu | 28 | 14 (50.00) | 7 (25.00) | 28 (100.00) | 7 (25.00) | 1 (3.57) | 17 (60.71) | 20 (71.43) | 3 (10.71) |
| | **Namsai Sub-division** | **149** | **61 (40.94)** | **19 (12.75)** | **149 (100.00)** | **16 (10.74)** | **4 (2.68)** | **12 (8.05)** | **9 (6.04)** | **2 (4.34)** |
| 2. | Namsai | 52 | 25 (48.08) | 8 (15.38) | 52 (100.00) | 5 (9.62) | 1 (1.92) | 4 (7.69) | 6 (11.54) | 2 (3.85) |
| 3. | Wakro | 33 | 8 (24.24) | 2 (6.06) | 33 (100.00) | 1 (3.03) | 1 (3.03) | 5 (15.15) | .. | .. |
| 4. | Chowkham | 26 | 10 (38.46) | 2 (7.69) | 26 (100.00) | 6 (23.08) | 1 (3.85) | 3 (11.54) | 3 (11.54) | .. |
| 5. | Lekang | 38 | 18 (47.37) | 7 (18.42) | 38 (100.00) | 4 (10.53) | 1 (2.63) | .. | .. | .. |
| | **Hayuliang Sub-division** | **279** | **26 (9.32)** | **10 (3.58)** | **279 (100.00)** | **6 (2.15)** | **2 (0.72)** | **6 (2.15)** | **7 (2.51)** | **3 (1.08)** |
| 6. | Hayuliang | 112 | 12 (10.71) | 4 (3.57) | 112 (100.00) | 3 (2.68) | 1 (0.89) | 6 (5.36) | 7 (6.25) | 1 (0.89) |
| 7. | Chaglongam | 52 | 5 (9.62) | 2 (3.85) | 52 (100.00) | 1 (1.92) | .. | .. | .. | 1 (1.92) |
| 8. | Hawai | 56 | 6 (10.71) | 2 (3.57) | 56 (100.00) | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 9. | Walong | 17 | 1 (5.88) | 1 (5.88) | 17 (100.00) | 1 (5.88) | 1 (5.88) | .. | .. | 1 (5.88) |
| 10. | Kibithoo | 7 | .. | .. | 7 (100.00) | 1 (14.29) | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 11. | Goiliang | 35 | 2 (5.71) | 1 (2.86) | 35 (100.00) | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| | **District Total** | **456** | **101 (22.15)** | **36 (7.89)** | **456 (100.00)** | **29 (6.36)** | **7 (1.54)** | **35 (7.68)** | **36 (7.89)** | **8 (1.75)** |

TABLE 11—*Proportion of rural population served by different amenities*

| Sl. No. | Name of Sub-division/ Circle | Total population of inhabited villages in the sub-division/ circle | Proportion (in percentage) of rural population served by the amenity of | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Education | Medical | Drinking water | Post & Telegraph | Market/ Hat | Communication | Approach by pucca road | Power Supply |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| | **Tezu Sub-division** | **9,879** | **75.82** | **54.46** | **100.00** | **58.39** | **5.27** | **78.66** | **90.35** | **22.72** |
| 1. | Tezu | 9,879 | 75.82 | 54.46 | 100.00 | 58.39 | 5.27 | 78.66 | 90.35 | 22.72 |
| | **Namsai Sub-division** | **38,929** | **66.79** | **31.91** | **100.00** | **31.77** | **14.91** | **18.97** | **24.16** | **12.23** |
| 2. | Namsai | 14,304 | 69.27 | 39.80 | 100.00 | 25.71 | 12.65 | 21.60 | 41.14 | 33.28 |
| 3. | Wakro | 3,319 | 52.82 | 26.00 | 100.00 | 24.65 | 24.65 | 25.07 | .. | .. |
| 4. | Chowkham | 8,304 | 79.46 | 34.66 | 100.00 | 72.51 | 32.60 | 41.70 | 42.41 | .. |
| 5. | Lekang | 13,002 | 59.53 | 22.99 | 100.00 | 14.24 | 3.61 | .. | .. | .. |
| | **Hayuliang Sub-division** | **14,451** | **29.45** | **21.89** | **100.00** | **18.97** | **15.58** | **15.76** | **16.03** | **16.76** |
| 6. | Hayuliang | 6,797 | 38.94 | 30.97 | 100.00 | 29.81 | 27.84 | 33.51 | 34.09 | 27.84 |
| 7. | Chaglongam | 2,251 | 25.23 | 13.64 | 100.00 | 7.55 | .. | .. | .. | 7.55 |
| 8. | Hawai | 2,903 | 20.77 | 11.16 | 100.00 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 9. | Walong | 813 | 44.28 | 44.28 | 100.00 | 44.28 | 44.28 | .. | .. | 44.28 |
| 10. | Kibithoo | 386 | .. | .. | 100.00 | 47.93 | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 11. | Goiliang | 1,301 | 6.00 | 5.15 | 100.00 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| | **District Total** | **63,259** | **59.67** | **33.14** | **100.00** | **33.00** | **13.56** | **27.56** | **32.64** | **14.90** |

TABLE 12—*Distribution of villages not having certain amenities, arranged by distance ranges from the places where these are available*

| Village not having the amenity of | Number of villages where the amenity is not available and available at distance of | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | —5 Kms. | 5—10 Kms. | 10+Kms. | Total (cols. 2—4) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 1. Education | 133 | 104 | 118 | 355 |
| 2. Medical | 70 | 107 | 243 | 420 |
| 3. Drinking Water | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 4. P & T | 81 | 78 | 268 | 427 |
| 5. Market/Hat | 28 | 77 | 344 | 449 |
| 6. Communication | 51 | 49 | 321 | 421 |

TABLE 13—*Distribution of villages according to the distance from the nearest town and availability of different amenities*

| Distance range from the nearest town (in Km.) | No. of inhabited villages in each range | No. (with percentage) of villages having the amenity of | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Education | Medical | Drinking water | Post & Telegraph | Market/ Hat | Communication | Approached by pucca Road | Power Supply |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 0—5 | 5 | 2 (40.00) | .. | 5 (100.00) | .. | .. | 3 (60.00) | 5 (100.00 | .. |
| 6—15 | 8 | 7 (87.50) | 5 (62.50) | 8 (100.00) | 5 (62.50) | .. | 7 (87.50) | 8 (100.00) | 2 (25.00) |
| 16—50 | 50 | 21 (42.00) | 6 (12.00) | 50 (100.00) | 9 ( 18.00) | 2 (4.00) | 15 (30.00) | 11 (22.00) | 1 (2.00) |
| 51+ | 393 | 71 (18.07) | 25 (6.36) | 393 (100.00) | 15 (3.82) | 5 (1.27) | 10 (2.54) | 12 (3.05) | 5 (1.27) |
| Unspecified | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| **Total** | **456** | **101 (22.15)** | **36 (7.89)** | **456 (100.00)** | **29 (6.36)** | **7 (1.54)** | **35 (7.68)** | **36 (7.89)** | **8 (1.75)** |

TABLE 14—*Distribution of villages according to population range and amenities available*

| Population range | No. of inhabited villages in range | Number (with percentage) of villages having the amenity of | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Education | Medical | Drinking water | Post and Telegraph | Market/ Hat | Communication | Approach by pucca road | Power Supply |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| —499 | 433 | 81 (18.71) | 23 (5.31) | 433 (100.00) | 15 (3.46) | 2 (0.46) | 25 (5.77) | 25 (5.77) | 2 (0.46) |
| 500—1999 | 21 | 18 (85.71) | 11 (52.38) | 21 (100.00) | 12 (57.14) | 3 (14.29) | 8 (38.10) | 9 (42.86) | 5 (23.81) |
| 2,000—4,999 | 2 | 2 (100.00) | 2 (100.00) | 2 (100.00) | 2 (100.00) | 2 (100.00) | 2 (100.00) | 2 (100.00) | 1 (50.00) |
| 5,000+ | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| **Total** | **456** | **101 (22.15)** | **36 (7.89)** | **456 (100.00)** | **29 (6.36)** | **7 (1.54)** | **35 (7.68)** | **36 (7.89)** | **8 (1.75)** |

## MAIN STAPLE FOOD

Rice constitute the main staple food for all the circles of the district. However, wheat, maize and millet substitute and supplement rice in majority of the circles. This is illustrated in table 15 below.

TABLE 15—*Main staple food in the majority of villages in each circle*

| Sl. No. | Name of Taluk/Tahsil | Main Staple Food |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 1. | Tezu | Rice |
| 2. | Namsai | Rice |
| 3. | Wakro | Rice |
| 4. | Chowkham | Rice |
| 5. | Lekang | Rice (Wheat) |
| 6. | Hayuliang | Rice (Maize, Millet, Wheat) |
| 7. | Chaglongam | Rice (Maize, Millet) |
| 8. | Hawai | Rice (Maize) |
| 9. | Walong | Rice (Maize) |
| 10. | Kibithoo | Rice (Wheat, Maize) |
| 11. | Goiliang | Rice (Millet, Maize) |

## ANALYSIS OF TOWN DIRECTORY

There is only one town in the district namely Tezu. Various aspects covered in the town directories as incorporated in part A of this volume are compiled in the following tables 16-18 with a view to showing some of the important features of the town.

TABLE 16—*Growth, density and sex-ratio of urban population in the district in relation to the state*

| Census year | Lohit District | | | | | | Arunachal Pradesh | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Total population | Urban population | %urban population | Decadal percentage variation in urban population | Density (population per sq.Km.) | Sex-ratio (No of females per 1000 males) | Total population | Urban population | %urban population | Decadal percentage variation in urban population | Density (population per sq. Km.) | Sex-ratio (Number of females per 1000 males) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
| 1951<br>1961 | There was no urban area till 1971 Census. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1971 . . . | 47,633 | 4,182 | 8.78 | .. | N.A. | 508 | 467,511 | 17,288 | 3.70 | .. | N.A. | 457 |
| 1981 . . . | 69,498 | 6,239 | 8.98 | (+)49.19 | N.A. | 656 | 631,839 | 41,428 | 6.56 | (+)139.63 | N.A | 629 |

*N.B.*—There was no town in Arunachal Pradesh before 1971 Census.

*N.A.*—Denotes not available.

TABLE 17—*No. of beds in medical institution in the town*

| Class, name and civic status of the town | No. of beds in medical institutions per 1,000 population |
|---|---|
| 1 | 2 |
| V Tezu (C.T.) | 4.66 |
| Total | 4.66 |

TABLE 18—*Most important commodity manufactured, imported and exported in the town*

| Class, name and civic status of the Town | Most important commodity | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Manufactured | Exported | Imported |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| V Tezu (C.T.) . . | Wooden and cane furniture | Wood | Food grains. |

# PART A — VILLAGE AND TOWN DIRECTORY

# SECTION I
# VILLAGE DIRECTORY

## NOTE EXPLAINING THE CODES USED IN THE VILLAGE DIRECTORY

The following Codes have been used in the Village Directory to indicate the various amenities :—

*Education*

| | |
|---|---|
| Primary/Elementary School | P |
| Junior Secondary or Middle School | M |
| Matriculation or Secondary School | H |
| Adult literacy class/Centre | AC |

*Medical*

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital | H |
| Health Centre | HC |
| Primary Health Centre | PHC |
| Dispensary | D |
| Community Health worker | CHW |
| Others | O |

*Drinking Water*

| | |
|---|---|
| Tape water | T |
| Well water | W |
| Tube well water | TW |
| Hand pump | HP |
| River water | R |
| Fountain/Spring | F/S |
| Canal | C |
| Nallah | N |
| Others | O |

*Post and Telegraph*

| | |
|---|---|
| Post Office | P.O. |
| Post & Telegraph Office | P.T.O. |

*Communication*

| | |
|---|---|
| Bus Stop | BS |

*Approach to village*

| | |
|---|---|
| Pucca Road | PR |
| Kutcha Road | KR |
| Foot Path | FP |

*Power Supply*

| | |
|---|---|
| Electricity for domestic purpose | ED |
| Electricity for the purpose of Industrial and Commercial use | ED |
| Electricity for all purposes | EA |

*Entries in Remarks column*

| | |
|---|---|
| Copies of newspapers coming in the village | N |
| Motor cycle/Scooters available in the village | M |
| Cars/Jeeps available in the village | C |
| Tractors available in the village | T |

Copies/nos. of the above shown against the respective abbreviation.

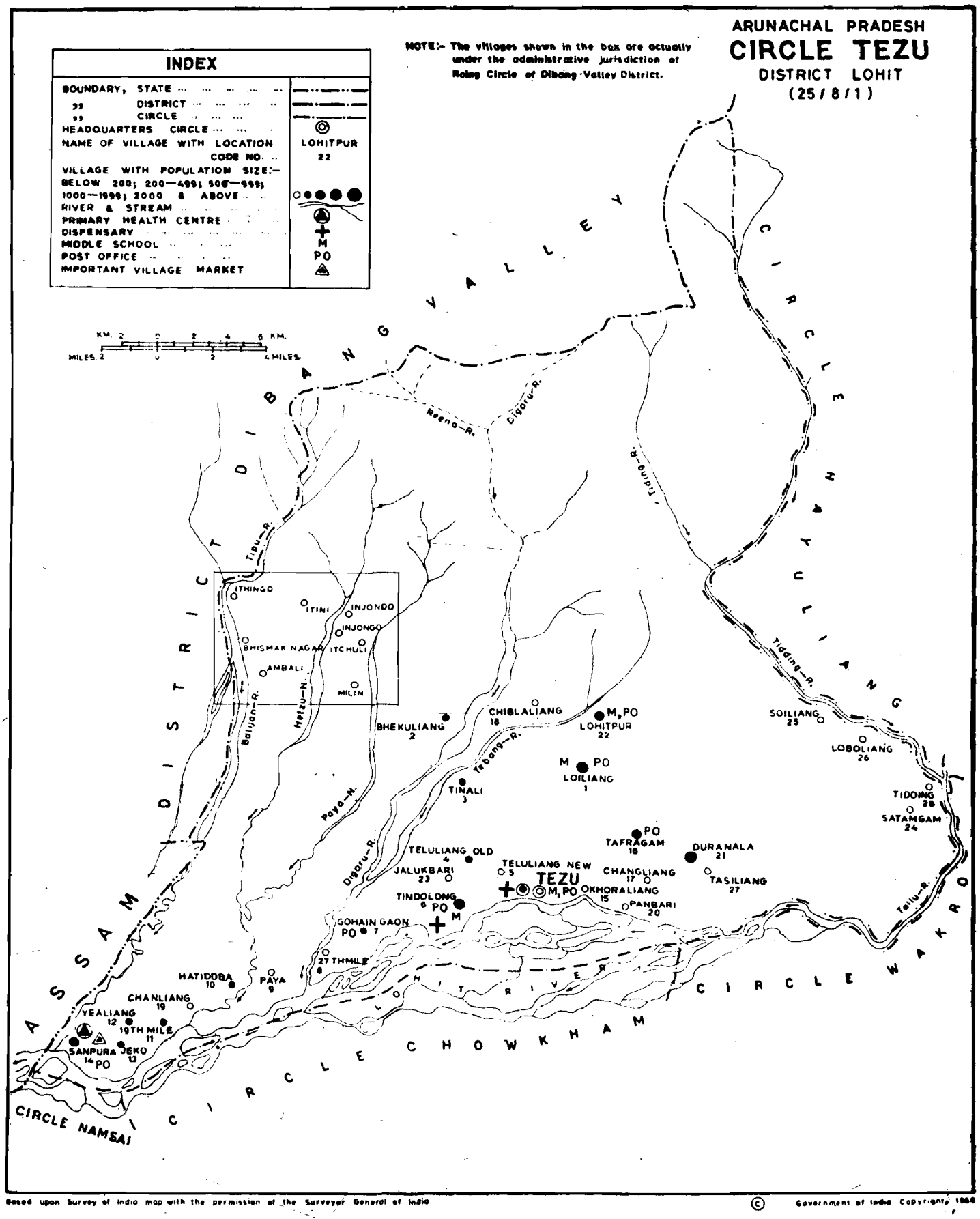
If a village appeared in the list of villages of 1971 in the different name or in different spelling the same is shown in bracket against the present name of the Village Directory for easy identification.

N.A. : Denotes information not available.

'—' Denotes 'Nil'.

## (a) CIRCLE-WISE DIRECTORY

(Circle Map, Alphabetical List of Villages, Village Directory)




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## ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Circle : TEZU

| Sl. No. | Name of villages | Location Code | Population | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Persons | Males | Females |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 1 | Bhekuliang | 25/8/1/2 | 254 | 138 | 116 |
| 2 | Chailiang | 25/8/1/19 | 178 | 92 | 86 |
| 3 | Changliang | 25/8/1/17 | 165 | 92 | 73 |
| 4 | Chiblaliang | 25/8/1/18 | 34 | 20 | 14 |
| 5 | Duranala | 25/8/1/21 | 1,045 | 879 | 166 |
| 6 | Gohaingoan | 25/8/1/7 | 438 | 254 | 184 |
| 7 | Hatiduba | 25/8/1/10 | 242 | 125 | 117 |
| 8 | Jalukbari | 25/8/1/23 | 76 | 37 | 39 |
| 9 | Jeko | 25/8/1/13 | 469 | 265 | 204 |
| 10 | Khoraliang | 25/8/1/15 | 147 | 78 | 69 |
| 11 | Loboliang | 25/8/1/26 | 24 | 14 | 10 |
| 12 | Lohitpur | 25/8/1/22 | 964 | 427 | 537 |
| 13 | Loiliang | 25/8/1/1 | 1,153 | 575 | 578 |
| 14 | 19th Mile | 25/8/1/11 | 200 | 115 | 85 |
| 15 | Panbari | 25/8/1/20 | 27 | 14 | 13 |
| 16 | Paya | 25/8/1/9 | 148 | 90 | 58 |
| 17 | Satamgam | 25/8/1/24 | 56 | 27 | 29 |
| 18 | Soiliang | 25/8/1/25 | 7 | 2 | 5 |
| 19 | Sunpura | 25/8/1/14 | 521 | 295 | 226 |
| 20 | Tafragam | 25/8/1/16 | 760 | 431 | 329 |
| 21 | Tasiliang | 25/8/1/27 | 14 | 8 | 6 |
| 22 | Teluliang (Old) | 25/8/1/4 | 433 | 236 | 197 |
| 23 | Teluliang (New) | 25/8/1/5 | 34 | 19 | 15 |
| 24 | Tidding | 25/8/1/28 | 71 | 65 | 6 |
| 25 | Tinali | 25/8/1/3 | 296 | 153 | 143 |
| 26 | Tindolong | 25/8/1 | 1,482 | 797 | 685 |
| 27 | 27th Mile | 25/8/1/8 | 191 | 138 | 53 |
| 28 | Yealiang | 25/8/1/12 | 450 | 249 | 201 |

1981 CENSUS—VILLAGE

*Amenities and*

**Circle : TEZU**

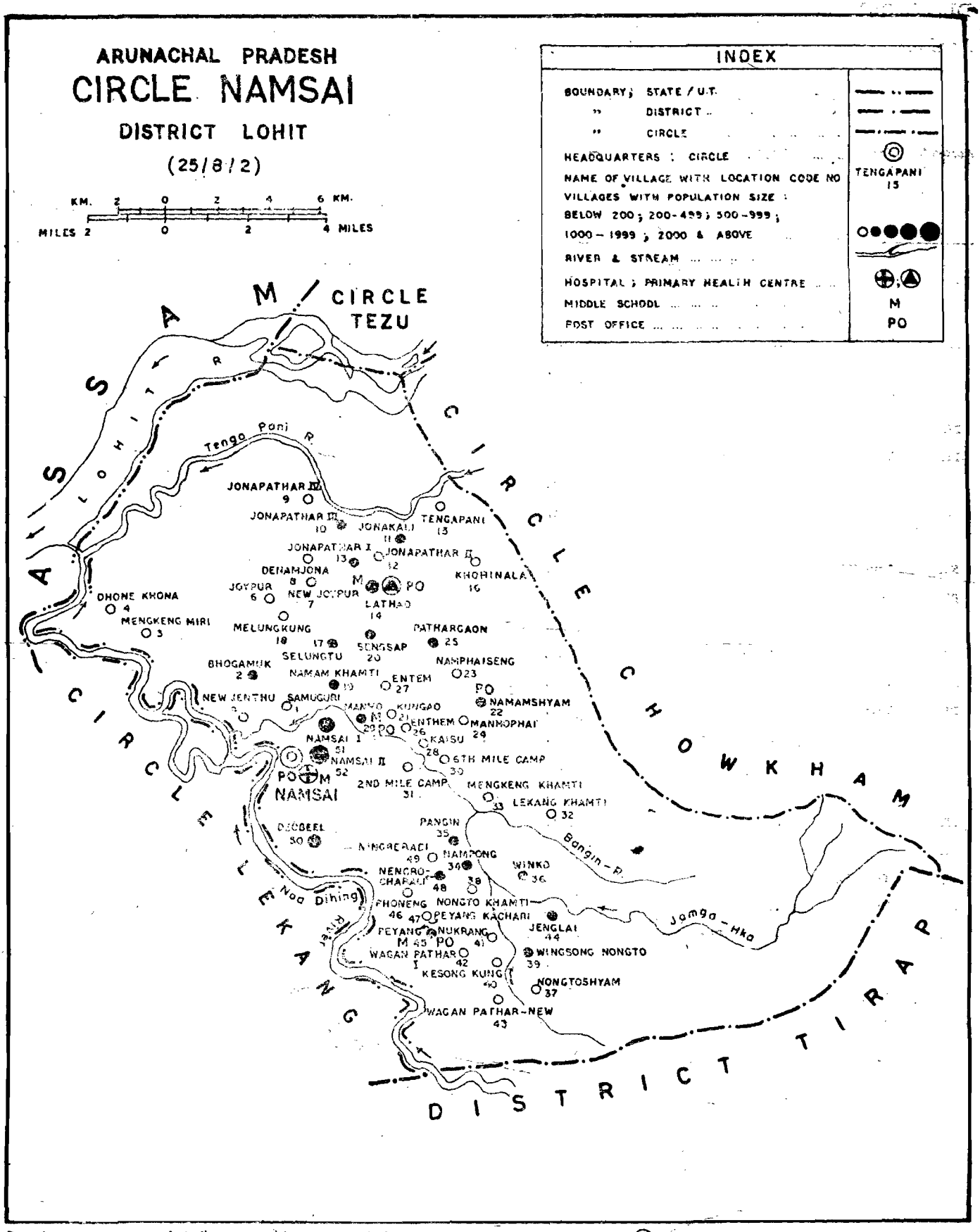
| Location Code No. | Name of village | Total area of the village (in hectares) | Total population and number of households | Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms., 5—10 Kms. and 10+Kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given) | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Educational | Medical | Drinking water (Potable) | Post and Telegraph | Day or days of the market/ hat, if any | Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 25/8/1/1 | Loiliang | N.A. | 1,153 (223) | P,M | CHW | T | PO | —(10+Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/1/2 | Bbekuliang | N.A. | 254 (48) | P | CHW | N | (10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms) |
| 25/8/1/3 | Tinali | N.A. | 296 (75) | P | —(—5 Kms) | HP, N | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/1/4 | Teluliang (Old) | N.A. | 433 (80) | P | —(—5 Kms) | W | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms) | BS |
| 25/8/1/5 | Teluliang (New) | N.A. | 34 (5) | P | —(—5 Kms) | TW | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms) | —(—5 Kms) |
| 25/8/1/6 | Tindolong | N.A. | 1,482 (348) | P,M | D | N, HP | PO | —(—5 Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/1/7 | Gohaingoan | N.A. | 438 (100) | P | —(—5—10 Kms) | N, HP | PO | —(10+Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/1/8 | 27th Mile | N.A. | 191 (64) | —(—5 Kms) | —(5—10 Kms) | N, HP | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/1/9 | Paya | N.A. | 148 (39) | —(10+Kms) | —(5—10 Kms) | W | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/1/10 | Hatiduba (Hatigam) | N.A. | 242 (42) | —(—5 Kms) | —(5—10 Kms) | W | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms) |
| 25/8/1/11 | 19th Mile | N.A. | 200 (41) | —(—5 Kms) | —(5—10 Kms) | W | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms) | —(—5 Kms) |
| 25/8/1/12 | Yealiang | N.A. | 450 (96) | P | —(5—10 Kms) | W, TW | PO | —(—5 Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/1/13 | Jeko (Zeko) | N.A. | 469 (100) | P,M | —(5—10 Kms) | W, HP | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | BS |
| 5/8/1/14 | Sunpura | N.A. | 521 (112) | P | HC | HP | PO | Daily Market | BS |
| 25/8/1/15 | Khoraliang | N.A. | 147 (28) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms) | T | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/1/16 | Tafragam | N.A. | 760 (141) | P | CHW | T | PO | —(5—10 Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/1/17 | Changliang | N.A. | 165 (36) | P | CHW | T | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/1/18 | Chiblaliang | N.A. | 34 (4) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/1/19 | Chailiang | N.A. | 178 (31) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | W | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/1/20 | Panbari | N.A. | 27 (6) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | N | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/1/21 | Duranala (Duraliang) | N.A. | 1,045 (109) | —(—5 Kms.) | CHW | T | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/1/22 | Lohitpur | N.A. | 964 (259) | P,M | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | PO | —(10+Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/1/23 | Jalukbarij | N.A. | 76 (15) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | R | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms). |
| 25/8/1/24 | Satamgam (Salamgoan) | N.A. | 56 (6) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10 +Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/1/25 | Soiliang (Sambiang) | N.A. | 7 (1) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/1/26 | Loboliang | N.A. | 24 (6) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/1/27 | Tasiliang (Tasailiang) | N.A. | 14 (2) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/1/28 | Tidding | N.A. | 71 (11) | P | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | BS |
| | Tezu | | | Treated as Census Town | | | | | |
| | Total | N.A. | 9,879 (2,028) | P —(14), M—(4) | CHW—(5) HC—(1) D—(1) | | | | |

# DIRECTORY

## *Land use*

| Approach to village | Nearest town & distance (in Km.) | Power Supply | Staple food | Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places) | | | | Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation | Main Crops under Jhum cultivation | Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Forest | Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source) | Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated | Area under Jhum cultivation | | | |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| PR | Tezu, (12) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | N |
| KR | Tezu, (30) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (9) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (3) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (2) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (6) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | N 2 |
| PR | Tezu, (15) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | N 2 |
| PR | Tezu, (16) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | N 2 |
| PR | Tezu, (21) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (25) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (27) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (30) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (32) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (34) | EO, ED | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | N |
| PR | Tezu, (1) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | N2 C-5 |
| PR | Tezu, (8) | ED | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | M3, C2, N2 |
| PR | Tezu, (10) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (35) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (26) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | M |
| PR | Tezu, (2) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (12) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (15) | ED, EO | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (3) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (55) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (79) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu (77) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (64) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| PR | Tezu (63) | .. | Rice, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |

N12, M4, C 7




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## ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Circle : NAMSAI

| Sl. No. | Name of villages | Location Code | Population | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Persons | Males | Females |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 1 | Bhogamuk | 25/8/2/2 | 229 | 172 | 57 |
| 2 | Denamjona | 25/8/2/8 | 75 | 45 | 30 |
| 3 | Deobeel | 25/8/2/50 | 576 | 306 | 270 |
| 4 | Dhonekhona | 25/8/2/4 | 83 | 43 | 40 |
| 5 | Entem | 25/8/2/27 | 112 | 65 | 47 |
| 6 | Enthem | 25/8/2/26 | 73 | 43 | 30 |
| 7 | Jenglai | 25/8/2/44 | 238 | 123 | 115 |
| 8 | Jonakali | 25/8/2/11 | 200 | 110 | 90 |
| 9 | Jonapathar-I | 25/8/2/13 | 323 | 206 | 117 |
| 10 | Jonapathar-II | 25/8/2/12 | 81 | 46 | 35 |
| 11 | Jonapathar-III | 25/8/2/10 | 252 | 131 | 121 |
| 12 | Jonapathar-IV | 25/8/2/9 | 185 | 103 | 82 |
| 13 | Joypur | 25/8/2/6 | 146 | 81 | 65 |
| 14 | Kaisu | 25/8/2/28 | 161 | 87 | 74 |
| 15 | Kesongkung | 25/8/2/40 | 10 | 5 | 5 |
| 16 | Khohinalla | 25/8/2/16 | 156 | 84 | 72 |
| 17 | Kungao | 25/8/2/21 | 110 | 51 | 59 |
| 18 | Lathao | 25/8/2/14 | 918 | 485 | 433 |
| 19 | Lekang Khamti | 25/8/2/32 | 153 | 80 | 73 |
| 20 | Manhophai | 25/8/2/24 | 114 | 56 | 58 |
| 21 | Manmo | 25/8/2/29 | 316 | 168 | 148 |
| 22 | Melungkung | 25/8/2/18 | 152 | 71 | 81 |
| 23 | Mengkeng Khamti | 25/8/2/33 | 111 | 61 | 50 |
| 24 | Mengkeng Miri | 25/8/2/3 | 135 | 73 | 62 |
| 25 | Nanam Khamti | 25/8/2/19 | 248 | 130 | 118 |
| 26 | Nanam Shyam | 25/8/2/22 | 284 | 165 | 119 |
| 27 | Namphaiseng | 25/8/2/23 | 107 | 53 | 54 |
| 28 | Nampong | 25/8/2/34 | 250 | 136 | 114 |
| 29 | Namsai-I | 25/8/2/51 | 1,809 | 1,136 | 673 |
| 30 | Namsai-II | 25/8/2/52 | 2,951 | 1,817 | 1,134 |
| 31 | Nengro Charali | 25/8/2/48 | 227 | 120 | 107 |
| 32 | New Jenthu | 25/8/2/5 | 109 | 58 | 51 |
| 33 | New Joypur | 25/8/2/7 | 87 | 45 | 42 |
| 34 | Ningrer Adi | 25/8/2/49 | 65 | 33 | 32 |
| 35 | Nongto Khamti | 25/8/2/38 | 182 | 90 | 92 |
| 36 | Nongo Shyam | 25/8/2/37 | 159 | 90 | 69 |
| 37 | Nukrang | 25/8/2/41 | 63 | 36 | 27 |
| 38 | Panging | 25/8/2/35 | 238 | 124 | 114 |
| 39 | Pathargaon | 25/8/2/25 | 304 | 172 | 132 |
| 40 | Peyong | 25/8/2/45 | 350 | 195 | 155 |
| 41 | Peyong Kachari | 25/8/2/47 | 93 | 53 | 40 |
| 42 | Phoneng | 25/8/2/46 | 67 | 34 | 33 |
| 43 | Samuguri | 25/8/2/1 | 75 | 42 | 33 |
| 44 | 2nd Mile Camp | 25/8/2/31 | 91 | 54 | 37 |
| 45 | Selungtu | 25/8/2/17 | 384 | 210 | 174 |
| 46 | Sengsap | 25/8/2/20 | 348 | 240 | 108 |
| 47 | 6th Mile Camp | 25/8/2/30 | 37 | 33 | 4 |
| 48 | Tengapani | 25/8/2/15 | 47 | 28 | 19 |
| 49 | Wagan Pathar-I | 25/8/2/42 | 94 | 49 | 45 |
| 50 | Wagan Pathar (New) | 25/8/2/43 | 64 | 33 | 31 |
| 51 | Wingsongnongto | 25/8/2/39 | 214 | 106 | 108 |
| 52 | Winko | 25/8/2/36 | 448 | 233 | 215 |

Circle : NAMSAI

| Location Code No. | Name of village | Total area of the village (in hectares) | Total population and number of households | Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms., 5—10 Kms. and 10+Kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given) | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Educational | Medical | Drinking water (Potable) | Post and Telegraph | Day or Days of the market/ hat, if any | Communication (Bus stop, railway stations waterway) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 25/8/2/1 | Samuguri (Samoguri) | N.A. | 75 (11) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | N | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/2 | Bhogamuk (Bhangamura) | N.A. | 229 (21) | P | —(10+Kms.) | N, R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/3 | Mengkengmiri (Mengkong) | N.A. | 135 (18) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | W, R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/4 | Dhonekhona (Dhonekona) | N.A. | 83 (13) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/5 | New Jenthu Jangthu | N.A. | 109 (14) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/6 | Joypur (Jaypur Old) | N.A. | 146 (23) | P | CHW | TW, N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/7 | New Joypur (Jaypur New) | N.A. | 87 (15) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | TW, N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/8 | Denam Jona | N.A. | 75 (13) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | W | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/9 | Jonapathar IV | N.A. | 185 (28) | P | —(5—10 Kms) | C | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/10 | Jonapathar III | N.A. | 252 (37) | P | —(5—10 Kms.) | TW | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/11 | Jonakali | N.A. | 200 (24) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | TW, N | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/12 | Jonapathar-II | N.A. | 81 (13) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | R | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/13 | Jonapathar-I | N.A. | 323 (40) | P | —(—5 Kms.) | TW | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/14 | Lathro (Lathoa) | N.A. | 918 (169) | P, M, AC | HC | TW, W | PO | —(10+Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/2/15 | rengapani | N.A. | 47 (21) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | W | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/2/16 | Khohinalla | N.A. | 156 (50) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/17 | Selaungtu (Sulungto) | N.A. | 384 (74) | P | —(—5 Kms.) | TW, W | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/18 | Melungkung | N.A. | 152 (24) | —(—5 Kms.) | CHW | W | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/19 | Nanamkhamti (Nanam) | N.A. | 248 (44) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | W | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/20 | Sengsap (Sengapathar) | N.A. | 348 (40) | P | —(5—10 Kms.) | TW, W | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/21 | Kungzo (Kungzow) | N.A. | 110 (20) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | TW, W | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | — —5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/22 | Nanam Shyam (Monhophai) | N.A. | 284 (44) | P | CHW | TW, W | PO | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/23 | Namphaiseng (Manfaisang) | N.A. | 107 (16) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | TW | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/24 | Manhophai | N.A. | 114 (18) | P | —(—5 Kms.) | TW, W | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/25 | Pathargaon | N.A. | 304 (48) | P | —(5 Kms.) | TW, W | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/26 | Enthem (Enthen) | N.A. | 73 (11) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | TW, W | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/27 | Entem (Enden) | N.A. | 112 (20) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | TW, W | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) | —(5—10-Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/28 | Kaisu | N.A. | 161 (21) | P | —(—5 Kms.) | TW | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/29 | Manmo | N.A. | 316 (58) | P,M. | O | TW | PO | —(—5 Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/2/30 | 6th Mile Camp | N.A. | 37 (10) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | TW | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/31 | 2nd Mile Camp | N.A. | 91 (19) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | TW | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/32 | Lekang Khamti (Lekong Khamti) | N.A. | 153 (20) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | TW, R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |

# DIRECTORY

## *Land use*

| Approach to village | Nearest Town & distance in (Km) | Power Supply | Staple food | Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places) | | | | Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation | Main Crops under Jhum cultivation | Remarks including any place of religious historical or archaeological interest |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Forest | Wet rice cultivation or Irrigated (by source) | Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated | Area under Jhum cultivation | | | |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| KR | Tezu, (66) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (70) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (73) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A | N.A.. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (75) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (80) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (68) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (75) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A.. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (63) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (56) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (50) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (52) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (48) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (45) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (44) | .. | Rice | N.A. | NA.. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | M.C.T. |
| KR | Tezu, (45) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (48) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (45) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (48) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (46) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (48) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | M |
| PR | Tezu, (47) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (64) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | C 2 |
| KR | Tezu, (66) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (62) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (54) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | M |
| KR | Tezu, (51) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | M,C |
| KR | Tezu, (50) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (54) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | M, N7 |
| PR | Tezu, (52) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | M3, C, N8 |
| KR | Tezu, (61) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | M5, N |
| KR | Tezu, (54) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (70) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |

Circle : NAMSAI

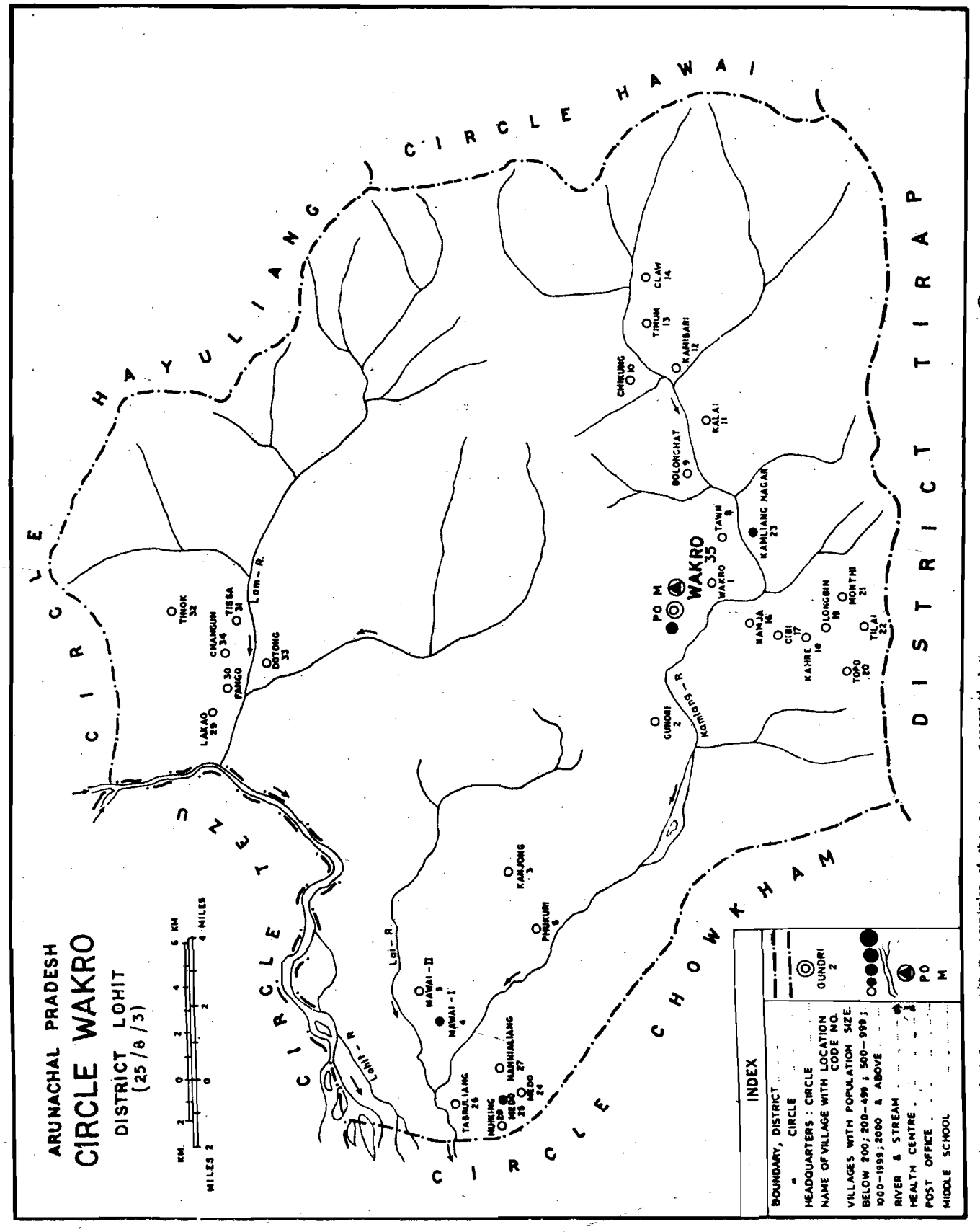
| Location Code No. | Name of village | Total area of of the village (in hectares) | Total population and number or households | Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 Kms., 5—10 Kms. and 10+Kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given). | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Educational | Medical | Drinking water (Potable) | Post and Telegraph | Day or Days of the market/ hat, if any | Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 25/8/2/33 | Mengkong Khamti | N.A. | 111 (21) | P | —(10+Kms.) | TW, R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/34 | Nampong | N.A. | 250 (45) | P | —(10+Kms.) | TW, W | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/35 | Panging (Pangen) | N.A. | 238 (37) | P | —(5—10 Kms.) | TW | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/36 | Winko (Wingko) | N.A. | 448 (85) | P | —(10+Kms.) | TW | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/37 | Nongto Shyam (Nongkhong) | N.A. | 159 (27) | P | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/38 | Nongto Khamti (Nongthow) | N.A. | 182 (31) | P | —(10+Kms.) | W | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/39 | Wingsong Nongto | N.A. | 214 (39) | P | —(10+Kms.) | W | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/40 | Kesongkung | N.A. | 10 (3) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/41 | Nukrang | N.A. | 63 (13) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/42 | Wagan Pathar-I | N.A. | 94 (18) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | W | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/43 | Wagan Pathar (New) | N.A. | 64 (11) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | W | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/44 | Jenglai | N.A. | 238 (44) | P | —(—5 Kms.) | TW, R | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/45 | Peyong | N.A. | 350 (68) | P, M, AC | CHW | TW, W | PO | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/46 | Phoneng (Phenong) | N.A. | 67 (9) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | TW, W | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/47 | Peyong Kachari | N.A. | 93 (17) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | W | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/48 | Nengro charali (Ningru old) | N.A. | 227 (39) | P | —(10+Kms.) | HP, W | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/49 | Ningrer Adi (Adi) | N.A. | 65 (14) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | TK, W | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/50 | Deobeel | N.A. | 576 (117) | P | CHW | W, TW, R | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/2/51 | Namsai-I | N.A. | 1,809 (415) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | TW, T,W | P.T.O. | Sunday | BS |
| 25/8/2/52 | Namsai-II | N.A. | 2,951 (548) | P(2)M, H | H | TW, W | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| | Total | | 14,304 (2,598) | M=(4), P=(26) H=(1), AC=(2) | CHW=(5) HC =(1) O=(1) H=(1) | | | | |

# DIRECTORY

## *Land use*

| Approach to village | Nearest town & distance (in Km.) | Power supply | Staple food | Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places) | | | | Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation | Main Crops under Jhum cultivation | Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Forest | Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source) | Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated | Area under Jhum cultivation | | | |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18, | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| KR | Tezu, (68) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (74) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | M |
| KR | Tezu, (67) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (77) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (80) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (82) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (85) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (78) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (81) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (83) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (85) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (76) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | C |
| PR | Tezu, (72) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (74) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (72) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (68) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (65) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (65) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (56) | EA, ED | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paydy | N8, M, C6, T6 |
| PR | Tezu, (56) | EA, ED | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |

M 15, N 24, C 12, T7




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## ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGE

Circle : WAKRO

| Sl. No. | Name of villages | Location Code | Population | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Persons | Males | Females |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 1 | Blonghat | 25/8/3/9 | 39 | 16 | 23 |
| 2 | Changun | 25/8/3/34 | 14 | 4 | 10 |
| 3 | Chikung | 25/8/3/10 | 43 | 23 | 20 |
| 4 | Cibi | 25/8/3/17 | 45 | 27 | 18 |
| 5 | Claw | 25/8/3/14 | 112 | 52 | 60 |
| 6 | Dotong | 25/8/3/33 | 5 | 2 | 3 |
| 7 | Fango | 25/8/3/30 | 10 | 6 | 4 |
| 8 | Gundri | 25/8/3/2 | 89 | 41 | 48 |
| 9 | Hannialiang | 25/8/3/27 | 64 | 46 | 18 |
| 10 | Huiking | 25/8/3/28 | 89 | 46 | 43 |
| 11 | Kahre | 25/8/3/18 | 86 | 44 | 42 |
| 12 | Kalai | 25/8/3/11 | 38 | 21 | 17 |
| 13 | Kambrai | 25/8/3/12 | 21 | 8 | 13 |
| 14 | Kamja | 25/8/3/16 | 134 | 75 | 59 |
| 15 | Kamliang Nagar | 25/8/3/23 | 248 | 157 | 91 |
| 16 | Kanjong | 25/8/3/3 | 109 | 43 | 66 |
| 17 | Lakao | 25/8/3/29 | 12 | 6 | 6 |
| 18 | Longbin | 25/8/3/19 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 19 | Mawai-I | 25/8/3/4 | 228 | 179 | 49 |
| 20 | Mawai-II | 25/8/3/5 | 118 | 63 | 55 |
| 21 | Medo | 25/8/3/24 | 122 | 60 | 62 |
| 22 | Medo | 25/8/3/25 | 309 | 201 | 108 |
| 23 | Monthi | 25/8/3/21 | 90 | 48 | 42 |
| 24 | Phukuri | 25/8/3/6 | 134 | 73 | 61 |
| 25 | Tabruliang | 25/8/3/26 | 99 | 45 | 54 |
| 26 | Tawn | 25/8/3/8 | 33 | 20 | 13 |
| 27 | Tihum | 25/8/3/13 | 36 | 16 | 20 |
| 28 | Tilai | 25/8/3/22 | 46 | 21 | 25 |
| 29 | Tinok | 25/8/3/32 | 44 | 24 | 20 |
| 30 | Tissa | 25/8/3/31 | 35 | 13 | 22 |
| 31 | Topo | 25/8/3/20 | 9 | 6 | 3 |
| 32 | Wakro | 25/8/3/1 | 37 | 17 | 20 |
| 33 | Wakro H.Q. | 25/8/3/35 | 818 | 594 | 224 |

*Amenities and*

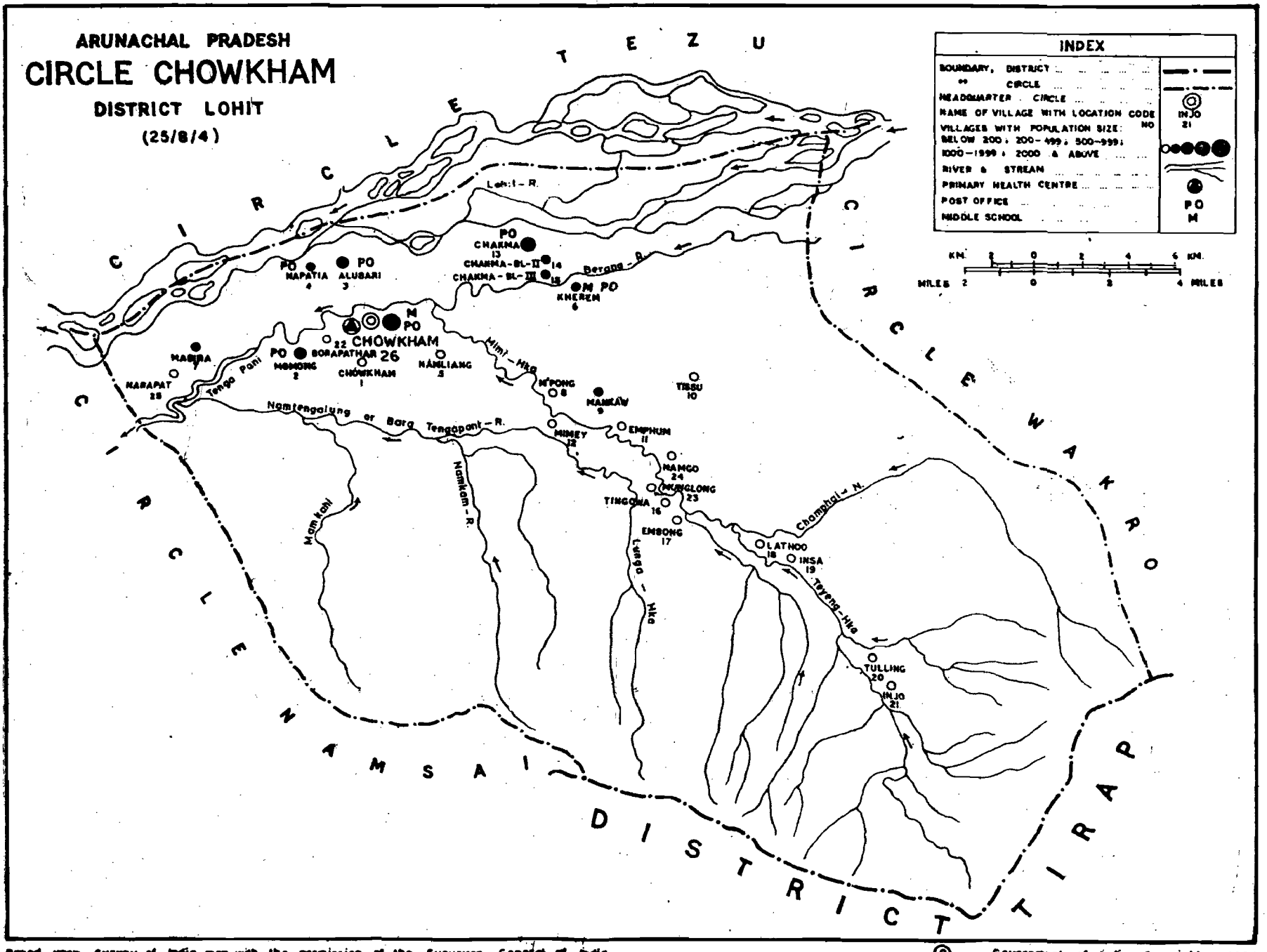
## Circle : WAKRO

| Location Code No. | Name of village | Total area of the village (in hectares) | Total population and number of households | Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms., 5—10 Kms. and 10+Kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given) | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Educational | Medical | Drinking water (Potable) | Post and Telegraph | Day or days of the market/hat if, any | Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 25/8/3/1 | Wakro | N.A. | 37 (5) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | T | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/2 | Gundri | N.A. | 89 (11) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | T | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/3 | Kanjong (Kajang) | N.A. | 109 (14) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | T | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/4 | Mawai-I (Old II) | N.A. | 228 (24) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/5 | Mawai-II (Old III) | N.A. | 118 (24) | P | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/6 | Phukuri (Pukhuri) | N.A. | 134 (18) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/8 | Tawn (Twan) | N.A. | 33 (6) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/9 | Blonghat (Blonglat) | N.A. | 39 (8) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/10 | Chikung (Chireng) | N.A. | 43 (7) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/11 | Kalai | N.A. | 38 (4) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3,12 | Kambrai | N.A. | 21 (2) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | F | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3,13 | Tihum | N.A. | 36 (6) | P | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/14 | Claw | N.A. | 112 (19) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | L | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3,16 | Kamja | N.A. | 134 (26) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/17 | Cibe | N.A. | 45 (8) | P | O | R | —(5—10—Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/18 | Kahre (Karhe) | N.A. | 86 (18) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | F | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 26/8/3/19 | Longbin | N.A. | 3 (1) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | F | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/20 | Topo | N.A. | 9 (3) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/21 | Monthi (Manthi) | N.A. | 90 (24) | P | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/22 | Tilai | N.A. | 46 (11) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/23 | Kamliang Nagar | N.A. | 248 (74) | P | —(5—10 Kms.) | R | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms). | BS |
| 25/8/3/24 | Medo | N.A. | 122 (23) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | W | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/3/25 | Medo | N.A. | 309 (85) | P | —(10+Kms) | W | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/3/26 | Tabruliang | N.A. | 99 (17) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | W | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/3//27 | Hannialiang | N.A. | 64 (13) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | W | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/3/28 | Huiking | N.A. | 89 (19) | P | —(10+Kms.) | W | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/3/29 | Lakao | N.A. | 12 (2) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | F | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/30 | Fango (Gango) | N.A. | 10 (2) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | F | —(10+Kms,.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/31 | Tissa | N.A. | 35 (5) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/32 | Tinok | N.A. | 44 (3) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | F | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/33 | Dotong | N.A. | 5 (1) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/34 | Changun | N.A. | 14 (2) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | F | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/3/35 | Wakro H.Q. | N.A. | 818 (140) | PM | HC | T | PO | Daily Market | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| | Total | N.A. | 3,319 (625) | P(8) M(1) | O(1) HC (1) | | | | |

# DIRECTORY

## *Land use*

| Approach to village | Nearest town & distance(in Km.) | Power supply | Staple food | Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places) | | | | Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation | Main Crops under Jhum cultivation | Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Forest | Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source) | Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated | Area under Jhum cultivation | | | |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| KR | Tezu, (66) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, M/seeds | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (66) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, M/seeds | .. |
| KR | Tezu (70) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, M/seeds | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (76) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, M/seeds | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (75) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, M/seeds | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (73) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, M/seeds | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (74) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, M/seeds | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (84) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, M/seeds | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (99) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (85) | .. | Rice, Kodo | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Kodo | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (85) | .. | Rice, Kodo | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy Kodo | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (90) | .. | Rice, Kodo | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Kodo | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (94) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | B.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (59) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, M/seeds | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (61) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (64) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (68) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (68) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (72) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu (79) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (56) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (42) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (41) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (44) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (42) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (40) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (125) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (115) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (125) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (155) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (110) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (120) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (65) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | NA. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |




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## ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Circle : CHOWKHAM

| Sl. No. | Name of villages | Location Code | Population | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Persons | Males | Females |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 1 | Alubari | 25/8/4/3 | 626 | 367 | 259 |
| 2 | Borapathar | 25/8/4/22 | 71 | 41 | 30 |
| 3 | Chakma-I | 25/8/4/13 | 1,367 | 713 | 654 |
| 4 | Chakma-II | 25/8/4/14 | 371 | 198 | 173 |
| 5 | Chakma-III | 25/8/4/15 | 249 | 129 | 120 |
| 6 | Chowkham | 25/8/4/1 | 189 | 96 | 93 |
| 7 | Chowkham H.Q. | 25/8/4/26 | 2,707 | 1,685 | 1,022 |
| 8 | Embong | 25/8/4/17 | 30 | 15 | 15 |
| 9 | Emphum | 25/8/4/11 | 171 | 89 | 82 |
| 10 | Injo | 25/8/4/21 | 39 | 18 | 21 |
| 11 | Insa | 25/8/4/19 | 27 | 16 | 11 |
| 12 | Kherem | 25/8/4/6 | 387 | 250 | 137 |
| 13 | Lathoo | 25/8/4/18 | 23 | 12 | 11 |
| 14 | Mabira | 25/8/4/7 | 213 | 108 | 105 |
| 15 | Mankaw | 25/8/4/9 | 309 | 180 | 129 |
| 16 | Mimey | 25/8/4/12 | 155 | 83 | 72 |
| 17 | Momong | 25/8/4/2 | 567 | 299 | 268 |
| 18 | M'Porg | 25/8/4/8 | 135 | 66 | 69 |
| 19 | Munglong | 25/8/4/23 | 24 | 11 | 13 |
| 20 | Namgo | 25/8/4/24 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| 21 | Namliang | 25/8/4/5 | 96 | 52 | 44 |
| 22 | Napatia | 25/8/4/4 | 367 | 184 | 183 |
| 23 | Narapat | 25/8/4/25 | 30 | 14 | 16 |
| 24 | Tingowa | 25/8/4/16 | 24 | 13 | 11 |
| 25 | Tissu | 25/8/4/10 | 102 | 55 | 47 |
| 26 | Tulling | 25/8/4/20 | 21 | 11 | 10 |

*Amenities and*

## Circle : CHOWKHAM

| Location Code No. | Name of village | Total area of the viill-age (in hecta-res) | Total popula-tion and number of households | Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 Kms., 5—10 Kms., and 10+Kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given) | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Educational | Medical | Drinking w ter (Potable) | Post and Telegraph | Day or days of the mar-ket/hat, if any | Communica-tions (Bus stop, railway station, waterway) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 25/8/4/1 | Chowkham | N.A. | 189 (32) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | R | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/4/2 | Momong | N.A. | 567 (93) | P,M | —(—5 Kms.) | TW | PO | —(5—10 Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/4/3 | Alubari | N.A. | 626 (91) | P | —(—5 Kms.) | W | PO | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/4 | Napatia | N.A. | 367 (48) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | R | PO | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/5 | Namliang | N.A. | 96 (24) | P | —(—5 Kms.) | R | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/6 | Kherem | N.A. | 387 (77) | P,M | —(5—10 Kms.) | R | PO | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/7 | Mabira | N.A. | 213 (34) | P | —(5—10 Kms.) | R | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/8 | *M' Pong (Mipong)* | N.A. | 135 (18) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | R | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/9 | Mankaw (Maukoo.) | N.A. | 309 (38) | P | —(—5 Kms.) | R | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10 + Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/10 | Tissu | N.A. | 102 (13) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | R | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/11 | Emphum (Emphom) | N.A. | 171 (33) | P | D | C | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/12 | Mimey (Mimi) | N.A. | 155 (19) | P | —(—5 Kms.) | R | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/13 | Chakma-I | N.A. | 1,367 (218) | P | —(—5 Kms.) | R | PO | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/14 | Chakma-II | N.A. | 371 (67) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | R | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/15 | Chakma-III | N.A. | 249 (43) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | R | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/16 | Tingowa (Tingna) | N.A. | 24 (5) | —(—5 Kmmt.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | C | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/17 | Embong | N.A. | 30 (5) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | C | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/18 | Lathoo (Lathaow) | N.A. | 23 (4) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | R | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/19 | Insa | N.A. | 27 (8) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/20 | Tulling (Tulung) | N.A. | 21 (4) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/21 | Injo (Inja) | N.A. | 39 (5) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/22 | Borapathar (Barpathar) | N.A. | 71 (11) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | R | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/23 | Mungiong | N.A. | 24 (5) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/24 | Namgo | N.A. | 4 (1) | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/25 | Narapat | N.A. | 30 (3) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | R | —(5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/4/26 | Chowkham H.Q. | N.A. | 2,707 (525) | P2, M, H | HC | TW | PO | Daily Market | BS |
| | Total | | 8,304 (1,424) | P(11) M(3) H(1) | D(1) HC(1) | | | | |

# DIRECTORY

## *Land use*

| Approach to village | Nearest town & distance (in Km.) | Power supply | Staple food | Land use (i.e) area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places) | | | | Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation | Main Crops under Jhum cultivation | Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Forest | Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source) | Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated | Area under Jhum cultivation | | | |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| PR | Tezu, (29) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | M |
| KR | Tezu, (34) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (24) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (23) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (32) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (38) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (39) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (41) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (42) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (43) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (46) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (41) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N..A | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (34) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (35) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (37) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (48) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (49) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (53) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (54) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (59) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (55) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (33) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | C, T |
| KR | Tezu, (45) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (49) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (42) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (29) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | C, T |

# ARUNACHAL PRADESH
# CIRCLE LEKANG
## DISTRICT LOHIT
## (25/8/5)

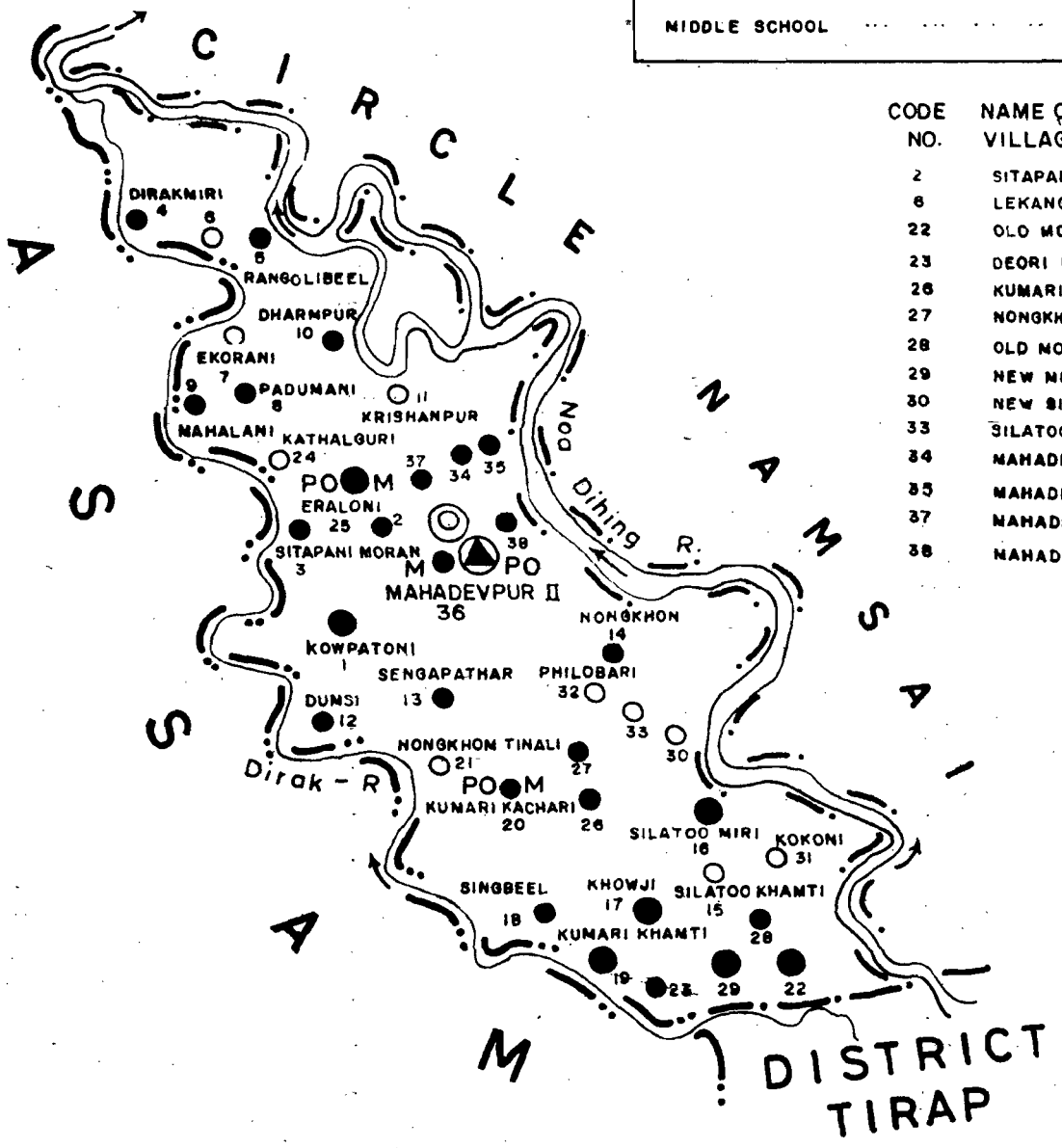
Km. 2 0 2 4 6 Km.
Miles 2 0 2 4 Miles

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NAME OF VILLAGE WITH LOCATION CODE NO.
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1000-1999 ; 2000 & ABOVE ... ...
RIVER & STREAM ... ... ... ... ...
PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE ... ... ...
POST OFFICE ... ... ... ... ... ...
MIDDLE SCHOOL ... ... ... ... ...

ECORANI 7
PO
M

| CODE NO. | NAME OF VILLAGE |
|---|---|
| 2 | SITAPANI MIRI |
| 6 | LEKANG GOHAIN GAON |
| 22 | OLD MOHANG I |
| 23 | DEORI MOHANG |
| 26 | KUMARI ADIBASI |
| 27 | NONGKHONG SATGHARIA |
| 28 | OLD MOHANG II |
| 29 | NEW MOHANG |
| 30 | NEW SILATOO |
| 33 | SILATOO KACHARI |
| 34 | MAHADEVPUR I (BLOCK I) |
| 35 | MAHADEVPUR I (BLOCK II) |
| 37 | MAHADEVPUR III |
| 38 | MAHADEVPUR IV |




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## ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Circle : LEKANG

| Sl. No. | Name of villages | Location Code | Population | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Persons | Males | Females |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 1 | Deorimohong | 25/8/5/23 | 452 | 259 | 193 |
| 2 | Dharmpur | 25/8/5/10 | 212 | 115 | 97 |
| 3 | Dirak Miri | 25/8/4/4 | 219 | 125 | 94 |
| 4 | Dumsi | 25/8/5/12 | 282 | 139 | 143 |
| 5 | Ekorani | 25/8/5/7 | 78 | 40 | 38 |
| 6 | Eraloni | 25/8/5/25 | 527 | 285 | 242 |
| 7 | Kathalguri | 25/8/5/24 | 127 | 67 | 60 |
| 8 | Khowji | 25/8/5/17 | 522 | 258 | 264 |
| 9 | Kokoni | 25/8/5/31 | 60 | 32 | 28 |
| 10 | Kowpatoni | 25/8/5/1 | 679 | 361 | 318 |
| 11 | Krishanpur | 25/8/5/11 | 125 | 60 | 65 |
| 12 | Kumari Adibasi | 25/8/5/26 | 223 | 106 | 117 |
| 13 | Kumari Kachari | 25/8/5/20 | 399 | 184 | 215 |
| 14 | Kumari Khamti | 25/8/5/19 | 693 | 352 | 341 |
| 15 | Lekang Gohain Gaon | 25/8/5/6 | 135 | 76 | 59 |
| 16 | Mahadevpur-I BL. I | 25/8/5/34 | 418 | 209 | 209 |
| 17 | Mahadevpur-I. BL. II | 25/8/5/35 | 469 | 258 | 211 |
| 18 | Mahadevpur-II | 25/8/5/36 | 449 | 237 | 212 |
| 19 | Mahadevpur-III | 25/8/5/37 | 267 | 139 | 128 |
| 20 | Mahadevpur-IV | 25/8/5/38 | 365 | 187 | 178 |
| 21 | Mahalani | 25/8/5/9 | 314 | 160 | 154 |
| 22 | New Mohong | 25/8/5/29 | 858 | 449 | 409 |
| 23 | New Silatoo | 25/8/5/30 | 196 | 91 | 105 |
| 24 | Nonkhom Tinali | 25/8/5/21 | 144 | 84 | 60 |
| 25 | Nongkhon | 25/8/5/14 | 456 | 226 | 230 |
| 26 | Nongkhong Satgharia | 25/8/5/27 | 213 | 105 | 108 |
| 27 | Old Mohong-I | 25/8/5/22 | 754 | 404 | 350 |
| 28 | Old Mohong-II | 25/8/5/28 | 360 | 188 | 172 |
| 29 | Padumani | 25/8/5/8 | 227 | 122 | 105 |
| 30 | Philobari | 25/8/5/32 | 12 | 9 | 3 |
| 31 | Rangoli Beel | 25/8/5/5 | 252 | 120 | 132 |
| 32 | Senga Pathar | 25/8/5/13 | 380 | 194 | 186 |
| 33 | Silatoo Kachari | 25/8/5/33 | 29 | 13 | 16 |
| 34 | Silatoo Khamti | 25/8/5/15 | 183 | 98 | 85 |
| 35 | Silatoo Miri | 25/8/5/16 | 621 | 303 | 318 |
| 36 | Sing Beol | 25/8/5/18 | 386 | 188 | 198 |
| 37 | Sitapani Miri | 25/8/5/2 | 417 | 233 | 184 |
| 38 | Sitapani Moran | 25/8/5/3 | 499 | 262 | 237 |

## Circle : LEKANG

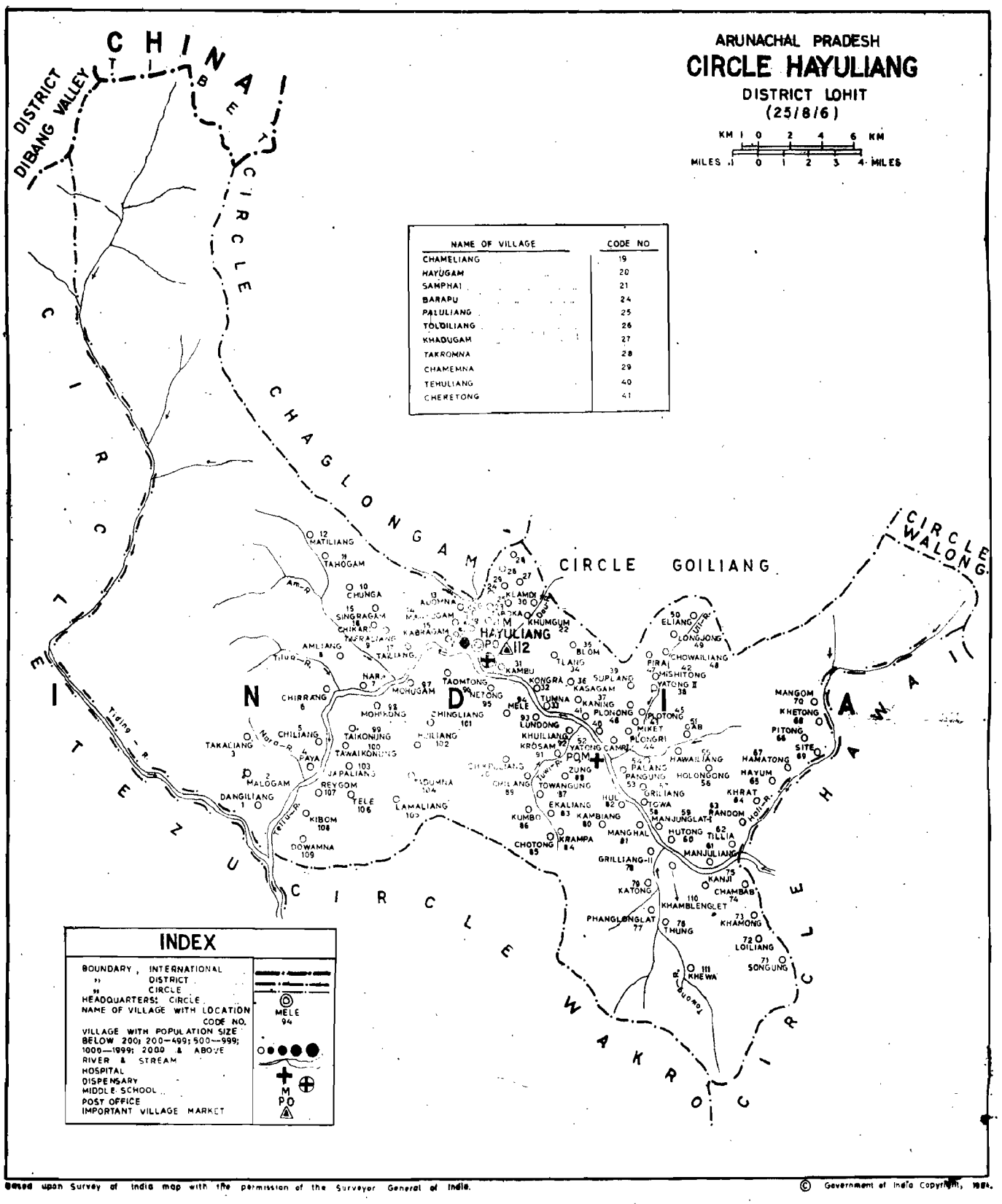
| Location Code No. | Name of village | Total area of the village (in hectares) | Total population and number of households | Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and nest to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 Kms., 5—10 Kms. and 10+ Kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given) | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Educational | Medical | Drinking water (Potable) | Post and Telegraph | Dayor days of the market/hat, if any | Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 25/8/5/1 | Kowpatoni (Kapotani) | N.A. | 679 (92) | P | —(—5 Kms.) | WTW | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/2 | Sitapani Miri | N.A. | 417 (58) | P | —(— 5 Kms.) | TW | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/3 | Sitapani Moran | N.A. | 499 (67) | P | —(—5 Kms.) | TW | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/4 | Dirak Miri | N.A. | 219 (38) | P | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/5 | Rangoli Beel | N.A. | 252 (35) | P | —(10+Kms.) | TW, R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/6 | Lekang Gohain Gaon | N.A. | 135 (20) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | TW, R | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/7 | Ekorani | N.A. | 78 (14) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | TW | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms. |
| 25/8/5/8 | Radumani | N.A. | 227 (36) | P | CHW | TW, N | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/9 | Mahalani | N.A. | 314 (42) | P | —(5—10 Kms.) | TW | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms) |
| 25/8/5/10 | Dharampur | N.A. | 212 (31) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | W | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/11 | Krishanpur (Krishnapur) | N.A. | 125 (25) | P | —(5—10 Kms.) | TW, R | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/12 | Dumsi | N.A. | 282 (36) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | TW | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/13 | Sengapathar | N.A. | 380 (59) | P | —(—5 Kms.) | TW | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/14 | Nungkhon (Nongkhong) | N.A. | 456 (50) | —(—5 Kms.) | CHW | TW, R | PO | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/15 | Silatoo Khamti (Silatukhamti) | N.A. | 183 (28) | P | —(5—10 Kms.) | TW | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 28/8/5/16 | Silatoomiri (Silatumiri) | N.A. | 621 (69) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | TW | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/17 | Khowji (Khowti) | N.A. | 522 (72) | P | CHW | TW, W | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/18 | Singhbeel (Singibeel) | N.A. | 386 (59) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | TW | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms. | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/19 | Kumari Khamti | N.A. | 693 (95) | P | CHW | TW, W | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/20 | Kumari Kachari | N.A. | 399 (45) | P, M, AC | CHW | TW | PO | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/21 | Nonkhom Tinali | N.A. | 144 (14) | —(—5 Kms) | —(5—10 Kms.) | TW | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/22 | Old Mohong-I | N.A | 754 (124) | P | —(—5 Kms.) | TW, O | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/23 | Deori Mohong | N.A. | 452 (50) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms() | TW | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/24 | Kathalguri | N.A. | 127 (21) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | O | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5 Km·.) |
| 25/8/5/25 | Eration (Sitapani Eraloni) | N A. | 527 (96) | P, M, AC | —(—5 Kms.) | W, HP | PO | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/26 | Kumari Adibasi | N.A. | 223 (39) | P, M, AC | CH W | TW | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/27 | Nongkhong Satgharia | N.A. | 213 (27) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | TW | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/28 | Old Mohong-II | N.A. | 360 (53) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | TW, O | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/29 | New Mohong | N.A. | 838 (127) | P | —(—5 Kms.) | TW | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/30 | New Silatoo | N.A. | 196 (28) | —(5—Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | TW | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/31 | Kokoni | N.A. | 60 (9) | —(5+Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) | TW | —(5—10 Kms) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/32 | Philobari | N.A. | 12 (3) | —(5+10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—0Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/33 | Silatoo Kachari | N.A. | 29 (4) | —(5—10Kms) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/34 | Mahadevpur (BL-1) | N.A. | 418 (33) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) | TW | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5 Kms) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/35 | Mahadevpur (BL-2) | N.A. | 469 (42) | P, M, H | PHC | TW | PO | Daily Market | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/36 | Mahadevpur-II | N.A. | 449 (32) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms) | TW | —(—5Kms) | —(—5 Kms) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/37 | Mahadevpur-III | N.A. | 267 (28) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) | TW | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/5/38 | Mahadevpur-IV | N.A. | 365 (31) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) | TW | —(—5Kms). | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| | Total : | | 13,002 (1,732) | P(18)M(4)AC(3) H(1) | CHW(6) PHC(1) | | | | |

# DIRECTORY

*Land use*

| Approach to village | Nearest town & distance (in Km.) | Power supply | Staple food | Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places) | | | | Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation | Main crops under Jhum cultivation | Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Forest | Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source) | Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated | Area under Jhum cultivation | | | |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| KR | Tezu, (65) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (84) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | N3 |
| KR | Tezu, (80) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (75) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (74) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | N3 |
| KR | Tezu, (52) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (63) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (62) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (63) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (59) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (58) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (62) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (65) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (83) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (65) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (66) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (67) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (78) | .. | Rice, | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (72) | .. | Rice wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Wheat | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (70) | .. | Rice, Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Wheat | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (75) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (80) | .. | Rice, wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Wheat | M, N2 |
| KR | Tezu, (82) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (71) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (62) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, | C, T2 |
| KR | Tezu, (60) | .. | Rice, Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Wheat | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (65) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (81) | .. | Rice, Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Wheat | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (82) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy | N3 |
| KR | Tezu, (62) | .. | Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 years | Paddy, Wheat | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (60) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (62) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (70) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (64) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (63) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (62) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (61) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 years | Paddy | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (61) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 years | Paddy | .. |

N12, N1, C1,T2




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## ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Circle : HAYULIANG

| Sl. No. | Name of villages | Location Code | Population | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Persons | Males | Females |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 1 | Adomna | 25/8/6/13 | 77 | 54 | 23 |
| 2 | Amliang | 25/8/6/8 | 181 | 134 | 47 |
| 3 | Barafu | 25/8/6/24 | 31 | 16 | 15 |
| 4 | Blom | 25/8/6/35 | 33 | 16 | 17 |
| 5 | Chambab | 25/8/6/74 | 65 | 31 | 34 |
| 6 | Chameliang | 25/8/6/19 | 31 | 14 | 17 |
| 7 | Chamemna | 25/8/6/29 | 38 | 16 | 22 |
| 8 | Cheretong | 25/8/6/41 | 31 | 15 | 16 |
| 9 | Chikeri | 25/8/6/18 | 23 | 13 | 10 |
| 10 | Chikruliang | 25/8/6/90 | 31 | 16 | 15 |
| 11 | Chilang | 25/8/6/89 | 52 | 23 | 29 |
| 12 | Chiliang | 25/8/6/5 | 32 | 15 | 17 |
| 13 | Chingliang | 25/8/6/101 | 41 | 20 | 21 |
| 14 | Chirrang | 25/8/6/6 | 43 | 23 | 20 |
| 15 | Chotong | 25/8/6/85 | 64 | 29 | 35 |
| 16 | Chowailiang | 25/8/6/48 | 37 | 19 | 18 |
| 17 | Chunga | 25/8/6/10 | 24 | 11 | 13 |
| 18 | Dangiliang | 25/8/6/1 | 30 | 15 | 15 |
| 19 | Dowamna | 25/8/6/109 | 29 | 18 | 11 |
| 20 | Ekaliang | 25/8/6/83 | 38 | 16 | 22 |
| 21 | Eliang | 25/8/6/50 | 13 | 7 | 6 |
| 22 | Gab | 25/8/6/51 | 64 | 31 | 33 |
| 23 | Griliang | 25/8/6/57 | 5 | 4 | 1 |
| 24 | Grilliang-II | 25/8/6/78 | 21 | 11 | 10 |
| 25 | Hamatong | 25/8/6/67 | 45 | 20 | 25 |
| 26 | Hawailiang | 25/8/6/55 | 16 | 9 | 7 |
| 27 | Hayugam | 25/8/6/20 | 36 | 17 | 19 |
| 28 | Hayuliang H.Q. | 25/8/6/112 | 1,892 | 1,381 | 511 |
| 29 | Hayum | 25/8/6/65 | 30 | 15 | 15 |
| 30 | Holongong | 25/8/6/56 | 34 | 14 | 20 |
| 31 | Huiliang | 25/8/6/102 | 71 | 41 | 30 |
| 32 | Hul | 25/8/6/82 | 15 | 9 | 6 |
| 33 | Hutong | 25/8/6/60 | 66 | 31 | 35 |
| 34 | Japaliang | 25/8/6/103 | 69 | 32 | 37 |
| 35 | Kabragam | 25/8/6/15 | 12 | 7 | 5 |
| 36 | Kambiang | 25/8/6/80 | 46 | 23 | 23 |
| 37 | Kambu | 25/8/6/31 | 39 | 17 | 22 |
| 38 | Kaning | 25/8/6/37 | 44 | 20 | 24 |
| 39 | Kanji | 25/8/6/75 | 28 | 13 | 15 |
| 40 | Kasagam | 25/8/6/36 | 70 | 35 | 35 |

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES—*contd.*

Circle : HAYULIANG

| Sl. No. | Name of villages | Location Code | Population | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Persons | Males | Females |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 41 | Katong | 25/8/6/79 | 25 | 11 | 14 |
| 42 | Khadugam | 25/8/6/27 | 23 | 11 | 12 |
| 43 | Khamblenglat | 25/8/6/110 | 149 | 77 | 72 |
| 44 | Khamong | 25/8/6/73 | 21 | 10 | 11 |
| 45 | Khetong | 25/8/6/68 | 25 | 12 | 13 |
| 46 | Khewa | 25/8/6/111 | 13 | 5 | 8 |
| 47 | Khrat | 25/8/6/64 | 16 | 9 | 7 |
| 48 | Khuiliang | 25/8/6/92 | 120 | 70 | 50 |
| 49 | Khumgum | 25/8/6/22 | 23 | 9 | 14 |
| 50 | Kibom | 25/8/6/108 | 6 | 1 | 5 |
| 51 | Klamdi | 25/8/6/30 | 35 | 18 | 17 |
| 52 | Kongra | 25/8/6/32 | 29 | 14 | 15 |
| 53 | Krampa | 25/8/6/84 | 40 | 21 | 19 |
| 54 | Krosam | 25/8/6/91 | 47 | 21 | 26 |
| 55 | Kumbo | 25/8/6/86 | 43 | 23 | 20 |
| 56 | Kundong | 25/8/6/93 | 34 | 16 | 18 |
| 57 | Lamaliang | 25/8/6/105 | 50 | 26 | 24 |
| 58 | Loiliang | 25/8/6/72 | 86 | 42 | 44 |
| 59 | Longjong | 25/8/6/49 | 20 | 8 | 12 |
| 60 | Malogam | 25/8/6/2 | 29 | 14 | 15 |
| 61 | Manghal | 22/8/6/81 | 79 | 43 | 36 |
| 62 | Mangom | 25/8/6/70 | 93 | 41 | 52 |
| 63 | Manjuliang | 25/8/6/61 | 167 | 85 | 82 |
| 64 | Manjunglat-I | 25/8/6/59 | 45 | 19 | 26 |
| 65 | Manyugam | 25/8/6/14 | 10 | 4 | 6 |
| 66 | Matiliang | 25/8/6/12 | 53 | 20 | 33 |
| 67 | Mele | 25/8/6/94 | 27 | 12 | 15 |
| 68 | Miket | 25/8/6/43 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 69 | Mishitong | 25/8/6/42 | 22 | 10 | 12 |
| 70 | Mohikong | 25/8/6/98 | 92 | 46 | 46 |
| 71 | Mohugam | 25/8/6/97 | 10 | 5 | 5 |
| 72 | Nara | 25/8/6/7 | 75 | 64 | 11 |
| 73 | Netong | 25/8/6/95 | 42 | 20 | 22 |
| 74 | Palang | 25/8/6/54 | 28 | 12 | 16 |
| 75 | Paluliang | 25/8/6/25 | 30 | 13 | 17 |
| 76 | Pangung | 25/8/6/53 | 116 | 48 | 68 |
| 77 | Paya | 25/8/6/4 | 57 | 26 | 31 |
| 78 | Phanglonglat | 25/8/6/77 | 111 | 59 | 52 |
| 79 | Pira | 25/8/6/47 | 16 | 7 | 9 |
| 80 | Pitong | 25/8/6/66 | 25 | 13 | 12 |
| 81 | Plongri | 25/8/6/44 | 2 | 1 | 1 |

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES—*concld.*

Circle : HAYULIANG

| Sl. No. | Name of Villages | Location Code | Population | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Persons | Males | Females |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 82 | Plonong | 25/8/6/46 | 42 | 22 | 20 |
| 83 | Plotong | 25/8/6/45 | 23 | 12 | 11 |
| 84 | Random | 25/8/6/63 | 41 | 20 | 21 |
| 85 | Reygom | 25/8/6/107 | 52 | 24 | 28 |
| 86 | Samphai | 25/8/6/21 | 28 | 15 | 13 |
| 87 | Siet | 25/8/6/69 | 24 | 13 | 11 |
| 88 | Singragam | 25/8/6/16 | 13 | 7 | 6 |
| 89 | Songung | 25/8/6/71 | 67 | 36 | 31 |
| 90 | Suplang | 25/8/6/39 | 54 | 26 | 28 |
| 91 | Taboka | 25/8/6/23 | 18 | 7 | 11 |
| 92 | Tadumna | 25/8/6/104 | 11 | 5 | 6 |
| 93 | Tafraliang | 25/8/6/9 | 119 | 60 | 59 |
| 94 | Tahogam | 25/8/6/11 | 49 | 21 | 28 |
| 95 | Taikonung | 25/8/6/99 | 14 | 11 | 3 |
| 96 | Tailiang | 25/8/6/17 | 29 | 13 | 16 |
| 97 | Takaliang | 25/8/6/3 | 39 | 14 | 25 |
| 98 | Takromna | 25/8/6/28 | 37 | 19 | 18 |
| 99 | Taomtong | 25/8/6/96 | 16 | 11 | 5 |
| 100 | Tawaikonung | 25/8/6/100 | 48 | 26 | 22 |
| 101 | Tehuliang | 25/8/6/40 | 97 | 46 | 51 |
| 102 | Tele | 25/8/6/106 | 6 | 4 | 2 |
| 103 | Thung | 25/8/6/76 | 32 | 14 | 18 |
| 104 | Tilla | 25/8/6/62 | 29 | 11 | 18 |
| 105 | Tlang | 25/8/6/34 | 28 | 10 | 18 |
| 106 | Toloiliang | 25/8/6/26 | 23 | 16 | 7 |
| 107 | Towa | 25/8/6/58 | 40 | 21 | 19 |
| 108 | Towangung | 25/8/6/87 | 30 | 13 | 17 |
| 109 | Tumna | 25/8/6/33 | 143 | 74 | 69 |
| 110 | Yatong-II | 25/8/6/38 | 18 | 9 | 9 |
| 111 | Yatong Camp-I | 25/8/6/52 | 116 | 88 | 28 |
| 112 | Zung | 25/8/6/88 | 28 | 12 | 16 |

*Amenities and*

## Circle : HAYULIANG

| Location Code No. | Name of village | Total area of the village (in hectares) | Total Population and number of households | Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 Kms., 5—10 Kms. and 10+Kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given) | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Educational | Medical | Drinking Water (Potable) | Post and Telegraph | Day or days of the market/ hat if any | Communications (Bus stop railway station, waterway) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 25/8/6/1 | Dangling (Dilang) | N.A. | 30 (8) | P | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/6/2 | Malogam (Malagam) | N.A. | 29 (5) | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Ims.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/3 | Takaliang | N.A. | 39 (7) | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/4 | Paya (Tayub) | N.A. | 57 (7) | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/6/5 | Chiliang (Chilliang) | N.A. | 32 (6) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms) | —(—5Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/6 | Chirrang (Chirang) | N.A. | 43 (4) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/6/7 | Nara | N.A. | 75 (9) | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) | R | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/6/8 | Amliang | N.A. | 181 (26) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) | R | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | BS |
| 25/8/6/9 | Tafraliang | N.A. | 119 (22) | P | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/10 | Chunga | N.A. | 24 (5) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/11 | Tahogam | N.A. | 49 (6) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/12 | Matilling (Maleliang) | N.A. | 53 (6) | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/13 | Adomna | N.A. | 77 (11) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) | T | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/14 | Manyugam (Mahuigam) | N.A. | 10 (2) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms) | T | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/15 | Kabragam | N.A. | 12 (3) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) | C | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/16 | Singragam | N.A. | 13 (1) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) | C | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/17 | Tailiang (Toiliang) | N.A. | 29 (3) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) | T | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/18 | Chikeri | N.A. | 23 (3) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms.). | C | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/19 | Chameliang | N.A. | 31 (6) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) | R | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/20 | Hayugam (Hayum) | N.A. | 36 (3) | —(5—10Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) | N | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/21 | Samphai | N.A. | 28 (4) | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/22 | Khumgum | N.A. | 23 (3) | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/23 | Taboka | N.A. | 18 (4) | P | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/24 | Barafu (Barfu) | N.A. | 31 (5) | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/25 | Paluliang | N.A. | 30 (3) | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/26 | Tololiang | N.A. | 23 (4) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | C | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/27 | Khadugam | N.A. | 23 (3) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/28 | Takromna | N.A. | 37 (6) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/29 | Chamemna | N.A. | 38 (7) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/30 | Klamdi | N.A. | 35 (5) | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/31 | Kambu (Kumbo) | N.A. | 39 (7) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) | N | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/32 | Kongra | N.A. | 29 (6) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) | N | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10Kms) |
| 25/8/6/33 | Tumna | N.A. | 143 (26) | P | —(5—10Kms.) | C | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/34 | Tlang | N.A. | 28 (4) | —(5—10Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | C | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/35 | Blom | N.A. | 33 (5) | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/36 | Kasagam (Kasigam) | N.A. | 70 (11) | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/37 | Kaning | N.A. | 44 (3) | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | N | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/38 | Yatong-II | N.A. | 18 (2) | P, M | D | C | PO | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/39 | Snplang | N.A. | 54 (5) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) | R | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/40 | Tehuliang | N.A. | 97 (16) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) | R | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/41 | Cheretong | N.A. | 31 (6) | —(5—10Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) | C | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |

# DIRECTORY

## *Land use*

| Approach to village | Nearest town & distance (in Km.) | Power supply | Staple food | Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places) | | | | Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation | Main crops under jhum cultivation | Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Forest | Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source) | Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated | Area under Jhum cultivation | | | |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| PR | Tezu, (66) | .. | Rice, Maize, Kodo | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Kodo | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (72) | .. | Rice, Maize, Kodo | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (70) | .. | Kodo, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Yeats | Kodo, Maize | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (71) | .. | Jowar, Wheat, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Jowar, Wheat, Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (77) | .. | Maize, Wheat, Jowar | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A | 2—5 Years | Jowar, Wheat, Maize | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (83) | .. | Rice, Jowar, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Jowar, Potato | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (95) | .. | Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Potato | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (91) | .. | Rice, Maize, Kodo | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Paddy, Kodo | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (98) | .. | Rice, Maize, Kodo | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Paddy, Kodo | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (100) | .. | Rice, Maize, Kodo | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Kodo | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (107) | .. | Rice, Maize, Kodo | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Kodo | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (110) | .. | Rice, Kodo | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Kodo | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (105) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (103) | .. | Maize, Millet, Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (101) | .. | Maize, Millet, Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (101) | .. | Maize, Millet, Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (101) | .. | Maize, Millet, Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.R. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (102) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (104) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu,(106) | .. | Millet, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (109) | .. | Maize, Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (109) | .. | Maize, Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (109) | .. | Maize, Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (109) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (109) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (118) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (111) | .. | Millet, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (112) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (110) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (113) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Kodo | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (106) | .. | Maize, Kodo | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Kodo | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (107) | .. | Maize, Millet, Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Millet, Maize, Pea | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (108) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Potato, Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (106) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (110) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Kodo | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (102) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Kodo | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (110) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Kodo, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (118) | .. | Maize, Kodo | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Kodo, Arum | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (111) | .. | Rice, Maize, Kodo | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Chilli, Kodo, Arum, Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (120) | .. | Maize, Millet, Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (124) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Paddy, Millet | .. |

## Circle : HAYULIANG

| Location Code No. | Name of village | Total area of the village (in hectares) | Total population and number of households | Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5Kms., 5—10Kms. and 10+Kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given) | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Educational | Medical | Drinking water (Potable) | Post and Telegraph | Day or days of the market/hat, if any | Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 25/8/6/42 | Mishitong (Mesitong) | N.A. | 22 (3) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/43 | Miket | N.A. | 2 (1) | —(5—10Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) | N | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/44 | Plongri | N.A. | 2 (1) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) | R | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/45 | Plotong (Ploting) | N.A. | 23 (3) | —(5—10Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) | C | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/46 | Plonong | N.A. | 42 (6) | —(5—10Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) | R | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/47 | Pira | N.A. | 16 (1) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/48 | Chowailiang | N.A. | 37 (6) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/49 | Longjong (Longjong) | N.A. | 20 (2) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/50 | Eliang | N.A. | 13 (2) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/51 | Gab | N.A. | 64 (13) | —(5—10 Kms). | —(5—10 Kms.) | C | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/52 | Yatong Camp-I | N.A. | 116 (19) | P. M | D | R | PO | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/53 | Pangung (Pongung) | N.A. | 116 (16) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) | R | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/54 | Palang (Dalang) | N.A. | 28 (5) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/55 | Hawailiang (Howailiang) | N.A. | 16 (5) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/56 | Holongong | N.A. | 34 (7) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/57 | Griliang | N.A. | 5 (1) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/58 | Towa | N.A. | 40 (7) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/59 | Manjunglat-I (Manujglat) | N.A. | 45 (4) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/60 | Hutong | N.A. | 66 (9) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/61 | Manjuliang (Mangjuliang) | N.A. | 167 (30) | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/62 | Tilla (Tila) | N.A. | 29 (6) | P | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/63 | Random (Rendom) | N.A. | 41 (11) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/64 | Khrat | N.A. | 16 (3) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/65 | Hayum (Hayam) | N.A. | 30 (8) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/66 | Pitong (Petong) | N.A. | 25 (4) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | F | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/67 | Hamatong (Hamatang) | N.A. | 45 (7) | —(10+Kms.) | —10+Kms.) | F | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/68 | Khetong | N.A. | 25 (4) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/69 | Siet | N.A. | 24 (2) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/70 | (Mangom (Mangung) | N.A. | 93 (10) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/71 | Songung (Sangang) | N.A. | 67 (8) | —(5—10kms) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/72 | Loiliang | N.A. | 86 (10) | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/73 | Khamong | N.A. | 21 (2) | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/74 | Chambab | N.A. | 65 (12) | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kjs.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/75 | Kanji | N.A. | 28 (6) | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/76 | Thung | N.A. | 32 (4) | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/77 | Phanglonglat | N.A. | 111(18) | —(—5Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |

# DIRECTORY

## *Land use*

| Approach to village | Nearest town & distance (in Km.) | Power supply | Staple food | Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places) | | | | Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation | Main crops under Jhum cultivation | Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Forest | Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source) | Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated | Area under Jhum cultivation | | | |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| FP | Tezu, (123) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (127) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (123) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (126) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Sweet potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (125) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (136) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (138) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (141) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Paddy | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (142) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (129) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Paddy | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (123) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (124) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (126) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (127) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (130) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (131) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (132) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (140) | .. | Rice, Arum | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy Maize Millet | |
| FP | Tezu, (137) | .. | Maize, Millet, Arum | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Arum | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (135) | .. | Maize, Millet, Arum | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Arum, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (134) | .. | Maize, Arum, Sweet Potato | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Kodo, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (130) | .. | Rice, Arum, Kodo | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Kodo | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (140) | .. | Rice, Maize, Arum | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Arum | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (142) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (145) | .. | Rice, Maize, Sweet Potato | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (150) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (143) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (145) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Arum | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (148) | .. | Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (142) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | NA. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (139) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (137) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Year | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (135) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (132) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (128) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (125) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (123) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |

Circle : HAYULIANG

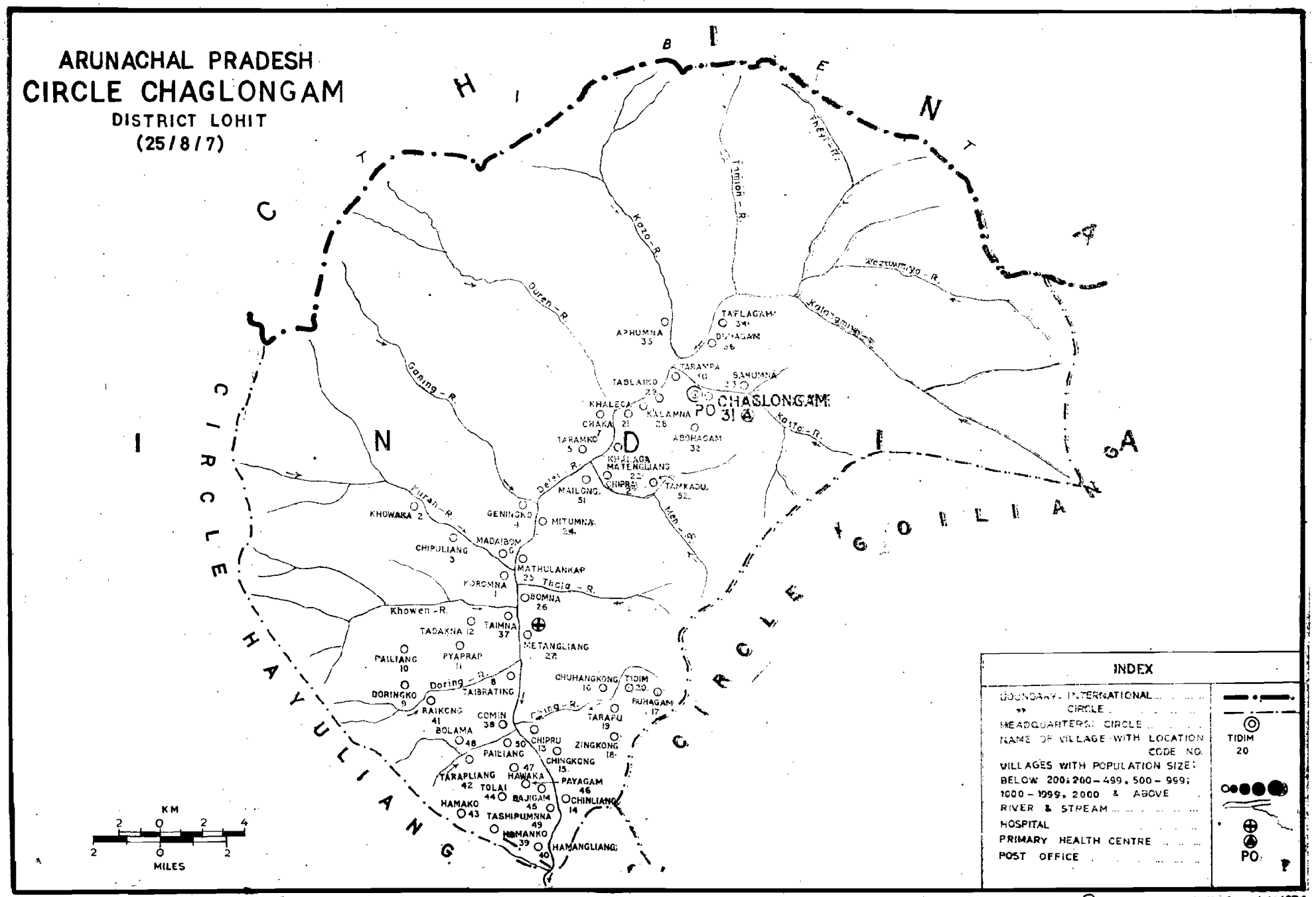
| Location Code No. | Name of village | Total area of the village (in hectares) | Total population and number of households | Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 Kms., 5—10Kms. and 10+Kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given) | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Educational | Medical | Drinking water (Potable) | Post and Telegraph | Day or days of the market/hat, if any | Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 25/8/6/78 | Grilliang-II | N.A. | 21 (3) | —(—5Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/79 | Katong | N.A. | 25 (3) | —(—5Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/80 | Kambiang (Kambing) | N.A. | 46 (7) | —(—5Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/81 | Manghal (Manchal) | N.A. | 79 (14) | P, AC | CHW | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/82 | Hul | N.A. | 15 (2) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/83 | Ekaliang (Ekailiang) | N.A. | 38 (7) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/84 | Krampa (Krempa) | N.A. | 40 (9) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/85 | Chotong | N.A. | 64 (10) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/86 | Kumbo | N.A. | 43 (6) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/87 | Towangung (Towong) | N.A. | 30 (6) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/88 | Zung (Zong) | N.A. | 28 (6) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/89 | Chilang (Chilliang) | N.A. | 52 (10) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/90 | Chikruliang (Chikrongliang) | N.A. | 31 (6) | —(10+Kms) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 26/8/6/91 | Krosam (Krusam) | N.A. | 47 (9) | —(5—Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/92 | Khuiliang (Khuliang) | N.A. | 120 (20) | P | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/93 | Kundong | N.A. | 34 (8) | —(5—Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/94 | Mele | N.A. | 27 (4) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/95 | Netong (Nethong) | N.A. | 42 (7) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/96 | Taomtong (Tomtong) | N.A. | 16 (3) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/97 | Mohugam (Mahuigam) | N.A. | 10 (1) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/98 | Mohikong (Mahikong) | N.A. | 92 (14) | —(5—Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/99 | Taikonung | N.A. | 14 (2) | P | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/100 | Tawaikonung (Tawaikonung) | N.A. | 48 (5) | —(5—Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/101 | Chingliang (Changaliang) | N.A. | 41 (8) | —(5—Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/102 | Huiliang (Howliang) | N.A. | 71 (10) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/103 | Japaliang (Zapaliang) | N.A. | 69 (8) | P | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/104 | Tadumna (Taduglat) | N.A. | 11 (1) | —(5—Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/105 | Lamaliang | N.A. | 50 (5) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/106 | Tele | N.A. | 6 (1) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/107 | Reygom (Reyoum) | N.A | 52 (4) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/108 | Kibom (Kinbom) | N.A. | 6 (1) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/109 | Dowamna | N.A. | 29 (3) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/110 | Khambhenglaet | N.A. | 149 (29) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/111 | Khewa | N.A. | 13 (2) | —(5—Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/6/112 | Hayuliang H.Q. | N.A. | 1,892 (277) | P, M. H | H | T | P O | Daily Market | BS |
| | **Total :** | **6,797 (1,045)** | **P(12) M(3) H(1) AC(1), D(2) H(1) CHD (1)** | | | | | | |

# DIRECTORY

## *Land use*

| Approach to village | Nearest town & distance (in Km.) | Power supply | Staple food | Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places) | | | | Period of rotation of land tunder Jhum cultivation | Main crops under Jhum cultivation | Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Forest | Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source) | Dry rice cultivation or unirrigated | Area under Jhum cultivation | | | |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| FP | Tezu, (123) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (124) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (119) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (118) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (124) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (134) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (131) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (136) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet Sweet Patotto | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (132) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (135) | .. | Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (129) | .. | Maize, Millet, Kochu | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (127) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (126) | .. | Maize, Millet, Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (123) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (121) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (124) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (109) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (109) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Sweet Potato | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (111) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (105) | .. | Maize, Millet, Kodo | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Kodo, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (100) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (102) | .. | Kodo, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (104) | .. | Kodo, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | NA. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Kodo, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (108) | .. | Kodo, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Kodo, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (108) | .. | Kodo, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Kodo, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (95) | .. | Kodo, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Kodo, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (101) | .. | Kodo, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Kodo, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (97) | .. | Kodo, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | NA. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Kodo, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (100) | .. | Kodo, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Kodo, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (98) | .. | Kodo, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Kodo, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (104) | .. | Kodo, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Kodo, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (107) | .. | Kodo, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Kodo, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (127) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (127) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| PR | Tezu, (100) | ED | Rice, Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |

# ARUNACHAL PRADESH
# CIRCLE CHAGLONGAM
## DISTRICT LOHIT
## (25/8/7)




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## ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Circle : CHAGLONGAM

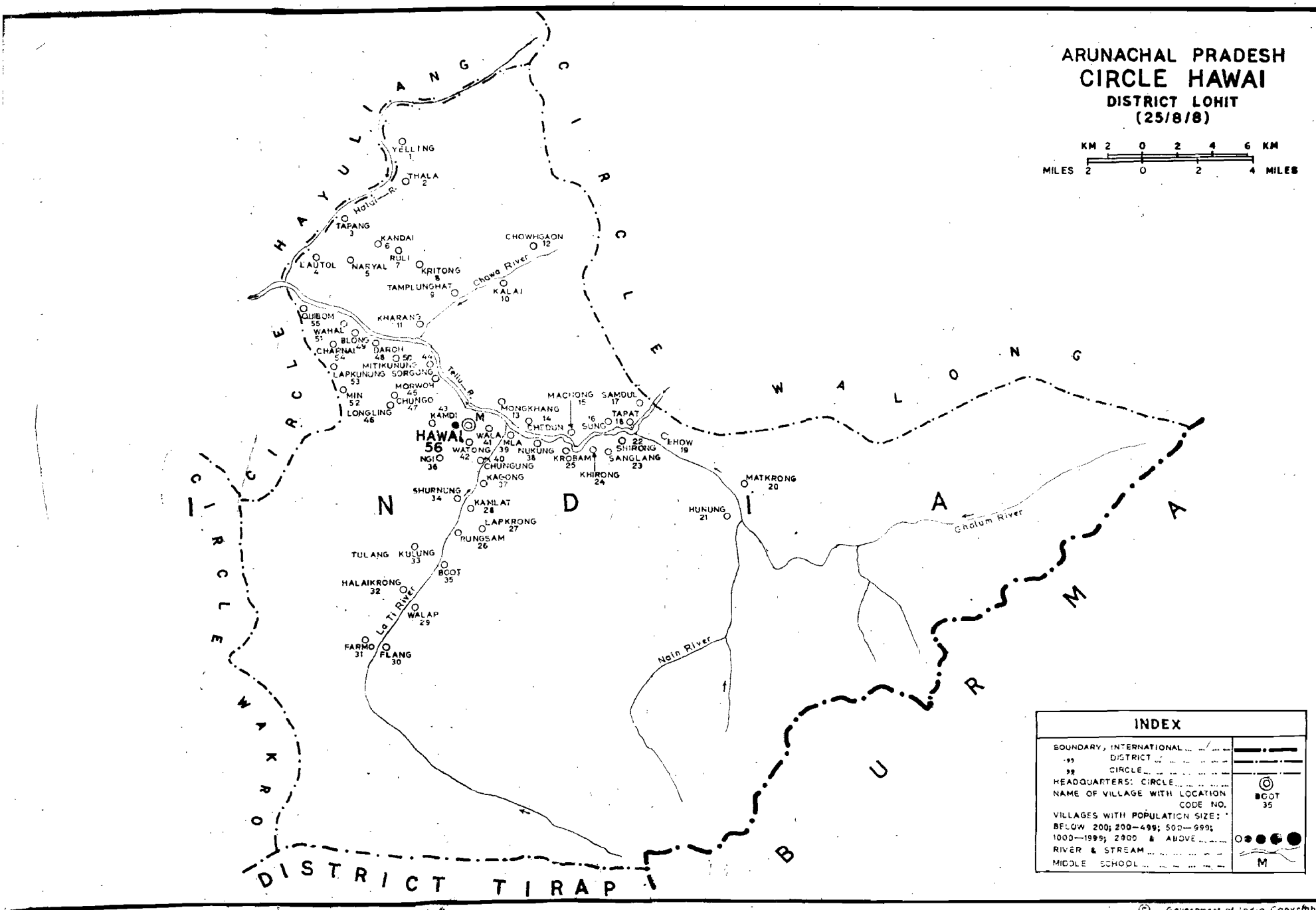
| Sl. No. | Name of villages | Location Code | Population | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Persons | Males | Females |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 1 | Abohagam | 25/8/7/32 | 40 | 19 | 21 |
| 2 | Aphumna | 25/8/7/35 | 67 | 30 | 37 |
| 3 | Bajigam | 25/8/7/45 | 38 | 18 | 20 |
| 4 | Bolama | 25/8/7/48 | 10 | 6 | 4 |
| 5 | Bomna | 25/8/7/26 | 45 | 26 | 19 |
| 6 | Chaglongam H.Q. | 25/8/7/31 | 170 | 117 | 53 |
| 7 | Chaka | 25/8/7/7 | 61 | 33 | 28 |
| 8 | Chingkong | 25/8/7/15 | 29 | 15 | 14 |
| 9 | Chinliang | 25/8/7/14 | 8 | 5 | 3 |
| 10 | Chipra | 25/8/7/23 | 22 | 10 | 12 |
| 11 | Chipru | 25/8/7/13 | 40 | 21 | 19 |
| 12 | Chipuliang | 25/8/7/3 | 42 | 24 | 18 |
| 13 | Chuhangkong | 25/8/7/16 | 30 | 14 | 16 |
| 14 | Doringko | 25/8/7/9 | 79 | 50 | 29 |
| 15 | Duhagam | 25/8/7/36 | 6 | 3 | 3 |
| 16 | Geningko | 25/8/7/4 | 29 | 12 | 17 |
| 17 | Gomin | 25/8/7/38 | 70 | 34 | 36 |
| 18 | Hamako | 25/8/7/43 | 29 | 13 | 16 |
| 19 | Hamangliang | 25/8/7/40 | 33 | 15 | 18 |
| 20 | Hamanko | 25/8/7/39 | 13 | 8 | 5 |
| 21 | Hawaka | 25/8/7/47 | 23 | 13 | 10 |
| 22 | Kalamna | 25/8/7/28 | 16 | 8 | 8 |
| 23 | Khalega | 25/8/7/21 | 22 | 13 | 9 |
| 24 | Khalega Matengliang | 25/8/7/22 | 44 | 19 | 25 |
| 25 | Khowaka | 25/8/7/2 | 56 | 31 | 25 |
| 26 | Koromna | 25/8/7/1 | 178 | 84 | 94 |
| 27 | Madaibom | 25/8/7/6 | 9 | 3 | 6 |
| 28 | Mailong | 25/8/7/51 | 33 | 15 | 18 |
| 29 | Metangliang | 25/8/7/27 | 137 | 72 | 65 |
| 30 | Methulankap | 25/8/7/25 | 24 | 11 | 13 |
| 31 | Mitumna | 25/8/7/24 | 49 | 30 | 19 |
| 32 | Pailiang | 25/8/7/10 | 50 | 31 | 19 |
| 33 | Payagam | 25/8/7/46 | 45 | 18 | 27 |
| 34 | Puhagam | 25/8/7/17 | 9 | 5 | 4 |
| 35 | Pyaprap | 25/8/7/11 | 32 | 20 | 12 |
| 36 | Raikong | 25/8/7/41 | 34 | 14 | 20 |
| 37 | Railiang | 25/8/7/50 | 33 | 15 | 18 |
| 38 | Sakumna | 25/8/7/33 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| 39 | Tablaiko | 25/8/7/29 | 34 | 16 | 18 |
| 40 | Tadakna | 25/8/7/12 | 19 | 11 | 8 |
| 41 | Taflagam | 25/8/7/34 | 182 | 93 | 89 |
| 42 | Taibrating | 25/8/7/8 | 58 | 31 | 27 |
| 43 | Taimna | 25/8/7/37 | 59 | 27 | 32 |
| 44 | Tamkadu | 25/8/7/52 | 53 | 23 | 30 |
| 45 | Taramko | 25/8/7/5 | 9 | 5 | 4 |
| 46 | Tarampa | 25/8/7/30 | 40 | 16 | 24 |
| 47 | Tarapliang | 25/8/7/42 | 28 | 13 | 15 |
| 48 | Tarapu | 25/8/7/19 | 13 | 5 | 8 |
| 49 | Tashipumna | 25/8/7/49 | 47 | 22 | 25 |
| 50 | Tidim | 25/8/7/20 | 11 | 6 | 5 |
| 51 | Tolai | 25/8/7/44 | 31 | 13 | 18 |
| 52 | Zingkong | 25/8/7/18 | 6 | 2 | 4 |

## Circle : CHAGLONGAM

| Location Code No. | Name of village | Total area of the village (in hectares) | Total population and number of households | Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the disatance in broad ranges viz.—5 Kms., 5—10Kms. and 10+Kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given) | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Educational | Medical | Drinking water (Potable) | Post and Telegraph | Day or days of the market/hat, if any | Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 25/8/7/1 | Koromna (Karamana) | N.A. | 178 (24) | P | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/2 | Khowaka | N.A. | 56 (7) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/3 | Chipuliang (Chipailiang) | N.A. | 42 (7) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/4 | Geningko (Goningko) | N.A. | 29 (4) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/5 | Taramko (Tarampong) | N.A. | 9 (1) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/6 | Madaibom | N.A. | 9 (1) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | 2 | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/7 | Chaka (Chakka) | N.A. | 61 (7) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/8 | Taibrating (Tabratiang) | N.A. | 58 (7) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/9 | Doringko | N.A. | 79 (13) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/10 | Pailiang | N.A. | 50 (6) | P | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/11 | Pyaprap (Payapar) | N.A. | 32 (5) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/12 | Tadakna | N.A. | 19 (4) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.. | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/13 | Chipru | N.A. | 40 (11) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/14 | Chinliang | N.A. | 8 (1) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/15 | Chingkong (Chingkon) | N.A. | 29 (5) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/16 | Chuhangkong (Chuhakon) | N.A. | 30 (6) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/17 | Puhagam (Buagam) | N.A. | 9 (2) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/18 | Zingkong | N.A. | 6 (1) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/19 | Tarapu | N.A. | 13 (3) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/20 | Tidim (Tidem) | N.A. | 11 (3) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Fms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/21 | Khalega | N.A. | 22 (4) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/22 | Khalegamatengliang (Khalegametaliang) | N.A. | 44 (8) | —(5—10Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) | T | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/23 | Chipra | N.A. | 22 (3) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/24 | Nitumna (Netunma) | N.A. | 49 (11) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | S | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/25 | Methulankap | N.A. | 24 (4) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/26 | Bomna | N.A. | 45 (8) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/27 | Metangliang (Matengliang) | N.A. | 137 (39) | P | HC | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/28 | Kalamna | N.A. | 16 (5) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/29 | Tablaiko | N.A. | 34 (6) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/30 | Tarampa | N.A. | 40 (11) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | S | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/31 | Chaglongam H.Q. | N.A. | 170 (55) | P | HC | S | PO | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/32 | Abohagam | N.A. | 40 (8) | —(—5Kms.) | —(—5Kms.) | S | —(—5Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/33 | Sakumna (Sailumna) | N.A. | 6 (1) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | S | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/34 | Taflagam | N.A. | 182 (42) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/35 | Aphumna | NA.. | 67 (13) | —(5—10Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/36 | Duhagam (Duagam) | N.A. | 6 (1) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) | S | —(5—10Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/37 | Taimna (Tayamna) | N.A. | 59 (8) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/38 | Gomin | N.A. | 70 (17) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/39 | Hamankong (Hamangkong) | N.A. | 13 (3) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/40 | Hamangliang | N.A. | 33 (6) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/41 | Raikong (Raikon) | N.A. | 34 (7) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/42 | Tarapliang (Tarabliang) | N.A. | 28 (7) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/43 | Hamako (Habaka) | N.A. | 29 (4) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/44 | Tolai | N.A. | 31 (3) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10Kms.) | S | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 24/8/7/45 | Bajigam | N.A. | 38 (7) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/46 | Payagam | N.A. | 45 (10) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/47 | Hawaka (Huaka) | N.A. | 23 (6) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/48 | Bolama | N.A. | 10 (2) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/49 | Teshipumna (Teshipumna) | N.A. | 47 (11) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/50 | Railiang | N.A. | 33 (7) | P | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/51 | Mailong (Mailiang) | N.A. | 33 (9) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/7/52 | Tamkadu | N.A. | 53 (8) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| | **Total :** | | **2,251 (452)** | **P(5)** | **HC (2)** | | | | |

| Staple food | Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places) | | | | Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation | Main crops under Jhum cultivation | Remarks including any place of religious historical or archaeological interest |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Forest | Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source) | Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated | Area under Jhum cultivation | | | |
| 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| Maize, Rice, Millet. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet, Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Paddy | .. |
| Maize, Rice, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Paddy, Wheat | .. |
| Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Paddy | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Paddy | .. |
| Millet, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet, Rice | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Paddy, Millet | .. |
| Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Paddy, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Milet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | NA.. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Paddy | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize Millet, Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N,A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Wheat | .. |
| Maize, Millet, Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Wheat | .. |
| Maize, Millet, Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Wheat | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet, | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Paddy | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maioe, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| Maize, Millet | N,A | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |

# ARUNACHAL PRADESH
# CIRCLE HAWAI
## DISTRICT LOHIT
## (25/8/8)




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## ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Circle : HAWAI

| Sl. No. | Name of villages | Location Code | Population | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Persons | Males | Females |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 1 | Bhow | 25/8/8/19 | 62 | 34 | 28 |
| 2 | Blong | 25/8/8/49 | 94 | 46 | 48 |
| 3 | Boot | 25/8/8/35 | 8 | 4 | 4 |
| 4 | Charnai | 25/8/8/54 | 89 | 53 | 36 |
| 5 | Chedun | 25/8/8/14 | 53 | 23 | 30 |
| 6 | Chowhgaon | 25/8/8/12 | 22 | 10 | 12 |
| 7 | Chungo | 25/8/8/47 | 66 | 34 | 32 |
| 8 | Chungung | 25/8/8/40 | 86 | 39 | 47 |
| 9 | Daroh | 25/8/8/48 | 12 | 7 | 5 |
| 10 | Farmo | 25/8/8/31 | 14 | 6 | 8 |
| 11 | Flang | 25/8/8/30 | 20 | 12 | 8 |
| 12 | Halaikrong | 25/8/8/32 | 65 | 34 | 31 |
| 13 | Hawai H.Q. | 25/8/8/56 | 238 | 180 | 58 |
| 14 | Hunung | 25/8/8/21 | 29 | 17 | 12 |
| 15 | Kagong | 25/8/8/37 | 16 | 7 | 9 |
| 16 | Kalai | 25/8/8/10 | 88 | 40 | 48 |
| 17 | Kamdi | 25/8/8/43 | 51 | 26 | 25 |
| 18 | Kamlat | 25/8/8/28 | 35 | 21 | 14 |
| 19 | Kandai | 25/8/8/6 | 116 | 51 | 65 |
| 20 | Kharang | 25/8/8/11 | 9 | 8 | 1 |
| 21 | Khirong | 25/8/8/24 | 43 | 21 | 22 |
| 22 | Kritong | 25/8/8/8 | 54 | 22 | 32 |
| 23 | Krobam | 25/8/8/25 | 21 | 12 | 9 |
| 24 | Lapkrong | 25/8/8/27 | 12 | 5 | 7 |
| 25 | Lapkunung | 25/8/8/53 | 37 | 25 | 12 |
| 26 | Lautol | 25/8/8/4 | 87 | 42 | 45 |
| 27 | Longliang | 25r8/8/46 | 82 | 41 | 41 |
| 28 | Machong | 25/8/8/15 | 20 | 12 | 8 |
| 29 | Matkrong | 25/8/8/20 | 11 | 8 | 3 |
| 30 | Min | 25/8/8/52 | 16 | 10 | 6 |
| 31 | Mitikunung | 25/8/8/50 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| 32 | Mla | 25/8/8/39 | 29 | 14 | 15 |
| 33 | Mongkhang | 25/8/8/13 | 40 | 23 | 17 |
| 34 | Morwoh | 25/8/8/45 | 65 | 36 | 29 |
| 35 | Naryal | 25/8/8/5 | 75 | 42 | 33 |
| 36 | Ngi | 25/8/8/36 | 120 | 51 | 69 |
| 37 | Nukung | 25/8/8/38 | 60 | 31 | 29 |
| 38 | Quibom | 25/8/8/55 | 58 | 30 | 28 |
| 39 | Ruli | 25/8/8/7 | 55 | 26 | 29 |
| 40 | Rungsam | 25/8/8/26 | 15 | 9 | 6 |
| 41 | Samdul | 25/8/8/17 | 25 | 13 | 12 |
| 42 | Sanglang | 25/8/8/23 | 28 | 14 | 14 |
| 43 | Shirong | 25/8/8/22 | 32 | 16 | 16 |
| 44 | Shurnung | 25/8/8/34 | 30 | 16 | 14 |
| 45 | Sorgong | 25/8/8/44 | 16 | 8 | 8 |
| 46 | Sung | 25/8/8/16 | 44 | 22 | 22 |
| 47 | Tamplunghat | 25/8/8/9 | 121 | 49 | 72 |
| 48 | Tapang | 25/8/8/3 | 73 | 40 | 33 |
| 49 | Tapat | 25/8/8/18 | 5 | 2 | 3 |
| 50 | Thala | 25/8/8/2 | 29 | 15 | 14 |
| 51 | Tulangkulung | 25/8/8/33 | 30 | 14 | 16 |
| 52 | Wahai | 25/8/8/51 | 84 | 45 | 39 |
| 53 | Wula | 25/8/8/41 | 117 | 53 | 64 |
| 54 | Walap | 25/8/8/29 | 6 | 4 | 2 |
| 55 | Watong | 25/8/8/42 | 150 | 78 | 72 |
| 56 | Yelling | 25/8/8/1 | 36 | 17 | 19 |

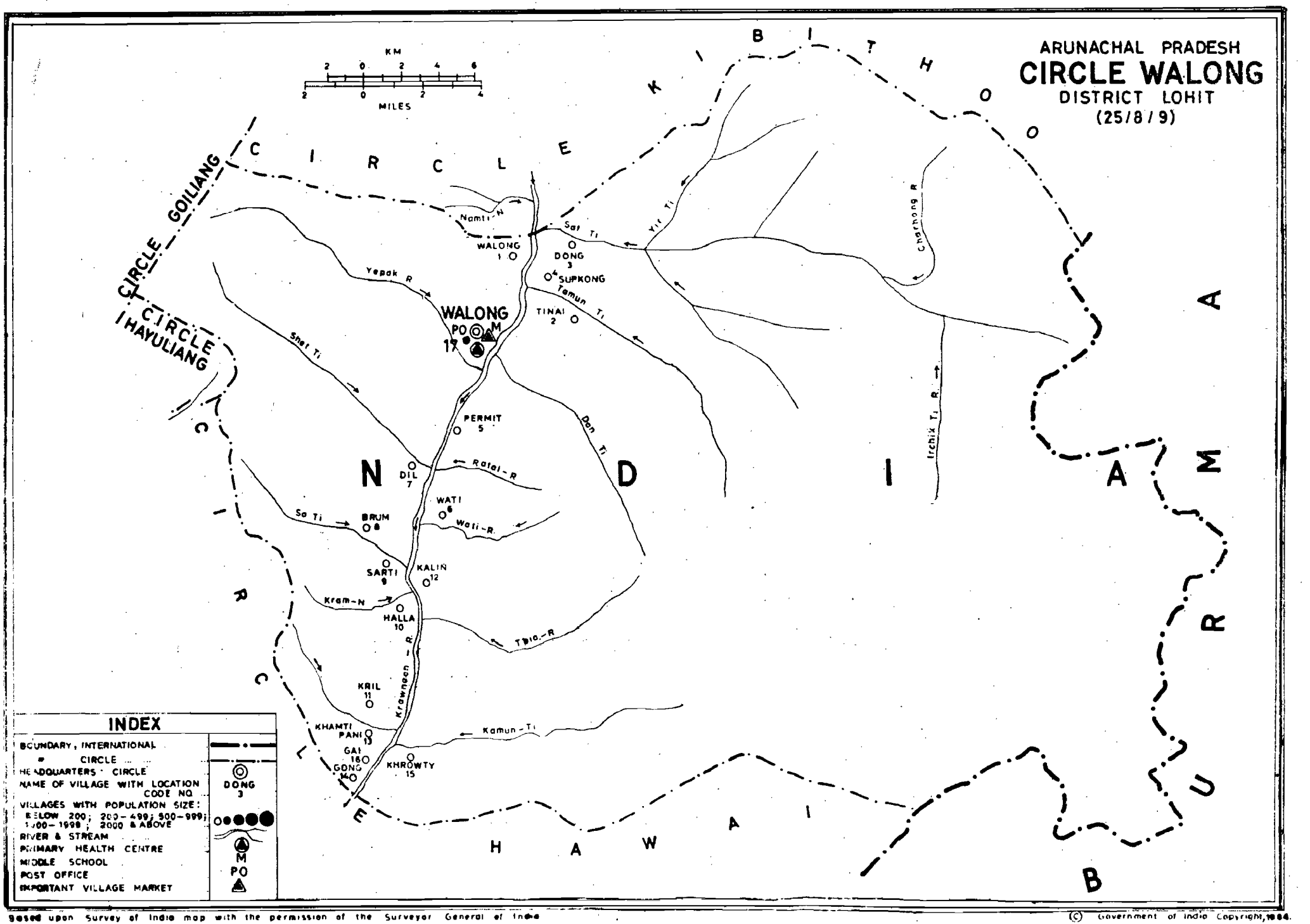
Circle : HAWAI

| Location Code No. | Name of village | Total area of the village (in hectares) | Total population and number of households | Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 Kms., 5—10 Kms. and 10+ Kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given) | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Educational | Medical | Drinking water (Potable) | Post and Telegraph | Day or days of the market/hat, if any | Communications (Bus stop railway station, waterway) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 25/8/8/1 | Yelling | N.A. | 36 (4) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/2 | Thala (Thela) | N.A. | 29 (3) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/3 | Tapang (Topang) | N.A. | 73 (13) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/4 | Lautol (Lontog) | N.A. | 87 (17) | P. | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/5 | Naryal (Narriyual) | N.A. | 75 (19) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/6 | Kandai | N.A. | 116 (19) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/7 | Ruli (Ruti) | N.A. | 55 (12) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/8 | Kritong | N.A. | 54 (11) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/9 | Tamplunghat (Tampluglat) | N.A. | 121 (25) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | F | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/10 | Kalai (Kallai) | N.A. | 88 (12) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | F | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/11 | Kharang | N.A. | 9 (5) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | F | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/12 | Chowhgaon (Chowkon) | N.A. | 22 (3) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | F | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/13 | Mongkhang (Mangkhung) | N.A. | 40 (8) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/14 | Chedun (Chedune) | N.A. | 53(11) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/15 | Machong (Mochong) | N.A. | 20 (5) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | F | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/16 | Sung | N.A. | 44 (10) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/17 | Samdul | N.A. | 25 (5) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | R | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/18 | Tapat | N.A. | 5 (1) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | R | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/19 | Bhow | N.A. | 62 (6) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/20 | Matkrong (Matkong) | N.A. | 11 (2) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/21 | Hunung | N.A. | 29 (5) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/22 | Shirong | N.A. | 32 (7) | P | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/23 | Sanglang | N.A. | 28 (3) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/24 | Khirong (Khiyong) | N.A. | 43 (6) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/25 | Krobam | N.A. | 21 (4) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/26 | Rungsam | N.A. | 15 (3) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/27 | Lapkrong | N.A. | 12 (2) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/28 | Kamlat (Kamblat) | N.A. | 35 (11) | P | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/29 | Walap | N.A. | 6 (1) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/30 | Flang | N.A. | 20 (4) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/31 | Farmo | N.A. | 14 (1) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/32 | Halaikrong | N.A. | 65 (8) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/33 | Tulangkulung (Tulangkunung) | N.A. | 30 (2) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | C | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/34 | Shurnung (Saurnung) | N.A. | 30 (7) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/35 | Boot | N.A. | 8 (2) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/36 | Ngi | N.A. | 120 (17) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | T | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/37 | Kagong | N.A. | 16 (5) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/38 | Nukung (Nuknong) | N.A. | 60 (12) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | C | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/39 | Mla | N.A. | 29 (6) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/40 | Chungung | N.A. | 86 (16) | —(—5 Kms.) | D | T | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/41 | Wala | N.A. | 117 (28) | AC | —(—5 Kms.) | T | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/42 | Watong | N.A. | 150 (30) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | T | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/43 | Kamdj | N.A. | 51 (11) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | T | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/44 | Sorgong (Sargong) | N.A. | 16 (4) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | C | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/45 | Morwoh (Marwoh) | N.A. | 65 (15) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | T | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/46 | Longling (Lonliang) | N.A. | 82 (23) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/47 | Chungo (Chounoyo) | N.A. | 66 (16) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/48 | Daroh (Parhoh) | N.A. | 12 (4) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/49 | Blong | N.A. | 94 (20) | P | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/50 | Mitikunung | N.A. | 4 (1) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/51 | Wahal | N.A. | 84 (17) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/52 | Min | N.A. | 16 (3) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | C | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/53 | Lapkunung | N.A. | 37 (7) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | C | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/54 | Charnai | N.A. | 89 (18) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/55 | Quibom | N.A. | 58 (6) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/8/56 | Hawai H.Q. | N.A. | 238 (71) | P, M | HC | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| | **Total** | | **2,903 (587)** | **P (5) M(1)** | **AC (2) D(1), HC (1)** | | | | |

# DIRECTORY

## *Land use*

| Approach to village | Nearest town & distance (in Km.) | Power supply | Staple food | Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places) | | | | Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation | Main crops under Jhum cultivation | Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archeaological interest |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Forest | Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source) | Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated | Area under Jhum cultivation | | | |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| FP | Tezu, (150) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (154) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (147) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (142) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (150) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (154) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (152) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (160) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (157) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (164) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (149) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (160) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (167) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (168) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (169) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (171) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (177) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (175) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (188) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (210) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (193) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (183) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (182.5) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (180) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (175) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (172) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (173) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (170) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (180) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (178) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (176) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (173) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (172) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (170) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (173) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (164) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (170.5) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (172) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (169.5) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (163.5) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (162.5) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (162.5) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (161.5) | .. | Rice, Maize | NA. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (160) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (162) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (163) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (158) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (155) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (152) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (150) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (146) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (135) | .. | Rice Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (138) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (142) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (140) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (160) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |




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## ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Circle : WALONG

| Sl. No. | Name of villages | Location Code | Population | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Persons | Males | Females |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 1 | Brum | 25/8/9/8 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| 2 | Dil | 25/8/9/7 | 13 | 10 | 3 |
| 3 | Dong | 25/8/9/3 | 10 | 5 | 5 |
| 4 | Gai | 25/8/9/16 | 14 | 8 | 6 |
| 5 | Gong | 25/8/9/14 | 19 | 11 | 8 |
| 6 | Halla | 25/8/9/10 | 67 | 32 | 35 |
| 7 | Kalin | 25/8/9/12 | 34 | 16 | 18 |
| 8 | Khamti Pani | 25/8/9/13 | 16 | 7 | 9 |
| 9 | Khrowty | 25/8/9/15 | 9 | 7 | 2 |
| 10 | Kril | 25/8/9/11 | 23 | 16 | 7 |
| 11 | Permit | 25/8/9/5 | 12 | 4 | 8 |
| 12 | Sarti | 25/8/9/9 | 65 | 30 | 35 |
| 13 | Supkong | 25/8/9/4 | 8 | 4 | 4 |
| 14 | Tinai | 25/8/9/2 | 55 | 30 | 25 |
| 15 | Walong | 25/8/9/1 | 55 | 30 | 25 |
| 16 | Walong H.Q. | 25/8/9/17 | 360 | 255 | 105 |
| 17 | Wati | 25/8/9/6 | 49 | 22 | 27 |

## Circle : WALONG

| Location Code No. | Name of village | Total area of the village (in hectares) | Total population and number of households | Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz. —5 Kms., 5—10 Kms. and 10+ Kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given) | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Educational | Medical | Drinking water (Potable) | Post and Telegraph | Day or days of the market/hat, if any | Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 25/8/9/1 | Walong | N.A. | 55 (6) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | C | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/9/2 | Tenai (Tinai) | N.A. | 55 (5) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | T | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/9/3 | Dong | N.A. | 10 (2) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | R | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/9/4 | Supkong (Sapkung) | N.A. | 8 (1) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | R | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/9/5 | Permit | N.A. | 12 (1) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | C | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/9/6 | Wati (Warti) | N.A. | 49 (4) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | R | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/9/7 | Dil | N.A. | 13 (3) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | C | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/9/8 | Brum | N.A. | 4 (1) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | C | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/9/9 | Sarti | N.A. | 65 (6) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/9/10 | Halla | N.A. | 67 (8) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/9/11 | Kril | N.A. | 23 (3) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | F | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/9/12 | Kalin | N.A. | 34 (4) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/9/13 | Khamtipani | N.A. | 16 (2) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | F | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/9/14 | Gong | N.A. | 19 (6) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | C | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/9/15 | Khrowty (Khrawty) | N.A. | 9 (1) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | F | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/9/16 | Gai | N.A. | 14 (1) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | T | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) | —(10+ Kms.) |
| 25/8/9/17 | Walong H.Q. | N.A. | 360 (94) | P,M | PHC | T | PO | Daily Market | —(10+ Kms.) |
| | Total : | | 813 (148) | P (1), M (1) | PHC (1) | | | | |

# DIRECTORY

## *Land use*

| Approach to village | Nearest town & distance (in Km.) | Power supply | Staple food | Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places) | | | | Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation | Main crops under Jhum cultivation | Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Forest | Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source) | Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated | Area under Jhum cultivation | | | |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| FP | Tezu, (208) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (20 ) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (211) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (211) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (194) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (191) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (191) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (192) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (184) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (176) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (170) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (175) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (178) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (163) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (164) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (206) | .. | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (206) | ED | Rice, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |

# ARUNACHAL PRADESH

# CIRCLE KIBITHOO

## DISTRICT LOHIT

## (25/8/10)

KM. 2 0 2 4 6 KM.

MILES 2 0 2 4 MILES

**INDEX**

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Dichu R.

KAHOA 1

The chu

KIBITHOO ◎ 3

HOT SPRING 7

INDIA

Kri-Ti

MESHAI 2

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Krao-Ti

KHEROUTY 5

YAKUNG 6

CIRCLE GOILIANG

CIRCLE WALONG

BURMA

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## ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Circle : KIBITHOO

| Sl. No. | Name of villages | Location Code | Population | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Persons | Males | Females |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 1 | Hotspring | 25/8/10/7 | 23 | 23 | — |
| 2 | Kahoa | 25/8/10/1 | 59 | 41 | 18 |
| 3 | Kherouty | 25/8/10/5 | 15 | 7 | 8 |
| 4 | Kibithoo H.Q. | 25/8/10/3 | 185 | 140 | 45 |
| 5 | Kundun | 25/8/10/4 | 12 | 5 | 7 |
| 6 | Meshai | 25/8/10/2 | 43 | 21 | 22 |
| 7 | Yakung | 25/8/10/6 | 49 | 21 | 28 |

1981 CENSUS—VILLAGE

*Amenities and*

Circle : KIBITHOO

| Location Code No. | Name of village | Total area of the village (in hectares) | Total population and number of households | Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms., 5—10 Kms. and 10+Kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given) | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Educational | Medical | Drinking water (Potable) | Post and Telegraph | Day or days of the market hat, if any | Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 25/8/10/1 | Kahoa . . . | N.A. | 59 (9) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms) | F | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/10/2 | Meshai . . . | N.A. | 43 (8) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | F | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/10/3 | Kibithoo H.Q. . . | N.A. | 185 (52) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | F | PO | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/10/4 | Kundun . . . | N.A. | 12 (2) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | F | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/10/5 | Kherouty . . . | N.A. | 15 (3) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | F | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/10/6 | Yakung . . . | N.A. | 49 (6) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | F | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/10/7 | Hotspring . . . | N.A. | 23 (10) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | F | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| | Total : | N.A. | 386 (90) | | | | | | |

## DIRECTORY

### *Land use*

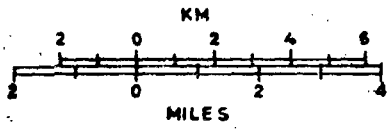
| Approach to village | Nearest town & distance (in Km.) | Power supply | Staple food | Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places) | | | | Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation | Main crops under Jhum cultivation | Remarks including any place of religions, historical or archaeological interest |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Forest | Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source) | Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated | Area under Jhum cultivation | | | |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| FP | Tezu, (191) | .. | Rice, Maize, Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (182) | — | Rice, Maize, Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (187) | .. | Rice Maize, Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (176) | .. | Rice, Maize, Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (177) | .. | Rice, Maize, Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (171) | .. | Rice, Maize, Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (205) | .. | Rice, Maize, Wheat | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize | .. |

# ARUNACHAL PRADESH

# CIRCLE GOILIANG

## DISTRICT LOHIT

(25/8/11)







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## ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Circle : GOILIANG

| Sl. No. | Name of villages | Location Code | Population | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Persons | Males | Females |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 1 | Braikang | 25/8/11/22 | 48 | 27 | 21 |
| 2 | Brailiang | 25/8/11/24 | 62 | 33 | 29 |
| 3 | Braingkong | 25/8/11/16 | 33 | 15 | 18 |
| 4 | Braptong | 25/8/11/14 | 86 | 34 | 52 |
| 5 | Chailiang | 25/8/11/21 | 30 | 16 | 14 |
| 6 | Chikiliang | 25/8/11/3 | 9 | 4 | 5 |
| 7 | Chiprogam | 25/8/11/33 | 16 | 8 | 8 |
| 8 | Chirang | 25/8/11/18 | 44 | 22 | 22 |
| 9 | Danglat | 25/8/11/7 | 59 | 28 | 31 |
| 10 | Dillang | 25/8/11/10 | 31 | 16 | 15 |
| 11 | Duiliang | 25/8/11/1 | 29 | 11 | 18 |
| 12 | Gamliang | 25/8/11/2 | 11 | 7 | 4 |
| 13 | Glotong | 25/8/11/17 | 54 | 24 | 30 |
| 14 | Goiliang H.Q. | 25/8/11/35 | 67 | 43 | 24 |
| 15 | Gremtom | 25/8/11/23 | 24 | 13 | 11 |
| 16 | Kalathang | 25/8/11/30 | 15 | 11 | 4 |
| 17 | Kalekong | 25/8/11/34 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| 18 | Kanguliang | 25/8/11/8 | 40 | 20 | 20 |
| 19 | Kaniliang | 25/8/11/25 | 9 | 2 | 7 |
| 20 | Kasanglat | 25/8/1128 | 98 | 50 | 48 |
| 21 | Langgum | 25/8/11/12 | 64 | 29 | 35 |
| 22 | Mepumla | 25/8/11/32 | 24 | 13 | 11 |
| 23 | Nilang | 25/8/11/19 | 71 | 35 | 36 |
| 24 | Palang | 25/8/11/20 | 32 | 19 | 13 |
| 25 | Patoo | 25/8/11/4 | 10 | 4 | 6 |
| 26 | Philiang | 25/8/11/29 | 27 | 13 | 14 |
| 27 | Prayumla | 25/8/11/11 | 36 | 18 | 18 |
| 28 | Ritiliang | 25/8/11/6 | 39 | 19 | 20 |
| 29 | Ritliang | 25/8/11/26 | 20 | 8 | 12 |
| 30 | Room | 25/8/11/15 | 6 | 4 | 2 |
| 31 | Rutiliang | 25/8/11/27 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| 32 | Tambre | 25/8/11/5 | 12 | 7 | 5 |
| 33 | Taphang | 25/8/11/13 | 144 | 67 | 77 |
| 34 | Telebum | 25/8/11/31 | 9 | 4 | 5 |
| 35 | Tuwiliang | 25/8/11/9 | 32 | 15 | 17 |

## Circle : GOILIANG

| Location Code No. | Name of village | Total area of the village (in hectares) | Total population and number of households | Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz., —5 Kms., 5—10 Kms. and 10—Kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given) | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Educational | Medical | Drinking water (Potable) | Post and Telegraph | Day or days of the market/hat, if any | Communications, (Bus stop, railway station, waterway) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 25/8/11/1 | Duiliang | N.A. | 29 (6) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | S | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/2 | Gamliang (Gamliang Camp) | N.A. | 11 (6) | P | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/3 | Chikiliang | N.A. | 9 (1) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/4 | Patoo | N.A. | 10 (2) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/5 | Tambre | N.A. | 12 (1) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | S | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/6 | Ritiliang (Retiliang) | N.A. | 39 (11) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/7 | Danglat (Domlat) | N.A. | 59 (9) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/8 | Kanguliang (Kamjuliang) | N.A. | 40 (6) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/9 | Tuwailiang (Twailiang) | N.A. | 32 (7) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/10 | Dillang (Dilang) | N.A. | 31 (5) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/11 | Prayumla (Prayumna) | N.A. | 36 (6) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/12 | Langgum (Langum) | N.A. | 64 (11) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/13 | Taphang (Tappang) | N.A. | 144 (14) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/14 | Braptong | N.A. | 86 (8) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/15 | Room | N.A. | 6 (1) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/16 | Braingkong (Brangkong) | N.A. | 33 (5) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/17 | Glotong (Glothong) | N.A. | 54 (4) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/18 | Chirang | N.A. | 44 (3) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | C | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/19 | Nilang | N.A. | 71 (9) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/20 | Palang (Paleng) | N.A. | 32 (3) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/21 | Chailiang (Swailiang) | N.A. | 30 (4) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/22 | Braikang (Braigkong) | N.A. | 48 (7) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/23 | Gremtom (Gomtong) | N.A. | 24 (2) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/24 | Brailiang (Beriliang) | N.A. | 62 (7) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/25 | Kaniiliang (Kamaliang) | N.A. | 9 (1) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/26 | Ritliang (Ritlang) | N.A. | 20 (3) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(—5 Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/27 | Rutiliang | N.A. | 4 (1) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | S | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/28 | Kasanglat (Kasonglat) | N.A. | 98 (9) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/29 | Philiang (Philleng) | N.A. | 27 (4) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/30 | Kalathang (Kalatong) | N.A. | 15 (2) | —(—5 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/31 | Telebum (Talabom) | N.A. | 9 (1) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/32 | Mepumla (Mepumna) | N.A. | 24 (4) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | T | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/33 | Chiprogam | N.A. | 16 (3) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | R | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/34 | Kalekong (Kalaikong) | N.A. | 6 (1) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | R | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) | —(5—10 Kms.) |
| 25/8/11/35 | Goiliang H.Q. | N.A. | 67 (23) | P | HC | R | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) | —(10+Kms.) |
| | Total : | N.A. | 1,301 (190) | P (2) | HC (1) | | | | |

# DIRECTORY

## *Land use*

| Approach to village | Nearest town & distance (in Kms.) | Power supply | Staple food | Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places) | | | | Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation | Main crops under Jhum cultivation | Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Forest | Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source) | Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated | Area under Jhum cultivation | | | |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| FP | Tezu, (113) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (116) | .. | Rice, Millet, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (117) | .. | Millet, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Kochu | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (120) | .. | Millet, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (120) | .. | Millet, Maize | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Kochu | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (125) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (122) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Millet, Maize | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (132) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Kochu | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (122) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Kochu | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (123) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Kochu | .. |
| FP | Tezu (130) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Bean | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (118) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (133) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Paddy, Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (132) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Paddy, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (133) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Kochu | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (135) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Kochu | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (152) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (142) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (134) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Paddy, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (134) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (128) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Kochu | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (135) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Bean | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (131) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Kochu | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (130) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (127) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Yars | Maize, Millet, Bean | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (130) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Paddy | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (131) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Paddy | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (130) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Paddy | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (133) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Kochu, Soya Bean | .. .. |
| FP | Tezu, (133) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet ,Kochu | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (135) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Paddy, Millet | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (119) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Kochu | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (124) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Kochu | .. |
| FP | Tezu, (126) | .. | Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet, Bean | .. |
| KR | Tezu, (125) | .. | Rice, Maize, Millet | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | 2—5 Years | Maize, Millet | .. |

## (b) APPENDICES TO VILLAGE DIRECTORY



-M/J(D)726RGI—8

APPENDIX ( I

*Circlewise (Tahsilwise) Abstract*

CENTRAL

| Sl. No. | Name of Tahsil/Circle | Primary School | | Middle School | | Matriculation/ Secondary School | | Higher Secondary/ PUC/Inter-mediate/Junior College | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Villages | Institution | Villages | Institution | Villages | Institution | Villages | Institution |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 1 | Tezu | 14 | 14 | 4 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 2 | Namsai | 25 | 26 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. |
| 3 | Wakro | 8 | 8 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 4 | Chowkham | 10 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. |
| 5 | Lekang | 18 | 18 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. |
| 6 | Hayuliang | 12 | 12 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. |
| 7 | Chaglongam | 5 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 8 | Hawai | 5 | 5 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 9 | Walong | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 10 | Kibithoo | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 11 | Goiliang | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| | **District Total** | **100** | **102** | **21** | **21** | **4** | **4** | .. | .. |

*N.B.* '—' denotes 'Nil'.
N.A. denotes not available.

## VILLAGE DIRECTORY

*of Educational, Medical and other amenities*

| EDUCATIONAL | | | | | | | MEDICAL | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| College (Graduate & above) | | Adult literacy class/centres | | Others | | Villages with no educational facilities | Dispensary | | Hospital | | Maternity and child welfare centre/maternity home/child welfare centre | | Primary Health Centre/Health Centre | |
| Villages | Institution | Villages | Institution | Villages | Institution | | Villages | Institution | Villages | Institution | Villages | Institution | Villages | Institution |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 14 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 |
| .. | .. | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | 26 | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | 1 | 1 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 25 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 16 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 |
| .. | .. | 3 | 3 | .. | .. | 20 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 |
| .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | 100 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 47 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 2 |
| .. | .. | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | 50 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 16 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 33 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 |
| .. | .. | 8 | 8 | .. | .. | 354 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | 10 | 10 |

APPENDIX (I)

*Circlewise (Tahsilwise) Abstract*

| Sl. No. | Name of Tahsil/Circle | MEDICAL | | | | | | | | | DRINKING | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Family Planning Centre | | Primary Health Sub-centre | | Community Health workers | | Others | | Villages with no medical facilities | Tap | Well |
| | | Villages | Institution | Villages | Institution | Villages | Institution | Villages | Institution | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 |
| 1 | Tezu | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 5 | .. | .. | 21 | 6 | 5 |
| 2 | Namsai | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 44 | .. | 9 |
| 3 | Wakro | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | 31 | 13 | 5 |
| 4 | Chowkham | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 24 | .. | 1 |
| 5 | Lekang | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 6 | .. | .. | 31 | 1 | .. |
| 6 | Hayuliang | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | 108 | 21 | .. |
| 7 | Chaglongam | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 50 | 6 | .. |
| 8 | Hawai | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 54 | 44 | .. |
| 9 | Walong | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 16 | 6 | .. |
| 10 | Kibithoo | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | .. | .. |
| 11 | Goiliang | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 34 | 10 | .. |
| | **District Total** | .. | .. | .. | .. | **17** | **17** | **2** | **2** | **420** | **107** | **20** |

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

*of Educational, Medical and other amenities*

| WATER | | | | | | | | POST AND TELEGRAPH | | | | | | | COMMUNICATON | | | POWER SUPPLY | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Tank | Tube well | River | Fountain/ Spring | Canal | *Others | More than one sources | Villages with no drinking water facility of any type | P.O. | T.O. | P.T.O. | P.O. & Phone | T.O. & Phone | P.T.O. & Phone | Phone | Bus stop | Railway station | Navigable waterway | Available | Not available |
| 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 |
| .. | 1 | 1 | .. | 1 | 8 | 6 | .. | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 17 | .. | .. | 3 | 25 |
| .. | 9 | 3 | .. | 1 | 5 | 25 | .. | 4 | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. | .. | 2 | 50 |
| .. | .. | 5 | 8 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | .. | .. | .. | 33 |
| .. | 2 | 17 | .. | 5 | 1 | .. | .. | 6 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 26 |
| .. | 22 | 2 | .. | .. | 1 | 12 | .. | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 38 |
| .. | .. | 25 | 18 | 33 | 15 | .. | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | .. | .. | 1 | 111 |
| .. | .. | .. | 46 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 51 |
| .. | .. | 2 | 5 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 56 |
| .. | .. | 3 | 3 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 16 |
| .. | .. | .. | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 |
| .. | .. | 15 | 9 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 35 |
| .. | **34** | **73** | **96** | **52** | **31** | **43** | .. | **28** | .. | **1** | .. | .. | .. | .. | **35** | .. | .. | **8** | **448** |

*Others includes nallah in addition to the entries as 'others' (O) in column 7 of the Village Directory.

## APPENDIX (II) VILLAGE DIRECTORY

*Land utilisation data in respect of non-municipal towns (Census towns)*

| Sl. No. | Name of town and circle within brackets | Land use (i.e., area under different types of land use in hectares rounded to the nearest two decimal points) | | | | | Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation | Main crops under Jhum cultivation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Total area | Forest | Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source) | Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated | Area under Jhum cultivation | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 1 | Tezu (Tezu) . . . . | N.A. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |

NOTE : (*i*) N.A. denotes not available

(*ii*) '..' denotes nil

## APPENDIX (III)

*List of villages without amenities except drinking water*

*Circle* —Tezu

1. 25/8/1/10—Hatiduba
2. 25/8/1/11—19th miles
3. 25/8/1/18—Chiblaling
4. 25/8/1/19—Chailiang
5. 25/8/1/23—Jalukbari
6. 25/8/1/25—Soiliang
7. 25/8/1/26—Loboliang
8. 25/8/1/27—Tasiliang

Circle—*Namsai*

1. 25/8/2/1—Samuguri
2. 25/8/2/3—Mengkengmiri
3. 25/8/2/4—Dhonekhona
4. 25/8/2/5—New Jengthu
5. 25/8/2/7—New Joypur
6. 25/8/2/8—Denam Jona
7. 25/8/2/11—Jonakali
8. 25/8/2/12—Jona Pathar-II
9. 25/8/2/16—Khohinalla
10. 25/8/2/19—Nanam Khamti
11. 25/8/2/21—Kungao
12. 25/8/2/23—Namphaiseng
13. 25/8/2/26—Enthem
14. 25/8/2/27—Entem
15. 25/8/2/30—6th mile Camp
16. 25/8/2/31—2nd. mile Camp
17. 25/8/2/32—Lekang Khamti
18. 25/8/2/40—Kesongkung
19. 25/8/2/41—Nukrang
20. 25/8/2/42—Wagan Pathar-I
21. 25/8/2/43—Wagan Pathar (New)
22. 25/8/2/46—Phoneng
23. 25/8/2/47—Peyong Kachari
24. 25/8/2/49—Ningrer Adi

Circle—*Wakro*

1. 25/8/3/1—Wakro
2. 25/8/3/2—Gundri
3. 25/8/3/3 —Kanjong
4. 25/8/3/4—Mawai-I (Old II)
5. 25/8/3/6—Phukuri
6. 25/8/3/8—Tawn
7. 25/8/3/9—Blonghat
8. 25/8/3/10—Chikung
9. 25/8/3/11—Kalai
10. 25/8/3/12—Kambrai
11. 25/8/3/14—Glaw
12. 25/8/3/16—Kamja
13. 25/8/3/18—Kahre
14. 25/8/3/19—Longbin
15. 25/8/3/20—Topo
16. 25/8/3/22—Tilai
17. 25/8/3/26—Tabruliang
18. 25/8/3/29—Lakao
19. 25/8/3/30—Fango
20. 25/8/3/31—Tissa
21. 25/8/3/32—Tinok
22. 25/8/3/33—Dotong
23. 25/8/3/34—Changun

Circle—*Chowkham*

1. 25/8/4/8—M' Pong
2. 25/8/4/10—Tissu
3. 25/8/4/14—Chakma-II
4. 25/8/4/15—Chakma-III
5. 25/8/4/16—Tingowa
6. 25/8/4/17—Embong
7. 25/8/4/18—Lathoo
8. 25/8/4/19—Insa
9. 25/8/4/20—Tulling
10. 25/8/4/21—Injo
11. 25/8/4/22—Bora Pathar
12. 25/8/4/23—Munglong
13. 25/8/4/26—Namgo
14. 25/8/4/25—Narapat

Circle—*Lekang*

1. 25/8/5/6—Lekang Gohaingaon
2. 25/8/5/7—Ekorani
3. 25/8/5/10—Dharampur
4. 25/8/5/12—Dumsi
5. 25/8/5/16—Silatoo Miri
6. 25/8/5/18—Sing beel
7. 25/8/5/21—Nongkhom Tinali
8. 25/8/5/23—Deori Mohong
9. 25/8/5/24—Kathalguri
10. 25/8/5/27—Nongkhong Satgharia
11. 25/8/5/28—Old Mohong-II
12. 25/8/5/30—New Silato
13. 25/8/5/31—Kokoni
14. 25/8/5/32—Philobari
15. 25/8/5/33—Silatoo Kachari
16. 25/8/5/35—Mahadevpur-II
17. 25/8/5/36—Mahadevpur-III
18. 25/8/5/37—Mahadevpur-IV

Circle —*Hayuliang*

1. 25/8/6/2—Malogam
2. 25/8/6/3—Takaliang
3. 25/8/6/5 —Chiliang
4. 25/8/6/10—Chunga
5. 25/8/6/11—Tahogam
6. 25/8/6/12—Matiliang
7. 25/8/6/13—Adomna
8. 25/8/6/14—Manyugam
9. 25/8/6/15—Kabragam
10. 25/8/6/16—Singragam
11. 25/8/6/17—Tailiang
12. 25/8/6/18—Chikeri
13. 25/8/6/19—Chameliang
14. 25/8/6/20—Hayugam
15. 25/8/6/21—Samphai
16. 25/8/6/22—Khumgum
17. 25/8/6/24—Barafu

APPENDIX (III)—*contd.*

Circle—*Hayuliang*—concld.

18. 25/8/6/25—Paluliang
19. 25/8/6/26—Toloiliang
20. 25/8/6/27—Khadugam
21. 25/8/6/28—Takromna
22. 25/8/6/29—Chamemna
23. 25/8/6/30—Klamdi
24. 25/8/6/31—Kambu
25. 25/8/6/32—Kongra
26. 25/8/6/34—Tlang
27. 25/8/6/35—Blom
28. 25/8/6/36—Kasagam
29. 25/8/6/37—Kaning
30. 25/8/6/39—Suplang
31. 25/8/6/40—Tehuliang
32. 25/8/6/41—Cheretong
33. 25/8/6/42—Mishitong
34. 25/8/6/43—Miket
35. 25/8/6/44—Plongri
36. 25/8/6/45—Plotong
37. 25/8/6/46—Plonong
38. 25/8/6/47—Pira
39. 25/8/6/48—Chowailiang
40. 25/8/6/49—Longjong
41. 25/8/6/50—Eliang
42. 25/8/6/51—Gab
43. 25/8/6/53—Pangung
44. 25/8/6/54—Palang
45. 25/8/6/55—Hawailiang
46. 25/8/6/56—Holongong
47. 25/8/6/57—Griliang
48. 25/8/6/58—Towa
49. 25/8/6/59—Manjunglat
50. 25/8/6/60—Hutong
51. 25/8/6/61—Manjuliang
52. 25/8/6/63—Random
53. 25/8/6/64—Khrat
54. 25/8/6/65—Hayum
55. 25/8/6/66—Pitong
56. 25/8/6/67—Hamatong
57. 25/8/6/68—Khetong
58. 25/8/6/69—Siet
59. 25/8/6/70—Mangum
60. 25/8/6/71—Songung
61. 25/8/6/72—Loiliang
62. 25/8/6/73—Khamong
63. 25/8/6/74—Chambab
64. 25/8/6/75—Kanji
65. 25/8/6/76—Thung
66. 25/8/6/77—Phanglonglat
67. 25/8/6/78—Grilliang(II)
68. 25/8/6/79—Katong
69. 25/8/6/80—Kambiang
70. 25/8/6/82—Hul
71. 25/8/6/83—Ekaliang
72. 25/8/6/84—Krampa
73. 25/8/6/85—Chotong
74. 25/8/6/86—Kumbo
75. 25/8/6/87—Towangung
76. 25/8/6/88—Zung
77. 25/8/6/89—Chilang
78. 25/8/6/90—Chikruliang
79. 25/8/6/91—Krosam
80. 25/8/6/93—Kundong
81. 25/8/6/94—Mele
82. 25/8/6/95—Netong
83. 25/8/6/96—Taomtong
84. 25/8/6/97—Mohugam
85. 25/8/6/98—Mohikong
86. 25/8/6/100—Tawai Konung
87. 25/8/6/101—Chingliang
88. 25/8/6/102—Huiliang
89. 25/8/6/104—Tadumna
90. 25/8/6/105—Lamaliang
91. 25/8/6/106—Tele
92. 25/8/6/107—Reygom
93. 25/8/6/108—Kibom
94. 25/8/6/109—Dowamna
95. 25/8/6/110—Khamblenglet
96. 25/8/6/111—Khewa

Circle—*Chaglongam*

1. 25/8/7/2—Khowaka
2. 25/8/7/3—Chipuliang
3. 25/8/7/4—Geningko
4. 25/8/7/5 —Taramko
5. 25/8/7/6—Madaibom
6. 25/8/7/7—Chaka
7. 25/8/7/8—Taibrating
8. 25/8/7/9—Doringko
9. 25/8/7/11—Pyaprap
10. 25/8/7/12—Tadakna
11. 25/8/7/13—Chipru
12. 25/8/7/14—Chinliang
13. 25/8/7/15—Chingkong
14. 25/8/7/16—Chuhangkong
15. 25/8/7/17—Puhagam
16. 25/8/7/18—Zingkong
17. 25/8/7/19—Tarapu
18. 25/8/7/20—Tidim
19. 25/8/7/21—Khalega
20. 25/8/7/22—Khalega Matengliang
21. 25/8/7/23—Chipra
22. 25/8/7/24—Mitumna
23. 25/8/7/25—Methulankap
24. 25/8/7/26—Bomna
25. 25/8/7/28—Kalamna
26. 25/8/7/29—Tablaiko
27. 25/8/7/30—Tarampa
28. 25/8/7/32—Abohagam
29. 25/8/7/33—Sakumna
30. 25/8/7/34—Taflagam
31. 25/8/7/35—Aphumna
32. 25/8/7/36—Duhagam
33. 25/8/7/37—Taimna
34. 25/8/7/38—Gomin
35. 25/8/7/39—Hamanko

APPENDIX (III)—*contd.*

Circle—*Chaglongam*—concld.

36. 25/8/7/40—Hamangliang
37. 25/8/7/41—Raikong
38. 25/8/7/42—Tarapliang
39. 25/8/7/43—Hamako
40. 25/8/7/44—Tolai
41. 25/8/7/45—Bajigam
42. 25/8/7/46—Payagam
43. 25/8/7/47—Hawaka
44. 25/8/7/48—Bolama
45. 25/8/7/49—Tashipumna
46. 25/8/7/51—Mailong
47. 25/8/7/52—Tamkadu

Circle—*Hawai*

1. 25/8/8/1—Yelling
2. 25/8/8/2—Thala
3. 25/8/8/3—Tapang
4. 25/8/8/5—Naryal
5. 25/8/8/6—Kandai
6. 25/8/8/7—Ruli
7. 25/8/8/8—Kritong
8. 25/8/8/9—Tamplunghat
9. 25/8/8/10—Kalai
10. 25/8/8/11—Kharang
11. 25/8/8/12—Chowhgaon
12. 25/8/8/13—Mongkhang
13. 25/8/8/14—Chedun
14. 25/8/8/15—Machong
15. 25/8/8/16—Sung
16. 25/8/8/17—Samdul
17. 25/8/8/18—Tapat
18. 25/8/8/19—Bhow
19. 25/8/8/20—Matkrong
20. 25/8/8/21—Hunung
21. 25/8/8/23—Sanglang
22. 25/8/8/24—Khirong
23. 25/8/8/25—Krobam
24. 25/8/8/26—Rungsam
25. 25/8/8/27—Lapkrong
26. 25/8/8/29—Walap
27. 25/8/8/30—Flang
28. 25/8/8/31—Farmo
29. 25/8/8/32—Halaikrong
30. 25/8/8/33—Tulang Kulung
31. 25/8/8/34—Shurnung
32. 25/8/8/35—Boot
33. 25/8/8/36—Ngi
34. 25/8/8/37—Kagong
35. 25/8/8/38—Nukung
36. 25/8/8/39—Mla
37. 25/8/8/42—Watong
38. 25/8/8/43—Kamdi
39. 25/8/8/44—Sorgong
40. 25/8/8/45—Morwoh
41. 25/8/8/46—Longling
42. 25/8/8/47—Chungo
43. 25/8/8/48—Daroh
44. 25/8/8/50—Mitikunung
45. 25/8/8/51—Wahal
46. 25/8/8/52—Min
47. 25/8/8/53—Lapkunung
48. 25/8/8/54—Charnai
49. 25/8/8/55—Quibom

Circle—*Walong*

1. 25/8/9/1—Walong
2. 25/8/9/2—Tinai
3. 25/8/9/3—Dong
4. 25/8/9/4—Supkong
5. 25/8/9/5—Permit
6. 25/8/9/6—Wati
7. 25/8/9/7—Dil
8. 25/8/9/8—Brum
9. 25/8/9/9—Sarti
10. 25/8/9/10—Halla
11. 25/8/9/11—Kril
12. 25/8/9/12—Kalin
13. 25/8/9/13—Khamtipani
14. 25/8/9/14—Gong
15. 25/8/9/15—Khrowty
16. 25/8/9/16—Gai

Circle—*Kibithoo*

1. 25/8/10/1—Kahoa
2. 25/8/10/2—Meshai
3. 25/8/10/4—Kundun
4. 25/8/10/5—Kherouty
5. 25/8/10/6—Yakung
6. 25/8/10/7—Hot spring

Circle—*Goiliang*

1. 25/8/11/1—Duiliang
2. 25/8/11/3—Chikiliang
3. 25/8/11/4—Patoo
4. 25/8/11/5—Tambre
5. 25/8/11/6—Ritiliang
6. 25/8/11/7—Danglat
7. 25/8/11/8—Manguliang
8. 25/8/11/9—Tuwiliang
9. 25/8/11/10—Dillang
10. 25/8/11/11—Prayumla
11. 25/8/11/12—Langgum
12. 25/8/11/13—Taphang
13. 25/8/11/14—Braptong
14. 25/8/11/15—Room
15. 25/8/11/16—Braingkong
16. 25/8/11/17—Glotong
17. 25/8/11/18—Chirang
18. 25/8/11/19—Nilang
19. 25/8/11/20—Palang
20. 25/8/11/21—Chailiang
21. 25/8/11/22—Braikang
22. 25/8/11/23—Gremtom
23. 25/8/11/24—Brailiang
24. 25/8/11/25—Kaniliang
25. 25/8/11/26—Ritliang
26. 25/8/11/27—Rutiliang

APPENDIX (III)—*concld.*

Circle—*Goiliang*—concld.

27. 25/8/11/28—Kasanglat
28. 25/8/11/29—Philiang
29. 25/8/11/30—Kalathang
30. 25/8/11/31—Telebum
31. 25/8/11/32—Mepumla
32. 25/8/11/33—Chiprogam
33. 25/8/11/34—Kalekong

## APPENDIX (IV)—VILLAGE DIRECTORY

*List of villages according to the proportion of Scheduled Castes population to the total population by range.*

### A—SCHEDULED CASTES

| Range of Scheduled Caste population (Percentage) | Location Code | Name of village |
|---|---|---|
| **Circle : *Tezu*** | | |
| *0—5 | 25/8/1/6 | Tindolong |
| | 25/8/1/7 | Gohain Goan |
| | 25/8/1/12 | Yealing |
| | 25/8/1/11 | 19th Mile |
| 6—10 | 25/8/1/8 | 27th Mile |
| 31 + | 25/8/1/20 | Panbari |
| | 25/8/1/21 | Duranala |
| **Circle : *Namsai*** | | |
| *0—5 | 25/8/2/13 | Jonapathar—I |
| | 25/8/2/17 | Selungtu |
| | 25/8/2/20 | Sengsap |
| | 25/8/2/51 | Namsai-I |
| | 25/8/2/52 | Namsai-II |
| **Circle : *Wakro*** | | |
| *0—5 | 25/8/3/25 | Medo |
| | 25/8/3/35 | Wakro H.Q. |
| **Circle : *Chowkham*** | | |
| *0—5 | 25/8/4/3 | Alubari |
| | 25/8/4/26 | Chowkham H.Q. |
| 31+ | 25/8/4/4 | Napatia |
| **Circle : *Lekang*** | | |
| *0—5 | 25/8/5/35 | Mahadevpur BL.2 |
| **Circle : *Hayuliang*** | | |
| *0—5 | 25/8/6/9 | Tafraliang |
| | 25/8/6/52 | Yotong Camp (I) |
| | 25/8/6/112 | Hayuliang H.Q. |
| **Circle : *Chaglongam*** | | |
| There is no village with S.C. population | | |
| **Circle : *Hawai*** | | |
| *0—5 | 25/8/8/56 | Hawai H.Q. |
| **Circle : *Walong*** | | |
| *0—5 | 25/8/9/17 | Walong H.Q. |
| **Circle : *Kibithoo*** | | |
| *0—5 | 25/8/10/3 | Kibithoo |
| **Circle : *Goiliang*** | | |
| There is no village with S.C. population | | |

N.B.—The population ranges having no population have not been shown.

*Exclude Villages with no S.C. population.

APPENDIX (IV)—VILLAGE DIRECTORY—*contd.*

*List of villages according to the population of Scheduled Tribes population to the total population by range*

B— SCHEDULED TRIBES

| Range of Scheduled Tribe population (Percentage) | Location Code | Name of village |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Circle : *Tezu* | | |
| *0—5 | 25/8/1/6 | Tindolong |
| | 25/8/1/7 | Gohaingoan |
| | 25/8/1/9 | Paya |
| | 25/8/1/14 | Sunpura |
| | 25/8/1/22 | Lohitpur |
| 6—15 | 25/8/1/4 | Teluliang (Old) |
| | 25/8/1/28 | Tiddin |
| 26—35 | 25/8/1/13 | Jeko |
| 36—50 | 25/8/1/3 | Tinali |
| | 25/8/1/10 | Hatiduba |
| | 25/8/1/11 | 19th Mile |
| 51 + | 25/8/1/1 | Loiliang |
| | 25/8/1/2 | Bhekuliang |
| | 25/8/1/5 | Teluliang (New) |
| | 25/8/1/12 | Yealiang |
| | 25/8/1/15 | Khoraliang |
| | 25/8/1/16 | Tafragam |
| | 25/8/1/17 | Changlang |
| | 25/8/1/18 | Chiblaliang |
| | 25/8/1/19 | Chanliang |
| | 25/8/1/24 | Satamgam |
| | 25/8/1/25 | Soliang (Soiliang) |
| | 25/8/1/26 | Loboliang |
| | 25/8/1/27 | Tasiliang |
| Circle : *Namsai* | | |
| *0—5 | 25/8/2/10 | Jonapathar-III |
| | 25/8/2/15 | Tengapani |
| | 25/8/2/16 | Khohinalla (Khohinalla) |
| | 25/8/2/30 | 6th Mile Camp |
| | 25/8/2/52 | Namsai-II |
| 6—15 | 25/8/2/28 | Kaisu |
| | 25/8/2/31 | 2nd Mile Camp |
| | 25/8/2/51 | Namsai-I |
| 16—25 | 25/8/2/50 | Deobeel |
| 26—35 | 25/8/2/42 | Wagan Pathar-I |
| | 25/8/2/46 | Phoneng |
| 36—50 | 25/8/2/14 | Lathao |
| | 25/8/2/17 | Selungtu |
| | 25/8/2/29 | Manmo |
| | 25/8/2/41 | Nukrang |
| | 25/8/2/44 | Jenglai |
| 51 + | 25/8/2/1 | Samuguri |
| | 25/8/2/3 | Mengkeng Miri |
| | 25/8/2/4 | Dhonekhona |
| | 25/8/2/5 | New Jenthu |
| | 25/8/2/6 | Joypur |
| | 25/8/2/7 | New Joypur |
| | 25/8/2/8 | Denamjona |
| | 25/8/2/9 | Jonapathar-IV |
| | 25/8/2/12 | Jonapathar-II |
| | 25/8/2/13 | Jonapathar-I |
| | 25/8/2/18 | Melungkung |
| | 25/8/2/19 | Nanam Khamti |
| | 25/8/2/20 | Sengsap |
| | 25/8/2/21 | Kungao |
| | 25/8/2/22 | Nanam Shyam |
| | 25/8/2/23 | Namphaiseng |
| | 25/8/2/24 | Manhophai |
| | 25/8/2/25 | Pathargaon |
| | 25/8/2/26 | Enthem |
| | 25/8/2/27 | Entem |
| | 25/8/2/32 | Lekang Khamti |
| | 25/8/2/33 | Mengkeng Khamti |
| | 25/8/2/34 | Nampong |
| | 25/8/2/35 | Pangin |
| | 25/8/2/36 | Winko |
| | 25/8/2/37 | Nongto Shyam |
| | 25/8/2/38 | Nongto Khamti |
| | 25/8/2/39 | Wingsong Nongto |
| | 25/8/2/40 | Kesongkung |
| | 25/8/2/43 | Wagan Pathar (New) |
| | 25/8/2/45 | Peyong |
| | 25/8/2/48 | Nengro Charali |
| | 25/8/2/49 | Ningrer Adi |
| Circle : *Wakro* | | |
| 6—15 | 25/8/3/23 | Kamliang Nagar |
| | 25/8/3/25 | Medo |
| | 25/8/3/35 | Wakro H.Q. |
| 16—25 | 25/8/3/4 | Mawai-I |
| 51 + | 25/8/3/1 | Wakro |
| | 25/8/3/2 | Gundri |
| | 25/8/3/3 | Kanjong |
| | 25/8/3/5 | Mawai-II |
| | 25/8/3/6 | Phukuri |
| | 25/8/3/8 | Tawn |
| | 25/8/3/9 | Blonghat |
| | 25/8/3/10 | Chikung |
| | 25/8/3/11 | Kalai |
| | 25/8/3/12 | Kambrai |
| | 25/8/3/13 | Tihum |
| | 25/8/3/14 | Claw |

APPENDIX (IV)—VILLAGE DIRECTORY—*contd.*

| 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---|---|---|
| Circle : *Wakro*—concld. | | |
| | 25/8/3/16 | Kamja |
| | 25/8/3/17 | Cibi |
| | 25/8/3/18 | Kahre |
| | 25/8/3/19 | Longbin |
| | 25/8/3/20 | Topo |
| | 25/8/3/21 | Monthi |
| | 25/8/3/22 | Tilai |
| | 25/8/3/24 | Medo |
| | 25/8/3/25 | Tabruliang |
| | 25/8/3/27 | Hannialiang |
| | 25/8/3/28 | Huiking |
| | 25/8/3/29 | Lakao |
| | 25/8/3/30 | Fango |
| | 25/8/3/31 | Tissa |
| | 25/8/3/32 | Tinok |
| | 25/8/3/33 | Dotong |
| | 25/8/3/34 | Changun |
| Circle : *Chowkham* | | |
| *0—5 | 25/8/4/3 | Alubari |
| | 25/8/4/13 | Chakma-I |
| 36—50 | 25/8/4/6 | Kherem |
| | 25/8/4/26 | Chowkham H.Q. |
| 51+ | 25/8/4/1 | Chowkham |
| | 25/8/4/2 | Momong |
| | 25/8/4/5 | Namliang |
| | 25/8/4/7 | Mabira |
| | 25/8/4/8 | 'M'Pong] |
| | 25/8/4/9 | Mankaw |
| | 25/8/4/10 | Tissu |
| | 25/8/4/11 | Emphum |
| | 25/8/4/12 | Mimey |
| | 25/8/4/16 | Tingowa |
| | 25/8/4/17 | Embong |
| | 25/8/4/18 | Lathoo |
| | 25/8/4/19 | Insa |
| | 25/8/4/20 | Tulling |
| | 25/8/4/21 | Injo |
| | 25/8/4/22 | Borapathar |
| | 25/8/4/23 | Munglong |
| | 25/8/4/24 | Namgo |
| | 25/8/4/25 | Narapat |
| Circle : *Lekang* | | |
| *0—5 | 25/8/5/3 | Sitapani Moran |
| | 25/8/5/12 | Dumsi |
| | 25/8/5/13 | Sengapathar |
| | 25/8/5/19 | Kumari Khamti |
| | 25/8/5/25 | Eraloni |
| | 25/8/5/26 | Kumari Adibasi |
| 6—15 | 25/8/5/11 | Krishanpur |
| | 25/8/5/22 | Old Mchong-I |
| 26—35 | 25/8/5/6 | Lekang Gohain Gaon |
| | 25/8/5/10 | Dharampur |
| 36—50 | 25/8/5/29 | New Mohong |
| 51+ | 25/8/5/2 | Sitapani Miri |
| | 25/8/5/4 | Dirakmiri |
| | 25/8/5/14 | Nongkhon |
| | 25/8/5/15 | Silatoo Khamti |
| | 25/8/5/16 | Silatoo Miri |
| | 25/8/5/21 | Nonkhom Tinali |
| | 25/8/5/23 | Deori Mohong |
| | 25/8/5/27 | Nongkhong Satghoria |
| | 25/8/5/30 | New Silatoo |
| | 25/8/5/34 | Mahadevpur-I, BL. 1 |
| | 25/8/5/35 | Mahadevpur-I, BL. 2 |
| | 25/8/5/36 | Mahadevpur-II |
| | 25/8/5/37 | Mahadevpur-III |
| | 25/8/5/38 | Mahadevpur-IV |
| Circle : *Hayuliang* | | |
| 6—15 | 25/8/6/112 | Hayuliang H.Q. |
| 16—25 | 25/8/6/8 | Amliang |
| 36—50 | 25/8/6/13 | Adomna |
| | 25/8/6/26 | Toloiliang |
| 51+ | 25/8/6/1 | Dangliang |
| | 25/8/6/2 | Malogam |
| | 25/8/6/3 | Takaliang |
| | 25/8/6/4 | Paya |
| | 25/8/6/5 | Chiliang |
| | 25/8/6/6 | Chirrang |
| | 25/8/6/9 | Tafraliang |
| | 25/8/6/10 | Chunga |
| | 25/8/6/11 | Tahogam |
| | 25/8/6/12 | Matiliang |
| | 25/8/6/14 | Manyugam |
| | 25/8/6/15 | Kabragam |
| | 25/8/6/16 | Singragam |
| | 25/8/6/17 | Tailiang |
| | 25/8/6/18 | Chikeri |
| | 25/8/6/19 | Chameliang |
| | 25/8/6/20 | Hayugam |
| | 25/8/6/21 | Samphai |
| | 25/8/6/22 | Khumgum |
| | 25/8/6/23 | Taboka |
| | 25/8/6/24 | Barafu |
| | 25/8/6/25 | Paluliang |
| | 25/8/6/27 | Khadugam |
| | 25/8/6/28 | Takromna |
| | 25/8/6/29 | Chamemna |
| | 25/8/6/30 | Klamdi |
| | 25/8/6/31 | Kambu |
| | 25/8/6/32 | Kongra |
| | 25/8/6/33 | Tumna |
| | 25/8/6/34 | Tlang |
| | 25/8/6/35 | Blom |
| | 25/8/6/36 | Kasagam |
| | 25/8/6/37 | Kaning |

| 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---|---|---|
| Circle : *Hayuliang*—contd. | | |
| 51+ —*contd.* | 25/8/6/38 | Yatong-II |
| | 25/8/6/39 | Suplang |
| | 25/8/6/40 | Tehuliang |
| | 25/8/6/41 | Cheretong |
| | 25/8/6/42 | Mishitong |
| | 25/8/6/43 | Miket |
| | 25/8/6/44 | Plongri |
| | 25/8/6/45 | Plotong |
| | 25/8/6/46 | Plonong |
| | 25/8/6/47 | Pira |
| | 25/8/6/48 | Chowailiang |
| | 25/8/6/49 | Longjong |
| | 25/8/6/50 | Eliang |
| | 25/8/6/51 | Gab |
| | 25/8/6/52 | Yatong Camp-I |
| | 25/8/6/53 | Pangung |
| | 25/8/6/54 | Palang |
| | 25/8/6/55 | Hawailiang |
| | 25/8/6/56 | Holongong |
| | 25/8/6/57 | Griliang |
| | 25/8/6/58 | Towa |
| | 25/8/6/59 | Manjunglat-I |
| | 25/8/6/60 | Mutong |
| | 25/8/6/61 | Manjuliang |
| | 25/8/6/62 | Tilla |
| | 25/8/6/63 | Random |
| | 25/8/6/64 | Khrat |
| | 25/8/6/65 | Hayum |
| | 25/8/6/66 | Pitong |
| | 25/8/6/67 | Hamatong |
| | 25/8/6/68 | Khetong |
| | 25/8/6/69 | Siet |
| | 25/8/6/70 | Mangum |
| | 25/8/6/71 | Songung |
| | 25/8/6/72 | Loiliang |
| | 25/8/6/73 | Khamong |
| | 25/8/6/74 | Chambab |
| | 25/8/6/75 | Kanji |
| | 25/8/6/76 | Thung |
| | 25/8/6/77 | Phanglonglat |
| | 25/8/6/78 | Grilliang |
| | 25/8/6/79 | Katong |
| | 25/8/6/80 | Kambiang |
| | 25/8/6/81 | Manghal |
| | 25/8/6/82 | Hul |
| | 25/8/6/83 | Ekaliang |
| | 25/8/6/84 | Krampa |
| | 25/8/6/85 | Chotong |
| | 25/8/6/86 | Kumbo |
| | 25/8/6/87 | Towangung |
| | 25/8/6/88 | Zung |
| | 25/8/6/89 | Chilang |
| | 25/8/6/90 | Chikruliang |
| | 25/8/6/91 | Krosam |
| | 25/8/6/92 | Khuliang |
| | 25/8/6/93 | Kundong |
| | 25/8/6/94 | Mele |
| | 25/8/6/95 | Metong |
| | 25/8/6/96 | Taomtong |
| | 25/8/6/97 | Mohugam |
| | 25/8/6/98 | Mohikong |
| | 25/8/6/99 | Taikonung |
| | 25/8/6/100 | Tawai Konung |
| | 25/8/6/101 | Chingliang |
| | 25/8/6/102 | Huiliang |
| | 25/8/6/103 | Japaliang |
| | 25/8/6/104 | Tadumna |
| | 25/8/6/105 | Lamaliang |
| | 25/8/6/106 | Tele |
| | 25/8/6/107 | Reygom |
| | 25/8/6/108 | Kibom |
| | 25/8/6/109 | Dowamna |
| | 25/8/6/110 | Khamblenglet |
| | 25/8/6/111 | Khewa |
| Circle : *Chaglongam* | | |
| 26—35 | 25/8/7/31 | Chaglongam H.Q. |
| 51+ | 25/8/7/1 | Koromna |
| | 25/8/7/2 | Khowaka |
| | 25/8/7/3 | Chipuliang |
| | 25/8/7/4 | Geningko |
| | 25/8/7/5 | Taramko |
| | 25/8/7/6 | Madaibom |
| | 25/8/7/7 | Chaka |
| | 25/8/7/8 | Taibrating |
| | 25/8/7/9 | Doringko |
| | 25/8/7/10 | Pailiang |
| | 25/8/7/11 | Pyaprap |
| | 25/8/7/12 | Tadakna |
| | 25/8/7/13 | Chipru |
| | 25/8/7/14 | Chinliang |
| | 25/8/7/15 | Chingkong |
| | 25/8/7/16 | Chuhangkong |
| | 25/8/7/17 | Puhagam |
| | 25/8/7/18 | Zingkong |
| | 25/8/7/19 | Tarapu |
| | 25/8/7/20 | Tidim |
| | 25/8/7/21 | Khalega |
| | 25/8/7/22 | Khalega Matengliang |
| | 25/8/7/23 | Chipra |
| | 25/8/7/24 | Mitumna |
| | 25/8/7/25 | Methulankap |
| | 25/8/7/26 | Bomna |
| | 25/8/7/27 | Metangliang |
| | 25/8/7/28 | Kalamna |
| | 25/8/7/29 | Tablaiko |
| | 25/8/7/30 | Tarampa |
| | 25/8/7/32 | Abohagam |
| | 25/8/7/33 | Sakumna |

## APPENDIX(IV)—VILLAGE DIRECTROY—*contd.*

| 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---|---|---|
| Circle : *Chaglongam*—concld. | | |
| 51+ —*contd.* | 25/8/7/34 | Taflagam |
| | 25/8/7/35 | Aphumna |
| | 25/8/7/36 | Duhagam |
| | 25/8/7/37 | Taimna |
| | 25/8/7/38 | Gomin |
| | 25/8/7/39 | Hamanko |
| | 25/8/7/40 | Hamangliang |
| | 25/8/7/41 | Raikong |
| | 25/8/7/42 | Tarapliang |
| | 25/8/7/43 | Hamako |
| | 25/8/7/44 | Tolai |
| | 25/8/7/45 | Bajigam |
| | 25/8/7/46 | Payagam |
| | 25/8/7/47 | Hawaka |
| | 25/8/7/48 | Bolama |
| | 25/8/7/49 | Tashipumna |
| | 25/8/7/50 | Railiang |
| | 25/8/7/51 | Mailong |
| | 25/8/7/52 | Tamkadu |
| Circle : *Hawai* | | |
| 6—15 | 25/8/8/56 | Hawai H.Q. |
| 51+ | 25/8/8/1 | Yelling |
| | 25/8/8/2 | Thala |
| | 25/8/8/3 | Tapang |
| | 25/8/8/4 | Lautol |
| | 25/8/8/5 | Naryal |
| | 25/8/8/6 | Kandai |
| | 25/8/8/7 | Ruli |
| | 25/8/8/8 | Kritong |
| | 25/8/8/9 | Tamplunghat |
| | 25/8/8/10 | Kalai |
| | 25/8/8/11 | Kharang |
| | 25/8/8/12 | Chowhgaon |
| | 25/8/8/13 | Mongkhang |
| | 25/8/8/14 | Chedun |
| | 25/8/8/15 | Machong |
| | 25/8/8/16 | Sung |
| | 25/8/8/17 | Samdal |
| | 25/8/8/18 | Tapat |
| | 25/8/8/19 | Bhow |
| | 25/8/8/20 | Matkrong |
| | 25/8/8/21 | Hunung |
| | 25/8/8/22 | Shirong |
| | 25/8/8/23 | Sanglang |
| | 25/8/8/24 | Khirong |
| | 25/8/8/25 | Krobam |
| | 25/8/8/26 | Rungsam |
| | 25/8/8/27 | Lapkrong |
| | 25/8/8/28 | Kamlat |
| | 25/8/8/29 | Walap |
| | 25/8/8/30 | Flang |
| | 25/8/8/31 | Farmo |
| | 25/8/8/32 | Halaikrong |
| | 25/8/8/33 | Tulang Kulung |
| | 25/8/8/34 | Shurnung |
| 51+concld. | 25/8/8/35 | Boot |
| | 25/8/8/36 | Ngi |
| | 25/8/8/37 | Kagong |
| | 25/8/8/38 | Nukung |
| | 25/8/8/39 | Mla |
| | 25/8/8/40 | Chungung |
| | 25/8/8/41 | Wala |
| | 25/8/8/42 | Watong |
| | 25/8/8/43 | Kamdi |
| | 25/8/8/44 | Sorgong |
| | 25/8/8/45 | Morwoh |
| | 25/8/8/46 | Longling |
| | 25/8/8/47 | Chungo |
| | 25/8/8/48 | Daroh |
| | 25/8/8/49 | Blong |
| | 25/8/8/50 | Mitikunung |
| | 25/8/8/51 | Wahal |
| | 25/8/8/52 | Min |
| | 25/8/8/53 | Lapkunung |
| | 25/8/8/54 | Charnai |
| | 25/8/8/55 | Quibom |
| Circle : *Walong* | | |
| 6—15 | 25/8/9/17 | Walong H.Q. |
| 51+ | 25/8/9/1 | Walong |
| | 25/8/9/2 | Tinai |
| | 25/8/9/3 | Dong |
| | 25/8/9/4 | Supkong |
| | 25/8/9/5 | Permit |
| | 25/8/9/6 | Wati |
| | 25/8/9/7 | Dil |
| | 25/8/9/8 | Brum |
| | 25/8/9/9 | Sarti |
| | 25/8/9/10 | Halla |
| | 25/8/9/11 | Kril |
| | 25/8/9/12 | Kalin |
| | 25/8/9/13 | Khamti Pani |
| | 25/8/9/14 | Gong |
| | 25/8/9/15 | Khrowty |
| | 25/8/9/16 | Gai |
| Circle : *Kibithoo* | | |
| *0—5 | 25/8/10/3 | Kibithoo H.Q. |
| 51+ | 25/8/10/1 | Kahoa |
| | 25/8/10/2 | Meshai |
| | 25/8/10/4 | Kundun |
| | 25/8/10/5 | Kherouty |
| | 25/8/10/6 | Yakung |
| Circle : *Goiliang* | | |
| | 25/8/11/1 | Duiliang |
| 51+ | 25/8/11/2 | Gamliang |
| | 25/8/11/3 | Chikiliang |
| | 25/8/11/4 | Patoo |
| | 25/8/11/5 | Tambre |
| | 25/8/11/6 | Ritiliang |
| | 25/8/11/7 | Danglat |
| | 25/8/11/8 | Manguliang |
| | 25/8/11/9 | Tuwiliang |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Circle : *Goiliang*—contd. | | | | | |
| 51+*contd.* | 25/8/11/10 | Dillang | | 25/8/11/23 | Gremtom |
| | 25/8/11/11 | Prayumla | | 25/8/11/24 | Brailiang |
| | 25/8/11/12 | Langgum | | 25/8/11/25 | Kaniliang |
| | 25/8/11/13 | Taphang | | 25/8/11/26 | Ritliang |
| | 25/8/11/14 | Braptong | | 25/8/11/27 | Ruttliang |
| | 25/8/11/15 | Room | | 25/8/11/28 | Kasanglat |
| | 25/8/11/16 | Braingkong | | 25/8/11/29 | Philiang |
| | 25/8/11/17 | Glotong | | 25/8/11/30 | Kalathang |
| | 25/8/11/18 | Chirang | | 25/8/11/31 | Teledum |
| | 25/8/11/19 | Nilang | | 25/8/11/32 | Mepumla |
| | 25/8/11/20 | Palang | | 25/8/11/33 | Chiprogam |
| | 25/8/11/21 | Chailiang | | 25/8/11/34 | Kalekong |
| | 25/8/11/22 | Braikang | | 25/8/11/35 | Goiliang H.Q. |

N.B. : The population ranges having no population have not been shown.

*Exclude villages with no S.T. population.

# SECTION—II

# TOWN DIRECTORY

## (Note explaining the codes used in Town Directory Statements)



84-M/J(D)726RGI—9

## NOTE EXPLAINING THE CODES USED IN THE TOWN DIRECTORY

The following codes have been used to indicate the various amenities, facilities and location of town in the Town Directory statements. :—

Recreational and cultural facilities et. :—

| | |
|---|---|
| Public Library | PL |
| Reading Room | RR |

Roads and other means of communications :

| | |
|---|---|
| River | R |

System of Sewerage : ————

| | |
|---|---|
| Open surface drain | OSD |

Method of disposal of night soil :

| | |
|---|---|
| Septic tank latrine | ST |

Protected water supply source and capacity of store stystem :

| | |
|---|---|
| Overhead tank | OT |
| Tap water | T |

Medical facilities :

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital | H |
| T. B. clinic | TB |
| Family Planning Centre | FC |
| Others | O |

Classification of Town :

| | |
|---|---|
| Class—V | 5,000—9,999 |

Civic Status of Town :

| | |
|---|---|
| Census Town | CT |

(Census town have no civic bodies)

84-M/J(D)726RGI—9(a)

# 1981—CENSUS—TOWN DIRECTORY

STATEMENT 1

*Status and Growth History*

| Sl. No. | Class name and civic administration status of town | Location Code No. | Name of Circle | Area in (sq. Kms.) | Number of households including houseless households (in 1981 census) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | V Tezu* (C.T.) | 25/8/1 | Tezu | '10' | 1,376 |

| Population and growth rate of the town at the census of | | | | | | | | | Density (1981 Census) | Sex ratio | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1901 | 1911 | 1921 | 1931 | 1941 | 1951 | 1961 | 1971 | 1981 | | 1961 census | 1971 census | 1981 census |
| 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4,182 | 6,239 (49.18) | 624 | .. | 508 | 656 |

*In 1971 Census, Tezu was regarded as an urban area for the first time. Tezu is the district headquarters of Lohit District and is mana the Deputy Commissioner. There is no separate civic administrative body. The roads, building and other civic amenities are maintai by the Central Public Works Department.

Following abbreviations are used for this statement :—

V—Class of town, with population 5,000—9,999.

C.T.—Census town.

*Source* : District authority.

Note : '..' Denotes 'Nil'.

1981—CENSUS—TOWN DIRECTORY

STATEMENT II

*Physical aspects and location of towns, 1979*

| Sl. No. | Class and name of town | Physical asepcts | | | Name of and roads distance (in Kms.) from | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Rainfall (in mm) | Temperature (in centigrade) | | State H.Qs. | District H.Qs. | Circle | Nearest city with population of one lakh and more |
| | | | Maximum | Minimum | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 1 | V Tezu | 3186.4 | 38 | 3 | Itanagar (310) | Tezu (0) | Tezu (0) | Gauhati, Assam (637) |

| Name of and road distance (in Kms.) from | | |
|---|---|---|
| Railway station | Bus route | Navigable river/canal (if within 10 Kms.) |
| 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Talap (for local train) Assam (85) Tinsukia, (for distance train) Assam (124) | Tezu (0) | Lohit R - 5 |

Following abbreviations are used for this statement:—

V—Class of town with population 5,000—9,999.

R—River.

*Source* : District authority.

# 1981—CENSUS—TOWN DIRECTORY

## STATEMENT III

*Municipal Finance, 1978-79*

| Sl. No. | Class and name of town | Civic administration status (in 1980) | Receipt (in Rs. '00) | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Receipt through taxes etc. | Revenue derived from municipal properties and power apart from taxation | Government grant | Loan | Advance | Other sources (specify) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 1 | V Tezu* | CT | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |

| Receipt (in Rs. '00) | Expenditure (in Rs. '00) | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total receipt | General administration | Public safety | Public health and conveniences | Public works | Public Institutions | Others (specify) | Total expenditure |
| 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |

*The township is the District Headquarters of Lohit District and managed by the Deputy Commissioner of the district. There is no statutory or non-statutory bodies managing the civic administration of the town. The roads, buildings and other civic amenities are maintained by the Central Public Works Department as departmental works.

Following abbreviations are used for this statement :—

V—Class of town with population 5,000—9,999.

C.T.—Census town.

*Source* : District authority.

**Note** : '..' **Denotes 'Nil'.**

1981—CENSUS—TOWN DIRECTORY

STATEMENT IV

*Civic and other amenities, 1979*

| Sl. No. | Class and name of town | Civic administration Status (in 1980) | (1981 census) Population | Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes population | Road length (in Kms.) | System of sewerage | Number of latrines | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | | Water borne | Service | Others |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 1 | V Tezu | C.T. | 6,239 | SC (121)<br>ST (741) | 50 | OSD | 64 | .. | 1,602 |

| Method of disposal of night soil | Protected water supply | | | Electrification (Number of connections) | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Source of supply | System of storage with capacity in litres (in brackets) | Fire fighting service | Domestic | Industrial | Commercial | Road lighting (points) | Others |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| ST<br>O | T | OT (3,00,000) | Tinsukia, Assam (124 Kms.) | 818 | 7 | 83 | 315 | 86 |

Following abbreviation is used for this statement :—

V—Class of town with population 5,000—9,999.

O—The method of disposal of night-soil by pig.

*Source* : District authority.

Note : '..' Denotes 'Nil'.

STATEMENT V

*Medical, Educational, Recreational and Cultural facilities, 1979*

| Sl. No. | Class and name of town | Population | Medical facilities | | Educational Facilities | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Hospitals/ Dispensaries/ T.B. clinics etc. | Beds in medical institutions noted in Column 4 | Arts/Science/ Commerce colleges (of degree level and above) | Medical Colleges | Engineering Colleges | Polytechnics | Recognised shorthand, type-writing and vocational training institutions |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 1 | V Tezu | 6,239 | H<br>TB<br>O<br>FC | 30<br>10<br>6<br>.. | Doomdoma, Assam (110 Kms.) | Dibrugarh, Assam (172 Kms.) | Jorhat, Assam (300 Kms.) | Dibrugarh, Assam (172 Kms.) | Doomdoma, Assam (110 Kms.) |

| Sl. No. | Educational facilities—*contd.* | | | | | Number of recreational and cultural facilities | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Higher Secondary/ Intermediate /PUC (Pre-university College)/ Junior College level | Secondary/ Matriculation | Junior Secondary and middle schools | Primary Schools | Adult literacy classes/centres, others (specify) | Working Women's hostels with number of seats | Stadia | Cinema | Auditoria/ Drama/ Community halls | Public libraries including reading rooms |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | PL-1, RR-1 | |

Following abbreviations are used for this statement :—

V—Class of town with population 5,000—9,999.

H—Hospital

TB—T.B. Clinic

O—Others

PL—Public Library

RR—Reading Room

FC—Family Planning Centre

*Source* : District authority.

Note : '..' denotes 'Nil'.

(1) Under column 4, the medical institutions whether Allopathic or Ayurvedic or Unani or Homoeopatheic which are run by or aided by Government/Semi-Government and Charitable institutions or social service agencies like the missionaries are only recorded.

(2) If an educational facility is not available in the town, the name of the nearest place if in the same district or the name of the nearest place and name of state if in other state where the facility is available is mentioned along with the distance of the place from Tezu town.

(3) In case composite Schools like Middle Schools with Primary Classes, or Secondary Schools, with Middle Classes, these are included in the number of Primary and Middle School respectively, for example, if in a town there are two Primary Schools and one Middle School with Primary Classes, the number of Primary Schools in the town may be given as 3 and that of Middle School as one even though there may be only three educational institutions. So also in case of Secondary or Higher Secondary Schools.

1981—CENSUS—TOWN DIRECTORY

STATEMENT VI

*Trade, Commerce, Industry and Banking, 1979*

| Sl. No. | Class and name of town | Name of three most important commodities imported | | | Name of three most important commodities exported | | | Name of three most important commodities manufactured | | | Number of banks | Number of agricultural credit societies | Number of non-agricultural credit societies |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | 1st | 2nd | 3rd | 1st | 2nd | 3rd | 1st | 2nd | 3rd | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| 1 | V Tezu | Food grains | Wood | Cane | wood | cane | .. | Wooden furniture | Furniture made of cane | .. | 1 | .. | 1 |

NOTE : Class V of town denotes a town with a popualtion 5,000—9,999.

Notes : '..' Denotes 'Nil'.

*Source* : District authority.

# PART B

# PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

## (i) DISTRICT PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

## (Circlewise—Total, Rural, Urban)

**DISTRICT PRIMARY**

**(a) Circlewise—Total,**

| Sl. No. | District/Sub-division/ Circle | Total/ Rural/ Urban | Area in Km² | No. of occupied residential houses | No. of house-holds | Total population (including Institutiona and Houseless population) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | P | M | F |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| | **Lohit** | **Total** | **11,402.0** | **11,579** | **12,294** | **69,498** | **39,024** | **30,474** |
| | | **Rural** | **N.A.** | **10,205** | **10,919** | **63,259** | **35,257** | **28,002** |
| | | **Urban** | **N.A.** | **1,374** | **1,375** | **6,239** | **3,767** | **2,472** |
| | **Tezu Sub-division** | **Total** | **N.A.** | **3,326** | **3,403** | **16,118** | **9,402** | **6,716** |
| | | **Rural** | **N.A.** | **1,952** | **2,028** | **9,879** | **5,635** | **4,244** |
| | | **Urban** | **N.A.** | **1,374** | **1,375** | **6,239** | **3,767** | **2,472** |
| 1. | Tezu | Total | N.A. | 3,326 | 3,403 | 16,118 | 9,402 | 6,716 |
| | | Rural | N.A. | 1,952 | 2,028 | 9,879 | 5,635 | 4,244 |
| | | Urban | N.A. | 1,374 | 1,375 | 6,239 | 3,767 | 2,472 |
| | Tezu Town | Urban | N.A. | 1,374 | 1,375 | 6,239 | 3,767 | 2,472 |
| | **Namsai Sub-division** | **Total** | **N.A.** | **6,237** | **6,379** | **38,929** | **21,654** | **17,275** |
| | | **Rural** | **N.A.** | **6,237** | **6,379** | **38,929** | **21,654** | **17,275** |
| | | **Urban** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 1. | Namsai | Total | N.A. | 2,545 | 2,598 | 14,304 | 8,210 | 6,094 |
| | | Rural | N.A. | 2,545 | 2,598 | 14,304 | 8,210 | 6,094 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 2. | Wakro | Total | N.A. | 595 | 625 | 3,319 | 1,999 | 1,320 |
| | | Rural | N.A. | 595 | 625 | 3,319 | 1,999 | 1,320 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 3. | Chowkham | Total | N.A. | 1,393 | 1,424 | 8,304 | 4,707 | 3,597 |
| | | Rural | N.A. | 1,393 | 1,424 | 8,304 | 4,707 | 3,597 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 4. | Lekang | Total | N.A. | 1,704 | 1,732 | 13,002 | 6,738 | 6,264 |
| | | Rural | N.A. | 1,704 | 1,732 | 13,002 | 6,738 | 6,264 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| | **Hayuliang Sub-division** | **Total** | **N.A.** | **2,016** | **2,512** | **14,451** | **7,968** | **6,483** |
| | | **Rural** | **N.A.** | **2,016** | **2,512** | **14,451** | **7,968** | **6,483** |
| | | **Urban** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 1. | **Hayuliang** | Total | N.A. | 887 | 1,045 | 6,797 | 3,898 | 2,899 |
| | | **Rural** | N.A. | 887 | 1,045 | 6,797 | 3,898 | 2,899 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 2. | Chaglongam | Total | N.A. | 370 | 452 | 2,251 | 1,160 | 1,091 |
| | | Rural | N.A. | 370 | 452 | 2,251 | 1,160 | 1,091 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 3. | Hawai | Total | N.A. | 354 | 587 | 2,903 | 1,519 | 1,384 |
| | | Rural | N.A. | 354 | 587 | 2,903 | 1,519 | 1,384 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 4. | Walong | Total | N.A. | 148 | 148 | 813 | 490 | 323 |
| | | Rural | N.A. | 148 | 148 | 813 | 490 | 323 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 5. | Kibithoo | Total | N.A. | 90 | 90 | 386 | 258 | 128 |
| | | Rural | N.A. | 90 | 90 | 386 | 258 | 128 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6. | Goiliang | Total | N.A. | 167 | 190 | 1,301 | 643 | 658 |
| | | Rural | N.A. | 167 | 190 | 1,301 | 643 | 658 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |

**CENSUS ABSTRACT**

**Rural, Urban**

| Scheduled Castes | | | Scheduled Tribes | | | Literates | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F |
| 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| 910 | 521 | 389 | 30,130 | 15,212 | 14,918 | 19,640 | 14,295 | 5,345 |
| 789 | 444 | 345 | 29,389 | 14,812 | 14,577 | 16,179 | 11,927 | 4,252 |
| 121 | 77 | 44 | 741 | 400 | 341 | 3,461 | 2,368 | 1,093 |
| 243 | 148 | 95 | 3,677 | 1,826 | 1,851 | 6,227 | 4,290 | 1,937 |
| 122 | 71 | 51 | 2,936 | 1,426 | 1,510 | 2,766 | 1,922 | 844 |
| 121 | 77 | 44 | 741 | 400 | 341 | 3,461 | 2,368 | 1,093 |
| 243 | 148 | 95 | 3,677 | 1,826 | 1,851 | 6,227 | 4,290 | 1,937 |
| 122 | 71 | 51 | 2,936 | 1,426 | 1,510 | 2,766 | 1,922 | 844 |
| 121 | 77 | 44 | 741 | 400 | 341 | 3,461 | 2,368 | 1,093 |
| 121 | 77 | 44 | 741 | 400 | 341 | 3,461 | 2,368 | 1,093 |
| 616 | 345 | 271 | 15,191 | 7,791 | 7,400 | 11,494 | 8,377 | 3,117 |
| 616 | 345 | 271 | 15,191 | 7,791 | 7,400 | 11,494 | 8,377 | 3,117 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 176 | 113 | 63 | 5,355 | 2,763 | 2,592 | 4,323 | 3,082 | 1,241 |
| 176 | 113 | 63 | 5,355 | 2,763 | 2,592 | 4,323 | 3,082 | 1,241 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 2 | 2 | .. | 1,811 | 888 | 923 | 809 | 688 | 121 |
| 2 | 2 | .. | 1,811 | 888 | 923 | 809 | 688 | 121 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 429 | 226 | 203 | 3,058 | 1,593 | 1,465 | 2,936 | 2,164 | 772 |
| 429 | 226 | 203 | 3,058 | 1,593 | 1,465 | 2,936 | 2,164 | 772 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 9 | 4 | 5 | 4,967 | 2,547 | 2,420 | 3,426 | 2,443 | 983 |
| 9 | 4 | 5 | 4,967 | 2,547 | 2,420 | 3,426 | 2,443 | 983 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 51 | 28 | 23 | 11,262 | 5,595 | 5,667 | 1,919 | 1,628 | 291 |
| 51 | 28 | 23 | 11,262 | 5,595 | 5,667 | 1,919 | 1,628 | 291 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 42 | 21 | 21 | 4,648 | 2,297 | 2,351 | 1,052 | 863 | 189 |
| 42 | 21 | 21 | 4,648 | 2,297 | 2,351 | 1,052 | 863 | 189 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | 2,045 | 1,006 | 1,039 | 184 | 167 | 17 |
| .. | .. | .. | 2,045 | 1,006 | 1,039 | 184 | 167 | 17 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6 | 4 | 2 | 2,652 | 1,336 | 1,316 | 272 | 242 | 30 |
| 6 | 4 | 2 | 2,652 | 1,336 | 1,316 | 272 | 242 | 30 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 1 | 1 | .. | 496 | 265 | 231 | 240 | 197 | 43 |
| 1 | 1 | .. | 496 | 265 | 231 | 240 | 197 | 43 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 2 | 2 | .. | 158 | 78 | 80 | 94 | 90 | 4 |
| 2 | 2 | .. | 158 | 78 | 80 | 94 | 90 | 4 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | 1,263 | 613 | 650 | 77 | 69 | 8 |
| .. | .. | .. | 1,263 | 613 | 650 | 77 | 69 | 8 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |

DISTRICT PRIMARY

(a) Circlewise—Total

| Sl. No. | District/Sub-division/ Circle | Total/ Rural/ Urban | MAIN WORKERS | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Total Main Workers (I—IX) | | | Cultivators (I) | | | Agricultural Labourers (II) | | |
| | | | P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 |
| | **Lohit** | **Total** | **31,157** | **22,757** | **8,400** | **18,580** | **11,181** | **7,399** | **850** | **672** | **178** |
| | | **Rural** | **28,843** | **20,586** | **8,257** | **18,516** | **11,151** | **7,365** | **847** | **670** | **177** |
| | | **Urban** | **2,314** | **2,171** | **143** | **64** | **30** | **34** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| | **Tezu Sub-division** | **Total** | **6,923** | **5,545** | **1,378** | **2,466** | **1,330** | **1,136** | 34 | 25 | 9 |
| | | **Rural** | **4,609** | **3,374** | **1,235** | **2,402** | **1,300** | **1,102** | **31** | **23** | **8** |
| | | **Urban** | **2,314** | **2,171** | **143** | **64** | **30** | **34** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1. | Tezu | Total | 6,923 | 5,545 | 1,378 | 2,466 | 1,330 | 1,136 | 34 | 25 | 9 |
| | | Rural | 4,609 | 3,374 | 1,235 | 2,402 | 1,300 | 1,102 | 31 | 23 | 8 |
| | | Urban | 2,314 | 2,171 | 143 | 64 | 30 | 34 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| | Tezu Town | Urban | 2,314 | 2,171 | 143 | 64 | 30 | 34 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| | **Namsai Sub -division** | **Total** | **15,672** | **11,982** | **3,690** | **9,729** | **6,692** | **3,037** | **805** | **636** | **169** |
| | | **Rural** | **15,672** | **11,982** | **3,690** | **9,729** | **6,692** | **3,037** | **805** | **636** | **169** |
| | | **Urban** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 1. | Namsai | Total | 6,190 | 4,827 | 1,363 | 3,141 | 2,170 | 971 | 454 | 364 | 90 |
| | | Rural | 6,190 | 4,827 | 1,363 | 3,141 | 2,170 | 971 | 454 | 364 | 90 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 2. | Wakro | Total | 1,892 | 1,344 | 548 | 985 | 513 | 472 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| | | Rural | 1,892 | 1,344 | 548 | 985 | 513 | 472 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 3. | Chowkham | Total | 2,831 | 2,604 | 227 | 1,431 | 1,310 | 121 | 130 | 113 | 17 |
| | | Rural | 2,831 | 2,604 | 227 | 1,431 | 1,310 | 121 | 130 | 113 | 17 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 4. | Lekang | Total | 4,759 | 3,207 | 1,552 | 4,172 | 2,699 | 1,473 | 219 | 158 | 61 |
| | | Rural | 4,759 | 3,207 | 1,552 | 4,172 | 2,699 | 1,473 | 219 | 158 | 61 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| | **Hayuliang Sub-division** | **Total** | **8,562** | **5,230** | **3,332** | **6,385** | **3,159** | **3,226** | **11** | **11** | .. |
| | | **Rural** | **8,562** | **5,230** | **3,332** | **6,385** | **3,159** | **3,226** | **11** | **11** | .. |
| | | **Urban** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 1. | Hayuliang | Total | 4,118 | 2,665 | 1,453 | 2,662 | 1,293 | 1,369 | 9 | 9 | .. |
| | | Rural | 4,118 | 2,665 | 1,453 | 2,662 | 1,293 | 1,369 | 9 | 9 | .. |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 2. | Chaglongam | Total | 1,249 | 721 | 528 | 1,106 | 578 | 528 | .. | .. | .. |
| | | Rural | 1,249 | 721 | 528 | 1,106 | 578 | 528 | .. | .. | .. |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 3. | Hawai | Total | 1,771 | 938 | 833 | 1,605 | 773 | 832 | 2 | 2 | .. |
| | | Rural | 1,771 | 938 | 833 | 1,605 | 773 | 832 | 2 | 2 | .. |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 4 | Walong | Total | 397 | 308 | 89 | 185 | 116 | 69 | .. | .. | .. |
| | | Rural | 397 | 308 | 89 | 185 | 116 | 69 | .. | .. | .. |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 5. | Kibithoo | Total | 227 | 197 | 30 | 62 | 32 | 30 | .. | .. | .. |
| | | Rural | 227 | 197 | 30 | 62 | 32 | 30 | .. | .. | .. |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6. | Goiliang | Total | 800 | 401 | 399 | 765 | 367 | 398 | .. | .. | .. |
| | | Rural | 800 | 401 | 399 | 765 | 367 | 398 | .. | .. | .. |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |

**ENSUS ABSTRACT**

**ural, Urban**

| MAIN WORKERS | | | | | | Marginal Workers | | | Non-workers | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ousehold Industry, Manufacturing, rocessing, Servicing & Repairs [V(*a*)] | | | Other Workers [III, IV, V (*b*) & VI to IX] | | | | | | | | |
| P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F |
| 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 |
| **101** | **100** | **1** | **11,626** | **10,804** | **822** | **2,491** | **379** | **2,112** | **35,850** | **15,888** | **19,962** |
| **61** | **60** | **1** | **9,419** | **8,705** | **714** | **2,484** | **375** | **2,109** | **31,932** | **14,296** | **17,636** |
| **40** | **40** | .. | **2,207** | **2,099** | **108** | **7** | **4** | **3** | **3,918** | **1,592** | **2,326** |
| **54** | **54** | .. | **4,369** | **4,136** | **233** | **24** | **14** | **17** | **9,171** | **3,843** | **5,328** |
| **14** | **14** | .. | **2,162** | **2,037** | **125** | **17** | **10** | **7** | **5,253** | **2,251** | **3,002** |
| **40** | **40** | .. | **2,207** | **2,099** | **108** | **7** | **4** | **3** | **3,918** | **1,592** | **2,326** |
| 54 | 54 | .. | 4,369 | 4,136 | 233 | 24 | 14 | 10 | 9,171 | 3,843 | 5,328 |
| 14 | 14 | .. | 2,162 | 2,037 | 125 | 17 | 10 | 7 | 5,253 | 2,251 | 3,002 |
| 40 | 40 | .. | 2,207 | 2,099 | 108 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 3,918 | 1,592 | 2,326 |
| 40 | 40 | .. | 2,207 | 2,099 | 108 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 3,918 | 1,592 | 2,326 |
| **42** | **41** | **1** | **5,096** | **4,613** | **483** | **2,167** | **311** | **1,856** | **21,090** | **9,361** | **11,729** |
| **42** | **41** | **1** | **5,096** | **4,613** | **483** | **2,167** | **311** | **1,856** | **21,090** | **9,361** | **11,729** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 18 | 18 | .. | 2,577 | 2,275 | 302 | 104 | 19 | 85 | 8,010 | 3,364 | 4,646 |
| 18 | 18 | .. | 2,577 | 2,275 | 302 | 104 | 19 | 85 | 8,010 | 3,364 | 4,646 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 2 | 2 | .. | 903 | 828 | 75 | 103 | 47 | 56 | 1,324 | 608 | 716 |
| 2 | 2 | .. | 903 | 828 | 75 | 103 | 47 | 56 | 1,324 | 608 | 716 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| **16** | 15 | 1 | 1,254 | 1,166 | **88** | **868** | **76** | **792** | **4,605** | **2,027** | 2,578 |
| **16** | 15 | 1 | 1,254 | 1,166 | 88 | 868 | 76 | 792 | 4,605 | 2,027 | 2,578 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6 | 6 | .. | 362 | 344 | 18 | 1,092 | 169 | 923 | 7,151 | 3,362 | 3,789 |
| 6 | 6 | .. | 362 | 344 | 18 | 1,092 | 169 | 923 | 7,151 | 3,362 | 3,789 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| **5** | **5** | .. | **2,161** | **2,055** | **106** | **300** | **54** | **246** | **5,589** | **2,684** | **2,905** |
| **5** | **5** | .. | **2,161** | **2,055** | **106** | **300** | **54** | **246** | **5,589** | **2,684** | **2,905** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 5 | 5 | .. | 1,442 | 1,358 | 84 | 238 | 44 | 194 | 2,441 | 1,189 | 1,252 |
| 5 | 5 | .. | 1,442 | 1,358 | 84 | 238 | 44 | 194 | 2,441 | 1,189 | 1,252 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | 143 | 143 | .. | 21 | 1 | 20 | 981 | 438 | 543 |
| .. | .. | .. | 143 | 143 | .. | 21 | 1 | 20 | 981 | 438 | 543 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | 164 | 163 | 1 | 41 | 9 | 32 | 1,091 | 572 | 519 |
| .. | .. | .. | 164 | 163 | 1 | 41 | 9 | 32 | 1,091 | 572 | 519 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | 212 | 192 | 20 | .. | .. | .. | 416 | 182 | 234 |
| .. | .. | .. | 212 | 192 | 20 | .. | .. | .. | 416 | 182 | 234 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | 165 | 165 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 159 | 61 | 98 |
| .. | .. | .. | 165 | 165 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 159 | 61 | 98 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | 35 | 34 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 501 | 242 | 259 |
| .. | .. | .. | 35 | 34 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 501 | 242 | 259 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |



84-M/J(D)726RGI—10

## (ii) CIRCLEWISE PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

## (Village and Town—Wardwise)



84-M/J(D)726RGI—10(a)

CIRCLEWISE PRIMARY

*(a) Village-wise*

Circle : TEZU

Code No. : 8/1

| Location Code No. | Name of Village/Town/Ward | Area of village in Hectares & of town/ward in Km² | No. of occupied residential houses | No. of households | Total population (including Institutional and Houseless population) | | | Scheduled Castes | | Scheduled Tribes | | Literates | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | P | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| | **Tezu Circle . . Total** | **N.A.** | **3,326** | **3,403** | **16,118** | **9,402** | **6,716** | **148** | **95** | **1,826** | **1,851** | **4,290** | **1,937** |
| | **Rural** | **N.A.** | **1,952** | **2,028** | **9,879** | **5,635** | **4,244** | **71** | **51** | **1,426** | **1,510** | **1,922** | **844** |
| | **Urban** | **..** | **1,374** | **1,375** | **6,239** | **3,767** | **2,472** | **77** | **44** | **400** | **341** | **2,368** | **1,093** |
| **RURAL** | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25/8/1/1 | Loiliang . . . . | N.A. | 223 | 223 | 1,153 | 5 | 5 | .. | .. | 544 | 411 | 173 | 85 |
| 25/8/1/2 | Bhekuliang . . . | N.A. | 48 | 48 | 254 | 138 | 116 | .. | .. | 136 | 114 | 21 | 2 |
| 25/8/1/3 | Tinali . . . | N.A. | 75 | 75 | 296 | 153 | 143 | .. | .. | 57 | 73 | 55 | 23 |
| 25/8/1/4 | Teluliang (Old) . . . | N.A. | 80 | 80 | 433 | 236 | 197 | .. | .. | 23 | 24 | 119 | 49 |
| 25/8/1/5 | Teluliang (New) . . . | N.A. | 5 | 5 | 34 | 19 | 15 | .. | .. | 14 | 14 | 16 | 9 |
| 25/8/1/6 | Tindolong . . . . | N.A. | 348 | 348 | 1,482 | 797 | 685 | 28 | 15 | 32 | 10 | 353 | 226 |
| 25/8/1/7 | Gohain Goan . . . | N.A. | 100 | 100 | 438 | 254 | 184 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 4 | 115 | 49 |
| 25/8/1/8 | 27th Mile . . . . | N.A. | 64 | 64 | 191 | 138 | 53 | 5 | 8 | .. | .. | 56 | 7 |
| 25/8/1/9 | Paya . . . . | N.A. | 39 | 39 | 148 | 90 | 58 | .. | .. | 2 | 2 | 21 | 4 |
| 25/8/1/10 | Hatiduba . . . . | N.A. | 41 | 42 | 242 | 125 | 117 | .. | .. | 51 | 70 | 13 | 2 |
| 25/8/1/11 | 19th Mile . . . . | N.A. | 41 | 41 | 200 | 115 | 85 | 2 | .. | 33 | 40 | 17 | 6 |
| 25/8/1/12 | Yealiang . . . . | N.A. | 89 | 96 | 450 | 249 | 201 | 11 | 5 | 138 | 132 | 48 | 15 |
| 25/8/1/13 | Jeko . . . . . | N.A. | 85 | 100 | 469 | 265 | 204 | .. | .. | 53 | 73 | 92 | 34 |
| 25/8/1/14 | Sunpura . . . . | N.A. | 86 | 112 | 521 | 295 | 226 | .. | .. | 15 | 10 | 118 | 55 |
| 25/8/1/15 | Khoraliang . . . | N.A. | 25 | 28 | 147 | 78 | 69 | .. | .. | 68 | 61 | 15 | 4 |
| 25/8/1/16 | Tafragam . . . . | N.A. | 125 | 141 | 760 | 431 | 329 | .. | .. | 259 | 273 | 76 | 50 |
| 25/8/1/17 | Changliang . . . | N.A. | 31 | 36 | 165 | 92 | 73 | .. | .. | 69 | 68 | 30 | 8 |
| 25/8/1/18 | Chiblaliang . . . | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 34 | 20 | 14 | .. | .. | 20 | 14 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/1/19 | Chailiang . . . . | N.A. | 29 | 31 | 178 | 92 | 86 | .. | .. | 52 | 64 | 16 | 2 |
| 25/8/1/20 | Panbari . . . . | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 27 | 14 | 13 | 11 | 12 | .. | .. | 9 | 3 |
| 25/8/1/21 | Duranala . . . . | N.A. | 108 | 109 | 1,045 | 879 | 166 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 295 | 20 |
| 25/8/1/22 | Lohitpur . . . . | N.A. | 259 | 259 | 964 | 427 | 537 | .. | .. | 1 | .. | 198 | 181 |
| 25/8/1/23 | Jalukbari . . . . | N.A. | 15 | 15 | 76 | 37 | 39 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 16 | 6 |
| 25/8/1/24 | Satamgam . . . . | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 56 | 27 | 29 | .. | .. | 27 | 29 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/1/25 | Soiliang . . . . | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 5 | .. | .. | 2 | 5 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/1/26 | Loboliang . . . . | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 24 | 14 | 10 | .. | .. | 14 | 10 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/1/27 | Tasiliang . . . . | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 14 | 8 | 6 | .. | .. | 8 | 6 | 3 | 1 |
| 25/8/1/28 | Tidding . . . . | N.A. | 11 | 11 | 71 | 65 | 6 | .. | .. | 5 | 3 | 44 | 3 |
| **URBAN** | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25/8/I | **Tezu Town . . . .** | **N.A.** | **1,374** | **1,375** | **6,239** | **3,767** | **2,472** | **77** | **44** | **400** | **341** | **2,368** | **1,093** |
| 8/I/1 | Tezu Town BL-1 . . | N.A. | 94 | 94 | 378 | 226 | 152 | 7 | 2 | 20 | 43 | 100 | 28 |
| 8/I/2 | Tezu Town BL-2 . . | N.A. | 117 | 117 | 518 | 305 | 213 | 3 | 2 | 36 | 33 | 179 | 97 |
| 8/I/3 | Tezu Town BL-3 . . | N.A. | 127 | 128 | 783 | 503 | 280 | 11 | 7 | 13 | 19 | 288 | 59 |
| 8/I/4 | Tezu Town BL-4 . . | N.A. | 157 | 157 | 729 | 457 | 272 | 6 | 3 | 51 | 42 | 298 | 123 |
| 8/I/5 | Tezu Town BL-5 . . | N.A. | 125 | 125 | 524 | 296 | 228 | 3 | 2 | 13 | 14 | 252 | 171 |
| 8/I/6 | Tezu Town BL-6 . . | N.A. | 181 | 181 | 819 | 484 | 335 | 28 | 23 | 53 | 50 | 280 | 107 |
| 8/I/7 | Tezu Town BL-7 . . | N.A. | 71 | 71 | 331 | 174 | 157 | .. | .. | 23 | 24 | 133 | 104 |
| 8/I/8 | Tezu Town BL-8 . . | N.A. | 232 | 232 | 987 | 562 | 425 | 1 | 2 | 76 | 62 | 407 | 227 |
| 8/I/9 | Tezu Town BL-9 . . | N.A. | 17 | 17 | 74 | 38 | 36 | .. | .. | 9 | 8 | 27 | 25 |
| 8/I/10 | Tezu Town BL-10 . . | N.A. | 253 | 253 | 1,096 | 722 | 374 | 18 | 3 | 106 | 46 | 404 | 152 |

NOTE :—Sl. No. of ward and enumeration block are same.

CENSUS ABSTRACT

*and (b) Townwise*

| Main Workers | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total Main Workers (I—IX) | | Cultivators (I) | | Agricultural Labourers (II) | | Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing & Repairs [V(a)] | | Other Workers [III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX] | | Marginal Workers | | Non-workers | |
| M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| **5,545** | **1,378** | **1,330** | **1,136** | **25** | **9** | **54** | .. | **4,136** | **233** | **14** | **10** | **3,843** | **5,328** |
| **3,374** | **1,235** | **1,300** | **1,102** | **23** | **8** | **14** | .. | **2,037** | **125** | **10** | **7** | **2,251** | **3,002** |
| **2,171** | **143** | **30** | **34** | **2** | **1** | **40** | .. | **2,099** | **108** | **4** | **3** | **1,592** | **2,326** |
| 295 | 275 | 219 | 269 | 3 | .. | 1 | .. | 72 | 6 | .. | .. | 280 | 303 |
| 94 | 77 | 92 | 76 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 1 | .. | .. | 44 | 39 |
| 95 | 45 | 58 | 39 | 7 | 6 | 1 | .. | 29 | .. | .. | .. | 58 | 98 |
| 122 | 58 | 65 | 57 | 4 | 1 | .. | .. | 53 | .. | .. | .. | 114 | 139 |
| 7 | 3 | 3 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. | .. | .. | 12 | 12 |
| 472 | 199 | 265 | 183 | .. | .. | 3 | .. | 204 | 16 | .. | .. | 325 | 486 |
| 126 | 3 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 8 | .. | 115 | 3 | 3 | .. | 125 | 181 |
| 109 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 109 | 3 | 1 | .. | 28 | 50 |
| 51 | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 50 | .. | .. | .. | 39 | 58 |
| 75 | 56 | 57 | 49 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 18 | 7 | .. | .. | 50 | 61 |
| 67 | 7 | 53 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 14 | .. | .. | .. | 48 | 78 |
| 142 | 106 | 118 | 105 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 22 | 1 | .. | .. | 107 | 95 |
| 148 | 7 | 73 | 3 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 73 | 4 | 6 | .. | 111 | 197 |
| 140 | 3 | 11 | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 128 | 3 | .. | .. | 155 | 223 |
| 31 | 40 | 24 | 40 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 6 | .. | .. | .. | 47 | 29 |
| 274 | 179 | 130 | 166 | 3 | 1 | .. | .. | 141 | 12 | .. | .. | 157 | 150 |
| 58 | 44 | 33 | 41 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 25 | 3 | .. | .. | 34 | 29 |
| 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 13 | 7 |
| 60 | 16 | 41 | 16 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 19 | .. | .. | 4 | 32 | 66 |
| 11 | 7 | 8 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 6 |
| 793 | 54 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 793 | 54 | .. | .. | 96 | 112 |
| 99 | 12 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | 97 | 12 | .. | .. | 328 | 525 |
| 13 | 7 | 13 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 24 | 32 |
| 11 | 13 | 11 | 13 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 16 | 16 |
| 1 | 5 | 1 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. |
| 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 1 |
| 3 | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 5 | 4 |
| 61 | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 60 | .. | .. | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| **2,171** | **143** | **30** | **34** | **2** | **1** | **40** | .. | **2,099** | **108** | **4** | **3** | **1,592** | **2,326** |
| 135 | 15 | 7 | 9 | .. | .. | 5 | .. | 123 | 6 | .. | .. | 91 | 137 |
| 174 | 16 | 9 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 165 | 13 | .. | .. | 131 | 197 |
| 320 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 12 | .. | 304 | 1 | .. | .. | 183 | 277 |
| 295 | 17 | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 295 | 16 | .. | .. | 162 | 255 |
| 180 | 22 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | 178 | 22 | .. | 1 | 116 | 205 |
| 255 | 33 | 11 | 19 | .. | .. | 15 | .. | 229 | 14 | .. | .. | 229 | 302 |
| 76 | 9 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 76 | 9 | 1 | .. | 97 | 148 |
| 305 | 19 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | .. | 299 | 19 | .. | .. | 257 | 406 |
| 16 | 2 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 15 | 1 | .. | .. | 22 | 34 |
| 415 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 415 | 7 | 3 | 2 | 304 | 365 |

CIRCLEWISE PRIMARY

(a) Villag

Circle : NAMSAI

Code No. : 8/2

| Location Code Number | Name of village/Town/Ward | Area of village in hect. & of town/ ward in Km² | No. of occupied residential houses | No. of households | Total population (including Institutional & Houseless population) | | | Scheduled Castes | | Scheduled Tribes | | Literates | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | P | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| | **Total** | N.A. | **2,545** | **2,598** | **14,304** | **8,210** | **6,094** | **113** | **63** | **2,763** | **2,592** | **3,082** | **1,241** |
| | **Rural** | N.A. | **2,545** | **2,598** | **14,304** | **8,210** | **6,094** | **113** | **63** | **2,763** | **2,592** | **3,082** | **1,241** |
| | **Urban** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| RURAL | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25/8/2/1 | Samuguri | N.A. | 11 | 11 | 75 | 42 | 33 | .. | .. | 41 | 33 | 6 | 4 |
| 25/8/2/2 | Bhogamuk | N.A. | 21 | 21 | 229 | 172 | 57 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 24 | 3 |
| 25/8/2/3 | Mengkeng Miri | N.A. | 17 | 18 | 135 | 73 | 62 | .. | .. | 73 | 62 | 28 | 5 |
| 25/8/2/4 | Dhonekhona | N.A. | 13 | 13 | 83 | 43 | 40 | .. | .. | 43 | 40 | 16 | 4 |
| 25/8/2/5 | New Jenthu | N.A. | 14 | 14 | 109 | 58 | 51 | .. | .. | 57 | 51 | 18 | 3 |
| 25/8/2/6 | Joypur | N.A. | 23 | 23 | 146 | 81 | 65 | .. | .. | 78 | 62 | 32 | 9 |
| 25/8/2/7 | New Joypur | N.A. | 15 | 15 | 87 | 45 | 42 | .. | .. | 23 | 24 | 5 | .. |
| 25/8/2/8 | Denamjona | N.A. | 13 | 13 | 75 | 45 | 30 | .. | .. | 45 | 30 | 13 | 2 |
| 25/8/2/9 | Jonapathar-IV | N.A. | 28 | 28 | 185 | 103 | 82 | .. | .. | 76 | 68 | 64 | 32 |
| 25/8/2/10 | Jonapathar-III | N.A. | 37 | 37 | 252 | 131 | 121 | .. | .. | 1 | .. | 43 | 26 |
| 25/8/2/11 | Jonakali | N.A. | 22 | 24 | 200 | 110 | 90 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 29 | 12 |
| 25/8/2/12 | Jonapathar-II | N.A. | 13 | 13 | 81 | 46 | 35 | .. | .. | 46 | 35 | 4 | .. |
| 25/8/2/13 | Jonapathar-I | N.A. | 40 | 40 | 323 | 206 | 117 | 1 | .. | 101 | 82 | 60 | 20 |
| 25/8/2/14 | Lathao | N.A. | 154 | 169 | 918 | 485 | 433 | .. | .. | 206 | 176 | 155 | 81 |
| 25/8/2/15 | Tengapani | N.A. | 17 | 21 | 47 | 28 | 19 | .. | .. | 2 | .. | 8 | 3 |
| 25/8/2/16 | Khohinalla | N.A. | 50 | 50 | 156 | 84 | 72 | .. | .. | 1 | .. | 17 | 3 |
| 25/8/2/17 | Selungtu | N.A. | 67 | 74 | 384 | 210 | 174 | 1 | .. | 75 | 72 | 60 | 20 |
| 25/8/2/18 | Melungkung | N.A. | 24 | 24 | 152 | 71 | 81 | .. | .. | 71 | 81 | 20 | 3 |
| 25/8/2/19 | Nanam-Khamti | N.A. | 44 | 44 | 248 | 130 | 118 | .. | .. | 69 | 69 | 26 | 11 |
| 25/8/2/20 | Sengsap | N.A. | 40 | 40 | 348 | 240 | 108 | 18 | .. | 99 | 103 | 59 | 28 |
| 25/8/2/21 | Kungao | N.A. | 20 | 20 | 110 | 51 | 59 | .. | .. | 36 | 39 | 9 | 9 |
| 25/8/2/22 | Nanam Shyam | N.A. | 44 | 44 | 284 | 165 | 119 | .. | .. | 107 | 88 | 80 | 47 |
| 25/8/2/23 | Namphaiseng | N.A. | 16 | 16 | 107 | 53 | 54 | .. | .. | 43 | 44 | 18 | 8 |
| 25/8/2/24 | Manhophai | N.A. | 18 | 18 | 114 | 56 | 58 | .. | .. | 46 | 53 | 31 | 18 |
| 25/8/2/25 | Pathargaon | N.A. | 48 | 48 | 304 | 172 | 132 | .. | .. | 149 | 114 | 50 | 25 |
| 25/8/2/26 | Enthem | N.A. | 11 | 11 | 73 | 43 | 30 | .. | .. | 31 | 21 | 4 | 2 |
| 25/8/2/27 | Entem | N.A. | 20 | 20 | 112 | 65 | 47 | .. | .. | 33 | 35 | 20 | 7 |
| 25/8/2/28 | Kaisu | N.A. | 21 | 21 | 161 | 87 | 74 | .. | .. | 7 | 5 | 43 | 27 |
| 25/8/2/29 | Manmo | N.A. | 58 | 58 | 316 | 168 | 148 | .. | .. | 77 | 70 | 75 | 40 |
| 25/8/2/30 | 6th Mile Camp | N.A. | 4 | 10 | 37 | 33 | 4 | .. | .. | 2 | .. | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/2/31 | 2nd Mile Camp | N.A. | 17 | 19 | 91 | 54 | 37 | .. | .. | 7 | 5 | 13 | 3 |
| 25/8/2/32 | Lekang Khamti | N.A. | 20 | 20 | 153 | 80 | 73 | .. | .. | 41 | 44 | 22 | 10 |
| 25/8/2/33 | Mengkeng Khamti | N.A. | 21 | 21 | 111 | 61 | 50 | .. | .. | 46 | 48 | 23 | 7 |
| 25/8/2/34 | Nampong | N.A. | 45 | 45 | 250 | 136 | 114 | .. | .. | 80 | 77 | 62 | 30 |
| 25/8/2/35 | Pangin | N.A. | 37 | 37 | 238 | 124 | 114 | .. | .. | 64 | 72 | 42 | 10 |
| 25/8/2/36 | Winko | N.A. | 83 | 85 | 448 | 233 | 215 | .. | .. | 124 | 129 | 68 | 15 |
| 25/8/2/37 | Nongto Shyam | N.A. | 27 | 27 | 159 | 90 | 69 | .. | .. | 70 | 61 | 64 | 38 |
| 25/8/2/38 | Nongto Khamti | N.A. | 31 | 31 | 182 | 90 | 92 | .. | .. | 65 | 68 | 34 | 14 |
| 25/8/2/39 | Wingsong Nongto | N.A. | 39 | 39 | 214 | 106 | 108 | .. | .. | 89 | 96 | 71 | 45 |
| 25/8/2/40 | Kesongkung | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 10 | 5 | 5 | .. | .. | 5 | 5 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/2/41 | Nukrang | N.A. | 13 | 13 | 63 | 36 | 27 | .. | .. | 17 | 13 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/2/42 | Wagan Pathar I | N.A. | 18 | 18 | 94 | 49 | 45 | .. | .. | 18 | 15 | 1 | 1 |
| 25/8/2/43 | Wagan Pathar (New) | N.A. | 11 | 11 | 64 | 33 | 31 | .. | .. | 29 | 30 | 5 | 3 |
| 25/8/2/44 | Jenglai | N.A. | 44 | 44 | 238 | 123 | 115 | .. | .. | 51 | 47 | 43 | 14 |
| 25/8/2/45 | Peyong | N.A. | 68 | 68 | 350 | 195 | 155 | .. | .. | 99 | 97 | 99 | 44 |
| 25/8/2/46 | Phoneng | N.A. | 9 | 9 | 67 | 34 | 33 | .. | .. | 10 | 8 | 12 | 4 |
| 25/8/2/47 | Peyong Kachari | N.A. | 17 | 17 | 93 | 53 | 40 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 16 | 5 |
| 25/8/2/48 | Nengro Charali | N.A. | 39 | 39 | 227 | 120 | 107 | .. | .. | 72 | 77 | 27 | 2 |
| 25/8/2/49 | Ningrer Adi | N.A. | 14 | 14 | 65 | 33 | 32 | .. | .. | 26 | 22 | 19 | 5 |
| 25/8/2/50 | Deobeel | N.A. | 117 | 117 | 576 | 306 | 270 | .. | .. | 68 | 77 | 92 | 35 |
| 25/8/2/51 | Namsai-I | N.A. | 408 | 415 | 1,809 | 1,136 | 673 | 43 | 26 | 96 | 99 | 636 | 275 |
| 25/8/2/52 | Namsai-II | N.A. | 541 | 548 | 2,951 | 1,817 | 1,134 | 50 | 37 | 48 | 45 | 713 | 229 |

CENSUS ABSTRACT

*wise*

| Main Workers | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total Main Workers (I—IX) | | Cultivators (I) | | Agricultural Labourers (II) | | Household Industry-Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing & Repairs [V(a)] | | Other Workers [III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX] | | Marginal Workers | | Non-workers | |
| M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19.. | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| **4,827** | **1,363** | **2,170** | **971** | **364** | **90** | **18** | .. | **2,275** | **302** | **19** | **85** | **3,364** | **4,646** |
| **4,827** | **1,363** | **2,170** | **971** | **364** | **90** | **18** | .. | **2,275** | **302** | **19** | **85** | **3,364** | **4,646** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 17 | .. | 17 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 25 | 33 |
| 135 | .. | 25 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 110 | .. | .. | .. | 37 | 57 |
| 36 | .. | 34 | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | 6 | .. | 31 | 62 |
| 19 | .. | 19 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 24 | 40 |
| 23 | .. | 22 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 35 | 51 |
| 40 | .. | 35 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | .. | .. | 37 | 41 | 28 |
| 24 | 1 | 23 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | 20 | 21 | 21 |
| 20 | 11 | 20 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 25 | 19 |
| 55 | 30 | 49 | 30 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. | .. | .. | 48 | 52 |
| 58 | 6 | 52 | 6 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. | .. | .. | 73 | 115 |
| 66 | 51 | 62 | 50 | 4 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 44 | 39 |
| 27 | 23 | 27 | 23 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 19 | 12 |
| 134 | 48 | 103 | 37 | 24 | 11 | .. | .. | 7 | .. | .. | .. | 72 | 69 |
| 264 | 130 | 176 | 125 | .. | .. | 3 | .. | 85 | 5 | .. | 16 | 221 | 287 |
| 22 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 22 | 3 | .. | .. | 6 | 16 |
| 56 | 32 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 56 | 32 | .. | .. | 28 | 40 |
| 105 | 23 | 89 | 22 | 4 | 1 | .. | .. | 12 | .. | .. | .. | 105 | 151 |
| 42 | 35 | 41 | 35 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 29 | 46 |
| 78 | 57 | 37 | 33 | 41 | 24 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 52 | 61 |
| 181 | 48 | 171 | 46 | 4 | 2 | .. | .. | 6 | .. | .. | .. | 59 | 60 |
| 27 | 31 | 16 | 20 | 10 | 11 | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 24 | 28 |
| 89 | 56 | 62 | 42 | 22 | 13 | 1 | .. | 4 | 1 | .. | .. | 76 | 63 |
| 27 | 20 | 22 | 17 | 5 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 26 | 34 |
| 27 | 24 | 18 | 21 | 8 | 3 | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 29 | 34 |
| 77 | 52 | 54 | 48 | 17 | 4 | 2 | .. | 4 | .. | .. | .. | 95 | 80 |
| 26 | 20 | 26 | 20 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 17 | 10 |
| 39 | 22 | 26 | 22 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 13 | .. | .. | .. | 26 | 25 |
| 48 | 32 | 41 | 31 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | 6 | .. | .. | .. | 39 | 42 |
| 85 | 46 | 68 | 38 | 4 | 2 | .. | .. | 13 | 6 | .. | 1 | 83 | 101 |
| 26 | .. | 15 | .. | 4 | .. | .. | .. | 7 | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 4 |
| 24 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 24 | 3 | .. | .. | 30 | 34 |
| 38 | 4 | 34 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | .. | 1 | .. | .. | 1 | 42 | 68 |
| 32 | .. | 21 | .. | 5 | .. | .. | .. | 6 | .. | .. | .. | 29 | 50 |
| 74 | 25 | 67 | 25 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. | .. | .. | 62 | 89 |
| 50 | .. | 49 | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 13 | 4 | 61 | 110 |
| 132 | .. | 53 | .. | 72 | .. | .. | .. | 7 | .. | .. | .. | 101 | 215 |
| 58 | 4 | 40 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 18 | 3 | .. | .. | 32 | 65 |
| 54 | .. | 52 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 36 | 92 |
| 60 | .. | 54 | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 46 | 108 |
| 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 3 |
| 23 | 4 | 10 | 3 | 13 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 13 | 23 |
| 30 | 6 | 6 | 2 | 24 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 19 | 39 |
| 18 | 4 | 16 | 3 | 2 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 15 | 27 |
| 66 | .. | 26 | .. | 38 | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 57 | 115 |
| 100 | 70 | 57 | 65 | 25 | 3 | .. | .. | 18 | 2 | .. | .. | 95 | 85 |
| 19 | 13 | 18 | 13 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 15 | 20 |
| 30 | 18 | 29 | 18 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 23 | 22 |
| 68 | 36 | 62 | 36 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 5 | .. | .. | .. | 52 | 71 |
| 22 | 2 | 22 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 11 | 30 |
| 192 | 114 | 179 | 114 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | 5 | .. | .. | .. | 114 | 156 |
| 719 | 30 | 16 | 7 | 10 | 3 | 6 | .. | 687 | 20 | .. | 3 | 417 | 640 |
| 1,142 | 227 | 6 | .. | 3 | .. | 5 | .. | 1,128 | 227 | .. | 3 | 675 | 904 |

Circle : WAKRO

Code No : 18/3

| Location Code Number | Name of village/ town/ ward | Area of village in hect ctor and of town/ ward in $Km^2$ | Number of occu- pied residen- tial houses | No. of house- holds | Total population (in- cluding Institutional and Houseless population) | | | Scheduled Castes | | Scheduled Tribes | | Literates | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | P | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| | **Total** | **N.A.** | **595** | **625** | **3,319** | **1,999** | **1,320** | 2 | .. | **888** | **923** | **688** | **121** |
| | **Rural** | **N.A.** | **595** | **625** | **3,319** | **1,999** | **1,320** | **2** | .. | **888** | **923** | **688** | **121** |
| | **Urban** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| RURAL | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25/8/3/1 | Wakro . . | N.A. | 5 | 5 | 37 | 17 | 20 | .. | .. | 17 | 20 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/3/2 | Gundri . | N.A. | 11 | 11 | 89 | 41 | 48 | .. | .. | 41 | 48 | 10 | 3 |
| 25/8/3/3 | Kanjong . | N.A. | 13 | 14 | 109 | 43 | 66 | .. | .. | 43 | 66 | 6 | 4 |
| 25/8/3/4 | Mawai-I . | N.A. | 24 | 24 | 228 | 179 | 49 | .. | .. | 27 | 27 | 48 | 1 |
| 25/8/3/5 | Mawai-II . | N.A. | 20 | 24 | 118 | 63 | 55 | .. | .. | 63 | 55 | 17 | 6 |
| 25/8/3/6 | Phukuri . | N.A. | 18 | 18 | 134 | 73 | 61 | .. | .. | 64 | 61 | 8 | .. |
| 25/8/3/8 | Tawn . . | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 33 | 20 | 13 | .. | .. | 20 | 13 | 1 | 2 |
| 25/8/3/9 | Blonghat . | N.A. | 7 | 8 | 39 | 16 | 23 | .. | .. | 16 | 23 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/3/10 | Chikung . | N.A. | 6 | 7 | 43 | 23 | 20 | .. | .. | 23 | 20 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/3/11 | Kalai . . | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 38 | 21 | 17 | .. | .. | 21 | 17 | 5 | 1 |
| 25/8/3/12 | Kambrai . | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 21 | 8 | 13 | .. | .. | 8 | 13 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/3/13 | Tihum . | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 36 | 16 | 20 | .. | .. | 16 | 20 | 5 | .. |
| 25/8/3/14 | Claw . . | N.A. | 19 | 19 | 112 | 52 | 60 | .. | .. | 52 | 60 | 11 | .. |
| 25/8/3/16 | Kamja . | N.A. | 26 | 26 | 134 | 75 | 59 | .. | .. | 48 | 52 | 23 | 4 |
| 25/8/3/17 | Cibi . . | N.A. | 8 | 8 | 45 | 27 | 18 | .. | .. | 27 | 18 | 3 | 2 |
| 25/8/3/18 | Kahre . . | N.A. | 18 | 18 | 86 | 44 | 42 | .. | .. | 35 | 39 | 22 | 6 |
| 25/8/3/19 | Longbin . | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | .. | .. | 2 | 1 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/3/20 | Topo . . | N.A. | 2 | 3 | 9 | 6 | 3 | .. | .. | 6 | 3 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/3/21 | Monthi . | N.A. | 17 | 24 | 90 | 48 | 42 | .. | .. | 48 | 42 | 11 | 1 |
| 25/8/3/22 | Tilai . . | N.A. | 9 | 11 | 46 | 21 | 25 | .. | .. | 21 | 25 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/3/23 | Kamliang Nagar | N.A. | 74 | 74 | 248 | 157 | 91 | .. | .. | 5 | 15 | 60 | 11 |
| 25/8/3/24 | Medo . . | N.A. | 23 | 23 | 122 | 60 | 62 | .. | .. | 49 | 55 | 12 | .. |
| 25/8/3/25 | Medo . . | N.A. | 72 | 85 | 309 | 201 | 108 | 1 | .. | 15 | 10 | 84 | 19 |
| 25/8/3/26 | Tabruliang . | N.A. | 17 | 17 | 99 | 45 | 54 | .. | .. | 45 | 54 | 5 | 1 |
| 25/8/3/27 | Hannialiang | N.A. | 13 | 13 | 64 | 46 | 18 | .. | .. | 25 | 18 | 11 | 1 |
| 25/8/3/28 | Huiking . | N.A. | 19 | 19 | 89 | 46 | 43 | .. | .. | 32 | 39 | 8 | .. |
| 25/8/3/29 | Lakao . | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 12 | 6 | 6 | .. | .. | 6 | 6 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/3/30 | Fango . | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 10 | 6 | 4 | .. | .. | 6 | 4 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/3/31 | Tissa . . | N.A. | 5 | 5 | 35 | 13 | 22 | .. | .. | 13 | 22 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/3/32 | Tinok . | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 44 | 24 | 20 | .. | .. | 24 | 20 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/3/33 | Dotong . | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 3 | .. | .. | 2 | 3 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/3/34 | Changun . | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 14 | 4 | 10 | .. | .. | 4 | 10 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/3/35 | Wakro H.Q. | N.A. | 140 | 140 | 818 | 594 | 224 | 1 | .. | 64 | 44 | 333 | 59 |

CENSUS ABSTRACT

*wise*

| MAIN WORKERS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total Main Workers (I—IX) | | Cultivators (I) | | Agricultural Labourers (II) | | Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing & Repairs [V (a)] | | Other Workers [III, IV, b V(b) & VI to IX] | | Marginal Workers | | Non-workers | |
| M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| **1,344** | **548** | **513** | **472** | **1** | **1** | **2** | .. | **828** | **75** | **47** | **56** | **608** | **716** |
| **1,344** | **548** | **513** | **472** | **1** | **1** | **2** | .. | **828** | **75** | **47** | **56** | **608** | **716** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 11 | 1 | 10 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 19 |
| 31 | 29 | 31 | 29 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 10 | 19 |
| 26 | 40 | 26 | 40 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 17 | 26 |
| 129 | 8 | 11 | 2 | .. | 1 | .. | .. | 118 | 5 | 29 | 15 | 21 | 26 |
| 33 | 15 | 29 | 15 | .. | .. | 1 | .. | 3 | .. | .. | 19 | 30 | 21 |
| 24 | 5 | 22 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | 9 | 21 | 40 | 35 |
| 10 | 8 | 10 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 10 | 5 |
| 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 11 |
| 15 | 13 | 15 | 13 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 8 | 7 |
| 8 | .. | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 13 | 17 |
| 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 12 |
| 7 | 5 | 7 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 9 | 15 |
| 32 | 18 | 31 | 18 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 20 | 42 |
| 47 | 40 | 35 | 40 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 12 | .. | .. | .. | 28 | 19 |
| 18 | 11 | 18 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 9 | 7 |
| 26 | 26 | 18 | 26 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 8 | .. | .. | .. | 18 | 16 |
| 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 5 | 3 | 5 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. |
| 30 | 32 | 29 | 32 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 18 | 10 |
| 11 | 19 | 11 | 19 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 10 | 6 |
| 114 | 24 | 12 | 12 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 102 | 12 | .. | .. | 43 | 67 |
| 37 | 35 | 34 | 35 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 23 | 27 |
| 132 | 31 | 16 | 9 | 1 | .. | 1 | .. | 114 | 22 | .. | .. | 69 | 77 |
| 28 | 40 | 26 | 40 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 17 | 14 |
| 39 | 15 | 16 | 15 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 23 | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 3 |
| 32 | 27 | 28 | 27 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. | .. | .. | 14 | 16 |
| 3 | 5 | 3 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 1 |
| 4 | 2 | 4 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 2 |
| 12 | 17 | 12 | 17 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 5 |
| 22 | 17 | 22 | 17 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 3 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 |
| 3 | 9 | 3 | 9 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 |
| 438 | 37 | 4 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 434 | 36 | 9 | 1 | 147 | 186 |

Circle : CHOWKHAM

Code No. : 8/4

| Location Code Number | Name of village/ town/ward | Area of village in hect. of town/ ward in Km² | No. of occupied residential Houses | No. of households | Total population (including Institutional & Houseless population) | | | Scheduled Castes | | Scheduled Tribes | | Literates | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | P | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| | **Total** . . | N.A. | **1,393** | **1,424** | **8,304** | **4,707** | **3,597** | **226** | **203** | **1,593** | **1,465** | **2,164** | **772** |
| | **Rural** . . | N.A. | **1,393** | **1,424** | **8,304** | **4,707** | **3,597** | **226** | **203** | **1,593** | **1,465** | **2,164** | **772** |
| | **Urban** . . | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| RURAL | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25/8/4/1 | Chowkham . | N.A. | 32 | 32 | 189 | 96 | 93 | .. | .. | 81 | 81 | 32 | 21 |
| 25/8/4/2 | Momong . | N.A. | 93 | 93 | 567 | 299 | 268 | .. | .. | 221 | 227 | 119 | 76 |
| 25/8/4/3 | Alubari . | N.A. | 91 | 91 | 626 | 367 | 259 | 10 | 11 | .. | 1 | 232 | 85 |
| 25/8/4/4 | Napatia . | N.A. | 48 | 48 | 367 | 184 | 183 | 180 | 178 | .. | .. | 106 | 28 |
| 25/8/4/5 | Namliang . | N.A. | 24 | 24 | 96 | 52 | 44 | .. | .. | 38 | 37 | 15 | 12 |
| 25/8/4/6 | Kherem . | N.A. | 77 | 77 | 387 | 250 | 137 | .. | .. | 91 | 77 | 140 | 39 |
| 25/8/4/7 | Mabira . | N.A. | 34 | 34 | 213 | 108 | 105 | .. | .. | 105 | 105 | 50 | 5 |
| 25/8/4/8 | M' Pong . | N.A. | 18 | 18 | 135 | 66 | 69 | .. | .. | 63 | 67 | 11 | .. |
| 25/8/4/9 | Mankaw . | N.A. | 38 | 38 | 309 | 180 | 129 | .. | .. | 76 | 86 | 41 | 13 |
| 25/8/4/10 | Tissu . . | N.A. | 13 | 13 | 102 | 55 | 47 | .. | .. | 48 | 46 | 24 | 2 |
| 25/8/4/11 | Emphum . | N.A. | 33 | 33 | 171 | 89 | 82 | .. | .. | 67 | 69 | 48 | 23 |
| 25/8/4/12 | Mimey . | N.A. | 18 | 19 | 155 | 83 | 72 | .. | .. | 83 | 72 | 23 | 6 |
| 25/8/4/13 | Chakma-I . | N.A. | 218 | 218 | 1,367 | 713 | 654 | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 117 | 20 |
| 25/8/4/14 | Chakma-II . | N.A. | 66 | 67 | 371 | 198 | 173 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 42 | 3 |
| 25/8/4/15 | Chakma-III . | N.A. | 43 | 43 | 249 | 129 | 120 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 27 | .. |
| 25/8/4/16 | Tingowa . | N.A. | 5 | 5 | 24 | 13 | 11 | .. | .. | 12 | 11 | 5 | .. |
| 25/8/4/17 | Embong . | N.A. | 5 | 5 | 30 | 15 | 15 | .. | .. | 15 | 15 | 3 | 1 |
| 25/8/4/18 | Lathoo . | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 23 | 12 | 11 | .. | .. | 12 | 11 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/4/19 | Insa . . | N.A. | 8 | 8 | 27 | 16 | 11 | .. | .. | 16 | 11 | 5 | .. |
| 25/8/4/20 | Tulling . | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 21 | 11 | 10 | .. | .. | 11 | 10 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/4/21 | Injo . . | N.A. | 5 | 5 | 39 | 18 | 21 | .. | .. | 18 | 21 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/4/22 | Borapathar . | N.A. | 11 | 11 | 71 | 41 | 30 | .. | .. | 28 | 26 | 24 | 9 |
| 25/8/4/23 | Munglong . | N.A. | 5 | 5 | 24 | 11 | 13 | .. | .. | 11 | 13 | 2 | 2 |
| 25/8/4/24 | Namgo . | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | 2 | 2 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/4/25 | Narapat . | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 30 | 14 | 16 | .. | .. | 14 | 16 | 6 | .. |
| 25/8/4/26 | Chowkham H. Q. . | N.A. | 496 | 525 | 2,707 | 1,685 | 1,022 | 36 | 14 | 581 | 460 | 1,090 | 427 |

CENSUS ABSTRACT

*wise*

| MAIN WORKERS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total Main Workers (I—IX) | | Cultivators (I) | | Agricultural Labourers (II) | | Household Industry/ Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing & Repairs [V(a)] | | Other Workers [III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX] | | Marginal Workers | | Non-workers | |
| M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| **2,604** | **227** | **1,310** | **121** | **113** | **17** | **15** | **1** | **1,166** | **88** | **76** | **792** | **2,027** | **2,578** |
| **2,604** | **227** | **1,310** | **121** | **113** | **17** | **15** | **1** | **1,166** | **88** | **76** | **792** | **2,027** | **2,578** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 50 | 44 | 41 | 42 | 3 | 2 | .. | .. | 6 | .. | .. | .. | 46 | 49 |
| 153 | 12 | 107 | .. | 16 | 5 | .. | .. | 30 | 7 | 1 | 117 | 145 | 139 |
| 210 | 2 | 125 | 1 | 25 | 1 | .. | .. | 60 | .. | .. | .. | 157 | 257 |
| 98 | .. | 97 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | 59 | 86 | 124 |
| 19 | 5 | 10 | 5 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. | 4 | 1 | 29 | 38 |
| 169 | 8 | 34 | .. | 7 | .. | .. | .. | 128 | 8 | .. | 50 | 81 | 79 |
| 58 | 2 | 56 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | 51 | 50 | 52 |
| 34 | .. | 30 | .. | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 30 | 32 | 39 |
| 131 | 30 | 42 | .. | 4 | .. | .. | .. | 85 | 30 | .. | 44 | 49 | 55 |
| 37 | 1 | 29 | .. | 8 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 20 | 18 | 26 |
| 38 | 2 | 24 | 2 | 2 | .. | 1 | .. | 11 | .. | .. | 28 | 51 | 52 |
| 38 | .. | 34 | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | 37 | 45 | 35 |
| 281 | 4 | 273 | 3 | .. | .. | 1 | .. | 7 | 1 | 68 | 284 | 364 | 366 |
| 89 | 1 | 88 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 109 | 172 |
| 57 | .. | 55 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 72 | 120 |
| 7 | .. | 6 | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 6 | 4 |
| 7 | 2 | 7 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 10 | 8 | 3 |
| 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 7 |
| 10 | 8 | 9 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 3 |
| 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 3 |
| 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 8 | 11 |
| 21 | 1 | 10 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 11 | 1 | .. | 13 | 20 | 16 |
| 8 | .. | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 9 | 3 | 4 |
| 2 | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. |
| 7 | .. | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 7 | 9 |
| 1,058 | 84 | 194 | 34 | 36 | 8 | 13 | 1 | 815 | 41 | 3 | 23 | 624 | 915 |

Circle : LEKANG

Code No. : 8/5

| Location Code Number | Name of village/town/ ward | Area of village in hect. & of town/ ward in Km² | No. of occupied residential Houses | No. of households | Total population (including Institutional and Houseless population) | | | Scheduled Castes | | Scheduled Tribes | | Literates | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | P | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| | **Total** | **N.A.** | **1,704** | **1,732** | **13,002** | **6,738** | **6,264** | **4** | **5** | **2,547** | **2,420** | **2,443** | **983** |
| | **Rural** | **N.A.** | **1,704** | **1,732** | **13,002** | **6,738** | **6,264** | **4** | **5** | **2,547** | **2,420** | **2,443** | **983** |
| | **Urban** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| RURAL | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25/8/5/1 | *Kowpatoni* | N.A. | 92 | 92 | 679 | 361 | 318 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 90 | 34 |
| 25/8/5/2 | Sitapani Miri | N.A. | 55 | 58 | 417 | 233 | 184 | .. | .. | 154 | 141 | 116 | 39 |
| 25/8/5/3 | Sitapani Moran | N.A. | 67 | 67 | 499 | 262 | 237 | .. | .. | 7 | 7 | 77 | 28 |
| 25/8/5/4 | Dirak Miri | N.A. | 35 | 38 | 219 | 125 | 94 | .. | .. | 68 | 64 | 34 | 7 |
| 25/8/5/5 | Rangoli Beel | N.A. | 35 | 35 | 252 | 120 | 132 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 53 | 17 |
| 25/8/5/6 | Lekang Gohain Gaon | N.A. | 20 | 20 | 135 | 76 | 59 | .. | .. | 20 | 19 | 46 | 14 |
| 25/8/5/7 | Ekorani | N.A. | 14 | 14 | 78 | 40 | 38 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 9 | 8 |
| 25/8/5/8 | Padumani | N.A. | 36 | 36 | 227 | 122 | 105 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 48 | 19 |
| 25/8/5/9 | Mahalani | N.A. | 42 | 42 | 314 | 160 | 154 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 70 | 28 |
| 25/8/5/10 | Dharampur | N.A. | 30 | 31 | 212 | 115 | 97 | .. | .. | 30 | 28 | 47 | 11 |
| 25/8/5/11 | Krishanpur | N.A. | 24 | 25 | 125 | 60 | 65 | .. | .. | 10 | 9 | 36 | 22 |
| 25/8/5/12 | Dumsi | N.A. | 35 | 36 | 282 | 139 | 143 | .. | .. | 4 | 5 | 23 | 9 |
| 25/8/5/13 | Sengapathar | N.A. | 59 | 59 | 380 | 194 | 186 | .. | .. | 1 | .. | 41 | 19 |
| 25/8/5/14 | Nongkhon | N.A. | 50 | 50 | 456 | 226 | 230 | .. | .. | 195 | 201 | 84 | 29 |
| 25/8/5/15 | Silatoo Khamti | N.A. | 28 | 28 | 183 | 98 | 85 | .. | .. | 62 | 47 | 35 | 12 |
| 25/8/5/16 | Silatoo Miri | N.A. | 68 | 69 | 621 | 303 | 318 | .. | .. | 301 | 317 | 46 | 4 |
| 25/8/5/17 | Khowji | N.A. | 72 | 72 | 522 | 258 | 264 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 114 | 58 |
| 25/8/5/18 | Sing Beel | N.A. | 55 | 59 | 386 | 188 | 198 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 39 | 9 |
| 25/8/5/19 | Kumari Khamti | N.A. | 93 | 95 | 693 | 352 | 341 | .. | .. | 5 | 7 | 134 | 75 |
| 25/8/5/20 | Kumari Kachari | N.A. | 45 | 45 | 399 | 184 | 215 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 77 | 37 |
| 25/8/5/21 | Nonkhom Tinali | N.A. | 14 | 14 | 144 | 84 | 60 | .. | .. | 75 | 57 | 20 | 3 |
| 25/8/5/22 | Old Mohong-I | N.A. | 124 | 124 | 754 | 404 | 350 | .. | .. | 55 | 56 | 88 | 14 |
| 25/8/5/23 | Deori Mohong | N.A. | 50 | 50 | 452 | 259 | 193 | .. | .. | 255 | 193 | 144 | 59 |
| 25/8/5/24 | Kathalguri | N.A. | 21 | 21 | 127 | 67 | 60 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 13 | 5 |
| 25/8/5/25 | Eraloni | N.A. | 96 | 96 | 527 | 285 | 242 | .. | .. | 13 | 9 | 140 | 60 |
| 25/8/5/26 | Kumari Adibasi | N.A. | 38 | 39 | 223 | 106 | 117 | .. | .. | 1 | .. | 33 | 16 |
| 25/8/5/27 | Nongkhong Satgharia | N.A. | 27 | 27 | 213 | 105 | 108 | .. | .. | 75 | 86 | 17 | 2 |
| 25/8/5/28 | Old Mohong-II | N.A. | 53 | 53 | 360 | 188 | 172 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 37 | 11 |
| 25/8/5/29 | New Mohong | N.A. | 121 | 127 | 858 | 449 | 409 | .. | .. | 153 | 161 | 117 | 31 |
| 25/8/5/30 | New Silatoo | N.A. | 28 | 28 | 196 | 91 | 105 | .. | .. | 87 | 105 | 14 | .. |
| 25/8/5/31 | Kokoni | N.A. | 9 | 9 | 60 | 32 | 28 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/5/32 | Philobari | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 12 | 9 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 25/8/5/33 | Silatoo Kachari | N.A. | 3 | 4 | 29 | 13 | 16 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 8 | 7 |
| 25/8/5/34 | Mahadevpur-I Block-1 | N.A. | 31 | 33 | 418 | 209 | 209 | .. | .. | 198 | 203 | 122 | 56 |
| 25/8/5/35 | Mahadevpur-I Block-2 | N.A. | 42 | 42 | 469 | 258 | 211 | 4 | 5 | 245 | 201 | 133 | 46 |
| 25/8/5/36 | Mahadevpur-II | N.A. | 32 | 32 | 449 | 237 | 212 | .. | .. | 233 | 208 | 144 | 102 |
| 25/8/5/37 | Mahadevpur-III | N.A. | 28 | 28 | 267 | 139 | 128 | .. | .. | 134 | 126 | 95 | 50 |
| 25/8/5/38 | Mahadevpur-IV | N.A. | 29 | 31 | 365 | 187 | 178 | .. | .. | 166 | 170 | 97 | 42 |

**CENSUS ABSTRACT**

*wise*

| MAIN WORKERS | | | | | | | | | | Marginal Workers | | Non-workers | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total Main Workers (I—IX) | | Cultivators (I) | | Agricltural Labourers (II) | | Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs [V(a)] | | Other Workers [III, IV, V(*b*) & VI to IX) | | | | | |
| M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| **3,207** | **1,552** | **2,699** | **1,473** | **158** | **61** | **6** | .. | **344** | **18** | **169** | **923** | **3,362** | **3,789** |
| **3,207** | **1,552** | **2,699** | **1,473** | **158** | **61** | **6** | .. | **344** | **18** | **169** | **923** | **3,362** | **3,789** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 147 | 129 | 135 | 125 | 7 | 4 | .. | .. | 5 | .. | .. | .. | 214 | 189 |
| 109 | 75 | 58 | 71 | 12 | 4 | .. | .. | 39 | .. | .. | .. | 124 | 109 |
| 154 | 104 | 89 | 97 | 11 | 7 | 1 | .. | 53 | .. | .. | .. | 108 | 133 |
| 67 | 16 | 48 | 13 | 15 | 2 | .. | .. | 4 | 1 | 10 | 8 | 48 | 70 |
| 56 | 6 | 51 | 6 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. | .. | .. | 64 | 126 |
| 36 | 2 | 34 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | 2 | 40 | 55 |
| 18 | .. | 17 | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 22 | 38 |
| 46 | 7 | 42 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. | 1 | 2 | 75 | 96 |
| 76 | 5 | 74 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | 3 | .. | 81 | 149 |
| 63 | .. | 54 | .. | 8 | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | 4 | 52 | 93 |
| 33 | 3 | 25 | 2 | 4 | 1 | .. | .. | 4 | .. | 1 | 11 | 26 | 51 |
| 68 | 70 | 68 | 67 | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 71 | 73 |
| 113 | 17 | 99 | 17 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 14 | .. | .. | .. | 81 | 169 |
| 96 | 23 | 81 | 21 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | 11 | 2 | 1 | 12 | 129 | 195 |
| 56 | .. | 49 | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. | .. | 41 | 42 | 44 |
| 122 | 1 | 117 | 1 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 3 | .. | 38 | 156 | 143 | 161 |
| 131 | .. | 128 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | .. | 17 | 141 | 110 | 123 |
| 100 | 94 | 94 | 91 | 3 | 3 | .. | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 88 | 104 |
| 175 | 129 | 154 | 128 | 14 | 1 | 1 | .. | 6 | .. | 7 | 60 | 170 | 152 |
| 79 | 86 | 58 | 66 | 18 | 20 | .. | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 105 | 129 |
| 33 | 5 | 26 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | .. | .. | .. | 51 | 55 |
| 228 | 170 | 188 | 166 | 7 | 3 | 1 | .. | 32 | 1 | .. | .. | 176 | 180 |
| 98 | 96 | 95 | 95 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 1 | .. | .. | 161 | 97 |
| 34 | 32 | 31 | 32 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 33 | 28 |
| 155 | 10 | 82 | 5 | 4 | .. | 2 | .. | 67 | 5 | 22 | 98 | 108 | 134 |
| 63 | 61 | 51 | 56 | 2 | 3 | .. | .. | 10 | 2 | .. | .. | 43 | 56 |
| 63 | 24 | 63 | 24 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 42 | 83 |
| 83 | 85 | 80 | 85 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. | 101 | 87 |
| 236 | 199 | 201 | 193 | 9 | 4 | .. | .. | 26 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 208 | 203 |
| 52 | 3 | 48 | 3 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 51 | 39 | 51 |
| 21 | .. | 21 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 13 | 11 | 15 |
| 8 | .. | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 1 | .. |
| 8 | .. | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 5 | 11 |
| 85 | 11 | 74 | 5 | 4 | 5 | .. | .. | 7 | 1 | 6 | 95 | 118 | 103 |
| 87 | 3 | 72 | 1 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | 8 | 2 | 3 | 74 | 168 | 134 |
| 89 | 1 | 80 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 9 | 1 | 48 | 121 | 100 | 90 |
| 48 | 16 | 38 | 16 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | 6 | .. | 2 | 18 | 89 | 94 |
| 71 | 69 | 58 | 68 | 12 | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | 1 | .. | 115 | 109 |

Circle : HAYULIANG

Code No. : 8/6

| Location Code Number | Name of village/Town/ ward | Area of village in hectares and of town/ ward Km² | No. of occupied residential houses | No. of households | Total population (including Institutional and Houseless population) | | | Scheduled Castes | | Scheduled Tribes | | Literates | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | P | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| | **Total** | N.A. | **887** | **1,045** | **6,797** | **3,898** | **2,899** | **21** | **21** | **2,297** | **2,351** | **863** | **189** |
| | **Rural** | N.A. | **887** | **1,045** | **6,797** | **3,898** | **2,899** | **21** | **21** | **2,297** | **2,351** | **863** | **189** |
| | **Urban** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| RURAL | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25/8/6/1 | Dangiliang | N.A. | 8 | 8 | 30 | 15 | 15 | .. | .. | 14 | 15 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/6/2 | Malogam | N.A. | 5 | 5 | 29 | 14 | 15 | .. | .. | 14 | 15 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/3 | Takaliang | N.A. | 7 | 7 | 39 | 14 | 25 | .. | .. | 14 | 25 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/4 | Paya | N.A. | 7 | 7 | 57 | 26 | 31 | .. | .. | 26 | 31 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/5 | Chiliang | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 32 | 15 | 17 | .. | .. | 15 | 17 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/6 | Chirrang | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 43 | 23 | 20 | .. | .. | 23 | 20 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/7 | Nara | N.A. | 9 | 9 | 75 | 64 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 28 | 1 |
| 25/8/6/8 | Amliang | N.A. | 23 | 26 | 181 | 134 | 47 | .. | .. | 16 | 17 | 41 | 3 |
| 25/8/6/9 | Tafraliang | N.A. | 17 | 22 | 119 | 60 | 59 | 1 | .. | 53 | 59 | 15 | 4 |
| 25/8/6/10 | Chunga | N.A. | 2 | 5 | 24 | 11 | 13 | .. | .. | 11 | 13 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/6/11 | Tahogam | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 49 | 21 | 28 | .. | .. | 21 | 28 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/6/12 | Matiliang | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 53 | 20 | 33 | .. | .. | 20 | 33 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/6/13 | Adomna | N.A. | 11 | 11 | 77 | 54 | 23 | .. | .. | 17 | 15 | 20 | .. |
| 25/8/6/14 | Manyugam | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 10 | 4 | 6 | .. | .. | 4 | 6 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/15 | Kabragam | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 12 | 7 | 5 | .. | .. | 7 | 5 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/16 | Singragam | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 13 | 7 | 6 | .. | .. | 7 | 6 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/6/17 | Tailiang | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 29 | 13 | 16 | .. | .. | 11 | 15 | 4 | 2 |
| 25/8/6/18 | Chikeri | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 23 | 13 | 10 | .. | .. | 13 | 10 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/6/19 | Chameliang | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 31 | 14 | 17 | .. | .. | 10 | 15 | 3 | 2 |
| 25/8/6/20 | Hayugam | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 36 | 17 | 19 | .. | .. | 17 | 19 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/21 | Samphai | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 28 | 15 | 13 | .. | .. | 15 | 13 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/22 | Khumgum | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 23 | 9 | 14 | .. | .. | 9 | 14 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/23 | Taboka | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 18 | 7 | 11 | .. | .. | 7 | 11 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/6/24 | Barafu | N.A. | 5 | 5 | 31 | 16 | 15 | .. | ... | 16 | 15 | 2 | 1 |
| 25/8/6/25 | Paluliang | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 30 | 13 | 17 | .. | .. | 13 | 17 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/26 | Toloiliang | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 23 | 16 | 7 | .. | .. | 6 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| 25/8/6/27 | Khadugam | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 23 | 11 | 12 | .. | .. | 11 | 12 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/28 | Takromna | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 37 | 19 | 18 | .. | .. | 19 | 18 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/29 | Chamemna | N.A. | 7 | 7 | 38 | 16 | 22 | .. | .. | 16 | 22 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/30 | Klamdi | N.A. | 5 | 5 | 35 | 18 | 17 | .. | .. | 18 | 17 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/31 | Kambu | N.A. | 6 | 7 | 39 | 17 | 22 | .. | .. | 17 | 22 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/6/32 | Kongra | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 29 | 14 | 15 | .. | .. | 14 | 15 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/33 | Tumna | N.A. | 24 | 26 | 143 | 74 | 69 | .. | .. | 71 | 69 | 4 | .. |
| 25/8/6/34 | Tlang | N.A. | 3 | 4 | 28 | 10 | 18 | .. | .. | 10 | 18 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/35 | Blom | N.A. | 4 | 5 | 33 | 16 | 17 | .. | .. | 16 | 17 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/36 | Kasagam | N.A. | 11 | 11 | 70 | 35 | 35 | .. | .. | 35 | 35 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/6/37 | Kaning | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 44 | 20 | 24 | .. | .. | 20 | 24 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/38 | Yatong-II | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 18 | 9 | 9 | .. | .. | 9 | 9 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/39 | Suplang | N.A. | 5 | 5 | 54 | 26 | 28 | .. | .. | 26 | 28 | .. | .. |

CENSUS ABSTRACT

*wise*

| MAIN WORKERS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total Main Workers (I—IX) | | Cultivators (I) | | Agricultural Labourers (II) | | Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing Servicing & Repairs [V (*a*)] | | Other Workers [III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX] | | Marginal Workers | | Non-workers | |
| M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| **2,665** | **1,453** | **1,293** | **1,369** | **9** | .. | **5** | .. | **1,358** | **84** | **44** | **194** | **1,189** | **1,252** |
| **2,665** | **1,453** | **1,293** | **1,369** | **9** | .. | **5** | .. | **1,358** | **84** | **44** | **194** | **1,189** | **1,252** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 5 | .. | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 9 | 9 | 6 |
| 8 | .. | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 10 | 6 | 5 |
| 8 | .. | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 15 | 6 | 10 |
| 16 | .. | 16 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 15 | 10 | 16 |
| 8 | .. | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 7 | 10 |
| 10 | .. | 10 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 13 | 13 | 7 |
| 58 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 58 | .. | .. | 6 | 6 | 5 |
| 109 | .. | 8 | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 100 | .. | .. | 25 | 25 | 22 |
| 31 | 2 | 22 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 9 | .. | 3 | 25 | 25 | 32 |
| 3 | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 8 | 6 |
| 11 | .. | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 12 | 10 | 16 |
| 11 | .. | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 16 | 9 | 17 |
| 47 | 14 | 14 | 13 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 30 | 1 | .. | .. | 7 | 9 |
| 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 |
| 6 | 3 | 6 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 2 |
| 4 | 2 | 4 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| 8 | 12 | 7 | 12 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 4 |
| 6 | 3 | 6 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 1 | 4 | 6 |
| 11 | 10 | 7 | 10 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 7 |
| 12 | 15 | 12 | 15 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 4 |
| 11 | 12 | 11 | 12 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 1 |
| 9 | 11 | 9 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 |
| 6 | 8 | 5 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 3 |
| 12 | 13 | 12 | 13 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 2 |
| 11 | 13 | 11 | 13 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 4 |
| 12 | 2 | 3 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 9 | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 5 |
| 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 5 |
| 18 | 15 | 18 | 15 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 3 |
| 15 | 20 | 15 | 20 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 2 |
| 12 | 11 | 12 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 6 |
| 8 | 15 | 8 | 15 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 9 | 7 |
| 8 | 11 | 8 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 4 |
| 43 | 47 | 39 | 47 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. | .. | .. | 31 | 22 |
| 6 | 10 | 6 | 10 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 8 |
| 10 | 14 | 10 | 14 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 3 |
| 24 | 31 | 24 | 31 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 11 | 4 |
| 11 | 13 | 11 | 13 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 9 | 11 |
| 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 4 |
| 17 | 18 | 17 | 18 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 9 | 10 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **RURAL**—*contd.* | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25/8/6/40 | Tehuliang | N.A. | 16 | 16 | 97 | 46 | 51 | .. | .. | 46 | 51 | 10 | 2 |
| 25/8/6/41 | Cheretong | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 31 | 15 | 16 | .. | .. | 15 | 16 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/42 | Mishitong | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 22 | 10 | 12 | .. | .. | 10 | 12 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/43 | Miket | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/44 | Plongri | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/45 | Plotong | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 23 | 12 | 11 | .. | .. | 12 | 11 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/46 | Plonong | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 42 | 22 | 20 | .. | .. | 22 | 20 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/47 | Pira | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 16 | 7 | 9 | .. | .. | 7 | 9 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/48 | Chowailiang | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 37 | 19 | 18 | .. | .. | 19 | 18 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/49 | Longjong | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 20 | 8 | 12 | .. | .. | 8 | 12 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/50 | Eliang | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 13 | 7 | 6 | .. | .. | 7 | 6 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/51 | Gab | N.A. | 8 | 13 | 64 | 31 | 33 | .. | .. | 31 | 33 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/52 | Yatong Camp (I) | N.A. | 19 | 19 | 116 | 88 | 28 | 1 | .. | 61 | 10 | 68 | 17 |
| 25/8/6/53 | Pangung | N.A. | 11 | 16 | 116 | 48 | 68 | .. | .. | 48 | 68 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/6/54 | Palang | N.A. | 4 | 5 | 28 | 12 | 16 | .. | .. | 12 | 16 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/55 | Hawailiang | N.A. | 1 | 5 | 16 | 9 | 7 | .. | .. | 9 | 7 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/56 | Holongong | N.A. | 4 | 7 | 34 | 14 | 20 | .. | .. | 14 | 20 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/57 | Griliang | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 1 | .. | .. | 4 | 1 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/58 | Towa | N.A. | 5 | 7 | 40 | 21 | 19 | .. | .. | 21 | 19 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/59 | Manjunglat (I) | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 45 | 19 | 26 | .. | .. | 19 | 26 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/6/60 | Hutong | N.A. | 7 | 9 | 66 | 31 | 35 | .. | .. | 31 | 35 | 4 | .. |
| 25/8/6/61 | Manjuliang | N.A. | 23 | 30 | 167 | 85 | 82 | .. | .. | 80 | 82 | 16 | 4 |
| 25/8/6/62 | Tilla | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 29 | 11 | 18 | .. | .. | 9 | 18 | 4 | 2 |
| 25/8/6/63 | Random | N.A. | 5 | 11 | 41 | 20 | 21 | .. | .. | 20 | 21 | 1 | 1 |
| 25/8/6/64 | Khrat | N.A. | 1 | 3 | 16 | 9 | 7 | .. | .. | 9 | 7 | 1 | 1 |
| 25/8/6/65 | Hayum | N.A. | 3 | 8 | 30 | 15 | 15 | .. | .. | 15 | 15 | 3 | 1 |
| 25/8/6/66 | Pitong | N.A. | 1 | 4 | 25 | 13 | 12 | .. | .. | 13 | 12 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/6/67 | Hamatong | N.A. | 4 | 7 | 45 | 20 | 25 | .. | .. | 20 | 25 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/6/68 | Khetong | N.A. | 3 | 4 | 25 | 12 | 13 | .. | .. | 12 | 13 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/6/69 | Siet | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 24 | 13 | 11 | .. | .. | 13 | 11 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/6/70 | Mangom | N.A. | 8 | 10 | 93 | 41 | 52 | .. | .. | 41 | 52 | 4 | 1 |
| 25/8/6/71 | Songung | N.A. | 7 | 8 | 67 | 36 | 31 | .. | .. | 36 | 31 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/6/72 | Loiliang | N.A. | 10 | 10 | 86 | 42 | 44 | .. | .. | 42 | 44 | 7 | .. |
| 25/8/6/73 | Khamong | N.A. | 1 | 2 | 21 | 10 | 11 | .. | .. | 7 | 11 | 4 | .. |
| 25/8/6/74 | Chambab | N.A. | 8 | 12 | 65 | 31 | 34 | .. | .. | 30 | 34 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/6/75 | Kanji | N.A. | 5 | 6 | 28 | 13 | 15 | .. | .. | 13 | 15 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/6/76 | Thung | N.A. | 2 | 4 | 32 | 14 | 18 | .. | .. | 14 | 18 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/77 | Phanglonglat | N.A. | 10 | 18 | 111 | 59 | 52 | .. | .. | 59 | 52 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/78 | Grilliang-(II) | N.A. | 2 | 3 | 21 | 11 | 10 | .. | .. | 11 | 10 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/6/79 | Katong | N.A. | 2 | 3 | 25 | 11 | 14 | .. | .. | 11 | 14 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/80 | Kambiang | N.A. | 4 | 7 | 46 | 23 | 23 | .. | .. | 23 | 23 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/6/81 | Manghal | N.A. | 6 | 14 | 79 | 43 | 36 | .. | .. | 40 | 36 | 7 | 1 |
| 25/8/6/82 | Hul | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 15 | 9 | 6 | .. | .. | 9 | 6 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/83 | Ekaliang | N.A. | 6 | 7 | 38 | 16 | 22 | .. | .. | 16 | 22 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/84 | Krampa | N.A. | 6 | 9 | 40 | 21 | 19 | .. | .. | 21 | 19 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/85 | Chotong | N.A. | 6 | 10 | 64 | 29 | 35 | .. | .. | 29 | 35 | .. | 1 |
| 25/8/6/86 | Kumbo | N.A. | 5 | 6 | 43 | 23 | 20 | .. | .. | 23 | 20 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/87 | Towangung | N.A. | 5 | 6 | 30 | 13 | 17 | .. | .. | 13 | 17 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/88 | Zung | N.A. | 4 | 6 | 28 | 12 | 16 | .. | .. | 12 | 16 | 1 | 1 |
| 25/8/6/89 | Chilang | N.A. | 7 | 10 | 52 | 23 | 29 | .. | .. | 20 | 29 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/6/90 | Chikruliang | N.A. | 4 | 6 | 31 | 16 | 15 | .. | .. | 16 | 15 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/91 | Krosam | N.A. | 6 | 9 | 47 | 21 | 26 | .. | .. | 21 | 26 | 1 | 1 |
| 25/8/6/92 | Khuiliang | N.A. | 19 | 20 | 120 | 70 | 50 | .. | .. | 66 | 50 | 7 | .. |
| 25/8/6/93 | Kundong | N.A. | 3 | 8 | 34 | 16 | 18 | .. | .. | 16 | 18 | .. | .. |

*wise*

| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 27 | 30 | 27 | 30 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 19 | 21 |
| 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 7 |
| 7 | 8 | 7 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 4 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 10 | 8 | 10 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 3 |
| 14 | 18 | 14 | 18 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 8 | 2 |
| 4 | 8 | 4 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 1 |
| 17 | 12 | 17 | 12 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 6 |
| 6 | 9 | 6 | 9 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 3 |
| 6 | 3 | 6 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 3 |
| 25 | 28 | 25 | 28 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 5 |
| 20 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 20 | .. | .. | 1 | 68 | 27 |
| 27 | 44 | 27 | 44 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 21 | 24 |
| 9 | 10 | 9 | 10 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 6 |
| 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 2 |
| 12 | 14 | 12 | 14 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 6 |
| 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. |
| 16 | 13 | 16 | 13 | .. | .. | .... | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 6 |
| 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | .. | 6 | 16 |
| 12 | 18 | 12 | 18 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | 18 | 17 |
| 50 | 50 | 40 | 50 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 10 | .. | 2 | .. | 33 | 32 |
| 7 | 11 | 5 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 7 |
| 13 | 15 | 13 | 15 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 6 |
| 7 | 5 | 7 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 2 |
| 9 | 8 | 9 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 7 |
| 7 | 5 | 7 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 7 |
| 13 | 16 | 13 | 16 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 9 |
| 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 4 |
| 6 | 7 | 6 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 4 |
| 31 | 35 | 31 | 35 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 10 | 17 |
| 19 | 23 | 19 | 23 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 17 | 8 |
| 21 | 29 | 21 | 29 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 21 | 15 |
| 6 | 8 | 3 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 3 |
| 20 | 18 | 19 | 18 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 11 | 16 |
| 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 7 |
| 9 | 7 | 9 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 11 |
| 37 | 35 | 37 | 35 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 22 | 17 |
| 6 | 8 | 6 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 2 |
| 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 4 |
| 14 | 16 | 14 | 16 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 9 | 7 |
| 25 | 23 | 22 | 23 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | .. | 1 | .. | 17 | 13 |
| 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 1 |
| 9 | 15 | 9 | 15 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 1 | 4 | 6 |
| 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 8 | 6 |
| 17 | 24 | 17 | 24 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 1 | 9 | 10 |
| 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 4 | 6 | 4 |
| 12 | 11 | 12 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 6 |
| 7 | 9 | 7 | 9 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| 17 | 19 | 14 | 19 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 10 |
| 7 | 8 | 7 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 2 | 6 | 5 |
| 13 | 15 | 13 | 15 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 11 | 1 | .. |
| 24 | 28 | 21 | 28 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 46 | 22 |
| 9 | 13 | 9 | 13 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 5 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| RURAL—*concld.* | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25/8/6/94 | Mele | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 27 | 12 | 15 | .. | .. | 12 | 15 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/95 | Netong | N.A. | 5 | 7 | 42 | 20 | 22 | .. | .. | 20 | 22 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/96 | Taomtong | N.A. | 2 | 3 | 16 | 11 | 5 | .. | .. | 11 | 5 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/97 | Mohugam | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 10 | 5 | 5 | .. | .. | 5 | 5 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/6/98 | Mohikong | N.A. | 8 | 14 | 92 | 46 | 46 | .. | .. | 46 | 46 | 7 | .. |
| 25/8/6/99 | Taikonung | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 14 | 11 | 3 | .. | .. | 10 | 3 | 5 | .. |
| 25/8/6/100 | Tawai Konung | N.A. | 3 | 5 | 48 | 26 | 22 | .. | .. | 26 | 22 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/6/101 | Chingliang | N.A. | 6 | 8 | 41 | 20 | 21 | .. | .. | 20 | 21 | 5 | .. |
| 25/8/6/102 | Huiliang | N.A. | 4 | 10 | 71 | 41 | 30 | .. | .. | 41 | 30 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/6/103 | Japaliang | N.A. | 6 | 8 | 69 | 32 | 37 | .. | .. | 31 | 37 | 5 | 1 |
| 25/8/6/104 | Tadumna | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 11 | 5 | 6 | .. | .. | 5 | 6 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/105 | Lamaliang | N.A. | 5 | 5 | 50 | 26 | 24 | .. | .. | 26 | 24 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/6/106 | Tele | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 2 | .. | .. | 4 | 2 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/6/107 | Reygom | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 52 | 24 | 28 | .. | .. | 24 | 28 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/6/108 | Kibom | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 5 | .. | .. | 1 | 5 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/109 | Dowamna | N.A. | 2 | 3 | 29 | 18 | 11 | .. | .. | 18 | 11 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/6/110 | Khamblenglet | N.A. | 20 | 29 | 149 | 77 | 72 | .. | .. | 77 | 72 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/6/111 | Khewa | N.A. | 1 | 2 | 13 | 5 | 8 | .. | .. | 5 | 8 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/6/112 | Hayuliang H. | N.A. | 274 | 277 | 1,892 | 1,381 | 511 | 19 | 21 | 76 | 36 | 535 | 141 |

**CENSUS ABSTRACT**—concld.

*wise*

| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6 | 7 | 6 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| 8 | 12 | 8 | 12 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | 11 | 9 |
| 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | 1 | 2 | 6 | .. |
| 3 | 5 | 1 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. |
| 27 | 28 | 27 | 28 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 19 | 18 |
| 5 | 2 | 4 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 1 |
| 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 11 | 7 |
| 11 | 20 | 11 | 20 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 9 | 1 |
| 22 | 23 | 22 | 23 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 19 | 7 |
| 20 | 31 | 19 | 31 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 12 | 6 |
| 2 | 4 | 2 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 2 |
| 19 | 21 | 19 | 21 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 1 |
| 18 | 21 | 18 | 21 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 7 |
| 1 | 4 | 1 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 |
| 11 | 6 | 11 | 6 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 5 |
| 53 | 51 | 53 | 51 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 24 | 21 |
| 3 | 5 | 3 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | | .. | .. | 2 | 3 |
| 1,104 | 84 | 2 | 1 | .. | .. | 5 | .. | 1,097 | 83 | 4 | 2 | 273 | 425 |

Circle : CHAGLONGAM

Code No : 8/7

'IRCLEWISE PRIMARY

*(a) Village-*

| Location Code Number | Name of village/ Town/ward | Area of village in hec. tares & of town /ward in Km² | No. of occupied residential houses | No. of households | Total population (including Institutional and Houseless population) | | | Scheduled Castes | | Scheduled Tribes | | Literates | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | P | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| | **Total** | **N.A.** | **370** | **1452** | **2,251** | **1,160** | **1,091** | .. | .. | **1,006** | **1,039** | **167** | **17** |
| | **Rural** | **N.A.** | **370** | **1452** | **2,251** | **1,160** | **1,091** | .. | .. | **1,006** | **1,039** | **167** | **17** |
| | **Urban** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| RURAL | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25/8/7/1 | Koromna | N.A. | 24 | 24 | 178 | 84 | 94 | .. | .. | 84 | 94 | 16 | 3 |
| 25/8/7/2 | Khowaka | N.A. | 7 | 7 | 56 | 31 | 25 | .. | .. | 31 | 25 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/7/3 | Chipuliang | N.A. | 7 | 7 | 42 | 24 | 18 | .. | .. | 24 | 18 | 6 | .. |
| 25/8/7/4 | Geningko | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 29 | 12 | 17 | .. | .. | 12 | 17 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/5 | Taramko | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 9 | 5 | 4 | .. | .. | 5 | 4 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/6 | Madaibom | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 9 | 3 | 6 | .. | .. | 3 | 6 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/7 | Chaka | N.A. | 7 | 7 | 61 | 33 | 28 | .. | .. | 33 | 28 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/7/8 | Taibrating | N.A. | 7 | 7 | 58 | 31 | 27 | .. | .. | 31 | 27 | 5 | .. |
| 25/8/7/9 | Doringko | N.A. | 13 | 13 | 79 | 50 | 29 | .. | .. | 50 | 29 | 8 | .. |
| 25/8/7/10 | Pailiang | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 50 | 31 | 19 | .. | .. | 30 | 19 | 5 | .. |
| 25/8/7/11 | Pyaprap | N.A. | 5 | 5 | 32 | 20 | 12 | .. | .. | 20 | 12 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/7/12 | Tadakna | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 19 | 11 | 8 | .. | .. | 11 | 8 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/7/13 | Chipru | N.A. | 8 | 11 | 40 | 21 | 19 | .. | .. | 12 | 14 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/7/14 | Chinliang | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 8 | 5 | 3 | .. | .. | 5 | 3 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/15 | Chingkong | N.A. | 5 | 5 | 29 | 15 | 14 | .. | .. | 15 | 14 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/16 | Chuhangkong | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 30 | 14 | 16 | .. | .. | 14 | 16 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/17 | Puhagam | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 9 | 5 | 4 | .. | .. | 5 | 4 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/18 | Zingkong | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 4 | .. | .. | 2 | 4 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/19 | Tarapu | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 13 | 5 | 8 | .. | .. | 5 | 8 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/20 | Tidim | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 11 | 6 | 5 | .. | .. | 6 | 5 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/21 | Khalega | N.A. | 3 | 4 | 22 | 13 | 9 | .. | .. | 13 | 9 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/22 | Khalega Matengliang | N.A. | 4 | 8 | 44 | 19 | 25 | .. | .. | 19 | 25 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/7/23 | Chipra | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 22 | 10 | 12 | .. | .. | 10 | 12 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/7/24 | Mitumna | N.A. | 11 | 11 | 49 | 30 | 19 | .. | .. | 23 | 17 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/7/25 | Methulankap | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 24 | 11 | 13 | .. | .. | 11 | 13 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/7/26 | Bomna | N.A. | 8 | 8 | 45 | 26 | 19 | .. | .. | 26 | 19 | 4 | .. |
| 25/8/7/27 | Metangliang | N.A. | 39 | 39 | 137 | 72 | 65 | .. | .. | 31 | 48 | 26 | 5 |
| 25/8/7/28 | Kalamna | N.A. | 3 | 5 | 16 | 8 | 8 | .. | .. | 8 | 8 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/7/29 | Tablaiko | N.A. | 3 | 6 | 34 | 16 | 18 | .. | .. | 16, | 18 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/7/30 | Tarampa | N.A. | 9 | 11 | 40 | 16 | 24 | .. | .. | 16 | 24 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/31 | Chaglongam HQ. | N.A. | 49 | 55 | 170 | 117 | 53 | .. | .. | 25 | 25 | 61 | 9 |
| 25/8/7/32 | Abohagam | N.A. | 6 | 8 | 40 | 19 | 21 | .. | .. | 19 | 21 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/7/33 | Sakumna | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 4 | .. | .. | 2 | 4 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/34 | Taflagam | N.A. | 20 | 42 | 182 | 93 | 89 | .. | .. | 93 | 89 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/7/35 | Aphumna | N.A. | 13 | 13 | 67 | 30 | 37 | .. | .. | 30 | 37 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/36 | Duhagam | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 3 | .. | .. | 3 | 3 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/37 | Taimna | N.A. | 8 | 8 | 59 | 27 | 32 | .. | .. | 27 | 32 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/7/38 | Gomin | N.A. | 7 | 17 | 70 | 34 | 36 | .. | .. | 34 | 36 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/7/39 | Hamanko | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 13 | 8 | 5 | .. | .. | 8 | 5 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/40 | Hamangliang | N.A. | 5 | 6 | 33 | 15 | 18 | .. | .. | 15 | 18 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/41 | Raikong | N.A. | 5 | 7 | 34 | 14 | 20 | .. | .. | 14 | 20 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/42 | Tarapliang | N.A. | 5 | 7 | 28 | 13 | 15 | .. | .. | 13 | 15 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/7/43 | Hamako | N.A. | 1 | 4 | 29 | 13 | 16 | .. | .. | 13 | 16 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/44 | Tolai | N.A. | 2 | 3 | 31 | 13 | 18 | .. | .. | 13 | 18 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/45 | Bajigam | N.A. | 6 | 7 | 38 | 18 | 20 | .. | .. | 18 | 20 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/7/46 | Payagam | N.A. | 4 | 10 | 45 | 18 | 27 | .. | .. | 18 | 27 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/47 | Hawaka | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 23 | 13 | 10 | .. | .. | 13 | 10 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/48 | Bolama | N.A. | 1 | 2 | 10 | 6 | 4 | .. | .. | 6 | 4 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/49 | Tashipumna | N.A. | 6 | 11 | 47 | 22 | 25 | .. | .. | 22 | 25 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/7/50 | Railiang | NA. | 5 | 7 | 33 | 15 | 18 | .. | .. | 14 | 18 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/7/51 | Mailong | N.A. | 8 | 9 | 33 | 15 | 18 | .. | .. | 12 | 18 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/7/52 | Tamkadu | NA. | 6 | 8 | 53 | 23 | 30 | .. | .. | 23 | 30 | .. | .. |

CENSUS ABSTRACT

*wise*

| MAIN WORKERS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total Main Workers (I—IX) | | Cultivators (I) | | Agricultural Labourers (II) | | Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing & Repairs [V (a)] | | Other Workers [III IV V (b) *a* VI to IX] | | Marginal Workers | | Non-work | |
| M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| **721** | **528** | **578** | **528** | .. | .. | .. | .. | **143** | .. | **1** | **20** | **438** | **543** |
| **721** | **528** | **578** | **528** | .. | .. | .. | .. | **143** | .. | **1** | **20** | **438** | **543** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 41 | 8 | 39 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 43 | 86 |
| 11 | .. | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 20 | 25 |
| 12 | 1 | 12 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 12 | 17 |
| 6 | .. | 6 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 6 | 16 |
| 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 5 |
| 14 | 3 | 14 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 5 | 18 | 20 |
| 20 | 19 | 20 | 19 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 11 | 8 |
| 26 | 21 | 26 | 21 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 24 | 8 |
| 18 | 11 | 17 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 13 | 8 |
| 9 | 7 | 9 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 11 | 5 |
| 7 | 6 | 7 | 6 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 2 |
| 15 | 4 | 6 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 9 | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 15 |
| 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 1 |
| 9 | 7 | 9 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 7 |
| 11 | 10 | 11 | 10 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 2 |
| 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 |
| 2 | 5 | 5 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 3 |
| 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 12 | 9 | 12 | 9 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. |
| 13 | 17 | 13 | 17 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 8 |
| 5 | 11 | 5 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 5 | 1 |
| 21 | 7 | 16 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | .. | .. | .. | 9 | 9 |
| 5 | 3 | 5 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 6 | 10 |
| 15 | 11 | 15 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 11 | 7 |
| 47 | 15 | 15 | 15 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 32 | .. | .. | .. | 25 | 43 |
| 5 | 7 | 5 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 1 |
| 8 | 2 | 6 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 8 | 16 |
| 11 | 16 | 11 | 16 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 8 |
| 95 | 16 | 13 | 16 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 82 | .. | .. | .. | 22 | 37 |
| 11 | 13 | 8 | 13 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 8 | 8 |
| 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 |
| 63 | 63 | 62 | 63 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 30 | 26 |
| 22 | 25 | 22 | 25 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 8 | 12 |
| 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 2 |
| 15 | 1 | 15 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 12 | 51 |
| 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 9 |
| 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. |
| 11 | 14 | 11 | 14 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 4 |
| 8 | 16 | 8 | 16 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 4 |
| 8 | 11 | 8 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 4 |
| 5 | 11 | 5 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 8 | 5 |
| 9 | 12 | 9 | 12 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 6 |
| 12 | 13 | 12 | 13 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 7 |
| 14 | 20 | 14 | 20 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 7 |
| 5 | 7 | 5 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 8 | 3 |
| 2 | 4 | 2 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. |
| 15 | 17 | 15 | 17 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 8 |
| 6 | 12 | 5 | 12 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 9 | 6 |
| 11 | 13 | 7 | 13 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 5 |
| 16 | 13 | 16 | 13 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 17 |

Circle : HAWAI
Code No. : 8/8

CIRCLEWISE PRI

(a) V

| Location Code Number | Name of village/ town/ward | Area of village in hectares & of town/ ward in Km² | No. of occupied residential houses | No. of households | Total population (including Institutional and Houseless population) | | | Scheduled Castes | | Scheduled Tribes | | Literat |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | P | M | F | M | F | M | F | M |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
| | **Total** | N.A. | **354** | **587** | **2,903** | **1,519** | **1,384** | **4** | **2** | **1,336** | **1,316** | **242** |
| | **Rural** | N.A. | **354** | **587** | **2,903** | **1,519** | **1,384** | **4** | **2** | **1,336** | **1,316** | **242** |
| | **Urban** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| RURAL | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25/8/8/1 | Yelling | N.A. | 3 | 4 | 36 | 17 | 19 | .. | .. | 17 | 19 | 1 |
| 25/8/8/2 | Thala | N.A. | 2 | 3 | 29 | 15 | 14 | .. | .. | 15 | 14 | 1 |
| 25/8/8/3 | Tapang | N.A. | 7 | 13 | 73 | 40 | 33 | .. | .. | 40 | 33 | 3 |
| 25/8/8/4 | Lautol | N.A. | 8 | 17 | 87 | 42 | 45 | .. | .. | 38 | 44 | 8 |
| 25/8/8/5 | Naryad | N.A. | 6 | 19 | 75 | 42 | 33 | .. | .. | 42 | 33 | 2 |
| 25/8/8/6 | Kandai | N.A. | 10 | 19 | 116 | 51 | 65 | .. | .. | 51 | 65 | 4 |
| 25/8/8/7 | Ruli | N.A. | 9 | 12 | 55 | 26 | 29 | .. | .. | 25 | 27 | 5 |
| 25/8/8/8 | Kritong | N.A. | 4 | 11 | 54 | 22 | 32 | .. | .. | 22 | 32 | 2 |
| 25/8/8/9 | Tamplunghat | N.A. | 11 | 25 | 121 | 49 | 72 | .. | .. | 48 | 72 | 6 |
| 25/8/8/10 | Kalai | N.A. | 8 | 12 | 88 | 40 | 48 | .. | .. | 40 | 48 | 1 |
| 25/8/8/11 | Kharang | N.A. | 5 | 5 | 9 | 8 | 1 | .. | .. | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| 25/8/8/12 | Chowhgaon | N.A. | 2 | 3 | 22 | 10 | 12 | .. | .. | 10 | 12 | .. |
| 25/8/8/13 | Mongkhang | N.A. | 4 | 8 | 40 | 23 | 17 | .. | .. | 15 | 15 | 3 |
| 25/8/8/14 | Chedun | N.A. | 5 | 11 | 53 | 23 | 30 | .. | .. | 23 | 30 | .. |
| 25/8/8/15 | Machong | N.A. | 2 | 5 | 20 | 12 | 8 | .. | .. | 12 | 8 | .. |
| 25/8/8/16 | Sung | N.A. | 4 | 10 | 44 | 22 | 22 | .. | .. | 22 | 22 | 1 |
| 25/8/8/17 | Samdul | N.A. | 3 | 5 | 25 | 13 | 12 | .. | .. | 13 | 12 | 2 |
| 25/8/8/18 | Tapat | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 3 | .. | .. | 2 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/8/19 | Bhow | N.A. | 5 | 6 | 62 | 34 | 28 | .. | .. | 34 | 28 | 2 |
| 25/8/8/20 | Matkrong | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 11 | 8 | 3 | .. | .. | 8 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/8/21 | Hunung | N.A. | 4 | 5 | 29 | 17 | 12 | .. | .. | 17 | 12 | .. |
| 25/8/8/22 | Shirong | N.A. | 7 | 7 | 32 | 16 | 16 | .. | .. | 15 | 16 | 2 |
| 25/8/8/23 | Sanglang | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 28 | 14 | 14 | .. | .. | 14 | 14 | .. |
| 25/8/8/24 | Khirong | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 43 | 21 | 22 | .. | .. | 21 | 22 | 2 |
| 25/8/8/25 | Krobam | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 21 | 12 | 9 | .. | .. | 8 | 7 | 1 |
| 25/8/8/26 | Rungsam | N.A. | 2 | 3 | 15 | 9 | 6 | .. | .. | 9 | 6 | 1 |
| 25/8/8/27 | Lapkrong | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 12 | 5 | 7 | .. | .. | 5 | 7 | .. |
| 25/8/8/28 | Kamlat | N.A. | 5 | 11 | 35 | 21 | 14 | .. | .. | 19 | 14 | 2 |
| 25/8/8/29 | Walap | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 2 | .. | .. | 4 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/8/30 | Flang | N.A. | 2 | 4 | 20 | 12 | 8 | .. | .. | 12 | 8 | .. |
| 25/8/8/31 | Farmo | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 14 | 6 | 8 | .. | .. | 6 | 8 | .. |
| 25/8/8/32 | Halaikrong | N.A. | 7 | 8 | 65 | 34 | 31 | .. | .. | 34 | 31 | .. |
| 25/8/8/33 | Tulang Kulung | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 30 | 14 | 16 | .. | .. | 14 | 16 | 1 |
| 25/8/8/34 | Shurnung | N.A. | 3 | 7 | 30 | 16 | 14 | .. | .. | 16 | 14 | 2 |
| 25/8/8/35 | Boot | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 8 | 4 | 4 | .. | .. | 4 | 4 | .. |
| 25/8/8/36 | Ngi | N.A. | 8 | 17 | 120 | 51 | 69 | .. | .. | 49 | 65 | 2 |
| 25/8/8/37 | Kagong | N.A. | 2 | 5 | 16 | 7 | 9 | .. | .. | 7 | 9 | 1 |
| 25/8/8/38 | Nukung | N.A. | 6 | 12 | 60 | 31 | 29 | .. | .. | 31 | 29 | 3 |
| 25/8/8/39 | Mla | N.A. | 4 | 6 | 29 | 14 | 15 | .. | .. | 14 | 15 | 1 |
| 25/8/8/40 | Chungung | N.A. | 5 | 16 | 86 | 39 | 47 | .. | .. | 39 | 47 | 7 |
| 25/8/8/41 | Wala | N.A. | 10 | 28 | 117 | 53 | 64 | .. | .. | 53 | 64 | 3 |
| 25/8/8/42 | Watong | N.A. | 14 | 30 | 150 | 78 | 72 | .. | .. | 78 | 72 | 8 |
| 25/8/8/43 | Kamdi | N.A. | 3 | 11 | 51 | 26 | 25 | .. | .. | 26 | 25 | .. |
| 25/8/8/44 | Sorgong | N.A. | 3 | 4 | 16 | 8 | 8 | .. | .. | 8 | 8 | .. |
| 25/8/8/45 | Morwoh | N.A. | 6 | 15 | 65 | 36 | 29 | .. | .. | 36 | 29 | .. |
| 25/8/8/46 | Longling | N.A. | 11 | 23 | 82 | 41 | 41 | .. | .. | 41 | 41 | 1 |
| 25/8/8/47 | Chungo | N.A. | 10 | 16 | 66 | 34 | 32 | .. | .. | 34 | 32 | .. |
| 25/8/8/48 | Daroh | N.A. | 3 | 4 | 12 | 7 | 5 | .. | .. | 7 | 5 | 5 |
| 25/8/8/49 | Blong | N.A. | 11 | 20 | 94 | 46 | 48 | .. | .. | 44 | 45 | 9 |
| 25/8/8/50 | Mitikunung | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 3 | .. | .. | 1 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/8/51 | Wahal | N.A. | 11 | 17 | 84 | 45 | 39 | .. | .. | 45 | 39 | 7 |
| 25/8/8/52 | Min | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 16 | 10 | 6 | .. | .. | 10 | 6 | .. |
| 25/8/8/53 | Lapkunung | N.A. | 5 | 7 | 37 | 25 | 12 | .. | .. | 25 | 12 | 4 |
| 25/8/8/54 | Charnai | N.A. | 9 | 18 | 89 | 53 | 36 | .. | .. | 53 | 36 | 9 |
| 25/8/8/55 | Quibom | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 58 | 30 | 28 | .. | .. | 30 | 28 | 5 |
| 25/8/8/56 | Hawai HQ. | N.A. | 71 | 71 | 238 | 180 | 58 | 4 | 2 | 26 | 4 | 123 |

CENSUS ABSTRACT

*wise*

| MAIN WORKERS | | | | | | | | | | Marginal Workers | | Non-workers | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total Main Workers (I—IX) | | Cultivators (I) | | Agricultural Labourers (II) | | Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing & Repairs [VI (a)] | | Other Workers [III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX] | | | | | |
| M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| **938** | **833** | **773** | **832** | 2 | .. | .. | .. | **163** | **1** | **9** | **32** | **572** | **519** |
| **938** | **833** | **773** | **832** | 2 | .. | .. | .. | **163** | **1** | **9** | **32** | **572** | **519** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | | |
| 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | **9** |
| 9 | 11 | 9 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | **3** |
| 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 19 | 12 |
| 23 | 30 | 21 | 30 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 19 | 15 |
| 24 | 21 | 24 | 21 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 18 | 12 |
| 28 | 29 | 28 | 29 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 6 | 18 | 30 |
| 16 | 13 | 14 | 13 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 10 | 16 |
| 12 | 11 | 12 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 10 | 15 |
| 31 | 33 | 30 | 33 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 18 | 33 |
| 20 | 18 | 20 | 18 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 9 | 19 | 21 |
| 8 | 1 | 4 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6 | 3 | 6 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 4 | **6** |
| 13 | 11 | 8 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | .. | .. | .. | 10 | **6** |
| 14 | 19 | 14 | 19 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 9 | **11** |
| 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 2 |
| 15 | 18 | 15 | 18 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | **4** |
| 7 | 8 | 6 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 6 | **4** |
| 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 |
| 20 | 19 | 20 | 19 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 14 | 9 |
| 6 | 2 | 6 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 1 |
| 14 | 8 | 14 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 4 |
| 16 | 8 | 12 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 8 |
| 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 5 |
| 14 | 16 | 14 | 16 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 6 |
| 6 | 5 | 4 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 6 | **4** |
| 7 | 5 | 7 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | **1** |
| 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 2 |
| 13 | 11 | 11 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 8 | 3 |
| **4** | 2 | 4 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6 | 7 | 6 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | **1** |
| 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 4 |
| 19 | 17 | 19 | 17 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 15 | 14 |
| 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 6 |
| 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 2 |
| **3** | 3 | 3 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 |
| 33 | 44 | 31 | 43 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 1 | .. | .. | 18 | 25 |
| 6 | 8 | 6 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 |
| 20 | 21 | 20 | 21 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 11 | 8 |
| 10 | 13 | 10 | 13 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 2 |
| 21 | 36 | 18 | 36 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 18 | 11 |
| 33 | 51 | 27 | 51 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | .. | .. | .. | 20 | 13 |
| 50 | 51 | 47 | 51 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 28 | 21 |
| 14 | 14 | 12 | 14 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 12 | 11 |
| 6 | 5 | 6 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 3 |
| 23 | 17 | 23 | 17 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 13 | 12 |
| 26 | 25 | 26 | 25 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 15 | 16 |
| 19 | 17 | 19 | 17 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 15 | 15 |
| 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 1 |
| 26 | 30 | 23 | 30 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | .. | 2 | 2 | 18 | 16 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | **2** |
| 23 | 26 | 23 | 26 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | 21 | **13** |
| 7 | 5 | 7 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 1 |
| 14 | 10 | 14 | 10 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 11 | **2** |
| 33 | 26 | 33 | 26 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 20 | 10 |
| 14 | 22 | 14 | 22 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 16 | 6 |
| 122 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 122 | .. | .. | .. | 58 | **5** |

Circle : WALONG
Code No. : 8/9

CIRCLEWISE PRIMARY

*(a) Village*

| Location Code Number | Name of village/ town/ward | Area of village in hect. & of town/ ward in $Km^2$ | No. of occupied residential houses | No. of households | Total population (Including Institutional & Houseless population) | | | Scheduled Castes | | Scheduled Tribes | | Literates | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | P | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| | **Total** | N.A. | **148** | **148** | **813** | **490** | **323** | **1** | .. | **265** | **231** | **197** | **43** |
| | **Rural** | N.A. | **148** | **148** | **813** | **490** | **323** | **1** | ... | **265** | **231** | **197** | **43** |
| | **Urban** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| RURAL | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25/8/9/1 | Walong | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 55 | 30 | 25 | .. | .. | 30 | 25 | 7 | 2 |
| 25/8/9/2 | Tinai | N.A. | 5 | 5 | 55 | 30 | 25 | .. | .. | 30 | 25 | 5 | 1 |
| 25/8/9/3 | Dong | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 10 | 5 | 5 | .. | .. | 5 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
| 25/8/9/4 | Supkong | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 8 | 4 | 4 | .. | .. | 4 | 4 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/9/5 | Permit | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 12 | 4 | 8 | .. | .. | 4 | 8 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/9/6 | Wati | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 49 | 22 | 27 | .. | .. | 22 | 27 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/9/7 | Dil | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 13 | 10 | 3 | .. | .. | 8 | 3 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/9/8 | Brum | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 1 | .. | .. | 3 | 1 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/9/9 | Sarti | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 65 | 30 | 35 | .. | .. | 30 | 35 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/9/10 | Halla | N.A. | 8 | 8 | 67 | 32 | 35 | .. | .. | 29 | 35 | 8 | 2 |
| 25/8/9/11 | Kril | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 23 | 16 | 7 | .. | .. | 16 | 7 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/9/12 | Kalin | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 34 | 16 | 18 | .. | .. | 16 | 18 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/9/13 | Khamtipani | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 16 | 7 | 9 | .. | .. | 7 | 9 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/9/14 | Gong | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 19 | 11 | 8 | .. | .. | 9 | 8 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/9/15 | Khrowty | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 9 | 7 | 2 | .. | .. | 7 | 2 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/9/16 | Gai | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 14 | 8 | 6 | .. | .. | 8 | 6 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/9/17 | Walong HQ. | N.A. | 94 | 94 | 360 | 255 | 105 | 1 | .. | 37 | 13 | 167 | 37 |

CENSUS ABSTRACT

*wise*

| MAIN WORKERS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total Main Workers (I—IX) | | Cultivators (I) | | Agricultural Labourers (II) | | Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing & Repairs [V (a)] | | Other Workers [III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX] | | Marginal Workers | | Non-workers | |
| M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| 308 | 89 | 116 | 69 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 192 | 20 | .. | .. | 182 | 234 |
| 308 | 89 | 116 | 69 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 192 | 20 | .. | .. | 182 | 234 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 13 | .. | 12 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 17 | 25 |
| 20 | 11 | 18 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 10 | 14 |
| 4 | 1 | 4 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 4 |
| 2 | 4 | 2 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. |
| 3 | 6 | 3 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | 1 | 2 |
| 14 | 20 | 10 | 15 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 5 | .. | .. | 8 | 7 |
| 6 | 2 | 1 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 1 |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 18 | 22 | 17 | 17 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 5 | .. | .. | 12 | 13 |
| 18 | .. | 15 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 14 | 35 |
| 6 | .. | 6 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 10 | 7 |
| 12 | 11 | 8 | 10 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 1 | .. | .. | 4 | 7 |
| 5 | .. | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 9 |
| 8 | 1 | 6 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 7 |
| 6 | 2 | 6 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. |
| 2 | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 6 |
| 168 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 168 | 8 | .. | .. | 87 | 97 |

Circle : KIBITHOO
Code No. : 8/10

CIRCLEWISE PRIMARY

*(a) Village-*

| Location Code Number | Name of village/ ward/town | Area of village in Hect. & of town/ ward in Km² | No. of occupied residential houses | No. of households | Total population (including Institutional & Houseless population) | | | Scheduled Castes | | Scheduled Tribes | | Literates | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | P | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| | **Total** | N.A. | **90** | **90** | **386** | **258** | **128** | **2** | .. | **78** | **80** | **90** | **4** |
| | **Rural** | N.A. | **90** | **90** | **386** | **258** | **128** | **2** | .. | **78** | **80** | **90** | **4** |
| | **Urban** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| RURAL | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25/8/10/1 | Kahoa | N.A. | 9 | 9 | 59 | 41 | 18 | .. | .. | 17 | 18 | 21 | 1 |
| 25/8/10/2 | Meshai | N.A. | 8 | 8 | 43 | 21 | 22 | .. | .. | 21 | 22 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/10/3 | Kibithoo H.Q. | N.A. | 52 | 52 | 185 | 140 | 45 | 2 | .. | 9 | 1 | 46 | 2 |
| 25/8/10/4 | Kundun | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 12 | 5 | 7 | .. | .. | 5 | 7 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/10/5 | Kherouty | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 15 | 7 | 8 | .. | .. | 5 | 4 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/10/6 | Yakung | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 49 | 21 | 28 | .. | .. | 21 | 28 | .. | 1 |
| 25/8/10/7 | Hotspring | N.A. | 10 | 10 | 23 | 23 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 20 | .. |

CENSUS ABSTRACT

*wise*

| MAIN WORKERS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total Main Workers (I—IX) | | Cultivators (I) | | Agricultural Labourers (II) | | Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing & Repairs [V(a)] | | Other Workers [III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX] | | Marginal Workers | | Non-workers | |
| M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| **197** | **30** | **32** | **30** | .. | .. | .. | .. | **165** | .. | .. | .. | **61** | **98** |
| **197** | **30** | **32** | **30** | .. | .. | .. | .. | **165** | .. | .. | .. | **61** | **98** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 32 | 7 | 9 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 23 | .. | .. | .. | 9 | 11 |
| 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 11 | 10 |
| 117 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 117 | .. | .. | .. | 23 | 45 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 5 |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 7 |
| 10 | 8 | 10 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 11 | 20 |
| 23 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 23 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |

**Circle : GOILIANG**
**Code No. : 8 11**

CIRCLEWISE PRIMARY

*(a) Village*

| Location Code Number | Name of village/ town/ward | Area of village in hect. & of town/ward in Km² | No. of occupied residential houses | No. of house-hold | Total population (including Institutional and houseless population) | | | Scheduled Castes | | Scheduled Tribes | | Literates | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | P | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| | **Total** | N.A. | **167** | **190** | **1,301** | **643** | **658** | .. | .. | **613** | **650** | **69** | **8** |
| | **Rural** | N.A. | **167** | **190** | **1,301** | **643** | **658** | .. | .. | **613** | **650** | **69** | **8** |
| | **Urban** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| RURAL | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25/8/11/1 | Duiliang | N.A. | 6 | 6 | 29 | 11 | 18 | .. | .. | 11 | 18 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/11/2 | Camliang | N.A. | 4 | 6 | 11 | 7 | 4 | .. | .. | 2 | 4 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/11/3 | Chikiliang | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 9 | 4 | 5 | .. | .. | 4 | 5 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/11/4 | Patoo | N.A. | 1 | 2 | 10 | 4 | 6 | .. | .. | 4 | 6 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/11/5 | Tambre | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 12 | 7 | 5 | .. | .. | 7 | 5 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/11/6 | Ritiliang | N.A. | 7 | 11 | 39 | 19 | 20 | .. | .. | 19 | 20 | 5 | 1 |
| 25/8/11/7 | Danglat | N.A. | 7 | 9 | 59 | 28 | 31 | .. | .. | 28 | 31 | 4 | .. |
| 25/8/11/8 | Kanguliang | N.A. | 4 | 6 | 40 | 20 | 20 | .. | .. | 20 | 20 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/11/9 | Tuwiliang | N.A. | 2 | 7 | 32 | 15 | 17 | .. | .. | 15 | 17 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/11/10 | Dillang | N.A. | 3 | 5 | 31 | 16 | 15 | .. | .. | 16 | 15 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/11/11 | Prayumla | N.A. | 4 | 6 | 36 | 18 | 18 | .. | .. | 18 | 18 | 4 | .. |
| 25/8/11/12 | Langguni | N.A. | 8 | 11 | 64 | 29 | 35 | .. | .. | 29 | 35 | 7 | .. |
| 25/8/11/13 | Taphang | N.A. | 14 | 14 | 144 | 67 | 77 | .. | .. | 67 | 77 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/11/14 | Braptong | N.A. | 8 | 8 | 86 | 34 | 52 | .. | .. | 34 | 52 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/11/15 | Room | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 2 | .. | .. | 4 | 2 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/11/16 | Braingkong | N.A. | 5 | 5 | 33 | 15 | 18 | .. | .. | 15 | 18 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/11/17 | Glotong | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 54 | 24 | 30 | .. | .. | 24 | 30 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/11/18 | Chirang | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 44 | 22 | 22 | .. | .. | 22 | 22 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/11/19 | Nilang | N.A. | 9 | 9 | 71 | 35 | 36 | .. | .. | 35 | 36 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/11/20 | Palang | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 32 | 19 | 13 | .. | .. | 19 | 13 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/11/21 | Chailiang | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 30 | 16 | 14 | .. | .. | 16 | 14 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/11/22 | Braikang | N.A. | 7 | 7 | 48 | 27 | 21 | .. | .. | 27 | 21 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/11/23 | Gremtom | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 24 | 13 | 11 | .. | .. | 13 | 11 | 2 | .. |
| 25/8/11/24 | Brailiang | N.A. | 7 | 7 | 62 | 33 | 29 | .. | .. | 33 | 29 | 2 | 1 |
| 25/8/11/25 | Kaniliang | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 9 | 2 | 7 | .. | .. | 2 | 7 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/11/26 | Ritliang | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 20 | 8 | 12 | .. | .. | 8 | 12 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/11/27 | Rutiliang | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | 2 | 2 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/11/28 | Kasanglat | N.A. | 9 | 9 | 98 | 50 | 48 | .. | .. | 50 | 48 | 3 | 1 |
| 25/8/11/29 | Philiang | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 27 | 13 | 14 | .. | .. | 13 | 14 | 3 | .. |
| 25/8/11/30 | Kalathang | N.A. | 2 | 2 | 15 | 11 | 4 | .. | .. | 11 | 4 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/11/31 | Telebum | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 9 | 4 | 5 | .. | .. | 4 | 5 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/11/32 | Mepumla | N.A. | 4 | 4 | 24 | 13 | 11 | .. | .. | 13 | 11 | 1 | .. |
| 25/8/11/33 | Chiprogam | N.A. | 3 | 3 | 16 | 8 | 8 | .. | .. | 8 | 8 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/11/34 | Kalekong | N.A. | 1 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 4 | .. | .. | 2 | 4 | .. | .. |
| 25/8/11/35 | Goiliang H.Q. | N.A. | 23 | 23 | 67 | 43 | 24 | .. | .. | 18 | 16 | 22 | 5 |

CENSUS ABSTRACT

*wise*

| MAIN WORKERS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total Main Workers (I—IX) | | Cultivators (I) | | Agricultural Labourers (II) | | Household Industry, Manufacturing Processing, Servicing & Repairs[V (a)] | | Other Workers [III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX] | | Marginal Workers | | Non-workers | |
| M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| **401** | **399** | **367** | **398** | .. | .. | .. | .. | **34** | **1** | .. | .. | **242** | **259** |
| **401** | **399** | **367** | **398** | .. | .. | .. | .. | **34** | **1** | .. | .. | **242** | **259** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 9 | 12 | 9 | 12 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 6 |
| 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 4 |
| 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 4 |
| 2 | 4 | 2 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 2 |
| 4 | 2 | 4 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 3 |
| 12 | 9 | 11 | 9 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 11 |
| 15 | 20 | 14 | 20 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 13 | 11 |
| 11 | 8 | 11 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 9 | 12 |
| 11 | 12 | 11 | 12 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 5 |
| 8 | 10 | 8 | 10 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 8 | 5 |
| 10 | 8 | 10 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 8 | 10 |
| 19 | 26 | 19 | 26 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 10 | 9 |
| 39 | 49 | 39 | 49 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 28 | 28 |
| 19 | 31 | 19 | 31 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 15 | 21 |
| 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 |
| 8 | 6 | 8 | 6 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 12 |
| 18 | 17 | 18 | 17 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 6 | 13 |
| 10 | 13 | 10 | 13 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 12 | 9 |
| 21 | 32 | 21 | 32 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 14 | 4 |
| 17 | 12 | 17 | 12 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 1 |
| 12 | 8 | 12 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 6 |
| 16 | 11 | 16 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 11 | 10 |
| 10 | 6 | 10 | 6 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 5 |
| 19 | 21 | 19 | 21 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 14 | 8 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 |
| 4 | 9 | 4 | 9 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 3 |
| .. | 2 | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | .. |
| 33 | 30 | 33 | 30 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 17 | 18 |
| 5 | 12 | 5 | 12 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 8 | 2 |
| 6 | 3 | 6 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | 1 |
| 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 |
| 10 | 7 | 10 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 4 |
| 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 | 4 |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 2 |
| 32 | 5 | 5 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 27 | 1 | .. | .. | 11 | 19 |

# APPENDIX TO
# PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT (URBAN BLOCK)
# AND ITS ANNEXURE

## URBAN PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

### APPENDIX

*Total Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes population of urban blocks*

| Location code No. | Name of town/ward urban enumeration block | Total population | Scheduled Castes | Scheduled Tribes |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 25/8/I | Tezu Town . . . . . | 6,239 | 121 | 741 |
| 25/8/I/1 | Tezu Town Bl. 1 . . . . . | 378 | 9 | 63 |
| 25/8/I/2 | Tezu Town Bl. 2 . . . . . | 518 | 5 | 69 |
| 25/8/I/3 | Tezu Town Bl. 3 . . . . . | 783 | 18 | 32 |
| 25/8/I/4 | Tezu Town Bl. 4 . . . . . | 729 | 9 | 93 |
| 25/8/I/5 | Tezu Town Bl. 5 . . . . . | 524 | 5 | 27 |
| 25/8/I/6 | Tezu Town Bl. 6 . . . . . | 819 | 51 | 103 |
| 25/8/I/7 | Tezu Town Bl. 7 . . . . . | 331 | .. | 47 |
| 25/8/I/8 | Tezu Town Bl. 8 . . . . . | 987 | 3 | 138 |
| 25/8/I/9 | Tezu Town Bl. 9 . . . . . | 74 | .. | 17 |
| 25/8/I/10 | Tezu Town Bl.10 . . . . . | 1,096 | 21 | 152 |

NOTE :—Area and serial no. of town/ward and enumeration block are same.

*ANNEXURE TO APPENDIX TO URBAN PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT (URBAN BLOCK)*

*Boundaries of census charges and extents of constituent enumeration blocks.*

## TEZU TOWN

Block No. 1 :—The northern and western sides of the block are covered by forest area. Eastern side of the block is covered by Ward No. 3.

There are three temples situated on the South-eastern side of this block. Ward No. 2, is located into southern part of this block.

Block No. 2 :—Ward No. 1. is located in the northern side of this block. Western side of this block is encircled by jungle area and in the eastern side, block No. 4 is located.

The southern side of this block is covered by Ward No. 6. A river is passing through the Western part of this block. The entire block No. 2 is residential area.

Block No. 3 :—Northern side of this block is covered by jungle, Tezu Khola river is passing through the eastern side of this block. Ward No. 1 is situated on the western side of this block and Ward No. 4 is located in the southern side of the block.

Block No. 4 :—Ward No. 3 is situated on the northern side and bounded on the northern side of this block. It is also bounded by Tezu Hayuliang road. A river is passing through the eastern side of the block. Market road is passing throught the western side of the block. Bus stand is situated on the extreme corner of south western part of this block. (A part is situated on the middle point of the South part of this block). Deputy Commissioner's Bunglow is located in the extreme corner of southeastern part of the block. (Police reserve and State Bank are situated in this block). Primary School is situated on the western side of this block.

Block No. 5 :—Gandhi Marg road is passing through the northern side of the block. The road towards Bazar runs along the western border of the block. Club road is bounded by the southern side of the block. Circuit House is situated on last and South corner of the block. (Jubilee ground is situated on the middle point of the block. Deputy Commissioner's office, CPWD Office and Library are situated in this block.) Power House is situated on the North-western corner of this block. Police station is located in the western side in this block.

Block No. 6 :—Hospital road is passing through the northern side of this block. The road towards Sadiya runs along the northern border of the block. Power House and Police Station are situated on the eastern side of this block. Agricultural Farm road is passing through eastern part of this block. (Dharmsala and one Temple are situated in this block). Block No. 7 is situated on the South part of this block.

Block No. 7 :—Dening Nallah is passing through the Northern side of this block. Block No. 8 is situated on the western side of this block. In the eastern border Block No. 6 is located Mandir Marg passing through the Southern part of the block. (A field is situated on the middle point of this block).

Block No. 8 :—Club road is passing through the northern side of this block. Agricultural Farm is situated on the south side of this block. Higher Secondary School and Club are situated on the eastern side of the block. A Nallah is passing through the western side of this block. (Field Publicity office is situated on almost middle part of this block).

Block No. 9 :—Lohit river is flowing through the northern side of the block. Dening Nallah is passing through eastern side of this block. P.W.D. office is situated on the middle of the eastern part of this block. (Agri. Farm, Agri. office, Agri.Godown, and Inspection Bunglow, are situated on the middle of this block). A canal flows from North to South direction on the western side of this block. Higher Secondary School and Block No. 10 are located in the western side of this block.

Block No. 10 :—The block is surrounded by the Lohit river on the North and eastern side. Block No. 8 and 9 are located in the southern side of this block. Club-road passes through the western side of this block. (A.I.R. Station is situated almost at middle point of this block). Inspection Bungalow, Hospital, Water Tank and K.G. school are situated on the western part of this block. A field and Club are situated on the extreme South west corner of this block.

# PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT
# FOR
# SCHEDULED CASTES
# AND
# SCHEDULED TRIBES



84-M/J(D)726RGI—12(a)

# PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT
# FOR
# SCHEDULED CASTES

| Sl. No. | District/Sub-division Circle/Town | Total/ Rural/ Urban | No. of house-holds with S.C. mem-bers | Total Scheduled Castes population | | | Literates | | | MAIN Total Main Workers (I—IX) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
| | **LOHIT DISTRICT** | **Total** | **177** | **910** | **521** | **389** | **309** | **243** | **66** | **317** | **297** | **20** |
| | | **Rural** | **148** | **789** | **444** | **345** | **286** | **225** | **61** | **262** | **249** | **13** |
| | | **Urban** | **29** | **121** | **77** | **44** | **23** | **18** | **5** | **55** | **48** | **7** |
| | **Tezu Sub-Division** | **Total** | **60** | **243** | **148** | **95** | **69** | **51** | **18** | **99** | **84** | **15** |
| | | **Rural** | **31** | **122** | **71** | **51** | **46** | **33** | **13** | **44** | **36** | **8** |
| | | **Urban** | **29** | **121** | **77** | **44** | **23** | **18** | **5** | **55** | **48** | **7** |
| 1 | Tezu | Total | 60 | 243 | 148 | 95 | 69 | 51 | 18 | 99 | 84 | 15 |
| | | Rural | 31 | 122 | 71 | 51 | 46 | 33 | 13 | 44 | 36 | 8 |
| | | Urban | 29 | 121 | 77 | 44 | 23 | 18 | 5 | 55 | 48 | 7 |
| | TEZU TOWN | Urban | 29 | 121 | 77 | 44 | 23 | 18 | 5 | 55 | 48 | 7 |
| | **Namsai Sub-division** | **Total** | **101** | **616** | **345** | **271** | **224** | **178** | **46** | **199** | **196** | **3** |
| | | **Rural** | **101** | **616** | **345** | **271** | **224** | **178** | **46** | **199** | **196** | **3** |
| | | *Urban* | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 1 | Namsai | Total | 32 | 176 | 113 | 63 | 62 | 50 | 12 | 75 | 72 | 3 |
| | | Rural | 32 | 176 | 113 | 63 | 62 | 50 | 12 | 75 | 72 | 3 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 2 | Wakro | Total | 2 | 2 | 2 | .. | 2 | 2 | .. | 2 | 2 | .. |
| | | Rural | 2 | 2 | 2 | .. | 2 | 2 | .. | 2 | 2 | .. |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 3 | Chowkham | Total | 66 | 429 | 226 | 203 | 154 | 122 | 32 | 121 | 121 | .. |
| | | Rural | 66 | 429 | 226 | 203 | 154 | 122 | 32 | 121 | 121 | .. |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 4 | Lekang | Total | 1 | 9 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | .. |
| | | Rural | 1 | 9 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | .. |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| | **Hayuliang Sub-division** | **Total** | **16** | **51** | **28** | **23** | **16** | **14** | **2** | **19** | **17** | **2** |
| | | **Rural** | **16** | **51** | **28** | **23** | **16** | **14** | **2** | **19** | **17** | **2** |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 1 | Hayuliang | Total | 12 | 42 | 21 | 21 | 13 | 11 | 2 | 14 | 12 | 2 |
| | | Rural | 12 | 42 | 21 | 21 | 13 | 11 | 2 | 14 | 12 | 2 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 2 | Chaglongam | Total | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| | | Rural | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 3 | Hawai | Total | 2 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | .. | 2 | 2 | .. |
| | | Rural | 2 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | .. | 2 | 2 | .. |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 4 | Walong | Total | 1 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. |
| | | Rural | 1 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 5 | Kibithoo | Total | 1 | 2 | 2 | .. | 2 | 2 | .. | 2 | 2 | .. |
| | | Rural | 1 | 2 | 2 | .. | 2 | 2 | .. | 2 | 2 | .. |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6 | Goiliang | Total | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| | | Rural | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |

FOR SCHEDULED CASTES

| WORKERS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cultivators (I) | | | Agricultural Labourers (II) | | | Household Industry, Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing & Repairs [V (a)] | | | Other Workers [III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX] | | | Marginal Workers | | | Non-workers | | |
| P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F |
| 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 |
| 134 | 127 | 7 | 4 | 4 | .. | 3 | 3 | .. | 176 | 163 | 13 | 60 | .. | 60 | 533 | 224 | 309 |
| 133 | 126 | 7 | 3 | 3 | .. | 3 | 3 | .. | 123 | 117 | 6 | 60 | .. | 60 | 467 | 195 | 272 |
| 1 | 1 | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 53 | 46 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | 66 | 29 | 37 |
| **18** | **11** | **7** | **3** | **3** | .. | .. | .. | .. | **78** | **70** | **8** | .. | .. | .. | **144** | **64** | **80** |
| **17** | **10** | **7** | **2** | **2** | .. | .. | .. | .. | **25** | **24** | **1** | .. | .. | .. | **78** | **35** | **43** |
| **1** | **1** | .. | **1** | **1** | .. | .. | .. | .. | **53** | **46** | **7** | .. | .. | .. | **66** | **29** | **37** |
| 18 | 11 | 7 | 3 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 78 | 70 | 8 | .. | .. | .. | 144 | 64 | 80 |
| 17 | 10 | 7 | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 25 | 24 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 78 | 35 | 43 |
| 1 | 1 | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 53 | 46 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | 66 | 29 | 37 |
| 1 | 1 | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 53 | 46 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | 66 | 29 | 37 |
| **116** | **116** | .. | **1** | **1** | .. | **2** | **2** | .. | **80** | **77** | **3** | **60** | .. | **60** | **357** | **149** | **208** |
| **116** | **116** | .. | **1** | **1** | .. | **2** | **2** | .. | **80** | **77** | **3** | **60** | .. | **60** | **357** | **149** | **208** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 18 | 18 | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | 55 | 52 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 101 | 41 | 60 |
| 18 | 18 | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | 55 | 52 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 101 | 41 | 60 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 98 | 98 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | 22 | 22 | .. | 59 | .. | 59 | 249 | 105 | 144 |
| 98 | 98 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | 22 | 22 | .. | 59 | .. | 59 | 249 | 105 | 144 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | 1 | .. | 1 | 7 | 3 | 4 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | 1 | .. | 1 | 7 | 3 | 4 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | **1** | **1** | .. | **18** | **16** | **2** | .. | .. | .. | **32** | **11** | **21** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | **1** | **1** | .. | **18** | **16** | **2** | .. | .. | .. | **32** | **11** | **21** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | 13 | 11 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 28 | 9 | 19 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | 13 | 11 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 28 | 9 | 19 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |

# PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

# FOR

# SCHEDULED TRIBES

| Sl. No. | District/Sub-division/ Circle/Town | Total/ Rural/ Urban | No. of house-holds with S.T. mem-bers | Total Scheduled Tribes Population | | | Literates | | | MAIN Total Main Workers (I—IX) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
| | **LOHIT DISTRICT** | **Total** | **4,733** | **30,130** | **15,212** | **14,918** | **6,446** | **4,563** | **1,883** | **13,446** | **7,794** | **5,652** |
| | | **Rural** | **4,560** | **29,389** | **14,812** | **14,577** | **6,038** | **4,285** | **1,753** | **13,244** | **7,648** | **5,596** |
| | | **Urban** | **173** | **741** | **400** | **341** | **408** | **278** | **130** | **202** | **146** | **56** |
| | **Tezu Sub-division** | **Total** | **725** | **3,677** | **1,826** | **1,851** | **884** | **583** | **301** | **1,727** | **928** | **799** |
| | | **Rural** | **552** | **2,936** | **1,426** | **1,510** | **476** | **305** | **171** | **1,525** | **782** | **743** |
| | | **Urban** | **173** | **741** | **400** | **341** | **408** | **278** | **130** | **202** | **146** | **56** |
| 1 | Tezu | Total | 725 | 3,677 | 1,826 | 1,851 | 884 | 583 | 301 | 1,727 | 928 | 799 |
| | | Rural | 552 | 2,936 | 1,426 | 1,510 | 476 | 305 | 171 | 1,525 | 782 | 743 |
| | | Urban | 173 | 741 | 400 | 341 | 408 | 278 | 130 | 202 | 146 | 56 |
| | Tezu Town | Urban | 173 | 741 | 400 | 341 | 408 | 278 | 130 | 202 | 146 | 56 |
| | **Namsai Sub-division** | **Total** | **2,140** | **15,191** | **7,791** | **7,400** | **4,927** | **3,422** | **1,505** | **5,175** | **3,564** | **1,611** |
| | | **Rural** | **2,140** | **15,191** | **7,791** | **7,400** | **4,927** | **3,422** | **1,505** | **5,175** | **3,564** | **1.611** |
| | | **Urban** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 1 | Namsai | Total | 873 | 5,355 | 2,763 | 2,592 | 1,842 | 1,240 | 602 | 1,907 | 1,298 | 609 |
| | | Rural | 873 | 5,355 | 2,763 | 2,592 | 1,842 | 1,240 | 602 | 1,907 | 1,298 | 609 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 2 | Wakro | Total | 288 | 1,811 | 888 | 923 | 249 | 198 | 51 | 963 | 504 | 459 |
| | | Rural | 288 | 1,811 | 888 | 923 | 249 | 198 | 51 | 963 | 504 | 459 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 3 | Chowkham | Total | 450 | 3,058 | 1,593 | 1,465 | 1,273 | 879 | 394 | 878 | 758 | 120 |
| | | Rural | 450 | 3,058 | 1,593 | 1,465 | 1,273 | 879 | 394 | 878 | 758 | 120 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 4 | Lekang | Total | 529 | 4,967 | 2,547 | 2,420 | 1,563 | 1,105 | 458 | 1,427 | 1,004 | 423 |
| | | Rural | 529 | 4,967 | 2,547 | 2,420 | 1,563 | 1,105 | 458 | 1,427 | 1,004 | 423 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| | **Hayuliang Sub-division** | **Total** | **1,868** | **11,262** | **5,595** | **5,667** | **635** | **558** | **77** | **6,544** | **3,302** | **3,242** |
| | | **Rural** | **1,868** | **11,262** | **5,595** | **5,667** | **635** | **558** | **77** | **6,544** | **3,302** | **3,242** |
| | | **Urban** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 1 | Hayuliang | Total | 734 | 4,648 | 2,297 | 2,351 | 282 | 240 | 42 | 2,721 | 1,350 | 1,371 |
| | | Rural | 734 | 4,648 | 2,297 | 2,351 | 282 | 240 | 42 | 2,721 | 1,350 | 1,371 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 2 | Chaglongam | Total | 368 | 2,045 | 1,006 | 1,039 | 87 | 81 | 6 | 1,124 | 595 | 529 |
| | | Rural | 368 | 2,045 | 1,006 | 1,039 | 87 | 81 | 6 | 1,124 | 595 | 529 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 3 | Hawai | Total | 508 | 2,652 | 1,336 | 1,316 | 136 | 126 | 10 | 1,635 | 803 | 832 |
| | | Rural | 508 | 2,652 | 1,336 | 1,316 | 136 | 126 | 10 | 1,635 | 803 | 832 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 4 | Walong | Total | 59 | 496 | 265 | 231 | 67 | 54 | 13 | 223 | 142 | 81 |
| | | Rural | 59 | 496 | 265 | 231 | 67 | 54 | 13 | 223 | 142 | 81 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 5 | Kibithoo | Total | 29 | 158 | 78 | 80 | 12 | 9 | 3 | 69 | 39 | 30 |
| | | Rural | 29 | 158 | 78 | 80 | 12 | 9 | 3 | 69 | 39 | 30 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6 | Goiliang | Total | 170 | 1,263 | 613 | 650 | 51 | 48 | 3 | 772 | 373 | 399 |
| | | Rural | 170 | 1,263 | 613 | 650 | 51 | 48 | 3 | 772 | 373 | 399 |
| | | Urban | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |

FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

| WORKERS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cultivators (I) | | | Agricultural Labourers (II) | | | Household Industry, Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing & Repairs [V (a)] | | | Other Workers (III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX] | | | Marginal workers | | | Non-workers | | |
| P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F | P | M | F |
| 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 |
| **12,656** | **7,095** | **5,561** | **62** | **53** | **9** | **9** | **9** | .. | **719** | **637** | **82** | **1,489** | **176** | **1,313** | **15,195** | **7,242** | **7,953** |
| **12,600** | **7,072** | **5,528** | **62** | **53** | **9** | **9** | **9** | .. | **573** | **514** | **59** | **1,489** | **176** | **1,313** | **14,656** | **6,988** | **7,668** |
| **56** | **23** | **33** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | **146** | **123** | **23** | .. | | .. | **539** | **254** | **285** |
| **1,496** | **726** | **770** | **1** | **1** | .. | .. | .. | .. | **230** | **201** | **29** | **7** | **4** | **3** | **1,943** | **894** | **1,049** |
| **1,440** | **703** | **737** | **1** | **1** | .. | .. | .. | .. | **84** | **78** | **6** | **7** | **4** | **3** | **1,404** | **640** | **764** |
| **56** | **23** | **33** | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | **146** | **123** | **23** | .. | .. | .. | **539** | **254** | **285** |
| 1,496 | 726 | 770 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 230 | 201 | 29 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 1,943 | 894 | 1,049 |
| 1,440 | 703 | 737 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 84 | 78 | 6 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 1,404 | 640 | 764 |
| 56 | 23 | 33 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 146 | 123 | 23 | .. | .. | .. | 539 | 254 | 285 |
| 56 | 23 | 33 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 146 | 123 | 23 | .. | .. | .. | 539 | 254 | 285 |
| **4,775** | **3,210** | **1,565** | **59** | **50** | **9** | **9** | **9** | .. | **332** | **295** | **37** | **1,211** | **125** | **1,086** | **8,805** | **4,102** | **4,703** |
| **4,775** | **3,210** | **1,565** | **59** | **50** | **9** | **9** | **9** | .. | **332** | **295** | **37** | **1,211** | **125** | **1,086** | **8,805** | **4,102** | **4,703** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 1,766 | 1,174 | 592 | 29 | 24 | 5 | 4 | 4 | .. | 108 | 96 | 12 | 68 | 14 | 54 | 3,380 | 1,451 | 1,929 |
| 1,766 | 1,174 | 592 | 29 | 24 | 5 | 4 | 4 | .. | 108 | 96 | 12 | 68 | 14 | 54 | 3,380 | 1,451 | 1,929 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 920 | 461 | 459 | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | 42 | 42 | .. | 53 | 1 | 52 | 795 | 383 | 412 |
| 920 | 461 | 459 | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | 42 | 42 | .. | 53 | 1 | 52 | 795 | 383 | 412 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 741 | 638 | 103 | 14 | 13 | 1 | 4 | 4 | .. | 119 | 103 | 16 | 421 | 3 | 418 | 1,759 | 832 | 927 |
| 741 | 638 | 103 | 14 | 13 | 1 | 4 | 4 | .. | 119 | 103 | 16 | 421 | 3 | 418 | 1,759 | 832 | 927 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| **1,348** | **937** | **411** | **16** | **13** | **3** | .. | .. | .. | **63** | **54** | **9** | **669** | **107** | **562** | **2,871** | **910** | **808** |
| 1,348 | 937 | 411 | 16 | 13 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | 63 | 54 | 9 | 669 | 107 | 562 | 2,871 | 910 | 808 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| **6,385** | **3,159** | **3,226** | **2** | **2** | .. | .. | .. | .. | **157** | **141** | **16** | **271** | **47** | **224** | **4,447** | **2,246** | **2,201** |
| **6,385** | **3,159** | **3.226** | **2** | **2** | .. | .. | .. | .. | **157** | **141** | **16** | **271** | **47** | **224** | **4,447** | **2,246** | **2,201** |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 2,662 | 1,293 | 1,369 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 59 | 57 | 2 | 209 | 37 | 172 | 1,718 | 910 | 808 |
| 2,662 | 1,293 | 1,369 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 59 | 57 | 2 | 209 | 37 | 172 | 1,718 | 910 | 808 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 1,106 | 578 | 528 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 18 | 17 | 1 | 21 | 1 | 20 | 900 | 410 | 490 |
| 1,106 | 578 | 528 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 18 | 17 | 1 | 21 | 1 | 20 | 900 | 410 | 490 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 1,604 | 773 | 831 | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 29 | 28 | 1 | 41 | 9 | 32 | 976 | 524 | 452 |
| 1,604 | 773 | 831 | 2 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 29 | 28 | 1 | 41 | 9 | 32 | 976 | 524 | 452 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 186 | 116 | 70 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 37 | 26 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | 273 | 123 | 150 |
| 186 | 116 | 70 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 37 | 26 | 11 | .. | .. | .. | 273 | 123 | 150 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 62 | 32 | 30 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 89 | 39 | 50 |
| 62 | 32 | 30 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 89 | 39 | 50 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 765 | 367 | 398 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 6 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 491 | 240 | 251 |
| 765 | 367 | 398 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 7 | 6 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 491 | 240 | 251 |
| .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |

# APPENDIX-1

## APPENDIX

### STATEMENT SHOWING 1981 TERRITORIAL UNITS AND CHANGES DURING 1971—81

| District/Sub-division | 1971 Territorial Unit | Area added | | Name of district/ sub-division from which area is subtracted | Area subtracted | | Name of district/ sub-division to which area is added | Net area change in Km² (+ or —) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Name | Area in Km² | | Name | Area in Km² | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| LOHIT | Lohit District | .. | .. | .. | The entire Dibang Valley Sub-division comprising of circles namely Roing, Hunli, Etalin, Anini, Adane and Dambuk transferred to newly formed Dibang Valley District. | N.A. | .. | N. |
| (*i*) TEZU SUB-DIVSION | Tezu Sub-division | .. | .. | .. | | | | |
| (*ii*) NAMSAI SUB-DIVISION | Tezu Sub-division | .. | .. | .. | | | | |
| (*iii*) HAYULIANG SUBDIVISION | Hayuliang Sub-division | .. | .. | .. | | | | |

NOTE : 1. N.A. stands for not available.

2. Since there was no cadastral survey conducted so far in Arunachal Pradesh, the area figures below the district level are not available. Hence, the area figures in columns 7 and 9 are shown as N.A.

## LIST OF 1981 CENSUS PUBLICATIONS

| Part No. and subject covered | Sub-part No. (if any) and the topics covered |
|---|---|
| 1 | 2 |
| Part I—Administration Report (for official use only) | Part I A—Administration Report-Enumeration |
| | Part I B—Administration Report-Tabulation |
| Part II—General Population Tables | Part II A—General Population Tables |
| | Part II B—Union Territory Primary Census Abstract and the Primary Census Abstract of Schedule Caste Scheduled Tribe at Circle/Town level. |
| Part III—General Economic Tables | Part IIIA—B-Series tables covering population by economic activity, indusrial category of main workers, marginal workers and their cross-classification by age, literacy, educational level, sex, and non-workers and marginal workers by type of activity, seeking/ available for work and their cross-classification by age, literacy educational level and sex. |
| | Part III—B-Series tables covering industrial classification of man workers and marginal workers, occupational classificaton and class of worker of main workers and main activity and seeking/ available for work of marginal workers and non-workers and their cross-classificaton by age sex and educational level. |
| Part IV—Social and Cultural Tables | Part IVA—C-Series tables covering age, sex and martial status compositon of the population, single year age returns, educational level and school attendance. |
| | Part IV—B—C-Series tables covering mother-tongue, bilingualism and religion of population and household composition. |
| Part V—Migration Tables. | Part VA—D-Series tables of first priority covering distribution of population by place of birth, migrants by place of last residence, by duration of residence and reason for migration and economic activity of migrants reporting 'Employment' as reason and their cross classification by age and literacy. |
| | Part VB—D-Series tables covering migration for 'Employment' to urban areas from rural and urban and within State and outside State origins, their composition by age, sex and educational level and seeking/available for work and duration of last residence. |
| Part VI—Fertility Tables | Part VIA—F-Seires tables. This part will cover the age at marriage pattern, current fertility and cumulated fertility for ever married and currently married women by present age and duration of of marriage at State and District levels. At State level the further cross-classification by the socio-economics factors, religion, Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes, educational level and occupation will be covered. |
| | Part VI—B—F-Series tables covering the surviving children of currently married women by present age and duration of marriage, religion etc. and also current fertility by duration of marriage at district level. |
| Part VII—Tables on Houses and Disabled Population | H-Series table covering census houses and their case and the disabled population by type of disability with analytical notes. |

84-M/J(D)726RGI—13

## LIST OF 1981 CENSUS PUBLICATIONS—contd.

| Part No. and subject covered | Sub-part No. (if any) another topics covered |
|---|---|
| 1 | 2 |
| Part VIII—Household Tables. (No separate publication for Arunachal Pradesh. These are included in the all India volume brought out by the office of the Registrar General, India New Delhi. | Part—VIII—A—HH-Series tables covering material of construction of houses occupied by households, housing facilities available to households, household size and number of couples living in households and households by number of main workers, seeknig available for work and literate members, cultivating and non-cultivating households by tenure of land for general and Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe households, literacy among Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and economic activity of members of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe households. These tables will also cover the household population by religion of head of household and language mainly spoken in the household.<br><br>Part—VIII—B—This part will contain tables, HH-17, HH-17 SC, & HH-17 ST on tenancy.<br><br>Part—VIII—C—Report on households. This will be an analytical report of the data presented in Part VIII—A and VIII—B. |
| Part IX—Special Tables on Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. | The SC and ST Series of tables for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes respectively, covering industrial categories of main workers, and marginal workers, type of activity of marginal workers and non-workers, seeking/available for work among marginal workers and non-workers, age, sex, marital status, composition of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes population and their educational level (for each Caste/Tribe separately). These tables also cover for Scheduled Tribes. Their composition by religion mother tongue and bilingualism. |
| Part X—Town Directory Survey Reports on Town and Villages. | Part XA—Town Directory (Not for Arunachal Pradesh).<br><br>Part XB—Survey Reports on selected towns.<br><br>Part XC—Survey Reports on selected villages. |
| Part XI | Ethnographic Notes and special studies on Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. |
| Part XII—Census Atlas. | Union and State/Union Territory Census Atlases. |
| Part XIII—District Census Handbook. | Part—XIIIA—Village and Town Directory.<br><br>Part—XIIIB—Village and Townwise Primary Census Abstract and the Primary census Abstract of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes at Circle/Town level. |

**Agra**

1. M/s. Banwari Lal Jain Publishers
   Moti Katra (Reg.)
2. Sumit Law Agency
   30/97, Pipal Mandi (Rest)
3. Agarwal Law Co.
   8/121, Hing Ki Mandi (Rest)

**Ahmadabad**

4. Chandra Kant Chiman Lal Vora,
   57-2 Gandhi Road, P.B. No. 163 (Reg.)
5. New Order Book Co.
   Gandhi Road, Ellis Bridge (Reg.)
6. Kunal Subscription Agency
   Mina Park Society, Nava Wadaj (Reg.)
7. Gujarat Law House
   Near Municipal Swimming Bath
   Bhadra (Rest)
8. Mahajan Bros.
   Super Market Basement
   Ashram Road, Navrangpura (Reg.)
9. Himanshu Book Co.
   10 Mission Market
   Near Gujarat College (Rest)
10. Academic Book Centre
    10 Walkeshwar Society
    Politechnique (Rest)
11. Educational Booksellers
    Gandhi Road (Reg.)
12. Lawyers Credit & Supply Cop. Society
    Std. City Civil Court Compound, Bhadra
    (Rest)
13. Indian Law House
    252, 1st Floor Kashipura
    Outside Raipur Gate (Rest)
14. Roshan Ranjit Brothers
    371/7, Baba Ayaram Road (Rest)

**Ahmadnagar**

15. V.P. Jorewakar
    Prop. Rama General Stores
    Navi Path (Rest)

**Ajmer**

16. Book Land
    663, Madar Gate (Reg.)

**Allahabad**

17. University Book Agency
    15-B Elgin Road (Reg.)
18. Kitabistan
    30 Chak Road (Reg.)
19. Law Book Co.
    Sardar Patel Marg, P.B. 4 (Reg.)
20. Ram Narian Lal Beni Prasad
    2 Katra Road (Reg.)
21. Universal Book Co.
    20. M.G. Road (Reg.)
22. A.H. Wheeler & Co. Pvt. Ltd.,
    City Book Shop (Rest)
23. New Book House
    32, Tashkant Road (Reg.)
24. Universal Book Shop
    M.G. Road (Reg.)
25. Law Publisher
    Sardar Patel Marg
    P.B. No. 77 (Reg.)
26. International Library Service
    316 Alopibag, Punjabi Colony (Rest)

**Ambala Cantt.**

27. English Book Depot (Reg.)

**Amritsar**

28. Law Book Agency
    G.T. Road Putligarh (Regd.)
29. The Book Lovers
    Petreat Hall Bazar (Reg.)

**Anand**

30. Vijays Magazine Agency
    Station Road (Rest)

**Anantapur**

31. Shri Vani Stores
    Kamla Nagar (Rest)

**Aizawl**

32. Modern Book Stall
    Hospital Road, Bara Bazar (Rest)

**Ballabgarh**

33. Om Trade Well
    Unchagaon Gate (Reg.)
34. International Book House (P) Ltd.
    4 K.G. Road (Reg.)

35. S.S. Book Emporium
118, Mount Joy Road,
Hanumant Nagar (Reg.)

36. Standard Book Depot
Avenue Road (Reg.)

37. Vichara Sahitya Ltd.
Balapet (Reg.)

38. Coming Man
Residency Road (Rest)

39. Bhagyalakshmi Stores
524, Shrinagar Main Road
Barashankari (Rest)

40. N.S.A. Majeed Khan
C/o. Khan Transport & Air Travels (Res

**Bansdrom**

41. Current Books & Periodicals Agencies
'C' Block, No. 25 (Rest)

**Bareilly**

42. Pathak Pustak Bhawan
Ram Narain Part (Reg.)

43. Ashok Book Depot
Bara Bazar (Rest)

**Bhagalpur**

44. Paper & Stationery Stores
D.M. Singh Road, Bhagalpur (Reg.)

**Vadodara**

45. New Medical Book House
540, Maden Zampa Road (Reg.)

46. Baroda Productivity Council
(Book Division)
Productivity Road (Rest)

47. Hamdip Agencies
Maden Zampa Road (Rest)

**Bhopal**

48. Lyall Book Depot
Moh Din Building
Motia Park, Sultania Road (Reg.)

**Bhubaneshwar**

49. The Modern Book Depot Unit
111, Stational Square (Reg.)

50. Vani Vikash
B-1, Saheed Nagar (Rest)

51. Bidya Mandir
Eastern Tower Market Building (Rest)

**Bhavnagar**

52 Shah Parshotam Das Gigabhai
M.G. Road (Rest).

**Bholpur**

53. Bholpur Pustakalaya
Rabindra Sarani
P.O. Bholpur, Birbhum (W.B.) (Rest)

**Bijapur**

54. Shah D.V. Deshpande
Prop. Vinod Book Depot
Near Shiralshetti Chowk (Rest)

55. Ajay Law Agency
Hospital Chowk (Best Chopra)
Bhagvan Bazar (Rest)

Baidyanath

56. Jaidip Agency
Distt. Santhal Parganas, Bihar (Rest)

**Bombay**

57. Charles Lambert & Coy.
101, M.G. Road, P.B. 1032 (Reg.)

58. Current Book House
Maruti Lane Raghunath Dadaji Street (Reg.)

59. Current Technical Literature Co. Pvt. Ltd.
India House, 1st Floor,
Opp. G.P.O. (Reg.)

60. C. Jamnadas & Co. Bookseller
146 C, Princess Street (Reg.)

61. International Book House, Ltd.
Indian Mercantile Mission Extn.
Madame Cama Road (Regd.)

62. Kothari Book Depot
Acharya Dande Marg, Parel (Reg.)

63. Lakhani Book Depot
Girgaum (Reg.)

64. Lok Vang Maya Griha Pvt. Ltd.
190/B, Khetwadi Main Road (Reg.)

65. World Literature
Pyara Singh Chug House
Lal Bahadur Shastri Marg, Bhandup

66. M. & J. Services
2-A, Mohan Kunj Dadar
68, Jyotelea Fule Road (Reg.)

67. Popular Book Depot
Dr. Bhadkamkar Road (Reg.)

68. Sunder Das Gian Chand
601, Girigaum Road
Near Princess Street (Reg.)

69. Thacker & Co.
Rampart Row (Reg.)

70. All India Book Supply Co.
Kalbadevi Road (Reg.)

71. Usha Book Depot
585/A, Chira Bazar (Reg.)

72. Dhan Lal Bros.
5, Gandhi Road (Reg.)

73. N.K. Tripathi Pvt. Ltd.
Princess Street (Reg.)

74. Bhayanl Book Depot
150, Princess Street (Reg.)

75. Shri Agency
6, Harish 72-D Dixet Road
Vile Parle (Reg.)

76. Universal Book Depot Corpn.
546, Jar Mahal Dhobi Talao (Reg.)

77. Subscribers Subscription Services India,
190, Bazar Gate Street (Rest)

78. C. Shanti Lal & Co.
86, Princess Street (Reg.)

79. Creative Books & Periodicals Pvt. Ltd.
17, Police Court Lane (Reg.)

80. A.K. Agencies
L2/15, Luxmi Raman Society
Bangur Ngr. (Reg.)

81. Jaina Book Agency (India)
649-A, Goregaon Road
Dhobi Talao (Reg.)

82. Giri Trading Agency
Bhandarkar Road, Matunga (Rest)

83. Bombay Law House
76, Madows Street (Rest)

84. K.K. Bhuvneshwari
42, Paria Narwan Street (Rest)

85. Executive Book Service
74, Princess Street (Rest)

86. G.A. Brothers
50, Princess Street (Rest)

87. Devendra S. Sharama
Sattan Chawl, R-7 H.F. Society Road
5th Natwar Nagar Road
Jogeshwari (E) (Rest)

88. Nav Bharat Sahitya Mandir,
Gandhi Marg, Princess Street (Rest)

89. Sterling Book House
181-D.N. Road, Fort (Rest)

90. Vidya Book House
19-Krishna Niwas, Bombay (Rest)

**Calcutta**

91. Das Gupta & Co. Ltd.
54/2, College Street (Reg.)

92. R. Chambrary & Co. Ltd.,
Kant House, P-33 Mission Row Ext. (Reg.)

93. S.K. Lahiri & Co. Ltd.
College Street (Reg.)

94. W. Newsman & Co. Ltd.
3-Old Court House Street (Reg.)

95. Mukherjee & Coy.
P-27-B, C.I.T. Road, Seheme-52 (Rest)

96. K.K. Roy
55-Gariahat Road. P.B. 10210 (Rest)

97. Manimala
123-Row Bazar Street (Reg.)

98. Modern Book Depot
78-Chowringhu Centre (Reg.)

99. New Script
172/3, Rash Behari Avenue (Reg.)

100. Mukhrjee Library
1, Gopi Mohan Datta Lane (Rest)

101. K.L.M. (P) Ltd.
257-B.B. Ganguly Street (Reg.)

102. Scientific Book Agency
103-Netaji Subhash Road (Rest)

103. P. Upadhyay
15-Munshi Sardaruddin Lane (Reg.)

104. G.A. Enterprise
15/1/1, Centre (Reg.)

105. K. Bagchi
286-B.B. Ganguly Street (Reg.)

106. Overseas Publications
14-Har Street (Rest)

107. Book Corporational
1-Mangoe Lane (Reg.)

108. S.C. Sarkar & Sons Pvt. Ltd.
Law Publisher & Book Sellers
IC Bankim Chattarjee Street: 700 073 (Reg.)

109. Techno Books International
P-4, New Howrah Approach Road (Rest)

110. Basaniwal Enterprises
309-Bipin Behari Ganguli Street (Rest)

111. Best Books
IA College Row (Rest)

112. Lahari & Co.
8/IA, Ashtas Road (Rest)

113. Unique Form Centre
1, Mangoe Lane (Rest)

**Chandigarh**

114. Jain Law Agency
Shop No. 5, Sector 22D (Reg.)

115. Rama News Agency
Booksellers, Sector-22 (Reg.)

116. Universal Book Store
Sector 17-D (Reg.)

117. English Book Depot
No. 34, Sector 22-B (Rest)

118. Jain General House
Sector 17-D (Reg.)

119. Manik Book Shop
70-72, Sector 17-D (Reg.)

120. Naveen Book Agency
80-82, Sector 17-D (Rest)

121. Chandigarh Law House
1002, Sector 22-B (Rest)

122. Variety Book Store
SCO 69, Sector 17-D (Rest)

**Cuttack**

123. Manager Cuttack Law Times
Cuttack (Reg.)

124. Books International
Banka Bazar (Rest)

125. Woodlands
Bangali Sahi (Rest)

126. Legal Reliables
Biswanath Lane (Rest)

**Chindwara**

127. Lath Enterprises
6/62-63, Narsinghpur Road (Rest)

**Coimbatore**

128. Marry Martin
9/79, Gokhale Street (Reg.)

129. Continental Agencies
4-A, Sakthi Vihar (Rest)

130. Radhi Mani Stores
60-A, Raja Street (Rest)

**Chirala**

131. Mahalakshmi Enterprises
Opp. Mohan Theatre (Rest)

**Dehradun**

132. Bishan Singh & Mahendra Pal Singh
23-A, Cannaught Place

133. Jugal Kishore & Co.
23-C, Rajpur Road (Reg.)

134. Natraj Publishers
52-Rajpur Road (Reg.)

135. International Book Distributor
1st Floor, 913 Rajpur Road (Reg.)

**Damoh**

136. Ram Shanker Agrawal
253-Asali Ward-2 (Rest)

**Delhi**

137. Atma Ram & Sons
Kashmere Gate (Reg.)

138. Bahri Bros.
243, Lajpat Rai Market (Reg.)

139. Bookwell
85-Sant Nirankari Colony
P.B. 1565, Delhi-9

140. Dhanwantri Medical & Law Book House
1522-Lajpatrai Mrk. (Reg.)

141. Federal Law Depot
Kashmere Gate (Reg.)

142. Indian Army Book Depot
3-Ansari Road, Daryaganj (Reg.)

143. J.M. Jaina & Bros.
Mori Gate (Reg.)

144. K.L. Sethi
B-55, Shakarpur (Reg.)

145. Universal Book & Stationery Col.
16-Netaji Subhash Marg (Reg.)

146. Universal Book Traders
80-Gokhle Market (Reg.)

147. Young Man & Co.
Nai Sarak (Reg.)

148. General Book Depot
1691-Nai Sarak (Reg.)

149. Munshi Ram Manohar Lal
Oriental Bookseller & Publishers
P.B. 1165, Nai Sarak (Rest)

150. Premier Book Co.
Nai Sarak (Reg.)

151. Motilal Banarsi Das
Bungalow Road, Jawahar Nagar (Reg.)

152. Sangam Book Depot
Main Market Gupta Colony (Reg.)

153. University Book House
15-U.B. Banglow Road, Jawaher Ngr.
(Rest).

154. Om Law Book House
Gokhale Market Civil Court Compound
(Reg.)

155. Ashok Book Agency
Poorvi Shalimar Bagh (Reg

156. D.K. Book Organisation
74-D, Anand Nagar (Reg.)

157. Hindustan Book Agencies (India)
17-UB, Jawahar Nagar (Rest)

158. Eagle Book Services
Ganesh Pura (Reg.)

159. Raj Book Agency
A-99, Shiv Puri (Reg.)

160. Krishna Law House
Tis Hazari (Reg.)

161. Indian Documentation Service
Ansari Road (Rest)

162. Standard Booksellers
402, Kucha Bulaji, Chandni Chowk
Dariba Kalan (Reg.)

163. Shyam Bros.
IX/5134, East Old Salimpur Delhi (Reg.)

164. Capital Law House
Viswas Nagar, Shahdara (Reg.)

165. Ekta Book Co.
Majlis Park, Adarsh Ngr. (Reg.)

166. Commercial House
1478-Dewan Hall Road
Near Moti Cinema (Rest)

167. Venus Enterprises Booksellers & Publishers
B2/85, Ashok Vihar Floor-II (Reg.)

168. Fine Book Services
10529 Bagichi Purki
Subzi Mandi, Delhi (Reg.)

169. Texla Law Agency
Gurdwara Marg, Shahdara (Rest)

170. Emvee Enterprises
632-Bhai Parmanand Colony (Rest)

171. All Indian Educational Supply Co.
Jawahar Nagar (Rest)

172. Roop Rai Bros.
208-Bhai Parmanand Colony (Rest)

173. Delhi Law House
77-Gokhle Market (Rest)

174. Medical House (Regd.)
3656-Qu'ab Road (Rest)

175. Sher-e-Punjab Law Book House
3/8, Kuncha Mir Ashiq, Chawri Bazar
(Rest)

176. Capital Agencies
Balbir Nagar, Shahdara (Rest)

177. Law Literature House
2646-Bilimaran (Rest)

178. Ajanta Books International
1-UB Jawahar Nagar (Rest)

179. Academy Publishers
10-A, Shakar Pur (Rest)

180. Pustak Jagat
Moti Nagar (Rest)

181. Jitendra Book Service
Sitaram Bazar (Rest)

182. Research Co.
1865, Tri Nagar (Rest)

183. International Trade Linkers
Model Town (Rest)

184. Chronica Botanica
I.P. Exten., Delhi (Rest)

**Dhanbad**

185. New Skotoch Press
P.B. 26 (Rest)

186. F.M. Ansari
Hirapur (Rest)

**Darbhanga**

187. Sahitya Sagar
P.B. No. 12, P.O. Imhorisarai (Rest)

**Dhule**

188. Swanandi Knowledge Book Agency (Rest)

**Ernakulam**

189. Pai & Coy. Broadway (Reg.)

**Ferozpur Cantt.**

190. English Book Depot
78-Jhok Road (Reg.)

**Gauhati**

191. United Publishers
Pan Bazar Main Road (Rest)

192. Ashoka Publishing House (Rest)

**Gaya**

193. Sahitya Sadan
Gautum Budh Marg (Reg.)

**Goa**

194. Savitri Book Agency
Indira Niwas, Bordem Bicholim (Rest)

195. Prabhu Book Service
Nai Subzi Mandi (Reg.)

196. Indian Publication
2052-Sectors Urban Estate (Rest)

**Gandhidham**

197. Abdee Agency
BZ-26

**Gwalior**

198. Loyal Book Depot
Saraswati Sadan, Ratankar Bazar (Reg.)

199. Tatar Bros.
Sarafa Bazar, Lashker (Reg.)

200. Anand Pustak Sadan
Shinde Ke Chhaoni (Reg.)

201. M.C. Dafter Bros. M.B. Jain & Bros.
Sarafa Lashkar (Rest)

202. Adarsh Pustak Sadan
5/26, Bhan Ka Bazar (Reg.)

203. A. Gupta Book Agency
Anand Niwas, Falka Bazar (Rest)

**Ghaziabad**

204. S. Gupta
H. No. 420, Vishambar Nagar
Hoshiarpur

**Hyderabad**

205. Book Syndicate
Devka Mahal, Opp. Central Bank (Reg.)

206. Labour Law Publicafions
873, Sultan Bazar (Reg.)

207. Asia Law House
Opp. High Court (Reg.)

208. Book Links Corporations
Narayanagoda (Reg.)

209. Ratna
16-11-493, Dilsukh Nagar Colony (Rest)

210. National Law House
4-3-714, Ramkute (Rest)

**Hardwar**

211. Pandi Salyeshwara Nand Kailash Chand
Pandey, Saraswati (Reg.)

212. Rudrakash Mala Pustakalaya
Bara Bazar (Rest)

**Hathras**

213. Jain Book Depot
Rohtak Wala Nohara Agra Road (Rest)

214. Raghu Enterprises
Gaushala Road, Chandra Puri (Rest)

**Indore**

215. Modern Book House
Shiv Vilas Palace (Reg.)

216. Surya Kant Dinesh Kant
Swaroop Sahitya Sadan,
213-Khajuri Bazar, M.G. Road

**Imphal**

217. P.C. Jain Co.
Imphal Manipur (Rest)

218. K.C. Robbi
M/s. Kecee Enterprises, Imphal (Rest)

219. Khuraijain Ajit Singh
Pukhri South (Rest)

**Jaipur**

220. Bharat Law House
Booksellers & Publishers
Opp. Press, Prakash Cinema (Reg.)

221. Pitaliya Pustak Bhandar
Mishra Rajaji Ka-Rasta (Reg.)

222. Kishore Book Depot
Sardar Patel Marg (Reg.)

**Jameshedpur**

223. Gupta Stores
Dhatkidith (Reg.)

**Jamnagar**

224. Swadeshi Vastu Bhandar
Ratnabai Masjid Road (Reg.)

225. Scientific & Technical Literature Co.
(Rest)

**Jodhpur**

226. Dwarka Das Rathi
Wholesale Books,
Cinema and News Agents
Outna Sujatigarh (Reg.)

227. Rajasthan Law House
High Court Road (Reg.)

228. Kanpoon Prakashak
Opp. Gurudwara, Anand Cinema Road
(Reg.)

229. United Book Traders
Opp. Police Lane (Rest)

230. Charbhuja Traders
Juni Mandi (Rest)

**Jabalpur**

231. Modern Book House
286-Jawaharganj (Reg.)

232. Paras Book
129-Cantt. (Reg.)

**Jhansi**

233. Universal Law House
Manik Chowk (Rest)

**Jammu**

234. Heldia Publishers
128-A, Gandhi Nagar (Rest)

**Jhun Jhunun**

235. Shashi Kumar Sharat Chander
Jhun Jhunun (Reg.)

**Jalandhar City**

236. Law Book Depot
Adda Basti, G.T. Road (Rest)

**Kakinada**

237. N. Venkateshwar Rao
Mangapathy Agencies (Rest)

**Kanpur**

238. Advani & Co.
P. Box 100, The Mall (Reg.)

239. Sahitya Niketan
Sharadhanand Park (Reg.)

240. Universal Book Stall
The Mall (Reg.)

241. Law Book Emporium
16/60, Civil Lines (Reg.)

242. Pustak Bhawan
40/69, Paredi (Rest)

**Karaikal**

243. Selvi Store House
185-188, Thiruvallar Road (Rest)

**Kumta**

244. S.V. Kamat
Kumta (Reg.)

**Kazipet**

245. V.A.N. Raju
News Agent (Rest)

**Kurseong**

246. Ashoka Bros.
69-Hill Cart Road
P.O. Kurseong (Rest)

**Karnataka**

247. Aspiration Stores
Post (AMP)
Via Hospet (Rest)
Pin Code 583201 (KARNATAKA)

**Kottayam**

248. Law India Book Sellers & Publishers
(Rest)

**Kishtwar**

249. Wazir Book Deptt.
(J & K) (Rest)

**Lucknow**

250. British Book Depot
84, Hazarat Ganj (Reg.)

251. Eastern Book Co.
24, Lalbagh Road (Reg.)

252. Ram Advani
Hazarat Ganj, P.B. 154 (Reg.)

253. S. Kumar and Associates
Guru Govind Singh Marg (Reg.)

254. Aquarium Supply Co.
C-14, Vivekanandpuri (Rest)

255. Law Book Academy
195-Rajendra Nagar (Rest)

**Ludhiana**

256. Lyall Book Depot
Chavra Bazar (Reg.)

257. Mohindra Bros.
Kachori Road (Rest)

258. Nanda Stationery Bhandar
Pustak Bazar (Reg.)

**Madras**

259. C. Subha Chetty & Co.
62-Big Street, Tripalicane (Reg.)

260. P. Vardhachary & Co.
8-Linghi Chetty St. (Reg.)

261. C. Sitaraman & Co.
33-Royapettach High Road (Reg.)

262. Madras Book Agency
42-Tirumangalam Road (Reg.)

263. Swamy Publishers
P.B. No. 2368 (Rest)

264. Sangam Publishers
11-S.S. Street (Reg.)

265. G. Somasundaram
44-Areat Road, Vadapalain (Rest)

266. M.M. Subscription Agencies
Harington Road (Rest)

267. Hira & Hema (Book Sellers)
Housing Board Colony
Thiruvanmiyur P.O. (Rest)

268. Les Lives
710-T.H. Road (Rest)

**Meerut**

269. Loyal Book Depot
Near Govt. College (Reg.)

270. Angira Library
51-Victoria Park Octroi (Rest)

271. Bharat Educational Store
Chippi Road (Reg.)

**Moradabad**

272. Rama Book Depot
Station Road (Rest)

**Mhow Cantt.**

273. Oxford Book Depot
Main Street (Rest)

274. A.N. Gupta
Railway Book Stall, Railway Station (R

**Mussoore**

275. Hind Traders
Ramanand Shop, Deodhar Road (Rest)

**Mysore**

276. People Book House
Opp. Jagan Mohan Place (Reg.)

277. Geeta Book House
New State Circle (Reg.)

**Naini Tal**

278. Council Book Depot
Bara Bazar (Reg.)

**Nagpur**

279. Western-Book Depot
Residency Road

280. Tribal Research Centre
Block No. 11, Surajbali Rd.
Sadar (Rest)

**Nadiad**

281. R.S. Desai
Station Road (Rest)

282. Chaware Yeshwant Rao Gyanobarao
Knowledge Book Agency (Rest)

**Nashik**

283. G.K. Bros.
Main Road (Reg.)

**New Delhi**

284. Atlantic Publishers and Distributors
B-2, Vishal Enclave, New Delhi-27 (Reg.)

285. Amrit Book Co.
Connaught Circus (Reg.)

286. Aparana Enterprises
New Delhi (Rest)

287. Central News Agency
23/90 Connaught Circus (Reg.)

288. English Book Stores,
7 2, Connaught Circus (Reg.)

289. Jain Book Agency C/o Prem House,
Connaught Circus (Reg.)

290. Jyana Book Depo', Karol Bagh (Reg.)

291. Lakshmi Book Store, 72 Janpath
P.O. Box 558 (Reg.)

292. Mehra Bros.
50-G, Kalkaji (Reg.)

293. Navyug Traders
Desh Bandhu Gupta Road
Dev Nagar (Reg.)

294. Oxford Book & Stationery Co.
Scindia House (Reg.)

295. People Publishing House (P) Ltd.
Rani Jhansi Road (Reg.)

296. Rama Krishna & Sons (Lahore)
16/B, Connaught Place (Reg.)

297. R.K. Publishers
23, Beadanpura, Karol Bagh (Reg.)

298. International Book House
Nehru Place (Rest)

299. Ravindra Book Agency
30-C Amar Colony Market,
Lajpat Nagar (Reg.)

300. Hind Book House
82-Janpath (Reg.)

301. Sat Narain & Sons
40-A, NDMC Market, Babar Road (Reg.)

302. Delhi Book Co.
M/12, Connaught Circus (Rest)

303. Navrang
P.B. 7, Indrapuri (Rest)

304. Books India Corporation
New Rohtak Road (Reg.)

305. Globe Publishers
C-33, Nizamuddin East (Rest)

306. Scientific Instruments Stores
A-355, New Rajinder Nagar (Reg.)

307. Jain Bros.
East Park Road, Karol Bagh (Rest)

308. Jain Map & Book Agency
Karol Bagh (Reg.)

309. Eastern Book Enterprises
1274/3, Hari Singh Nalwa Street
Karol Bagh (Rest)

310. The Mac Millan Co. of India Ltd.
2/10 Ansari Road (Rest)

311. Star Publication Pvt. Ltd.
4/5-B, Asaf Ali Road (Rest)

312. Grover Book & Stationery Co.
58-Nehru Place, Shop No. 109
New Delhi (Reg.)

313. Modern Book Centre
H-39, Green Park (Reg.)

314. Sterling Publishers (P) Ltd.
Safdarjung Enclave (Rest)

315. Golden Book Centre
Bank Street, Karol Bagh (Rest)

316. Harjeet & Co.
Chuna Mandi, Pahar Ganj (Rest)

317. UBS Publishers
5 Ansari Road (Rest)

318. Deep Publications
154/B, Savitri Nagar (Rest)

319. Minakshi International Publications
G-6/4, Malviya Nagar (Rest)

320. Sandeep Pustak Bhandar
Rajouri Garden (Rest)

321. Print India
11-Darya Ganj (Rest)

322. National Literature Palace
WZ-230, Ram Chowk,
Palam Enclave (Reg.)

323. Kamal & Co.
302-Gautam Nagar (Rest)

324. S. Chand & Co. Ltd.
P.O. Box No. 5733, Ram Nagar (Reg.)

325. Neeta Prakashan
D-50, South Extension (NDSE)
Part-I (Rest)

326. Satish Book Depot
51/12, New Market, Karol Bagh (Rest)

327. Mohan Law House
G-6/1, Malviya Nagar (Rest)

328. Mahajan Book Agency
Nangal Raya (Reg.)

329. Rajendra Book Agency
Double Storey, Lajpat Nagar (Rest)

330. Eagle Book Services
F-195, Mansarover Garden (Reg.)

331. Suneja Book Centre
Connaught Circus (Reg.)

332. Lakshmi Book Store
Janpath (Reg.)

333. Metropolitan Book Co. Ltd.
1, Netaji Subhash Marg (Reg.)

334. Progressive Book Depot
Pahar Ganj (Rest)

335. Space Age
1st-B/186, Lajpat Nagar (Rest)

336. Kamal Publications
33-Bhagat Singh Market
Malvia Nagar (Rest)

**Nokha**

337. Shri Shayam Sunder Misra
Munsif Magistrate, Nokha (Rest)

**Nowgong**

338. Sri Padma Dhar Nath
Morigaon Commercial Institute (Rest)

**Pali**

339. Om Prakash Sunil Kumar
Sarafa Bazar (Rest)

**Patna**

340. J.N.P. Aggarwal & Co.
Padri Ki Haveli (Reg.)

341. Vibhagiya Prakashan
Vikri Kendra Atetha Karayalaya,
Neva Sachiwalaya (Reg.)

342. Lakshmi Trading Co.
Padri Ki Haveli, Patna (Reg.)

**Pondicherry**

343. Jagan Nath Pandit & Sons
Arfabad Colony P.O: Gulzarbagh (Rest)

344. Puthaghalam
142, Gandhi Road (Rest)

345. Honest Book House
9 Rua Duplix (Rest)

**Pune**

346. Saraswat
1321/1 J.M. Road, Opp. Modern High School (Reg.)

347. International Book Service
Deccan Ghym Khana (Reg.)

348. Raka Book Agency
Opp. Nathers Chawal Near Appa Balwant Chowk (Reg.)

349. Verma Book Centre
649 Naraya Path (Rest)

350. Popular Book House
75 Deccan Ghym Khana (Reg.)

351. Dastane Ramchandra & Co.
456, Raviwar Path,
Phadke Hand Chowk (Rest)

**Pudukkottai**

352. Meenkashi Pathippagam
4142, East Main Street (Rest)

353. P.N. Swaminathan & Co.
Bazar Street (Reg.)

**Rajkot**

354. Vinay Book Depot
Opp. Health Visitors School,
Bank of India Building (Reg.)

355. Mohan Lal Dossabhai
State Bank of India Building (Reg.)

**Raipur**

356. Central Book House
Sadar Bazar (Rest)

**Ranchi**

357. Crown Book Depot
Upper Bazar (Reg.)

**Rajgangpur**

358. Crown Tire & Equipment Co.
Block No. 1 Qr. No. 30 D.C. Colony (Rest)

**Robertsonpet**

359. Eswari Book Centre
11 & 12 P.K. Market (KGF 563122) (Rest)

**Rothak**

360. Manthan Publications
B-111/1629, Para Mohalla (Rest)

**Sangrur**

361. Darshan Pustkalaya Gandhi Marg (Reg.)

**Secunderabad**

362. Anapurana Industries
1-3-14 Kalasegada (Rest)

**Shimla**

363. Minerva Book House
the Mall (Rest)

**Sikkim**

364. Rachna Development Area
Gangtok (Rest)

**Shillong**

365. Paul Agency & Distributors
Umpling, Shillong (Rest)

**Sivakasi**

366. Ganesh Stores
South Car Street (Rest)

**Salem**

367. Jain Magazine Agency
Rajgarh Road (Reg.)

**Surat**

368. Shri Gajanan Pustakalya
Tower Road (Reg.)

369. Raghuwanshi Law House
Near Pura Gate (Rest)

**Solapur**

370. Gazanan Book Stores
Main Road (Rest)

**Sunam**

371. Sahiba Agencies
Geeta Bhawan Road (Rest)

**Saharanpur**

372. Chandra Bharata Pustak Bhandar
Court Road (Rest)

**Tiruchirapalli**

373. Shri Vidya Book Shop
62 High Road (Rest)

**Trivandrum**

374. Sukumai Book Stall
Station Road (Rest)

375. International Book Depot
P.B. 4 Main Road (Reg.)

376. Shri Devi Book House
Devi Vilas Compound (Reg.)

**Tuticorin**

377. K. Thiagarajan
(Rest)

**Umreth**

378. Indu Kumar Ochhav Lal Gandhi
(Rest)

**Varanasi**

379. Viswa Vidhayalaya
K-40/18, Bhaironath Marg (Reg.)

380. International Publicity Service
Bhaironath Kathki Haveli (Reg.)

381. Kalpana Corporation
P.B. No. 5, Varanasi (Rest)

382. Meena Book Centre
Varanasi

**Vishakhapatnam**

383. Gupta Bros. (Books).
Vizia Building, Main Road (Reg.)

384. Book Centre
Main Road (Rest)

**Vijayawada**

385. Vishalandhara Publishing
Chand Ram Building (Rest)

386. Novadaya Subscription Agency
(Reg.)

**Villupuram**

387. Baby Stores
167-168, Thiru-vi-ka-Road (Rest)

**Vellore**

388. S. Thangavalu
Booshan Nagar, Solavanpit (Rest)

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