CENSUS OF INDIA 2001

SERIES-4 PUNJAB

DISTRICT CENSUS HANDBOOK

Part - A & B

MANSA DISTRICT

VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY

✧

VILLAGE AND TOWNWISE PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

भारत की जनगणना
CENSUS OF INDIA
2001
लोकाभिमुख
PEOPLE ORIENTED

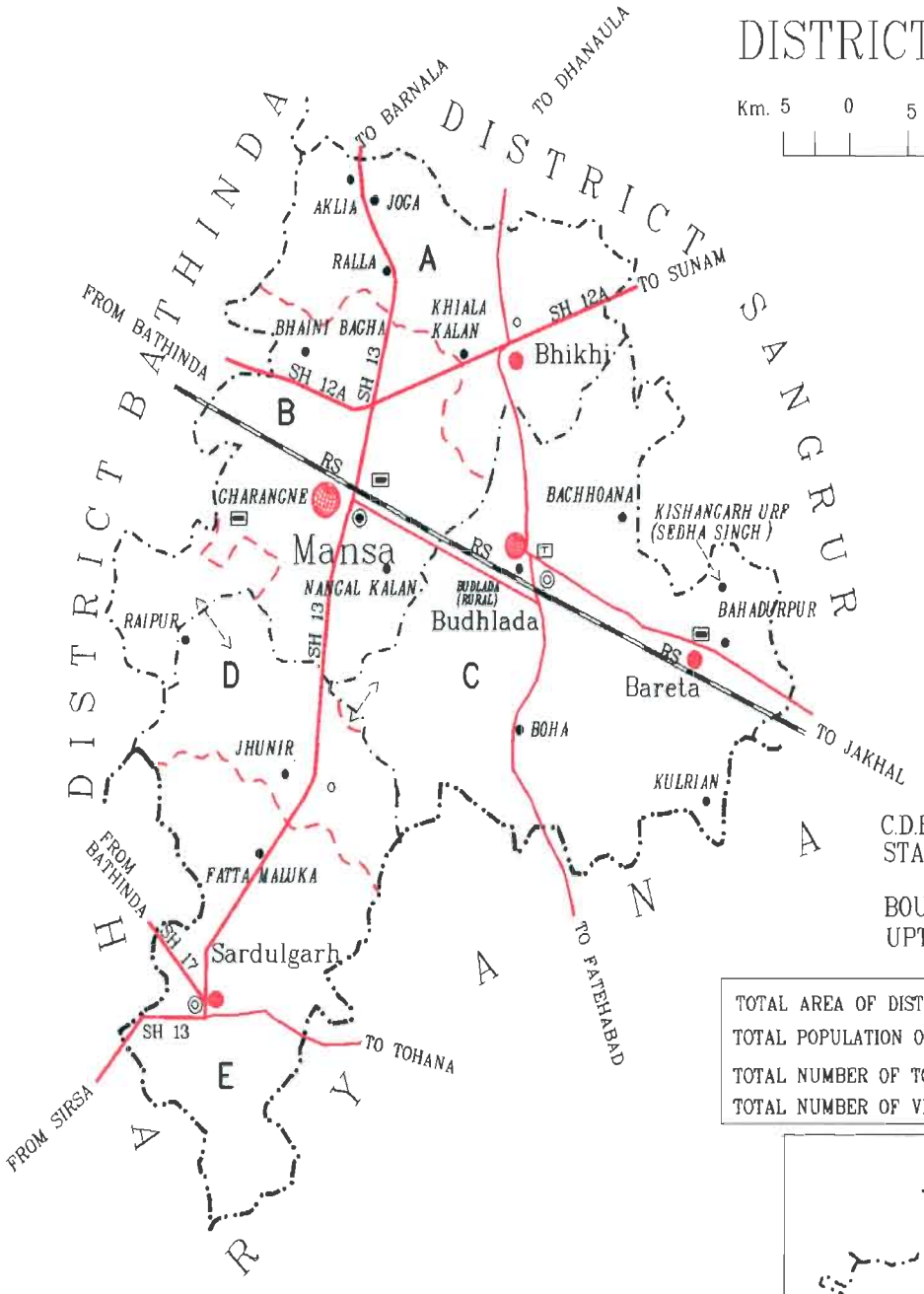
Directorate of Census Operations, Punjab

INDIA

PUNJAB

DISTRICT MANSA

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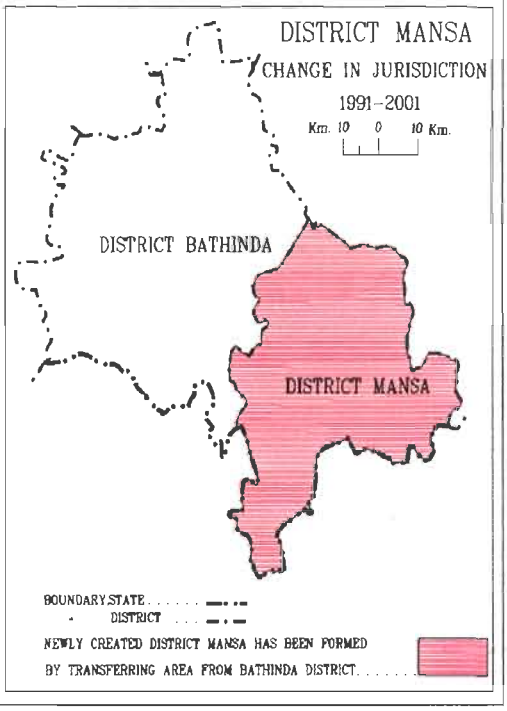
C.D.BLOCKS

A – BHIKHI
B – MANSA
C – BUDHLADA
D – JHUNIR
E – SARDULGARH

C.D.BLOCK BOUNDARY EXCLUDES STATUTORY TOWN (S)

BOUNDARIES ARE UPDATED UPTO 1.1.2000

TOTAL AREA OF DISTRICT (IN Sq. Km.)	2198.00
TOTAL POPULATION OF DISTRICT	688,758
TOTAL NUMBER OF TOWNS IN DISTRICT	5
TOTAL NUMBER OF VILLAGES IN DISTRICT	240



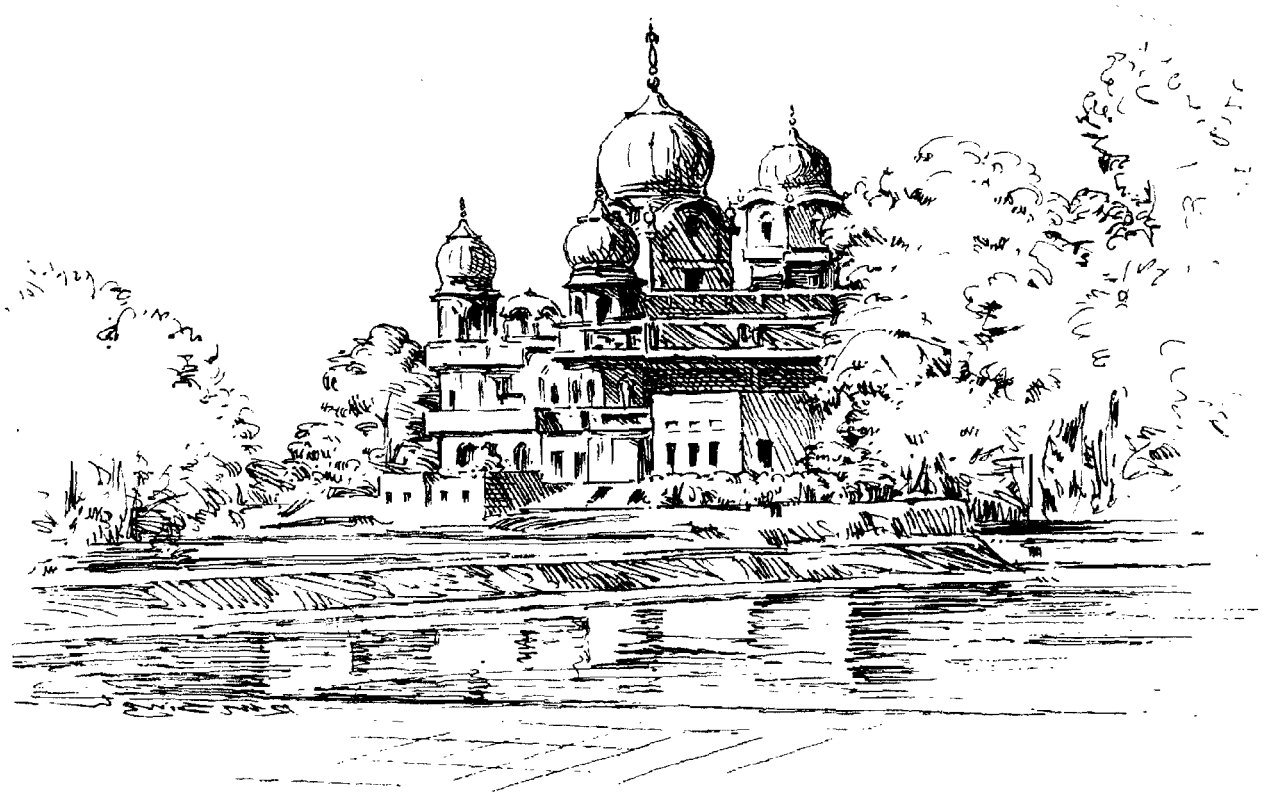
BOUNDARY, STATE
" DISTRICT
" TAHSIL
" C.D. BLOCK
HEADQUARTERS: DISTRICT/TAHSIL/C.D.BLOCK
STATE HIGHWAY
IMPORTANT METALLED ROAD
RAILWAY LINE WITH STATION, BROAD GAUGE
VILLAGE HAVING 5000 AND ABOVE POPULATION WITH NAME
TOWNS WITH POPULATION SIZE AND CLASS II,III,AND IV
DEGREE COLLEGE AND TECHNICAL INSTITUTION

SH 12A
RS
RALLA

DISTRICT/TAHSIL HEADQUARTERS ARE ALSO C.D.BLOCK HEADQUARTERS.

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Phaphre Bhaike

It is known for Bhai Behlo, who hailed from this village. Bhai Behlo spent his life in the service of Guru Arjan Dev, the fifth Sikh Guru, at Amritsar. The Guru was so pleased with his devotion and service that he blessed him saying 'Bhai Behlo sab ton pehlon' (Bhai Behlo you are the first of all.) Bhai Behlo also attended the marriage party of the Guru. There is a samadh of Bhai Behlo in the village. Nearby there is also a big sarover (tank) and a splendid Gurudwara has been constructed in the memory of Bhai Behlo. A big fair is held here every year, which lasts for 3 days. People from far and near attend the fair and pay their obeisance. Religious diwans (congregations) are also held on this occasion.

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Foreword

The District Census Handbook (DCHB) published by Census Organisation since 1951 census , is one of the important publications in the context of planning and development at gross-root level. The publication, which is brought out for each district, contains several demographic and socio-economic characteristics, village-wise and town-wise, of the district alongwith the status of availability of civic amenities, infrastructural facilities, etc.

2. The scope of the DCHB was initially confined to a few Census Tables and Primary Census Abstract (PCA) of each village and town within the district. Thereafter, at successive Censuses, its scope and coverage has been enlarged. The DCHB published at the 1961 Census provided a descriptive account of the district, administrative statistics, census tables and a village and town directory including PCA. The 1971 Census-DCHB series was in three parts: Part-A related to village and town directory, Part-B to village and town PCA and Part-C comprised analytical report, administrative statistics, district census tables and certain analytical tables based on PCA and amenity data in respect of villages. The 1981 Census DCHB was in two parts : Part-A contained village and town directory and Part-B the PCA of village and town including the SCs and STs PCA up to tahsil/town levels. New features alongwith restructuring of the formats of village and town directory were added to it. In Village Directory, all amenities except electricity were brought together and if any amenity was not available in the referent village, the distance in broad ranges from the nearest place having such an amenity, was given. Information on new items such as adult literacy centres, primary health sub-centres and community health workers in the village were provided so as to meet the requirements of some of the Revised Minimum Needs Programme. Information on approach to the village was provided for the first time in the Village Directory so as to give the details on number of inaccessible villages in each district. In the Town Directory, a statement (IV-A) on slums was introduced to provide the details on civic and other amenities in the notified slums of Class I and Class II towns.

3. The 1991 Census DCHB, by and large, followed the pattern of presentation of 1981 Census, except the format of PCA which was restructured. Nine–fold industrial classification of main workers was given against the four-fold industrial classification presented in the 1981 Census. In addition, sex-wise population in 0-6 age group was included in the PCA for the first time with a view to enable the data users to compile more realistic literacy rate as all children below 7 years of age had been treated as illiterate at the time of 1991 Census. One of the important innovations in the 1991 Census was the Community Development Block (CD block) level presentation of village directory and PCA data instead of the traditional tahsil/taluk/PS level presentation. It was expected that the presentation of village directory and PCA data at CD block level will help the planners in formulation of micro level development plans, CD block being the lowest administrative unit.

4. The present series of 2001 Census DCHBs have been made more informative and exhaustive in terms of coverage and content. The Village Directory has been enlarged in scope by including a number of other facilities like banking, recreational and cultural facilities, newspapers and magazines and 'most important commodity' manufactured in village. Income and expenditure of gram panchayat, wherever possible, has been provided. Apart from these, more details on distance(s) at which basic amenities are available (if not available in the village), are given. This includes educational facilities (namely primary and middle schools and college), medical facilities (viz. Allopathic Hospital, Maternity & Child Welfare Centre and Primary Health Centre), drinking water, post & telegraph (post office and phone), communication, bank, credit societies and

recreational facilities. In town directory, the statement on Slums has been modified and its coverage enlarged by including details on all slums instead of 'notified slums'. The information is given in case of all statutory towns irrespective of their class, against only Class I and Class II towns in the 1981 and 1991 Censuses. The basic amenities available in the villages and towns are analysed in depth with the help of a number of cross-classified inset tables and statements. Two other significant additions in the publication are inclusion of 'motif' highlighting significant characteristics of the district and analytical notes as annexures. The analytical notes on (i) fertility and mortality and (ii) various measures of fertility and mean age at marriage are prepared based on 1991 Census. Whereas, in the notes relating to (i) percentage distribution of migrants by place of birth/place of last residence, (ii) main religions, (iii) marital status of population, (iv) age, sex and education, and (v) distribution of spectrum of mother tongue, nature and extent of changes occurred in the district in its basic socio-demographic features during the decade 1991-2001 are analysed. The eight digits permanent location code number (PLCN) in all the villages and towns have been assigned keeping in view the future needs.

5. The village and town level amenity data have been collected, compiled and computerized in prescribed record structure under the supervision of Shri Inder Jit Singh, IAS, Director of Census Operations, Punjab. Thereafter, efforts have been made to ensure comparability of the information with that of 1991 Census data and the information brought out by the respective State Governments in their annual reports and statistical handbooks for various years after 1991. The task of planning, designing and coordination of this publication was carried out by Shri R.G.Mitra, Deputy Registrar General, (C&T) and Dr. I.C.Aggrawal, Senior Research Officer of Social Studies Division. Dr. R.P. Singh, Deputy Registrar General (Map) provided the technical guidance in the preparation of maps. Whereas, Shri Anil Kumar Arora, Deputy Director of Data Processing Division who worked under the overall supervision of Shri Himakar, Addl. Director (EDP), helped in preparation of record structure for computerization of village and town directory data and the programme for the generation of Village Directory and Town Directory statements including analytical inset tables. The draft DCHB manuscripts received from the Census Directorates have been scrutinised in the Social Studies Division under the guidance of Shri S. L. Jain, Deputy Director and Shri R. K. Mehta, Assitant Director. I am thankful to all of them and others who contributed to make this publication possible.

D.K. Sikri
Registrar General &
Census Commissioner, India

New Delhi
Dated 2007

Preface

The publication of District Census Handbook (DCHB) has been a regular feature ever since 1951, the first Census after independence. It aims to provide village/town level statistics for use by the government departments, non-government agencies, academicians and scholars, alike.

At the 1961 Census, a beginning was made to also include village level data on availability of amenities such as educational, medical, postal and communicational, land use pattern etc. in the form of Village Directory. Likewise, for towns, information with regard to their physical, financial, socio-cultural aspects and infrastructure were also added at town and ward level. Keeping in view the great utility of non-census data in the form of Village Directory and Town Directory, the same has remained to be an integral part of the DCHBs ever since 1961. Above all, the analytical part and inclusion of maps presenting data at village level has further enriched the scope and use of this publication. The analytical note describes historical, administrative, physio-graphic and demographic aspect of the district.

The present volume has two parts viz., Part A - Village and Town Directory and Part B - Primary Census Abstract, giving data for each village within the Community Development (CD) Block and each town in the district. The CD block maps included, presenting village level data, have been prepared by using computer assisted technology. In order to ensure greater authenticity of the data, an effort has been made to cross check the same with the information available from other sources. We do hope that the contents and coverage of this publication would be of great use to the user agencies.

The production of the DCHB has always remained to be a joint venture of the Central Government and the State Government. We greatly acknowledge and express our deep gratitude to the Government of Punjab for extending their complete cooperation in providing the requisite data in the form Village Directory and Town Directory. The District Gazetters and the Statistical Abstracts brought out by the State Government were of big help to us in the preparation of brief analytical note.

We owe our deepest gratitude to Shri D.K. Sikri, IAS, Additional Secretary, Registrar General, India and Census Commissioner and Shri J.K. Banthia, IAS, former Registrar General and Census Commissioner, India for their direction and support from time to time in accomplishing this arduous task.

In the directorate, at the outset we are beholden to Shri Inder Jit Singh, IAS under whose able guidance and direction as Director, Census Punjab, the census operations in the state were successfully completed.

Our thanks are also due to Shri D.R. Khanna, Ex-Deputy Director for getting the compilation of data and Shri Madhav Shyam, Ex-Deputy Director for drafting specimen model DCHB which has been replicated in other DCHBs.

The great effort and hard work done by Shri Bhagirath Singh, Assistant Director, Shri M.S. Bhatnagar, Assistant Director (since transferred), Shri Malkit Singh, Ex- S.I. Gr. I and Shri Rajender Prasad, S.I. Gr-I are greatly acknowledged. Sh. Pawan Kumar Bansal, S.I. Gr. II, Sh. Azad Kumar, S.I.Gr.-III and Sh. H.S. Sudan, Sr. Compiler deserve special thanks for having completed the publication work.

Last but not the least the publication of DCHB is a collective effort of the staff in the directorate and the services rendered by them (as per list) are acknowledged with thanks.

Chandigarh
Dated:.....2007

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District Highlights - 2001 Census

1. Mansa district ranks 12th in area and 14th in population.
2. Mansa is the most populous and Sardulgarh is the least populous tahsil.
3. The average population size of a village in the district (2,296) is far greater than that of the state (1,311).
4. Budhlada rural (12,074) is the largest village by population size followed by Boha (10,589) in the district.
5. 15 villages in the district are large sized with a population of 5,000 or more.
6. The decadal population growth rate in the district (19.9%) is slightly lower than the state average (20.1%).
7. Mansa district is relatively less urbanized than the state (33.9%) as only 20.7 per cent of its population is urban.
8. The sex ratio in the district (880) is higher than the state (876). It ranks 10th among the districts in the state.
9. The child sex ratio in the district (782) is lower than the state (798). It ranks 15th among the districts in the state

Important Statistics 2001

			STATE		DISTRICT	
NUMBER OF VILLAGES		Total	12,673		240	
		Inhabited	12,278		238	
		Uninhabited	395		2	
NUMBER OF TOWNS		Statutory Towns	139		5	
		Census Towns	18		-	
NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS		Normal	4,330,657		120,628	
		Institutional	9,929		158	
		Houseless	7,994		289	
POPULATION	Total	Persons	24,358,999		688,758	
		Males	12,985,045		366,446	
		Females	11,373,954		322,312	
	Rural	Persons	16,096,488		546,329	
		Males	8,516,596		290763	
		Females	7,579,892		255,566	
	Urban	Persons	8,262,511		142,429	
		Males	4,468,449		75,683	
		Females	3,794,062		66746	
PERCENTAGE OF URBAN POPULATION				33.9		20.7
			Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
DECADAL POPULATION		Persons	4,077,030	20.1	114,096	19.9
GROWTH 1991-2001		Males	2,207,011	20.5	59,558	19.4
		Females	1,870,019	19.7	54,538	20.4
AREA (in sq. km.)			50,362			2,198
DENSITY OF POPULATION (persons per square kilometre)				484		313
SEX RATIO (number of females per 1,000 males)		Total	876			880
		Rural	890			879
		Urban	849			882
LITERATES		Persons	14,756,970	69.7	310,632	52.4
		Males	8,442,293	75.2	184,064	58.9
		Females	6,314,677	63.4	126,568	45.2
SCHEDULED CASTES POPULATION		Persons	7,028,723	28.9	208,889	30.3
		Males	3,714,350	28.6	110,296	30.1
		Females	3,314,373	29.1	98,593	30.6

Important Statistics 2001 - *concld..*

		Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION	Persons	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	Males	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	Females	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
WORKERS AND NON- WORKERS					
TOTAL WORKERS	Persons	9,127,474	37.5	281,491	40.9
(MAIN & MARGINAL)	Males	6,960,213	53.6	199,008	54.3
	Females	2,167,261	19.1	82,483	25.6
(i) MAIN WORKERS	Persons	7,835,732	85.8	227,622	80.9
	Males	6,426,028	92.3	185,194	93.1
	Females	1,409,704	65.0	42,428	51.4
(ii) MARGINAL WORKERS	Persons	1,291,742	14.2	53,869	19.1
	Males	534,185	7.7	13,814	6.9
	Females	757,557	35.0	40,055	48.6
(iii) NON-WORKERS	Persons	15,231,525	62.5	407,267	59.1
	Males	6,024,832	46.4	167,438	45.7
	Females	9,206,693	80.9	239,829	74.4
CATEGORY OF WORKERS (MAIN & MARGINAL)					
(i) CULTIVATORS	Persons	2,065,067	22.6	99,365	35.3
	Males	1,762,869	25.3	83,309	41.9
	Females	302,198	13.9	16,056	19.5
(ii) AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS	Persons	1,489,861	16.3	66,293	23.6
	Males	1,104,140	15.9	45,377	22.8
	Females	385,721	17.8	20,916	25.4
(iii) WORKERS IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY	Persons	333,770	3.7	10,260	3.6
	Males	178,798	2.6	4,371	2.2
	Females	154,972	7.2	5,889	7.1
(iv) OTHER WORKERS	Persons	5,238,776	57.4	105,573	37.5
	Males	3,914,406	56.2	65,951	33.1
	Females	1,324,370	61.1	39,622	48.0

Ranking of Tahsil

Serial number	In Term of	Sardulgarh		Budhlada		Mansa	
		Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Total Population	154,927	3	229,122	2	304,709	1
2	Total area (in sq. kms.)	588.5	3	691.2	2	859.3	1
3	Density of population per sq.km.	263	3	331	2	355	1
4	Sex Ratio	882	2	886	1	873	3
5	Proportion Urban	10.5	3	16.8	2	28.8	1
6	Proportion Scheduled Castes	29.2	3	32.5	1	29.2	2
7	Proportion Scheduled Tribes	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
8	Proportion Literate	49.8	3	51.2	2	54.6	1
9	Work participation rate (Main + Marginal Workers)	44.8	1	38.7	3	40.5	2
10	Percentage of villages having Primary School	100	1	97.7	2	97.6	3
11	Percentage of villages having Primary Health Sub-Centre	38.6	3	39.1	2	47.0	1
12	Percentage of villages having Well	25.7	2	24.1	3	27.7	1
13	Percentage of villages having Post Office	37.1	2	33.3	3	41.0	1
14	Percentage of villages having Bus facility	98.5	2	95.4	3	100.0	1
15	Percentage of villages having approach by Pucca Road	98.5	2	97.7	3	100.0	1
16	Percentage of villages having Electricity for domestic purpose	100.0	1	100.0	1	100.0	1
17	Percentage of villages having Irrigated Area	79.7	2	78.9	3	80.7	1

STATEMENT-1

NAME OF THE HEADQUARTERS OF DISTRICT/TAHSIL, THEIR RURAL-URBAN STATUS AND DISTANCE FROM DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS, 2001

Serial number	Name of District/ Tahsil	Name of District/ Tahsil headquarters	Whether Urban/ Rural	Distance from tahsil headquarters to district headquarters by road (in km.)
1	2	3	4	5
	Mansa	**Mansa**	**Urban**	**0**
1	Sardulgarh	Sardulgarh	Urban	42
2	Budhlada	Budhlada	Urban	18
3	Mansa	Mansa	Urban	0

STATEMENT-2

NAME OF THE HEADQUARTERS OF DISTRICT/C.D.BLOCK THEIR RURAL- URBAN STATUS AND DISTANCE FROM DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS, 2001

Serial number	Name of District/ C.D. block	Name of District/ C.D.block headquarters	Whether Urban/ Rural	Distance from C.D.block headquarters to district headquarters by road (in km.)
1	2	3	4	5
	Mansa	**Mansa**	Urban	**0**
1	Bhikhi	Bhikhi	Urban	17
2	Mansa	Mansa	Urban	0
3	Budhlada	Budhlada	Urban	18
4	Jhunir	Jhunir	Rural	27
5	Sardulgarh	Sardulgarh	Urban	42

STATEMENT-3

POPULATION OF THE DISTRICT AT EACH CENSUS FROM 1901 TO 2001

District	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Census Year	Persons	Males	Females	Decadal population variation	
						Absolute	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
15. Mansa	Total	1901	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
		1911	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
		1921	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
		1931	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
		1941	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
		1951	241932	132617	109315	N.A.	N.A.
		1961	319389	174541	144848	77457	32.0
		1971	402099	217069	185030	82710	25.9
		1981	486842	260465	226377	84743	21.1
		1991	574662	306888	267774	87820	18.0
		2001	688758	366446	322312	114096	19.9

STATEMENT - 3 - *concld.....*

POPULATION OF THE DISTRICT AT EACH CENSUS FROM 1901 TO 2001

District	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Census Year	Persons	Males	Females	Decadal population variation	
						Absolute	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rural	1901	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
		1911	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
		1921	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
		1931	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
		1941	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
		1951	214287	117684	96603	214287	N.A.
		1961	281255	153756	127499	66968	31.3
		1971	350722	189859	160863	69467	24.7
		1981	418091	224247	193844	67369	19.2
		1991	489319	261509	227810	71228	17.0
		2001	546329	290763	255566	57010	11.7
	Urban	1901	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
		1911	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
		1921	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
		1931	8369	4839	3530	8369	N.A.
		1941	17093	9937	7156	8724	104.2
		1951	27645	14933	12712	10552	61.7
		1961	38134	20785	17349	10489	37.9
		1971	51377	27210	24167	13243	34.7
		1981	68751	36218	32533	17374	33.8
		1991	85343	45379	39964	16592	24.1
		2001	142429	75683	66746	57086	66.9

STATEMENT-4

AREA, NUMBER OF VILLAGES/ TOWNS AND POPULATION IN DISTRICT AND TAHSIL, 2001

Serial number	District/Tahsil/ UA/Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Area in square kilometers	Population per square kilometer	Number of villages		Number of statutory towns	Number of census towns	Number of house-holds	Population		
					Inhabited	Un-inhabited				Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Mansa	Total	2,198.0	313	238	2	5	0	121,075	688,758	366,446	322,312
		Rural	2,147.3	254	238	2	0	0	94,990	546,329	290,763	255,566
		Urban	50.7	2,808	0	0	5	0	26,085	142,429	75,683	66,746
2	Sardulgarh	Total	588.5	263	70	0	1	0	27,326	154,927	82,305	72,622
		Rural	580.5	239	70	0	0	0	24,256	138,612	73,661	64,951
		Urban	8.0	2,039	0	0	1	0	3,070	16,315	8,644	7,671
3	Sardulgarh (NP)	Urban	8.0	2,039	0	0	1	0	3,070	16,315	8,644	7,671
4	Budhlada	Total	691.2	331	85	2	2	0	39,783	229,122	121,478	107,644
		Rural	679.1	281	85	2	0	0	32,848	190,715	101,142	89,573
		Urban	12.1	3,185	0	0	2	0	6,935	38,407	20,336	18,071
5	Budhlada (M Cl)	Urban	8.1	2,918	0	0	1	0	4,325	23,521	12,429	11,092
6	Bareta (M Cl)	Urban	4.0	3,722	0	0	1	0	2,610	14,886	7,907	6,979
7	Mansa	Total	859.3	355	83	0	2	0	53,966	304,709	162,663	142,046
		Rural	828.6	262	83	0	0	0	37,886	217,002	115,960	101,042
		Urban	30.7	2,860	0	0	2	0	16,080	87,707	46,703	41,004
8	Bhikhi (NP)	Urban	9.0	1,676	0	0	1	0	2,663	15,080	7,984	7,096
9	Mansa (M Cl)	Urban	21.7	3,351	0	0	1	0	13,417	72,627	38,719	33,908

STATEMENT - 5

C.D. BLOCKWISE NUMBER OF VILLAGES AND RURAL POPULATION, 2001

Serial	Name of C.D. block	Number of villages		Rural Population		
		Total	Inhabited	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Bhikhi	34	0	98,218	52,568	45,650
2	Mansa	39	0	94,641	50,537	44,104
3	Budhlada	87	2	192,739	102,194	90,545
4	Jhunir	39	0	79,480	42,462	37,018
5	Sardulgarh	39	0	81,251	43,002	38,249
	District(Rural) Total:	**238**	**2**	**546,329**	**290,763**	**255,566**

STATEMENT - 6

POPULATION OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS (INCLUDING CONSTITUENT UNITS)/TOWN, 2001

Serial number	Name of UA/Town+*	Urban status	Name of tahsil where town is located	Population		
				Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Bareta	M Cl	Budhlada	14,886	7,907	6,979
2	Bhikhi	NP	Mansa	15,080	7,984	7,096
3	Budhlada	M Cl	Budhlada	23,521	12,429	11,092
4	Mansa	M Cl	Mansa	72,627	38,719	33,908
5	Sardulgarh	NP	Sardulgarh	16,315	8,644	7,671
	District (Urban) total:			**142,429**	**75,683**	**66,746**

+ Towns arranged in alphabetical order.

* In case of towns having outgrowth an asterisk mark has been placed against their names to indicate that they have outgrowths which are not separate towns.

STATEMENT

VILLAGES WITH POPULATION OF 5,000 AND ABOVE AT C.D. BLOCK

Serial number	Name of C.D. block	Name of village	Location code number	Population	Whether it is Tahsil headquarters	Whether it is C.D. block headquarters	Amenities	
							Educational	
							Senior Secondary School	College
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Jhunir	Raipur	01065000	5530		Jhunir	0	0
2	Sardulgarh	Fatta Mafuka	01070500	5965		Sardulgarh	1	0
3	Jhunir	Jhuner	01070700	6289		Jhunir	1	0
4	Budhlada	Kulrian	01074000	7988		Budhlada	1	0
5	Budhlada	Boha	01074900	10589		Budhlada	1	0
6	Budhlada	Kishangarh Urf Sedha Singhewala	01076900	5501		Budhlada	1	0
7	Budhlada	Bahadarpur	01077000	5377		Budhlada	0	0
8	Budhlada	Budhlada(R)	01078800	12074		Budhlada	0	0
9	Budhlada	Bachhoana	01079400	5048		Budhlada	0	0
10	Mansa	Nangal Kalan	01082600	7031		Mansa	1	1
11	Mansa	Bhaini Bagha	01085600	5381		Mansa	1	0
12	Mansa	Khiala Kalan	01086000	5885		Mansa	0	0
13	Bhikhi	Joga	01087300	9325		Bhikhi	2	0
14	Bhikhi	Ralla	01088000	7054		Bhikhi	0	0
15	Bhikhi	Aklia	01088800	7513		Bhikhi	0	0

STATEMENT

STATUTORY TOWNS WITH POPULATION LESS THAN 5000

Serial number	Name of Town	Location code number	Population	Whether it is Tahsil headquarters	Whether it is C.D. block headquarters	Amenities	
						Educational	
						Senior Secondary School	College
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
NIL							

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LEVEL AS PER 2001 CENSUS AND AMENITIES AVAILABLE

available						Name of village	Serial number
Medical		Drinking Water	Communication	Banking			
Primary Health Centre	Primary Health Sub-centre	Tap water	Railway station	Commercial Bank	Co-operative Bank		
10	11	12	13	14	15	2	1
1	1	Yes	No	1	0	Jhunir	1
0	1	Yes	No	1	1	Sardulgarh	2
1	1	Yes	No	1	1	Jhunir	3
1	1	Yes	No	1	0	Budhlada	4
1	1	Yes	No	1	0	Budhlada	5
0	1	Yes	No	0	0	Budhlada	6
0	1	Yes	No	0	0	Budhlada	7
0	1	Yes	No	1	0	Budhlada	8
0	1	Yes	No	1	1	Budhlada	9
1	1	Yes	No	0	0	Mansa	10
1	1	Yes	No	1	0	Mansa	11
1	1	Yes	No	1	1	Mansa	12
1	1	Yes	No	1	1	Bhikhi	13
0	1	Yes	No	0	0	Bhikhi	14
0	1	Yes	No	0	0	Bhikhi	15

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AS PER 2001 CENSUS AND AMENITIES AVAILABLE

available					Name of town	Serial No.
Medical		Improved drinking water	Communication	Banking		
Hospital	Health Centre	Tap water	Railway station	Bank		
9	10	11	12	13	2	1
			NIL			

STATEMENT -9

HOUSELESS AND INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION OF TAHSILS, RURAL AND URBAN, 2001

Serial number	District/Tahsil/ UA/Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Houseless population				Institutional population			
			Number of households	Persons	Males	Females	Number of households	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Mansa	**Total**	**289**	**1,609**	**860**	**749**	**158**	**1,461**	**904**	**557**
		Rural	**226**	**1,267**	**678**	**589**	**117**	**1,090**	**603**	**487**
		Urban	**63**	**342**	**182**	**160**	**41**	**371**	**301**	**70**
1	Sardulgarh	Total	135	718	397	321	37	333	258	75
		Rural	102	543	308	235	18	172	112	60
		Urban	33	175	89	86	19	161	146	15
2	Sardulgarh (NP)	Urban	33	175	89	86	19	161	146	15
3	Budhlada	Total	74	436	229	207	47	419	276	143
		Rural	63	370	192	178	37	324	204	120
		Urban	11	66	37	29	10	95	72	23
4	Budhlada (M Cl)	Urban	10	65	36	29	7	62	50	12
5	Bareta (M Cl)	Urban	1	1	1	0	3	33	22	11
6	Mansa	Total	80	455	234	221	74	709	370	339
		Rural	61	354	178	176	62	594	287	307
		Urban	19	101	56	45	12	115	83	32
7	Bhikhi (NP)	Urban	2	11	5	6	3	40	17	23
8	Mansa (M Cl)	Urban	17	90	51	39	9	75	66	9

ANALYTICAL NOTE

ANALYTICAL NOTE

(i) History and scope of the District Census Handbook

Ever since the beginning of first post independence Census of India 1951, the publication of District Census Handbooks (DCHBs) has become a regular feature of the Indian Census. Produced by the Census Organisation of Government of India on behalf of the State Government, the DCHB is a unique publication which gives the census as well as non-census data down to every village in case of rural areas and ward within the town/urban area in the state. It is recognized as one of the most comprehensive sources of information. Infact, this is the only publication which provides primary census abstract based on census, and non-census data on infrastructure and amenities available, such as educational, medical, postal and communicational at the sub-micro level. It is inter- alia used for delimitation of constituencies, formulation of local level and regional plans and serves as a valuable tool for district administration.

Undisputedly, DCHB has remained to be the most comprehensive and valuable product of the census organization ever since its initiation. It has always been the endeavour of the Census of India to enlarge the content and coverage of the data presented at every census. The DCHB series of 1951 Census contained important Census Tables and the Primary Census Abstract. At the 1961 Census, the scope of the DCHB was enlarged by including a descriptive account of the district, administrative statistics, census tables and the village and town directory. In 1971, the DCHBs were planned in three parts; Part - A included the village and town directory, Part – B included village and townwise primary census abstract, while the Part – C was meant to include analysis of census data and a write up covering social, cultural, historical and other important aspects. However, in some states/union territories, Part-C remained confined to the district tables only.

During 1981 Census, some new features were added and the formats of village and town directory were restructured, somewhat. These volumes were published for each district in two parts. Part-A included village and town directory, while Part-B included primary census abstract (PCA) of every village and ward in town/urban area. The inclusion of scheduled castes PCA was the additional feature of the 1981 Census. The village directory of 1981 Census included new parameters viz; information on Adult literacy Centres, Primary Health Sub-Centers and Community Health workers in the village (s) to meet the requirement of the Revised Minimum Needs Programme. In addition, information on approach to the village was also provided for the first time in the village directory to help in taking stock of villages requiring road linkages in the district. Likewise, Statement IV-A included in the Town Directory aimed to provide data on slums so as to undertake development activities in such areas.

The manner of presentation of the DCHBs for the 1991 Census was, by and large, same as followed in 1981 Census. However, the format of PCA was slightly restructured in the 1991 Census for the benefit of data users. The village level data were presented Community Development (C.D.) blockwise to cater to the needs of grass root level planning as envisaged under the five year plans. Ninefold industrial classification of the main workers was reintroduced by replacing the four-fold industrial categories adopted at the 1981 Census. In addition, the PCA also gave population in the 0-6 age group by sex essential for working out effective literacy rate, besides providing proportion of child population.

The DCHB 2001, the present volume, is the sixth in series. The pattern followed is, by and large, similar to that of the 1991 Census. Among the new features added, information on the availability of newspapers/magazines, banking facility, agricultural and non- agricultural societies, recreational and cultural facilities and income and expenditure of the village panchayats find mention. More important is that, it is for the first time in the history of Indian Census that Permanent Location Code Number (PLCN) has been allotted to every village in the state to meet the demand from different organizations to study the village level data over a time spell. It is believed that the permanent location codes assigned to each

village would help in tracing the precise location of a village on account of jurisdictional changes in the boundaries of various administrative areas.

(ii) Brief history of district

Mansa district was formed in 1992.Prior to that it used to be the part of the erstwhile State of Patiala. Bathinda and Faridkot collectively were known as Phulkian state.The district name appears after the headquarters town Mansa and has been derived from the name of a Faquir named Mansa who used to live in a Jhuggi near village Khiala. At that time Bhikhi was a tahsil instead of Mansa. After some time three or four households of Manshahia sub- caste came and settled here. Actually they were Mann. They belonged to Patiala family and were called Quile wale Mann (Sardar). At that time, this area was a part of district Barnala (Barnala was the district at the time of Patiala state). Due to Manshahia it was called Mansa.After that the people belonging to some other sub-castes came and settled here .Actually the area was infested with the looters, dacoits and robbers. The people needed the police and Administration for their security, This facility was arranged by way of getting their place made a tahsil.

The town is said to have been founded by Bhai Gurdas who hailed from Dhingar, District Mansa. He is said to have been married at this place among the Dhaliwal Jat Sikh. Once he came to his in-laws to take his wife along with him but they refused to send her. At this, Bhai Gurdas sat in meditation before the house of his in-laws. After some time, the parents of the girl agreed to send their daughter with Bhai Gurdas. But he refused to take her along with him stating that he had now renounced the worldly way of life in His name. After his death, a Smadh was constructed where a fair is held every year in March-April. People in large numbers attend the fair and offer Laddus and Gur at the Smadh.

Ancient History :

The ancient history of Mansa district has been traced to the Indus Valley Civilization. Certain sites explored in the district link it with the sites explored in Rupnagar District. This civilization has been called Indus Valley Civilization, because most of its sites have been found along the Indus valley. The Civilization was spread over a vast area and present Mansa district was a part of it. It is also called the Harappan Culture, because the sites of the ancient culture excavated at Harappa in Pakistan have ample proof that the Indus Valley Civilization was much developed and advanced.

The sites explored at Mansa have been classified into Pre-Harappan, Harappan and Post Harappan Period. These conclusions have been drawn from the following various types of pottery found from the mounds explored.

Pre-Harappan Period :

The main characteristics of Pre-Harappan culture were that the bricks used by the people were unburnt and smaller in size than those of the Harappan Period. They used copper to manufacture their implements and ornaments.

Harappan Period :

The main characteristics of Harappan culture were good town-planning, careful layout of streets, elaborate drainage system, organized municipal government and on the whole a developed urban life.

Post Harappan Period :

The post Harappan culture shows unmistakable signs of all-round decadence. New houses were built and drains laid out in utter violation of the municipal rules. Kilns were sometimes built in the heart of the town.

This urban type of Harappan civilization was destroyed by Aryans, who were basically a rural tribe. The appearance of the Aryans on the soil of Punjab in about B.C. 1500 seems to have coincided with the destruction of the great Indus cities. Hordes of these invaders seem to have descended into Punjab plains from the north- west in several successive waves between B.C. 1500 and 800. Punjab in turmoil witnessed, perhaps for the first time, a state of fierce and constant warfare for several centuries. The wars between the invading Aryans and the placid pre-Aryans of the land ended in the victory of the Aryans over the non-Aryans.

During the Rigvedic Aryan period, Mansa seems to have been the part of Saptasindhu (seven waters) which came to be known as Panchanada (five rivers) in Mahabharta time and during Mauryas and Guptas period. Hence the ancient people of Mansa district enjoyed the blessings of an efficient administration of the Maurya and Gupta Kings.

Medieval History :

The medieval period of history started with the Muhammadan invasions of India. India became the target of foreign invaders after the fall of powerful empire of Harshvardhan of Thnesar. In the 11th Century, the invasions of Sultan Mahmud of Ghazni, shook the Indian rulers completely. The frontier area of India at that time including the area of present Mansa district was under the rule of Hindushahi ruler. It is believed that Bathinda, to which Mansa district was a part till April, 1992 was the capital of Hindushahi rulers for more than a century. There is no doubt that the Hindushahi rulers defended this country from the outslaughts of Muhammadan invaders for a considerable period but they could not stand against the incessant invasions of Mahmud of Ghazni.

The decline and decay of the Hindushahi Kingdom which was the first to bear the burnt of the Turkish onslaught enabled Mahmud to penetrate into the heart of Hindustan. First of all, Mahmud besieged the fort of Bathinda including the present area of Mansa District in the year 1004 AD which lay on the route from the northwest into the rich Ganga Valley.

The province of Punjab including the area of present day Mansa District, had been ruled during the latter days of Mahmud's reign and through out that of Masud, by deputies. The administration of the province was disorganized by disloyalty, selfishness and inefficiency of Muslim officers. Masud was however, ably and loyally served by a Hindu general named Tilak who had risen from obscurity to the rank of a minister in the time of his (Masud's) father. The affairs of Punjab including the present day area of Mansa District, inspite of Tilak loyalty and devotion, were not going on well and Masud fled to Lahore for shelter.

A fierce battle was fought in 1191 in which Muhammad Ghori was seriously wounded and suffered a defeat. Prithvi Raj besieged the fortress of Bathinda.

Prithvi Raj Chauhan was defeated in the second battle of Tarain in 1192, which was a land mark in the history of India. It proved to be a very decisive contest and ensured the ultimate success of Muhammad Ghori against Hindustan. The Chauhan military power stood completely broken. Immediately after his success at Tarain, Muhammad captured Hansi, Sirsa, Samana and the area of Mansa District. As a result of this, the area of Mansa District came under the rule of Muhammad Ghori, who was the first Muhammadan ruler of this area which was subsequently succeeded by his most prominent slave, named Qutab-ud-din Aibak who laid the foundation of new dynasty which is popularly known as the Slave Dynasty. The period between 1206-1526. is known as 'The period of Sultanate of Delhi' and the area of the present Mansa district undoubtedly remained under the rule of the sultans of Delhi. It is also believed that the area of Mansa District was a part and parcel of main Delhi Province and the fort of Bathinda had a great strategic position during the Sultanate period.

It is worthwhile to mention here that the area of the present Mansa District (formerly part of Bathinda District) was dominated by the Sidhu-Brar. Like almost all the Jat tribes, the Sidhus are of Rajput origin and trace their ancestry to Jesal of Jesalji, a Bhatti Rajput and founder of the state and city of Jesalmer, who was driven from his kingdom by successful rebellion in 1180 and wandered north-wards where Prithvi Raj was then king of Ajmer and Delhi and the most powerful monarch of Hindustan. Jesal determined to settle near Hisar, where his four sons were born viz. Salvahan, Kala, Hamhel and Pem. The third of these Hemhel, sacked the town of Hisar, seized a number of villages in its neighbourhood and over ran the country upto the wall of Delhi. He was driven back by Iltumish the third Tartar King of Delhi, but was afterwards received into favour and made Governor of Sirsa and Bathinda in 1212, including the area of present Mansa District. He built the town of Hisar. He died in 1214 and was succeeded by his son Jandra who was remarkable only as the father of twenty one sons from whom as many clans have descended; Batera, being the ancestor of the Sidhus. Manjalrab son of Batera rebelled against the Delhi Government and was captured and beheaded at Jesalmer. He left one son, Undra commonly known as Anand Rai who was the father of Khiwa. Khiwa first married a Rajputni, but she bore him no child and he then took daughter of one Basir, a Jat Zamindar of Neli as a second wife. This marriage was considered a disgrace by his Rajput Kinsmen and Khiwa was ever afterwards known as 'Kot' which signifies in the Punjabi dialect, an alloy of metals or any inferior and degrading admixture.

Ala Singh, the son of Rama, was the founder of Patiala State. He was only twenty three years of age when his father was murdered in 1714. Ala Singh was a great fighter. He conquered Barnala and adjoining area in 1753. He attacked Bathinda which was in the possession of Sardar Jodh Singh Sabok, who gave a tough fight to Ala Singh for three months. But when Ala Singh succeeded in getting the help of Dal Khalsa, Jodh Singh surrendered. After conquering Bathinda Budhlada (now a tahsil of Mansa District), adjoining areas were also conquered by Ala Singh. In this way almost the whole of the area of present Mansa District came under the rule of Ala Singh of Phul Dynasty.

The Struggle for Freedom :

Namdhari Movement – Namdhari Movement popularly known as Kuka Movement was initiated by Bhai Ram Singh on April 1, 1857 at Ludhiana District. He knew of the hardships and sufferings of the ordinary peasants and based his movement on redressal of their grievances. He had served as a soldier in the Sikh Army and had been influenced by the idea of Sikh dominion over the Punjab. Within a few years, Bhai Ram Singh emerged as Guru Ram Singh with a considerable following in Ludhiana and adjoining areas.

Within a short period, Namdhari Movement spread in the rest of Punjab including the area of present Mansa District. The Namdharis of Mansa District took an active part in the freedom struggle of the country. However, the movement was ruthlessly suppressed by the British in 1872.

The Ghadar Movement-The Ghadar Movement was the first purely secular movement which aimed at to liberate India by force of arms. The rebellion was planned in the United States and funds were raised from Indians living in foreign countries. The headquarter of the movement was at San Francisco. Sohan Singh Bhakna was the President and Lala Hardyal was the General Secretary of the Party. Pt. Kanshi Ram of Rupnagar district was the treasurer of the Ghadar Party. A weekly paper called *Ghadar* (The Rebellion) was started with Lala Hardyal as Chief Editor. Because of the Journal, the Organisation came to be known as the Ghadar party.

The harassment of the passengers of the ship 'Kamagata Maru' mostly Punjabis, instigated the people of Punjab living in foreign to participate actively in the Ghadar Movement. Unfortunately, the movement failed because of the leakage of information by Kirpal Singh who had been planted by the British among the Ghadarites.

The Punjab Ryasti Praja Mandal Movement–The Punjab Ryasti Praja Mandal Movement remained very forceful in Patiala State. As much of the area of Mansa district was under Patiala State; the movement had also its impact on the district. To begin with, it focussed its attention on political issues such as liberty of movement and speech and misuse of state finances by the rulers, particularly Maharaja Bhupinder Singh of Patiala. The All India States' People's Conference was held at Bombay in 1927 and under its inspiration, Praja Mandals were organized in a large number of states.

Akalis were actively associated with this movement. They started their campaign with a long tour of Patiala State under the leadership of Baba Kharak Singh who was known as the 'uncrowned king of the Panth'. He addressed a big political conference at Mansa where the birth of the Punjab Ryasti Praja Mandal was announced on July 17, 1928 and exhorted his audience to participate in the agitation launched by the Akalis. Sewa Singh Thikriwala was elected as its president and Bhagwan Singh Longowalia as its general secretary. A rally was attended by thousand of peasants from neighbouring villages. Akali jathas from Barnala, Bathinda, Mansa, Maur, Sardulgarh, Sunam and Bhawanigarh took part in the procession. Baba Kharak Singh in his speech attacked the misdeeds and loose morals of Maharaja Bhupinder Singh of Patiala.

Throughout 1931, the agitation for the sack of Maharaja Bhupinder Singh continued unabated. Budhalada was another important centre of Praja Movement in the present Mansa district. In a public meeting held there, resolutions were adopted condemning enhancement of land revenue and abiana and demanding relief in taxes. Akali religious-cum-political conferences were also held at Mansa and Talwandi Sabo in 1940. There were not much disturbances in the wake of the Quit India Resolution passed by the Bombay Session of the Indian National Congress in August 1942. The people of Mansa district took an active part in overall freedom movement of the country. A big political conference was held at Phul on 25th and 26th of April, 1946 which was addressed by prominent Congress leaders from Punjab.

Independence and its Aftermath :

At the time of Independence in 1947, Maharaja Yadvindra Singh was ruling over most of the present Mansa district, with headquarters at Patiala. As in the rest of the country, people celebrated achievements of Independence with great enthusiasm. Among the states, Maharaja Yadvindra Singh of Patiala played a significant role in the history of India

There was a lot of bloodshed during the partition period in the entire district. India's Independence brought about a little change in the attitude of the princes. The Praja Mandal and the Akalis continued with their demands and remained quarrelling over the details of future set up. But after a very short interval, they patched up their difference, forged a united front and started demanding a responsible government. The Akalis issued an ultimatum to the East Punjab States to introduce responsible Government or face a morcha. The Praja Mandal had already been threatening a struggle. It was no longer possible for the States to continue in their old ways. Administration was crisis-ridden and the Central Government at Delhi was not too sympathetic. In such a situation, the movement for merger of these states gained ground.

Formation of PEPSU and its merger with Punjab :

The Patiala and the East Punjab States Union or the PEPSU as it was popularly called, had come into existence on August 20, 1948, with the integration of the princely States of Patiala, Nabha, Jind, Faridkot, Kapurthala, Nalagarh and Malerkotla. This union came into being under the active guidance of Sardar Valabh Bhai Patel who was then the Home Minister and incharge of Indian States Department. Maharaja Yadvindra Singh of Patiala was appointed as the Rajparmukh (Head of State).

With the formation of the PEPSU, the Praja Mandal also changed its name to the PEPSU Pradesh Congress. All the princes in the East Punjab States except the Maharaja of Patiala were eliminated. Even the Patiala ruler was no more than the constitutional head of the State and the real power passed into the hands of the representatives of the people. On November 1, 1956, with the reorganization of the States, PEPSU was merged with Punjab and constitutional position of the Maharaja of Patiala ended. The Praja Mandalist now claimed that they had achieved consummation of the great struggle which they had launched nearly thirty years earlier.

(iii) Administrative set-up

The State has experienced large-scale jurisdictional changes after the 1991 census. The number of districts has increased from 12 in 1991 to 17 in 2001. The newly created districts include; Nawanshahr, Fatehgarh Sahib, Moga, Muktsar and Mansa. With the exception of Kapurthala district all other 11 districts in the State have experienced inter-district jurisdictional changes of varying magnitude.

These 17 districts are distributed over four divisions. Jalandhar division includes districts of Gurdaspur, Amritsar, Kapurthala, Jalandhar, Hoshiarpur and Nawanshahr; Patiala division covers districts of Rupnagar, Ludhiana, Patiala, Fatehgarh Sahib and Sangrur, Firozpur division spreads over districts of Firozpur, Moga and Muktsar, while Faridkot division embraces districts of Faridkot, Bathinda and Mansa.

All the districts of 1991 Census except Kapurthala undergone intra-districts jurisdictional changes resulting in increase in the number of tahsils in the State from 46 in 1991 to 72 in 2001 Census. (In Punjab Tahsil and Sub Division are synonymous to each other). Mansa district spreads over an area of 2198.0 sq. kms. Presently Mansa district is sub-divided into three tahsils: Sardulgarh, Budhlada, and Mansa. Likewise the number of towns in the district has increased from 3 to 5, and all of them have statutory status. The newly added two towns are Sardulgarh and Bhikhi, and both of them are Nagar Panchayats. The district constitutes 5 towns and 240 villages comprising 238 inhabited and 2 uninhabited.

The statutory towns are notified by the State government. Section 4 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 lays down the specifications of local areas to be smaller urban areas or transitional areas and constitution of Municipal Council and Nagar Panchayat. Under this section, the state government may, having regard to population of area, the density of population therein, the revenue generated for local administration, the percentage of employment in non-agricultural activities, the economic importance or such other factors, as it may deem fit, specify by notification in the official gazette any area to be transitional area or a smaller urban area for the purpose of this Act. Further, under Section 4 (ii) where an area is specified as a transactional area or as a smaller urban area under sub section (i), the state government may, by notification in the official gazette, constituted for the transactional area so specified a Nagar Panchayat and for the smaller urban area so specified a Municipal Council of the Ist Class, IInd Class or IIIrd Class.

The different categories of urban bodies constituted by Punjab government under the provisions of Punjab Municipal Act are as follows;

Sr.No.	Class of Urban Local Bodies.	Population	Income
1	Municipal Corporation	3 lac or above.	2 Crore or above.
2	Municipal Council Class I	50,000 to 3 lac.	50 lac to 2 Crore
3	Municipal Council Class II	10,000 to 50,000	15 lac to 50lac.
4	Municipal Council Class III	upto 10,000	upto 15 lac.
5	Nagar Panchayat	5,000 or above	More than Rs.150 per head

The following statement indicates the jurisdictional changes, which took place after the 1991 Census in Mansa District.

Jurisdictional Changes during 1991-2001

Name of District/ Tahsil	No. of villages		No. of Towns		Changes since 1991 & Govt. Notification No.
	1991	2001	1991	2001	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Mansa District	244	240	3	5	i) Existing Mansa Tahsil has been divided into 3 tahsils, namely Mansa, Budhlada & Sardulgarh (Junir) vide notification No.2/2/92-RE-II (1)/4247 dt.8-4-92. ii) Mansa Tahsil as per notification villages=78. One village divided into two Aklia I & Aklia II H.B. 6. Now Total villages=77
Mansa Tahsil	244	83	1	2	iii) Mansa Tahsil gained 9 villages from Sardulgarh Tahsil vide notification No. 2/44/94-RE-II(1) /6767 dated 20-7-95. iv)Mansa tahsil lost three villages (1) Ghuman Khurd HB No.68 (2) Ghuman Kalan HB No.69 & (3) Sucha Singhwala HB No. 70 to Talwandi Sabo Tahsil of Bathinda Distt. Vide notification No.2/68/96-RE II (1) 9453 dt 19-12-1996.
Sardulgarh Tahsil	–	70	–	1	
Budhlada Tahsil	–	87	2	2	v) Mansa Tahsil gained one village Uddat Bhagatram HB No. 110 from Sardulgarh Tahsil vide notification No. 2/48/95/RE II (1)/1553 dt 8-4-1997 vi)Sardulgarh Tahsil:- Total villages as per above notification =79. Sardoolgarh tahisl gained 2 villages Nandgarh HB No.160 & Chachohar HB No 157 from Budladha tahsil vide notification No. 2/44/94-RE-II (I) 6767 dt 20-7-95. vii) Sardulgarh tahsil lost one village uddat Bhagatram HB No 110 Mansa tahsil vide notification No. 2/48/95-RE II (i) /1553 dt 8-4-1997. viii) Sardulgarh tahsil lost nine villages to Mansa tahsil vide notification No.2/44/94-RE II (1) /6767 dt 20-7-95. ix)Budhlada tahsil :- Total villages as per notification =90. One village Boha I Boha II HB No. 137 divided into 2 villages now total villages as per notification =89. x) Budhlada tahsil lost 2 villages Nandgarh HB No.160 & Chachohar HB No. 157 to Sardulgarh tahsil vide notification No.2/44/94-RE Ii (i)/ 6767 dt 20-7-95.

Three villages namly Ghuman Kalan (H.B.68), GhumanKhurd (H.B.69) and Sukha Singhwala (H.B.70) with an area of 23.19 sq.kms.of Mansa district were transferred to Bathinda district vide Government notification No.2/68/96-R-EN.(1)9454 Dated 19.12.1996.

For the administrative purpose, the district forms part of Faridkot division. For the purposes of general and revenue set up the district is divided into three tahsils viz. Sardulgarh, Budhlada and Mansa. All of them have sub divisional status. Further sub divided into 5 C.D. blocks viz. Sardulgarh, Jhunir, Budhlada, Mansa and Bhikhi. There are 5 towns viz. Sardulgarh, Budhlada, Bareta, Bhikhi and Mansa. The district is the basic unit of administration. The administrative machinery of the district consists of hierarchy of officers and officials headed by the Deputy Commissioner (also the District Magistrate) as head of the administration of the district and revenue administration in the district.

(iv) Physical Features

2.1 Location and size :

Mansa district lying in the south west of Punjab forms a part of the Indo- Gangetic alluvial plain. It lies between the 29°33' to 30°13' North latitude and between 75°10' to 75°47' East longitude and Mansa previously a Sub-division of Bathinda district is having geographic area 2198.0 Sq. Kms. It is surrounded by Bathinda in the North and West, Sangrur in the East and Fatehabad (Haryana State) in the South. Mansa district comprises of three tahsils namely Sardulgarh, Budhlada and Mansa and consists of five blocks namly Mansa, Budhlada, Jhunir, Sardulgarh & Bhikhi. There are 240 villages and 5 towns. Sardulgarh 70, Budladha 87 and Mansa have 83 villages. Mansa city is on Firozpur-Delhi main railway line. Headquarters of the district is located at Mansa, a town with a population of 72,627 as per 2001-Census and this is the biggest town in the district in population size, Mansa town lies on the inter-section of a Barnala-Mansa-Sardulgarh-Sirsa State Highway No.13.

Physiography :

Mansa district forms part of Satluj Ganga plain and is characterized by low lying flat area. The elevation of the land surface ranges from 208 meters in the southwest to 223 meters in the northeast. Thus the slope of the ground is from northeast to southwest. The range of elevation in the district is about 15 meters, hence, gentle slope is the characteristic feature of the area. The Ghaggar River crosses the district through its southern part running in the North East to South West direction and doing some geomorphic work in the southern part of the district. On a macro scale this area may be considered as one landform unit but at microscopic scale the topographical variation may be delineated which is due to flooding of river and presence of sand dunes in some parts of the district.

Geomorphic Features :

The monotony of the plain surface is broken by presence of sand ridges, which are residuals of sand dunes in different parts of the district. These sand dune features were quite apparent a few decades ago but due to development of agriculture, many of these were leveled down but the residuals of these dunes broke the monotony of the landscape. The sand dune is a ridge of sand which can assume various forms. Here, in this district linear sand ridges can be observed here and there.

(A) Areas With Concentration Of Sand Dunes :

Sand dunes are more conspicuous in three parts of district. The first concentration of these sand dunes is quite apparent in northwestern part of the district. Many of these sand dunes form linear chains and some of the ridges have a length of about 1 Km. and most of these ridges are about few hundred meters long. The second concentration is between Uddat branch and Boha distributary's of Sirhind canal. Unlike the sand dunes of above mentioned concentration, these run in different directions, indicating shifting wind direction. Most of these sand ridges are small in size. The third cluster of sand dunes is discernible in villages north of Ghaggar River passing through southern part of the district.

(B) Areas Without Sand Dunes :

Apart from the presence of sand dunes which break monotony of landscape, the Ghagger River also plays a role in forming low lying flood plain which differs from the upland plain in terms of alluvial morphology.

(C) The River Systems and Water Resources :

The district lacks any perennial river system but only seasonal stream Ghaggar flows through the district which enters the district near Hirke village. River rises in Shiwalik hills and enters the district after flowing through the parts of Haryana state and Patiala and Sangrur districts of Punjab. Due to climatic changes and tectonic activities, the Ghaggar River became a misfit river and Satluj & Yamuna changed their directions.

Water Resources :

The water resources of the district include canals, wells & tubewells. Firstly the canals serve a large part of the district. The Bhakra Main canal and branch of Sirhind canal are passing through the district. Various distributaries of these canals provide irrigation to a large area of the district. The traditional types of wells have been almost replaced by tubewells run by electricity and diesel engines.

Rainfall :

Rainfall records of two stations in the district are available for sufficiently long period. The average annual rainfall of the district is 178.2 mm. About 74% of the annual rainfall is received during the rainy season, July being the rainiest month. Significant amount of rainfall also occurs in the month of June, mostly in the form of thundershowers. During the rest of the year, a very little rainfall occurs. The variation in the annual rainfall from year to year is very large. From the available rainfall records of the ninety years period from 1901-1990, it was noticed that the highest annual rainfall (297% of the normal) was recorded in the year 1917. The lowest annual rainfall (15% of the normal) was recorded in 1989.

The following table gives monthly rainfall based on average of 5 years, 1996-2000 for the district

Monthly Rainfall-Average of 5 years, 1996-2000

Month	Rainfall (mm)	Month	Rainfall (mm	Month	Rainfall (mm
1	2	3	4	5	6
1. January	8.2	5. May	6.2	9. September	24.2
2. February	11.1	6. June	10.6	10. October	21.7
3. March	0.9	7. July	19.7	11. November	19.7
4. April	-	8. August	8.9	12. December	8.9
Total.					**140.1**

Rainfall in Mansa district 1992 to 2001

Year	Annual rainfall (in mm.)	Total No. of days	Year	Annual rainfall (in MM.)	Total No. of days
1	2	3	4	5	6
1992	216.6	23	1997	202.7	39
1993	318.6	21	1998	232.8	28
1994	157.8	22	1999	71.6	21
1995	286.4	25	2000	110.0	23
1996	133.4	32	2001	94.9	21
Total					**255**

On an average there are 25.5 rainy days in a year in the district with minimum rainfall (3.4 M.M.) in 1999 and maximum (15.2 M.M.) in 1995 in a day.

The heaviest rainfall in 24 hours recorded in the district, was 332.7 mm at Mansa on October 4, 1955.

Drainage:

The district lacks any perennial river system but only seasonal stream Ghaggar flows through the district and crosses through the southern part of the district. The river enters the district near Hirke village in the east and leaves the district near Rurki village in the south. River rises in Shiwalik hills and after flowing through the parts of Haryana and then Patiala and Sangrur districts of Punjab, enters Mansa district. At present Ghaggar is a seasonal stream but in the geological past it was a perennial stream within a great river system in Northwest India. According to one legend the course of lost Saraswati is actually old course of this river. Satluj & Yamuna were tributaries to this great river system. Due to climatic changes and tectonic activities, the Ghaggar River became a misfit river and Satluj & Yamuna changed their directions.

Soil :

Mansa district has loamy sand and sandy loams which are major type of soil. Alkaline soil occurs in patches in the entire area of about 1.6 sq. kms. around Bareta, Kishangarh, Sangerheri, Juglan, Khiwa Khurd, Hiron Kalan, Khiwa Kalan, Dhaipai, Bhikhi and Bhalowan (all in Mansa Tahsil). Out of these, Bareta, Kishangarh, Khiwa Khurd and Heron Kalan contain substantial deposits. A rough estimate indicates about 13,600 tonnes of Alkaline soils in these areas. The soil is good for production of Wheat, Rice, Ber, Cotton, Sugar cane etc.

Desert soils belong to the arctic zone spreading over south- western part of the district, therefore, the soil is dry and deficient in humus. It is also poor in nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium because of high evaporation and little rainfall. The soils are mainly sandy, Sandy loams or silt loams. These soils are suitable for cultivation of cotton, moth, citrus trees, bajra and other Kharif fodder crops. The soils suffer from wind erosion especially during the summer. The sandy soils have yellowish to grey colour. Sandy soil has low to medium fertility but by artificial irrigation they become much more productive and are capable of producing cotton, wheat oil seeds etc.

Climate :

The western Himalayas in the north and the Thar Desert in the south and southwest mainly determine the climatic conditions. Geographically Mansa district falls in the Central-Southern part of Punjab and is distantly located from the Himalayas. The Rajasthan desert is also not far away and its heat, sand and dust storms influence its weather to a great extent, the district has a very hot summer, mild rainy season and dry but bracing winter. Due to extension of irrigation facilities during the last few decades the weather has undergone some changes.

The climate, on the whole, is dry in the district. Temperatures start rising from middle of February and increase rapidly from the beginning of March till June, which normally is the hottest month of the season. The temperature occasionally touches 47 ^{0} centigrade and scorching dust-laden winds; commonly known as loo, blow during the hot season. The temperature drops considerably with the onset of monsoon in early July, although the nights continue to be quite warm. Due to increased humidity in the monsoon period, the weather is oppressive in between the rains.

Based on the climatic conditions in the district, the year may be divided into four seasons. November to March is the cold season, which is followed by the hot season lasting up to the end of June. The period from July to mid September constitutes the rainy season commonly known as the period of

southwest monsoon. The second half of September and October is termed as the period of post monsoon. The decrease in temperature is rapid after October and January is the coldest month with the mean daily maximum temperature at about 5° centigrade. In the cold season, the district is affected by cold waves in the rear of passing western disturbances, when the minimum temperature on such occasions may drop down to about 3° to 4° centigrade. In March weather becomes fine.

Major characteristics of The District

Forestry :

Mansa district falls under the jurisdiction of Divisional Forest Officer, Mansa. Due to the extension of agriculture the area under forests has declined appreciably during the present century. The district was known as jungle once but jungles are no longer to be seen anywhere now. The break up of area under various types of forests in the district during 2000-01 is as follows: -

Serial no.	Type of Forest	2000-01(in sq. kms.)
1.	Reserved Forests	-
2.	Protected Forests	27
3.	Unclassified Forests	-
4.	State Forests (Total 1to 3)	27
5.	Under S/38 of Indian Forest Act, 1927	---
6.	Total Forest (total 4+5)	27
7.	Percentage of area under forest	1.2%

The table reveals that during 2000-01 the area under forests is 27 sq. kms. However, during 2000-01, no area has been reported under the private forests, whereas 27 sq. kms. are under State forests. But the percentage of area under forest is 1.2 per cent only which is far below the norm prescribed for forest cover in the State. With the shifting over of management of road sides, canal banks and strips of land along railway lines, to the Forest Department for growing and maintaining tree plantation therein, some improvements have taken place during last few decades in the district. The plantation of **shisham** and **kikar** trees will not only provide much needed timber to the people but also ensure better returns to the forest department.

Natural Economic Resources

Minerals and Mining:

The district is poor so far as mineral wealth is concerned. Some **Kankar** (calcarious nodules) is found at some places. It is used for road construction and is also burnt for lime. Black clay from which bricks are made also occurs in small quantities.

Kankar:- Kankar, popularly known as Rore in the area occurs mainly in two different forms-(a) hard and compact sheet (hard pan deposit) and (b) nodular variety. The bedded form of the hard and compact sheet of kankar occurring usually over the nodular variety ranges in thickness from 0.10 meter to about a meter below an overburden ranging from 0.30 meter to about 1.50 meter from the surface where as the soil zones containing nodular variety of kankar rage in thickness from 0.10 meter to 2.0 meter and contain kankar varying from as low as 2.0 per cent to as high as about 80 per cent by volume.

A total reserve of about 25 million tonnes of both bedded and nodular varieties of kankar has been estimated around Biroke, Guradi, Dhalewan, Hodla Kalan, Khiwa, Gurthari, Budhlada Mandi, Sangrehri, Jalbehra Gobindpura, Ahmadpur and Mansa (all in Mansa Tahsil). Unfortunately, the grade of the deposit is extremely poor with only about 23 per cent CaO, 2 per cent Mgo, and 46 per cent Acid insoluble.

Land and Land use Pattern :

As per the village records for the year 2000-2001, Mansa district has an area of 219,800 hectares (2,198 Sq.kms.) out of which 2,700 hectares is under forests, 6,000 hectares is put to non-agricultural uses, 6,600 hectares is under miscellaneous crops and groves, 1,000 hectares is current fallow, and 203,000 hectares is net sown area. A small proportion of area (less than 500 hectares) is barren and uncultivable land. Net sown area constitutes nearly 92.4 per cent of the total area of the district. Out of this total net sown area of (203,000 hectares), 164,000 hectares is sown more than once. Thus the total cropped area works out to 367 thousand hectares in the district during 2000-01. The district with barely 27 Sq. kms (1.2%) of its area under forest is almost devoid of any forest cover. There are no reserved forests in the district and the forest cover of the district is mainly protected forest.

Mansa district is mainly an agricultural district as 79.3 per cent of its population is reported to be residing in the rural areas during 2001 Census. Further agriculture alone engaged 58.9 per cent of its main workers during 2001 Census (cultivators 35.3 per cent and agricultural labourers 23.6 per cent). Thus it would be seen that agriculture provides the single largest source of employment in the district though decline is noticeable during the last few decades.

Kharif (sawani) and Rabi (harhi) are two main harvesting seasons. The principle Kharif crops include paddy (rice), jawar, bajra, sugarcane and groundnut. The Rabi crops include wheat, gram, barley, some oil seeds, pulses, etc. Seasons additional crops are also grown where conditions so permit. These are known as zaid-Kharif and zaid-Rabi.

During 2000-2001, 84,000 hectares of area was under rice cultivation in the district and 2000 hectares under bajra. This signifies that rice (paddy) is the most dominant kharif crop grown in the district. During 2000-2001 the district produced 306 metric tonnes of rice at an average yield of 3,643 kg. per hectare.

Among the Rabi crops, wheat is the most dominant. During 2000-2001, 163,000 hectares of agricultural land was under wheat cultivation. The district produced 748 metric tonnes of wheat during 2000-2001. The average yield of wheat per hectare in the district was of 4,589 kgs.

Barley and Gram are the other important crops grown in the district and area under cultivation of these two crops is 3,000 hectares and 700 hectares respectively.

Among pulses grown in the district, moong, and rapeseed and mustard are the most important. During 2000-01, 3,500 hectares were under cultivation of rapeseed and mustard and 184 hectares of land was under moong cultivation. Out of the total production of 748 metric tonnes of moong and 66 metric tonnes of rapeseed and mustard in the state, the share of Mansa district was 4.8 metric tonnes and 0.4 metric tonnes respectively.

Cotton is an important plantation crop, which is grown in the district In the State 473,000 hectares of land under cotton cultivation (358,000 hectares under American cotton and 115,000 under deshi cotton) during 2000-01. The area under cotton plantation in Mansa district is 78,800 hectares (56000 American and 21,800 deshi cotton). The deshi cotton grown in Mansa district is in great demand. Further, out of the total production of 1,197 bales (203.51 metric tonnes) in the state, the share of Mansa district was 192 bales (32.58 metric tonnes).

Irrigation :

This district relatively falls in a low rainfall region and thus irrigation has a vital role to play. The main sources of irrigation are the canals as the rains are low and erratic even during the monsoons. Also

the sub-soil water is low and brackish, which is considered unsuitable for irrigation. Besides the canals, tubewells (8,900 as on 31st march, 2001) are the other source of irrigation in the district, Irrigation by well is also resorted to but to a limited extent. The irrigation is done mainly from Sirhind canal (Through Bathinda, Musa, Kotla , Odat, Biroke and New Dhodal branches), but some areas are also irrigated from Bhakra canal and other distributaries (Dhapali, Phul, Gumman, Bangi, Bhadaur, Raonta, Joga Bhikhi and Sunam).

However, during the year 2000-01 the net irrigated area reported was 199,000 hectares, out of which 144,500 hectares was irrigated from government canals and 54,500 hectares from tubewells. Thus percentage of net area irrigated to net area sown worked out to 98.0 per cent for this district during 2000-01. Also during 2000-01 out of 367,000 hectares gross cropped area, 361,700 hectares was irrigated. The percentage of gross irrigated area to gross cropped area worked out to 98.6 per cent for Mansa.

Horticulture :

Horticulture is gaining popularity in the district for the last few years. During 2000-01, an area of 357 hectares was reported under various fruit trees. The break up of area under various fruits is as follows: Kinnows 116 hectares, Grapes 61 hectares, Orange and Malta 7 hectares, Ber 98 hectares, Guava 69 hectares and peach 6 hectares. The area under orchards is very limited due to various factors such as high temperature, stormy wind conditions, and unsuitability of sub-soil water for irrigation and inadequacy of canal water. In spite of these limited factors the district has reported sizeable area under ber, grapes and kinnows. The area under grapes would have been much more had there been efficient arrangements for procurement of grapes, the farmers had to make their own arrangements for marketing these fruits. The farmers have persistently demanded the setting up of some factories to process their produce to bring them remunerative returns from grapes, which require very delicate handling before disposal. Day by day the attitude of the farmers is changing and horticulture has become very popular in the district.

The vegetables are also grown in the district. An area of 813 hectare was reported under vegetables during 2000-01. The break up of area is as follows:- Potatoes 160 hectares, sweet Potatoes 1 hectare, Onions 74 hectares, winter vegetables 461 hectares and summer vegetables 117 hectares. The demand for vegetables is picking up in the district as the urban centers have grown over the years. The establishment of various colonies etc. under various central and state projects increased the demand for vegetables.

Besides compost (both in urban and rural), cattle dung and green manures, chemical fertilizers are increasingly being used in this district. During 2000-01, 68,000 tones of chemical fertilizers. Mainly nitrogenous (50,000 tones) and phosphetic (17,000 tones) were consumed in the district for growing improved varieties of wheat, paddy sugarcane, cotton, etc. The farmers are, however, becoming conscious of the delirious effects of reckless use of chemical fertilizers in their farms. The farming scientists are required to provide them with some alternative nutriative soil agents so that crop yields do not suffer.

Animal Husbandry :

Livestock, the back bone of the peasantry and the farmer, has traditionally been depending upon draught animals for plouging on milch cattle, mainly cows and buffaloes for milk and other dairy products for domestic use and for supplementing their farm income.

The data on livestock in Punjab is available for the year 1997. It reveals that there are 86,400 cows, 264,900 buffaloes, 900 horses and ponies, 500 donkeys, 500 Mules, 48,500 sheep, 37,800 goats, 1400 camels, 13,300 pigs, (total 454,200 animals). Cows and Buffaloes, as else where, are the two most dominant milch animals in the district. The district can boast of a fairly rich cattle wealth. The decline in

the number of cattle is attributable to the mechanization of agriculture and transportation, which makes lesser demand of draught cattle. However, the ever increasing demand of milk in the urban centers and the state has increased demand of milch buffaloes, which are mainly of good breads (murrah and nili).

In 2000-01 there were 53 veterinary Hospitals, 60 veterinary dispensaries and insemination units, 2 sheep and wool extension centers and insemination units in the district wherein 31 veterinary officers and 90 veterinary pharmacists were posted.

The poultry birds had recorded 91,800 birds (65,200 Hens and 26,600 Chikens) in 1997. The poultry farming is now being practiced on scientific lines, which is evident from the large number of poultry farms located in the district. This has been made to understand due to acceptability of egg as a vegetarian food.

In order to provide good quality meat to the general public, 3 recognized slaughterhouses were functioning in the district during 2000-01 where 5,668 animals (5,343 sheep and goats, 325 pigs) were slaughtered.

Fisheries :

Pisciculture has been taken up in a big way in the district. An area of 328 hectares was stocked with fish wherein 4,093 thousand fingerlings were raised. An income of Rs. 6300 accrued by the fisheries department in the district during 2001.

Tenancy :

The areas now constituting this district were earlier in Patiala state, where feudal institutions like Jagirdari and Biswedari were prevalent which had since been abolished under various land reforms measures introduced after independence. As a result many occupancy tenants have become proprietors. Similarly tenancies at will that were able to purchase land under the law also became proprietors. Also ceilings on land resulted in surplus lands, which were distributed among the landless cultivators on payment of compensation. For fear of being deprived of their land many landlords have taken to self cultivation and have introduced mechanization in agriculture in a big way. The farmers generally cultivate their land themselves or through servants. This system is known as Khudkasht (Self cultivation). In some cases the land is leased out to other marginal farmers or tenants on Batai (share cropping) or Theka (contract). The general rate of Theka (contract) varies from time to time depending upon the provision of irrigation, fertilizers, quality of land and the period of contract. As a large number of farmers own tractors, some of them offer services for various agricultural operations against cash payments. This system is gaining popularity in the rural areas.

Agriculture is now being carried on commercial lines, as cash crops like cotton and paddy are being raised in the farms with the help of contractual labour which is available locally or from outside. This has imbibed scientific outlook among the farmers which has resulted in the development of agriculture in the district.

Industry :

During the princely times there was not much industrial activity in the district. Village industries like handloom weaving, oil extraction by wooden Kohlus, manufacture of agricultural implements, juti making, baan making, gur and shaker manufacture, calico printing and phulkari making were in vogue in the rural areas. Durries in floral designs were manufactured in the urban centers like Mansa, Budhlada and Bareta etc.

Communications :

An efficient network of roads and railways, posts, telegraph, telephone etc. is an essential requirement for development of any area as it is the backbone of any developmental activity. The district is well served in both roads and railways. The Mansa railway station is one of the important stations in the district and other railway stations located in the district are:- Sada Singhwala, Narenderpura, Budhlada, Dattewas, Bareta and Kahangarh

Anyhow, there is an efficient network of roads through out the district. The district has a road length of 1,777 kms under State highways. Further, as per the data available from P.W.D. (B&R) department for the year 2000-01 the Punjab state has a road length of 54,836 kms giving an overall average of 109 kms of roads per 100 sq. kms. of area. This by all means exhibits a fairly well developed system of roads in the State. Mansa district has a road length of 81 kms per 100 sq. kms of area which, though some what lower than that of the State as a whole, is quite satisfying in itself. Further more, all the villages in the district, barring one, are connected by road.

The district is well served by the Public Road Transport system. The district being part of erstwhile Pepsu State, the bus routes are mainly with the Pepsu Road Transport Corporation (PRTC). Budhlada depot had 62 buses in 2000-2001 and government hired buses from private sector on kilometer basis to fulfill the requirements of public. The other depots of PRTC and Punjab Roadways also operate buses on various routes in the district. There are a number of private operators also, who provide transport services in areas not served by Government transport operators.

The increase in vehicles has resulted in increase of accidents in the district. In 2000-01 there took place 60 accidents in which 38 persons were killed and 55 persons injured in the district.

There is a good net work of post and telegraph offices in the district. The telephone facilities have also been greatly improved throughout the district barring a few pockets here and there. Mobile and land line telephone have reached almost all villages of the district.

Electricity:

The erstwhile rulers were well aware of the technological changes taking place in the world. They therefore, were the first to introduce electricity in their areas in the beginning of the present century. The state government Public Works Department replaced the private suppliers of electricity. However, after some time the responsibilities of supplying electricity were bestowed on the Punjab State Electricity Board, Patiala.

The consumption of electric power in Punjab for various purposes has increased substantially from 11,906.9 million Kwh in 1990-91 to 19,184.5 million Kwh during 2000-01 in the state. The most significant increase in consumption is for domestic use (1619.9 million Kwh in 1990-91 to 4224.1 million Kwh in 2000-01). The consumption of power for industry has almost doubled in the State during this decade (4,317.6 to 8,047.1 million Kwh). In Mansa district, out of the total consumption of 214.6 million Kwh, 84.1(39.2%) million Kwh is consumed for domestic use, 12.6(5.9%) million Kwh for commercial use, 38.3(17.8%) million Kwh for industrial use, 78.5 (36.6%) million Kwh for agricultural purposes and 1.1(0.5%) million Kwh for other uses.

Mansa district receives 1.1 percent of the total power produced in the state and its usage for various purposes. In Mansa district 93.82 per cent of the households are using electricity and this percentage is higher than that of the State (86.70%).

(v) Census concepts

Building :

A 'Building' is generally a single structure on the ground. Sometimes it is made up of more than one component unit which are used or likely to be used as dwellings (residences) or establishments such as shops, business houses, offices, factories, workshops, worksheds, Schools, places of entertainment, places of worship, godowns, stores etc. It is also possible that buildings which have component units may be used for a combination of purposes such as shop-cum-residence, workshop-cum-residence, office-cum-residence etc.

Usually a structure will have four walls and a roof. But in some areas the very nature of construction of houses is such that there may not be any wall. Such is the case of conical structures where entrance is also provided but they may not have any walls. Therefore, such of the conical structures are also treated as separate buildings.

Permanent houses :

Houses, the walls and roof of which are made of permanent materials. The material of walls can be any one from the following, namely, galvanized iron sheets or other metal sheets, asbestos sheets, burnt bricks, stones or concrete. Roof may be made of from any one of the following materials, namely, tiles, slate, galvanized iron sheets, metal sheets, asbestos sheets, bricks, stones or concrete.

Semi-permanent Houses :

Houses in which either the wall or the roof is made of permanent material and the other is made of temporary material.

Temporary Houses :

Houses in which both walls and roof are made of materials, which have to be replaced frequently. Walls may be made from any one of the following temporary materials, namely, grass, thatch, bamboo, plastic, polythene, mud, unburnt bricks or wood. Roof may be made from any one of the following temporary materials, namely, grass, thatch, bamboo, wood, mud, plastic or polythene.

Dwelling Room :

A room is treated as a dwelling room if it has walls with a doorway and a roof and should be wide and long enough for a person to sleep in, i.e. it should have a length of not less than 2 meters and a breadth of at least 1.5 meters and a height of 2 meters. A dwelling room would include living room, bedroom, dining room, drawing room, study room, servant's room and other habitable rooms. Kitchen, bathroom, latrine, store room, passageway and verandah which are not normally usable for living are not considered as dwelling rooms. A room, used for multipurpose such as sleeping, sitting, dining, storing, cooking, etc., is regarded as a dwelling room. In a situation where a census house is used as a shop or office., etc., and the household also stays in it then the room is not considered as a dwelling room. But if a garage or servant quarter is used by a servant and if she/he also lives in it as a separate household then this has been considered as a dwelling room available to the servant's household. Tent or conical shaped hut if used for living by any household is also considered as dwelling room.

A dwelling room, which is shared by more than one household, has not been counted for any of them. If two households have a dwelling room each but in addition also share a common dwelling room, then the common room has not been counted for either of the households.

Census House :

A 'census house' is a building or part of a building used or recognised as a separate unit because of having a separate main entrance from the road or common courtyard or staircase, etc. It may be occupied or vacant. It may be used for residential or non- residential purpose or both.

In certain peculiar situations, the manner in which buildings and census houses were identified for numbering in the field by the enumerators is described hereunder:

Sometimes a series of different buildings are found along a street which are joined with one another by common walls on either side looking like a continuous structure. These different units are practically independent of one another and are likely to have been built at different times and owned by different persons. In such cases, though the whole structure with all the adjoining units apparently appears to be one building, each portion was treated as a separate building and its constituent units as separate census houses.

On the other hand, one may come across cases, particularly in large cities of multi-storeyed ownership flats. In these cases while the structure looks like one building, different persons own the flats. In case of such multi-storeyed structures, having a number of flats owned by different persons, the entire structure was treated as one building and each flat as a separate census house.

If within a large enclosed area, there are separate buildings owned by different persons then each such building is treated as a separate building. There can be a situation where within an enclosed compound there are separate buildings owned by an undertaking or company or even government that are actually in occupation of different persons. For example, Indian Oil Corporation colony where the buildings are owned by the Corporation but these are in occupation of their employees. Each such building was treated as a separate building. But if in any one of these buildings there were flats in occupation of different households, each such flat was reckoned as a separate census house.

Sometimes it becomes difficult to apply the definition of census house strictly in certain cases. For example, in an urban area, if a flat has five rooms, each room having direct entrance from the common staircase or courtyard. By definition, this has to be treated as five census houses. If all these five rooms are occupied by a single household it was not realistic to treat them as five census houses. In such a case, 'singleness' of use of these rooms along with the main house should be considered and the entire flat was treated as one census house. On the other hand, if two independent households occupy these five rooms, the first household living in 3 rooms and the second household occupying 2 rooms, then considering the use, the first three rooms together were treated as one census house and the remaining rooms as another census house. But if each room was occupied by an independent household, then each such room was treated as a separate census house.

In case of hostels, hotels, etc., even if the door of each room in which an inmate lives opens to a common verandah, staircase, courtyard or a common room, as it happens almost invariably, the entire hostel/ hotel building was treated as one census house. but if such hostels/hotels have out-houses or other structures used for different purposes or the same purpose, then each such structure attached to the main hostel/hotel was treated as a separate census house.

In some parts of the country, in rural areas, the pattern of habitation is such that a group of huts, located in a compound, whether enclosed or unenclosed, is occupied by one household. While the main residence may be located in one hut, other huts may be used for sleeping, as a kitchen, bath room, baithak, etc. Though each of the huts was a separates structure, they form a single housing unit and therefore, have to be treated collectively as one building and one census house. If some of the huts are used by one household and the others by a second household as residence, then the two groups of huts were treated as separate census houses. However, if there were also other huts in the compound used for other purposes and not as part of the household's residence such as, cattle shed, workshed, etc., these were treated as separate census houses.

On the other hand, in urban areas, where more than one structure within an enclosed or open compound (premises) belonging to the same person, e.g., the main house, the servant's quarter, the garage, etc., only one building number was given for this group and each of the constituents a separate census house number.

Only cases where a structure with roof and pillars has come up was treated as a building.

Village :

The basic unit for rural areas is the revenue village, which has definite surveyed boundaries. The revenue village may comprise of one or more hamlets but the entire village is treated as one unit for presentation of data. In unsurveyed areas, like villages within forest areas, each habitation area with locally recognized boundaries is treated as one village.

Rural-Urban Area :

The data in tables on Houses, Household Amenities and Assets are presented separately for rural and urban areas. The unit of classification in this regard is 'town' for urban areas and 'village' for rural areas. In the Census of India 2001, the definition of urban area adopted is as follows :

a) All places with a municipality, corporation, cantonment board or notified town area committee, etc.

b) A place satisfying the following three criteria simultaneously:
   i) a minimum population of 5,000;
   ii) at least 75 per cent of male working population engaged in non-agricultural pursuits; and
   iii) a density of population of at least 400 per sq. km.(1,000 per sq. mile).

For identification of places which would qualify to be classified as 'urban' all villages, which, as per the 1991 Census had a population of 4,000 and above, a population density of 400 persons per sq. km. and having at least 75 per cent of male working population engaged in non-agricultural activities were considered. To work out the proportion of male working population referred to above against b) (ii), the data relating to main workers were taken into account.

Apart from these, the outgrowths (OGs) of cities and towns have also been treated as urban under 'Urban Agglomerations'. Examples of out-growths are railway colonies, university campuses, port areas, military camps, etc., that may have come up near a statutory town or city but within the revenue limits of a village or villages contiguous to the town or city. Each such individual area by itself may not satisfy the demographic criteria laid down at (b) above to qualify it to be treated as an independent urban unit but may deserve to be clubbed with the towns as a continuous urban spread. Thus, the town level data, wherever presented, also includes the data for outgrowths of such towns.

City :

Towns with population of 100,000 and above are called cities.

Urban Agglomeration :

An Urban Agglomeration is a continuous urban spread constituting a town and its adjoining urban outgrowths (OGs) or two or more physically contiguous towns together and any adjoining urban outgrowths of such towns. In some cases, railway colonies, university campuses, port areas, etc., may come up near a city or statutory town outside its statutory limits but within the revenue limits of a village or villages contiguous to the town or city. Each such individual area by itself may not satisfy the minimum population limit to qualify it to be treated as an independent urban unit but may deserve to be clubbed with the town as a continuous urban spread.

For the purpose of delineation of Urban Agglo-merations during Census of India 2001, following criteria are taken as pre-requisites:

(a) The core town or at least one of the constituent towns of an urban agglomeration should necessarily be a statutory town; and

(b) The total population of all the constituents (i.e., towns and outgrowths) of an Urban Agglomeration should not be less than 20,000 (as per the 1991 Census).

With these two basic criteria having been met, the following are the possible different situations in which Urban Agglomerations would be constituted:

i) a city or town with one or more contiguous outgrowths;
ii) two or more adjoining towns with their outgrowths; and
iii) a city and one or more adjoining towns with their outgrowths all of which form a continuous spread.

Household :

A 'household' is usually a group of persons who normally live together and take their meals from a common kitchen unless the exigencies of work prevent any of them from doing so. Persons in a household may be related or unrelated or a mix of both. However, if a group of unrelated persons live in a census house but do not take their meals from the common kitchen, then they are not constituent of a common household. Each such person was to be treated as a separate household. The important link in finding out whether it was a household or not was a common kitchen. There may be one member households, two member households or multi-member households.

Institutional Household :

A group of unrelated persons who live in an institution and take their meals from a common kitchen is called an Institutional Household. Examples of Institutional Households are boarding houses, messes, hostels, hotels, rescue homes, jails, ashrams, orphanages, etc. To make the definition more clearly perceptible to the enumerators at the Census 2001, it was specifically mentioned that this category or households would cover only those households where a group of unrelated persons live in an institution and share a common kitchen.

Houseless Household :

Households who do not live in buildings or census houses but live in the open on roadside, pavements, in huge pipes, under flyovers and staircases, or in the open in places of worship, mandaps, railway platforms, etc., are treated as Houseless Households.

List of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes:

The Government of India by Gazette Notification under Article 314(1) of Indian Constitution has declared some castes, races or tribes or parts of or groups within castes, races or tribes as Scheduled Castes as there is no standard definition of Scheduled Castes. Similarly, Scheduled Tribes mean all such tribes or tribal communities or parts of or groups within such tribes or tribal communities as are declared by the President of India to be treated as Scheduled Tribes under Article 342(1) of the Indian Constitution. There is slight change in the definition of Scheduled Castes in 1991. Before that, Scheduled Castes could belong to Hindu or Sikh religion. But, from 1990, in addition to Hindu and Sikh religions, Scheduled Castes may belong to Buddhists religion also. The list of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes are notified for each State and Union Territory and are valid only within the jurisdiction of that State or Union Territory and not outside. In Punjab State, 37 castes were notified by the State Government as Scheduled Castes at the 1991 Census and there is no change at the 2001 Census. Following 37 castes have been notified as scheduled castes in Punjab;

1. Ad Dharmi
2. Balmiki, Chura, Bhangi
3. Bangali
4. Barar, Burar or Berar
5. Batwal
6. Bauria, Bawaria
7. Bazigar
8. Bhanjra
9. Chamar, Jatia Chamar, Rehgar Raigar, Ramdasi or Ravidasi
10. Chanal
11. Dagi
12. Darain
13. Deha, Dhaya, Dhea
14. Dhanak
15. Dhogri, Dhangri, Siggi
16. Dumna, Mahasha, Doom
17. Gagra
18. Gandhilla, Gandil, Gondola
19. Kabirpanthi, Julaha
20. Khatik
21. Kori, Koli
22. Marija, Marecha
23. Mazhabi
24. Megh
25. Nat
26. Od
27. Pasi
28. Perna
29. Pherera
30. Sanhai
31. Sanhal
32. Sansi, Bhedkut, Manesh
33. Sansoi
34. Sapela
35. Sarera
36. Sikligar
37. Sirkiband

Language and Mother Tongue :

As per the census concept, each language is a group of mother tongues. The census questionnaire collects information on the mother tongue of each person and mother tongue is defined as the language spoken in childhood by the person's mother to the person. If the mother died in infancy, the language mainly spoken in the person's home in childhood will be the mother tongue. In the case of infants and deaf mutes, the language usually spoken by the mother is considered as mother tongue. It is not necessary that the language spoken as mother tongue should have a script. The mother tongues returned by the respondents in census are classified and grouped under appropriate languages according to their linguistic characteristics.

Literate :

A person aged 7 years and above who can both read and write with understanding in any language is taken as literate. A person who can only read but cannot write is not literate. It is not necessary that to be considered as literate, a person should have received any formal education or passed any minimum educational standard. Literacy could also have been achieved through adult literacy classes or through any non-formal educational system. People who are blind and can read in Braille are treated as literates.

Literacy Rate :

Literacy rate of the population is defined as the percentage of literates in the age-group seven years and above. For different age-groups the percentage of literates in that age-group gives the literacy rate.

Educational Level :

The highest level of education a person has completed.

Work :

Work is defined as participation in any economically productive activity with or without compensation, wages or profit. Such participation may be physical and / or mental in nature. Work involves not only actual work but also includes effective supervision and direction of work. It even includes part time help or unpaid work on farm, family enterprise or in any other economic activity. All persons engaged in 'work' as defined above are workers. Persons who are engaged in cultivation or milk production even solely for domestic consumption are also treated as workers.

Reference period for determining a person as worker and non-worker is one year preceding the date of enumeration.

Main worker :

A person who has worked for major part of the reference period (i.e. six months or more during the last one year preceding the date of enumeration) in any economically productive activity is termed as 'Main worker'.

(vi) Non-Census Concepts

Improved drinking water :

If the household had access to drinking water supplied from a tap, hand pump, tube well or well (protected or covered) situated within or outside the premises, it is considered as having access to improved drinking water.

It may be mentioned that such uniform definition may not be valid across all States.

System of sewerage :

Generally, a sewerage system would mean a network of mains and branches of underground conduits for the conveyance of sewerage to the point of disposal. Sewers that carry only household and industrial wastage are called separate sewers; those that carry storm water from roofs, streets and other surfaces are known as storm water drains, while those carrying both sewage and storm water are called combined sewers. However, in some towns, which are not provided with such underground sewerage system, it is served by open surface drain, box drain, silk pattern drain, etc., in these towns.

Type of latrine and Method of disposal of night soil.

There are three prevalent systems of disposal of human wastes, viz.

(i) underground sewerage,

(ii) sanitary water flush latrines with individual disposal systems, like septic tank, leaching cess pool and collecting well, and

(iii) dry type of latrines with manual scavenging.

The system of underground sewerage provides for the street sewerage with which are connected the sanitary latrines constructed in the houses having water closets and fitted with flushing cistern (or hand flushing). Through this sewer the fecal matter is transported without the need for scavenging. This system generally exists in cities and big towns.

Where the street sewer does not exist, these sanitary water flush latrines are connected to a local septic tank with a sub-soil dispersion system or a leaching pit. Here the liquid wastes from the water closet is disposed of locally in leaching pit, a septic tank with a soil dispersion system is constructed. This dispersion requires an optimum travel through the pores of the soil, which renders the harmful liquid bacterially innocuous by the slow process of filtration through the soil traversed.

Where the soil is impermeable, collecting wells are constructed and the sanitary water flush latrines are connected with them. These wells are cleaned at periodic intervals by a suitable device. The dry type of latrines are of service type latrines from where human excreta is removed by scavengers from house to house, in most cases carrying it on their heads or shoulders or in baskets with handle or wheel barrows.

These are then collected in bullock carts or trucks or tractors and trolleys for being carried to the dumping grounds.

Fertility :

In demography, the word fertility is used in relation to the actual production of children or occurrence of births specially live births. Fertility is a measure of rate at which population adds to itself by births and normally assessed by relating the number of births to a full or part of the population, such as number of married women or number of women of child-bearing age. The definitions of the terminology used in computing different fertility rates are mentioned below:

Crude birth rate (CBR) :

Ratio of the number of live births in a year to the mid year population, normally expressed per 1,000 population.

$$\text{CBR} = \frac{\text{Number of live births during the year}}{\text{Mid–year Population}} \times 1{,}000$$

Crude death rate (CDR) :

Ratio of the number of deaths in a year to the mid year population, normally expressed per 1,000 population.

$$\text{CDR} = \frac{\text{Number of deaths during the year}}{\text{Mid-year Population}} \times 1{,}000$$

Natural growth rate :

Growth rate is obtained as the difference between crude birth rate and crude death rate in the absence of migration.

Age specific fertility rate (ASFR) :

Number of live births in a year to female population in any specified age-group normally expressed per 1,000 women.

$$\text{ASFR} = \frac{\text{Number of live births in a particular age-group}}{\text{Mid-year female population of the same age-group}} \times 1{,}000$$

Age specific marital fertility rate (ASMFR) :

Number of live births in a year to married female population in any specified age-group normally expressed per 1,000 married women.

$$\text{ASMFR} = \frac{\text{Number of live births in a particular age-group}}{\text{Mid-year married female population of the same age-group}} \times 1{,}000$$

General fertility rate (GFR) :

Number of live births per 1,000 women in the reproductive age-group (15-49) years in a given year.

$$\text{GFR} = \frac{\text{Number of live births in a year}}{\text{Mid-year female population in the age-group (15-49) years}} \times 1{,}000$$

General marital fertility rate (GMFR) :

Number of live births per 1,000 married women in reproductive age-group (15-49) years in a given year.

$$GMFR = \frac{\text{Number of live births in a year}}{\text{Mid-year married female population in the age-group (15-49) years}} \times 1{,}000$$

Total fertility rate (TFR) :

It is obtained as the total of the age specific fertility rates (number of children born per woman of the particular age) for the entire reproductive age span. It provides the average number of children that will be born to a woman under the fertility levels indicated by the age specific fertility rates assuming that there is no mortality of women till the completion of reproductive period.

$$TFR = \frac{5 \times \sum_{15-19}^{45-49} ASFR}{1{,}000}$$

Total marital fertility rate (TMFR) :

Average number of children that would be born to a married woman if she experiences the current fertility pattern throughout her reproductive span (15-49) years assuming that there is no mortality of women till the completion of reproductive period.

$$TMFR = \frac{5 \times \sum_{15-19}^{45-49} ASMFR}{1{,}000}$$

Age-specific mortality rate (ASMR) :

Number of deaths in a particular age and sex group per 1000 population of the same age-group.

$$ASMR = \frac{\text{Number of deaths in a particular age-group}}{\text{Mid-year population of the same age-group}} \times 1{,}000$$

q1 :

Probability of dying between birth and age 1. This can be used as approximate value of Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) which gives the ratio of number of deaths in a year of children aged less than one year to the number of births in that year.

q2 :

Probability of dying between birth and age 2.

q5 :

Probability of dying between birth and age 5. This indicator is also known as Under Five Mortality Rate (U5MR).

Infant mortality rate (IMR) :

Ratio of the number of infant deaths (deaths of children below one year) in a year to the number of live births in that year.

$$IMR = \frac{\text{Number of infant deaths during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1,000$$

Infant mortality rate comprises of two parts, viz., Neo-natal mortality rate and Post neo-natal mortality rate. The neo-natal mortality rate also comprises of two parts viz., Early neo-natal mortality rate and late neo-natal mortality rate. These are defined as:

Neo-natal mortality rate (NMR) :

Number of infants dying within the first month of life (28 days or under) in a year per 1,000 live births of the same year.

$$NMR = \frac{\text{Number of infant deaths aged 28 days or under during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1,000$$

i) Early neo- natal mortality rate :

$$= \frac{\text{Number of infant deaths of less than 7 days During the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1,000$$

ii) Late neo-natal mortality rate :

$$= \frac{\text{Number of infant deaths of 7 days to less than 29 days during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1,000$$

Post neo-natal mortality rate (PNMR) :

$$= \frac{\text{Number of deaths of 29 days to less than One year during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1,000$$

Peri-natal mortality rate (PMR) :

Number of still births plus deaths within 1st week of delivery per 1000 births in a year.

$$PMR = \frac{\text{Number of still births and infant deaths of less than 7 days during the year}}{\text{Number of live births and still births during the year}} \times 1,000$$

Still birth rate (SBR) :

$$SBR = \frac{\text{Number of still births during the year}}{\text{Number of live births and still births during the year}} \times 1,000$$

Maternal mortality rate (MMR) :

Number of deaths of women in the age-group 15-49 while pregnant or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy from any cause related to pregnancy and child birth per 100,000 live births in a given year.

$$MMR = \frac{\text{Number of maternal deaths to women in the age group 15-49}}{\text{Number of live birth}} \times 100{,}000$$

Eligible couple (Couples per 1,000 population):

Number of currently married females in the age-group 15-44 years per 1000 persons of all ages.

Child woman ratio (0-4) :

1. Number of children in the age-group 0-4 years per 1000 women in the age-group 15-49 years.

Child woman ratio (5-9) :

2. Number of children in the age-group 5-9 years per 1000 women in the age-group 15-49 years.

1) Migration

2) Internal and International Migration

3) Rural - Urban component of migration

Civic status of urban units :

Civic Status of a town/city is determined on the basis of Civic Administrative authority of the town e.g., Municipal Corporation/Corporation, Municipal Committee/Municipal council, Municipality etc.

Size class of UA/town :

Size-class of UA/Town is based on the population size of the UA/City/Town UAs/Towns with 100,000 and above population are classified as Class I UAs/Towns. These Class I UAs./Towns are now further sub classified into seven sub classes namely M1 to M7 depending on the population size of UA/ City/Town. These are :

M7 (5,000,000 and above)
M6 (2,000,000 to 4,999,999)
M5 (1,000,000-1,999,999)
M4 (500,000-999,999)
M3 (300,000-499,999)
M2 (200,000-299,999) and
M1 (100,000-199,999)

Towns with 50,000 to 99,999 population are classified as Class II towns, 20,000 to 49,999 population are Class III towns, population with 10,000-19,999 are Class IV towns, population with 5,000 and 9,999 are Class V towns and towns with less than 5,000 population are Class VI towns.

Slum area :

The Slum Areas (Improvement and Clearance) Act, 1956, which was enacted by the Central Government defined slums as a) Areas where buildings are in any respect unfit for human habitation; or b) are by reasons of dilapidation, overcrowding, fault arrangement and design of such buildings, narrowness or faulty arrangement of streets, lack of ventilation, light or sanitation facilities, or any combination of these factors, are detrimental to safety, health or morals.

Mega city :

The concept of 'Mega city' is a recent phenomenon in the Urban Sociology and is defined in term of metropolitan city in the form of large size, problem of management of civic amenities and capacity to absorb the relatively high growth of population. Indian Census in 1991 treated the population size of 5 million and above as the cut off point to identify a place as the mega city. Whereas, for the purpose of inclusion in Centrally Sponsored Scheme for Infrastructure Development in Mega cities the Ministry of Urban Affairs and employment, Department of Urban Development adopted the criteria of 4 million and above population as per 1991 Census for Mega Cities. In 2001 Census, cities with 10 millions and above population have been treated as Mega cities.

(vii) 2001-CENSUS FINDINGS : Population and its distribution.

Population and its distribution:

The following table shows distribution of rural and urban population by tahsils in the district.

Population, Number of Villages and Towns, 2001

Name of Tahsil	Population									No. of Villages		No. Tov
	Total			Rural			Urban					
	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	Total	Inhabited	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1
Sardulgarh	154,927	82,305	72,622	138,612	73,661	64,951	16,315	8,644	7,671	70	70	1
Budhlada	229,122	121,478	107,644	190,715	101,142	8,9,573	38,407	20,336	18,071	87	85	2
Mansa	304,709	162,663	142,046	217,002	115,960	101,042	87,707	46,703	41,004	83	83	2
District total	**688,758**	**366,446**	**322,312**	**546,329**	**290,763**	**255,566**	**142,429**	**75,683**	**66,746**	**240**	**238**	**5**

Mansa district has a population of 688,758 comprising 366,446 males and 322,312 females. This makes 2.8 per cent of State's population and 4.4 per cent of the total area of the state.

Among the tahsils, Mansa with a population of 304,709 is the most populous while Sardulgarh with a population of 154,927 is the least populous tahsil in the district. The population of third tahsil i.e. Budhlada is 229,122. On an average, a tahsil in the district has a population of 229,586 compared with 338,319 in the State as a whole.

Out of the total population of the district 79.3 per cent is rural and 20.7 per cent is urban; the corresponding percentages of rural and urban population in the State are 66.1 and 33.9 respectively.

Out of 240 villages of the district 238 are inhabited. A tahsil on an average has 80 villages. The number of inhabited villages among tahsils varies between 85 in Budhlada tahsil and 70 in Sardulgarh tahsil.

Out of the total population in the district 546,329 (79.3%) are residing in rural and 142429 (20.7%) in urban areas. The rural population spreads over 238 inhabited villages and urban population is distributed over 5 towns in the district An inhabited village in the district on an average has a population of 2,296 as against 1,311 in the state signifying that the villages in Mansa district are much larger in size. Towns, on the other hand, are comparatively smaller in the district as compared with that of the State; a town in Mansa district on an average has a population of 28,486 against 52,627 in the state.

Size Class & Status of a Town:

The methodology of urbanization can be better understood in terms of distribution of urban population among towns of different size classes. It has been the tradition for the Census organization to classify towns according to their population size. A town with a population of 100,000 or more is termed as 'city' in Indian census.

Class	Poulation size	No. of Towns.
1	2	3
Class – I	100,000 and above (Generally referred to as city)	-
Class – II	50,000 to 99,999	1
Class – III	20,000 to 49,999	1
Class – IV	10,000 to 19,999	3
Class – V	5,000 to 9,999	-
Class – VI	Less than 5,000	-

Out of 5 towns in the district, there is no town under Class I, one town each falls in the population size class II and III, and three towns fall in the population size of class IV, There is no town under Class V and VI. (51.0 %) of the urban population in the district is residing in Class II town and 16.5 per cent is residing in Class III and 32.5 per cent is residing in class IV towns in the district.

During this decade the number of towns has gone up from 3 in 1991 to 5 in 2001. There has been an addition of 2 towns, with a population of 31,395 (Bhikhi 15080 and Sardulgarh 16315), which is nearly 22.0 per cent of the urban population of the district. Among the new towns added, both are Class IV towns having statutory status. Among the towns in the district, Mansa 72,627 is the most populous while Bareta 14,886 is the least populous town in the district.

No town of 1991 has been declassified at the 2001 Census.

Population Growth, Density and Sex Ratio

Population Growth:

During 1991-2001, population of Mansa district has increased from 574,662 in 1991 to 688,758 in 2001 resulting in a net addition of 114,096 persons during this decade. In percentage terms the district has recorded a decadal growth rate of 19.9 per cent which is lower than that of state average. Among the districts, it ranks 14th in population size and 8th in growth rate.

Density :

Mansa district with a population of 688,758 and an area of 2198 sq. kms. has a density of 313 persons per sq. km, which is significantly lower than that of the State (484) and ranks 16th among the districts in the state excelling Muktsar (300) only.

Within the district, Mansa (355) is the most densely populated tahsil and Sardulgarh (263) is the least densely populated tahsil. Likewise, rural density varies between 281 in Budhlada and 239 in Sardulgarh tahsil. The urban density is the highest in Budhlada (3,185) tahsil and the lowest in Sardulgarh (2,039) tahsil.

Sex Ratio :

Sex ratio is derived as the number of females per 1,000 males. Generally speaking differentials in mortality conditions of males and females, male-female ratio at birth and sex selective migration are the key factors, which determine the sex composition. It reflects the socio-economic and demographic characteristic of the population and unfolds the status of women in the society and care of the girl child in particular.

Significant feature of Punjab's population is the preponderance of males over females. According to Census 2001, out of the total population of 24,358,999 in the State, 12,985,045 are males and 11,373,954 are females resulting in an overall sex ratio of (876) which is significantly lower than the country as whole (933).

The sex ratio in the State and its constituent districts has remained to be low throughout. At the beginning of the 20th century, the sex ratio was 832 in 1901, which declined to 780 in 1911. Ever since, the sex ratio in the state showed gradual improvement till 1991 when the sex ratio in the state reached 882. However, it has declined to 876 at 2001, exhibiting a fall of 6 points in the State.

In Mansa district details prior to 1951 census are not available. Ever since 1951 the sex ratio in the district has gradually improved from 824 in 1951 to 880 in 2001, within the State the districts among themselves show considerable disparity which is the highest in Hoshiarpur district (935) and the lowest in Ludhiana (824).Mansa district with a sex ratio of 880, ranks 10th among the districts in the State. Apparently, sex ratio in the district is significantly higher than the State, which in itself is marked with a low sex ratio.

Among the tahsils in the district the sex ratio is the highest in Budhlada (886) and the lowest is in Mansa (873). The rural sex ratio varies between 886 in Budhlada and 871 in Mansa tahsil. The urban sex ratio fluctuates between 889 in Budhlada and 878 in Mansa tahsil. The towns among themselves exhibit significant disparity in this regard; it varies between 892 in Budhlada and 876 in Mansa. The urban sex ratio is better than their rural counterparts. In all the three tahsils the sex ratio is above the state average (849) in urban areas whereas it is below state average (890) in rural areas.

The sex ratio of child population in age group 0-6 in the State and its constituent districts is quite low and this has become a matter of deep concern. Punjab has a child sex ratio of 798; it is almost identical in its rural (799) and urban (796) areas. In Mansa district, the child sex ratio (782) is even lower than that of the State. Within the district, the tahsils among themselves display a considerable disparity in their child sex ratio; it is the maximum in Sardulgarh and Budhlada (795 each) and the minimum in Mansa (765).

Likewise, the disparity in the rural and urban child sex ratio among the tahsils is also quite marked; the rural child sex ratio varies between 794 in Budhlada and 770 in Mansa, while the variation in urban child sex ratio is to the extent of 847 in Sardulgarh and 752 in Mansa.

Literacy :

Any person who is able to read and write with understanding in any language is recorded as literate. As in 1991 all the children below 7 years of age have been treated as illiterates.

69.7 per cent of the state's population is literate which is higher than that of the country (64.8%) as such. Among the States /Union Territories, Punjab ranks 16th in terms of literacy.

52.4 per cent of the population of Mansa district is recorded as literate, which is significantly lower than the state as such. It ranks at the bottom among the districts in the State. Among the tahsils in the district, Mansa (54.6%) ranks at the top while Budhlada (49.8%) is placed at the bottom. However, none of these tahsils in the district has literacy rate higher than the overall literacy rate in the state.

Between the two sexes, the gap in the literacy rate among males and females in the district is more significant as compared to that of the State. In Mansa district 58.9 per cent among males and 45.2 per cent among females are literate, while the corresponding figures for the State are 75.2 and 63.4 per cent respectively.

Likewise, the rural-urban literacy rates also exhibit significant disparity. In the district 47.5 per cent of the rural population and 71.0 per cent of the urban population is literate.

Work Participation Rate :

Definition of Work and Classification of Workers :

How the 'work' is defined by the Census needs to be understood properly. Work is defined as the participation in any economically productive activity with or without compensation, wages or profit. Such participation may be physical and/or mental in nature. Work involves not only the actual work but also includes effective supervision and direction of work. It even includes part time help or unpaid work on farm, family enterprise or in any other economic activity. The scope of definition of work was expanded at the Census of India 2001, which includes production of milk even for domestic consumption. In the 1991 Census cultivation of certain crops even for one's self-consumption was treated as an economic activity. The scope of the term cultivation was expanded in this census to include certain other crops such as tomatoes, all types of flowers, fruits and tuber potatoes, chilies and turmerics, viper, cardamoms, vegetables etc, in other words plantation of tea, coffee, rubber, coconut and betel nuts have been classified under plantation and not included in cultivation.

The reference period for recording the economic activity of any person was preceding one year from the date of enumeration. All those persons who had worked for six months or more during the last year are recorded as main workers while those who had worked for less then six months during the last one year are treated as marginal workers. A person who had not worked at all during the last one year falls in the category of non- worker. Workers have been further classified into four categories viz. Cultivators, Agricultural labourers, Household Industries and other workers.

Punjab, with a work participation rate of 37.5 per cent, ranks 24th among the States/Union Territories in the Country and thus, the work participation rate in the State is lower than that of India (39.1%). Among the districts in the State, the proportion of workers varies between 44.9 per cent in Nawanshahr district and 33.3 per cent in Gurdaspur district. In all, 10 out of 17 districts in the State have shown work participation above the state average and among them five districts have at least two-fifth of their population reported as worker. Besides Nawanshahr, they include Bathinda (42.3%), Mansa (40.9%), Sangrur (40.7%) and Moga (40.1%).

Main Workers and Marginal Workers:

85.8 per cent of Punjab's total workers have been recorded as Main Workers and 14.2 per cent as Marginal Workers. The corresponding figures for 1991 Census were 97.4 per cent and 2.6 per cent respectively. In Mansa district Main Workers and Marginal Workers constitute 80.9 and 19.1 per cent of the total worker respectively.

The work participation rate in Mansa district (40.9%) is better than the state average (37.5%). Among the tahsils in the district, it varies between 44.8 per cent in Sardulgarh and 38.7 per cent in Budhlada. In the district 54.3 per cent among males and 25.6 per cent among females are reported as workers showing a significant reduction in the gap between the two. In Sardulgarh, one-third of the females (33.1%) are recorded as workers.

The proportion of main workers is the highest in Sardulgarh (34.6%) and the lowest in Budhlada tahsil (32.1%). However, the proportion of marginal workers is significantly the highest in Sardulgarh tahsil (10.2%), and the lowest in Budhlada (6.6%). Further, the incidence of marginal workers is observed to be more among females compared with males. The proportion of marginal workers in the district among females (12.4%) is thrice that of males (3.8%). By and large, a similar pattern is observed among all the tahsils in the district. In Sardulgarh, 16.7 per cent of females are marginal workers as against 4.5 per cent among male counterparts. Mansa (11.8%) and Budhlada (10.4%) too, have higher proportion of female marginal workers.

Religion :

It has been customary for the Indian Census to provide information on religious persuasions of its people. Religion is one of the basic cultural characteristics of population and several religions have thrived in the secular state of India. Apparently, information on various religious communities in the country has been of great interest and useful to the Anthropologists, Sociologists, Demographers, Administrators, Planners and the public at large. Question 7 of the household schedule canvassed at the 2001 Census pertained to religion. The instructions to enumerators were to record faithfully the religion of each member of the household as returned by the respondent in reply to this question.

The six main religions in the country were recorded by using following codes in 2001:-

Hindus	-	01
Muslims	-	02
Christians	-	03
Sikhs	-	04
Buddhists	-	05
Jains	-	06

For all others, actual religion as stated was recorded fully. Further more, if any individual stated that he had no religion, the answer was recorded accordingly.

The instructions for recording this information are by and large the same as in 1991. A brief analysis based on 2001 Census data is given under annexure V.

Mother Tongue :

Question 10 of the Household Schedule canvassed at the 2001 Census pertained to 'Mother Tongue'. It is the language spoken in the childhood by the person's mother to the person. If the mother died in infancy, the language mainly spoken in the person's home in childhood will be the mother-tongue. In the case of infants and deaf mutes the language usually spoken by the mother should be recorded. In case of doubt, the language mainly spoken in the household may be recorded. Since the household may consist of persons related by blood or of unrelated persons or a mix of both, every person in the household is asked about her/his mother tongue because the mother tongue of each member of a household need not necessarily be the same. It may be different for different members in the household. The definition of 'Mother Tongue' is the same as in 1991.

Question 11 of the Household Schedule was aimed to collect information on 'Other Languages known' (up to two languages in order of proficiency) other than Mother Tongue.

In order to provide a broad scenario a brief note along with table based on 1991 Census data is given in Annexure VIII.

Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes :

Out of the total population of 24,358,999 in the state 7,028,723 belong to Scheduled Castes as per 2001 Census. As such 28.9 per cent of the state's population and 30.3 per cent of the district population belongs to Scheduled Castes. Among the tahsil, it is the highest in Budhlada (32.5%) and the lowest in Sardulgarh and Mansa (29.2 % each) Budhlada tahsil recorded higher percentage than that of the district average.

In consonance with the general trends in the state, Scheduled Castes are more rural by residence. In the district 32.0 per cent of population in rural area belongs to Scheduled Castes while the corresponding percentage in urban areas is 23.9 per cent. In Budhlada tahsil Scheduled Castes comprise one-third (34.7%) of rural population and this percentage is the highest among all the tahsils in the district. On the other hand it is the lowest in Sardulgarh (29.8%) followed by Mansa (31.0%).

During the 1991-2001 Scheduled Castes population in the state has increased by 22.4 per cent which is lower than that of Mansa district (25.7%). In the district 34.5 per cent of the Scheduled Castes population is literate which is significantly lower than that of the state 56.2 per cent. 37.2 per cent in rural areas and 44.6 per cent in urban areas in Mansa district are literate.

There is no notified Scheduled Tribes population in the State.

(viii) Brief Analysis Based on Primary Census Abstract

TABLE 1: DECADAL CHANGE IN POPULATION OF TAHSILS BY RESIDENCE, 1991-2001

Serial number	Tahsil	Population						Percentage decadal variation 1991-2001			Percentage urban population	
		1991			2001						1991	2001
		Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Sardulgarh	128,352	128,352	-	154,927	138,612	16,315	20.7	8.0	0.0	0.0	10.5
2	Budhlada	191,943	161,689	30,254	229,122	190,715	38,407	19.4	18.0	26.9	15.8	16.8
3	Mansa	254,367	199,278	55,089	304,709	217,002	87,707	19.8	8.9	59.2	21.7	28.8
District Total:		**574,662**	**489,319**	**85,343**	**688,758**	**546,329**	**142,429**	**19.9**	**11.7**	**66.9**	**14.9**	**20.7**

During 1991-2001, the district recorded a growth rate of 19.9 per cent as against 20.1 per cent for the state. Among the tahsils, it varies between 20.7 per cent in Sardulgarh and 19.4 per cent in Budhlada. Besides Budhlada, the decadal growth rate of Mansa tahsil (19.8%) is also below the district average.

The urban population in the district grew by 66.9 per cent, which is nearly six times that of the rural (11.7 %) growth rate. This amplification of urban decadal growth routs all other districts of the state. Sardulgarh tahsil was entirely rural at the 1991 Census. Mansa tahsil has recorded an urban growth rate of 59.2 per cent, which is more than double of Budhlada (26.9 %) Rural growth rate varies between 18.0 per cent in Budhlada and 8.0 per cent in Sardulgarh.

20.7 per cent of the population in the district is urban as against 14.9 per cent in 1991. The level of urbanization in the district, however, is much below the average of state (33.9 %). It has increased from 21.7 per cent to 28.8 per cent in Mansa tahsil and 15.8 per cent to 16.8 per cent in Budhlada tahsil. In Sardulgarh tahsil one tenth (10.5%) of the population is urban by residence.

TABLE 2: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF INHABITED VILLAGES IN SPECIFIED POPULATION SIZE RANGES WITH THE RELATED POPULATION, 2001

Serial number	District / C.D. block	Total number of inhabited villages	Total rural population			Number and percentage of villages	Population less than 200		Number and percentage of villages
			Persons	Males	Females		Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Bhikhi	34	98,218	52,568	45,650	0 (0.0)	0	0	1 (2.9)
2	Mansa	39	94,641	50,537	44,104	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)
3	Budhlada	87	192,739	102,194	90,545	0 (0.0)	0	0	2 (2.3)
4	Jhunir	39	79,480	42,462	37,018	1 (2.6)	2	0	1 (2.6)
5	Sardulgarh	39	81,251	43,002	38,249	1 (2.6)	101	92	1 (2.6)
Districts (Rural) Total:		**238**	**546,329**	**290,763**	**255,566**	**2 (0.8)**	**103**	**92**	**5 (2.1)**

Serial number	District / C.D. block	Population 200-499		Number and percentage of villages	Population 500-999		Number and percentage of villages	Population 1000-1999	
		Males	Females		Males	Females		Males	Females
1	2	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1	Bhikhi	197	157	2 (5.9)	767	688	11 (32.4)	8,514	7,413
2	Mansa	0	0	4 (10.3)	1,843	1,578	14 (35.9)	11,893	10,275
3	Budhlada	393	377	13 (14.9)	5,280	4,785	41 (47.1)	31,912	28,419
4	Jhunir	115	94	0 (0.0)	0	0	24 (61.5)	19,069	16,489
5	Sardulgarh	251	195	10 (25.6)	4356	3,751	13 (33.3)	10,699	9,609
Districts (Rural) Total:		**956**	**823**	**29 (12.2)**	**12,246**	**10,802**	**103 (43.3)**	**82,087**	**72,205**

Serial number	District / C.D. block	Number and percentage of villages	Population 2000-4999		Number and percentage of villages	Population 5000-9999		Number and percentage of villages	Population 10000 and above	
			Males	Females		Males	Females		Males	Females
1	2	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
1	Bhikhi	17 (50.0)	30,317	26,273	3 (8.8)	12,773	11,119	0 (0.0)	0	0
2	Mansa	18 (46.2)	27,089	23,666	3 (7.7)	9,712	8,585	0 (0.0)	0	0
3	Budhlada	25 (28.7)	39,930	35,066	4 (4.6)	12,762	11,152	2 (2.3)	11,917	10,746
4	Jhunir	11 (28.2)	16,996	14,896	2 (5.1)	6,280	5,539	0 (0.0)	0	0
5	Sardulgarh	13 (33.3)	24,427	21,805	1 (2.6)	3,168	2,797	0 (0.0)	0	0
Districts (Rural) Total:		**84 (35.3)**	**138,759**	**121,706**	**13 (5.5)**	**44,695**	**39,192**	**2 (0.8)**	**11,917**	**10,746**

Out of 240 villages in the district, 2 are uninhabited and they fall only in Budhlada tahsil. A village on an average has a population of 2,296 in the district, the corresponding size of an inhabited village in the State, as a whole is 1,311. The inhabited villages which number 238 are distributed over 5 CD blocks in the district, on an average a CD block has 48 inhabited villages and population of 109,266, whereas total villages of the state are distributed over 138 CD blocks. In the state a CD block has 89 inhabited villages and population of 116,641. Evidently, the inhabited villages in Mansa district are much larger in population size as compared to the State. Among these 238 inhabited villages, 2(0.8%) villages have a population of less than 200, 5(2.1%) and fall in the population size Class of 200-499, 29(12.2%) in the category 500-999, 103 (43.3%) in the range of 1,000-1,999, 84(35.3%) are having population varying between 2,000- 4,999, 13 (5.5%) in between 5,000-9,999 and the remaining 2 (0.8%) villages have a population of 10,000 and above. In other words 36 villages are small sized with a population of less than 1,000 and they contain 4.6 per cent of the rural population of the district, 187 are medium sized having population 1,000–4,999 and they contain 75.9 per cent of rural population of the district, 15 villages in the district are large sized having

they contain 75.9 per cent of rural population of the district, 15 villages in the district are large sized having population 5,000 and above and they contain 19.5 per cent of the rural population of the district. Among them 2 are exceptionally large sized villages falling in the population range of 10,000 and above and they accommodate 4.1 per cent of the district rural population.

TABLE 3 : NEW TOWNS, DENOTIFIED, DECLASSIFIED AND MERGED TOWN IN 2001 CENSUS NEW TOWNS

Serial number	Name of Town	Urban status of town
1	2	3
New Towns		
1	Sardulgarh	N P
2	Bhikhi	N P
DECLASSIFIED AND MERGED TOWN		
	NIL	

Table 3 exhibits new towns added, denotified, declassified and merged in the district at the 2001 Census.

There are 5 towns in the district and all of them have statutory status. Out of these, two towns are newly added at the 2001 Census namely Sardulgarh and Bhikhi. The Civil Status of these two towns is Nagar Panchayat.

Further, in the district, no town of 1991 Census has been denotified or merged at the 2001 Census

TABLE 4 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY POPULATION DENSITY, 2001

Range of population density (per square kilometer)	Total number of villages in each population density range	Percentage of villages in each population density range	Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
0-10	1	0.4	2	0.0
11-20	0	0.0	0	0.0
21-50	0	0.0	0	0.0
51-100	2	0.8	1,046	0.2
101-200	33	13.9	39,865	7.3
201-300	141	59.3	344,929	63.1
301-500	60	25.2	148,413	27.2
501 +	1	0.4	12,074	2.2
Not known	0	0.0	0	0.0
District Total:	**238**	**100.0**	**546,329**	**100.0**
Population Density (Rural) of the district:		**254**		

Table 4 shows distribution of villages according to density of population per Sq. km. Mansa district has a rural density of 254 persons per Sq. km. The villages however, display a significant variation among themselves. Low density of 100 or below is noticed in 3 (1.2%) villages and they contain barely 0.2 per cent of district's rural population. Another 33 villages, which make 13.9 per cent of the total villages and 7.3 per cent of the total population too, are marked with low density of population in the range of 101-200.

The maximum number of villages 141 falls in the average density range of 201-300. This reveals that more than one-half (59.3%) of the villages have density varying between 201and 300 and they accommodate nearly two third (63.1%) of the rural population of the district. However, the high density

in the range of 301-500 is the characteristics of 60 (25.2%) villages and they accommodate 27.2 per cent of the district population.

Very high density of more than 500 is the characteristics of only 1 (0.4%) village accounting for 2.2 per cent of the rural population of the district.

TABLE 5 : SEX RATIO OF STATE AND DISTRICT, 1901-2001

Census Year	State			District		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1901	832	837	804	NA	NA	NA
1911	780	785	740	NA	NA	NA
1921	799	808	735	NA	NA	NA
1931	815	832	721	NA	NA	729
1941	836	855	750	NA	NA	720
1951	844	854	807	824	821	851
1961	854	865	817	830	829	835
1971	865	868	856	852	847	888
1981	879	884	865	869	864	898
1991	882	888	868	873	871	881
2001	876	890	849	880	879	882

Note: Sex Ratio has been defined as number of females per 1000 males.

Sex Ratio reflects the socio-economic and demographic characteristics of population. It unfolds the status of women in society and the care for the girl child in particular. Unfortunately, in consonance with the overall patterns of the State, the sex ratio in the district has remained low throughout except in 2001. The sex ratio declined from 832 in 1901 to 780 in 1911 in the state. Ever since 1911, the sex ratio showed a gradual improvement, uninterruptedly, till 1991 when it reached 882. During 1991-2001, the sex ratio has declined by 6 points, from 882 to 876.

The population census data for total and rural are not available for Mansa district prior to 1951 Census, whereas it is available for urban since 1931. Mansa district had a sex ratio of 824 in 1951, which increased to 830in 1961, and improved to 852 in 1971, 869 in 1981 and 873 in 1991 and again slightly magnified to 880 in 2001 However, unlike the state pattern, the sex ratio in the district has increased by 7 points; from 873 in 1991 to 880 in 2001. This increase is more noticeable in rural areas. In the state, the urban sex ratio has declined from 868 in 1991 to 849 in 2001 while the corresponding meager increase in the urban sex ratio of the district is only by one point from 881 to 882. The rural sex ratio in the state has increased by 2 points from 888 in 1991 to 890 in 2001, while in the district it has shown 8 points thriving increase from 871 to 879 during this decade.

TABLE 6 : SEX RATIO BY TAHSILS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Tahsil	Sex ratio		
		Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5
1	Sardulgarh	882	882	887
2	Budhlada	886	886	889
3	Mansa	873	871	878
	District Total:	**880**	**879**	**882**

Among the tahsils, the sex ratio varies between 886 in Budhlada and 873 in Mansa which is the lowest among all the tahsils followed by 882 in Sardulgarh tahsil. The rural sex ratio varies between 886

in Budhlada and 871 in Mansa tahsil and the urban sex ratio fluctuates between 889 in Budhlada and 878 in Mansa tahsil. The urban sex ratio is better than their rural counterparts In all the three tahsils, the sex ratio is above the state average (849) in urban areas whereas it is below state average (890) in rural areas.

TABLE 7 : SEX RATIO BY CD BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C D block	Sex ratio
1	2	3
1	Bhikhi	868
2	Mansa	873
3	Budhlada	886
4	Jhunir	872
5	Sardulgarh	889
	District (Rural) Total:	**879**

Table 7 exhibits C.D. blockwise sex ratio in the district. Among the CD. blocks rural sex ratio varies between 889 in Sardulgarh and 868 in Bhikhi. In all, two CD blocks show rural sex ratio above and three below the rural sex ratio of district. All CD blocks fall below the state average and this precipitation of sex ratio even in rural area has become a moot point.

TABLE 8 : SEX RATIO OF RURAL POPULATION BY RANGES, 2001

Range of sex ratio for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage of villages in each range	Population 2001	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
Less than 700	1	0.4	2	0.0
700-749	0	0.0	0	0.0
750-799	5	2.1	4,458	0.8
800-849	44	18.5	89,559	16.4
850-899	127	53.4	327,701	60.0
900-949	51	21.4	112,449	20.6
950-999	9	3.8	11,444	2.1
1000-1099	1	0.4	716	0.1
1100+	0	0.0	0	0.0
District Total:	**238**	**100.0**	**546,329**	**100.0**
Sex ratio (Rural) for District:		**879**		

Sex ratio of rural population by ranges is portrayed in Table 8. The district as such is marked with a relatively low sex ratio (879). This is rather low (less than 800) in 6 villages. The villages with low sex ratio comprise 2.5 per cent of the total villages in the district and contain 0.8 per cent of district rural population. 44 villages (18.5 per cent) are marked with a rural sex ratio of 800-849 and they contain 16.4 per cent of the district rural population.

The maximum number of 127 villages exhibit a rural sex ratio in the range of 850-899. These make (53.4%) of the total villages and have more than one-half (60.0%) of the rural population of the district.

As many as 61 villages are marked with a high sex ratio of 900-1099 and they constitute 25.6 per cent of the total villages and account for 22.8 per cent of the population. Male-Female ratio is quite close to parity in the range of 950-1099 in 10(4.2%) villages having 2.2 per cent of the rural population of the district.

TABLE 9 : SEX RATIO OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of U.A. / Town+*	Urban status of town	Sex ratio
1	2	3	4
1	Bareta	M Cl	883
2	Bhikhi	NP	889
3	Budhlada	M Cl	892
4	Mansa	M Cl	876
5	Sardulgarh	NP	887
Sex ratio (Urban) for the district:			**882**

+ Towns arranged in alphabetical order.

* In case of towns having outgrowth an asterisk mark has been placed against their names to indicate that they have outgrowths which are not separate towns.

In case of towns having out growth an asterisk mark has been placed against their names to indicate that they have out growths which are not separate that they have out growths which are not separate towns.

Sex ratio of urban agglomerations/towns is exhibited in Table 9. The district has an incredible urban sex ratio of 882, that badly thrash the urban sex ratio of the State (849) and is counted among the five districts which crass lofty mark of 880

Among the UAs/ towns, the sex ratio varies between 892 in Budhlada and 876 in Mansa. In all, as many as 4 towns have sex ratio higher than that of the district and only in Mansa town it is below the district average.

TABLE 10 : SEX RATIO OF POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 FOR TAHSILS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Tahsil	Total / Rural / Urban	Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex ratio for 0-6 age group
			Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Sardulgarh	Total	22,316	12,434	9,882	795
		Rural	19,825	11,085	8,740	788
		Urban	2,491	1,349	1,142	847
2	Budhlada	Total	32,891	18,323	14,568	795
		Rural	27,576	15,374	12,202	794
		Urban	5,315	2,949	2,366	802
3	Mansa	Total	40,882	23,166	17,716	765
		Rural	29,590	16,722	12,868	770
		Urban	11,292	6,444	4,848	752
	District Total:	**Total**	**96,089**	**53,923**	**42,166**	**782**
		Rural	**76,991**	**43,181**	**33,810**	**783**
		Urban	**19,098**	**10,742**	**8,356**	778

The sex ratio of child population in age-group 0-6 is shown in Table 10. The State and its districts are marked with a very low child sex ratio and this has become a matter of deep concern. Punjab has a child sex ratio of 798 as compared to India (927) and Mansa district has even lower child sex ratio (782) holding 15th rank in the state just above Patiala (777) and Fatehgarh Sahib (766).

Within the district, the tahsils among themselves display a considerable disparity in their child sex ratio; it is the maximum in Sardulgarh and Budhlada (795 each) and the minimum in Mansa (765).

Likewise, the disparity in the rural and urban child sex ratio among the tahsils is also quite marked; the rural child sex ratio varies between Budhlada (794) and Mansa (770), while the variation in urban child sex ratio is between 847 in Sardulgarh and 752 in Mansa.

TABLE 11 : SEX RATIO OF POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 FOR C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D. block	Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex ratio for 0-6 age group
		Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Bhikhi	13,406	7,591	5,815	766
2	Mansa	12,972	7,319	5,653	772
3	Budhlada	27,862	15,532	12,330	794
4	Jhunir	10,873	6,171	4,702	762
5	Sardulgarh	11,878	6,568	5,310	808
	District (Rural) Total:	**76,991**	**43,181**	**33,810**	**783**

Table 11 shows CD Blockwise sex ratio of population in the age-group 0-6 termed as child sex ratio.

The gap in the child sex ratio in rural areas (783) and the over all rural sex ratio (879) in the district is alarming; showing a gap of 96 points between the two. This is a cause of great concern and looks for possible remedial measures in bridging the gap between the two and also in improving the prevailing low levels of sex ratio. More so, three CD blocks viz. Mansa (772), Bhikhi (766), and Jhunir (762), are marked with a child sex ratio even lower than the district average. Budhlada (794) and Sardulgarh (808) are the only two CD blocks crossing district average (783) and latter being the only CD block that crosses 800 mark.

TABLE 12 : SEX RATIO OF RURAL POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 BY RANGES, 2001

Range of sex ratio for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Population 2001	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
Less than 700	45	18.9	10,337	13.4
700-749	35	14.7	13,155	17.1
750-799	50	21.0	19,523	25.4
800-849	50	21.0	19,180	24.9
850-899	34	14.3	10,161	13.2
900-949	8	3.4	1,582	2.0
950-999	8	3.4	1,823	2.4
1000-1099	8	3.4	1,230	1.6
1100+	0	0.0	0	0.0
District (Rural) Total	**238**	**100.0**	**76,991**	**100.0**
Sex ratio (Rural) for District:		**783**		

The district (Rural) is marked with a very low sex ratio (783). 45 (18.9%) villages are marked with an excessively low child sex ratio of less than 700. Together these villages constitute (13.4 per cent) of the child population in age group 0-6 in rural areas of the district. The sex ratio is equally low in the range of 700-749, in 35 (14.7%) villages constituting 17.1 per cent of the district's child population. Another 50(21.0%) villages fall in the range of 750-799 and they contain one-fourth (25.4%) of the rural child population of the district.

108 (out of 238) villages which make a little less than one-half (45.5%) of the villages and contain 44.1 per cent of child population have crossed 800 mark. Among, them 50(21.0%) fall in the range of 800-849 and cover 24.9 per cent of district rural child population. Another 34 (14.3%) villages having 13.2 per cent of child population are in the range of 850-899. The rural child sex ratio is fairly high in the range of 900-949 in 8 (3.4%) villages containing 2.0 per cent of the child population and another 8 (3.4%) villages having 2.4 per cent of the population display a very high sex ratio of 950-999.

As many as 8 villages in the district are female biased and all of them fall in the range of 1000-1099 and make 3.4 per cent of the total villages and share 1.6 per cent of the rural child population of the district. No village has the distinction of crossing 1100 mark.

TABLE13 : SEX RATIO OF POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of UA / Town+*	Urban status of town	Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex ratio for 0-6 age group
			Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Bareta	M Cl	2,170	1,222	948	776
2	Bhikhi	NP	2,201	1,250	951	761
3	Budhlada	M Cl	3,145	1,727	1,418	821
4	Mansa	M Cl	9,091	5,194	3,897	750
5	Sardulgarh	NP	2,491	1,349	1,142	847
District(Urban) Total			**19,098**	**10,742**	**8,356**	**778**

+ Towns arranged in alphabetical order.

* In case of towns having outgrowth an asterisk mark has been placed against their names to indicate that they have outgrowths which are not separate towns.

Table 13 shows sex ratio of child population in the age group 0-6 of urban agglomerations/towns in 2001. Urban child sex ratio in the district (778) is significantly lower than the overall urban sex ratio (882). The urban child sex ratio in Mansa is even lower better than that of the State (796).

Among the towns in the district, Child sex ratio is the highest in Sardulgarh (847) and the lowest in Mansa (750). As many as 3 towns show urban child sex ratio lower than that of the district (778). Besides Sardulgarh, Budhlada (821) exceeds the district average.

TABLE 14 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN TAHSILS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Tahsil	Total / Rural / Urban	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Sardulgarh	Total	154,927	45,300	-	29.2	-
		Rural	138,612	41,242	-	29.8	-
		Urban	16,315	4,058	-	24.9	-
2	Budhlada	Total	229,122	74,477	-	32.5	-
		Rural	190,715	66,223	-	34.7	-
		Urban	38,407	8,254	-	21.5	-
3	Mansa	Total	304,709	89,112	-	29.2	-
		Rural	217,002	67,365	-	31.0	-
		Urban	87,707	21,747	-	24.8	-
	District Total:	**Total**	**688,758**	**208,889**	-	**30.3**	-
		Rural	**546,329**	**174,830**	-	**32.0**	-
		Urban	**142,429**	**34,059**	-	**23.9**	-

Caption of table 14 reveals that 30.3 per cent of the population in the district belongs to Scheduled Castes as compared to 28.9 per cent in the State. Among the tahsils, it is the highest in Budhlada (32.5%), and the lowest in Sardulgarh and Mansa (29.2 % each). The proportion of Scheduled Castes population in Budhlada tahsil is higher than that of the district average.

Scheduled Castes are more rural by residence as 75.7 per cent of Scheduled Castes population in the State and 83.7 per cent in the district are rural by residence.

In the district 32.0 per cent of population in rural areas belongs to Scheduled Castes while the corresponding percentage in urban areas is 23.9 per cent. In Budhlada tahsil Scheduled Castes comprise one-third (34.7%) of rural population and this percentage is the highest among all the tahsils in the district. The proportion of Scheduled Castes population residing in urban areas varies between 24.9 per cent in Sardulgarh tahsil and 21.5 per cent in Budhlada tahsil.

There is no notified Scheduled Tribes population in the State.

TABLE 15 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D. block	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Bhikhi	98,218	29,405	-	29.9	-
2	Mansa	94,641	30,594	-	32.3	-
3	Budhlada	192,739	66,717	-	34.6	-
4	Jhunir	79,480	24,594	-	30.9	-
5	Sardulgarh	81,251	23,520	-	28.9	-
District (Rural) Total:		**546,329**	**174,830**	-	**32.0**	-

Table 15 gives CD blockwise distribution of Scheduled Castes population in the district. The CD blocks among themselves exhibit spatial disparities in the proportion of Scheduled Castes population; it is

the maximum in Budhlada (34.6%) and is closely followed by Mansa (32.3%). In all 2 CD blocks reveal percentage higher than the district average and three CD blocks fall below the district average and among them the percentage of Scheduled Castes population varies between 34.6 per cent in Budhlada and 28.9 per cent in Sardulgarh

TABLE 16 : PROPORTION OF SCHEDULED CASTES POPULATION TO TOTAL POPULATION IN VILLAGES, 2001

Percentage range of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Number of villages	Percentage	Scheduled Castes Population	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5
Nil	1	0.4	0	0.0
Less than 5	4	1.7	144	0.1
5-10	3	1.3	620	0.3
11-20	21	8.8	8,493	4.9
21-30	88	37.0	58,437	33.4
31-40	86	36.1	73,189	41.9
41-50	26	10.9	26,645	15.2
51-75	9	3.8	7,302	4.2
76 and above	0	0.0	0	0.0
District (Rural) Total:	**238**	**100.0**	**174,830**	**100.0**

Table 16 presents proportion of Scheduled Castes population in villages by ranges. One village in the district does not have any Scheduled Castes population and in another four villages Scheduled Castes comprise 0.1 per cent of the total population. Yet another 3 villages have Scheduled Castes population in the range of 5-10 per cent and they contain 0.3 per cent of the Scheduled Castes population of the district. All these 8 (3.4%) villages make 0.4 per cent of the total population.

21 (8.8 %) of the villages fall in the range of 11-20 per cent and they account for 4.9 per cent of the Scheduled Castes population of the district. Two out of every five (37.0%) villages have Scheduled Castes population in the range of 21-30 per cent. In absolute terms they number 88 which is the highest among all the categories and they contain 33.4 per cent of the district's rural Scheduled Castes population.

86 (36.1%) of the villages having 41.9 per cent of the district's rural Scheduled Castes population exhibit a relatively high proportion of Scheduled Castes population in the range of 31-40 per cent and another 26 villages which comprise 10.9 per cent of the total villages and 15.2 per cent of rural Scheduled Castes population of the district fall in the range of 41-50 per cent.

Further more, 9 villages fall in the range of 51-75 per cent comprising 3.8 per cent of the total villages and 4.2 per cent of rural Scheduled Castes population of the district.

TABLE 17 : PROPORTION OF SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION TO TOTAL POPULATION IN VILLAGES, 2001

Percentage range of Scheduled Tribes population to total population	Number of villages	Percentage	Scheduled Tribes Population	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5

There are no Scheduled Tribes in Punjab State.

TABLE 18 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of UA / Town+*	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Bareta (M Cl)	14,886	4,301	0	28.9	0
2	Bhikhi (NP)	15,080	4,773	0	31.7	0
3	Budhlada (M Cl)	23,521	3,953	0	16.8	0
4	Mansa (M Cl)	72,627	16,974	0	23.4	0
5	Sardulgarh (NP)	16,315	4,058	0	24.9	0
District (Urban) Total		**142,429**	**34,059**	**0**	**23.9**	**0**

+ Towns arranged in alphabetical order.

* In case of towns having outgrowth an asterisk mark has been placed against their names to indicate that they have outgrowths which are not separate towns.

In urban areas Scheduled Castes comprise near about one-fourth (23.9%) of the population of the district as shown in Table 18. The towns among themselves show wide disparity in this regard. In Bhikhi 31.7 per cent of the population belongs to Scheduled Castes while in Budhlada this percentage is barely 16.8 per cent. Besides Budhlada, Mansa with 23.4 per cent Scheduled Castes population also falls below the district average.

TABLE 19 : SEX RATIO AMONG SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C D block	Scheduled Castes sex ratio	Scheduled Tribes sex ratio
1	2	3	4
1	Bhikhi	889	0
2	Mansa	891	0
3	Budhlada	899	0
4	Jhunir	886	0
5	Sardulgarh	893	0
	District (Rural) Total	**893**	**0**

Table 19 shows CD blockwise sex ratio of Scheduled Castes population in the district. It is the maximum in Budhlada (899) and the minimum in Jhunir (886). Sardulgarh CD block meticulously falls in line with the district average (893) which is excelled by the state (894) just by one point only. Besides Jhunir, Bhikhi (889) and Mansa (891) CD blocks fall below the district average.

There is no notified Scheduled Tribes population.

TABLE 20 : SEX RATIO AMONG SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of U.A. / Town +*	Scheduled Castes sex ratio	Scheduled Tribes sex ratio
1	2	3	4
1	Bareta (M Cl)	898	0
2	Bhikhi (NP)	899	0
3	Budhlada (M Cl)	907	0
4	Mansa (M Cl)	895	0
5	Sardulgarh (NP)	887	0
Sex ratio (Urban) for the district:		**896**	**0**

+ Towns arranged in alphabetical order.

* In case of towns having outgrowth an asterisk mark has been placed against their names to indicate that they have outgrowths which are not separate towns.

Scheduled Castes population in urban areas of the district has a sex ratio of 896 which is better than that of the overall urban sex ratio (882) of the district. The situation is also quite encouraging in towns of Budhlada (907), Bhikhi (899) and Bareta (898) which have sex ratio more than the district average. In all two towns show urban sex ratio in Scheduled Castes population below and three above the district average. Among the districts of the state , Mansa occupies 8th position in urban sex ratios of Scheduled Castes.

TABLE 21 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY TAHSILS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Tahsil	Total / Rural / Urban	Number of literates and illiterates									Gap in male-female literacy rate
			Number of literates			Number of illiterates			Percentage of literates			
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Sardulgarh	Total	66,004	40,037	25,967	88,923	42,268	46,655	49.8	57.3	41.4	15.9
		Rural	57,195	34,902	22,293	81,417	38,759	42,658	48.1	55.8	39.7	16.1
		Urban	8,809	5,135	3,674	7,506	3,509	3,997	63.7	70.4	56.3	14.1
2	Budhlada	Total	100,476	59,157	41,319	128,646	62,321	66,325	51.2	57.3	44.4	12.9
		Rural	76,413	45,395	31,018	114,302	55,747	58,555	46.8	52.9	40.1	12.8
		Urban	24,063	13,762	10,301	14,344	6,574	7,770	72.7	79.2	65.6	13.6
3	Mansa	Total	144,152	84,870	59,282	160,557	77,793	82,764	54.6	60.8	47.7	13.1
		Rural	89,483	53,550	35,933	127,519	62,410	65,109	47.7	54.0	40.8	13.2
		Urban	54,669	31,320	23,349	33,038	15,383	17,655	71.5	77.8	64.6	13.2
District Total:		**Total**	**310,632**	**184,064**	**126,568**	**378,126**	**182,382**	**195,744**	**52.4**	**58.9**	**45.2**	**13.7**
		Rural	**223,091**	**133,847**	**89,244**	**323,238**	**156,916**	**166,322**	**47.5**	**54.1**	**40.2**	**13.9**
		Urban	**87,541**	**50,217**	**37,324**	**54,888**	**25,466**	**29,422**	**71.0**	**77.3**	**63.9**	**13.4**

52.4 per cent of the district's population is literate compared with 69.7 per cent of the state as such. In other words, a little more than one half of its population in the district is literate and this shows a walsome picture of literacy rate in Mansa district as it is over thrown by all the districts of the state.

Mansa (54.6%) is the most literate tahsil in the district. By contrast, Sardulgarh (49.8 %) with almost one-half of its population as literate is placed at the bottom. However, none of the tahsils in the district has literacy rate exceeding the overall literacy rate in the State.

Between the two sexes, the literacy rate in the district varies between 58.9 per cent among males and 45.2 per cent among females, exhibiting a gap of 13.7 percentage points. The male-female differential is the widest (15.9 percentage points) in Sardulgarh tahsil (males 57.3 per cent and females 41.4 per cent) and the narrowest (12.9 percentage points) in Budhlada tahsil (males 57.3 per cent and females 44.4 per cent).

Likewise, the rural-urban literacy rates also exhibit significant disparity. In the district; 47.5 per cent of the rural population and 71.0 per cent of the urban population is literate. The urban literacy is higher than the rural in all the tahsils and the gap in rural- urban literacy rate is the widest in Budhlada (urban- 72.7 % and rural 46.8 %) and the narrowest in Sardulgarh (urban- 63.7 % and rural 48.1%).

TABLE 22 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D.block	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Bhikhi	40,219	23,684	16,535	57,999	28,884	29,115	47.4	52.7	41.5	11.2
2	Mansa	39,340	23,850	15,490	55,301	26,687	28,614	48.2	55.2	40.3	14.9
3	Budhlada	77,267	45,901	31,366	115,472	56,293	59,179	46.9	53.0	40.1	12.9
4	Jhunir	31,763	19,400	12,363	47,717	23,062	24,655	46.3	53.5	38.3	15.2
5	Sardulgarh	34,502	21,012	13,490	46,749	21,990	24,759	49.7	57.7	41.0	16.7
District (Rural) Total:		**223,091**	**133,847**	**89,244**	**323,238**	**156,916**	**166,322**	**47.5**	**54.1**	**40.2**	**13.9**

Rural areas of the district are marked with a relatively low literacy rate as can be seen from Table 22. Less than one-half i.e. 47.5 per cent of the ruralites in the district are literate compared with 71.0 per cent in urban areas and this dismal and disgusting literacy rate is the lowest among all the districts in the state. Among the CD blocks, the rural literacy rate varies between 49.7 per cent in Sardulgarh and 46.3 per cent in Jhunir. Besides Sardulgarh, Mansa (48.2%) CD block has a literacy rate higher than the district average.

In all the C.D. blocks a little over one- half of their population is illiterate.

TABLE 23 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY LITERACY RATE RANGE, 2001

Range of literacy rate for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
0	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-10	0	0.0	0	0.0
11-20	0	0.0	0	0.0
21-30	0	0.0	0	0.0
31-40	22	9.3	47,063	8.6
41-50	144	60.5	342,748	62.7
51-60	66	27.7	150,779	27.6
61-70	5	2.1	5,737	1.1
71-80	0	0.0	0	0.0
81-90	0	0.0	0	0.0
91-99	0	0.0	0	0.0
100	1	0.4	2	0.0
District Total:	**238**	**100.0**	**546,329**	**100.0**
Literacy rate for District:		**52.4**		

Table 23 shows distribution of villages by ranges of literacy rate. Very low literacy rate in the range of 31-40 per cent is reported by 22(9.3 %) villages and they contain 8.6 per cent of the district's rural population. The maximum number of villages 144, which comprise two-third (60.5%) of the total villages and 62.7 per cent of the rural population of the district, are placed in the literacy range of 41-50 per cent and have one-half of their population as literate.

Further more, 71(29.8%) villages containing 28.7 per cent of the district rural population fall in the range of 51-70 per cent. In brief, 66 villages which make a little more than one-fourth (27.7%) of the total villages and contain 27.6 per cent of rural population of the district fall in the range of 51-60 per

cent. and 5(2.1%) villages containing 1.1 per cent of their population have a literacy rate of 61-70 per cent. One village in the district with meager population is having cent per cent literacy rate.

TABLE 24 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of UA/Town +*	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Bareta (M Cl)	8,205	4,793	3,412	6,681	3,114	3,567	64.5	71.7	56.6	15.1
2	Bhikhi (NP)	8,026	4,615	3,411	7,054	3,369	3,685	62.3	68.5	55.5	13.0
3	Budhlada (M Cl)	15,858	8,969	6,889	7,663	3,460	4,203	77.8	83.8	71.2	12.6
4	Mansa (M Cl)	46,643	26,705	19,938	25,984	12,014	13,970	73.4	79.7	66.4	13.3
5	Sardulgarh (NP)	8,809	5,135	3,674	7,506	3,509	3,997	63.7	70.4	56.3	14.1
District (Rural) Total:		**87,541**	**50,217**	**37,324**	**54,888**	**25,466**	**29,422**	**71.0**	**77.3**	**63.9**	**13.4**

+ Towns arranged in alphabetical order.

* In case of towns having outgrowth an asterisk mark has been placed against their names to indicate that they have outgrowths which are not separate towns.

Table 24 reveals that 71.0 per cent of the urban population in the district is literate. It ranks 16th among the districts just ahead of Sangrur (69.9%). Among the towns, the literacy rate varies between 77.8 per cent in Budhlada and 62.3 per cent in Bhikhi. In all, two towns have literacy rate higher than the district average. Besides Budhlada, it is Mansa (73.4%). As many as 3 towns fall below the district average.

Between the two sexes, 77.3 per cent among males and 63.9 per cent among females are literate. Likewise in urban, male literacy rate is the highest in Budhlada (83.8%) and the lowest in Bhikhi (68.5%). This is so in case of female literacy too; it is the highest in Budhlada (71.2%) and the lowest in Bhikhi (55.5%). Besides Bhikhi, the female literacy rate is lower than district average in Bareta (56.6%) and Sardulgarh (56.3%).

Male-Female literacy rate in urban areas show a sizeable gap of 13.4 percentage points. This gap is the maximum (15.1 percentage points) in Bareta. On the other hand it is relatively narrow in Budhlada (12.6).

TABLE 25: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D.block	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Sardulgarh (NP)	7,667	4,596	3,071	21,738	10,972	10,766	31.4	35.6	26.7	8.9
2	Budhlada (M Cl)	8,659	5,333	3,326	21,935	10,847	11,088	34.1	39.8	27.7	12.1
3	Bareta (M Cl)	18,238	11,103	7,135	48,479	24,026	24,453	33.1	38.4	27.2	11.2
4	Bhikhi (NP)	6,379	3,846	2,533	18,215	9,191	9,024	31.1	35.4	26.3	9.1
5	Mansa (M Cl)	6,252	3,951	2,301	17,268	8,472	8,796	32.1	38.4	25.0	13.4
District (Rural) Total:		**47,195**	**28,829**	**18,366**	**127,635**	**63,508**	**64,127**	**32.6**	**37.7**	**26.8**	**10.9**

Scheduled Castes population in rural areas in the district has a literacy rate of 32.6 per cent compared with an overall rural literacy rate of 47.5 per cent in the district. Mansa (34.1%) and Budhlada (33.1%) are the only two CD blocks which have literacy rate above the district average. The rural

scheduled castes literacy rate is the lowest in Jhunir (31.1%), followed by Bhikhi (31.4%) and Sardulgarh (32.1%).

Nearly two-fifth (37.7%) of the males and a little over one-fourth (26.8%) of the scheduled castes females in the district are literate. Among the CD blocks male literacy rate varies between 39.8 per cent in Mansa and 35.4 per cent in Jhunir.

Likewise, the scheduled castes female literacy shows wide variations; it is the highest (27.7%) in Mansa and the lowest (25.0%) in Sardulgarh.

Male-female Scheduled Castes rural literacy rates show a gap of 10.9 percentage points in the district and among the C.D. blocks this gap is to the extent of 13.4 percentage points in Sardulgarh and 8.9 per cent in Bhikhi.

TABLE 26 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY LITERACY RATE RANGE FOR SCHEDULED CASTES POPULATION, 2001

Range of literacy rate for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Scheduled Castes Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
0	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-10	1	0.4	298	0.2
11-20	16	6.8	8,172	4.7
21-30	78	32.9	63,609	36.4
31-40	102	43.0	78,197	44.7
41-50	34	14.4	23,433	13.4
51-60	3	1.3	1,109	0.6
61-70	0	0.0	0	0.0
71-80	0	0.0	0	0.0
81-90	1	0.4	8	0.0
91-99	0	0.0	0	0.0
100	2	0.8	4	0.0
District Total:	**237**	**100.0**	**174,830**	**100.0**
Literacy rate for District (Rural):		**32.6**		

Table 26 shows distribution of villages by ranges of Scheduled Castes literacy rate for 237 villages barring one village only.

17 villages which make 7.2 per cent of the total villages and share 4.9 per cent of district's Scheduled Castes population fall in the range of 20 per cent or less. Another 78 villages which constitute 32.9 per cent of the total villages and 36.4 per cent of the district's Scheduled Castes population have literacy rate in the range of 21-30 per cent. All these villages are experiencing very low levels of literacy in their Scheduled Castes population.

The maximum number of villages 102 which make 43.0 per cent of the total villages and 44.7 per cent of the Scheduled Castes population fall in the range of 31-40 per cent. Another 34 villages which constitute 14.4 per cent of the total villages and 13.4 per cent of the district's Scheduled Castes population have literacy rate in the range of 41-50 per cent. 3 villages which makes 1.3 per cent of the total villages and 0.6 per cent of the Scheduled Castes population fall in the range 51-60 per cent.

Very high Scheduled Castes literacy rate of more than 80 per cent is noticed in 3 (1.2%) villages. However, their share in Scheduled Castes population of the district is negligible.

TABLE 27 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town+*	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Bareta (M Cl)	1,415	899	516	2,886	1,367	1,519	40.2	48.6	30.8	17.8
2	Bhikhi (NP)	1,667	991	676	3,106	1,522	1,584	42.6	48.8	35.9	12.9
3	Budhlada (M Cl)	1,498	926	572	2,455	1,147	1,308	46.3	54.6	37.1	17.5
4	Mansa (M Cl)	6,990	4,217	2,773	9,984	4,739	5,245	48.7	55.9	40.8	15.1
5	Sardulgarh (NP)	1,053	686	367	3,005	1,465	1,540	32.2	39.3	24.0	15.3
	Mansa (Urban)	**12,623**	**7,719**	**4,904**	**21,436**	**10,240**	**11,196**	**44.6**	**51.9**	**36.5**	**15.4**

+ Towns arranged in alphabetical order.

* In case of towns having outgrowth an asterisk mark has been placed against their names to indicate that they have outgrowths which are not separate towns.

A little less than one-half (44.6%) of the Scheduled Castes population in urban areas of the district is literate. Among the towns it is the highest in Mansa (48.7%) and Budhlada(46.3%) is the second best.

By contrast, urban Scheduled Castes literacy rate is the lowest in Sardulgarh (32.2%) and next above to it is Bareta (40.2%).

51.9 per cent of Scheduled Castes males and 36.5 per cent of females in urban areas are literate reflecting a gap of 15.4 percentage points between the two. Male-female disparity in this regard is quite conspicuous. Among the towns Scheduled Castes male literacy rate varies between 55.9 per cent in Mansa and 39.3 per cent in Sardulgarh while the corresponding percentage among females is 40.8 per cent in Mansa and 24.0 per cent in Sardulgarh. Furthermore, male-female differential in Scheduled Castes literacy rate is the maximum in Bareta (17.8%) and the minimum in Bhikhi (12.9%).

TABLE 28: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED TRIBES LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

There are no Scheduled Tribes in Punjab State

TABLE 29 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY LITERACY RATE RANGE FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION, 2001

Range of literacy rate for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Scheduled Tribes Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5

There are no Scheduled Tribes in Punjab State

TABLE 30 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED TRIBES LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town+*	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

There are no Scheduled Tribes in Punjab State

TABLE 31: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS, AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN TAHSILS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Tahsil	Persons / Males / Females	Total population	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal workers)		Non workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Sardulgarh	Persons	154,927	53,654	34.6	15,836	10.2	69,490	44.9	85,437	55.1
		Males	82,305	41,750	50.7	3,712	4.5	45,462	55.2	36,843	44.8
		Females	72,622	11,904	16.4	12,124	16.7	24,028	33.1	48,594	66.9
2	Budhlada	Persons	229,122	73,530	32.1	15,135	6.6	88,665	38.7	140,457	61.3
		Males	121,478	61,327	50.5	3,928	3.2	65,255	53.7	56,223	46.3
		Females	107,644	12,203	11.3	11,207	10.4	23,410	21.7	84,234	78.3
3	Mansa	Persons	304,709	100,438	33.0	22,898	7.5	123,336	40.5	181,373	59.5
		Males	162,663	82,117	50.5	6,174	3.8	88,291	54.3	74,372	45.7
		Females	142,046	18,321	12.9	16,724	11.8	35,045	24.7	107,001	75.3
District Total:		**Persons**	**688,758**	**227,622**	**33.1**	**53,869**	**7.8**	**281,491**	**40.9**	**407,267**	**59.1**
		Males	**366,446**	**185,194**	**50.5**	**13,814**	**3.8**	**199,008**	**54.3**	**167,438**	**45.7**
		Females	**322,312**	**42,428**	**13.2**	**40,055**	**12.4**	**82,483**	**25.6**	**239,829**	**74.4**

Out of the total population in the district, 33.1 per cent are main workers and 7.8 per cent are marginal workers and this percentage (7.8) outdoes all the districts of the state. The proportion of main workers is the highest in Sardulgarh (34.6 %) and the lowest in Budhlada tahsil (32.1 %). Similarly, the proportion of marginal workers is the highest (10.2 %) in Sardulgarh tahsil and the lowest (6.6 %) in

Budhlada tahsil. Further, the incidence of marginal workers is observed to be more among females in comparison with males; the proportion of female marginal workers in the district (12.4 %) is more than thrice that of males (3.8 %) and the highest among all the districts in the state. By and large, a similar pattern is observed among all the tahsils in this regard. In Sardulgarh tahsil, 16.7 per cent of females are marginal workers as against 4.5 per cent among male counterparts. Mansa (11.8%) and Budhlada (10.4%) too, have high proportion of female marginal workers.

The work participation rate (main + marginal) in Mansa district (40.9 %) is better than the State average (37.5 %).Among tahsils, it varies between 44.9 per cent in Sardulgarh and 38.7 per cent in Budhlada.

In the district 54.3 per cent among males and 25.6 per cent among females are reported as workers showing a significant reduction in the gap between the two and this dazzling female work participation is excelled by Bathinda (27.5%) and Nawanshahr (33.2%) districts only. In Sardulgarh tahsil, one-third 33.1 per cent of the females are recorded as workers and this is the highest among all the tahsils in the district.

TABLE 32: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS, AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D. block	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total population	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal workers)		Non workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Bhikhi	Persons	98,218	33,791	34.4	8,236	8.4	42,027	42.8	56,191	57.2
		Males	52,568	27,087	51.5	1,982	3.8	29,069	55.3	23,499	44.7
		Females	45,650	6,704	14.7	6,254	13.7	12,958	28.4	32,692	71.6
2	Mansa	Persons	94,641	31,672	33.5	9,589	10.1	41,261	43.6	53,380	56.4
		Males	50,537	25,362	50.2	2,513	5.0	27,875	55.2	22,662	44.8
		Females	44,104	6,310	14.3	7,076	16.1	13,386	30.4	30,718	69.6
3	Budhlada	Persons	192,739	62,662	32.5	14,580	7.6	77,242	40.1	115,497	59.9
		Males	102,194	52,034	50.9	3,426	3.4	55,460	54.3	46,734	45.7
		Females	90,545	10,628	11.8	11,154	12.3	21,782	24.1	68,763	75.9
4	Jhunir	Persons	79,480	27,826	35.0	9,103	11.5	36,929	46.5	42,551	53.5
		Males	42,462	21,529	50.7	2,171	5.1	23,700	55.8	18,762	44.2
		Females	37,018	6,297	17.0	6,932	18.7	13,229	35.7	23,789	64.3
5	Sardulgarh	Persons	81,251	27,304	33.6	8,507	10.5	35,811	44.1	45,440	55.9
		Males	43,002	21,534	50.1	1,985	4.6	23,519	54.7	19,483	45.3
		Females	38,249	5,770	15.1	6,522	17.0	12,292	32.1	25,957	67.9
	District (Rural) Total:	**Persons**	**546,329**	**183,255**	**33.5**	**50,015**	**9.2**	**233,270**	**42.7**	**313,059**	**57.3**
		Males	**290,763**	**147,546**	**50.7**	**12,077**	**4.2**	**159,623**	**54.9**	**131,140**	**45.1**
		Females	**255,566**	**35,709**	**14.0**	**37,938**	**14.8**	**73,647**	**28.8**	**181,919**	**71.2**

42.7 per cent of the rural population in the district is worker comprising, 33.5 per cent main workers and 9.2 per cent marginal workers. Among the CD blocks, the work participation rate varies between 46.5 per cent in Jhunir and 40.1 per cent in Budhlada.

The percentage of main workers is the highest in Jhunir C.D. block (35.0 %) and the lowest in Budhlada (32.5%). However, the proportion of marginal workers is the maximum in Jhunir CD block (11.5 %) and the minimum in Budhlada (7.6%) per cent.

Punjab State, in general is characterized by a low female work participation rate. It was the lowest (4.4%) among all the States/Union Territories in the country at the 1991 Census. It was more due to non-reporting of female's work by the respondents. Special efforts introduced at 2001 Census for netting female's work have helped in obtaining more accurate picture of female's work; Female work participation rate in Punjab (19.1 %) recorded at the 2001 Census is nearly five times that of 1991 Census

and Mansa district is far ahead of the State and is pulsated only by Bathinda (27.5%) and Nawanshahr (33.2%) districts with 25.6 per cent female work participation rate.

In the district, 28.8 per cent of the rural females are reported as workers comprising 14.0 per cent main workers and 14.8 per cent marginal workers. This percentage is quite high in itself and stands comparable with the male counterparts (54.9%). Further, the female participation in marginal work is greater than that of males. In rural areas of the district, the female work participation rate as marginal workers (14.8 %) is more than thrice than that of the males (4.2 %).

Female work participation rate among the CD blocks varies between 35.7 per cent in Jhunir and 24.1 per cent in Budhlada. In all, three CD blocks have female work participation rate higher than the district average (28.8 %).

TABLE 33: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS, AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of UA / Town +*	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total population	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal workers)		Non workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Bareta (M Cl)	Persons	14,886	4,527	30.4	515	3.5	5,042	33.9	9,844	66.1
		Males	7,907	3,827	48.4	225	2.8	4,052	51.2	3,855	48.8
		Females	6,979	700	10.0	290	4.2	990	14.2	5,989	85.8
2	Bhikhi (NP)	Persons	15,080	5,088	33.7	453	3.0	5,541	36.7	9,539	63.3
		Males	7,984	4,016	50.3	152	1.9	4,168	52.2	3,816	47.8
		Females	7,096	1,072	15.1	301	4.2	1,373	19.3	5,723	80.7
3	Budhlada (M Cl)	Persons	23,521	6,989	29.7	498	2.1	7,487	31.8	16,034	68.2
		Males	12,429	6,053	48.7	324	2.6	6,377	51.3	6,052	48.7
		Females	11,092	936	8.4	174	1.6	1,110	10.0	9,982	90.0
4	Mansa (M Cl)	Persons	72,627	22,306	30.7	1,562	2.2	23,868	32.9	48,759	67.1
		Males	38,719	19,369	50.0	723	1.9	20,092	51.9	18,627	48.1
		Females	33,908	2,937	8.6	839	2.5	3,776	11.1	30,132	88.9
5	Sardulgarh (NP)	Persons	16,315	5,457	33.4	826	5.1	6,283	38.5	10,032	61.5
		Males	8,644	4,383	50.7	313	3.6	4,696	54.3	3,948	45.7
		Females	7,671	1,074	14.0	513	6.7	1,587	20.7	6,084	79.3
	District (Urban) Total:	**Persons**	**142,429**	**44,367**	**31.2**	**3,854**	**2.7**	**48,221**	**33.9**	**94,208**	**66.1**
		Males	**75,683**	**37,648**	**49.7**	**1,737**	**2.3**	**39,385**	**52.0**	**36,298**	**48.0**
		Females	**66,746**	**6,719**	**10.1**	**2,117**	**3.2**	**8,836**	**13.2**	**57,910**	**86.8**

+Towns arranged in alphabetical order.
* In case of towns having outgrowth an asterisk mark has been placed against their names to indicate that they have outgrowths which are not separate towns.

The work participation rate in urban areas of the district (33.9 %) is identical with that of the State (33.5 %). Among the towns in the district, the participation rate is the highest in Sardulgarh (38.5 %) and the lowest in Budhlada (31.8 %) as is evident from Table 33. Out of 5 towns two falls above and two below the district average while, it is at par with the district average in case of one town viz, Bareta.

The participation in marginal work is comparatively much less. In the district 2.7 per cent of the urban population is reported as marginal workers compared with 31.2 per cent reported as main workers. The percentage of population reported as marginal workers shows a variation of 5.1 per cent in Sardulgarh and 2.1 per cent in Budhlada; the corresponding proportion of main workers varies between 33.7 per cent in Bhikhi and 29.7 per cent in Budhlada.

The urban female work participation rate in the district is 13.2 per cent compared with 52.0 per cent among males. Among the towns it is the highest in Sardulgarh (20.7%) and the lowest in Budhlada

(10.0 %). In all, female work participation rate is less than the urban female participation rate of the district in two towns namely Mansa (11.1%) and Budhlada (10.0%).

TABLE 34 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN TAHSILS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Tahsil	Persons / Males / Females	Total Population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Sardulgarh	Persons	154927	69,490	28,017	18,958	2,356	20,159
				(44.9)	(40.3)	(27.3)	(3.4)	(29.0)
		Males	82305	45,462	22,275	11,882	900	10,405
				(55.2)	(49.0)	(26.1)	(2.0)	(22.9)
		Females	72622	24,028	5,742	7,076	1,456	9,754
				(33.1)	(23.9)	(29.4)	(6.1)	(40.6)
2	Budhlada	Persons	229122	88,665	31,114	20,965	3,235	33,351
				(38.7)	(35.1)	(23.6)	(3.7)	(37.6)
		Males	121478	65,255	26,842	14,823	1,473	22,117
				(53.7)	(41.1)	(22.7)	(2.3)	(33.9)
		Females	107644	23,410	4,272	6,142	1,762	11,234
				(21.7)	(18.3)	(26.2)	(7.5)	(48.0)
3	Mansa	Persons	304709	123,336	40,234	26,370	4,669	52,063
				(40.5)	(32.6)	(21.4)	(3.8)	(42.2)
		Males	162663	88,291	34,192	18,672	1,998	33,429
				(54.3)	(38.7)	(21.1)	(2.3)	(37.9)
		Females	142046	35,045	6,042	7,698	2,671	18,634
				(24.7)	(17.2)	(22.0)	(7.6)	(53.2)
	District Total:	**Persons**	**688758**	**281,491**	**99,365**	**66,293**	**10,260**	**105,573**
				(40.9)	**(35.3)**	**(23.6)**	**(3.6)**	**(37.5)**
		Males	**366446**	**199,008**	**83,309**	**45,377**	**4,371**	**65,951**
				(54.3)	**(41.9)**	**(22.8)**	**(2.2)**	**(33.1)**
		Females	**322312**	**82,483**	**16,056**	**20,916**	**5,889**	**39,622**
				(25.6)	**(19.5)**	**(25.4)**	**(7.1)**	**(48.0)**

Note: Percentage of Workers to total worker is given in brackets

Table 34 shows distribution of workers by sex in four categories of economic activities by tahsils in the district.

Among the rural workers in the district, 35.3 per cent are cultivators, 23.6 per cent are agricultural labourers, 3.6 per cent are household industry workers and 37.5 per cent are reported as other workers. This signifies that 58.9 per cent of the total workers in the district are engaged in agricultural sector, while 41.1 per cent are in non-agricultural sector of economy. Amagingly the captivating figure of 35.3 per cent as cultivators beats all other districts of the state.

Among tahsils, the percentage of cultivators is the highest in Sardulgarh (40.3%) and the lowest in Mansa (32.6 %). Likewise, the proportion of workers reported as agricultural labourers varies between 27.3 per cent in Sardulgarh tahsil and 21.4 per cent in Mansa tahsil.

The proportion of workers engaged in household industry is the highest in Mansa (3.8 %) and the lowest in Sardulgarh (3.4 %). In all, two tahsils fall above and one below the district average.

The participation of females in non-agricultural sector is greater than the agricultural sector. In the district 55.1 per cent of the female workers are non-agricultural workers (HH1-7.1 % and OW-48.0 %).

TABLE 35 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. Block	Persons / Males / Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Bhikhi	Persons	98,218	42,027	16,835	10,551	1,645	12,996
				(42.8)	(40.1)	(25.1)	(3.9)	(30.9)
		Males	52,568	29,069	14,812	7,847	647	5,763
				(55.3)	(51.0)	(27.0)	(2.2)	(19.8)
		Females	45,650	12,958	2,023	2,704	998	7,233
				(28.4)	(15.6)	(20.9)	(7.7)	(55.8)
2	Mansa	Persons	94,641	41,261	16,923	11,142	1,272	11,924
				(43.6)	(41.0)	(27.0)	(3.1)	(28.9)
		Males	50,537	27,875	14,025	7,434	457	5,959
				(55.2)	(50.3)	(26.7)	(1.6)	(21.4)
		Females	44,104	13,386	2,898	3,708	815	5,965
				(30.4)	(21.6)	(27.7)	(6.1)	(44.6)
3	Budhlada	Persons	192,739	77,242	31,050	20,693	2,488	23,011
				(40.1)	(40.2)	(26.8)	(3.2)	(29.8)
		Males	102,194	55,460	26,710	14,515	982	13,253
				(54.3)	(48.1)	(26.2)	(1.8)	(23.9)
		Females	90,545	21,782	4,340	6,178	1,506	9,758
				(24.1)	(19.9)	(28.4)	(6.9)	(44.8)
4	Jhunir	Persons	79,480	36,929	15,822	9,695	1,438	9,974
				(46.5)	(42.8)	(26.3)	(3.9)	(27.0)
		Males	42,462	23,700	12,645	6,400	462	4,193
				(55.8)	(53.4)	(27.0)	(1.9)	(17.7)
		Females	37,018	13,229	3,177	3,295	976	5,781
				(35.7)	(24.0)	(24.9)	(7.4)	(43.7)
5	Sardulgarh	Persons	81,251	35,811	15,786	11,230	648	8,147
				(44.1)	(44.1)	(31.4)	(1.8)	(22.7)
		Males	43,002	23,519	12,507	6,890	348	3,774
				(54.7)	(53.2)	(29.3)	(1.5)	(16.0)
		Females	38,249	12,292	3,279	4,340	300	4,373
				(32.1)	(26.7)	(35.3)	(2.4)	(35.6)
	District (Rural) Total:	**Persons**	**546,329**	**233,270**	**96,416**	**63,311**	**7,491**	**66,052**
				(42.7)	**(41.3)**	**(27.2)**	**(3.2)**	**(28.3)**
		Males	**290,763**	**159,623**	**80,699**	**43,086**	**2,896**	**32,942**
				(54.9)	**(50.6)**	**(27.0)**	**(1.8)**	**(20.6)**
		Females	**255,566**	**73,647**	**15,717**	**20,225**	**4,595**	**33,110**
				(28.8)	**(21.3)**	**(27.5)**	**(6.2)**	**(45.0)**

Note: Percentage of Workers to total worker is given in brackets

Among C.D. Blocks the proportion of rural workers recorded as cultivators is the highest in Sardulgarh (44.1%) and the lowest in Bhikhi (40.1%). Likewise, the proportion of Agricultural labourers shows a variation of 31.4 per cent in Sardulgarh and 25.1 per cent in Bhikhi CD blocks. This signifies that in Sardulgarh CD block three fourth (75.5 %) of the workers are in agricultural sector, while the corresponding percentage is only 65.2 per cent in Bhikhi CD block.

The proportion of rural workers engaged in household industry also exhibits significant variation at CD block level. It is the highest in Bhikhi and Jhunir (3.9%) each and the lowest in Sardulgarh (1.8 %).

Other workers constitute nearly one third of the rural workers (30.9%) in Bhikhi and 29.8 per cent in Budhlada CD blocks. On the other hand, in Sardulgarh, almost one out of five workers (22.7 %) is reported as other worker.

Table 35 further reveals that participation of females is greater in non-agricultural sector in comparison with agricultural sector. Among the rural female workers in the district, 48.8 per cent (C-21.3% and AL-27.5%) are agricultural workers and 51.2 per cent (HHI-6.2% and OW-45.0%) are non-agricultural workers.

TABLE 36 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS , 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of UA / Town*+	Persons / Males / Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of worker			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Bareta (M Cl)	Persons	14,886	5,042	434	514	396	3,698
				(33.9)	(8.6)	(10.2)	(7.9)	(73.3)
		Males	7,907	4,052	407	358	228	3,059
				(51.2)	(10.1)	(8.8)	(5.6)	(75.5)
		Females	6,979	990	27	156	168	639
				(14.2)	(2.7)	(15.8)	(17.0)	(64.5)
2	Bhikhi (NP)	Persons	15,080	5,541	887	548	426	3,680
				(36.7)	(16.0)	(9.9)	(7.7)	(66.4)
		Males	7,984	4,168	865	468	106	2,729
				(52.2)	(20.8)	(11.2)	(2.5)	(65.5)
		Females	7,096	1,373	22	80	320	951
				(19.3)	(1.6)	(5.8)	(23.3)	(69.3)
3	Budhlada (M Cl)	Persons	23,521	7,487	87	145	385	6,870
				(31.8)	(1.2)	(1.9)	(5.1)	(91.8)
		Males	12,429	6,377	85	106	279	5,907
				(51.3)	(1.3)	(1.7)	(4.4)	(92.6)
		Females	11,092	1,110	2	39	106	963
				(10.0)	(0.2)	(3.5)	(9.5)	(86.8)
4	Mansa (M Cl)	Persons	72,627	23,868	766	1,295	951	20,856
				(32.9)	(3.2)	(5.4)	(4.0)	(87.4)
		Males	38,719	20,092	651	1,008	649	17,784
				(51.9)	(3.3)	(5.0)	(3.2)	(88.5)
		Females	33,908	3,776	115	287	302	3,072
				(11.1)	(3.0)	(7.6)	(8.0)	(81.4)
5	Sardulgarh (NP)	Persons	16,315	6,283	775	480	611	4,417
				(38.5)	(12.3)	(7.7)	(9.7)	(70.3)
		Males	8,644	4,696	602	351	213	3,530
				(54.3)	(12.8)	(7.5)	(4.5)	(75.2)
		Females	7,671	1,587	173	129	398	887
				(20.7)	(10.9)	(8.1)	(25.1)	(55.9)
	District (Urban) Total:	**Persons**	**142,429**	**48,221**	**2,949**	**2,982**	**2,769**	**39,521**
				(33.9)	**(6.1)**	**(6.2)**	**(5.7)**	**(82.0)**
		Males	**75,683**	**39,385**	**2,610**	**2,291**	**1,475**	**33,009**
				(52.0)	**(6.6)**	**(5.8)**	**(3.8)**	**(83.8)**
		Females	**66,746**	**8,836**	**339**	**691**	**1,294**	**6,512**
				(13.2)	**(3.8)**	**(7.8)**	**(14.7)**	**(73.7)**

Note:- Percentage of workers to total workers are given in brackets.
+Town arranged in alphabetical order.
* In case of towns having outgrowth an asterisk mark has been placed against their names to indicate that they have outgrowths which are not separate towns.

Interestingly, almost one-eighth (12.3 %) of the workers in urban areas in the district are engaged in agricultural activities either as cultivator or agricultural labourer and the remaining 87.7 per cent are occupied in non-agricultural pursuits such as household industry worker and other workers. Among the towns, the proportion of agricultural workers (cultivator + agricultural labourer) is the highest (25.9%) in Bhikhi and the lowest (3.1%) in Budhlada. Similarly, the proportion of workers engaged in household industry is the maximum (9.7%) in Sardulgarh and the minimum in Mansa (4.0%). As regards 'other workers', Budhlada (91.8%) and Bhikhi (66.4%) represent the highest and the lowest percentages.

(ix) Brief Analysis of the Village Directory and Town Directory Data

TABLE 37 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO AVAILABILITY OF DIFFERENT AMENITIES, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Number of inhabited villages	Type of amenity available									
			Education	Medical	Improved drinking water*	Post Office #	Telephone	Transport communications $	Banks	Agricultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Bhikhi	34	34	21	34	17	34	34	4	16	34	34
		(100)	(100.0)	(61.8)	(100.0)	(50.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(11.8)	(47.1)	(100.0)	(100.0)
2	Mansa	39	39	22	39	14	38	39	4	18	39	39
		(100)	(100.0)	(56.4)	(100.0)	(35.9)	(97.4)	(100.0)	(10.3)	(46.2)	(100.0)	(100.0)
3	Budhlada	87	87	45	87	29	87	85	9	66	87	87
		(100)	(100.0)	(51.7)	(100.0)	(33.3)	(100.0)	(97.7)	(10.3)	(75.9)	(100.0)	(100.0)
4	Jhunir	39	38	18	38	14	37	38	4	18	38	39
		(100.0)	(97.4)	(46.2)	(97.4)	(35.9)	(94.9)	(97.4)	(10.3)	(46.2)	(97.4)	(100.0)
5	Sardulgarh	39	39	17	39	15	38	39	4	30	39	39
		(100.0)	(100.0)	(43.6)	(100.0)	(38.5)	(97.4)	(100.0)	(10.3)	(76.9)	(100.0)	(100.0)
District Total:		**238**	**237**	**123**	**237**	**89**	**234**	**235**	**25**	**148**	**237**	**238**
		(100.0)	**(99.6)**	**(51.7)**	**(99.6)**	**(37.4)**	**(98.3)**	**(98.7)**	**(10.5)**	**(62.2)**	**(99.6)**	**(100.0)**

Note :- Percentages are given in brackets.

* Based on the improved drinking water source, drinking water supply has been classified as 'Improved ' or otherwise. If the household has access to drinking water supplied from a tap or a hand pump/tube well situated within or outside the premises it is considered as having access to 'Improved drinking water source'. However, the concept of improved drinking water is state specific and this is to be considered accordingly.

Post office includes Post office, telegraph office and Post and telegraph office.

$ Transport communication includes bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways.

Table 37 shows distribution of villages according to availability of different amenities by CD blocks.

Education :

Educational amenity is available to 99.6 per cent of villages in the district. It is in case of only village that this facility is not available within the village, but the same can be availed at some distance.

Among the CD blocks, all the villages in Bhikhi, Mansa, Budhlada, and Sardulgarh have educational facility available to them within the village. In Jhunir CD block 97.4 per cent of villages are having availability of educational facility within the village.

Medical :

51.7 per cent of the villages in the district are equipped with some kind of medical facility or the other. This percentage is as high as 61.8 per cent in Bhikhi CD block. This apart, more than one-half of the villages in the CD blocks of Mansa (56.4%) and Budhlada (51.7%) CD blocks are having availability of medical facility within the village. The proportion of villages having medical facility is less than one-half of the villages in Jhunir (46.2%) and Sardulgarh (43.6%) CD blocks.

Improved Drinking Water :

The availability of improved drinking water refers to availability of drinking water through tap, handpump and tubewell. It is available to all the villages in the district except one village falling in Junir C.D. block.

Post Office :

37.4 per cent of the villages in the district have availability of post office within the village and the villagers of the remaining 62.6 per cent villages avail this facility at some distance. One- half (50.0%) of the villages in Bhikhi CD block have the availability of post office, Besides Bhikhi, Sardulgarh (38.5%) also portrays percentage of villages higher than the district average. Mansa, Budhlada, and Jhunir are having the availability of this facility less than that of the district average.

Telephone :

Telephone facility is available in 98.3 per cent of the villages in the district which, by all means, is a very high percentage. The position is the best in Bhikhi and Budhlada, CD blocks where cent per cent of the villages are enjoying this facility.

Transport and Communication :

The villages in the district are fairly well equipped with transport and communication as 98.7 per cent of the villages have this facility. Only 3 (out of 238) villages are devoid of this facility, and avail it at some distance. Cent per cent of the villages in three CD blocks namely Bhikhi, Mansa and Sardulgarh CD blocks have this facility available to them within the village.

Banks :

Almost every ninth village (10.5%) in the district has a bank. As many as in four CD blocks the proportion of villages having banking facility falls below the district average while in one CD block viz. Bhikhi (11.8%), it is above the district average.

Agricultural Credit Societies :

Two out of every three villages (62.2%) in the district have agricultural credit societies. Among the CD blocks it varies between 76.9 per cent villages in Sardulgarh and 46.2 per cent each in Mansa and Jhunir. In all, two CD blocks exhibit percentage of villages with agricultural credit societies above and three below the district average.

Approach by pucca roads :

The percentage of villages approachable by pucca road in the district, as true for the state, is fairly high. In the district 99.6 per cent of the villages are approachable by pucca roads. The situation is the best

in Bhikhi, Mansa, Budhlada and Sardulgarh where all the villages are approachable through pucca roads. There is only one village in Jhunir CD block which is not approachable by pucca road.

Power Supply :

All the villages in the district are having power supply.

TABLE 38 : NUMBER AND PERCENT OF RURAL POPULATION SERVED BY DIFFERENT AMENITIES, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Total population of inhabited villages	Type of amenity available									
			Education	Medical	Improved drinking water*	Post Office #	Tele-phone	Transport communi-cations $	Banks	Agricultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Bhikhi	98,218	98,218	79,923	98,218	68,792	98,218	98,218	23,040	64,189	98,218	98,218
		(100)	(100.0)	(81.4)	(100.0)	(70.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(23.5)	(65.4)	(100.0)	(100.0)
2	Mansa	94,641	94,641	69,606	94,641	46,012	93,784	94,641	16,045	51,277	94,641	94,641
		(100)	(100.0)	(73.5)	(100.0)	(48.6)	(99.1)	(100.0)	(17.0)	(54.2)	(100.0)	(100.0)
3	Budhlada	192,739	192,739	139,743	192,739	108,097	192,739	190,402	52,784	166,609	192,739	192,739
		(100)	(100.0)	(72.5)	(100.0)	(56.1)	(100.0)	(98.8)	(27.4)	(86.4)	(100.0)	(100.0)
4	Jhunir	79,480	79,478	47,022	79,478	39,594	79,269	79,478	18,436	44,120	79,478	79,480
		(100)	(100.0)	(59.2)	(100.0)	(49.8)	(99.7)	(100.0)	(23.2)	(55.5)	(100.0)	(100.0)
5	Sardulgarh	81,251	81,251	51,183	81,251	50,154	81,058	81,251	19,228	69,638	81,251	81,251
		(100)	(100.0)	(63.0)	(100.0)	(61.7)	(99.8)	(100.0)	(23.7)	(85.7)	(100.0)	(100.0)
District Total:		**546,329**	**546,327**	**387,477**	**546,327**	**312,649**	**545,068**	**543,990**	**129,533**	**395,833**	**546,327**	**546,329**
		(100)	**(100.0)**	**(70.9)**	**(100.0)**	**(57.2)**	**(99.8)**	**(99.6)**	**(23.7)**	**(72.5)**	**(100.0)**	**(100.0)**

Note : - Percentages are given in brackets

* Based on the improved drinking water source, drinking water supply has been classified as 'Improved' or otherwise. If the household has access to drinking water supplied from a tap or a hand pump / tube well situated within or outside the premises it is considered as having access to 'Improved drinking water source'.
However, the concept of improved drinking water is state specific and this is to be considered accordingly.

\# Post office includes Post office, telegraph office and Post and telegraph office.

$ Transport communication includes bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways

Table 38 shows number and percentage of rural population served by different amenities in the district. It is very satisfying that the entire rural population in the district and its constituent CD blocks is being served by educational institutions. The same is true in case of safe drinking water supply.

As regards medical facility available, it is serving more than two-thirds (70.9%) of the rural population. Among the CD blocks, the proportion of population served by medical institutions is the highest in Bhikhi (81.4%) and the lowest in Jhunir (59.2%). The position is fairly good in Mansa (73.5%) and Budhlada (72.5%) also where almost three-fourth of the rural population is enjoying these services. Out of 5 CD blocks, 3 fall above and 2 below the district average.

Post offices are serving 57.2 per cent of the rural population in the district and this percentage of population varies between 70.0 per cent in Bhikhi and 48.6 per cent in Mansa CD blocks.

Telephone facility is available to 99.8 per cent of population. The entire population in two C.D. blocks and 99.1 per cent to 99.8 per cent in other three is availing the facility.

Transport and communication facility comprising bus and rail services is available to 99.6 per cent population of 5 C.D. blocks. Budhlada is the only C D block where (98.8%) of rural population is having the facility while in other blocks, it is available to entire population.

Banks cater to the needs of 23.7 per cent population. Among the 5 C D blocks, the proportion of population served by banks is the highest in Budhlada (27.4%) whereas it is the lowest (17.0%) in Mansa.

A large number of people are having the facility of agricultural credit society. In this regard CD blocks Budhlada (86.4%) and Sardulgarh (85.7%) surpass district average (72.5 %).

The entire population in 5 CD blocks of Mansa district is served by Pucca road and power supply.

TABLE 39 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES NOT HAVING CERTAIN AMENITIES, ARRANGED BY DISTANCE RANGES FROM THE PLACES WHERE THESE ARE AVAILABLE, 2001

Village not having the amenity of	Distance range of place from the villages where the amenity is available			
	Less than 5 kilometres	5-10 kilometres	10+ kilometres	Total (Col. 2 - 4)
1	2	3	4	5
1. Education :-				
(a) Primary School	1	0	0	1
(b) Middle School	101	2	0	103
(c) Degree College	15	80	142	237
2. Medical:-				
(a) Hospital	54	96	88	238
(b) PHC	72	94	57	223
3. Post Office	121	26	2	149
4. Telephone	4	0	0	4
5. Bus Service	3	0	0	3
6. Banks				
(a) Commercial Bank	92	117	7	216
(b) Cooperative Bank	79	121	25	225
7. Agricultural Credit Societies	77	13	0	90

Table 39 shows distribution of villages which are not having certain amenities by distance ranges from the places where these are available.

Education :

Only 1 village which does not have educational amenity, avail it within a distance of 5 kms.

103 villages in the district do not have middle school. However, among them, this facility is available within 5 kms in case of 101 villages and for the remaining 2 villages, it is available at a distance of 5-10 kms.

237 villages do not have Degree Colleges. This is to say that only 1 village in the district has a degree college. However, this facility is available to 15 villages within five kilometers, in case of 80 villages at a distance of 5-10 kms and the remaining 142 villagers avail this facility by covering a distance of more than 10 kms.

Medical :

None of the 238 villages in the district has availability of hospital within the village. The same is available to 54 villages within a distance of 5 kms, 96 villages avail it at a distance of 5-10 Kms and the residents of 88 villages cover a distance of more than 10 kms to avail this facility.

Likewise out of 223 villages, which do not have PHC, the same is available at a distance of less than 5 kms in respect of 72 villages, at a distance of 5-10 kms in case of 94 villages and at a distance of more than 10 kms to 57 villages.

Post office :

Among the 149 villages in the district which do not have the post office, the same is available to 121 villages within a distance of 5 kms, at a distance of 5-10 Kms in case of another 26 villages and the remaining 2 villages avail this facility by covering more than 10 kms.

Telephone :

The district is well equipped with this facility as barely 4 (out of 238) villages do not have this facility and the same is available within a distance of 5 kms.

Bus Service :

There are 3 villages which do not have bus service available to them in the village itself but can avail it at a distance of less than 5 kms.

Bank :

Rural banking seems to be lacking in the district. Commercial banking within the village is not available in 216 villages. Among them 92 villages avail this facility at a distance of less than 5 kms. In case of 117 villages it is available at a distance of 5-10 kms and for the remaining 7, the villagers travel a distance of over 10 kms to avail this amenity.

Likewise, Co-operative banking facility is not available in 225 villages. Among them 79 villages avail it within a distance of 5 kms and in case of 121 villages, it is available at a distance of 5-10 kms and for the remaining 25, the villagers travel a distance of over 10 kms to avail this amenity.

Agricultural Credit Societies :

Out of 90 villages which are not having Agricultural Credit Societies, 77 can avail this facility within a distance of 5 Kms and for 13 villages it is available at a distance of 5-10 kms.

TABLE 40: DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE DISTANCE FROM THE NEAREST STATUTORY TOWN AND AVAILABILITY OF DIFFERENT AMENITIES, 2001

Distance range from the nearest statutory town (in kilometres)	Number of inhabited villages in each range	Type of amenity available							
		Education	Medical	Post Office #	Telephone	Transport communi-cations $	Banks	Agricultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
less than 5	38	38	14	7	37	37	2	26	38
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(36.8)	(18.4)	(97.4)	(97.4)	(5.3)	(68.4)	(100.0)
5 -15	160	160	89	68	158	160	18	97	160
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(55.6)	(42.5)	(98.8)	(100.0)	(11.3)	(60.6)	(100.0)
16 - 50	40	39	20	14	39	38	5	25	39
	(100.0)	(97.5)	(50.0)	(35.0)	(97.5)	(95.0)	(12.5)	(62.5)	(97.5)
51+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unspecified	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
District total	**238**	**237**	**123**	**89**	**234**	**235**	**25**	**148**	**237**
	(100.0)	**(99.6)**	**(51.7)**	**(37.4)**	**(98.3)**	**(98.7)**	**(10.5)**	**(62.2)**	**(99.6)**

Post office includes Post office, Telegraph office and Post and telegraph office.

$ Transport communication includes bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways.

Table 40 shows that 38 villages in the district are located within a distance of 5 kms, 160 villages in the distance range of 5-15 kms and 40 villages are located within 16-50 kms from the nearest statutory town.

Maximum number of villages (160) fall in the distance range of 5-15 kms and among them educational facility is available to all the villages, medical facility is available to 89 (55.6%) villages, post office to 68 (42.5%) villages and 158(98.8%) villages have availability of telephone. Transport and communications and approachable by pucca road facilities are also availed by all the villages. 18 (11.3%) villages have banks and 97 (60.6%) villages have agricultural credit societies.

TABLE 41: DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO POPULATION RANGE AND AMENITIES AVAILABLE, 2001

Population range	Number of inhabited villages in each range	Type of amenity available									
		Education	Medical	Improved drinking water*	Post Office #	Tele-phone	Transport communi-cations $	Banks	Agricultural Credit Societies	Approach by Pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1-499	7	6	0	6	0	4	6	0	3	6	7
	(100.0)	(85.7)	(0.0)	(85.7)	(0.0)	(57.1)	(85.7)	(0.0)	(42.9)	(85.7)	(100.0)
500-999	29	29	5	29	1	28	29	0	11	29	29
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(17.2)	(100.0)	(3.4)	(96.6)	(100.0)	(0.0)	(37.9)	(100.0)	(100.0)
1000-1999	103	103	33	103	21	103	101	2	57	103	103
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(32.0)	(100.0)	(20.4)	(100.0)	(98.1)	(1.9)	(55.3)	(100.0)	(100.0)
2000-4,999	84	84	70	84	52	84	84	13	62	84	84
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(83.3)	(100.0)	(61.9)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(15.5)	(73.8)	(100.0)	(100.0)
5000-9999	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	8	13	13	13
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(61.5)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)
10000 +	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)
District total	**238**	**237**	**123**	**237**	**89**	**234**	**235**	**25**	**148**	**237**	**238**
	(100.0)	**(99.6)**	**(51.7)**	**(99.6)**	**(37.4)**	**(98.3)**	**(98.7)**	**(10.5)**	**(62.2)**	**(99.6)**	**(100.0)**

Post office includes Post office, Telegraph office and Post and telegraph office.

$ Transport communication includes bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways.

* Based on the improved drinking water source, drinking water supply has been classified as 'Improved ' or therwise. If the household has access to drinking water supplied from a tap or a hand pump / tube well situated within or outside the premises it is considered as having access to 'Improved drinking water source'.

However, the concept of improved drinking water is state specific and this is to be considered accordingly.

Table 41 presents distribution of villages by population ranges and amenities available.

Out of 238 villages, 7 have a population of less than 500, 29 fall in size class 500-999, 103 have population in the range of 1,000-1999, 84 are in the range of 2,000-4999, 13 villages comprise the size class 5,000-9,999 and 2 villages are having population of 10,000 or more.

Educational facility is available to cent percent of the villages under various size classes, barring size class 1-499 where out of 7 villages, 6 (85.7%) villages have this facility.

Medical facility is available to all the 15 villages having population of 5,000 or more. Among others, this facility is available to 5 (17.2%) villages in the range of 500-999, to 33(32.0%) villages with population 1,000-1,999, and to 70 (83.3%) villages in size class 2,000-4,999.

Improved drinking water is available to all the villages in the district except one village falling in the range of 1-499.

Post office is available in all the 15 villages having population of 5,000 or more. Among others, this facility is available to one (3.4%) village in size class 500-999, to 21(20.4%) villages with population 1,000-1,999, and to 52 (61.9%) villages in size class 2,000-4,999. All the seven villages in population range of 1-499 do not have this facility.

All the villages under size classes 1,000-1,999, 2,000-4,999, 5,000-9,999 and 10,000 +, and 4(57.1%) of 7 villages in size class 1-499 have availability of telephone facility. Another 28 (96.6%) of villages in size class 500-999 have availability of this facility. It reflects that cent per cent of the villages with population 1,000 and more have availability of telephone.

Transport and communication is available to all the villages under size classes 500-999, 2,000-4,999, 5,000-9,999 and 10,000 +, and 101(98.1%) of 103 villages in size class 1,000-1,999. Even among the smaller villages, this facility is available to 6(85.7%) villages with population below 500.

Availability of banks is predominantly the characteristic of larger villages. 2 (100.0%) villages with population 10,000 or more have banks. Likewise, 2(1.9%) villages in size class 1,000-1,999, 13(15.5%) villages with population in the range of 2,000-4,999, and 8(61.5%) villages with population in the range of 5000-9999 have the availability of banks.

Agricultural credit societies are available in all the villages under population size 5000+. It is also available to 73.8 per cent of villages with population 2000-4999, 55.3 per cent villages in size class 1,000- 1,999, 37.9 per cent villages having population in size class 500-999 and 42.9 per cent villages with population below 500.

Barely 1 (out of 238) village in the district is not approachable by pucca road which has a population of less than 500.

All the villages in the district have the availability of power supply.

TABLE 42: DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO LAND USE, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Number of inhabited villages	Total area	Percentage of cultivable area to total area	Percentage of irrigated area to total cultivable area
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Bhikhi	34	36,176	90.9	89.5
2	Mansa	39	35,541	90.6	90.4
3	Budhlada	87	69,299	91.2	87.2
4	Jhunir	39	31,771	92.1	83.8
5	Sardulgarh	39	34,033	91.5	88.1
	District Total:	**238**	**206,820**	**91.2**	**87.8**

Note:- Cultivable area= irrigated area +unirrigated area

CD block wise villages, according to land use are given in Table 42. Budhlada CD block (69,299 hectares) is the largest in area and is more than twice than that of Jhunir (31,771 hectares) which is the smallest in area. In the district 91.2 per cent of the area is cultivable and among the CD blocks this percentage varies between 92.1 per cent in Jhunir and 90.6 per cent in Mansa. Two, out of 5 CD blocks have percentage of cultivable area greater than that of the district and one CD block meticulously falls in line with the percentage of the districts.

87.8 per cent of the cultivable area in the district is irrigated. All the CD blocks have fairly high proportion of their cultivable area under irrigation and this percentage varies between 90.4 per cent in Mansa and 83.8 per cent in Jhunir.

TABLE 43 : PER CAPITA RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE IN STATUTORY TOWNS

Serial number	Class, name & urban status of the Town	Per capita receipt			Per capita expenditure					
		Total	Through taxes	From all other sources	Total	General Adminis tration	Public health and conveniences	Public works	Public institutions	Other (s)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	IV Bareta (M.Cl.)	401.8	203.9	197.9	401.7	116.1	177.1	0.0	0.0	109.0
2	IV Bhikhi (N.P.)	317.9	283.5	34.4	390.5	46.3	0.0	290.0	0.0	54.2
3	III Budhlada (M.Cl.)	514.5	336.7	177.8	410.4	114.9	94.4	121.8	7.8	71.5
4	II Mansa (M.Cl.)	416.8	319.7	97.1	413.1	108.8	110.5	153.3	9.3	31.2
5	IV Sardulgarh (N.P.)	283.6	217.5	66.1	372.5	9.5	45.7	256.4	0.0	61.0
	District Total	**405.7**	**294.9**	**110.8**	**404.4**	**92.6**	**95.7**	**158.3**	**6.0**	**51.8**

Table 43 shows per capita receipt and expenditure incurred for all the statutory towns in the district. The per capita receipt in the district is Rs 405.7 out of which Rs 294.9 comes through taxes and Rs 110.8 through all other sources. The per capita receipt is as high as Rs 514.5 in Budhlada and as low as Rs 317.9 in Sardulgarh.

As against the per capita receipt of Rs 405.7 the district is incurring per capita expenditure of Rs 404.4. The per capita expenditure on general administration is to the extent of Rs. 92.6, on Public health and conveniences Rs 95.7, public works Rs. 158.3, and Per capita expenditure on public institutions is only Rs. 6.0, while it is Rs. 51.8 for all other types of activities. Interestingly, per capita expenditure exceeds per capita receipts in Bhikhi and Sardulgarh and it is almost equable in Bareta.

TABLE 44 : SCHOOLS / COLLEGES PER 10,000 POPULATION IN STATUTORY TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town	Type of educational institution				
		Primary	Junior Secondary / Middle	Secondary / Matriculation	Senior Secondary	College
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Bareta (M.Cl.)	4.7	2.0	1.3	1.3	0.0
2	Bhikhi (N.P.)	2.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	0.7
3	Budhlada (M.Cl.)	5.1	2.1	2.1	1.7	0.9
4	Mansa (M.Cl.)	1.4	1.4	0.8	0.6	0.3
5	Sardulgarh (N.P.)	3.7	3.1	3.1	2.5	0.0
	District Total	**2.7**	**1.8**	**1.4**	**1.1**	**0.4**

Table 44 shows number of schools/colleges per 10,000 of population for towns. In the district there are 2.7 primary schools, 1.8 junior secondary/middle schools, 1.4 secondary/matriculation schools, 1.1 senior secondary schools and 0.4 colleges per 10,000 population. In other words, there is a primary school for a population of 3,704, junior secondary/middle school for every 5,556 persons and secondary/matriculation school for 7,143 persons, senior secondary school for 9,091 population and a college for a population of 25,000.

TABLE 45 : NUMBER OF BEDS IN MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of the Town	Number of beds in medical institutions per 10,000 population
1	2	3
1	Bareta (M.Cl.)	20
2	Bhikhi (N.P.)	43
3	Budhlada (M.Cl.)	18
4	Mansa (M.Cl.)	30
5	Sardulgarh (N.P.)	34
	District Total	**29**

Table 45 shows number of beds in medical institutions in towns per 10,000 of population. The district on an average has 29 beds per 10,000 of population. Among the towns, Bhikhi has 43 beds per 10,000 populations and this is the highest among all the towns in the district. Besides Bhikhi, Sardulgarh (34) and Mansa (30) are the other two towns which have more beds per 10,000 populations than that of the district average.

TABLE 46 : PROPORTION OF SLUM POPULATION IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of the Town	Total population	Slum population	Percentage of slum population to total population
1	2	3	4	5
1	Bareta	14,886	2,050	13.8
2	Bhikhi	15,080	2,002	13.3
3	Budhlada	23,521	4,883	20.8
4	Mansa	72,627	11,300	15.6
5	Sardulgarh	16,315	19,60	12.0
	District Total	**142,429**	**22,195**	**15.6**

Table 46 shows proportion of slum population living in statutory towns in the district. Bareta, Bhikhi, Budhlada, Mansa and Sardulgarh are the five towns which have reported slum population. Inversely deducing, every town of the district has a slum. In absolute terms 22,195 persons are living in slums which account for 15.6 per cent of the total urban population. In the town of Budhlada (20.8%) more than one-fifth of the total population of the town is residing in slums and for other towns it fickles between 15.6 per cent in Mansa to 12.0 per cent in Sardulgarh. Startling figures of Mansa town depict that 50.9 per cent of the total slum population of the district resides in this single town.

TABLE 47 : MOST IMPORTANT COMMODITY EXPORTED OUT OF AND MANUFACTURED IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town	Most important commodity	
		Manufactured	Exported
1	2	3	4
1	Bareta (M.Cl.)	Leather Shoes (Desi Jutti)	Rice & Rice Brain
		Wooden Furniture	Wheat
		Agricultural Implements	Leather Shoes (Desi Jutti)
2	Bhikhi (N.P.)	Agricultural Implements	Rice
		Wooden Furniture	Wheat
		Shoes (Desi Jutti)	Paddy Husk
3	Budhlada (M.Cl.)	Oil Cake	Rice
		Furniture	Wheat
		Agricultural Implements	Mustard Oil
4	Mansa (M.Cl.)	Agricultural Implements	Wheat
		Tubewell Apparatus	Agricultural Implements
		Shoes	Rice
5	Sardulgarh (N.P.)	Electric Transformer	Rice
		Cotton Bales	Cotton Bales
		Agricultural Implements	Electric Transformer

Table 47 shows most important commodities manufactured in the towns and exported out.

The manufacturing of agricultural implements is an important commodity in five towns. Generally speaking, each town has its own characteristic as is revealed by this table. Manufacturing of Tubewell, apparatus is the characteristic of Mansa; Leather shoes and furniture of Bareta and Bhikhi.

Besides the agriculture-oriented products, Electric Transformer, Mustard oil and wooden furniture are the other key items exported from the towns of the district.

(x) Brief Analysis Based on Houses and Household Amenities

TABLE 48 : HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE STATUS AND NUMBER OF ROOMS OCCUPIED IN THE DISTRICT, 2001

Tenure status	Number of dwelling households	Number of households								
		Total			Rural			Urban		
		Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Owned	No exclusive room	526	395	131	198	153	45	-	-	-
	One room	24,227	20,493	3,734	15,493	13,557	1,936	-	-	-
	Two rooms	36,846	30,033	6,813	14348	12405	1943	-	-	-
	Three rooms	23,852	19,187	4,665	4,794	4041	753	-	-	-
	3+ rooms	26,485	21,084	5,401	2270	1744	526	-	-	-
	Median number of rooms	2	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-
Rented	No exclusive room	50	13	37	20	4	16	-	-	-
	One room	1,896	455	1,441	656	229	427	-	-	-
	Two rooms	1,569	441	1,128	377	167	210	-	-	-
	Three rooms	500	176	324	72	41	31	-	-	-
	3+ rooms	244	94	150	26	12	14	-	-	-
	Median number of rooms	2	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-
Others	No exclusive room	107	53	54	44	13	31	-	-	-
	One room	1,068	796	272	509	370	139	-	-	-
	Two rooms	501	289	212	235	134	101	-	-	-
	Three rooms	207	97	110	57	33	24	-	-	-
	3+ rooms	166	123	43	37	23	14	-	-	-
	Median number of rooms	1	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-

Data Source: Census of India 2001, H– Series: "Tables on Houses, Household amenities and Assets".

111,936 households in the district are living in houses owned by them, 4,259 in rented houses and 2,049 in houses with tenure status 'others' i.e. neither owned nor rented. This reflects that 94.7 per cent of the households are living in owned houses, 3.6 per cent in rented houses and remaining 1.7 per cent in 'others'.

Among the households living in owned houses, 24,227 (21.6%) have one room, 36,846 (32.9 %) have two rooms, 23,852 (21.3%) have three rooms and 26,485 (23.7%) have more than three rooms. This reveals that the majority of the owned houses have two or more rooms. Interestingly 526(0.5%) of the households living in owned houses do not have any exclusive room.

By and large a similar pattern is observed both for rural and urban areas. In rural areas 22.5 per cent of households are living in owned houses having one room; 32.9 per cent in 2 rooms, 21.0 per cent have 3 rooms and 23.1 per cent have more than 3 rooms; the corresponding percentages for urban areas

are 18.0, 32.8, 22.5 and 26.0 per cent respectively. Further more, 0.4 per cent of rural households and 0.6 per cent of urban households are residing in owned houses which do not have any exclusive room.

Of the total Scheduled Castes households, 94.8 per cent have owned house, 2.9 per cent live in rented houses and 2.3 per cent in houses with tenure status as others.

Among the Scheduled Castes, 0.5 per cent have no exclusive room, 41.8 per cent are residing in owned houses with one room, 38.7 per cent have two rooms, 12.9 per cent have three rooms and 6.1 per cent in houses with more than 3 rooms. In other words 57.7 per cent of Scheduled Castes households are having two or more rooms.

TABLE 49 PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTIONS OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING IN PERMANENT, SEMI PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY HOUSES, 2001

Sr. No.	District/ Tahsil	Total			Rural			Urban		
		Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Mansa	**87,869**	**24,003**	**6,372**	**66,698**	**21,423**	**5,608**	**21,171**	**2,580**	**764**
		(100.0)	**(100.0)**	**(100.0)**	**(100.0)**	**(100.0)**	**(100.0)**	**(100.0)**	**(100.0)**	**(100.0)**
1	Sardulgarh	19,244	4,979	2,792	16,911	4,575	2,579	2,333	404	213
		(21.9)	(20.7)	(43.8)	(25.4)	(21.4)	(46.0)	(11.0)	(15.7)	(27.9)
2	Budhlada	26,679	10,865	1,485	21,189	9,871	1,289	5,490	994	196
		(30.4)	(45.3)	(23.3)	(31.8)	(46.1)	(23.0)	(25.9)	(38.5)	(25.7)
3	Mansa	41,946	8,159	2,095	28,598	6,977	1,740	13,348	1,182	355
		(47.7)	(34.0)	(32.9)	(42.9)	(32.6)	(31.0)	(63.0)	(45.8)	(46.5)

This table shows percentage distribution of households by tahsils living in permanent, semi permanent and temporary houses. Out of total households in the district, 87,869 households are living in permanent houses, 24,003 households in semi-permanent houses and 6,372 in temporary houses. The Tahsilwise distribution of permanent houses reveals that 47.7 per cent of permanent houses are in Mansa, 30.4 per cent in Budhlada, and 21.9 per cent are in Sardulgarh, The percentage share of households living in semi-permanent houses of the district shows a variation of 45.3 per cent in Budhlada and 20.7 per cent in Sardulgarh. Households living in temporary houses make 5.4 per cent of the total households. Sardulgarh tahsil constitutes 43.8 per cent of the total households living in temporary houses in the district; the share of the remaining tahsils is; Mansa 32.9 per cent and Budhlada 23.3 per cent.

Out of the total households living in permanent houses, 66,698 (75.9%) are in rural areas and 21,171 (24.1%) in urban areas. Likewise percentage of households living in semi-permanent houses in rural and urban area is 89.3 per cent and 10.7 per cent respectively. There are 6,372 households living in temporary houses and among them 5,608 (88.0%) are in rural and 764 (12.0%) in urban areas of the district.

Table 50: PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING IMPROVED DRINKING WATER SOURCE, ELECTRICITY, BATHROOM, TOILET AND DRAINAGE FACILITY, 2001

Serial number	Tahsil	Total / Rural / Urban	Number of households	Number and percentage of households having				
				Improved drinking water*	Electricity	Bathroom	Toilet	Drainage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Mansa	**Total**	**118,244**	**115,235**	**99,920**	**83,464**	**61,342**	**83,320**
				(97.5)	**(84.5)**	**(70.6)**	**(51.9)**	**(70.5)**
		Rural	**93,729**	**90,906**	**76,869**	**64,105**	**42,458**	**61,963**
				(97.0)	**(82.0)**	**(68.4)**	**(45.3)**	**(66.1)**
		Urban	**24,515**	**24,329**	**23,051**	**19,359**	**18,884**	**21,357**
				(99.2)	**(94.0)**	**(79.0)**	**(77.0)**	**(87.1)**
1	Sardulgarh	Total	27,014	26,036	20,899	18,351	13,598	15,415
				(96.4)	(77.4)	(67.9)	(50.3)	(57.1)
		Rural	24,065	23,111	18,351	16,125	11,669	13,168
				(96.0)	(76.3)	(67.0)	(48.5)	(54.7)
		Urban	2,949	2,925	2,548	2,226	1,929	2,247
				(99.2)	(86.4)	(75.5)	(65.4)	(76.2)
2	Budhlada	Total	39,029	37,784	33,448	26,296	16,588	28,395
				(96.8)	(85.7)	(67.4)	(42.5)	(72.8)
		Rural	32,349	31,209	27,077	21,153	11,709	22,469
				(96.5)	(83.7)	(65.4)	(36.2)	(69.5)
		Urban	6,680	6,575	6,371	5,143	4,879	5,926
				(98.4)	(95.4)	(77.0)	(73.0)	(88.7)
3	Mansa	Total	52,201	51,415	45,573	38,817	31,156	39,510
				(98.5)	(87.3)	(74.4)	(59.7)	(75.7)
		Rural	37,315	36,586	31,441	26,827	19,080	26,326
				(98.0)	(84.3)	(71.9)	(51.1)	(70.6)
		Urban	14,886	14,829	14,132	11,990	12,076	13,184
				(99.6)	(94.9)	(80.5)	(81.1)	(88.6)

Data source: Census of India 2001, H-Series: "Tables on Houses, Household amenities and Assets."

* Based on the improved drinking water source, drinking water supply has been classified as 'Improved' or otherwise. If the household has access to drinking water supplied from a tap or a hand pump/tube well Situated within or outside the premises it is considered as having access to 'Improved drinking water source'. However, the concept of improved drinking water is state specific and this is to be considered accordingly.

Note : Percentage is given in brackets after the number of households.

Bathroom means bathroom within the house

Toilet means toilet within the house

Drainage means closed and open drainage

This table shows proportion of household having improved drinking water source, electricity and bathroom toilet and drainage facility.

Improved drinking water :

Households having tap, handpump, and tubewell as the source are grouped as having improved drinking water facility. In the district it is available to 97.5 per cent of the households. The corresponding figures for rural and urban areas being 97.0 per cent and 99.2 per cent respectively. The trends are, by and large, the same among the tahsils in the district.

Electricity :

Electricity as the source of lighting is available to 84.5 per cent of the households in the district; the corresponding figures for rural and urban areas are 82.0 per cent and 94.0 per cent respectively signifying that the rural areas do not lag behind the urban areas much in this regard. The trends are, by and large, the same for all the tahsils barring Sardulgarh where only 77.4 per cent of the households have electricity.

Bathroom :

Bathroom is available to nearly three fourth i.e 70.6 per cent of the households in the district. Even in rural area this facility is available to 68.4 per cent of the households compared with the 79.0 per cent urban households.

Among the tahsils, Mansa with 74.4 per cent of the households having this facility stands atop and Budhlada with 67.4 per cent at the bottom.

Toilet :

51.9 per cent households have toilet facility available to them. Among the tahsils this percentage varies between 59.7 per cent in Mansa and 42.5 per cent in Budhlada. 45.3 per cent of the households in rural areas are equipped with toilet facility as compared to 77.0 per cent in urban. Here too, Mansa tahsil ranks at the highest in rural and urban areas.

Drainage :

In the district, 70.5 per cent of the total, 66.1 per cent of rural and 87.1 per cent of urban households are having drainage facility. Among the tahsils, in the rural, the proportion varies between 70.6 per cent in Mansa to 54.7 per cent in Sardulgarh while in urban areas it ranges between 88.7 per cent in Budhlada and 76.2 per cent in Sardulgarh.

TABLE 51: DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY AVAILABILITY OF SEPARATE KITCHEN AND TYPE OF FUEL USED FOR COOKING

Sr. No.	District / Tahsil	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total household	Type of fuel used for cooking									
				Firewood	Crop residue	Cowdung cake	Coal, Lignite, charcoal	Kerosene	Cooking-gas (LPG)	Elect-ricity	Biogas	Others	No cooking
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Mansa	**Total**	**118,244**	**42,623**	**29,197**	**20,739**	**53**	**1,292**	**23,312**	**61**	**563**	**91**	**313**
				36.0	**24.7**	**17.5**	**0.3**	**1.1**	**19.7**	**0.2**	**0.5**	**0.1**	**0.3**
		Rural	**93,729**	**36,513**	**28,394**	**19,318**	**15**	**512**	**8,165**	**53**	**425**	**87**	**247**
				(39.0)	**(30.3)**	**(20.6)**	**(0.0)**	**(0.5)**	**(8.7)**	**(0.1)**	**(0.5)**	**(0.1)**	**(0.3)**
		Urban	**24,515**	**6,110**	**803**	**1,421**	**38**	**780**	**15,147**	**8**	**138**	**4**	**66**
				(24.9)	**(3.3)**	**(5.8)**	**(0.2)**	**(3.2)**	**(61.8)**	**(0.0)**	**(0.6)**	**(0.0)**	**(0.3)**
1	Sardulgarh	Total	27,014	9,620	12,788	1,744	6	262	2,369	23	94	34	74
				(35.6)	(47.3)	(6.5)	(0.0)	(1.0)	(8.8)	(0.1)	(0.3)	(0.1)	(0.3)
		Rural	24,065	8,257	12,552	1,671	4	107	1,260	23	90	34	67
				(34.3)	(52.2)	(6.9)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(5.2)	(0.1)	(0.4)	(0.1)	(0.3)
		Urban	2,949	1,363	236	73	2	155	1,109	0	4	0	7
				(46.2)	(8.0)	(2.5)	(0.1)	(5.3)	(37.6)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.2)
2	Budhlada	Total	39,029	13,692	7,171	10,278	24	326	7,214	16	161	43	104
				(35.1)	(18.4)	(26.3)	(0.1)	(0.8)	(18.5)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.1)	(0.3)
		Rural	32,349	12,384	7,027	9,575	7	190	2,889	13	142	41	81
				(38.3)	(21.7)	(29.6)	(0.0)	(0.6)	(8.9)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.1)	(0.3)
		Urban	6,680	1,308	144	703	17	136	4,325	3	19	2	23
				(19.6)	(2.2)	(10.5)	(0.3)	(2.0)	(64.7)	(0.0)	(0.3)	(0.0)	(0.3)
3	Mansa	Total	52,201	19,311	9,238	8,717	23	704	13,729	22	308	14	135
				(37.0)	(17.7)	(16.7)	(0.0)	(1.3)	(26.3)	(0.0)	(0.6)	(0.0)	(0.3)
		Rural	37,315	15,872	8,815	8,072	4	215	4,016	17	193	12	99
				(42.5)	(23.6)	(21.6)	(0.0)	(0.6)	(10.8)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.3)
		Urban	14,886	3,439	423	645	19	489	9,713	5	115	2	36
				(23.1)	(2.8)	(4.3)	(0.1)	(3.3)	(65.2)	(0.0)	(0.8)	(0.0)	(0.2)

Data Source: Census of India 2001, H- Series: "Tables on Houses, Household amenities and Assets".

Firewood is the most important fuel used for cooking in the district as it is being used by 36.0 per cent of the households. This percentage is as high as 37.0 per cent in Mansa tahsil. In rural areas 39.0 per cent of households are using firewood in comparison to 24.9 per cent urban households.

19.7 percentage users of cooking gas (LPG) are also quite good in the district. In Mansa tahsil 26.3 per cent of the households are using LPG while the corresponding percentage is only 8.8 per cent in Sardulgarh tahsil. 61.8 per cent of the urban households are using LPG for cooking while it is only 8.7 per cent in case of the rural households.

Crop residue is the second largest fuel being used for cooking. In the district almost one-fourth households i.e. 24.7 per cent are using crop residue; the corresponding figures for rural and urban areas are 30.3 and 3.3 per cent respectively. Traditionally the use of crop residue as fuel for cooking in rural areas is more than urban in all the tahsils.

1,292 households (1.1 %) in the district are using kerosene as fuel for cooking and its use is more in urban (3.2 %) in comparison to the rural (0.5 %) households. This trend holds true for all the tahsils in the district.

Apart from firewood, crop residue and cooking gas, cow dung cake (17.5) is also an analogous and predominant fuel being used in Mansa district. Other remaining fuels are wide of even 2.0 per cent mark.

TABLE 52 : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AVAILING BANKING SERVICES AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING EACH OF THE SPECIFIED ASSET

Sr. No.	District/ Tahsil	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total number of house-holds	Total number of households availing banking service	Availability of assets						
					Radio, Transistor	Television	Telephone	Bicycle	Scooter, Motorcycle, Moped	Car, Jeep, Van	None of the specified assets
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Mansa	**Total**	**118,244**	**33,671**	**29,190**	**53,660**	**13,761**	**60,767**	**19,357**	**3,565**	**35,090**
		Rural	**93,729**	**24,142**	**20,753**	**35,703**	**6,530**	**44,841**	**11,825**	**2,064**	**31,907**
		Urban	**24,515**	**9,529**	**8,437**	**17,957**	**7,231**	**15,926**	**7,532**	**1,501**	**3,183**
1	Sardulgarh	Total	27,014	5,962	6,186	11,172	2,138	11,589	3,539	792	9,453
		Rural	24,065	4,762	5,382	9,336	1,446	9,989	2,821	573	8,852
		Urban	2,949	1,200	804	1,836	692	1,600	718	219	601
2	Budhlada	Total	39,029	11,377	10,497	16,174	3,967	19,834	6,197	1,027	12,192
		Rural	32,349	8,424	7,637	11,254	2,036	15,503	4,034	631	11,398
		Urban	6,680	2,953	2,860	4,920	1,931	4,331	2,163	396	794
3	Mansa	Total	52,201	16,332	12,507	26,314	7,656	29,344	9,621	1,746	13,445
		Rural	37,315	10,956	7,734	15,113	3,048	19,349	4,970	860	11,657
		Urban	14,886	5,376	4,773	11,201	4,608	9,995	4,651	886	1,788

Data Source: Census of India 2001, H– Series: "Tables on Houses, Household amenities and Assets".

Out of 118,244 households in the district, 33,671 (28.5%) are availing banking services; 29,190 (24.7%) have Radio/Transistor; 53,660 (45.4%) have television; 13,761 (11.6%) have telephone; 60,767 (51.4%) have bicycle; 19,357 (16.4%) have scooter-motorcycle- moped 3565 (3.0%) have car- jeep, van. The over all scenario of availability of assets in the district can be graded as fairly good. Nevertheless 35,090 (29.7%) of the households have none of these assets available to them. In district as well as in tahsils, television and bicycle are the two major specified assets being used by households followed by banking services.

(xi) Places of tourist, religious, historical or archeological importance

Mansa :

Mansa town is the headquarters of district/subdivision of the same name. It came into existence on April13, 1992 and is one of the smallest districts of the State. It lies on Bathinda- Jind- Delhi railway line and is situated on Barnala-Sardulgarh-Sirsa road. It is connected by road with Patiala (110 kms.), Bathinda (55kms.) and Chandigarh, the State headquarters, (175kms.)

The town is said to have been founded by Bhai Gurdas who hailed from village Dhingar in Mansa District. He is said to have been married at this place among the Dhaliwal Jats. Once he came to his in-laws to take his wife along with him but they refused to send her. At this, Bhai Gurdas sat in meditation before the house of his in-laws. After some time, the parents of the girl agreed to send their daughter with

Bhai Gurdas, but he refused to take her along with him, stating that he had now renounced the worldly way of life. In his memory, a samadh was constructed where a fair is held every year in March-April. People in large numbers attend the fair and offer ladoos and gur at the samadh. It has a Municipal Council, which has been functioning in the town since 1951.

Budhlada :

Budhlada was earlier a British territory and formed part of the Hisar District (now in Haryana). It derived its name from the names of two real brothers Budha and Ladha who were Khatri by caste.

Budhlada is the headquarters of tahsil/sub division of the same name. It lies on New Delhi-Bathinda- Firozpur railway line. The border of Haryana State is 25 kms. away from the city. It is connected by road with Mansa (33 kms.), Bathinda (88 kms.), Chandigarh (174 kms.) and Patiala (109 kms.). It has Class II Municipal Council functioning since 1950.

Sardulgarh :

Sardulgarh is situated at a distance of 40 kms. from its district headquarters, Mansa. It is headquarters of the tahsil / sub division of the same name, Sardulgarh town lies on the Mansa-Sirsa highway. It is connected by roads with Patiala (151 kms.) and Chandigarh (215 kms.).

The ancient name of Sardulgarh town was Rori Dhudal and was a part of erstwhile princely State of Patiala before Independence. Once Sardar Sardul Singh, son of Maharaja Patiala, came here for hunting and the name of the town was changed as Sardulgarh after his name (Sardul Singh).

Sardulgarh has a Nagar Panchayat. There is a fort of Maharaja of Patiala in the town in which presently the Police Station, Sardulgarh, is housed.

Bareta Mandi :

Bareta Mandi is situated at a distance of 51 kms from Mansa and is a railway station on the New Delhi- Bathinda railway line. Bareta Mandi is a sub-tahsil. It is connected by road with Bathinda (106kms.), Chandigarh (169 kms.) and Patiala (104 kms.).

On the outskirts of the town, there is a small place on the bank of a pond where a fair known as "Mela Beebrian" is held every year on the first Sunday of bright- half of Bhadon (August-September) in the memory of two Muslim sisters who are said to have died in the prime of their youth. It is believed that their prophesies proved true. The fair is mostly attended by women who scoop earth out of the pond with the hope that their wishes will be fulfilled. Offering of wheat only is made before the deities. It has a Class III Municipal Council functioning since 1956. There is a splendid temple, named as "Krishna Mandir" which was built around 1936.

The town is predominantly inhabited by Chauhans who trace their origin from Gugga 'Lord of Snakes'. It is said that nobody has ever died here on account of snakebite because of the blessings of Gugga.

Bhikhi :

Bhikhi is situated at a distance of 19 kms from Mansa and it is located on Sunam-Bathinda road. It has a Nagar Panchayat since 1993. Bhikhi, is blessed by the Divine touch of Shri Guru Teg Bhadur Ji, Its foundation was laid by a Jat of Chahal sub-caste named Bhikha. When Guru ji came to Bhikhi, Bhikha served him whole-heartedly. Bhikha himself was a follower of 'Sakhi Sarvar' but with the blessings of Guru he became the Sikh follower. Bhikha's son was renowned as Gainda Chahal. The castle of Gainda

at Bhikhi was famous as capital of Chahals. It has now been demolished. Slowly the Gainda empire came to an end and it became the tahsil of Patiala State.

Bhopal :

Bhopal is situated at a distance of 11 kms. from Mansa. The village is known for fair of 'Jogi Pir' who is said to be the guru (preceptor) of Chahal Jats. It is said that during the times of Muslim rule, Jogi Pir fought with the force of Muslim rulers. During the battle, his head was chopped off, but his headless body kept on fighting until it fell down dead in this village. The people were deeply touched by the sacrifice of Jogi Pir and constructed a Smadh here where a fair is held. Another story also says that once a few persons were going to some place for business purpose, and night befell them. They stayed under a grove of trees in the premises of the samadh. They felt pangs of thirst at night, but there was no source of water where from they could quench their thirst. A heavenly voice which was believed to be that of Jogi Pir was heard: "Why do you die of thirst? Pick out a brick from the pond and take water," They did likewise, found water beneath the brick they picked up and thus they quenched their thirst. A fair is held here twice annually for three days on Bhadon 28 (August-September) and Chet 16 (March-April) at the samadh of Jogi Pir. It is attended by Hindus, Sikhs and Chahal Jats in particular in a large number. The people pay their obeisance at the samadh, especially after the birth of a son or the solemnization of a marriage. The people for invoking the blessings of Jogi Pir also scoop earth on one of the tanks.

Dalianwali :

Dalianwali urf Gulabgarh is situated at a distance of about 16 kms from Mansa and it is connected by an approach road.

There is a Gurudwara built in the memory of Guru Gobind Singh, who is said to have visited this place. A fair known as "Mela Mithavian Sar" is held here on the Amavas day every month. In addition to these, two big fairs are held on Maghi and Baisakhi every year.

The story goes that Guru Gobind Singh while going from Talwandi Sabo to Kot Dharmu, stayed in Dalianwali village at the place where the Gurudwara stands now. The devotees who accompanied the Guru told him that they were very hungry. Nothing was available near about except two trees-one of beri and other of kikkar. The Guru replied that they should shake the trees. The devotees did likewise and were surprised to find sweetmeats falling from the trees. The devotees relished the sweetmeats with added devotion to their Guru. Hence the name Mitha Sar (tank of sweetmeats) has been given to the fair.

Joga :

Joga is situated at a distance of 19 kms from Mansa and lies on the Mansa-Barnala road. A fair known as 'Palara Gari' is held here on Chet Sudi 14 (March-April), which lasts for three days. It is associated with the Pandavas, who are said to have stayed here. A large number of persons, both Hindus and Sikhs, attend the fair and take bath in the holy tank.

Khiala Kalan :

Khiala Kalan is situated at a distance of about 8 kms from Mansa and is located on Mansa-Bhikhi-Sunam road.

There is an old Gurudwara built in the memory of Guru Teg Bahadur who is said to have visited this place. Nearby, there is an old beri tree with which Guru Teg Bhadur is said to have tied his horse. A Gurudwara has also been raised on this spot. Another Gurudwara known as Tir Sahib has also been built in the memory of ninth Guru. Besides, there is a temple of goddess (devi) built by Brahmins of the

village. Guru Teg Bahadur is said to have offered milk to Devi in a chhanna (a big pot of bronze made by a Brahmin family). This chhanna is still kept by Pandit Hari Ram Rikhi, descendant of the family.

Phaphre Bhaike :

Phaphre Bhaike is situated at a distance of about 10 kms from Mansa. It is known for Bhai Behlo, who hailed from this village. Bhai Behlo spent his life in the service of Guru Arjan Dev, the fifth Sikh Guru, at Amritsar. The Guru was so pleased with his devotion and service that he blessed him saying 'Bhai Behlo sab ton pehlon' (Bhai Behlo you are the first of all.) Bhai Behlo also attended the marriage party of the Guru. There is a samadh of Bhai Behlo in the village. Nearby there is also a big sarover (tank) and a splendid Gurudwara has been constructed in the memory of Bhai Behlo. A big fair is held on Asuj 10 (September-October) every year, which lasts for 3 days. People from far and near attend the fair and pay their obeisance. Religious diwans (congregations) are also held on this occasion.

Kulana :

Kulana is situated at a distance of 5 kms from Budhlada on the Budhlada-Bareta link road. It is known for Shitla Mata Mandir where devotees seek blessings of Mata by offering sweet rice, roties, ladoos, pudas, etc. The people throng this place from far and wide.

Jhunir :

Jhunir is a very ancient village. It was founded by Dhaliwal Jats. Their ancestor was Baba Dhian Dass whose samadh still exists in the village. As told by the elders of the village, while playing hide and seek in childhood, Baba Dhian Das hide himself in a pit. His friends were unable to trace him. They sought the help of elders of the village. They (villagers) came to that pit and asked Baba Ji to come out, but a heavenly voice told them to build a samadh there.

Ubha :

A mandir is situated at Ubha a distance of about 12 kms from Mansa. It is said that when Mata Jawala Ji was returning after blessing her followers at Maisar Khana, she halted for some time at this place to take rest. Later, Mata Bimla Devi of village Ubha got constructed a temple at this place. Thousands of people, from far off places gather at this temple to seek the blessings of the Mata. Two fairs are also held in the month of Chet and Katak.

Barah :

Barah is a large village of tahsil Budhlada. Guru Teg Bahadur Ji had stayed here for over four months. People at that time came in large numbers to seek the blessings of the Guru. Here in commemoration of the arrival of Guru, a magnificient Gurudwara has been built. In the compound of Gurudwara, (Gurudwara Sahib Naunvi Patshahi) there is also a sarovar.

Kot Dharmu :

Guru Teg Bhadur Ji set out from Talwandi Sabo and reached Kot Dharmu via Behniwal. According to a saying one thief, who was following Guru Ji, stole his horse. On being caught he accepted death penalty on himself. Because he committed suicide by hanging himself by a tree, 'Jana' so this beautiful gurudwara came to be known as (Gurudwara Sulisar Sahib) Sulisar. People from the whole of the area come to the fair on Dasmi.

Jhanda Kalan :

Gurudwara Jhanda Sahib is built here at Jhanda Kalan. This Gurudwara is associated with the visit of Guru Gobind Singh to this place. A religious Diwan is held here annually for three days i.e. on Katak 20-22 (October-November). Monthly fair is also held on Amavas day and a large number of people visit the gurudwara. The samadh of Baba Walait Shah is also existing there.

(xii) Scope of Village and Town Directory

Village Directory :

The "Village Directory" is one of the traditional compilations of the Census. It gives the list of villages, their location numbers, their area, population, number of households, amenities such as educational, medical, drinking water, post and telegraph, commercial and co-operative banks, agricultural non-agriculturai and other credit societies, recreational and cultural facilities, communication, approach to village, nearest town with a distance, power supply availability of newspaper and magazines, most important commodity manufactured and land use of each village.

Village is a statutory recognized unit having a definite boundary and separate land records. In case, a complete village is treated as an outgrowth of urban agglomeration, data on amenities for that village, have not been given in the Village Directory but shown along with the urban component. The villages which are considered as a Census Town, the amenities data are shown in the Town Directory. For those villages which have partly merged in an outgrowth of U.A., the amenities data are shown in the Village Directory for that particular village.

The 'un inhabited' villages (villages with no population) have been indicated as such after furnishing details in columns 1 to 3 i.e., Serial number, Name of village & location code number and area of the village against column no. 4 to 18. The land use data for such villages are shown in col. 19 to 23.

Town Directory :

The Town Directory is presented for each town covering different aspects of urban life. Like 1991 census, in the present census also there are seven Statements included in the District Census Handbook for presentation of data. The seventh Statement relates to slums which was numbered as IV- A in 1991 Census. Statements I to VI contain data about growth, density, sex ratio, physical aspects of towns, communications, municipal finances, civic, medical, educational and other amenities and trade, commerce, Industry, Banking facilities etc. Hence the data for the towns of Mansa has been presented in these six Statements. Similarly the seventh Statement presents the data for slums.

Statement I shows status and growth history of the towns of Mansa District. Column 2 in this Statement indicates class, name and civic administration status of a town (as in 2000). Class of the town indicated under this column has been introduced to facilitate the analysis of town directory data at the State/U.T. and at the national level. Column 6 presents area in Sq. kms. while Column 7 presents number of households including houseless households. Columns 8 to 18 give population and growth rate of towns since 1901. Column 19 presents density and Columns 20 to 22 present sex-ratio.

Statement II shows physical aspects and location of each town as in 1999. Column 2 shows the class, name Civic Status of Town. Columns 3 to 5 show the rainfall and maximum and minimum temperature. Columns 6 to 13 show the name and distance of State HQ, district HQ, Tahsil HQ, nearest city with a population of one lakh and more, nearest city with a population of five lakh and more, Railway Station, Bus facility and Navigable river/canal from town.

Statement III shows the municipal finance of the Towns of Mansa District. The income and expenditure for the towns of Mansa have been presented in this Statement.

Statement IV provides information for civic and other amenities available to the Town. This Statement presents general population as well as the scheduled castes/scheduled tribes population as per 2001 census under Columns 3, 4 and 5. Columns 6 to 20 present data regarding road length, system of sewerage, number of latrines, method of disposal of night soil, protected water supply, fire fighting service, electric connections for domestic, industrial and commercial as well as road lighting (points) and others amenities.

Statement V gives information regarding medical, educational, recreational and cultural facilities available in the town. Population figures for 2001 census have also been presented for the towns of Mansa which will facilitate in analyzing data on facilities available to the people. Data pertaining to medical facilities have been obtained from towns and shown under Columns 4 and 5. The information on educational facilities has been shown under Column 6-15.

This Statement also shows, number of working women's hostels, recreational and cultural facilities available in the town under Columns 16 to 20.

Statement VI presents information in respect of trade, commerce, industry and banking services in the town. Columns 3 to 8 indicate three most important commodities exported and manufactured in the Town. Information on number of banks available in the town has been presented under column 9 whereas Columns 10 and 11 show the number of agricultural and non-agricultural credit societies in the town.

Statement VII shows the civic amenities available to all the 5 towns having slums falling in the jurisdiction of Mansa District.

Part - A
VILLAGE AND TOWN DIRECTORY

Section-I
Village Directory

NOTE EXPLAINING THE ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE VILLAGE DIRECTORY

The Village Directory format has 25 columns and the details given under each column are for the village are as follows :

Column 1 : Serial Number :

Self explanatory. All the villages within the CD Block are presented serially in the ascending order of their location code number.

Column 2 : Name and Location Code Number of village :

The name and location code number of the village is shown against this column. This also includes the forest and uninhabited villages.

Column 3 : Area of the village :

The area of the villages in hectares is given. Wherever the area figures were not furnished by the concerned department, the column is left blank.

Column 4 : Total population :

The total population of the village as per 2001 Census is given against this column.

Column 5 : Number of households :

The number of households as per 2001 Census is given in this column.

Amenities :

In column 6 to 23, availability in respect of different amenities such as education, medical, drinking water, post, telegraph, banks, credit societies, communication, power, approach road etc. in each village has been depicted with appropriate codes against the column concerned. Wherever the amenities are not available in the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it, in brackets, the distance in broad ranges viz. < 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms. of the nearest place where the facility is available is given. Column wise details are given below:

Column 6 : Educational :

Classes upto class V are included in Primary School comprising nursery school, kindergarten school, Pre-basic school, pre-primary school and junior basic school.

Classes from VI to VIII are included in the middle school.

Classes from IX and X are included in High secondary school. Classes XI and XII are included in senior secondary school.

In case of composite schools like middle school with primary school or secondary school with middle school, these are also included in the number of primary and middle schools, respectively.

Accordingly any of the following types of institutions if exists within the village is shown as per codes given below :

(i)	Primary School	P
(ii)	Middle School	M
(iii)	Secondary School	S
(iv)	Senior Secondary School	PUC
(v)	College	C
(vi)	Industrial School	I
(vii)	Training School	Tr.
(viii)	Adult literacy class/centre	AC
(ix)	Others (specify) e.g. Sanskrit Pathshala, Senior basic school, Navodaya Vidyalaya, Makhtab, etc.	O

More than one institution of a type in the village is indicated by the number within brackets against the abbreviation, e.g. P (3), M (4), etc.

Column 7 : Medical :

Availability of medical facility within the village is indicated by following codes :

(i)	Allopathic Hospital	H
	Ayurvedic Hospital	HA
	Unani Hospital	HU
	Homeopathic Hospital	H Hom
(ii)	Allopathic Dispensary	D
	Ayurvedic Dispensary	DA
	Unani Dispensary	DU
	Homeopathic Dispensary	D Hom
(iii)	Maternity & Child Welfare	MCW
(iv)	Maternity Home	MH
(v)	Child Welfare Centre	CWC
(vi)	Health Centre	HC
(vii)	Primary Health Centre	PHC
(viii)	Primary Health Sub-Centre	PHS
(ix)	Family Welfare Centre	FWC
(x)	T.B. Clinic	TB
(xi)	Nursing Home	NH
(xii)	Registered Private Medical Practitioner	RMP
(xiii)	Subsidised Medical Practitioner	SMP
(xiv)	Community Health Worker	CHW
(xv)	Others	O

More than one institution of a type in the village is indicated by the against the abbreviations, e.g. H(3), D(4), etc.

Column 8 : Drinking Water :

The type of drinking water supply sources available within the village is indicated by codes as follows :

(i)	Tap Water	T
(ii)	Well Water	W
(iii)	Tank Water	TK
(iv)	Tubewell Water	TW
(v)	Handpump	HP
(vi)	River Water	R
(vii)	Canal	C
(viii)	Lake	L
(ix)	Spring	S
(x)	Others	O
(xi)	Summer Source	SS

Column 9 : Post, Telegraph and Telephone :

It is indicated by following codes :

(i)	Post Office	PO
(ii)	Telegraph Office	TO
(iii)	Post & Telegraph Office	PTO
(iv)	Telephone Connection	PH

Column 10 : Commercial and Co-operative Banks :

If the village is served by any banking service, commercial bank, co-operative bank etc.the same is indicated in codes mentioned below along with the number of banks in brackets. If not available within the village, distance of the nearest place where the facility exists is given:

(i)	Commercial Bank	CM
(ii)	Co-operative Bank	CP

Column 11 : Credit Societies :

If the village enjoys the services of Credit Societies i.e. Agricultural Credit Societies, Non Agricultural Credit Society or Other Credit Societies, the same is indicated in codes mentioned below along with the number of such societies in brackets. In case the facility is not available within the village, the distance of the nearest place where such facility exists is given.

(i)	Agricultural Credit Society	ACS
(ii)	Non-Agricultural Credit Society	NCS
(iii)	Other Credit Society	OCS

Column 12 : Recreational and cultural facilities:

If facilities such as Cinema/Video hall, Sports Club, Stadium/Auditorium are available in the village, the same is recorded in these columns. If not available, the particulars of the nearest place with the facility exists is recorded. The information is indicated in codes mentioned below along with the number of such facilities in brackets:

(i)	Cinema/Video Hall	CV
(ii)	Sports Club	SP
(iii)	Stadium/Auditorium	ST

Column 13 : Communications :

If the village is served by any mode of public/ private transport like Bus, Railway station or Navigable water ways, they are to be mentioned as follows:

(i)	Bus	BS
(ii)	Railway Station	RS
(iii)	Navigable Waterway	NW

Column 14 : Approach to village :

Approach to village refers to the state of road leading to village. The approach to the village is indicated in following codes :

(i)	Paved Road	PR
(ii)	Mud road	MR
(iii)	Foot path	FP
(iv)	Navigable River	NR
(v)	Navigable Canal	NC
(vi)	Navigable waterways other than River, Canal	NW

Column 15 : Nearest Town and distance :

The distance is given in kilometers in brackets against the name of the town nearest to the village.

Column 16 : Power supply :

Availability of Power Supply in the village, whatever may be the form of its use, is given by using following codes :

(i)	Electricity for domestic use	ED
(ii)	Electricity for agricultural use	EAG
(iii)	Electricity for other purposes	EO
(iv)	Electricity for all purposes	EA

Column 17 : News Paper/Magazine :

If village receives any News Paper/Magazine the same is noted in this column using following codes :

(i)	News Paper	N
(ii)	Magazine	M

Column 18 : Most important commodities manufactured :

The name of three most important commodities manufactured in the village is recorded against this column.

Column 19 to 23 : Land use i.e. area under different types of land use :

Land use data maintained by the State/UT Govts. are furnished against these columns. The data concerning area under Forest, Irrigated land (by source), Un-irrigated land, Culturable waste and Area not available for cultivation in the village are shown against these columns. The area figures are given in hectare (s) up to one decimal. Desh '-' is recorded wherever the information is not made available by the concerned department. The codes used for different types of irrigation facilities available in the village are indicated below :

(i)	Government Canal	GC
(ii)	Private Canal	PC
(iii)	Well (without electricity)	W
(iv)	Well (with electricity)	WE
(v)	Tubewell (without electricity)	TW

(vi)	Tubewell (with electricity)	TWE
(vii)	Tank	TK
(viii)	River	R
(ix)	Lake	L
(x)	Waterfall	WF
(xi)	Others	O
(xii)	Total	T

The village directory also carries the following appendices.

Appendix-I It gives the abstract of educational, medical and other amenities available in villages CD Block wise of the district.

Appendix-I-A Indicates number of villages CD Block wise having one or more primary schools.

Appendix-I-B Indicates number of villages CD Blockwise having primary, middle and secondary schools.

Appendix-I-C Shows number of villages CD Block wise with different sources of drinking water facilities.

Appendix-II Indicates the list of villages with 5,000 and above population which do not have one or more important amenities.

Appendix-II-A Indicates list of Census Towns which do not have one or more amenities.

Appendix-III It gives the land utilization data in respect of Census Towns/non-municipal Towns.

Appendix-IV CD Block wise list of inhabited villages where no amenity other than drinking water facility is available.

Appendix-V Summary showing number of villages not having Scheduled Castes population.

Appendix-VI Summary showing number of villages not having Scheduled Tribes population.

Appendix-VII A and B The appendices show the list of villages according to proportion of the Scheduled castes and Scheduled Tribes to the total population by ranges.

Appendix-VIII Indicates CD Block wise number of villages.

Appendix-IX Shows number of different types of girls schools in a village.

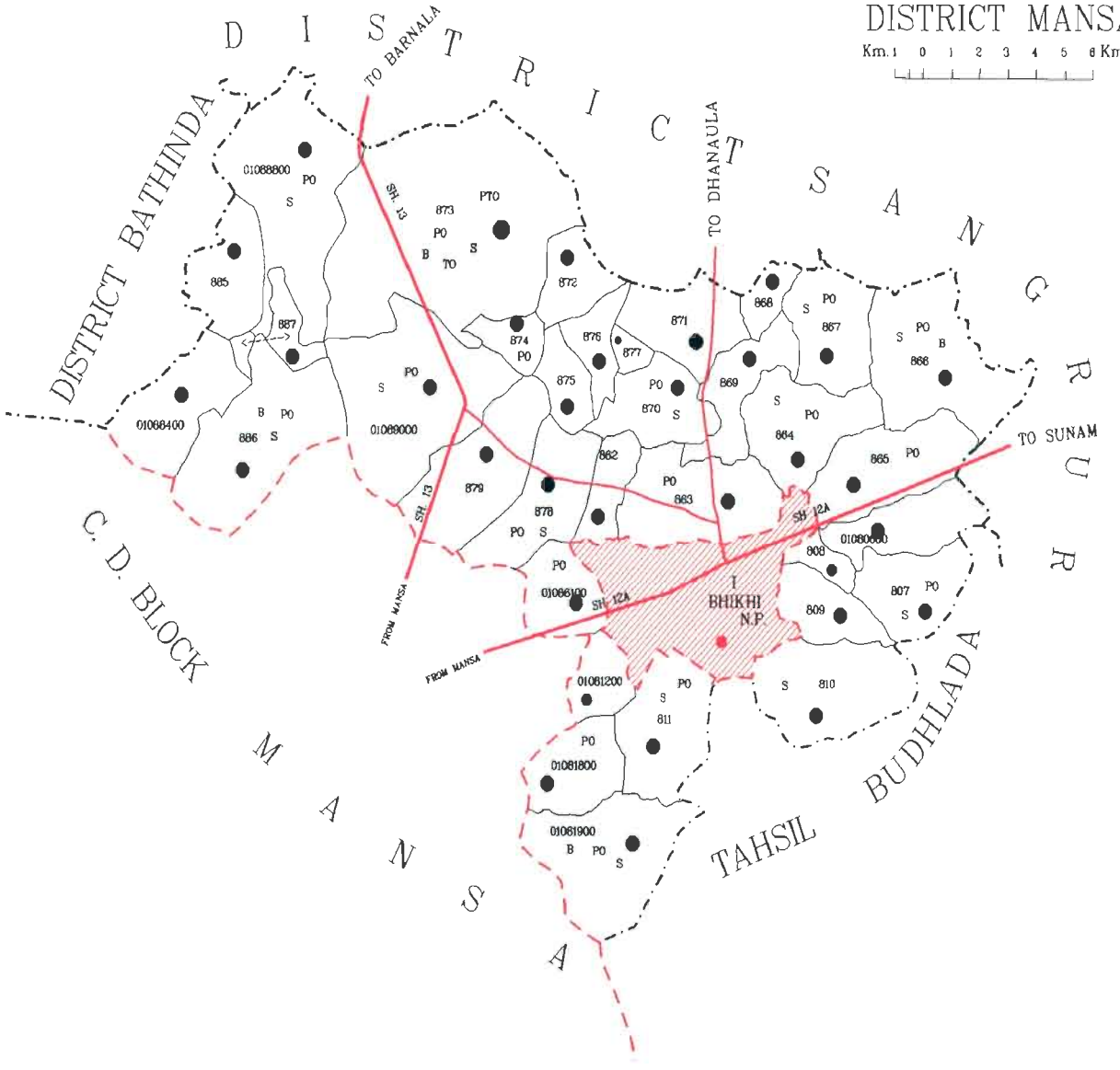
LIST OF VILLAGES TREATED AS TOWNS AT 2001 CENSUS

Serial No.	Name of village	Status of town
1	2	3
	NIL	

Map of CD Block Bhikhi

INDIA
PUNJAB
C.D.BLOCK BHIKHI
TAHSIL MANSA
DISTRICT MANSA

Km. 1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 Km.



BOUNDARY, DISTRICT . . . . . ——·——·——
" TAHSIL . . . . . ——·——·——
" C.D. BLOCK . . . . . - - - - -
" VILLAGE WITH P.L.C. NUMBER . . . 01080600
HEADQUARTERS: C.D. BLOCK . . . . . .
POPULATION SIZE CLASS OF VILLAGES:BELOW 200,200–499,500–999,1000–4999,5000 AND ABOVE . o • ● ● ●
UNINHABITED VILLAGE WITH P.L.C. NUMBER . . X
URBAN AREA WITH LOCATION CODE 1
STATE HIGHWAY . . . . . SH 12A
IMPORTANT METALLED ROAD . . . . . ———
POST OFFICE/TELEPHONE OFFICE/POST AND TELEGRAPH OFFICE . . . . . PO/TO/PTO
SECONDARY OR SENIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL . . S
PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE . . . . . .
BANK . . . . . B

C.D.BLOCK BOUNDARY EXCLUDES STATUTORY TOWN (S)

BOUNDARIES ARE UPDATED UPTO 1.1.2000.

TOTAL AREA OF C.D. BLOCK (In Sq. Km).	361.76
TOTAL POPULATION OF C.D BLOCK	98,218
TOTAL NUMBER OF TOWNS IN C.D. BLOCK	1
TOTAL NUMBER OF VILLAGES IN C.D. BLOCK	34
DISTANCE FROM DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS (In Kms)	17

Based upon Survey of India map with the permission of the Surveyor General of India.

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ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES (C.D. Block wise)

Name of the District : Mansa

Serial number	Name of village	2001 Census location code number	1991 Census location code number
1	2	3	4
Name of CD Block: Bhikhi (0001)			
Name of Tahsil : Mansa (0003)			
1	Aklia	01088800	110040009000900015
2	Ali Sher Khurd	01087500	110040009000900019
3	Alisher Kalan	01087600	110040009000900023
4	Anupgarh	01087200	110040009000900022
5	Atla Kalan	01087800	110040009000900018
6	Atla Khurd	01086200	110040009000900027
7	Bapiana	01081800	110040009000900057
8	Bhopal	01087900	110040009000900017
9	Bir Khurd	01080600	110040009000900035
10	Burj Dhilwan	01088400	110040009000900012
11	Burj Jhabran	01088700	110040009000900013
12	Dhalewan	01081000	110040009000900045
13	Fafre Bhaike	01081900	110040009000900054
14	Gurthari	01086900	110040009000900029
15	Hamirgarh Urf Dhaipai	01086500	110040009000900034
16	Heron Kalan	01086600	110040009000900033
17	Hodla kalan	01080700	110040009000900037
18	Jassarwala	01080800	110040009000900036
19	Joga	01087300	110040009000900021
20	Khiwa Kalan	01086400	110040009000900032
21	Khiwa Khurd	01086700	110040009000900031
22	Khiwadialuwala	01086800	110040009000900030
23	Kishangarh Urf Pharwahi	01081100	110040009000900058
24	Kotra	01086100	110040009000900061
25	Makha Chehlan	01087400	110040009000900020
26	Matti	01087000	110040009000900026
27	Maujo Kalan	01087700	110040009000900024
28	Maujo Khurd	01087100	110040009000900025
29	Mohar Singhwala	01080900	110040009000900046
30	Moola Singhwala	01081200	110040009000900059
31	Ralla	01088000	110040009000900016
32	Rar	01088500	110040009000900014
33	Samaon	01086300	110040009000900028
34	Ubha	01088600	110040009000900010

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Mansa (0003)												
1	Bir Khurd (01080600)	771.0	1,636	279	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW TK R C SS-T	PH(45) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
2	Hodla Kalan (01080700)	910.0	2,391	387	P M S C(5-10)	D CWC H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP C SS-T	PO PH(60)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS OCS	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
3	Jassarwala (01080800)	170.0	565	95	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	D H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP C SS-T	PH(25) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
4	Mohar Singhwala (01080900)	602.0	1,960	316	P M C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW R C SS-T	PH(30) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
5	Dhalewan (01081000)	1,426.0	3,549	620	P M S C(5-10)	D PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(40) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS OCS(10+)	SP CV(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
6	Kishangarh Urf Pharwahi (01081100)	1,190.0	3,544	611	P M S C(5-10)	D H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(30)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS OCS	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
7	Moola Singhwala (01081200)	520.0	890	147	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(37) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	SP CV(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
8	Bapiana (01081800)	828.0	2,125	389	P M C(5-10)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(30)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	SP CV(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
9	Fafre Bhaike (01081900)	1,641.0	4,340	780	P(3) M(2) S PUC C(5-10)	D MCW PHS RMP H(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(150)	CM CP	ACS NCS(2) OCS	SP(2) ST CV(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Bhikhi (9)	EA	N M	Khadder	-	GC(564.0) TWE(143.0) T(707.0)	-	2.0	62.0	Bir Khurd (01080600)	1
PR FP	Bhikhi (10)	EA	N M	Oil	-	GC(445.0) TWE(365.0) T(810.0)	93.0	1.0	6.0	Hodla Kalan (01080700)	2
PR FP	Bhikhi (7)	EA	N M	Oil	-	GC(73.0) TWE(75.0) T(148.0)	3.0	1.0	18.0	Jassarwala (01080800)	3
PR FP	Bhikhi (12)	EA	N M	Saop	1.0	GC(385.0) WE(171.0) T(556.0)	3.0	-	42.0	Mohar Singhwala (01080900)	4
PR FP	Bhikhi (9)	EA	N M	Saop	1.0	GC(501.0) TW(769.0) T(1270.0)	10.0	-	145.0	Dhalewan (01081000)	5
PR FP	Bhikhi (6)	EA	N M	Darries	1.0	GC(805.0) TWE(165.0) T(970.0)	39.0	71.0	109.0	Kishangarh Urf Pharwahi (01081100)	6
PR FP	Bhikhi (8)	EA	N M	Darries	1.0	GC(276.0) WE(76.0) TWE(77.0) T(429.0)	40.0	-	50.0	Moola Singhwala (01081200)	7
PR FP	Mansa (8)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(493.0) TWE(244.0) T(737.0)	39.0	8.0	44.0	Bapiana (01081800)	8
PR FP	Budhlada (8)	EA	N M	Gur	1.0	GC(938.0) TWE(519.0) T(1457.0)	32.0	-	151.0	Fafre Bhaike (01081900)	9

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Mansa (0003)												
10	Kotra (01086100)	745.0	2,799	476	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP C SS-T	PO PH(28)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
11	Atla Khurd (01086200)	606.0	1,773	309	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP C SS-T	PH(28) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
12	Samaon (01086300)	1,238.0	4,047	705	P M C(< 5)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(< 5) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW C SS-T	PO PH(30)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
13	Khiwa Kalan (01086400)	1,183.0	3,658	625	P M S I C(5-10)	D PHS H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(21)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
14	Hamirgarh Urf Dhaipai (01086500)	1,185.0	2,714	453	P M C(5-10)	MCW PHC PHS H(< 5)	T HP C SS-T	PO PH(70)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	NCS ACS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
15	Heron Kalan (01086600)	1,495.0	4,442	738	P M S C(5-10)	D PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(28)	CM CP(5-10)	ACS NCS OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
16	Khiwa Khurd (01086700)	954.0	2,483	441	P M S C(5-10)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(25)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
17	Khiwadialuwala (01086800)	376.0	1,563	252	P M C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(8) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
18	Gurthari (01086900)	783.0	1,675	298	P I M(< 5) C(5-10)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(12) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	ST CV(5-10) SP(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare) Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation	Name of village	Serial number
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Bhikhi (1)	EA	N M	Khadder	1.0	GC(656.0) WE(7.0) TW(7.0) T(670.0)	7.0	-	67.0	Kotra (01086100)	10
PR FP	Bhikhi (5)	EA	N M	Gur	1.0	GC(405.0) TW(61.0) TWE(43.0) T(509.0)	50.0	20.0	26.0	Atla Khurd (01086200)	11
PR FP	Bhikhi (7)	ED EAG EO	N M	Saop	1.0	GC(619.0) TW(489.0) T(1108.0)	45.0	-	84.0	Samaon (01086300)	12
PR FP	Bhikhi (5)	ED EAG EO	N M	-	1.0	GC(756.0) TW(221.0) T(977.0)	107.0	4.0	94.0	Khiwa Kalan (01086400)	13
PR FP	Bhikhi (7)	EA	N M	Khadder	1.0	GC(853.0) TWE(137.0) T(990.0)	55.0	6.0	133.0	Hamirgarh Urf Dhaipai (01086500)	14
PR FP	Cheema (5)	EA	N M	Khadder	1.0	GC(202.0) WE(496.0) TWE(640.0) T(1338.0)	23.0	1.0	132.0	Heron Kalan (01086600)	15
PR FP	Bhikhi (9)	EA	N M	Gur	1.0	GC(618.0) WE(268.0) T(886.0)	-	1.0	66.0	Khiwa Khurd (01086700)	16
PR FP	Bhikhi (9)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(306.0) TWE(22.0) T(328.0)	15.0	1.0	32.0	Khiwadialuwala (01086800)	17
PR FP	Bhikhi (6)	EA	N M	-	1.0	GC(288.0) TW(244.0) T(532.0)	188.0	1.0	61.0	Gurthari (01086900)	18

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Mansa (0003)												
19	Matti (01087000)	1,367.0	3,422	619	P M S AC C(5-10)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP C SS-T	PO PH(40)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	ACS OCS NCS(< 5)	SP CV(10+) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
20	Maujo Khurd (01087100)	506.0	1,370	223	P M AC C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(16) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
21	Anupgarh (01087200)	542.0	1,071	191	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(< 5) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW SS-T	PH(25) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
22	Joga (01087300)	3,584.0	9,325	1,656	P(9) M(3) S(2) PUC(2) C(10+)	MCW HC PHC PHS H(10+)	T HP SS-T	PO TO PTO PH(250)	CM CP	ACS NCS(2) OCS	SP CV(10+) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
23	Makha Chehlan (01087400)	537.0	1,253	214	P M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(< 5) PHC(10+)	T HP TW C SS-T	PO PH(45)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	ST CV(10+) SP(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
24	Ali Sher Khurd (01087500)	501.0	1,343	241	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(55) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	SP CV(10+) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
25	Alisher Kalan (01087600)	501.0	1,092	186	P M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(35) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	SP CV(10+) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
26	Maujo Kalan (01087700)	91.0	354	55	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(12) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
27	Atla Kalan (01087800)	983.0	2,749	478	P M S C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(25)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Bhikhi (7)	EA	N M	Gur	1.0	GC(857.0) TW(15.0) T(872.0)	400.0	22.0	72.0	Matti (01087000)	19
PR FP	Bhikhi (9)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(397.0) TW(49.0) TWE(23.0) T(469.0)	-	3.0	34.0	Maujo Khurd (01087100)	20
PR FP	Bhikhi (12)	EA	N M	-	1.0	GC(67.0) TW(115.0) TWE(102.0) T(284.0)	203.0	2.0	52.0	Anupgarh (01087200)	21
PR FP	Mansa (21)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(1950.0) TW(165.0) TWE(250.0) T(2365.0)	935.0	-	284.0	Joga (01087300)	22
PR FP	Bhikhi (12)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(131.0) TW(117.0) TWE(81.0) T(329.0)	149.0	3.0	56.0	Makha Chehlan (01087400)	23
PR FP	Bhikhi (12)	ED EAG EO	N M	-	-	GC(469.0) T(469.0)	-	-	32.0	Ali Sher Khurd (01087500)	24
PR FP	Bhikhi (10)	ED EAG EO	N M	Oil	1.0	GC(146.0) W(1.0) TW(49.0) TWE(4.0) T(200.0)	33.0	179.0	88.0	Alisher Kalan (01087600)	25
PR FP	Bhikhi (9)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(38.0) TW(36.0) TWE(8.0) T(82.0)	-	2.0	7.0	Maujo Kalan (01087700)	26
PR FP	Bhikhi (7)	EA	N M	-	1.0	GC(900.0) T(900.0)	-	12.0	70.0	Atla Kalan (01087800)	27

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Mansa (0003)												
28	Bhopal (01087900)	1,271.0	3,564	592	P(2) M I(5) C(10+)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(70) PO(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(< 5)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
29	Ralla (01088000)	2,870.0	7,054	1,224	P(6) M(2) S(2) C(10+)	D MH PHS CHW H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW SS-T	PO PH(75)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
30	Burj Dhilwan (01088400)	955.0	3,616	623	P M(< 5) C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(30) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
31	Rar (01088500)	799.0	2,214	357	P M C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(90) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
32	Ubha (01088600)	1,993.0	4,933	838	P(3) M S C(5-10)	PHC PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(125)	CM CP(5-10)	ACS NCS OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
33	Burj Jhabran (01088700)	391.0	1,191	209	P M C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(25) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
34	Aklia (01088800)	2,662.0	7,513	1,311	P(3) M S C(10+)	D PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(75)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
	Block Total	**36176.0**	**98218**	**16938**	**P(54) M(28) S(15) PUC(3) I() AC(2)**	**D(9) MCW(3) MH CWC HC PHC(3) PHS(18) RMP CHW**	**T(34) TK HP(34) TW(6) R(2) C(10)**	**PO(17) TO PTO PH(1690)**	**CM(4) CP(2)**	**ACS(16) NCS(11) OCS(5)**	**ST(3) SP(9)**	**BS(34)**

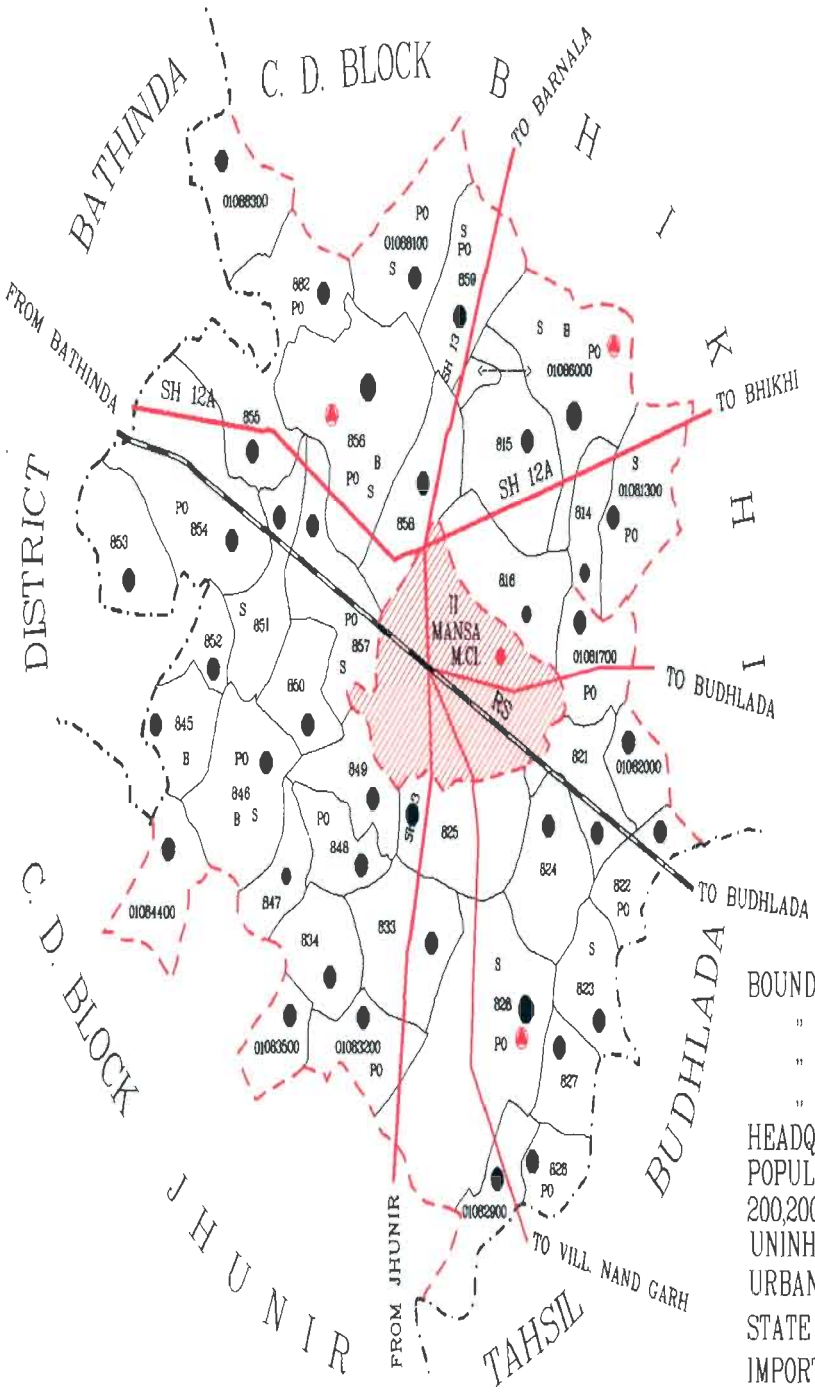
Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Bhikhi (12)	EA	N M	-	1.0	GC(1178.0) T(1178.0)	-	-	92.0	Bhopal (01087900)	28
PR FP	Bhikhi (12)	ED EAG EO	N M	-	-	GC(1484.0) TW(396.0) TWE(364.0) T(2244.0)	240.0	80.0	306.0	Ralla (01088000)	29
PR FP	Mansa (15)	ED EAG EO	N M	Darries	1.0	GC(834.0) TW(16.0) TWE(18.0) T(868.0)	85.0	-	1.0	Burj Dhilwan (01088400)	30
PR FP	Mansa (26)	EA	N M	-	1.0	GC(735.0) TWE(1.0) T(736.0)	-	-	62.0	Rar (01088500)	31
PR FP	Mansa (14)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(1169.0) TW(94.0) TWE(121.0) T(1384.0)	506.0	40.0	63.0	Ubha (01088600)	32
PR FP	Mansa (22)	ED EAG EO	N M	Darries	1.0	GC(266.0) TW(33.0) TWE(41.0) T(340.0)	-	-	50.0	Burj Jhabran (01088700)	33
PR FP	Mansa (23)	EA	N M	-	1.0	GC(2217.0) TWE(78.0) T(2295.0)	145.0	34.0	187.0	Aklia (01088800)	34
PR(34) FP(34)		**ED(7) EAG(7) EO(7) EA(27)**	**N(34) M(34)**		**22.0**	**GC(22021) W(1) WE(1018) TW(2876) TWE(3521) T(29437)**	**3445.0**	**494.0**	**2778.0**		

Map of CD Block Mansa

INDIA
PUNJAB
C.D.BLOCK MANSA
TAHSIL MANSA
DISTRICT MANSA

Km. 1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 Km.



TOTAL AREA OF C.D. BLOCK (In Sq. Km.)	355.41
TOTAL POPULATION OF C.D. BLOCK	94,641
TOTAL NUMBER OF TOWNS IN C.D. BLOCK	1
TOTAL NUMBER OF VILLAGES IN C.D. BLOCK	39
DISTANCE FROM DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS (In Kms.)	NIL

BOUNDARY, DISTRICT	
" TAHSIL	
" C.D.BLOCK	
" VILLAGE WITH P.L.C.NUMBER	01082800
HEADQUARTERS: C.D.BLOCK	
POPULATION SIZE CLASS OF VILLAGES:BELOW 200,200-499,500-999,1000-4999,5000 AND ABOVE	
UNINHABITED VILLAGE WITH P.L.C.NUMBER	X
URBAN AREA WITH LOCATION CODE	01
STATE HIGHWAY	SH 12A
IMPORTANT METALLED ROAD	
RAILWAY LINE WITH STATION, BROAD GAUGE	RS
POST OFFICE/TELEPHONE OFFICE/POST AND TELEGRAPH OFFICE	PO/TO/PTO
SECONDARY OR SENIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL	S
PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE	
BANK	B

C.D.BLOCK BOUNDARY EXCLUDES STATUTORY TOWN (S).

BOUNDARIES ARE UPDATED UPTO 1.1.2000.

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ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES (C.D. Block wise)

Name of the District : Mansa

Serial number	Name of village	2001 Census location code number	1991 Census location code number
1	2	3	4
Name of CD Block: Mansa (0002)			
Name of Tahsil : Mansa (0003)			
1	Aspal	01085200	110040009000900083
2	Barnala	01082400	110040009000900067
3	Bhai Desa	01085500	110040009000900003
4	Bhaini Bagha	01085600	110040009000900006
5	Burj Hari	01088100	110040009000900009
6	Burj Rathi	01088200	110040009000900005
7	Chakerian	01082100	110040009000900066
8	Dalei Singhwala	01081300	110040009000900060
9	Deluana	01082900	110040007000700072
10	Dullowala	01083200	110040007000700074
11	Gagowal	01084700	110040009000900086
12	Gehle	01084800	110040009000900087
13	Ghrangne	01083400	110040009000900088
14	Hirewala	01082700	110040009000900070
15	Jawaharke	01082500	110040009000900076
16	Kalho	01085300	110040009000900082
17	Karamgarh Urf Autanwali	01084400	110040007000700095
18	Khara	01082300	110040009000900069
19	Kharak Singhwala	01088300	110040009000900011
20	Khiala Kalan	01086000	110040009000900063
21	Khiala Khurd	01081400	110040009000900062
22	Khilian	01082000	110040009000900055
23	Khokhar Kalan	01085700	110040009000900079
24	Khokhar Khurd	01085000	110040009000900078
25	Kot Lallu	01081700	110040009000900056
26	Kotli kalan	01085400	110040009000900081
27	Malakpur	01081500	110040009000900064
28	Man Bibrian	01084500	110040009000900084
29	Mansa Khurd	01081600	110040009000900065
30	Maujian	01083500	110040007000700089
31	Mussa	01084600	110040009000900085
32	Nangal Kalan	01082600	110040009000900073
33	Nangal Khurd	01083300	110040009000900075
34	Narenderpura Urf Baglianwali	01082200	110040009000900068
35	Ram Dittawala	01084900	110040009000900077
36	Sadda Singhwala	01085100	110040009000900080
37	Saharna	01082800	110040007000700071
38	Tamkot	01085900	110040009000900008
39	Thuthianwali	01085800	110040009000900007

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Mansa (0003)												
1	Dalel Singhwala (01081300)	938.0	2,752	514	P M S I(2) C (5-10)	D PHS CHW H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(29)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	SP CV(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
2	Khiala Khurd (01081400)	425.0	857	131	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP SS-HP	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
3	Malakpur (01081500)	1,115.0	2,417	478	P I M(< 5) C(5-10)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(49) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
4	Mansa Khurd (01081600)	979.0	990	199	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP C SS-T	PH(25) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(< 5) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)
5	Kot Lallu (01081700)	700.0	2,656	481	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	CHW H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(31)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
6	Khilian (01082000)	441.0	1,471	267	P M C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(25) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
7	Chakerian (01082100)	772.0	2,265	432	P M C(5-10)	PHS H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(35) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	SP CV(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
8	Narenderpura Urf Baglianwali (01082200)	686.0	1,622	280	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP TW SS-T	PO PH(30)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	SP CV(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
9	Khara (01082300)	773.0	1,823	307	P M S C(5-10)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(24) PO(< 5)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	ACS NCS OCS(5-10)	SP(2) CV(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Bhikhi (8)	EA	N M	Khadder	1.0	GC(701.0) TWE(103.0) T(804.0)	68.0	-	65.0	Dalel Singhwala (01081300)	1
PR FP	Bhikhi (1)	ED EAG EO	N	-	1.0	GC(393.0) TW(5.0) T(398.0)	6.0	-	20.0	Khiala Khurd (01081400)	2
PR FP	Mansa (6)	EA	N M	Darries	1.0	GC(865.0) TW(44.0) TWE(24.0) T(933.0)	-	-	181.0	Malakpur (01081500)	3
PR FP	Mansa (1)	EA	N M	Darries	1.0	GC(648.0) TW(113.0) T(761.0)	160.0	-	57.0	Mansa Khurd (01081600)	4
PR FP	Mansa (5)	EA	N M	Shoes	1.0	GC(618.0) T(618.0)	6.0	-	75.0	Kot Lallu (01081700)	5
PR FP	Mansa (7)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(376.0) TWE(25.0) T(401.0)	-	-	40.0	Khilian (01082000)	6
PR FP	Mansa (5)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(697.0) T(697.0)	-	-	75.0	Chakerian (01082100)	7
PR FP	Mansa (10)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(461.0) TW(117.0) TWE(13.0) T(591.0)	42.0	20.0	33.0	Narenderpura Urf Baglianwali (01082200)	8
PR FP	Mansa (8)	EA	N M	Earthen Pots	-	GC(528.0) TWE(25.0) T(553.0)	37.0	-	183.0	Khara (01082300)	9

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Mansa (0003)												
10	Barnala (01082400)	932.0	3,010	558	P M I Tr C(< 5)	D PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(38) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	SP CV(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
11	Jawaharke (01082500)	1,136.0	4,046	741	P M C(5-10)	CWC PHS H(< 5) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(35) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	NCS ACS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	SP CV(< 5) ST(10+)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
12	Nangal Kalan (01082600)	2,393.0	7,031	1,273	P(2) M(2) S PUC C	PHC PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10)	T HP C SS-T	PO PH(75)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
13	Hirewala (01082700)	544.0	1,521	273	P M C(5-10)	CHW H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(44) PO(< 5)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
14	Saharna (01082800)	344.0	1,494	261	P M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(20)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
15	Deluana (01082900)	783.0	1,509	267	P M AC C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(41) PO(< 5)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	SP ST CV(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
16	Dullowala (01083200)	705.0	2,299	406	P M C(5-10)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(70)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
17	Nangal Khurd (01083300)	1,093.0	2,339	409	P M C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(80) PO(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
18	Ghrangne (01083400)	664.0	2,075	384	P M C(5-10)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(75) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Mansa (8)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(796.0) TWE(46.0) T(842.0)	12.0	-	78.0	Barnala (01082400)	10
PR FP	Mansa (1)	ED EAG EO	N M	-	-	GC(1025.0) TWE(22.0) T(1047.0)	-	-	89.0	Jawaharke (01082500)	11
PR FP	Mansa (7)	ED EAG EO	N M	Cotton Bails	-	GC(1501.0) TWE(325.0) T(1826.0)	201.0	-	366.0	Nangal Kalan (01082600)	12
PR FP	Mansa (13)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(385.0) TWE(25.0) T(410.0)	70.0	-	64.0	Hirewala (01082700)	13
PR FP	Budhlada (10)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(245.0) TW(15.0) TWE(20.0) T(280.0)	27.0	-	37.0	Saharna (01082800)	14
PR FP	Mansa (10)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(605.0) TW(20.0) TWE(7.0) T(632.0)	90.0	-	61.0	Deluana (01082900)	15
PR FP	Mansa (12)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(639.0) T(639.0)	-	-	66.0	Dullowala (01083200)	16
PR FP	Mansa (9)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(1003.0) WE(3.0) T(1006.0)	-	-	87.0	Nangal Khurd (01083300)	17
PR FP	Mansa (9)	ED EAG EO	N M	-	1.0	GC(584.0) T(584.0)	23.0	-	56.0	Ghrangne (01083400)	18

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Mansa (0003)												
19	Maujian (01083500)	441.0	1,251	219	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(30) PO(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
20	Karamgarh Urf Autanwali (01084400)	762.0	1,482	261	P(2) M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW W C SS-T	PH(13) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	SP CV(10+) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
21	Man Bibrian (01084500)	609.0	1,485	252	P M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP TW TK C SS-T	PH(26) PO(5-10)	CP CM(< 5)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	ST CV(10+) SP(5-10)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)
22	Mussa (01084600)	1,233.0	3,294	586	P(2) M S C(10+)	D PHS H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW C SS-T	PO PH(70)	CM CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	SP CV(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
23	Gagowal (01084700)	542.0	814	148	P M C(5-10)	- H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(10+)	T HP TW SS-T	PH(30) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
24	Gehle (01084800)	523.0	1,657	281	P M C(5-10)	D H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(35)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
25	Ram Dittawala (01084900)	625.0	2,038	384	P 1 Tr AC M(< 5) C(< 5)	CWC H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW W TK SS-T	PH(30) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	SP ST(2) CV(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
26	Khokhar Khurd (01085000)	699.0	1,722	303	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(30) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)
27	Sadda Singhwala (01085100)	818.0	1,913	343	P(2) M(2) S PUC C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW C SS-T	PH(35) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Mansa (13)	ED EAG EO	N M	-	1.0	GC(396.0) TW(1.0) T(397.0)	1.0	-	42.0	Maujian (01083500)	19
PR FP	Mansa (14)	EA	N M	Darries	1.0	GC(461.0) TW(85.0) TWE(1.0) T(547.0)	178.0	-	36.0	Karamgarh Urf Autanwali (01084400)	20
PR FP	Mansa (13)	EA	N M	Gur	1.0	GC(460.0) TWE(97.0) T(557.0)	1.0	1.0	49.0	Man Bibrian (01084500)	21
PR FP	Mansa (10)	EA	N M	Darries	1.0	GC(787.0) T(787.0)	282.0	-	163.0	Mussa (01084600)	22
PR FP	Mansa (10)	ED EAG EO	N M	-	1.0	GC(445.0) T(445.0)	62.0	-	34.0	Gagowal (01084700)	23
PR FP	Mansa (7)	ED EAG EO	N M	-	1.0	GC(427.0) TW(1.0) T(428.0)	47.0	-	47.0	Gehle (01084800)	24
PR FP	Mansa (5)	ED EAG EO	N M	-	-	GC(507.0) TW(81.0) TWE(2.0) T(590.0)	-	-	35.0	Ram Dittawala (01084900)	25
PR FP	Mansa (8)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(388.0) TW(87.0) TWE(127.0) T(602.0)	44.0	-	53.0	Khokhar Khurd (01085000)	26
PR FP	Mansa (10)	EA	N M	-	1.0	GC(430.0) TW(210.0) TWE(87.0) T(727.0)	-	-	90.0	Sadda Singhwala (01085100)	27

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Mansa (0003)												
28	Aspal (01085200)	327.0	760	142	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(20) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)
29	Kalho (01085300)	903.0	1,903	360	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP W C SS-T	PH(48) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)
30	Kotli Kalan (01085400)	1,807.0	4,008	637	P M C(10+)	D PHS H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW C SS-T	PH(70) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS NW(10+)
31	Bhai Desa (01085500)	653.0	1,315	277	P M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(35) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)
32	Bhaini Bagha (01085600)	2,280.0	5,381	891	P(5) M(2) S PUC C(5-10)	MCW MH PHC PHS H(5-10)	T HP C SS-T	PO PH(75)	CM CP(5-10)	ACS NCS OCS(5-10)	SP CV(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
33	Khokhar Kalan (01085700)	1,138.0	3,171	572	P M S AC C(5-10)	D PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW C SS-T	PO PH(59)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
34	Thuthianwali (01085800)	919.0	3,417	594	P M C(5-10)	PHS RMP H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(28) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
35	Tamkot (01085900)	905.0	2,633	464	P M S C(5-10)	RMP H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(30)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	SP CV(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
36	Khiala Kalan (01086000)	1,806.0	5,885	1,040	P(3) M S C(5-10)	D MCW HC PHC PHS FWC H(5-10)	T HP W C SS-T	PO PH(75)	CM CP	ACS NCS OCS(10+)	SP ST CV(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare) Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation	Name of village	Serial number
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Mansa (13)	ED EAG	N	Darries	1.0	GC(258.0) TW(2.0) T(260.0)	39.0	-	27.0	Aspal (01085200)	28
PR FP	Maur (14)	EA	N M	Darries	1.0	GC(550.0) TW(119.0) T(669.0)	171.0	-	62.0	Kalho (01085300)	29
PR FP	Maur (10)	EA	N M	-	1.0	GC(963.0) TW(376.0) T(1339.0)	280.0	2.0	185.0	Kotli Kalan (01085400)	30
PR FP	Mansa (5)	ED EAG EO	N M	-	-	GC(211.0) WE(121.0) TW(121.0) TWE(106.0) T(559.0)	-	-	94.0	Bhai Desa (01085500)	31
PR FP	Mansa (7)	EA	N M	Darries	1.0	GC(1242.0) TW(358.0) TWE(202.0) T(1802.0)	257.0	-	220.0	Bhaini Bagha (01085600)	32
PR FP	Mansa (8)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(806.0) TW(84.0) TWE(20.0) T(910.0)	117.0	-	111.0	Khokhar Kalan (01085700)	33
PR FP	Mansa (8)	EA	N M	Darries	1.0	GC(603.0) TW(182.0) TWE(47.0) T(832.0)	-	-	86.0	Thuthianwali (01085800)	34
PR FP	Mansa (5)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(685.0) TW(96.0) T(781.0)	36.0	-	88.0	Tamkot (01085900)	35
PR FP	Mansa (5)	ED EAG EO	N M	Gur	1.0	GC(1128.0) WE(79.0) TW(79.0) T(1286.0)	423.0	-	96.0	Khiala Kalan (01086000)	36

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Mansa (0003)												
37	Burj Hari (01088100)	1,336.0	3,491	571	P M S C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(55)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
38	Burj Rathi (01088200)	924.0	2,646	435	P M C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP TW.SS-T	PO PH(45)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
39	Kharak Singhwala (01088300)	868.0	2,198	390	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(50) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
	Block Total	**35541.0**	**94641**	**16811**	**P(49) M(30) S(10) PUC(3) C I() Tr(2) AC(3)**	**D(7) MCW(2) MH CWC(2) HC PHC(3) PHS(17) FWC RMP(2) CHW(3)**	**T(37) W(4) TK(2) HP(39) TW(10) C(11)**	**PO(14) PH(1615)**	**CM(3) CP(2)**	**ACS(18) NCS(7) OCS**	**ST(5) SP(14)**	**BS(39) RS(2)**

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Mansa (12)	EA	N M	Darries	1.0	GC(769.0) TW(105.0) TWE(242.0) T(1116.0)	204.0	-	15.0	Burj Hari (01088100)	37
PR FP	Mansa (15)	ED EAG EO	N M	Darries	1.0	GC(633.0) TW(89.0) TWE(90.0) T(812.0)	36.0	-	75.0	Burj Rathi (01088200)	38
PR FP	Maur (8)	ED EAG EO	N M	-	-	GC(443.0) TW(126.0) TWE(81.0) T(650.0)	178.0	-	40.0	Kharak Singhwala (01088300)	39
PR(39) FP(39)		**ED(13) EAG(13) EO(12) EA(26)**	**N(39) M(37)**		**21.0**	**GC(24662) WE(203) TW(2516) TWE(1737) T(29118)**	**3098.0**	**23.0**	**3281.0**		

Map of CD Block Budhlada

INDIA

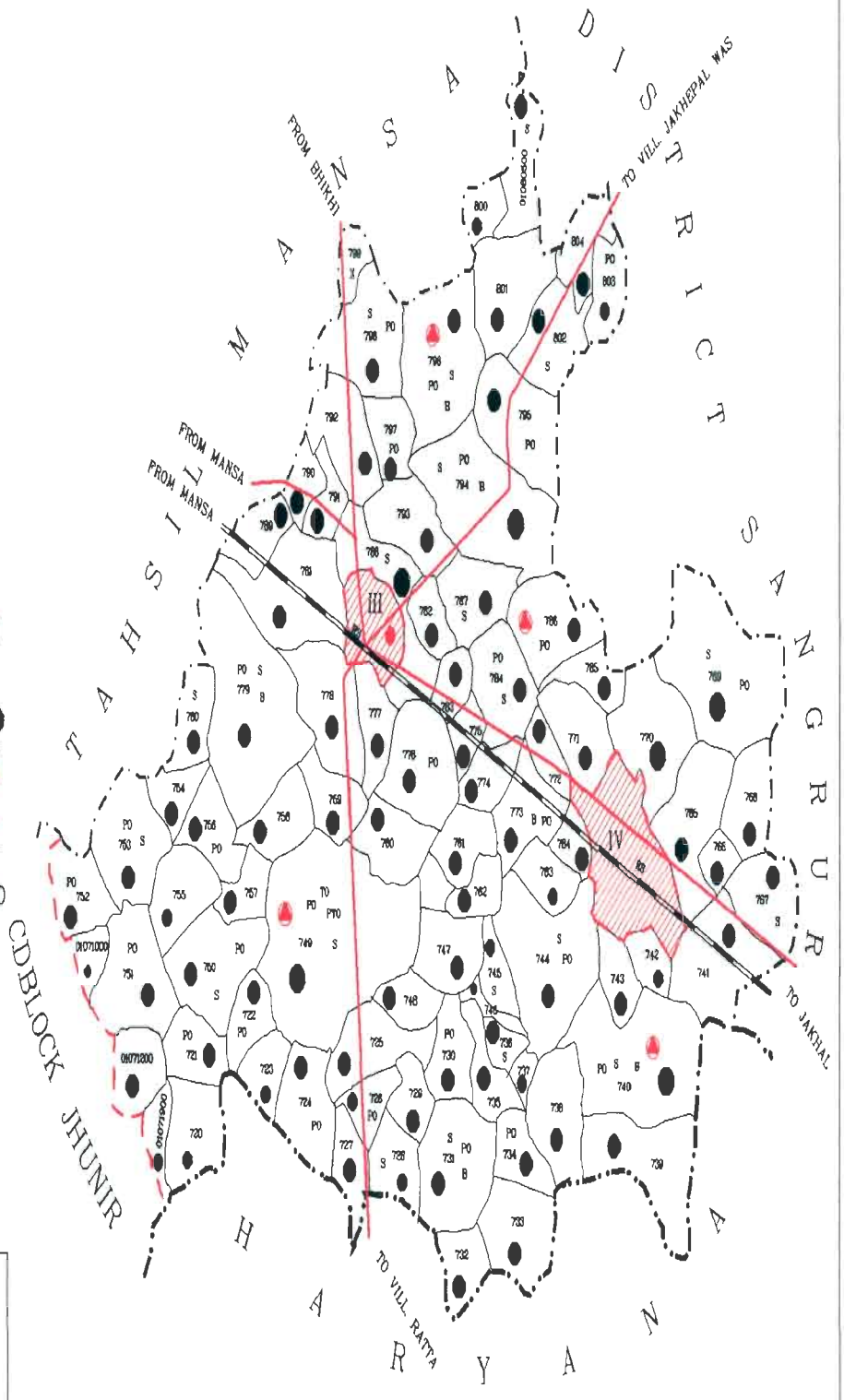
PUNJAB

C.D.BLOCK BUDHLADA

TAHSIL BUDHLADA

DISTRICT MANSA

Kms 0 1 2 3 4 5 6Km.



BOUNDARY, STATE . . . . .

" DISTRICT . . . . .

" TAHSIL . . . . .

" C.D.BLOCK . . . . .

" VILLAGE WITH P.L.C.NUMBER . . 0.079600

HEADQUARTERS: C.D.BLOCK . . . . .

POPULATION SIZE CLASS OF VILLAGES:BELOW 200,200–499,500–999,1000–4999,5000 AND ABOVE

UNINHABITED VILLAGE WITH P.L.C.NUMBER . . X 0.079600

URBAN AREA WITH LOCATION CODE IV

IMPORTANT METALLED ROAD . . . . .

RAILWAY LINE WITH STATION , BROAD GAUGE . BG

POST OFFICE/TELEPHONE OFFICE/POST AND TELEGRAPH OFFICE . . . . . PO/TO/PTO

SECONDARY OR SENIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL S

PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE . . . . .

BANK . . . . . B

C.D. BLOCK BOUNDARY EXCLUDES STATUTORY TOWN (S).

BOUNDARIES ARE UPDATED UPTO 1.1.2000.

TOTAL AREA OF C.D. BLOCK (In Sq.Km.)	698.87
TOTAL POPULATION OF C.D. BLOCK	192,739
TOTAL NUMBER OF TOWNS IN C.D. BLOCK	2
TOTAL NUMBER OF VILLAGES IN C.D. BLOCK	89
DISTANCE FROM DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS (In Kms.)	18

III BUDHLADA M.Cl.

IV BARETA M.Cl.

Based upon Survey of India map with the permission of the Surveyor General of India.

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ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES (C.D. Block wise)

Name of the District:Mansa

Serial number	Name of village	2001 Census location code number	1991 Census location code number
1	2	3	4
Name of CD Block: Budhlada			
Name of Tahsil: Sardulgarh (0001)			
1	Chhachhohar	01071000	110040007000700165
2	Nandgarh	01071200	110040007000700162
Name of CD Block: Budhlada			
Name of Tahsil: Budhlada (0002)			
1	Achanak	01076200	110040008000800201
2	Ahmadpur	01078100	110040008000800194
3	Akanwali	01075300	110040007000700175
4	Akbarpur Khudal	01076800	110040008000800237
5	Alampur Bodla	01080300	110040008000800042
6	Alampur Mandran	01075000	110040008000800180
7	Andianwali	01073500	110040008000800213
8	Bachhoana	01079400	110040008000800228
9	Bahadarpur	01077000	110040008000800235
10	Bakhshiwala	01076700	110040008000800238
11	Barah	01077900	110040008000800192
12	Bhadra	01080200	110040008000800043
13	Bhakhrial	01073700	110040008000800212
14	Bhawa	01073800	110040008000800211
15	Birewala Dogran	01073300	110040008000800209
16	Biroke Kalan	01079600	110040008000800044
17	Boha	01074900	110040008000800189
18	Borawal	01079800	110040008000800049
19	Budhlada(R)	01078800	110040008000800224
20	Budhpura	01079900	110040008000800048
21	Chak Alisher	01073400	110040008000800210
22	Chakan	01079300	110040008000800227
23	Dalelwala	01075100	110040007000700164
24	Dariapur	01077500	110040008000800221
25	Datewas	01078400	110040008000800222
26	Dharampura	01074400	110040008000800217
27	Dialpura	01077100	110040008000800232
28	Dodra	01079500	110040008000800229
29	Faridke	01072000	110040008000800183
30	Gamiwala	01072500	110040008000800188
31	Gandu Kalan	01072800	110040008000800206
32	Gandu Khurd	01072900	110040008000800205

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES (C.D. Block wise)

Name of the District:Mansa

Serial number	Name of village	2001 Census location code number	1991 Census location code number
1	2	3	4
33	Gobindpura	01077300	110040008000800219
34	Gorakh Nath	01073900	110040008000800245
35	Guradi	01080100	110040008000800040
36	Gurne Kalan	01079200	110040008000800051
37	Gurne Khurd	01079100	110040008000800052
38	Hakamwala	01072400	110040008000800185
39	Hassanpur	01079000	110040008000800053
40	Heron Khurd	01080500	110040008000800039
41	Jalwehra	01076400	110040008000800234
42	Jitgarh Urf Biroke Khurd	01079700	110040008000800050
43	Joian	01075500	110040008000800179
44	Juglan	01074200	110040008000800242
45	Kahangarh	01074100	110040008000800241
46	Kalehri	01078900	110040008000800193
47	Kanakwal Chahlan	01080400	110040008000800041
48	Karipur	01077700	110040008000800196
49	Kasampur Chhina	01075700	110040008000800190
50	Khatriwala	01078500	110040008000800231
51	Khiwa Mihan Singh Urf Smundgarh	01080000	110040008000800038
52	Khudal Kalan	01076500	110040008000800240
53	Khudal Shekhupur	01076600	110040008000800239
54	Kishangarh Urf Sedha Singhewala	01076900	110040008000800236
55	Kulana	01077600	110040008000800199
56	Kulrian	01074000	110040008000800244
57	Lakhiwala	01072600	110040008000800187
58	Lakhmirwala	01075200	110040007000700174
59	Maghanian	01073000	110040008000800204
60	Mal Singhwala	01075800	110040008000800191
61	Malakpur Bhimra	01072300	110040008000800184
62	Malkon	01072100	110040008000800163
63	Mander	01074300	110040008000800243
64	Mandhali	01075400	110040008000800176
65	Phuluwala Dod	01077400	110040008000800220
66	Phuluwala Dogran	01077800	110040008000800195
67	Piplian	01078000	110040008000800177
68	Rali	01078700	110040008000800226
69	Ram Nagar Bhathal	01075900	110040008000800197
70	Ramgarh	01078300	110040008000800223

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES (C.D. Block wise) concld....

Name of the District:Mansa

Serial number	Name of village	2001 Census location code number	1991 Census location code number
1	2	3	4
71	Ramgarh Shah Purian	01073600	110040008000800214
72	Rampur Mander	01076000	110040008000800198
73	Ranghrial	01078600	110040008000800230
74	Reond Kalan	01073100	110040008000800207
75	Reond Khurd	01073200	110040008000800208
76	Saidewala	01074700	110040008000800202
77	Sandli	01071900	110040008000800182
78	Sanghreri	01076300	110040008000800218
79	Saswali	01074500	110040008000800216
80	Satike	01076100	110040008000800200
81	Sher Khanwala	01074800	110040008000800203
82	Sirsiwala	01077200	110040008000800233
83	Tahlian	01075600	110040008000800178
84	Talabwala	01072700	110040008000800186
85	Talwandi	01078200	110040008000800225
86	Todarpur	01074600	110040008000800215
87	Udat Saidewala	01072200	110040008000800181

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Sardulgarh (0001)												
1	Chhachhohar (01071000)	250.0	459	80	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP TW SS-T	PH(25) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
2	Nandgarh (01071200)	609.0	1,565	278	P M(< 5) C(10+)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(< 5) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(55) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS OCS(5-10)	SP CV(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
Tahsil : Budhlada (0002)												
3	Sandli (01071900)	247.0	528	94	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(10) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
4	Faridke (01072000)	465.0	689	107	P M(< 5) C(10+)	D H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(12) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
5	Malkon (01072100)	601.0	1,708	271	P M C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(20)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
6	Udat Saidewala (01072200)	557.0	1,528	254	P M C(10+)	D H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(66)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
7	Malakpur Bhimra (01072300)	479.0	807	121	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(10) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(< 5)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
8	Hakamwala (01072400)	856.0	2,434	421	P M C(5-10)	PHS H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(15) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	ST CV(5-10) SP(5-10)	BS RS NW(10+)
9	Gamiwala (01072500)	735.0	1,576	275	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	D H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(12) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(< 5)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Sardulgarh (8)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(205.0) T(205.0)	25.0	5.0	15.0	Chhachhohar (01071000)	1
PR FP	Sardulgarh (9)	EA	N M	Floor	-	GC(455.0) TW(10.0) T(465.0)	95.0	5.0	44.0	Nandgarh (01071200)	2
PR FP	Budhlada (14)	EA	N M	Musterd Oil	-	GC(227.0) T(227.0)	1.0	-	19.0	Sandli (01071900)	3
PR FP	Budhlada (22)	EA	N M	Musterd Oil	-	GC(305.0) T(305.0)	133.0	-	27.0	Faridke (01072000)	4
PR MR FP	Budhlada (17)	EA	N M	Rice	-	GC(497.0) TW(23.0) TWE(13.0) T(533.0)	5.0	-	63.0	Malkon (01072100)	5
PR FP	Budhlada (13)	EA	N M	Rice	-	GC(515.0) T(515.0)	-	-	42.0	Udat Saidewala (01072200)	6
PR FP	Budhlada (15)	EA	-	Rice	-	GC(300.0) TW(16.0) T(316.0)	133.0	-	30.0	Malakpur Bhimra (01072300)	7
PR MR FP	Budhlada (14)	EA	N M	Rice	-	GC(786.0) T(786.0)	14.0	-	56.0	Hakamwala (01072400)	8
PR MR FP	Budhlada (13)	EA	N M	Musterd Oil	-	GC(621.0) TW(3.0) T(624.0)	49.0	5.0	57.0	Gamiwala (01072500)	9

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Budhlada (0002)												
10	Lakhiwala (01072600)	370.0	622	110	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(8) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(< 5)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
11	Talabwala (01072700)	445.0	1,107	191	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(16) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
12	Gandu Kalan (01072800)	458.0	904	146	P M S C(< 5)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(6) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
13	Gandu Khurd (01072900)	435.0	1,267	212	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(20) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
14	Maghanian (01073000)	698.0	1,800	305	P M C(10+)	D PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(45)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
15	Reond Kalan (01073100)	1,199.0	3,385	558	P(2) M S C(10+)	D PHS H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(60)	CM CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
16	Reond Khurd (01073200)	473.0	1,000	164	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(30) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
17	Birewala Dogran (01073300)	741.0	1,381	269	P M C(5-10)	MH H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(40)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
18	Chak Alisher (01073400)	400.0	1,493	235	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(35) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare): Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation	Name of village	Serial number
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Budhlada (16)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(297.0) TWE(4.0) T(301.0)	38.0	-	31.0	Lakhiwala (01072600)	10
PR FP	Budhlada (17)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(386.0) TWE(13.0) T(399.0)	6.0	10.0	30.0	Talabwala (01072700)	11
PR FP	Budhlada (16)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(344.0) TWE(21.0) T(365.0)	58.0	-	35.0	Gandu Kalan (01072800)	12
PR FP	Budhlada (16)	EA	N M	Wheat	-	GC(372.0) T(372.0)	21.0	-	42.0	Gandu Khurd (01072900)	13
PR FP	Bareta (14)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(186.0) TW(121.0) TWE(121.0) T(428.0)	8.0	-	262.0	Maghanian (01073000)	14
PR FP	Mansa (14)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(942.0) TWE(34.0) T(976.0)	123.0	-	100.0	Reond Kalan (01073100)	15
PR FP	Mansa (8)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(413.0) T(413.0)	-	-	60.0	Reond Khurd (01073200)	16
PR FP	Bareta (14)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(336.0) TW(97.0) TWE(168.0) T(601.0)	74.0	17.0	49.0	Birewala Dogran (01073300)	17
PR	Bareta (12)	EA	N M	Rice	-	GC(276.0) TWE(18.0) T(294.0)	66.0	-	40.0	Chak Alisher (01073400)	18

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Budhlada (0002)												
19	Andianwali (01073500)	434.0	1,099	203	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(35) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
20	Ramgarh Shah Purian (01073600)	354.0	1,060	197	P M S C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(35) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	- BS(< 5) RS(5-10) NW(10+)
21	Bhakhrial (01073700)	254.0	999	174	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(15) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
22	Bhawa (01073800)	794.0	1,622	284	P M C(5-10)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(50) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
23	Gorakh Nath (01073900)	654.0	1,015	196	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(10) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
24	Kulrian (01074000)	2,561.0	7,988	1,325	P M S PUC C(10+)	D HC PHC PHS RMP(4) H(5-10) MCW(10+)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(50)	CM CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
25	Kahangarh (01074100)	1,467.0	4,010	689	P M C(10+)	D PHS H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(80)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS NW(10+)
26	Juglan (01074200)	302.0	842	133	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(15) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	- BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
27	Mander (01074300)	495.0	1,710	287	P O M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(25) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare): Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation	Name of village	Serial number
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Bareta (13)	EA	N M	Rice	-	GC(280.0) TW(31.0) T(311.0)	67.0	-	56.0	Andianwali (01073500)	19
PR FP	Bareta (16)	EA	N M	Rice	-	GC(319.0) T(319.0)	2.0	-	33.0	Ramgarh Shah Purian (01073600)	20
PR FP	Bareta (11)	EA	N M	Rice	-	GC(193.0) TW(33.0) T(226.0)	3.0	-	25.0	Bhakhrial (01073700)	21
PR FP	Bareta (10)	EA	N M	Rice	-	GC(391.0) TW(129.0) TWE(201.0) T(721.0)	20.0	-	53.0	Bhawa (01073800)	22
PR MR FP	Bareta (10)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(243.0) TW(40.0) TWE(40.0) T(323.0)	235.0	26.0	70.0	Gorakh Nath (01073900)	23
PR MR FP	Bareta (6)	EA	N M	Shoes	-	GC(1652.0) TW(412.0) TWE(283.0) T(2347.0)	81.0	-	133.0	Kulrian (01074000)	24
PR FP	Bareta (6)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(1245.0) TWE(72.0) T(1317.0)	4.0	17.0	129.0	Kahangarh (01074100)	25
PR MR FP	Bareta (4)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(242.0) TW(10.0) TWE(10.0) T(262.0)	12.0	-	28.0	Juglan (01074200)	26
PR MR FP	Bareta (5)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(374.0) TW(18.0) TWE(22.0) T(414.0)	23.0	-	58.0	Mander (01074300)	27

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Budhlada (0002)												
28	Dharampura (01074400)	1,842.0	4,261	719	P M S C(10+)	D PHS H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(100)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
29	Saswali (01074500)	329.0	716	130	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(15) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(< 5)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
30	Todarpur (01074600)	343.0	311	58	P M(5-10) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(10) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	ACS OCS NCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(< 5)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
31	Saidewala (01074700)	659.0	1,905	349	P M C(10+)	D PHS H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(28)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	SP ST CV(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
32	Sher Khanwala (01074800)	804.0	1,953	349	P M C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(40) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(< 5)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
33	Boha (01074900)	3,825.0	10,589	1,900	P(3) M(2) S(2) PUC I Tr AC C(10+)	D MH CWC HC PHC PHS FWC TB NH RMP(3) H(5-10) MCW(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO TO PTO PH(200)	CM CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(< 5)	SP CV(5-10) ST(< 5)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
34	Alampur Mandran (01075000)	1,222.0	2,800	514	P M S C(10+)	D PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(10+)	T HP W SS-T	PO PH(40)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(< 5)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
35	Dalelwala (01075100)	1,018.0	2,572	415	P M C(5-10)	D PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(45)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OGS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
36	Lakhmirwala (01075200)	631.0	1,584	280	P M C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(50)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare): Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation	Name of village	Serial number
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR MR FP	Bareta (5)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(1639.0) TW(81.0) TWE(40.0) T(1760.0)	40.0	-	42.0	Dharampura (01074400)	28
PR FP	Budhlada (10)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(265.0) TW(3.0) T(268.0)	32.0	-	29.0	Saswali (01074500)	29
PR FP	Bareta (7)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(278.0) T(278.0)	30.0	-	35.0	Todarpur (01074600)	30
PR MR FP	Budhlada (10)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(360.0) TW(167.0) TWE(122.0) T(649.0)	-	-	10.0	Saidewala (01074700)	31
PR FP	Budhlada (5)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(405.0) TW(169.0) TWE(140.0) T(714.0)	40.0	-	50.0	Sher Khanwala (01074800)	32
PR MR FP	Budhlada (9)	EA	N M	Shoes	-	GC(2026.0) TW(236.0) T(2262.0)	1246.0	125.0	192.0	Boha (01074900)	33
PR FP	Budhlada (12)	EA	N M	Musterd Oil	1.0	GC(1026.0) T(1026.0)	110.0	-	85.0	Alampur Mandran (01075000)	34
PR FP	Mansa (19)	EA	N M	Cotton Seeds	-	GC(830.0) TWE(24.0) T(854.0)	110.0	-	54.0	Dalelwala (01075100)	35
PR FP	Mansa (14)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(560.0) TW(2.0) T(562.0)	24.0	-	45.0	Lakhmirwala (01075200)	36

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Budhlada (0002)												
37	Akanwali (01075300)	1,139.0	3,328	596	P M S C(5-10)	DA H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(80)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
38	Mandhali (01075400)	578.0	1,629	270	P M C(10+)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW SS-T	PH(30) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(< 5)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
39	Joian (01075500)	761.0	735	118	P M(< 5) C(10+)	D H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(30) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
40	Tahlian (01075600)	635.0	1,760	317	P M C(10+)	D PHS H(< 5) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW SS-T	PO PH(35)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
41	Kasampur Chhina (01075700)	399.0	1,397	225	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP W SS-T	PH(21) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
42	Mal Singhwala (01075800)	678.0	1,934	337	P M C(5-10)	D PHS H(< 5) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(40) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	ACS OCS NCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
43	Ram Nagar Bhathal (01075900)	519.0	1,549	260	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(20) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS R(5-10) NW(10+)
44	Rampur Mander (01076000)	736.0	2,519	427	P M S C(5-10)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(30) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
45	Satike (01076100)	490.0	1,135	197	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW SS-T	PH(25) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Mansa (15)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(678.0) TW(100.0) T(778.0)	253.0	-	108.0	Akanwali (01075300)	37
PR FP	Budhlada (11)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(444.0) TW(41.0) T(485.0)	5.0	-	88.0	Mandhali (01075400)	38
PR FP	Budhlada (10)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(333.0) TW(42.0) TWE(20.0) T(395.0)	310.0	-	56.0	Joian (01075500)	39
PR FP	Budhlada (10)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(412.0) TW(35.0) TWE(6.0) T(453.0)	131.0	-	51.0	Tahlian (01075600)	40
PR FP	Budhlada (10)	EA	N M	Musterd Oil	-	GC(286.0) T(286.0)	60.0	9.0	44.0	Kasampur Chhina (01075700)	41
PR FP	Budhlada (7)	EA	N M	Medicines	-	GC(385.0) T(385.0)	248.0	-	45.0	Mal Singhwala (01075800)	42
PR FP	Budhlada (3)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(431.0) T(431.0)	40.0	-	48.0	Ram Nagar Bhathal (01075900)	43
PR FP	Budhlada (6)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(414.0) TW(16.0) T(430.0)	243.0	-	63.0	Rampur Mander (01076000)	44
PR MR FP	Budhlada (11)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(309.0) TW(80.0) TWE(68.0) T(457.0)	-	-	33.0	Satike (01076100)	45

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Budhlada (0002)												
46	Achanak (01076200)	571.0	1,361	252	P(2) M C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(25) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
47	Sanghreri (01076300)	340.0	983	170	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW SS-T	PH(16) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
48	Jalwehra (01076400)	441.0	1,277	223	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(18) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(< 5) RS(5-10) NW(10+)
49	Khudal Kalan (01076500)	560.0	1,995	355	P M C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(30) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)
50	Khudal Shekhupur (01076600)	481.0	2,048	333	P M(< 5) C(10+)	DA PHS FWC H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(25) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)
51	Bakhshiwala (01076700)	589.0	1,749	311	P M S C(10+)	D MCW PHS H(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(50) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
52	Akbarpur Khudal (01076800)	578.0	2,022	343	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(< 5) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(40) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
53	Kishangarh Urf Sedha Singhewala (01076900)	2,294.0	5,501	887	P M S PUC C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(75)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
54	Bahadarpur (01077000)	1,607.0	5,377	933	P M C(10+)	PHS H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW W SS-T	PO PH(75)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare) Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation	Name of village	Serial number
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Budhlada (8)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(287.0) TW(126.0) TWE(121.0) T(534.0)	-	-	37.0	Achanak (01076200)	46
PR FP	Bareta (3)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(298.0) T(298.0)	11.0	-	31.0	Sanghreri (01076300)	47
PR FP	Bareta (3)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(371.0) W(1.0) WE(1.0) T(373.0)	26.0	-	42.0	Jalwehra (01076400)	48
PR MR FP	Bareta (4)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(502.0) T(502.0)	-	-	58.0	Khudal Kalan (01076500)	49
PR FP	Bareta (8)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(439.0) T(439.0)	-	-	42.0	Khudal Shekhupur (01076600)	50
PR FP	Bareta (4)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(502.0) TW(2.0) T(504.0)	2.0	-	83.0	Bakhshiwala (01076700)	51
PR MR FP	Bareta (5)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(531.0) T(531.0)	-	-	47.0	Akbarpur Khudal (01076800)	52
PR FP	Bareta (5)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(1703.0) W(16.0) WE(116.0) T(1835.0)	258.0	23.0	178.0	Kishangarh Urf Sedha Singhewala (01076900)	53
PR FP	Bareta (2)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(940.0) TW(259.0) TWE(20.0) T(1219.0)	203.0	17.0	168.0	Bahadarpur (01077000)	54

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Budhlada (0002)												
55	Dialpura (01077100)	595.0	2,196	366	P M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(35) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)
56	Sirsiwala (01077200)	570.0	1,244	211	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW SS-T	PH(40) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
57	Gobindpura (01077300)	643.0	1,580	271	P M C(5-10)	D H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(50)	CM CP	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
58	Phuluwala Dod (01077400)	464.0	1,086	212	P M C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(40) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)
59	Dariapur (01077500)	395.0	1,213	215	P M C(10+)	RMP H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW SS-T	PH(11) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
60	Kulana (01077600)	1,040.0	2,475	430	P M C(5-10)	D MCW H(< 5) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW SS-T	PO PH(20)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
61	Karipur (01077700)	446.0	2,087	359	P M C(< 5)	- H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(8) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)
62	Phuluwala Dogran (01077800)	821.0	1,608	260	P(2) M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW SS-T	PH(25) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(< 5)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)
63	Barah (01077900)	2,180.0	4,901	844	P M S C(5-10)	D MCW PHS H(10+) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(5)	CM CP	ACS NCS OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area-under different types of land use in hectare) Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation	Name of village	Serial number
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Bareta (3)	EA	N M	Bed Grills	-	GC(464.0) TW(16.0) TWE(17.0) T(497.0)	97.0	-	1.0	Dialpura (01077100)	55
PR MR FP	Bareta (4)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(381.0) TW(2.0) TWE(8.0) T(391.0)	118.0	3.0	58.0	Sirsiwala (01077200)	56
PR FP	Bareta (5)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(396.0) T(396.0)	138.0	-	109.0	Gobindpura (01077300)	57
PR FP	Budhlada (9)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(284.0) WE(11.0) T(295.0)	120.0	-	49.0	Phuluwala Dod (01077400)	58
PR FP	Budhlada (8)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(254.0) TW(25.0) T(279.0)	76.0	-	40.0	Dariapur (01077500)	59
PR FP	Budhlada (4)	EA	N M	Shoes	-	GC(819.0) TW(14.0) T(833.0)	117.0	28.0	62.0	Kulana (01077600)	60
PR FP	Budhlada (3)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(323.0) TW(10.0) T(333.0)	67.0	-	46.0	Karipur (01077700)	61
PR MR FP	Budhlada (3)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(551.0) TWE(15.0) T(566.0)	225.0	-	30.0	Phuluwala Dogran (01077800)	62
PR FP	Budhlada (4)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(972.0) TW(399.0) T(1371.0)	692.0	-	117.0	Barah (01077900)	63

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Budhlada (0002)												
64	Piplian (01078000)	332.0	1,061	179	P M C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW SS-T	PH(25) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS OCS	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
65	Ahmadpur (01078100)	1,639.0	3,981	705	P M S C(< 5)	D PHS H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW SS-T	PO PH(20)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	SP CV(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)
66	Talwandi (01078200)	367.0					-------- Uninhabited ----------					
67	Ramgarh (01078300)	331.0	794	144	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(11) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
68	Datewas (01078400)	1,016.0	2,473	453	P M S PUC AC(2) O(3) C(10+)	D MH PHS H(5-10) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(82)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	SP CV(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS NW(10+)
69	Khatriwala (01078500)	473.0	1,553	274	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW SS-T	PH(22) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
70	Ranghrial (01078600)	966.0	2,664	432	P M C(5-10)	MCW MH PHC PHS H(10+)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(40)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
71	Rali (01078700)	850.0	2,654	462	P M S C(5-10)	D PHS H(5-10) MCW(< 5) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(25) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
72	Budhlada(R) (01078800)	2,035.0	12,074	2,199	P(5) M I Tr AC C(5-10)	D MCW MH PHS FWC TB NH RMP H(10+) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(105)	CM CP(< 5)	ACS NCS OCS	- CV(< 5) SP(5-10) ST(< 5)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)
73	Kalehri (01078900)	490.0	1,589	286	P M C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW SS-T	PH(30) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR MR FP	Mansa (10)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(239.0) W(40.0) WE(40.0) T(319.0)	11.0	-	2.0	Piplian (01078000)	64
PR FP	Budhlada (2)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(1388.0) TW(40.0) T(1428.0)	29.0	-	182.0	Ahmadpur (01078100)	65
				-------- Uninhabited ----------						Talwandi (01078200)	66
PR FP	Budhlada (5)	EA	N M	0, 0, 0	-	GC(285.0) TW(6.0) TWE(2.0) T(293.0)	-	-	38.0	Ramgarh (01078300)	67
PR FP	Budhlada (7)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(734.0) TW(35.0) T(769.0)	168.0	-	79.0	Datewas (01078400)	68
PR MR FP	Bareta (5)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(409.0) T(409.0)	12.0	1.0	51.0	Khatriwala (01078500)	69
PR FP	Budhlada (12)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(728.0) TWE(45.0) T(773.0)	149.0	-	44.0	Ranghrial (01078600)	70
PR FP	Budhlada (3)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(750.0) TW(20.0) TWE(10.0) T(780.0)	33.0	-	37.0	Rali (01078700)	71
PR MR FP	Budhlada (1)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(1125.0) TWE(55.0) T(1180.0)	531.0	5.0	319.0	Budhlada(R) (01078800)	72
PR FP	Budhlada (3)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(406.0) TW(32.0) T(438.0)	2.0	-	50.0	Kalehri (01078900)	73

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Budhlada (0002)												
74	Hassanpur (01079000)	394.0	1,215	223	P M C(5-10)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(20) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
75	Gurne Khurd (01079100)	476.0	1,516	266	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(70) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
76	Gurne Kalan (01079200)	908.0	3,634	618	P M C(5-10)	D PHS H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(75)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
77	Chakan (01079300)	782.0	1,364	256	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW SS-T	PH(40) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(< 5) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)
78	Bachhoana (01079400)	1,798.0	5,048	840	P M S C(5-10)	D PHS RMP H(< 5) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(150)	CM CP	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
79	Dodra (01079500)	1,225.0	3,276	532	P M C(5-10)	D PHS RMP H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW SS-T	PO PH(55)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
80	Biroke Kalan (01079600)	1,581.0	3,575	570	P M S PUC C(5-10)	MCW PHC PHS H(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(55)	CP CM(< 5)	ACS NCS OCS(< 5)	SP CV(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
81	Jitgarh Urf Biroke Khurd (01079700)	569.0	1,299	208	P M C(5-10)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T SS-T	PH(35) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
82	Borawal (01079800)	1,155.0	3,644	640	P M S C(5-10)	D PHS RMP H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(70) PO(< 5)	CM CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
83	Budhpura (01079900)	221.0			-------- Uninhabited ----------							

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare) Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation	Name of village	Serial number
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Budhlada (5)	EA	N M	Shoes	-	GC(104.0) TW(145.0) T(249.0)	85.0	-	60.0	Hassanpur (01079000)	74
PR FP	Budhlada (3)	EA	N M	Shoes	-	GC(354.0) TW(39.0) TWE(35.0) T(428.0)	-	-	48.0	Gurne Khurd (01079100)	75
PR FP	Budhlada (3)	EA	N M	Shoes	-	GC(473.0) TWE(301.0) T(774.0)	45.0	-	89.0	Gurne Kalan (01079200)	76
PR FP	Budhlada (2)	EA	N M	Shoes	-	GC(713.0) T(713.0)	19.0	-	50.0	Chakan (01079300)	77
PR FP	Budhlada (5)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(1246.0) TWE(6.0) T(1252.0)	416.0	-	130.0	Bachhoana (01079400)	78
PR FP	Budhlada (10)	EA	N M	Shoes	-	GC(995.0) TWE(32.0) T(1027.0)	83.0	20.0	95.0	Dodra (01079500)	79
PR FP	Budhlada (8)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(1400.0) T(1400.0)	16.0	-	165.0	Biroke Kalan (01079600)	80
PR MR FP	Budhlada (4)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(408.0) TW(89.0) TWE(32.0) T(529.0)	-	-	40.0	Jitgarh Urf Biroke Khurd (01079700)	81
PR MR FP	Budhlada (8)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(994.0) T(994.0)	-	-	161.0	Borawal (01079800)	82
					-------- Uninhabited ----------					Budhpura (01079900)	83

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Budhlada (0002)												
84	Khiwa Mihan Singh Urf Smundgarh (01080000)	245.0	507	78	P M C(5-10)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(15) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
85	Guradi (01080100)	1,033.0	3,139	500	P M(< 5) C(10+)	D PHS H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(70) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
86	Bhadra (01080200)	720.0	2,271	413	P M S C(10+)	D MCW MH H(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP TW SS-T	PH(50) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(10+) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
87	Alampur Bodla (01080300)	499.0	939	163	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T TW SS-T	PO PH(20)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
88	Kanakwal Chahlan (01080400)	577.0	1,844	305	P M C(10+)	D PHS H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(10+)	T HP TW SS-T	PH(40) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
89	Heron Khurd (01080500)	649.0	2,647	445	P M C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T SS-T	PH(12) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
	Block Total	**69887.0**	**192739**	**33206**	**P(96) M(54) S(20) PUC(5) I() Tr(2) AC(4) O(4)**	**D(30) DA(2) MCW(7) MH(6) CWC HC(2) PHC(4) PHS(35) FWC(3) TB(2) NH(2) RMP(12)**	**T(87) W(3) HP(84) TW(19)**	**PO(29) TO PTO PH . (3364)**	**CM(8) CP(4)**	**ACS(66) NCS(7) OCS(28)**	**ST(2) SP(6)**	**BS(85) RS(3)**

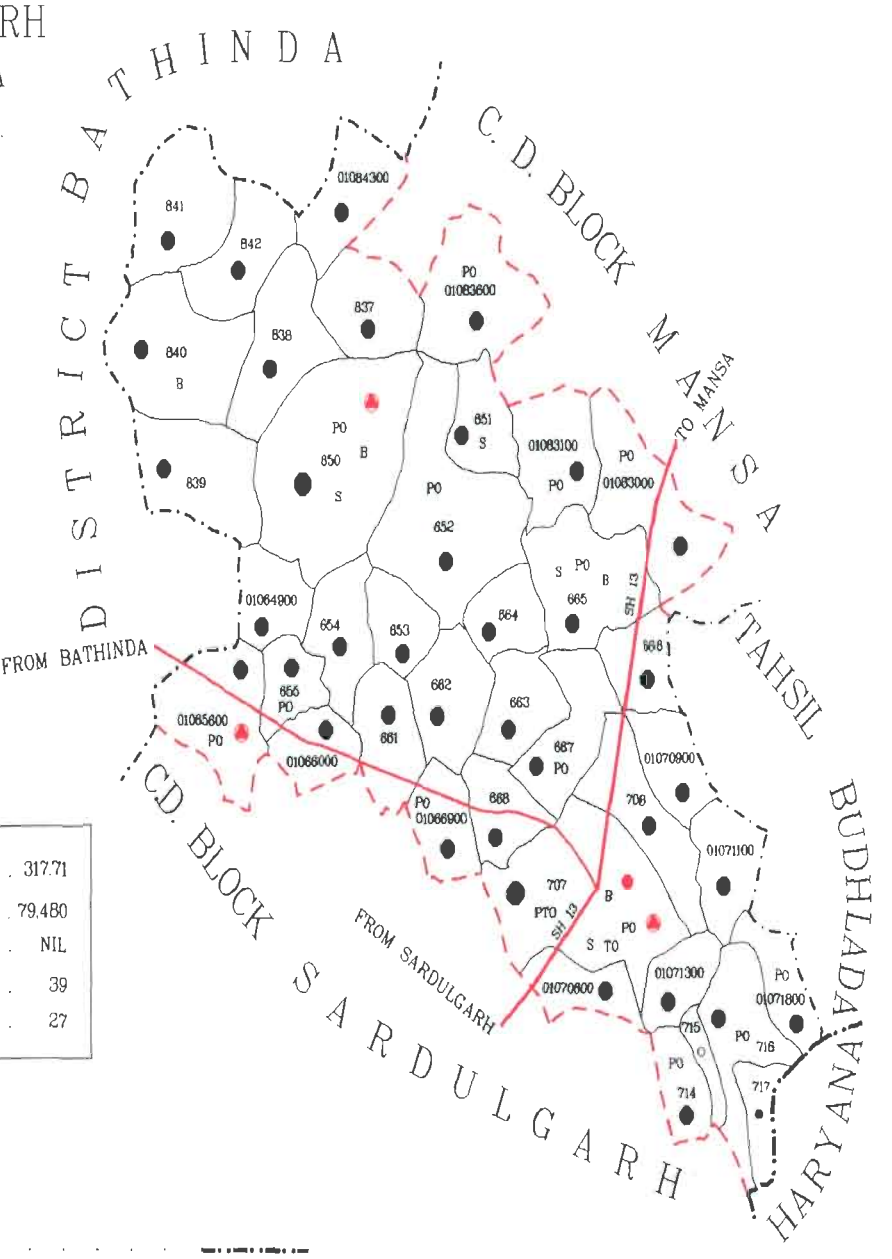
Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Budhlada (8)	EA	N	-	-	TWE(230.0) T(230.0)	2.0	-	13.0	Khiwa Mihan Singh Urf Smundgarh (01080000)	84
PR MR FP	Budhlada (10)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(445.0) TWE(486.0) T(931.0)	19.0	-	83.0	Guradi (01080100)	85
PR MR FP	Budhlada (10)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(301.0) TW(38.0) TWE(324.0) T(663.0)	3.0	-	54.0	Bhadra (01080200)	86
PR MR FP	Sunam (14)	EA	N	-	-	GC(255.0) TWE(147.0) T(402.0)	65.0	-	32.0	Alampur Bodla (01080300)	87
PR MR FP	Sunam (14)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(367.0) TW(40.0) TWE(122.0) T(529.0)	3.0	-	45.0	Kanakwal Chahlan (01080400)	88
PR FP	Budhlada (10)	EA	N M	Floor	-	GC(187.0) TWE(399.0) T(586.0)	1.0	-	62.0	Heron Khurd (01080500)	89
PR(87) MR(24) FP(86)		**EA(87)**	**N(86) M(84)**		**1.0**	**GC(47806) W(57) WE(168) TW(3252) TWE(3847) T(55130)**	**8060.0**	**316.0**	**5792.0**		

Map of CD Block Jhunir

INDIA
PUNJAB
C.D.BLOCK JHUNIR
TAHSIL SARDULGARH
DISTRICT MANSA

Km.1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 Km.



C.D.BLOCK BOUNDARY EXCLUDES STATUTORY TOWN (S)

BOUNDARIES ARE UPDATED UPTO 1.1.2000.

TOTAL AREA OF C.D. BLOCK (In Sq. Km.)	317.71
TOTAL POPULATION OF C.D. BLOCK	79,480
TOTAL NUMBER OF TOWNS IN C.D. BLOCK	NIL
TOTAL NUMBER OF VILLAGES IN C.D. BLOCK	39
DISTANCE FROM DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS (In Kms.)	27

BOUNDARY, STATE	
" DISTRICT	
" TAHSIL	
" C.D.BLOCK	
" VILLAGE WITH P.L.C.NUMBER	01083000
HEADQUARTERS: C.D.BLOCK	
POPULATION SIZE CLASS OF VILLAGES:BELOW 200, 200-499,500-999,1000-4999,5000 AND ABOVE	
UNINHABITED VILLAGE WITH P.L.C.NUMBER	X
STATE HIGHWAY	SH 13
IMPORTANT METALLED ROAD	
POST OFFICE/TELEPHONE OFFICE/POST AND TELEGRAPH OFFICE	PO/TO/PTO
SECONDARY OR SENIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL	S
PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE	
BANK	B

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ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES (C.D. Block wise)

Name of the District:Mansa

Serial number	Name of village	2001 Census location code number	1991 Census location code number
1	2	3	4
Name of CD Block: Jhunir (0004)			
Name of Tahsil: Sardulgarh (0001)			
1	Aullak	01066000	110040007000700112
2	Bajewala	01065200	110040007000700092
3	Barewala Jattan	01065300	110040007000700108
4	Bhalaike	01066200	110040007000700109
5	Bhama Kalan	01066500	110040007000700172
6	Bhama Khurd	01066600	110040007000700173
7	Bishanpura Urf Jherianwali	01065400	110040007000700107
8	Burj Bhalai	01066100	110040007000700111
9	Chainewala	01071400	110040007000700157
10	Chak Maghania	01071500	110040007000700158
11	Chhapianwali	01065100	110040007000700093
12	Danewala	01071100	110040007000700167
13	Dasundia	01066300	110040007000700110
14	Fatehgarh Sahnianwali	01066800	110040007000700120
15	Fatehpur	01071600	110040007000700159
16	Ghuduwala	01066900	110040007000700119
17	Ghurkni	01071300	110040007000700168
18	Jaurkian	01065600	110040007000700105
19	Jhuner	01070700	110040007000700121
20	Khiali Chahianwali	01070800	110040007000700169
21	Kourewala	01070900	110040007000700166
22	Lalianwali	01066700	110040007000700170
23	Makhewala	01070600	110040007000700122
24	Mian	01065500	110040007000700106
25	Moda	01071700	110040007000700160
26	Moffar	01071800	110040007000700161
27	Raipur	01065000	110040007000700103
28	Raman Nandi	01066400	110040007000700171
29	Tandian	01064900	110040007000700104
Name of Tahsil : Mansa (0003)			
30	Banawala	01083800	110040007000700098
31	Behniwal	01084000	110040007000700101
32	Chahlanwala	01084200	110040007000700099
33	Daliawali Urf Gulabgarh	01084300	110040007000700096
34	Dhingar	01084100	110040007000700100
35	Kot Dharmu	01083000	110040007000700091
36	Makha	01083600	110040009000900094
37	Peron	01083900	110040007000700102
38	Talwandi Akalia	01083700	110040007000700097
39	Uddat Bhagat Ram	01083100	110040007000700090

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Sardulgarh (0001)												
1	Tandian (01064900)	619.0	1,476	245	P M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP TW SS-T	PH(40) PO(< 5)	CM(< 5) CP(10+)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
2	Raipur (01065000)	2,396.0	5,530	940	P(2) M S C(10+)	MCW PHC PHS RMP H(10+)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(75)	CM CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(2) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
3	Chhapianwali (01065100)	535.0	1,023	182	P M S C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	HP SS-HP	PH(25) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
4	Bajewala (01065200)	1,838.0	3,929	650	P M C(10+)	D HC PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW C SS-T	PO PH(55)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
5	Barewala Jattan (01065300)	541.0	1,572	260	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW C SS-T	PH(70) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	SP CV(10+) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
6	Bishanpura Urf Jherianwali (01065400)	739.0	2,330	413	P M C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW SS-T	PH(70) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(< 5)	SP CV(10+) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
7	Mian (01065500)	522.0	1,092	182	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(< 5) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(25)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	SP CV(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
8	Jaurkian (01065600)	911.0	2,314	412	P M C(10+)	D MCW MH HC PHC PHS NH RMP H(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(75)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	SP CV(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
9	Aullak (01066000)	572.0	1,359	231	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(25) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Mansa (25)	EA	N M	Khadder	-	GC(385.0) TW(7.0) T(392.0)	174.0	-	53.0	Tandian (01064900)	1
PR	Mansa (11)	EA	N M	Oil	-	GC(2094.0) T(2094.0)	130.0	-	172.0	Raipur (01065000)	2
PR MR FP	Mansa (18)	EA	N M	Oil	-	GC(467.0) T(467.0)	33.0	-	35.0	Chhapianwali (01065100)	3
PR FP	Mansa (16)	EA	N M	Saop	-	GC(1005.0) TW(21.0) T(1026.0)	710.0	7.0	95.0	Bajewala (01065200)	4
PR	Mansa (21)	EA	N M	Saop	-	GC(448.0) TW(5.0) T(453.0)	43.0	-	45.0	Barewala Jattan (01065300)	5
PR FP	Mansa (24)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(422.0) TW(15.0) T(437.0)	258.0	2.0	42.0	Bishanpura Urf Jherianwali (01065400)	6
PR MR FP	Sardulgarh (13)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(418.0) W(28.0) TW(40.0) T(486.0)	-	-	36.0	Mian (01065500)	7
PR MR FP	Sardulgarh (13)	EA	N M	Floor	-	GC(801.0) T(801.0)	63.0	-	47.0	Jaurkian (01065600)	8
PR MR	Mansa (25)	EA	N M	Shoes	-	GC(290.0) TW(10.0) T(300.0)	235.0	2.0	35.0	Aullak (01066000)	9

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Sardulgarh (0001)												
10	Burj Bhalai (01066100)	632.0	1,566	260	P M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(24) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
11	Bhalaike (01066200)	715.0	1,389	260	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW C SS-T	PH(44) PO(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
12	Dasundia (01066300)	624.0	1,152	206	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP C SS-T	PH(60) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	SP CV(10+) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
13	Raman Nandi (01066400)	443.0	1,285	234	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP C SS-HP	PH(20) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS OCS NCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
14	Bhama Kalan (01066500)	1,086.0	3,352	587	P M S C(10+)	D MCW MH PHS NH RMP H(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP C SS-T	PO PH(35)	CM CP	ACS OCS NCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
15	Bhama Khurd (01066600)	513.0	1,455	252	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(30) PO(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(< 5) SP(10+) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
16	Lalianwali (01066700)	689.0	1,651	306	P M(< 5) C(10+)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(25)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(10+) ST(< 5)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
17	Fatehgarh Sahnianwali (01066800)	619.0	1,182	223	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP SS-HP	PH(22) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(< 5)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
18	Ghuduwala (01066900)	597.0	1,246	209	P M(< 5) C(10+)	D H(< 5) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(25)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR MR	Mansa (26)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(459.0) T(459.0)	132.0	-	41.0	Burj Bhalai (01066100)	10
PR MR	Mansa (20)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(455.0) TW(15.0) T(470.0)	203.0	-	42.0	Bhalaike (01066200)	11
PR MR	Mansa (5)	EA	N M	Cotton Bails	-	GC(324.0) TW(152.0) TWE(10.0) T(486.0)	41.0	57.0	40.0	Dasundia (01066300)	12
PR MR FP	Mansa (20)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(399.0) TW(6.0) T(405.0)	-	-	38.0	Raman Nandi (01066400)	13
PR MR FP	Mansa (14)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(992.0) TW(16.0) T(1008.0)	-	2.0	76.0	Bhama Kalan (01066500)	14
PR MR	Mansa (25)	EA	N M	Earthen Pots	-	GC(396.0) TW(9.0) T(405.0)	68.0	-	40.0	Bhama Khurd (01066600)	15
PR	Mansa (17)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(644.0) TW(22.0) T(666.0)	-	6.0	17.0	Lalianwali (01066700)	16
PR	Mansa (12)	EA	N M	Rice	-	GC(567.0) TW(12.0) T(579.0)	16.0	-	24.0	Fatehgarh Sahnianwali (01066800)	17
PR MR	Mansa (5)	EA	N M	Cotton Bails	-	GC(443.0) TW(34.0) TWE(1.0) T(478.0)	-	-	119.0	Ghuduwala (01066900)	18

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Sardulgarh (0001)												
19	Makhewala (01070600)	600.0	1,655	294	P M C(10+)	D MCW PHS H(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(48) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(< 5)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
20	Jhuner (01070700)	2,042.0	6,289	1,190	P(5) M(3) S(2) PUC C(10+)	HA D DH MCW MH HC PHC PHS NH H(5-10)	T HP TW C SS-T	PO TO PTO PH(75)	CM CP	ACS NCS OCS	SP ST CV(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
21	Khiali Chahianwali (01070800)	886.0	1,910	342	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(25) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
22	Kourewala (01070900)	658.0	1,584	297	P M C(10+)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP O SS-T	PH(40) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
23	Danewala (01071100)	726.0	1,515	283	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP O SS-T	PH(25) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
24	Ghurkni (01071300)	488.0	1,851	306	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(60) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
25	Chainewala (01071400)	517.0	1,504	262	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP TW C SS-T	PO PH(40)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
26	Chak Maghania (01071500)	153.0	2	1	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	- SS-T	- PO(5-10) PH(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(10+)
27	Fatehpur (01071600)	667.0	2,466	436	P M C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(50)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Sardulgarh (4)	EA	N M	Saop	-	GC(525.0) T(525.0)	-	1.0	74.0	Makhewala (01070600)	19
PR MR FP	Sardulgarh (17)	EA	N M	Floor	-	GC(1025.0) TWE(165.0) T(1190.0)	751.0	25.0	76.0	Jhuner (01070700)	20
PR MR FP	Sardulgarh (2)	EA	N M	Khadder	-	GC(633.0) TW(38.0) T(671.0)	150.0	35.0	30.0	Khiali Chahianwali (01070800)	21
PR FP	Sardulgarh (5)	EA	N M	Khadder	-	GC(607.0) TW(2.0) T(609.0)	19.0	10.0	20.0	Kourewala (01070900)	22
PR FP	Sardulgarh (6)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(618.0) T(618.0)	52.0	12.0	44.0	Danewala (01071100)	23
PR FP	Sardulgarh (4)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(426.0) TW(8.0) TWE(6.0) T(440.0)	-	30.0	18.0	Ghurkni (01071300)	24
PR FP	Sardulgarh (6)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(401.0) TW(20.0) TWE(55.0) T(476.0)	10.0	-	31.0	Chainewala (01071400)	25
	Mansa (16)	ED EAG EO	-	Cotton Yarn	-	GC(137.0) TW(1.0) TWE(1.0) T(139.0)	-	-	14.0	Chak Maghania (01071500)	26
PR FP	Sardulgarh (7)	EA	N M	Cotton Yarn	-	GC(499.0) TW(49.0) TWE(36.0) T(584.0)	-	-	83.0	Fatehpur (01071600)	27

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Sardulgarh (0001)												
28	Moda (01071700)	202.0	209	43	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	- PO(10+) PH(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
29	Moffar (01071800)	471.0	1,449	268	P M C(10+)	D PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(22)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
Tahsil : Mansa (0003)												
30	Kot Dharmu (01083000)	1,148.0	3,778	665	P M(< 5) C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(71)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	NCS ACS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
31	Uddat Bhagat Ram (01083100)	775.0	2,023	345	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(40)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
32	Makha (01083600)	1,185.0	2,971	491	P M C(10+)	D H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW C SS-T	PO PH(15)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	NCS ACS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	SP(2) CV(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
33	Talwandi Akalia (01083700)	711.0	1,420	214	P M(< 5) C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP C SS-T	PH(26) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
34	Banawala (01083800)	1,165.0	1,554	282	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(25) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
35	Peron (01083900)	1,015.0	1,936	310	P M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(30) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS OCS NCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
36	Behniwal (01084000)	1,252.0	3,265	601	P M C(10+)	PHC PHS H(10+) MCW(5-10)	T HP TW C SS-T	PH(65) PO(< 5)	CM CP	ACS NCS OCS(< 5)	SP ST(3) CV(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Sardulgarh (6)	EA	N M	Cotton Yarn	-	GC(76.0) TW(66.0) TWE(41.0) T(183.0)	4.0	-	15.0	Moda (01071700)	28
PR FP	Sardulgarh (7)	EA	N M	Cotton Yarn	-	GC(404.0) TW(8.0) TWE(6.0) T(418.0)	-	-	53.0	Moffar (01071800)	29
PR FP	Mansa (15)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(971.0) T(971.0)	3.0	-	174.0	Kot Dharmu (01083000)	30
PR FP	Mansa (13)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(706.0) TWE(8.0) T(714.0)	2.0	-	59.0	Uddat Bhagat Ram (01083100)	31
PR FP	Mansa (17)	EA	N M	Darries	1.0	GC(956.0) T(956.0)	133.0	-	95.0	Makha (01083600)	32
PR FP	Mansa (15)	ED EAG EO	N M	Khes	1.0	GC(473.0) T(473.0)	192.0	-	45.0	Talwandi Akalia (01083700)	33
PR FP	Maur (10)	ED EAG EO	N M	-	-	GC(535.0) T(535.0)	525.0	-	105.0	Banawala (01083800)	34
PR FP	Maur (18)	ED EAG EO	N M	-	-	GC(425.0) TWE(15.0) T(440.0)	499.0	-	76.0	Peron (01083900)	35
PR FP	Maur (17)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(985.0) T(985.0)	167.0	-	100.0	Behniwal (01084000)	36

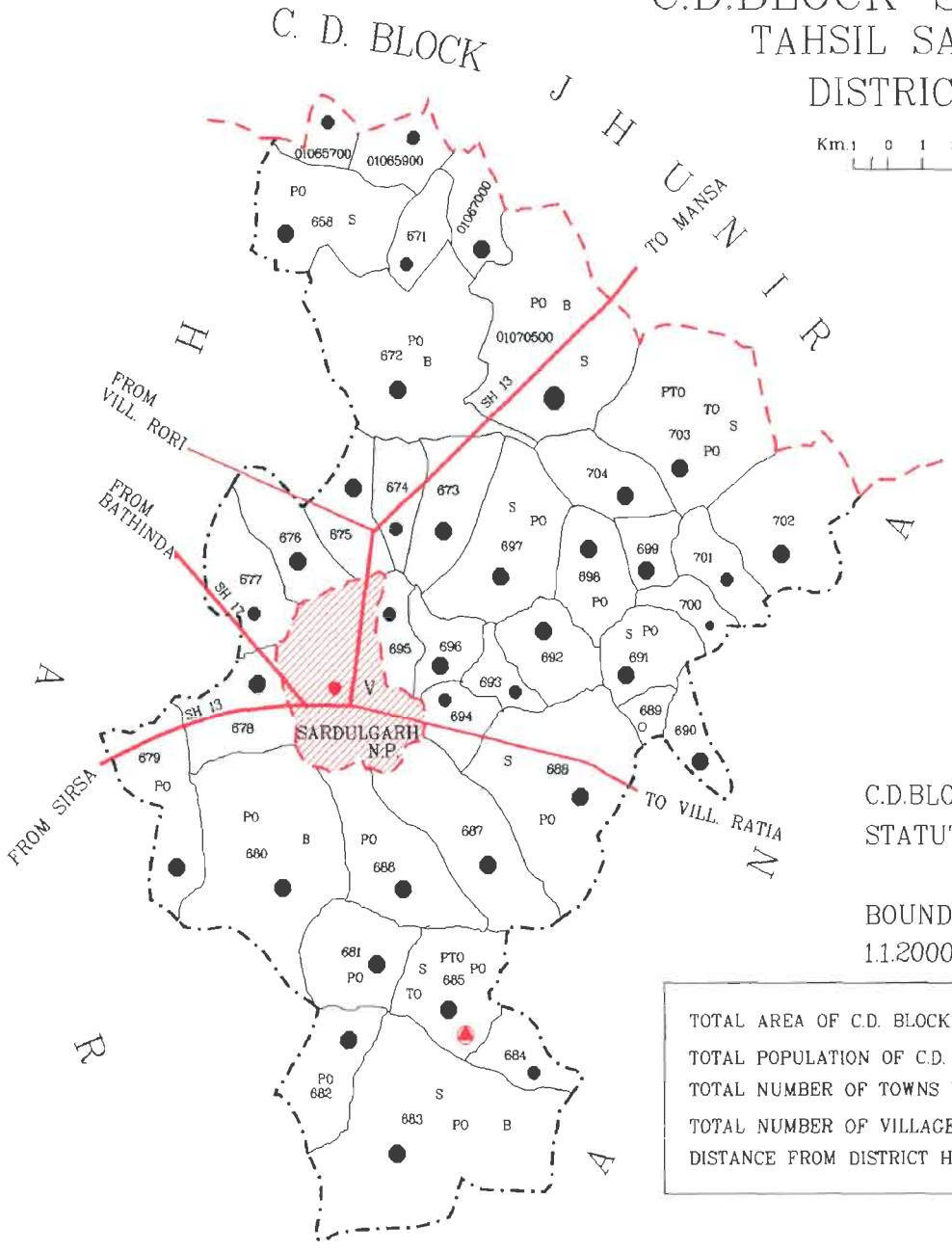
Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Sardulgarh (0001)												
37	Dhingar (01084100)	1,016.0	3,244	543	P M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP C SS-T	PH(70) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	NCS ACS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	SP(2) CV(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
38	Chahlanwala (01084200)	751.0	2,220	393	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW C SS-T	PH(58) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	SP CV(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
39	Daliawali Urf Gulabgarh (01084300)	752.0	1,732	293	. P M(< 5) C(< 5)	PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP C SS-T	PH(60) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- - CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
	Block Total	**31771.0**	**79480**	**13911**	**P(43) M(19) S(5) PUC**	**HA D(8) DH MCW(5) MH(3) HC(3) PHC(4) PHS(16) NH(3) RMP(3)**	**T(35) HP(38) TW(10) C(14)**	**PO(14) TO PTO PH(1590)**	**CM(4) CP(3)**	**ACS(18) NCS(7) OCS(8)**	**ST(4) SP(12)**	**BS(38)**

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare) Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation	Name of village	Serial number
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Maur (13)	EA	N M	Darries	1.0	GC(865.0) T(865.0)	78.0	2.0	70.0	Dhingar (01084100)	37
PR FP	Maur (17)	EA	N M	Darries	1.0	GC(666.0) T(666.0)	4.0	2.0	78.0	Chahlanwala (01084200)	38
PR FP	Mansa (17)	ED EAG	N M	Darries	1.0	GC(490.0) TW(126.0) TWE(20.0) T(636.0)	56.0	-	59.0	Daliawali Urf Gulabgarh (01084300)	39
PR(38) MR(13) FP(28)		**ED(5) EAG(5) EO(4) EA(34)**	**N(38) M(38)**		**5.0**	**GC(23432) W(28) TW(682) TWE(364) T(24506)**	**4751.0**	**193.0**	**2316.0**		

Map of CD Block Sardulgarh

INDIA
PUNJAB
C.D.BLOCK SARDULGARH
TAHSIL SARDULGARH
DISTRICT MANSA



Km. 1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 Km.

C.D.BLOCK BOUNDARY EXCLUDES STATUTORY TOWN (S).

BOUNDARIES ARE UPDATED UPTO 1.1.2000.

TOTAL AREA OF C.D. BLOCK (In Sq. Km.)	340.33
TOTAL POPULATION OF C.D. BLOCK	81,251
TOTAL NUMBER OF TOWNS IN C.D. BLOCK	1
TOTAL NUMBER OF VILLAGES IN C.D. BLOCK	39
DISTANCE FROM DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS (In Kms.)	42

BOUNDARY, STATE	
" C.D.BLOCK	
" VILLAGE WITH P.L.C.NUMBER	01068100
HEADQUARTERS: C.D. BLOCK	
POPULATION SIZE CLASS OF VILLAGES:BELOW 200, 200-499,500-999,1000-4999,5000 AND ABOVE	
UNINHABITED VILLAGE WITH P.L.C.NUMBER	X
URBAN AREA WITH LOCATION CODE	V
STATE HIGHWAY	SH 13
IMPORTANT METALLED ROAD	
POST OFFICE/TELEPHONE OFFICE/POST AND TELEGRAPH OFFICE	PO/TO/PTO
SECONDARY OR SENIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL	S
PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE	
BANK	B

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ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES (C.D. Block wise)

Name of the District : Mansa

Serial number	Name of village	2001 Census location code number	1991 Census location code number
1	2	3	4
Name of CD Block: Sardulgarh (0005)			
Name of Tahsil: Sardulgarh (0001)			
1	Adamke	01069800	110040007000700150
2	Ahlupur	01068800	110040007000700144
3	Alike	01070400	110040007000700151
4	Baran	01070100	110040007000700154
5	Bhalanwara	01069300	110040007000700143
6	Bhunder	01067700	110040007000700128
7	Chotian	01069900	110040007000700152
8	Chuhrian	01065900	110040007000700114
9	Dhigana	01068900	110040007000700145
10	Fatta Maluka	01070500	110040007000700123
11	Hingna Urf Bhagwangarh	01069100	110040007000700147
12	Hirke	01070200	110040007000700155
13	Jagatgarh Bandran	01065700	110040007000700113
14	Jatana Kalan	01067200	110040007000700116
15	Jatana Khurd	01067000	110040007000700117
16	Jhanda Kalan	01068000	110040007000700132
17	Jhanda Khurd	01067900	110040007000700131
18	Jhanduke	01070300	110040007000700156
19	Kahnewala	01067600	110040007000700127
20	Karandi	01068500	110040007000700137
21	Karipur Dumb	01070000	110040007000700153
22	Kauriwala	01069400	110040007000700140
23	Khaira Kalan	01068600	110040007000700138
24	Khaira Khurd	01068700	110040007000700139
25	Kotra	01067100	110040007000700118
26	Kusla	01065800	110040007000700115
27	Lohgarh	01069000	110040007000700146
28	Mankhera	01068200	110040007000700134
29	Mirpur Kalan	01069700	110040007000700149
30	Mirpur Khurd	01067300	110040007000700124
31	Nahran	01068100	110040007000700133
32	Phus Mandi	01069600	110040007000700142
33	Rajrana	01068400	110040007000700136
34	Ranjitgarh Bandra	01069200	110040007000700148
35	Rorki	01067800	110040007000700130
36	Sadhuwala	01069500	110040007000700141
37	Sangha	01068300	110040007000700135
38	Sardulewala	01067500	110040007000700126
39	Tibi Hari Singh	01067400	110040007000700125

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Sardulgarh (0001)												
1	Jagatgarh Bandran (01065700)	408.0	669	109	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW C SS-T	PH(10) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
2	Kusla (01065800)	1,363.0	2,987	496	P M S C(10+)	D NH RMP H(10+) MCW(< 5) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW C SS-T	PO PH(36)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS OCS(5-10)	SP CV(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
3	Chuhrian (01065900)	607.0	952	163	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(37) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
4	Jatana Khurd (01067000)	532.0	1,270	213	P M(5-10) C(10+)	RMP H(< 5) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(15) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
5	Kotra (01067100)	356.0	782	138	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(50) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
6	Jatana Kalan (01067200)	2,450.0	3,578	602	P M C(10+)	MCW PHS H(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP TW C SS-T	PO PH(68)	CP CM(10+)	ACS OCS NCS(5-10)	SP CV(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
7	Mirpur Khurd (01067300)	885.0	1,966	320	P(2) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(21) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
8	Tibi Hari Singh (01067400)	456.0	973	168	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(15) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- - ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
9	Sardulewala (01067500)	762.0	2,310	384	P M(< 5) C(10+)	PHS NH H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	T HP SS-T	PH(19) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS OCS NCS(< 5)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR	Sardulgarh (9)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(338.0) T(338.0)	29.0	-	41.0	Jagatgarh Bandran (01065700)	1
PR	Sardulgarh (8)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(1025.0) TW(41.0) T(1066.0)	140.0	11.0	146.0	Kusla (01065800)	2
PR MR	Mansa (19)	EA	-	Darri	-	GC(465.0) T(465.0)	93.0	-	49.0	Chuhrian (01065900)	3
PR MR	Mansa (4)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(373.0) TW(2.0) T(375.0)	103.0	-	54.0	Jatana Khurd (01067000)	4
PR MR	Sardulgarh (5)	EA	N M	Furniture	-	GC(188.0) T(188.0)	136.0	-	32.0	Kotra (01067100)	5
PR MR FP	Mansa (22)	EA	N M	Furniture	-	GC(1797.0) TW(28.0) TWE(3.0) T(1828.0)	407.0	83.0	132.0	Jatana Kalan (01067200)	6
PR	Mansa (2)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(359.0) TW(185.0) TWE(81.0) T(625.0)	188.0	-	72.0	Mirpur Khurd (01067300)	7
PR FP	Mansa (5)	EA	N M	Rice	-	GC(163.0) TW(71.0) TWE(40.0) T(274.0)	149.0	-	33.0	Tibi Hari Singh (01067400)	8
PR FP	Mansa (3)	EA	N M	Rice	-	GC(359.0) TW(121.0) TWE(87.0) T(567.0)	133.0	1.0	61.0	Sardulewala (01067500)	9

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Sardulgarh (0001)												
10	Kahnewala (01067600)	677.0	1,317	206	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW C SS-T	PH(32) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
11	Bhunder (01067700)	684.0	881	155	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW C SS-T	PH(60) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
12	Rorki (01067800)	866.0	1,857	333	P M(< 5) C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP C SS-T	PH(25) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(< 5) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(< 5) NW(10+)
13	Jhanda Khurd (01067900)	1,174.0	3,033	540	P M C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP C SS-T	PO PH(50)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
14	Jhanda Kalan (01068000)	2,267.0	4,877	838	P M C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(125)	CM CP(5-10)	ACS NCS OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(10+) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
15	Nahran (01068100)	788.0	1,659	309	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(65)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	SP CV(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
16	Mankhera (01068200)	723.0	1,681	300	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	T HP C SS-T	PO PH(25)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
17	Sangha (01068300)	2,705.0	4,808	883	P(4) M S C(10+)	D MH PHS NH H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP TW SS-T	PO PH(68)	CM CP(10+)	ACS NCS OCS	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
18	Rajrana (01068400)	410.0	612	96	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP C SS-T	PH(20) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR MR	Mansa (3)	EA	N M	Rice	-	GC(525.0) TWE(108.0) T(633.0)	3.0	37.0	4.0	Kahnewala (01067600)	10
PR FP	Sardulgarh (2)	EA	-	-	-	GC(491.0) TWE(81.0) T(572.0)	83.0	-	29.0	Bhunder (01067700)	11
PR	Mansa (2)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(367.0) TWE(346.0) T(713.0)	65.0	2.0	86.0	Rorki (01067800)	12
PR MR	Sardulgarh (17)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(784.0) TWE(97.0) T(881.0)	218.0	-	75.0	Jhanda Khurd (01067900)	13
PR MR	Sardulgarh (15)	EA	N M	Khes	-	GC(1740.0) TWE(90.0) T(1830.0)	131.0	130.0	176.0	Jhanda Kalan (01068000)	14
PR MR	Mansa (12)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(732.0) T(732.0)	1.0	-	55.0	Nahran (01068100)	15
PR MR	Mansa (20)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(416.0) T(416.0)	273.0	-	34.0	Mankhera (01068200)	16
PR MR	Mansa (17)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(1290.0) TWE(1158.0) T(2448.0)	107.0	-	150.0	Sangha (01068300)	17
PR MR FP	Mansa (15)	EA	-	Darries	-	GC(370.0) T(370.0)	16.0	-	24.0	Rajrana (01068400)	18

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Sardulgarh (0001)												
19	Karandi (01068500)	812.0	2,977	493	P M S C(10+)	HA D MCW MH HC PHC PHS NH RMP H(10+)	T HP TW C SS-T	PO TO PTO PH(35)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	ACS NCS OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
20	Khaira Kalan (01068600)	1,344.0	3,037	534	P M(< 5) C(10+)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(35)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
21	Khaira Khurd (01068700)	1,158.0	4,003	682	P M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(50) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(10+) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
22	Ahlupur (01068800)	1,610.0	4,609	872	P(3) M S C(5-10)	HH D MCW MH PHS H(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(70)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
23	Dhigana (01068900)	134.0	193	29	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(5-10) NW(10+)
24	Lohgarh (01069000)	343.0	1,538	246	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(22) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
25	Hingna Urf Bhagwangarh (01069100)	353.0	1,249	234	P M S C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP SS-HP	PO PH(25)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	SP CV(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
26	Ranjitgarh Bandra (01069200)	533.0	1,543	268	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(25) PO(5-10)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	ACS OCS NCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
27	Bhalanwara (01069300)	216.0	615	108	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(15) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR MR FP	Sardulgarh (13)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(664.0) T(664.0)	79.0	-	69.0	Karandi (01068500)	19
PR	Sardulgarh (8)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(1142.0) TW(14.0) TWE(6.0) T(1162.0)	86.0	1.0	95.0	Khaira Kalan (01068600)	20
PR	Mansa (17)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(694.0) TWE(92.0) T(786.0)	258.0	6.0	108.0	Khaira Khurd (01068700)	21
PR	Mansa (23)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(822.0) TW(191.0) TWE(202.0) T(1215.0)	244.0	-	151.0	Ahlupur (01068800)	22
PR FP	Mansa (11)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(26.0) TW(40.0) TWE(41.0) T(107.0)	7.0	-	20.0	Dhigana (01068900)	23
PR FP	Sardulgarh (12)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(231.0) TW(56.0) TWE(40.0) T(327.0)	10.0	-	6.0	Lohgarh (01069000)	24
PR	Mansa (11)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(215.0) TW(47.0) TWE(40.0) T(302.0)	10.0	-	41.0	Hingna Urf Bhagwangarh (01069100)	25
PR FP	Mansa (12)	EA	N M	Earthen Pots	-	GC(354.0) TW(41.0) TWE(88.0) T(483.0)	-	-	50.0	Ranjitgarh Bandra (01069200)	26
PR MR FP	Sardulgarh (3)	EA	-	-	-	GC(25.0) TWE(170.0) T(195.0)	3.0	-	18.0	Bhalanwara (01069300)	27

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Sardulgarh (0001)												
28	Kauriwala (01069400)	341.0	946	172	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(15) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
29	Sadhuwala (01069500)	254.0	793	148	P M(< 5) C(10+)	RMP H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(13) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
30	Phus Mandi (01069600)	426.0	1,237	220	P M C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(23) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
31	Mirpur Kalan (01069700)	1,199.0	2,995	513	P M S C(10+)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW SS-T	PO PH(35)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
32	Adamke (01069800)	675.0	1,955	343	P M(< 5) C(10+)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(35)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
33	Chotian (01069900)	308.0	1,172	194	P M(< 5) C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(40) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
34	Karipur Dumb (01070000)	254.0	446	70	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP SS-T	PH(9) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
35	Baran (01070100)	394.0	884	151	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(15) PO(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
36	Hirke (01070200)	937.0	2,274	416	P M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	T HP TW C SS-T	PH(45) PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare) Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation	Name of village	Serial number
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR MR	Sardulgarh (6)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(235.0) TW(15.0) TWE(20.0) T(270.0)	40.0	-	31.0	Kauriwala (01069400)	28
PR FP	Sardulgarh (4)	EA	-	Darries	-	GC(88.0) TW(81.0) TWE(61.0) T(230.0)	-	-	24.0	Sadhuwala (01069500)	29
PR FP	Sardulgarh (4)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(93.0) TW(121.0) TWE(169.0) T(383.0)	-	-	43.0	Phus Mandi (01069600)	30
PR MR FP	Sardulgarh (8)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(486.0) TW(138.0) TWE(121.0) T(745.0)	374.0	-	80.0	Mirpur Kalan (01069700)	31
PR FP	Sardulgarh (15)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(392.0) TW(85.0) TWE(40.0) T(517.0)	115.0	17.0	26.0	Adamke (01069800)	32
PR	Sardulgarh (23)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(211.0) TW(12.0) TWE(14.0) T(237.0)	45.0	6.0	20.0	Chotian (01069900)	33
PR	Sardulgarh (15)	EA	N M	-	-	GC(214.0) TW(10.0) TWE(11.0) T(235.0)	-	-	19.0	Karipur Dumb (01070000)	34
PR	Sardulgarh (15)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(238.0) TW(60.0) TWE(57.0) T(355.0)	-	30.0	9.0	Baran (01070100)	35
PR FP	Sardulgarh (20)	EA	N M	Darries	-	GC(579.0) TW(101.0) TWE(144.0) O(18.0) T(842.0)	-	-	95.0	Hirke (01070200)	36

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post. telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Tahsil : Sardulgarh (0001)												
37	Jhanduke (01070300)	1,658.0	4,744	813	P(2) M S PUC C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP TW C SS-T	PO TO PTO PH(125)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS OCS(< 5)	SP CV(10+) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
38	Alike (01070400)	659.0	1,864	334	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PH(16) PO(5-10)	- CM(10+) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
39	Fatta Maluka (01070500)	2,312.0	5,965	1,031	P(2) M(2) S PUC C(10+)	D MCW MH HC PHS NH H(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP SS-T	PO PH(75)	CM CP	ACS NCS OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
	Block Total	**34033.0**	**81251**	**14124**	**P(47) M(15) S(8) PUC(2)**	**HA HH D(5) MCW(4) MH(4) HC(2) PHC PHS(14) NH(5) RMP(4)**	**T(38) HP(39) TW(10) C(12)**	**PO(15) TO(2) PTO(2) PH(1464)**	**CM(3) CP(2)**	**ACS(30) NCS(6) OCS(5)**	**SP(5)**	**BS(39)**

Village Directory
Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare) Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation	Name of village	Serial number
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR FP	Sardulgarh (17)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(1404.0) TW(53.0) TWE(49.0) T(1506.0)	125.0	-	27.0	Jhanduke (01070300)	37
PR FP	Sardulgarh (3)	EA	N M	Khadder	-	GC(421.0) TW(25.0) TWE(26.0) T(472.0)	7.0	-	180.0	Alike (01070400)	38
PR FP	Sardulgarh (15)	EA	N M	Gur	-	GC(2062.0) T(2062.0)	39.0	33.0	178.0	Fatta Maluka (01070500)	39
PR(39) MR(15) FP(18)		**EA(39)**	**N(34) M(34)**		**0.0**	**GC(22378) TW(1538) TWE(3482) O(18) T(27416)**	**3717.0**	**357.0**	**2543.0**		

APPENDIX I - ABSTRACT OF EDUCATIONAL, MEDICAL AND

Serial number	Name of C.D.block	Total number of inhabited villages	Total population of C.D. block	Educational					
				Primary school		Middle school		Matriculation / Secondary school	
				Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Bhikhi	34	98,218	34	54	24	28	13	15
2	Mansa	39	94,641	39	49	27	30	10	10
3	Budhlada	87	192,739	87	96	53	54	19	20
4	Jhunir	39	79,480	38	43	17	19	4	5
5	Sardulgarh	39	81,251	39	47	14	15	8	8
	District(Rural):	**238**	**546,329**	**237**	**289**	**135**	**146**	**54**	**58**

Serial number	Name of C.D.block	Medical							
		Hospital		Dispensary		Primary Health Centre / Health Centre		Primary Health Sub-centre	
		Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions
1	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
1	Bhikhi	0	0	9	9	3	4	18	18
2	Mansa	0	0	7	7	3	4	17	17
3	Budhlada	0	0	32	32	4	6	35	35
4	Jhunir	1	1	8	9	5	7	16	16
5	Sardulgarh	2	2	5	5	2	3	14	14
	District(Rural):	**3**	**3**	**61**	**62**	**17**	**24**	**100**	**100**

Serial number	Name of C.D. block	Drinking water source									
		Tap	Well	Tank	Tubewell	River	Fountain	Canal	Others	More than one source	No drinking water facilities
1	2	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
1	Bhikhi	34	0	1	6	2	0	10	34	34	0
2	Mansa	37	4	2	10	0	0	11	39	38	0
3	Budhlada	87	3	0	19	0	0	0	84	85	0
4	Jhunir	35	0	0	10	0	0	14	38	36	1
5	Sardulgarh	38	0	0	10	0	0	12	39	38	0
	District(Rural):	**231**	**7**	**3**	**55**	**2**	**0**	**47**	**234**	**231**	**1**

Serial number	Name of C.D.block	Banks		Power supply		Credit			
		Villages	Number of commercial and co-operative banks	Available	Not available	Villages	Number of agricultural credit societies	Villages	Number of non-agricultural credit societies
1	2	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
1	Bhikhi	4	6	34	0	16	16	9	11
2	Mansa	4	5	39	0	18	18	7	7
3	Budhlada	9	12	87	0	66	66	7	7
4	Jhunir	4	7	39	0	18	18	6	7
5	Sardulgarh	4	5	39	0	30	30	6	6
	District(Rural):	**25**	**35**	**238**	**0**	**148**	**148**	**35**	**38**

VILLAGE DIRECTORY
OTHER AMENITIES IN VILLAGES - C.D. BLOCK LEVEL

institution									Name of C.D.block	Serial number
Higher Secondary / PUC / Intermediate / Junior college		College (graduate and above)		Adult literacy classes/centres		Others		No educational facilities		
Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions			
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2	1
2	3	0	0	2	2	3	7	0	Bhikhi	1
3	3	1	1	3	3	4	7	0	Mansa	2
5	5	0	0	3	4	4	8	0	Budhlada	3
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Jhunir	4
2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Sardulgarh	5
13	**14**	**1**	**1**	**8**	**9**	**11**	**22**	**1**	**District(Rural):**	

institutions									Name of C.D.block	Serial number
Maternity and Child Welfare Centre / Maternity Home / Child Welfare Centre		Family Welfare Centre		Community Health Workers		Others		No medical facilities		
Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Numbers	Villages	Institutions			
28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	2	1
5	5	0	0	1	1	1	1	13	Bhikhi	1
4	5	1	1	3	3	2	2	17	Mansa	2
10	14	3	3	0	0	7	16	42	Budhlada	3
5	8	0	0	0	0	4	6	21	Jhunir	4
5	8	0	0	0	0	7	9	22	Sardulgarh	5
29	**40**	**4**	**4**	**4**	**4**	**21**	**34**	**115**	**District(Rural):**	

Post, Telegraph & Telephone							Transport communications			Name of C.D.block	Serial number
Post office	Telegraph office	Post & telegraph office	Post office & phone	Telegraph office & phone	Post, telegraph office & phone	Phone	Bus service	Railway station	Navigable waterway		
47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	2	1
17	1	1	17	1	1	34	34	0	0	Bhikhi	1
14	0	0	14	0	0	38	39	2	0	Mansa	2
29	1	1	29	1	1	87	85	3	0	Budhlada	3
14	1	1	14	1	1	37	38	0	0	Jhunir	4
15	2	2	15	2	2	38	39	0	0	Sardulgarh	5
89	**5**	**5**	**89**	**5**	**5**	**234**	**235**	**5**	**0**	**District(Rural):**	

societies		Recreational facility			Newspaper / Magazine			Name of C.D.block	Serial number
Villages	Number of other credit societies	Cinema/ Video hall	Sports club	Stadium / Auditorium/ Community hall	News paper	Magazine	News paper & Magazine		
65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	2	1
5	5	0	9	3	34	34	34	Bhikhi	1
1	1	0	14	5	39	37	37	Mansa	2
28	28	0	6	2	86	84	84	Budhlada	3
8	8	0	12	4	38	38	38	Jhunir	4
5	5	0	5	0	34	34	34	Sardulgarh	5
47	**47**	**0**	**46**	**14**	**231**	**227**	**227**	**District(Rural):**	

APPENDIX 1A - VILLAGE DIRECTORY
VILLAGES BY NUMBER OF PRIMARY SCHOOLS

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Total number of inhabited villages	Number of primary schools				
			None	One	Two	Three	Four +
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Bhikhi	34	0	28	1	3	2
2	Mansa	39	0	33	4	1	1
3	Budhlada	87	0	82	3	1	1
4	Jhunir	39	1	36	1	0	1
5	Sardulgarh	39	0	34	3	1	1
	District Total:	**238**	**1**	**213**	**12**	**6**	**6**

APPENDIX 1B - VILLAGE DIRECTORY
VILLAGES BY PRIMARY, MIDDLE AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Total number of inhabited villages	Type of educational institutions available			
			No School	At least one primary school and no middle school	At least one primary school and one middle school	At least one middle school and one secondary school
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Bhikhi	34	0	10	24	13
2	Mansa	39	0	12	27	10
3	Budhlada	87	0	34	53	19
4	Jhunir	39	1	21	17	4
5	Sardulgarh	39	0	25	14	8
	District Total:	**238**	**1**	**102**	**135**	**54**

APPENDIX 1C - VILLAGE DIRECTORY
VILLAGES WITH DIFFERENT SOURCES OF DRINKING WATER FACILITIES AVAILABLE

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Number of villages with different sources of drinking water available				
		Only tap	Only well	Only tube well	Only handpump	More than one source only from tap, well, tube-well, handpump
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Bhikhi	0	0	0	0	34
2	Mansa	0	0	0	1	38
3	Budhlada	2	0	0	0	85
4	Jhunir	0	0	0	2	35
5	Sardulgarh	0	0	0	1	38
	District Total:	**2**	**0**	**0**	**4**	**230**

APPENDIX II - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

VILLAGES WITH 5,000 AND ABOVE POPULATION WHICH DO NOT HAVE ONE OR MORE AMENITIES

Serial number	Name of village	Name of C. D. block	Population	Amenities available and not available						
				Senior Secondary School	College	Primary Health Sub Centre	Tap drinking water	Bus facility	Approach by Pucca road	Commercial Bank
1	2	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Joga	Bhikhi	9,325	Available	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
2	Ralla	Bhikhi	7,054	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	Available	N.A.
3	Aklia	Bhikhi	7,513	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	Available	N.A.
4	Nangal Kalan	Mansa	7,031	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available	N.A
5	Bhaini Bagha	Mansa	5,381	Available	N.A	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
6	Khiala Kalan	Mansa	5,885	N.A	N.A	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
7	Kulrian	Budhlada	7,988	Available	N.A	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
8	Boha	Budhlada	10,589	Available	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
9	Kishangarh Urf Sedha Singhewala	Budhlada	5,501	Available	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	Available	N.A.
10	Bahadarpur	Budhlada	5,377	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	Available	N.A.
11	Budhlada(R)	Budhlada	12,074	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
12	Bachhoana	Budhlada	5,048	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
13	Raipur	Jhunir	5,530	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
14	Jhuner	Jhunir	6,289	Available	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
15	Fatta Maluka	Sardulgarh	5,965	Available	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available

Note: NA Stands for not available.

APPENDIX II - A - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

CENSUS TOWNS WHICH DO NOT HAVE ONE OR MORE AMENITIES

Serial number	Name of census town	Location code number	Name of C. D. block	Population	Amenities available / not available)						
					Senior Secondary School	College	Health Centre	Tap drinking water	Bus facility	Approach by Pucca road	Banks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

NIL

APPENDIX III - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

LAND UTILISATION DATA IN RESPECT OF CENSUS TOWNS/ NON-MUNICIPAL TOWNS

Serial number	Name of Census town and C.D. block within brackets	Land use (i.e., area under different types of land use in hectare)					
		Total area	Forest	Irrigated by source	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar & groves)	Area not available for cultivation
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

NIL

APPENDIX IV - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

C.D. BLOCK WISE LIST OF INHABITED VILLAGES WHERE NO AMENITY OTHER THAN DRINKING WATER FACILITY IS AVAILABLE

Serial number	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3

There is no such village under this Appendix

APPENDIX V - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

SUMMARY SHOWING NUMBER OF VILLAGES NOT HAVING SCHEDULED CASTES POPULATION

Serial number	Name of C.D. block	Total villages	Uninhabited villages	Inhabited villages	Number of inhabited villages having no Scheduled Castes population
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Bhikhi	34	0	34	0
2	Mansa	39	0	39	0
3	Budhlada	89	2	87	0
4	Jhunir	39	0	39	1
5	Sardulgarh	39	0	39	0
	District Total:	**240**	**2**	**238**	**1**

APPENDIX VI - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

SUMMARY SHOWING NUMBER OF VILLAGES NOT HAVING SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Total villages	Uninhabited villages	Inhabited villages	Number of inhabited villages having no Scheduled Tribes population
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Bhikhi	34	0	34	34
2	Mansa	39	0	39	39
3	Budhlada	89	2	87	87
4	Jhunir	39	0	39	39
5	Sardulgarh	39	0	39	39
	District Total:	**240**	**2**	**238**	**238**

APPENDIX VII A- VILLAGE DIRECTORY

LIST OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF THE SCHEDULED CASTES TO THE TOTAL POPULATION BY RANGES

Name of the District: MANSA

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
Name of CD Block: Bhikhi		
11-20	01087600	Alisher Kalan
	01080800	Jassarwala
	01086100	Kotra
	01086800	Khiwadialuwala
	01087200	Anupgarh
21-30	01088000	Ralla
	01087300	Joga
	01087400	Makha Chehlan
	01088500	Rar
	01087800	Atla Kalan
	01086600	Heron Kalan
	01088400	Burj Dhilwan
	01086900	Gurthari
	01086400	Khiwa Kalan
	01081800	Bapiana
	01087100	Maujo Khurd
	01087000	Matti
	01088800	Aklia
	01087700	Maujo Kalan
31-40	01081000	Dhalewan
	01086500	Hamirgarh Urf Dhaipai
	01081900	Fafre Bhaike
	01086300	Samaon
	01086200	Atla Khurd
	01086700	Khiwa Khurd
	01080600	Bir Khurd
	01087900	Bhopal
	01080900	Mohar Singhwala
	01088700	Burj Jhabran
41-50	01081100	Kishangarh Urf Pharwahi
	01087500	Ali Sher Khurd
	01088600	Ubha
	01080700	Hodla Kalan
	01081200	Moola Singhwala
Name of CD Block: Mansa		
Less than 5	01081400	Khiala Khurd
11-20	01084400	Karamgarh Urf Autanwali
	01081500	Malakpur
	01084500	Man Bibrian
21-30	01082300	Khara
	01088200	Burj Rathi
	01084800	Gehle
	01085600	Bhaini Bagha
	01082000	Khilian
	01082700	Hirewala
	01085400	Kotli Kalan
	01088100	Burj Hari
	01081600	Mansa Khurd
	01085800	Thuthianwali
	01081300	Dalel Singhwala
	01085200	Aspal
	01083200	Dullowala
	01083500	Maujian
	01085900	Tamkot
31-40	01082600	Nangal Kalan
	01084600	Mussa
	01085300	Kalho
	01082500	Jawaharke
	01081700	Kot Lallu
	01086000	Khiala Kalan
	01082400	Barnala
	01085000	Khokhar Khurd
	01083400	Ghrangne
	01085100	Sadda Singhwala
	01085700	Khokhar Kalan
	01088300	Kharak Singhwala
41-50	01083300	Nangal Khurd
	01082900	Deluana
	01085500	Bhai Desa
	01082100	Chakerian
	01082800	Saharna
51-75	01084700	Gagowal
	01084900	Ram Dittawala
	01082200	Narenderpura Urf Baglianwali
Name of CD Block: Budhlada		
5-10	01080000	Khiwa Mihan Singh Urf Smundgarh
11-20	01071000	Chhachhohar
	01078300	Ramgarh

APPENDIX VII A- VILLAGE DIRECTORY

LIST OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF THE SCHEDULED CASTES TO THE TOTAL POPULATION BY RANGES

Name of the District:MANSA

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01078000	Piplian
	01074700	Saidewala
21-30	01074000	Kulrian
	01072600	Lakhiwala
	01071900	Sandli
	01073400	Chak Alisher
	01074500	Saswali
	01076900	Kishangarh Urf Sedha Singhewala
	01078900	Kalehri
	01074100	Kahangarh
	01077900	Barah
	01075400	Mandhali
	01075200	Lakhmirwala
	01071200	Nandgarh
	01072800	Gandu Kalan
	01073800	Bhawa
	01079700	Jitgarh Urf Biroke Khurd
	01080400	Kanakwal Chahlan
	01074400	Dharampura
	01079400	Bachhoana
	01073500	Andianwali
	01079500	Dodra
	01078100	Ahmadpur
	01072100	Malkon
	01080100	Guradi
	01075900	Ram Nagar Bhathal
	01080300	Alampur Bodla
	01074200	Juglan
	01073000	Maghanian
	01073900	Gorakh Nath
	01079800	Borawal
	01078700	Rali
31-40	01074300	Mander
	01073300	Birewala Dogran
	01079600	Biroke Kalan
	01075600	Tahlian
	01076600	Khudal Shekhupur
	01077300	Gobindpura
	01076200	Achanak
	01073600	Ramgarh Shah Purian
	01072700	Talabwala
	01077200	Sirsiwala
	01077000	Bahadarpur
	01075100	Dalelwala
	01072900	Gandu Khurd
	01076800	Akbarpur Khudal
	01080200	Bhadra
	01076700	Bakhshiwala
	01078600	Ranghrial
	01077100	Dialpura
	01076100	Satike
	01079200	Gurne Kalan
	01076500	Khudal Kalan
	01079100	Gurne Khurd
	01080500	Heron Khurd
	01075500	Joian
	01078400	Datewas
	01076400	Jalwehra
	01077400	Phuluwala Dod
	01074600	Todarpur
	01072400	Hakamwala
	01072000	Faridke
	01076000	Rampur Mander
41-50	01074900	Boha
	01073100	Reond Kalan
	01072500	Gamiwala
	01073200	Reond Khurd
	01077700	Karipur
	01076300	Sanghreri
	01077500	Dariapur
	01077600	Kulana
	01075300	Akanwali
	01079300	Chakan
	01073700	Bhakhrial
	01075800	Mal Singhwala
	01075000	Alampur Mandran
	01078800	Budhlada(R)
51-75	01078500	Khatriwala
	01072200	Udat Saidewala
	01079000	Hassanpur
	01077800	Phuluwala Dogran
	01072300	Malakpur Bhimra
	01074800	Sher Khanwala
	01075700	Kasampur Chhina
Name of CD Block: Jhunir		
Less than 5	01071700	Moda

APPENDIX VII A- VILLAGE DIRECTORY

LIST OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF THE SCHEDULED CASTES TO THE TOTAL POPULATION BY RANGES

Name of the District : MANSA

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
11-20	01066200	Bhalaike
	01070800	Khiali Chahianwali
	01066900	Ghuduwala
21-30	01084200	Chahlanwala
	01084100	Dhingar
	01071800	Moffar
	01066300	Dasundia
	01066700	Lalianwali
	01083700	Talwandi Akalia
	01066500	Bhama Kalan
	01065300	Barewala Jattan
	01065000	Raipur
	01083900	Peron
	01083600	Makha
	01066000	Aullak
	01065200	Bajewala
	01065600	Jaurkian
	01066400	Raman Nandi
	01070900	Kourewala
31-40	01083100	Uddat Bhagat Ram
	01066600	Bhama Khurd
	01071100	Danewala
	01083000	Kot Dharmu
	01066100	Burj Bhalai
	01071400	Chainewala
	01065100	Chhapianwali
	01065500	Mian
	01070700	Jhuner
	01084300	Daliawali Urf Gulabgarh
	01083800	Banawala
	01066800	Fatehgarh Sahnianwali
	01071600	Fatehpur
41-50	01084000	Behniwal
	01071300	Ghurkni
	01064900	Tandian
	01065400	Bishanpura Urf Jherianwali
	01070600	Makhewala

Name of CD Block: Sardulgarh

Less than 5	01068900	Dhigana
	01068600	Khaira Kalan
5-10	01068000	Jhanda Kalan
11-20	01069000	Lohgarh
	01068500	Karandi
	01067100	Kotra
	01068800	Ahlupur
21-30	01068700	Khaira Khurd
	01069800	Adamke
	01069400	Kauriwala
	01067200	Jatana Kalan
	01067500	Sardulewala
	01067900	Jhanda Khurd
31-40	01068100	Nahran
	01070100	Baran
	01070000	Karipur Dumb
	01070500	Fatta Maluka
	01067600	Kahnewala
	01068300	Sangha
	01067700	Bhunder
	01065700	Jagatgarh Bandran
	01070300	Jhanduke
	01070400	Alike
	01065900	Chuhrian
	01069300	Bhalanwara
	01069700	Mirpur Kalan
	01067000	Jatana Khurd
	01067800	Rorki
	01070200	Hirke
	01069200	Ranjitgarh Bandra
	01068200	Mankhera
	01067400	Tibi Hari Singh
	01067300	Mirpur Khurd
	01065800	Kusla
	01069900	Chotian
	01068400	Rajrana
41-50	01069500	Sadhuwala
51-75	01069100	Hingna Urf Bhagwangarh
	01069600	Phus Mandi

Note:- Villages having NIL Scheduled Castes Population have been excluded

APPENDIX VII B - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

LIST OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF THE SCHEDULED TRIBES TO THE TOTAL POPULATION BY RANGES

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3

There are no Scheduled Tribes in the district

APPENDIX VIII – VILLAGE DIRECTORY

NUMER OF VILLAGES UNDER EACH GRAM (PANCHAYAT SAMITIWISE)

Serial number	Name of Gram Panchayat and Location Code Number	Area of Gram Panchayat in Hectares	Number of villages with location code number		Number of Households	Total Population	Total Scheduled Castes Population	Total Scheduled Tribes Population	Income and Expenditure of Gram Panchayat (in Rs. '000)	
			Number	Location Code Number					Total Income	Total Expenditure
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

NIL

APPENDIX IX – VILLAGE DIRECTORY

STATEMENT SHOWING NUMBER OF GIRLS SCHOOLS IN THE VILLAGES

Serial number	Name of CD block	Village Location Code Number	Name of village	Number of girls schools			
				Primary School	Middle School	Matriculation/ Secondary School	Higher Secondary/ PUC/ Intermediate/ Junior College
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

NIL

Section-II
Town Directory

NOTE EXPLAINING THE ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE TOWN DIRECTORY

Town Directory statements (I to VII)

Statement I : Status and Growth History

Column 2 : Class, name and civic administration status of town

Class has been introduced to facilitate analysis of town directory data at the state and all India levels. It is presented according to 2001 Census Population of the town as follows :

Population	Class
100,000 and above	I
50,000-99,999	II
20,000-49,999	III
10,000-19,999	IV
5,000-9,999	V
Below 5,000	VI

Town with a population of one hundred thousand (1,00,000) and above is treated as a city.

The civic administration status of the towns is indicated within bracket against the name of the town. The following abbreviations are used to denote civic status of town.

(i)	Municipal Corporation	M.Corp.
(ii)	Municipal Committee	MC
(iii)	Municipal Council	M Cl
(iv)	City Municipal Council	CMC
(v)	Town Municipal Council	TMC
(vi)	Municipal Board	MB
(vii)	Municipality	M
(viii)	Cantonment Board/Contonment	CB
(ix)	Notified Area	NA
(x)	Notified Town	NT
(xi)	Notified Area Committee/ Notified Area Council	NAC
(xii)	Notified Town Area	NTA
(xiii)	Industrial Notified Area	INA
(xiv)	Industrial Township	ITS
(xv)	Township	TS
(xvi)	Town Panchayat	TP
(xvii)	Nagar Panchayat	NP
(xviii)	Town Committee/Town Area Committee	TC
(xix)	Small Town Committee	ST
(xx)	Estate office	EO
(xxi)	Gram Panchayat	GP
(xxii)	Census Town	CT

Others columns need no comments.

Statement II : Physical Aspects and Location of towns, 1999

Column 3 to 5 : Physical Aspects :

In these columns the Rainfall and Maximum & Minimum Temperature of the town is recorded.

Column 6, 7 & 8 :

Name or the State headquarters, District headquarters and Tahsil headquarters with distance from the referent town in kilometers, is to be recorded respectively. If the names mentioned in these columns are the same as the referent town itself, the distance is recorded as (0) zero.

Column 9 & 10 :

Name of the nearest city with one lakh and more and five lakh and more population are recorded.

Column 11, 12 and 13 :

If referent town enjoys the facility of railway station, bus route facility or navigable river/canal. Its name is to be mentioned. If not available, then the name of nearest place with distance, where such facility exists is mentioned.

Statement III : Municipal Finance 1998-1999

Item-wise amount of receipt and expenditure in thousand rupees, relating to municipal finance of the town for the year 1998-99 is recorded.

Statement IV : Civic and Other amenities, 1999

Column 1 to 5 : Self explanatory :

Column 6 : Road length (in kms.) :

Information about kutcha/pucca road is to be recorded separately for the roads within the limits of the referent town.

(i)	Pucca Road	PR
(ii)	Kutcha Road	KR

Column 7 : System of Sewerage :

Generally, sewerage system is implied by the net-work of mains and branches of underground conduits for the conveyance of sewerage to the point of disposal. Sewers that carry only household and industrial wastes are called separate sewers, those that carry storm water from roofs, streets and other surface are known as storm water drains, while those carrying both sewage and storm water are called combined sewers.

The codes used for different types of drainage system are as follows :

(i)	Sewer	S
(ii)	Open Surface Drains	OSD
(iii)	Box Surface Drains	BSD
(iv)	Sylk Drains	SD
(v)	Cesspool method	CP
(vi)	Pit System	Pt
(vii)	Others	O

Column 8 to 11 : Number of latrines :

Number of various types of latrines both Public and Private are given in these columns.

Column 12 : Method of disposal of night soil :

The various prevalent methods of disposal of night soil are given below with codes :

Head Loads	HL
Basket	B
Wheel Barrows	WB

Septic Tank	ST
Pit System	Pt
Sewerage	S
Others	O

Column 13 and 14 : Water supply :

Source and capacity of storage system. The following codes are used in these columns :

Column 13 :

(i)	Tap water	T
(ii)	Tube-well water	TW
(iii)	Tank Water	TK
(iv)	Well water	W

Column 14 :

(v)	Over Head Tank	OHT
(vi)	Service Reservoir	SR
(vii)	River Infiltration Gallery	RIG
(viii)	Bore Well Pumping System	BWP
(ix)	Pressure Tank	PT

The information on major sources of water supply is given in column 13 and the storage capacity against each in kilo-litres (in bracket) is presented in column 14.

Column 15 : Fire Fighting Service :

In case the fire fighting service is available in the referent town 'yes' is recorded. If the facility is not available within the town, the name of the nearest place having this facility with its distance from the referent town has been recorded.

Column 16 to 20 : Electrification (Number of connections) :

Different types of electric connections have been shown in these columns, i.e. Domestic, Industrial, Commercial, Road lighting (points) & others.

Statement V : Medical, Educational, Recreational and Cultural Facilities, 1999

Column 1 to 3 : Self explanatory.

Column 4 & 5 :

The data covers all such medical institutions run by or aided by Government/Semi Government/Local bodies and Charitable institutions or Social agencies like the Missionaries. Where the family planning centres are attached to hospitals or maternity and child welfare centres or Primary Health Centres, they may be treated as independent units and counted separately using following codes :

(i)	Hospital	H
(ii)	Dispensary	D
(iii)	Health Centre	HC
(iv)	Family Welfare Centre	FWC
(v)	T.B. Clinic	TB
(vi)	Nursing Home	NH
(vii)	Others	O

In case of more than one institutions of any type, it is indicated within brackets the number of such institution (s) e.g. D(3), NH(8), etc. The institutions have further been distinguished by providing additional codes within the bracket as given below :

Ayurvedic	A
Unani	U
Homoeopathic	Hom

Column 6 to 9 :

The codes used for these columns are as follows:

(i)	Arts only	A
(ii)	Science only	S
(iii)	Commerce only	C
(iv)	Arts & Science only	AS
(v)	Arts & Commerce only	AC
(vi)	Combined for all categories-Arts, Science and Commerce	ASC
(vii)	Law	L
(viii)	University	U
(ix)	Others	O

Column 10 : Recognized shorthand, typewriting and vocational training institutes :

"Recognised" should mean recognised by some statutory authority, like education department, commerce department, labour department etc. of the government or semi government or autonomous bodies, public sector undertakings etc.

The following codes are used :

(i)	Vocational Training Institutes	VT
(ii)	Shorthand	SH
(iii)	Typewriting	Type
(iv)	Shorthand & Typewriting	SH Type
(v)	Others	O

The vocational institutions like-Applied Art/Painting college, Pharmacy college, B.Ed. College, Teacher's Training Institute, Music/Dance School, Nursing School etc. are covered under 'Others'.

Column 11 to 14 :

Higher Secondary/ Intermediate/ Senior Secondary/ PUC/ Junior College level, Secondary/ Matriculation, Middle Schools/ Junior Secondary and Primary Schools.

Schools up to class V are treated as Primary or elementary schools. These include Nursery schools, Kindergarten schools, Pre-Primary schools, Junior Basic schools upto class V and Primary schools upto class IV.

Schools upto VIII are considered as Middle schools or Junior Secondary.

Schools upto class X are considered as Matriculation or Secondary schools.

Schools upto XI or XII classes are considered as Higher Secondary/ Intermediate/ Pre University / Junior College etc. This would cover 10+2 classes whether held in schools or colleges.

If there are composite schools like middle schools with primary classes or Secondary schools with Middle classes, these are also included in the number of Primary and Middle schools, respectively. For example, if in a town, there are two Primary Schools and one Middle school with Primary classes, the number of Primary schools in the town is given as three and that of Middle schools as one though there are only three educational institutions.

If there are more institutions of a type in the town, the number is indicated within bracket along with the abbreviation, e.g. P(4), M(3).

Column 15 : Adult literacy class/centres :

This column has been introduced keeping in view the Minimum Needs Programme of the Planning Commission. There are number of Adult Education Centres which are included in these columns.

If an educational facility is not available in the town, the name of the nearest place and its distance in kilometres from the town where the facility is available is mentioned.

Column 16 : Working Women's hostels with number of seats :

The number of working women's hostel if available in the referent town is mentioned with number of seats. If the facility is not available in the town the name of nearest place with distance where the facility is available is recorded.

Column 17 to 19 : Recreational and Cultural Facilities :

Stadium, Cinema, Auditorium/Drama/Community Hall are covered under recreational & cultural facilities. The particulars of permanent recreational facilities are considered for these columns.

Column 20 : Public Libraries, Reading Rooms:

Number of public libraries and reading rooms available in the referent town is recorded in codes as follows :

(i)	Public Library	PL
(ii)	Reading room	RR

Statement VI : Trade, Commerce, Industry and Banking, 1999

Column 3 to 8 :

Names of three most important commodities exported and names of three most important commodities manufactured in the town are recorded in these columns.

Column 9 : Number of Banks :

Number of Banks available in the referent town both Commercial and Co-operative banks is recorded against this column.

Column 10 & 11 : Number of Agricultural Credit Societies and Non Agricultural Credit Societies:

The total number of Agricultural Credit Societies and Non Agricultural Credit Societies in the referent town is recorded against these columns.

Statement VII : Civic and other Amenities in Slums, 1999

This is the statement on civic and other amenities in all slums whether notified or not and for all towns having statutory bodies, like Municipality, Municipal Corporation, Town area committee etc.

STATEMENT
STATUS AND

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Location code number	Name of Tahsil	Name of C.D. block	Area (in sq. km.)	Number of households incl. houseless households (2001 Census)	Population and growth rate			
							1901	1911	1921	1931
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	IV Bhikhi (N.P)	41501000	Mansa		9.0	2,663	-	-	-	-
2	II Mansa (M.Cl)	41502000	Mansa		21.7	13,417	-	-	-	-
3	III Budhlada (M.Cl)	41503000	Budhlada		8.1	4,325	-	-	-	8,369
4	IV Bareta (M.Cl)	41504000	Budhlada		4.0	2,610	-	-	-	-
5	IV Sardulgarh (N.P)	41505000	Sardulgarh		8.0	3,070	-	-	-	-

STATEMENT
PHYSICAL ASPECTS AND

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Physical aspects			Name of and road distance	
		Rainfall (in mm)	Temperature (in centigrade)		State HQ.	District HQ.
			Maximum	Minimum		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	IV Bhikhi (N.P)	500	43.0	6.0	Chandigarh (170)	Mansa (17)
2	II Mansa (M.Cl)	500	43.5	6.0	Chandigarh (175)	Mansa (0)
3	III Budhlada (M.Cl)	801	44.0	5.0	Chandigarh (174)	Mansa (18)
4	IV Bareta (M.Cl)	300	43.0	5.0	Chandigarh (169)	Mansa (40)
5	IV Sardulgarh (N.P)	400	45.0	5.0	Chandigarh (217)	Mansa (42)

STATEMENT
MUNICIPAL FINANCE,

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Receipt (in Rs.'000)						
		Receipt through taxes, etc.	Revenue derived from municipal properties and power apart from taxation	Government grant	Loan	Advance	Other sources (specify)	Total receipt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	IV Bhikhi (N.P)	4,275	67	309	-	-	143	4,794
2	II Mansa (M.Cl)	23,222	2,581	-	-	-	4,469	30,272
3	III Budhlada (M.Cl)	7,920	531	2,395	-	-	1,256	12,102
4	IV Bareta (M.Cl)	3,035	1,979	275	-	-	692	5,981
5	IV Sardulgarh (N.P)	3,549	718	-	-	-	361	4,628

- I
GROWTH HISTORY

(in brackets) of the town at the Censuses of							Density (2001 Census)	Sex ratio			Class, name and civic status of town	Serial number
1941	1951	1961	1971	1981	1991	2001		1981	1991	2001		
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	2	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	15,080	1,675.6	-	-	889	IV Bhikhi (N.P)	1
11,729	15,251 (+30.0)	22,473 (+47.4)	31,351 (+39.5)	43,289 (+38.1)	55,089 (+27.3)	72,627 (+31.8)	3,351.5	905	874	876	II Mansa (M.Cl)	2
5,364 (-35.9)	7,077 (+31.9)	8,620 (+21.8)	11,713 (+35.9)	15,968 (+36.3)	18,717 (+17.2)	23,521 (+25.7)	2,918.2	893	893	892	III Budhlada (M.Cl)	3
-	5,317	7,041 (+32.4)	8,313 (+18.1)	9,494 (+14.2)	11,537 (+21.5)	14,886 (+29.0)	3,721.5	878	884	883	IV Bareta (M.Cl)	4
-	-	-	-	-	-	16,315	2,039.4	-	-	887	IV Sardulgarh (N.P)	5

-II
LOCATION OF TOWNS, 1999

in kilometer (s) from						Class, name and civic status of town	Serial number
Tahsil H.Q.	Nearest city with population of one lakh and more	Nearest city with population of five lakh and more	Railway station	Bus facility	Navigable river/ canal (if within ten kilometers)		
8	9	10	11	12	13	2	1
Mansa (17)	Bathinda (65)		Budhlada (15)	Bhikhi (0)	0 (0)	IV Bhikhi (N.P)	1
Mansa (0)	Bathinda (55)		Mansa (0)	Mansa (0)	0 (0)	II Mansa (M.Cl)	2
Budhlada (0)	Bathinda (88)		Budhlada (0)	Budhlada (0)	0 (0)	III Budhlada (M.Cl)	3
Budhlada (16)	Bathinda (100)		Bareta (0)	Bareta (0)	0 (0)	IV Bareta (M.Cl)	4
Sardulgarh (0)	Bathinda (70)		Sirsa(Haryana) (28)	Sardulgarh (0)	0 (0)	IV Sardulgarh (N.P)	5

- III
1998-99

Expenditure (in Rs.'000)							Class, name and civic status of town	Serial number
General administration	Public safety	Public health and conveniences	Public works	Public institutions	Others (specify)	Total expenditure		
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	2	1
698	618	-	4,373	-	200	5,889	IV Bhikhi (N.P)	1
7,899	1,943	8,026	11,132	676	326	30,002	II Mansa (M.Cl)	2
2,703	387	2,221	2,865	184	1,294	9,654	III Budhlada (M.Cl)	3
1,729	-	2,637	-	-	1,615	5,981	IV Bareta (M.Cl)	4
155	486	745	4,133	-	509	6,028	IV Sardulgarh (N.P)	5

STATEMENT
CIVIC AND OTHER

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Population (2001 Census)	Population 2001 Census		Road length (in km. (s))	System of sewerage	Number of latrines			
			Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes			Total	Water borne	Service	Others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	IV Bhikhi (N.P)	15,080	4,773	-	KR(2) PR(20)	OSD, O	1,251	725	-	526
2	II Mansa (M.Cl)	72,627	16,974	-	KR(3) PR(30)	S, OSD	11,650	11,650	-	-
3	III Budhlada (M.Cl)	23,521	3,953	-	KR(1) PR(8)	OSD, S	4,190	3,950	-	240
4	IV Bareta (M.Cl)	14,886	4,301	-	KR(1) PR(6)	OSD, Pt.	1,200	1,200	-	-
5	IV Sardulgarh (N.P)	16,315	4,058	-	KR(6) PR(4)	OSD, Pt.	745	745	-	-

STATEMENT
MEDICAL, EDUCATIONAL, RECREATIONAL

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Population (2001 Census)	Medical facilities*						Educational
			Hospitals/ Dispensaries/ T.B. clinics etc.	Beds in medical institutions noted in column 4	Arts/ Science/ Commerce/ Law/ Other colleges (of degree level and above)	Medical colleges	Engineering colleges	Polytechnics	Recognised shorthand, typewriting and vocational training institutions
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	IV Bhikhi (N.P)	15080	H D(1(Hom)) FWC NH(2) Other(2) HC-Khiala Kalan (10) TB-Sangrur(50)	65	A	Patiala (100)	Longowal(28)	Longowal(28)	-
2	II Mansa (M.Cl)	72627	H(2) D((A-1, Hom-1,2)) FWC NH(5) HC-Khiala Kalan (6) TB-Bathinda(55)	218	A AC	Patiala (110)	Bathinda(55)	Bathinda(55)	VT(2) Type O
3	III Budhlada (M.Cl)	23521	HC FWC TB NH(3) H-Baretta(16) D-Bachhoana(3)	42	ASC(2)	Patiala (109)	Bathinda(88)	Bathinda(88)	VT(3) SHType O(2)
4	IV Bareta (M.Cl)	14886	H D((A-1)) FWC NH HC-Budhlada (16) TB-Budhlada(16)	30	Budhlada(16)	Patiala (104)	Bathinda(100)	Bathinda(100)	-
5	IV Sardulgarh (N.P)	16315	HC FWC TB NH(2) H-Sirsa(28)(Haryana) D-Fatta Maluka(9)	56	Sirsa(28) (Haryana)	Patiala(152)	Bathinda(70)	Sirsa(28) (Haryana)	-

If a medical or Education facility is not available in the town, the name of the nearest place and its distance in kilometer (s) from the town where the facility is available is given.

- IV
AMENITIES, 1999

Method of disposal of night soil	Water supply		Fire fighting service*	Electrification (number of connections)					Class, name and civic status of town	Serial number
	Source of supply	System of storage with capacity in kilolitres (in brackets)		Domestic	Industrial	Commercial	Road lighting (points)	Others		
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	2	1
Pt, O	TW,T	OHT (230)	Mansa (17)	2,692	1	524	660	-	IV Bhikhi (N.P)	1
ST, S	T,TW	OHT (910)	Yes	12,129	410	3,328	1,702	10	II Mansa (M.Cl)	2
ST, S	T	OHT (450)	Mansa (18)	6,800	20	1,200	363	10	III Budhlada (M.Cl)	3
Pt	TW,T	OHT (450)	Mansa (40)	2,500	8	600	306	2	IV Bareta (M.Cl)	4
Pt	T	OHT (230)	Mansa (42)	2,714	10	195	250	2	IV Sardulgarh (N.P)	5

- V
AND CULTURAL FACILITIES, 1999

facilities						Number of recreational and cultural facilities				Class, name and civic status of town	Serial number
Higher secondary/ Intermediate/ Senior Secondary/ PUC (Pre-university college)/ Junior college level	Secondary/ Matricula-tion	Junior secondary and Middle schools	Primary schools	Adult literacy classes/ centres, others (specify)	Working women's hostels with number of seats	Stadium	Cinema	Auditorium/ Drama/ community Halls	Public libraries including reading rooms		
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	2	1
2	2	2	3	Mansa(17)	Sangrur(50)	1	-	-	-	IV Bhikhi (N.P)	1
4	6	10	10	1	Bathinda(55)	1	2	-	PL(2) RR(3)	II Mansa (M.Cl)	2
4	5	5	12	1	Sangrur(60)	1	1	-	PL	III Budhlada (M.Cl)	3
2	2	3	7	1	Sangrur(70)	-	-	-	-	IV Bareta (M.Cl)	4
4	5	5	6	Mansa(42)	Bathinda(70)	-	-	1	-	IV Sardulgarh (N.P)	5

STATEMENT
TRADE, COMMERCE, INDUSTRY

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Name of three most important commodities exported		
		1st	2nd	3rd
1	2	3	4	5
1	IV Bhikhi (N.P)	Rice	Wheat	Paddy Husk
2	II Mansa (M.Cl)	Wheat	Agricultural Implements	Rice
3	III Budhlada (M.Cl)	Rice	Wheat	Mustard Oil
4	IV Bareta (M.Cl)	Rice & Rice Brain	Wheat	Leather Shoes (Desi Jutti)
5	IV Sardulgarh (N.P)	Rice	Cotton Bales	Eletric Transformer

STATEMENT
CIVIC AND OTHER AMENITIES

Serial number	Class and name of town	Name of the slum	Is it notified	No. of households (approximate)	Population of the Slum (approximate)	Paved roads (in kilometers)	System of sewerage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	IV Sardulgarh	Rurki Road Abadian W.No. 5	No	140	990	1	OSD
		Peer Khana Mohalla W.No. 6	No	150	970	1	OSD
2	III Budhlada	Bazigar Basti W.No. 1	Yes	200	995	0	OSD, ST
		Dheha Basti W.No. 2	Yes	75	378	0	OSD, ST
		Dhanak Basti W.No. 12	Yes	320	1,610	1	OSD, ST
		Ghumar Basti W.No. 2	Yes	102	475	1	OSD, ST
		Harijan Basti W.No. 4	Yes	280	1,425	1	OSD, ST
3	IV Baretta	Guru Teg Bhadur Basti W.No. 10	Yes	300	1,450	2	OSD, Pt
		Balmik Nagar W.No. 3	Yes	145	600	1	OSD
4	IV Bhikhi	Guru Nanak Basti W.No. 5	Yes	150	852	2	OSD, O
		Harijan Basti W.No. 12	Yes	190	1,150	2	OSD, O
5	II Mansa	Veer Nagar W.No. 19	Yes	160	900	1	S, OSD
		Mansa Village Near Ravidas Mainder W.No.18	Yes	152	950	1	S, OSD
		Bhai Gurdas Basti	Yes	170	1,050	1	S, OSD
		Beyond Sirsa Road W.No. 21	No	180	1,500	1	OSD
		Near Lakho Devi M.C. W.No. 4	No	160	1,200	1	S, OSD
		Mati Dass Nagar W.No. 6	No	155	900	1	S, OSD
		Guru Nanak Basti W.No. 12	No	150	1,500	1	OSD
		Laluana Road (Near Octori Post) W.No. 8	No	155	1,000	1	OSD
		Char Chaman Basti	No	165	1,100	1	OSD
		Bhatha Basti	No	200	1,200	1	OSD

- VI

AND BANKING, 1999

Name of three most important commodities manufactured			Number of banks	Number of agricultural credit societies	Number of non-agricultural credit societies	Class, name and civic status of town	Serial number
1st	2nd	3rd					
6	7	8	9	10	11	2	1
Agricultural Implements	Wooden Furniture	Shoes (Desi Jutti)	3	1	1	IV Bhikhi (N.P)	1
Agricultural Implements	Tubewell Apparatus	Shoes	16	2	5	II Mansa (M.Cl)	2
Oil Cake	Furniture	Agricultural Implements	6	2	3	III Budhlada (M.Cl)	3
Leather Shoes (Desi Jutti)	Wooden Furniture	Agricultural Implements	5	1	1	IV Bareta (M.Cl)	4
Eletric Transformer	Cotton Bales	Agricultural Implements	5	1	2	IV Sardulgarh (N.P)	5

- VII

IN SLUMS, 1999

Number of latrines				Method of disposal of night soil	No. of tap points/public hydrants installed for supply of protected water	Electricity connections			Name of the slum	Class and name of town	Serial number
Private			Comm-unity			Domestic	Road lighting (points)	Others			
water borne	service	others									
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	3	2	1
-	-	-	-	ST, O	-	120	-	-	Rurki Road Abadian W.No. 5	IV Sardulgarh	1
-	-	-	-	ST, O	-	110	18	1	Peer Khana Mohalla W.No. 6		
-	-	45	-	ST, O	-	200	20	8	Bazigar Basti W.No. 1	III Budhlada	2
-	-	20	-	ST, O	-	75	7	2	Dheha Basti W.No. 2		
20	-	30	-	ST, O	3	320	30	10	Dhanak Basti W.No. 12		
-	-	20	-	ST, O	-	102	10	1	Ghumar Basti W.No. 2		
-	-	15	-	ST, O	-	261	3	7	Harijan Basti W.No. 4		
75	-	25	-	OSD, ST	20	300	20	31	Guru Teg Bhadur Basti W.No. 10	IV Baretta	3
-	-	-	-	O	2	145	8	3	Balmik Nagar W.No. 3		
-	-	7	-	O, Pt	10	135	40	5	Guru Nanak Basti W.No. 5	IV Bhikhi	4
-	-	15	-	O, Pt	10	178	45	7	Harijan Basti W.No. 12		
60	-	-	-	S, ST	-	135	25	15	Veer Nagar W.No. 19	II Mansa	5
50	-	-	-	S, ST	2	137	20	14	Mansa Village Near Ravidas Mainder W.No.18		
40	-	-	-	S, ST	-	153	16	9	Bhai Gurdas Basti		
15	-	-	-	S, ST	-	160	12	12	Beyond Sirsa Road W.No. 21		
90	-	-	-	S, ST	-	144	10	10	Near Lakho Devi M.C. W.No. 4		
-	-	-	-	S, ST	-	140	-	-	Mati Dass Nagar W.No. 6		
65	-	-	-	ST	-	135	8	15	Guru Nanak Basti W.No. 12		
81	-	-	-	ST	-	134	-	10	Laluana Road (Near Octori Post) W.No. 8		
4	-	-	-	ST	-	144	4	8	Char Charan Basti		
20	-	-	-	ST	-	161	30	7	Bhatha Basti		

PART - B
PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

Brief note on Primary Census Abstract

The first census of the third millennium and twenty first century the Census of India, 2001 was the 14th continuous and uninterrupted Indian census since 1872. Thus, 2001 Census will provide data on population and its characteristics marking transition from one century and millennium to another.

The gigantic operation of Population Enumeration (considered by many to be the single largest and complex peace time administrative exercise in the world) was made possible due to the door to door universal canvassing of the Household Schedule by about 2 million enumerators and supervisors covering 593 districts, 5,463 sub-districts, 5,161 towns and 638,588 villages. The comprehensive Household Schedule which replaced the individual slip had three parts and two sides A and B. Part I contained the Location Particulars; Part II related to the Individual Particulars and Part III contained questions for Household engaged in Cultivation/Plantation. The part II of the Household Schedule had 39 columns and 23 questions all of which were universally canvassed and no sampling was resorted to during enumeration.

Data Processing

A quantum leap was made in the technology front while processing the Census 2001 data both for Houselisting and Population Enumeration. The Census schedules for both the phases were scanned through high speed scanners in fifteen data centers across the country and hand-written data from the schedules were converted into digitized form through Intelligent Character Reading (ICR) software for creation of ASCII records for further processing. The designing and formatting of the Household Schedule had to be done very carefully using specialized software so as to ensure uniformity, which was an essential pre-requisite for scanning. The selection of appropriate state-of-art technology in data processing has made it possible to produce all the Houselisting as well as Population Enumeration tables on full count basis for the first time in the history of Census. For Census 2001, about 202 million schedules consisting of about 1,028 million records were scanned and processed within a span of only 10 months starting from October, 2002.

Task Force on Quality Assurance

After the data is processed, it is expedient on the part of the data producing agency to satisfy itself about its quality before putting the same in public domain. This has to be done mainly through the process of internal consistency, comparison with similar data in the past and also through validation with likewise data if available, from external sources. Quite often the local knowledge and perception has to be brought into play to understand both the existing and the new emerging trends of population distribution and characteristics. The other very important aspect of the data quality is to ensure complete coverage of all geographical areas especially for the population enumeration phase where the data is disseminated right up to the village level in the rural areas and the ward level in the urban areas. Thus ensuring the complete coverage and correct geographical linkage of each enumeration block was one of the major planks of the quality control, specially for small area population statistics.

A very comprehensive check and edit mechanism was put in place to objectively examine the preliminary Census 2001 Population Enumeration results and finally clear them for use. The responsibility of the final clearance of data was with the Task Force on Quality Assurance (TFQA), headed by the Registrar General and Census Commissioner, India. The other members of the TFQA were the Heads and senior officers of the Census Division, Data Processing Division, Map Division, Demography Division and Social Studies Division. The Directors of Census Operations were co-opted as members whenever the TFQA discussed the data for their States/Union territories. The Directors and their senior officers were required to make detailed presentations of data for their own state both in respect to the quality and the coverage and only after the full possible satisfaction of the TFQA, the population data was cleared.

There has been a major departure in Census 2001 from the past in respect of the procedure followed for finalization of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes population. In the earlier censuses, the total Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes populations were finalized at the time of the manual compilation of the Primary Census Abstracts (PCA) at the Regional Tabulation Offices

which were specially set up for this purpose. The individual Scheduled Caste and the Scheduled Tribe population for each state was finalized much later based on manual coding done by the coders. In 2001 Census, each individual Scheduled Caste and the Scheduled Tribe have been coded directly on the computers by the Data Entry Operators through a process known as Computer Assisted Coding (CAC) and taken up along with the processing of PCA data. The CAC process involves pulling down, from the relevant dictionary of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes, on the computer screen and coding from the dictionary by referring to the image of the specific individual entry in the Household Schedule appearing on the screen. The CAC of the response on Religion wherever required, was also undertaken along with the processing of PCA. This is because the Scheduled Castes status had to be determined in relation to the religion of the individual. Two Special Task Forces, one on Religion and the other on Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes were constituted for scrutiny and appropriate classification of these responses.

The main task of the Special Task Force on Religion was to appropriately merge or group the new responses encountered and code it into the appropriate religious community based on available literature and local knowledge. The Special Task Force on Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes examined the different Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes entries encountered and classified these into appropriate category of the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled Tribes principally based on the Presidential Notification and the available literature. Thus a very systematic and scientific mechanism was operationalised to firm up the individual religion and the individual Scheduled Caste/Tribe returns. The Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes population in 2001 Census, is thus being finalized by aggregating the population data for individual Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribe at appropriate geographical levels.

The entire work relating to the data validation and scrutiny was completed by all the States/Union Territories under the overall supervision and monitoring of the Census Division of the Office of the Registrar General, India with active cooperation and support of the Social Studies Division, Data Processing Division, Data Dissemination Division and Map Division.

Primary Census Abstract

The Primary Census Abstract which is yet another important publication of 2001 Census gives basic information on Area, Total Households, Total population, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes population, Population in the age group 0-6, Literates, Main workers and Marginal workers classified by the four broad industrial categories, namely, (i) Cultivators, (ii) Agricultural laborers, (iii) Household Industry Workers, and (iv) Other workers and also Non-workers. The characteristics of the Total Population includes Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Institutional and Houseless population and are presented by sex and rural-urban residence. This data is presented at different levels, namely, India, States/Union territories, Districts, Cities and Urban Agglomerations (Population 1,00,000 and above) in three different tables. In addition, the Appendix of said publication provides Houseless and Institutional Households and their population by residence and sex for 2001 for India, State and Union territory.

Apart from the India and State/Union Territory volumes for Primary Census Abstract, the District Census Handbook contains District Primary Census Abstract, Appendix to District Primary Census Abstract, Primary Census Abstract for Scheduled Castes, Primary Census Abstract for Scheduled Tribes, Village Primary Census Abstract and Urban Primary Census Abstract of the concerned district in the state.

It was for the first time at the 1981 Census that the Primary Census Abstract (PCA) was brought out for the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes separately on the pattern of General Primary Census Abstract. This practice was continued in 1991 also. In the 1961 and 1971 Censuses, such data were made available in Table C-VIII-Social and Cultural table and to some extent in the series 'Special Tables for Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes'.

The format of Primary Census Abstract has been restructured slightly in the 2001 Census as compared to that of 1991 Census. The nine-fold industrial classification of main workers given in the Primary Census Abstract of 1991 Census has been discontinued and in its place, four-fold industrial classification of both 'main workers' and 'marginal workers' are included. In 1981 census only main

workers were presented into four categories. One of the novel features of the primary census abstract of 1991 census was the presentation of data of the population of age group 0-6 is continued in 2001 Census also. This will help the data users in better analysis and understanding of literacy data.

Level of presentation in District Census Handbooks

The Primary Census Abstract data in different PCAs are presented at different levels. The level of presentation of Primary Census Abstracts are as under:

Name of the Primary Census Abstract	Level of presentation
1. District Primary Census Abstract	District/CD Block/UA/City/Town
2. Primary Census Abstract for Scheduled Castes	District/CD Block/Town
3. Primary Census Abstract for Scheduled Tribes	District/CD Block/Town
4. Village Primary Census Abstract	CD Block/Villagewise
5. Urban Primary Census Abstract	Town/Ward level

The PCA Data for villages was presented CD Block wise for the first time in 1991 Census. This practice is continued in 2001 Census also. The data for each CD Block is presented both for rural and urban areas separately. All the villages within the CD Block constitute the rural portion and the Census Towns and Outgrowths are shown under the urban portion of the CD Block. In case a CD Block is spread over two or more districts, than portion which falls within the district is presented, the data pertaining to remaining portion of the CD Block is presented in the concerned District Census Handbook. The data in the Urban Primary Census Abstract for each town as well as for town with outgrowths in the district are presented. The data for all the wards and the outgrowths of the town(s) are also presented separately below the concerned town(s).

The District Primary Census Abstract is presented in 59 columns. The Primary Census Abstract for Scheduled Castes and Primary Census Abstract for Scheduled Tribes are presented in 52 columns. The Village Primary Census Abstract and Urban Primary Census Abstract are presented in 58 columns.

The concepts and definitions used in the column heading are explained under the sub heading 'Census Concepts' in the Analytical Note. The term 'Total Population' includes the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes, the Institutional and the Houseless populations. The explanation regarding area figures presented at various level in the Primary Census Abstracts are as follows:

Area Figures

The area figures supplied by local revenue authorities of the district in respect of Tahsils, Police Stations and by the local bodies in respect of towns are given in square kilometers. The area figures of the villages supplied by the Tahsildars in acres have been converted and shown in hectares. The area figures of the CD Block is the total of the village areas coming under each CD Block. The area figures for the district are the same as adopted by the Surveyor General of India to maintain uniformity at the national level. The total area figures of all the Tahsils/CD Blocks within the district may not tally with area figures of the district because former represents land use area only. Similarly, the total of all the villages may not tally with the entire rural of Police Station/Tahsil. The difference may be due to the fact that while the area covered by hills, forests and rivers etc, have been accounted in the Tahsils and P.S. level the same may not be covered under the area of the villages. Apart from this it may also differ due to varying methods of computation adopted at different levels.

An appendix to District Primary Census Abstract has also been furnished showing urban enumeration, block-wise particulars on Total Population, the Scheduled Castes Population and the Scheduled Tribes Population for each town.

Location code number	District/ CD Block/ U.A./ City/ Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Area of Town/ Ward in square kilometre	Number of households	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
					Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
15	**Mansa**	**Total**		**121,075**	**688,758**	**366,446**	**322,312**	**96,089**	**53,923**	**42,166**
		Rural		**94,990**	**546,329**	**290,763**	**255,566**	**76,991**	**43,181**	**33,810**
		Urban		**26,085**	**142,429**	**75,683**	**66,746**	**19,098**	**10,742**	**8,356**
0001	Bhikhi	Total		16,938	98,218	52,568	45,650	13,406	7,591	5,815
		Rural		16,938	98,218	52,568	45,650	13,406	7,591	5,815
		Urban		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Mansa	Total		16,811	94,641	50,537	44,104	12,972	7,319	5,653
		Rural		16,811	94,641	50,537	44,104	12,972	7,319	5,653
		Urban		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0003	Budhlada	Total		33,206	192,739	102,194	90,545	27,862	15,532	12,330
		Rural		33,206	192,739	102,194	90,545	27,862	15,532	12,330
		Urban		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0004	Jhunir	Total		13,911	79,480	42,462	37,018	10,873	6,171	4,702
		Rural		13,911	79,480	42,462	37,018	10,873	6,171	4,702
		Urban		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0005	Sardulgarh	Total		14,124	81,251	43,002	38,249	11,878	6,568	5,310
		Rural		14,124	81,251	43,002	38,249	11,878	6,568	5,310
		Urban		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	URBAN									
41504000	Bareta (M Cl)	Urban		2610	14886	7907	6979	2170	1222	948
41501000	Bhikhi (NP)	Urban		2663	15080	7984	7096	2201	1250	951
41503000	Budhlada (M Cl)	Urban		4325	23521	12429	11092	3145	1727	1418
41502000	Mansa (M Cl)	Urban		13417	72627	38719	33908	9091	5194	3897
41505000	Sardulgarh (NP)	Urban		3070	16315	8644	7671	2491	1349	1142

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Scheduled Castes population			Scheduled Tribes population			Literates			Total/ Rural/ Urban	District/ CD Block/ U.A./ City/ Town
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	3	2
208,889	**110,296**	**98,593**	-	-	-	**310,632**	**184,064**	**126,568**	**Total**	**Mansa**
174,830	**92,337**	**82,493**	-	-	-	**223,091**	**133,847**	**89,244**	**Rural**	
34,059	**17,959**	**16,100**	-	-	-	**87,541**	**50,217**	**37,324**	**Urban**	
29,405	15,568	13,837	-	-	-	40,219	23,684	16,535	Total	Bhikhi
29,405	15,568	13,837	-	-	-	40,219	23,684	16,535	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
30,594	16,180	14,414	-	-	-	39,340	23,850	15,490	Total	Mansa
30,594	16,180	14,414	-	-	-	39,340	23,850	15,490	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
66,717	35,129	31,588	-	-	-	77,267	45,901	31,366	Total	Budhlada
66,717	35,129	31,588	-	-	-	77,267	45,901	31,366	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
24,594	13,037	11,557	-	-	-	31,763	19,400	12,363	Total	Jhunir
24,594	13,037	11,557	-	-	-	31,763	19,400	12,363	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
23,520	12,423	11,097	-	-	-	34,502	21,012	13,490	Total	Sardulgarh
23,520	12,423	11,097	-	-	-	34,502	21,012	13,490	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
										URBAN
4301	2266	2035	0	0	0	8205	4793	3412	Urban	Bareta (M Cl)
4773	2513	2260	0	0	0	8026	4615	3411	Urban	Bhikhi (NP)
3953	2073	1880	0	0	0	15858	8969	6889	Urban	Budhlada (M Cl)
16974	8956	8018	0	0	0	46643	26705	19938	Urban	Mansa (M Cl)
4058	2151	1907	0	0	0	8809	5135	3674	Urban	Sardulgarh (NP)

Location code number	District/ CD Block/ U.A./ City/ Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Illiterates			Total workers			Main workers		
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
15	**Mansa**	**Total**	**378,126**	**182,382**	**195,744**	**281,491**	**199,008**	**82,483**	**227,622**	**185,194**	**42,428**
		Rural	**323,238**	**156,916**	**166,322**	**233,270**	**159,623**	**73,647**	**183,255**	**147,546**	**35,709**
		Urban	**54,888**	**25,466**	**29,422**	**48,221**	**39,385**	**8,836**	**44,367**	**37,648**	**6,719**
0001	Bhikhi	Total	57,999	28,884	29,115	42,027	29,069	12,958	33,791	27,087	6,704
		Rural	57,999	28,884	29,115	42,027	29,069	12,958	33,791	27,087	6,704
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Mansa	Total	55,301	26,687	28,614	41,261	27,875	13,386	31,672	25,362	6,310
		Rural	55,301	26,687	28,614	41,261	27,875	13,386	31,672	25,362	6,310
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0003	Budhiada	Total	115,472	56,293	59,179	77,242	55,460	21,782	62,662	52,034	10,628
		Rural	115,472	56,293	59,179	77,242	55,460	21,782	62,662	52,034	10,628
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0004	Jhunir	Total	47,717	23,062	24,655	36,929	23,700	13,229	27,826	21,529	6,297
		Rural	47,717	23,062	24,655	36,929	23,700	13,229	27,826	21,529	6,297
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0005	Sardulgarh	Total	46,749	21,990	24,759	35,811	23,519	12,292	27,304	21,534	5,770
		Rural	46,749	21,990	24,759	35,811	23,519	12,292	27,304	21,534	5,770
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	URBAN										
41504000	Bareta (M Cl)	Urban	6681	3114	3567	5042	4052	990	4527	3827	700
41501000	Bhikhi (NP)	Urban	7054	3369	3685	5541	4168	1373	5088	4016	1072
41503000	Budhlada (M Cl)	Urban	7663	3460	4203	7487	6377	1110	6989	6053	936
41502000	Mansa (M Cl)	Urban	25984	12014	13970	23868	20092	3776	22306	19369	2937
41505000	Sardulgarh (NP)	Urban	7506	3509	3997	6283	4696	1587	5457	4383	1074

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Industrial category of main workers												Total/ Rural/ Urban	District/ CD Block/ U.A./ City/ Town
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers			Other workers				
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	3	2
88,559	**81,166**	**7,393**	**45,742**	**38,695**	**7,047**	**7,076**	**4,024**	**3,052**	**86,245**	**61,309**	**24,936**	**Total**	**Mansa**
85,724	**78,584**	**7,140**	**43,324**	**36,671**	**6,653**	**4,854**	**2,622**	**2,232**	**49,353**	**29,669**	**19,684**	**Rural**	
2,835	**2,582**	**253**	**2,418**	**2,024**	**394**	**2,222**	**1,402**	**820**	**36,892**	**31,640**	**5,252**	**Urban**	
15,822	14,536	1,286	7,941	6,799	1,142	1,067	585	482	8,961	5,167	3,794	Total	Bhikhi
15,822	14,536	1,286	7,941	6,799	1,142	1,067	585	482	8,961	5,167	3,794	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
14,874	13,695	1,179	6,966	6,006	960	785	430	355	9,047	5,231	3,816	Total	Mansa
14,874	13,695	1,179	6,966	6,006	960	785	430	355	9,047	5,231	3,816	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
27,583	26,144	1,439	14,604	12,814	1,790	1,655	887	768	18,820	12,189	6,631	Total	Budhlada
27,583	26,144	1,439	14,604	12,814	1,790	1,655	887	768	18,820	12,189	6,631	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
13,457	12,131	1,326	6,331	5,309	1,022	868	408	460	7,170	3,681	3,489	Total	Jhunir
13,457	12,131	1,326	6,331	5,309	1,022	868	408	460	7,170	3,681	3,489	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
13,988	12,078	1,910	7,482	5,743	1,739	479	312	167	5,355	3,401	1,954	Total	Sardulgarh
13,988	12,078	1,910	7,482	5,743	1,739	479	312	167	5,355	3,401	1,954	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
													URBAN
415	398	17	374	271	103	335	225	110	3403	2933	470	Urban	Bareta (M Cl)
882	861	21	493	442	51	348	89	259	3365	2624	741	Urban	Bhikhi (NP)
86	84	2	131	98	33	346	260	86	6426	5611	815	Urban	Budhlada (M Cl)
698	642	56	1020	889	131	804	627	177	19784	17211	2573	Urban	Mansa (M Cl)
754	597	157	400	324	76	389	201	188	3914	3261	653	Urban	Sardulgarh (NP)

Location code number	District/ CD Block/ U.A./ City/ Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Marginal workers			Industrial category: Cultivators			Industrial category: Agricultural labourers		
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
15	**Mansa**	**Total**	**53,869**	**13,814**	**40,055**	**10,806**	**2,143**	**8,663**	**20,551**	**6,682**	**13,869**
		Rural	**50,015**	**12,077**	**37,938**	**10,692**	**2,115**	**8,577**	**19,987**	**6,415**	**13,572**
		Urban	**3,854**	**1,737**	**2,117**	**114**	**28**	**86**	**564**	**267**	**297**
0001	Bhikhi	Total	8,236	1,982	6,254	1,013	276	737	2,610	1,048	1,562
		Rural	8,236	1,982	6,254	1,013	276	737	2,610	1,048	1,562
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Mansa	Total	9,589	2,513	7,076	2,049	330	1,719	4,176	1,428	2,748
		Rural	9,589	2,513	7,076	2,049	330	1,719	4,176	1,428	2,748
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0003	Budhlada	Total	14,580	3,426	11,154	3,467	566	2,901	6,089	1,701	4,388
		Rural	14,580	3,426	11,154	3,467	566	2,901	6,089	1,701	4,388
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0004	Jhunir	Total	9,103	2,171	6,932	2,365	514	1,851	3,364	1,091	2,273
		Rural	9,103	2,171	6,932	2,365	514	1,851	3,364	1,091	2,273
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0005	Sardulgarh	Total	8,507	1,985	6,522	1,798	429	1,369	3,748	1,147	2,601
		Rural	8,507	1,985	6,522	1,798	429	1,369	3,748	1,147	2,601
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	URBAN										
41504000	Bareta (M Cl)	Urban	515	225	290	19	9	10	140	87	53
41501000	Bhikhi (NP)	Urban	453	152	301	5	4	1	55	26	29
41503000	Budhlada (M Cl)	Urban	498	324	174	1	1	0	14	8	6
41502000	Mansa (M Cl)	Urban	1562	723	839	68	9	59	275	119	156
41505000	Sardulgarh (NP)	Urban	826	313	513	21	5	16	80	27	53

CENSUS ABSTRACT

of marginal workers									Total/ Rural/ Urban	District/ CD Block/ U.A./ City/ Town	Location code number
Household industry workers			Other workers			Non-workers					
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females			
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	3	2	1
3,184	**347**	**2,837**	**19,328**	**4,642**	**14,686**	**407,267**	**167,438**	**239,829**	**Total**	**Mansa**	**15**
2,637	**274**	**2,363**	**16,699**	**3,273**	**13,426**	**313,059**	**131,140**	**181,919**	**Rural**		
547	**73**	**474**	**2,629**	**1,369**	**1,260**	**94,208**	**36,298**	**57,910**	**Urban**		
578	62	516	4,035	596	3,439	56,191	23,499	32,692	Total	Bhikhi	0001
578	62	516	4,035	596	3,439	56,191	23,499	32,692	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
487	27	460	2,877	728	2,149	53,380	22,662	30,718	Total	Mansa	0002
487	27	460	2,877	728	2,149	53,380	22,662	30,718	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
833	95	738	4,191	1,064	3,127	115,497	46,734	68,763	Total	Budhlada	0003
833	95	738	4,191	1,064	3,127	115,497	46,734	68,763	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
570	54	516	2,804	512	2,292	42,551	18,762	23,789	Total	Jhunir	0004
570	54	516	2,804	512	2,292	42,551	18,762	23,789	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
169	36	133	2,792	373	2,419	45,440	19,483	25,957	Total	Sardulgarh	0005
169	36	133	2,792	373	2,419	45,440	19,483	25,957	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
										URBAN	
61	3	58	295	126	169	9844	3855	5989	Urban	Bareta (M Cl)	41504000
78	17	61	315	105	210	9539	3816	5723	Urban	Bhikhi (NP)	41501000
39	19	20	444	296	148	16034	6052	9982	Urban	Budhlada (M Cl)	41503000
147	22	125	1072	573	499	48759	18627	30132	Urban	Mansa (M Cl)	41502000
222	12	210	503	269	234	10032	3948	6084	Urban	Sardulgarh (NP)	41505000

APPENDIX TO DISTRICT PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

TOTAL, SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION - URBAN BLOCK WISE

Location Code	Name of town	Name of ward	Boundaries of urban block / EB number	Total population	Scheduled Castes population	Scheduled Tribes population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
41505000	**Sardulgarh (NP)**	Ward No. 1	EB No. 1	708	244	-
			EB No. 2	591	68	-
		Ward No. 2	EB No. 3	653	81	-
			EB No. 4	460	139	-
		Ward No. 2	EB No. 5	677	328	-
		Ward No. 3	EB No. 6	642	110	-
			EB No. 7	685	478	-
			EB No. 8	672	19	-
		Ward No. 4	EB No. 9	692	25	-
			EB No. 10	451	-	-
			EB No. 11	420	-	-
		Ward No. 5	EB No. 12	558	611	-
			EB No. 13	563	536	-
		Ward No. 6	EB No. 14	531	286	-
			EB No. 15	446	298	-
		Ward No. 7	EB No. 16	502	133	-
			EB No. 17	444	66	-
		Ward No. 8	EB No. 18	348	121	-
			EB No. 19	653	25	-
		Ward No. 9	EB No. 20	660	18	-
			EB No. 21	523	148	-
		Ward No. 10	EB No. 22	480	-	-
			EB No. 23	390	10	-
		Ward No. 11	EB No. 24	563	22	-
			EB No. 25	393	10	-
			EB No. 26	575	25	-
		Ward No. 12	EB No. 27	447	-	-
			EB No. 28	446	16	-
		Ward No. 13	EB No. 29	431	158	-
			EB No. 30	611	83	-
41503000	**Budhlada (M Cl)**	Ward No. 1	EB No. 1	723	22	-
			EB No. 2	637	501	-
			EB No. 3	547	215	-
			EB No. 4	554	14	-
			EB No. 5	668	244	-
		Ward No. 2	EB No. 6	493	296	-
			EB No. 7	711	39	-
		Ward No. 3	EB No. 8	756	64	-
			EB No. 9	463	25	-
			EB No. 10	495	20	-

APPENDIX TO DISTRICT PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

TOTAL, SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION - URBAN BLOCK WISE

Location Code	Name of town	Name of ward	Boundaries of urban block / EB number	Total population	Scheduled Castes population	Scheduled Tribes population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
41503000	**Budhlada (M Cl)**	Ward No. 4	EB No. 11	808	563	-
			EB No. 12	780	73	-
			EB No. 13	771	34	-
		Ward No. 5	EB No. 14	543	10	-
			EB No. 15	758	18	-
		Ward No. 6	EB No. 16	701	-	-
			EB No. 17	767	35	-
		Ward No. 7	EB No. 18	640	71	-
			EB No. 19	500	127	-
			EB No. 20	640	87	-
			EB No. 21	725	108	-
		Ward No. 8	EB No. 22	618	24	-
			EB No. 23	598	35	-
			EB No. 24	444	17	-
		Ward No. 9	EB No. 25	671	-	-
			EB No. 26	718	8	-
		Ward No. 10	EB No. 27	571	28	-
			EB No. 28	830	9	-
		Ward No. 11	EB No. 29	520	30	-
			EB No. 30	504	112	-
			EB No. 31	476	3	-
		Ward No. 12	EB No. 32	694	59	-
			EB No. 33	784	734	-
			EB No. 34	623	316	-
		Ward No. 13	EB No. 35	750	5	-
			EB No. 36	560	1	-
			EB No. 37	480	6	-
41504000	**Bareta (M Cl)**	Ward No. 1	EB No. 1	670	13	-
			EB No. 2	754	307	-
		Ward No. 2	EB No. 3	633	298	-
			EB No. 4	615	5	-
		Ward No. 3	EB No. 5	604	165	-
			EB No. 6	649	9	-
		Ward No. 4	EB No. 7	579	173	-
			EB No. 8	586	9	-
		Ward No. 5	EB No. 9	461	289	-
			EB No. 10	558	99	-
		Ward No. 6	EB No. 11	575	272	-
			EB No. 12	598	430	-
		Ward No. 7	EB No. 13	770	104	-

APPENDIX TO DISTRICT PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

TOTAL, SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION - URBAN BLOCK WISE

Location Code	Name of town	Name of ward	Boundaries of urban block / EB number	Total population	Scheduled Castes population	Scheduled Tribes population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
41504000	**Bareta (M Cl)**	Ward No. 8	EB No. 14	747	164	-
		Ward No. 9	EB No. 15	486	209	-
			EB No. 16	423	400	-
			EB No. 17	621	317	-
		Ward No. 10	EB No. 18	699	517	-
			EB No. 19	556	274	-
		Ward No. 11	EB No. 20	641	111	-
			EB No. 21	570	119	-
		Ward No. 12	EB No. 22	541	11	-
			EB No. 23	504	6	-
		Ward No. 13	EB No. 24	546	-	-
			EB No. 25	500	-	-
41501000	**Bhikhi (NP)**	Ward No. 1	EB No. 1	735	24	-
			EB No. 2	590	31	-
		Ward No. 2	EB No. 3	919	326	-
			EB No. 4	558	46	-
		Ward No. 3	EB No. 5	722	12	-
		Ward No. 4	EB No. 6	502	39	-
			EB No. 7	726	318	-
		Ward No. 5	EB No. 8	692	434	-
			EB No. 9	660	305	-
		Ward No. 6	EB No. 10	667	59	-
			EB No. 11	328	9	-
		Ward No. 7	EB No. 12	328	286	-
			EB No. 13	607	158	-
		Ward No. 8	EB No. 14	689	689	-
			EB No. 15	639	547	-
		Ward No. 9	EB No. 16	557	22	-
			EB No. 17	399	12	-
		Ward No. 10	EB No. 18	802	22	-
			EB No. 19	396	293	-
		Ward No. 11	EB No. 20	504	-	-
			EB No. 21	500	132	-
		Ward No. 12	EB No. 22	410	25	-
			EB No. 23	955	686	-
		Ward No. 13	EB No. 24	781	101	-
			EB No. 25	414	197	-
41502000	**Mansa (M Cl)**	Ward No. 1	EB No. 1	662	169	-
			EB No. 2	615	316	-
			EB No. 3	708	229	-

APPENDIX TO DISTRICT PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

TOTAL, SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION - URBAN BLOCK WISE

Location Code	Name of town	Name of ward	Boundaries of urban block / EB number	Total population	Scheduled Castes population	Scheduled Tribes population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
41502000	**Mansa (M Cl)**	Ward No. 1	EB No. 4	636	307	-
			EB No. 5	736	284	-
			EB No. 6	742	30	-
			EB No. 7	650	254	-
		Ward No. 2	EB No. 8	598	249	-
			EB No. 9	727	271	-
			EB No. 10	771	503	-
			EB No. 11	730	303	-
			EB No. 12	825	301	-
			EB No. 13	539	172	-
		Ward No. 3	EB No. 14	642	452	-
			EB No. 15	527	356	-
			EB No. 16	817	751	-
			EB No. 17	798	374	-
			EB No. 18	568	407	-
		Ward No. 4	EB No. 19	565	362	-
			EB No. 20	543	458	-
			EB No. 21	690	205	-
			EB No. 22	593	286	-
		Ward No. 5	EB No. 23	678	31	-
			EB No. 24	780	125	-
			EB No. 25	719	44	-
			EB No. 26	695	97	-
			EB No. 27	633	56	-
		Ward No. 6	EB No. 28	680	38	-
			EB No. 29	759	62	-
			EB No. 30	633	12	-
			EB No. 31	678	59	-
			EB No. 32	695	206	-
		Ward No. 7	EB No. 33	625	94	-
			EB No. 34	704	185	-
			EB No. 35	773	421	-
			EB No. 36	1,102	192	-
			EB No. 37	819	82	-
		Ward No. 8	EB No. 38	627	165	-
			EB No. 39	876	334	-
			EB No. 40	687	143	-
			EB No. 41	955	207	-
			EB No. 42	602	171	-
		Ward No. 9	EB No. 43	740	22	-

APPENDIX TO DISTRICT PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

TOTAL, SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION - URBAN BLOCK WISE

Location Code	Name of town	Name of ward	Boundaries of urban block / EB number	Total population	Scheduled Castes population	Scheduled Tribes population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
. 41502000	Mansa (M Cl)	Ward No. 9	EB No. 44	699	14	-
			EB No. 45	703	22	-
			EB No. 46	648	15	-
			EB No. 47	509	38	-
		Ward No. 10	EB No. 48	681	-	-
			EB No. 49	657	-	-
			EB No. 50	652	70	-
			EB No. 51	705	21	-
			EB No. 52	805	20	-
		Ward No. 11	EB No. 53	720	119	-
			EB No. 54	636	79	-
			EB No. 55	662	6	-
			EB No. 56	575	28	-
			EB No. 57	525	93	-
		Ward No. 12	EB No. 58	670	356	-
			EB No. 59	639	211	-
			EB No. 60	720	385	-
			EB No. 61	775	179	-
		Ward No. 13	EB No. 62	614	9	-
			EB No. 63	581	-	-
			EB No. 64	499	-	-
			EB No. 65	634	25	-
			EB No. 66	753	-	-
			EB No. 67	799	4	-
		Ward No. 14	EB No. 68	780	-	-
			EB No. 69	484	3	-
			EB No. 70	577	5	-
			EB No. 71	748	-	-
			EB No. 72	646	-	-
			EB No. 73	577	4	-
			EB No. 74	534	77	-
		Ward No. 15	EB No. 75	625	-	-
			EB No. 76	872	-	-
			EB No. 77	558	-	-
			EB No. 78	599	23	-
			EB No. 79	313	-	-
		Ward No. 16	EB No. 80	733	6	-
			EB No. 81	663	3	-
			EB No. 82	556	5	-
			EB No. 83	676	21	-

APPENDIX TO DISTRICT PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

TOTAL, SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION - URBAN BLOCK WISE

Location Code	Name of town	Name of ward	Boundaries of urban block / EB number	Total population	Scheduled Castes population	Scheduled Tribes population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
41502000	**Mansa (M Cl)**	Ward No. 16	EB No. 84	569	114	-
		Ward No. 17	EB No. 85	1,036	303	-
			EB No. 86	877	-	-
			EB No. 87	675	37	-
			EB No. 88	890	119	-
		Ward No. 18	EB No. 89	658	7	-
			EB No. 90	693	3	-
			EB No. 91	609	-	-
			EB No. 92	503	-	-
			EB No. 93	702	241	-
		Ward No. 19	EB No. 94	613	9	-
			EB No. 95	499	243	-
			EB No. 96	692	646	-
			EB No. 97	681	576	-
			EB No. 98	634	529	-
		Ward No. 20	EB No. 99	643	124	-
			EB No. 100	1,008	7	-
			EB No. 101	850	153	-
			EB No. 102	610	326	-
		Ward No. 21	EB No. 103	680	615	-
			EB No. 104	699	309	-
			EB No. 105	633	485	-
			EB No. 106	640	267	-
			EB No. 107	589	235	-

Location code number	District/ CD Block/ Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of households with at least one Scheduled Caste member	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
15	**Mansa**	**Total**	**37,941**	**208,889**	**110,296**	**98,593**	**35,619**	**19,024**	**16,595**
		Rural	**31,841**	**174,830**	**92,337**	**82,493**	**29,853**	**15,933**	**13,920**
		Urban	**6,100**	**34,059**	**17,959**	**16,100**	**5,766**	**3,091**	**2,675**
0001	Bhikhi	Total	5,341	29,405	15,568	13,837	4,974	2,656	2,318
		Rural	5,341	29,405	15,568	13,837	4,974	2,656	2,318
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Mansa	Total	5,707	30,594	16,180	14,414	5,197	2,794	2,403
		Rural	5,707	30,594	16,180	14,414	5,197	2,794	2,403
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0003	Budhlada	Total	12,062	66,717	35,129	31,588	11,568	6,195	5,373
		Rural	12,062	66,717	35,129	31,588	11,568	6,195	5,373
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0004	Jhunir	Total	4,485	24,594	13,037	11,557	4,101	2,167	1,934
		Rural	4,485	24,594	13,037	11,557	4,101	2,167	1,934
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0005	Sardulgarh	Total	4,246	23,520	12,423	11,097	4,013	2,121	1,892
		Rural	4,246	23,520	12,423	11,097	4,013	2,121	1,892
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	URBAN								
41505000	Sardulgarh (NP)	Urban	778	4,058	2,151	1,907	785	405	380
41503000	Budhlada (M Cl)	Urban	706	3,953	2,073	1,880	716	376	340
41504000	Bareta (M Cl)	Urban	759	4,301	2,266	2,035	778	417	361
41501000	Bhikhi (NP)	Urban	848	4,773	2,513	2,260	861	484	377
41502000	Mansa (M Cl)	Urban	3,009	16,974	8,956	8,018	2,626	1,409	1,217

FOR SCHEDULED CASTES

Literates			Illiterates			Total workers			Total/ Rural/ Urban	District/ CD Block/ Town
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	3	2
59,818	**36,548**	**23,270**	**149,071**	**73,748**	**75,323**	**85,952**	**58,400**	**27,552**	**Total**	**Mansa**
47,195	**28,829**	**18,366**	**127,635**	**63,508**	**64,127**	**74,091**	**49,423**	**24,668**	**Rural**	
12,623	**7,719**	**4,904**	**21,436**	**10,240**	**11,196**	**11,861**	**8,977**	**2,884**	**Urban**	
7,667	4,596	3,071	21,738	10,972	10,766	12,620	8,517	4,103	Total	Bhikhi
7,667	4,596	3,071	21,738	10,972	10,766	12,620	8,517	4,103	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
8,659	5,333	3,326	21,935	10,847	11,088	13,185	8,592	4,593	Total	Mansa
8,659	5,333	3,326	21,935	10,847	11,088	13,185	8,592	4,593	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
18,238	11,103	7,135	48,479	24,026	24,453	26,547	18,525	8,022	Total	Budhlada
18,238	11,103	7,135	48,479	24,026	24,453	26,547	18,525	8,022	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
6,379	3,846	2,533	18,215	9,191	9,024	11,150	7,093	4,057	Total	Jhunir
6,379	3,846	2,533	18,215	9,191	9,024	11,150	7,093	4,057	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
6,252	3,951	2,301	17,268	8,472	8,796	10,589	6,696	3,893	Total	Sardulgarh
6,252	3,951	2,301	17,268	8,472	8,796	10,589	6,696	3,893	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
										URBAN
1,053	686	367	3,005	1,465	1,540	1,693	1,142	551	Urban	Sardulgarh (NP)
1,498	926	572	2,455	1,147	1,308	1,331	1,002	329	Urban	Budhlada (M Cl)
1,415	899	516	2,886	1,367	1,519	1,542	1,135	407	Urban	Bareta (M Cl)
1,667	991	676	3,106	1,522	1,584	1,711	1,245	466	Urban	Bhikhi (NP)
6,990	4,217	2,773	9,984	4,739	5,245	5,584	4,453	1,131	Urban	Mansa (M Cl)

Location code number	District/ CD Block/ Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Main workers			Industrial category					
						Cultivators			Agricultural labourers		
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
15	**Mansa**	**Total**	**64,327**	**51,290**	**13,037**	**2,707**	**2,326**	**381**	**36,740**	**31,279**	**5,461**
		Rural	**53,976**	**42,971**	**11,005**	**2,615**	**2,243**	**372**	**35,001**	**29,803**	**5,198**
		Urban	**10,351**	**8,319**	**2,032**	**92**	**83**	**9**	**1,739**	**1,476**	**263**
0001	Bhikhi	Total	9,423	7,407	2,016	383	311	72	6,493	5,536	957
		Rural	9,423	7,407	2,016	383	311	72	6,493	5,536	957
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Mansa	Total	8,830	7,114	1,716	361	310	51	5,712	4,964	748
		Rural	8,830	7,114	1,716	361	310	51	5,712	4,964	748
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0003	Budhlada	Total	20,404	16,699	3,705	809	729	80	11,940	10,584	1,356
		Rural	20,404	16,699	3,705	809	729	80	11,940.	10,584	1,356
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0004	Jhunir	Total	7,606	6,027	1,579	432	366	66	5,371	4,487	884
		Rural	7,606	6,027	1,579	432	366	66	5,371	4,487	884
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0005	Sardulgarh	Total	7,713	5,724	1,989	630	527	103	5,485	4,232	1,253
		Rural	7,713	5,724	1,989	630	527	103	5,485	4,232	1,253
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	URBAN										
41505000	Sardulgarh (NP)	Urban	1,397	1,032	365	14	10	4	316	259	57
41503000	Budhlada (M Cl)	Urban	1,150	901	249	4	4	-	69	49	20
41504000	Bareta (M Cl)	Urban	1,254	982	272	2	1	1	253	196	57
41501000	Bhikhi (NP)	Urban	1,496	1,160	336	17	16	1	412	376	36
41502000	Mansa (M Cl)	Urban	5,054	4,244	810	55	52	3	689	596	93

FOR SCHEDULED CASTES

of main workers									Total/ Rural/ Urban	District/ CD Block/ Town
Household industry workers			Other workers			Marginal workers				
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	3	2
1,752	**1,044**	**708**	**23,128**	**16,641**	**6,487**	**21,625**	**7,110**	**14,515**	**Total**	**Mansa**
1,163	**685**	**478**	**15,197**	**10,240**	**4,957**	**20,115**	**6,452**	**13,663**	**Rural**	
589	**359**	**230**	**7,931**	**6,401**	**1,530**	**1,510**	**658**	**852**	**Urban**	
177	101	76	2,370	1,459	911	3,197	1,110	2,087	Total	Bhikhi
177	101	76	2,370	1,459	911	3,197	1,110	2,087	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
141	78	63	2,616	1,762	854	4,355	1,478	2,877	Total	Mansa
141	78	63	2,616	1,762	854	4,355	1,478	2,877	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
542	324	218	7,113	5,062	2,051	6,143	1,826	4,317	Total	Budhlada
542	324	218	7,113	5,062	2,051	6,143	1,826	4,317	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
200	111	89	1,603	1,063	540	3,544	1,066	2,478	Total	Jhunir
200	111	89	1,603	1,063	540	3,544	1,066	2,478	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
103	71	32	1,495	894	601	2,876	972	1,904	Total	Sardulgarh
103	71	32	1,495	894	601	2,876	972	1,904	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
										URBAN
85	30	55	982	733	249	296	110	186	Urban	Sardulgarh (NP)
21	17	4	1,056	831	225	181	101	80	Urban	Budhlada (M Cl)
180	128	52	819	657	162	288	153	135	Urban	Bareta (M Cl)
87	21	66	980	747	233	215	85	130	Urban	Bhikhi (NP)
216	163	53	4,094	3,433	661	530	209	321	Urban	Mansa (M Cl)

Location code number	District/ CD Block/ Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Industrial category of marginal workers								
			Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers		
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
15	**Mansa**	**Total**	**561**	**185**	**376**	**15,052**	**4,975**	**10,077**	**746**	**96**	**650**
		Rural	**555**	**185**	**370**	**14,658**	**4,814**	**9,844**	**589**	**80**	**509**
		Urban	**6**	**-**	**6**	**394**	**161**	**233**	**157**	**16**	**141**
0001	Bhikhi	Total	78	20	58	2,166	847	1,319	158	16	142
		Rural	78	20	58	2,166	847	1,319	158	16	142
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Mansa	Total	96	36	60	3,355	1,143	2,212	104	10	94
		Rural	96	36	60	3,355	1,143	2,212	104	10	94
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0003	Budhlada	Total	176	44	132	4,299	1,183	3,116	156	27	129
		Rural	176	44	132	4,299	1,183	3,116	156	27	129
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0004	Jhunir	Total	101	39	62	2,728	861	1,867	124	13	111
		Rural	101	39	62	2,728	861	1,867	124	13	111
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0005	Sardulgarh	Total	104	46	58	2,110	780	1,330	47	14	33
		Rural	104	46	58	2,110	780	1,330	47	14	33
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	URBAN										
41505000	Sardulgarh (NP)	Urban	2	-	2	62	21	41	81	3	78
41503000	Budhlada (M Cl)	Urban	-	-	-	3	1	2	1	-	1
41504000	Bareta (M Cl)	Urban	4	-	4	112	74	38	9	2	7
41501000	Bhikhi (NP)	Urban	-	-	-	43	19	24	23	6	17
41502000	Mansa (M Cl)	Urban	-	-	-	174	46	128	43	5	38

FOR SCHEDULED CASTES

Other workers			Non-workers			Total/ Rural/ Urban	District/ CD Block/ Town	Location code number
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females			
47	48	49	50	51	52	3	2	1
5,266	**1,854**	**3,412**	**122,937**	**51,896**	**71,041**	**Total**	**Mansa**	**15**
4,313	**1,373**	**2,940**	**100,739**	**42,914**	**57,825**	**Rural**		
953	**481**	**472**	**22,198**	**8,982**	**13,216**	**Urban**		
795	227	568	16,785	7,051	9,734	Total	Bhikhi	0001
795	227	568	16,785	7,051	9,734	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
800	289	511	17,409	7,588	9,821	Total	Mansa	0002
800	289	511	17,409	7,588	9,821	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
1,512	572	940	40,170	16,604	23,566	Total	Budhlada	0003
1,512	572	940	40,170	16,604	23,566	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
591	153	438	13,444	5,944	7,500	Total	Jhunir	0004
591	153	438	13,444	5,944	7,500	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
615	132	483	12,931	5,727	7,204	Total	Sardulgarh	0005
615	132	483	12,931	5,727	7,204	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
							URBAN	
151	86	65	2,365	1,009	1,356	Urban	Sardulgarh (NP)	41505000
177	100	77	2,622	1,071	1,551	Urban	Budhlada (M Cl)	41503000
163	77	86	2,759	1,131	1,628	Urban	Bareta (M Cl)	41504000
149	60	89	3,062	1,268	1,794	Urban	Bhikhi (NP)	41501000
313	158	155	11,390	4,503	6,887	Urban	Mansa (M Cl)	41502000

Location code number	Name of Village	Area of Village in hectares	Number of households	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0001	**Bhikhi (Total)**	**36,176.0**	**16,938**	**98,218**	**52,568**	**45,650**	**13,406**	**7,591**	**5,815**
0001	**Bhikhi (Rural)**	**36,176.0**	**16,938**	**98,218**	**52,568**	**45,650**	**13,406**	**7,591**	**5,815**
0001	**Bhikhi (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Bhikhi (Rural)								
01080600	Bir Khurd	771.0	279	1,636	842	794	219	122	97
01080700	Hodla kalan	910.0	387	2,391	1,205	1,186	352	196	156
01080800	Jassarwala	170.0	95	565	291	274	71	39	32
01080900	Mohar Singhwala	602.0	316	1,960	1,040	920	284	159	125
01081000	Dhalewan	1,426.0	620	3,549	1,888	1,661	450	272	178
01081100	Kishangarh Urf Pharwahi	1,190.0	611	3,544	1,884	1,660	457	253	204
01081200	Moola Singhwala	520.0	147	890	476	414	119	75	44
01081800	Bapiana	828.0	389	2,125	1,126	999	244	147	97
01081900	Fafre Bhaike	1,641.0	780	4,340	2,289	2,051	509	293	216
01086100	Kotra	745.0	476	2,799	1,499	1,300	373	203	170
01086200	Atla Khurd	606.0	309	1,773	995	778	253	152	101
01086300	Samaon	1,238.0	705	4,047	2,216	1,831	547	304	243
01086400	Khiwa Kalan	1,183.0	625	3,658	1,958	1,700	527	303	224
01086500	Hamirgarh Urf Dhaipai	1,185.0	453	2,714	1,462	1,252	357	196	161
01086600	Heron Kalan	1,495.0	738	4,442	2,386	2,056	585	308	277
01086700	Khiwa Khurd	954.0	441	2,483	1,339	1,144	348	195	153
01086800	Khiwadialuwala	376.0	252	1,563	837	726	226	129	97
01086900	Gurthari	783.0	298	1,675	900	775	252	145	107
01087000	Matti	1,367.0	619	3,422	1,882	1,540	482	282	200
01087100	Maujo Khurd	506.0	223	1,370	722	648	174	97	77
01087200	Anupgarh	542.0	191	1,071	580	491	132	81	51
01087300	Joga	3,584.0	1,656	9,325	4,993	4,332	1,253	720	533
01087400	Makha Chehlan	537.0	214	1,253	658	595	185	97	88
01087500	Ali Sher Khurd	501.0	241	1,343	725	618	234	126	108
01087600	Alisher Kalan	501.0	186	1,092	605	487	169	97	72
01087700	Maujo Kalan	91.0	55	354	197	157	41	26	15
01087800	Atla Kalan	983.0	478	2,749	1,493	1,256	460	258	202
01087900	Bhopal	1,271.0	592	3,564	1,942	1,622	494	282	212
01088000	Ralla	2,870.0	1,224	7,054	3,796	3,258	904	494	410
01088400	Burj Dhilwan	955.0	623	3,616	1,934	1,682	481	280	201
01088500	Rar	799.0	357	2,214	1,208	1,006	273	171	102
01088600	Ubha	1,993.0	838	4,933	2,606	2,327	797	462	335
01088700	Burj Jhabran	391.0	209	1,191	610	581	142	76	66
01088800	Aklia	2,662.0	1,311	7,513	3,984	3,529	1,012	551	461

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Bhikhi

Scheduled Castes popuation			Scheduled Tribes population			Literates			Name of Village
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2
29,405	**15,568**	**13,837**	-	-	-	**40,219**	**23,684**	**16,535**	**Bhikhi (Total)**
29,405	**15,568**	**13,837**	-	-	-	**40,219**	**23,684**	**16,535**	**Bhikhi (Rural)**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Bhikhi (Urban)**
									Bhikhi (Rural)
595	311	284	-	-	-	630	354	276	Bir Khurd
1,126	575	551	-	-	-	1,185	636	549	Hodla kalan
95	56	39	-	-	-	258	138	120	Jassarwala
759	417	342	-	-	-	856	490	366	Mohar Singhwala
1,092	569	523	-	-	-	1,465	857	608	Dhalewan
1,426	741	685	-	-	-	1,432	870	562	Kishangarh Urf Pharwahi
440	237	203	-	-	-	387	236	151	Moola Singhwala
603	324	279	-	-	-	1,060	624	436	Bapiana
1,444	757	687	-	-	-	2,147	1,233	914	Fafre Bhaike
484	253	231	-	-	-	1,087	668	419	Kotra
622	345	277	-	-	-	758	481	277	Atla Khurd
1,384	745	639	-	-	-	1,576	949	627	Samaon
996	549	447	-	-	-	1,423	807	616	Khiwa Kalan
855	450	405	-	-	-	1,080	629	451	Hamirgarh Urf Dhaipai
1,165	622	543	-	-	-	1,600	935	665	Heron Kalan
894	469	425	-	-	-	1,000	598	402	Khiwa Khurd
288	151	137	-	-	-	634	361	273	Khiwadialuwala
456	241	215	-	-	-	576	344	232	Gurthari
998	555	443	-	-	-	1,381	821	560	Matti
392	205	187	-	-	-	487	280	207	Maujo Khurd
207	97	110	-	-	-	398	225	173	Anupgarh
2,107	1,112	995	-	-	-	4,225	2,508	1,717	Joga
291	150	141	-	-	-	602	363	239	Makha Chehlan
584	297	287	-	-	-	451	279	172	Ali Sher Khurd
143	75	68	-	-	-	461	279	182	Alisher Kalan
105	59	46	-	-	-	151	85	66	Maujo Kalan
691	370	321	-	-	-	977	584	393	Atla Kalan
1,327	717	610	-	-	-	1,454	894	560	Bhopal
1,461	790	671	-	-	-	2,776	1,637	1,139	Ralla
971	499	472	-	-	-	1,435	865	570	Burj Dhilwan
553	297	256	-	-	-	980	596	384	Rar
2,155	1,145	1,010	-	-	-	1,727	985	742	Ubha
469	234	235	-	-	-	532	315	217	Burj Jhabran
2,227	1,154	1,073	-	-	-	3,028	1,758	1,270	Aklia

Location code number	Name of Village	Illiterates			Total workers			Main workers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
0001	**Bhikhi (Total)**	**57,999**	**28,884**	**29,115**	**42,027**	**29,069**	**12,958**	**33,791**	**27,087**	**6,704**
0001	**Bhikhi (Rural)**	**57,999**	**28,884**	**29,115**	**42,027**	**29,069**	**12,958**	**33,791**	**27,087**	**6,704**
0001	**Bhikhi (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Bhikhi (Rural)									
01080600	Bir Khurd	1,006	488	518	687	542	145	407	288	119
01080700	Hodla kalan	1,206	569	637	793	595	198	627	512	115
01080800	Jassarwala	307	153	154	310	164	146	285	162	123
01080900	Mohar Singhwala	1,104	550	554	1,009	581	428	958	557	401
01081000	Dhalewan	2,084	1,031	1,053	1,242	1,037	205	1,039	982	57
01081100	Kishangarh Urf Pharwahi	2,112	1,014	1,098	1,183	1,029	154	1,085	992	93
01081200	Moola Singhwala	503	240	263	343	264	79	335	264	71
01081800	Bapiana	1,065	502	563	693	617	76	653	613	40
01081900	Fafre Bhaike	2,193	1,056	1,137	1,724	1,258	466	1,239	1,154	85
01086100	Kotra	1,712	831	881	978	822	156	922	787	135
01086200	Atla Khurd	1,015	514	501	857	534	323	836	528	308
01086300	Samaon	2,471	1,267	1,204	1,299	1,200	99	1,206	1,158	48
01086400	Khiwa Kalan	2,235	1,151	1,084	1,496	1,045	451	1,338	1,036	302
01086500	Hamirgarh Urf Dhaipai	1,634	833	801	1,061	819	242	1,028	808	220
01086600	Heron Kalan	2,842	1,451	1,391	1,761	1,293	468	1,511	1,245	266
01086700	Khiwa Khurd	1,483	741	742	1,014	761	253	772	704	68
01086800	Khiwadialuwala	929	476	453	461	420	41	425	406	19
01086900	Gurthari	1,099	556	543	754	466	288	445	400	45
01087000	Matti	2,041	1,061	980	1,216	1,052	164	936	908	28
01087100	Maujo Khurd	883	442	441	677	514	163	503	479	24
01087200	Anupgarh	673	355	318	571	324	247	343	320	23
01087300	Joga	5,100	2,485	2,615	3,988	2,704	1,284	3,245	2,525	720
01087400	Makha Chehlan	651	295	356	585	380	205	437	360	77
01087500	Ali Sher Khurd	892	446	446	545	395	150	446	390	56
01087600	Alisher Kalan	631	326	305	451	348	103	382	313	69
01087700	Maujo Kalan	203	112	91	177	122	55	121	120	1
01087800	Atla Kalan	1,772	909	863	1,257	802	455	1,034	775	259
01087900	Bhopal	2,110	1,048	1,062	2,104	1,111	993	1,449	911	538
01088000	Ralla	4,278	2,159	2,119	3,892	2,221	1,671	2,645	2,110	535
01088400	Burj Dhilwan	2,181	1,069	1,112	1,694	1,051	643	1,425	1,002	423
01088500	Rar	1,234	612	622	809	601	208	634	571	63
01088600	Ubha	3,206	1,621	1,585	2,539	1,481	1,058	2,177	1,391	786
01088700	Burj Jhabran	659	295	364	658	331	327	483	280	203
01088800	Aklia	4,485	2,226	2,259	3,199	2,185	1,014	2,420	2,036	384

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Bhikhi

Industrial category of main workers												Name of Village
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers			Other workers			
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	2
15,822	**14,536**	**1,286**	**7,941**	**6,799**	**1,142**	**1,067**	**585**	**482**	**8,961**	**5,167**	**3,794**	**Bhikhi (Total)**
15,822	**14,536**	**1,286**	**7,941**	**6,799**	**1,142**	**1,067**	**585**	**482**	**8,961**	**5,167**	**3,794**	**Bhikhi (Rural)**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Bhikhi (Urban)**
												Bhikhi (Rural)
258	194	64	11	10	1	3	3	-	135	81	54	Bir Khurd
275	227	48	130	112	18	28	17	11	194	156	38	Hodla kalan
110	107	3	34	30	4	1	1	-	140	24	116	Jassarwala
214	211	3	301	251	50	17	6	11	426	89	337	Mohar Singhwala
534	518	16	221	208	13	13	12	1	271	244	27	Dhalewan
447	434	13	382	366	16	50	28	22	206	164	42	Kishangarh Urf Pharwahi
101	101	-	183	114	69	2	2	-	49	47	2	Moola Singhwala
315	313	2	178	177	1	19	10	9	141	113	28	Bapiana
585	555	30	365	354	11	36	35	1	253	210	43	Fafre Bhaike
441	436	5	162	161	1	8	7	1	311	183	128	Kotra
509	287	222	160	147	13	34	18	16	133	76	57	Atla Khurd
604	595	9	172	168	4	10	7	3	420	388	32	Samaon
495	476	19	350	310	40	9	9	-	484	241	243	Khiwa Kalan
401	368	33	255	237	18	9	5	4	363	198	165	Hamirgarh Urf Dhaipai
770	668	102	510	367	143	98	94	4	133	116	17	Heron Kalan
367	360	7	290	239	51	11	11	-	104	94	10	Khiwa Khurd
294	293	1	48	43	5	3	3	-	80	67	13	Khiwadialuwala
232	219	13	105	96	9	5	5	-	103	80	23	Gurthari
570	558	12	134	131	3	15	14	1	217	205	12	Matti
325	319	6	138	136	2	9	3	6	31	21	10	Maujo Khurd
279	265	14	40	34	6	2	1	1	22	20	2	Anupgarh
1,325	1,273	52	796	618	178	208	45	163	916	589	327	Joga
207	206	1	90	89	1	14	10	4	126	55	71	Makha Chehlan
226	209	17	137	132	5	13	5	8	70	44	26	Ali Sher Khurd
251	244	7	20	15	5	30	17	13	81	37	44	Alisher Kalan
50	50	-	58	58	-	-	-	-	13	12	1	Maujo Kalan
458	448	10	185	178	7	15	11	4	376	138	238	Atla Kalan
618	522	96	202	162	40	149	43	106	480	184	296	Bhopal
1,574	1,252	322	648	512	136	52	41	11	371	305	66	Ralla
608	604	4	252	227	25	43	27	16	522	144	378	Burj Dhilwan
374	344	30	117	102	15	9	8	1	134	117	17	Rar
626	595	31	594	479	115	39	32	7	918	285	633	Ubha
183	131	52	172	109	63	14	3	11	114	37	77	Burj Jhabran
1,196	1,154	42	501	427	74	99	52	47	624	403	221	Aklia

Location code number	Name of Village	Marginal workers			Industrial category					
					Cultivators			Agricultural labourers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
0001	**Bhikhi (Total)**	**8,236**	**1,982**	**6,254**	**1,013**	**276**	**737**	**2,610**	**1,048**	**1,562**
0001	**Bhikhi (Rural)**	**8,236**	**1,982**	**6,254**	**1,013**	**276**	**737**	**2,610**	**1,048**	**1,562**
0001	**Bhikhi (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Bhikhi (Rural)									
01080600	Bir Khurd	280	254	26	3	2	1	255	245	10
01080700	Hodla kalan	166	83	83	4	1	3	74	50	24
01080800	Jassarwala	25	2	23	1	1	-	3	1	2
01080900	Mohar Singhwala	51	24	27	2	2	-	35	17	18
01081000	Dhalewan	203	55	148	4	-	4	7	5	2
01081100	Kishangarh Urf Pharwahi	98	37	61	20	5	15	54	27	27
01081200	Moola Singhwala	8	-	8	-	-	-	8	-	8
01081800	Bapiana	40	4	36	2	2	-	9	1	8
01081900	Fafre Bhaike	485	104	381	122	20	102	126	67	59
01086100	Kotra	56	35	21	5	4	1	1	1	-
01086200	Atla Khurd	21	6	15	8	1	7	1	-	1
01086300	Samaon	93	42	51	2	-	2	7	5	2
01086400	Khiwa Kalan	158	9	149	7	4	3	11	4	7
01086500	Hamirgarh Urf Dhaipai	33	11	22	8	2	6	7	5	2
01086600	Heron Kalan	250	48	202	59	17	42	80	22	58
01086700	Khiwa Khurd	242	57	185	31	17	14	175	34	141
01086800	Khiwadialuwala	36	14	22	6	1	5	12	-	12
01086900	Gurthari	309	66	243	19	10	9	94	28	66
01087000	Matti	280	144	136	12	4	8	125	83	42
01087100	Maujo Khurd	174	35	139	26	17	9	6	-	6
01087200	Anupgarh	228	4	224	188	4	184	22	-	22
01087300	Joga	743	179	564	139	38	101	128	50	78
01087400	Makha Chehlan	148	20	128	11	4	7	52	12	40
01087500	Ali Sher Khurd	99	5	94	12	3	9	79	2	77
01087600	Alisher Kalan	69	35	34	7	2	5	35	27	8
01087700	Maujo Kalan	56	2	54	-	-	-	53	2	51
01087800	Atla Kalan	223	27	196	67	7	60	86	11	75
01087900	Bhopal	655	200	455	35	16	19	183	116	67
01088000	Ralla	1,247	111	1,136	112	30	82	196	56	140
01088400	Burj Dhilwan	269	49	220	15	15	-	100	25	75
01088500	Rar	175	30	145	7	2	5	49	21	28
01088600	Ubha	362	90	272	18	14	4	218	38	180
01088700	Burj Jhabran	175	51	124	46	26	20	35	6	29
01088800	Aklia	779	149	630	15	5	10	284	87	197

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Bhikhi

of marginal workers									Name of Village	Location code number
Household industry workers			Other workers			Non-workers				
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	2	1
578	**62**	**516**	**4,035**	**596**	**3,439**	**56,191**	**23,499**	**32,692**	**Bhikhi (Total)**	**0001**
578	**62**	**516**	**4,035**	**596**	**3,439**	**56,191**	**23,499**	**32,692**	**Bhikhi (Rural)**	**0001**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Bhikhi (Urban)**	**0001**
									Bhikhi (Rural)	
1	1	-	21	6	15	949	300	649	Bir Khurd	01080600
15	1	14	73	31	42	1,598	610	988	Hodla kalan	01080700
4	-	4	17	-	17	255	127	128	Jassarwala	01080800
5	-	5	9	5	4	951	459	492	Mohar Singhwala	01080900
52	1	51	140	49	91	2,307	851	1,456	Dhalewan	01081000
4	-	4	20	5	15	2,361	855	1,506	Kishangarh Urf Pharwahi	01081100
-	-	-	-	-	-	547	212	335	Moola Singhwala	01081200
12	-	12	17	1	16	1,432	509	923	Bapiana	01081800
18	2	16	219	15	204	2,616	1,031	1,585	Fafre Bhaike	01081900
1	-	1	49	30	19	1,821	677	1,144	Kotra	01086100
4	1	3	8	4	4	916	461	455	Atla Khurd	01086200
8	-	8	76	37	39	2,748	1,016	1,732	Samaon	01086300
-	-	-	140	1	139	2,162	913	1,249	Khiwa Kalan	01086400
1	-	1	17	4	13	1,653	643	1,010	Hamirgarh Urf Dhaipai	01086500
68	3	65	43	6	37	2,681	1,093	1,588	Heron Kalan	01086600
1	1	-	35	5	30	1,469	578	891	Khiwa Khurd	01086700
1	-	1	17	13	4	1,102	417	685	Khiwadialuwala	01086800
4	1	3	192	27	165	921	434	487	Gurthari	01086900
14	7	7	129	50	79	2,206	830	1,376	Matti	01087000
19	2	17	123	16	107	693	208	485	Maujo Khurd	01087100
13	-	13	5	-	5	500	256	244	Anupgarh	01087200
59	6	53	417	85	332	5,337	2,289	3,048	Joga	01087300
11	3	8	74	1	73	668	278	390	Makha Chehlan	01087400
3	-	3	5	-	5	798	330	468	Ali Sher Khurd	01087500
10	1	9	17	5	12	641	257	384	Alisher Kalan	01087600
-	-	-	3	-	3	177	75	102	Maujo Kalan	01087700
6	-	6	64	9	55	1,492	691	801	Atla Kalan	01087800
112	21	91	325	47	278	1,460	831	629	Bhopal	01087900
43	1	42	896	24	872	3,162	1,575	1,587	Ralla	01088000
3	-	3	151	9	142	1,922	883	1,039	Burj Dhilwan	01088400
2	2	-	117	5	112	1,405	607	798	Rar	01088500
14	3	11	112	35	77	2,394	1,125	1,269	Ubha	01088600
14	1	13	80	18	62	533	279	254	Burj Jhabran	01088700
56	4	52	424	53	371	4,314	1,799	2,515	Aklia	01088800

Location code number	Name of Village	Area of Village in hectares	Number of households	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0002	**Mansa (Total)**	**35,541.0**	**16,811**	**94,641**	**50,537**	**44,104**	**12,972**	**7,319**	**5,653**
0002	**Mansa (Rural)**	**35,541.0**	**16,811**	**94,641**	**50,537**	**44,104**	**12,972**	**7,319**	**5,653**
0002	**Mansa (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Mansa (Rural)								
01081300	Dalel Singhwala	938.0	514	2,752	1,458	1,294	299	164	135
01081400	Khiala Khurd	425.0	131	857	461	396	120	60	60
01081500	Malakpur	1,115.0	478	2,417	1,300	1,117	280	168	112
01081600	Mansa Khurd	979.0	199	990	529	461	133	76	57
01081700	Kot Lallu	700.0	481	2,656	1,414	1,242	336	205	131
01082000	Khilian	441.0	267	1,471	786	685	196	104	92
01082100	Chakerian	772.0	432	2,265	1,198	1,067	300	151	149
01082200	Narenderpura Urf Baglianwali	686.0	280	1,622	885	737	295	150	145
01082300	Khara	773.0	307	1,823	992	831	251	155	96
01082400	Barnala	932.0	558	3,010	1,605	1,405	408	219	189
01082500	Jawaharke	1,136.0	741	4,046	2,201	1,845	544	317	227
01082600	Nangal Kalan	2,393.0	1,273	7,031	3,637	3,394	1,004	533	471
01082700	Hirewala	544.0	273	1,521	840	681	197	115	82
01082800	Saharna	344.0	261	1,494	797	697	191	109	82
01082900	Deluana	783.0	267	1,509	791	718	234	141	93
01083200	Dullowala	705.0	406	2,299	1,237	1,062	298	175	123
01083300	Nangal Khurd	1,093.0	409	2,339	1,241	1,098	382	214	168
01083400	Ghrangne	664.0	384	2,075	1,124	951	258	159	99
01083500	Maujian	441.0	219	1,251	669	582	193	105	88
01084400	Karamgarh Urf Autanwali	762.0	261	1,482	812	670	191	118	73
01084500	Man Bibrian	609.0	252	1,485	788	697	205	105	100
01084600	Mussa	1,233.0	586	3,294	1,698	1,596	411	220	191
01084700	Gagowal	542.0	148	814	436	378	108	65	43
01084800	Gehle	523.0	281	1,657	881	776	243	137	106
01084900	Ram Dittawala	625.0	384	2,038	1,062	976	326	179	147
01085000	Khokhar Khurd	699.0	303	1,722	927	795	232	128	104
01085100	Sadda Singhwala	818.0	343	1,913	1,017	896	226	119	107
01085200	Aspal	327.0	142	760	417	343	111	61	50
01085300	Kalho	903.0	360	1,903	1,003	900	284	153	131
01085400	Kotli kalan	1,807.0	637	4,008	2,146	1,862	546	314	232
01085500	Bhai Desa	653.0	277	1,315	705	610	193	120	73
01085600	Bhaini Bagha	2,280.0	891	5,381	2,865	2,516	712	418	294
01085700	Khokhar Kalan	1,138.0	572	3,171	1,730	1,441	416	256	160
01085800	Thuthianwali	919.0	594	3,417	1,814	1,603	532	304	228
01085900	Tamkot	905.0	464	2,633	1,376	1,257	368	203	165
01086000	Khiala Kalan	1,806.0	1,040	5,885	3,210	2,675	847	462	385
01088100	Burj Hari	1,336.0	571	3,491	1,899	1,592	462	260	202
01088200	Burj Rathi	924.0	435	2,646	1,423	1,223	342	208	134
01088300	Kharak Singhwala	868.0	390	2,198	1,163	1,035	298	169	129

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Mansa

Scheduled Castes popuation			Scheduled Tribes population			Literates			Name of Village
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2
30,594	**16,180**	**14,414**	-	-	-	**39,340**	**23,850**	**15,490**	**Mansa (Total)**
30,594	**16,180**	**14,414**	-	-	-	**39,340**	**23,850**	**15,490**	**Mansa (Rural)**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Mansa (Urban)**
									Mansa (Rural)
773	412	361	-	-	-	1,240	753	487	Dalel Singhwala
8	4	4	-	-	-	382	246	136	Khiala Khurd
366	194	172	-	-	-	1,265	766	499	Malakpur
270	157	113	-	-	-	494	279	215	Mansa Khurd
940	506	434	-	-	-	1,116	676	440	Kot Lallu
370	194	176	-	-	-	663	408	255	Khilian
1,093	577	516	-	-	-	887	550	337	Chakerian
1,017	558	459	-	-	-	577	364	213	Narenderpura Urf Baglianwali
368	201	167	-	-	-	803	494	309	Khara
1,079	586	493	-	-	-	1,100	679	421	Barnala
1,428	782	646	-	-	-	1,779	1,118	661	Jawaharke
2,290	1,211	1,079	-	-	-	2,758	1,566	1,192	Nangal Kalan
394	211	183	-	-	-	670	433	237	Hirewala
723	380	343	-	-	-	623	365	258	Saharna
640	342	298	-	-	-	602	350	252	Deluana
652	352	300	-	-	-	794	521	273	Dullowala
955	494	461	-	-	-	960	560	400	Nangal Khurd
807	451	356	-	-	-	848	539	309	Ghrangne
363	194	169	-	-	-	394	234	160	Maujian
182	107	75	-	-	-	590	363	227	Karamgarh Urf Autanwali
261	122	139	-	-	-	627	388	239	Man Bibrian
1,101	535	566	-	-	-	1,375	825	550	Mussa
407	217	190	-	-	-	401	232	169	Gagowal
368	192	176	-	-	-	686	450	236	Gehle
1,020	517	503	-	-	-	840	508	332	Ram Dittawala
657	335	322	-	-	-	661	413	248	Khokhar Khurd
746	379	367	-	-	-	1,047	649	398	Sadda Singhwala
215	108	107	-	-	-	275	186	89	Aspal
648	331	317	-	-	-	772	496	276	Kalho
1,062	553	509	-	-	-	1,641	954	687	Kotli kalan
621	330	291	-	-	-	526	328	198	Bhai Desa
1,331	701	630	-	-	-	2,223	1,298	925	Bhaini Bagha
1,257	665	592	-	-	-	1,376	836	540	Khokhar Kalan
937	512	425	-	-	-	1,356	815	541	Thuthianwali
765	403	362	-	-	-	1,158	676	482	Tamkot
2,095	1,096	999	-	-	-	2,271	1,405	866	Khiala Kalan
938	513	425	-	-	-	1,506	906	600	Burj Hari
569	304	265	-	-	-	1,134	676	458	Burj Rathi
878	454	424	-	-	-	920	545	375	Kharak Singhwala

Location code number	Name of Village	Illiterates			Total workers			Main workers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
0002	**Mansa (Total)**	**55,301**	**26,687**	**28,614**	**41,261**	**27,875**	**13,386**	**31,672**	**25,362**	**6,310**
0002	**Mansa (Rural)**	**55,301**	**26,687**	**28,614**	**41,261**	**27,875**	**13,386**	**31,672**	**25,362**	**6,310**
0002	**Mansa (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Mansa (Rural)									
01081300	Dalel Singhwala	1,512	705	807	1,361	821	540	1,145	774	371
01081400	Khiala Khurd	475	215	260	477	254	223	184	182	2
01081500	Malakpur	1,152	534	618	955	753	202	938	744	194
01081600	Mansa Khurd	496	250	246	511	310	201	374	297	77
01081700	Kot Lallu	1,540	738	802	1,355	822	533	1,093	777	316
01082000	Khilian	808	378	430	673	457	216	471	426	45
01082100	Chakerian	1,378	648	730	822	661	161	548	517	31
01082200	Narenderpura Urf Baglianwali	1,045	521	524	760	487	273	463	425	38
01082300	Khara	1,020	498	522	673	511	162	603	480	123
01082400	Barnala	1,910	926	984	931	858	73	903	848	55
01082500	Jawaharke	2,267	1,083	1,184	2,144	1,271	873	2,023	1,246	777
01082600	Nangal Kalan	4,273	2,071	2,202	2,771	1,952	819	2,273	1,714	559
01082700	Hirewala	851	407	444	834	481	353	415	394	21
01082800	Saharna	871	432	439	733	452	281	394	338	56
01082900	Deluana	907	441	466	713	427	286	598	409	189
01083200	Dullowala	1,505	716	789	1,043	678	365	834	630	204
01083300	Nangal Khurd	1,379	681	698	910	709	201	786	665	121
01083400	Ghrangne	1,227	585	642	794	621	173	634	548	86
01083500	Maujian	857	435	422	547	404	143	479	380	99
01084400	Karamgarh Urf Autanwali	892	449	443	726	472	254	501	353	148
01084500	Man Bibrian	858	400	458	754	409	345	342	331	11
01084600	Mussa	1,919	873	1,046	1,465	974	491	1,012	934	78
01084700	Gagowal	413	204	209	322	235	87	248	231	17
01084800	Gehle	971	431	540	495	404	91	490	403	87
01084900	Ram Dittawala	1,198	554	644	981	573	408	554	535	19
01085000	Khokhar Khurd	1,061	514	547	625	517	108	524	508	16
01085100	Sadda Singhwala	866	368	498	976	571	405	597	518	79
01085200	Aspal	485	231	254	407	243	164	168	164	4
01085300	Kalho	1,131	507	624	832	568	264	577	548	29
01085400	Kotli kalan	2,367	1,192	1,175	1,835	1,176	659	1,176	1,050	126
01085500	Bhai Desa	789	377	412	620	369	251	459	324	135
01085600	Bhaini Bagha	3,158	1,567	1,591	1,776	1,539	237	1,638	1,447	191
01085700	Khokhar Kalan	1,795	894	901	1,537	958	579	1,387	871	516
01085800	Thuthianwali	2,061	999	1,062	1,215	935	280	964	821	143
01085900	Tamkot	1,475	700	775	1,034	736	298	814	694	120
01086000	Khiala Kalan	3,614	1,805	1,809	3,124	1,824	1,300	2,272	1,643	629
01088100	Burj Hari	1,985	993	992	1,435	1,059	376	1,237	1,011	226
01088200	Burj Rathi	1,512	747	765	1,004	736	268	771	665	106
01088300	Kharak Singhwala	1,278	618	660	1,091	648	443	783	517	266

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Mansa

Industrial category of main workers												Name of Village
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers			Other workers			
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	2
14,874	**13,695**	**1,179**	**6,966**	**6,006**	**960**	**785**	**430**	**355**	**9,047**	**5,231**	**3,816**	**Mansa (Total)**
14,874	**13,695**	**1,179**	**6,966**	**6,006**	**960**	**785**	**430**	**355**	**9,047**	**5,231**	**3,816**	**Mansa (Rural)**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Mansa (Urban)**
												Mansa (Rural)
368	340	28	287	268	19	58	11	47	432	155	277	Dalel Singhwala
151	151	-	1	1	-	2	2	-	30	28	2	Khiala Khurd
454	437	17	72	71	1	21	17	4	391	219	172	Malakpur
205	162	43	98	80	18	3	2	1	68	53	15	Mansa Khurd
369	329	40	337	241	96	21	13	8	366	194	172	Kot Lallu
258	248	10	99	95	4	2	2	-	112	81	31	Khilian
275	269	6	105	103	2	3	3	-	165	142	23	Chakerian
97	92	5	242	231	11	1	1	-	123	101	22	Narenderpura Urf Baglianwali
299	289	10	125	112	13	7	4	3	172	75	97	Khara
448	432	16	292	276	16	25	20	5	138	120	18	Barnala
724	545	179	305	216	89	25	8	17	969	477	492	Jawaharke
1,027	906	121	489	414	75	108	68	40	649	326	323	Nangal Kalan
240	235	5	60	60	-	6	5	1	109	94	15	Hirewala
188	188	-	68	67	1	10	7	3	128	76	52	Saharna
197	194	3	163	151	12	15	3	12	223	61	162	Deluana
405	346	59	251	193	58	37	13	24	141	78	63	Dullowala
323	287	36	252	206	46	61	36	25	150	136	14	Nangal Khurd
308	303	5	167	159	8	53	9	44	106	77	29	Ghrangne
239	234	5	75	74	1	5	4	1	160	68	92	Maujian
421	281	140	46	46	-	1	1	-	33	25	8	Karamgarh Urf Autanwali
268	261	7	36	35	1	4	4	-	34	31	3	Man Bibrian
582	573	9	288	267	21	17	14	3	125	80	45	Mussa
105	103	2	103	90	13	2	2	-	38	36	2	Gagowal
244	241	3	131	102	29	7	3	4	108	57	51	Gehle
231	227	4	146	141	5	2	2	-	175	165	10	Ram Dittawala
298	295	3	122	118	4	1	1	-	103	94	9	Khokhar Khurd
316	270	46	153	145	8	13	9	4	115	94	21	Sadda Singhwala
116	112	4	23	23	-	4	4	-	25	25	-	Aspal
380	363	17	121	116	5	5	4	1	71	65	6	Kalho
695	602	93	149	139	10	10	10	-	322	299	23	Kotli kalan
160	158	2	81	77	4	-	-	-	218	89	129	Bhai Desa
904	884	20	294	289	5	40	36	4	400	238	162	Bhaini Bagha
493	388	105	397	292	105	39	21	18	458	170	288	Khokhar Kalan
398	390	8	168	159	9	54	27	27	344	245	99	Thuthianwali
437	408	29	187	165	22	3	2	1	187	119	68	Tamkot
870	806	64	495	348	147	59	24	35	848	465	383	Khiala Kalan
604	591	13	269	220	49	35	21	14	329	179	150	Burj Hari
431	415	16	164	114	50	18	15	3	158	121	37	Burj Rathi
346	340	6	105	102	3	8	2	6	324	73	251	Kharak Singhwala

Location code number	Name of Village	Marginal workers			Industrial category: Cultivators			Industrial category: Agricultural labourers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
0002	**Mansa (Total)**	**9,589**	**2,513**	**7,076**	**2,049**	**330**	**1,719**	**4,176**	**1,428**	**2,748**
0002	**Mansa (Rural)**	**9,589**	**2,513**	**7,076**	**2,049**	**330**	**1,719**	**4,176**	**1,428**	**2,748**
0002	**Mansa (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Mansa (Rural)									
01081300	Dalel Singhwala	216	47	169	66	4	62	51	17	34
01081400	Khiala Khurd	293	72	221	5	3	2	2	2	-
01081500	Malakpur	17	9	8	3	1	2	1	1	-
01081600	Mansa Khurd	137	13	124	48	1	47	65	11	54
01081700	Kot Lallu	262	45	217	208	39	169	5	2	3
01082000	Khilian	202	31	171	140	18	122	45	10	35
01082100	Chakerian	274	144	130	7	-	7	146	104	42
01082200	Narenderpura Urf Baglianwali	297	62	235	31	1	30	173	45	128
01082300	Khara	70	31	39	4	-	4	45	25	20
01082400	Barnala	28	10	18	5	3	2	6	4	2
01082500	Jawaharke	121	25	96	3	2	1	63	11	52
01082600	Nangal Kalan	498	238	260	38	11	27	269	157	112
01082700	Hirewala	419	87	332	7	7	-	82	44	38
01082800	Saharna	339	114	225	68	27	41	144	62	82
01082900	Deluana	115	18	97	4	-	4	92	15	77
01083200	Dullowala	209	48	161	17	6	11	141	40	101
01083300	Nangal Khurd	124	44	80	20	7	13	94	34	60
01083400	Ghrangne	160	73	87	28	17	11	87	41	46
01083500	Maujian	68	24	44	13	5	8	20	10	10
01084400	Karamgarh Urf Autanwali	225	119	106	21	3	18	185	104	81
01084500	Man Bibrian	412	78	334	17	4	13	141	46	95
01084600	Mussa	453	40	413	179	7	172	249	30	219
01084700	Gagowal	74	4	70	7	2	5	67	2	65
01084800	Gehle	5	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
01084900	Ram Dittawala	427	38	389	178	16	162	235	19	216
01085000	Khokhar Khurd	101	9	92	76	3	73	17	4	13
01085100	Sadda Singhwala	379	53	326	165	19	146	163	16	147
01085200	Aspal	239	79	160	128	27	101	97	40	57
01085300	Kalho	255	20	235	140	8	132	111	11	100
01085400	Kotli kalan	659	126	533	206	20	186	295	88	207
01085500	Bhai Desa	161	45	116	45	6	39	92	23	69
01085600	Bhaini Bagha	138	92	46	6	6	-	59	42	17
01085700	Khokhar Kalan	150	87	63	1	1	-	4	1	3
01085800	Thuthianwali	251	114	137	3	1	2	201	100	101
01085900	Tamkot	220	42	178	65	4	61	54	24	30
01086000	Khiala Kalan	852	181	671	92	49	43	187	44	143
01088100	Burj Hari	198	48	150	2	-	2	58	18	40
01088200	Burj Rathi	233	71	162	1	-	1	171	54	117
01088300	Kharak Singhwala	308	131	177	2	2	-	259	127	132

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Mansa

of marginal workers									Name of Village	Location code number
Household industry workers			Other workers			Non-workers				
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	2	1
487	**27**	**460**	**2,877**	**728**	**2,149**	**53,380**	**22,662**	**30,718**	**Mansa (Total)**	**0002**
487	**27**	**460**	**2,877**	**728**	**2,149**	**53,380**	**22,662**	**30,718**	**Mansa (Rural)**	**0002**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Mansa (Urban)**	**0002**
									Mansa (Rural)	
9	-	9	90	26	64	1,391	637	754	Dalel Singhwala	01081300
-	-	-	286	67	219	380	207	173	Khiala Khurd	01081400
2	1	1	11	6	5	1,462	547	915	Malakpur	01081500
-	-	-	24	1	23	479	219	260	Mansa Khurd	01081600
-	-	-	49	4	45	1,301	592	709	Kot Lallu	01081700
1	-	1	16	3	13	798	329	469	Khilian	01082000
1	-	1	120	40	80	1,443	537	906	Chakerian	01082100
2	-	2	91	16	75	862	398	464	Narenderpura Urf Baglianwali	01082200
1	-	1	20	6	14	1,150	481	669	Khara	01082300
8	3	5	9	-	9	2,079	747	1,332	Barnala	01082400
1	1	-	54	11	43	1,902	930	972	Jawaharke	01082500
12	2	10	179	68	111	4,260	1,685	2,575	Nangal Kalan	01082600
61	-	61	269	36	233	687	359	328	Hirewala	01082700
11	-	11	116	25	91	761	345	416	Saharna	01082800
6	-	6	13	3	10	796	364	432	Deluana	01082900
10	-	10	41	2	39	1,256	559	697	Dullowala	01083200
2	1	1	8	2	6	1,429	532	897	Nangal Khurd	01083300
17	3	14	28	12	16	1,281	503	778	Ghrangne	01083400
4	-	4	31	9	22	704	265	439	Maujian	01083500
2	-	2	17	12	5	756	340	416	Karamgarh Urf Autanwali	01084400
5	2	3	249	26	223	731	379	352	Man Bibrian	01084500
13	-	13	12	3	9	1,829	724	1,105	Mussa	01084600
-	-	-	-	-	-	492	201	291	Gagowal	01084700
4	1	3	1	-	1	1,162	477	685	Gehle	01084800
3	-	3	11	3	8	1,057	489	568	Ram Dittawala	01084900
1	-	1	7	2	5	1,097	410	687	Khokhar Khurd	01085000
15	1	14	36	17	19	937	446	491	Sadda Singhwala	01085100
4	2	2	10	10	-	353	174	179	Aspal	01085200
-	-	-	4	1	3	1,071	435	636	Kalho	01085300
20	-	20	138	18	120	2,173	970	1,203	Kotli kalan	01085400
-	-	-	24	16	8	695	336	359	Bhai Desa	01085500
7	2	5	66	42	24	3,605	1,326	2,279	Bhaini Bagha	01085600
8	-	8	137	85	52	1,634	772	862	Khokhar Kalan	01085700
1	1	-	46	12	34	2,202	879	1,323	Thuthianwali	01085800
14	-	14	87	14	73	1,599	640	959	Tamkot	01085900
188	7	181	385	81	304	2,761	1,386	1,375	Khiala Kalan	01086000
39	-	39	99	30	69	2,056	840	1,216	Burj Hari	01088100
4	-	4	57	17	40	1,642	687	955	Burj Rathi	01088200
11	-	11	36	2	34	1,107	515	592	Kharak Singhwala	01088300

Location code number	Name of Village	Area of Village in hectares	Number of households	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0003	**Budhlada (Total)**	**69,887.0**	**33,206**	**192,739**	**102,194**	**90,545**	**27,862**	**15,532**	**12,330**
0003	**Budhlada (Rural)**	**69,887.0**	**33,206**	**192,739**	**102,194**	**90,545**	**27,862**	**15,532**	**12,330**
0003	**Budhlada (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Budhlada (Rural)								
01071000	Chhachhohar	250.0	80	459	237	222	58	28	30
01071200	Nandgarh	609.0	278	1,565	815	750	228	130	98
01071900	Sandli	247.0	94	528	282	246	72	41	31
01072000	Faridke	465.0	107	689	350	339	102	55	47
01072100	Malkon	601.0	271	1,708	897	811	246	145	101
01072200	Udat Saidewala	557.0	254	1,528	816	712	191	116	75
01072300	Malakpur Bhimra	479.0	121	807	419	388	115	59	56
01072400	Hakamwala	856.0	421	2,434	1,270	1,164	368	202	166
01072500	Gamiwala	735.0	275	1,576	843	733	245	133	112
01072600	Lakhiwala	370.0	110	622	333	289	92	48	44
01072700	Talabwala	445.0	191	1,107	615	492	167	99	68
01072800	Gandu Kalan	458.0	146	904	480	424	122	67	55
01072900	Gandu Khurd	435.0	212	1,267	669	598	172	92	80
01073000	Maghanian	698.0	305	1,800	925	875	214	109	105
01073100	Reond Kalan	1,199.0	558	3,385	1,767	1,618	627	352	275
01073200	Reond Khurd	473.0	164	1,000	527	473	123	71	52
01073300	Birewala Dogran	741.0	269	1,381	728	653	214	121	93
01073400	Chak Alisher	400.0	235	1,493	807	686	204	113	91
01073500	Andianwali	434.0	203	1,099	597	502	138	78	60
01073600	Ramgarh Shah Purian	354.0	197	1,060	558	502	136	69	67
01073700	Bhakhrial	254.0	174	999	524	475	186	102	84
01073800	Bhawa	794.0	284	1,622	843	779	230	126	104
01073900	Gorakh Nath	654.0	196	1,015	516	499	157	78	79
01074000	Kulrian	2,561.0	1,325	7,988	4,250	3,738	1,220	675	545
01074100	Kahangarh	1,467.0	689	4,010	2,129	1,881	573	318	255
01074200	Juglan	302.0	133	842	456	386	109	58	51
01074300	Mander	495.0	287	1,710	916	794	297	173	124
01074400	Dharampura	1,842.0	719	4,261	2,254	2,007	641	363	278
01074500	Saswali	329.0	130	716	354	362	141	70	71
01074600	Todarpur	343.0	58	311	156	155	35	20	15
01074700	Saidewala	659.0	349	1,905	986	919	308	159	149
01074800	Sher Khanwala	804.0	349	1,953	1,026	927	327	179	148
01074900	Boha	3,825.0	1,900	10,589	5,538	5,051	1,700	946	754
01075000	Alampur Mandran	1,222.0	514	2,800	1,480	1,320	411	220	191
01075100	Dalelwala	1,018.0	415	2,572	1,371	1,201	325	191	134
01075200	Lakhmirwala	631.0	280	1,584	861	723	200	115	85
01075300	Akanwali	1,139.0	596	3,328	1,777	1,551	418	243	175
01075400	Mandhali	578.0	270	1,629	883	746	214	130	84
01075500	Joian	761.0	118	735	398	337	109	66	43
01075600	Tahlian	635.0	317	1,760	905	855	229	122	107
01075700	Kasampur Chhina	399.0	225	1,397	753	644	202	106	96
01075800	Mal Singhwala	678.0	337	1,934	1,015	919	297	173	124
01075900	Ram Nagar Bhathal	519.0	260	1,549	812	737	215	117	98
01076000	Rampur Mander	736.0	427	2,519	1,367	1,152	377	228	149
01076100	Satike	490.0	197	1,135	608	527	177	88	89
01076200	Achanak	571.0	252	1,361	721	640	171	97	74
01076300	Sanghreri	340.0	170	983	512	471	151	84	67
01076400	Jalwehra	441.0	223	1,277	683	594	195	114	81
01076500	Khudal Kalan	560.0	355	1,995	1,054	941	289	168	121
01076600	Khudal Shekhupur	481.0	333	2,048	1,095	953	363	203	160
01076700	Bakhshiwala	589.0	311	1,749	920	829	259	141	118
01076800	Akbarpur Khudal	578.0	343	2,022	1,067	955	283	149	134
01076900	Kishangarh Urf Sedha Singhewala	2,294.0	887	5,501	2,932	2,569	803	450	353
01077000	Bahadarpur	1,607.0	933	5,377	2,886	2,491	815	469	346

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Budhlada

Scheduled Castes popuation			Scheduled Tribes population			Literates			Name of Village
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2
66,717	**35,129**	**31,588**	-	-	-	**77,267**	**45,901**	**31,366**	**Budhlada (Total)**
66,717	**35,129**	**31,588**	-	-	-	**77,267**	**45,901**	**31,366**	**Budhlada (Rural)**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Budhlada (Urban)**
									Budhlada (Rural)
67	35	32	-	-	-	155	94	61	Chhachhohar
427	224	203	-	-	-	699	412	287	Nandgarh
121	68	53	-	-	-	258	158	100	Sandli
272	141	131	-	-	-	252	150	102	Faridke
494	260	234	-	-	-	768	455	313	Malkon
782	423	359	-	-	-	780	454	326	Udat Saidewala
465	246	219	-	-	-	293	173	120	Malakpur Bhimra
957	499	458	-	-	-	843	478	365	Hakamwala
641	344	297	-	-	-	652	403	249	Gamiwala
135	73	62	-	-	-	282	177	105	Lakhiwala
368	209	159	-	-	-	448	286	162	Talabwala
249	135	114	-	-	-	396	241	155	Gandu Kalan
437	235	202	-	-	-	556	330	226	Gandu Khurd
527	266	261	-	-	-	845	480	365	Maghanian
1,361	704	657	-	-	-	1,389	867	522	Reond Kalan
408	216	192	-	-	-	507	300	207	Reond Khurd
417	206	211	-	-	-	621	362	259	Birewala Dogran
344	186	158	-	-	-	513	322	191	Chak Alisher
316	170	146	-	-	-	366	237	129	Andianwali
351	182	169	-	-	-	344	208	136	Ramgarh Shah Purian
441	226	215	-	-	-	294	183	111	Bhakhrial
447	216	231	-	-	-	647	371	276	Bhawa
298	137	161	-	-	-	331	206	125	Gorakh Nath
1,650	899	751	-	-	-	2,882	1,698	1,184	Kulrian
975	509	466	-	-	-	1,279	752	527	Kahangarh
246	121	125	-	-	-	374	238	136	Juglan
515	269	246	-	-	-	647	399	248	Mander
1,205	626	579	-	-	-	1,390	831	559	Dharampura
165	85	80	-	-	-	262	152	110	Saswali
122	55	67	-	-	-	135	76	59	Todarpur
337	180	157	-	-	-	820	478	342	Saidewala
1,139	603	536	-	-	-	776	470	306	Sher Khanwala
4,247	2,219	2,028	-	-	-	4,774	2,790	1,984	Boha
1,336	699	637	-	-	-	1,138	705	433	Alampur Mandran
879	470	409	-	-	-	1,037	632	405	Dalelwala
432	246	186	-	-	-	667	428	239	Lakhmirwala
1,429	760	669	-	-	-	1,375	832	543	Akanwali
437	236	201	-	-	-	736	444	292	Mandhali
285	155	130	-	-	-	403	242	161	Joian
544	271	273	-	-	-	821	476	345	Tahlian
926	497	429	-	-	-	525	327	198	Kasampur Chhina
885	462	423	-	-	-	814	466	348	Mal Singhwala
451	209	242	-	-	-	624	359	265	Ram Nagar Bhathal
1,003	555	448	-	-	-	777	466	311	Rampur Mander
416	212	204	-	-	-	431	263	168	Satike
445	232	213	-	-	-	652	379	273	Achanak
411	223	188	-	-	-	354	199	155	Sanghreri
496	262	234	-	-	-	519	310	209	Jalwehra
751	406	345	-	-	-	814	481	333	Khudal Kalan
657	344	313	-	-	-	733	455	278	Khudal Shekhupur
615	318	297	-	-	-	724	438	286	Bakhshiwala
706	385	321	-	-	-	746	456	290	Akbarpur Khudal
1,287	689	598	-	-	-	1,688	977	711	Kishangarh Urf Sedha Singhewala
1,827	958	869	-	-	-	2,076	1,256	820	Bahadarpur

Location code number	Name of Village	Illiterates			Total workers			Main workers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
0003	**Budhlada (Total)**	**115,472**	**56,293**	**59,179**	**77,242**	**55,460**	**21,782**	**62,662**	**52,034**	**10,628**
0003	**Budhlada (Rural)**	**115,472**	**56,293**	**59,179**	**77,242**	**55,460**	**21,782**	**62,662**	**52,034**	**10,628**
0003	**Budhlada (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Budhlada (Rural)									
01071000	Chhachhohar	304	143	161	287	167	120	146	144	2
01071200	Nandgarh	866	403	463	819	467	352	502	443	59
01071900	Sandli	270	124	146	135	128	7	89	84	5
01072000	Faridke	437	200	237	183	169	14	88	85	3
01072100	Malkon	940	442	498	1,033	552	481	826	469	357
01072200	Udat Saidewala	748	362	386	471	400	71	430	389	41
01072300	Malakpur Bhimra	514	246	268	360	251	109	277	250	27
01072400	Hakamwala	1,591	792	799	873	706	167	710	689	21
01072500	Gamiwala	924	440	484	710	451	259	565	434	131
01072600	Lakhiwala	340	156	184	209	180	29	169	164	5
01072700	Talabwala	659	329	330	477	332	145	435	305	130
01072800	Gandu Kalan	508	239	269	251	246	5	208	205	3
01072900	Gandu Khurd	711	339	372	677	386	291	460	376	84
01073000	Maghanian	955	445	510	844	519	325	595	456	139
01073100	Reond Kalan	1,996	900	1,096	1,191	837	354	679	640	39
01073200	Reond Khurd	493	227	266	452	307	145	320	286	34
01073300	Birewala Dogran	760	366	394	417	363	54	343	326	17
01073400	Chak Alisher	980	485	495	797	425	372	422	402	20
01073500	Andianwali	733	360	373	419	358	61	346	341	5
01073600	Ramgarh Shah Purian	716	350	366	367	339	28	322	312	10
01073700	Bhakhrial	705	341	364	339	273	66	262	260	2
01073800	Bhawa	975	472	503	770	457	313	383	371	12
01073900	Gorakh Nath	684	310	374	521	312	209	292	273	19
01074000	Kulrian	5,106	2,552	2,554	2,994	2,265	729	2,576	2,143	433
01074100	Kahangarh	2,731	1,377	1,354	1,694	1,146	548	1,207	1,046	161
01074200	Juglan	468	218	250	347	271	76	296	255	41
01074300	Mander	1,063	517	546	773	512	261	660	499	161
01074400	Dharampura	2,871	1,423	1,448	1,628	1,234	394	1,043	922	121
01074500	Saswali	454	202	252	305	172	133	164	155	9
01074600	Todarpur	176	80	96	121	95	26	110	93	17
01074700	Saidewala	1,085	508	577	984	546	438	624	498	126
01074800	Sher Khanwala	1,177	556	621	706	558	148	553	511	42
01074900	Boha	5,815	2,748	3,067	3,998	2,896	1,102	3,047	2,650	397
01075000	Alampur Mandran	1,662	775	887	1,029	812	217	884	772	112
01075100	Dalelwala	1,535	739	796	1,176	742	434	1,094	723	371
01075200	Lakhmirwala	917	433	484	757	478	279	554	460	94
01075300	Akanwali	1,953	945	1,008	1,529	934	595	1,449	913	536
01075400	Mandhali	893	439	454	811	510	301	569	445	124
01075500	Joian	332	156	176	369	221	148	311	193	118
01075600	Tahlian	939	429	510	645	465	180	470	449	21
01075700	Kasampur Chhina	872	426	446	518	403	115	372	363	9
01075800	Mal Singhwala	1,120	549	571	676	510	166	595	492	103
01075900	Ram Nagar Bhathal	925	453	472	571	477	94	488	452	36
01076000	Rampur Mander	1,742	901	841	754	734	20	746	727	19
01076100	Satike	704	345	359	335	331	4	332	329	3
01076200	Achanak	709	342	367	490	383	107	448	371	77
01076300	Sanghreri	629	313	316	301	287	14	279	269	10
01076400	Jalwehra	758	373	385	520	370	150	442	355	87
01076500	Khudal Kalan	1,181	573	608	782	577	205	578	545	33
01076600	Khudal Shekhupur	1,315	640	675	1,049	584	465	669	558	111
01076700	Bakhshiwala	1,025	482	543	705	525	180	591	510	81
01076800	Akbarpur Khudal	1,276	611	665	1,039	626	413	642	592	50
01076900	Kishangarh Urf Sedha Singhewala	3,813	1,955	1,858	2,579	1,673	906	1,799	1,611	188
01077000	Bahadarpur	3,301	1,630	1,671	1,968	1,560	408	1,751	1,458	293

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Budhlada

Industrial category of main workers												Name of Village
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers			Other workers			
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	2
27,583	**26,144**	**1,439**	**14,604**	**12,814**	**1,790**	**1,655**	**887**	**768**	**18,820**	**12,189**	**6,631**	**Budhlada (Total)**
27,583	**26,144**	**1,439**	**14,604**	**12,814**	**1,790**	**1,655**	**887**	**768**	**18,820**	**12,189**	**6,631**	**Budhlada (Rural)**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Budhlada (Urban)**
												Budhlada (Rural)
113	112	1	1	1	-	2	1	1	30	30	-	Chhachhohar
249	231	18	145	130	15	26	14	12	82	68	14	Nandgarh
66	63	3	5	4	1	1	1	-	17	16	1	Sandli
70	69	1	3	3	-	4	4	-	11	9	2	Faridke
331	187	144	439	234	205	22	17	5	34	31	3	Malkon
203	185	18	159	146	13	14	11	3	54	47	7	Udat Saidewala
107	93	14	159	152	7	3	2	1	8	3	5	Malakpur Bhimra
388	381	7	246	241	5	13	12	1	63	55	8	Hakamwala
231	220	11	195	108	87	32	21	11	107	85	22	Gamiwala
73	73	-	75	70	5	1	1	-	20	20	-	Lakhiwala
297	183	114	85	76	9	2	1	1	51	45	6	Talabwala
141	139	2	26	26	-	2	2	-	39	38	1	Gandu Kalan
187	173	14	152	144	8	32	5	27	89	54	35	Gandu Khurd
267	264	3	105	96	9	42	12	30	181	84	97	Maghanian
286	281	5	231	217	14	14	13	1	148	129	19	Reond Kalan
169	161	8	83	77	6	2	2	-	66	46	20	Reond Khurd
167	162	5	79	77	2	3	3	-	94	84	10	Birewala Dogran
257	253	4	92	88	4	-	-	-	73	61	12	Chak Alisher
253	253	-	74	73	1	6	6	-	13	9	4	Andianwali
198	195	3	76	70	6	1	1	-	47	46	1	Ramgarh Shah Purian
145	145	-	98	98	-	1	1	-	18	16	2	Bhakhrial
246	236	10	98	96	2	1	1	-	38	38	-	Bhawa
145	138	7	61	60	1	13	9	4	73	66	7	Gorakh Nath
1,267	1,210	57	395	302	93	54	29	25	860	602	258	Kulrian
604	592	12	269	232	37	31	14	17	303	208	95	Kahangarh
152	150	2	60	51	9	-	-	-	84	54	30	Juglan
255	241	14	66	66	-	2	-	2	337	192	145	Mander
606	552	54	203	182	21	16	8	8	218	180	38	Dharampura
90	88	2	68	62	6	-	-	-	6	5	1	Saswali
49	48	1	37	27	10	1	1	-	23	17	6	Todarpur
263	250	13	263	187	76	8	7	1	90	54	36	Saidewala
167	162	5	302	276	26	27	21	6	57	52	5	Sher Khanwala
907	830	77	620	504	116	95	78	17	1,425	1,238	187	Boha
372	358	14	299	297	2	49	20	29	164	97	67	Afampur Mandran
475	367	108	370	235	135	25	6	19	224	115	109	Dalelwala
269	249	20	212	160	52	10	6	4	63	45	18	Lakhmirwala
460	408	52	427	362	65	107	21	86	455	122	333	Akanwali
297	292	5	113	109	4	-	-	-	159	44	115	Mandhali
119	118	1	55	55	-	5	4	1	132	16	116	Joian
224	222	2	142	139	3	3	2	1	101	86	15	Tahlian
130	128	2	198	192	6	2	2	-	42	41	1	Kasampur Chhina
234	216	18	55	49	6	63	20	43	243	207	36	Mal Singhwala
331	320	11	34	31	3	3	3	-	120	98	22	Ram Nagar Bhathal
392	390	2	234	229	5	6	3	3	114	105	9	Rampur Mander
180	179	1	107	107	-	4	4	-	41	39	2	Satike
208	201	7	173	141	32	1	1	-	66	28	38	Achanak
134	128	6	108	107	1	4	4	-	33	30	3	Sanghreri
145	145	-	120	86	34	3	3	-	174	121	53	Jalwehra
233	220	13	128	121	7	9	7	2	208	197	11	Khudal Kalan
307	294	13	155	129	26	3	2	1	204	133	71	Khudal Shekhupur
251	242	9	134	110	24	13	10	3	193	148	45	Bakhshiwala
269	258	11	181	162	19	13	8	5	179	164	15	Akbarpur Khudal
1,038	998	40	493	443	50	29	26	3	239	144	95	Kishangarh Urf Sedha Singhewala
800	783	17	176	166	10	70	33	37	705	476	229	Bahadarpur

Location code number	Name of Village	Marginal workers			Industrial category: Cultivators			Industrial category: Agricultural labourers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
0003	**Budhlada (Total)**	**14,580**	**3,426**	**11,154**	**3,467**	**566**	**2,901**	**6,089**	**1,701**	**4,388**
0003	**Budhlada (Rural)**	**14,580**	**3,426**	**11,154**	**3,467**	**566**	**2,901**	**6,089**	**1,701**	**4,388**
0003	**Budhlada (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Budhlada (Rural)									
01071000	Chhachhohar	141	23	118	14	5	9	14	14	-
01071200	Nandgarh	317	24	293	81	12	69	227	11	216
01071900	Sandli	46	44	2	2	2	-	41	39	2
01072000	Faridke	95	84	11	7	4	3	84	80	4
01072100	Malkon	207	83	124	98	42	56	100	41	59
01072200	Udat Saidewala	41	11	30	4	2	2	15	4	11
01072300	Malakpur Bhimra	83	1	82	4	-	4	73	1	72
01072400	Hakamwala	163	17	146	37	3	34	116	11	105
01072500	Gamiwala	145	17	128	104	3	101	21	6	15
01072600	Lakhiwala	40	16	24	5	1	4	32	12	20
01072700	Talabwala	42	27	15	-	-	-	16	10	6
01072800	Gandu Kalan	43	41	2	2	2	-	21	20	1
01072900	Gandu Khurd	217	10	207	52	-	52	78	2	76
01073000	Maghanian	249	63	186	38	7	31	152	42	110
01073100	Reond Kalan	512	197	315	45	13	32	420	165	255
01073200	Reond Khurd	132	21	111	48	11	37	67	6	61
01073300	Birewala Dogran	74	37	37	8	5	3	57	27	30
01073400	Chak Alisher	375	23	352	208	6	202	137	14	123
01073500	Andianwali	73	17	56	8	1	7	62	13	49
01073600	Ramgarh Shah Purian	45	27	18	8	4	4	35	21	14
01073700	Bhakhrial	77	13	64	1	1	-	75	12	63
01073800	Bhawa	387	86	301	256	42	214	116	31	85
01073900	Gorakh Nath	229	39	190	65	20	45	125	16	109
01074000	Kulrian	418	122	296	36	7	29	73	36	37
01074100	Kahangarh	487	100	387	21	4	17	64	35	29
01074200	Juglan	51	16	35	8	8	-	38	6	32
01074300	Mander	113	13	100	20	-	20	51	6	45
01074400	Dharampura	585	312	273	65	7	58	381	249	132
01074500	Saswali	141	17	124	70	6	64	70	11	59
01074600	Todarpur	11	2	9	-	-	-	11	2	9
01074700	Saidewala	360	48	312	106	28	78	159	12	147
01074800	Sher Khanwala	153	47	106	3	1	2	117	46	71
01074900	Boha	951	246	705	200	12	188	371	74	297
01075000	Alampur Mandran	145	40	105	38	4	34	74	30	44
01075100	Dalelwala	82	19	63	54	12	42	15	5	10
01075200	Lakhmirwala	203	18	185	50	8	42	49	8	41
01075300	Akanwali	80	21	59	34	12	22	44	9	35
01075400	Mandhali	242	65	177	191	38	153	49	27	22
01075500	Joian	58	28	30	1	1	-	1	-	1
01075600	Tahlian	175	16	159	53	4	49	38	7	31
01075700	Kasampur Chhina	146	40	106	29	8	21	107	25	82
01075800	Mal Singhwala	81	18	63	8	-	8	7	4	3
01075900	Ram Nagar Bhathal	83	25	58	9	6	3	40	13	27
01076000	Rampur Mander	8	7	1	2	2	-	3	3	-
01076100	Satike	3	2	1	-	-	-	2	1	1
01076200	Achanak	42	12	30	1	1	-	35	9	26
01076300	Sanghreri	22	18	4	6	4	2	4	3	1
01076400	Jalwehra	78	15	63	1	1	-	37	8	29
01076500	Khudal Kalan	204	32	172	18	4	14	8	6	2
01076600	Khudal Shekhupur	380	26	354	242	10	232	125	16	109
01076700	Bakhshiwala	114	15	99	65	4	61	13	4	9
01076800	Akbarpur Khudal	397	34	363	217	19	198	152	9	143
01076900	Kishangarh Urf Sedha Singhewala	780	62	718	323	14	309	311	31	280
01077000	Bahadarpur	217	102	115	16	8	8	39	33	6

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Budhlada

of marginal workers									Name of Village	Location code number
Household industry workers			Other workers			Non-workers				
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	2	1
833	**95**	**738**	**4,191**	**1,064**	**3,127**	**115,497**	**46,734**	**68,763**	**Budhlada (Total)**	**0003**
833	**95**	**738**	**4,191**	**1,064**	**3,127**	**115,497**	**46,734**	**68,763**	**Budhlada (Rural)**	**0003**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Budhlada (Urban)**	**0003**
									Budhlada (Rural)	
1	-	1	112	4	108	172	70	102	Chhachhohar	01071000
5	1	4	4	-	4	746	348	398	Nandgarh	01071200
3	3	-	-	-	-	393	154	239	Sandli	01071900
-	-	-	4	-	4	506	181	325	Faridke	01072000
9	-	9	-	-	-	675	345	330	Malkon	01072100
21	5	16	1	-	1	1,057	416	641	Udat Saidewala	01072200
-	-	-	6	-	6	447	168	279	Malakpur Bhimra	01072300
4	-	4	6	3	3	1,561	564	997	Hakamwala	01072400
7	3	4	13	5	8	866	392	474	Gamiwala	01072500
-	-	-	3	3	-	413	153	260	Lakhiwala	01072600
1	-	1	25	17	8	630	283	347	Talabwala	01072700
-	-	-	20	19	1	653	234	419	Gandu Kalan	01072800
37	3	34	50	5	45	590	283	307	Gandu Khurd	01072900
28	3	25	31	11	20	956	406	550	Maghanian	01073000
7	6	1	40	13	27	2,194	930	1,264	Reond Kalan	01073100
-	-	-	17	4	13	548	220	328	Reond Khurd	01073200
2	-	2	7	5	2	964	365	599	Birewala Dogran	01073300
-	-	-	30	3	27	696	382	314	Chak Alisher	01073400
-	-	-	3	3	-	680	239	441	Andianwali	01073500
-	-	-	2	2	-	693	219	474	Ramgarh Shah Purian	01073600
-	-	-	1	-	1	660	251	409	Bhakhrial	01073700
2	2	-	13	11	2	852	386	466	Bhawa	01073800
29	1	28	10	2	8	494	204	290	Gorakh Nath	01073900
122	5	117	187	74	113	4,994	1,985	3,009	Kulrian	01074000
87	2	85	315	59	256	2,316	983	1,333	Kahangarh	01074100
-	-	-	5	2	3	495	185	310	Juglan	01074200
3	-	3	39	7	32	937	404	533	Mander	01074300
21	12	9	118	44	74	2,633	1,020	1,613	Dharampura	01074400
1	-	1	-	-	-	411	182	229	Saswali	01074500
-	-	-	-	-	-	190	61	129	Todarpur	01074600
4	-	4	91	8	83	921	440	481	Saidewala	01074700
2	-	2	31	-	31	1,247	468	779	Sher Khanwala	01074800
43	16	27	337	144	193	6,591	2,642	3,949	Boha	01074900
20	3	17	13	3	10	1,771	668	1,103	Alampur Mandran	01075000
3	1	2	10	1	9	1,396	629	767	Dalelwala	01075100
1	1	-	103	1	102	827	383	444	Lakhmirwala	01075200
1	-	1	1	-	1	1,799	843	956	Akanwali	01075300
-	-	-	2	-	2	818	373	445	Mandhali	01075400
-	-	-	56	27	29	366	177	189	Joian	01075500
-	-	-	84	5	79	1,115	440	675	Tahlian	01075600
-	-	-	10	7	3	879	350	529	Kasampur Chhina	01075700
3	-	3	63	14	49	1,258	505	753	Mal Singhwala	01075800
2	-	2	32	6	26	978	335	643	Ram Nagar Bhathal	01075900
-	-	-	3	2	1	1,765	633	1,132	Rampur Mander	01076000
-	-	-	1	1	-	800	277	523	Satike	01076100
2	1	1	4	1	3	871	338	533	Achanak	01076200
3	3	-	9	8	1	682	225	457	Sanghreri	01076300
1	-	1	39	6	33	757	313	444	Jalwehra	01076400
13	1	12	165	21	144	1,213	477	736	Khudal Kalan	01076500
4	-	4	9	-	9	999	511	488	Khudal Shekhupur	01076600
7	2	5	29	5	24	1,044	395	649	Bakhshiwala	01076700
6	-	6	22	6	16	983	441	542	Akbarpur Khudal	01076800
12	5	7	134	12	122	2,922	1,259	1,663	Kishangarh Urf Sedha Singhewala	01076900
31	1	30	131	60	71	3,409	1,326	2,083	Bahadarpur	01077000

Location code number	Name of Village	Area of Village in hectares	Number of households	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
01077100	Dialpura	595.0	366	2,196	1,178	1,018	296	156	140
01077200	Sirsiwala	570.0	211	1,244	666	578	161	87	74
01077300	Gobindpura	643.0	271	1,580	843	737	218	126	92
01077400	Phuluwala Dod	464.0	212	1,086	570	516	163	95	68
01077500	Dariapur	395.0	215	1,213	620	593	155	82	73
01077600	Kulana	1,040.0	430	2,475	1,300	1,175	368	200	168
01077700	Karipur	446.0	359	2,087	1,100	987	281	149	132
01077800	Phuluwala Dogran	821.0	260	1,608	849	759	268	144	124
01077900	Barah	2,180.0	844	4,901	2,641	2,260	572	318	254
01078000	Piplian	332.0	179	1,061	560	501	127	63	64
01078100	Ahmadpur	1,639.0	705	3,981	2,099	1,882	576	319	257
01078200	Talwandi	367.0			----------Un-inhabited----------				
01078300	Ramgarh	331.0	144	794	409	385	103	56	47
01078400	Datewas	1,016.0	453	2,473	1,306	1,167	340	193	147
01078500	Khatriwala	473.0	274	1,553	792	761	246	118	128
01078600	Ranghrial	966.0	432	2,664	1,399	1,265	435	230	205
01078700	Rali	850.0	462	2,654	1,449	1,205	364	197	167
01078800	Budhlada(R)	2,035.0	2,199	12,074	6,379	5,695	1,755	985	770
01078900	Kalehri	490.0	286	1,589	836	753	208	119	89
01079000	Hassanpur	394.0	223	1,215	663	552	162	90	72
01079100	Gurne Khurd	476.0	266	1,516	813	703	202	118	84
01079200	Gurne Kalan	908.0	618	3,634	1,985	1,649	531	323	208
01079300	Chakan	782.0	256	1,364	721	643	199	102	97
01079400	Bachhoana	1,798.0	840	5,048	2,694	2,354	645	358	287
01079500	Dodra	1,225.0	532	3,276	1,721	1,555	450	239	211
01079600	Biroke Kalan	1,581.0	570	3,575	1,868	1,707	511	301	210
01079700	Jitgarh Urf Biroke Khurd	569.0	208	1,299	708	591	202	115	87
01079800	Borawal	1,155.0	640	3,644	1,966	1,678	521	309	212
01079900	Budhpura	221.0			----------Un-inhabited----------				
01080000	Khiwa Mihan Singh Urf Smundgarh	245.0	78	507	266	241	45	30	15
01080100	Guradi	1,033.0	500	3,139	1,670	1,469	468	255	213
01080200	Bhadra	720.0	413	2,271	1,207	1,064	306	164	142
01080300	Alampur Bodla	499.0	163	939	497	442	146	85	61
01080400	Kanakwal Chahlan	577.0	305	1,844	972	872	236	128	108
01080500	Heron Khurd	649.0	445	2,647	1,464	1,183	341	209	132

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Budhlada

Scheduled Castes popuation			Scheduled Tribes population			Literates			Name of Village
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2
799	397	402	-	-	-	803	518	285	Dialpura
417	218	199	-	-	-	530	333	197	Sirsiwala
516	277	239	-	-	-	715	408	307	Gobindpura
426	228	198	-	-	-	432	243	189	Phuluwala Dod
513	256	257	-	-	-	530	293	237	Dariapur
1,054	557	497	-	-	-	982	569	413	Kulana
857	455	402	-	-	-	898	550	348	Karipur
899	478	421	-	-	-	625	385	240	Phuluwala Dogran
1,258	680	578	-	-	-	1,830	1,059	771	Barah
181	99	82	-	-	-	534	329	205	Piplian
1,151	604	547	-	-	-	1,566	911	655	Ahmadpur
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Talwandi
128	63	65	-	-	-	351	208	143	Ramgarh
959	504	455	-	-	-	1,267	774	493	Datewas
782	392	390	-	-	-	611	358	253	Khatriwala
960	493	467	-	-	-	1,008	604	404	Ranghrial
790	424	366	-	-	-	983	610	373	Rali
5,902	3,107	2,795	-	-	-	6,051	3,464	2,587	Budhlada(R)
382	199	183	-	-	-	700	407	293	Kalehri
632	336	296	-	-	-	394	261	133	Hassanpur
580	307	273	-	-	-	630	390	240	Gurne Khurd
1,352	727	625	-	-	-	1,328	779	549	Gurne Kalan
598	326	272	-	-	-	481	294	187	Chakan
1,432	758	674	-	-	-	1,978	1,165	813	Bachhoana
942	495	447	-	-	-	1,191	690	501	Dodra
1,084	558	526	-	-	-	1,344	759	585	Biroke Kalan
358	195	163	-	-	-	496	311	185	Jitgarh Urf Biroke Khurd
1,071	581	490	-	-	-	1,372	817	555	Borawal
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Budhpura
38	21	17	-	-	-	268	154	114	Khiwa Mihan Singh Urf Smundgarh
910	475	435	-	-	-	1,014	602	412	Guradi
795	418	377	-	-	-	836	494	342	Bhadra
274	141	133	-	-	-	419	235	184	Alampur Bodla
518	250	268	-	-	-	850	484	366	Kanakwal Chahlan
1,015	554	461	-	-	-	1,018	621	397	Heron Khurd

Location code number	Name of Village	Illiterates			Total workers			Main workers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
01077100	Dialpura	1,393	660	733	804	650	154	693	639	54
01077200	Sirsiwala	714	333	381	655	423	232	554	395	159
01077300	Gobindpura	865	435	430	549	458	91	510	453	57
01077400	Phuluwala Dod	654	327	327	322	302	20	306	298	8
01077500	Dariapur	683	327	356	347	339	8	347	339	8
01077600	Kulana	1,493	731	762	824	725	99	734	689	45
01077700	Karipur	1,189	550	639	895	579	316	549	500	49
01077800	Phuluwala Dogran	983	464	519	522	450	72	484	440	44
01077900	Barah	3,071	1,582	1,489	1,885	1,519	366	1,667	1,488	179
01078000	Piplian	527	231	296	489	331	158	451	326	125
01078100	Ahmadpur	2,415	1,188	1,227	1,525	1,160	365	1,376	1,139	237
01078200	Talwandi				----------Un-inhabited----------					
01078300	Ramgarh	443	201	242	400	244	156	329	232	97
01078400	Datewas	1,206	532	674	1,070	682	388	661	613	48
01078500	Khatriwala	942	434	508	666	453	213	585	444	141
01078600	Ranghrial	1,656	795	861	861	730	131	763	705	58
01078700	Rali	1,671	839	832	1,080	840	240	1,062	826	236
01078800	Budhlada(R)	6,023	2,915	3,108	3,879	3,262	617	3,602	3,124	478
01078900	Kalehri	889	429	460	831	500	331	508	471	37
01079000	Hassanpur	821	402	419	574	382	192	472	364	108
01079100	Gurne Khurd	886	423	463	764	460	304	440	417	23
01079200	Gurne Kalan	2,306	1,206	1,100	1,343	1,007	336	1,126	972	154
01079300	Chakan	883	427	456	556	417	139	506	405	101
01079400	Bachhoana	3,070	1,529	1,541	1,782	1,351	431	1,476	1,274	202
01079500	Dodra	2,085	1,031	1,054	1,451	947	504	1,398	934	464
01079600	Biroke Kalan	2,231	1,109	1,122	1,378	952	426	1,275	871	404
01079700	Jitgarh Urf Biroke Khurd	803	397	406	483	405	78	441	400	41
01079800	Borawal	2,272	1,149	1,123	1,235	1,016	219	1,140	950	190
01079900	Budhpura				----------Un-inhabited----------					
01080000	Khiwa Mihan Singh Urf Smundgarh	239	112	127	153	145	8	143	138	5
01080100	Guradi	2,125	1,068	1,057	1,528	898	630	1,463	874	589
01080200	Bhadra	1,435	713	722	1,014	630	384	977	607	370
01080300	Alampur Bodla	520	262	258	562	293	269	486	291	195
01080400	Kanakwal Chahlan	994	488	506	833	523	310	703	490	213
01080500	Heron Khurd	1,629	843	786	1,227	865	362	1,223	863	360

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Budhlada

Industrial category of main workers												Name of Village
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers			Other workers			
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	2
371	362	9	138	111	27	8	7	1	176	159	17	Dialpura
298	236	62	37	33	4	9	6	3	210	120	90	Sirsiwala
244	243	1	123	117	6	4	3	1	139	90	49	Gobindpura
182	181	1	100	94	6	3	3	-	21	20	1	Phuluwala Dod
188	186	2	106	104	2	1	1	-	52	48	4	Dariapur
338	328	10	214	212	2	27	21	6	155	128	27	Kulana
273	263	10	98	94	4	8	6	2	170	137	33	Karipur
129	127	2	139	133	6	6	1	5	210	179	31	Phuluwala Dogran
963	918	45	299	289	10	52	40	12	353	241	112	Barah
271	199	72	76	62	14	5	5	-	99	60	39	Piplian
609	591	18	252	246	6	11	7	4	504	295	209	Ahmadpur
				----------Un-inhabited----------								Talwandi
195	148	47	59	53	6	-	-	-	75	31	44	Ramgarh
304	294	10	142	135	7	4	1	3	211	183	28	Datewas
146	142	4	195	152	43	3	1	2	241	149	92	Khatriwala
392	382	10	189	166	23	10	10	-	172	147	25	Ranghrial
525	514	11	220	219	1	3	3	-	314	90	224	Rali
461	437	24	494	445	49	312	163	149	2,335	2,079	256	Budhlada(R)
283	277	6	91	82	9	2	1	1	132	111	21	Kalehri
149	148	1	145	132	13	3	2	1	175	82	93	Hassanpur
251	243	8	90	89	1	10	9	1	89	76	13	Gurne Khurd
501	489	12	214	208	6	10	7	3	401	268	133	Gurne Kalan
164	159	5	58	57	1	-	-	-	284	189	95	Chakan
741	724	17	333	309	24	17	12	5	385	229	156	Bachhoana
524	521	3	266	257	9	33	21	12	575	135	440	Dodra
512	503	9	276	258	18	45	11	34	442	99	343	Biroke Kalan
257	255	2	96	91	5	40	8	32	48	46	2	Jitgarh Urf Biroke Khurd
576	567	9	198	194	4	7	7	-	359	182	177	Borawal
				----------Un-inhabited----------								Budhpura
127	126	1	3	3	-	-	-	-	13	9	4	Khiwa Mihan Singh Urf Smundgarh
525	516	9	362	225	137	21	9	12	555	124	431	Guradi
326	322	4	140	134	6	36	17	19	475	134	341	Bhadra
184	176	8	134	89	45	17	1	16	151	25	126	Alampur Bodla
287	275	12	98	93	5	45	17	28	273	105	168	Kanakwal Chahlan
470	456	14	335	322	13	10	4	6	408	81	327	Heron Khurd

Location code number	Name of Village	Marginal workers			Industrial category: Cultivators			Industrial category: Agricultural labourers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
01077100	Dialpura	111	11	100	1	1	-	23	4	19
01077200	Sirsiwala	101	28	73	-	-	-	98	28	70
01077300	Gobindpura	39	5	34	2	2	-	4	1	3
01077400	Phuluwala Dod	16	4	12	1	1	-	-	-	-
01077500	Dariapur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
01077600	Kulana	90	36	54	29	17	12	30	9	21
01077700	Karipur	346	79	267	40	7	33	103	15	88
01077800	Phuluwala Dogran	38	10	28	5	2	3	27	5	22
01077900	Barah	218	31	187	13	7	6	128	19	109
01078000	Piplian	38	5	33	-	-	-	28	4	24
01078100	Ahmadpur	149	21	128	11	-	11	79	9	70
01078200	Talwandi	----------Un-inhabited----------								
01078300	Ramgarh	71	12	59	11	9	2	20	1	19
01078400	Datewas	409	69	340	24	15	9	217	28	189
01078500	Khatriwala	81	9	72	3	1	2	1	-	1
01078600	Ranghrial	98	25	73	18	10	8	8	1	7
01078700	Rali	18	14	4	2	1	1	2	2	-
01078800	Budhlada(R)	277	138	139	16	9	7	48	21	27
01078900	Kalehri	323	29	294	29	5	24	34	10	24
01079000	Hassanpur	102	18	84	7	7	-	74	7	67
01079100	Gurne Khurd	324	43	281	203	23	180	105	16	89
01079200	Gurne Kalan	217	35	182	18	1	17	162	14	148
01079300	Chakan	50	12	38	5	1	4	-	-	-
01079400	Bachhoana	306	77	229	14	7	7	71	33	38
01079500	Dodra	53	13	40	2	1	1	7	6	1
01079600	Biroke Kalan	103	81	22	6	4	2	74	62	12
01079700	Jitgarh Urf Biroke Khurd	42	5	37	2	1	1	-	-	-
01079800	Borawal	95	66	29	10	7	3	40	38	2
01079900	Budhpura	----------Un-inhabited----------								
01080000	Khiwa Mihan Singh Urf Smundgarh	10	7	3	-	-	-	8	5	3
01080100	Guradi	65	24	41	4	3	1	22	7	15
01080200	Bhadra	37	23	14	3	2	1	8	7	1
01080300	Alampur Bodla	76	2	74	-	-	-	72	2	70
01080400	Kanakwal Chahlan	130	33	97	4	2	2	23	20	3
01080500	Heron Khurd	4	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	-

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Budhlada

of marginal workers									Name of Village	Location code number
Household industry workers			Other workers			Non-workers				
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	2	1
18	-	18	69	6	63	1,392	528	864	Dialpura	01077100
2	-	2	1	-	1	589	243	346	Sirsiwala	01077200
-	-	-	33	2	31	1,031	385	646	Gobindpura	01077300
-	-	-	15	3	12	764	268	496	Phuluwala Dod	01077400
-	-	-	-	-	-	866	281	585	Dariapur	01077500
5	-	5	26	10	16	1,651	575	1,076	Kulana	01077600
13	-	13	190	57	133	1,192	521	671	Karipur	01077700
-	-	-	6	3	3	1,086	399	687	Phuluwala Dogran	01077800
6	1	5	71	4	67	3,016	1,122	1,894	Barah	01077900
-	-	-	10	1	9	572	229	343	Piplian	01078000
11	1	10	48	11	37	2,456	939	1,517	Ahmadpur	01078100
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Talwandi	01078200
-	-	-	40	2	38	394	165	229	Ramgarh	01078300
6	2	4	162	24	138	1,403	624	779	Datewas	01078400
1	-	1	76	8	68	887	339	548	Khatriwala	01078500
5	-	5	67	14	53	1,803	669	1,134	Ranghrial	01078600
-	-	-	14	11	3	1,574	609	965	Rali	01078700
17	1	16	196	107	89	8,195	3,117	5,078	Budhlada(R)	01078800
75	1	74	185	13	172	758	336	422	Kalehri	01078900
7	-	7	14	4	10	641	281	360	Hassanpur	01079000
8	1	7	8	3	5	752	353	399	Gurne Khurd	01079100
3	-	3	34	20	14	2,291	978	1,313	Gurne Kalan	01079200
-	-	-	45	11	34	808	304	504	Chakan	01079300
12	-	12	209	37	172	3,266	1,343	1,923	Bachhoana	01079400
6	-	6	38	6	32	1,825	774	1,051	Dodra	01079500
2	-	2	21	15	6	2,197	916	1,281	Biroke Kalan	01079600
38	2	36	2	2	-	816	303	513	Jitgarh Urf Biroke Khurd	01079700
1	-	1	44	21	23	2,409	950	1,459	Borawal	01079800
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Budhpura	01079900
-	-	-	2	2	-	354	121	233	Khiwa Mihan Singh Urf Smundgarh	01080000
15	2	13	24	12	12	1,611	772	839	Guradi	01080100
3	-	3	23	14	9	1,257	577	680	Bhadra	01080200
1	-	1	3	-	3	377	204	173	Alampur Bodla	01080300
30	4	26	73	7	66	1,011	449	562	Kanakwal Chahlan	01080400
-	-	-	1	-	1	1,420	599	821	Heron Khurd	01080500

Location code number	Name of Village	Area of Village in hectares	Number of households	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0004	**Jhunir (Total)**	**31,771.0**	**13,911**	**79,480**	**42,462**	**37,018**	**10,873**	**6,171**	**4,702**
0004	**Jhunir (Rural)**	**31,771.0**	**13,911**	**79,480**	**42,462**	**37,018**	**10,873**	**6,171**	**4,702**
0004	**Jhunir (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Jhunir (Rural)								
01064900	Tandian	619.0	245	1,476	785	691	241	123	118
01065000	Raipur	2,396.0	940	5,530	2,940	2,590	740	433	307
01065100	Chhapianwali	535.0	182	1,023	549	474	146	84	62
01065200	Bajewala	1,838.0	650	3,929	2,065	1,864	549	315	234
01065300	Barewala Jattan	541.0	260	1,572	824	748	216	124	92
01065400	Bishanpura Urf Jherianwali	739.0	413	2,330	1,269	1,061	398	215	183
01065500	Mian	522.0	182	1,092	610	482	159	89	70
01065600	Jaurkian	911.0	412	2,314	1,213	1,101	345	181	164
01066000	Aullak	572.0	231	1,359	735	624	176	94	82
01066100	Burj Bhalai	632.0	260	1,566	835	731	187	102	85
01066200	Bhalaike	715.0	260	1,389	759	630	178	96	82
01066300	Dasundia	624.0	206	1,152	613	539	149	91	58
01066400	Raman Nandi	443.0	234	1,285	687	598	171	94	77
01066500	Bhama Kalan	1,086.0	587	3,352	1,806	1,546	523	316	207
01066600	Bhama Khurd	513.0	252	1,455	801	654	173	99	74
01066700	Lalianwali	689.0	306	1,651	905	746	196	112	84
01066800	Fatehgarh Sahnianwali	619.0	223	1,182	631	551	159	97	62
01066900	Ghuduwala	597.0	209	1,246	661	585	158	94	64
01070600	Makhewala	600.0	294	1,655	892	763	229	129	100
01070700	Jhuner	2,042.0	1,190	6,289	3,340	2,949	903	509	394
01070800	Khiali Chahianwali	886.0	342	1,910	1,035	875	263	140	123
01070900	Kourewala	658.0	297	1,584	865	719	193	118	75
01071100	Danewala	726.0	283	1,515	824	691	202	120	82
01071300	Ghurkni	488.0	306	1,851	977	874	219	128	91
01071400	Chainewala	517.0	262	1,504	794	710	210	117	93
01071500	Chak Maghania	153.0	1	2	2	-	-	-	-
01071600	Fatehpur	667.0	436	2,466	1,304	1,162	364	208	156
01071700	Moda	202.0	43	209	115	94	23	14	9
01071800	Moffar	471.0	268	1,449	771	678	191	117	74
01083000	Kot Dharmu	1,148.0	665	3,778	2,058	1,720	515	305	210
01083100	Uddat Bhagat Ram	775.0	345	2,023	1,086	937	285	159	126
01083600	Makha	1,185.0	491	2,971	1,592	1,379	425	241	184
01083700	Talwandi Akalia	711.0	214	1,420	741	679	202	115	87
01083800	Banawala	1,165.0	282	1,554	843	711	196	115	81
01083900	Peron	1,015.0	310	1,936	1,011	925	263	147	116
01084000	Behniwal	1,252.0	601	3,265	1,708	1,557	405	222	183
01084100	Dhingar	1,016.0	543	3,244	1,723	1,521	444	245	199
01084200	Chahlanwala	751.0	393	2,220	1,172	1,048	269	147	122
01084300	Daliawali Urf Gulabgarh	752.0	293	1,732	921	811	208	116	92

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Jhunir

Scheduled Castes popuation			Scheduled Tribes population			Literates			Name of Village
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2
24,594	**13,037**	**11,557**	-	-	-	**31,763**	**19,400**	**12,363**	**Jhunir (Total)**
24,594	**13,037**	**11,557**	-	-	-	**31,763**	**19,400**	**12,363**	**Jhunir (Rural)**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Jhunir (Urban)**
									Jhunir (Rural)
644	326	318	-	-	-	614	402	212	Tandian
1,533	817	716	-	-	-	2,438	1,448	990	Raipur
336	172	164	-	-	-	419	257	162	Chhapianwali
1,134	596	538	-	-	-	1,376	825	551	Bajewala
432	227	205	-	-	-	543	329	214	Barewala Jattan
1,093	587	506	-	-	-	713	451	262	Bishanpura Urf Jherianwali
359	207	152	-	-	-	429	290	139	Mian
668	355	313	-	-	-	949	580	369	Jaurkian
391	211	180	-	-	-	598	371	227	Aullak
496	257	239	-	-	-	726	455	271	Burj Bhalai
229	114	115	-	-	-	537	354	183	Bhalaike
308	171	137	-	-	-	436	280	156	Dasundia
376	195	181	-	-	-	519	332	187	Raman Nandi
921	494	427	-	-	-	1,046	647	399	Bhama Kalan
445	244	201	-	-	-	537	339	198	Bhama Khurd
446	253	193	-	-	-	640	404	236	Lalianwali
443	234	209	-	-	-	518	341	177	Fatehgarh Sahnianwali
236	117	119	-	-	-	543	323	220	Ghuduwala
799	445	354	-	-	-	639	397	242	Makhewala
2,078	1,104	974	-	-	-	2,764	1,613	1,151	Jhuner
331	172	159	-	-	-	790	481	309	Khiali Chahianwali
472	258	214	-	-	-	598	371	227	Kourewala
469	244	225	-	-	-	431	275	156	Danewala
760	403	357	-	-	-	816	485	331	Ghurkni
485	240	245	-	-	-	586	355	231	Chainewala
-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	Chak Maghania
973	521	452	-	-	-	966	589	377	Fatehpur
1	1	-	-	-	-	96	60	36	Moda
370	187	183	-	-	-	570	328	242	Moffar
1,191	629	562	-	-	-	1,445	890	555	Kot Dharmu
612	310	302	-	-	-	671	410	261	Uddat Bhagat Ram
844	446	398	-	-	-	1,208	738	470	Makha
387	200	187	-	-	-	557	320	237	Talwandi Akalia
541	312	229	-	-	-	682	430	252	Banawala
538	285	253	-	-	-	767	446	321	Peron
1,327	699	628	-	-	-	1,462	883	579	Behniwal
825	430	395	-	-	-	1,310	798	512	Dhingar
512	264	248	-	-	-	1,055	645	410	Chahlanwala
589	310	279	-	-	-	767	456	311	Daliawali Urf Gulabgarh

VILLAGE PRIMARY
C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Illiterates			Total workers			Main workers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
0004	**Jhunir (Total)**	**47,717**	**23,062**	**24,655**	**36,929**	**23,700**	**13,229**	**27,826**	**21,529**	**6,297**
0004	**Jhunir (Rural)**	**47,717**	**23,062**	**24,655**	**36,929**	**23,700**	**13,229**	**27,826**	**21,529**	**6,297**
0004	**Jhunir (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Jhunir (Rural)									
01064900	Tandian	862	383	479	824	464	360	466	410	56
01065000	Raipur	3,092	1,492	1,600	2,849	1,631	1,218	2,087	1,491	596
01065100	Chhapianwali	604	292	312	532	308	224	315	293	22
01065200	Bajewala	2,553	1,240	1,313	1,801	1,148	653	1,372	1,107	265
01065300	Barewala Jattan	1,029	495	534	752	439	313	734	437	297
01065400	Bishanpura Urf Jherianwali	1,617	818	799	1,102	692	410	1,099	690	409
01065500	Mian	663	320	343	457	335	122	437	327	110
01065600	Jaurkian	1,365	633	732	1,054	668	386	447	401	46
01066000	Aullak	761	364	397	840	473	367	583	417	166
01066100	Burj Bhalai	840	380	460	790	434	356	726	423	303
01066200	Bhalaike	852	405	447	852	481	371	509	429	80
01066300	Dasundia	716	333	383	682	375	307	440	362	78
01066400	Raman Nandi	766	355	411	545	387	158	389	351	38
01066500	Bhama Kalan	2,306	1,159	1,147	1,379	975	404	1,175	939	236
01066600	Bhama Khurd	918	462	456	791	473	318	550	430	120
01066700	Lalianwali	1,011	501	510	750	516	234	582	457	125
01066800	Fatehgarh Sahnianwali	664	290	374	525	352	173	488	340	148
01066900	Ghuduwala	703	338	365	682	392	290	572	369	203
01070600	Makhewala	1,016	495	521	694	460	234	580	433	147
01070700	Jhuner	3,525	1,727	1,798	2,750	1,796	954	2,318	1,602	716
01070800	Khiali Chahianwali	1,120	554	566	972	617	355	801	559	242
01070900	Kourewala	986	494	492	734	506	228	661	496	165
01071100	Danewala	1,084	549	535	821	476	345	497	439	58
01071300	Ghurkni	1,035	492	543	582	515	67	571	507	64
01071400	Chainewala	918	439	479	857	516	341	470	453	17
01071500	Chak Maghania	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	-
01071600	Fatehpur	1,500	715	785	960	702	258	820	676	144
01071700	Moda	113	55	58	117	60	57	117	60	57
01071800	Moffar	879	443	436	595	421	174	438	347	91
01083000	Kot Dharmu	2,333	1,168	1,165	1,562	1,195	367	1,160	1,046	114
01083100	Uddat Bhagat Ram	1,352	676	676	972	629	343	761	562	199
01083600	Makha	1,763	854	909	1,195	841	354	818	756	62
01083700	Talwandi Akalia	863	421	442	701	439	262	430	407	23
01083800	Banawala	872	413	459	768	491	277	520	467	53
01083900	Peron	1,169	565	604	810	487	323	630	465	165
01084000	Behniwal	1,803	825	978	1,045	860	185	774	750	24
01084100	Dhingar	1,934	925	1,009	1,550	963	587	809	740	69
01084200	Chahlanwala	1,165	527	638	1,146	618	528	959	555	404
01084300	Daliawali Urf Gulabgarh	965	465	500	890	564	326	720	535	185

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Jhunir

Industrial category of main workers												Name of Village
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers			Other workers			
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	2
13,457	**12,131**	**1,326**	**6,331**	**5,309**	**1,022**	**868**	**408**	**460**	**7,170**	**3,681**	**3,489**	**Jhunir (Total)**
13,457	**12,131**	**1,326**	**6,331**	**5,309**	**1,022**	**868**	**408**	**460**	**7,170**	**3,681**	**3,489**	**Jhunir (Rural)**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Jhunir (Urban)**
												Jhunir (Rural)
237	221	16	152	123	29	9	4	5	68	62	6	Tandian
992	904	88	348	317	31	51	20	31	696	250	446	Raipur
151	150	1	86	84	2	1	1	-	77	58	19	Chhapianwali
632	573	59	400	364	36	12	9	3	328	161	167	Bajewala
274	262	12	200	114	86	22	7	15	238	54	184	Barewala Jattan
266	252	14	393	276	117	80	54	26	360	108	252	Bishanpura Urf Jherianwali
203	199	4	123	84	39	13	4	9	98	40	58	Mian
238	220	18	79	62	17	9	7	2	121	112	9	Jaurkian
364	269	95	159	102	57	10	4	6	50	42	8	Aullak
372	230	142	116	108	8	26	23	3	212	62	150	Burj Bhalai
324	317	7	71	71	-	7	7	-	107	34	73	Bhalaike
282	235	47	109	103	6	4	4	-	45	20	25	Dasundia
211	207	4	95	93	2	7	7	-	76	44	32	Raman Nandi
553	496	57	284	243	41	22	19	3	316	181	135	Bhama Kalan
284	267	17	95	87	8	61	6	55	110	70	40	Bhama Khurd
267	249	18	125	121	4	7	3	4	183	84	99	Lalianwali
261	193	68	165	96	69	16	13	3	46	38	8	Fatehgarh Sahnianwali
300	263	37	73	62	11	46	10	36	153	34	119	Ghuduwala
216	162	54	241	182	59	11	5	6	112	84	28	Makhewala
736	661	75	307	281	26	60	32	28	1,215	628	587	Jhuner
478	406	72	68	48	20	50	4	46	205	101	104	Khiali Chahianwali
267	259	8	174	142	32	103	3	100	117	92	25	Kourewala
333	319	14	96	79	17	6	5	1	62	36	26	Danewala
291	282	9	220	173	47	3	2	1	57	50	7	Ghurkni
262	254	8	137	133	4	17	15	2	54	51	3	Chainewala
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	Chak Maghania
336	311	25	224	209	15	19	12	7	241	144	97	Fatehpur
62	58	4	1	1	-	-	-	-	54	1	53	Moda
210	195	15	92	88	4	8	7	1	128	57	71	Moffar
597	559	38	204	193	11	23	12	11	336	282	54	Kot Dharmu
416	344	72	251	157	94	13	2	11	81	59	22	Uddat Bhagat Ram
555	518	37	122	117	5	27	27	-	114	94	20	Makha
266	262	4	104	97	7	9	6	3	51	42	9	Talwandi Akalia
258	246	12	149	140	9	36	20	16	77	61	16	Banawala
321	297	24	143	123	20	12	9	3	154	36	118	Peron
376	363	13	264	259	5	15	15	-	119	113	6	Behniwal
504	465	39	159	146	13	21	19	2	125	110	15	Dhingar
363	348	15	70	70	-	9	2	7	517	135	382	Chahlanwala
399	315	84	232	161	71	23	9	14	66	50	16	Daliawali Urf Gulabgarh

VILLAGE PRIMARY
C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Marginal workers			Industrial category					
					Cultivators			Agricultural labourers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
0004	**Jhunir (Total)**	**9,103**	**2,171**	**6,932**	**2,365**	**514**	**1,851**	**3,364**	**1,091**	**2,273**
0004	**Jhunir (Rural)**	**9,103**	**2,171**	**6,932**	**2,365**	**514**	**1,851**	**3,364**	**1,091**	**2,273**
0004	**Jhunir (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Jhunir (Rural)									
01064900	Tandian	358	54	304	216	33	183	136	17	119
01065000	Raipur	762	140	622	206	47	159	326	73	253
01065100	Chhapianwali	217	15	202	108	6	102	87	3	84
01065200	Bajewala	429	41	388	37	16	21	271	13	258
01065300	Barewala Jattan	18	2	16	6	1	5	2	1	1
01065400	Bishanpura Urf Jherianwali	3	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	-
01065500	Mian	20	8	12	4	3	1	7	2	5
01065600	Jaurkian	607	267	340	84	82	2	164	92	72
01066000	Aullak	257	56	201	200	48	152	54	8	46
01066100	Burj Bhalai	64	11	53	2	1	1	44	2	42
01066200	Bhalaike	343	52	291	245	38	207	83	14	69
01066300	Dasundia	242	13	229	23	5	18	61	3	58
01066400	Raman Nandi	156	36	120	9	6	3	5	4	1
01066500	Bhama Kalan	204	36	168	9	5	4	33	17	16
01066600	Bhama Khurd	241	43	198	101	6	95	81	24	57
01066700	Lalianwali	168	59	109	3	1	2	72	53	19
01066800	Fatehgarh Sahnianwali	37	12	25	17	7	10	17	4	13
01066900	Ghuduwala	110	23	87	15	4	11	16	3	13
01070600	Makhewala	114	27	87	13	10	3	31	14	17
01070700	Jhuner	432	194	238	6	2	4	328	164	164
01070800	Khiali Chahianwali	171	58	113	39	16	23	4	1	3
01070900	Kourewala	73	10	63	18	4	14	30	2	28
01071100	Danewala	324	37	287	28	5	23	29	19	10
01071300	Ghurkni	11	8	3	4	3	1	7	5	2
01071400	Chainewala	387	63	324	176	27	149	102	24	78
01071500	Chak Maghania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
01071600	Fatehpur	140	26	114	11	2	9	103	17	86
01071700	Moda	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
01071800	Moffar	157	74	83	15	12	3	135	60	75
01083000	Kot Dharmu	402	149	253	77	22	55	121	79	42
01083100	Uddat Bhagat Ram	211	67	144	6	5	1	114	54	60
01083600	Makha	377	85	292	139	19	120	74	41	33
01083700	Talwandi Akalia	271	32	239	154	11	143	98	18	80
01083800	Banawala	248	24	224	152	12	140	62	8	54
01083900	Peron	180	22	158	6	-	6	4	1	3
01084000	Behniwal	271	110	161	18	11	7	173	86	87
01084100	Dhingar	741	223	518	114	26	88	392	136	256
01084200	Chahlanwala	187	63	124	3	1	2	52	18	34
01084300	Daliawali Urf Gulabgarh	170	29	141	99	15	84	46	11	35

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Jhunir

of marginal workers									Name of Village	Location code number
Household industry workers			Other workers			Non-workers				
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	2	1
570	**54**	**516**	**2,804**	**512**	**2,292**	**42,551**	**18,762**	**23,789**	**Jhunir (Total)**	**0004**
570	**54**	**516**	**2,804**	**512**	**2,292**	**42,551**	**18,762**	**23,789**	**Jhunir (Rural)**	**0004**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Jhunir (Urban)**	**0004**
									Jhunir (Rural)	
-	-	-	6	4	2	652	321	331	Tandian	01064900
77	1	76	153	19	134	2,681	1,309	1,372	Raipur	01065000
-	-	-	22	6	16	491	241	250	Chhapianwali	01065100
7	1	6	114	11	103	2,128	917	1,211	Bajewala	01065200
5	-	5	5	-	5	820	385	435	Barewala Jattan	01065300
-	-	-	1	-	1	1,228	577	651	Bishanpura Urf Jherianwali	01065400
-	-	-	9	3	6	635	275	360	Mian	01065500
52	2	50	307	91	216	1,260	545	715	Jaurkian	01065600
3	-	3	-	-	-	519	262	257	Aullak	01066000
1	-	1	17	8	9	776	401	375	Burj Bhalai	01066100
4	-	4	11	-	11	537	278	259	Bhalaike	01066200
4	1	3	154	4	150	470	238	232	Dasundia	01066300
6	3	3	136	23	113	740	300	440	Raman Nandi	01066400
11	2	9	151	12	139	1,973	831	1,142	Bhama Kalan	01066500
15	1	14	44	12	32	664	328	336	Bhama Khurd	01066600
1	-	1	92	5	87	901	389	512	Lalianwali	01066700
2	1	1	1	-	1	657	279	378	Fatehgarh Sahnianwali	01066800
47	7	40	32	9	23	564	269	295	Ghuduwala	01066900
6	-	6	64	3	61	961	432	529	Makhewala	01070600
13	3	10	85	25	60	3,539	1,544	1,995	Jhuner	01070700
28	3	25	100	38	62	938	418	520	Khiali Chahianwali	01070800
11	1	10	14	3	11	850	359	491	Kourewala	01070900
7	-	7	260	13	247	694	348	346	Danewala	01071100
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,269	462	807	Ghurkni	01071300
73	10	63	36	2	34	647	278	369	Chainewala	01071400
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	Chak Maghania	01071500
9	-	9	17	7	10	1,506	602	904	Fatehpur	01071600
-	-	-	-	-	-	92	55	37	Moda	01071700
1	-	1	6	2	4	854	350	504	Moffar	01071800
28	3	25	176	45	131	2,216	863	1,353	Kot Dharmu	01083000
75	-	75	16	8	8	1,051	457	594	Uddat Bhagat Ram	01083100
6	3	3	158	22	136	1,776	751	1,025	Makha	01083600
1	-	1	18	3	15	719	302	417	Talwandi Akalia	01083700
6	2	4	28	2	26	786	352	434	Banawala	01083800
19	2	17	151	19	132	1,126	524	602	Peron	01083900
11	4	7	69	9	60	2,220	848	1,372	Behniwal	01084000
21	3	18	214	58	156	1,694	760	934	Dhingar	01084100
8	1	7	124	43	81	1,074	554	520	Chahlanwala	01084200
12	-	12	13	3	10	842	357	485	Daliawali Urf Gulabgarh	01084300

Location code number	Name of Village	Area of Village in hectares	Number of households	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0005	**Sardulgarh (Total)**	**34,033.0**	**14,124**	**81,251**	**43,002**	**38,249**	**11,878**	**6,568**	**5,310**
0005	**Sardulgarh (Rural)**	**34,033.0**	**14,124**	**81,251**	**43,002**	**38,249**	**11,878**	**6,568**	**5,310**
0005	**Sardulgarh (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sardulgarh (Rural)								
01065700	Jagatgarh Bandran	408.0	109	669	353	316	98	55	43
01065800	Kusla	1,363.0	496	2,987	1,572	1,415	425	231	194
01065900	Chuhrian	607.0	163	952	496	456	137	73	64
01067000	Jatana Khurd	532.0	213	1,270	698	572	163	107	56
01067100	Kotra	356.0	138	782	411	371	140	76	64
01067200	Jatana Kalan	2,450.0	602	3,578	1,895	1,683	524	293	231
01067300	Mirpur Khurd	885.0	320	1,966	1,058	908	253	147	106
01067400	Tibi Hari Singh	456.0	168	973	524	449	136	75	61
01067500	Sardulewala	762.0	384	2,310	1,207	1,103	338	182	156
01067600	Kahnewala	677.0	206	1,317	694	623	233	119	114
01067700	Bhunder	684.0	155	881	475	406	136	85	51
01067800	Rorki	866.0	333	1,857	979	878	278	152	126
01067900	Jhanda Khurd	1,174.0	540	3,033	1,599	1,434	429	243	186
01068000	Jhanda Kalan	2,267.0	838	4,877	2,545	2,332	704	397	307
01068100	Nahran	788.0	309	1,659	866	793	232	139	93
01068200	Mankhera	723.0	300	1,681	893	788	224	118	106
01068300	Sangha	2,705.0	883	4,808	2,532	2,276	711	394	317
01068400	Rajrana	410.0	96	612	326	286	101	52	49
01068500	Karandi	812.0	493	2,977	1,586	1,391	526	286	240
01068600	Khaira Kalan	1,344.0	534	3,037	1,586	1,451	495	279	216
01068700	Khaira Khurd	1,158.0	682	4,003	2,159	1,844	707	389	318
01068800	Ahlupur	1,610.0	872	4,609	2,402	2,207	723	387	336
01068900	Dhigana	134.0	29	193	101	92	30	19	11
01069000	Lohgarh	343.0	246	1,538	781	757	234	122	112
01069100	Hingna Urf Bhagwangarh	353.0	234	1,249	643	606	202	109	93
01069200	Ranjitgarh Bandra	533.0	268	1,543	791	752	204	99	105
01069300	Bhalanwara	216.0	108	615	338	277	95	52	43
01069400	Kauriwala	341.0	172	946	522	424	144	82	62
01069500	Sadhuwala	254.0	148	793	443	350	83	50	33
01069600	Phus Mandi	426.0	220	1,237	658	579	181	99	82
01069700	Mirpur Kalan	1,199.0	513	2,995	1,632	1,363	328	183	145
01069800	Adamke	675.0	343	1,955	1,032	923	263	142	121
01069900	Chotian	308.0	194	1,172	613	559	143	86	57
01070000	Karipur Dumb	254.0	70	446	251	195	63	41	22
01070100	Baran	394.0	151	884	468	416	111	59	52
01070200	Hirke	937.0	416	2,274	1,207	1,067	334	183	151
01070300	Jhanduke	1,658.0	813	4,744	2,505	2,239	620	338	282
01070400	Alike	659.0	334	1,864	993	871	318	176	142
01070500	Fatta Maluka	2,312.0	1,031	5,965	3,168	2,797	812	449	363

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Sardulgarh

Scheduled Castes popuation			Scheduled Tribes population			Literates			Name of Village
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2
23,520	**12,423**	**11,097**	-	-	-	**34,502**	**21,012**	**13,490**	**Sardulgarh (Total)**
23,520	**12,423**	**11,097**	-	-	-	**34,502**	**21,012**	**13,490**	**Sardulgarh (Rural)**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Sardulgarh (Urban)**
									Sardulgarh (Rural)
221	117	104	-	-	-	266	162	104	Jagatgarh Bandran
1,166	590	576	-	-	-	1,083	634	449	Kusla
332	179	153	-	-	-	440	266	174	Chuhrian
462	254	208	-	-	-	486	296	190	Jatana Khurd
118	58	60	-	-	-	321	203	118	Kotra
1,007	519	488	-	-	-	1,274	746	528	Jatana Kalan
766	421	345	-	-	-	652	401	251	Mirpur Khurd
378	195	183	-	-	-	390	237	153	Tibi Hari Singh
660	342	318	-	-	-	769	463	306	Sardulewala
431	232	199	-	-	-	586	392	194	Kahnewala
289	151	138	-	-	-	311	215	96	Bhunder
677	363	314	-	-	-	680	406	274	Rorki
873	452	421	-	-	-	1,471	895	576	Jhanda Khurd
425	229	196	-	-	-	2,419	1,381	1,038	Jhanda Kalan
513	267	246	-	-	-	912	541	371	Nahran
648	351	297	-	-	-	813	512	301	Mankhera
1,577	838	739	-	-	-	2,183	1,277	906	Sangha
244	123	121	-	-	-	257	160	97	Rajrana
442	240	202	-	-	-	1,265	832	433	Karandi
132	70	62	-	-	-	1,446	899	547	Khaira Kalan
864	462	402	-	-	-	1,597	1,070	527	Khaira Khurd
919	474	445	-	-	-	2,277	1,365	912	Ahlupur
3	1	2	-	-	-	104	57	47	Dhigana
157	87	70	-	-	-	743	438	305	Lohgarh
656	329	327	-	-	-	563	322	241	Hingna Urf Bhagwangarh
592	293	299	-	-	-	583	362	221	Ranjitgarh Bandra
222	122	100	-	-	-	249	158	91	Bhalanwara
261	149	112	-	-	-	448	271	177	Kauriwala
332	192	140	-	-	-	396	264	132	Sadhuwala
786	412	374	-	-	-	670	416	254	Phus Mandi
1,084	586	498	-	-	-	1,135	726	409	Mirpur Kalan
446	237	209	-	-	-	771	467	304	Adamke
463	240	223	-	-	-	560	322	238	Chotian
139	72	67	-	-	-	196	136	60	Karipur Dumb
274	151	123	-	-	-	342	211	131	Baran
862	468	394	-	-	-	899	529	370	Hirke
1,589	836	753	-	-	-	1,912	1,171	741	Jhanduke
649	339	310	-	-	-	718	464	254	Alike
1,861	982	879	-	-	-	2,315	1,345	970	Fatta Maluka

VILLAGE PRIMARY
C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Illiterates			Total workers			Main workers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
0005	**Sardulgarh (Total)**	**46,749**	**21,990**	**24,759**	**35,811**	**23,519**	**12,292**	**27,304**	**21,534**	**5,770**
0005	**Sardulgarh (Rural)**	**46,749**	**21,990**	**24,759**	**35,811**	**23,519**	**12,292**	**27,304**	**21,534**	**5,770**
0005	**Sardulgarh (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sardulgarh (Rural)									
01065700	Jagatgarh Bandran	403	191	212	247	188	59	178	168	10
01065800	Kusla	1,904	938	966	1,029	856	173	895	830	65
01065900	Chuhrian	512	230	282	554	290	264	552	290	262
01067000	Jatana Khurd	784	402	382	589	400	189	464	357	107
01067100	Kotra	461	208	253	394	232	162	226	222	4
01067200	Jatana Kalan	2,304	1,149	1,155	1,768	1,062	706	785	766	19
01067300	Mirpur Khurd	1,314	657	657	1,122	632	490	829	617	212
01067400	Tibi Hari Singh	583	287	296	311	295	16	310	294	16
01067500	Sardulewala	1,541	744	797	1,183	694	489	1,020	671	349
01067600	Kahnewala	731	302	429	680	386	294	453	351	102
01067700	Bhunder	570	260	310	475	276	199	313	228	85
01067800	Rorki	1,177	573	604	996	565	431	686	492	194
01067900	Jhanda Khurd	1,562	704	858	1,059	838	221	704	677	27
01068000	Jhanda Kalan	2,458	1,164	1,294	1,597	1,378	219	1,468	1,318	150
01068100	Nahran	747	325	422	854	459	395	469	426	43
01068200	Mankhera	868	381	487	1,000	551	449	498	486	12
01068300	Sangha	2,625	1,255	1,370	2,013	1,343	670	1,042	978	64
01068400	Rajrana	355	166	189	351	197	154	198	179	19
01068500	Karandi	1,712	754	958	1,467	761	706	857	720	137
01068600	Khaira Kalan	1,591	687	904	1,639	893	746	1,028	734	294
01068700	Khaira Khurd	2,406	1,089	1,317	1,887	1,114	773	1,550	1,042	508
01068800	Ahlupur	2,332	1,037	1,295	2,504	1,342	1,162	2,273	1,293	980
01068900	Dhigana	89	44	45	62	54	8	62	54	8
01069000	Lohgarh	795	343	452	632	408	224	445	363	82
01069100	Hingna Urf Bhagwangarh	686	321	365	386	299	87	372	291	81
01069200	Ranjitgarh Bandra	960	429	531	487	416	71	440	379	61
01069300	Bhalanwara	366	180	186	217	178	39	183	152	31
01069400	Kauriwala	498	251	247	513	305	208	313	273	40
01069500	Sadhuwala	397	179	218	495	279	216	472	271	201
01069600	Phus Mandi	567	242	325	573	350	223	570	348	222
01069700	Mirpur Kalan	1,860	906	954	1,358	916	442	1,284	900	384
01069800	Adamke	1,184	565	619	771	582	189	749	581	168
01069900	Chotian	612	291	321	620	319	301	394	316	78
01070000	Karipur Dumb	250	115	135	251	135	116	197	135	62
01070100	Baran	542	257	285	360	253	107	304	248	56
01070200	Hirke	1,375	678	697	1,057	668	389	896	664	232
01070300	Jhanduke	2,832	1,334	1,498	1,508	1,344	164	1,390	1,318	72
01070400	Alike	1,146	529	617	831	490	341	751	487	264
01070500	Fatta Maluka	3,650	1,823	1,827	1,971	1,771	200	1,684	1,615	69

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Sardulgarh

Industrial category of main workers												Name of Village
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers			Other workers			
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	2
13,988	**12,078**	**1,910**	**7,482**	**5,743**	**1,739**	**479**	**312**	**167**	**5,355**	**3,401**	**1,954**	**Sardulgarh (Total)**
13,988	**12,078**	**1,910**	**7,482**	**5,743**	**1,739**	**479**	**312**	**167**	**5,355**	**3,401**	**1,954**	**Sardulgarh (Rural)**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Sardulgarh (Urban)**
												Sardulgarh (Rural)
108	106	2	47	47	-	2	2	-	21	13	8	Jagatgarh Bandran
460	453	7	323	283	40	9	7	2	103	87	16	Kusla
290	137	153	196	102	94	11	6	5	55	45	10	Chuhrian
225	220	5	93	81	12	17	6	11	129	50	79	Jatana Khurd
167	166	1	36	35	1	2	2	-	21	19	2	Kotra
635	622	13	61	60	1	3	3	-	86	81	5	Jatana Kalan
335	330	5	339	225	114	11	9	2	144	53	91	Mirpur Khurd
161	160	1	107	101	6	1	1	-	41	32	9	Tibi Hari Singh
539	400	139	306	164	142	17	6	11	158	101	57	Sardulewala
332	252	80	58	51	7	-	-	-	63	48	15	Kahnewala
148	144	4	66	64	2	-	-	-	99	20	79	Bhunder
429	287	142	129	99	30	13	11	2	115	95	20	Rorki
418	406	12	110	107	3	6	5	1	170	159	11	Jhanda Khurd
750	722	28	302	287	15	72	32	40	344	277	67	Jhanda Kalan
231	215	16	168	153	15	10	9	1	60	49	11	Nahran
272	267	5	176	174	2	3	3	-	47	42	5	Mankhera
662	626	36	182	169	13	30	28	2	168	155	13	Sangha
97	93	4	96	83	13	-	-	-	5	3	2	Rajrana
645	515	130	97	92	5	11	11	-	104	102	2	Karandi
707	481	226	146	113	33	16	15	1	159	125	34	Khaira Kalan
807	575	232	234	136	98	12	9	3	497	322	175	Khaira Khurd
924	519	405	905	483	422	40	22	18	404	269	135	Ahlupur
40	40	-	11	5	6	-	-	-	11	9	2	Dhigana
194	180	14	212	149	63	6	6	-	33	28	5	Lohgarh
86	76	10	229	175	54	7	6	1	50	34	16	Hingna Urf Bhagwangarh
188	176	12	161	129	32	21	14	7	70	60	10	Ranjitgarh Bandra
87	80	7	54	49	5	10	8	2	32	15	17	Bhalanwara
90	86	4	144	120	24	10	10	-	69	57	12	Kauriwala
161	149	12	119	84	35	6	2	4	186	36	150	Sadhuwala
106	103	3	185	171	14	4	4	-	275	70	205	Phus Mandi
604	477	127	365	236	129	22	13	9	293	174	119	Mirpur Kalan
300	298	2	227	178	49	16	4	12	206	101	105	Adamke
165	164	1	177	112	65	10	6	4	42	34	8	Chotian
106	89	17	84	42	42	-	-	-	7	4	3	Karipur Dumb
149	145	4	77	66	11	4	2	2	74	35	39	Baran
377	373	4	310	241	69	7	7	-	202	43	159	Hirke
740	725	15	481	433	48	13	13	-	156	147	9	Jhanduke
212	207	5	104	86	18	41	16	25	394	178	216	Alike
1,041	1,014	27	365	358	7	16	14	2	262	229	33	Fatta Maluka

VILLAGE PRIMARY
C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Marginal workers			Industrial category					
					Cultivators			Agricultural labourers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
0005	**Sardulgarh (Total)**	**8,507**	**1,985**	**6,522**	**1,798**	**429**	**1,369**	**3,748**	**1,147**	**2,601**
0005	**Sardulgarh (Rural)**	**8,507**	**1,985**	**6,522**	**1,798**	**429**	**1,369**	**3,748**	**1,147**	**2,601**
0005	**Sardulgarh (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sardulgarh (Rural)									
01065700	Jagatgarh Bandran	69	20	49	-	-	-	65	16	49
01065800	Kusla	134	26	108	7	7	-	90	12	78
01065900	Chuhrian	2	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1
01067000	Jatana Khurd	125	43	82	11	6	5	41	20	21
01067100	Kotra	168	10	158	11	4	7	1	1	-
01067200	Jatana Kalan	983	296	687	50	43	7	251	157	94
01067300	Mirpur Khurd	293	15	278	3	2	1	20	8	12
01067400	Tibi Hari Singh	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
01067500	Sardulewala	163	23	140	8	5	3	43	14	29
01067600	Kahnewala	227	35	192	60	14	46	11	3	8
01067700	Bhunder	162	48	114	28	15	13	61	23	38
01067800	Rorki	310	73	237	42	13	29	85	43	42
01067900	Jhanda Khurd	355	161	194	79	25	54	167	87	80
01068000	Jhanda Kalan	129	60	69	50	27	23	38	15	23
01068100	Nahran	385	33	352	163	14	149	170	12	158
01068200	Mankhera	502	65	437	255	30	225	240	35	205
01068300	Sangha	971	365	606	66	19	47	847	310	537
01068400	Rajrana	153	18	135	78	6	72	75	12	63
01068500	Karandi	610	41	569	3	1	2	593	34	559
01068600	Khaira Kalan	611	159	452	342	84	258	209	67	142
01068700	Khaira Khurd	337	72	265	276	37	239	36	18	18
01068800	Ahlupur	231	49	182	27	8	19	175	35	140
01068900	Dhigana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
01069000	Lohgarh	187	45	142	12	9	3	22	17	5
01069100	Hingna Urf Bhagwangarh	14	8	6	4	3	1	5	1	4
01069200	Ranjitgarh Bandra	47	37	10	9	8	1	22	20	2
01069300	Bhalanwara	34	26	8	9	8	1	17	15	2
01069400	Kauriwala	200	32	168	99	11	88	92	20	72
01069500	Sadhuwala	23	8	15	3	3	-	7	2	5
01069600	Phus Mandi	3	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	-
01069700	Mirpur Kalan	74	16	58	5	-	5	37	15	22
01069800	Adamke	22	1	21	4	-	4	1	-	1
01069900	Chotian	226	3	223	-	-	-	5	-	5
01070000	Karipur Dumb	54	-	54	1	-	1	2	-	2
01070100	Baran	56	5	51	1	1	-	15	1	14
01070200	Hirke	161	4	157	2	-	2	1	-	1
01070300	Jhanduke	118	26	92	66	12	54	50	12	38
01070400	Alike	80	3	77	1	-	1	60	2	58
01070500	Fatta Maluka	287	156	131	19	12	7	192	119	73

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Sardulgarh

of marginal workers									Name of Village	Location code number
Household industry workers			Other workers			Non-workers				
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	2	1
169	**36**	**133**	**2,792**	**373**	**2,419**	**45,440**	**19,483**	**25,957**	**Sardulgarh (Total)**	**0005**
169	**36**	**133**	**2,792**	**373**	**2,419**	**45,440**	**19,483**	**25,957**	**Sardulgarh (Rural)**	**0005**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Sardulgarh (Urban)**	**0005**
									Sardulgarh (Rural)	
2	2	-	2	2	-	422	165	257	Jagatgarh Bandran	01065700
2	-	2	35	7	28	1,958	716	1,242	Kusla	01065800
-	-	-	-	-	-	398	206	192	Chuhrian	01065900
15	5	10	58	12	46	681	298	383	Jatana Khurd	01067000
6	-	6	150	5	145	388	179	209	Kotra	01067100
7	3	4	675	93	582	1,810	833	977	Jatana Kalan	01067200
-	-	-	270	5	265	844	426	418	Mirpur Khurd	01067300
-	-	-	-	-	-	662	229	433	Tibi Hari Singh	01067400
4	-	4	108	4	104	1,127	513	614	Sardulewala	01067500
2	-	2	154	18	136	637	308	329	Kahnewala	01067600
-	-	-	73	10	63	406	199	207	Bhunder	01067700
1	-	1	182	17	165	861	414	447	Rorki	01067800
9	5	4	100	44	56	1,974	761	1,213	Jhanda Khurd	01067900
2	2	-	39	16	23	3,280	1,167	2,113	Jhanda Kalan	01068000
3	1	2	49	6	43	805	407	398	Nahran	01068100
4	-	4	3	-	3	681	342	339	Mankhera	01068200
8	5	3	50	31	19	2,795	1,189	1,606	Sangha	01068300
-	-	-	-	-	-	261	129	132	Rajrana	01068400
12	4	8	2	2	-	1,510	825	685	Karandi	01068500
3	2	1	57	6	51	1,398	693	705	Khaira Kalan	01068600
6	3	3	19	14	5	2,116	1,045	1,071	Khaira Khurd	01068700
6	-	6	23	6	17	2,105	1,060	1,045	Ahlupur	01068800
-	-	-	-	-	-	131	47	84	Dhigana	01068900
1	-	1	152	19	133	906	373	533	Lohgarh	01069000
2	2	-	3	2	1	863	344	519	Hingna Urf Bhagwangarh	01069100
2	-	2	14	9	5	1,056	375	681	Ranjitgarh Bandra	01069200
3	1	2	5	2	3	398	160	238	Bhalanwara	01069300
6	-	6	3	1	2	433	217	216	Kauriwala	01069400
-	-	-	13	3	10	298	164	134	Sadhuwala	01069500
-	-	-	-	-	-	664	308	356	Phus Mandi	01069600
-	-	-	32	1	31	1,637	716	921	Mirpur Kalan	01069700
4	-	4	13	1	12	1,184	450	734	Adamke	01069800
37	-	37	184	3	181	552	294	258	Chotian	01069900
1	-	1	50	-	50	195	116	79	Karipur Dumb	01070000
8	-	8	32	3	29	524	215	309	Baran	01070100
6	-	6	152	4	148	1,217	539	678	Hirke	01070200
-	-	-	2	2	-	3,236	1,161	2,075	Jhanduke	01070300
4	-	4	15	1	14	1,033	503	530	Alike	01070400
3	1	2	73	24	49	3,994	1,397	2,597	Fatta Maluka	01070500

Location code number	Name of Town/ Ward	Area of Town/ Ward in square Kilometre	Number of households	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
41505000	**Sardulgarh (NP)**	**8.00**	**3,070**	**16,315**	**8,644**	**7,671**	**2,491**	**1,349**	**1,142**
0001	Ward No. 1		240	1,299	699	600	167	91	76
0002	Ward No. 2		341	1,790	949	841	334	162	172
0003	Ward No. 3		372	1,999	1,097	902	330	173	157
0004	Ward No. 4		306	1,563	806	757	190	108	82
0005	Ward No. 5		225	1,221	629	592	249	126	123
0006	Ward No. 6		186	977	525	452	171	92	79
0007	Ward No. 7		190	946	511	435	135	79	56
0008	Ward No. 8		181	1,001	527	474	141	77	64
0009	Ward No. 9		217	1,183	624	559	156	100	56
0010	Ward No. 10		169	870	457	413	101	54	47
0011	Ward No. 11		299	1,531	809	722	232	136	96
0012	Ward No. 12		157	893	471	422	132	72	60
0013	Ward No. 13		187	1,042	540	502	153	79	74
41503000	**Budhlada (M Cl)**	**8.06**	**4,325**	**23,521**	**12,429**	**11,092**	**3,145**	**1,727**	**1,418**
0001	Ward No. 1		579	3,129	1,674	1,455	463	241	222
0002	Ward No. 2		220	1,204	632	572	174	97	77
0003	Ward No. 3		325	1,714	898	816	191	100	91
0004	Ward No. 4		461	2,359	1,256	1,103	310	171	139
0005	Ward No. 5		243	1,301	680	621	132	73	59
0006	Ward No. 6		260	1,468	787	681	176	97	79
0007	Ward No. 7		473	2,505	1,364	1,141	364	193	171
0008	Ward No. 8		315	1,660	853	807	217	121	96
0009	Ward No. 9		247	1,389	749	640	164	97	67
0010	Ward No. 10		248	1,401	739	662	181	100	81
0011	Ward No. 11		281	1,500	780	720	176	98	78
0012	Ward No. 12		344	2,101	1,073	1,028	363	194	169
0013	Ward No. 13		329	1,790	944	846	234	145	89
41504000	**Bareta (M Cl)**	**4.00**	**2,610**	**14,886**	**7,907**	**6,979**	**2,170**	**1,222**	**948**
0001	Ward No. 1		257	1,424	764	660	194	114	80
0002	Ward No. 2		212	1,248	659	589	189	115	74
0003	Ward No. 3		224	1,253	667	586	153	94	59
0004	Ward No. 4		214	1,165	640	525	161	95	66
0005	Ward No. 5		168	1,019	539	480	152	87	65
0006	Ward No. 6		207	1,173	616	557	202	103	99
0007	Ward No. 7		140	770	395	375	109	46	63
0008	Ward No. 8		125	747	404	343	103	60	43
0009	Ward No. 9		264	1,530	795	735	249	138	111
0010	Ward No. 10		217	1,255	696	559	236	132	104
0011	Ward No. 11		222	1,211	630	581	184	94	90
0012	Ward No. 12		181	1,045	541	504	127	77	50
0013	Ward No. 13		179	1,046	561	485	111	67	44
41501000	**Bhikhi (NP)**	**9.00**	**2,663**	**15,080**	**7,984**	**7,096**	**2,201**	**1,250**	**951**
0001	Ward No. 1		232	1,325	707	618	162	91	71
0002	Ward No. 2		286	1,477	792	685	243	137	106
0003	Ward No. 3		125	722	396	326	77	52	25
0004	Ward No. 4		215	1,228	668	560	171	101	70
0005	Ward No. 5		242	1,352	725	627	245	149	96
0006	Ward No. 6		177	995	503	492	130	70	60
0007	Ward No. 7		165	935	486	449	120	62	58
0008	Ward No. 8		230	1,328	693	635	210	124	86
0009	Ward No. 9		172	956	501	455	118	67	51
0010	Ward No. 10		206	1,198	648	550	192	102	90
0011	Ward No. 11		172	1,004	536	468	141	81	60
0012	Ward No. 12		221	1,365	704	661	228	129	99
0013	Ward No. 13		220	1,195	625	570	164	85	79

Scheduled Castes population			Scheduled Tribes population			Literates			Name of Town/ Ward
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2
4,058	**2,151**	**1,907**	-	-	-	**8,809**	**5,135**	**3,674**	**Sardulgarh (NP)**
312	174	138	-	-	-	694	418	276	Ward No. 1
548	283	265	-	-	-	687	410	277	Ward No. 2
607	323	284	-	-	-	942	599	343	Ward No. 3
25	12	13	-	-	-	1,054	591	463	Ward No. 4
1,147	590	557	-	-	-	228	141	87	Ward No. 5
584	313	271	-	-	-	274	175	99	Ward No. 6
199	110	89	-	-	-	547	322	225	Ward No. 7
146	85	61	-	-	-	675	387	288	Ward No. 8
166	86	80	-	-	-	801	457	344	Ward No. 9
10	6	4	-	-	-	695	379	316	Ward No. 10
57	30	27	-	-	-	1,102	615	487	Ward No. 11
16	8	8	-	-	-	603	354	249	Ward No. 12
241	131	110	-	-	-	507	287	220	Ward No. 13
3,953	**2,073**	**1,880**	-	-	-	**15,858**	**8,969**	**6,889**	**Budhlada (M Cl)**
996	519	477	-	-	-	1,629	1,010	619	Ward No. 1
335	178	157	-	-	-	723	390	333	Ward No. 2
109	58	51	-	-	-	1,302	730	572	Ward No. 3
670	358	312	-	-	-	1,527	867	660	Ward No. 4
28	16	12	-	-	-	1,043	572	471	Ward No. 5
35	18	17	-	-	-	1,174	655	519	Ward No. 6
393	209	184	-	-	-	1,482	887	595	Ward No. 7
76	41	35	-	-	-	1,128	629	499	Ward No. 8
8	4	4	-	-	-	1,091	631	460	Ward No. 9
37	21	16	-	-	-	1,126	617	509	Ward No. 10
145	77	68	-	-	-	1,166	633	533	Ward No. 11
1,109	568	541	-	-	-	1,093	595	498	Ward No. 12
12	6	6	-	-	-	1,374	753	621	Ward No. 13
4,301	**2,266**	**2,035**	-	-	-	**8,205**	**4,793**	**3,412**	**Bareta (M Cl)**
320	171	149	-	-	-	872	504	368	Ward No. 1
303	167	136	-	-	-	841	477	364	Ward No. 2
174	94	80	-	-	-	945	524	421	Ward No. 3
182	97	85	-	-	-	551	342	209	Ward No. 4
388	193	195	-	-	-	473	300	173	Ward No. 5
702	367	335	-	-	-	415	251	164	Ward No. 6
104	54	50	-	-	-	390	232	158	Ward No. 7
164	89	75	-	-	-	344	206	138	Ward No. 8
926	476	450	-	-	-	465	275	190	Ward No. 9
791	428	363	-	-	-	477	312	165	Ward No. 10
230	122	108	-	-	-	775	457	318	Ward No. 11
17	8	9	-	-	-	827	436	391	Ward No. 12
-	-	-	-	-	-	830	477	353	Ward No. 13
4,773	**2,513**	**2,260**	-	-	-	**8,026**	**4,615**	**3,411**	**Bhikhi (NP)**
55	31	24	-	-	-	927	518	409	Ward No. 1
372	199	173	-	-	-	794	475	319	Ward No. 2
12	7	5	-	-	-	586	336	250	Ward No. 3
357	198	159	-	-	-	705	422	283	Ward No. 4
739	402	337	-	-	-	579	354	225	Ward No. 5
68	34	34	-	-	-	706	376	330	Ward No. 6
444	226	218	-	-	-	473	276	197	Ward No. 7
1,236	639	597	-	-	-	635	357	278	Ward No. 8
34	17	17	-	-	-	621	348	273	Ward No. 9
315	164	151	-	-	-	570	334	236	Ward No. 10
132	73	59	-	-	-	466	273	193	Ward No. 11
711	361	350	-	-	-	466	255	211	Ward No. 12
298	162	136	-	-	-	498	291	207	Ward No. 13

Location code number	Name of Town/ Ward	Illiterates			Total workers			Main workers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
41505000	**Sardulgarh (NP)**	**7,506**	**3,509**	**3,997**	**6,283**	**4,696**	**1,587**	**5,457**	**4,383**	**1,074**
0001	Ward No. 1	605	281	324	441	374	67	434	368	66
0002	Ward No. 2	1,103	539	564	804	545	259	703	479	224
0003	Ward No. 3	1,057	498	559	841	630	211	596	478	118
0004	Ward No. 4	509	215	294	546	448	98	502	429	73
0005	Ward No. 5	993	488	505	576	344	232	520	330	190
0006	Ward No. 6	703	350	353	359	266	93	305	256	49
0007	Ward No. 7	399	189	210	338	280	58	316	268	48
0008	Ward No. 8	326	140	186	327	266	61	279	257	22
0009	Ward No. 9	382	167	215	468	330	138	379	320	59
0010	Ward No. 10	175	78	97	324	234	90	254	234	20
0011	Ward No. 11	429	194	235	484	418	66	472	413	59
0012	Ward No. 12	290	117	173	362	264	98	314	257	57
0013	Ward No. 13	535	253	282	413	297	116	383	294	89
41503000	**Budhlada (M Cl)**	**7,663**	**3,460**	**4,203**	**7,487**	**6,377**	**1,110**	**6,989**	**6,053**	**936**
0001	Ward No. 1	1,500	664	836	1,104	831	273	1,007	786	221
0002	Ward No. 2	481	242	239	399	323	76	378	314	64
0003	Ward No. 3	412	168	244	555	465	90	463	388	75
0004	Ward No. 4	832	389	443	763	659	104	721	627	94
0005	Ward No. 5	258	108	150	419	359	60	414	357	57
0006	Ward No. 6	294	132	162	480	403	77	466	395	71
0007	Ward No. 7	1,023	477	546	748	684	64	676	631	45
0008	Ward No. 8	532	224	308	483	448	35	483	448	35
0009	Ward No. 9	298	118	180	424	387	37	391	367	24
0010	Ward No. 10	275	122	153	431	401	30	417	394	23
0011	Ward No. 11	334	147	187	462	418	44	421	384	37
0012	Ward No. 12	1,008	478	530	679	516	163	646	501	145
0013	Ward No. 13	416	191	225	540	483	57	506	461	45
41504000	**Bareta (M Cl)**	**6,681**	**3,114**	**3,567**	**5,042**	**4,052**	**990**	**4,527**	**3,827**	**700**
0001	Ward No. 1	552	260	292	395	340	55	388	339	49
0002	Ward No. 2	407	182	225	420	341	79	401	336	65
0003	Ward No. 3	308	143	165	381	334	47	377	332	45
0004	Ward No. 4	614	298	316	422	362	60	345	328	17
0005	Ward No. 5	546	239	307	465	294	171	360	275	85
0006	Ward No. 6	758	365	393	413	340	73	355	309	46
0007	Ward No. 7	380	163	217	236	203	33	228	200	28
0008	Ward No. 8	403	198	205	291	204	87	164	150	14
0009	Ward No. 9	1,065	520	545	484	404	80	401	340	61
0010	Ward No. 10	778	384	394	504	373	131	491	366	125
0011	Ward No. 11	436	173	263	414	325	89	403	323	80
0012	Ward No. 12	218	105	113	308	264	44	305	261	44
0013	Ward No. 13	216	84	132	309	268	41	309	268	41
41501000	**Bhikhi (NP)**	**7,054**	**3,369**	**3,685**	**5,541**	**4,168**	**1,373**	**5,088**	**4,016**	**1,072**
0001	Ward No. 1	398	189	209	414	371	43	409	370	39
0002	Ward No. 2	683	317	366	493	405	88	462	384	78
0003	Ward No. 3	136	60	76	190	185	5	190	185	5
0004	Ward No. 4	523	246	277	558	378	180	518	366	152
0005	Ward No. 5	773	371	402	525	350	175	457	323	134
0006	Ward No. 6	289	127	162	328	268	60	316	259	57
0007	Ward No. 7	462	210	252	413	272	141	390	266	124
0008	Ward No. 8	693	336	357	413	338	75	402	336	66
0009	Ward No. 9	335	153	182	287	253	34	283	250	33
0010	Ward No. 10	628	314	314	556	363	193	539	360	179
0011	Ward No. 11	538	263	275	448	304	144	324	279	45
0012	Ward No. 12	899	449	450	481	359	122	419	340	79
0013	Ward No. 13	697	334	363	435	322	113	379	298	81

Industrial category of main workers												
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers			Other workers			Name of Town/ Ward
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	2
754	**597**	**157**	**400**	**324**	**76**	**389**	**201**	**188**	**3,914**	**3,261**	**653**	**Sardulgarh (NP)**
107	105	2	9	9	-	22	12	10	296	242	54	Ward No. 1
39	36	3	14	14	-	165	60	105	485	369	116	Ward No. 2
81	57	24	21	16	5	37	4	33	457	401	56	Ward No. 3
99	65	34	5	4	1	9	3	6	389	357	32	Ward No. 4
8	7	1	142	97	45	22	6	16	348	220	128	Ward No. 5
23	21	2	65	58	7	-	-	-	217	177	40	Ward No. 6
41	39	2	21	21	-	15	8	7	239	200	39	Ward No. 7
21	21	-	5	3	2	40	39	1	213	194	19	Ward No. 8
67	65	2	33	31	2	16	14	2	263	210	53	Ward No. 9
2	2	-	1	1	-	8	8	-	243	223	20	Ward No. 10
16	14	2	1	1	-	18	15	3	437	383	54	Ward No. 11
97	71	26	2	2	-	36	32	4	179	152	27	Ward No. 12
153	94	59	81	67	14	1	-	1	148	133	15	Ward No. 13
86	**84**	**2**	**131**	**98**	**33**	**346**	**260**	**86**	**6,426**	**5,611**	**815**	**Budhlada (M Cl)**
6	6	-	26	16	10	122	70	52	853	694	159	Ward No. 1
-	-	-	20	16	4	11	8	3	347	290	57	Ward No. 2
-	-	-	2	1	1	50	50	-	411	337	74	Ward No. 3
15	14	1	-	-	-	59	39	20	647	574	73	Ward No. 4
6	6	-	-	-	-	25	19	6	383	332	51	Ward No. 5
1	1	-	-	-	-	8	8	-	457	386	71	Ward No. 6
26	26	-	19	19	-	22	21	1	609	565	44	Ward No. 7
16	15	1	4	4	-	30	28	2	433	401	32	Ward No. 8
9	9	-	-	-	-	14	14	-	368	344	24	Ward No. 9
4	4	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	411	389	22	Ward No. 10
2	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	418	381	37	Ward No. 11
-	-	-	58	40	18	-	-	-	588	461	127	Ward No. 12
1	1	-	2	2	-	2	1	1	501	457	44	Ward No. 13
415	**398**	**17**	**374**	**271**	**103**	**335**	**225**	**110**	**3,403**	**2,933**	**470**	**Bareta (M Cl)**
-	-	-	4	2	2	61	48	13	323	289	34	Ward No. 1
5	4	1	1	1	-	71	52	19	324	279	45	Ward No. 2
1	1	-	-	-	-	6	6	-	370	325	45	Ward No. 3
70	70	-	20	20	-	6	6	-	249	232	17	Ward No. 4
80	76	4	95	40	55	8	3	5	177	156	21	Ward No. 5
59	59	-	137	105	32	1	1	-	158	144	14	Ward No. 6
37	36	1	48	47	1	12	2	10	131	115	16	Ward No. 7
64	64	-	1	1	-	10	9	1	89	76	13	Ward No. 8
84	74	10	51	42	9	1	1	-	265	223	42	Ward No. 9
14	14	-	7	7	-	89	60	29	381	285	96	Ward No. 10
-	-	-	7	4	3	63	31	32	333	288	45	Ward No. 11
-	-	-	2	2	-	6	6	-	297	253	44	Ward No. 12
1	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	1	306	268	38	Ward No. 13
882	**861**	**21**	**493**	**442**	**51**	**348**	**89**	**259**	**3,365**	**2,624**	**741**	**Bhikhi (NP)**
34	31	3	-	-	-	7	7	-	368	332	36	Ward No. 1
40	40	-	8	8	-	14	4	10	400	332	68	Ward No. 2
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	189	184	5	Ward No. 3
109	106	3	59	54	5	52	5	47	298	201	97	Ward No. 4
13	13	-	53	45	8	103	29	74	288	236	52	Ward No. 5
25	25	-	3	2	1	13	2	11	275	230	45	Ward No. 6
63	63	-	60	55	5	39	20	19	228	128	100	Ward No. 7
9	9	-	91	90	1	8	8	-	294	229	65	Ward No. 8
35	35	-	9	9	-	6	4	2	233	202	31	Ward No. 9
169	163	6	31	29	2	93	5	88	246	163	83	Ward No. 10
125	123	2	23	21	2	-	-	-	176	135	41	Ward No. 11
136	133	3	129	107	22	-	-	-	154	100	54	Ward No. 12
124	120	4	27	22	5	12	4	8	216	152	64	Ward No. 13

Location code number	Name of Town/ Ward	Marginal workers			Industrial category: Cultivators			Industrial category: Agricultural labourers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
41505000	**Sardulgarh (NP)**	**826**	**313**	**513**	**21**	**5**	**16**	**80**	**27**	**53**
0001	Ward No. 1	7	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Ward No. 2	101	66	35	-	-	-	8	7	1
0003	Ward No. 3	245	152	93	5	3	2	5	2	3
0004	Ward No. 4	44	19	25	1	-	1	5	2	3
0005	Ward No. 5	56	14	42	-	-	-	14	8	6
0006	Ward No. 6	54	10	44	2	1	1	23	2	21
0007	Ward No. 7	22	12	10	-	-	-	2	2	-
0008	Ward No. 8	48	9	39	2	-	2	5	-	5
0009	Ward No. 9	89	10	79	4	1	3	14	3	11
0010	Ward No. 10	70	-	70	-	-	-	-	-	-
0011	Ward No. 11	12	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
0012	Ward No. 12	48	7	41	7	-	7	-	-	-
0013	Ward No. 13	30	3	27	-	-	-	4	1	3
41503000	**Budhlada (M Cl)**	**498**	**324**	**174**	**1**	**1**	**-**	**14**	**8**	**6**
0001	Ward No. 1	97	45	52	-	-	-	8	5	3
0002	Ward No. 2	21	9	12	-	-	-	1	-	1
0003	Ward No. 3	92	77	15	-	-	-	1	1	-
0004	Ward No. 4	42	32	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
0005	Ward No. 5	5	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
0006	Ward No. 6	14	8	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
0007	Ward No. 7	72	53	19	-	-	-	2	1	1
0008	Ward No. 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0009	Ward No. 9	33	20	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
0010	Ward No. 10	14	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
0011	Ward No. 11	41	34	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
0012	Ward No. 12	33	15	18	-	-	-	-	-	-
0013	Ward No. 13	34	22	12	1	1	-	2	1	1
41504000	**Bareta (M Cl)**	**515**	**225**	**290**	**19**	**9**	**10**	**140**	**87**	**53**
0001	Ward No. 1	7	1	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Ward No. 2	19	5	14	-	-	-	-	-	-
0003	Ward No. 3	4	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
0004	Ward No. 4	77	34	43	-	-	-	1	1	-
0005	Ward No. 5	105	19	86	9	2	7	50	13	37
0006	Ward No. 6	58	31	27	1	-	1	27	16	11
0007	Ward No. 7	8	3	5	-	-	-	1	1	-
0008	Ward No. 8	127	54	73	7	7	-	6	4	2
0009	Ward No. 9	83	64	19	2	-	2	55	52	3
0010	Ward No. 10	13	7	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
0011	Ward No. 11	11	2	9	-	-	-	-	-	-
0012	Ward No. 12	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0013	Ward No. 13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
41501000	**Bhikhi (NP)**	**453**	**152**	**301**	**5**	**4**	**1**	**55**	**26**	**29**
0001	Ward No. 1	5	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Ward No. 2	31	21	10	1	1	-	1	1	-
0003	Ward No. 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0004	Ward No. 4	40	12	28	1	1	-	2	1	1
0005	Ward No. 5	68	27	41	-	-	-	19	17	2
0006	Ward No. 6	12	9	3	1	1	-	-	-	-
0007	Ward No. 7	23	6	17	-	-	-	4	2	2
0008	Ward No. 8	11	2	9	-	-	-	8	1	7
0009	Ward No. 9	4	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
0010	Ward No. 10	17	3	14	-	-	-	-	-	-
0011	Ward No. 11	124	25	99	1	-	1	3	-	3
0012	Ward No. 12	62	19	43	-	-	-	15	3	12
0013	Ward No. 13	56	24	32	1	1	-	3	1	2

CENSUS ABSTRACT

of marginal workers										
Household industry workers			Other workers			Non-workers			Name of Town/ Ward	Location code number
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	2	1
222	**12**	**210**	**503**	**269**	**234**	**10,032**	**3,948**	**6,084**	**Sardulgarh (NP)**	**41505000**
-	-	-	7	6	1	858	325	533	Ward No. 1	0001
17	-	17	76	59	17	986	404	582	Ward No. 2	0002
72	4	68	163	143	20	1,158	467	691	Ward No. 3	0003
10	1	9	28	16	12	1,017	358	659	Ward No. 4	0004
5	-	5	37	6	31	645	285	360	Ward No. 5	0005
-	-	-	29	7	22	618	259	359	Ward No. 6	0006
1	-	1	19	10	9	608	231	377	Ward No. 7	0007
23	4	19	18	5	13	674	261	413	Ward No. 8	0008
61	2	59	10	4	6	715	294	421	Ward No. 9	0009
-	-	-	70	-	70	546	223	323	Ward No. 10	0010
-	-	-	12	5	7	1,047	391	656	Ward No. 11	0011
30	1	29	11	6	5	531	207	324	Ward No. 12	0012
3	-	3	23	2	21	629	243	386	Ward No. 13	0013
39	**19**	**20**	**444**	**296**	**148**	**16,034**	**6,052**	**9,982**	**Budhlada (M Cl)**	**41503000**
1	-	1	88	40	48	2,025	843	1,182	Ward No. 1	0001
-	-	-	20	9	11	805	309	496	Ward No. 2	0002
17	14	3	74	62	12	1,159	433	726	Ward No. 3	0003
10	3	7	32	29	3	1,596	597	999	Ward No. 4	0004
-	-	-	5	2	3	882	321	561	Ward No. 5	0005
2	-	2	12	8	4	988	384	604	Ward No. 6	0006
2	-	2	68	52	16	1,757	680	1,077	Ward No. 7	0007
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,177	405	772	Ward No. 8	0008
3	1	2	30	19	11	965	362	603	Ward No. 9	0009
-	-	-	14	7	7	970	338	632	Ward No. 10	0010
-	-	-	41	34	7	1,038	362	676	Ward No. 11	0011
-	-	-	33	15	18	1,422	557	865	Ward No. 12	0012
4	1	3	27	19	8	1,250	461	789	Ward No. 13	0013
61	**3**	**58**	**295**	**126**	**169**	**9,844**	**3,855**	**5,989**	**Bareta (M Cl)**	**41504000**
-	-	-	7	1	6	1,029	424	605	Ward No. 1	0001
11	1	10	8	4	4	828	318	510	Ward No. 2	0002
-	-	-	4	2	2	872	333	539	Ward No. 3	0003
10	-	10	66	33	33	743	278	465	Ward No. 4	0004
-	-	-	46	4	42	554	245	309	Ward No. 5	0005
1	-	1	29	15	14	760	276	484	Ward No. 6	0006
2	-	2	5	2	3	534	192	342	Ward No. 7	0007
27	-	27	87	43	44	456	200	256	Ward No. 8	0008
5	1	4	21	11	10	1,046	391	655	Ward No. 9	0009
2	-	2	11	7	4	751	323	428	Ward No. 10	0010
3	1	2	8	1	7	797	305	492	Ward No. 11	0011
-	-	-	3	3	-	737	277	460	Ward No. 12	0012
-	-	-	-	-	-	737	293	444	Ward No. 13	0013
78	**17**	**61**	**315**	**105**	**210**	**9,539**	**3,816**	**5,723**	**Bhikhi (NP)**	**41501000**
1	-	1	4	1	3	911	336	575	Ward No. 1	0001
4	1	3	25	18	7	984	387	597	Ward No. 2	0002
-	-	-	-	-	-	532	211	321	Ward No. 3	0003
13	4	9	24	6	18	670	290	380	Ward No. 4	0004
43	8	35	6	2	4	827	375	452	Ward No. 5	0005
2	-	2	9	8	1	667	235	432	Ward No. 6	0006
12	2	10	7	2	5	522	214	308	Ward No. 7	0007
-	-	-	3	1	2	915	355	560	Ward No. 8	0008
-	-	-	4	3	1	669	248	421	Ward No. 9	0009
-	-	-	17	3	14	642	285	357	Ward No. 10	0010
-	-	-	120	25	95	556	232	324	Ward No. 11	0011
-	-	-	47	16	31	884	345	539	Ward No. 12	0012
3	2	1	49	20	29	760	303	457	Ward No. 13	0013

Location code number	Name of Town/ Ward	Area of Town/ Ward in square Kilometre	Number of households	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
41502000	**Mansa (M Cl)**	**21.67**	**13,417**	**72,627**	**38,719**	**33,908**	**9,091**	**5,194**	**3,897**
0001	Ward No. 1		976	4,749	2,564	2,185	584	327	257
0002	Ward No. 2		822	4,190	2,257	1,933	691	386	305
0003	Ward No. 3		560	3,352	1,791	1,561	583	317	266
0004	Ward No. 4		416	2,391	1,252	1,139	324	175	149
0005	Ward No. 5		649	3,505	1,830	1,675	422	251	171
0006	Ward No. 6		689	3,445	1,825	1,620	344	207	137
0007	Ward No. 7		807	4,023	2,147	1,876	535	306	229
0008	Ward No. 8		684	3,747	2,001	1,746	510	289	221
0009	Ward No. 9		632	3,299	1,765	1,534	353	211	142
0010	Ward No. 10		653	3,500	1,814	1,686	352	199	153
0011	Ward No. 11		546	3,118	1,656	1,462	332	199	133
0012	Ward No. 12		494	2,804	1,493	1,311	370	190	180
0013	Ward No. 13		741	3,880	2,063	1,817	424	240	184
0014	Ward No. 14		834	4,346	2,310	2,036	467	271	196
0015	Ward No. 15		529	2,967	1,602	1,365	328	194	134
0016	Ward No. 16		591	3,197	1,739	1,458	408	235	173
0017	Ward No. 17		586	3,478	1,905	1,573	421	252	169
0018	Ward No. 18		528	3,165	1,687	1,478	384	237	147
0019	Ward No. 19		563	3,119	1,602	1,517	421	219	202
0020	Ward No. 20		571	3,111	1,696	1,415	376	234	142
0021	Ward No. 21		546	3,241	1,720	1,521	462	255	207

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Scheduled Castes population			Scheduled Tribes population			Literates			Name of Town/ Ward
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2
16,974	**8,956**	**8,018**	-	-	-	**46,643**	**26,705**	**19,938**	**Mansa (M Cl)**
1,589	869	720	-	-	-	2,933	1,735	1,198	Ward No. 1
1,799	943	856	-	-	-	1,907	1,149	758	Ward No. 2
2,340	1,255	1,085	-	-	-	1,350	821	529	Ward No. 3
1,311	691	620	-	-	-	1,332	788	544	Ward No. 4
353	180	173	-	-	-	2,598	1,429	1,169	Ward No. 5
377	195	182	-	-	-	2,561	1,448	1,113	Ward No. 6
974	525	449	-	-	-	2,569	1,505	1,064	Ward No. 7
1,020	552	468	-	-	-	2,011	1,172	839	Ward No. 8
111	60	51	-	-	-	2,524	1,444	1,080	Ward No. 9
111	57	54	-	-	-	2,748	1,485	1,263	Ward No. 10
325	172	153	-	-	-	2,221	1,262	959	Ward No. 11
1,131	575	556	-	-	-	1,564	931	633	Ward No. 12
38	19	19	-	-	-	3,110	1,727	1,383	Ward No. 13
89	45	44	-	-	-	3,350	1,872	1,478	Ward No. 14
23	10	13	-	-	-	2,286	1,282	1,004	Ward No. 15
149	74	75	-	-	-	2,075	1,210	865	Ward No. 16
459	256	203	-	-	-	2,298	1,300	998	Ward No. 17
251	139	112	-	-	-	2,425	1,335	1,090	Ward No. 18
2,003	1,013	990	-	-	-	1,747	983	764	Ward No. 19
610	328	282	-	-	-	1,635	975	660	Ward No. 20
1,911	998	913	-	-	-	1,399	852	547	Ward No. 21

Location code number	Name of Town/ Ward	Illiterates			Total workers			Main workers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
41502000	**Mansa (M Cl)**	**25,984**	**12,014**	**13,970**	**23,868**	**20,092**	**3,776**	**22,306**	**19,369**	**2,937**
0001	Ward No. 1	1,816	829	987	1,388	1,212	176	1,350	1,189	161
0002	Ward No. 2	2,283	1,108	1,175	1,280	1,125	155	1,270	1,123	147
0003	Ward No. 3	2,002	970	1,032	1,231	932	299	1,071	890	181
0004	Ward No. 4	1,059	464	595	708	620	88	645	580	65
0005	Ward No. 5	907	401	506	1,060	923	137	1,017	901	116
0006	Ward No. 6	884	377	507	1,066	906	160	970	842	128
0007	Ward No. 7	1,454	642	812	1,240	1,017	223	1,231	1,012	219
0008	Ward No. 8	1,736	829	907	1,249	1,042	207	1,234	1,036	198
0009	Ward No. 9	775	321	454	1,067	904	163	994	861	133
0010	Ward No. 10	752	329	423	1,137	951	186	1,089	925	164
0011	Ward No. 11	897	394	503	1,010	861	149	910	787	123
0012	Ward No. 12	1,240	562	678	975	819	156	898	759	139
0013	Ward No. 13	770	336	434	1,376	1,144	232	1,312	1,138	174
0014	Ward No. 14	996	438	558	1,421	1,201	220	1,351	1,152	199
0015	Ward No. 15	681	320	361	971	910	61	873	831	42
0016	Ward No. 16	1,122	529	593	1,044	933	111	971	889	82
0017	Ward No. 17	1,180	605	575	1,235	1,047	188	1,179	1,031	148
0018	Ward No. 18	740	352	388	980	887	93	957	875	82
0019	Ward No. 19	1,372	619	753	1,066	803	263	969	755	214
0020	Ward No. 20	1,476	721	755	1,104	930	174	1,016	905	111
0021	Ward No. 21	1,842	868	974	1,260	925	335	999	888	111

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Industrial category of main workers												
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers			Other workers			Name of Town/ Ward
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	2
698	**642**	**56**	**1,020**	**889**	**131**	**804**	**627**	**177**	**19,784**	**17,211**	**2,573**	**Mansa (M Cl)**
45	44	1	68	68	-	44	27	17	1,193	1,050	143	Ward No. 1
26	23	3	41	36	5	32	25	7	1,171	1,039	132	Ward No. 2
-	-	-	39	35	4	127	107	20	905	748	157	Ward No. 3
5	5	-	4	4	-	32	29	3	604	542	62	Ward No. 4
30	28	2	6	6	-	52	41	11	929	826	103	Ward No. 5
21	21	-	10	9	1	15	10	5	924	802	122	Ward No. 6
32	29	3	260	224	36	49	43	6	890	716	174	Ward No. 7
67	67	-	3	3	-	4	2	2	1,160	964	196	Ward No. 8
2	2	-	8	8	-	21	18	3	963	833	130	Ward No. 9
4	4	-	11	11	-	46	31	15	1,028	879	149	Ward No. 10
5	5	-	-	-	-	12	8	4	893	774	119	Ward No. 11
52	49	3	73	64	9	126	108	18	647	538	109	Ward No. 12
2	2	-	5	3	2	15	9	6	1,290	1,124	166	Ward No. 13
41	29	12	16	13	3	6	5	1	1,288	1,105	183	Ward No. 14
4	4	-	-	-	-	51	50	1	818	777	41	Ward No. 15
48	43	5	74	70	4	33	29	4	816	747	69	Ward No. 16
27	21	6	4	3	1	42	30	12	1,106	977	129	Ward No. 17
20	20	-	19	19	-	11	6	5	907	830	77	Ward No. 18
16	14	2	140	117	23	12	2	10	801	622	179	Ward No. 19
193	179	14	50	42	8	37	16	21	736	668	68	Ward No. 20
58	53	5	189	154	35	37	31	6	715	650	65	Ward No. 21

Location code number	Name of Town/ Ward	Marginal workers			Industrial category					
					Cultivators			Agricultural labourers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
41502000	**Mansa (M Cl)**	**1,562**	**723**	**839**	**68**	**9**	**59**	**275**	**119**	**156**
0001	Ward No. 1	38	23	15	1	-	1	3	2	1
0002	Ward No. 2	10	2	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
0003	Ward No. 3	160	42	118	-	-	-	-	-	-
0004	Ward No. 4	63	40	23	-	-	-	2	1	1
0005	Ward No. 5	43	22	21	-	-	-	-	-	-
0006	Ward No. 6	96	64	32	1	-	1	11	10	1
0007	Ward No. 7	9	5	4	-	-	-	2	2	-
0008	Ward No. 8	15	6	9	-	-	-	-	-	-
0009	Ward No. 9	73	43	30	-	-	-	3	2	1
0010	Ward No. 10	48	26	22	1	-	1	1	1	-
0011	Ward No. 11	100	74	26	-	-	-	1	-	1
0012	Ward No. 12	77	60	17	-	-	-	7	3	4
0013	Ward No. 13	64	6	58	-	-	-	2	-	2
0014	Ward No. 14	70	49	21	1	-	1	21	18	3
0015	Ward No. 15	98	79	19	-	-	-	12	12	-
0016	Ward No. 16	73	44	29	2	1	1	34	27	7
0017	Ward No. 17	56	16	40	2	-	2	-	-	-
0018	Ward No. 18	23	12	11	1	-	1	3	3	-
0019	Ward No. 19	97	48	49	-	-	-	20	15	5
0020	Ward No. 20	88	25	63	25	2	23	5	4	1
0021	Ward No. 21	261	37	224	34	6	28	148	19	129

CENSUS ABSTRACT

of marginal workers										
Household industry workers			Other workers			Non-workers			Name of Town/ Ward	Location code number
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	2	1
147	**22**	**125**	**1,072**	**573**	**499**	**48,759**	**18,627**	**30,132**	**Mansa (M Cl)**	**41502000**
2	2	-	32	19	13	3,361	1,352	2,009	Ward No. 1	0001
-	-	-	10	2	8	2,910	1,132	1,778	Ward No. 2	0002
43	3	40	117	39	78	2,121	859	1,262	Ward No. 3	0003
-	-	-	61	39	22	1,683	632	1,051	Ward No. 4	0004
5	1	4	38	21	17	2,445	907	1,538	Ward No. 5	0005
13	2	11	71	52	19	2,379	919	1,460	Ward No. 6	0006
-	-	-	7	3	4	2,783	1,130	1,653	Ward No. 7	0007
1	-	1	14	6	8	2,498	959	1,539	Ward No. 8	0008
5	1	4	65	40	25	2,232	861	1,371	Ward No. 9	0009
13	1	12	33	24	9	2,363	863	1,500	Ward No. 10	0010
13	5	8	86	69	17	2,108	795	1,313	Ward No. 11	0011
1	1	-	69	56	13	1,829	674	1,155	Ward No. 12	0012
4	1	3	58	5	53	2,504	919	1,585	Ward No. 13	0013
3	-	3	45	31	14	2,925	1,109	1,816	Ward No. 14	0014
9	3	6	77	64	13	1,996	692	1,304	Ward No. 15	0015
2	-	2	35	16	19	2,153	806	1,347	Ward No. 16	0016
2	1	1	52	15	37	2,243	858	1,385	Ward No. 17	0017
1	-	1	18	9	9	2,185	800	1,385	Ward No. 18	0018
10	-	10	67	33	34	2,053	799	1,254	Ward No. 19	0019
12	-	12	46	19	27	2,007	766	1,241	Ward No. 20	0020
8	1	7	71	11	60	1,981	795	1,186	Ward No. 21	0021

Annexure-I

Number of villages under Gram Panchayat :

With the Constitution (73rd amendment) Act, 1992, the Census Organisation felt it necessary to provide population data for the territorial area of Panchayat. This required precise details of the territorial area of each Panchayat so that delineation of enumeration blocks (EBs) to be allotted to the enumerators could be done to meet this requirement.

It required careful delineation of enumeration blocks by the Charge Officers to ensure that EBs do not cut across the territorial area falling in the Panchayat. Different situations were well perceived. A Panchayat could consist of only one village or a number of complete villages. There could be another situation where the Panchayat may consist of some complete villages and parts of villages. Still there could be another situation where Panchayat could consist of a number of villages etc.

An exhaustive exercise was done to prepare Panchayat level data. However, we came across following types of situations which made it difficult to compile the Panchayat level data:

i) Some of the Panchayats have one or more than one village.

ii) Some of the Panchayats have only a part of the village.

iii) Some Panchayats include full village (s) as well as part of village (s).

All this has not made it feasible for us to present Panchayat level PCA.

Annexure-II

Fertility and Child Mortality :

The following table shows age specific fertility rates in Punjab for the years 2001 and 1991 and for Mansa district the data is not available for 1991 being a newly formed district. The trends observed are almost identical both for the State and the district for 2001. Among different age groups the fertility rate is the highest in age-groups 20-24, 25-29 and 30-34. The trend is the same for rural and urban areas also.

The trends also show some fall in the fertility levels during 1991 and 2001 and this decline is noticeable in all age-groups except 25-29, 40-44 and 45-49 in the state.

AGE SPECIFIC FERTILITY RATES 2001 AND 1991

Age Group	Mansa						Punjab					
	Total		Rural		Urban		Total		Rural		Urban	
	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
15-19	0.016	NA	0.017	NA	0.014	NA	0.009	0.012	0.009	0.013	0.007	0.009
20-24	0.145	NA	0.149	NA	0.128	NA	0.110	0.120	0.123	0.132	0.086	0.092
25-29	0.126	NA	0.128	NA	0.120	NA	0.124	0.124	0.133	0.138	0.107	0.092
30-34	0.057	NA	0.059	NA	0.050	NA	0.062	0.067	0.066	0.077	0.054	0.047
35-39	0.026	NA	0.027	NA	0.023	NA	0.026	0.032	0.028	0.038	0.023	0.020
40-44	0.018	NA	0.018	NA	0.017	NA	0.016	0.016	0.018	0.018	0.014	0.011
45-49	0.025	NA	0.025	NA	0.026	NA	0.025	0.008	0.026	0.011	0.023	0.006

The following table shows age specific marital fertility rates in Punjab for the year 2001 and 1991and for Mansa district the data is not available for 1991. The trends observed are similar to those of total fertility levels, although the decline in marital fertility levels is at a relatively lower pace. ASMFR is amazingly higher in urban as compared to rural in Mansa district in the age group 45-49 for the year 2001.

AGE SPECIFIC MARITAL FERTILITY RATES 2001 AND 1991

Age Group	Mansa						Punjab					
	Total		Rural		Urban		Total		Rural		Urban	
	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
15-19	0.107	NA	0.108	NA	0.106	NA	0.080	0.096	0.086	0.104	0.068	0.075
20-24	0.199	NA	0.200	NA	0.193	NA	0.179	0.170	0.191	0.186	0.152	0.133
25-29	0.132	NA	0.134	NA	0.127	NA	0.134	0.129	0.142	0.145	0.118	0.097
30-34	0.059	NA	0.061	NA	0.051	NA	0.064	0.069	0.068	0.079	0.056	0.048
35-39	0.027	NA	0.028	NA	0.024	NA	0.027	0.033	0.029	0.039	0.024	0.021
40-44	0.019	NA	0.019	NA	0.018	NA	0.017	0.017	0.019	0.019	0.015	0.011
45-49	0.028	NA	0.027	NA	0.028	NA	0.028	0.009	0.029	0.010	0.026	0.007

Annexure-III

Measures of Fertility and Mean Age At Marriage Fertility Levels :

In demography, the word fertility is used in relation to the actual production of children or 'occurrence of births specially live births'. Fertility is a measure of rate at which population adds to itself by births and normally is assessed by relating number of births to size of some section of the population, such as number of married couples and number of women of child bearing age. In other words, it is a major component of population growth. In the 1991 census, questions on fertility related to age at marriage, number of children surviving at present, number of children ever born alive and any child born alive during last one year were asked. The first three questions were asked to all ever married women and the last question was related to currently married women only. The measures of fertility worked out are based on the F-Series Tables of 1991 & 2001 Census pertaining to Punjab State.

The following table presents important indices of fertility in Punjab for the years 2001 and 1991 separately for total, rural and urban areas. The data for Mansa district for 1991 is not available. There has been significant decline in the number of children ever born per ever married woman in the age group (45-49); the decline is relatively more in rural (21.6%) areas than urban (18.8%) in Punjab. Likewise there has been a significant decline in the child-women ratio also. However, the number of married couples per 1,000 of population has gone up in rural but it is vice-versa for urban areas.

IMPORTANT INDICES OF FERTILITY

Fertility indices	Mansa						Punjab					
	Total		Rural		Urban		Total		Rural		Urban	
	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
No. of Children ever born per ever married woman in the age group (45-49)	3.8	NA	3.9	NA	3.5	NA	3.5	4.3	3.7	4.5	3.2	3.8
Couples per 1000 Population	165	NA	163	NA	172	NA	161	160	160	156	164	168
Child-Woman ratio (0-4 Years)	385	NA	395	NA	351	NA	349	480	369	493	311	448

Annexure IV

Movement of Population

What is migration?

Migration is the third component of population change, the other two being mortality and fertility. A person is considered as a migrant by place of birth if the place in which he is enumerated during the census is other than the place of his birth. Similarly a person is considered as a migrant by place of last residence, if the place in which he is enumerated during the census is other than his place of immediate last residence.

Internal and International Migration :

The migrational movements are of three types- (i) Migration within the State itself with its components-(a) Migration within the district of enumeration (intra-district migration), (b) Migration from one district of the state to another district of the State/UT (inter-district migration), (ii) Migration from one State to another state of the country (inter-state migration) and (iii) Migration from one country to another country. The first two streams together constitute internal migration, while the last type of movement is called international migration.

Why the people migrate ?

For the first time in the census, reasons for migration were elicited in 1981. Keeping operational constraints in view, the reasons for migration were broadly categorized as (1) employment, (2) education, (3) marriage, (4) family movement and (5) other reasons. Other Reasons for migration have been elicited only with reference to movement from place of last residence.

Impact of migration :

The growth of population of a particular place depends upon the biological variates such as mortality and fertility and migration. The knowledge of trends in migration helps in future planning of a place.

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF INMIGRANTS BY PLACE OF BIRTH

Place of Birth	1991 Census			2001 Census		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
(I) Migrants born within the state of enumeration	NA	NA	NA	189,355	37,129	152,226
				(79.0)	(73.7)	(80.4)
(i) Migrants born else where in the district of enumeration	NA	NA	NA	100,995	21,835	79,160
				(42.1)	(43.3)	(41.8)
(ii) Migrants born in other districts of the State	NA	NA	NA	88,360	15,294	73,066
				(36.9)	(30.4)	(38.6)
(II) Migrants born in other states of India	NA	NA	NA	46,489	11,177	35,312
				(19.4)	(22.2)	(18.6)
(III) Migrants born in other countries	NA	NA	NA	3,770	2,069	1,701
				(1.6)	(4.1)	(0.9)
(IV) Unclassifiable	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0
				(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Total Migrants	**NA**	**NA**	**NA**	**239,614**	**50,375**	**189,239**
				(100.0)	**(100.0)**	**(100.0)**

The above table gives distribution of inmigrants by place of birth in Mansa district as per 2001 Censuses. Out of the total inmigrants, 79.0 per cent are born within the state of enumeration and 19.4 per cent are born in other states/Union Territories of India while 1.6 per cent are born in other country. The difference for male migrants born elsewhere in the district and other districts of the state is 12.9 per cent as compared to female (3.2%).

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF INMIGRANTS BY PLACE OF LAST RESIDENCE

Last residence	1991 Census			2001 Census		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
(I) Last residence within the state of enumeration	NA	NA	NA	192,836	38,443	154,393
				(79.7)	(75.1)	(80.9)
(i) Elsewhere in the district of enumeration	NA	NA	NA	104,275	22,810	81,465
				(43.1)	(44.6)	(42.7)
(ii) In other districts of the state of enumeration	NA	NA	NA	88,561	15,633	72,928
				(36.6)	(30.5)	(38.2)
(II) States in India beyond the state of enumeration	NA	NA	NA	46,567	11,200	35,367
				(19.2)	(21.9)	(18.5)
(III) Last residence outside India	NA	NA	NA	2,586	1,541	1,045
				(1.1)	(3.0)	(0.6)
(IV) Unclassifiable	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0
				(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Total	**NA**	**NA**	**NA**	**241,989**	**51,184**	**190,805**
				(100.0)	**(100.0)**	**(100.0)**

The above table gives distribution of inmigrants by place of last residence in Mansa district. As per 2001 Census. 79.7 per cent of the inmigrants had the place of last residence within the state but out of the place of enumeration. Another 19.2 per cent have place of last residence in other states/UTs within the country, while 1.1 per cent have their last residence out side India. The corresponding figures for 1991 are not available.

Annexure V

Main Religions :

The instructions for recording this information are the same as in 1991. A brief analysis based on 1991 and 2001 Census data is presented below.

Question 7 of the Household Scheduled canvassed at the 2001 census pertained to religion of a person. The religion of the person was recorded as returned by the respondent. The six main religions in the country were recorded by using following codes:

Hindu	:	1
Muslim	:	2
Christian	:	3
Sikh	:	4
Buddhist	:	5
Jain	:	6

For all others, actual religion as stated was recorded fully. Further more, if any individual stated that he had no religion, the answer was recorded accordingly.

Religious Composition of Punjab's Population:

The numerical strength of the six main religious communities in the State and Mansa district for 2001 Census is as follows :

RELIGIOUS COMPOSITION OF POPULATION, PUNJAB AND MANSA 1991 AND 2001

Religious Communities	Punjab				Mansa district			
	Total Population		Percentage in total population		Total Population		Percentage in total population	
	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Hindus	6,989,226	8,997,942	34.4	36.9	104,873	139,225	18.2	20.2
Muslims	239,401	382,045	1.2	1.6	4,184	7,071	0.7	1.0
Christians	225,163	292,800	1.1	1.2	155	398	0.0	0.1
Sikhs	12,767,697	14,592,387	63.0	59.9	463,730	539,514	80.7	78.3
Buddhists	24,930	41,487	0.1	0.2	35	27	0.0	0.0
Jains	20,763	39,276	0.1	0.2	814	1,748	0.1	0.3
Others Religions and persuations	883	8,594	0.0	0.0	17	730	0.0	0.1
Religion not stated/ Unspecified	13,906	4,468	0.1	0.0	854	45	0.1	0.0
All Religions	**20,281,969**	**24,358,999**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**574,662**	**688,758**	**100.0**	**100.0**

As can be seen from the above statement, Sikhs form the predominant religious community in Punjab and they account for 59.9 per cent of the State's population according to the 2001 Census. The corresponding percentage for 1991 Census was 63.0 per cent. Hindus is the second largest religious community in the State and their share in the total population is 36.9 per cent which was 34.4 per cent as per 1991 Census. This signifies that Sikhs and Hindus, the two most dominant religious communities in the state, together constitute 96.8 per cent of the state's total population. The share of Muslims, Christians, Buddhists and Jains in the total population is 1.6, 1.2, 0.2 and 0.2 per cent respectively.

As per 2001 Census, in Mansa district, Sikhs constitute 78.3 per cent of the total population and this is significantly higher than that of the state as a whole. Hindus, the second dominant religious community in the district, account for 20.2 per cent of the district's total population. Together, the Sikhs and the Hindus account for 98.5 per cent of the district's population. Muslims constitute 1.0 per cent and Jain 0.3 per cent while the share of Christians is only 0.1 per cent.

Annexure VI

Marital Status :

Current marital status of each individual, irrespective of age, was obtained through Question 5 of the household schedule canvassed at the 2001 census into following four categories:

1. Never married
2. Currently married
3. Widowed
4. Divorced or separated.

The instructions to enumerators for eliciting marital status were same as adopted in 1991 census. A brief analysis based on 1991 and 2001 census is presented here.

Punjab State has a population of 24,358,999 as per 2001 Census comprising 11,871,211 (48.7%), never married, 11,499,566 (47.2%) married, 938,678 (3.9%) widowed and 49,544 (0.2%) divorced or separated. As per 1991 Census Punjab State had a population of 20,281,969 comprising 10,452,444 (51.5%) never married, 9,146,158 (45.1%) married, 673,569 (3.3%) widowed, 8,768 (0.1%) divorced or separated and 1,030 (0.0%) un-specified.

The following table exhibits data for Persons, Males and Females in percentage form regarding Marital Status.

MARITAL, STATUS OF POPULATION AS PER, 1991 AND 2001 CENSUS

Marital Status	Punjab						Mansa					
	1991			2001			1991			2001		
	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Total Population	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	NA	NA	NA	100.0	100.0	100.0
Never Married	51.5	55.4	47.1	48.7	53.1	43.8	NA	NA	NA	48.8	53.7	43.2
Married	45.1	42.3	48.2	47.2	44.6	50.2	NA	NA	NA	47.0	44.0	50.4
Widowed	3.3	2.2	4.6	3.9	2.1	5.8	NA	NA	NA	4.0	2.1	6.2
Divorced or Separated	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	NA	NA	NA	0.2	0.2	0.2
Un-Specified	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	NA	NA	NA	0.0	0.0	0.0

In Mansa district, out of the total population of 688,758 as per 2001 census; 336,151 (48.8%) are never married, 323,501 (47.0%) are married, 27,868 (4.0%) are widowed, 1,238 (0.2%) are divorced or separated. Thus, the patterns observed for the State and the district are almost identical.

In Mansa district out of the total population of 1,710,120 as per 1991 Census 868,145 (50.8%) were never married, 780,314 (45.6%) were married, 59,831 (3.5%) were widowed, 750 (0.1%) were divorced or separated and the marital status of a small population (80 in number) could not be specified. Thus the patterns observed for the State and the district were almost identical. Total population of 1991 of Mansa has not been recasted.

Annexure VII

Sex and Educational level :

It has become customary for the Indian Census to obtain details of educational levels of the literates in the society. Question 13 of the Household Schedule canvassed at the 2001 census aimed to elicit information on the highest educational level attained. The data so collected is put to public domain by classifying the population by sex and educational levels.

The following table shows percentage distribution of literates by educational level for Punjab State as per 1991 as well 2001 Census whereas for Mansa district, it is available for 2001 only.

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF LITERATES BY EDUCATIONAL LEVEL AS PER 1991 AND 2001 CENSUS

Educational Levels	Total Rural Urban	Punjab						Mansa					
		1991			2001			1991			2001		
		P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Below Primary	Total	21.8	20.9	23.1	20.0	19.7	20.4	NA	NA	NA	27.8	26.4	29.8
	Rural	24.2	22.9	26.2	22.9	22.3	23.7	NA	NA	NA	31.5	29.5	34.6
	Urban	17.6	17.2	18.2	15.5	15.6	15.4	NA	NA	NA	18.3	18.2	18.4
Primary but below middle	Total	27.9	25.3	31.7	25.6	23.7	28.3	NA	NA	NA	28.2	26.2	31.2
	Rural	31.8	28.4	37.0	29.3	26.6	33.0	NA	NA	NA	30.8	28.3	34.6
	Urban	21.2	19.7	23.3	19.9	19.0	21.1	NA	NA	NA	21.5	20.5	23.0
Middle but below matric	Total	18.1	19.0	16.7	16.9	17.5	16.1	NA	NA	NA	16.1	17.1	14.6
	Rural	18.5	19.8	16.7	17.7	18.5	16.8	NA	NA	NA	16.2	17.4	14.6
	Urban	17.3	17.7	16.8	15.7	16.1	15.1	NA	NA	NA	15.6	16.3	14.7
Matric but below graduate	Total	26.3	28.6	22.8	30.8	32.7	28.4	NA	NA	NA	24.1	26.6	20.5
	Rural	23.0	26.0	18.3	27.5	29.9	24.3	NA	NA	NA	19.9	23.1	15.1
	Urban	32.0	33.5	30.0	36.0	37.1	34.6	NA	NA	NA	34.8	35.9	33.2
Graduate and above	Total	5.9	6.1	5.7	6.6	6.4	6.7	NA	NA	NA	3.8	3.8	3.9
	Rural	2.5	3.0	1.8	2.5	2.8	2.2	NA	NA	NA	15.5	1.8	1.1
	Urban	11.8	11.9	11.8	12.9	12.2	13.7	NA	NA	NA	9.8	9.1	10.7

As per 1991 census 21.8 per cent of the literates in Punjab were below primary level of education, 27.9 per cent were primary but below middle and 18.1 per cent were middle but below matric. A little over one-fourth (26.3%) of the literates in the State were matric but below graduation. It was only 5.9 per cent of the literates who had attained graduation or above level of education.

According to 2001 census 20.0 per cent of the literates in Punjab are below primary level of education, 25.6 per cent are primary but below middle and 16.9 per cent are middle but below matric; 30.8 per cent are matric but below graduation. Only 6.6 per cent of the literates in Punjab are graduate and above. Whereas there is some decline in first 3 levels as compared to 1991, last 2 levels exhibit slight improvement.

In Mansa district, the incidence of lower educational level is greater than that of the State. In the district 27.8 per cent of the literates are below primary and another 28.2 per cent are primary but below middle. By contrast, the percentage of literates with middle or above level of education is lesser in Mansa district as compared to the State. In the district 16.1 per cent of the literates are middle passed as compared to state with 18.1 per cent. Likewise the percentage of matriculation and graduation and above with 24.1 and 3.8 in Mansa district is lower than that of the State with 26.3 per cent and 5.9 per cent.

Annexure VIII

Distribution of Different Mother Tongues :

Question 10 of the Household Schedule canvassed at the 2001 Census pertained to 'Mother Tongue'. It is the language spoken in the childhood by the person's mother to the person. If the mother died in infancy, the language mainly spoken in the person's home in childhood is recorded as the mother-tongue. In case of infants and deaf mutes the language usually spoken by the mother should be recorded. In case of doubt, the language mainly spoken in the household may be recorded. Since the household may consist of persons related by blood or of unrelated persons or a mix of both, every person in the household is asked about her/his mother tongue because the mother tongue of each member of a household need not necessarily be the same. These may be different for different members in the household. The definition of 'Mother Tongue' is the same as in 1991.

Mother Tongue and Language data based on 1991 & 2001 Censuses is given here. The distribution of languages/mother tongues which returned 10,000 or more speakers each at all-India level (including of mother tongues grouped under each) for the district by sex separately for rural and urban areas. The unclassified mother tongues and the mother tongues having less than 10,000 speakers have been relegated to 'other' mother tongue category. The table is divided into two parts; Part A- Scheduled languages with the mother tongues grouped under each, and Part B-Non-Scheduled languages with the mother tongues grouped under each. This naturally leads to the recording of a very large number of mother tongue names. It is to be mentioned that mother tongues as returned in the census are, basically, the designations provided by the respondents. These designations or mother tongue label need not be identical with the actual linguistic mediums. For assessing the correlation between the mother tongue designations and actual languages and dialects, the raw returns of census were subjected to thorough scrutiny and rationalization. This resulted in 1576 rationalized mother tongues in 1991 for the entire Country, which were further classified following the usual linguistic methods. The total number of languages so arrived at is 114 returned by 10,000 or more speakers at the all-India level and grouped under appropriate languages.

NUMERICALLY BIGGEST LANGUAGE ARRANGED IN DESCENDING ORDER OF THE NUMBER OF SPEAKERS, 2001-1991

Serial number	Language	Number of Persons who returned the Languages as their Mother Tongue											
		Total		Percentage to Total Population		Rural		Urban		Proportion			
										Rural		Urban	
		1991	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Mansa District												
1	Punjabi	558,276	662,907	97.15	96.25	477,946	529,483	80,330	133,424	85.61	79.87	14.39	20.13
2	Hindi	16,293	22476	2.84	3.26	11304	14,049	4,989	8427	69.38	62.51	30.62	37.49
3	Urdu	45	59	0.01	0.01	41	10	4	49	91.11	16.95	8.89	83.05
4	Nepali	25	86	0.00	0.01	15	18	10	68	60.00	20.93	40.00	79.07
5	Sanskrit	6	6	0.00	0.00	6	0	0	6	100.00	0.00	0.00	100.00
6	Oriya	4	17	0.00	0.00	0	9	4	8	0.00	52.94	100.00	47.06
7	Malayalam	3	5	0.00	0.00	2	5	1	0	66.67	100.00	33.33	0.00
8	Bengali	2	84	0.00	0.01	2	60	0	24	100.00	71.43	0.00	28.57
9	Marathi	2	44	0.00	0.01	0	0	2	44	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
10	Tamil	2	5	0.00	0.00	1	0	1	5	50.00	0.00	50.00	100.00
11	Gujarati	2	29	0.00	0.01	0	0	2	29	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
12	Telugu	1	3	0.00	0.00	1	3	0	0	100.00	100.00	0.00	0.00
13	Dogri	1	41	0.00	0.01	1	35	0	6	100.00	85.37	0.00	14.63
	Other Languages	0	2,996	0.00	0.43	0	2657	0	339	0.00	88.68	0.00	11.32
	All Languages	574,662	688,758	100.00	100.00	489,319	546,329	85,343	142,429	85.15	79.32	14.85	20.68

Table above shows languages arranged in descending order of number of speakers in Mansa district as per 1991 and 2001 censuses. Punjabi is the most dominant language spoken in the State and the district. As per Census 2001, it is spoken by 662,907 persons in Mansa district and this forms 96.25 per cent of the district's total population. Hindi, the second most dominant language is spoken by 22,476 (3.26%) persons in the district. The share of remaining languages is negligible. They do not cross even 100 mark.

COMPARATIVE STRENGTHS OF SCHEDULED LANGUAGES 1971, 1981, 1991 AND 2001 IN THE STATE

Serial number	Language	Persons who returned the language as their mother tongue				Percentage to total population			
		1971	1981	1991	2001	1971	1981	1991	2001
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Punjab State								
1	Assamese	146	359	1,809	2,964	N	N	0.01	0.01
2	Bengali	2,294	3,761	9,667	20,618	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.08
3	Gujarati	1,384	1,886	4,352	6,986	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03
4	Hindi	2,711,490	2,441,112	1,478,993	1,770,058	20.01	14.59	7.29	7.27
5	Kannada	236	367	1,742	3,937	N	N	0.01	0.02
6	Kashmiri	963	797	1,083	2,404	0.01	0.01	N	0.01
7	Konkani	@	@	53	65	@	@	N	N
8	Malayalam	2,019	3,591	7,139	10,624	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.04
9	Manipuri	@	@	1	503	@	@	N	N
10	Marathi	1,710	2,972	5,704	12,077	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.05
11	Nepali	@	@	7,734	19,767	@	@	0.04	0.08
12	Oriya	323	950	3,987	10,277	N	0.01	0.02	0.04
13	Punjabi	10,771,246	14,195,069	18,704,461	22,187,364	79.49	84.88	92.22	91.08
14	Sanskrit	77	61	26	106	N	N	N	N
15	Sindhi	774	529	326	450	0.01	0.01	N	N
16	Tamil	2,322	3,280	6,271	12,331	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.05
17	Telugu	995	2,185	3,829	7,215	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03
18	Urdu	29,003	32,575	13,416	27,660	0.21	0.2	0.07	0.11

@ Kokani, Manipuri & Nepali were not scheduled language in 1971 & 1981.

Comparative Strength of the Scheduled Languages in the State for 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001 is shown in the above table. It reveals that the number of speakers of all the languages has consistently improved in the State during the decadal year 1991-2001. Whereas, percentage wise, Hindu continue to plung from 20.01 per cent in 1971 to 7.27 per cent in 2001. Punjabi Constantly flourished barring 2001. None of the other languages crosses even 1.0 per cent mark.