

CENSUS OF INDIA 1981

SERIES--25

ARUNACHAL PRADESH

PART–A
VILLAGE AND TOWN DIRECTORY

PART–B
PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

DISTRICT CENSUS HANDBOOK
WEST KAMENG DISTRICT

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Arunachal Pradesh is a thinly populated hilly tract lying roughly between the latitudes 26° 28′ N and 29° 31′ N and the longitudes 91° 30′ E and 97° 30′ E on the north east extremity of India, comprising roughly of 83,743 kilometre squares of area, bordering the international boundaries of Bhutan, Tibet, China and Burma. The Pradesh is known to be rich in flora, fauna, power and mineral potential.

When the 1971 Census was taken in Arunachal Pradesh, the area was known as the North East Frontier Agency (NEFA in short) which was constitutionally a part of the State of Assam. At that time NEFA was directly administered by the President of India through the Governor of Assam as his agent, who was assisted by an Adviser. The Office of the Adviser to the Governor of Assam was situated at Shillong, the former Capital of the Assam State now the Capital of Meghalaya.

On the 21st January, 1972 NEFA was given the status of a Union Territory under the provision of the North-Eastern Areas (Reorganisation) Act, 1971, (8 of 1971) and placed under the charge of a Chief Commissioner with his headquarters at Shillong, the capital of the State of Meghalaya.

When NEFA became a Union Territory in January, 1972 and renamed as Arunachal Pradesh, Itanagar was selected as its Capital and gradually started shifting the Headquarters from Shillong to Itanagar.

On 15th August, 1975 Arunachal Pradesh got its own elected Legislative Assembly and simultaneously the Chief Commissioner was replaced by Lt. Governor, assisted by a Cabinet of Ministers, to run the Government of this newly formed Union Territory.

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FOREWORD

The district census handbook (DCH), compiled by the Census Organisation on behalf of the State governments, is one of the most valuable products of the Census. The DCH is constantly referred to by planners, administrators, academicians and researchers. It is *inter-alia* used for delimitation of constituencies, formulation of local level and regional plans and as an aid to District administration. The district census handbook is the only publication which provides Primary Census Abstract (PCA) data upto village level for the rural areas and wardwise for each city or town. It also provides data on infrastructure and amenities in villages and towns, etc.

The district census handbook series was initiated during the 1951 Census. It contained important census tables and PCA for each village and town of the district. During 1961 Census the scope of the DCH was enlarged and it contained a descriptive account of the district, administrative statistics, census tables and a village and town directory, including PCA. The 1971 DCH series was planned in three parts. Part-A related to village and town directory, Part-B to village and town PCA and Part-C comprised analytical report, administrative statistics, district-census tables and certain analytical tables based on PCA and amenity data in respect of villages. However, in some states it was confined to district census tables and in a few cases altogether given up due to delay in compilation and printing.

While designing the format of 1981 DCH series some new features along with the restructuring of the formats of village and town directory have been attempted. At the same time, comparability with the 1971 data has also been kept in view. All the amenities except power supply in the village have been brought together in the village directory with the instruction that in case an amenity is not available in the referrent village the distance in broad ranges from the nearest place where the amenity is available may be given. The restructuring of the format of the village directory and incorporating more exhaustive data on infrastructure aspect particularly in relation to amenities and land-use pattern is expected to further meet the need of micro level planning for rural areas. It is expected to help not only in local area planning but regulating the provision of goods and services as well so as to minimise the regional imbalances in the process of development. A few new items of information have also been introduced to meet some of the requirements of the Revised Minimum Needs Programme. Such new items of information as adult literacy centres, priamary health subcentres, and community health workers in the village have been introduced in the village directory with this objective in mind. The new item on approach to the village is to have an idea about the villages in the district which are inaccessible. A new column, "total population and numbers of households" has been introduced to examine the correlation of the amenities with the population and number of households they serve. Addition of two more appendices listing the villages where no amenities are available and according to the proportion of scheduled caste and scheduled tribe population to the total population has also been made with this view in mind.

The formats of the town directory have also been modified to meet the requirements of the Minimum Needs Programme by providing information on a few new items. A new statement on civic and other amenities in slums in Class-I and Class-II towns (Statement IV-A) has been introduced with this objective in mind. It is expected that this will help the planners to chalk out programmes on provision of civic amenities for the improve-

ment of slums. The columns on Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes population in Statement IV relating to civic and other amenities and adult literacy classes/centres under educational facilities in Statement V are also added *inter-alia* with this view. A significant addition is class of town in all the seven statements of the town directory. The infrastructure of amenities in urban areas of the country can be best analysed by taking the class of towns into consideration. The addition of the columns on civic administration status and population in a few statements also serves this purpose.

The format of the primary census abstract for the villages and towns has been formulated in the light of changes in the economic and other questions canvassed through the individual slip of 1981 Census.

In order to avoid delay in publication of 1981 DCH series it has been so designed that Part-A of the volume contains village and town directory and Part-B, the PCA of villages and towns including the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes PCA upto Tahsil/Town levels. At the beginning of the DCH a detailed analytical note supported by a number of inset tables based on PCA and non-census data in relation to the infrastructure has been introduced to enhance its value. The District and Tehsil/Police Station/C.D. Block etc., level maps depicting the boundaries and other important features have been inserted at appropriate places, to further enhance the value of the publication.

This publication is a joint venture of the State Government and the Census Organisation. The data have been collected and compiled in the State under the direction of Shri M. B. Rai, IAS, the Director of Census Operations, Arunachal Pradesh, Shillong on behalf of the State Government which has borne the cost of printing. The task of planning, designing and coordination of this publication was carried out by Shri N.G. Nag, Deputy Registrar General (Social Studies) of my office. Dr. B.K. Roy, Deputy Registrar General (Map) provided the technical guidance in the preparation of the maps. Data received from Census Directorates have been scrutinised in the Social Studies Division at the headquarters under the guidance of Shri M.M. Dua, Senior Research Officer. I am thankful to all who have contributed in this project.

P. PADMANABHA
Registrar General, India

New Delhi
the 26th April, 1982

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PREFACE

The District Census Hand Book contains important Census statistics of the district. It has two parts—Part A and Part B. Part A deals with Village and Town Directory, whereas Part B contains Village and Town Primary Census Abstract (PCA) and also Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Primary Census Abstract.

2. In the Village Directory attempt has been made to present exhaustive data on various kinds of amenities available in a village, and also on its land use pattern. A few new items have been introduced, such as adult literacy, primary health sub-centres and community health workers in a village. Similarly, in the Town Directory information on various civic amenities, adult literacy classes/centres etc. are incorporated. The Primary Census Abstract of villages and towns, and also of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, contain data on occupied residential houses, number of households, total population with sex-wise break-up, literate population, main workers, marginal workers and non-workers. Brief notes on the economic resources of the district, namely, Forestry, Mineral and Mining, Electricity and power, land and land use pattern, tenancy, agriculture, Animal Husbandry, Fishery, Industry, Trade and Commerce, Transport etc. are also incorporated. Besides, brief analytical notes on village and town directory are presented supported by a few in-set tables based on the Primary Census Abstract. In short, attempt has been made to present in the District Census Hand Book important statistical data on villages and towns which should come handy and useful to the administrators as well as to the planners and research workers. Though a few new items have been introduced in the village and town directory yet care has been taken to see that its comparability with 1971 Census data is fully maintained.

3. In 1951 Census District Census Hand Book was published for the first time by the Governments of all States and Union Territories. Since then it has been published regularly during each census year. However, in the case of Arunachal Pradesh, or the erstwhile NEFA, no District Census Hand Book was published in 1951 and 1961 Censuses, because then Arunachal Pradesh (NEFA) was neither fully covered nor All-India Schedules were canvassed. It was only in 1971 Census the District Census Hand Books, for the then five existing districts, were published for the first time when All-India Schedules were canvassed covering the whole of Arunachal Pradesh.

4. The District Census Hand Book is primarily a State Government publication for which the entire cost of printing etc. is borne by them. The Census Directorate, on behalf of the State Government, only prepares manuscripts for the districts from out of the data collected from field and through various other Government Agencies.

5. For the preparation of manuscripts for nine districts that existed at the time of 1981 Census this Directorate received whole-hearted cooperation from the Secretary, Supply and Transport, all Heads of Departments, all District Heads of Departments, Extra Assistant Commissioners, Circle Officers, CPWD and PWD of Arunachal Pradesh Government. I am grateful to them all for their valuable contribution. Also, I am grateful to the Geological Survey of India, Shillong for providing valuable information on the "Minerals and Mining" existing in all the districts of Arunachal Pradesh; to the Indian Council of Agricultural Research; Shillong for exhaustive notes on their agricultural activities in Arunachal Pradesh; and to the All-India Radio for giving us information on the

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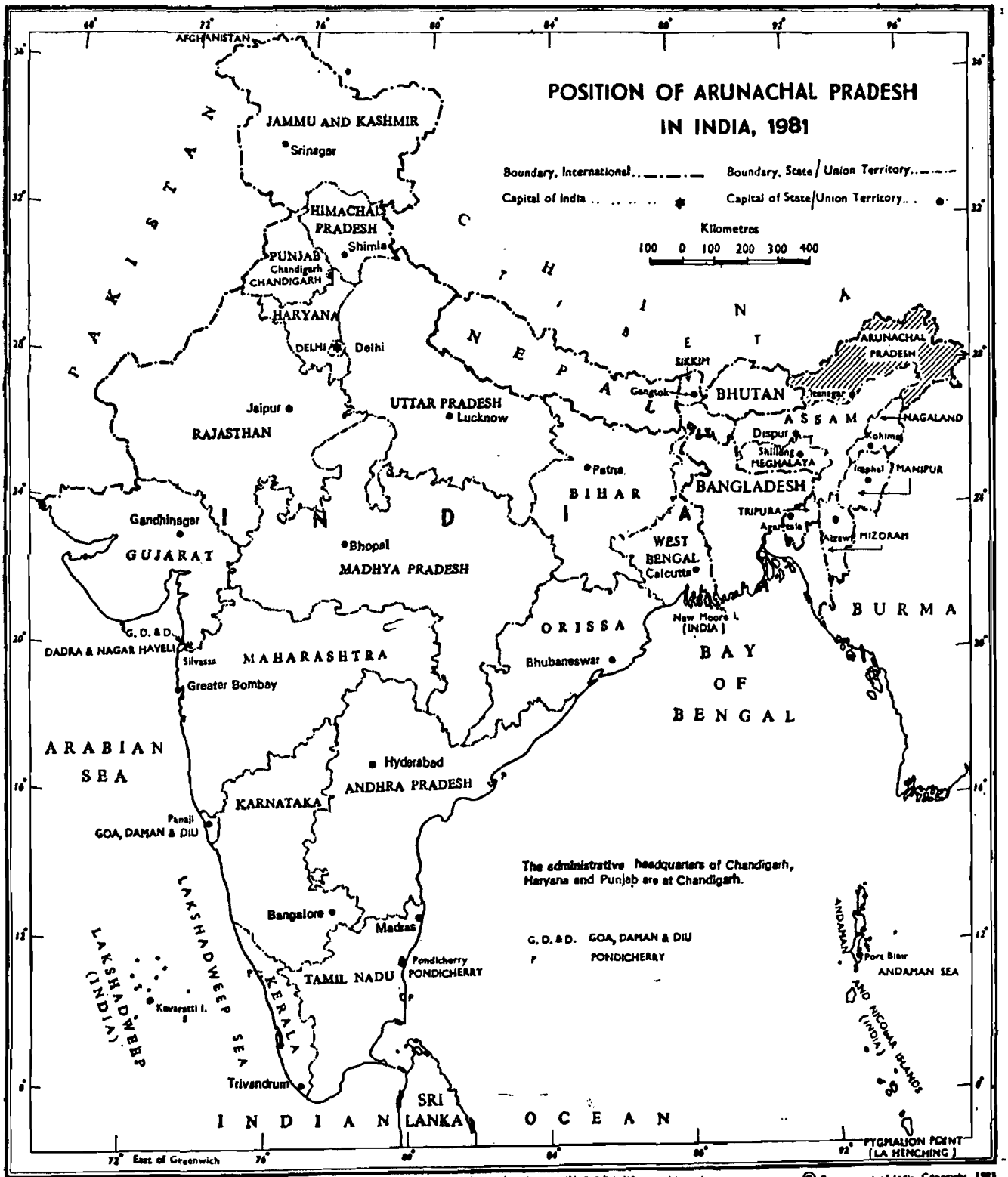
programmes broadcast by them on various aspects of socio-economic and cultural activities in Arunachal Pradesh sponsored by both Arunachal Pradesh Government and Central Government.

6. In this Directorate Statistical Assistants and Computors worked very hard in preparing various tables and write-ups of nine districts under the close supervision of S/Shri A.K. Paul, ADCO(T), I.N. Gohain and A. Roy Choudhury, Investigators. S/Shri D.B. Rai, Computor, A.C. Paul, Senior Steno, S.K. Lama, Junior Steno, B. Das Gupta, UDC and Taru Takar, LDC helped in typing out fair copies of all manuscripts for nine districts. In 1981 Census quite a large number of maps have been incorporated in the District Census Handbooks. The ferro typer, Draftsman and Artist took pain to complete the arduous task of preparing the maps in time under the close supervision of Shri D. N. Ram, Cartographer. Shri A. K. Paul, ADCO(T) took the responsibility of the overall guidance in preparing the maps. I am grateful to them all.

7. Lastly, I cannot but express my gratefulness to Shri P. Padmanabha, Registrar General and Census Commissioner of India for his valuable instructions and guidance in writing this District Census Handbook.

M.B. RAI,
Director of Census Operations
Arunachal Pradesh.

Shillong,
Dated the 15th March, 1983.



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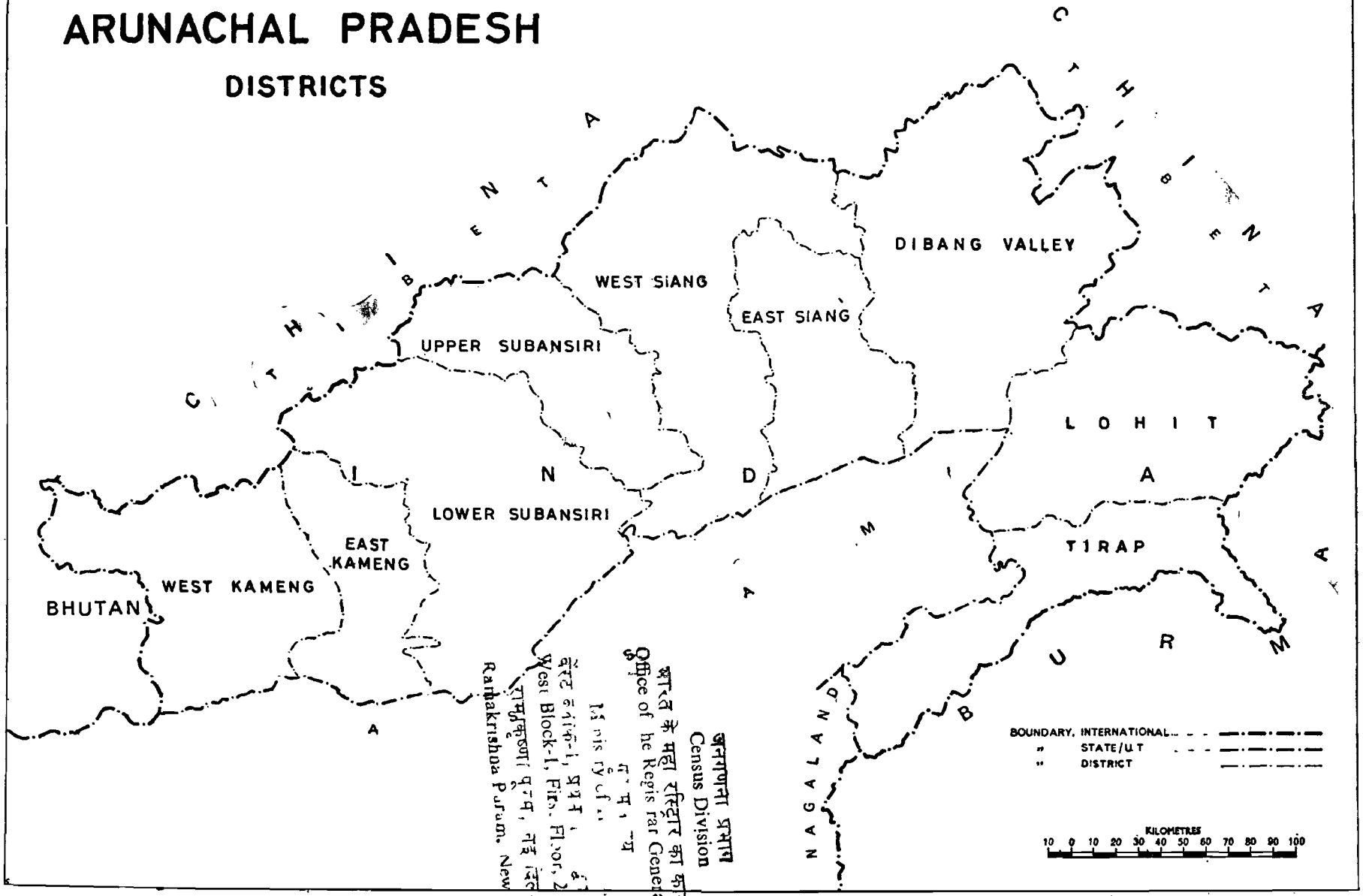
The territorial waters of India extend into the sea to a distance of twelve nautical miles measured from the appropriate base line.

The boundary of Meghalaya shown on this map is as interpreted from the North-Eastern Areas (Reorganisation) Act, 1971, but has yet to be verified.

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ARUNACHAL PRADESH

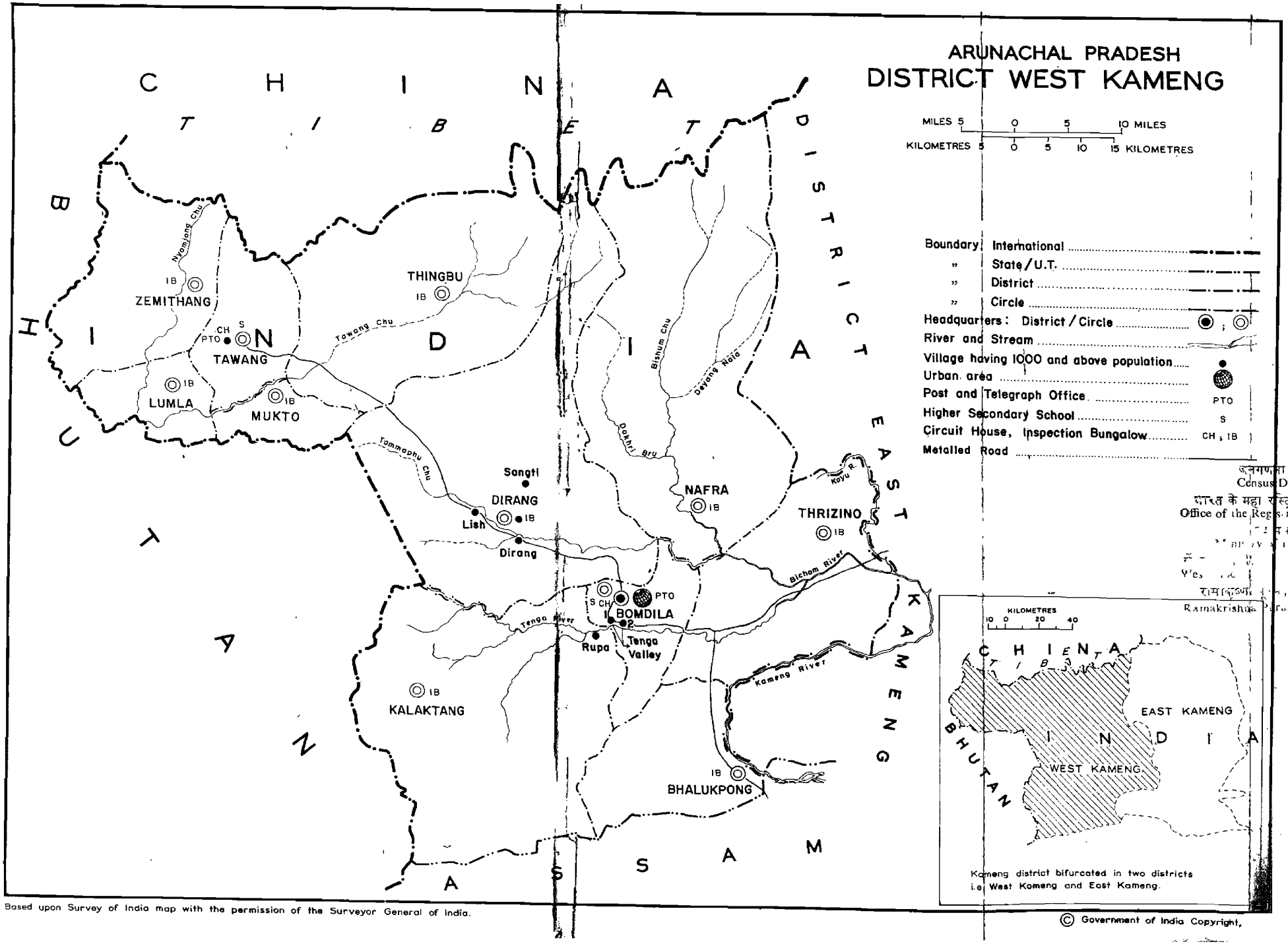
DISTRICTS



जनगणना प्रभाग
Census Division
भारत के महा रजिस्ट्रार का कार्यालय
Office of the Registrar General, India

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IMPORTANT STATISTICS

			Union Territory	District
POPULATION	TOTAL	Persons	631,839	63,302
		Males	339,322	34,078
		Females	292,517	29,224
	RURAL	Persons	590,411	59,442
		Males	313,886	31,840
		Females	276,525	27,602
	URBAN	Persons	41,428	3,860
		Males	25,436	2,238
		Females	15,992	1,622
DECENNIAL POPULATON GROWTH RATE 1971—81			(+)35·15	(+)25·95
AREA (Sq. Km)			83,743	9,594
DENSITY OF POPULATION (per Sq. Km)			8	7
SEX RATIO (Number of females per 1000 males)			862	858
LITERACY RATE		Persons	20·79	20·97
		Males	28·94	28·30
		Females	11·32	12·43
PERCENTAGE OF URBAN POPULATION TO TOTAL POPULATION		Persons	6·56	6·10
		Males	7·50	—
		Females	5·47	—
PERCENTAGE TO TOTAL POPULATION				
(i) Main Workers		Persons	49·61	50·70
		Males	57·42	60·43
		Females	40·54	39·36
(ii) Marginal Workers		Persons	3·02	1·41
		Males	1·21	0·61
		Females	5·13	2·33
(iii) Non-workers		Persons	47·37	47·89
		Males	41·37	38·96
		Females	54·33	58·31
Break-up of Main Workers :				
PERCENTAGE AMONG MAIN WORKERS				
(I) CULTIVATORS		Persons	71·26	57·71
		Males	58·22	43·36
		Females	92·69	83·40
(II) AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS		Persons	2·49	1·90
		Males	2·79	1·73
		Females	1·99	2·19
(III) HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY		Persons	0·32	0·47
		Males	0·43	0·58
		Females	0·13	0·29

IMPORTANT STATISTICS

		Union Territory	District
(IV) OTHER WORKERS	Persons	25·93	39·92
	Males	38·56	54·33
	Females	5·19	14·12
PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES TO TOTAL POPULATION	Persons	0·46	0·41
	Males	0·54	0·43
	Females	0·37	0·38
PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED TRIBES TO TOTAL POPULATION	Persons	69 82	66·29
	Males	64·85	61·33
	Females	75·59	72·07
NUMBER OF OCCUPIED RESIDENTIAL HOUSES		108,935	14,131
NUMBER OF VILLAGES	Total	3,257	280
	Inhabited	3,257	280
	Uninhabited	—	—
NUMBER OF TOWNS		6	1

ANALYTICAL NOTE

(i) Census concepts — Rural and Urban areas :

In al the Censuses throughout the world the deichotomy of rural and urban areas is recognised and the data are generally presented for rural and urban areas separately. But a common definition for the concept of rural areas or urban areas cannot be applicable to all countries or, for that matter, even within the same country. Inspite of this fact it would be better to now the Census concepts of rural and urban areas before coming to the analysis of actual data.

As in the previous Census the 1981 Census data are presented by rural and urban area. The basic unit for rural area is the revenue village which has definite surveyed boundaries. The revenue village may comprise several hamlets but the entire village is one unit for the presentation of data. In unsurveyed villages within forest areas, each habitation area with locally recognised boundaries within each forest range officer's beat is treated as one unit. Again a Census village may also be basically defined as a 'tract of land' which is an administrative rather than a demographic entity.

The situation is, however, different in Arunachal Pradesh. In Arunachal Pradesh, cadestral survey has not been done so far and revenue system in the village has not been introduced as yet. As such each area with locally recognised boundaries is considered as a village. Thus a village in Arunachal Pradesh may comprise even one house/household only and, in fact, there are such villages. The identity of the existence of certain habitations as separate village or otherwise is determined generally on the basis of how the local administration has accepted the existence of those habitations. In the case of hamlets and the migrated part or parts of a village bearing the same name of original village, (i.e. both the old and new villages are found to be known by the same name), the identity of the place is determined by the decision of the local administration only. A hamlet recognised by local customs and traditions may be treated as a separate village if the local administration has decided to do so and in that case it is treated as a census village. So also the old and new village bearing the same name of the old village are treated as separate census villages if it is decided so by the local administration even if both the units are treated as same village by the local traditions and customs but in such cases the local people keep the identity of these villages by using 'Old' and 'New' before and after the names of the villages or by suffixing 1 or 2 to the name of the village as the case may be, e.g., Old Shehung and New Shehung or Shehung 1 and Shehung 2.

In Arunachal Pradesh there may be some special cases of isolated and scattered habitations, in the notified forest areas, which may or may not be included in the custom and tradition bound villages. Such habitations in some cases form a well defined forest village. But those of such habitations which were not accepted as 'forest villages', till census enumeration, were treated as one unit and as one 'Census Village'.

As regards urban area it has very often been commonly vindicated that an urban area should be determined not only on the basis of defined demographic characteristics but also on the basis of the level of infrastructure facilities. The urban area may be defined in a more meaningful way in terms of the level of infrastructure development and the availability of amenities in a given area. But criteria based on such considerations have not been adopted in defining an urban area in India. The Census Organisation is, however, working on the feasibility of arriving at criteria based on such factors for identifying urban areas through some scheme, but in 1981 Census the conventional definition has been adopted. For the purpose of maintenance of comparability and administrative convenience at large, the definition of an urban unit which was adopted in 1971 Census have been followed. This definition, in fact, has been adopted since 1951. Broadly speaking the definition of an urban area as adopted in 1981 Census is as follows :

(a) All places with a municipality, corporation, cantonment board or notified town area committee, etc.

(b) All other places which satisfy the following criteria :

  (i) a minimum population of 5000;

  (ii) at least 75% of male working population engaged in non-agricultural pursuits; and

  (iii) a density of population of at least 400 persons per sq. km. (1000 persons per sq. mile).

The urban criterion of 1981 varies slightly from that of 1961 of 1971 censuses in that the males working in activities, such as, fishing, logging, etc. were treated as engaged in non-agricultural activity, and therefore, these contributed to the 75% criterion in 1961 and 1971 censuses, whereas in the 1981 census these activities are treated as on par with cultivation and agricultural labour for the purpose of this criterion.

In the marginal cases, such as, project colonies, areas of intensive industrial development, railway colonies, important tourist centres etc. the decision as to whether these places were to be classified as

urban or rural was considered mostly depending on the local circumstances. The classification of such cases were made by the census directorates in consultation with the Office of Registrar General, India.

Two distinct types of urban units are conspicuous from the definition of the urban area. The first type of urban unit includes those units which satisfy criterion (a) by virtue of statutory notification, and for census purpose these areas are referred to by the nomenclature as adopted in the relevant notification. Those units which satisfy the criterion (b), belong to the other type of urban units. These units are classified as urban units for census purpose only and are referred to as such in order to distinguish them from the statutory towns under criterion (a). These urban areas under criterion (b) may continue to be included in the list of revenue village where these are in existence. However, for the convenience of the readers relevant cross references are generally made in the census records for identification of such cases.

As in the case of rural areas, the situation in Arunachal Pradesh is different in the case of urban areas also. The local administrative, economic and social milieu pose a difficulty in following the above criteria in toto for recognition of a place as urban area. During 1961 Census the whole of Arunachal Pradesh was treated as rural. For 1971 Census also, none of the places were found to be under municipality, town committee, etc. Same was the case in 1981 Census. As such there is no place in Arunachal Pradesh so far which satisfies the criterion (a). On the other hand, save and except two places (i.e. Old Itanagar and New Itanagar in Lower Subansiri District), the criterion (b) was also not satisfied till 1981 Census by any of the villages even though it was observed that many places, specially the district and subdivisional headquarters, had developed distinct urban characteristics where large majority of people pursued non-agricultural activities. It was, therefore, decided that inspite of the smallness of the population or less density of population, the district and subdivisional headquarters having a population of more than 2,500 in 1961 should be declared as urban areas on an empirical basis for the purpose of 1971 Census. Accordingly four such places were declared as urban area in 1971, namely, Bomdila (Headquarters of Kameng District at present West Kameng District), Along (Headquarters of the Siang District at present West Siang District, Pasighat (Headquarters of the Pasight Subdivision of the Siang District at present Headquarters of the East Siang District) and Tezu (Headquarters of the Lohit District). These urban areas have been continued as urban areas. Over and above, two more units namely Old Itanagar and New Itanagar which had satisfied all the conditions of criterion (b) have been declared as census towns for the purpose of 1981 Census.

Before finalising the list of urban and rural areas the marginal cases for consideration of urban areas were examined by the Registrar General, India. The list of urban areas, which is generally referred to as the town list, was then prepared by this directorate and simultaneously a list of villages was also prepared. These lists in fact form the basic frame for the organisation of the Census Operations.

Urban units or towns are divided into the following six classes for the purpose of analysis :

Class	*Population*
I	100,000 and above
II	50,000 to 99,999
III	20,000 to 49,999
IV	10,000 to 19,999
V	5,000 to 9,999
VI	Less than 5,000

Class I town with a population of over 100,000 is also termed as a city. By convention, urban areas with a population of a million and above are often referred to as metropolitan areas. This terminology is adopted in all the census publications. The population size of the towns of Arunachal Pradesh being very small 5 of the 6 towns are in Class V and the remaining one in Class VI and that is Bomdila town of West Kameng District.

CENSUS HOUSE

A Census House is a building or part of building having a separate main entrance from the road or common courtyard or staircase, etc. used or recognised as separate unit. It may be occupied or vacant. It may be used for a residential or non-residential purpose or both. If a building has number of flats or blocks which are independent of one another having separate entrances of their own from the road or a common staircase or a common courtyard leading to a main gate, they are considered as a separate Census House. If within large enclosed area, there are separate buildings owned by different persons, then each such building is also considered as a separate Census House. If all the structures within an enclosed compound are together treated as one building then each structure with a separate entrance is treated as separate Census House.

Household

A household is a group of persons who commonly live together and would take their meals from a common kitchen unless the exigencies of work prevented any of them from doing so. There may be a household of unrelated persons or having a mix of both. Examples of unrelated households are boarding houses, messes, hostels, residential hotels, rescue home, jails, ashrams, etc. These are called 'Institutional Households' — There may be one member household, two members household or multimembers household. For census purpose each one of these types is regarded as a 'household'.

Scheduled Castes

The Castes which are Scheduled in Assam under 'The Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Lists

(Modification) Order, 1956', (Part II of Schedule I) are treated as Scheduled Castes in Arunachal Pradesh. There are as many as sixteen different categories of Scheduled Castes in Assam which are also treated as Scheduled Castes in Arunachal Pradesh. Districtwise list of Scheduled Castes with their demographic and other aspects will be published in a separate publication.

Scheduled Tribes

In the Presidential Order of 1956, it is said that all the tribes of the Agency are to be treated as Scheduled Tribes. At paragraph 2 of Part II of Schedule III of the Order, an illustrative list of tribes of Arunachal Pradesh is provided. It has also been mentioned that the Presidential Order is illustrative and not exhaustive with respect to the tribes of Arunachal Pradesh. There were one hundred and ten different categories of Scheduled Tribes in Arunachal Pradesh in 1971 Census whereas in 1961 Census the number was eighty only. In 1981 Census the number of Scheduled Tribes has exceeded one hundred and ten.

Total number of tribes may vary from census to census because of the facts that the list of the tribes of the Presidential Order of 1956 is an open one, and according to the procedure of census enumeration, the census enumerators are to record the name of the tribe as returned by the respondent without entering into any alteration or argument provided the persons for whom the information is recorded are the aborigines of Arunachal Pradesh. Another possible reason may be attributed to the growing consciousness for the identity of their individual groups or sects.

Literate

A person who can both read and write with understanding in any language is taken as literate. A person who can merely read but cannot write, is not literate. It is not necessary that a person who is literate should have received any formal education or should have passed any minimum educational standard. All children of the age 4 years or less have been treated as illiterate even if the child is going to a school and may have picked up reading and writing a few odd words.

Workers and Non-workers

For the purpose of census basically the population have been divided into two broad groups, namely, Workers and Non-workers on the basis of the activities of the people.

Workers have been defined as those who have participated in any economically productive activity during the last one year preceding the date of enumeration. Such participation may be physical or mental in nature. Work involves not only actual work but also effective supervision and direction of work.

It has not always been possible to clearly define who is an economically productive worker and to what extent. The concept of worker, therefore, has varied from Census to Census. At each Census, on the advice of the data users and economic experts, the concept was sought to be improved upon to give what was expected to be a more correct picture of the economic activity of the people. In the 1951 Census, a significant change was made in the presentation of census data. Prior to 1951 Census religion was adopted as the basis for broad classification of population. In 1951 Census, economic classification substituted the classification based on religion and it has been continued till 1981 Census; but then the criteria such as duration of economically productive activities and some other relevant factors to determine the economically active population varied from Census to Census. The means of livelihood approach was adopted from 1901 upto 1951. From 1901 to 1921 the expressions used were "Workers" and "dependents". In 1931, the concept used were "earner", "working dependent and non-working dependent". In 1951 the categories were "Self Supporting Persons", "earning dependents", and "non-earning dependents". In 1961 and 1971, however, there was a shift to the labour force approach according to which a person was treated as "Worker" if his activity during the reference period was productive work. Thus from 1961 the concept of worker and non-worker came into being. The difference in the concepts in 1961 and 1971 Censuses is summarised below :—

(a) 1961 Census :

"Workers" = main workers + marginal workers.

"Non-workers" = Non-workers.

(b) 1971 Census :

"Workers" = 'Main workers'.

"Non-workers" = Marginal workers + non-workers.

The consequence of such conceptual changes is not far to seek. The number of persons classified as worker at the national level in 1971 was 175.0 million, which was less than the number of workers (182.5 million) on 1961 Census. This obviously led to a loss of some comparability of the data with those collected at different censuses. In order to obviate these draw-backs, at the 1981 Census it was considered desirable to obtain, as far as possible, a detailed profile of the working characteristics of the population without losing possibility of some comprability, at least with the 1961 and 1971 results. The basic concept of workers and non-workers at the 1981 Census can precisely be explained as shown below :

Workers = Main workers + Marginal Workers

Non-workers = Non-workers.

Workers have been further classified into three categories viz. Main Workers, Workers having secondary work and Marginal Workers.

Main Workers

A main worker is that person who has worked 183 days or more or in other words worked for six

months or more during last one year prior to the date of enumeration. The referenee period of work is the one year preceding the date of enumeration. Certain types of work such as, agriculture, household industry like gur making, etc. are carried on either throughout the year or only during certain seasons or at different parts of the year, depending on the local circumstances. In such cases the broad time-span of the working period or seasons preceding the enumeration is only to be considered. Main workers are further grouped into 4 broad categories according to their main activities viz. cultivators, agricultural labourers, those engaged in household industry and other workers. These terms are explained below :

Cultivator

For the purpose of the Census a person was considered as a cultivator if he or she was engaged in cultivation by himself/herself or by supervision or direction in his or her capacity as the owner or lessee of land held from private persons or institutions for payment in cash, in kind or share. Cultivation involves ploughing, sowing and harvesting and production of cereal and millet crops, such as, wheat, paddy, jowar, bajra, ragi etc., and pulses, raw jute and kindred fibres crop, cotton etc., and other crops, such as, sugarcane, ground-nuts, tapioca etc. Cultivation, however, does not include fruit growing, vegetable growing or keeping orchards or groves or plantation of tea, coffee, rubber, and other medicinal plants and as such a person who grows these crops cannot be classified as cultivator.

Agricultural Labourer

A person who works in another person's land for wages in money, in kind or share is regarded as an agricultural labourer. He or she has no risk in the cultivation but he or she merely works in another person's land for wages. An agricultural labourer has no right of lease or contract on land where he/she works.

If such a labourer is involved in growing such crops which are not included in cultivation, such as fruit growing, vegetable growing or keeping orchards or groves or plantation of tea, coffee, rubber etc. and other medicinal plants, he is not treated as agricultural labourer.

Household Industry

Household Industry is defined as an industry conducted by the head of household himself/herself or by the members of the household at home or within the village in rural areas, and only within the precincts of the house if the household lives in urban areas. The larger proportion of workers in a household industry should consist of members of the household including the head. The industry should not be run on the scale of a registered factory which would qualify for registration or has to be registered under the Indian Factories Act. It should involve production, processing, servicing or repair of articles (not on the scale of registered factory).

Other Workers

All workers, i.e., those who have been engaged in some economic activity during the last one year, who are not cultivators or agricultural labourers or not engaged in Household Industry, are "other workers". The type of workers that come under this category include factory workers, plantation workers, those in trade, commerce, business, transport, mining, construction, political or social work, all government servants, municipal employees, teachers, priests, entertainment artists, etc. In fact, all those who work in any field of economic activity other than cultivator, agricultural labourer or household industry, are "other workers".

Workers having secondary work

A main worker may have some secondary work in addition to main work. He is categorised as a worker having secondary work. He is, therefore, basically a main worker. In order to classify those workers who are having secondary work, the work of the main workers other than their main work is recorded. A person whose main work is shown as, say, a clerk in a Government office or in another establishment, also attends to cultivation by his direct supervision or undertakes some tuition work, this will be shown as his/her secondary work. A person's main work may be cultivation and his secondary work may be money lending. Again main activity may be agricultural labourer and secondary activity factory labourer and so on and so forth.

Marginal Workers

The concept of the marginal workers has been introduced for the first time in the 1981 Census. A marginal worker is that person who has worked any time in the year preceding the enumeration but has not worked for a major part of the year, i.e., for 183 days or more, or in other words 6 months or more during last one year prior to the date of enumeration.

Non-workers

Non-workers may be defined as these who have not participated or have been unable to participate in any economically productive activity during the last one year preceding the date of enumeration. The non-workers may again be categorised under seven broad heads. These are explained below :

Household duties

This covers all persons who are engaged in unpaid home duties and who do no other work or have not done any work at all during the last one year.

Students

This will cover all full time students and children attending school.

In most houses the daughters help in the household work though they are studying full time. In such cases, we are more interested in finding

out if they are students, and if they are, they have been recorded as students and not as "engaged in household duties".

Dependents

This category includes all dependents such as infants or children not attending school or a person permanently disabled from work because of illness or old age.

Dependents will include even able bodied persons who cannot be categorised in any other category of non-worker but are dependent on others. However, if such a person who is dependent on others for subsistance is seeking work, he or she will be categorised as other non-workers.

Retired persons or Rentiers

A person who has retired from service and is doing no other work, i.e., not employed again in some economic activity for some part of the year, or a person who is a rentier or living on agricultural or non-agricultural royalty, rent or dividend, or any other person having an independent means of earning an income for which he/she does not have to work, will come under this category.

Beggars etc.

This covers beggars, vagrants or those persons without indication of source of income and also those with unspecified sources of subsistance who are not engaged in any economically productive work.

Inmates of Institutions

This covers convicts in jails or inmates of a penal, mental or charitable institutions, even if such persons are compelled to do some work, such as, carpentry, carpet weaving, vegetable growing etc., in such institutions. But in the case of the under trial prisoners in a jail, for the work he/she was doing before he/she was apprehended is recorded for their work or economic activity. Similarly, a person temporarily in a hospital or similar institution is categorised according to the kind of work he/she was doing before he/she was admitted into the hospital or institution. But for a long term under trial prisoner, or convict in a prison, or for a long term inmate of penal or charitable or mental institution, the person's previous work is not recorded but he/she is treated as non-worker under the category of 'Inmates of Institutions'. A person is considered "for long term" if he or she is in such a institution for 6 months or more.

Other Non-workers

This includes all non-workers who may not come under any of the above mentioned six categories but who are looking for work. A boy or girl who has completed education or has stopped studying and is looking for work comes under this category. A person who is merely spending his/her time at home as a dependent and is not doing any work and is not seeking any work, however, comes under dependent. A person irrespective of age and whether educated or not, if he or she reports that he or she is not engaged in any other activity but is seeking work comes under this category.

It may be noted that this category includes only those who do not fall into any of the other categories of non-workers discussed earlier.

The figures under different categories of non-workers are, however, not indicated in the tables presented in this Publication, the total figures of non-workers are only reflected.

(ii) Brief History of the district and the District Census Handbook

Formation of the District and District Administration.—West Kameng District was created only after Houselisting Operation of 1981 Census. As per re-organisation of District Act, 1980, Kameng District was divided into two Districts namely, East Kameng and West Kameng. District Headquarters of East Kameng is Seppa. Bomdila which was the District Headquarters of erstwhile Kameng District is declared as Headquarters of newly constituted West Kameng District with four Subdivisions, Tawang, Lumla, Bomdila, Nafra-Buragaon.

The name, Kameng is derived from the Kameng river, a tributory of Brahmaputra. Till 1914, the district was a part of the Darrang District of Assam. By a Government of India Notification of 1914, the area covered by this district became a part of the "Western Section" of the 'North East Frontier Tract'. In 1919, this tract was renamed as 'Balipara Frontier Tract' having its headquarters at Charduar in Assam. In 1946, the area covered by Balipara Frontier Tract was divided into 'Sela Sub-Agency' and the Subansiri Area and its headquarters continued to be at Charduar. In 1954, Sela Sub-Agency was renamed as the Kameng Frontier Division and its headquarters was later shifted to Bomdila. In 1965, Kameng Frontier Division was renamed as Kameng District. In May, 1980 the district was bifurcated into two parts namely, East Kameng District (erstwhile Seppa Sub-division) and West Kameng District (erstwhile Bomdila Sub-division). The Area of West Kameng District is 9,594 sq. Kms. Details of the changes due to re-organisation of the districts have been shown in Appendix I.

At the time of taking 1971 Census, the area covered by this district formed a part of the North-East Frontier Agency which was then constitutionally a part of the State of Assam. The agency was directly administered by the President of India through the Governor of Assam as his agent. In 1972, the Agency was made into a Union Territory and renamed as Arunachal Pradesh. A Chief Commissioner, with his headquarters at Shillong, was

made the Administrator of this new Union Territory. On the 15th day of August, 1975, Legislative Assembly was constituted in the Union Territory of Arunachal Pradesh with the Chief Minister and Cabinet of four Ministers to assist the Lt. Governor appointed on the same day as the Administrator of Union Territory. The headquarters of the Union Territory was shifted to the Capital sight at Itanagar in Lower Subansiry District in the year 1974.

The Panchayat Raj was introduced in the District with the North East Frontier Agency, Panchayat Raj Regulation, 1967. Under this regulation (1) the Gram Sabhas exist at the village level, (2) the Anchal Samities cover the levels of Blocks, (3) the Zilla Parishad operate at the district level, and (4) the Agency Council (later on renamed as Pradesh Council in 1972 when the Council was renamed as Arunachal Pradesh) operates at the Agency level. The Agency Council/Pradesh Council, however, has lost its existence with the formation of Legislative Assembly in the Union Territory. The Regulation provides for effective participation of the people in the administration of the Union Territory through the institutions set up under the Panchayat Raj Scheme. The Anchal Samities and the Zilla Parishads function as advisory bodies only. The Gram Sabhas or the Village Councils have, however, some administrative power within certain limitations.

The District of West Kameng is divided into four Subdivisions namely, Bomdila, Tawang, Nafra-Buragaon and Lumla. The Bomdila Subdivision is placed directly under the charge of an Extra Assistant Commissioner. It is also the District Head Quarters, the seat of the Deputy Commissioner who is the administrative head of the district. The Tawang Subdivision is under the control of the Additional Deputy Commissioner. The other two Subdivisions are under the Control of Extra Assistant Commissioners. The lowest unit of administration is a circle which is looked after by a Circle Officer. A circle is defined as a group of villages and not as a territorial unit. Area figures below the level of the district are not available. The villages have their own customary administrative system in the form of traditional village councils. The Assam Frontier (Administration of Justice) Regulations, 1945 authorises the village councils to settle all civil cases and certain criminal cases falling within their jurisdiction. Besides, the Deputy Commissioner is invested with the powers of Sessions Judge and some officers are given magestrial power. Assam High Court has jurisdiction over the District Courts and holds the appellate and revisional power. The Arunachal Pradesh Police assists the district authority to maintain law and order. But since the department is very new the number of Police Personnel is not sufficient to cover large area. This, however, does not adversely affect the administration of justice.

At the time when 1981 Census was taken following was the administrative set up of the district.

DISTRICT HEAD QUARTERS—BOMDILA

Subdivision	*Circle*
BOMDILA	1. Bomdila
	2. Kalak'ang
	3. Dirang
	4. Bhalukpong
TAWANG	1. Tawang
	2. Thingbu
	3. Mukto
NAFRA-BURAGAON	1. Nafra
	2. Thrizino
LUMLA	1. Lumla
	2. Zemithang

People .

As regards composition of the people and their history, it may be mentioned that the district is predominently inhabited by the Scheduled Tribes of Arunachal Pradesh. The Scheduled Tribes population of the district accounts for 66.29% of the total population of the district. Among them the major tribes are the Monpas, the Mijis, the Akas, the Sherdukpens and the Khowas (Boguns). The Monpa includes Monpa, Tawang Monpa, Lish Monpa, Dirang Monpa, But Monpa and Panchen Monpa. The history of all these tribes including their migration, marital and socio cultural and other aspects have been vividly discussed in the District Census Hand Books of 1971 Census in respect of Kameng District. It is, therefore, felt not necessary to repeat the same in this volume. A separate note on the change in their marital and socio cultural and other aspects — however, needs a detailed and thorough study which is beyond the purview of this publication.

The District Census Handbooks

The District Census Handbook is an innovation of the 1951 Census. Prior to 1951 Census, publications and report contained data upto Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil, Town and District level. Micro level data i.e. Statistical data for smaller Territorial Units—Villages in rural areas and enumerator's blocks in urban areas were not published in any census report. With the rapid development and socio-economic chanegs in the society, necessity of data at micro level was felt considerably by the Government, Economists, Scholars and various data using agencies. With a view to making available these statistics at micro level, selected census data were given in the District Census Handbooks of 1951 Census and as such these Handbooks contained important census data as well as general information relating to History, physical aspects, geology, archaeology, climate, rainfall, administration, medical and public health, education and literacy, agriculture and co-operation, industries, local bodies, places of interest etc. relating to particular district.

The District Census Handbooks of 1961 Census underwent complete transformation and attempts were made to make them more comprehensive and informative.

In 1971 Census, efforts were made to make available both census and non-census data in a Uniform manner with an enlarged perspective. The District Census Handbook of 1971 Census had been split-up into three parts namely, Part A, Part B and Part C. Part A—was comprised of Town and Village Directory while Part B—Contained Urban Block/Villagewise Primary Census Abstract and Part C — included Administrative Statistics and Report.

District Census Handbooks of Arunachal Pradesh were brought out for the first time in the 1971 Census when the full fledged census was also taken in Arunachal Pradesh for the first time. Arunachal Pradesh being a Union Territory having less volume of data Part A and B of the District Census Handbooks were combined in one volume for convenience.

In the 1981 Census the District Census Handbooks is divided into two parts only as follows :

Part A—Comprising Town and Village Directory as it was in the 1971 Census.

Part B—Consisting of (i) District Primary Census Abstract Circle level, (ii) Circlewise Primary Census Abstract (a) village level and (b) Town level (within the town wardwise) and (c) Appendix to Primary Census Abstract showing Urban blockwise Total Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes population and (iii) Primary Census Abstract for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes at Circle level.

Part A and B of the District Census Handbooks has been combined in one volume as it was done in 1971 Census. There is no third part of the District Census Handbook in the 1981 Census. It has been experienced during 1971 Census that collection of administrative statistics pertaining to various departments take unusually long time and consequently this part of publication is inordinately delayed. It has, therefore, been decided not to go in for the administrative statistics. In any case, the information would be available to the data users in the publication of the concerned Statistical Bureaus/Departments.

This Volume

This particular volume will present Part A and Part B of the District Census Handbooks pertaining to West Kameng District of Arunachal Pradesh. Besides Village and Town Directories, Urban and Rural Primary Census Abstract and Primary Census Abstract for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, attempt will be made to cover various aspects in this volume in order to present a representative overall picture of the district in a comprehensive manner.

The highlights of the multifarous aspects intended to be dealt within this volume are indicated below :

(i) Various Census Concepts.

(ii) Brief history of the district and the District Census Handbook.

(iii) Scope of Village Directory, Town Directory, Statements and Primary Census Abstract.

(iv) Physical Aspects-Highlights on the changes in the jurisdiction of district during the decade including its boundaries and any important event on geographic or geophysical aspect.

(v) Major characteristics of the district particularly in relation to the economic resources namely forestry, minerals and mining, electricity and power, land and land-use pattern, tenancy, agriculture, animal husbandry, fishery, industry, trade and commerce, transport, road communication etc.

(vi) Major social and cultural events, natural and administrative developments and miscellaneous activities of note during the decade.

(viii) Brief description of places of religious, historical or archaeological importance in villages and places of tourist interest in the towns of the district.

(iii) Scope of Village Directory, Town Directory Statements and Primary Census Abstract (PCA)

Village Directory.—The format of the Village Directory is also on the pattern canvassed in 1971 Census except for a few additional columns. The column on total population and number of households is added to facilitate analysis of Village Directory Data. The column on approach to village is to know the number of inaccessible vilages in a district.

Main feature of the format for 1981 census is its restructuring. All the amenities, except power supply in the village, have been brought together with the idea that in case any amenity is not available in the village the name of the nearest circle if in the same district, or the name of the nearest district if in the same state, or other state where it is available and its distance from the referrent village, is mentioned.

NA (not available) has been given in column-3 (total area of village), column-15 (area under forest), column-17 (area under dry rice cultivation), column-18 (area under Jhum cultivation). Data supplied by the district authority for these columns are purely based on eye estimation. As such, considering the fact that rough eye estimated data (no cadestral survey on land is done so far in Arunachal Pradesh) will not serve any useful purpose, it has been decided not to furnish these data.

Column-9 (Day or days of the market/hat) has been left blank (dash only) in some cases where markets or hats are not held in the region.

Town Directory Statements.—The Town Directory consists of seven statements. All these are almost similar to those adopted in 1971 Census. The introduction of a few columns in the statements are with a view to facilitating analysis of the data. A significant addition is "class of town" in every statement. The infrastructure of amenities and facilities available in urban area can best be analysed by taking the class of town into consideration. The additions of the column on civic administration status in statements III and IV and population in statements IV, V also serve the same purpose vis-a-vis the respective statements. Particulars on municipal finance in statement III in respect of towns in Arunachal Pradesh are not available because there is no separate budget head on municipal finance. There is no statutory or non-statutory bodies managing the civic administration of the town in Arunachal Pradesh. The roads, buildings and other civic amenities are maintained by the Central Public Works Department. Statement IV-A is applicable only for class I and class II towns. No town of Arunachal Pradesh falls under these categories. As such, this statement (IV-A) is excluded, here.

The column on Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe population in Statement IV and adult literacy classes/centres in statement V are the basic data required by the Minimum Needs Programme of the Planning Commission.

If the fire fighting service as in statement IV and medical and educational facilities as in statement V are not available in the town, the name of the nearest town if in the same district, or the name of the nearest district if in the same state, or other state where available alongwith its distance from the referrent town is given. This again is a new feature of 1981 Census as it is necessary to identify the areas having no such specific facility in the district.

Primary Census Abstract (PCA).—The Primary Census Abstract in an adjunct to the series will give basic information on occupied residential houses, number of households, total population, scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population, literates, main workers, cultivators, agricultural labourers, workers in household industry and other workers, marginal workers, non-workers and in respect of each area unit upto the circle and town. The Urban/Village Primary Census Abstract provides information for each village and each urban ward.

An appendix is presented for Urban Primary Census Abstract which contains basic population data blockwise in each urban area. This will be of use to the administrative and election authorities concerned.

(iv) Physical Aspects

Changes in the jurisdiction of the district during the last decade.—In 1971 Census Arunachal Pradesh consisted of five districts. During 1981 Census till Houselisting Operations same districts continued which were in existence during 1971 Census. Arunachal Pradesh Govt. created four more districts under the Arunachal Pradesh Re-organisation of District Act, 1980. So during enumeration we had altogether nine districts. As a result of reorganisation of the districts Kameng district was bifurcated into two districts, i.e., West Kameng and East Kameng. Changes affected due to bifurcation of the district, particularly in regards to physical aspects are reflected below :—

Kameng District before bifurcation	Present position of West Kameng District
1	2
1. Kameng District covered an area of 13,724 Kilometre squares roughly between 91°. 30′ to 93°.22′ E longitudes and 26°. 54′ to 28° 01′ N latitudes.	West Kameng district covers an area 9594 Kilometre squares roughly between 91°. 36′ to 92°. 54′ E longitudes and 26°. 54′ to 27°. 53′ N latitudes. *Altitudes:—* 650 ft —21,000 ft.
2. Its northern boundary passes through the high peaks of the Himalays that forms the boundary between India & China (Tibet) In the east boundary was Subansiri district of Arunachal Pradesh. The southern boundary adjoined Darrang District of Assam. The western boundary of the district demarcated Bhutan from India.	Its northern boundary passes through the high peaks of the Himalayas that forms the boundary between India and China (Tibet). In the east lies East Kameng District. The southern boundary adjoins Darrang District of Assam. The western boundary of the district demarcates Bhutan from India.

(v) Major characteristics of the district

Forestry.—1. According to Champion's and Seth's classification, the following important forest types can be identified in this Territory.

(a) Assam Valley Tropical Wet-Evergreen Forests (1B/C1).

(b) Upper Assam Valley Tropical Evergreen Forests (1B/C2a).

(c) Upper Assam Valley Tropical Evergreen Forests (1B/C2b).

(d) Assam Valley Tropical Semi-evergreen Forests (2B/C1a, b).

(e) Sub-Himalayan High alluvial Semi-evergreen Forests (2B/C1/1S1).

(f) Secondary moist bamboo brakes (2/2S1).

(g) Eastern Hollock Forests (3/1S 2a, b).

(h) Eastern Himalayan Wet Temperate Forests (11B/C1a, b, c).

(i) East Himalayan moist temperate Forests (12/C3a, b).

(j) Cypress Forests (12/E1).

(k) East Himalayan dry temperate coniferous Forests (13/C6).

(l) Larch Forests (13/c, 6/1).

(m) East Himalayan dry juniper Birch Forests (13/C7).

(n) East Himalayan Sub Alpine Birch Forests (14/C2).

(o) Moist Alpine Scrub Forests (15/C1).

Percentage of Reserve Forests to total Forest is 13. 67.

2. In Arunachal Pradesh the life of the local tribal population is very closely linked with the forest. The people enjoy customary rights, recognised under the Assam Forest Regulation over collection of minor forest produce for their bonafide domestic requirements. For house construction purposes each family is entitled to a 300 Cft. of round timber free of royalty etc. Besides, other benefits enjoyed by the people are :—

(i) Permits for trees for trade purpose are issued only to the local people in order to improve their economy and inculcate business skills.

(ii) 7½% concession in the award of leases and contracts pertaining to forestry and other works.

(iii) Preferential treatment in the matter regarding issue of licences for forest based industries.

(iv) Preference in employment in the Government.

3. Plantation is done under different schemes. The up-to-date figure of West Kameng district under different Schemes as follows :—

(i) Afforestation upto 1981 — 98.4 hect.

(ii) Artificial Plantation upto 1981 — 82.0 hect.

Moreover, there are some other schemes of plantations, such as, Cash Crop Plantation, Social Forestry Plantation Scheme, etc.

4. Forest plays an important part in the economic and commercial development. It is a good source of revenue. In 1980, out of 674.88 lakhs of the State revenue, forest department alone gave 462.66 lakhs revenue. Forest revenue as against percentage of the state revenue is 63.22. the share of West Kameng is 37.73 lakhs.

Forest occupies 61.67% of the total geographical area of the Union Territory. The forest area of West Kameng District is 6536 Km^2 approximately. The reserved forest is 2094.51 Km^2 approximately in West Kameng District. The total reserved forest of Arunachal Pradesh is 11934.7 Km^2 approx. Basing on the forest produces many Saw Mills, Veneer Mills have come up. There is proposal for the establishment of a paper mill as the raw material for this is available in this Union Territory. Such types of enterprises show a bright aspect in the commercial field.

5. Forest has promising future in the development of Forest based industries. Government has taken various steps to establish forest based industries by issuing licences, permits and the financial aid to bonafide persons through the Industry Department.

6. In the present state of Forest based Industries, Arunachal Pradesh shows a quick development as the raw materials are readly available in this territory. The up-to-date position is as follows :—

Plywood Mills	4 Nos.
Veneer Mills	9 Nos.
Saw Mills	19 Nos.
Total . .	32 Nos.

The position of West Kameng District is given below :—

Plywood and Venner Mills . .	2
Saw Mills	2

Mining and Minerals.—Geological Survey of India has been engaged in Geological investigation in this remote part of India since the inception of this Department by organising expeditions. But despite sincere efforts, so far only 16,000 sq. km. area has been covered by geological mapping on all scales. Hence a vast area still remains *terra incognita.* In course of geological investigations, the Geological Survey of India has located quite a few mineral occurrences in the areas so far investigated.

The geological succession as established for the erstwhile Kameng district is given below : (From N to S). The geological succession is, more or less, same in both the districts of West Kameng and East Kameng.

Age	*Lithic Unit*	*Correlation*
Pre-cambrian with younger granites	Se La Group (developed in West Kameng dist.) Migmatites and high grade Schists etc. overlying. All intruded by tourmaline granites.	Darjeeling gneiss and other precambrians.
	—Thrust—	
Early Palaeozoic to Precambrian.	Bomdila group of Schists of Bhutan and gneisses.	=Pero series
	Tenga Group of rocks consisting of Schists gneisses and quartzites.	= ? Dalings
	—Thrust—	
Pre-permian carboniferous	Carboniferous ? Devonian ? Early Palaeozoic { Bichom group of quartzites conglomerate dark slates, quartzites, dolomite etc.	=(Partly Buxa)
	—Thrust—	
Permian	Condwana-hard sandstones and grey slaty shales (Plant fossils present)	=Damuda
	—Thrust—	
Upper Miocens-Pleistocane	Tertiary sandstones and clays	= (Siwalik=Tipam, Namsang and Dihing)

The Older (Pre-Cambrian 3000 million years old) age metamorphic and igneous rocks occupying the northern part of the distinct physically occur above the younger Condwana (300-150 million years) and Tertiary (70 million years age) sedimentary rocks. This reversal in the order of disposition clearly suggests that the rocks after their formation were subjected to strong deformation and movements, which brought the older rocks above the younger.

Mineral Occurrences

Coal.—Lenticular and irregular streaks or pockets of lignitic to peaty material occur associated with the sedimentary rocks of Tertiary age. In the West Kameng district within the Condwana group of rocks there are a number of coaly horizone occurring as intercalatory bands near Amatulla close to Bhairabkund river section, north of Doimara in Belsiri river area and near 15 Km. post in Kamengbari-Bomdila road sections. The coal lenses vary in thickness from a few centimeters to 5 meters and the coal lenses are very crushed and bouldary in nature.

Copper Ore.—The known occurrences of copper mineralisation in district are few in number and are of academic interest only. Specks of chalcopyrites associated with quartz veins are seen near Dirang in West Kameng. The mineralisation is sporadic in nature and the occurrence is of minor nature.

Lead-mineral.—Paper thin galena and magnetite in the marble occur about 2 km. Upstream of Rinkho Nala east of Gocham in the West Kameng district.

Quartzite.—White and pure quartzite occurring in association with a hard and compact quartzite band in Rupa area of Tenga Valley of West Kameng dist. can be tried for the manufacture of glass.

Dolomite.—Significant deposits of dolomite are located in Dadza and Rupa areas on the bank of Tenga river in the West Kameng district.

In Rupa, the deposit is exposed on the Rupa-Kalaktang road right from 9.5 km. post upto Jigaon village. The approximate strike length on the basis of regional surface mapping is 6 km. The thickness of other band varies from 5 to 20 m. Chemical analysis of 50 samples indicate the 70% of the samples contain 30% CaO, 20% Mgo, insolubles upto 2.7% and R_2O_3 upto 3.69%. The total reserve estimated is 320 million tonnes.

Dadza dolomite is exposed about 25 km. ahead of Rupa on the Bhalukpong-Bomdila road. It extends for a strike length of 1.5 km. The average thickness is about 250 m. Chemical analysis of samples have shown 30% and 20% of CaO and MgO respectively. Insolubles are very low.

The inferred reserves of dolomite in this area are 50 million tonnes for a workable depth of 100 m.

Marble.—White, coarse grained marble occur in Dirang area and close to Bomdila — Tawáng road of West Kameng district.

Limestone.—A massive and compact limestone bend is exposed on the right bank of Bichom for a distance of 20 Km. This zone is exposed in the road cutting near 53 Km. on Seppa road in East Kameng district. The total thickness of the exposed calcareous zone is about 30 meters of which limestone is nearly 50%.

Calcareous bands are also present in Bichom river section down stream of Banabasti in East Kameng district. Thermal Spring : About 2 Km. west of Dirang in West Kameng district, hot water with sulphurous smell was located at two different spots within a distance of 500 meters. Another hot spring is located a little west of Bishum (West Kameng). The temperature of water ranges from 34.5°C to 37.5°C.

Electricity and Power

In Arunachal Pradesh there is a great potential for harnessing cheap hydel power approximately of the order of 20,000 Micro Watt. The same if harnessed can supply the full requirements of power to the North Eastern States. Power development is essentially necessary to lay the foundation for small scale industries in Arunachal Pradesh. Several hydel schemes have been commissioned in recent years, and about 8.37 MW hydel power had already been developed. Altogether 287 villages of Arunachal Pradesh were electrified upto 31st March, 1980. In West Kameng District 69 villages were electrified out of 280 inhabited villages. It is proposed to electrify 587 villages of Arunachal Pradesh during the current plan period. The total hydel power that is proposed to be generated during the entire plan (1980-85) would be of the order of 28 MW.

Land and land use pattern, and Tenancy

At present there is no land tenure system nor any tenancy laws are in existence in Arunachal Pradesh. Land is being used by the people under customary laws and traditional system, either individually or collectively.

In the absence of any land legislation in Arunachal Pradesh proper survey and settlement operation could not be taken up effectively. Only piece-meal land surveys have been taken up here and there in the territory. For want of adequate trained personnel to work in the difficult hilly terrain remarkable progress could not be achieved. It is therefore proposed to take up a comprehensive survey and settlement operation scheme during the Sixth Five Year Plan, 1980-85, for which proper land legislation necessary to suit the conditions prevailing in the Territory has been drafted and is under consideration of the Government for enactment.

To begin with the proper survey and settlement works, traverse survey and preparation of polygons etc. will be undertaken in the capital complex areas and other townships. Gradually the work will be undertaken in other areas also.

After promulgation of Land Settlement Act in Arunachal Pradesh the rights on lands will be recorded and pattas will be issued to individuals. The maintenance of land records will also be taken up.

Agriculture

Agriculture is the main occupation of the people of this district. There is limited scope of subsidiary occupations though a few people rear animals like sheep, yaks, mithun, cows etc. Indigenous method of cultivation practised by the people known as shifting cultivation has a very low yield. The shifting cultivation, i.e., Jhuming in the Tawang Subdivision is very less due to limited area.

The climate of the district is conducive to both agriculture and horticulture. There is good scope for WRC in some pockets of Thrizino, Nafra, Kalaktang, Dirang. Besides this, sub-tropical fruits can also be grown in foot hill areas. Temperate fruits will grow very well in this district. Apple cultivation is very successful.

Though shifting cultivation is practised by the people but they also do permanent cultivation, which is encouraged by the Govt. by giving subsidies for Terrace Rice Cultivation and Wet Rice Cultivation. Also Govt. extends technical guidance for better yield. But most of the soil available for cultivation are fragmented in small patches and situated in different pockets in the hilly terrain. So landholdings are mostly small and medium size. Moreover, irrigation facilities are lacking in this area and the cultivators depend on monsoon. However, Rural Works Department has undertaken few schemes of land developmet and irrigation through which terrace making and irrigation facilities to various fields are being provided.

Use of Chemical fertilizers and HYV etc. are also becoming popular day by day among the farmers. Terrace making for cultivation of potato, wheat, barley etc. are also getting popularity for which farmers come forward with great enthusiasm.

The following schemes have been taken up by the Agricultural Department of Arunachal Pradesh.

(1) Direction and Administration
(2) Agricultural farms
(3) Manures and fertilizers
(4) High yielding variety programme
(5) Plant protection
(6) Commercial Crops
(7) Extension and farmer's training
(8) Agricultural engineering
(9) Agricultural Marketing
(10) Horticulture
(11) Multiplication and distribution of seeds
(12) Animal Power

Area and production of different crops, fruits and vegetables in West Kameng District :

Sl. No.	Name of crops/ fruits/vegetables	Area (in Hect.)	Production (in Metric Tonnes)
1	2	3	4
1	Rice	1,815	2,390
2	Maize	2,954	3,033
3	Millet	2,154	1,567
4	Wheat	1,371	1,855
5	Buckwheat/Jowar	800	400
6	Barley	1,237	1,589
7	Soyabean	550	275
8	Mustard	40	20
9	Pulses	100	40
10	Sugarcane	8	240
11	Jute	5	3
12	Chilli	60	90
13	Ginger	60	200
14	Apple	1,524	3,621·1
15	Pineapple	2	12
16	Orange	63·5	19·2
17	Guava	0·3	2
18	Plum	16	15
19	Pear	6	4
20	Peach	17	5
21	Banana	2	50
22	Papaya	4·3	47·3
23	Pomogranate	6	12
24	Walnut	187	..
25	Potato	360	3,030
26	Sweet Potato	40	80
27	Beams	7·5	12·5
28	Cabbage	29	220
29	Tomato	0·5	..
30	Brinjal	2	40
31	K. Khot	2·5	100
32	Raddish	11	25
33	Carrot	1	20
34	Arum	20	80
35	Pumpkin	5	5
36	Cawbea	1	3
37	Cucumber	5	5

Animal Husbandry

Livestock plays an important role in the socio-economic life and development of the people of Arunachal Pradesh. In rural areas, the economic status of a family is assessed with the number of animals, especially Mithuns, a family possesses. Meat is the staple food for the people. Recent Census revealed that each family has an average cattle—2 Nos., Pig—3 Nos., Sheep and Goat—1 No., Poultry —8 Nos.

In comparison to other parts of the country the potentiality of livestock rearing is found to be congenial due to high rainfall and abundance of natural green grasses all over the state.

Taking into consideration of the above facts, the Animal Husbandry activities for the development of livestock are divided mainly into 3 aspects :—

(1) Animal Health,
(2) Livestock Development and Production, and
(3) Education and Training.

(1) *Animal Health Coverage.*—For effective animal health coverage, Veterinary Aid Centres at village level and Dispensaries at Block level are functioning.

Veterinary Aid Centres are located in the following places of the West Kameng District.

(1) Rupa
(2) Jamiri Point
(3) Bhalukpong
(4) Nafra
(5) Warrangpam
(6) Shergaon
(7) Tenzing Gaon
(8) Marshing
(9) Balemu

Veterinary Dispensaries are located in the following places of the District :—

(1) Dirang
(2) Bomdila
(3) Kalaktang
(4) Thrizino
(5) Bhalukpong

Besides, there is one mobile Veterinary Dispensary and one District Diagnostic Laboratory at Bomdila.

(2) *Livestock Development and Production.*— In view of the vastness of the Territory and abundant green pasture available, there is ample scope for the development of livestock in Arunachal Pradesh. Perspectively basing on traditional Animal Husbandry practices already in vogue, the Union Territory has been divided into 3 main Zones; including Alpine Zone.

(i) Foot Hill areas covering altitudes of 500 to 3,000 feet occupying nearly 30% of the total area is conducive for rearing of Cattle, Pig, Poultry and Goats.

(ii) Broad Valley and Plateau ranging from 3,000 to 6,000 feet covering nearly 35% of the total area is conducive for rearing Hill Cattle, Mithun, Sheep and Poultry.

(iii) The third upper Belt having the altitude of 6,000 to 11,000 feet covers another area of 35% of the total area. Suitable Animal Husbandry practices in the area, include Sheep, Yak and Zo-Zomo etc.

Keeping in view the rainfall and adoptability of different climatic Zones as described above, emphasis has been laid on extensive Cross-breeding programme to improve the local livestock for more production to milk, meat, eggs, wool etc.

Cattle Development.—On cattle development aspects, besides distribution of breeding bulls in villages, so far, 9 cattle up-grading centres have been set up in the district with the objective to up-grade the local cattle population only.

Cattle up-grading centres are located in the following places of the district :—

(1) Dirang
(2) Tenzing Gaon
(3) Sera
(4) Tawang Gompa
(5) Jamiri Point
(6) Singchong
(7) Namsu
(8) But
(9) Doimara

One cattle breeding farm has been set up in West Kameng District with the objective to produce cross-bred stock. There are 8 cattle breeding farms in different districts of Union Territory.

The bulls produced in these farms are distributed to the people for further multiplication. There is a programme to distribute more breeding bulls and set up more cattle up-grading centres in order to provide effective coverage of up-grading of local stock.

Poultry Development.—One Central Poultry Farm at Nirjuli near Old Itanagar has already been set up and 4 more Poultry Farms in the Districts have been set up. A few private poultry farms are also coming on Govt. subsidy. Besides, one Central Hatchery attached to the Central Poultry Farm at Nirjuli has been approved.

Beside the above programmes, Poultry Units on subsidy are distributed to the farmers under PLAN and IRDP (Integrated Rural Development Project) schemes.

Piggery Development.—Piggery has a great potentiality in Arunachal Pradesh. It makes a staple food in day-to-day life of the Arunachal People.

(i) Programme undertaken for development of piggery are two fair sized Pig farms one at Karsingsa and the other at Loiliang have been established for production of Exotic breed of Pigs. Breeds maintained in these two farms are large white and Hampshire.

The Central Piggery Farm at Karshingsa has supplied exotic pigs to Assam, Meghalaya and Nagaland besides meeting the requirement of the state. The other farm, Regional Pig Breeding Farm, sponsored by North Eastern Council is set up recently in Lohit District at Loiliang with 100 sows capacity.

(ii) Distribution of Exotic Pigs to the deserving farmers for cross breeding and multiplication. A simultaneous subsidy programme on "in kind" basis is launched for this purpose in and around Loiliang project.

Sheep, Goat and Wool Development.—(i) Programme envisaged in this sector are as under :—

A sheep breeding farm with exotic Russian Merino sheep has already been set up in West Kameng District. Sheep of Arunachal Pradesh has a fine wool with a long staple length. Therefore, cross-breeding programme with Russian Merino is taken up. Performance of cross-bred is better in terms of wool and body weight.

(ii) Pure and cross-bred Merino sheep produced in the farm is subsequently distributed to deserving local sheep breeders for up-grading of local stock and further multiplication. Subsidy help is provided to the local breeders for the purpose.

Other Livestock Development.—(i) *Yak* :—The high altitude area ranging from 6,000 ft. and above is suitable for rearing of Yak and Yak Cross-breed (Zo-Zomo), The cross-bred female (Zomo) are important from dairy point of view having higher percentage of fat content. The livelihood of local inhabitants of this particular zone depends on milk products of these cross breeds. Therefore, emphasis has been laid on supply and multiplication of more cross-breeds through deserving breeders of the locality.

(ii) *Mithun.*—Mithun is a rare animal reared by the farmers of Arunachal Pradesh in lower middle belt. The Animal is socio-economically important to the people of these areas.

A cross-bred female Mithun (Mithun male X siri Female) is potentially utilized as dairy animals having higher percentage of fat contents.

Hence, extensive breeding and cross-breeding of Mithuns has been emphasised and schemes are drawn up accordingly under North-Eastern Council. Cross-breeding between Mithun and cattle is taken up at present at Kamki (West Siang District) cattle breeding farm.

Feed and Fodder Development.—Fodder development is another aspect which goes side by side with livestock development projects. For producing the required seed materials and fodder slips for fodder production there are already 9 fodder farms set up in the territory. One of those is at West Kameng District.

One fodder seed farm at Kamki, financed by North-Eastern Council, is functioning. In order to develop suitable fodder seeds for high altitude a farm is sanctioned by North-Eastern Council and is being set up at Tawang at an altitude of 10,000 feet. Fodder development in subsidy basis and community pasture development have been taken up.

(3) *Education and training.*—Programme envisaged under the scheme are award of stipends for veterinary graduation to fill up the shortage of Veterinary Doctors.

(2) In-service courses of Training for Graduate and undergraduate level of staff.

(3) To meet the manpower shortage a school of Veterinary Science and Animal Husbandry has been started for para Veterinarians temporarily at Gramsevak Training Center, Pasighat, and a first course of training has been started with 25 trainees in February, 1981.

Another Training Centre to train the farmers on Sheep Shearing and Grading has also been set up at Sangti in West Kameng District where every year 20 to 30 farmers are trained to acquaint them with modern technique of Sheep Shearing and Wool Grading.

Short term training programmes to acquaint the farmers with various livestock development aspects are also carried out every year.

Co-operative Dairy Farming.—Collection of milk from dairy owners and subsequent distribution to the consumers have been established presently at Tezu (Lohit District), Along (West Siang District) and receiving encouraging result.

Fishery

The geographical situation of the West Kameng District encompasses a wide area. It ranges from semi-plan region to highly mountainous terrain covering low, medium to very high altitude belts of snow-covered peaks. The corresponding climatic conditions portraying sharp contrasts with moderate to high intensity rainfall, the reverine and other open fishery potentials present a varied scope for inland fisheries development. The main river of the district, i.e. the Kameng river—from which the district derives its name, flowing through the north-eastern belt of the erstwhile Seppa Sub-division and part of the sourthern region of the district together with Tenga river and network of streams and rivulets, the main Kameng drainage is formed.

From pisciculture point of view the topography can be divided into : High belt, Middle belt and the Lower belt. Of the three altitudinal belts the maximum area falls under the high belt followed by the middle belt and the lower belt comprises of the lowest percentage of the total area of the district. Likewise there is a very wide variation of temperature altitudinally varying from minium (—) 10°C in winter in the high altitude belt to maximum 30°C in summer in the lower belt. Considering the pattern of the land distribution and temperature variations the climate is principally is of two types : the sub-tropical in the middle and lower belt and temperate with snowfall in winter in the high altitude belt. The West Kameng is criss-crossed with various creeks, channels, streams and natural lakes and therefore offers a great scope for development of fishery particularly of fishes

of cold water strains which has a high game value for the game-lover anglers and has rich protein content for the fish eaters. So also the warm water species and their fishery has good potentiality in the lower zone.

All the factors mentioned above are favourable for fish husbandry and the scope for fishery development in West Kameng needs no further elaboration. However, when the fishery industry in the modern concept is taken into consideration it not only includes the production from the natural sources and cultural impoundments but also processing and preservation of the surplus product. All these may indicate fishery generated employment opportunities in the production centres after their establishment as well as in the preservation centres. An estimated natural and cultural fishery potential as existing in the district with their approximate production capabilities is given below :

Fishery Resources	Approx. Area/ Length	Anticipated Production on Development
1. Lakes/Beels etc. . . .	200 ha.	8 tonnes
2. Cultural Sources-Ponds/Farms etc.	150 ha.	50 tonnes
3. Rivers, canals etc. . . .	350 Km.	25 tonnes
4. Other water areas those in the Reserved Forest areas.	150 ha.	0·75 tonnes
5. Paddy fields	50 ha.	5 tonnes
		88.75 tonnes

The piscicultural programme in West Kameng District is flourishing upto the altitude of 11,000 ft. Inspite of difficult terrain and peculiar topographical features the northern belt of the district offers a bright prospect of trout culture. The following development programme has been undertaken so far :

Trout Culture.—As the rivers, streams in the northern belt of the district is originating mostly in the high Himalayan mountains of snow-belt regions and entering through Tibet and Bhutan almost all these are barren due to the extremely cold climatic condition where fishes of any worthwhile economic values cannot grow and survive. On their courses they pass through innumerable rocky canyons and eminences where supporting ecological conditions are seemingly absent and as a result these water sources are almost fishless. But, on the other hand, these streams offer excellent scope for introduction of trouts. So a modest scheme was launched for propagating the brown trout during 1966-67 with small consignments of Brown Trout eyed ova and hatchlings from Jammu and Kashmir State. The long range objective was to raise a parent stock of this species in the small scale hatchery established for the purpose at a place called Nuranang at an altitude of over 11,000 ft. M.S.L. in the Se-La pass area. This hatchery unit had been established just on the main road side of the main Bomdila Tawang highway about 115 km. from the headquarters.

As the Brown Trout was found to survive not only in the subsequent years but also succeeded in the artificial breeding yielding substantial results so that major portion of the new production could be raised and subsequently released into the adjoining Se-La stream and Tawangchu stream. By now the Brown Trout had been found to establish in a stretch of about 120 km. of these two streams without any inhibition. Thus the long range objective is very successfully achieved within a decade and a half. Every year the trout alevins and yearlings are released into the streams to sustain the riverine stock. In the Se-La stream natural breading of the species reported to have occurred but specific information at this stage is not available.

The Nuranang Trout Hatchery is picturesquely situated sorrounded by snow-capped mountains from early October onward to later part of May with an open vista of the border regions and thus an excellent tourist attraction when opened to them.

The middle belt has a slightly higher temperature and therefore very recently, in the year 1980, another Trout hatchery has been established at Shergaon with all modern hatchery amenities. This has twin objectives of (i) introducing warm tolerant variety, i.e. the Rainbow Trout, and (ii) to attract tourists.

From these two hatcheries eyed ova are produced artificially. Ova takes nearly 70-80 days to hatch out and 50-60 thousand eyed ova are produced annually.

Eyed ova and hatchlings were supplied to the Govts. of Meghalaya and Nagaland from the Nuranang Trout hatchery in the years 1978 and 1979 respectively.

Thus the West Kameng district has been the first district, not only in Arunachal Pradesh but also in the entire North-Eastern region, to propagate and produce trouts for the long range benefit of the people.

Rural Acquaculture.—Though the majority of the population of the district is Buddhist by religion there is no restriction whatsoever in taking fish. Rather all of them regard fish as an important item of their daily food, either fresh or smoked. Even the Buddhist monks are allowed to take fish provided they do not catch and kill them (Elwin, 1970). But no record of traditional fish culture in West Kameng District is available so far. However, though the people of the District are Buddhist by religion but fish and meat have social and religious associations. Considering the people as fish eaters, fish farmers, participation programme has been taken up with the construction of domestic fish ponds of medium size wherever feasible. Though pisciculture programme or pond culture is of comparatively recent innovation, the response is very encouraging. So far 182 domestic fish ponds of varying sizes have been constructed with the yield of 800 kgs per hectare from single species culture, i.e., common carp and 1,500 kg/ha of composite fish culture of Rohu, Mrigal, Catla and com-

mon Carp. The people are getting very remunerative dividends out of this scheme from a very low investment of only Rs. 50-100/- per annum.

Paddy-cum-Fish Culture.—Integration of fish husbafidry with agriculture (Paddy and fish growing simultaneously for a short period of 3 months in paddy fields) have been introduced very recently. This scheme has met with tremendous success and many people are coming forth for this project.

Construction of Seed Farm and Intensive Fish Farming.—For successful fish farming, fish seed is one of the most important inputs. To motivate the people, fish seed farms for undertaking demonstration and supply of seeds to the Fish Farmers have been established. They are :

1. Tawang Common Carp Nursery . 0·08 ha.
2. Bomdila Common Carp Nursery- . 0·08 ha.
3. Salari Fish Seed Farm . . . 0·1 ha.

The objective of intensive fish farming in artificial impoundments is to get maximum yield from a minimum water with artificial feeding. For this, Salari Fish Seed Farm has been established in the year 1980-81 where Major Carps like Rohu, Mrigal, Catla and Chinese Carp, Common Carp have been stocked and the yield is expected to be around 2500 kg/ha.

Capture Fishery.—The word implies the non-involvement of management practices. The West Kameng District is gifted with vast natural resources and various types of economic species abounds in plenty. Some of the economic and high priced fishes are mentioned below. Of all these Mahaseer, medium cold water tolerant species, is highly economical and an indigenous game fish.

Various types of indigenous traps and gears and local fish poisoning plants are used for indiscreminate killing of fishes from the natural resources by the people.

To discourage indiscreminate killing of fishes modern gears and tackles are provided to the Fish Farmers for selective fishing.

Name of Species	Family
1. Accrossocheilus hexagonolepis	—(Mahaseers) Cyprinidae
2. Tor tor	
3. Tor putitora	
4. Labeo dero	
5. Labeo dyocheilus	
6. Labeo species	
7. Crenus plagiostomus plagic	— Schizothoracedae
8. Garra Spp.	— Garridae
9. Noamacheilus Spp.	— Cobitidae
10. Anabas Testudineus	— Anabantidae
11. Mystus Seengala	— Bengridae
12. Mystus Aor	
13. Rita rita	
14. Mystus tengra	
15. Mystus vittatus	
16. Ophicephalus Spp.	— Ophicepalidae
17. Notopterus Spp.	— Natepteridae
18. Clarias battachus	— Claridae
19. Heteropneustus fossilis	
20. Belone Concila	— Belonidae
21. Bariltus Spp.	— Cyprinidae (Sub family—rasboridae)

Fish culture on scientific method is a new venture of the people of Arunachal Pradesh and in West Kameng in particular. To motivate the farmers and to acquaint them with various technology of fish farming, the Department is providing subsidy schemes on Paddy-cum-fish culture etc. with assistance of 50% in kind and technical guidance from time to time. In order to give demonstrations, and also to provide requisite training to farmers, Govt. Fish Farms have been established at the places mentioned in the foregoing para.

In Arunachal Pradesh fish is an important item of food for the people which fetches highest price amongst all the items of day to day food. Fish farming has opened the avenues for the people to be self employed. Taking into account the interest of the people and results obtained from various Fishery Projects, it is found that pisciculture has commercial potentiality. A projected economics of fish farming is given below :

I	Area	1 ha.
II	Water Area	0·712 ha.
	(a) Stocking ponds 2 Nos 70m × 50m × 2·5m	3,750 sqm.
	(b) Rearing ponds 4 Nos 35m × 12m × 1·5m	1,680 ,,
	(c) Nursery ponds 12 Nos 12m × 12m × 1m	1,728 ,,
	Total	1,158 sqm.
III	*Expenditure* :	
	(a) Recurring :—	
	(i) Cost of land	=Rs. 20,000
	(ii) Excavation Cost	=Rs. 80,000
	(iii) Fencing	=Rs. 5,000
	(iv) Labour Shed Stores etc.	=Rs. 10,000
	Total	=Rs. 115,000
	(b) Recurring :—	
	(i) Cost of Seed	=Rs. 500·00
	(ii) Cost Fed Mannure etc.	=Rs. 5,000·00
	(iii) Wages of Casual Staff 1,500 mandays	=Rs. 13,500·00
	(iv) Unforeseen Expenditure etc.	=Rs. 1,000·00
	Grand Total	=Rs. 1,35,000·00
	(c) *Production* :—	
	(i) Stocking pound @ 2500 Kg/ha	1,789·5 Kg. × 17 per Kg. Say Rs. 0·30 lakhs

(ii) Rearing pond	@ 50,000 fingerlings/ha 35,790 Nos. i.e. 17,895 (50% survival)	= @200 per thousand Say Rs. 3,600
(iii) Nursery Pond	@10,00 lakhs fry/ha. 7.5lakhs i.e. 3.5 lakhs (50% survival)	=@ 100/1000 Nos Say Rs. 35,000
	Total	= Rs. 69,000/-

(d) *Economics* :

Year	Expenditure	Revenue	Net Profit/ Loss	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5
1st. Year	1,35,000	25,000 (—)	1,10,000	1st year earned revenue from table fish.
2nd Year	19,500	69,000 (—)	60,500	Expenditure may increase from 3rd year may be due to repairing of bunds, stores, sheds etc.
3rd Year	25,000	69,000 (—)	16,500	Do.
4th Year	25,000	69,000 (+)	27,500	From 4th year onward seeds production starts.
5th Year	25,000	69,000 (+)	71,500	Do.

As far as West Kameng District is concerned Aquaculture can play a great role for the socio-economic upliftment of the rural poor. However, plans are afoot for further expansion of the Fishery Development Programmes with whatever manpower and funds earmarked for this District.

If the total available water area could properly be harnessed it will go a long way to boost up the production. After fulfilling its demand, the surplus could be floated outside the State. Though there is a prospect for fish processing and preservation industries but it is too early to think of such venture at this stage.

Further , it can be concluded that West Kameng is the only District of Arunachal Pradesh which can draw Tourist from outside for angling Trout which is considered to be the most prestigious game fish species. The Indian Council of Agricultural Research, Shillong have proposed to the State Government that if approved they would set up a Fishery Research Wing at Bhalukpong in West Kameng District to carry out Fishery Research on various aspects of Aquaculture technology. Specially for high altitude fish farming this District can provide ample scope for research.

Industry

Not to speak of West Kameng District but the entire Arunachal Pradesh is still in the rudimentary stage of development in industrial sector although there is potentialities and feasibilities for development. Attempts have, however, been made by the Government agencies to promote small scale, cottage and tiny industries in the district.

The Arunachalees have a tradition of artistic craftmanship which is manifested through various products they produce. In the past years, therefore, the Government put emphasis primarily on the revival and revitalisation of those traditional handloom products (woollen carpet, shawls etc.), handicrafts (including wood carving) and other industrial endeavours which are mostly in the cottage, tiny and small scale sector based on the local resources and skill. This was in consistence with the industrial policy of the Union Government which envisaged setting up of District Industries Centre in every district of the country, in a phased manner to deal with the development of cottage and small scale industries in rural areas and small towns. In accordance with this industrial policy a centrally sponsored District Industries Centre Scheme was finalised and initiated. Before implementation of this policy Rural Industrial Project was working for the development of cottage and small scale industries. The District Industries Centre, Kameng started functioning from 15th September, 1978 with the merger of the then Rural Industries Project. The notable features of the District Industrial Centres were the establishment of Craft Centres, Comprehensive production centres, extension of the Sericultural Programme and establishment of Small Scale Industries Centres.

Total number of Small Scale Industries, total capital investments, names of products and number of persons employed in various Government industrial centres shown below will reveal the position of progress in the industrial sector made so far by Government effort and aid.

Name of Industry and Nos.		Total Capital Investment (In Lakhs)		Name of product	Employment (No. of persons employed)
		Plant and Machinery (In Lakhs)	Working capital (In Lakhs)		
1		2	3	4	5
1. Weaving	12	3·15	0·78	Woollen Carpets, Cotton & Woollen Shocks, Lungis etc.	71
2. Tailoring	6	0·47	0·17	Stitching of cloths	19
3. Studio	1	0·60	0·25	Photography	5
4. Aluminium Factory	2	0·45	0·02	Aluminium Toys	8
5. Radio Servicing	10	0·50	0·40	Radio, Transistors repairing	4
6. Flour Mill	6	0·74	0·21	Grinding of Wheat and Maize etc.	16

Name of Industry and Nos.		Total Capital Investment (In Lakhs).		Name of product	Employment (No. of persons employed)
		Plant and Machinery (In Lakhs)	Working capital (In Lakhs)		
1		2	3	4	5
7. Dry Cleaning	1	0·15	0· 5	Dry Cleaning	4
8. Engineering works	1	1·20	0·10	Gas/Electrical welding, Battery charging and tyre tune vulcanising	4
9. Bakery	3	0·35	0·32	Bread, Biscuits, etc.	11
10. Goldsmithy	1	0·05	0·03	Gold and Silver ornaments making and repairing	2
11. Steel factory	2	0·07	0·19	Steel trunks, boxes, bokharis, etc.	6
12. Carpentry	6	0·57	0·73	Benches, desks, chairs, tables, almirahs and other wooden furniture	27
13. Blacksmithy	1	0·03	0·02	Agricultural tools and domestic accesories	34
14. Cane-Bamboo	2	0·48	0·21	Baskets, murahs, chairs, tables, s fa sets and other cane bamboo furniture	15
15. Saw Mills	2	0·87	1·06	Sawing of timber	13
16. Traditional printing	4	0·08	0·04	Traditional printing	8
17. Knitting	1	0·10	0·02	Sweaters, shocks ,etc.	2
18. Tashi, Taki and Mask	1	0·01	0·01	Tashi, Taki and Mask etc.	2

Besides the establishments of the Industrial Centres mentioned above Government has extended help to the passed-out trainees and village artisans in various ways. The raw materials sub-depots located at Bomdila and Tawang are supplying raw materials, sewing and knitting machines, fly shuttle looms etc. to the passed-out trainees and village artisans on 50% subsidy. The sub-depots also supply materials to the artisans at reasonable rates. Further, tools and implements as well as raw materials, etc. are also supplied to the village artisans from different C.D. Blocks of the districts.

Survey and Feasibility Report for Large and Medium Industries—The Techno-economic feasibility report received in 1972 from the Development Consultants, Calcutta recommended establishment of Paper Plant for the manufacture of ordinary paper with a capacity of 200 tonnes per day. The cost of the project was estimated to be Rs. 42.00 crores.

The raw material resources of the region were further assessed by an Independent Organisation i.e., Pre-Investment Survey Resources of the Ministry of Food and Agriculture. This team also testified the feasibility of such a project due to the abundance of raw materials available in the area around Bhalukpong. The area is rich in raw materials. The necessary infrastructural facilities like road, power, water etc. are available. The proposed site is well connected with Assam by an all-weather road. A railway line connecting the site with Assam has also been sanctioned. The other raw materials like lime and coal are also available within the territory.

In early 1974, the Department of Industrial Development held an Inter Departmental meeting to discuss the proposed Paper Mill Scheme to be processed on the lines suggested by Hindustan Paper Corporation starting with a small size plant for making special paper, enlarging the size and scope gradually.

Again the pre-investment survey of forest resources conducted another study in 1977-78 and recommended availability of raw materials in abundance in Tirap District and Lohit District for setting up a Paper Mill. The Hindustan Paper Corporation has considered this report and approved the economic viability of setting up of a 135 TFD Paper Plant.

The establishment of a Paper Mill in Arunachal Pradesh has been in consideration for more than a decade. In September, 1973, the working group under Large and Medium Industries in the Planning Commission expressed that it would be necessary to take an integrated view of the various proposals for Paper Plants in the North Eastern Region and to decide on the issue on priority.

During Arunachal Plan discussion in November, 1978, held between the Planning Commission and Government of Arunachal Pradesh, it was held that since the National Working Group on the Paper Board Industry had not given its recommendation, no provision could be made for this scheme.

In order to harness the rich raw materials and mineral resources available within the territory for establishing Paper Mill, it was again proposed to establish a Paper Mill within Sixth Plan period. A provision of Rs. 25 crores was included in the Draft Sixth Plan. The proposal, however, was not agreed to by the Planning Commission.

Trade and Commerce

The District holds an eminent place for leading in commercial activities. The Monpas, who comprise bulk of the population, have been known as good traders. Beginning with trades in carpets and handicraft, the District has now taken to the supply of produces like apples and potato to other districts,

and even to the adjacent states. In the foot-hill areas there is regular trade in forest products like timber, cane and bamboos.

The District can boast of being the first to transport commodities by road on a considerable scale through Cooperative Societies. Earlier supplies were carried out mainly by air dropping which was totally stopped in 1976. There are now altogether 51 Fair Price Shops all over the district which cater for the requirement of the public.

Production of high quality wool, from the sheep of good breed, scientific packing and handling of agricultural produces like potatoes and apples etc. are bound to give an impetus to better trades and commerce in the District. There is also a long standing proposal to start a paper mill at Bhalukpong which could open further avenues for commercial activities.

Transport and Communication

The District has the largest stretch of pucca road from Bhalukpong to Tawang (290 km) passing through an altitude of over 4000 mtrs in Sela pass. Three other roads to Nafra, Kalaktang and Lumla are kutcha which do not permit regular heavy traffic. Four daily services are being provided by State Transport, six by Cooperative Society and three by Anchal Samity. Vehicular transport is well developed in the Bhalukpong-Bomdila route. Exploration of forest resources in the upper areas could increase traffic movements. Passanger service has so far been not very satisfactory, which could improve with better roads.

(vi) Major Social and Cultural Events

The district is predominantly inhabited by the local scheduled tribes. People of other communities are mostly outsiders who are temporarily staying there for their livelihood only. The major social and cultural events of the district are, therefore, concerned with the local scheduled tribes only. Social and Cultural events are very much associated with their life. As such the social and religions life, the environments and other relevant aspects of the tribal people are also described in the following paragraphs alongwith the major social and cultural events for better understanding of their values and implications in the real social life of the people.

There are four major tribes in West Kameng district, namely, Monpas, Sherdukpens, Akas and Mijis. Monpas have the biggest population and accordingly they are occupying the largest area of the district. The main concentration of the Monpas is around Tawang where the great lamasery, founded over 350 years ago, stands as a centre of spiritual and cultural life of the people.

The Monpas

The Monpas are deeply religious minded. Buddhism is their main religion. Their social and religious life centres round the Gompas (Buddhist temple). All social and religious myths emanate from Gompas. The following are some of the major religious festivals of the Monpas.

(i) *Losar Festival*—Losar is one of the important festivals of the Mohpas. The festival is celebrated to commemorate the advent of New Year. Before the commencement of the Losar they make arrangement for a feast with local drinks where all the relatives and friends are entertained and wish each other happy 'New Year' (Tashi Delek). On the 15th day of the same month they bid good-bye to Losar Festival with merry making.

(ii) *Jomu festival*—This is a get-together sort of festival which is observed after the completion of sowing of seeds between the 5th and the 6th months of the Monpa Lunar calender. In this festival the villagers go to the Gompa in their traditional dress. The function is graced by the oldest member in the village.

(iii) *Chosker festival*—In this festival the Lamas (Buddhist Priests) read religious scriptures in the Gompa (Buddhist temple) for a number of days. Thereafter the villagers carry the religious books on their back in a procession under the guidance of a senior Lama. The procession goes round the cultivation fields which fall within the jurisdiction of the village. The significance of this performance is to ensure better cultivation and protect the grains from the insects and wild animals, and also for the prosperity of the villagers in general in the years to come.

THE AKAS : The Akas are inhabitants of the south-eastern part of West Kameng District. Their main concentration is noticed in the Thrizine area.

Marriage in their society takes place either by way of negotiation, or by elopment of the bride by the bridegroom. Cross cousin marriage i.e., the marriage with ones own cousin is, in fact, is preferred to others. Mithuns are an essential part of the bride-price for marriage.

Festivals—In the Aka society there are gods, deities and spirits who rule over mankind. The Aka people periodically worship these supernatural powers and try to appease them by sacrificing pigs, mithuns, chicken etc. in the form of festival where all the people get together to grace such occasion.

Supreme among the Aka deities is 'Tcharo'. He looks after the human beings and protects their cattle. The propitiation of the deity is made at least once in a year when sacrifices are offered along with prayers. Normally this festival is performed during the months of April-May, after the Jhum fields are prepared. The ritual involves the suspension of all outside activities for a definite period.

In the month of January, after the harvest has been brought in, they invoke their benevolent spirit known as 'Chamram'. The ceremony lasts for five days. No villager goes out of the village during the festival nor any outsider is permitted to come in. The ceremony is conducted in a community basis and the occasion is celebrated by mass dancing, singing

accompanied by feasts and local drinks. The Aka people have some other festivals also known as Sorok and Nechido in connection with agricultural operations.

THE MIJIS :—The Mijis live in the valley of the Bichom river. They are a small group of people. According to their own tradition and belief they had originally migrated from the plains and even claim to have connections with the Ahom Kings who ruled over Assam. Marriage among the Mijis usually takes place by negotiation. Nominal bride prince is given by the parents of the bridegroom.

The other social systems like inheritance is through the male line. All the sons get equal shares of the property left by the father. The main house is inherited by the eldest son. After the death of the father the unmarried daughters live with their brothers who are responsible for giving them away in marriage.

Festivals—The Mijis believe in many gods. Jang-Langnui is the most powerful of all of them. A festival is observed in honour of the spirit in the month of October. Each village has a deori or priest who officiates in the ritual. A new shed is put up for Jang-Lang Nui every year in a selected spot. On the first day a cow is sacrificed in the morning and a pig at night. Any villager can perform the sacrifice of a cow but the pig is killed by the deoir himself. The villagers celebrate the occasion by feasting, dancing, singing etc. for seven days.

SHERDUKPENS :—The Sherdukpens are also a small tribe inhabiting the southern part of the Bomdila Range, in the valleys of Tengapani river of West Kameng district. The main concentration is spread over the three main villages of Rupa, Jigaon and Shergaon. However, at present some of them have settled in Kamengbari area, a new settlement area under Bhalukpong circle of West Kameng district.

Their society is patriarchal. A greater share of inheritance devolves from father to the eldest son. Monogamy is the prevailing form of marriage among the Sherdukpens.

Festivals—Like Monpas, the Sherdukpens are also Buddhist and deeply religious. They also perform all the religious festivals as the other Buddhists do 'Losar' (New Year) is the main festival of the people which is observed on a community basis on the occasion of their new year. Community feast with local drinks to entertain all the guests is a special feature of this festival.

ADMINISTRATIVE PARTICIPATION:—The festivals of the tribes are observed with great enthusiasm. All kinds of help, including financial help, is also rendered by the Govt. to make the festivals a success in order to assist the local people to preserve their rich cultural heritage. The young girls and boys also collect donation and lump sum contribution from all sections of people for these festivals. The Publicity Department actively co-ordinates and participates in all functions. Some of the colourful films, news reels and documentaries are also exhibited to the people by the department of Information and Public Relations.

TRENDS TOWARDS CHANGE:—Society is not static so it changes alongwith the change of time. It has been noticed that during the last decade perceptible changes have taken place in the social, cultural, political and economical spheres of the people of this district. The inpact of education, improvement in the means of communication and transport, establishment of administrative centres in the interior areas and various other infrastructures that developed during the last decade have brought about great changes in the very out look of the people.

Many of them are seen now-a-days taking keen interest in various sorts of business. The educated people are getting into the Government jobs in ever increasing number. Many people are interested in securing contract work in the government sponsored schemes. Noticeable changes have already come in the mode of their dress and ornaments. Old and traditional costumes and ornaments are being gradually replaced by modern dress and trinkets. Old and traditional household articles are being used less and less and these are now being replaced by modern utensils. Perceptible changes are also being noticed in their food habits. Such changes are generally noticeable among the people who live in the District, sub-division and circle Headquarters, in the villages connected by road and in the villages which are found on the road-side.

In earlier days social and political activities of the people were limited only within the spheres of their respective villages where the traditional village organisations played important role in the day to day administration of their village affairs. With the introduction of Panchayat Raj in every district and the Legislative Assembly in the capital town of the Union Territory their socio-political activities are now no more confined to the villages. Through these new institutions they take care of the interest of all the people of the district and thereby of the Union Territory as a whole. However, inspite of this the traditional village organisations have not at all lost their importance. These old institutions are still playing the same traditional role but, of course, with altogether a new out look. Such changes are inevitable in a society because it has got to march alongwith the ever changing time.

(vii) **Places of religious importance and Tourists interest**

The Western part of the West Kameng district is full of Mahayana (rather Vajrayana) monasteries, chortens and other belonging to the 17th and 18th centuries. All these are the cultural and religious traits of the Buddhists and the influence of Bhutan and Tibet is also prevalent on these.

The Tawang Gompa—The most important among Gompas are the Tawang gompa and the 'Gorcham chorten' both of the 17th century A.D. The Tawang gompa is a large fortified complex covering

an area of 135 sq. metres enclosed by a compound wall 610 metres long and comprising of 65 residential buildings, 10 other structures, lanes, by-lanes etc. The main gompa and the library building are magnificent in structure which attract the notice of the visitors.

Dirang Dzong—At Gorcham in the Zemithang circle stands one of the largest Buddhist chortens in Asia. Built by stones and mud plaster, it has the base of 120 sq. ft. and height of about hundred feet. It took twelve years to build this chorten and it is believed to be older than Tawang gompa.

The Monpa-Scherdukpen belt is the only region of the district where traditional art and architectural structures have survived for over three centuries.

In 1968 Prof. M.C. Goswami of Gauhati University collected three neolithic celts from Rupa situated in the Monpa-Scherdukpen belt. It is expected that further excavations and study may throw more light on the age old culture of this area.

(viii) Brief Analysis of the Village and Town Directory and Primary Census Abstract (PCA)

Some inset tables based on PCA, Village Directory and Town Directory are systematically placed in this chapter. Both census and non-census data (data collected from secondary sources) are compiled in these inset tables in such a way that readers and data users will get almost all the important basic statistical figures of the districts in the inset tables. Inset tables can be divided in three parts namely inset tables based on PCA data, Village Directory data and Town Directory data. There are as many as 18 (eighteen) inset tables. Table nos. 1 to 9 relate to data based on PCA. Tables nos. 10 to 15 relate to data based on Village Directory. Table nos. 16 to 18 relate to data based on Town Directory.

The Primary Census Abstract (PCA) has been compiled manually on a full count basis. Inset tables based on PCA data mainly deal with different features of population of an area upto the circle level. The main features are rural and urban break-up of population, decadel changes of population, no. of villages in different population ranges, proportion of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes population to total population, and literary rates in different population ranges.

Table No. 1 depicts the rural and urban break-up of population. It also shows number of villages and towns. The position of West Kameng District among all districts of Arunachal Pradesh is 5th in area and 6th in population. 1981 Census counted 63,302 population in the district. Total rural population is 59,442 and they are distributed among 280 inhabited villages. Total urban population is 3,860 and they are located in only one urban centre of the district. The proportion of rural population to total population of the district is 93.90, and proportion of the urban population to total population is 6.10. The average size of the population of the circles is 5,755 approximately. Dirang Circle is having the highest population of 12,620 which is more than double of the average population. Thingbu Circle is having the lowest number of population 1,414 which is much below the average size of the population. The proportion of male population to total population of the district is 53.83 and proportion of female population to total population is 46.17. The most striking feature is that in Lumla and Zemithang Circle female population is more than male population whereas in all other Circles male population is more than the female population.

TABLE 1

Population, Number of Villages and Towns, 1981

Sl. No.	Name of Sub-division/ Circle	Population									No. of Villages		No. of towns
		Total			Rural			Urban			Total	Inhabited	
		P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Bomdila Sub-division	33,538	18,352	15,186	29,678	16,114	13,564	3,860	2,238	1,622	91	91	1
1	Bomdila	10,861	5,913	4,948	7,001	3,675	3,326	3,860	2,238	1,622	10	10	1
2	Kalaktang	8,026	4,498	3,708	8,206	4,498	3,708	..	..	..	53	53	..
3	Dirang	12,620	6,854	5,766	12,620	6,854	5,766	..	..	..	18	18	..
4	Bhalukpong	1,851	1,087	764	1,851	1,087	764	..	..	..	10	10	..
	Nafra-Buragaon Sub-division	8,029	4,318	3,711	8,029	4,318	3,711	..	..	..	65	65	..
5	Nafra	3,866	2,000	1,866	3,866	2,000	1,866	..	..	..	22	22	..
6	Thrizino	4,163	2,318	1,845	4,163	2,318	1,845	..	..	..	43	43	..
	Tawang Sub-division	14,563	7,889	6,674	14,563	7,889	6,674	..	..	..	93	93	..
7	Tawang	9,111	4,971	4,140	9,111	4,971	4,140	..	..	..	74	74	..
8	Mukto	4,038	2,204	1,834	4,038	2,204	1,834	..	..	..	12	12	..
9	Thingbu	1,414	714	700	1,414	714	700	..	..	..	7	7	..
	Lumla Sub-division	7,172	3,519	3,653	7,172	3,519	3,653	..	..	..	31	31	..
10	Lumla	5,388	2,646	2,742	5,388	2,646	2,742	..	..	..	23	23	..
11	Zemithang	1,784	873	911	1,784	873	911	..	..	..	8	8	..
	District Total	63,302	34,078	29,224	59,442	31,840	27,602	3,860	2,238	1,622	280	280	1

Table 2 shows the decadal changes in distribution of population. The population of Arunachal Pradesh is very small in comparison to its vast area. In 1971 its population was 467,511, and population of India was 547,949,809. In 1981 Census the population figures of Arunachal Pradesh increased to 631,839, and the population of India rose to 685,184,692. The decadal variation of population of Arunachal Pradesh is 35.15 per cent and decadal variation of population of India is 25.05. It shows that the trend of increase of population in Arunachal Pradesh is more than that of the increase of population of India as a whole. Now the decadal variation of population of West Kameng District is (+24.45) which is much less than the Arunachal figure (+35.15). When we look to circle figures of decadal variation at column '8' of table 2 we find percentage decadal variation is the highest in Bomdila circle. Increase of population during the decade (1971—81) in Bomdila circle is 88.10 per cent (Rural=169.06, Urban=21.69) which is much higher percentage than average percentage of (+) 24.43. Mukto circle ranks second which shows that the increase of population is (+) 60.17 per cent. This figure is also much above the average. The Bhalukpong circle is in third position. The percentage increase of decadal population is 26.43 per cent. This figure is also above average. But figures of all other circles are below average. Most striking point is that population of Zemithang is decreased to (—) 5.91 per cent.

Bomdila is the only township in the West Kameng District. Increase of urban population is (+21.69), which is below the percentage of increase of rural population.

TABLE 2

Decadal Change in Distribution of Population

Sub-division/Circle	Population						Percentage decadal variation (1971—81)		
	1971			1981					
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Bomdila Sub-division	25,084	21,912	3,172	33,538	29,678	3,860	(+) 33·70	(+) 35·44	(+) 21·69
Bomdila	5,774	2,602	3,172	10,861	7,001	3,860	(+) 88·10	(+ 169·06	(+) 21·69
Kalaktang	6,744	6,744	..	8,206	8,206	..	(+) 21·68	(+) 21·68	..
Dirang	11,102	11,102	..	12,620	12,620	..	(+) 13·67	(+) 13·67	..
Bhalukpong	1,464	1,464	..	1,851	1,851	..	(+) 26·43	(+) 26·43	..
Nafra-Buragaon Sub-division	7,029	7,029	..	8,029	8,029	..	(+) 14·23	(+) 14·23	..
Nafra	3,133	3,133	..	3,866	3,866	..	(+) 23·40	(+) 23·40	..
Thrizino	3,896	3,896	..	4,163	4,163	..	(+) 6·85	(+) 6·85	..
Tawang Sub-division	12,106	12,106	..	14,563	14,563	..	(+) 20·30	(+) 20·30	..
Tawang	8,248	8,248	..	9,111	9,111	..	(+) 10·46	(+) 10·46	..
Mukto	2,521	2,521	..	4,038	4,038	..	(+) 60·17	(+) 60·17	..
Thingbu	1,337	1,337	..	1,414	1,414	..	(+) 5·76	(+) 5·76	..
Lumla Sub-division	6,648	6,648	..	7,172	7,172	..	(+) 7·88	(+) 7·88	..
Lumla	4,752	4,752	..	5,388	5,388	..	(+) 13·38	(+) 13·38	..
Zemithang	1,896	1,896	..	1,784	1,784	..	(—) 5·91	(—) 5·91	..
District Total	50,867	47,695	3,172	63,302	59,442	3,860	(+) 24·45	(+) 24·63	(+) 21·69

Table No. 3 shows distribution of villages by population range. Arunachal Pradesh is very thinly populated area. The density of population is 8 only in Union Territory, i.e., average 8 persons live in per sq. km. The density of population in West Kameng District is little less, i.e., 7 only per KM². Out of total 280 villages in the District 196 villages are having average population of below 200, i.e., 70 per cent of villages are having average population of below 200. There are only 3 villages having population 2000—4999.

TABLE 3

Distribution of Villages by Population Ranges

Range of Population	No. of villages in each range	Percentage of villages in each range
1	2	3
—200	196	70·00
200—499	58	20·72
500—1,999	23	8·21
2,000—4,999	3	1·07
5,000—9,999	..	..
10,000+	..	..
Total	280	100·00

Table No. 4 shows the proportion of Scheduled Castes population to the total population in the villages by ranges of population. Arunachal Pradesh is predominantly inhabited by the Scheduled Tribes. The proportion of Scheduled Caste population to total population of Union Territory is negligible. In Arunachal Pradesh there is no indigenous Scheduled Castes as such. All the Scheduled Castes that were enumerated during the 1981 Census were either Government employees, or they were being inducted from outside for construction works by CPWD/PWD etc. Out of total 280 villages in the district 262 villages do not have any Scheduled Caste population.

TABLE 4

Proportion of Scheduled Castes Population to Total Population in the Villages

Percentage range of S. C. population to total population	No. of village in each range	Percentage of villages in each range
1	2	3
Nil .	262	93·57
0—5 .	17	6·07
6—10 .	1	0·36
11—15 .	..	..
16—20 .	..	..
21—30 .	..	..
31+ .	..	..
Total . .	280	100·00

.. Scheduled Tribes are the sole inhabitants of Arunachal Pradesh. Other settlers have very negligible figure in comparison to Scheduled Tribe population. This is reflected in Table No. 5. Almost all villages of the district are having Scheduled Tribe population except 8 out of total 280 villages in the district.

TABLE 5

Proportion of Scheduled Tribe Population to total Population in the Villages

Percentage range of Scheduled Tribe Population to Total Population	No. of Villages in each range	Percentage of villages in each range
1	2	3
Nil . . .	8	2·86
5 or less . . .	11	3·93
6—15 . . .	14	5·00
16—25 . . .	6	2·14
26—35 . . .	6	2·14
36—50 . . .	10	3·57
51+ .	225	80·36
Total . . .	280	100·00

There is only town (Bomdila) in the West Kameng District having population of 3,860. The population of the Town is the lowest among all the six towns of Arunachal Pradesh. Arunachal Pradesh is predominently inhabited by Scheduled Tribes population. Scheduled Caste population is quite insignificant. In the town of course the population of "Others" is more than that of Scheduled Tribes or Scheduled Castes, because working population, particularly in public sectors located in urban areas, is mostly of the people coming from other states. The percentage of Scheduled Tribe population to total population of the state is 69.82, whereas percentage of Scheduled Tribe population of Bomdila Town is 30.21 only. The table No. 6 shows the position of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in the town area.

TABLE 6

Proportion of Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes Population in Towns

Name of the Town	Total Population	Total Scheduled Caste Population	Total Scheduled Tribe Population	Percentage of Scheduled Caste Population to Total Population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribe Population to Total Population
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bomdila	3,860	53	1,166	1·37	30·21
All towns	3,860	53	1,166	1·37	30·21

The Table No. 7 gives literacy rates by population ranges of villages. It will be observed from the table that bigger villages are having more literacy rate. This indicates bigger villages are provided with more educational facilities. In Arunachal Pradesh maximum number of villages are small in population size. In West Kameng District, out of total 280 villages, 196 villages are within the population range of below 200 and in this range literacy rate is 11.05% only. Literacy rate of West Kameng District is 19.68% (Rural 17.79% and Urban 48.73%). In 1971 Census, the literacy rate of Kameng District was 9.61 (Rural 8.01% and Urban 51.32%).

TABLE 7

Literacy Rates by Population Ranges of Villages

Range of Population	No. of Villages in each Range	Literacy Rate
1	2	3
—200 . .	196	11·05%
200—499 . .	58	13·73%
500—1,999 .	23	20·51%
2,000—4,999 .	3	47·50%
5,000—9,999 .	..	..
10,000+ . .	..	..
Total . . .	280	19·17%

Table No. 8 shows the literacy rate for towns. The literacy rate of Bomdila, the only town of West Kameng District, is much above the average literacy rate of West Kameng District. Average literacy rate of West Kameng District is 19.68. The rural literacy rate of West Kameng District is little less (17.79 per cent) than average literacy rate of the district, whereas urban literacy rate is much above (48.73 per cent).

As per literacy rate counted during 1981 census the position of Bomdila Town is the last among all

the 6 (Six) towns of Arunachal Pradesh. During 1971 Census the literacy rate counted for Bomdila Town was 51.32 per cent as against 48.73 per cent in 1981. The literacy rate, therefore, decreased by about 3 per cent during last decade. This decreased in literacy rate is something exceptional particularly when the population increased by 21.69 per cent during the last decade. The reason may, however, be attributed to more than one factors. Bomdila although a District Administrative centre with educational facilities but its unfavourable location stands in the way of other development activities; as such the town could not attract people for economic pursuit. Rather, quite a number of educated mass out migrated from this town to the neighbouring places in the valleys like Dirang, Tanga Valley, Rupa etc. Where there are ample scope of development of Agri-based industries, trade and commerce, business establishments and employment opportunities.

TABLE 8

Literacy Rates for Towns

Name of the town	Literacy rate
1	2
Bomdila	48·73
All towns	48·73

Table No. 9 deals with the literates, worker, non-workers, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes population of the district. Table shows in Lumla and Zemithang Circles female population is more than male population, whereas in all other circles of West Kameng District male population is more than female population. Total Scheduled Caste population of the district is 259 (0.41 per cent to total population of the district). Among all the circles, Bomdila circle is having the highest number of Scheduled Caste population, i.e., 125 (1.15 per cent to total population of the circle). Thingbu and Lumla Circles do not have any Scheduled Caste population. Total Scheduled Tribe population of the district is 41,963 (66.29 per cent to total population of the district). Among all the circles of the district Lumla is having the highest percentage (97.77) of Scheduled Tribe population and the lowest percentage (16.62) is in Bomdila. Total literates of the district is 13,277 or 20.97 per cent to total population of the district. Bomdila Circle tops the list in having the highest percentage (42.95) of literates among all the circles. The lowest percentage (1.96) is in Zemithang Circle. Total main workers of the district is 32,094 or 50.70 per cent to total population of the district. Among all the circles of the district Zemithang Circle shares the highest percentage (63.34) of main workers and Bomdila Circle shares the lowest (35.23). Total marginal workers (891) account for 1.41 per cent of the total population of the district. Nafra Circle tops the list in having the highest percentage (3.85) of marginal workers. Bhalukpong and Zemithang Circles do not have any marginal workers. Total workers of the district is 32,985 (52.11 per cent to total population of the district). The highest percentage (63.34) of workers is in Zemithang Circle and the lowest (35.31) in Bomdila Circle. Total non-workers of the district comes to 30,317 (47.89 per cent to total population of the district). Percentage of non-worker is the highest (64.69) in Bomdila Circle and Zemithang Circle ranks the lowest (36.66) among all the circles.

TABLE 9

Literates, Workers, Non Workers, Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes, Population in the District

Name of Circle	Total Rural Urban	Total population			PERCENTAGE OF																
		P	M	F	S.C. population to total population	S.T. population to total population	Literates to total Population			Main workers to total population			Marginal workers to total population			Total workers to total population			Non-workers to total population		
							P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Bomdila . .	Total	10,861	5,913	4,948	1.15	16.62	42.95	49.86	34.70	35.23	55.40	11.12	0.08	..	0.18	35.31	55.40	11.30	64.69	44.60	88.70
	Rural	7,001	3,675	3,326	1.03	9.13	39.77	44.73	34.27	32.35	52.95	9.59	0.02	..	0.03	32.37	52.95	9.62	67.63	47.05	90.38
	Urban	3,860	2,238	1,622	1.37	30.21	48.73	58.27	35.57	40.44	59.43	14.24	0.21	..	0.49	40.65	59.43	14.73	59.35	40.57	85.27
Kalaktang . .	T/R	8,205	4,498	3,708	0.19	51.66	18.83	26.70	9.28	50.84	58.85	41.13	0.01	0.02	..	50.85	58.87	41.13	49.15	41.13	58.87
Dirang . .	T/R	12,620	6,854	5,766	0.34	81.81	18.83	26.77	9.40	52.61	61.60	41.92	1.43	0.39	2.67	54.04	61.99	44.59	45.96	38.01	55.41
Bhalukpong	T/R	1,851	1,087	764	0.86	29.06	22.47	29.35	12.70	49.70	65.59	27.09	..	..	..	49.70	65.59	27.09	50.30	34.41	72.91
Nafra . .	T/R	3,866	2,000	1,866	1.06	90.27	11.46	15.45	7.18	48.06	56.65	38.85	3.85	0.85	7.08	51.91	57.50	45.93	48.09	42.50	54.07
Thrizino . .	T/R	4,163	2,318	1,845	0.12	64.95	15.71	21.27	8.73	56.74	65.66	45.53	0.55	0.13	1.08	57.29	65.79	46.61	42.71	34.21	53.39
Tawang . .	T/R	9,111	4,971	4,140	0.09	80.85	21.60	30.56	10.84	54.25	61.21	45.90	1.86	0.97	2.92	56.11	62.18	48.82	43.89	37.82	51.18
Mukto . .	T/R	4,038	2,204	1,834	0.02	76.97	17.11	27.36	4.80	59.24	65.42	51.80	2.67	2.50	2.89	61.91	67.92	54.69	38.09	32.08	45.31
Thingbu . .	T/R	1,414	714	700	..	97.67	12.38	19.61	5.00	54.03	60.50	47.43	3.18	1.82	4.57	57.21	62.32	52.00	42.79	37.68	48.00
Lumla . .	T/R	5,388	2,646	2,742	..	97.77	5.72	9.41	2.15	57.31	61.11	53.65	3.82	1.70	5.87	61.13	62.81	59.52	38.87	37.19	40.48
Zemithang . .	T/R	1,784	873	911	0.22	97.48	1.96	3.32	0.66	63.34	62.43	64.22	..	..	..	63.34	62.43	64.22	36.66	37.57	35.78
West Kameng District Total	Total	63,302	34,078	29,224	0.41	66.29	20.97	28.30	12.43	50.70	60.43	39.36	1.41	0.61	2.33	52.11	61.04	41.69	41.89	38.96	58.31
	Rural	59,442	31,840	27,602	0.35	68.63	19.17	26.20	11.07	51.37	60.49	40.83	1.48	0.66	2.44	52.85	61.15	43.28	47.15	38.85	56.73
	Urban	3,860	2,238	1,622	1.37	30.21	48.73	58.27	35.57	40.44	59.43	14.24	0.21	..	0.49	40.65	59.43	14.73	59.35	40.57	85.27

So far inset tables (Table-1—9) based on Primary Census Abstract data have been discussed. The inset tables (Table No. 10—15) based on Village Directory will now be discussed. Scope of Village Directory was discussed broadly in the preceding chapter. Inset tables based on Village Directory data mainly deal with amenities available in the villages, such as, distribution of villages having different amenities, proportion of rural population served by the different amenities, villages not having amenities but amenities available at certain distance, distribution of villages according to the distance from the nearest town and availability of different amenities, distribution of villages according to population ranges and amenities available and main staple food in the majority of villages in each circle.

History of the development of Arunachal Pradesh is of very recent past. Different kinds of amenities available in the villages are not adequate in comparision to other developed areas of the country due to the fact that Arunachal Pradesh had a late start on development activities. Though considerable progress has been made during the last decade yet it may take some more years to achieve the national standard in all respect.

Table No. 10 shows distribution of villages having different amenities. Percentages of villages having different amenities are worked out in relation to the number of inhabited villages in the circle. Dirang Circle has the highest percentage (88.89%) of villages having educational institutions among all the Circles of West Kameng District followed by Nafra Circle (63.64%). The next position comes to Lumla Circle (60.87%) followed by Thingbu Circle (57.14%). The position of Zemithang and Mukto Circles are identical (both having 50%). Bomdila Circle (20%) stands last in position among all the Circles of West Kameng District.

Dirang circle also maintains the highest percentage (33.33%) of villages having medical institutions among all the circles of West Kameng District followed by Nafra (31.82%). Tawang Circle occupies the last position with only 4.05% of villages having medical facilities.

All villages have drinking water facility in all the Circles of West Kameng District. Most of the villages have natural sources of water supply.

In most of the circles postal facilities are available only in Circle Headquarters, and those too are not adequate for the public. The table shows that Bhalukpong is having the highest percentage (20%) of villages having post and telegraph facilities among all the Circles of West Kameng followed by Mukto (16.67%), Thingbu (14.29%), Zemithang (12.50%) and Bomdila (10%). Other Circles have below 10%.

The position of markets/hats in Arunachal Pradesh as a whole is disappointing. In fact markets/hats in real sense (where almost all necessary consumer goods are available) are almost not in existence in Arunachal Pradesh. Communication difficulties, thinly populated area and scattered settlements are the main bottlenecks to organise markets/hats. The table reflects that Bomdila has the highest percentage of village markets/hats (40%), Bhalukpong comes next with 10 per cent only and the rest have below 10 per cent. Nafra, Thrizino, Thingbu, Zemithang and Mukto, do not have any market/hat.

Communication is the main problem of Arunachal Pradesh. Though considerable progress has been made during the last decade but still most of the population centres of Arunachal Pradesh are not yet approachable by vehicles. Motor transport is now the only means of communication in Arunachal Pradesh. Bhalukpong Circle has the highest percentage (50 per cent) of villages having communications. Bomdila comes next (40 per cent). Dirang, Thrizino and Mukto have around 30 per cent. Kalaktang has 15.09 per cent and Tawang 1.35 per cent. Nafra, Thingbu, Lumla and Zemithang circles do not have any kind of road communication.

Among all the circles of West Kameng District Bomdila circle tops the list in percentage (60 per cent) of villages having pucca road as approach to the village. The Bhalukpong circle is the next with 40 per cent followed by Mukto circle (33.33 per cent). Kalaktang, Dirang, Thrizino and Tawang circles are below 20 per cent. Nafra, Thingbu, Lumla and Zemithang circles do not have any approach by pucca road.

Tawang circle is having the highest percentage of villages having the facilities of power supply (64.86 per cent) followed by Mukto circle (58.33 per cent). Bomdila circle has 40 per cent and Dirang 27.78 per cent. Kalaktang and Lumla Circles are having 7.55 per cent and 4.35 per cent respectively. Bhalukpong, Nafra, Thrizino, Thingbu and Zemithang Circles are still deprived from power supply.

The Table No. 11 deals with the proportion of rural population served by different amenities such as education, medical, drinking water, post and telegraph, market/hat, communication, approach by pucca road and power supply.

Dirang circle has the highest percentage of population having the facility of education (97.34 per cent). Nafra stands second with 86.83 per cent followed by Lumla circle 73.05 per cent. Thingbu, Kalaktang and Mukto are having 67.61, 64.85 and 63.57 per cent respectively whereas Bhalukpong, Thrizino and Tawang have 50.71 per cent to 57.46 per cent. Zemithang has 46.64 per cent. Bomdila gets lowest position (7.63 per cent) among all the circles.

51.94 per cent of rural population of Dirang circle is served by medical amenities which tops the list. Nafra circle has 50.59 per cent followed by Kalaktang 44.54 per cent. Other circles have below 30 per cent. Thingbu has the lowest in position having 2.05 per cent.

100 per cent of rural population in all circles have drinking water facilities.

Bhalukpong has the highest percentage of population (54.73 per cent) having the facilities of post and telegraph services. Thingbu stands lowest in position (2.05 per cent). Thrizino and Zemithang have 6.85 per cent and 7.79 per cent respectively. Lumla, Nafra, Dirang, Kalaktang and Bomdila have between 11.17 per cent to 32.31 per cent.

As regards market/hat the table reflects that the Bomdila circle has the highest percentage (58.25%) of rural population having the facilities of market/hat. Lumla has the lowest percentage (5.29 per cent). Nafra, Thrizino, Mukto, Thingbu and Zemithang do not have any market/hat.

Bhalukpong has the highest percentage (72.88 per cent) of rural population having the facility of communication. Tawang circle has the lowest percentage (22.43 per cent). Nafra, Thingbu, Lumla and Zemithang do not have any road communication.

Bomdila circle has the highest percentage (92.17 per cent) of rural population having the facility of approach by pucca road. Thrizino circle has the lowest percentage (8.19).

The coverage of power supply is highest in Tawang Circle (80.18 per cent), followed by Mukto circle (71.50 per cent). Lumla circle is having the lowest percentage (5.29 per cent). Bhalukpong, Nafra, Thrizino, Thingbu and Zemithang circles do not have any power supply.

The table No. 12 shows the number of villages where certain amenities are not available but available at the distance of —5 Kms, 5—10 Kms, 10+ Kms, —5 Kms indicates less than 5 kms. 5—10 Kms indicates distance may be in between 5 to 10 kms.. 10+ kms indicates any distance above 10 kms.. The table indicates largest number of villages, i.e., 97 villages are having the facility of education at the distance of —5 kms, whereas greater number of villages are having all other amenities, viz., Medical, Post and telegraph, Market/Hat and communication at the distance of 10+ Kms. There is no figure against drinking water. This indicates drinking water is available in all the villages of West Kameng District.

The table No. 13 shows the number (with percentage) of villages having amenities at different distance ranges from the nearest town.

This table no. 13 shows that within 5 Kms of the nearest town there is only one village which has only drinking water and power supply facilities within the range of 6—15 Kms there are four villages, out of which one village has education facility. All four villages have drinking water facility. One village is shown to have each of the market/hat, approach by pucca road and power supply facilities. Two villages have communication facilities. None of the villages has medical and Post & Telegraph facilities. Between 16 and 50 Kms there are 48 villages. Twenty four villages have education, eight villages have medical, all forty eight villages have drinking water, five have Post and Telegraphs, six have market/hat; fifteen have communication, fourteen have approach by pucca road and eight have power supply facilities. At 51 Kms & above from the nearest town there are altogether 227 villages. Of these eighty three have education, twenty eight have medical, all 227 villages have drinking water, thirteen have Post and Telegraphs, five have market/hat, twenty three have communication, eleven have approach pucca road and fifty nine villages have power supply facilities.

The table No. 14 shows number (with percentage) of villages having the amenity at different population ranges. The district picture of the above is presented below :—

There are altogether 254 villages in the population range upto 499. Out of these 254 villages 88 villages have education, 20 villages have medical, all 254 villages have drinking water, 10 villages have Post & Telegraphs, 4 villages have market/hat, 24 villages have communication, 14 villages have approach by pucca road and 57 villages have power supply facilities. There are 24 villages in the population range of 500—1,999. Out of these 24 villages, 19 villages have education, 15 villages have medical, all 24 villages have drinking water, 6 villages have Post and Telegraphs, 6 villages have market/hat, 14 villages have communication, 10 villages have approach by pucca road and 11 villages have power supply facilities. There are only 2 villages in the population range of 2,000—4,999. Out of these two villages, only one village has education, one village has medical and one village has power supply facilities, whereas both the two villages have drinking water, Post and Telegraphs, Market/hat, communication approach by pucca road facilities. There is no village having population beyond 5,000.

Table No. 15 indicates that either rice or maize or both rice and maize are the main staple food of all the circles of West Kameng District except for Zemithang Circle where millet and wheat are the main staple food.

Tables 16 to 18 relates to the Town Directory data. The main features of these tables are growth, density and sex-ratio of urban population in the district in relation to state, number of beds in medical institutions per 1,000 population and most important commodity manufactured, imported and exported in towns.

The table No. 16 reflects the growth, density and sex-ratio of urban population in the district in relation to the state. Bomdila is the only town in the West Kameng District. It was treated as town during 1971 Census, therefore columns against 1951 and 1961 have been kept blank. In 1971, percentage of urban population to total population of West Kameng District was 6.31 whereas Arunachal Pradesh as a whole had 3.70% which is almost half of the district percentage. But in 1981 district figure and Union

Territory figure of the same is almost identical being 6.10 and 6.56 respectively. Decadal percentage variation (1971—81) in urban population of West Kameng District is +21.69 only, whereas Arunachal Pradesh as a whole it is +139.63. Decadal variation of sex-ratio is significant in the district.

Table No. 17 shows the No. of beds in medical institutions per 1,000 population. Bomdila is the only town in West Kameng District where number of beds in medical institutions per 1,000 population is 6 (approx.).

Table 18 deals with the position with regard to the most important commodities manufactured, imported and exported. Of all the articles manufactured in Bomdila town woollen carpets have become very popular. There is great demand for Bomdila carpets, both within the union territory and out side it.

Apples and potatoes are grown in abundance. These are being supplied to other districts of the union territory as well as to the adjoining states. Specially Bomdila apples are gradually capturing market in the North East Region.

TABLE 10

Distribution of Villages According to the Availability of Different Amenities

Sl. No.	Name of Taluk/Tahsil	No. of inhabited villages	No. (with percentage) of villages having one or more of the following Amenties							
			Education	Medical	Drinking water	Post & Telegraph	Market/ Hat	Communications	Approach by pucca road	Power Supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Bomdila	10	2 (20·00)	2 (20·00)	10 (100·00)	1 (10·00)	4 (40·00)	4 (40·00)	6 (60·00)	4 (40·00)
2	Kalaktang	53	19 (35·85)	6 (11·32)	53 (100·00)	2 (3·77)	4 (7·55)	8 (15·09)	1 (1·89)	4 (7·55)
3	Dirang	18	16 (88·89)	6 (33·33)	18 (100·00)	1 (5·56)	1 (5·56)	5 (27·78)	3 (16·67)	5 (27·78)
4	Bhalukpong . . .	10	3 (30·00)	1 (10·00)	10 (100·00)	2 (20·00)	1 (10·00)	5 (50·00)	4 (40·00)	.. (..)
5	Nafra	22	14 (63·64)	7 (31·82)	22 (100·00)	1 (4·55)	.. (..)	.. (..)	.. (..)	.. (..)
6	Thrizino	43	11 (25·58)	3 (6·98)	43 (100·00)	1 (2·33)	.. (..)	13 (30·23)	4 (9·30)	.. (..)
7	Tawang	74	15 (20·27)	3 (4·05)	74 (100·00)	4 (5·41)	1 (1·35)	1 (1·35)	4 (5·41)	48 (64·86)
8	Mukto	12	6 (50·00)	2 (16·67)	12 (100·00)	2 (16·67)	.. (..)	4 (33·33)	4 (33·33)	7 (58·33)
9	Thingbu	7	4 (57·14)	1 (14·29)	7 (100·00)	1 (14·29)	.. (..)	.. (..)	.. (..)	.. (..)
10	Lumla	23	14 (60·87)	4 (17·39)	23 (100·00)	2 (8·70)	1 (4·35)	.. (..)	.. (..)	1 (4·35)
11	Zemithang	8	4 (50·00)	1 (12·50)	8 (100·00)	1 (12·50)	.. (..)	.. (..)	.. (..)	.. (..)
	Total . . .	280	100 (35·71)	36 (12·86)	280 (100·00)	18 (6·43)	12 (4·29)	40 (14·29)	26 (9·29)	69 (24·64)

TABLE 11

Production of rural population served by different amenities

Sl. No.	Name of Taluk/Tahsil	Total Population of inhabited villages in the Taluk	Proportion of Rural Population served by the amenity of (in percentage)							
			Education	Medical	Drinking water	Post & Telegraph	Market/ Hat	Communication	Approach by pucca road	Power Supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Bomdila	7,001	7·54	23·03	100	32·31	58·25	58·25	92·17	29·64
2	Kalaktang	8,206	64·85	44·54	100	23·34	23·92	53·58	15·70	25·90
3	Dirang	12,620	97·37	51·39	100	16·38	16·38	46·97	34·65	43·85
4	Bhalukpong	1,851	52·99	29·66	100	54·73	29·66	72·88	47·81	..
5	Nafra	3,866	86·83	50·59	100	13·35	..	..	..	..
6	Thruzino	4,163	57·46	12·76	100	6·85	..	27·43	8·19	..
7	Tawang	9,111	50·71	27·35	100	25·86	22·43	22·43	27·81	80·18
8	Mukto	4,038	63·57	17·83	100	25·70	..	51·13	51·13	71·50
9	Thingbu	1,414	67·61	2·05	100	2·05	..	..	..	..
10	Lumla	5,388	73·05	28·01	100	11·17	5·29	..	..	5·29
11	Zemithang	1,784	46·64	7·79	100	7·79	..	..	..	..
	Total	59,442	63·56	33·10	100	20·56	18·48	35·33	30·18	34

TABLE 12

Distribution of Villages having certain amenities, arranged by distance ranges from the places where these are avilable

Name of amenities	Number of villag s where the amenity is not available and available at distance of		
	—5 kms	5—10 kms	10+kms
Education	97	34	41
Medical	33	39	172
Drinking water	..	..	..
Post & Telegraph	54	41	167
Market/Hat	15	32	221
Communication	22	18	200

TABLE 13

Distribution of Villages according to the distance from the nearest town and availability of different amenities

Distance range from the nearest town (in Kms)	No. of inhabited villages in each range	No. (with Percentage) of villages having the amenity of							
		Education	Medical	Drinking water	Post & Telegraph	Market/Hat	Communication	Approached by pucca road	Power Supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0—5	1	..	..	1 (100 00)	..	..	..	..	1 (100 00)
6—15	4	1 (25.00)	..	4 (100.00)	..	1 (25.00)	2 (50 00)	1 (25.00)	1 (25.00)
16—50	48	24 (50.00)	8 (16.67)	48 (100 00)	5 (10.42)	6 (12.50)	15 (31.25)	14 (29.17)	8 (16.67)
51+	227	83 (36.56)	28 (12.33)	227 (100 00)	13 (5.73)	5 (2.20)	23 (10.13)	11 (4.85)	59 (25.99)
Unspecified	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	280	108 (38.57)	36 (12.85)	280 (100.00)	18 (6.43)	12 (4.29)	40 (14.29)	26 (9.29)	69 (24.64)

TABLE 14

Distribution of villages according to population range and amenities available

Population range	No. of inhabited villages in each range	No. (with percentage) of village having the amenity of							
		Education	Medical	Drinking water	Post & Telegraph	Market/hat	Communication	Approached by Pucca road	Power Supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
—499	254	88 (34.65)	20 (7.87)	254 (100.00)	10 (3.93)	4 (1.57)	24 (9.45)	14 (5.51)	57 (22.44)
500—1,999	24	19 (79.17)	15 (62.50)	24 (100.00)	6 (25.00)	6 (25.00)	14 (58.33)	10 (41.67)	11 (45.83)
2,000—4,999	2	1 (50.00)	1 (50.00)	2 (100.00)	2 (100.00)	2 (100.00)	2 (100.00)	2 (100.00)	1 (50.00
5,000 +									..
Total	280	108 (38.57)	36 (12.86)	280 (100.00)	18 (6.43)	12 (4.29)	40 (14.29)	26 (9.29)	69 (24.64)

TABLE 15

Main staple food in the majority of villages in each taluka

Sl. No.	Name of Taluk/Tahsil	Main Staple Food
1	2	3
1	Bomdila	Rice, Maize
2	Kalaktang	Maize
3	Dirang	Maize, Rice
4	Bhalukpong	Rice
5	Nafra	Rice, Maize
6	Thrizino	Rice, Maize
7	Tawang	Rice, Maize, Millet, Wheat
8	Mukto	Rice, Millet
9	Thingbu	Rice, Maize
10	Lumla	Rice, Maize, Millet
11	Zemithang	Millet, Wheat

TABLE 16

Growth, density and sex-ratio of urban population in the district in relation to the state

Census Year	District West Kameng						State Arunachal Pradesh					
	Total population	Urban population	% Urban population	Decadal percentage variation in urban population	Density (Population per sq. km)	Sex-ratio (No. of females per 1,000 males)	Total Population	Urban Population	% Urban population	Decadal percentage variation in urban population	Density (Population per sq. km)	Sex-ratio (No. of females per 1,000 (males)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1951 } 1961 }	There was no urban area till 1961 Census											
1971	50,259	3,172	6.31	..	N.A.	396	467,511	17,288	3.70	..	N.A.	457
1981	63,302	3,860	6.10	+21.69	N.A.	725	631,839	41,428	6.56	+139.63	N.A.	629

Note :—(1) There was no Town in Arunachal Pradesh before 1971 Census.

(2) N. A. Denotes not available.

TABLE 17

No. of beds in medical institutions in towns

Class, name and civic status of the Town	No. of beds in medical institution per1,000 population
1	2
VI. Bomdila (C.T.)	6 (approx).
Total	

TABLE 18

Most important commodity manufactured, imported and exported in town

Class, name and civic status of the own	Most Important Commodity		
	Manufactured	Exported	Imported
1	2	3	4
VI, Bomdila(C.T.)	Woollen carpet	Apple	Food grains

PART A
VILLAGE AND TOWN DIRECTORY

SECTION I

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Notes explaining the codes used in the Village Directory

Education :

Primary School	—	P
Middle School	—	M
Matriculation or Higher Secondary	—	H
Intermediate/Junior College/Pre-University	—	PUC
Adult Literacy Class/Centre	—	AC

Medical :

Health Centre	—	HC
Child Welfare Centre	—	CWC
Primary Health Centre	—	PHC
Dispensary	—	D
Community Health Worker	—	CHW
Others	—	O

Drinking Water :

Tap-Water	—	T
Well Water	—	W
Tube Well	—	TW
Nallah Stream	—	N
Spring	—	S
River	—	R
Fountain	—	F
Canal	—	C
Others	—	O

Post and Telegraphs :

Post Office	—	PO
Post and Telegraph Office	—	PTO
Bus Stop	—	BS
Railway Station	—	RS
Navigable Waterway	—	NW
Pucca Road	—	PR
Kucha Road	—	KR
Foot Path	—	FP

Power Supply :

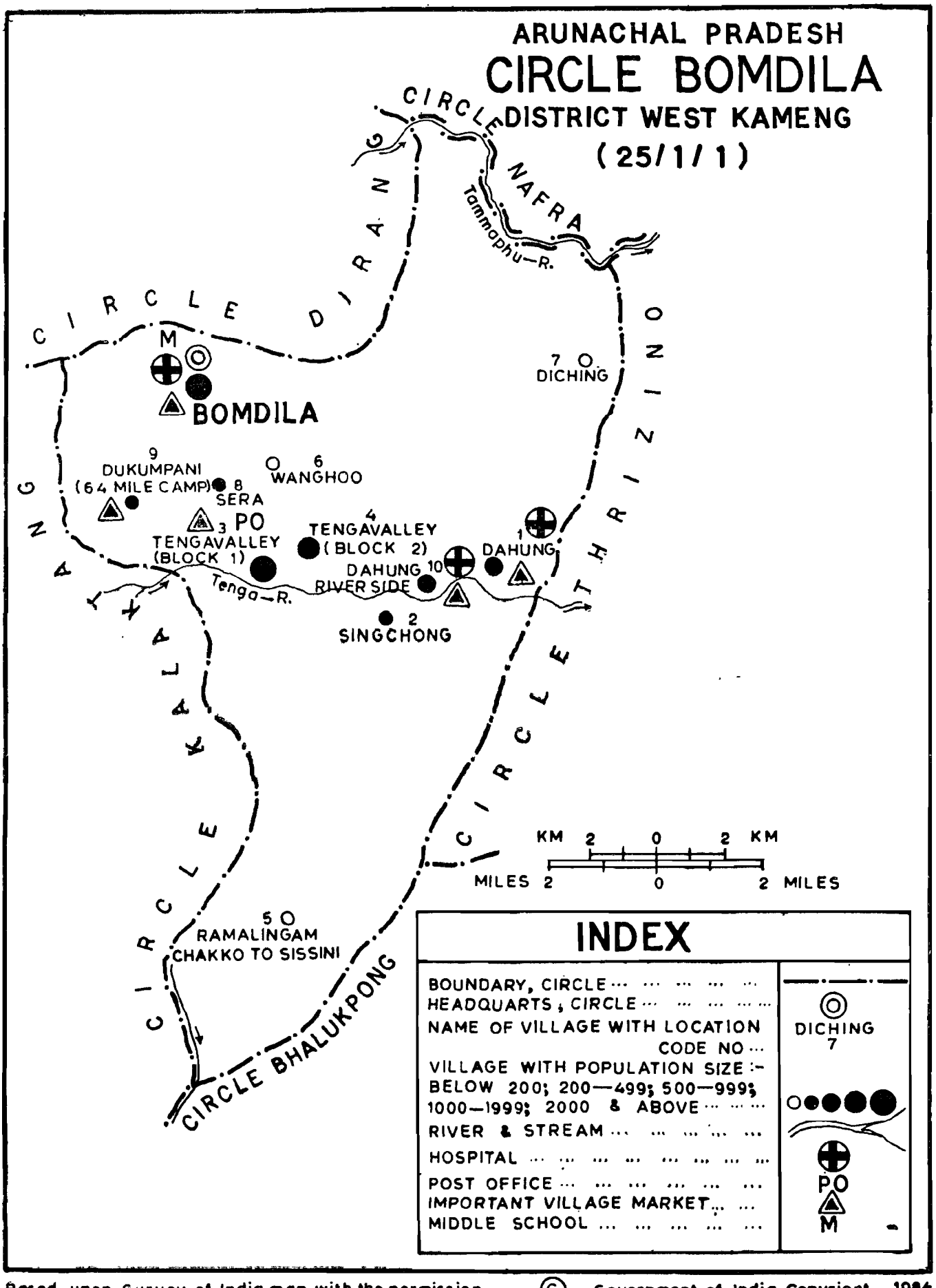
Electricity for domestic purpose	—	ED
Electricity for all purpose	—	EA
Electricity for other purposes like industrial, commercial etc.	—	EO

Remarks Colomn :

Copies of the Newspaper Coming in the Village (No. of copies is indicated by figures against 'N')	—	N
Motor cycle/Scooters available in the Village	—	M
Cars/Jeeps available in the Village	—	C
Tractors available in the Village	—	T

Copies/nos. of the above shown against the respective abbreviation. If a Village appeared in the list of Villages of 1971 in different name & in different spelling the same is shown in bracket against the present name of the Village in Village Directory for easy identification.

N. A.—Denotes information not available.



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ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Sl. No.	Name of Circle/ Village	Location Code No.	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
	BOMDILA CIRCLE	25/1/1	7,001	3,675	3,326
1.	Dahung	25/1/1/1	920	614	306
2.	Dahung River side	25/1/1/10	692	489	203
3.	Diching	25/1/1/7	30	16	14
4.	Dukumpani (64 mile camp)	25/1/1/9	204	110	94
5.	Ramalingam chakko to Sissini	25/1/1/5	55	35	20
6.	Sera	25/1/1/8	365	184	181
7.	Singchong	25/1/1/2	430	225	205
8.	Tenga Valley Block-1	25/1/1/3	2,262	1,062	1,200
9.	Tenga Valley Block-2	25/1/1/4	1,945	895	1,050
10.	Wanghoo	25/1/1/6	98	45	53

UNION TERRITORY : ARUNACHAL PRADESH—25
DISTRICT : WEST KAMENG—01
CIRCLE : BOMDILA—0010

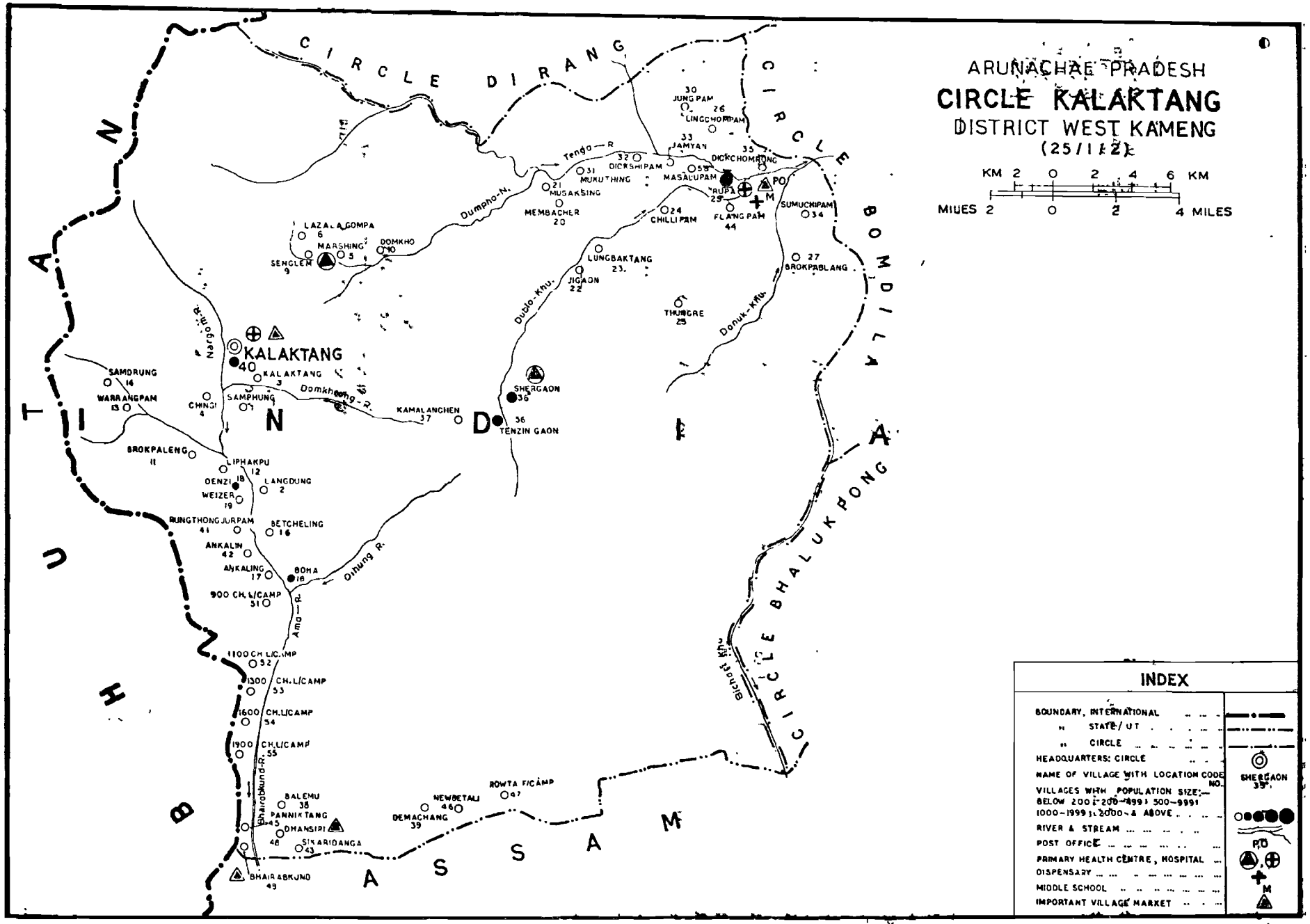
Location Code No.	Name of Village	Total area of the village (in hectares)	Total population and number of household	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms, 5—10 kms. and 10+kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water (potable)	post and Telegraph	Day or days of the market/ hat, if any	Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
25/1/1/1	Dahung	NA	920 (231)	—(10+kms)	H	S	—(5—10 kms)	Sunday	BS
25/1/1/2	Singchong (Singhong)	NA	430 (95)	P	—(10+kms)	T,R,O	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5—kms)
25/1/1/3	Tenga Valley,Block-1	NA	2,262 (681)	—(—5 kms)	—(5—10 kms)	R	PO	Sunday	BS
25/1/1/4	Tenga Valley,Block-2	NA	1,945 (644)	—(—5 kms)	—(5—10 kms)	R	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)
25/1/1/5	Ramalingam Chakko to Sissini	NA	55 (24)	—(10+kms)	—(10+ kms)	S	—(10+kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10+kms)
	Wanghoo (Wangchoo)	NA	98 (20)	P	—(5—10 kms)	S	—(5—10 kms)	—(5—10 kms)	—(—5 kms)
25/1/1/7	Diching (Deching)	NA	30 (6)	—(5—10 kms)	—(10+kms)	W	—(10+kms)	—(5—10 kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/1/8	Sera	NA	365 (78)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	W	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)
25/1/1/9	Dukumpani (64 Mile Camp)	NA	204 (50)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	R	—(5—10 kms)	—Daily Market	BS
25/1/1/10	Dahung River Side	NA	692 (162)	—(10+kms)	H	S	—(5—10 kms)	Sunday	BS
	TOTALS		7,001(1,991)	P—22	H—22				

BOMDILA—"Treated as Census Town".

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Land Use

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in Km.)	Power supply	Staple food	Land use (i. e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places)				Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation	Main crops under Jhum cultivation	Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source)	Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated	Area under Jhum cultivation			
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
PR	Bomdila (30)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..
PR	Bomdila (27)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3-4 years	Maize, Millet	..
PR	Bomdila (22)	..	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..
PR	Bomdila (22)	..	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (44)	..	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	..	..	...
KR	Bomdila (8)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	3-4 years	Maize, Wheat	..
KR	Bomdlla (35)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3-4 years	Maize, Potato, Barley	..
KR	Bomdila (1)	ED	Maize, Wheat	NA	NA	NA	NA	3-4 years	Maize, Millet	..
PR	Bomdila (11)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3-4 years	Maize, Millet, Paddy	..
PR	Bomdila (30)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..



INDEX

- BOUNDARY, INTERNATIONAL
- " STATE/UT
- " CIRCLE
- HEADQUARTERS: CIRCLE
- NAME OF VILLAGE WITH LOCATION CODE NO.
- VILLAGES WITH POPULATION SIZE:— BELOW 200 / 200–499 / 500–999 / 1000–1999 / 2000 & ABOVE
- RIVER & STREAM
- POST OFFICE
- PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE, HOSPITAL
- DISPENSARY
- MIDDLE SCHOOL
- IMPORTANT VILLAGE MARKET

SHERGAON 39

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ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Sl. No.	Name of Circle/ Village	Location Code No.	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
	KALAKTANG CIRCLE	25/1/2	8,206	4,498	3,708
1.	Ankaling	25/1/2/17	187	96	91
2.	Ankaling	25/1/2/42	27	18	9
3.	Balemu	25/1/2/38	107	55	52
4.	Betchling	25/1/2/16	193	98	95
5.	Bhairabkund	25/1/2/49	33	13	20
6.	Boha	25/1/2/15	432	207	225
7.	Brokpablang	25/1/2/27	21	11	10
8.	Brokpaleng	25/1/2/11	101	48	53
9.	Chillipam	25/1/2/24	170	102	68
10.	Chingi	25/1/2/4	142	65	77
11.	Demachang	25/1/2/39	2	2	..
12.	Denzi	25/1/2/18	241	121	120
13.	Dhansir	25/1/2/48	15	10	5
14.	Dickchomrong	25/1/2/35	58	29	29
15.	Dickshipam	25/1/2/32	49	25	24
16.	Domkho	25/1/2/10	149	73	76
17.	1100 Ch Labour Camp.	25/1/2/52	31	19	12
18.	Flang Pam	25/1/2/44	22	8	14
19.	Jamyain	25/1/2/33	15	7	8
20.	Jigaon	25/1/2/22	209	107	102
21.	Jungpam	25/1/2/30	69	35	34
22.	Kalaktang	25/1/2/3	133	75	58
23.	Kalaktang (H.Q.)	25/1/2/40	627	380	247
24.	Kamalanchen	25/1/2/37	160	89	71
25.	Langdun	25/1/2/2	192	83	109
26.	Lazali Gompa	25/1/2/6	9	7	2
27.	Lingchompam	25/1/2/26	6	3	3
28.	Liphakpu	25/1/2/12	141	68	73
29.	Lungbaktang	25/1/2/23	45	27	18
30.	Masalupam	25/1/2/57	11	6	5
31.	Membacher	25/1/2/20	85	40	45
32.	Morshing	25/1/2/5	189	96	93
33.	Mukuthing	25/1/2/31	88	47	41
34.	Musaksing	25/1/2/21	55	26	29
35.	New Betali	25/1/2/46	60	31	29
36.	900 C.H. Labour Camp.	25/1/2/51	39	30	9
37.	1900CH Labour Camp	25/1/2/55	70	46	24
38.	Panniktang	25/1/2/45	91	54	37
39.	Rangthong Jur Pam	25/1/2/41	172	92	80
40.	Rowta Forest Camp	25/1/2/47	35	22	13
41.	Rupa	25/1/2/29	1,288	733	555
42.	Samdrung	25/1/2/14	93	41	52
43.	Samphung	25/1/2/1	77	43	34
44.	Sanglem	25/1/2/9	88	48	40
45.	Shergaon	25/1/2/36	926	557	369
46.	Shikaridang	25/1/2/43	19	15	4
47.	1600 CH Labour Camp.	25/1/2/54	42	34	8
48.	Sumujchipam	25/1/2/34	7	4	3
49.	Tenzin Gaon	25/1/2/56	940	521	419
50.	1300 CH Labour Camp.	25/1/2/53	36	24	12
51.	Thungri	25/1/2/25	59	36	23
52.	Warrangpam	25/1/2/13	104	45	59
53.	Weizer	25/1/2/19	46	26	20

UNION TERRITORY : ARUNACHAL PRADESH—25
DISTRICT : WEST KAMENG—01
CIRCLE : KALAKTANG—020

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Total area of the village (in hectares)	Total Population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz—5kms. 5—10kms. and 10+kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water (potable)	Post and Telegraph	Day or days of the market/ hat if any	Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
25/1/2/1	Samphung(Somphong)	NA	77 (17)	P	—(5—10kms)	T	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	BS
25/1/2/2	Langdun (Lungdur)	NA	192 (34)	P	—(10+kms)	R	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/3	Kalaktang	NA	133 (30)	—(—5kms)	—(—5kms)	T,TK	—(—5kms)	—(—5kms)	—(—5kms)
25/1/2/4	Chingi (Chinghee)	NA	142 (30)	P	—(—5kms)	T	—(—5kms)	—(—5kms)	—(—5kms)
25/1/2/5	Marshing (Morshing)	NA	189 (54)	P	HC	R	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/6	Lazala Gompa (Lagyla Gompa)	NA	9 (2)	—(—5kms)	—(—5kms)	T	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/9	Sanglem (Songlom)	NA	88 (16)	—(—5kms)	—(—5kms)	R	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/10	Domkho	NA	149 (22)	—(—5kms)	—(—5kms)	R	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/11	Brokpaleng (Brokpalang)	NA	101 (15)	P	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/12	Liphakpu (Liphakpoo)	NA	141 (23)	—(—5kms)	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/13	Warrangpam	NA	104 (25)	P	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/14	Samdrung	NA	93 (16)	—(—5kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/15	Boha	NA	432 (56)	P	CHW	C	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/16	Betcheling (Betchling)	NA	193 (36)	P	CHW	T	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/17	Ankaling	NA	187 (31)	P	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/18	Denzi (Denjee)	NA	241 (48)	P	—(5—10Kms)	T	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)
25/1/2/19	Weizer (Weizerpam)	NA	46 (10)	—(—5kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/20	Membacher (Mingachur)	NA	85 (16)	—(—5kms)	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/21	Musaksing	NA	55(9)	—(—5kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(5+kms)
25/1/2/22	Jigaon	NA	209 (45)	P	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	BS
25/1/2/23	Lungbaktang	NA	45 (16)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/24	Chillipam (Silepam)	NA	170 (55)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	BS
25/1/2/25	Thungre (Tung)	NA	59 (13)	P	—(5—10kms)	T	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)
25/1/2/26	Lingchompam	NA	6 (1)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/27	Brokpablang (Brokpalangcher)	NA	21 (3)	P	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/29	Rupa	NA	1,288 (319)	P,M,H	H,	T	P O	Daily Market	BS
25/1/2/30	Junypam (Jomungpam)	NA	69 (14)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	R	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms
25/1/2/31	Mukuthing (Mukhuthang)	NA	88 (16)	P	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Land Use

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in Km.)	Power supply	Staple food	Land use (i. e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places)				Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation	Main Crops under Jhum cultivation	Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source)	Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated	Area under Jhum cultivation			
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
KR	Bomdila (115)	ED	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (112)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (100)	ED	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (105)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (82)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (87)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (82)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (82)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (110)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (110)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (115)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (120)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (130)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (121)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (115)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (111)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (112)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (35)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (50)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (45)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (37)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (15)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (28)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (105)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (23)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
PR	Bomdila (18)	ED	Maize, Wheat	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	N2, C3
KR	Bomdila (17)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (30)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..

UNION TERRITORY : ARUNACHAL PRADESH—25
DISTRICT : WEST KAMENG—01
CIRCLE : KALAKTANG—020

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Total area of the Village (in hectares)	Total Population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz—5 kms. 5—10 kms. and 10+ kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water (Potable)	Post and Telegraph	Day or days of the market/ hat, if any	Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
25/1/2/32	Dickshipam (Dieksi)	NA	49 (7)	—(—5kms)	—(10+kms)	R	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/33	Jamyam	NA	15 (3)	—(5—10kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/34	Sumujchipam	NA	7 (2)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	S	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)
25/1/2/35	Dickchomrong	NA	58 (9)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	R	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)
25/1/2/36	Shergaon	NA	926 (204)	P	PHC	T	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	BS
25/1/2/37	Kamalanchen (Kamlachen-Chen-Pam)	NA	160 (44)	P	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	BS
25/1/2/38	Balemu	NA	107 (20)	P	—(10+kms)	R	—(10+kms)	—(—5kms)	—(—5kms)
25/1/2/39	Demachang	NA	2 (1)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	R	—(10+kms)	—(—5kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/40	Kalaktang (HQ)	NA	627 (177)	P, M,	H, TB	T	PO	Sunday	BS
25/1/2/41	Rangthong Jur Pam (Rangthang Zurpam)	NA	172 (33)	—(—5kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/42	Ankaling	NA	27 (11)	—(—5kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/43	Shikaridanga	NA	19 (12)	—(5—10kms)	—(10+kms)	C	—(10+kms)	—(—5kms)	—(—5kms)
25/1/2/44	Flang Pam	NA	22 (6)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	N	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)
25/1/2/45	Panniktang	NA	91 (19)	—(—5kms)	—(10+kms)	R	—(10+kms)	—(—5kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/46	New Betali	NA	60 (13)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	R	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/47	Rowta Forest camp	NA	35 (16)	—(5—10kms)	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/48	Dhansiri (Shairo-Bkump & Dhansiri)	NA	15 (5)	—(—5kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(10+kms)	Sunday	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/49	Bhairabkund (Saddle To B/Kund Labour camp)	NA	33 (9)	—(—5kms)	—(10+kms)	R	—(10+kms)	Sunday	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/51	900 Chain Labour Camp	NA	39 (12)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	C	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/52	1100 Chain Labour Camp	NA	31 (11)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	C	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/53	1300 Chain Labour Camp	NA	36 (16)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	C	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/54	1600 Chain Labour Camp	NA	42 (19)	—(5—10kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/2/55	1900 Chain Labour Camp	NA	70 (64)	—(5—10kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)
25/1/2/56	Tenzin Gaon	NA	940 (198)	—(5—10kms)	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	BS
25/1/2/57	Masalupam	NA	11 (2)	—(5—10kms)	—(5+10kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)
TOTALS			8,206 (1885)	P(19), M(2), H(1)	HC(1), CHW(2), PHC(1), H(2), TB(1)				

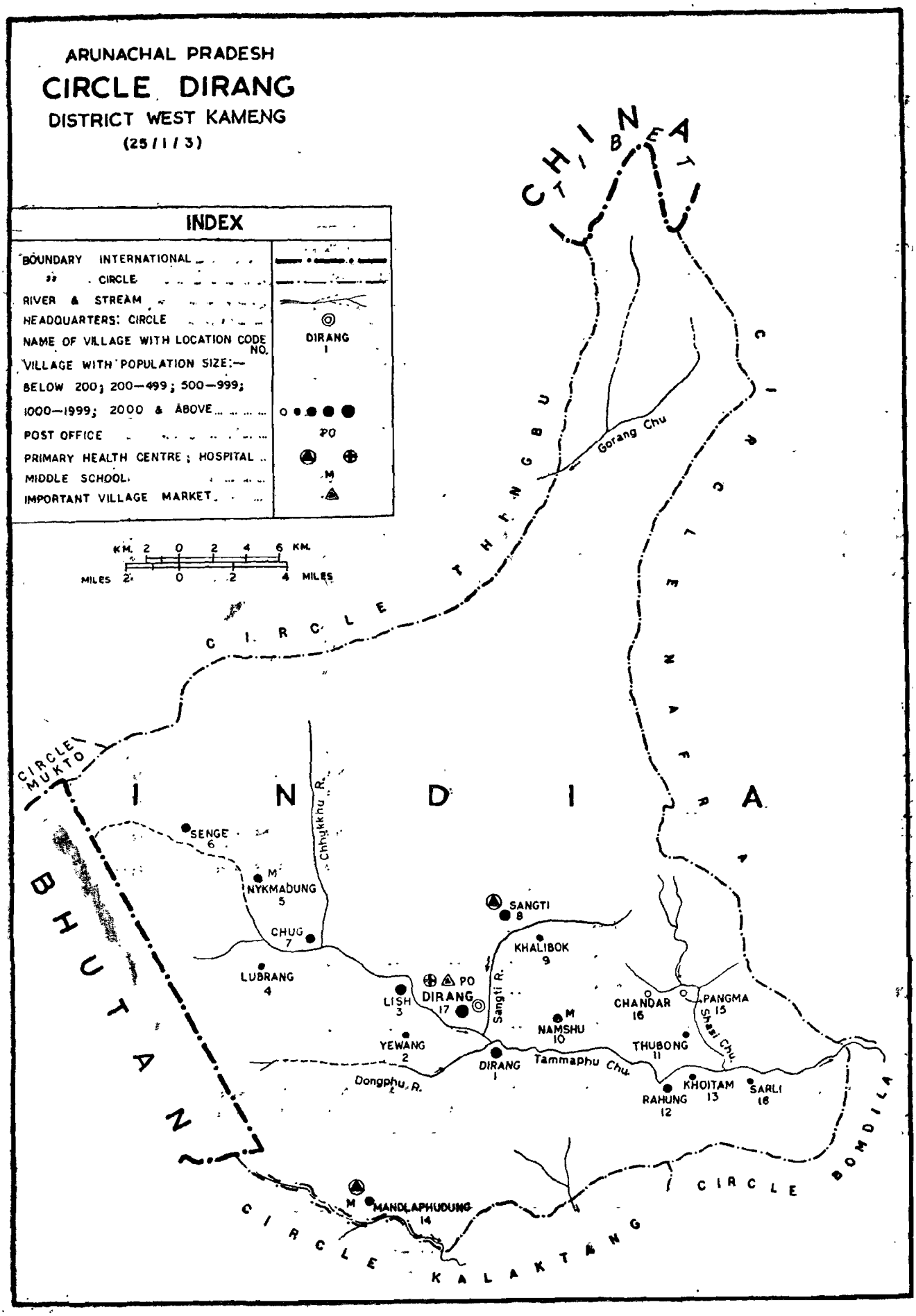
Bomdila—"Treated as Census Town".

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Land Use

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in Km).	Power supply	Staple food	Land use (i. e. area under different types of land use in hectares r n-ded upto two decimal placcs)				Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation	Main Crops under Jhum cultivation	Remarks including any place of religious hi ro rical or archaeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irri ated (by source)	Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated	Area under Jhum cultivation			
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
FP	Bomdila (30)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (24)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (26)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (26)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (60)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (82)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (155)	..	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (92)	..	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Paddy	
KR	Bomdila (95)	ED	Maize	..	..	..	..	..	..	
FP	Bomdila (115)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (107)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (132)	..	Rice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (12)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (165)	..	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Paddy	..
KR	Bomdila (185)	..	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Paddy	..
KR	Bomdila (142)	..	Rice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (152)	..	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Paddy	..
KR	Bomdila (159)	..	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Paddy	..
KR	Bomdila (122)	..	Rice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (125)	..	Rice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (129)	..	Rice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (133)	..	Rice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (139)	..	Rice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (77)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (83)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..

N4 C3


ARUNACHAL PRADESH
CIRCLE DIRANG
DISTRICT WEST KAMENG
(25/1/3)
INDEX
BOUNDARY INTERNATIONAL
" CIRCLE
RIVER & STREAM
HEADQUARTERS: CIRCLE
NAME OF VILLAGE WITH LOCATION CODE NO.
DIRANG 1
VILLAGE WITH POPULATION SIZE:—
BELOW 200; 200—499; 500—999;
1000—1999; 2000 & ABOVE
POST OFFICE
PO
PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE ; HOSPITAL
M
MIDDLE SCHOOL
IMPORTANT VILLAGE MARKET
KM. 2 0 2 4 6 KM.
MILES 2 0 2 4 MILES
CHINA
TIBET
CIRCLE THINGBU
CIRCLE TAWANG
Gorang Chu
CIRCLE MUKTO
INDIA
BHUTAN
Chhykkhu R.
SENGE 6
M NYKMADUNG 5
CHUG 7
LUBRANG 4
SANGTI 8
KHALIBOK 9
PO DIRANG 17
LISH 3
Sangti R.
M NAMSHU 10
CHANDAR 16
PANGMA 15
Shasi Chu
YEWANG 2
DIRANG 1
Tammaphu Chu
THUBONG 11
Dongphu R.
RAHUNG 12
KHOITAM 13
SARLI 16
M MANDLAPHUDUNG 14
CIRCLE KALAKTANG
CIRCLE BOMDILA

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Sl. No.	Name of Circle/ Village	Location Code No.	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
	DIRANG CIRCLE	25/1/3	12,620	6,854	5,766
1.	Chandar . .	25/1/3/16	99	53	46
2.	Chug . . .	25/1/3/7	483	265	218
3.	Dirang . .	25/1/3/1	1,727	881	846
4.	Dirang (H.Q.) .	25/1/3/17	2,067	1,344	723
5.	Khalibok . .	25/1/3/9	232	112	120
6.	Khoitam . .	25/1/3/13	233	117	116
7.	Lish . . .	25/1/3/3	1,491	790	701
8.	Lubrang . .	25/1/3/4	227	123	104
9.	Mandla Phudung	25/1/3/14	692	365	327
10.	Namsu . .	25/1/3/10	845	415	430
11.	Nykmadung .	25/1/3/5	591	313	278
12.	Pangma . .	25/1/3/15	306	152	154
13.	Rahung . .	25/1/3/12	963	551	412
14.	Salari . .	25/1/3/18	242	140	102
15.	Sangti . .	25/1/3/8	1,066	533	533
16.	Senge . .	25/1/3/6	579	300	279
17.	Thumbong . .	25/1/3/11	1,409	772	637
18.	Yewang . .	25/1/3/2	331	179	152

UNION TERRITORY : ARUNACHAL PRADESH—25
DISTRICT : WEST KAMENG—01
CIRCLE : DIRANG—0030

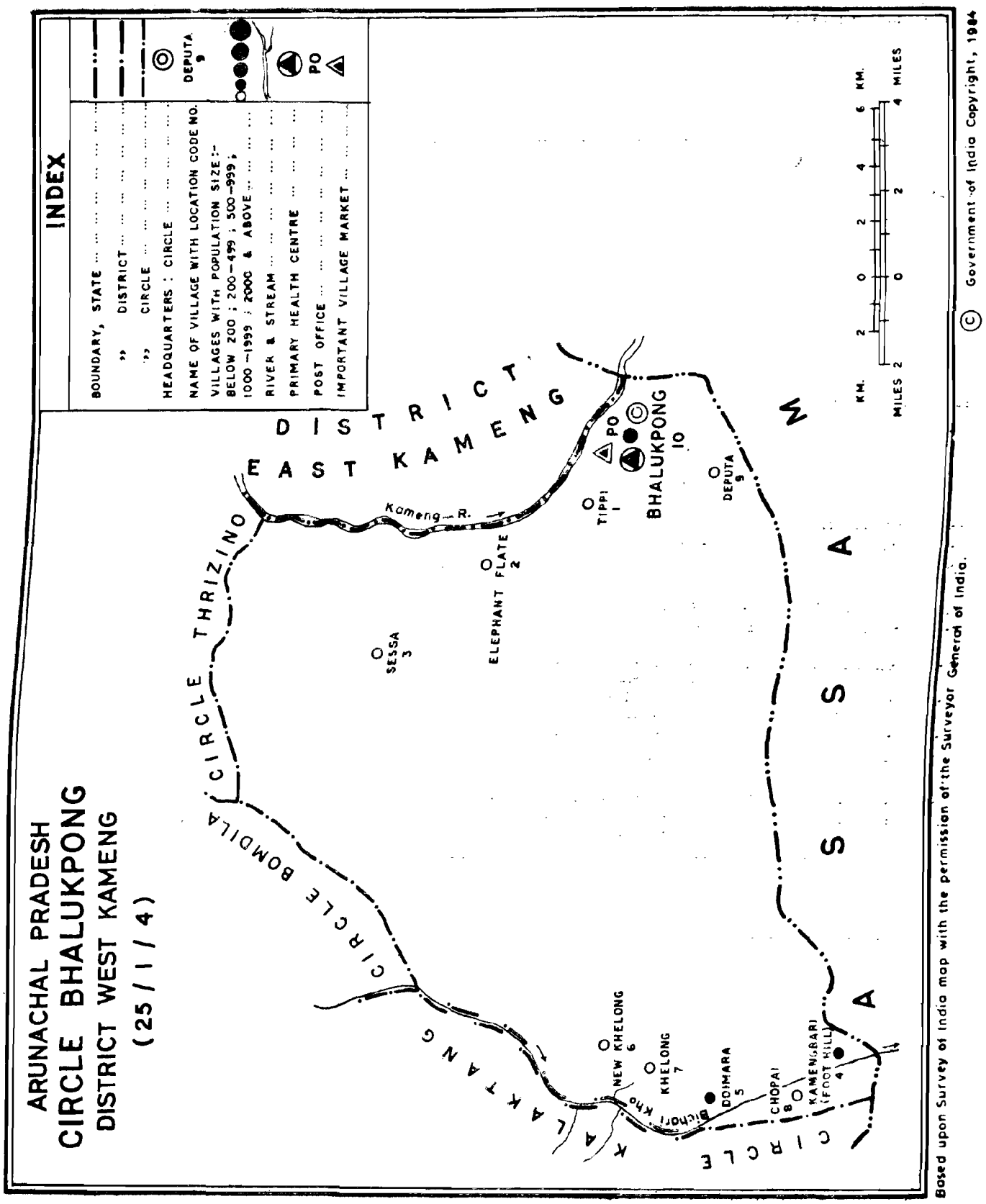
Location Code No.	Name of Village	Total area of the village (in hectares)	Total Population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms 5—10 kms. and 10+kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water (Potable)	Post and Telegraph	Day or days of the market/ hat, if any	Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
25/1/3/1	Dirang	NA	1,727 (416)	P	—(5—10 kms)	N	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	BS
25/1/3/2	Yewang	NA	331 (83)	P	—(—5 kms)	T, N	—(—5kms)	—(—5kms)	—(—5kms)
25/1/3/3	Lish	NA	1,491 (285)	P	CHW	T,O	—(—5kms)	—(—5kms)	—(—5kms)
25/1/3/4	Lubrang	NA	227 (38)	P	—(10+kms)	O	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/3/5	Nykmadung (Nyukmadung)	NA	591 (127)	P,M	O	N	—(10+kms)	—(10 kms)	BS
25/1/3/6	Senge	NA	579 (110)	P	O	T	—(10+ kms)	—(10 kms)	BS
25/1/3/7	Chug (Chung)	NA	483 (86)	P	—(10+ kms)	C	—(10+kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/3/8	Sangti (Sangti)	NA	1,066 (229)	P	PHC	T,C	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)
25/1/3/9	Khalibok	NA	232 (61)	P	—(10+kms)	F	—(10+kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/3/10	Namshu	NA	845 (185)	P,M	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/3/11	Thumbong (Thembang)	NA	446 (99)	P	—(10+kms)	F	—(10+kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/3/12	Rahung	NA	963 (280)	P	—(10+kms)	N,T	—(10 kms)	—(10+ kms)	BS
25/1/3/13	Khoitam (Khiotam)	NA	233 (65)	—(5—10 kms)	—(5—10kms)	N	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)
25/1/3/14	Mandlaphudung	NA	692 (124)	P,M	HC	T	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/3/15	Pangma	NA	306 (59)	P	—(10+ kms)	N	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)
25/1/3/16	Chandar	NA	99 (19)	—(10+kms)	—(10 kms)	F	—(10 kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/3/17	Dirang (H.Q.)	NA	2,067 (466)	P,M,H	H	T	P O	Daily Market	BS
25/1/3/18	Salari	NA	242 (78)	P	—(10+ kms)	N	—(10 kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+kms)
	TOTAL		12,620 (2,810)	P(16), M(4),H(1)	CHW(1), O 2), PHC(1), HC(1), H(1)				

Bomdila—"Treated as Census Town".

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Land Use

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in Km.)	Power supply	Staple food	Land use (i. e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places)				Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation	Main Crops under Jhum cultivation	Remarks including any place of religious historical or archaeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source)	Dry rice cultivation un-irrigated	Area under Jhum cultivation			
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
PR	Bomdila (37)	ED	Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	1—3 years	Maize, Millet	C
KR	Bomdila (42)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	NA	..	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (49)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	1—3 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (62)	..	Maize, Rice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (67)	..	Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	1—3 years	Maize, Millet	N
PR	Bomdila (78)	..	Maize	..	..	NA	NA	1—3 years	Maize, Millet	N
FP	Bomdila (49)	..	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	1—3 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (52)	..	Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	1—3 years	Maize, Barley	..
FP	Bomdila (50)	..	Maize	..	NA	..	NA	2—3 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (38)	..	Maize	..	NA	..	NA	2—3 years	Maize	N, C
FP	Bomdila (39)	ED	Rice	..	..	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (25)	ED	Maize, Millet, Buck-wheat	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (27)	..	Maize, Millet, buck-wheat	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (74)	..	Maize, Millet,	NA	..	NA	NA	1—3 years	Maize	Gompa. N
FP	Bomdila (45)	..	Maize,	..	NA	NA	..	1—3 years	Maize, barley	..
KR	Bomdila (55)	..	Maize	..	NA	..	NA	1—3 years	Maize	..
PR	Bomdila (42)	ED	Maize, Rice, wheat,	..	NA	NA	NA	1—3 years	Paddy, Maize	N5, C
KR	Bomdila (30)	..	Rice, Maize millet	NA	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..
										N9, C3,I Gompa


ARUNACHAL PRADESH
CIRCLE BHALUKPONG
DISTRICT WEST KAMENG
(25 / 1 / 4)
INDEX
BOUNDARY, STATE
" DISTRICT
" CIRCLE
HEADQUARTERS : CIRCLE
NAME OF VILLAGE WITH LOCATION CODE NO.
VILLAGES WITH POPULATION SIZE :-
BELOW 200 ; 200—499 ; 500—999 ;
1000—1999 ; 2000 & ABOVE
RIVER & STREAM
PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE
POST OFFICE
IMPORTANT VILLAGE MARKET
DEPUTA 9
PO
DISTRICT
EAST KAMENG
CIRCLE THRIZINO
CIRCLE BOMDILA
CIRCLE
BHALUKPONG 10
TIPPI 1
ELEPHANT FLATE 2
SESSA 3
DEPUTA 9
NEW KHELONG 6
KHELONG 7
DOIMARA 5
CHOPAI 8
KAMENGRARI (FOOT HILL) 4
Kameng R.
Bichori Kho
KALAKTANG
KM. 2 0 2 4 6 KM.
MILES 2 0 2 4 MILES
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ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Sl. No.	Name of Circle/ Village	Location Code No.	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
	BHALUKPONG CIRCLE	25/1/4	1,852	1,087	764
1.	Bhalukpong (H Q.)	25/1/4/10	549	344	205
2.	Chopai	25/1/4/8	17	9	8
3.	Deputa	25/1/4/9	12	10	2
4.	Doimara	25/1/4/5	366	189	177
5.	Elephant Flate	25/1/4/2	91	62	29
6.	Kameng Bari	25/1/4/4	464	260	204
7.	Khellong	25/1/4/7	41	24	17
8.	New Khelong	25/1/4/6	66	30	36
9.	Sessa	25/1/4/3	196	127	69
10.	Tippi	25/1/4/1	49	32	17

UNION TERRITORY : ARUNACHAL PRADESH—25
DISTRICT : WEST KAMENG—01
CIRCLE : BHALUKPONG—0040

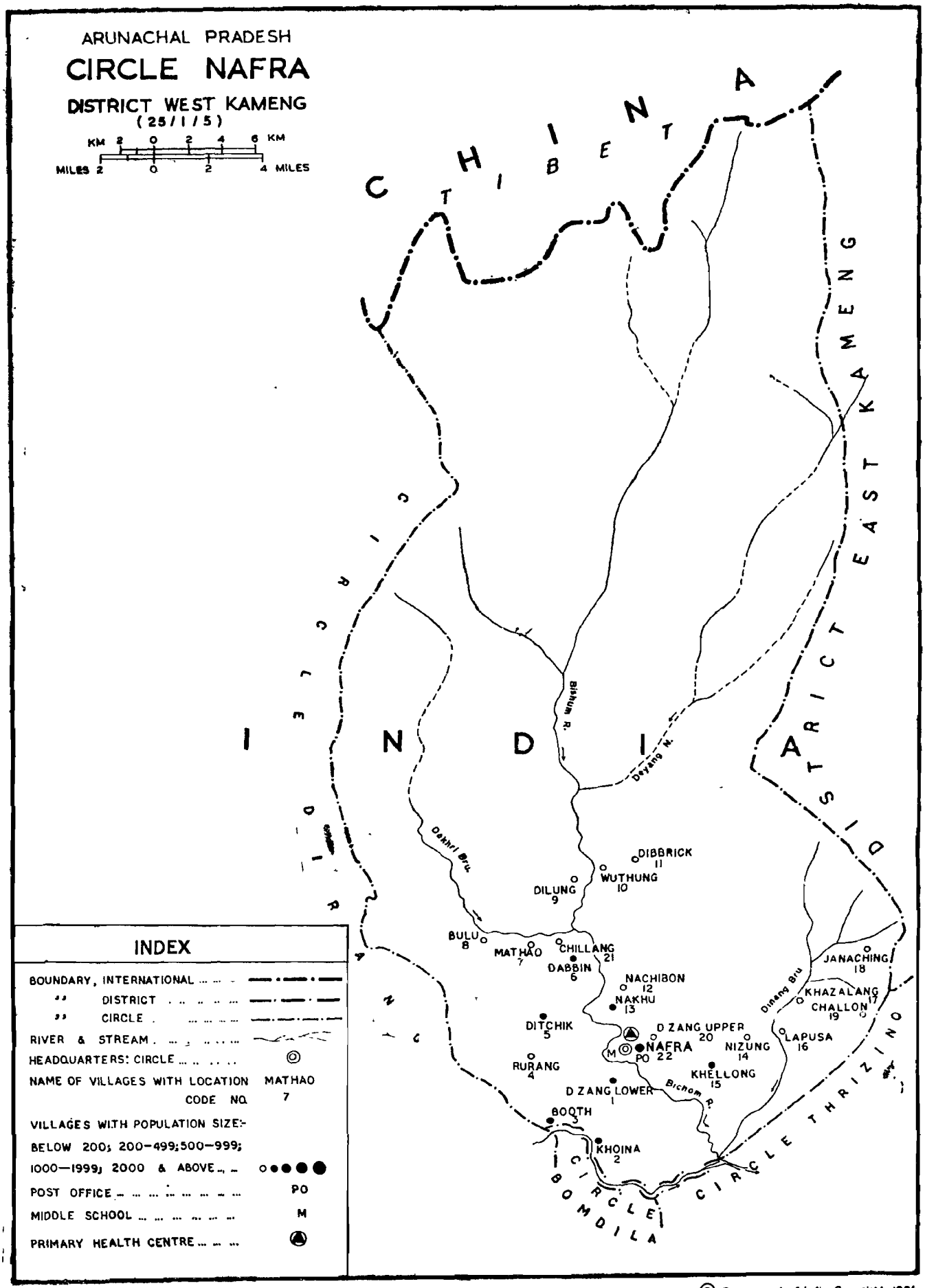
Location Code No.	Name of Village	Total area of the village (in hectares	Total population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz—5 kms. 5—10kms. and 10 kms of the nearest place where the facilities available is given)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water (Potable)	Post and Telegraph	Day or days of the market/ hat if any	Communications (Bus-stop, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
25/1/4/1	Tippi	NA	49 (23)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	C	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	BS
25/1/4/2	Elephant Flate	NA	91 (36)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	C	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	BS
25/1/4/3	Sessa	NA	196 (53)	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)	C	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)	BS
25/1/4/4	Kameng Bari (Foot Hills)	NA	464 (110)	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)	R	PO	—(10 kms)	BS
25/1/4/5	Doimara	NA	366 (67)	P	—(—5kms)	T	—(—5kms)	—(10 kms)	—(—5kms)
25/1/4/6	New Khellong	NA	66 (10)	P	—(10 kms)	R	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)
25/1/4/7	Khellong (Khelong)	NA	41 (15)	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)	T	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)
25/1/4/8	Chopai	NA	17 (9)	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)	T	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)
25/1/4/9	Deputa	NA	12 (9)	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)	W	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)
25/1/4/10	Bhalukpong (H Q)	NA	549 (151)	P	PHC	S	PO	Thirsday	BS
	TOTAL		1,851 (483)	P(3)	PHC(1)				

Bamdila—"Treated as Census Town".

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Land Use

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in Km.)	Power supply	Staple food	Land use (i. e. area under different types of land use in hect-ares rounded upto two decimal places)				Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation	Main Crops under Jhum cultivation	Remarks including any place of religions, historical or archaeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source)	Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated	Area under Jhum cultivation			
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
PR	Rangapara, Assam (50)	..	Rice	..	..	..	..	..	..	N, C
PR	Rangapara, Assam (60)	..	Rice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
PR	Rangapara, Assam (75)	..	Rice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
KR	Rangapara, Assam (45)	..	Maize, Wheat	NA	..	NA	NA	2—3 years	Wheat, paddy, Maize	N, C
KR	Rangapara, Assam (57)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	2—3 years	Maize, Wheat	C
KR	Rangapara, Assam (70)	..	Wheat, Maize, Rice	NA	..	NA	NA	2—3 years	Maize, Wheat	..
KR	Rangapara, Assam (63)	..	Rice	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..
KR	Rangapara, Assam (58)	..	Rice	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..
KR	Rangapara, Assam (31)	..	Rice	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..
PR	Rangapara, Assam (45)	..	Rice	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	N5, M, C4
										N7, C7, M1



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ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Sl. No.	Name of Circle/ Village	Location Code No.	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
	NAFRA CIRCLE .	25/1/5	3,866	2,000	1,866
1.	Booth . .	25/1/5/3	378	202	176
2.	Bulu . . .	25/1/5/8	28	16	12
3.	Challong . .	25/1/5/19	133	61	72
4.	Chillang . .	25/1/5/21	22	11	11
5.	Dibbin . .	25/1/5/6	224	108	116
6.	Dibbrick . .	25/1/5/11	158	78	80
7.	Dilung . .	25/1/5/9	50	26	24
8.	Ditchik . .	25/1/5/5	382	185	197
9.	Dzang (Upper) .	25/1/5/20	132	67	65
10.	Dzang (Lower) .	25/1/5/1	264	141	123
11.	Janaching . .	25/1/5/18	146	68	78
12.	Khazalang . .	25/1/5/17	133	74	59
13.	Khellong . .	25/1/5/15	224	109	115
14.	Khoina . .	25/1/5/2	275	150	125
15.	Lapusa . .	25/1/5/16	62	33	29
16.	Mathao . .	25/1/5/7	149	82	67
17.	Nachibon . .	25/1/5/12	137	68	69
18.	Nafra (H. Q.) .	25/1/5/22	516	308	208
19.	Nakhu . .	25/1/5/13	279	129	150
20.	Nizung . .	25/1/5/14	58	25	33
21.	Rurang . .	25/1/5/4	96	49	47
22.	Wuthung . .	25/1/5/10	20	10	10

UNION TERRITORY : ARUNACHAL PRADESH—25
DISTRICT : WEST KAMENG—01
CIRCLE : NAFRA—0050

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Total area of the village (in hectares)	Total Population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5kms. 5—10kms. and 10 + kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water (Potable)	Post and Telegraph	Day or days of the market/ hat if any	Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
25/1/5/1	Dzang (Lower) (Dzong)	NA	264 (49)	P	CHW	T	—(—5kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/5/2	Khoina	NA	275 (45)	P	CHW	T	—(5—10kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10 + kms)
25/1/5/3	Booth (But)	NA	378 (73)	P, AC	—(10+ kms)	T,N	—(10+ kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10 kms)
25/1/5/4	Rurang	NA	96 (17)	P	—(10 + kms)	N	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10 + kms)
25/1/5/5	Ditchik	NA	382 (50)	P	CHW	T	—(5—10kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/5/6	Dibbin	NA	224 (29)	P, AC	CHW	T	—(10 + kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/5/7	Matho (Mathoa)	NA	149 (22)	P	CHW	S	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10 + kms)
25/1/5/8	Bulu	NA	28 (7)	—(10+ kms)	—(10 + kms)	N	—(10 + kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10 + kms)
25/1/5/9	Dilung	NA	50 (7)	—(10+ kms)	—(10 + kms)	N	—(10 + kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10 kms)
25/1/5/10	Wuthung	NA	20 (3)	—(10 + kms)	—(10+ kms)	F	—(10 + kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10 + kms)
25/1/5/11	Dibbrick (Debrik)	NA	158 (31)	P	—(10 + kms)	F	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/5/12	Nachibon	NA	137 (25)	—(—5kms)	—(10 + kms)	T,O	—(5—10kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10 + kms)
25/1/5/13	Nakhu	NA	279 (43)	P	—(10 + kms)	T,O	—(5—10kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10 kms)
25/1/5/14	Nizung	NA	58 (9)	—(—5kms)	—(5—10kms)	N	—(5—10kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10 + kms)
25/1/5/15	Khellong (Khalong)	NA	224 (36)	P	—(5—10kms)	N	—(5—10kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10 + kms)
25/1/5/16	Lapusa	NA	62 (11)	—(—5kms)	—(10 + kms)	F	—(10 + kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)
25/1/5/17	Khazalang (Khajalong)	NA	133 (20)	P	—(10 + kms)	N	—(10 + kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/5/18	Janaching (Jonachin)	NA	146 (22)	P	CHW	T	—(10+ kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/5/19	Challon (Challang)	NA	133 (24)	P	—(10+ kms)	T	—(10 + kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10 + kms)
25/1/5/20	Dzang (Upper) (Dzong)	NA	132 (18)	—(—5kms)	—(—5kms)	T, N	—(—5kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10 kms)
25/1/5/21	Chillang	NA	22 (3)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	N	—(10 + kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/5/22	Nafra (H. Q.)	NA	516 (116)	P, M, AC	PHC	T	PO	—(10 + kms)	—(10+ kms)
	TOTAL		3,866 (660)	P-(14,) AC(3) M(1)	CHW(6) PHC(1)				

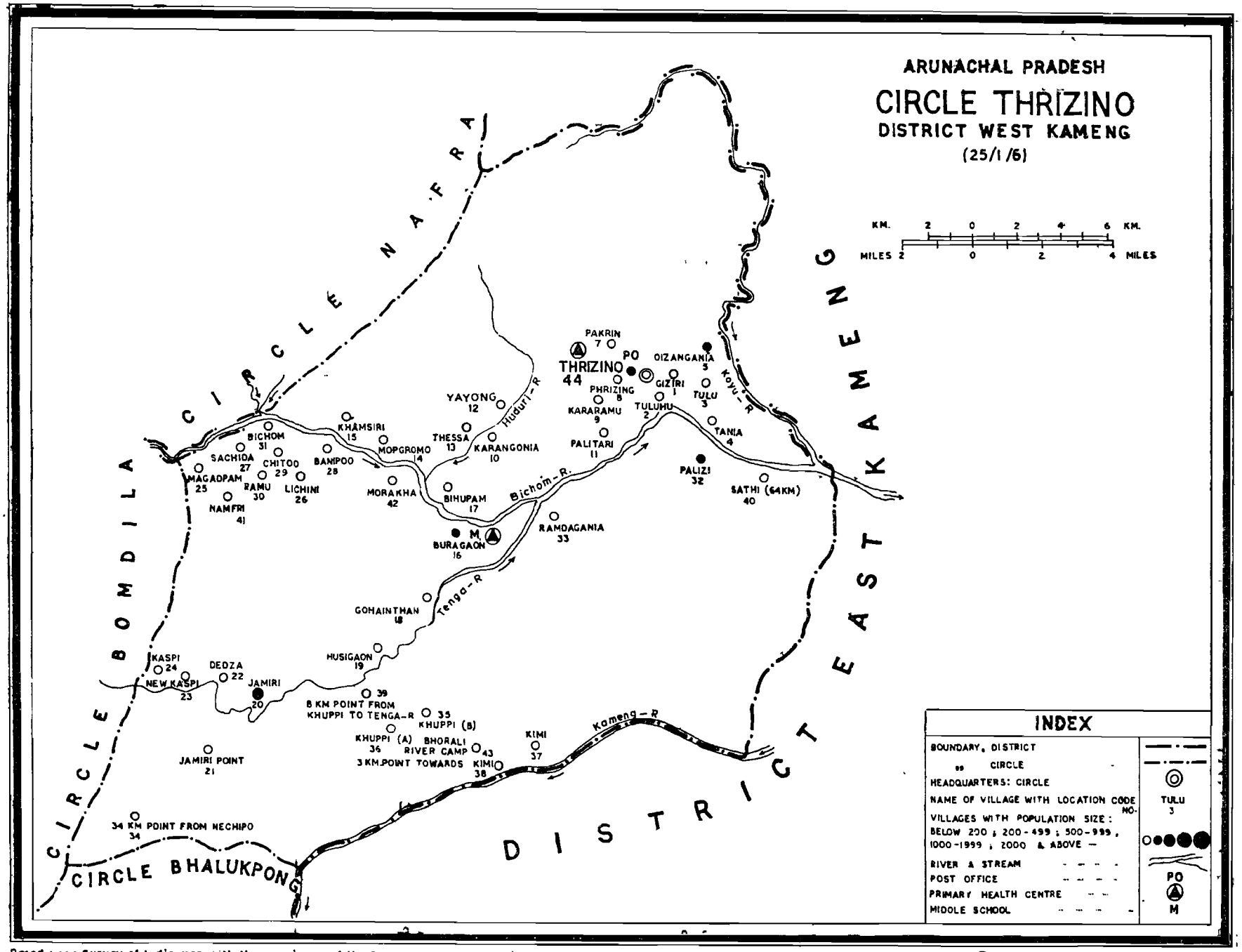
Bomdila——"Treated as Census Town".

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Land Use

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in Km.)	Power supply	Staple food	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places)				Period of rotation of land under Jnum cultivation	Main Crops under Jhum cultivation	Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source)	Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated	Area under Jhum cultivation			
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
KR	Bomdila (54)	..	Maize, Jowar	..	NA	NA	NA	3—4 years	Maize, Jowar	..
FP	Bomdila (40)	..	Rice, Maize, Wheat	..	NA	NA	NA	3—4 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (29)	..	Maize, Wheat	..	..	NA	NA	3—4 years	Wheat, Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (45)	..	Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—4 years	Maize, Wheat	..
FP	Bomdila (66)	..	Rice, Wheat, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—4 years	Paddy, Maize, wheat	..
FP	Bomdila (74)	..	Maize, Wheat	NA	..	..	NA	3—4 years	Maize, Wheat	..
FP	Bomdila (86)	..	Maize, Wheat	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—4 years	Maize, Wheat	..
FP	Bomdila (98)	..	Maize, Wheat	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—4 years	Maize, Wheat	..
FP	Bomdila (94)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	..	NA	3—4 years	Maize, Wheat	..
FP	Bomdila (120)	..	Rice, Maize	..	..	NA	NA	3—4 years	Paddy, Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (116)	..	Rice, Maize, Wheat	..	..	NA	NA	3—4 years	Paddy, Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (68)	..	Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—4 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (64)	..	Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—4 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (76)	..	Maize	..	..	NA	NA	3—4 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (68)	..	Rice, Maize	..	..	NA	NA	3—4 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (84)	..	Rice	..	NA	..	..	3—4 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (86)	..	Rice	..	NA	NA	NA	3—4 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (109)	..	Rice	..	NA	NA	NA	3—4 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (121)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—4 years	Paddy, Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (59)	..	Rice, Maize, Wheat	NA	..	NA	NA	3—4 years	Maize, Wheat	..
FP	Bomdila (79)	..	Maize, Wheat	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—4 years	Maize, Wheat	..
KR	Bomdila (56)	..	Rice, Wheat, Maize	NA	..	..	NA	3—4 years	Maize, Wheat	N3, C3

N3, C3



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ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Sl. No.	Name of Circle/ Village	Location Code. No.	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
	THRIZINO CIRCLE.	25/1/6	4,163	2,318	1,845
1.	Banipoo	25/1/6/28	55	27	28
2.	Bharali River Camp	25/1/6/43	19	14	5
3.	Bichom.	25/1/6/31	49	36	13
4.	Bihupam	25/1/6/17	30	15	15
5.	Buragaon	25/1/6/16	200	111	89
6.	Chitoo	25/1/6/29	48	23	25
7.	Dedza	25/1/6/22	100	50	50
8.	Dizangania	25/1/6/5	245	128	117
9.	8 KM Point from Khuppi to Tenga River.	25/1/6/39	78	53	25
10.	Giziri	25/1/6/1	56	22	34
11.	Gohainthan	25/1/6/18	50	33	17
12.	Husigaon	25/1/6/19	65	41	24
13.	Jamiri	25/1/6/20	842	558	284
14.	Jamiri Point	25/1/6/21	140	82	58
15.	Karangonia	25/1/6/10	145	67	78
16.	Kararamu	25/1/6/9	62	28	34
17.	Kaspi	25/1/6/24	55	25	30
18.	Khamsiri	25/1/6/15	51	21	30
19.	Khuppi-A	25/1/6/36	35	20	15
20.	Khuppi-B	25/1/6/35	74	48	26
21.	Kimi	25/1/6/37	36	19	17
22.	Lichini	25/1/6/26	31	14	17
23.	Magaopam	25/1/6/25	63	31	32
24.	Mopgramo	25/1/6/14	39	16	23
25.	Morakha	25/1/6/42	62	30	32
26.	Namfri	25/1/6/41	32	16	16
27.	New Kaspi	25/1/6/23	46	32	14
28.	Pakrin	25/1/6/7	189	94	95
29.	Palatari	25/1/6/11	179	89	90
30.	Palizi	25/1/6/32	240	127	113
31.	Phrizing	25/1/6/8	81	41	40
32.	Ramdagnia	25/1/6/33	69	38	31
33.	Ramu	25/1/6/30	34	17	17
34.	Sachida	25/1/6/27	15	8	7
35.	Sathi (64 KM)	25/1/6/40	8	4	4
36.	Tania	25/1/6/4	54	26	28
37.	Thessa	25/1/6/13	60	26	34
38.	3 KM Point towards Kimi	25/1/6/38	38	21	17
39.	34 KM Point from Nechipu	25/1/6/34	5	2	3
40.	Thrizino (H. Q.)	25/1/6/44	285	164	121
41.	Tulu	25/1/6/3	78	45	33
42.	Tuluhu	25/1/6/2	20	8	12
43.	Yayong	25/1/6/12	100	48	52

UNION TERRITORY : ARUNACHAL PRADESH—25
DISTRICT : WEST KAMENG—01
CIRCLE : THRIZINO—0060

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Total area of the village (in hectares)	Total Population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad range viz—5 kms. 5—10 kms. and 10 + kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water (Potable)	Post and Telegraph	Day or days of the market/ hat if any	Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
25/1/6/1	Giziri (Gijiri)	NA	56 (9)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	T	—(—5 kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/6/2	Tuluhu	NA	20 (3)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(10 + kms)	—(10 +kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/6/3	Tulu	NA	78 (11)	—(5—10 kms)	—(10 + kms)	S	—(10+ kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/6/4	Tania	NA	54 (8)	—(5—10 kms)	—(10+ kms)	S	—(10 + kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/6/5	Dizangania (Dijangania)	NA	245 (45)	P, AC	—(5—10kms)	T	—(5—10kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/6/7	Pakrin	NA	189 (28)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	O	—(5—10kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/6/8	Phrizing (Pharizing)	NA	81 (13)	—(—5kms)	—(—5 kms)	T	—(—5kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/6/9	Kararamu (Kararumu)	NA	62 (10)	—(—5kms)	—(5—10kms)	O	—(10 + kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/6/10	Karangonia (Karangania)	NA	145 (18)	P	—(10+kms)	O	—(10 + kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/6/11	Palatari	NA	179 (28)	P	—(—5 kms)	O	—(—5kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/6/12	Yayong	NA	100 (18)	P	—(10+ kms)	T	—(10+kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/6/13	Thessa (Thesa)	NA	60 (10)	—(—5kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(10 + kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10 + kms)
25/1/6/14	Mopgramo	NA	39 (5)	—(—5kms)	—(10+ kms)	S	—(10+ kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/6/15	Khamsiri	NA	51 (8)	—(—5kms)	—(10+ kms)	S	—(10+ kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10 + kms)
25/1/6/16	Buragaon	NA	200 (32)	P, M	HC	T	—(10+ kms)	—(10 +kms)	—(10 +kms)
25/1/6/17	Bihupam	NA	30 (3)	—(—5kms)	—(—5kms)	O	—(10+ kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/6/18	Gohainthan	NA	50 (6)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	O	—(10 +kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10 + kms)
25/1/6/19	Husigaon (Hussigaon)	NA	65 (8)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)	O	—(10+kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/6/20	Jamiri	NA	842 (115)		—(10+ kms)	F	—(10+kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/6/21	Jamiri Point	NA	140 (37)	—(10+kms)	—(10+ kms)	R	—(10+kms)	—(10 +kms)	BS
25/1/6/22	Dedza	NA	100 (20)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+kms)	R	—(10 + kms)	—(10+ kms)	BS
25/1/6/23	New Kaspi	NA	46 (16)	P	O	T	—(10+kms)	—(10 + kms)	BS
25/1/6/24	Kaspi	NA	55 (10)	P	—(10+ kms)	O	—(10 + kms)	—(10+kms)	BS
25/1/6/25	Magaopam	NA	63 (12)	—(10+kms)	—(10+ kms)	O	—(10+ kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/6/26	Lichini	NA	31 (4)	—(—5kms)	—(10+ kms)	S	—(10 kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/6/27	Sachida (Cachida)	NA	15 (3)	—(10+kms)	—(10 + kms)	O	—(10+ kms)	—(10 + kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/6/28	Banipoo	NA	55 (8)	P	—(10+ kms)	O	—(10 + kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/6/29	Chitoo	NA	48 (6)	—(10+kms)	—(10+ kms)	S	—(10 +kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/6/30	Ramu	NA	34 (6)	—(5—10kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(10+ kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/6/31	Bichom	NA	49 (23)	—(5—10kms)	—(10+kms)	R	—(10+kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/6/32	Palizi	NA	240 (43)	P	—(10+ kms)	T	—(10 + kms)	—(10+kms)	BS
25/1/6/33	Ramdagania	NA	69 (13)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	O	—(10+kms)	—(10 +kms)	BS
25/1/6/34	34 K.M. Point from Nichipu	NA	5 (2)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)	S	—(10+ kms)	—(10+kms)	BS

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Land Use

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in Km.)	Power supply	Staple food	Land Use (i. e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places)				Period of rotation of land under jhum cultivation	Main Crops under jhum cultivation	Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source)	Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated	Area under jhum cultivation			
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
FP	Bomdila (121)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	..	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (116)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	NA	..	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (113)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (118)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (122)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	T
FP	Bomdila (126)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	..	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (126)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	..	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (129)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (133)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	..	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (132)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (134)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (138)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (140)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (144)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (60)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	..	NA	3—5 years	Maize	N
FP	Bomdila (62)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	..	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (57)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	..	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (49)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	..	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (41)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	..	NA	3—5 years	Maize	T
PR	Bomdila (38)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	..	NA	3—5 years	Maize	C2
PR	Bomdila (36)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	..	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
PR	Bomdila (34)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
PR	Bomdila (38)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (48)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (73)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (49)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (70)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (93)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (91)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (76)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (105)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (91)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Paddy, Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (84)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Paddy	..

UNION TERRITORY : ARUNACHAL PRADESH
DISTRICT : WEST KAMENG
CIRCLE : THRIZINO

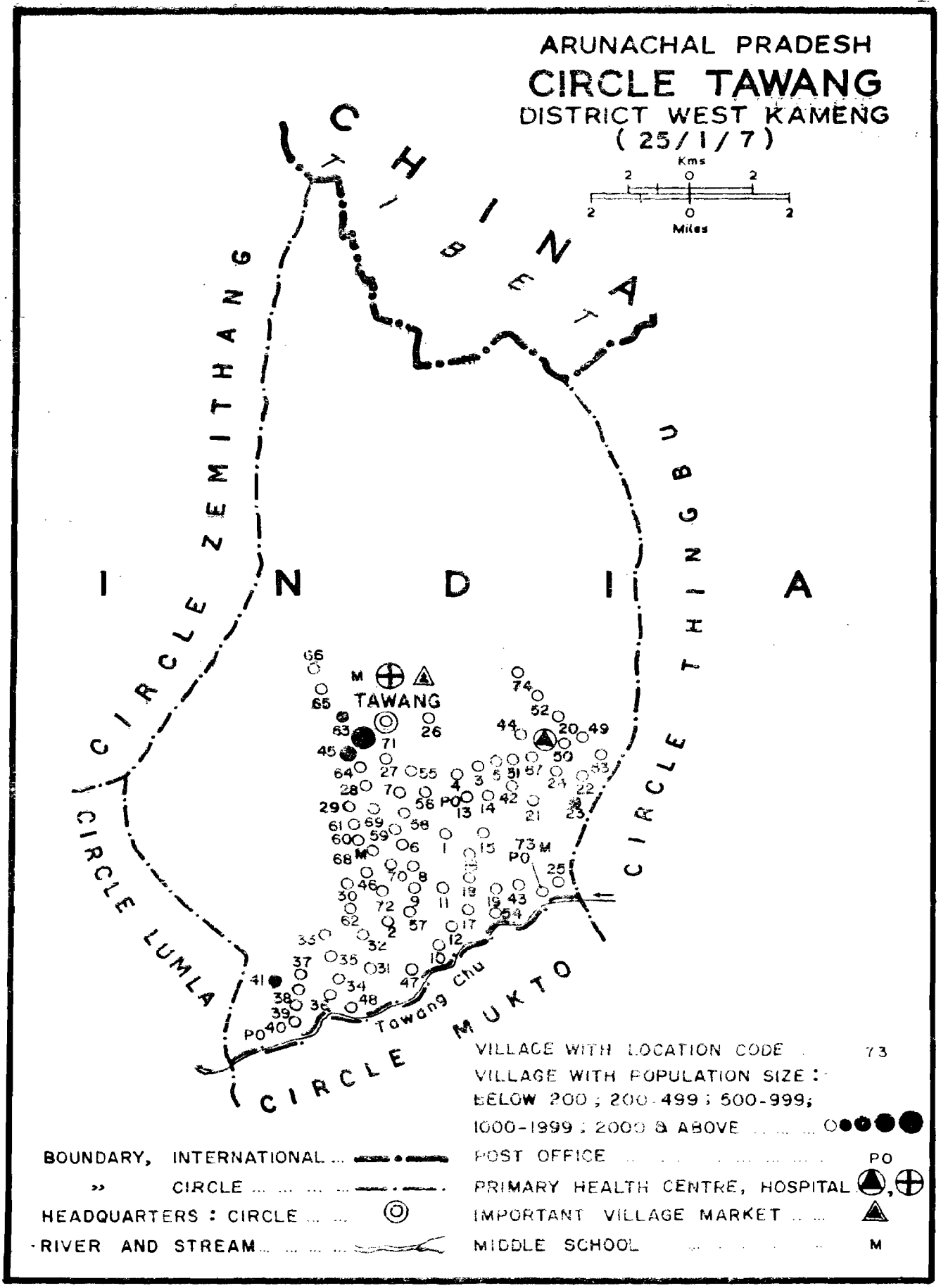
Location Code No.	Name of Village	Total area of the village (in hectares)	Total Population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz—5 kms. 5—10 kms. and 10+kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water (Potable)	Post and Telegraph	Day or days of the market/ hat if any	Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
25/1/6/35	Khuppi-B	NA	74 (23)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	BS
25/1/6/36	Khuppi-A	NA	35 (12)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	BS
25/1/6/37	Kimi	NA	36 (7)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	BS
25/1/6/38	3KM point Towards Kimi	NA	38 (17)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	BS
25/1/6/39	8 KM. Point from Kuppi to Tenga River	NA	78 (26)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	O	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/6/40	Sathi (64 KM)	NA	8 (2)	—(5—10kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/6/41	Namfri	NA	32 (6)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	O	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/6/42	Morakha (Moracca)	NA	62 (7)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	O	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/6/43	Bhorali River camp	NA	19 (14)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	R	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	BS
25/1/6/44	Thrizino (H.Q.)	NA	285 (68)	P	HC	T	PO	—(10+kms)	BS
	TOTAL		4,163 (763)	P(11) AC(1) M(1)	HC(2) O(1)				

Bomdila—"Treated as Census town"

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Land use

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in Km.)	Power supply	Staple food	Land use (i. e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places)				Period of rotation of land u ıder jhum cultivation	Main Crops under jhum cultivation	Remarks including any place of religious archaeo-logical interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultiva-tion or irritaged (by source)	Dry rice cultiva-tion or un-irri-gated	Area under cultiva-tion			
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
KR	Bomdila (92)	..	Rice, wheat	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (97)	..	Rice, wheat	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (100)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Paddy, Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (84)	..	Rice, wheat	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (76)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	..	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (82)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (48)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (68)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
KR	Bomdila (89)	..	Rice, wheat	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (122)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	..	..	NA	3—5 years	Maize	N,C, N2,C3,T3



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ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Sl. No.	Name of Circle/ Village	Location Code. No.	Persons	Males	Fe-males
1	2	3	4	5	6
	TAWANG CIRCLE .	25/1/7	9,111	4,971	4,140
1.	Audung . .	25/1/7/1	110	51	59
2.	Bakhar . .	25/1/7/43	69	34	35
3.	Batpung . .	25/1/7/14	42	22	20
4.	Berghar . .	25/1/7/16	80	42	38
5.	Bomba . .	25/1/7/68	103	61	42
6.	Bomdir . .	25/1/7/3	123	55	68
7.	Bongbeng . .	25/1/7/73	32	13	19
8.	Bramdyang Ani Gompa	25/1/7/66	39	..	39
9.	Brokar Gompa .	25/1/7/74	2	2	..
10.	Bumteng . .	25/1/7/59	53	25	28
11.	Bupaling . .	25/1/7/53	19	9	10
12.	Changbo . .	25/1/7/27	54	31	23
13.	Changtpong .	25/1/7/29	150	81	69
14.	Dharmagong. .	25/1/7/8	66	33	33
15.	Gomkong . .	25/1/7/33	47	24	23
16.	Gongkhardung .	25/1/7/55	28	11	17
17.	Gormang . .	25/1/7/31	42	20	22
18.	Greling . .	25/1/7/25	173	86	87
19.	Grengkhar . .	25/1/7/10	45	27	18
20.	Gyada . . .	25/1/7/48	75	34	41
21.	Gyangkhar . .	25/1/7/6	115	54	61
22.	Gyang Gong .	25/1/7/60	63	27	36
23.	Gyangong . .	25/1/7/65	41	..	41
24.	Kang Teng .	25/1/7/62	101	52	49
25.	Khainmay . .	25/1/7/26	93	51	42
26.	Khamba . .	25/1/7/21	154	70	84
27.	Khar Tot . .	25/1/7/7	59	30	29
28.	Khardung . .	25/1/7/17	186	81	105
29.	Kharling . .	25/1/7/42	95	50	45
30.	Khremu . .	25/1/7/44	259	127	132
31.	Khrig Gang .	25/1/7/49	64	29	35
32.	Kitkher . .	25/1/7/70	16	9	7
33.	Kitpi . . .	25/1/7/13	108	58	50
34.	Kudung . .	25/1/7/37	47	21	26
35.	Labarajang . .	25/1/7/28	68	38	30
36.	Lembardung .	25/1/7/72	60	34	26
37.	Leng Ateng Gompa	25/1/7/67	6	4	2
38.	Lhargong . .	25/1/7/11	68	34	34
39.	Lhoudung . .	25/1/7/23	255	115	140
40.	Lumkhang . .	25/1/7/22	33	13	20
41.	Maidung . .	25/1/7/61	12	5	7
42.	Menteng . .	25/1/7/20	29	15	14
43.	Namet . . .	25/1/7/4	121	55	66
44.	Namsay . .	25/1/7/58	24	14	10
45.	Ongkhar . .	25/1/7/69	31	11	20
46.	Paidhar . .	25/1/7/2	75	39	26
47.	Paigong . .	25/1/7/24	98	53	45
48.	Paikhar . .	25/1/7/9	128	68	60
49.	Paikhar . .	25/1/7/36	96	49	47
50.	Pamaghar . .	25/1/7/39	209	97	112
51.	Rigyang . .	25/1/7/50	94	54	40
52.	Sakpret . .	25/1/7/40	144	64	80
53.	Sehung . .	25/1/7/38	66	30	36
54.	Seru . . .	25/1/7/30	354	182	172
55.	Sham Ghar . .	25/1/7/15	76	40	36
56.	Sherung . .	25/1/7/18	89	49	40
57.	Shyamjing . .	25/1/7/32	68	34	34
58.	Shobrang . .	25/1/7/19	61	30	31
59.	Shyo . . .	25/1/7/45	543	269	274
60.	Sikarteng . .	25/1/7/57	10	1	9
61.	Singsorup . .	25/1/7/52	32	..	32
62.	Soburgomkong .	25/1/7/35	34	17	17
63.	Soma . . .	25/1/7/54	52	22	30
64.	Surbi . . .	25/1/7/47	178	88	90
65.	Tawang Gompa .	25/1/7/63	201	199	2
66.	Tawang (H. Q.) .	25/1/7/71	2,044	1,422	622
67.	Teli . . .	25/1/7/46	89	49	40
68.	Teng Khar . .	25/1/7/12	85	40	45
69.	Themkhar . .	25/1/7/51	32	17	15
70.	Thongleng . .	25/1/7/41	407	193	214
71.	Urgeling . .	25/1/7/64	78	39	39
72.	Weikhar . .	25/1/7/5	158	92	66
73.	Yuba . . .	25/1/7/56	52	24	28
74.	Yusum . .	25/1/7/34	98	52	46

UNION TERRITORY : ARUNACHAL PRADESH—25
DISTRICT : WEST KAMENG—01
CIRCLE : TAWANG—0070

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Total area of the village (in hectares)	Total Population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz—5 kms. 5—10 Kms. and 10+Kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water (Potable)	Post and Telegraph	Day or days of the market/hat if any	Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
25/1/7/1	Audung	NA	110(26)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(—5 kms)
25/1/7/2	Paidhar	NA	75(16)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/3	Bomdir	NA	123(28)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(— 5kms)
25/1/7/4	Namet	NA	121(37)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/5	Weikhar (Waikhar)	NA	158(35)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/6	Gyangkhar	NA	115(22)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/7	Khartot	NA	59(12)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/8	Dharmagong	NA	66(14)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/9	Paikhar	NA	128(27)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/10	Grengkhar (Grenkhar)	NA	45(10)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/11	Lhargong (Lhargang)	NA	68 (16)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/12	Tengkhar	NA	85 (18)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/13	Kippi	NA	108 (26)	P	—(10+kms)	S	PO	—(10+kms)	—(—5 kms)
25/1/7/14	Batpung	NA	42 (10)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	R	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/15	Shamghar (Shyamghar)	NA	76 (16)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/16	Berghar	NA	80 (16)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(—5 kms)
25/1/7/17	Khardung	NA	186 (38)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(—5 kms)
25/1/7/18	Shernup	NA	89 (21)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/19	Shobrang (Chobrang)	NA	61 (14)	AC	—(10+kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/20	Menteng	NA	29 (8)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/21	Khamba	NA	154 (32)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/22	Lumkhang	NA	33 (7)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/23	Lhoudung	NA	255 (48)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/24	Paigong	NA	98 (27)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/25	Greling	NA	173 (39)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/26	Khainmay (Khainmey)	NA	93 (17)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10 kms)	N	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)
25/1/7/27	Changbo	NA	54 (12)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 mks)	N	—(—5 kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)
25/1/7/28	Labrajang	NA	68 (9)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	N	—(5—10 kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)
25/1/7/29	Changprong	NA	150 (29)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	N	—(5—10 kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)
25/1/7/30	Seru	NA	354 (74)	P	MC W	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/31	Gormang	NA	42 (11)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/32	Shyamjung	NA	68 (17)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/33	Gomkong (Gomkang)	NA	47 (8)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/34	Yusum	NA	98 (20)	P	—(10+kms)	S	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/35	Saburgomkong (Saburgomkang)	NA	34 (7)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Land Use

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in Km.)	Power supply	Staple food	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places)				Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation	Main Crops under Jhum cultivation	Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source)	Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated	Area under Jhum cultivation			
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
FP	Bomdila (165)	ED	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (164)	ED	Wheat, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
PR	Bomdila (166)	ED	Maize, Wheat	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (167)	ED	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (165)	ED	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (168)	ED	Wheat, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (169)	ED	Wheat, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (169)	ED	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (169)	ED	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (165)	ED	Rice, Maize, Wheat	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (162)	ED	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (164)	ED	Rice, Millet	NA	NA	NA	.	..	..	..
PR	Bomdila (165)	ED	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (164)	..	Rice, Maize, Wheat	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (163)	ED	Rice, Maize, Wheat	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (164)	ED	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (160)	ED	Rice, Maize, Wheat	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (161)	ED	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (159)	ED	Wheat, Maize,	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (158)	ED	Wheat, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (160)	ED	Rice, Wheat, Millet	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (159)	ED	Wheat, Maize, Ragi	..	..	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (159)	ED	Wheat, Millet	..	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (160)	ED	Wheat, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (158)	ED	Rice, Wheat, Millet	..	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (176)	..	Wheat, Maize	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (177)	ED	Wheat, Maize	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (173)	ED	Wheat, Maize	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (173)	ED	Wheat, Maize	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (167)	ED	Rice, Millet, Wheat	..	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (167)	..	Rice, Millet, Wheat	..	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (172)	..	Rice, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (162)	..	Maize, Wheat	..	..	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (162)	..	Maize, Whea	..	..	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (162)	..	Maize, Whea		..	NA	..	..	..	..

UNION TERRITORY : ARUNACHAL PRADESH—25
DISTRICT : WEST KAMENG—01
CIRCLE : TAWANG—0070

Location Code No.	Name of village	Total area of the village (in hectares)	Total Population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms. 5—10 kms. and 10+kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water (Potable)	Post and Telegraph	Day of days of the market/ hat if any	Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
25/1/7/36	Paikhar (Tsaikhar)	NA	96 (23)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/37	Kudung	NA	47 (11)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/38	Sehung	NA	66 (14)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/39	Pamaghar (Pamakhar)	NA	209 (48)	P	—(10+kms)	S	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/40	Sakpret (Sakprat)	NA	144 (33)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	R	PO	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/41	Thongleng (Thanglang)	NA	407 (104)	P	—(10+kms)	N	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/42	Kharling (Khaling)	NA	95 (19)	AC	—(10+kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/43	Bakhar (Bruksar)	NA	69 (12)	AC	—(10+kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/44	Khremu (Khrimo)	NA	259 (59)	AC	—(10+kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/45	Shyo	NA	543 (100)	P	—(—5 kms)	C	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)
25/1/7/46	Teli (Telli)	NA	89 (23)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/47	Surbi	NA	178 (42)	P	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/48	Gyada	NA	75 (13)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	S	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/49	Khriggang (Khrigyang)	NA	64 (16)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/50	Rigyang	NA	94 (26)	—(—5 kms)	PHC	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/51	Themkhar	NA	32 (7)	AC	—(10+kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/52	Singsorup (Tsingsarup)	NA	32 (18)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/53	Bupaling (Brupaling)	NA	19 (3)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/54	Soma	NA	52 (12)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	R	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/55	Gangkhardung (Gongkhardung)	NA	28 (6)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/56	Yuba (Yubo)	NA	52 (15)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/57	Sikarteng	NA	10 (3)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/58	Namsay (Mansay)	NA	24 (4)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	C	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(—5 kms)
25/1/7/59	Bumteng	NA	53 (11)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/60	Gynggong (Gyangyot)	NA	63 (15)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	C	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(—5 kms)
25/1/7/61	Maidung	NA	12 (2)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	C	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(—5 kms)
25/1/7/62	Kangteng (Hangteng)	NA	101 (27)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+km)
25/1/7/63	Tawang Gompa	NA	201 (64)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	N	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)
25/1/7/64	Urgeling (Urgeliang)	NA	78 (20)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	N	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)
25/1/7/65	Gyangong (Gyangyong Anni Gompa)	NA	41(20)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/66	Bramdiyang Anni Gompa (Ramdongjung Anni Gompa)	NA	39 (19)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/7/67	Lengateng Gompa (Langating)	NA	6 (1)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	R	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+km)

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Land Use

Appr-oach to village	Nearest town & distance (in Km.)	Power supply	Staple food	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places)				Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation	Main Crops under Jhum cultivation	Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source)	Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated	Area under Jhum cultivation			
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
KR	Bomdila (159)	..	Wheat, Ragi, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (157)	..	Wheat, Maize, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (155)	..	Wheat, Maize, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (155)	..	Ragi, Wheat, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (152)	ED	Maize, Wheat, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (150)	..	Maize, Millet, Wheat	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (162)	ED	Rice, Wheat, Maize	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (172)	ED	Wheat, Maize, Millet	..	..	NA	..	..	..	..
PR	Bomdila (162)	ED	Wheat, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (178)	ED	Wheat, Rice	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (167)	..	Rice, Millet, Wheat	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (165)	ED	Rice, Maize, Wheat	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (159)	..	Wheat, Ragi, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (158)	..	Wheat, Maize	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (158)	ED	Wheat, Maize	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (154)	ED	Wheat, Maize, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (155)	..	Wheat, Maize	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (157)	..	Rice, Wheat	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (158)	..	Rice, Maize, Wheat	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (169)	ED	Wheat, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (167)	ED	Wheat, Maize, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (177)	..	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (169)	..	Maize, Wheat, Barley	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (169)	ED	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (168)	ED	Maize, Wheat, Barley	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (171)	..	Maize, Wheat, Barley	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (166)	..	Rice, Wheat, Millet	..	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (178)	ED	Rice, Wheat, Maize	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (172)	ED	Wheat, Maize	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (175)	ED	Wheat, Maize, Rice	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (174)	..	Rice, Wheat, Maize	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (174)	..	Rice, Wheat, Maize	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..

UNION TERRITORY : ARUNACHAL PRADESH—25
DISTRICT : WEST KAMENG—01
CIRCLE : TAWANG—0070

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Total area of the village (in hectares)	Total Population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms. 5—10 kms. and 10+kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water (Potable)	Post and Telegraph	Day or days of the market/hat if any	Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
25/1/7/68	Bomba . . .	NA	103 (22)	P.M	—(10+ kms)	N	—(—5 kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/7/69	Ongkhar . .	NA	31 (5)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+ kms)	N	—(—5 kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/7/70	Kithker . .	NA	16 (5)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+ kms)	N	—(—5 kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/7/71	Tawang (H.Q.) .	NA	2,044 (501)	P,H,M,O	H, TB	T	PTO, Phone	Daily Market	BS
25/1/7/72	Lembadung . .	NA	60 (14)	P,M	—(10+ kms)	N	PO	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/7/73	Bongbeng . .	NA	32 (10)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/7/74	Brokar Gompa .	NA	2 (2)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
	TOTAL		9,111(2,116)	P(10) AC(5) M(3) H(1) O(1)	MCW(1) PHC(1) H(1) TB(1)				

Bomdila—"Treated as Census town"

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Land Use

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in Km.)	Power supply	Staple food	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places)				Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation	Main Crops under Jhum cultivation	Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source)	Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated	Area under Jhum cultivation			
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
KR	Bomdila (170)	ED	Wheat, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (168)	ED	Wheat, Maize Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (166)	ED	Wheat, Maize, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
PR	Bomdila (180)	ED,EA	Rice, Maize	..	..	NA	..	..	..	N5, C10, Gompa 1
KR	Bomdila (165)	ED	Wheat, Maize	..	..	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bomdila (153)	..	Rice, Wheat, Maize	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
KR	Bompila (152)	..	Rice, Maize	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

N5, C10, Gompa 1

ARUNACHAL PRADESH

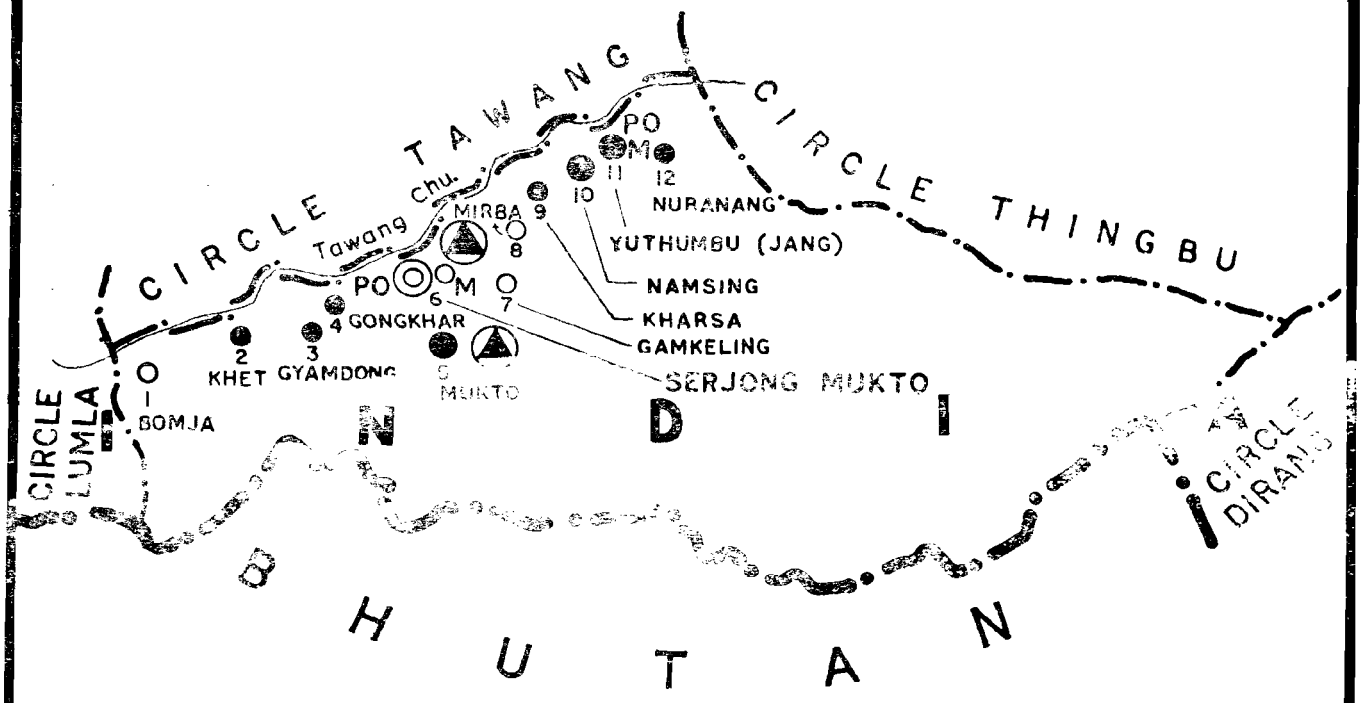
CIRCLE MUKTO

DISTRICT WEST KAMENG

(25 / 1 / 8)

KM 2 0 2 4 6 KM

MILES 2 0 2 4 MILES



INDEX

BOUNDARY, INTERNATIONAL	
,, CIRCLE	
HEADQUARTERS: CIRCLE	
NAME OF VILLAGE WITH LOCATION CODE NO.	MUKTO 5
VILLAGE WITH POPULATION SIZE :- BELOW 200; 200-499; 500-999; 1000-1999; 2000 & ABOVE	
RIVER AND STREAM	
POST OFFICE	PO
PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE	
MIDDLE SCHOOL	M

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ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Sl. No.	Name of Circle/ Village	Location Code No.	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
	MUKTO CIRCLE.	25/1/8			
1.	Bomja . .	25/1/8/1	89	48	41
2.	Gamkeling . .	25/1/8/7	102	48	54
3.	Gongkhar . .	25/1/8/4	258	115	143
4.	Gyamdong . .	25/1/8/3	225	108	117
5.	Kharsa . .	25/1/8/9	235	110	125
6.	Khet . . .	25/1/8/2	471	233	238
7.	Mirba . . .	25/1/8/8	108	50	58
8.	Mukto . . .	25/1/8/5	575	276	299
9.	Namasing . .	25/1/8/10	511	344	167
10.	Nuranang . .	25/1/8/12	426	281	145
11.	Serjong Mukto (H.Q.)	25/1/8/6	145	123	22
12.	Yuthumbu (Jang) .	25/1/8/11	893	468	425

UNION TERRITORY : ARUNACHAL PRADESH—25
DISTRICT : WEST KAMENG—01
CIRCLE : MUKTO—0080

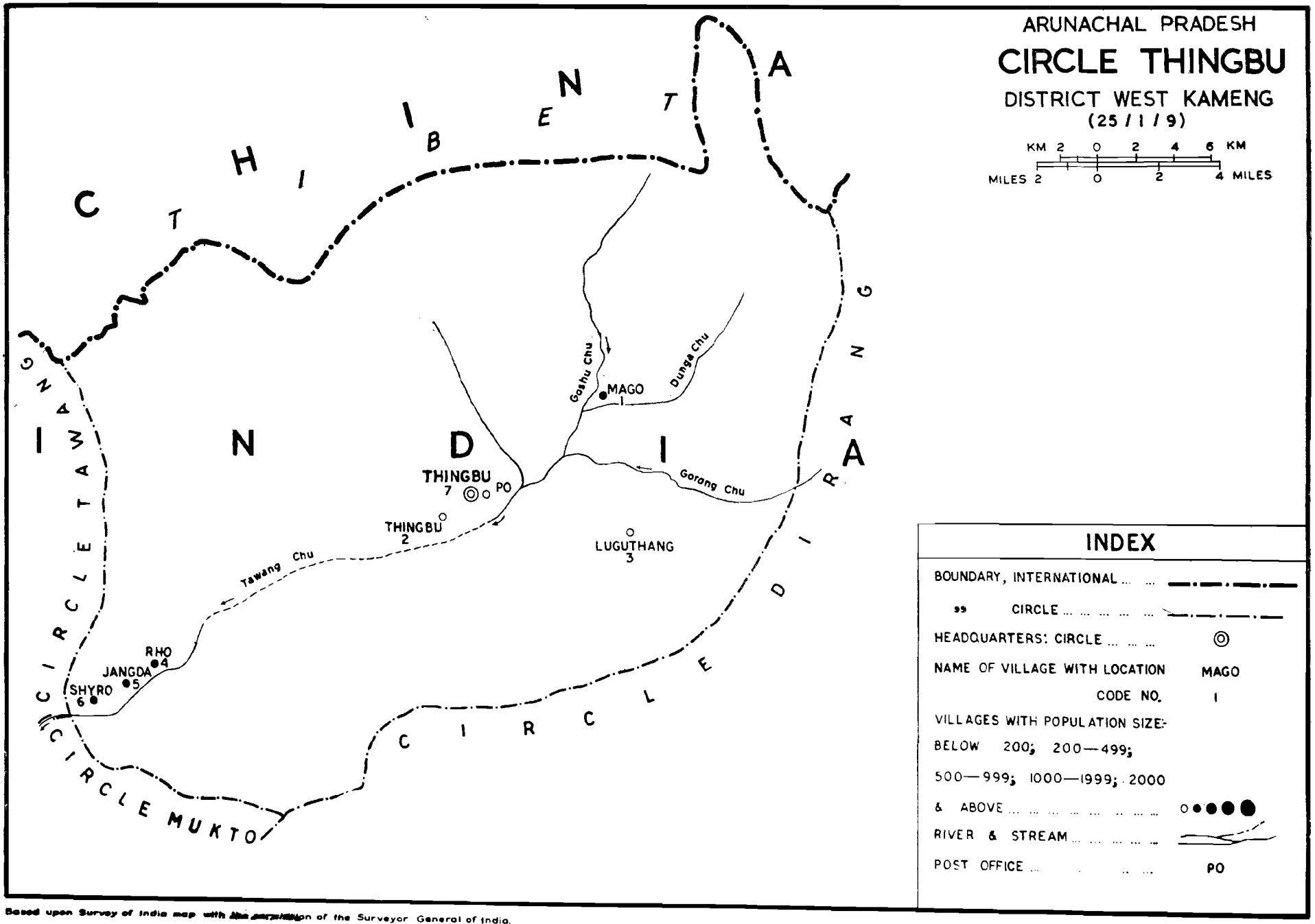
Location Code No.	Name of Village	Total area of the village (in-hectares)	Total Population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms. 5—10 kms. and 10+kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water (Potable)	Post and Telegraph	Day or days of the market/hat if any	Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
25/1/8/1	Bomja . . .	NA	89 (19)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/8/2	Khet . . .	NA	471 (110)	P	—(10+kms)	O	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/8/3	Gyamdong (Gamdong)	NA	225 (53)	P	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/8/4	Gongkhar . .	NA	258 (59)	P	—(5—10kms)	T,N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/8/5	Mukto (Mukto) .	NA	575 (142)	P,M	PHC	T,O	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/8/6	Serjong Mukto (H.Q.)	NA	145 (46)	P,M	PHC	T	PO	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/8/7	Gamkeling (Gomkhyaleng)	NA	102 (22)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	O	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/8/8	Mirba . . .	NA	108 (24)	—(5—10 kms)	—(5—10 kms)	N	—(5—10kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/8/9	Kharsa . . .	NA	235 (51)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	BS
25/1/8/10	Namasing (Namaging)	NA	511 (74)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	BS
25/1/8/11	Yuthumbu (Jang) .	NA	893 (207)	P,M	—(10+kms)	O	PO	—(10+kms)	BS
25/1/8/12	Nuranang . .	NA	426(107)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	C,N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	BS
	TOTAL		4,038 (914)	P (6) M (3)	PHC (2)				

Bomdila—"Treated as Census town".

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Land Use

App-roach to village	Nearest town & distance (in Km.)	Power supply	Staple food	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places)				Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultivation	Main Crops under Jhum Cultivation	Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source)	Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated	Area under Jhum cultivation			
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
FP	Bomdila (155)	..	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	..	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (162)	..	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (162)	..	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (143)	..	Millet, Rice	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (160)	ED,EO	Millet, Wheat	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (158)	ED,EO	Rice	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (157)	ED	Maize, Millet, Wheat	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (156)	..	Rice, Maize' Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
PR	Bomdila (143)	ED, EO	Rice, Millet	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..
PR	Bomdila (146)	ED,EO	Rice, Millet	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..
PR	Bomdila (142)	ED, EO	Rice, Millet	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..
PR	Bomdila (107)	ED, EO	Rice	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..



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ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Sl. No.	Name of Circle/ Village	Location Code No.	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
	THINGBU CIRCLE	25/1/9	1,414	714	700
1.	Jangda . . .	25/1/9/5	392	181	211
2.	Luguthang . .	25/1/9/3	65	34	31
3.	Mago . . .	25/1/9/1	212	117	95
4.	Rho . . .	25/1/9/4	319	165	154
5.	Shyro . . .	25/1/9/6	216	99	117
6.	Thingbu . .	25/1/9/2	181	96	85
7.	Thingbu (H.Q.) .	25/1/9/7	29	22	7

UNION TERRITORY : ARUNACHAL PRADESH—25
DISTRICT : WEST KAMENG—01
CIRCLE : THINGBU—0090

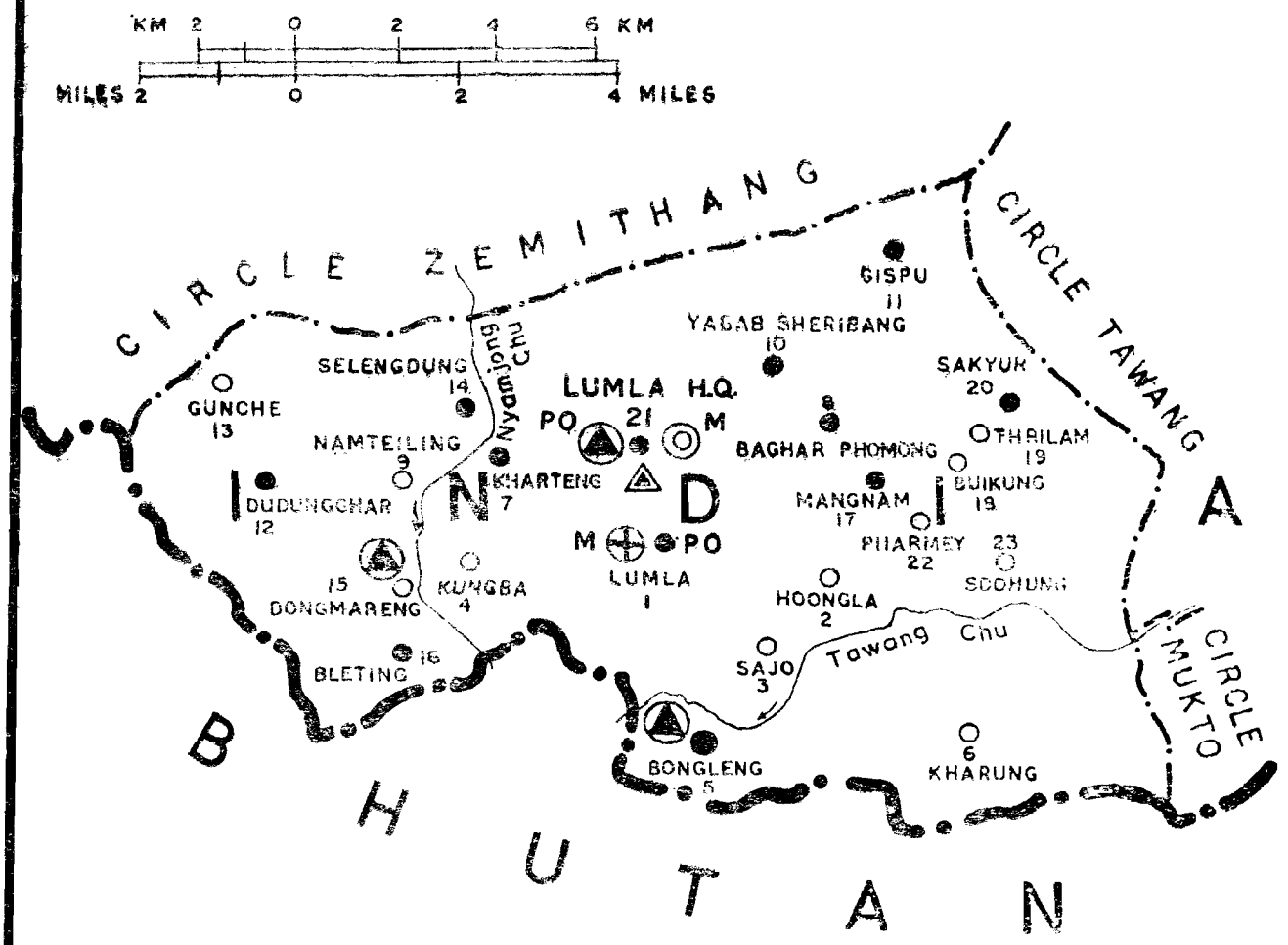
Location Code No.	Name of Village	Total area of the village (in hectares)	Total Population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms. 5—10 kms. and 10 + kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water (Potable)	Post and Telegraph	Day of days of the market/hat, if any	Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
25/1/9/1	Mago	NA	212 (35)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/9/2	Thingbu	NA	181 (25)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/9/3	Luguthang	NA	65 (12)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/9/4	Rho	NA	319 (61)	P	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/9/5	Jangda	NA	392 (75)	P	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/9/6	Shyro (Shyo)	NA	216 (44)	P	—(10+kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/9/7	Thingbu (H.Q.)	NA	29 (13)	P	PHC	T	PO	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
	TOTAL		1,414 (265)	P (4),	PHC (1)				

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Land Use

Appr-oach to village	Nearest town & distance (in Km.)	Power supply	Staple food	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places)				Period of rotation of land under Jhum cultiva-tion	Main Crops under Jhum cultivation	Remarks including any place of religi-ous, his-torical or archaeo-logical interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultiva-tion or irrigated (by source)	Dry rice cultiva-tion or un-irri-gated	Area under Jhum cultiva-tion			
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
FP	Bomdila (228)	..	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	..	NA	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (201)	..	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	..	NA	NA	4—5 years	Paddy, Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (186)	..	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (180)	..	Barly, Maize, Wheat	NA	..	NA	NA	2—3 years	Wheat, Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (176)	..	Barley, Maize, Wheat	NA	..	NA	NA	1—3 years	Wheat, Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (169)	..	Maize, Millet	NA	..	NA	NA	1—3 yers	Maize, Millet	..
FP	Bomdila (201)	..	Rice, Maize, Millet	..	..	NA	NA	1—3 years	Paddy, Maize	..

ARUNACHAL PRADESH
CIRCLE LUMLA
DISTRICT WEST KAMENG
(25/1/10)



INDEX

BOUNDARY, INTERNATIONAL	
,, CIRCLE	
HEADQUARTERS : CIRCLE	
NAME OF VILLAGE WITH LOCATION CODE NO.	LUMLA 1
VILLAGE WITH POPULATION SIZE : BELOW 200; 200 - 499; 500 - 999; 1000 - 1999; 2000 & ABOVE	
RIVER AND STREAM	
POST OFFICE	PO
PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE, HOSPITAL	
MIDDLE SCHOOL	M
IMPORTANT VILLAGE MARKET	

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ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Sl. No.	Name of Circle/ Village	Location Code No.	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
	LUMLA CIRCLE	25/1/10			
1.	Baghar Phomong	25/1/10/8	261	125	136
2.	Bletiong	25/1/10/16	333	161	172
3.	Bongleng	25/1/10/5	529	246	283
4.	Buikung	25/1/10/18	66	36	30
5.	Dongmareng	25/1/10/15	193	95	98
6.	Dudungghar	25/1/10/12	378	171	207
7.	Gispu	25/1/10/11	375	188	187
8.	Gunche	25/1/10/13	197	92	105
9.	Hoongla	25/1/10/2	138	65	73
10.	Kharung	25/1/10/6	193	99	94
11.	Khertang	25/1/10/7	250	122	128
12.	Kungba	25/1/10/4	184	83	101
13.	Lumla	25/1/10/1	317	162	155
14.	Lumla (H.Q.)	25/1/10/21	285	182	103
15.	Mangnam	25/1/10/17	334	169	165
16.	Namteiling	25/1/10/9	124	62	62
17.	Pharmey	25/1/10/22	162	76	86
18.	Sajo	25/1/10/3	109	55	5
19.	Sakyur	25/1/10/20	207	101	106
20.	Selengdung	25/1/10/14	210	95	115
21.	Soohung	25/1/10/23	139	75	64
22.	Thrilam	25/1/10/19	175	78	97
23.	Yabab Sher Bang	25/1/10/10	229	108	121

UNION TERRITORY : ARUNACHAL PRADESH—25
DISTRICT : WEST KAMENG—01
CIRCLE : LUMLA—010

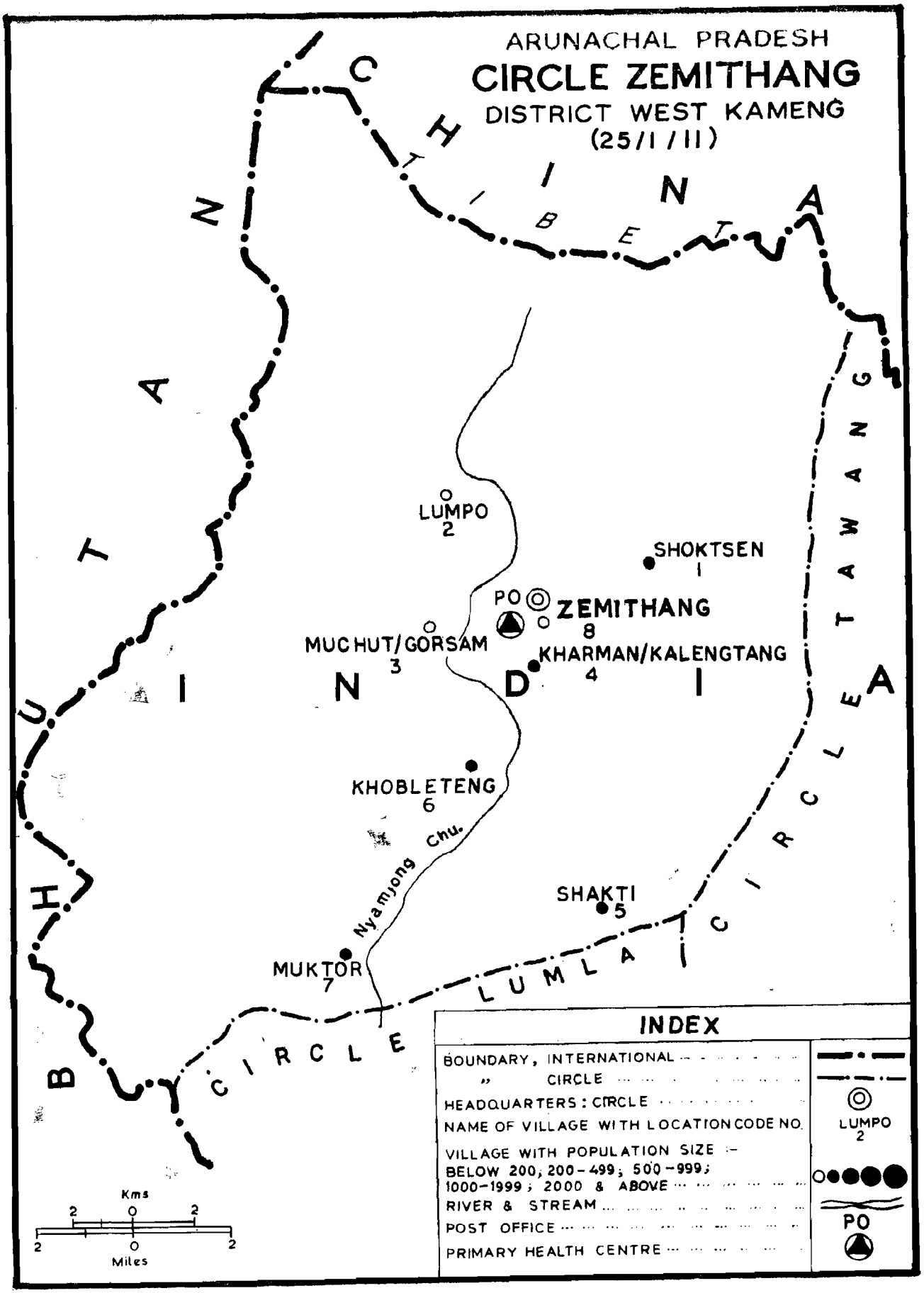
Location Code No.	Name of Village	Total area of the village (in hectares)	Total Population and number of households	Amentities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms. 5—10 kms. and 10+kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water (Potable)	Post and Telegraph	Day or days of the market/hat if any	Communications (Bus stop, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
25/1/10/1	Lumla	NA	317 (75)	P, M	H	T	PO	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/10/2	Hoongla	NA	138 (33)	P	—(5—10kms)	T	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/10/3	Sajo (Sazo)	NA	109 (27)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	N,S	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10km)
25/1/10/4	Kungba	NA	184 (40)	—(10 kms)	—(10+kms)	S,N	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)	(10 kms)
25/1/10/5	Bongleng	NA	529 (125)	P	HC	T	—(10+ kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/10/6	Kharung	NA	193 (48)	P	—(10 kms)	N	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/10/7	Khertang (Khartang)	NA	250 (61)	P	—(5—10kms)	S	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/10/8	Baghar Phamong (Baghar Phomang)	NA	261 (56)	—(—5 kms)	—(5—10kms)	S	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(10 kms)
25/1/10/9	Namteiling (Namtsering)	NA	124 (31)	—(—5 kms)	—(10 kms)	T	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)
25/1/10/10	Yabab-shere Bang (Yabab-Sherbang)	NA	229 (49)	P	—(5—10kms)	S	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(10 kms)
25/1/10/11	Gispu	NA	375 (95)	P	—(10+ kms)	F	—(10+ kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/10/12	Dudungghar (Dudunghar)	NA	378 (91)	P	HC	F	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/10/13	Gunche (Gonche)	NA	197 (46)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	F	—(10+kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/10/14	Selengdung (Chelengdong)	NA	210 (43)	(5—10kms)	—(10 kms)	S	—(10 kms)	(10 kms)	—(10+kms
25/1/10/15	Dongmareng	NA	193 (45)	P	—(10+kms)	F	—(10 kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/10/16	Bleting (Bletting)	NA	333 (76)	P	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)	—(10 kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/10/17	Mangnam (Mongnam)	NA	334 (94)	P	—(—5 kms)	T	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/10/18	Buikung	NA	66 (15)	—(5— kms)	—(5—10kms)	F	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)
25/1/10/19	Thrilam	NA	175 (39)	P	—(5—10kms)	T	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)
25/1/10/20	Sakyuri	NA	207 (33)	P	—(10+kms)	T	—(10 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+kms)
25/1/10/21	Lumla (H.Q.)	NA	285 (81)	P, M	PHC	T	PO	Daily Market	—(10+kms)
25/1/10/22	Pharmey	NA	162 (36)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	S	—(5—10kms)	—5—10kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/10/23	Soohung	NA	139 (34)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	S	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	—(10 kms)
	TOTAL		5,388 (1,273)	P—(14) M—(2)	H—(1) HC—(2) PHC—(1)				

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Land Use

Appr-oach to village	Nearest town & distance (in Km.)	Power supply	Staple food	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places)				Period of rotation of land under jhum cultivation	Main Crops under Jhum cultivation	Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source)	Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated	Area under Jhum cultivation			
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
KR	Bomdila (234)	..	Rice, Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3--5 years	Paddy, Maize	N.I.C, I Gompa!
FP	Bomdila (239)	..	Wheat, Maize, Millet	..	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (250)	..	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Paddy, Millet, Wheat	..
FP	Bomdila (247)	..	Rice, Wheat, Millet	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Paddy, Millet, Wheat	..
FP	Bomdila (252)	..	Rice, Maize, Millet	..	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize, Millet	..
FP	Bomdila (256)	..	Rice, Maize, Millet	..	..	..	NA	3—5 years	Maize, Millet	..
FP	Bomdila (243)	..	Rice, Maize, Wheat	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Paddy, Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (241)	..	Rice, Wheat	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Paddy, Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (245)	..	Rice, Wheat, Maize	..	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (242)	..	Wheat, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	NA	NA	3--5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (249)	..	Maize, Millet, Rice	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (248)	..	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	..	NA	3--5 years	Maize, Millet	..
FP	Bomdila (250)	..	Rice, Wheat, Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (248)	..	Maize, Millet	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (252)	..	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize, Millet	..
FP	Bomdila (253)	..	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	NA	NA	3--5 years	Maize, Millet	..
FP	Bomdila (231)	..	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Paddy, Millet	..
FP	Bomdila (229)	..	Maize, Jowar, Millet	NA	NA	NA	NA	3--5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (227)	..	Rice, Wheat, Maize	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (223)	..	Rice, Maize, Millet	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize, Millet	..
KR	Bomdila (234)	EA	Rice, Wheat, Maize	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
FP	Bomdila (237)	..	Maize, Millet, Rice	..	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize	..
FP	Bomdila (236)	..	Maize, Millet, Rice	..	NA	NA	NA	3--5 years	Maize	..

N.I. C I Gompa!



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ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

Sl. No.	Name of Circle/ Village	Location Code No.	Per-sons	Males	Fe-males
1	2	3	4	5	6
	ZEMITHANG CIRCLE	25/1/11	1,784	873	911
1.	Kharman/Kalengtang	25/1/11/4	227	107	120
2.	Khobleteng . .	25/1/11/6	292	142	150
3.	Lumpo . .	25/1/11/2	138	68	70
4.	Muchut/Gorsam .	25/1/11/3	117	55	62
5.	Muktor . .	25/1/11/7	319	143	176
6.	Shakti . . .	25/1/11/5	257	131	126
7.	Shoktsen .	25/1/11/1	295	152	143
8.	Zemithang (H.Q.) .	25/1/11/8	139	75	64

UNION TERRITORY : ARUNACHAL PRADESH--25
DISTRICT : WEST KAMENG--01
CIRCLE : ZEMITHANG--0100

Lacation Code No.	Name of Village	Total area of the village (in hecta-res)	Total Popu-lation and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash is shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms, 5—10 kms. and 10+ kms. of the nearest place where the facilities available is given)					
				Educational	Medical	Drink-ing water (Pota-ble)	Post and Telegraph	Day or days of the mar-ket/hat if any	Communica-tions (Bus stop, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
25/1/11/1	Shoktsen . .	NA	295 (80)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	T,W	—(5—10kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/11/2	Lumpo . .	NA	138 (36)	—(5—10kms)	—(5—10kms)	S	—(5—10kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/11/3	Muchut/Gorsam (Gyomkling)	NA	117 (24)	P	—(—5 kms)	S	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/11/4	Kharman/Kaleng-tang (Kharmen/ Kalengteng)	NA	227 (43)	—(—5 kms)	—(—5 kms)	F	—(—5 kms)	—(10+kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/11/5	Shakti . . .	NA	257 (64)	P	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/11/6	Khobleteng (Khu-bleteng)	NA	292 (69)	—(—5kms)	—(10+ kms)	S	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/11/7	Muktor (Muktur)	NA	319 (73)	P	—(10+ kms)	S	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
25/1/11/8	Zemithang (H.Q.) .	NA	139 (40)	P	HC	S	PO	—(10+ kms)	—(10+ kms)
TOTAL			1,784 (429)	P—(4)	HC (1)				

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Land Use

Appr-oach to village	Nearest town & distance (in Km.)	Power supply	Staple food	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded upto two decimal places)				Period of rotation of land under jhum cultivation	Main Crops under Jhum cultivation	Remarks including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source)	Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated	Area under Jhum cultivation			
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
FP	Bomdila (325)	..	Millet, Wheat	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Millet, Wheat	..
FP	Bomdila (285)	..	Millet, Wheat	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Maize, Wheat, Millet	..
FP	Bomdila (289)	..	Millet, Wheat	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Millet, Wheat	..
FP	Bomdila (284)	..	Millet, Wheat	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Millet, Wheat	..
FP	Bomdila (254)	..	Millet, Wheat	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Wheat, Millet	..
FP	Bomdila (297)	..	Rice, Millet, Wheat	NA	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Wheat, Millet	..
FP	Bomdila (325)	..	Millet, Wheat	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—5 years	Millet, Wheat	..
FP	Bomdila (281)	..	Millet	..	..	NA	NA	3—5 years	Millet, Wheat	..

APPENDICES
TO
VILLAGE DIRECTORY

APPENDIX I

Circlewise (Teshilwise) Abstract of Educational'

NAME OF DISTRICT : WEST KAMENG

Sl. No.	Name of Sub-Division/ Circle	EDUCATIONAL											
		Primary School		Middle School		Matriculation/ Secondary School		Higher Secondary/PUC/ (Intermediate/ Junior College		College (Graduate & above)		Adult literacy class/centres	
		Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Bomdila Sub-Division	40	40	6	6	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bomdila	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kalaktang	19	19	2	2	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dirang	16	16	4	4	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bhalukpong	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	Nafra-Buragaon Sub-Division	25	25	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	4
	Nafra	14	14	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3
	Thrizino	11	11	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
3	Tawang Sub-Division	20	20	6	6	1	1	..	..	..	..	5	5
	Tawang	10	10	3	3	1	1	..	..	..	..	5	5
	Mukto	6	6	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Thingbu	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	Lumla Sub-Division	18	18	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Lumla	14	14	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Zemithang	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	DISTRICT TOTAL	**103**	**103**	**16**	**16**	**3**	**3**	..	..	..	..	**9**	**9**

VILLAGE DIRECT ORY

Medical and other Amenities

EDUCATIONAL			MEDICAL											
Others		Villages with no educational facilities	Dispensary		Hospital		Maternity and Child Welfare centre/Maternity home/Child Welfare Centre		Primary Health Centre/Health Centre		Family Planning Centre		Primary health sub-centre	
Villages	Institutions		Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
..	..	51	..	..	5	5	..	..	5	5	..	..	..	..
..	..	8	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	34	..	..	2	2	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..
..	..	2	..	..	1	1	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..
..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
..	..	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..
..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
..	..	32	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..
1	1	68	..	..	1	1	1	1	4	4	..	..	..	..
1	1	59	..	..	1	1	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..
..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..
..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
..	..	13	..	..	1	1	..	..	4	4	..	..	..	..
..	..	9	..	..	1	1	..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..
..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
1	**1**	**172**	..	..	**7**	**7**	**1**	**1**	**16**	**16**	..	..	..	..

APPENDIX I

Circle wise (Tehsilwise) Abstract of Educational,

NAME OF DISTRICT : WEST KAMENG

Sl. No.	Name of Sub-Division/ Circle	MEDICAL					DRINKING WATER						
		Community health worker		Others		Villages with no medical facility	Tap	Well	Tank	Tube-well	River	Fountain	Canal
		Villages	Numbers	Villages	Institutions								
1	2	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
1	Bomdila Sub-Division	3	3	2	2	76	31	3	..	..	17	3	9
	Bomdila	..	..	..	..	8	1	2	..	..	3	..	..
	Kalaktang	2	2	..	..	47	20	..	..	..	12	..	5
	Dirang	1	1	2	2	12	7	..	..	..	..	3	1
	Bhalukpong	..	..	..	.	9	3	1	..	..	2	..	3
2	Nafra-Buragaon Sub-Division	6	6	1	1	55	20	..	..	..	4	4	..
	Nafra	6	6	..	..	15	11	..	..	..	..	3	..
	Thrizino	..	..	1	1	40	9	..	..	..	4	1	..
3	Tawang Sub-Division	..	..	1	1	87	6	..	..	..	4	..	5
	Tawang	..	..	1	1	71	1	..	..	..	4	..	..
	Mukto	.	.	..	..	10	4	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Thingbu	..	..	..	..	6	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	Lumla Sub-Division	..	..	..	..	26	11	..	..	..	..	6	..
	Lumla	..	..	..	..	19	9	..	..	..	..	5	..
	Zemithang	..	..	..	..	7	2	..	..	..	..	1	..
	DISTRICT TOTAL	**9**	**9**	**4**	**4**	**244**	68	3	..	..	**25**	**13**	**14**

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Medical and other Amenities

DRINKING WATER			POST AND TELEGRAPH							COMMUNICATIONS			POWER SUPPLY	
*Others	More-than one source	Villages with no drinking water facility of any type	P.O.	T.O.	PTO	P.O. & Phone	P.O. & Phone	PTO & Phone	Phone	Bus stop	Railway Station	Naviga-ble water-way	Availa-ble	Not availa-ble
42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
28	6	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	22	..	..	13	78
4	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	4	6
16	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	..	4	49
7	4	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	5	13
1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	10
37	4	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	..	..	..	65
8	4	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	22
29	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	..	..	..	43
78	3	..	6	..	1	..	..	..	1	5	..	..	55	38
65	..	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	48	26
7	3	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	7	5
6	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7
14	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	30
9	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	22
5	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8
157	**16**	..	**17**	..	**1**	..	..	..	**1**	**40**	..	..	**69**	**211**

*'Others' Includes spring and Nallah in additon to the entries 'others' of Village Directory.

APPENDIX II—VILLAGE DIRECTORY

LAND UTILISATION DATA IN RESPECT OF NON-MUNICIPAL TOWNS

(CENSUS TOWNS)

DISTRICT WEST KAMENG

Sl. No.	Name of Town and Taluk within brackets	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectares rounded to the nearest two decimal places					Period of rotation of land under Jhum Cultivation	Main crops under Jhum cultivation
		Total area	Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated (by source)	Dry rice cultivation or un-irrigated	Area under Jhum cultivation		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	BOMDILA (Bomdila)	1,600	NA	NA	NA	NA	3—4 years	Maize, Millet

APPENDIX III

LIST OF VILLAGES WHERE NO AMENITIES ARE AVAILABLE OTHER THAN DRINKING WATER

WEST KAMENG DISTRICT

Sl. No.	Location Code No	Name of Village
	Bomdila Circle	
1	25/1/1/4	Tenga Valley Block-2
2	25/1/1/5	Ramalingom Chockoo to Sissini
3	25/1/1/7	Diching
	Kalaktang Circle	
4	25/1/2/6	Lazala Gompa
5	25/1/2/9	Sanlem
6	25/1/2/10	Domkho
7	25/1/2/12	Liphakpou
8	25/1/2/14	Sandrung
9	25/1/2/19	Weizer
10	25/1/2/20	Membacher
11	25/1/2/21	Musaksing
12	25/1/2/23	Lungbaktang
13	25/1/2/26	Lingchompa
14	25/1/2/30	Jungpam
15	25/1/2/32	Dickshipam
16	25/1/2/33	Jamyam
17	25/1/2/34	Sumujchipam
18	25/1/2/35	Dickchomrong
19	25/1/2/39	Dimachang
20	25/1/2/41	Rangthong Jurpam
21	25/1/2/42	Ankaling
22	25/1/2/43	Shikari Danga
23	25/1/2/44	Flag Pam
24	25/1/2/45	Panniktang
25	25/1/2/46	New Betali
26	25/1/2/47	Rowta Forest camp
27	25/1/2/48	Dhansiri
28	25/1/2/49	Bhairab Kund
29	25/1/2/51	900 CH Labour Camp
30	25/1/2/52	1100 CH Labour Camp
31	25/1/2/53	1300 CH Labour Camp
32	25/1/2/54	1600 CH Labour Camp
33	25/1/2/56	1900 CH Labour Camp
34	25/1/2/57	Masalupam
	Dirang Circle	
35	25/1/3/13	Khoitam
36	25/1/3/16	Chandar
	Bhalukpong Circle	
37	25/1/4/7	Khellong
38	25/1/4/8	Chopai
39	25/1/4/9	Deputa
	Nafra Circle	
40	25/1/5/8	Bulu
41	25/1/5/9	Dilung
42	25/1/5/10	Wuthung
43	25/1/5/12	Nachibon
44	25/1/5/14	Nizung
45	25/1/5/16	Lapusa
46	25/1/5/20	Dzong
47	25/1/5/21	Chillang
	Thrizino Circle	
48	25/1/6/1	Girziri
49	25/1/6/2	Tuluhu
50	25/1/6/3	Tulu
51	25/1/6/4	Tania
52	25/1/6/7	Pakrin
53	25/1/6/8	Phrizing
54	25/1/6/9	Kararamu
55	25/1/6/13	Thessa
56	25/1/6/14	Mopgromo
57	25/1/6/15	Khamsiri
58	25/1/6/17	Bhupam
59	25/1/6/18	Gohain than
60	25/1/6/19	Husigaon
61	25/1/6/25	Nagaopam
62	25/1/6/26	Lichine
63	25/1/6/27	Sachida
64	25/1/6/29	Chitoo
65	25/1/6/30	Ramu
66	25/1/6/31	Bichom
67	25/1/6/39	8 Km. point from Kuppi to Tenga Valley
68	25/1/6/40	Sathi
69	25/1/6/41	Namfri
70	25/1/6/42	Morakha

APPENDIX III—*Concld.*

LIST OF VILLAGES WHERE NO AMENITIES ARE AVAILABLE OTHER THAN DRINKING WATER

Sl. No.	Location Code No.	Name of Village
	Tawang Circle	
71	25/1/7/14	Batpung
72	25/1/7/26	Khainmay
73	25/1/7/31	Gormang
74	25/1/7/32	Shyamjung
75	25/1/7/33	Gomkong
76	25/1/7/35	Saburgonkong
77	25/1/7/36	Paikhar
78	25/1/7/37	Kudung
79	25/1/7/38	Sehung
80	25/1/7/46	Teli
81	25/1/7/48	Gyada
82	25/1/7/49	Khriggang
83	25/1/7/52	Singsorup
84	25/1/7/53	Bupaling
85	25/1/7/54	Soma
86	25/1/7/57	Sikarteng
87	25/1/7/58	Namsay
88	25/1/7/61	Maidung
89	25/1/7/62	Kangteng
90	25/1/7/66	Bramdiyang anni Gompa
91	25/1/7/67	Lengteng
92	25/1/7/73	Bongbeng
93	25/1/7/74	Brakar Gompa
	Mukto Circle	
94	25/1/8/1	Bomja
95	25/1/8/8	Mirbea
	Thingbu Circle	
96	25/1/9/1	Mago
97	25/1/9/2	Thingbu
98	25/1/9/3	Luguthang
	Lumla Circle	
99	25/1/10/3	Sajo
100	25/1/10/4	Kungba
101	25/1/10/8	Beghar Phomong
102	25/1/10/9	Namteiling
103	25/1/10/13	Gunche
104	25/1/10/14	Selengdung
105	25/1/10/18	Buikung
106	25/1/10/22	Pharney
107	25/1/10/23	Soohung
	Zemethang Circle	
108	25/1/11/1	Shoktsen
109	25/1/11/2	Lumpo
110	25/1/11/4	Kharman/Kalengtang
111	25/1/11/6	Khobleteng

APPENDIX IV—VILLAGE DIRECTORY

LIST OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES TO THE TOTAL POPULATION BY RANGES

A—Scheduled Castes

Circle	Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentage)	Location code No.	Name of Village
1	2	3	4
Bomdila	0—5*	25/1/1/1	Dahung
		25/1/1/2	Singchong
		25/1/1/3	Tenga Valley Block-I
		25/1/1/4	Tenga Valley Block-II
		25/1/1/10	Dahung Riverside
Kalaktang	0—5*	25/1/2/40	Kalaktang H.Q.
		25/1/2/55	1900 CH. Labour Camp
Dirang	0—5*	25/1/3/1	Dirang
		25/1/3/17	Dirang H.Q.
Bhalukpong	0—5*	25/1/4/4	Kameng Bari (Foot Hills)
		25/1/4/10	Bhalukpong H.Q.
Nafra	0—5*	25/1/5/13	Nakhu
	6—10	25/1/5/22	Nafra H.Q.
Thrizino	0—5*	25/1/6/44	Thrizino H.Q.
Tawang	0—5*	25/1/7/71	Tawang H.Q.
		25/1/7/72	Lembardung
Mukto	0—5*	25/1/8/6	Serjong Mukto H.Q
Thingbu			There is no Village with SC Population in this Circle.
Lumla			There is no Village with SC population in this Circle.
Zemithang	0—5*	25/1/11/8	Zemithang H.Q.

*Excludes villages with no SC population.

N.B.—The population ranges having no population have not been shown.

APPENDIX IV—VILLAGE DIRECTORY

LIST OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF SCHEDULED TRIBES TO THE TOTAL POPULATION BY RANGES

B—Scheduled Tribes

Circle	Range nf Scheduled Castes population (percentage)	Location Code No.	Name of Village
1	2	3	4
Bomdila	0—5*	25/1/1/1	Dahung
		25/1/1/3	Tenga Valley BL.I
		25/1/1/4	Tenga Valley BL.II
		25/1/1/10	Dahung Riverside
	6—15	25/1/1/9	Dukumpani (64 mile Camp)
	36—50	25/1/1/2	Singchong
	51+	25/1/1/7	Diching
		25/1/1/8	Sera
Kalaktang	0—5*	25/1/2/42	Ankalin
		25/1/2/47	Rowta Forest Cam
		25/1/2/52	1100 CH. Labour Camp
		25/1/2/56	Tenzin Gaon
	6—15	25/1/2/24	Chillipam
		25/1/2/46	New Betali
		25/1/2/48	Dhansiri
		25/1/2/53	1300 Ch. Labour Camp
		25/1/2/55	1900 Ch. Labour Camp
	16—25	25/1/2/35	Dichomrong
		25/1/2/40	Kalaktang H.Q.
		25/1/2/49	Kalactng
	26—35	25/1/2/11	Brokpaleng
		25/1/2/13	Warrangpam
		25/1/2/37	Kamalanchen
	36—50	25/1/2/23	Lungbaktang
		25/1/2/29	Rupa
		25/1/2/36	Shergaon
		25/1/2/39	Demachang
		25/1/2/44	Flang Pam
	51+	25/1/2/1	Samphung
		25/1/2/2	Langdun
		25/1/2/3	Kalaktang
		25/1/2/4	Chingi
		25/1/2/5	Marshing
		25/1/2/6	Lazala Gompa
		25/1/2/9	Sanglem
		25/1/2/10	Domkho
		25/1/2/12	Liphakpu
		25/1/2/15	Boha
		25/1/2/16	Betgheling
		25/1/2/17	Ankaling
		25/1/2/18	Denzi
		25/1/2/19	Weizer
		25/1/2/20	Membacher
		25/1/2/21	Musaksing
		25/1/2/22	Jigaon
		25/1/2/25	Thungre
		25/1/2/26	Lingchompam
		25/1/2/27	Brokpablang
		25/1/2/30	Jungpam
		25/1/2/31	Mukuthing
		25/1/2/32	Dickshipam
		25/1/2/33	Jamyam
		25/1/2/34	Sumujchipam
		25/1/2/38	Balemu
		25/1/2/41	Rangthong Jur Pam
		25/1/2/45	Panniktang
		25/1/2/57	Masalupam
Dirang	26—35	25/1/3/18	Salari
	36—50	25/1/3/17	Dirang H.Q.
	51+	25/1/3/1	Dirang
		25/1/3/2	Yewang
		25/1/3/3	Lish
		25/1/3/4	Lubrang
		25/1/3/5	Nykmadung
		25/1/3/6	Senge
		25/1/3/7	Chug
		25/1/3/8	Sangti
		25/1/3/9	Khalibok
		25/1/3/10	Namshu
		25/1/3/11	Thumbong
		25/1/3/12	Rahung
		25/1/3/13	Khoitam
		25/1/3/14	Mandlaphudung
		25/1/3/15	Pangma
		25/1/3/16	Chandar

*Excludes villages with no S.T. population.

N.B.—The population ranges having no population have not been shown.

APPENDIX IV—VILLAGE DIRECTORY

LIST OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF SCHEDULED TRIBES TO THE TOTAL POPULATION BY RANGES

B—Scheduled Tribes

Circle	Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentage)	Lacation Code No.	Name of Village
1	2	3	4
Bhalukpong .	6—15	25/1/4/1	Tippi
		25/1/4/2	Elephant Flate
		25/1/4/3	Sessa
		25/1/4/7	Khellong
		25/1/4/8	Chopai
		25/1/4/10	Bhalukpong H.Q.
	26—35	25/1/4/4	Kameng Bari (Foot Hill)
	51+	25/1/4/5	Doimara
		25/1/4/6	New Khellong
Nafra	51+	25/1/5/1	Dzang
		25/1/5/2	Kooina
		25/1/5/3	Booth
		25/1/5/4	Rurang
		25/1/5/5	Ditghik
		25/1/5/6	Dibbin
		25/1/5/7	Matho
		25/1/5/8	Bulu
		25/1/5/9	Dilung
		25/1/5/10	Wuthung
		25/1/5/11	Dibbrick
		25/1/5/12	Nachibon
		25/1/5/13	Nakhu
		25/1/5/14	Nizung
		25/1/5/15	Khellong
		25/1/5/16	Lapusa
		25/1/5/17	Khazalang
		25/1/5/18	Janaching
		25/1/5/19	Challon
		25/1/5/20	Dazang (Upper)
		25/1/5/21	Chillang
		25/1/5/22	Nafra H.Q.
Thrizino . .	0—5*	25/1/6/22	Dedza
		25/1/6/35	Khuppi-B
	6—15	25/1/6/21	Jamiri Point
		25/1/6/36	Khuppi-A
	16—25	25/1/6/20	Jamiri
		25/1/6/39	8 km. point from Khuppi to Tenga River
	26—35	25/1/6/31	Bichom
	36—50	25/1/6/44	Thirizino H.Q.
	51+	25/1/6/1	Giziri
		25/1/6/2	Tuluhu
		25/1/6/3	Tulu
		25/1/6/4	Tanta
		25/1/6/5	Dizangania
		25/1/6/7	Pakrin
		25/1/6/8	Phrizing
		25/1/6/9	Kararamu
		25/1/6/10	Karangona
		25/1/6/11	Palatari
		25/1/6/12	Yayong
		25/1/6/13	Thessa
		25/1/6/14	Mopgromo
		25/1/6/15	Khamsiri
		25/1/6/16	Buragaon
		25/1/6/17	Bihupam
		25/1/6/18	Gohainthan
		25/1/6/19	Husigaon
		25/1/6/23	New Kaspi
		25/1/6/24	Kaspi
		25/1/6/25	Magaopam
		25/1/6/26	Lichini
		25/1/6/27	Sachida
		25/1/6/28	Banipoo
		25/1/6/29	Chitoo
		25/1/6/30	Ramu
		25/1/6/32	Pallizi
		25/1/6/33	Ramdagania
		25/1/6/34	34 km. Point from Neohipu
		25/1/6/37	Kimi
		25/1/6/38	3 km. Point towards Kimi
		25/1/6/40	Sathi (64 km.)
		25/1/6/41	Namrri
		25/1/6/42	Morakaha
Tawang . .	36—50	25/1/7/71	Tawang H.Q.
	51+	25/1/7/1	Audung
		25/1/7/2	Paidhar
		25/1/7/3	Bomdir
		25/1/7/4	Namet
		25/1/7/5	Weikhar
		25/1/7/6	Gyanghar
		25/1/7/7	Khartot
		25/1/7/8	Dharmong
		25/1/7/9	Paikhar
		25/1/7/10	Grankhar
		25/1/7/11	Lhargong
		25/1/7/12	Tengkhar
		25/1/7/13	Kitpi
		25/1/7/14	Batpung
		25/1/7/15	Shamghar
		25/1/7/16	Berghar
		25/1/7/17	Khardung
		25/1/7/18	Shernup
		25/1/7/19	Shobrang
		25/1/7/20	Menteng
		25/1/7/21	Khamba
		25/1/7/22	Lumkhang
		25/1/7/23	Lhoudung

*Excludes villages with No ST population.

N.B.—The population ranges having no population have not been shown.

APPENDIX IV—VILLAGE DIRECTORY

LIST OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF SCHEDULED TRIBES TO THE TOTAL POPULATION BY RANGES

B—Scheduled Tribes

Circle	Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentage)	Location Code No.	Name of Village
1	2	3	4
		25/1/7/24	Paigong
		25/1/7/25	Greling
		25/1/7/26	Khainmay
		25/1/7/27	Changbo
		25/1/7/28	Labrajang
		25/1/7/29	Changprong
		25/1/7/30	Seru
		25/1/7/31	Gormang
		25/1/7/32	Shyamjing
		25/1/7/33	Gomkong
		25/1/7/34	Yusum
		25/1/7/35	Sobrugomkong
		25/1/7/36	Paikhar
		25/1/7/37	Kudung
		25/1/7/38	Sehung
		25/1/7/39	Pamghar
		25/1/7/40	Sakpret
		25/1/7/41	Thongleng
		25/1/7/42	Kharling
		25/1/7/43	Bakhar
		25/1/7/44	Khremu
		25/1/7/45	Shyo
		25/1/7/46	Teli
		25/1/7/47	Surbi
		25/1/7/48	Gyada
		25/1/7/49	Khriggang
		25/1/7/50	Rigyang
		25/1/7/51	Themkhar
		25/1/7/52	Singsorup
		25/1/7/53	Bupaling
		25/1/7/54	Soma
		25/1/7/55	Gongkhardung
		25/1/7/56	Yuba
		25/1/7/57	Sikarteng
		25/1/7/59	Bumteng
		25/1/7/60	Gyangong
		25/1/7/61	Maidung
		25/1/7/62	Kangteng
		25/1/7/63	Tawang Gompa
		25/1/7/64	Urgeling
		25/1/7/65	Gyangong
		25/1/7/66	Bramdiyang Ani Gompa
		25/1/7/67	Lengateng Gompa
		25/1/7/68	Bomba
		25/1/7/69	Ongkhar
		25/1/7/70	Kitkher
		25/1/7/72	Lembardung
		25/1/7/73	Bongbeng
		25/1/7/74	Brokar Gompa
Mukto . .	0—5*	25/1/8/12	Nuranang
	16—25	25/1/8/6	Serjong Mukto H.Q.
	51+	25/1/8/1	Bomja
		25/1/8/2	Kheet
		25/1/8/3	Gyamdong
		25/1/8/4	Gongkhar
		25/1/8/5	Mukto
		25/1/8/7	Gamkeling
		25/1/8/8	Mirba
		25/1/8/9	Kharsa
		25/1/8/10	Namsing
		25/1/8/11	Yuthumbu (Jang)
Thingbu . .	36—50	25/1/9/7	Thingbu H.Q.
	51+	25/1/9/1	Mago
		25/1/9/2	Thingbu
		25/1/9/3	Luguthang
		25/1/9/4	Rho
		25/1/9/5	Jangda
		25/1/9/6	Shyro
Lumla . .	51+	25/1/10/1	Lumla
		25/1/10/2	Hoongla
		25/1/10/3	Sajo
		25/1/10/4	Kungba
		25/1/10/5	Bongleng
		25/1/10/6	Kharung
		25/1/10/7	Kharteng
		25/1/10/8	Naghar Phomong
		25/1/10/9	Namteiling
		25/1/10/10	Yabab Sherbang
		25/1/10/11	Gispu
		25/1/10/12	Dudungghar
		25/1/10/13	Gunche
		25/1/10/14	Selengdung
		25/1/10/15	Dongmerang
		25/1/10/16	Bleting
		25/1/10/17	Mangnam
		25/1/10/18	Buikung
		25/1/10/19	Thrilam
		25/1/10/20	Sakyur
		25/1/10/21	Lumla H.Q.
		25/1/10/22	Pharmey
		25/1/10/23	Soohung
Zemithang .	51+	25/1/11/1	Shoktsen
		25/1/11/2	Lumpo
		25/1/11/3	Muchut/Gorsam
		25/1/11/4	Kharman/Kalengtang
		25/1/11/5	Shakti
		25/1/11/6	Khobleteng
		25/1/11/7	Muktor
		25/1/11/8	Zemithang H.Q.

*Exclues village with no ST population.

N.B.—The population ranges having no population have not been shown.

SECTION II

TOWN DIRECTORY

15—176 R. G. India/ND/84

Note explaining the Codes used in the Town Directory

Educational facilities—Arts/Science/Commerce

Arts and Science only	AS

Recognised Shorthand, type-writing and other vocational training institutions :

Type writing	Type

Recreational and cultural facilities :

Public library	PL
Reading Room	RR

Roads and other means of Communications :

Pucca Road	PR
Kucha Road	KR
River	R
Canal	C

System of sewerage :

Pit system	PT
Open surface drain	OSD

Protected water supply source and capacity of storage system :

Overhead tank	OT
Service reservoir	SR
Borewell Pumping system	BW
Pressure tank	PT
Tube well Water/Hand pump	TW
Tap water	T
Well water	W
Tank water	TK
River infilteration gallery	IG

Medical facilities :

Hospital	H
T.B. Clinic	TB
Family planning centre	FC
Others	O

Civic Status of town :

Census Town	CT

The towns have been classified as under :—

Classification of town :

Class I	100,000 and above
Class II	50,000—99,999
Class III	20,000—49,999
Class IV	10,000—19,999
Class V	5,000 9,999
Class VI	Less than 5,000

STATEMENT—I

Status and Growth History

Sl. No.	Class, name and civic administration status of town	Location Code No.	Name of Circle	Area in (sq. kms.)	Number of households including houseless households (in 1981 Census)	Population and growth rate of the town at the censuses of									Density (1981 Census)	Sex Ratio		
						1901	1911	1921	1931	1941	1951	1961	1971	1981		1961 Census	1971 Census	1981 Census
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1.	VI Bomdila* (C.T.)	25/1/I	Bomdila	16	988	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,172	3,860 (21·69)	241	..	396	725

*In 1971 Census, Bomdila was regarded as an urban area for the first time. Bomdila is the District Headquarters of West Kameng District and is managed by the Deputy Commissioner. There is no separate civic administrative body. Roads, buildings and other civic amenities are maintained by the Central Public Works Department.

Following abbreviation is used for this statement :—

(Source : District authority)

CT—Census Town

STATEMENT—II

Physical Aspects and Location of Towns, 1979

Sl. No.	Class and name of town	Physical Aspects			Name of and road distance (in kms) from						
		Rainfall (in mm)	Temperature (in centigrade)		State Hqrs.	District Hqrs.	Circle H.Q.	Nearest city with population of one lakh and more	Railway station	Bus route	Navigable river canal (if within 10 kms)
			Maximum	Minimum							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1.	VI Bomdila	701·0	18·01	9·8	Itanagar (362)	Bomdila (0)	Bomdila (0)	Gauhati, Assam (334)	Rangapara, Assam (150)	Bomdila (0)	..

(Source : District Authority)

STATEMENT—III

Municipal Finance, 1978-1979

Sl. No.	Class and name of town	Civic administration status (in 1980)	Receipt (in Rs. '00)							Expenditures (in Rs. '00)						
			Receipt through taxes etc.	Revenue derived from municipal properties and power apart from taxation	Govt. grant	Loan	Advance	Other sources (specify)	Total receipt	General administration	Public Safety	Public Health and Convenience	Public Works	Public (institutions)	Others (specify)	Total expenditure
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1.	VI Bomdila*	C.T.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

(Source : District authority)

Following abbreviation is used for this statement : -
CT—Census Town

STATEMENT—IV

Civic and Other Amenities, 1979

Sl. No.	Class and name of town	Civic administration status (in 1980)	1981 (Census) Population	Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes population	Road length (in kms)	System of Sewerage	Number of latrines			Method of disposal of night soil	Protected water supply		Fire fighting service	Electrification (number of connections)				
							Water Borne	Service	Others		Source of supply	System of storage with capacity in liters (in brackets)		Domestic	Industrial	Commercial	Road lighting (points)	Others
1	2	3		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		18	19
1.	VI Bomdila	C.T.	3,860	SC-53 ST 1166	14	OSD	361	..	..	ST, O	T	PT (275000)	Yes	823	6	66		400	..

(Source : District authority)

Following abbreviations are used for this statement :—
CT—Census Town
OSD—Open surface drains
ST—Septic Tank latrins
O—The method of disposal of night soil by pig
T—Tap Water
PT—Pressure Tank

STATEMENT—IV-A

Civic and other amenities in notified slums, 1979

Sl. No.	Class* and name of town	Name of slum	Area of slum	Population of slum	Paved roads (in Kms)	System of sewerage	Number of latrines				Method of disposal of night soil	No. of tap points/ public hydrants installed for supply of proctected water	Electrification (No. of connections)		
							Private			Community			Domestic	Road lighting (points)	Others
							Water borne	Service	Others						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

*For Class I and Class II towns only.

*This table, therefore, is not applicable for Arunachal Pradesh.

STATEMENT—V

Medical, Educational, Recreational and Cultural Facilities, 1979

Sl. No.	Class and name of town	Popu lation	Medical facilities		Educational facilities											Number of Recreational and Cultural facilities			
			Hospitals/ Dispensaries/ T.B. Clinics etc.	Beds in Medical Institutions noted in col. 4.	Arts/ Science/ Commerce Colleges (of degree level and above)	Medical Colleges	Engineering Colleges	Polytechnics	Recognised short hand, Typewriting and vocational training Institutions	Higher Secondary/ Intermediate/PUC (Pre-university College/ Junior College level)	Secondary/ Matriculation	Junior Secondary and Middle Schools	Primary Schools	Adult literacy classes/ centres, Others (specify)	Working women's hostels with number of seats	Stadia	Cinema	Auditoria/ Drama/ Community Halls	Public libraries including reading rooms
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1.	VI Bomdila	3,860	H	22	Tezpur, Assam (160 km)	Gauhati, Assam (240km)	Gauhati, Assam (232km)	Gauhati, Assam (240km)	Tezpur, Assam (160km)	1	—1	1	1	..	1(12)	1	1	..	PL—1 RR—1

(Source : District Authority)

Following abbreviations are used for this statement :—

PL—Public Library

Note :

(1) Under column 4, the medical institutions whether Allopathic or Ayurvedic or Unani or Homoeopathic which are run by or aided by Government/ Semi-Government and charitable institutions or social service agencies like the missionaries are only recorded.

(2) If an educational facility is not available in the town, the name of the nearest place if in the same district or the name of the nearest place and name of state if in other state where the facility is available is mentioned alongwith the distance of the place from Pasighat town.

(3) In case composite Schools like Middle Schools with Primary Classes or Secondary Schools with Middle Classes, these are included in the number of primary and Middle School respectively. For example, if in a town there are two Primary Schools and one Middle School with Primary Classes, the number of Primary Schools in the town may be given as 3 and that of Middle School as one even though there may be only three educational institutions. So also in case of Secondary or Higher Secondary Schools.

(Source :— District Authority)

STATEMENT—VI

Trade, Commerce, Industry and Banking, 1979

Sl. No.	Class and name of town	Name of three most important commodities imported			Name of three most important commodities exported			Name of three most important commodities manufactured			Number of Banks	Number of agricultural credit societies	Number of non-agricultural credit societies
		1st	2nd	3rd	1st	2nd	3rd	1st	2nd	3rd			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1.	VI Bomdila	Food grains	Salt	Cloth	Apple	Woollen Carpet	Vege-tables	Woollen Carpet making	Wooden Furniture	Cane Furniture	1	..	..

(Source : Dist

PART B

DISTRICT PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

16—176 R. G. India/ND/84

DISTRICT PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

District/Sub-division/ Circle/Town	Total Rural Urban	Area in Km²	No. of occupied residential houses	No. of Households	Total Population (including Institutional and Houseless Population)			Scheduled Castes			Scheduled Tribes			Literates			MAIN WORKERS					
																	Total Main Workers (I—IX)			Cultivators (I)		
					P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
West Kameng District	Total	9,594.0	14,131	14,577	63,302	34,078	29,224	259	148	111	41,963	20,900	21,063	13,277	9,645	3,632	32,094	20,592	11,502	18,521	8,928	9,593
	Rural	NA	13,149	13,589	59,442	31,840	27,602	206	115	91	40,797	20,325	20,472	11,396	8,341	3,055	30,533	19,262	11,271	18,490	8,910	9,580
	Urban	NA	982	988	3,860	2,238	1,622	53	33	20	1,166	575	591	1,881	1,304	577	1,561	1,330	231	31	18	13
(1) Bomdila Subdivision.	Total	NA	7,788	8,157	33,538	18,352	15,186	200	112	88	16,907	8,527	8,380	9,003	6,303	2,700	15,557	10,858	4,699	7,580	3,889	3,691
	Rural	NA	6,806	7,169	29,678	16,114	13,564	147	79	68	15,741	7,952	7,789	7,122	4,999	2,123	13,996	9,528	4,468	7,549	3,871	3,678
	Urban	NA	982	988	3,860	2,238	1,622	53	33	20	1,166	575	591	1,881	1,304	577	1,561	330	231	31	18	13
(i) Bomdila	Total	NA	2,946	2,979	10,861	5,913	4,948	125	69	56	1,805	904	901	4,665	2,948	1,717	3,826	3,276	550	426	219	207
	Rural	NA	1,964	1,991	7,001	3,675	3,326	72	36	36	639	329	310	2,784	1,644	1,140	2,265	1,946	319	395	201	194
	Urban	NA	982	988	3,860	2,238	1,622	53	33	20	1,166	575	591	1,881	1,304	577	1,561	1,330	231	31	18	13
Bomdila Town	Urban	NA	982	988	3,860	2,238	1,622	53	33	20	1,166	575	591	1,881	1,304	577	1,561	1,330	231	31	18	13
(ii) Kalaktang	Total	NA	1,660	1,885	8,206	4,498	3,708	16	8	8	4,239	2,104	2,135	1,545	1,201	344	4,172	2,647	1,525	2,365	1,128	1,237
	Rural	NA	1,660	1,885	8,206	4,498	3,708	16	8	8	4,239	2,104	2,135	1,545	1,201	344	4,172	2,647	1,525	2,365	1,128	1,237
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Dirang	Total	NA	2,699	2,810	12,620	6,854	5,766	43	27	16	10,325	5,258	5,067	2,377	1,835	542	6,639	4,222	2,417	4,555	2,412	2,143
	Rural	NA	2,699	2,810	12,620	6,854	5,766	43	27	16	10,325	5,258	5,067	2,377	1,835	542	6,639	4,222	2,417	4,555	2,412	2,143
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iv) Bhalukpong	Total	NA	483	483	1,851	1,087	764	16	8	8	538	261	277	416	319	97	920	713	207	234	130	104
	Rural	NA	483	483	1,851	1,087	764	16	8	8	538	261	277	416	319	97	920	713	207	254	130	10 4
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(2) Nafra Bur1-gaon Sub-division	Total	NA	1,394	1,423	8,029	4,318	3,711	46	26	20	6,194	3,084	3,110	1,097	802	295	4,220	2,655	1,565	1,448	2,764	1,448
	Rural	NA	1,394	1,423	8,029	4,318	3,711	46	26	20	6,194	3,084	3,110	1,097	802	295	4,220	2,655	1,565	1,448	2,764	1,448
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(i) Nafra	Total	NA	650	660	3,866	2,000	1,866	41	25	16	3,490	1,757	1,733	443	309	134	1,858	1,133	725	1,467	822	645
	Rural	NA	650	660	3,866	2,000	1,866	41	25	16	3,490	1,757	1,733	443	309	134	1,858	1,133	725	1,467	822	645
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Thrizino	Total	NA	744	763	4,163	2,318	1,845	5	1	4	2,704	1,327	1,377	654	493	161	2,362	1,522	840	1,297	626	671
	Rural	NA	744	763	4,163	2,318	1,845	5	1	4	2,704	1,327	1,377	654	493	161	2,362	1,522	840	1,297	626	671
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(3) Tawang Subdivision	Total	NA	3,281	3,295	14,563	7,889	6,674	9	7	2	11,855	5,887	5,968	2,834	2,262	572	8,099	4,917	3,182	4,301	1,718	2,583
	Rural	NA	3,281	3,295	14,563	7,889	6,674	9	7	2	11,855	5,887	5,968	2,834	2,262	572	8,099	4,917	3,182	4,301	1,718	2,583
	Urban	..	..	..	..	.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(i) Tawang	Total	NA	2,113	2,116	9,111	4,971	,140	8	6	2	,366	3,697	3,669	1,968	1,519	449	4,943	3,043	1,900	2,772	1,182	1,590
	Rural	NA	2,113	2,116	9,111	4,971	4,140	8	6	2	7,366	3,697	3,669	1,968	1,519	449	4,943	3,043	1,900	2,772	1,182	1,590
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

(ii) Mukto	Total	NA	905	914	4,033	2,204	1,834	1	1	..	3,106	1,502	1,605	691	603	88	2,392	1,	950	1,173	440	733
	Rural	NA	905	914	4,033	2,204	1,834	1	1	..	3,108	1,502	1,606	691	603	88	2,392	1,4	950	1,173	440	733
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Thingbu	Total	NA	263	265	1,414	714	700	..	..	..	1,381	688	693	175	140	.. 35	764	432	332	356	96	260
	Rural	NA	263	265	1,414	714	700	..	..	..	1,381	688	693	175	140	35	764	4	332	356	96	260
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(4), Lumla Sub-division	Total	NA	1,668	1,702	7,172	3,519	3,653	4	3	1	7,007	3,402	3,605	343	278	65	4,218	2,162	2,056	.. 3,876	1,873	2,003
	Rural	NA	1,668	1,702	7,172	3,519	3,653	4	3	1	7,007	3,402	3,605	343	278	65	4,218	2,162	2,056	3,876	1,873	2,003
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(i) Lumla	Total	NA	1,239	1,273	5,388	2,646	2,742	....	....	..	5,268	2,557	2,711	308	249	59	3,088	1, --	1,471	2,800	1,380	1,420
	Rural	NA	1,239	1,273	5,388	2,646	2,742	..	..	..	5,268	2,557	2,711	308	249	59	3,088	1,617	1,471	2,800	1,380	1,420
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Zemithang	Total	NA	429	429	1,784	873	911	4	3	1	1,739	845	894	35	29	6	1,130	..	585	1,076	493	583
	Rural	NA	429	429	1,784	873	911	4	3	1	1,739	845	894	35	29	6	1,30	5	585	1,076	493	583
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

DISTRICT PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

Sl. No.	District/Sub-division/ Circle/Town	Total Rural Urban	Area in Km2	MAIN WORKERS									Margina Worker			Non-workers		
				Agricultural Labourers (II)			Household Industry-Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing & Repairs [V (a)]			Other Workers [III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX]								
				P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	4	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34		36	37	38	39
	West Kameng District	Total	9,594.0	609	357	252	153	120	33	12,811	11,187	1,624	891	2	682	30,317	13,277	17,040
		Rural	NA	594	345	249	144	115	29	11,305	9,892	1,413	883	269	674	28,026	12,369	15,657
		Urban	NA	15	12	3	9	5	4	1,506	1,295	211	8	..		2,291	908	1,383
	(1) Bomdila Sub-division	Total	NA	341	217	124	77	52	25	7,559	6,700	859	191	2	163	17,790	7,466	10,324
		Rural	NA	326	205	121	68	47	21	6,053	5,405	648	183	28	155	15,499	6,558	8,941
		Urban	NA	15	12	3	9	5	4	1,506	1,295	211	8	..	8	2,291	908	1,383
	(i) Bomdila	Total	NA	51	42	9	27	17	10	3,322	2,998	324	9	..	9	7,026	2,637	4,389
		Rural	NA	36	30	6	18	12	6	1,816	1,703	113	1	..	1	4,735	1,729	3,006
		Urban	NA	15	12	3	9	5	4	1,506	1,295	211	8	..		2,291	8,908	1,383
	Bomdila Town	Urban	NA	15	12	3	9	5	4	1,506	1,295	211	8	..	8	2,291	908	1,383
	(ii) Kalaktang	Total	NA	21	20	1	32	22	10	1,754	1,477	277	1	1	..	4,033	1,850	2,183
		Rural	NA	21	20	1	32	22	10	1,754	1,477	277	1	1	..	4,033	1,850	2,183
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(iii) Dirang	Total	NA	176	98	78	15	10	5	1,893	1,702	191	181	27	154	5,800	2,605	3,195
		Rural	NA	176	98	78	15	10	5	1,893	1,702	191	181	2	154	5,800	2,605	3,195
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(iv) Bhalukpong	Total	NA	93	57	36	3	3	..	590	523	67	..	..	..	931	374	557
		Rural	NA	93	57	36	3	3	..	590	523	67	..	..	..	931	374	557
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(2) Nafra Buragaon Sub-division.	Total	NA	134	72	62	12	11	1	1,310	1,124	186	172	20		3,637	1,643	1,994
		Rural	NA	134	72	62	12	11	1	1,310	1,124	186	172	20	152	3,637	1,643	1,994
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(i) Nafra	Total	NA	106	58	48	1	1	..	284	252	32	149	17	132	1,859	850	1,009
		Rural	NA	106	58	48	1	1	..	284	252	32	149	17	132	1,859	850	1,009
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(ii) Thrizino	Total	NA	28	14	14	11	10	1	1,026	872	154	23	3	20	1,778	793	985
		Rural	NA	28	14	14	11	10	1	1,026	872	154	23	3	20	1,778	793	985
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(3) Tawang Sub-division.	Total	NA	89	49	40	63	56	7	3,646	3,094	552	322	116	206	6,142	2,856	3,286
		Rural	NA	89	49	40	63	56	7	3,646	3,094	552	322	116	206	6,142	2,856	3,286
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(i) Tawang	Total	NA	48	30	18	47	40	7	2076	1,791	285	169	48	121	3,999	1,880	2,119
		Rural	NA	48	30	18	47	40	7	2,076	1,791	285	169			3,999	1,880	2,119
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

(ii) Mucto .	Total	NA	31	16	15	16	16	..	1,172	970	202	108	55	53	1,538	707	831
	Rural	NA	31	16	15	16	16	..	1,172	970	202	108	55	53	1,538	707	831
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Thingbu .	Total	NA	10	3	7	..	..	..	398	333	65	45	13	32	605	269	336
	Rural	NA	10	3	7	..	..	..	398	333	65	45	13	32	605	269	336
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(4) Lumla Sub-division	Total	NA	45	19	26	1	1	..	296	269	27	206	45	161	2,748	1,312	1,436
	Rural	NA	45	19	26	1	1	..	296	269	27	206	45	161	2,748	1,312	1,436
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(i) Lumla .	Total	NA	45	19	26	1	1	..	242	217	25	206	45	161	2,094	984	1,110
	Rural	NA	45	19	26	1	1	..	242	217	25	206	45	161	2,094	984	1,110
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Zemithang .	Total	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..	54	52	2	..	..	..	654	328	326
	Rural	NA	..	..	..	..	..	..	54	52	2	..	..	..	654	328	326
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

CIRCLE-WISE PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

VILLAGE AND TOWN--WARD-WISE

VILLAGE PRIMARY

CIRCLE : BOMDILA
CODE NO : 1/1

Location Code No.	Name of Village Town/Ward	Area of Village in hectares & of town/ward in Km²	No. of Occupied Residential Houses	No. of Households	Total Population (including Institutional and Houseless Population)			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Bomdila	Total . . .	N.A.	2,946	2,979	10,861	5,913	4,948	69	56	904	901	2,948	1,717
Circle (1/1)	Rural . . .	N.A.	1,964	1,991	7,001	3,675	3,326	36	36	329	310	1,644	1,140
	Urban . . .	N.A.	982	988	3,860	2,238	1,622	33	20	575	591	1,304	577
25/1/1/1	Darung . . .	N.A.	227	231	920	614	306	7	1	13	7	291	57
25/1/1/2	Singchong . .	N.A.	93	95	430	225	205	4	7	72	101	59	31
25/1/1/3	Tenga Vally Block-I .	N.A.	673	681	2,262	1,062	1,200	9	7	45	4	530	513
25/1/1/4	Tenga Vally Block-II .	N.A.	644	644	1,945	895	1,050	15	21	21	9	362	405
25/1/1/5	Ramalingam Chakko to Sissint	N.A.	24	24	55	35	20	..	..	..	..	10	2
25/1/1/6	Wanghoo . . .	N.A.	20	20	98	45	53	..	..	..	..	20	10
25/1/1/7	Dichiso . . .	N.A.	6	6	30	16	14	..	..	15	14	2	..
25/1/1/8	Sera . . .	N.A.	78	78	365	184	181	..	..	146	158	39	20
25/1/1/9	Dukumpani (64 Mile Camp)	N.A.	49	50	204	110	94	..	..	14	14	37	14
25/1/1/10	Dahung Riverside .	N.A.	150	162	692	489	203	1	..	3	3	294	88

BOMDILA–: "Treated as Census Town."

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Main Workers										Marginal Workers		Non-workers	
Total Main Workers (I-IX)		Cultivators (I)		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs [v(a)]		Other Workers [III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX]					
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
3,276	550	219	207	42	9	17	10	2,998	324	..	9	2,637	4,389
1,946	319	201	194	30	6	12	6	1,703	113	..	1	1,729	3,006
1,330	231	18	13	12	3	5	4	1,295	211	..	8	908	1,383
450	25	12	10	7	..	..	..	431	15	..	..	164	281
118	73	46	63	6	4	..	..	66	6	..	..	107	132
465	30	2	2	1	..	..	3	462	25	..	..	597	1,170
318	44	6	2	..	..	3	2	309	40	..	..	577	1,006
25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	1	..	..	10	19
28	24	23	24	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	17	29
10	1	9	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	13
87	92	72	89	3	..	1	..	11	3	..	..	97	89
69	12	31	3	9	1	..	..	29	8	..	..	41	82
376	17	..	..	3	1	8	1	365	15	..	1	113	185

VILLAGE PRIMARY

CIRCLE : KALAKTAING
CODE NO. : 1/2

Location Code No.	Name of Village/ Town/Ward	Area of Village in hectares & of town/ ward in Km²	No. of Occupied Residential Houses	No. of Households	Total Population (including Institutional and Houseless Population)			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
25/1/2	Kalaktang Circle	N.A.	1,660	1,885	8,206	4,498	3,708	8	8	2,104	2,135	1,201	344
25/1/2/1	Samphung	N.A.	17	17	77	43	34	..	..	28	26	5	..
25/1/2/2	Langdun	N.A.	34	34	192	83	109	..	..	76	102	12	6
25/1/2/3	Kalaktang	N.A.	30	30	133	75	58	..	..	74	58	11	1
25/1/2/4	Chingi	N.A.	30	30	142	65	77	..	..	57	68	25	14
25/1/2/5	Marshing	N.A.	39	54	189	96	93	..	..	77	85	26	11
25/1/2/6	Lazala Gompa	N.A.	2	2	9	7	2	..	..	7	2	1	..
25/1/2/9	Sanglem	N.A.	16	16	88	48	40	..	..	48	40	10	2
25/1/2/10	Domkho	N.A.	22	22	149	73	76	..	..	53	52	14	8
25/1/2/11	Bhokpaleng	N.A.	15	15	101	48	53	..	..	16	15	4	2
25/1/2/12	Liphakpu	N.A.	23	23	141	68	73	..	..	68	73	19	4
25/1/2/13	Warrangpam	N.A.	20	25	104	45	59	..	..	15	18	10	4
25/1/2/14	Sandrung	N.A.	16	16	93	41	52	..	..	..	..	..	..
25/1/2/15	Boha	N.A.	56	56	432	207	225	..	..	205	224	30	11
25/1/2/16	Betcheling	N.A.	36	36	193	98	95	..	..	93	93	24	5
25/1/2/17	Ankaling	N.A.	31	31	187	96	91	..	..	94	90	13	4
25/1/2/18	Dengzi	N.A.	45	48	241	121	120	..	..	102	102	11	4
25/1/2/19	Weizer	N.A.	10	10	46	26	20	..	..	26	20	..	..
25/1/2/20	Membacher	N.A.	15	16	85	40	45	..	..	40	45	13	9
25/1/2/21	Musaksing	N.A.	9	9	55	26	29	..	..	26	29	2	2
25/1/2/22	Jigaon	N.A.	45	45	209	107	102	..	..	67	79	18	9
25/1/2/23	Lungbaktang	N.A.	10	16	45	27	18	..	..	10	12	..	..
25/1/2/24	Chillipam	N.A.	35	55	170	102	68	..	..	8	4	1	..
25/1/2/25	Thungre	N.A.	13	13	59	36	23	..	..	35	23	7	4
25/1/2/26	Lingchompam	N.A.	1	1	6	3	3	..	..	3	3	..	..
25/1/2/27	Brokpablang	N.A.	3	3	21	11	10	..	..	11	10	..	..
25/1/2/29	Rupa	N.A.	257	319	1,288	733	555	..	..	236	267	247	100
25/1/2/30	Jungpam	N.A.	14	14	69	35	34	..	..	33	33	1	1
25/1/2/31	Mukuthing	N.A.	16	16	88	47	41	..	..	45	38	21	9
25/1/2/32	Dickshipam	N.A.	7	7	49	25	24	..	..	25	24	3	..
25/1/2/33	Jamyam	N.A.	3	3	15	7	8	..	..	7	8	1	..
25/1/2/34	Sumujchipam	N.A.	2	2	7	4	3	..	..	3	3	..	..
25/1/2/35	Bickchomrong	N.A.	9	9	58	29	29	..	..	5	4	2	..
25/1/2/36	Shergaon	N.A.	164	204	926	557	369	..	..	184	205	207	26
25/1/2/37	Kamalanchen	N.A.	41	44	160	89	71	..	..	27	22	10	4
25/1/2/38	Balemu	N.A.	19	20	107	55	52	..	..	52	52	20	3
25/1/2/39	Bemachang	N.A.	1	1	2	2	..	..	..	1	..	2	..
25/1/2/40	Kalaktang HQ.	N.A.	162	177	627	380	247	7	8	80	52	169	56
25/1/2/41	Rangthong Jurpam	N.A.	33	33	172	92	80	..	..	92	80	12	..
25/1/2/42	Ankaling	N.A.	11	11	27	18	9	..	..	..	1	5	..
25/1/2/43	Shikaridanga	N.A.	12	12	19	15	4	..	..	..	..	2	..
25/1/2/44	Flangpam	N.A.	6	6	22	8	14	..	..	2	6	1	..
25/1/2/45	Panniktang	N.A.	19	19	91	54	37	..	..	49	37	8	3

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Main Workers													
Total Main Workers (I—IX)		Cultivators (I)		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs [V(a)]		Other Workers [III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX]		Marginal Workers		Non-workers	
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
2,647	1,525	1,128	1,237	20	1	22	10	1,477	277	1	..	1,850	2,183
24	19	21	19	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	19	15
50	54	46	53	..	..	..	..	4	1	..	..	33	55
38	31	35	31	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	37	27
32	39	29	39	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	33	38
61	44	37	40	1	..	..	..	23	4	..	..	35	49
5	..	2	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2
23	22	23	21	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	18
38	40	38	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	35	36
27	33	27	33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21	20
29	37	28	36	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	39	36
34	31	29	31	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	11	28
27	30	27	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	22
110	112	106	112	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	97	113
51	62	48	62	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	47	33
56	37	50	37	1	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	50	54
63	48	51	47	..	..	2	..	10	1	..	..	58	72
14	10	14	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	11	10
23	24	23	24	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17	21
12	13	12	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	16
46	46	21	43	4	..	..	..	21	3	..	..	61	56
23	4	4	4	..	..	..	..	19	..	..	..	4	14
63	25	1	2	..	..	..	..	62	23	..	..	39	43
17	14	15	14	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	19	9
1	2	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1
4	4	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	6
382	111	50	55	..	..	7	..	325	56	..	..	351	444
18	14	17	13	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	17	20
23	24	20	24	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	24	17
14	14	14	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	10
5	3	5	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	5
2	1	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2
14	13	3	1	..	..	..	..	11	12	..	..	15	16
380	176	57	102	3	..	4	..	316	74	..	..	177	193
59	23	16	21	..	..	1	1	42	1	..	..	30	48
27	30	24	30	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	28	22
2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
211	33	6	8	..	..	5	..	200	25	..	..	169	214
48	37	47	37	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	44	43
13	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	4	..	..	5	5
11	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	2	..	..	4	2
6	5	2	2	..	..	..	..	4	3	..	..	2	9
33	25	28	25	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21	12

CIRCLE : KALAKTAING

CODE NO. : 1/2

VILLAGE PRIMARY

Location Code No.	Name of Village/ Town/Ward	Area of Village in hectares & of town/ ward in Km²	No. of Occupied Residential Houses	No. of House-holds	Total Population (including Institutional and Houseless Population)			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
25/1/2/46	New Betali . .	N.A.	13	13	60	31	29	..	..	2	2	1	..
25/1/2/47	Rowta Forest Camp .	N.A.	9	16	35	22	13	..	..	1	..	7	1
25/1/2/48	Dhansiri . . .	N.A.	5	5	25	10	15	..	..	1	..	4	1
25/1/2/49	Bhairabkund . .	N.A.	7	9	33	13	20	..	..	2	5	7	4
25/1/2/51	900 Ch. Labour Camp	N.A.	11	12	39	30	9	..	..	..	..	4	1
25/1/2/52	1100 Ch. Labour Camp	N.A.	10	11	31	19	12	..	..	..	1	7	..
25/1/2/53	1300 Ch. Labour Camp	N.A.	16	16	36	24	12	..	..	..	3	10	2
25/1/2/54	1600 Ch. Labour Camp	N.A.	15	19	42	34	8	..	..	..	..	8	1
25/1/2/55	1900 Ch. Labour Camp	N.A.	28	64	70	46	24	1	..	4	4	24	3
25/1/2/56	Tenzin Gaon . .	N.A.	195	198	940	521	419	..	..	8	10	162	29
25/1/2/58	Nasalupam . .	N.A.	2	2	11	6	5	..	..	6	5	..	..

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Main Workers										Marginal Workers		Non-workers	
Total Main Workers (I—IX)		Cultivators (I)		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry – Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs [V(a)]		Other Workers [III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX]					
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
24	19	24	19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	10
18	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	1	..	..	4	12
7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	3	5
10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	3	20
26	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	26	2	..	..	4	7
14	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	5	..	..	5	7
17	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	17	5	..	..	7	7
28	5	5	..	..	..	..	..	23	5	..	..	6	3
33	6	5	..	..	..	..	..	28	6	..	..	13	18
347	183	107	132	3	..	3	9	234	42	..	..	147	236
4	3	4	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2

VILLAGE PRIMARY

CIRCLE : DIRANG
CODE : No. 1/3

Location Code No.	Name of Village/ Town/ Ward	Area of Village in hectares & of town/ ward in Km²	No. of occupied Residential Houses	No. of Households	Total Population (including Institutional and Houseless Population)			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
25/1/3	Dirang Circle	N.A.	2,699	2,810	12,620	6,854	5,766	27	16	5,258	5,067	1,835	542
25/1/3/1	Dirang	N.A.	416	416	1,727	881	846	..	1	774	785	240	61
25/1/3/2	Yewang	N.A.	83	83	331	179	152	..	..	177	150	31	8
25/1/3/3	Lish	N.A.	267	285	1,491	790	701	..	..	718	672	128	26
25/1/3/4	Lubrang	N.A.	38	38	227	123	104	..	..	120	103	52	11
25/1/3/5	Nykmadung	N.A.	114	127	591	313	278	..	..	289	265	46	30
25/1/3/6	Senge	N.A.	96	110	579	300	279	..	..	232	236	128	38
25/1/3/7	Chug	N.A.	71	86	483	265	218	..	..	259	212	22	9
25/1/3/8	Sangti	N.A.	229	229	1,066	533	533	..	..	491	518	61	26
25/1/3/9	Khalibok	N.A.	61	61	232	112	120	..	..	112	120	15	6
25/1/3/10	Nanshu	N.A.	174	185	845	415	430	..	..	376	410	145	62
25/1/3/11	Thumbong	N.A.	97	99	446	221	225	..	..	216	225	38	9
25/1/3/12	Rahung	N.A.	280	280	963	551	412	..	..	302	290	98	19
25/1/3/13	Khoitam	N.A.	47	65	233	117	116	..	..	107	108	22	8
25/1/3/14	Mandla Phudung	N.A.	114	124	692	365	327	..	..	360	324	67	20
25/1/3/15	Pangma	N.A.	58	59	306	152	154	..	..	151	154	28	8
25/1/3/16	Chandar	N.A.	19	19	99	53	46	..	..	53	46	1	..
25/1/3/17	Dirang H.Q.	N.A.	457	466	2,067	1,344	723	27	15	479	410	872	183
25/1/3/18	Salari	N.A.	78	78	242	140	102	..	..	42	39	45	16

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Main Workers													
Total Main Workers (I—IX)		Cultivators (I)		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs [V(a)]		Other Workers [III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX]		Marginal Workers		Non-workers	
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
4,222	2,417	2,412	2,143	98	78	10	5	1,702	191	27	154	2,605	3,195
602	522	491	492	1	4	..	..	110	26	..	..	279	324
100	43	78	43	..	..	..	..	22	..	..	..	79	109
497	399	399	385	1	..	..	..	97	14	1	7	292	295
67	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	67	4	1	11	55	89
203	171	177	165	..	..	..	..	26	6	..	..	110	107
185	117	102	109	6	3	..	..	77	5	..	..	115	162
163	130	137	127	3	3	..	..	23	..	..	..	102	88
279	194	165	121	66	63	3	1	45	9	4	97	250	242
72	56	70	56	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	40	64
195	57	150	49	13	3	2	..	30	5	..	..	220	373
131	98	116	96	..	2	..	..	10	..	21	39	69	88
355	224	163	163	..	..	..	..	192	61	..	..	196	188
56	63	55	61	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	61	53
212	190	204	180	..	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	153	147
88	60	71	58	1	..	..	..	16	2	..	..	64	94
18	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	16	3	..	..	35	43
906	83	18	34	..	..	..	1	888	48	..	..	438	640
93	13	16	4	..	..	5	2	72	7	..	..	47	89

VILLAGE PRIMARY

CIRCLE : BHALUKPONG
CODE : No. 1/4

Location Code No.	Name of Village Town/Ward	Area of Village in hectares & of town/ward in Km²	No. of Occupied Residential Houses	No. of Households	Total Population (including Institutional and Houseless Population)			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
25/1/4	Bhalukpong Circle .	N.A.	483	483	1,851	1,087	764	9	8	261	277	319	97
25/1/4/1	Tippi . . .	N.A.	23	23	49	32	17	..	..	3	3	25	7
25/1/4/2	Elephant Flate . .	N.A.	36	36	91	62	29	..	..	5	3	6	..
25/1/4/3	Sessa . . .	N.A.	53	53	196	127	69	..	..	12	13	14	1
25/1/4/4	Kamengbari (Foot Hills)	N.A.	110	110	464	260	204	1	..	61	61	40	19
25/1/4/5	Doimara . . .	N.A.	67	67	366	189	177	..	..	133	142	36	16
25/1/4/6	New Khellong .	N.A.	10	10	66	30	36	..	..	30	36	7	3
25/1/4/7	Khellong . . .	N.A.	15	15	41	24	17	..	..	3	..	6	..
25/1/4/8	Chopai . . .	N.A.	9	9	17	9	8	..	..	1	..	6	2
25/1/4/9	Deputa . . .	N.A.	9	9	12	10	2	..	..	..	..	3	1
25/1/4 10	Bhalukpong H.Q. .	N.A.	151	151	549	344	205	8	8	13	19	176	48

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Main Workers										Marginal Workers		Non-workers	
Total Main Workers (I—IX)		Cultivators (I)		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs [V(a)]		Other Workers [III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX]					
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
713	207	130	104	57	36	3	..	523	67	..	..	374	557
26	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	26	1	..	..	6	16
50	15	..	..	6	3	..	..	44	12	..	..	12	14
92	36	..	..	22	7	1	..	69	29	..	..	35	33
140	68	58	45	27	21	..	..	55	2	..	..	120	136
103	55	57	46	2	5	..	..	44	4	..	..	86	122
15	13	15	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	23
19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	19	..	..	..	5	17
9	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	2	..	..	..	6
8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	2	2
251	17	..	..	..	..	2	..	249	17	..	..	93	188

VILLAGE PRIMARY

CIRCLE : NAFRA
CODE : No. 1/5

Location Code No.	Name of Village/ Town/Ward	Area of Village in hectares & of town/ ward in Km²	No. of Occupied Residential Houses	No. of Households	Total Population (including Institutional and Houseless Population)			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
25/1/5	Nafra Circle	N.A.	650	660	3,866	2,000	1,866	25	16	1,757	1,733	309	134
25/1/5/1	Dzang (Lower)	N.A.	49	49	264	141	123	3	..	85	103	19	20
25/1/5/2	Khoina	N.A.	40	45	275	150	125	..	..	147	123	28	10
25/1/5/3	Booth	N.A.	73	73	378	202	176	..	..	187	169	35	11
25/1/5/4	Rurang	N.A.	17	17	96	49	47	..	..	46	47	5	..
25/1/5/5	Ditchik	N.A.	50	50	382	185	197	..	..	184	197	18	6
25/1/5/6	Dibbin	N.A.	29	29	224	108	116	..	..	107	116	18	6
25/1/5/7	Matho	N.A.	22	22	149	82	67	..	..	82	67	3	..
25/1/5/8	Bulu	N.A.	7	7	28	16	12	..	..	16	12	..	..
25/1/5/9	Dilung	N.A.	7	7	50	26	24	..	..	26	24	..	..
25/1/5/10	Wuthung	N.A.	3	3	20	10	10	..	..	10	10	4	..
25/1/5/11	Dibbrick	N.A.	29	31	158	78	80	..	..	75	78	20	5
25/1/5/12	Nachibon	N.A.	25	25	137	68	69	..	..	68	69	3	1
25/1/5/13	Nakhu	N.A.	43	43	279	129	150	1	3	128	147	9	8
25/1/5/14	Nezung	N.A.	6	9	58	25	33	..	..	25	33	..	..
25/1/5/15	Khellong	N.A.	36	36	224	109	115	..	..	108	115	2	..
25/1/5/16	Lapusa	N.A.	11	11	62	33	29	..	..	33	29	..	..
25/1/5/17	Khazalang	N.A.	20	20	133	74	59	..	..	73	58	2	1
25/1/5/18	Janaching	N.A.	22	22	146	68	78	..	..	68	78	2	..
25/1/5/19	Challon	N.A.	24	24	133	61	72	..	..	60	72	4	3
25/1/5/20	Dzang (Upper)	N.A.	18	18	132	67	65	..	..	66	65	5	..
25/1/5/21	Chillang	N.A.	3	3	22	11	11	..	..	11	11	..	..
25/1/5/22	Nafra H.Q.	N.A.	116	116	516	308	208	21	13	152	110	132	63

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Main Workers													
Total Main Workers (I—IX)		Cultivators (I)		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs [V(a)]		Other Workers [III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX]		Marginal Workers		Non-workers	
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
1,133	725	822	645	58	48	1	..	252	32	17	132	350	1,009
92	72	50	61	..	1	..	..	42	10	..	..	49	51
90	72	84	72	..	..	..	..	6	..	3	15	57	38
127	12	84	11	1	..	..	..	42	1	..	91	75	73
33	36	30	36	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	16	11
100	106	99	105	..	1	..	..	1	..	14	5	71	86
57	77	46	66	7	11	..	..	4	..	..	..	51	39
43	44	42	44	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	39	23
9	8	9	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	4
16	17	16	17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	7
4	5	3	5	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	6	5
41	8	35	27	1	..	..	..	5	1	..	..	37	72
35	8	32	7	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	12	33	49
68	12	54	6	13	6	..	..	1	..	..	9	61	129
20	12	20	11	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	21
56	43	53	43	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	53	72
18	..	17	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	29
42	25	30	17	10	8	..	..	2	..	..	..	32	35
39	46	34	40	4	6	..	..	1	..	..	..	29	32
33	36	32	36	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	28	36
40	45	40	45	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	27	20
7	7	7	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	4
163	34	5	1	14	13	1	..	143	20	..	..	145	194

VILLAGE PRIMARY

CIRCLE : THRIZINO
CODE No. : 1/6

Location Code No.	Name of Village/ Town/Ward	Area of Village in hectares & of town/ ward in Km²	No. of Occupied Residential Houses	No. of House-holds	Total Population (including Institutional and Houseless Population)			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
25/1/6	Thrizino Circle	N.A.	744	763	4,163	2,318	1,845	1	4	1,327	1,377	493	161
25/1/6/1	Giziri	N.A.	9	9	56	22	34	..	..	22	34	8	1
25/1/6/2	Tuluhu	N.A.	3	3	20	8	12	..	..	8	12	..	2
25/1/6/3	Tulu	N.A.	11	11	78	45	33	..	..	43	33	8	..
25/1/6/4	Tania	N.A.	6	8	54	26	28	..	..	26	28	1	..
25/1/6/5	Dizancania	N.A.	45	45	245	128	117	..	..	119	112	30	6
25/1/6/7	Pakrin	N.A.	28	28	189	94	95	..	..	94	95	14	2
25/1/6/8	Phrizing	N.A.	13	13	81	41	40	..	..	41	40	9	..
25/1/6/9	Kararamu	N.A.	10	10	62	28	34	..	..	28	34	5	3
25/1/6/10	Karangonia	N.A.	18	18	145	67	78	..	..	67	78	13	5
25/1/6/11	Palatari	N.A.	28	28	179	89	90	..	..	88	90	23	8
25/1/6/12	Yayong	N.A.	18	18	100	48	52	..	..	46	52	7	3
25/1/6/13	Thessa	N.A.	10	10	60	26	34	..	..	26	24	1	3
25/1/6/14	Mopgromo	N.A.	5	5	39	16	23	..	..	16	23	4	3
25/1/6/15	Khamsiri	N.A.	8	8	51	21	30	..	..	21	30	1	..
25/1/6/16	Buragaon	N.A.	32	32	200	111	89	..	..	75	75	55	21
25/1/6/17	Bihupam	N.A.	3	3	30	15	15	..	..	15	15	5	1
25/1/6/18	Gohainthan	N.A.	6	6	50	33	17	..	..	22	17	14	..
25/1/6/19	Husigaon	N.A.	5	8	65	41	24	..	..	20	17	7	1
25/1/6/20	Jamiri	N.A.	115	115	842	558	284	..	..	103	104	26	29
25/1/6/21	Jamiri Point	N.A.	37	37	140	82	58	..	..	10	5	15	6
25/1/6/22	Dedza	N.A.	20	20	100	50	50	..	..	2	2	9	3
25/1/6/23	New Kaspi	N.A.	16	16	46	32	14	..	..	22	10	14	3
25/1/6/24	Kaspi	N.A.	10	10	55	25	30	..	..	25	30	7	5
25/1/6/25	Magaopam	N.A.	12	12	63	31	32	..	..	31	32	10	3
25/1/6/26	Lichini	N.A.	4	4	31	14	17	..	..	14	17	3	1
25/1/6/27	Sachida	N.A.	3	3	15	8	7	..	..	8	7	1	..
25/1/6/28	Banipoo	N.A.	8	8	55	27	28	..	..	26	28	11	5
25/1/6/29	Chitoo	N.A.	6	6	48	23	25	..	..	23	25	11	..
25/1/6/30	Ramu	N.A.	6	6	34	17	17	..	..	17	17	1	..
25/1/6/31	Bichom	N.A.	23	23	49	36	13	..	..	9	6	17	2
25/1/6/32	Palizi	N.A.	37	43	240	127	113	..	..	88	94	39	15
25/1/6/33	Ramdagania	N.A.	9	13	69	38	31	..	..	34	29	1	2
25/1/6/34	34 Km. Point from Nechipu	N.A.	2	2	5	2	3	..	..	1	3	..	..
25/1/6/35	Khuppi-B	N.A.	23	23	74	48	26	..	..	1	..	4	..
25/1/6/36	Khuppi-A	N.A.	12	12	35	20	15	..	..	3	2	6	..
25/1/6/37	Kimi	N.A.	7	7	36	19	17	..	..	19	17	4	..
25/1/6/38	3 Km. Point Towards Kimi	N.A.	17	17	38	21	17	..	..	2	2	12	2
25/1/6/39	8 Km. Point from Khuppi to Tenga River	N.A.	26	26	78	53	25	..	..	5	8	17	1
25/1/6/40	Sathi (64 Km.)	N.A.	2	2	8	4	4	..	..	4	4	..	..
25/1/6/41	Namfri	N.A.	6	6	32	16	16	..	..	16	16	6	1
25/1/6/42	Morakaha	N.A.	7	7	62	30	32	..	..	30	32	6	2
25/1/6/43	Bhorali River Camp	N.A.	14	14	19	14	5	..	..	..	..	3	..
25/1/6/44	Thrizino H.Q.	N.A.	64	68	285	164	121	1	4	57	68	65	42

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Main Workers													
Total Main Workers (I—IX)		Cultivators (I)		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs [V(a)]		Other Workers [III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX]		Marginal Workers		Non-workers	
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
1,522	840	626	671	14	14	10	1	872	154	3	20	793	985
43	20	13	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	14
4	8	—	7	..	..	..	..	4	1	..	..	4	4
38	22	21	21	..	..	..	..	17	1	..	..	7	11
20	20	16	20	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	6	8
77	72	49	58	14	14	..	..	14	..	..	..	51	45
50	65	49	65	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	44	30
20	24	20	24	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21	16
13	18	13	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	15
31	43	28	43	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	36	35
45	57	44	57	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	44	33
30	26	27	26	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	18	26
15	18	15	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	16
6	10	6	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	13
14	14	14	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	16
56	1	23	..	..	..	..	..	33	1	..	19	55	69
7	9	7	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	6
26	15	15	15	..	..	..	..	11	..	..	..	7	4
32	15	13	10	..	..	..	..	19	5	..	..	9	9
452	52	46	55	..	..	..	..	406	97	..	..	106	132
57	7	1	1	..	..	8	..	48	6	..	..	25	51
31	9	..	..	..	..	2	..	29	9	..	..	19	41
18	8	10	8	..	..	..	..	8	..	3	..	11	6
16	14	16	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	9	15
21	22	18	22	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	10	10
7	9	7	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	8
7	5	7	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
18	13	17	13	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	9	15
12	13	12	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	12
9	10	9	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	7
30	8	1	6	..	..	..	..	29	2	..	..	6	5
66	13	41	9	..	..	..	..	25	4	..	..	61	100
23	12	19	11	..	..	..	..	4	1	..	..	15	19
2	2	1	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1
28	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	28	7	..	..	20	19
14	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	13	..	..	..	6	15
14	10	11	10	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	5	7
17	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	17	8	..	..	4	9
43	5	1	2	..	..	..	..	42	3	..	..	10	20
1	3	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1
10	10	10	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	6
15	14	15	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	18
14	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	2	..	..	..	3
100	27	9	19	..	..	..	1	91	7	..	..	64	94

VILLAGE PRIMARY

CIRCLE : TAWANG
CODE No. : 1/7

Location Code No.	Name of Village/ Town/Ward	Area of Village in hectares & of Town/ ward in Km²	No. of Occupied Residential Houses	No. of House-holds	Total Population (including Institutional and Houseless Population)			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
25/1/7	Tawang Circle	N.A.	2,113	2,116	9,111	4,971	4,140	6	2	3,697	3,669	1,519	449
25/1/7/1	Audung	N.A.	25	26	110	51	59	..	..	51	59	..	..
25/1/7/2	Paidhar	N.A.	16	16	75	39	36	..	..	39	36	7	1
25/1/7/3	Bomdir	N.A.	28	28	123	55	68	..	..	51	67	4	..
25/1/7/4	Namet	N.A.	37	37	121	55	66	..	..	55	66	1	..
25/1/7/5	Weikhar	N.A.	35	35	158	92	66	..	..	54	65	39	1
25/1/7/6	Oyangkhar	N.A.	22	22	115	54	61	..	..	52	61	7	..
25/1/7/7	Khartot	N.A.	12	12	59	30	29	..	..	30	29	2	..
25/1/7/8	Dharmagong	N.A.	14	14	66	33	33	..	..	33	33	1	..
25/1/7/9	Paikhar	N.A.	27	27	128	68	60	..	..	68	60	1	..
25/1/7/10	Grangkhar	N.A.	10	10	45	27	18	..	..	27	18	..	..
25/1/7/11	Lhargong	N.A.	16	16	68	34	34	..	..	34	34	..	1
25/1/7/12	Tengkhar	N.A.	18	18	85	40	45	..	..	40	45	..	..
25/1/7/13	Kippi	N.A.	26	26	108	58	50	..	..	54	50	17	2
25/1/7/14	Batpung	N.A.	10	10	42	22	20	..	..	22	20	1	..
25/1/7/15	Shamghar	N.A.	16	16	76	40	36	..	..	40	36	5	..
25/1/7/16	Berghar	N.A.	16	16	80	42	38	..	..	42	38	11	..
25/1/7/17	Khardung	N.A.	38	38	186	81	105	..	..	81	105	2	..
25/1/7/18	Shernup	N.A.	21	21	89	49	40	..	..	49	40	1	..
25/1/7/19	Shobrang	N.A.	14	14	61	30	31	..	..	29	31	..	..
25/1/7/20	Menteng	N.A.	8	8	29	15	14	..	..	15	14	..	..
25/1/7/21	Khamba	N.A.	32	32	154	70	84	..	..	55	67	10	1
25/1/7/22	Lumkhang	N.A.	7	7	33	13	20	..	..	13	20	..	..
25/1/7/23	Lhoudung	N.A.	48	48	255	115	140	..	..	155	140	10	1
25/1/7/24	Paigong	N.A.	27	27	98	53	45	..	..	43	37	21	7
25/1/7/25	Greling	N.A.	39	39	173	86	87	..	..	52	464	13	..
25/1/7/26	Khainmay	N.A.	17	17	93	51	42	..	..	50	42	11	4
25/1/7/27	Changbo	N.A.	12	12	54	31	23	..	..	29	22	11	1
25/1/7/28	Labrajang	N.A.	9	9	68	38	30	..	..	36	29	18	12
25/1/7/29	Changtrong	N.A.	29	29	150	81	69	..	..	61	60	32	3
25/1/7/30	Seru	N.A.	73	74	354	182	172	..	..	176	165	30	12
25/1/7/31	Gormang	N.A.	11	11	42	20	22	..	..	20	22	2	..
25/1/7/32	Shyamjing	N.A.	16	17	68	34	34	..	..	34	34	1	2
25/1/7/33	Gomkong	N.A.	8	8	47	24	23	..	..	24	23	11	1
25/1/7/34	Yusum	N.A.	20	20	98	52	46	..	..	50	46	3	1
25/1/7/35	Soburgomkong	N.A.	7	7	34	17	17	..	..	16	15	2	3
25/1/7/36	Paikhar	N.A.	23	23	96	49	47	..	..	49	47	10	3
25/1/7/37	Kudung	N.A.	11	11	47	21	26	..	..	21	26	1	..
25/1/7/38	Sehung	N.A.	14	14	66	30	36	..	..	30	36	2	3
25/1/7/39	Pamaghar	N.A.	48	48	209	97	112	..	..	92	112	20	8
25/1/7/40	Sakpret	N.A.	33	33	144	64	80	..	..	61	80	20	10

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Main Workers													
Total Main Workers (I—IX)		Cultivators (I)		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs [V(a)]		Other Workers (III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX)		Marginal Workers		Non-workers	
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
3,043	1,900	1,182	1,590	30	18	40	7	1,791	285	48	121	1,880	2,119
30	40	21	33	..	..	..	..	9	7	..	..	21	19
18	28	18	28	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21	8
21	35	9	33	..	..	1	..	11	2	2	..	34	33
27	49	18	33	..	..	..	..	9	16	..	..	28	17
69	37	28	35	..	..	..	..	41	2	..	..	23	29
20	28	19	27	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	34	33
5	9	5	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	20
18	23	18	23	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	10
45	40	45	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	23	20
13	14	12	14	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	14	4
24	22	23	22	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	10	12
23	28	21	26	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	17	17
31	28	14	22	..	..	..	..	17	6	1	4	26	18
18	14	15	14	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	4	6
24	28	21	28	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	16	8
22	21	13	18	1	1	..	..	8	2	..	..	20	17
48	52	45	49	..	2	..	..	3	1	..	..	33	53
38	27	37	27	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	13
21	20	15	19	..	..	..	..	6	1	..	..	9	11
8	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	7	14
40	43	26	38	..	..	2	..	12	5	..	..	30	41
12	16	10	16	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	4
68	82	64	75	1	2	..	..	3	5	..	..	47	58
27	16	10	14	..	..	..	..	17	2	1	..	25	29
52	37	26	21	1	1	1	..	24	15	..	..	24	50
33	26	24	22	..	..	..	..	9	4	1	2	17	14
16	14	8	9	..	..	..	..	8	5	..	..	15	9
24	11	5	9	..	..	..	..	19	2	..	..	14	19
44	33	13	25	..	..	..	..	31	8	..	10	37	26
109	102	63	92	1	1	..	1	45	8	6	8	67	62
15	17	9	17	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	1	5	4
19	21	13	19	..	..	..	..	6	2	..	..	15	13
6	13	2	12	..	..	1	..	3	1	..	..	18	10
30	30	27	29	..	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	22	16
5	7	2	7	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	12	10
31	19	20	18	6	1	..	..	5	..	..	..	18	28
13	16	10	15	..	..	..	..	3	1	3	9	5	1
13	20	7	17	..	..	..	..	6	3	6	6	11	10
40	48	19	45	..	..	..	..	21	3	25	35	32	29
35	40	18	35	..	..	1	..	16	5	..	..	29	40

VILLAGE PRIMARY

CIRCLE : TAWANG
CODE No. :1/7

Location Code No.	Name of Village/ Town/Ward	Area of Village in hectares & of Town/ ward in Km²	No. of Occupied Residential Houses	No. of House-holds	Total Population (including Institutional and Houseless Population)			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
25/1/7/41	Thonglenge	N.A.	104	104	407	193	214	..	..	190	213	56	15
25/1/7/42	Kharling	N.A.	19	19	95	50	45	..	..	49	45	..	1
25/1/7/43	Bakhar	N.A.	12	12	69	34	35	..	..	33	35	..	..
25/1/7/44	Khremu	N.A.	59	59	259	127	132	..	..	117	125	7	3
25/1/7/45	Shyo	N.A.	100	100	543	269	274	..	..	170	176	52	28
25/1/7/46	Teli	N.A.	23	23	89	49	40	..	..	46	40	8	..
25/1/7/47	Surbi	N.A.	42	42	178	88	90	..	..	87	90	7	..
25/1/7/48	Gyada	N.A.	13	13	75	34	41	..	..	34	41	5	1
25/1/7/49	Khriggang	N.A.	16	16	64	29	35	..	..	29	35	1	..
25/1/7/50	Rigyang	N.A.	26	26	94	54	40	..	..	50	38	7	3
25/1/7/51	Themkhar	N.A.	7	7	32	17	15	..	..	17	15	3	..
25/1/7/52	Singsorup	N.A.	18	18	32	..	32	..	..	..	32	..	..
25/1/7/53	Bupaling	N.A.	3	3	19	9	10	..	..	9	10	1	..
25/1/7/54	Soma	N.A.	12	12	52	22	30	..	..	22	30	2	..
25/1/7/55	Gongkhardung	N.A.	6	6	28	11	17	..	..	11	17	1	4
25/1/7/56	Yuba	N.A.	15	15	52	24	28	..	..	24	28	..	..
25/1/7/57	Sikarteng	N.A.	3	3	10	1	9	..	..	1	9	..	..
25/1/7/58	Namsay	N.A.	4	4	24	14	10	..	..	14	10	2	..
25/1/7/59	Bumteng	N.A.	11	11	53	25	28	..	..	25	28	2	..
25/1/7/60	Gyanggong	N.A.	15	15	63	27	36	..	..	27	36	..	..
25/1/7/61	Maidung	N.A.	2	2	12	5	7	..	..	5	7	..	..
25/1/7/62	Kangteng	N.A.	27	27	101	52	49	..	..	51	49	12	1
25/1/7/63	Tawang Gompa	N.A.	64	64	201	199	2	..	..	194	1	193	1
25/1/7/64	Urgeling	N.A.	20	20	78	39	39	..	..	31	36	10	11
25/1/7/65	Gyangong	N.A.	20	20	41	..	41	..	..	..	41	..	41
25/1/7/66	Bramdiyang Ani Gompa	N.A.	19	19	39	..	39	..	..	..	38	..	39
25/1/7/67	Lengateng Gompa	N.A.	1	1	6	4	2	..	..	4	2	..	..
25/1/7/68	Bomba	N.A.	22	22	103	61	42	..	..	61	42	..	..
25/1/7/69	Ongkhar	N.A.	5	6	31	11	20	..	..	11	20	..	..
25/1/7/70	Kitkher	N.A.	5	5	16	9	7	..	..	9	7	..	..
25/1/7/71	Tawang HQ.	N.A.	501	501	2,044	1,422	622	5	2	449	343	809	220
25/1/7/72	Lembardung	N.A.	14	14	60	34	26	1	..	19	17	14	4
25/1/7/73	Bongbeng	N.A.	10	10	32	13	19	..	..	13	19	..	..
25/1/7/74	Brokar Gompa	N.A.	2	2	2	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Main Workers										Marginal Workers		Non-workers	
Total Main Workers (I—IX)		Cultivators (I)		Agricultural Labgurers (II)		Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs [V(a)]		Other Workers (III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX)					
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
120	133	62	107	1	1	5	..	52	25	..	..	79	81
32	30	25	29	..	..	..	..	7	1	..	..	18	15
16	21	10	20	..	..	..	..	6	1	..	..	18	14
80	82	39	76	3	1	..	..	38	5	..	..	47	50
90	44	4	..	..	..	11	1	75	43	..	..	179	230
27	25	18	22	1	..	..	..	8	4	1	1	21	13
52	60	46	57	..	..	2	2	4	1	..	..	36	30
16	15	15	11	1	3	..	..	..	1	..	..	18	26
19	26	17	24	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	10	9
34	29	27	22	..	..	3	..	4	7	..	..	20	11
9	10	7	10	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	8	5
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	32
6	5	4	5	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	3	5
13	18	11	17	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	9	12
4	5	2	5	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	7	12
10	15	10	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	13
1	5	..	5	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	4
10	5	9	5	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	4	5
14	18	14	13	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	11	10
15	18	9	14	..	1	1	..	5	3	..	..	12	18
3	5	2	3	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	2	2
28	22	7	21	1	..	..	..	20	1	2	6	22	21
90	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	90	..	..	..	109	2
24	11	6	9	..	..	..	..	18	2	..	1	15	27
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	41
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	39
1	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	..
37	27	34	27	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	24	15
9	11	9	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	9
6	4	6	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3
1,189	82	4	7	6	2	12	2	1,067	71	2	6	331	534
21	3	..	3	1	..	..	..	20	..	..	..	13	23
10	14	6	11	2	1	..	1	2	1	..	..	3	5
2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..

VILLAGE PRIMARY

CIRCLE : MUKTO
CODE No. : 1/8

Location Code No.	Name of Village/ Town/Ward	Area of Village in hectares & of town/ ward in Km²	No. of Occupied Residential Houses	No. of Households	Total Population (including Institutional and Houseless Population)			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
25/1/8	Mukto Circle .	N.A.	905	914	4,038	2,204	1,834	1	..	1,502	1,606	603	88
25/1/8/1	Bomja . . .	N.A.	19	19	89	48	41	..	..	48	41	6	..
25/1/8/2	Khet . . .	N.A.	110	110	471	233	238	..	..	232	238	18	9
25/1/8/3	Gyamdong . .	N.A.	53	53	225	108	117	..	..	108	117	9	..
25/1/8/4	Gongkhar . .	N.A.	59	59	258	115	143	..	..	112	143	15	5
25/1/8/5	Mukto . . .	N.A.	142	142	575	276	299	..	..	273	298	45	20
25/1/8/6	Serong Mukto H.Q. .	N.A.	46	46	145	123	22	1	..	22	11	85	9
25/1/8/7	Gamkeling . .	N.A.	22	22	102	48	54	..	..	48	54	8	..
25/1/8/8	Mirba . . .	N.A.	24	24	108	50	58	..	..	50	58	6	1
25/1/8/9	Kharsa . . .	N.A.	50	51	235	110	125	..	..	109	124	15	..
25/1/8/10	Namasing . .	N.A.	72	74	511	344	167	..	..	145	130	97	7
25/1/8/11	Yuthumbu (Jang) .	N.A.	201	207	893	468	425	..	..	347	386	161	26
25/1/8/12	Nuranang . .	N.A.	107	107	426	281	145	..	..	8	6	138	11

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Main Workers													
Total Main Workers (I—IX)		Cultivators (I)		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry—Manufactureing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs [V(a)]		Other Workers [III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX]		Marginal Workers		Non-workers	
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
1,442	950	440	733	16	15	16	..	970	202	55	53	707	831
21	24	17	24	..	..	..	..	4	..	6	3	21	14
133	124	95	122	..	1	..	..	38	1	14	19	86	95
67	78	38	78	..	..	16	..	13	..	5	4	36	35
63	96	33	90	1	4	..	..	29	2	12	6	40	41
161	191	41	170	3	5	..	..	117	16	4	11	111	97
116	5	1	2	..	..	..	..	115	3	..	..	7	17
28	36	16	33	..	1	..	..	12	2	..	..	20	18
32	43	16	41	..	..	..	..	16	2	..	..	18	15
59	70	35	48	..	..	..	..	24	22	3	2	48	53
274	86	89	46	8	..	..	..	177	40	3	3	67	78
277	143	59	79	4	4	..	..	214	60	8	4	183	278
211	54	..	..	..	..	..	..	211	54	..	1	70	90

VILLAGE PRIMARY

CIRCLE : THINGBU
CODE No. : 1/9

Location Code No.	Name of Village/ Town/Ward	Area of Village in hectares & of town/ ward in Km²	No. of Occupied Residential Houses	No. of Households	Total Population (including Institutional and Houseless Population)			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
25/1/9	Thingbu Circle .	N.A.	263	265	1,414	714	700	..	..	688	693	140	35
25/1/9/1	Mago . . .	N.A.	35	35	212	117	95	..	..	116	94	2	2
25/1/9/2	Thingbu . . .	N.A.	25	25	181	96	85	..	..	96	85	4	3
25/1/9/3	Luguthang . .	N.A.	12	12	65	34	31	..	..	26	30	..	..
25/1/9/4	Rho . . .	N.A.	60	61	319	165	154	..	..	165	154	20	1
25/1/9/5	Jangda . . .	N.A.	74	75	392	181	211	..	..	178	210	66	18
25/1/9/6	Shyro . . .	N.A.	44	44	216	99	117	..	..	97	116	35	11
25/1/9/7	Thingbu HQ. . .	N.A.	13	13	29	22	7	..	..	10	4	13	..

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Main Workers										Marginal Workers		Non workers	
Total Main Workers (I—IX)		Cultivators (I)		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs [V(a)]		Other Workers [III, IV, V(b) & VI to XI]					
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
432	332	96	260	3	7	..	..	333	65	13	32	269	336
65	13	..	..	...	..	..	..	65	13	1	3	51	79
55	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	55	10	..	1	41	74
24	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	12	..	9	10	10
101	89	27	72	2	4	..	..	72	13	..	1	64	64
111	136	45	123	1	2	..	..	65	11	8	7	62	68
58	71	24	65	..	1	..	..	34	5	4	11	37	35
18	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	1	..	..	4	6

VILLAGE PRIMARY

CIRCLE : LUMLA
CODE No. : 1/10

Location Code No.	Name of Village/ Town/Ward	Area of Village in hectares & of town/ ward in km²	No. of Occupied Residential Houses	No. of Households	Total Population (including Institutional and Houseless Population)			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
25/1/10	Lumla Circle	N.A.	1,239	1,273	5,388	2,646	2,742	..	..	2,557	2,711	249	59
25/1/10/1	Lumla	N.A.	65	75	317	162	155	..	..	162	155	6	3
25/1/10/2	Hoongla	N.A.	33	33	138	65	73	..	..	64	73	5	1
25/1/10/3	Sajo	N.A.	27	27	109	55	54	..	..	55	54	2	..
25/1/10/4	Kungba	N.A.	40	40	184	83	101	..	..	83	101	2	..
25/1/10/5	Bongleng	N.A.	125	125	529	246	283	..	..	242	283	20	1
25/1/10/6	Kharung	N.A.	48	48	193	99	94	..	..	97	94	14	6
25/1/10/7	Khartang	N.A.	61	61	250	122	128	..	..	121	128	6	1
25/1/10/8	Bachar Phomong	N.A.	56	56	261	125	136	..	..	125	136	1	..
25/1/10/9	Namteiling	N.A.	31	31	124	62	62	..	..	61	62	1	..
25/1/10/10	Yabal Sheribang	N.A.	42	49	229	108	121	..	..	108	121	10	2
25/1/10/11	Gispu	N.A.	95	95	375	188	187	..	..	187	187	42	17
25/1/10/12	Dudungghar	N.A.	91	91	378	171	207	..	..	170	107	4	..
25/1/10/13	Gunche	N.A.	46	46	197	92	105	..	..	92	105	1	..
25/1/10/14	Selengdung	N.A.	43	43	210	95	115	..	..	95	115	..	..
25/1/10/15	Dongmareng	N.A.	45	45	193	95	98	..	..	94	98	2	..
25/1/10/16	Bleting	N.A.	76	76	333	161	172	..	..	159	172	1	1
25/1/10/17	Mangnam	N.A.	78	94	334	169	165	..	..	167	164	25	3
25/1/10/18	Buikung	N.A.	15	15	66	36	30	..	..	36	30	3	2
25/1/10/19	Thrilam	N.A.	38	39	175	78	97	..	..	70	93	12	7
25/1/10/20	Sakyur	N.A.	33	33	207	101	106	..	..	100	106	6	..
25/1/10/21	Lumla HQ.	N.A.	81	81	285	182	103	..	..	119	77	83	15
25/1/10/22	Pharmey	N.A.	36	36	262	76	86	..	..	76	86	1	..
25/1/10/23	Soohung	N.A.	34	34	139	75	64	..	..	74	64	2	..

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Main Workers													
Total Main Workers (I—IX)		Cultivators (I)		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs [V(a)]		Other Workers [III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX]		Marginal Workers		Non-workers	
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
1,617	1,471	1,380	1,420	19	26	1	..	217	25	45	161	984	1,110
82	74	62	70	..	..	1	..	19	4	..	..	80	81
43	43	42	43	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	22	30
38	39	37	39	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	17	15
64	69	62	69	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	19	32
158	72	151	72	..	..	..	..	7	..	9	107	79	104
61	8	57	8	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	38	86
88	97	85	95	..	1	..	..	3	1	..	..	34	31
82	95	80	95	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	43	41
42	43	37	35	4	8	..	..	1	..	..	..	20	19
63	64	59	63	..	..	..	..	4	1	..	9	45	48
110	77	98	77	..	..	..	..	12	..	7	23	71	87
97	136	96	136	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	74	71
54	64	52	60	2	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	38	41
63	81	61	77	2	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	42	34
51	57	49	57	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	44	41
73	89	72	89	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	87	83
98	107	83	95	5	5	..	..	10	7	..	..	71	58
23	18	19	18	1	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	13	12
49	54	35	48	2	2	..	..	12	4	..	..	29	43
60	65	42	62	..	..	..	..	18	3	..	1	41	40
119	8	2	1	3	2	..	..	114	5	..	..	63	59
52	68	52	68	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	18
47	43	47	43	..	..	..	..	..	..	28	21	..	..

VILLAGE PRIMARY

CIRCLE : ZEMITHANG
CODE No. 1 1/11

Location Code No.	Name of Village/ Town/Ward	Area of Village in hectares & of town/ ward in Km²	No. of Occupied Residential Houses	No. of Households	Total Population (including Institutional and Houseless Population			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
25/1/11	Zemithang Circle .	N.A.	429	429	1,784	873	911	3	1	845	894	29	6
25/1/11/1	Shoktsen . . .	N.A.	80	80	295	152	143	..	..	152	143	..	..
25/1/11/2	Lumpo . . .	N.A.	36	36	138	68	70	..	..	64	64	2	1
25/1/11/3	Muchjt/Gorsam .	N.A.	24	24	117	55	62	..	..	54	62	1	..
25/1/11/4	Kharman/Kalengtang	N.A.	43	43	227	107	120	..	..	107	120	2	..
25/1/11/5	Shakti . .	N.A.	64	64	257	131	126	..	..	130	126	3	..
25/1/11/6	Khobleteng . .	N.A.	69	69	292	142	150	..	..	142	150	..	..
25/1/11/7	Thikse Muktor .	N.A.	73	73	319	143	176	..	..	142	173	1	..
25/1/11/8	Zemithang HQ. .	N.A.	40	40	139	75	64	3	1	54	53	20	5

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Main Workers													
Total Main Workers (I—IX)		Cultivators (I)		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs [V(a)]		Other Workers [III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX]		Marginal Workers		Non-workers	
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
545	585	493	583	..	..	..	..	52	2	..	..	328	326
89	95	85	95	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	63	48
42	51	39	51	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	26	19
36	39	35	39	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	19	23
64	70	60	70	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	43	50
83	89	80	89	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	48	37
91	110	89	110	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	51	40
101	118	100	118	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	42	58
39	13	5	11	..	..	..	..	34	2	..	..	36	51

URBAN PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

Location Code No.	Name of Village/ Town/Ward	Area of Village in hectares & of town/ ward in Km²	No. of Occupied Residential Houses	No. of Households	Total Population (including Institutional and Houseless Population)			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1/1	Bomdila Town	N.A.	982	988	3,860	2,238	1,622	33	20	575	591	1,304	577
25/1/I/1(1)	Bomdila Block-1	N.A.	104	104	444	228	216	9	8	67	89	82	39
25/1/I/2(2)	Bomdila Block-2	N.A.	102	103	426	244	182	9	7	83	77	156	52
25/1/I/3(3)	Bomdila Block-3	N.A.	95	98	416	249	167	6	3	73	95	143	52
25/1/I/4(4)	Bomdila Block-4	N.A.	188	188	667	382	285	6	2	57	62	209	99
25/1/I/5(5)	Bomdila Block-5	N.A.	159	159	630	424	206	2	..	121	52	307	114
25/1/I/6(6)	Bomdila Block-6	N.A.	79	79	295	148	147	..	..	9	39	120	108
25/1/I/7(7)	Bomdila Block-7	N.A.	203	205	741	430	311	1	..	103	97	229	102
25/1/I/8(8)	Bomdila Block-8	N.A.	46	46	180	80	100	..	..	62	80	7	6
25/1/I/9(9)	Bomdila Block-9	N.A.	6	6	61	53	8	..	..	..	..	51	5

Note :—Serial number of ward and enumeration block are same.

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Main Workers													
Total Main Workers (I—IX)		*Cultivators* (I)		*Agricultural* Labourers (II)		*Household* Industry— Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs [V(a)]		*Other* Workers [III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX]		*Marginal* Workers		*Non-workers*	
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
1,330	231	18	13	12	3	5	4	1,295	211	..	8	908	1,383
125	24	1	2	..	..	..	1	124	21	..	1	103	191
127	13	7	2	..	..	2	3	118	8	..	3	117	166
151	50	..	2	..	..	..	..	151	48	..	3	98	114
224	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	224	30	..	..	158	255
244	23	..	..	1	..	3	..	240	23	..	..	180	183
82	21	..	..	1	1	..	..	81	20	..	..	66	126
284	58	10	7	..	..	..	..	274	51	..	1	146	252
43	12	..	..	10	2	..	..	33	10	..	..	37	88
50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50	..	..	..	3	8

APPENDIX TO URBAN PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT (URBAN BLOCK) AND ITS ANNEXURE

URBAN PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

APPENDIX

Total, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Population—Urban Block-wise.

Location Code No.	Name of Town/Ward/ Urban Enumeration Block	Total Popu- lation	Scheduled Castes	Schedu- led Tribes
1	2	3	4	5
1/I	BOMDILA TOWN	3,860	53	1,166
1/I/1(1)	BLOCK—1 . .	444	17	156
1/I/2(2)	BLOCK—2 . .	426	16	160
1/I/3(3)	BLOCK—3 . .	416	9	168
1/I/4(4)	BLOCK—4 . .	667	8	119
1/I/5(5)	BLOCK—5 . .	630	2	173
1/I/6(6)	BLOCK—6 . .	295	..	48
1/I/7(7)	BLOCK—7 .	741	1	200
1/I/8(8)	BLOCK—8 .	180	..	142
1/I/9(9)	BLOCK—9 . .	61	..	..

ANNEXURE TO APPENDIX TO P.C.A. (URBAN BLOCK)

BOUNDARIES OF CENSUS CHARGES AND EXTENT OF CONSTITUENT ENUMERATION BLOCKS.

Bomdila Town area

Description : Bomdila Town is under one charge which is bounded by the Sera village in the east, hilly forest area on the West, high hills on the North and Wangho village and forest area, 13 Km. Labour Camp with a military camp area on the South. The entire town area is approximately 10 Sq. Km. including the new Bomdila area which is the present extention of Bomdila township. The Township is having 9 Enumeration Blocks.

Block No. 1 : Bomdila—Tawang road is passing through on the three sides i.e. north, south and western side of this block. New Bomdila Township is located on the eastern side of this block. A stream flows from south to east direction. R.W.D. office and C.P.W.D. office are situated on the northern side of this block. Petrol pump is also located in the north southern corner of this block.

Block No. 2 : Block-1 is located on the northern side of this block. Tawang road is passing through on the south side of this block. New Bomdila Township area is located on the eastern side of this block. Village Sera is situated on the Western part of this block. A Temple (Buddhist called Gompa) is situated in the northern side of this block. C.P.W.D. Store is situated on the Western side of this block. Post and Tele office are located on the middle of northern and western side of this. In the middle of this block market area is situated.

Block No. 3 : Tezpur—Bomdila road is passing through on the two sides i.e. south and western side of this block. Block No. 4 is located on the north side of this block. New Bomdila Township area is located on the eastern side of this block. Power House is located on the south side of this block. Two Temples are situated western side of this block.

Block No. 4 : Forest Office and Bazar road is lying on the northern side of this block. Bomdila-Bhalukpong road is passing through on the southern side of this block. A Nallah is flows to north-south direction. Block-3 is located on the eastern side of this block. Bazar road is crossed through the near by eastern side and also middle part of the block to north direction.

Block No. 5 : Block 1, 2, 3 and 4 is located on the northern side of this block, Tezpur-Tawang road is passing through on the south side of this block. Bazar area is located on the western side of

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this block, State Bank of India and Treasury are situated on the eastern side. Hospital is situated on the middle of eastern part of this block. A High School is situated on the southern side of this block.

Block No. 6 : A pucca road is passing through on the western side of this block. Tezpur-Tawang road is bounded on the eastern part of this block and D.C. Office is also situated. High School, Children Park, Play-ground, Library, S.B.I. and Treasury Office are located in this block.

Block No. 7 : There are Hill area on the northern side of this block. Dirang road is passing through on the south side. Children Park is situated on south side of this block. Village Sara is located on the eastern side of this block. There are Hilly area on western part. There are three ponds (i.e. Dept. of Fisheries) are located on the south side of this block. Main road is passing through in the block. Assam Rifles area and CRP Camp area are located on the middle part of this block.

Block No. 8 : There are Hill area on the north side of this block. Bomdila-Tezpur road is passing through on the northern side of this block. Bank colony and main road is lying on the eastern side of this block.

Block No. 9 : Tezpur-Tawang is bounded by three sides of this block i.e. north, west and south side. CRP camp area is located in this block.

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT
FOR
SCHEDULED CASTES
AND
SCHEDULED TRIBES

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT FOR SCHEDULED CASTES

Sl. No.	State/District/ Sub-division/ Circle/Town	Total Rural Urban	No. of House-holds with S.C. members	Total Scheduled Castes Population			Literates			Main Workers					
										Total Main Workers (I—IX)			Cultivators (I)		
				P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	Total	784	2,919	1,833	1,086	1,084	841	243	1,246	1,168	78	173	156	17
		Rural	505	1,940	1,198	742	703	553	150	803	757	46	170	153	17
		Urban	279	979	635	344	381	288	93	443	411	32	3	3	..
	West Kameng District .	Total	84	259	148	111	89	67	22	94	84	10	3	1	2
		Rural	69	206	115	91	66	51	15	69	62	7	3	1	2
		Urban	15	53	33	20	23	16	7	25	22	3	..	..	..
1.	Bomdila Sub-division	Total	61	200	112	88	65	51	14	64	57	7	3	1	2
		Rural	46	147	79	68	42	35	7	39	35	4	3	1	2
		Urban	15	53	33	20	23	16	7	25	22	3	..	..	..
	(i) Bomdila . . .	Total	37	125	69	56	40	30	10	40	35	5	3	1	2
		Rural	22	72	36	36	17	14	3	15	13	2	3	1	2
		Urban	15	53	33	20	23	16	7	25	22	3	..	..	..

Sl. No.	State/District/ Sub-division/ Circle/Town	Total Rural Urban	Main workers									Marginal Workers			Non-workers		
			Agricultural Labourers (II)			Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing & Repairs [v(a)]			Other Workers [III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX]								
			P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	Total	21	18	3	22	22	..	1,030	972	58	89	18	71	1,584	647	937
		Rural	12	9	3	11	11	..	610	584	26	85	16	69	1,052	425	627
		Urban	9	9	..	11	11	..	420	388	32	4	2	2	532	222	310
	West Kameng .	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	91	83	8	1	..	1	164	64	100
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	66	61	5	1	..	1	136	53	83
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	22	3	..	..	..	28	11	17
1.	Bomdila Sub-division	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	61	56	5	..	..	..	136	55	81
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	36	34	2	..	..	..	108	44	64
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	22	3	..	..	..	28	11	17
	(i) Bomdila . .	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	37	34	3	..	..	..	85	34	51
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	12	..	..	..	..	57	23	34
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	22	3	..	..	..	28	11	17

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT FOR SCHEDULED CASTES

Sl. No.	State/District/ Sub-division/ Circle/Town	Total Rural Urban	No. of House-olds with S.C. members	Total Scheduled Castes Population			Literates			Main Workers					
										Total Main Workers (I—IX)			Cultivators (I)		
				P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Bomdila Town . .	Urban	15	53	33	20	23	16	7	25	22	3	..	..	..
	(ii) Kalaktang . .	Total	5	16	8	8	5	4	1	3	3	..	..	..	..
		Rural	5	16	8	8	5	4	1	3	3	..	..	..	..
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(iii) Dirang . . .	Total	14	43	27	16	16	13	3	16	14	2	..	..	..
		Rural	14	43	27	16	16	13	3	16	14	2	..	..	..
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(iv) Bhalukpong . .	Total	5	16	8	8	4	4	..	5	5	..	..	..	..
		Rural	5	16	8	8	4	4	..	5	5	..	..	..	..
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2.	Nafra Buragaon Sub-division.	Total	14	46	26	20	12	7	5	20	17	3	..	..	..
		Rural	14	46	26	20	12	7	5	20	17	3	..	..	..
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(i) Nafra . . .	Total	15	41	25	16	12	7	5	19	16	3	..	..	..
		Rural	15	41	25	16	12	7	5	19	16	3	..	..	..
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(ii) Thrizino . .	Total	1	5	1	4	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
		Rural	1	5	1	4	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3.	Tawang Sub-division .	Total	6	9	7	2	8	6	2	7	7	..	..	..	..
		Rural	6	9	7	2	8	6	2	7	7	..	..	..	..
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(i) Tawang . .	Total	5	8	6	2	8	6	2	6	6	..	..	..	..
		Rural	5	8	6	2	8	6	2	6	6	..	..	..	..
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(ii) Mukto . . .	Total	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
		Rural	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(iii) Thingbu . .	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4.	Lumla Sub-division .	Total	3	4	3	1	4	3	1	3	3	..	..	..	..
		Rural	3	4	3	1	4	3	1	3	3	..	..	..	..
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(i) Lumla . .	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(ii) Zemithang .	Total	3	4	3	1	4	3	1	3	3	..	..	..	..
		Rural	3	4	3	1	4	3	1	3	3	..	..	..	..
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT FOR SCHEDULED CASTES

Sl. No.	State/District/ Sub-division/ Circle/Town	Total Rural Urban	Main Workers									Marginal Workers			Non-workers		
			Agricultural Labourers (II)			Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing & Repairs [v(a)]			Other Workers [(III), IV, V(b) & VI to IX]								
			P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
	Bomdila Town . .	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	22	3	..	..	..	28	11	17
	(ii) Kalaktang . .	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	13	5	8
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	13	5	8
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(iii) Dirang . .	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	61	14	2	..	..	..	27	13	14
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	14	2	..	..	..	27	13	14
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(iv) Bhalukpong .	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	5	..	..	..	..	11	3	8
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	5	..	..	..	..	11	3	8
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2.	Nafra Buragaon Sub-Division	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	17	3	..	..	..	26	9	17
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	17	3	..	..	..	26	9	17
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(i) Nafra . .	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	19	16	3	..	..	..	22	9	13
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	19	16	3	..	..	..	22	9	13
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(ii) Thrizino . .	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	4	..	4
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	4	..	4
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3.	Tawang Sub-division	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	7	..	1	..	1	1	..	11
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	7	..	1	..	1	1	..	1
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(i) Tawang . .	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	6	..	1	..	1	1	..	..
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	6	..	1	..	1	1	..	1
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(ii) Mukto . .	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(iii) Thingbu . .	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4.	Lumla Sub-division .	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(i) Lumla . .	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(ii) Zemithang .	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

Sl. No.	State/District/Sub-division/ Circle/Town	Total Rural Urban	No. of House-holds with S./T. Members	Total Scheduled Tribes Population			Literates			Main Workers: Total Main Workers (I—IX)			Main Workers: Cultivators (I)		
				P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	Total	82,064	441,167	220,046	221,121	61,922	45,749	16,173	222,337	116,300	106,037	203,204	99,719	103,485
		Rural	80,079	431,110	214,471	216,639	57,055	42,369	14,686	219,348	114,075	105,273	202,492	99,419	103,073
		Urban	1,985	10,057	5,575	4,482	4,867	3,380	1,487	2,989	2,225	764	712	300	412
	West Kameng District .	Total	8,842	41,963	20,900	21,063	5,293	3,836	1,457	21,874	11,746	10,128	17,703	8,478	9,225
		Rural	8,566	40,797	20,325	20,472	4,832	3,548	1,284	21,516	11,500	10,016	17,681	8,468	9,213
		Urban	276	1,166	575	591	461	288	173	358	246	112	22	10	12
1.	Bomdila Sub-division .	Total	3,513	16,907	8,527	8,380	2,828	2,008	820	8,285	4,645	3,640	6,839	3,501	3,338
		Rural	3,237	15,741	7,952	7,789	2,367	1,720	647	7,927	4,399	3,528	6,817	3,491	3,326
		Urban	276	1,166	575	591	461	288	173	358	246	112	22	10	12
	(i) Bomdila . .	Total	416	1,805	904	901	608	398	210	694	437	257	267	119	148
		Rural	140	639	329	310	147	110	37	336	191	145	245	109	136
		Urban	276	1,166	575	591	461	288	173	358	246	112	22	10	12

Sl. No.	State/District/Sub-division/ Circle/Town	Total Rural Urban	Main-Workers: Agricultural Labourers (II)			Main-Workers: Households Industry—Manufacturing Processing, Servicing & Repairs [V (a)]			Main-Workers: Other Workers [III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX]			Marginal Workers			Non-workers		
			P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	Total	1,602	851	751	254	147	107	17,277	15,583	1,694	13,523	2,912	10,611	205,307	100,834	104,473
		Rural	1,570	823	747	227	137	90	15,059	13,696	1,363	13,475	2,900	10,575	198,287	97,496	100,791
		Urban	32	28	4	27	10	17	2,218	1,887	331	48	12	36	7,020	3,338	3,682
	West Kameng Disttrict .	Total	448	228	220	67	52	15	3,656	2,988	668	789	173	616	19,300	8,961	10,319
		Rural	438	221	217	63	52	11	3,334	2,759	575	783	173	610	18,498	8,652	9,846
		Urban	10	7	3	4	..	4	322	229	93	6	..	6	802	329	473
1.	Bomdila Sub-division .	Total	199	106	93	15	7	8	1,232	1,031	201	189	29	160	8,433	3,853	4,580
		Rural	189	99	90	11	7	4	910	802	108	183	29	154	7,631	3,524	4,107
		Urban	10	7	3	4	..	4	322	229	93	6	..	6	802	329	473
	(i) Bomdila . .	Total	13	8	5	5	1	4	409	309	100	6	..	6	1,105	467	638
		Rural	3	1	2	1	1	..	87	80	7	..	..	..	303	138	165
		Urban	10	7	3	4	..	4	322	229	93	6	..	6	802	329	473

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

.IS No.	State/District/Sub-division/ Circle/Total	Total Rural Urban	No. of House-holds with S/T. Members	Total Scheduled Tribes Population			Literates			Main Workers					
										Total Main Workers (I—IX)			Cultivators (I)		
				P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Bomdila Town	Urban	276	1,166	575	591	461	288	173	358	246	112	22	10	12
	(ii) Kalaktang	Total	827	4,239	2,104	2,135	682	486	196	2,037	1,041	996	1,853	887	966
		Rural	827	4,239	2,104	2,135	682	486	196	2,037	1,041	996	1,853	887	966
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(iii) Dirang	Total	2,163	10,325	5,258	5,067	1,450	1,061	389	5,322	3,033	2,289	4,529	2,393	2,136
		Rural	2,163	10,325	5,258	5,067	1,450	1,061	389	5,322	3,033	2,289	4,529	2,393	2,136
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(iv) Bhalukpong	Total	107	538	261	277	88	63	25	232	134	98	190	102	88
		Rural	107	538	261	277	88	63	25	232	134	98	190	102	88
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2.	Nafra Buragaon Sub-division	Total	972	6,194	3,084	3,110	719	509	210	3,115	1,726	1,389	2,757	1,444	1,313
		Rural	972	6,194	3,084	3,110	719	509	210	3,115	1,726	1,389	2,757	1,444	1,313
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(i) Nafra	Total	543	3,490	1,757	1,733	308	222	86	1,658	961	697	1,464	819	645
		Rural	543	3,490	1,757	1,733	308	222	86	1,658	961	697	1,464	819	645
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(ii) Thrizino	Total	429	2,704	1,327	1,377	411	287	124	1,457	765	692	1,293	625	668
		Rural	429	2,704	1,327	1,377	411	287	124	1,457	765	692	1,293	625	668
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3.	Tawang Sub-division	Total	2,708	11,855	5,887	5,968	1,503	1,124	379	6,354	3,306	3,048	4,238	1,665	2,573
		Rural	2,708	11,855	5,887	5,968	1,503	1,124	379	6,354	3,306	3,048	4,238	1,665	2,573
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(i) Tawang	Total	1,724	7,366	3,697	3,669	1,043	754	289	3,867	2,033	1,834	2,760	1,178	1,582
		Rural	1,724	7,366	3,697	3,669	1,043	754	289	3,867	2,033	1,834	2,760	1,178	1,582
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(ii) Mukto	Total	726	3,108	1,502	1,606	301	244	57	1,742	860	882	1,123	392	731
		Rural	726	3,108	1,502	1,606	301	244	57	1,742	860	882	1,123	392	731
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(iii) Thingbu	Total	258	1,381	688	693	159	126	33	745	413	322	355	95	260
		Rural	258	1,381	688	693	159	126	33	745	413	322	355	95	260
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4.	Lumla Sub-division	Total	1,649	7,007	3,402	3,605	243	195	48	4,120	2,069	2,051	3,869	1,868	2,001
		Rural	1,649	7,007	3,402	3,605	243	195	48	4,120	2,069	2,051	3,869	1,868	2,001
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(i) Lumla	Total	1,236	5,268	2,557	2,711	225	180	45	3,012	1,543	1,469	2,797	1,377	1,420
		Rural	1,236	5,268	2,557	2,711	225	180	45	3,012	1,543	1,469	2,797	1,377	1,420
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(ii) Zemithang	Total	413	1,739	845	894	18	15	3	1,108	526	582	1,072	491	581
		Rural	413	1,739	845	894	18	15	3	1,108	526	582	1,072	491	581
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

Sl. No.	State/District/Sub-Division/Circle/Town	Total Rural Urbon	Main Workers									Marginal Workers			Non-workers		
			Agricultural Labourers (II)			Household Industry—Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing & Repairs [V)a)]			Other Workers [III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX]								
			P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
	Bomdila Town	Urban	10	7	3	4	..	4	322	229	93	6	..	6	802	329	473
	(ii) Kalaktang	Total	6	5	1	..	..	..	178	149	29	1	1	..	2,201	1,062	1,139
		Rural	6	5	1	..	..	..	178	149	29	1	1	..	2,201	1,062	1,139
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(iii) Dirang	Total	160	82	78	10	6	4	623	552	71	182	28	154	4,821	2,197	2,624
		Rural	160	82	78	10	6	4	623	552	71	182	28	154	4,821	2,197	2,624
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(iv) Bhalukpong	Total	20	11	9	..	..	..	22	21	1	..	..	..	306	127	179
		Rural	20	11	9	..	..	..	22	21	1	..	..	..	306	127	179
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2.	Nafra Buragaon Sub-division.	Total	126	65	61	3	2	1	229	215	14	167	17	150	2,912	1,341	1,571
		Rural	126	65	61	3	2	1	229	215	14	167	17	150	2,912	1,341	1,571
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(i) Nafra	Total	99	52	47	..	..	..	95	90	5	147	17	130	1,685	779	906
		Rural	99	52	47	..	..	..	95	90	5	147	17	130	1,685	779	906
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(ii) Thrizino	Total	27	13	14	3	2	1	134	125	9	20	..	20	1,227	562	665
		Rural	27	13	14	3	2	1	134	125	9	20	..	20	1,227	562	665
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3.	Tawang Sub-division	Total	79	39	40	48	42	6	1,989	1,560	429	276	110	166	5,225	2,471	2,754
		Rural	79	39	40	48	42	6	1,989	1,560	429	276	110	166	5,225	2,471	2,754
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(i) Tawang	Total	46	28	18	32	26	6	1,029	801	228	131	46	85	3,368	1,618	1,750
		Rural	46	28	18	32	26	6	1,029	801	228	131	46	85	3,368	1,618	1,750
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(ii) Mukto	Total	23	8	15	16	16	..	580	444	136	102	51	51	1,264	591	673
		Rural	23	8	15	16	16	..	580	444	136	102	51	51	1,264	591	673
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(iii) Thingbu	Total	10	3	7	..	..	..	380	315	65	43	13	30	593	262	331
		Rural	10	3	7	..	..	..	380	315	65	43	13	30	593	262	331
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4.	Lumla Sub-division	Total	44	18	26	1	1	..	206	182	24	157	17	140	2,730	1,316	1,414
		Rural	44	18	26	1	1	..	206	182	24	157	17	140	2,730	1,316	1,414
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(i) Lumla	Total	44	18	26	1	1	..	170	147	23	157	17	140	2,099	997	1,102
		Rural	44	18	26	1	1	..	170	147	23	157	17	140	2,099	997	1,102
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(ii) Zemithang	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	36	35	1	..	..	..	631	319	312
		Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	36	35	1	..	..	..	631	319	312
		Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

APPENDIX 1

STATEMENT SHOWING 1981 TERRITORIAL UNITS AND CHANGES DURING 1971-1981

District/Sub-division	1971 Territorial Unit	Area added		Name of district/ Sub-division from which area is subtracted	Area subtracted		Name of district/ Sub-division to which area is added	Net area change in Km^2 (+ or —)
		Name	Area in Km^2		Name	Area in Km^2		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
WEST KAMENG	Carved out from Kameng District	(i) The entire Bomdila Sub-division comprising of Circles Bomdila, Kalaktang, Dirang, Nafra, Thrizino, (excluding Pamkar, Talom and Mongrang villages) transferred from formerly known Kameng District.	NA	Formerly known as Kameng District.	..	..	..	NA
		(ii) The entire Tawang Sub-division comprising of circles namely Tawang, Thingbu, Lumla and Zemithang transferred from formerly known Kameng District.	NA	Formerly known as Kameng District.	..	..	..	NA
(i) BOMDILA SUB-DIVISION	Bomdila Sub-division	The entire Bomdila Sub-division comprising of following circles with number of villages shown against each. (1) Bomdila (10 villages), (2) Kalaktang (53 villages), (3) Dirang (18 villages), (4) Bhalukpong (10 villages).	NA	Formerly known as Bomdila Sub-division	..	..	..	NA
(ii) NAFRA-BURA-GAON SUB-DIVISION.	Bondila Sub-division	Nafra-Buragaon Sub-division comprising of :— (1) Nafra (22 villages), (2) Thrizino (43 villages).	NA	Formerly known as Bomdila Sub-division	..	..	..	NA
(iii) TAWANG SUB-DIVISION	Tawang Sub-division	Tawang Sub-division comprising of :— (1) Tawang (74 villages), (2) Mukto (12 villages), (3) Thingbu (7 villages),	NA	Formerly known as Tawang Sub-division	..	..	..	NA
(iv) LUMLA SUB-DIVISION	Tawang Sub-division	Lumla Sub-division comprising of :— (1) Lumla (23 villages), (2) Zemithang (8 villages).	NA	Formerly known as Tawang Sub-division.	..	..	..	NA

NOTE .— 1. 'NA' stands for not available.

2. Since there was no cadastral survey conducted so far in Arunachal Pradesh, the area figures, below the district level are not available. Hence, the area figures in columns 4 and 9 are shown as NA.

3. Circlewise alphabetical list of villages already available in the relevant pages of Village Directory chapter. Here only the number of villages are shown within brackets against each circle.

LIST OF 1981 CENSUS PUBLICATION

Part No. and subject covered	Sub-part No. (if any) and the topics covered
1	2
Part I-Administration Report (for official use only).	Part IA-Administration Report—Enumeration Part IB-Administration Report —Tabulation
Part II-General Population Tables.	Part IIA-General Population Tables Part IIB-Union Territory Primary Census Abstract and the Primary Census Abstract of Scheduled Caste/ Scheduled Tribe at Circle/Town level.
Part III-General Economic Tables.	Part IIIA-B- Series Tables covering population by economic activity, industrial category of main workers, marginal workers and their cross-classification by age, literacy, educational level, sex, and non-workers and marginal workers by type of activity, seeking/available for work and their cross-classification by age, literacy, educational level and sex. Part IIIB-B-Series Tables covering industrial classification of main workers and marginal workers, occupational classification and class of worker of main workers and main activity and seeking/available for work of marginal workers and non-workers and their cross -classification by age, sex and educational level.
Part IV-Social and Cultural Tables.	Part IVA-C-Series Tables covering age, sex, and marital status composition of the population, single year age returns, educational level and school attendance. Part IVB-C Series Tables covering mothertongue, bilingualism and religion of population and household composition.
Part V-Migration Tables	Part VA-D-Series Tables of first priority covering distribution of population by place of birth, migrants by place of last residence by duration of residence and reason for migration and economic activity of migrants reporting 'Employment' as reason and their cross-classification by age and literacy Part VB-D-Series Tables covering migration for 'Employment' to urban areas from rural and urban and within State and outside State origins, their composition by age, sex and educational level and seeking/available for work and duration of last residence.
Part VI-Fertility Tables	Part VIA-F-Series Tables. This part will cover the age at marriage pattern, current fertility and cumulated fertility for ever married and currently married women by present age and duration of marriage at State and District levels. At State level the further cross-classification by the socio-economic factors, religion, Scheduled Castes/ Scheduled Tribes, educational level and occupation will be covered. Part VIB-F-Series Tables covering the surviving children of currently married women by present age and duration of marriage, religion etc. and also current fertility by duration of marriage at district level.
Part VII-Tables on Houses and Disabled population.	H-Series Tables covering census houses and their uses, and the disabled population by type of disability, with analytical notes.
Part VIII-Household Tables. (No separate publication for Arunachal Pradesh. These are included in the all India volume brought out by the office of the Registrar General, India, New Delhi).	Part VIIIA-HH-Series Tables covering material of construction of houses occupied by households, housing facilities available to households, household size and number of couples living in households and households by number of main workers, seeking/available for work and literate members, cultivating and non-cultivating households by tenure of land for general and Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe households, literacy among Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and economic activity of members of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe households. These tables will also cover the household population by religion of head of household and language mainly spoken in the household. Part VIIIB-This part will contain tables HH-17, HH-17SC, & HH-17ST on tenancy. Part VIIIC- Report on Households. This will be an analytical report of the data presented in Part VIIIA and VIIIB.
Part IX-Special Tables on Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.	The SC and ST Series of tables for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes respectively, covering industrial categories of main workers, and marginal workers, type of activity of marginal workers and non-workers, seeking/available for work among marginal workers and non-workers, age, sex marital status, composition of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribe-

LIST OF 1911 CENSUS PUBLICATION—Concld

Part No. and Subject covered	Sub-Part No. (if any) and the topics covered
1	2
	population and their educational level (for each Caste/Tribe separately). These tables also cover for Scheduled Tribes their composition by religion, mother tongue and bilingualism.
Part X-Town Directory Survey Reports on Towns and Villages	Part XA-Town Directory (Not for Arunachal Pradesh)
	Part XB-Survey Reports on selected towns
	Parts XC-Survey Reports on selected villages
Part XI . . .	Ethnographic notes and special studies on Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes
Part XII-Census Atlas	Union and State/Union Territory Census Atlases
Part XIII-District Census Handbook	Part XIIIA-Village and Town Directory
	Part XIIIB-Village and Townwise Primary Census Abstract and the Primary Census Abstract of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes at Circle/Town level

LIST OF AGENTS

Agra

1. M/s. Banwari Lal Jain Publishers, Moti Katra (Reg.).
2. Sumit Law Agency, 30/97, Pipal Mandi (Rest).
3. Agarwal Law Co., 8/121, Hing Ki Mandi (Rest).

Ahmadabad

4. Chandra Kant Chiman Lal Vora, 57-2, Gandhi Road, P.B. No. 163 (Reg.).
5. New Order Book Co., Gandhi Road, Ellis Bridge (Reg.).
6. Kunal Subscription Agency, Mina Park Society, Nava Wadaj (Reg.).
7. *Gujarat Law House*, Near Municipal Swimming Bath, Bhadra (Rest).
8. Mahajan Bros., Super Market Basement, Ashram Road, Navrangpura (Reg.).
9. Himanshu Book Co., 10, Mission Market, Near Gujarat College (Rest).
10. Academic Book Centre, 10, Walkeshwar Society, Politechnique (Rest).
11. Educational Booksellers, Gandhi Road (Reg.).
12. Lawyers' Credit & Supply Cop. Society, Std. City Civil Court Compound, Bhadra (Rest).
13. Indian Law House, 252, 1st Floor, Kashipura, Outside Raipur Gate (Rest).
14. Roshan Ranjit Brothers, 371/7, Baba Ayaram Road (Rest).

Ahmadnagar

15. V. P. Jorewakar, Prop., Rama General Stores, Navi Path (Rest).

Ajmer

16. Book Land, 663, Madar Gate (Reg.).

Allahabad

17. University Book Agency, 15-B, Elgin Road (Reg.).
18. Kitabistan, 30, Chak Road (Reg.).
19. Law Book Co., Sardar Patel Marg, P.B. 4 (Reg.).
20. Ram Narian Lal Beni Prasad, 2, Katra Road (Reg.).
21. Universal Book Co., 20, M. G. Road (Reg.).
22. *A. H. Wheeler & Co. Pvt. Ltd.*, City Book Shop (Rest).
23. New Book House, 32, Tashkant Road (Reg.).
24. Universal Book Shop, M. G. Road (Reg.).
25. Law Publisher, Sardar Patel Marg, P.B. No. 77 (Reg.).
26. International Library Service, 316, Alopibag, Punjabi Colony (Rest).

Ambala Cantt.

27. English Book Depot (Reg).

Amritsar

28. Law Book Agency, G.T. Road Putligarh (Regd.).
29. The Book Lovers, Petreat Hall Bazar (Reg.).

Anand

30. Vijays Magazine Agency, Station Road (Rest.).

Anantapur

31. Shri Vani Stores, Kamla Nagar (Rest.).

23—176 R. G. India/ND/84

Aizawl

32. Modern Book Stall,
Hospital Road, Bara Bazar (Rest.).

Balllabhgarh

33. Om Trade Well,
Unchagaon Gate (Reg.).

Bangalore

34. International Book House (P) Ltd.,
4, K.G. Road (Reg.).

35. S.S. Book Emporium,
118, Mount Joy Road,
Hanumant Nagar (Reg.).

36. Standard Book Depot,
Avenue Road (Reg.).

37. Vichara Sahitya Ltd.,
Balapet (Reg.).

38. Coming Man,
Residency Road (Rest).

39. Bhagyalakshmi Stores,
524, Shrinagar Main Road,
Barashankari (Rest).

40. N.S.A. Majeed Khan,
C/o. Khan Transport & Air Travels (Rest.).

Bansdrom

41. Current Books & Periodicals Agencies,
'C' Block, No. 25 (Rest).

Bareilly

42. Pathak Pustak Bhawan,
Ram Narain Part (Reg.).

43. Ashok Book Depot,
Bara Bazar (Rest.).

Bhagalpur

44. Paper & Stationery Stores,
D.M. Singh Road, Bhagalpur (Reg.).

Vadodara

45. New Medical Book House,
540, Maden Zampa Road (Reg.).

46. Baroda Productivity Council,
(Book Division),
Productivity Road (Rest).

47. Hamdip Agencies,
Maden Zampa Road (Rest).

Bhopal

48. Lyall Book Depot,
Moh Din Building,
Motia Park, Sultania Road (Reg.).

Bhubaneshwar

49. The Modern Book Depot Unit,
111, Stational Square (Reg.).

50. Vani Vikash,
B-1, Saheed Nagar (Rest).

51. Bidya Mandir,
Eastern Tower, Market Building (Rest).

Bhavnagar

52. Shah Parshotam Das Gigabhai,
M.G. Road (Rest).

Bholpur

53. Bholpur Pustakalaya,
Rabindra Sarani,
P.O. Bolpur, Birbhum (W.B.) (Rest).

Bijapur

54. Shah D. V. Deshpande,
Prop., Vinod Book Depot
Near Shiralshetti Chowk (Rest.).

55. Ajay Law Agency,
Hospital Chowk (Best Chopra).
Bhagvan Bazar (Rest),

Baidyanath

56. Jaidip Agency,
Distt. Santhal Parganas, Bihar (Rest).

Bombay

57. Charles Lambert & Coy.,
101, M.G. Road, P.B. 1032 (Reg.).

58. Current Book House,
Maruti Lane,
Raghunath Dadaji Street, (Reg.).

59. Current Technical Literature Co. Pvt. Ltd.,
India House, 1st Floor,
Opp. G.P.O. (Reg.).

60. C. Jamnadas & Co. Bookseller,
146-C, Princess Street (Reg.).

61. International Book House Ltd.,
Indian Mercantile Mission Extn.,
Madame Cama Road (Regd.).

62. Kothari Book Depot,
Acharya Donde Marg, Parel (Reg.).

63. Lakhani Book Depot,
Girgaum (Reg.).

64. Lok Vang Maya Griha Pvt. Ltd.,
190/B, Khetwadi Main Road (Reg.).

65. World Literature,
Pyara Singh Chug House,
Lal Bahadur Shastri Marg, Bhandup.

66. M. & J. Services,
2-A, Mohan Kung, Dadar
68, Jyoteba Fule Road, Dadar (Reg.).

67. Popular Book Depot,
Dr. Bhadkamkar Road (Reg.).

68. Sundar Das Gian Chand,
601, Girigaum Road,
Near Princess Street (Reg.).

69. Thacker & Co.,
Rampart Row (Reg.).

70. All India Book Supply Co.,
Kalbadevi Road (Reg.).

71. Usha Book Depot,
585/A, Chira Bazar (Reg.).

72. Dhan Lal Bros.,
5, Gandhi Road (Reg.).

73. N.K. Tripathi Pvt. Ltd.,
Princess Street (Reg.).

74. Bhayanl Book Depot,
150, Princess Street (Reg.).

75. Shri Agency,
6, Harish, 72-D, Dixet Road,
Vile Parle (Reg.).

76. Universal Book Depot Corpn.,
546, Jar Mahal, Dhobi Talao (Reg.).

77. Subscribers' Subscription Services India,
190, Bazar Gate Street (Rest).

78. C. Shanti Lal & Co.,
86, Princess Street (Reg.).

79. Creative Books & Periodicals Pvt. Ltd.,
17, Police Court Lane (Reg.).

80. A.K. Agencies,
L2/15, Luxmi Raman Society.
Bangur Ngr. (Reg.).

81. Jaina Book Agency (India),
649-A, Goregaon Road,
Dhobi Talao (Reg.).

82. Giri Trading Agency,
Bhandarkar Road, Matunga (Rest).

83. Bombay Law House,
76, Madows Street (Rest).

84. K.K. Bhuvneshwari,
42, Paria Narwan Street (Rest).

85. Executive Book Service,
74, Princess Street (Rest).

86. G.A. Brothers,
50, Princess Street (Rest).

87. Devendra S. Sharama,
Sattan Chawl, R-7, H.F. Society Road,
5th Natwar Nagar Road,
Jogeshwari (E) (Rest).

88. Nav Bharat Sahitya Mandir,
Gandhi Marg, Princess Street (Rest).

89. Sterling Book House,
181-D.N. Road, Fort (Rest).

90. Vidya Book House,
19, Krishna Niwas, Bombay (Rest).

Calcutta

91. Das Gupta & Co. Ltd.,
54/2, College Street (Reg.).

92. R. Chambrary & Co. Ltd.,
Kant House, P-33, Mission Row Ext. (Reg.).

93. S.K. Lahiri & Co. Ltd.,
College Street (Reg.).

94. W. Newsman & Co. Ltd.,
3, Old Court House Street (Reg.).

95. Mukherjee & Coy.,
P-27-B, C.I.T. Road, Seheme-52 (Rest).

96. K.K. Roy,
55, Gariahat Road, P.B. 10210 (Rest).

97. Manimala,
123, Row Bazar Street (Reg.).

98. Modern Book Depot,
78, Chowringhi Centre (Reg.),

99. New Script,
172/3, Rash Behari Avenue (Reg.).

100. Mukherjee Library,
1, Gopi Mohan Datta Lane (Rest).

101. K.L.M. (P) Ltd.,
257, B.B. Ganguly Street (Reg.).

102. Scientific Book Agency,
103, Netaji Subhash Road (Rest).

103. P. Upadhyay,
15, Munshi Sardaruddin Lane (Reg.)

144. K.L. Sethi,
B-55, Shakarpur (Reg.).

145. Universal Book & Stationery Co.,
16, Netaji Subhash Marg (Reg.).

146. Universal Book Traders,
80, Gokhle Market (Reg.).

147. Young Man & Co.,
Nai Sarak (Reg.).

148. General Book Depot,
1691, Nai Sarak (Reg.).

149. Munshi Ram Manohar Lal,
Oriental Bookseller & Publishers,
P.B. 1165, Nai Sarak (Rest).

150. Premier Book Co.,
Nai Sarak (Reg.).

151. Motilal Banarsi Das,
Bungalow Road, Jawahar Nagar (Reg.).

152. Sangam Book Depot,
Main Market, Gupta Colony (Reg.).

153. University Book House,
15, U.B. Bungalow Road,
Jawaher Nagar (Rest).

154. Om Law Book House,
Gokhale Market,
Civil Court Compound (Reg.).

155. Ashok Book Agency,
Poorvi Shalimar Bagh (Reg.).

156. D.K. Book Organisation,
74-D, Anand Nagar (Reg.).

157. Hindustan Book Agencies (India),
17-UB, Jawahar Nagar (Rest).

158. Eagle Book Services,
Ganesh Pura (Reg.).

159. Raj Book Agency,
A-99, Shiv Puri (Reg.).

160. Krishna Law House,
Tis Hazari (Reg.).

161. Indian Documentation Service,
Ansari Road (Rest).

162. Standard Booksellers,
402, Kucha Bulaji, Chandni Chowk,
Dariba Kalan (Reg.).

163 Shyam Bros.,
IX/5134, East Old Silampur, Delhi (Reg.).

164. Capital Law House,
Viswas Nagar, Shahdara (Reg.).

165. Ekta Book Co.,
Majlis Park, Adarsh Nagar (Reg.).

166. Commercial House,
1478, Dewan Hall Road,
Near Moti Cinema (Rest).

167. Venus Enterprises Booksellers & Publishers,
B2/85, Ashok Vihar, Floor-II (Reg.).

168. Fine Book Services,
10529, Bagichi Purki,
Subzi Mandi, Delhi (Reg.).

169. Texla Law Agency,
Gurdwara Marg, Shahdara (Rest).

170. Emvee Enterprises,
632, Bhai Parmanand Colony (Rest).

171. All Indian Educational Supply Co.,
Jawahar Nagar (Rest).

172. Roop Rai Bros.,
208, Bhai Parmanand Colony (Rest).

173. Delhi Law House,
77, Gokhle Market (Rest.).

174. Medical House (Regd.),
3656, Qutab Road (Rest).

175. Sher-e-Punjab Law Book House,
3/8, Kuncha Mir Ashiq,
Chawri Bazar (Rest).

176. Capital Agencies,
Balbir Nagar, Shahdara (Rest.).

177. Law Literature House,
2646, Bilimaran (Rest).

178. Ajanta Books International,
1, UB Jawahar Nagar (Rest).

179. Academy Publishers,
10-A, Shakarpur (Rest),

180. Pustak Jagat,
Moti Nagar (Rest).

181. Jitendra Book Service,
Sitaram Bazar (Rest).

182. Research Co.,
1865, Tri Nagar (Rest).

183. International Trade Linkers,
Model Town (Rest).

184. Chronica Botanica,
I.P. Exten., Delhi (Rest).

104. G.A. Enterprise,
15/1/1, Centre (Reg.).

105. K. Bagchi,
286, B.B. Ganguly Street (Reg.),

106. Overseas Publications,
14, Har Street (Rest).

107. Book Corporational,
1, Mangoe Lane (Reg.),

108. S.C. Sarkar & Sons Pvt. Ltd.,
Law Publisher & Book Sellers,
I C Bankim Chattarjee Street : 700073 (Reg).

109. Techno Books International.
P-4, New Howrah Approach Road (Rest).

110. Basaniwal Enterprises,
309, Bipin Behari Ganguli Street (Rest).

111. Best Books,
IA, College Row (Rest).

112. Lahari & Co.,
8/IA, Ashtas Road (Rest),

113. Unique Form Centre,
1, Mangoe Lane (Rest).

Chandigarh

114. Jain Law Agency,
Shop No. 5, Sector 22D (Reg.).

115. Rama News Agency,
Booksellers Sector-22 (Reg.).

116. Universal Book Store,
Sector 17-D (Reg.).

117. English Book Depot,
No. 34, Sector 22-B (Rest).

118. Jain General House,
Sector 17-D (Reg.).

119. Manik Book Shop,
70-72, Sector 17-D (Reg.).

120. Naveen Book Agency,
80-82, Sector 17-D (Rest).

121. Chandigarh Law House,
1002, Sector 22-B (Rest).

122. Variety Book Store,
SCO 69, Sector 17-D (Rest).

Cuttack

123. Manager Cuttack Law Times,
Cuttack (Reg.).

124. Books International,
Banka Bazar (Rest).

125. Woodlands,
Bangali Sahi (Rest).

126. Legal Reliables,
Biswanath Lane (Rest).

Chhindwara

127. Lath Enterprises,
6/62-63, Narsinghpur Road (Rest).

Coimbatore

128. Marry Martin,
9/79, Gokhale Street (Reg.).

129. Continental Agencies,
4-A, Sakthi Vihar (Rest).

130. Radhi Mani Stores,
60-A, Raja Street (Rest).

Chirala

131. Mahalakshmi Enterprises,
Opp. Mohan Theatre (Rest).

Dehradun

132. Bishan Singh & Mahendra Pal Singh,
23-A, Cannaught Place.

133. Jugal Kishore & Co.,
23-C, Rajpur Road (Reg.).

134. Natraj Publishers,
52, Rajpur Road (Reg.).

135. International Book Distributor,
1st Floor, 913, Rajpur Road (Reg.).

Damoh

136. Ram Shanker Agrawal,
253, Asali Ward-2 (Rest).

137. Atma Ram & Sons,
Kashmere Gate (Reg.).

138. Bahri Bros.,
243, Lajpat Rai Market (Reg.).

139. Bookwell,
85, Sant Nirankari Colony,
P.B. 1565, Delhi-9.

140. Dhanwantri Medical & Law Book House,
1522, Lajpatrai Market (Reg.).

141. Federal Law Depot,
Kashmere Gate (Reg.).

142. Indian Army Book Depot,
3, Ansari Road, Daryaganj (Reg.).

143. J.M. Jaina & Bros.,
Mori Gate (Reg.).

Jaipur

220. Bharat Law House,
Booksellers & Publishers,
Opp. Press, Prakash Cinema (Reg.).

221. Pitaliya Pustak Bhandar,
Mishra Rajaji Ka-Rasta (Reg.).

222. Kishore Book Depot,
Sardar Patel Marg (Reg.).

Jameshedpur

223. Gupta Stores,
Dhatkidith (Reg.).

Jamnagar

224. Swadeshi Vastu Bhandar,
Ratnabai Masjid Road (Reg.).

225. Scientific & Technical Literature Co. (Rest).

Jodhpur

226. Dwarka Das Rathi,
Wholesale Books,
Cinema and News Agents,
Outna Sujatigarh (Reg.).

227. Rajasthan Law House,
High Court Road (Reg.).

228. Kanpoon Prakashak,
Opp. Gurudwara,
Anand Cinema Road (Reg.).

229. United Book Traders,
Opp. Police Lane (Rest).

230. Charbhuja Traders,
Juni Mandi (Rest).

Jabalpur

231. Modern Book House,
286, Jawaharganj (Reg.).

232. Paras Book,
129, Cantt (Reg.).

Jhansi

233. Universal Law House,
Manik Chowk (Rest).

Jammu

234. Heldia Publishers,
128-A, Gandhi Nagar (Rest).

Jhunjhunun

235. Shashi Kumar Sharat Chander,
Jhunjhunun (Reg.).

Jalandhar City

236. Law Book Depot,
Adda Basti, G.T. Road (Rest).

Kakinada

237. N. Venkateshwar Rao,
Mangapathy Agencies (Rest).

Kanpur

238. Advani & Co.,
P. Box 100, The Mall (Reg.).

239. Sahitya Niketan,
Sharadhanand Park (Reg.).

240. Universal Book Stall,
The Mall (Reg.).

241. Law Book Emporium,
16/60, Civil Lines (Reg.).

242. Pustak Bhawan,
10/69, Paredi (Rest).

Karaikal

243. Selvi Store House,
185-188, Thiruvallar Road (Rest).

Kumta

244. S.V. Kamat,
Kumta (Reg.).

Kazipet

245. V.A.N. Raju,
News Agent (Rest).

Kurseong

246. Ashoka Bros.,
69, Hill Cart Road,
P.O. Kurseong (Rest).

Karnataka

247. Aspiration Stores,
Post (AMP),
Via Hospet (Rest),
Pin Code 583 201 (KARNATAKA).

Kottayam

248. Law India Book Sellers & Publishers (Rest).

Kishtwar

249. Wazir Book Deptt.,
(J&K) (Rest).

Dhanbad

185. New Skotoch Press,
P.B. 26 (Rest).

186. F.M. Ansari,
Hirapur (Rest).

Darbhanga

187. Sahitya Sagar,
P.B. No. 12, P.O. Imhorisarai (Rest).

Dhule

188. Swanandi Knowledge Book Agency (Rest).

Ernakulam

189. Pai & Coy., Broadway (Reg.).

Ferozpur Cantt.

190. English Book Depot,
78, Jhok Road (Reg.).

Gauhati

191. United Publishers,
Pan Bazar, Main Road (Rest).

192. Ashoka Publishing House (Rest).

Gaya

193. Sahitya Sadan,
Gautum Budh Marg (Reg.).

Goa

194. Savitri Book Agency,
Indira Niwas, Bordem Bicholim (Rest).

195. Prabhu Book Service,
Nai Subzi Mandi (Reg.).

196. Indian Publication,
2052, Sectors Urban Estate (Rest.).

Gandhidham

197. Abdee Agency,
BZ-26.

Gwalior

198. Loyal Book Depot,
Saraswati Sadan, Ratankar Bazar (Reg.).

199. Tatar Bros.,
Sarafa Bazar, Lashker (Reg.).

200. Anand Pustak Sadan,
Shinde Ke Chhaoni (Reg.).

201. M.C. Dafter Bros., M.B. Jain & Bros.,
Sarafa Lashkar (Rest).

202. Adarsh Pustak Sadan,
5/26, Bhan Ka Bazar (Reg.).

203. A. Gupta Book Agency,
Anand Niwas, Falka Bazar (Rest).

Ghaziabad

204. S. Gupta,
H. No. 420, Vishambar Nagar,
Hoshiarpur.

Hyderabad

205. Book Syndicate,
Devka Mahal, Opp. Central Bank (Reg.).

206. Labour Law Publications,
873, Sultan Bazar (Reg.).

207. Asia Law House,
Opp. High Court (Reg.).

208. Book Links Corporations,
Narayanagoda (Reg.).

209. Ratna,
16-11-493, Dilsukh Nagar Colony (Rest).

210. National Law House,
4-3-714, Ramkute (Rest).

Hardwar

211. Pandi Salyeshwara Nand Kailash Chand Pandey, Saraswati (Reg.).

212. Rudrakash Mala Pustakalaya,
Bara Bazar (Rest).

Hathras

213. Jain Book Depot,
Rohtak Wala Nohara, Agra Road (Rest).

214. Raghu Enterprises,
Gaushala Road, Chandra Puri (Rest).

Indore

215. Modern Book House,
Shiv Vilas Palace (Reg.).

216. Surya Kant Dinesh Kant,
Swaroop Sahitya Sadan,
213, Khajuri Bazar, M.G. Road.

Imphal

217. P.C. Jain Co.,
Imphal, Manipur (Rest).

218. K.C. Robbi,
M/s. Kecee Enterprises, Imphal (Rest).

219. Khuraijain Ajit Singh,
Pukhri South (Rest).

286. Aparana Enterprises, New Delhi (Rest).
287. Central News Agency,
23/90, Connaught Circus (Reg.).
288. English Book Stores,
7-2, Connaught Circus (Reg.).
289. Jain Book Agency, C/o. Prem House,
Connaught Circus (Reg.).
290. Jyana Book Depot, Karol Bagh (Reg.).
291. Lakshmi Book Store, 72, Janpath,
P.O. Box 558 (Reg.).
292. Mehra Bros.,
50-G, Kalkaji (Reg.).
293. Navyug Traders,
Desh Bandhu Gupta Road,
Dev Nagar (Reg.).
294. Oxford Book & Stationery Co.,
Scindia House (Reg.).
295. People Publishing House (P) Ltd.,
Rani Jhansi Road (Reg.).
296. Rama Krishna & Sons (Lahore),
16/B, Connaught Place (Reg.).
297. R.K. Publishers,
23, Beadanpura, Karol Bagh (Reg.).
298. International Book House,
Nehru Place (Rest).
299. Ravindra Book Agency,
30-C, Amar Colony Market,
Lajpat Nagar (Reg.).
300. Hind Book House,
82, Janpath (Reg.).
301. Sat Narain & Sons,
40-A, NDMC Market, Babar Road (Reg.).
302. Delhi Book Co.,
M/12, Connaught Circus (Rest).
303. Navrang,
P.B. 7, Indrapuri (Rest).
304. Books India Corporation,
New Rohtak Road (Reg.).
305. Globe Publishers,
C-33, Nizamuddin East (Rest).
306. Scientific Instruments Stores,
A-355, New Rajinder Nagar (Reg.).
307. Jain Bros.,
East Park Road, Karol Bagh (Rest).
308. Jain Map & Book Agency,
Karol Bagh (Reg.).
309. Eastern Book Enterprises,
1274/3, Hari Singh Nalwa Street,
Karol Bagh (Rest).
310. The Mac Millan Co. of India Ltd.,
2/10, Ansari Road (Rest).
311. Star Publication Pvt. Ltd.,
4/5-B, Asaf Ali Road (Rest).
312. Grover Book & Stationery Co.,
58, Nehru Place, Shop No. 109,
New Delhi (Reg.).
313. Modern Book Centre,
H-39, Green Park (Reg.).
314. Sterling Publishers (P) Ltd.,
Safdarjung Enclave (Rest).
315. Golden Book Centre,
Bank Street, Karol Bagh (Rest).
316. Harjeet & Co.,
Chuna Mandi, Pahar Ganj (Rest).
317. UBS Publishers,
5, Ansari Road (Rest).
318. Deep Publications,
154/B, Savitri Nagar (Rest).
319. Minakshi International Publiications,
G-6/4, Malviya Nagar (Rest).
320. Sandeep Pustak Bhandar,
Rajouri Garden (Rest).
321. Print India,
11, Darya Ganj (Rest).
322. National Literature Palace,
WZ-230, Ram Chowk,
Palam Enclave (Reg.).
323. Kamal & Co.,
302, Gautam Nagar (Rest).
324. S. Chand & Co. Ltd.,
P.O. Box No. 5733, Ram Nagar (Reg.).
325. Neeta Prakashan,
D-50, South Extension (NDSE),
Part I (Rest).
326. Satish Book Depot,
51/12, New Market, Karol Bagh (Rest).
327. Mohan Law House,
G-6/7, Malviya Nagar (Rest).
328. Mahajan Book Agency,
Nangal Raya (Reg.).
329. Rajendra Book Agency,
Double Storey, Lajpat Nagar (Rest).

Lucknow

250. British Book Depot,
84, Hazarat Ganj (Reg.).

251. Eastern Book Co.,
24, Lalbagh Road (Reg.).

252. Ram Advani,
Hazarat Ganj, P.B. 154 (Reg.).

253. S. Kumar and Associates,
Guru Govind Singh Marg (Reg.).

254. Aquarium Supply Co.,
C-14, Vivekanandpuri (Rest).

255. Law Book Academy,
195, Rajendra Nagar (Rest.).

Ludhiana

256. Lyall Book Depot,
Chavra Bazar (Reg.).

257. Mohindra Bros.,
Kachori Road (Rest).

258. Nanda Stationery Bhandar,
Pustak Bazar (Reg.).

Madras

259. C. Subha Chetty & Co.,
62, Big Street, Tripalicane (Reg.).

260. P. Vardhachary & Co.,
8, Linghi Chetty St. (Reg.).

261. C. Sitaraman & Co.,
33, Royapettach High Road (Reg.).

262. Madras Book Agency,
42, Tirumangalam Road (Reg.).

263. Swamy Publishers,
P.B. No. 2368 (Rest).

264. Sangam Publishers,
11, S.S. Street (Reg.).

265. G. Somasundaram,
44, Areat Road, Vadapalain (Rest).

266. M.M. Subscription Agencies,
Harington Road (Rest).

267. Hira & Hema (Book Sellers),
Housing Board Colony,
Thiruvanmiyur P.O. (Rest).

268. Les Lives,
710, T.H. Road (Rest).

Meerut

269. Loyal Book Depot,
Near Govt. College (Reg.).

270. Angira Library,
51, Victoria Park Octroi (Rest).

271. Bharat Educational Store,
Chippi Road (Reg.).

Moradabad

272. Rama Book Depot,
Station Road (Rest).

Mhow Cantt.

273. Oxford Book Depot,
Main Street (Rest).

274. A.N. Gupta,
Railway Book Stall,
Railway Station (Rest).

Mussoorie

275. Hind Traders,
Ramanand Shop, Deodhar Road (Rest).

Mysore

276. People Book House,
Opp. Jagan Mohan Place (Reg.).

277. Geeta Book House,
New State Circle (Reg.).

Naini Tal

278. Councile Book Depot,
Bara Bazar (Reg.).

Nagpur

279. Western Book Depot,
Residency Road.

280. Tribal Research Centre,
Block No. 11, Surajbali Rd., Sadar (Rest).

Nadiad

281. R.S. Desai,
Station Road (Rest).

282. Chaware Yeshwant Rao Gyanobarao,
Knowledge Book Agency (Rest).

Nashik

283. G.K. Bros.,
Main Road (Reg.).

New Delhi

284. Atlantic Publishers and Distributors,
B-2, Vishal Enclave, New Delhi-27 (Reg.).

285. Amrit Book Co.,
Connaught Circus (Reg.).

Secunderabad

362. Anapurana Industries,
1-3-14, Kalasegada (Rest).

Shimla

363. Minerva Book House,
The Mall (Rest).

Sikkim

364. Rachna Development Area,
Gangtok (Rest).

Shillong

365. Paul Agency & Distributors,
Umpling, Shillong (Rest).

Sivakasi

366. Ganesh Stores,
South Car Street (Rest).

Salem

367. Jain Magazine Agency,
Rajgarh Road (Reg.).

Surat

368. Shri Gajanan Pustakalya,
Tower Road (Reg.).

369. Raghuwanshi Law House,
Near Pura Gate (Rest).

Sholapur

370. Gazanan Book Stores,
Main Road (Rest).

Sunam

371. Sahiba Agencies,
Geeta Bhawan Road (Rest).

Saharanpur

372. Chandra Bharata Pustak Bhandar,
Court Road (Rest).

Tiruchirapalli

373. Shri Vidya Book Shop,
62, High Road (Rest).

Trivandrum

374. Sukumai Book Stall,
Station Road (Rest).

375. International Book Depot,
P.B. 4, Main Road (Reg.).

376. Shri Devi Book House,
Devi Vilas Compound (Reg.).

Tuticorin

377. K. Thiagarajan (Rest).

Umreth

378. Indu Kumar Ochhav Lal Gandhi (Rest).

Varanasi

379. Viswa Vidhayalaya,
K-40/18, Bhaironath Marg (Reg.).

380. International Publicity Service,
Bhaironath Kathki Haveli (Reg.).

381. Kalpana Corporation,
P.B. No. 5, Varanasi (Rest).

382. Meena Book Centre,
Varanasi.

Vishakhapatnam

383. Gupta Bros. (Books),
Vizia Building, Main Road (Reg.).

384. Book Centre,
Main Road (Rest).

Vijayawada

385. Vishalandhara Publishing,
Chand Ram Building (Rest).

386. Novadaya Subscription Agency (Reg.).

Villupuram

387. Baby Stores,
167-168, Thiru-vi-ka-Road (Rest).

Vellore

388. S. Thangavalu,
Booshan Nagar, Solavanpit (Rest).

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330. Eagle Book Services,
F-195, Mansarover Garden (Reg.).

331. Suneja Book Centre,
Connaught Circus (Reg.).

332. Lakshmi Book Store,
Janpath (Reg.).

333. Metropolitan Book Co. Ltd.,
1, Netaji Subhash Marg (Reg.).

334. Progressive Book Depot,
Pahar Ganj (Rest).

335. Space Age,
1st-B/186, Lajpat Nagar (Rest).

336. Kamal Publications,
33, Bhagat Singh Market,
Malviya Nagar (Rest).

Nokha

337. Shri Shayam Sunder Misra,
Munsif Magistrate, Nokha (Rest).

Nowgong

338. Sri Padma Dhar Nath,
Morigaon Commercial Institute (Rest).

Pali

339. Om Prakash Sunil Kumar,
Sarafa Bazar (Rest).

Patna

340. J.N.P. Aggarwal & Co.,
Padri Ki Haveli (Reg.).

341. Vibhagiya Prakashan,
Vikri Kendra Atetha Karayalaya,
Neva Sachiwalaya (Reg.).

342. Lakshmi Trading Co.,
Padri Ki Haveli, Patna (Reg.).

Pondicherry

343. Jagan Nath Pandit & Sons,
Arfabad Colony, P.O. Gulzarbagh (Rest).

344. Puthaghalam,
142, Gandhi Road (Rest).

345. Honest Book House,
9, Rua Duplix (Rest).

Pune

346. Saraswat,
1321/1, J.M. Road,
Opp. Modern High School (Reg.).

347. International Book Service,
Deccan Ghymkhana (Reg.).

348. Raka Book Agency,
Opp. Nathers Chawl,
Near Appa Balwant Chowk (Reg.).

349. Verma Book Centre,
649, Naraya Path (Rest).

350. Popular Book House,
75, Deccan Ghymkhana (Reg.).

351. Dastane Ramchandra & Co.,
456, Raviwar Path,
Phadke Hand Chowk (Rest).

Pudukkottai

352. Meenkashi Pathippagam,
4142, East Main Street (Rest).

353. P.N. Swaminathan & Co.,
Bazar Street (Reg.).

Rajkot

354. Vinay Book Depot,
Opp. Health Visitors School,
Bank of India Building (Reg.).

355. Mohan Lal Dossabhai,
State Bank of India Building (Reg.).

Raipur

356. Central Book House,
Sadar Bazar (Rest).

Ranchi

357. Crown Book Depot,
Upper Bazar (Reg.).

Rajgangpur

358. Crown Tire & Equipment Co.,
Block No. 1, Quarter No. 30,
D.C. Colony (Rest).

Robertsonpet

359. Eswari Book Centre,
11 & 12, P.K. Market,
649, Narayan Path (Rest).

Rothak

360. Manthan Publications,
B-111/1629, Para Mohalla (Rest).

Sangrur

361. Darshan Pustkalaya, Gandhi Marg (Reg.).

Secunderabad

362. Anapurana Industries,
1-3-14, Kalasegada (Rest).

Shimla

363. Minerva Book House,
The Mall (Rest).

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378. Indu Kumar Ochhav Lal Gandhi (Rest).

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Main Road (Rest).

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385. Vishalandhara Publishing,
Chand Ram Building (Rest).

386. Novadaya Subscription Agency (Reg.).

Villupuram

387. Baby Stores,
167-168, Thiru-vi-ka-Road (Rest).

Vellore

388. S. Thangavalu,
Booshan Nagar, Solavanpit (Rest).

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