सत्यमेव जयते

Census of India 2001

DISTRICT CENSUS HANDBOOK

SERIES-11
BIHAR

PART XII- A & B

SHEOHAR



VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY
PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

DIRECTORATE OF CENSUS OPERATIONS, BIHAR
PATNA

CENSUS OF INDIA 2001

SERIES-11 **BIHAR**

DISTRICT CENSUS HANDBOOK

Part - A & B

SHEOHAR DISTRICT

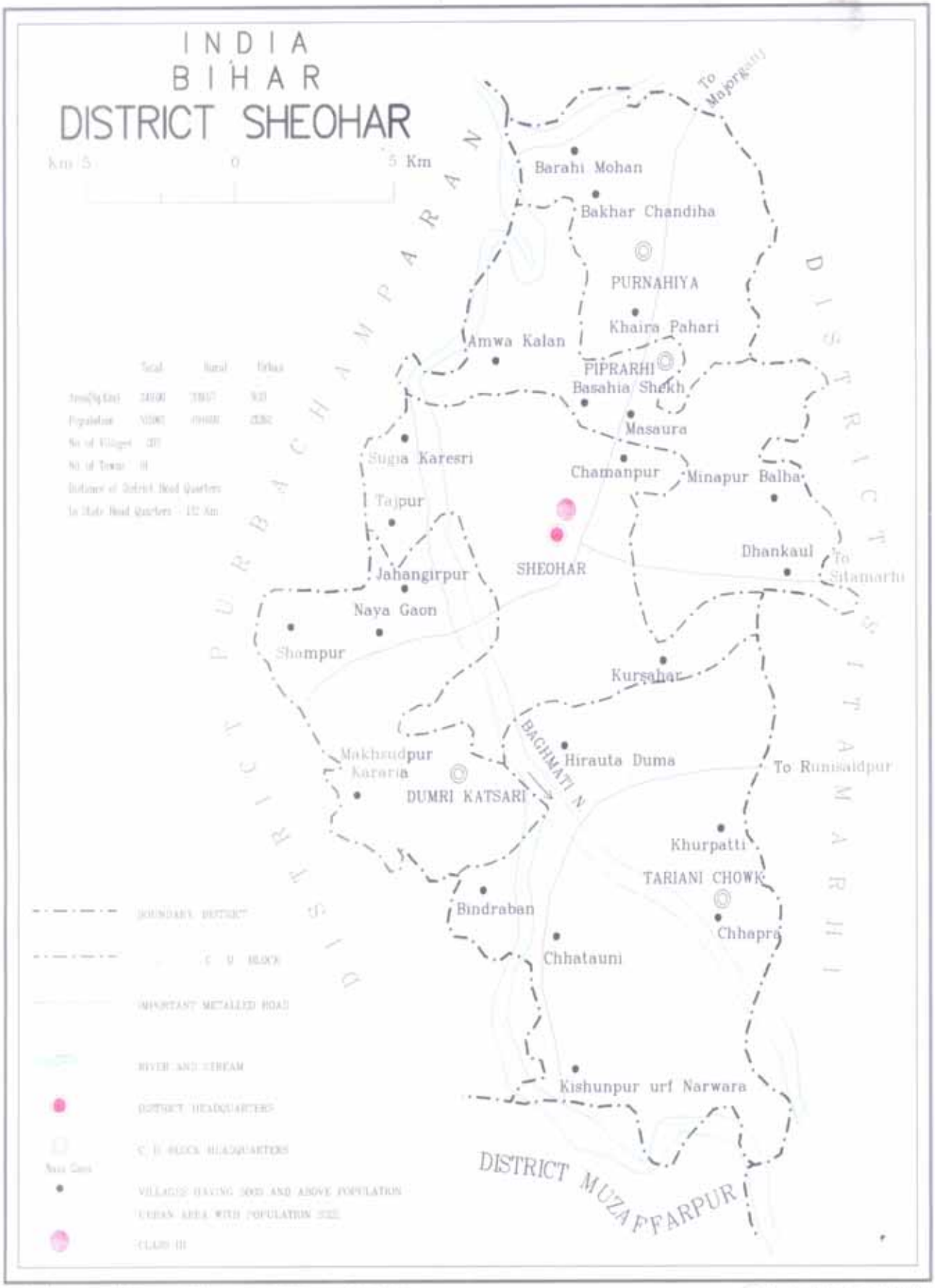
VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY

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VILLAGE AND TOWNWISE PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

लोकाभिमुख
PEOPLE ORIENTED

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Bhubneshwar Temple - Deokuli, Sheohar

The ancient Bhubneshwar Temple of Lord Shiva is situated 5 kms. east of Sheohar town between Sheohar-Sitamarhi sector on National Highway no. 104 near the river Bagmati. The legend is that the great mythological warrior, Parsurama – the famous devotee and disciple of Lord Shiva established here the SHIVALINGA and worshiped the deity for thousands of years. During the month of SHRAWANA a big fair is held every year around the temple.

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Foreword

The District Census Handbook (DCHB) published by Census Organization since 1951 census, is one of the important publication in the context of planning and development at grass-root level. The publication, which is brought out for each district, contains several demographic and socio-economic characteristics village-wise and town-wise of the district along with the status of availability of civic amenities, infrastructure facilities, etc.

The scope of the DCHB was initially confined to a few Census Table and Primary Census Abstract (PCA) of each village and town within the district. Thereafter, at successive censuses, its scope and coverage has been enlarged. The DCHB published at the 1961 census provided a descriptive account of the district, administrative statistics, census tables and a village and town directory including PCA. The 1971 census-DCHB series was in three parts: Part-A related to village and town directory, Part-B to village and town PCA and Part-C comprised analytical report, administrative statistics, district census tables and certain analytical tables based on PCA and amenity data in respect of villages. The 1981 census DCHB was in two parts: Part-A contained village and town directory and Part-B the PCA of village and town including the SCs and STs PCA up to tahsil/ town levels. New features along with restructuring of the formats of villages and town dire rectory were added into it. In village Directory, all amenities except electricity were brought together and if any amenity was not available in the referent village, the distance in broad ranges from the nearest place having such an amenity, was given. Information on new items such as adults literacy centers, primary health sub-centers and community health workers in the villages were provided so as to meet the requirements of some of the Revised Minimum Needs Programme. Information on approach to the village was provided for the first time in the Village Directory so as to given the details on number of inaccessible villages in each district. In Town Directory, a statement (IV-A) on slums was introduced to provide the details on civic and other amenities in the notified slums of Class I and ClassII towns.

The 1991 census DCHB, by and large, followed the pattern of presentation of 1981 census, except the format of PCA was restructured. Nine-fold industrial classification of main workers was given against the four-fold industrial classification presented in the 1981 census. In addition, sex-wise population in 0-6 age group was included in the PCA for the first time with a view to enable the data users to compile more realistic literacy rate as all children below 7 years of age had been treated as illiterate at the time of 1991 census. One of the important innovations in the 1991 census was the Community Development Block (CD block) level presentation of village directory and PCA data instead of the traditional tahsil/ taluk/PS level presentation. It was expected that the presentation of village directory and PCA data at CD block level will help the planners in formulation of micro level development plans, CD block being lowest administrative unit.

The present series of 2001 census DCHBs have been made more informative and exhaustive in terms of coverage and content. The Village Directory has been enlarged in scope by including a number of other facilities like banking, recreational and cultural facilities, newspapers and magazines and ‘most important commodity’ manufactured in village. Income and expenditure of gram panchayat, wherever possible, has been provided. Apart from these, more details on distance (s) at which basic amenities are available (if not available in the village), are given. This includes educational facilities (namely Primary and middle schools and college), medical facilities (viz. Allopathic Hospital, Maternity & Child Welfare Center and Primary Health Center), drinking water, post & telegraph (post office and phone), communication, bank, credit societies and recreational facilities. In Town Directory, the statement on slums has been modified and its coverage enlarged by including

details on all slums instead of 'notified slums'. The information is given in case of all statutory towns irrespective of their class, against only ClassI and Class II towns in the 1981 and 1991 censuses. The basic amenities available in village and towns are analyzed in depth with the help of a number of cross-classified inset tables and statements. Two other significant additions in the publication are inclusion of 'motif' highlighting significant characteristic of the district and analytical notes as annexure. The analytic notes on (i) fertility and mortality and (ii) various measures of fertility and mean age at marriage are prepared based on 1991 Census. Whereas, in the notes relating to (i) percentage distribution of migrants by place of birth/ place of last residence, (ii) main religions, (iii) marital status of population, (iv) age, sex and education, and (v) distribution of spectrum of mother tongue, nature and extent of changes occurred in the district in its basic socio-demographic features during the decade 1991-2001 are analyzed. The eight digits permanent location code (PLCN) to all the villages and towns have been assigned keeping in view the future needs.

The village and town level amenity data have been collected, compiled and computerized in prescribed record structure under the supervision of Shri Sudhir Kumar Rakesh, Director of Census Operations, Bihar, Patna. Thereafter, efforts have been made to ensure comparability of the information with that of 1991 census data and the information brought out by the respective state government in their annual reports and statistical handbooks for various years after 1991. The task of planning, designing and coordination of this publication was carried out by Sri R.G.Mitra, Deputy Registrar General (C&T) and Dr.I.C.Agarwal, Senior Research Officer of Social Studies Division. Dr.R.P.Singh,Deputy Registrar General (Map) provided the technical guidance in the preparation of maps. Whereas, Shri Anil Kumar Arora Deputy Director of Data Processing Division who worked under the overall supervision of Shri Himakar, Addl. Director (EDP) helped in preparation of record structure for computersation of village and directory data and the programme for the generation of Village Directory and Town Direcotry statements including analytical inset tables. The draft DCHB manuscripts received from the Census Directorates have been scrutinized in the Social Studies Division under the guidance of Shri S.L.Jain, Deputy Director and Shri R.K. Mehta, Assistant Director. I am thankful to all of them and others who have contributed to make this publication possible

D.K.Sikri

Registrar General &

Census Commissioner, India

New Delhi

Dated: 17.10.2006

Preface

The history of the publication of District Census Handbooks goes back to the 1951 Census and these are printed in every Census because of their wide ranging utility. Census after Census much innovations/ modifications have taken place in the District Census Handbooks in terms of coverage and content of population data. This is the most valuable district level publication brought out by the Census Organisation on behalf of the State Government. Its inter-alia, provides data/information on some of the basic demographic and socio-economic characteristics and availability of certain important civic amenities/facilities in each village and town of the respective district. This publication has, thus, proved to be of immense utility to the planners, administrators, academicians and researchers. It is hoped that this publication will serve the purpose of the ever increasing demand for the micro-level data in this era of planned development.

The District Census Handbook project is joint venture of the State Government and the Census organisation, and is brought out in two parts, viz. (i) part A–containing the village and town directories and (ii) part B – village and townwise Primary Census Abstracts pertaining to total population. It also contains the District Primary Census Abstracts for the total population and the Scheduled Caste and the Scheduled Tribe Population by rural-urban break-up.

The present volume of the District Census Handbook (DCHB) in 2001 Census has been made more informative and exhaustive in terms of coverage and content. The village Directory mainly covers educational, medical, drinking water, post & telegraph, banking, credit societies, recreational & cultural and communication facilities and approach to villages available in the villages, besides, population and land use data. The content of Village Directory has been broadened by including additional facilities such as availability of banking, recreational and cultural facilities and reach of newspapers and magazines in villages. For the first time in this volume information on the most important commodity manufactured in village is provided. The Town Directory basically contains growth trend of towns since 1901, physical aspects and location, municipal finance, civic and other amenities, medical, educational, recreational and cultural facilities, trade, commerce, industry and banking and civic and other amenities available in slums. In Town Directory, information on all types of slums, whether notified/recognized by respective town authorities or not is provided for each statutory town. However, during 1981 and 1991 Censuses this information was restricted to class I and class II towns only.

The various basic amenities available in the villages and towns are analysed in depth with the help of a number of cross-classified inset tables and statements. A significant addition in the publication is the inclusion of analytical notes presented as annexures on important aspects concerning Census data on (i) mortality (ii) various measures of fertility and mean age at marriage, (iii) percentage distribution of migrants by place of birth/ place of last residence, (iv) main religions, (v) marital status of population, (vi) age, sex and education, and (vii) distribution of different mother tongues, based on 1991 and/or 2001 Census, with the prime objective of analysing the extent of changes taken place in socio-cultural demographic and economic field during the last decade. The eight digit permanent location code (PLCN) has been assigned to all the villages to facilitate the comparision of data with future censuses.

It is worth mentioning that the District Census Handbooks of the Census of India, 2001 are being made available for the first time in electronic format in addition to printed volumes keeping in view the demands of the data users.

The village and town level amenity data have been collected through the Block Development Officers and the Vice Chairmen/Executive Officers of the Municipalities and Notified Area Committees who functioned as Charge Census Officers under the District/Sub-divisional level Officers.

The analytical note has been prepared on the basis of the inset tables generated from the computerized data of Village Directory, Town Directory and Village/Urban Primary Census Abstract. It takes note of the social, economic and demographic changes which have taken place in the districts during the decade. District and C.D. Block Maps containing useful information on many items have also been included in this volume.

I am grateful to the State Government agencies for their co-operation in collection of such a huge mass of data. I would like to make a special mention of the warm and whole hearted co-operation which was throughout extended by the District Magistrates, the Sub-divisional Officers, the District Census Officers and the Block Development Officers.

In my office S/Shri Phool Singh ex-Joint Director, A.K. Saxena Deputy Director and K.K. Verma, D. P. Choudhary, S.K. Das Sudhakar and Mritunjay Kumar, Assistant Directors and Shri Ramesh Prasad, S.I.Grade-I supervised the project at different stages. District and C. D. Block Maps were prepared in Map Section under the overall supervision of Sri M. Guria and Dr. H.K. Ram, Research Officer (Map). I am thankful to all of them. The name of other officers and officials who were associated with this project is shown in separate sheet.

I am personally indebted to Sri D. K. Sikri, Registrar General and Census Commissioner, India under whose guidance it has been rare privilege to strive for results. I am deeply grateful to Sri J.K. Banthia, ex-Registrar General and Census Commissioner, India and Sri Sudhir Kumar Rakesh, ex Director of Census Operations, Bihar, Patna for their sustained support and unfailing guidance throughout our endeavours. I am equally indebted to Shri R.G. Mitra, Deputy Registrar General (C & T), Dr. I.C. Agrawal, Assistant Registrar General of Social Studies Division and Dr. R.P. Singh, ex-Deputy Registrar General (Map) for spontaneous help and encouragement at different stages of the work of this project. I am also thankful to Sri S.L. Jain, Dy. Director and Sri R.K. Mehta, Assistant Director of Social Studies Division of Office of the Registrar General, India, New Delhi who scrutinized the manuscript.

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District Highlights – 2001 Census

1. Sheohar is the smallest district in terms of size i.e.349 sq.kms.(as per Surveyor General of India) and population (515,961) in the state of Bihar.
2. Sheohar is one of the least urbanized district (5th from the bottom) in the state with only 4.1 percent of its population residing in urban areas whereas 10.5 percent of the state's population lives in urban areas.
3. In terms of population per sq.km. Sheohar is a densely populated district with 1,478 persons as against state's 881 persons per sq.km.
4. Sheohar ranks 33rd in terms of sex-ratio (885) against state's 919.
5. There are only 14 (out of a total of 203 villages) uninhabited villages in the district of Sheohar.
6. Amwa Kalan (under Piprahi C.D. Block) is the most populated village (20,475) and Fatehpur Ghauspur (under Tariani Chowk C.D. Block) is the least populated (1) in the district.
7. The economy of the district mainly depends on cultivation or related works. More than 80 percent of the total workers are engaged in the Primary Sector.
8. C.D. Block Tariani Chowk has the highest number of villages (78) in the district and Piprahi C.D. Block has the lowest number of villages (25).
9. Amwa Kalan (under Piprahi C.D. Block) has the largest area (1353.3 hectares) and the Arazi Nankar (under Tariani Chowk C.D. Block) has the smallest area (6 hectares) among the villages in the district.
10. Improved drinking water facility figures are impressive - it is available in 96.3 percent of the villages in the district.

Important Statistics in the State/District

			STATE	DISTRICT
NUMBER OF VILLAGES		Total	45,098	**203**
		Inhabited	39,013	**189**
		Uninhabited	6,085	**14**
NUMBER OF TOWNS		Statutory Towns	125	**1**
		Census towns	5	**0**
POPULATION	TOTAL	Persons	82,998,509	**515,961**
		Males	43,243,795	**273,680**
		Females	39,754,714	**242,281**
	RURAL	Persons	74,316,709	**494,699**
		Males	38,594,996	**262,363**
		Females	35,721,713	**232,336**
	URBAN	Persons	8,681,800	**21,262**
		Males	4,648,799	**11,317**
		Females	4,033,001	**9,945**
PERCENTAGE URBAN POPULATION			10.5%	**4.1%**
AREA (in sq. km.)			94,163	**349**
DENSITY OF POPULATION (persons per square kilometre)			881	**1478**
SEX RATIO (number of females per 1000males)		Total	919	**885**
		Rural	926	**886**
		Urban	868	**879**

		Number	Percentage	**Number**	**Percentage**
DECADAL POPULATION GROWTH 1991 - 2001	Persons	18,467,955	28.6	**138,262**	**36.6**
	Males	9,405,557	27.8	**72,300**	**35.9**
	Females	9,062,398	29.5	**65,962**	**37.4**
LITERATES	Persons	31,109,577	47.0	**144,444**	**35.3**
	Males	20,644,376	59.7	**98,775**	**45.3**
	Females	10,465,201	33.1	**45,669**	**23.9**

		Number	Percentage	**Number**	**Percentage**
SCHEDULED CASTE	Persons	13,048,608	15.7	**74,391**	**14.4**
POPULATION	Males	6,784,676	15.7	**39,405**	**14.4**
	Females	6,263,932	15.8	**34,986**	**14.4**
SCHEDULED TRIBE	Persons	758,351	0.9	**64**	**0.0**
POPULATION	Males	393,114	0.9	**35**	**0.0**
	Females	365,237	0.9	**29**	**0.0**
WORKERS AND NON - WORKERS					
TOTAL WORKERS	Persons	27,974,606	33.7	**161,218**	**31.2**
(MAIN & MARGINAL)	Males	20,483,003	47.4	**137,542**	**50.3**
	Females	7,491,603	18.8	**23,676**	**9.8**
(I)MAIN WORKERS	Persons	21,052,875	25.4	**133,348**	**25.8**
	Males	17,511,018	40.5	**123,158**	**45.0**
	Females	3,541,857	8.9	**10,190**	**4.2**
(II)MARGINAL	Persons	6,921,731	8.3	**27,870**	**5.4**
WORKERS	Males	2,971,985	6.9	**14,384**	**5.3**
	Females	3,949,746	9.9	**13,486**	**5.6**
(III) NON - WORKERS	Persons	55,023,903	66.3	**354,743**	**68.8**
	Males	22,760,792	52.6	**136,138**	**49.7**
	Females	32,263,111	81.2	**218,605**	**90.2**
CATEGORY OF WORKERS (MAIN & MARGINAL)					
(I) CULTIVATORS	Persons	8,193,621	29.3	**41,274**	**25.6**
	Males	6,457,265	31.5	**37,711**	**27.4**
	Females	1,736,356	23.2	**3,563**	**15.0**
(II) AGRICULTURAL	Persons	13,417,744	48.0	**98,907**	**61.3**
LABOURERS	Males	8,730,251	42.6	**82,327**	**59.9**
	Females	4,687,493	62.6	**16,580**	**70.0**
(III) WORKERS IN	Persons	1,100,424	3.9	**3,762**	**2.3**
HOUSEHOLD	Males	656,662	3.2	**2,633**	**1.9**
INDUSTRY	Females	443,762	5.9	**1,129**	**4.8**
(IV) OTHER WORKERS	Persons	5,262,817	18.8	**17,275**	**10.7**
	Males	4,638,825	22.7	**14,871**	**10.8**
	Females	623,992	8.3	**2,404**	**10.2**

Ranking of C.D. Blocks in the District

Serial		Purnahiya		Piprarhi		Sheohar		Dumri Katsari		Tariani Chowk	
Number	In Terms of	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Total Population	71,722	4	95,441	3	122,340	2	71,405	5	155,053	1
2	Total area (in sq. kms.)	64.1	5	82.7	3	92.8	2	66.6	4	136.8	1
3	Density of population per sq.km.	1,119	4	1,154	2	1,318	1	1,072	5	1,133	3
4	Sex Ratio	877	5	896	1	881	4	887	2	885	3
5	Proportion Urban	-	-	-	-	4.1	1	-	-	-	-
6	Proportion Scheduled Castes	15.8	1	13.0	5	15.5	2	13.2	4	14.4	3
7	Proportion Scheduled Tribes	0.0	4	0.0	5	0.0	2	0.0	1	0.0	3
8	Proportion Literates	40.5	1	35.0	4	37.2	3	37.7	2	30.4	5
9	Work participation rate (Main + Marginal Workers)	31.7	2	30.8	4	30.4	5	31.8	1	31.7	3
10	Percentage of villages having Primary School	96.2	2	95.7	3	97.6	1	88.9	4	69.0	5
11	Percentage of villages having Primary Health Sub-Centre	23.1	1	17.4	2	14.3	4	14.8	3	7.0	5
12	Percentage of villages having Well	100.0	1	95.7	2	90.5	3	59.3	5	88.7	4
13	Percentage of villages having Post Office	42.3	1	34.8	2	28.6	4	29.6	3	21.1	5
14	Percentage of villages having Bus facility	34.6	1	4.3	3	-	-	-	-	7.0	2
15	Percentage of villages having approach by Pucca Road	34.6	4	43.5	2	35.7	3	3.7	5	46.5	1
16	Percentage of villages having Electricity for domestic purpose	3.8	5	34.8	2	54.8	1	11.1	4	11.3	3
17	Percentage of villages having Forest area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41.0	1
18	Percentage of villages having Irrigated area	100.0	1	100.0	1	100.0	1	93.1	2	100.0	1

STATEMENT- 1

NAME OF THE HEADQUARTERS OF DISTRICT / TAHSIL, THEIR RURAL-URBAN STATUS AND DISTANCE FROM DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS, 2001

Serial number	Name of District / Tahsil	Name of District / Tahsil headquarters	Whether Urban / Rural	Distance from Tahsil headquarters to district headquarters by road (in km.)
1	2	3	4	5
There is no Tahsil in Bihar				

STATEMENT - 2

NAME OF THE HEADQUARTERS OF DISTRICT/C.D. BLOCK, THEIR RURAL-URBAN STATUS AND DISTANCE FROM DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS, 2001

Serial number	Name of District / C.D. Block	Name of District/C.D. Block headquarters	Whether urban / rural	Distance from C.D. Block headquarters to district headquarters by road (in kms.)
1	2	3	4	5
	Sheohar	Sheohar	Urban*	0
1	Purnahiya	Purnahiya	Rural	13
2	Piprarhi	Piprahi	Rural	7
3	Sheohar	Sheohar	Urban*	0
4	Dumri Katsari	Dumari Katsari	Rural	12
5	Tariyani Chowk	Tariyani Chowk	Rural	20

Note: 1. Asterisk in column 4 denotes that the District / C.D.Block headquarters is a statutory town.

STATEMENT - 3

POPULATION OF THE DISTRICT AT EACH CENSUS FROM 1901 TO 2001

District	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Census Year	Persons	Males	Females	Decadal population variation	
						Absolute	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Sheohar	Total	1901	157,686	75,470	82,216	-	-
		1911	162,800	77,821	84,979	5,114	3.2
		1921	157,618	75,806	81,812	-5,182	-3.2
		1931	168,264	82,606	85,658	10,646	6.8
		1941	185,635	90,641	94,994	17,371	10.3
		1951	201,431	100,269	101,162	15,796	8.5
		1961	228,420	113,077	115,343	26,989	13.4
		1971	258,839	131,557	127,282	30,419	13.3
		1981	304,431	158,322	146,109	45,592	17.6
		1991	377,699	201,380	176,319	73,268	24.1
		2001	515,961	273,680	242,281	138,262	36.6
	Rural	1901	157,686	75,470	82,216	-	-
		1911	162,800	77,821	84,979	5,114	3.2
		1921	157,618	75,806	81,812	-5,182	-3.2
		1931	168,264	82,606	85,658	10,646	6.8
		1941	185,635	90,641	94,994	17,371	10.3
		1951	201,431	100,269	101,162	15,796	8.5
		1961	228,420	113,077	115,343	26,989	13.4
		1971	258,839	131,557	127,282	30,419	13.3
		1981	304,431	158,322	146,109	45,592	17.6
		1991	363,784	193,899	169,885	59,353	19.5
		2001	494,699	262,363	232,336	130,915	36.0
	Urban	1901	-	-	-	-	-
		1911	-	-	-	-	-
		1921	-	-	-	-	-
		1931	-	-	-	-	-
		1941	-	-	-	-	-
		1951	-	-	-	-	-
		1961	-	-	-	-	-
		1971	-	-	-	-	-
		1981	-	-	-	-	-
		1991	13,915	7,481	6,434	13,915	-
		2001	21,262	11,317	9,945	7,347	52.8

STATEMENT - 4

AREA, NUMBER OF VILLAGES/TOWNS AND POPULATION IN DISTRICT AND C.D. BLOCK, 2001

Serial number	District/ C.D. Block/ UA/Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Area in square kilometres	Population per square kilometres	No. of villages		No. of Statutory towns	No. of Census towns	No. of households	Population		
					Inhabited	Un-inhabited				Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Sheohar*	**Total**	**349.0**	**1,478**	**189**	**14**	**1**	**0**	**106,808**	**515,961**	**273,680**	**242,281**
		Rural	**339.7**	**1,456**	**189**	**14**	**0**	**0**	**102,614**	**494,699**	**262,363**	**232,336**
		Urban	**9.3**	**2,279**	**0**	**0**	**1**	**0**	**4194**	**21,262**	**11,317**	**9,945**
1	Purnahiya	Total	64.1	1,119	26	0	0	0	14,949	71,722	38,209	33,513
		Rural	64.1	1,119	26	0	0	0	14,949	71,722	38,209	33,513
		Urban	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Piprarhi	Total	82.7	1,154	23	2	0	0	22,112	95,441	50,325	45,116
		Rural	82.7	1,154	23	2	0	0	22,112	95,441	50,325	45,116
		Urban	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Sheohar	Total	92.8	1,318	42	3	1	0	23,687	122,340	65,039	57,301
		Rural	83.5	1,211	42	3	0	0	19,493	101,078	53,722	47,356
		Urban	9.3	2,279	0	0	1	0	4,194	21,262	11,317	9,945
	Sheohar (NA)	Urban	9.3	2,279	0	0	1	0	4,194	21,262	11,317	9,945
4	Dumri Katsari	Total	66.6	1,072	27	2	0	0	12,930	71,405	37,837	33,568
		Rural	66.6	1,072	27	2	0	0	12,930	71,405	37,837	33,568
		Urban	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Tariani	Total	136.8	1,133	71	7	0	0	33,130	155,053	82,270	72,783
	Chowk	Rural	136.8	1,133	71	7	0	0	33,130	155,053	82,270	72,783
		Urban	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* - Newly created district in 2001 Census

STATEMENT - 5

C.D. BLOCK WISE NUMBER OF VILLAGES AND RURAL POPULATION, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D. Block	Number of villages		Rural population		
		Total	Inhabited	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Purnahiya	26	26	71,722	38,209	33,513
2	Piprarhi	25	23	95,441	50,325	45,116
3	Sheohar	45	42	101,078	53,722	47,356
4	Dumri Katsari	29	27	71,405	37,837	33,568
5	Tariani Chowk	78	71	155,053	82,270	72,783
	District (Rural) Total:	**203**	**189**	**494,699**	**262,363**	**232,336**

STATEMENT - 6

POPULATION OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS (INCLUDING CONSTITUENT UNITS)/TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of UA/Town	Urban status	Name of C.D. Block where town is located	Population		
				Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Sheohar	N.A.	Sheohar	21,262	11,317	9,945
	District (Urban) total:			**21,262**	**11,317**	**9,945**

STATEMENT - 7

VILLAGES WITH POPULATION OF 5,000 AND ABOVE AT C.D. BLOCK LEVEL AS PER 2001 CENSUS AND AMENITIES AVAILABLE

Serial number	Name of C.D. Block	Name of village	Location code number	Population	Whether it is Tahsil headquarters	Whether it is C.D. Block headquarters
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Purnahiya	Barahi Mohan	00280600	5,019	-	No
2	Purnahiya	Bakhar Chandiha	00280900	6,856	-	No
3	Purnahiya	Khaira Pahari	00282800	6,311	-	No
4	Piprarhi	Masaura	00283600	5,593	-	No
5	Piprarhi	Amwa Kalan	00284200	20,475	-	No
6	Piprarhi	Basahia Shekh	00284300	10,326	-	No
7	Piprarhi	Minapur Balha	00284700	8,289	-	No
8	Piprarhi	Dhankaul	00284800	7,470	-	No
9	Sheohar	Kursahar	00285500	9,114	-	No
10	Sheohar	Chamanpur	00286800	7,387	-	No
11	Sheohar	Sugia Karesri	00288300	6,857	-	No
12	Sheohar	Tajpur	00288500	5,087	-	No
13	Dumri Katsari	Jahangirpur	00290000	5,574	-	No
14	Dumri Katsari	Naya Gaon	00290700	10,465	-	No
15	Dumri Katsari	Shampur	00291000	5,311	-	No
16	Dumri Katsari	Maksudpur Kararia	00291400	9,928	-	No
17	Tariani Chowk	Khurpatti	00294000	5,354	-	No
18	Tariani Chowk	Hirauta Duma	00296000	8,601	-	No
19	Tariani Chowk	Bindraban	00297200	6,592	-	No
20	Tariani Chowk	Chhatauni	00297300	6,638	-	No
21	Tariani Chowk	Kishunpur Urf Narwara	00299000	8,604	-	No
22	Tariani Chowk	Chhapra	00300500	10,032	-	Yes

STATEMENT - 7 (*Concld.*)

VILLAGES WITH POPULATION OF 5,000 AND ABOVE AT C.D. BLOCK LEVEL AS PER 2001 CENSUS AND AMENITIES AVAILABLE

		Amenities available							
		Educational		Medical		Drinking Water	Communi-cation	Banking	
Serial number	Name of village	Senior Secondary school	College	Primary Health Centre	Primary Health Sub-Centre	Tap water	Railway station	Commercial Bank	Co-operative Bank
1	3	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Barahi Mohan	0	0	0	0	No	No	0	0
2	Bakhar Chandiha	0	0	0	1	No	No	0	0
3	Khaira Pahari	0	0	0	0	No	No	0	0
4	Masaura	0	0	0	0	Yes	No	1	1
5	Amwa Kalan	0	0	0	1	No	No	0	0
6	Basahia Shekh	0	0	0	0	Yes	No	0	0
7	Minapur Balha	0	0	0	0	No	No	0	0
8	Dhankaul	0	0	0	1	No	No	1	0
9	Kursahar	0	0	0	1	No	No	1	0
10	Chamanpur	0	0	0	1	No	No	0	0
11	Sugia Karesri	0	0	0	0	No	No	0	0
12	Tajpur	0	0	0	0	No	No	0	0
13	Jahangirpur	0	0	0	0	No	No	0	0
14	Naya Gaon	0	0	0	1	No	No	1	0
15	Shampur	0	0	0	0	No	No	0	0
16	Maksudpur Kararia	0	0	0	1	No	No	0	0
17	Khurpatti	0	0	0	0	No	No	0	0
18	Hirauta Duma	0	0	0	0	No	No	0	0
19	Bindraban	0	0	0	1	Yes	No	1	0
20	Chhatauni	0	0	0	0	No	No	0	0
21	Kishunpur Urf Narwara	0	0	1	1	No	No	1	0
22	Chhapra	0	0	1	0	No	No	0	0

STATEMENT - 8

STATUTORY TOWNS WITH POPULATION LESS THAN 5000 AS PER 2001 CENSUS AND AMENITIES AVAILABLE

Serial number	Name of Town	Location code number	Population	Whether it is Tehsil head-quarters	Whether it is C.D. Block head-quarters	Amenities available: Educational: Senior Secondary School	Educational: College	Medical: Hospital	Medical: Health Centre	Improved drinking water: Tap water	Communication: Railway station	Banking: Bank
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
This District has no such Statutory Town												

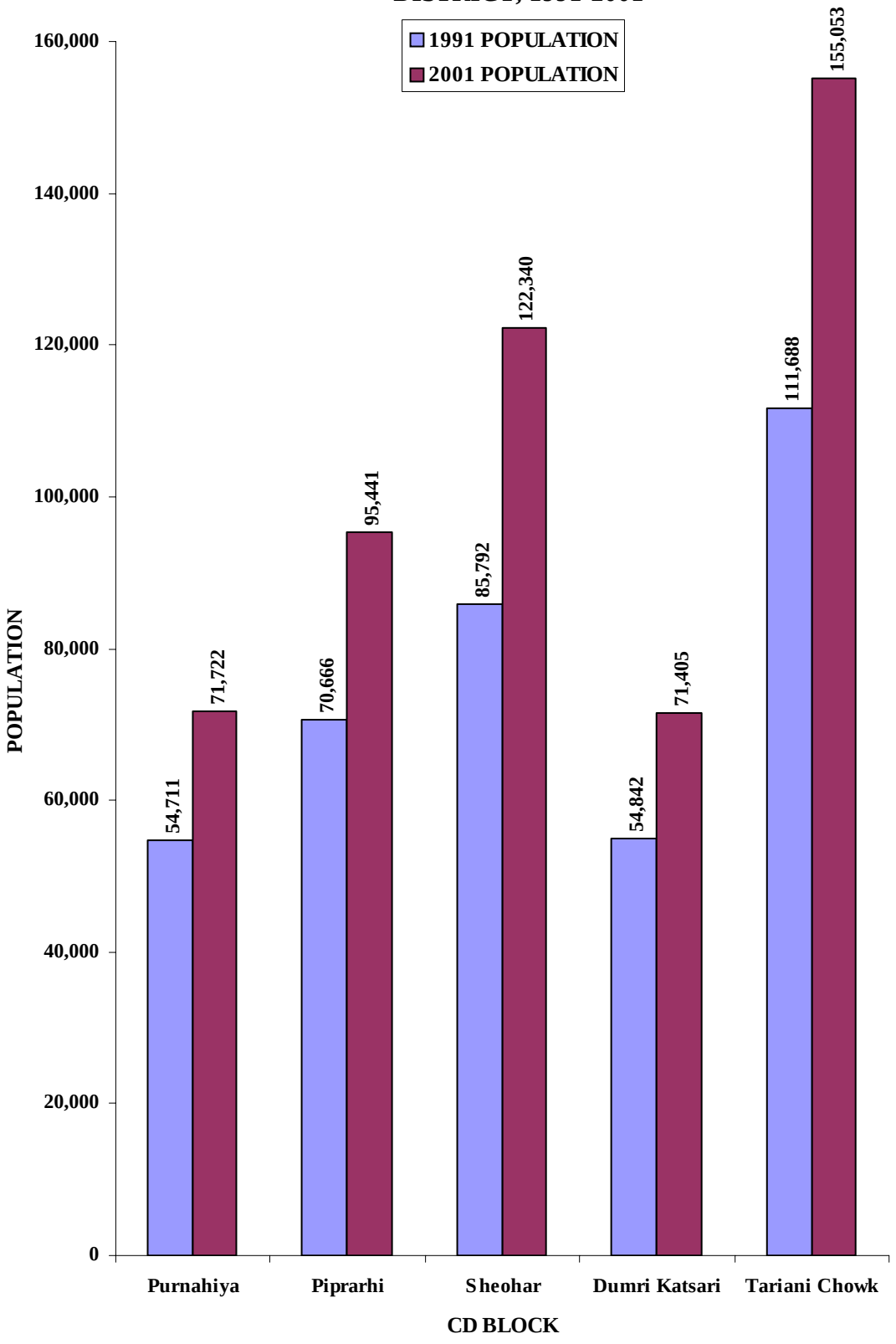
STATEMENT - 9

HOUSELESS AND INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION OF C.D. BLOCK, RURAL AND URBAN, 2001

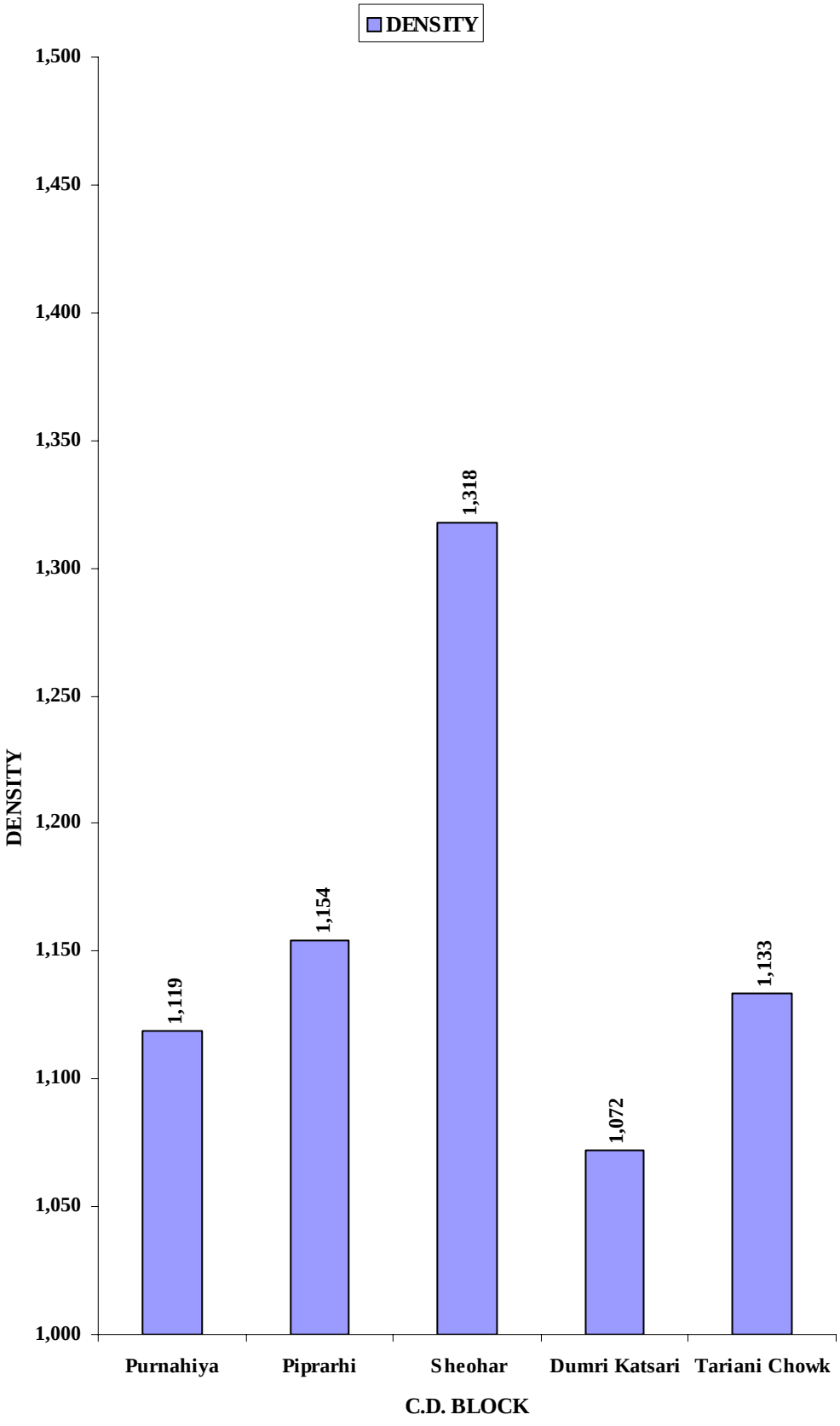
Serial number	District/ C.D.Block/ UA/Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Houseless Population: No. of household	Houseless Population: Persons	Houseless Population: Males	Houseless Population: Females	Institutional Population: No. of household	Institutional Population: Persons	Institutional Population: Males	Institutional Population: Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Sheohar	**Total**	**17**	**51**	**28**	**23**	**112**	**845**	**495**	**350**
		Rural	**17**	**51**	**28**	**23**	**102**	**759**	**416**	**343**
		Urban	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**10**	**86**	**79**	**7**
1	Purnahiya	Total	3	13	5	8	18	135	81	54
		Rural	3	13	5	8	18	135	81	54
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Piprarhi	Total	8	17	11	6	25	175	91	84
		Rural	8	17	11	6	25	175	91	84
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Sheohar	Total	1	4	2	2	25	204	145	59
		Rural	1	4	2	2	15	118	66	52
		Urban	-	-	-	-	10	86	79	7
	Sheohar (NA)	Urban	-	-	-	-	10	86	79	7
4	Dumri Katsari	Total	-	-	-	-	24	189	96	93
		Rural	-	-	-	-	24	189	96	93
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Tariani Chowk	Total	5	17	10	7	20	142	82	60
		Rural	5	17	10	7	20	142	82	60
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

DIAGRAMS

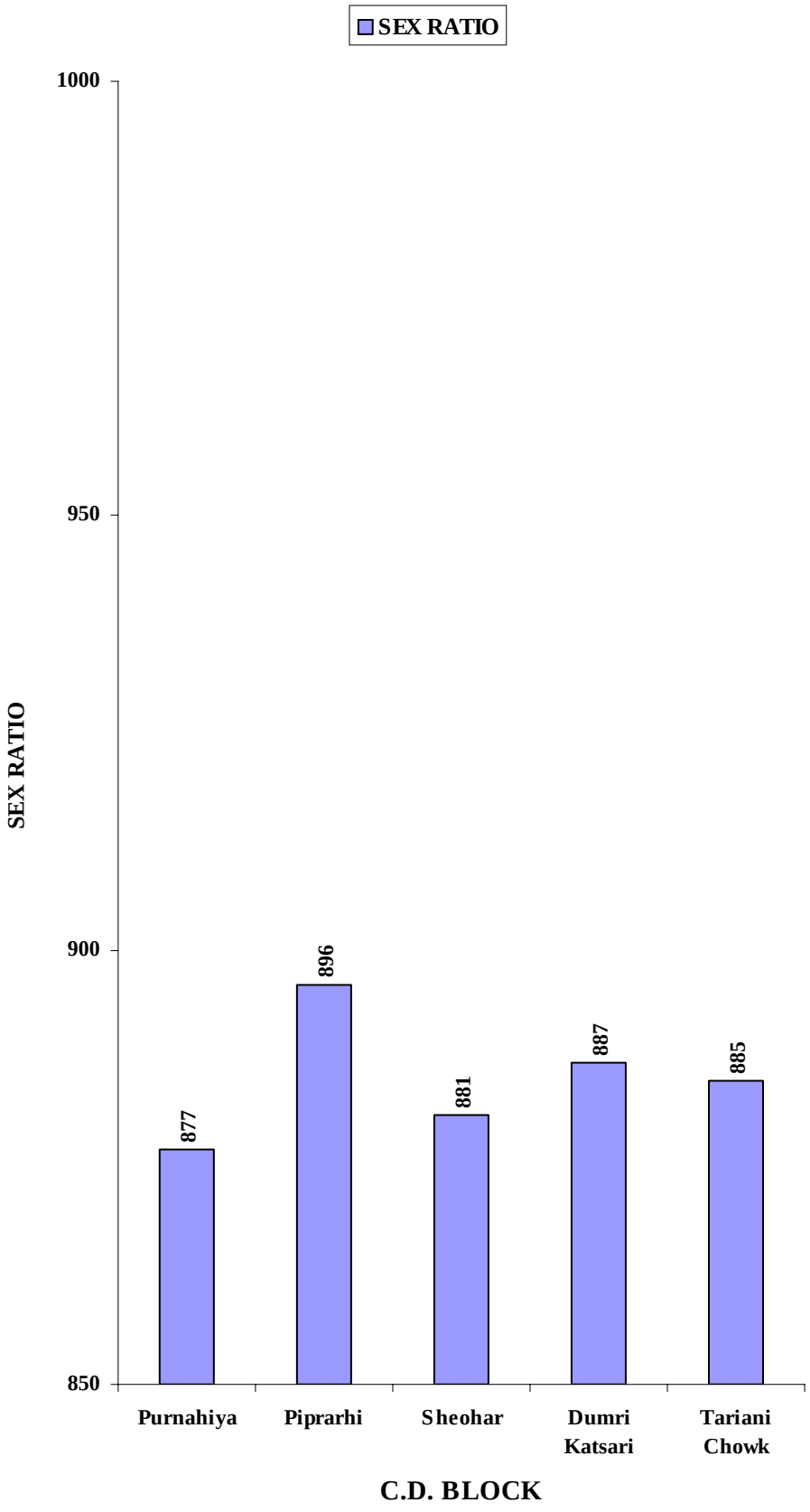
C.D.BLOCKWISE DECADAL CHANGE IN POPULATION OF SHEOHAR DISTRICT, 1991-2001



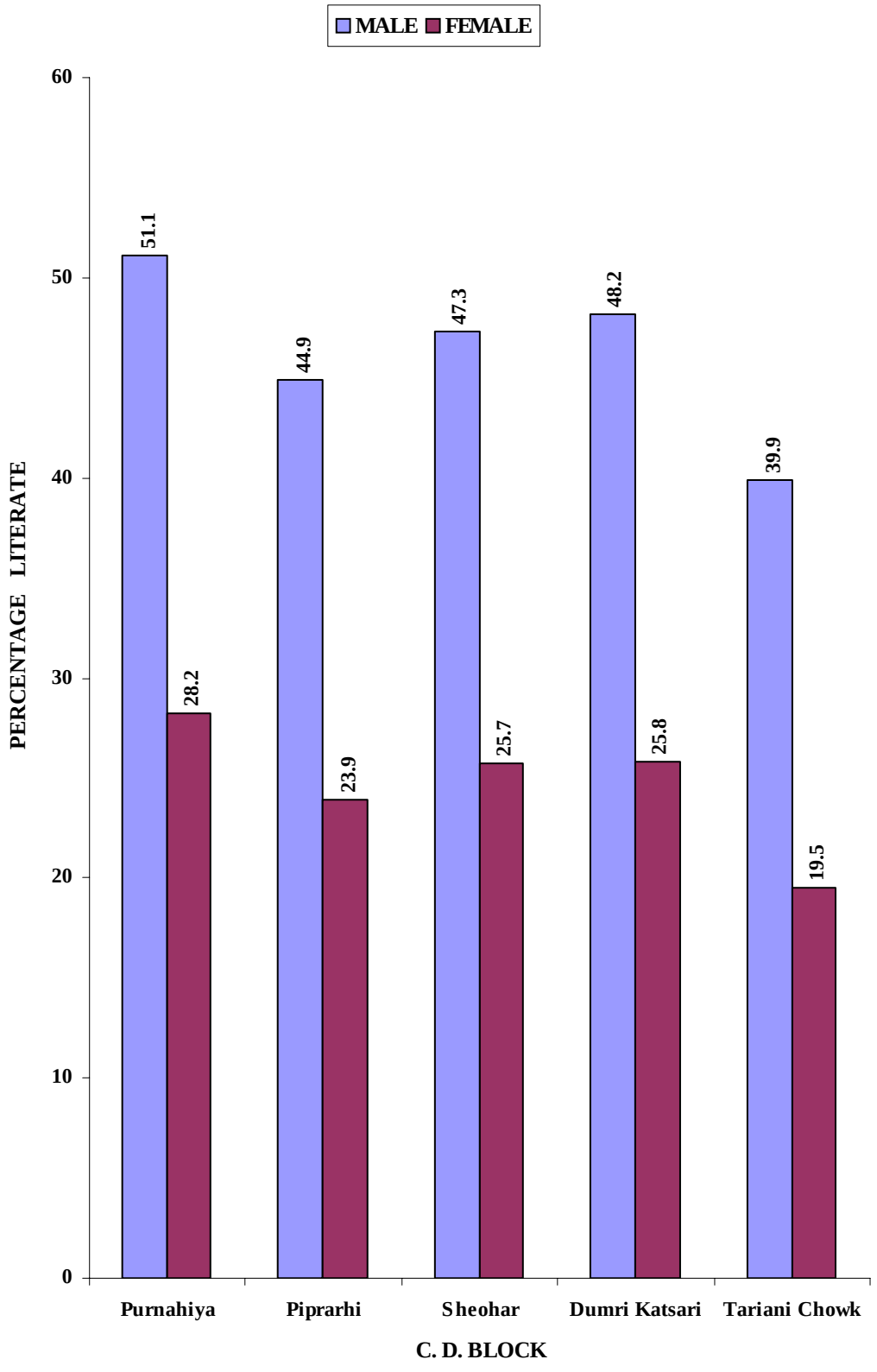
C.D. BLOCKWISE DENSITY OF SHEOHAR DISTRICT, 2001



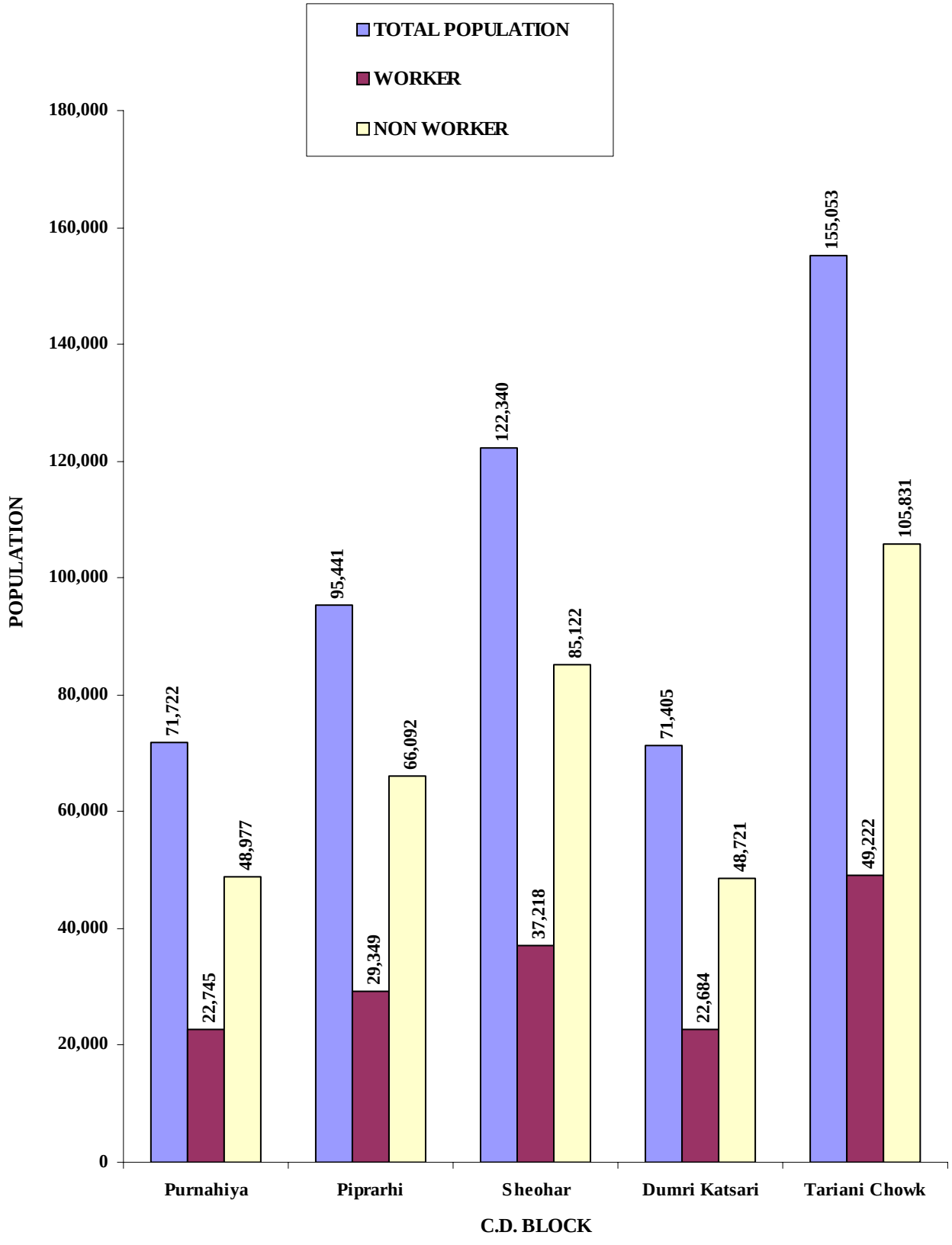
C.D. BLOCKWISE SEX RATIO OF SHEOHAR DISTRICT, 2001



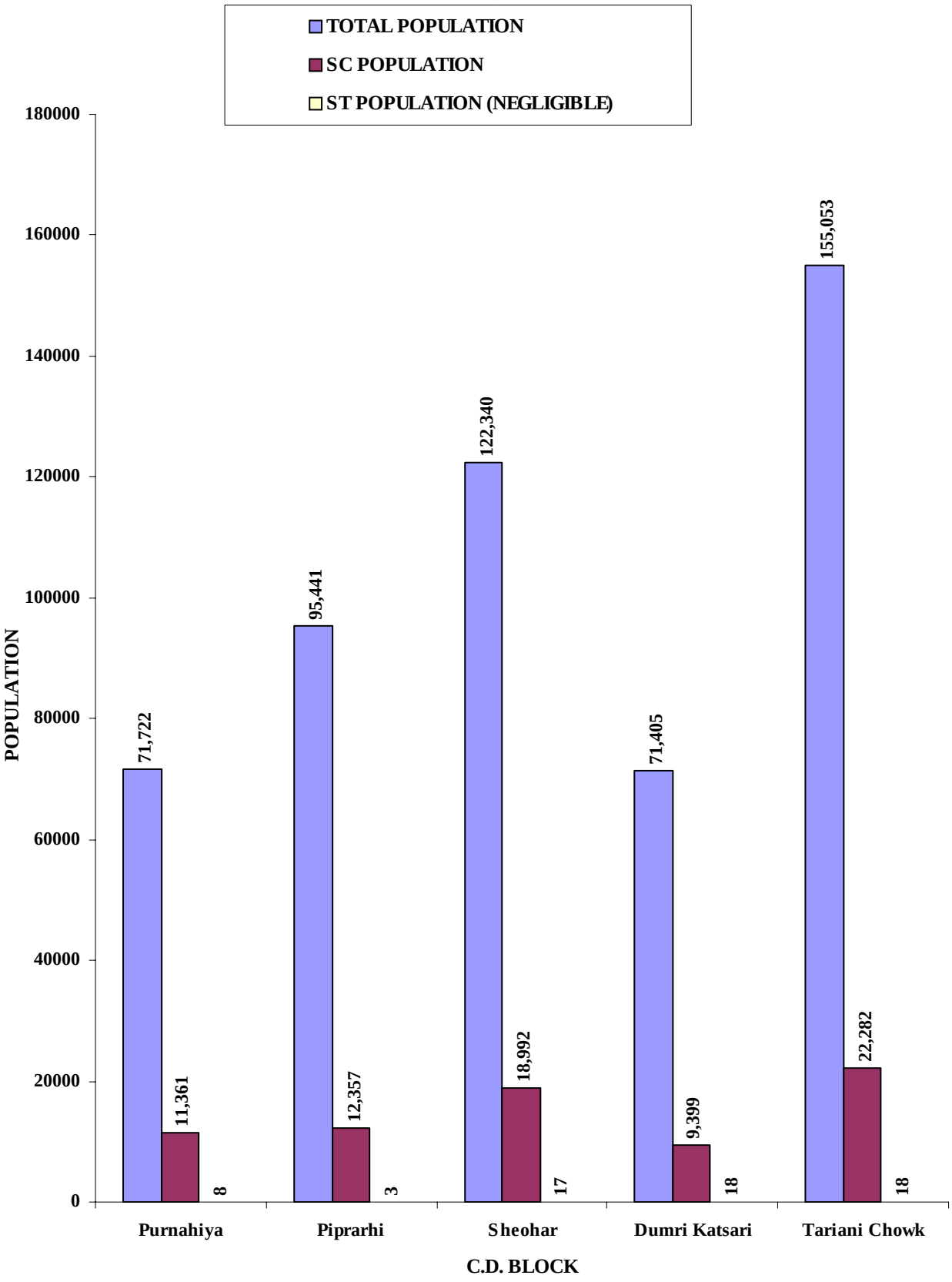
C. D. BLOCKWISE LITERACY OF SHEOHAR DISTRICT, 2001



C.D. BLOCKWISE TOTAL POPULATION / WORKER / NON WORKER OF SHEOHAR DISTRICT, 2001



C.D. BLOCKWISE TOTAL / SC / ST POPULATION OF SHEOHAR DISTRICT, 2001



ANALYTICAL NOTE

Analytical Note

(i) History and scope of the District Census Handbook

The District Census Handbook, brought out by the Census Organization, is one of the most valuable district level publications. It provides, inter-alia, information on the basic demographic and socio-economic characteristics and availability of important civic amenities/facilities in each village and town of the respective districts.This publication has proved to be of immense utility to the planners, administrators, academicians and researchers.

The District Census Handbook, a joint venture of the State Government and the Census Organization, is one of the richest data sources, particularly in the context of planning and development at the grass root level. It is rather the only source that gives village and town level information concerning several demographic and socio-economic characteristics and also on availability of important civic amenities.This publication was brought out in the 1951 Census for the first time. In fact, it is the replacement of 'Village Statements' which used to be prepared in the Censuses of Pre-Independence period, and since 1951 it has been published after each decennial census with some innovations/improvements.

Initially the scope of the DCHB was confined to certain important census tables on population, economic and socio-cultural aspects as also the Primary Census Abstract (PCA) of each village and town of the district. The DCHB published after the 1961 Census contained a descriptive account of the district, administrative statistics, census tables and Village and Town Directories including PCA (Primary Census Abstract). At the 1971 Census, the DCHB was brought out in two parts, viz., Part-A comprising Village and Town Directories and Part-B comprising Village and Town PCA in respect of all the States and Union Territories. The Third Part of the DCHB, comprising administrative statistics and district census tables, which was also to be brought out, could not be published in many States/UTs due to delay in compilation of the requisite material. As far as the state of Bihar is concerned, this Third Part or Part-C could be published in respect of a few districts only. For the remaining districts, this volume was kept in the office library in mimeographed form.

At the 1981 Census, new features along with restructuring of the format of Village and Town Directory were introduced in the DCHB. These were published in two parts for each district. While Part-A comprised Village and Town Directories, the PCA of Villages and Towns (ward wise), including Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes PCA up to CD Block/Town level, was provided in Part-B. To illustrate, all the amenities, except electricity, were brought together in the Village Directory and if an amenity was not available in the concerned village, the distance (in broad ranges) from the nearest place having such amenity was given. Information on some new items such as adult literacy centres, primary health sub-centres and community health workers in the village were provided so as to meet some of the requirements of the Revised Minimum Needs Programme. Similarly, information on approach to the village was also provided for the first time in the Village Directory so as to give an idea about the number of inaccessible villages in each district. In case of Town Directories also, keeping in view the requirements of the Minimum Needs Programme, a Statement (IV-A) on slums was provided so as to enable the planners to formulate programmes for providing civic amenities in the slums. In this statement details on civic and other amenities were presented for the notified slums of Class I and Class II towns. Apart from this, one column on the Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe population and another on adult literacy classes/centres were added in Statements IV and V respectively.

The manner of presentation of the DCHB for the 1991 Census was, by and large, the same as followed during 1981 Census. However, the format of PCA was restructured slightly in the 1991 Census

for the benefit of data users and nine-fold industrial classification of main workers was given as against four fold industrial classification presented in the 1981 Census. In addition to this, the sex-wise population in the 0-6 age group was also included in the PCA for the first time with a view to enabling data users to compute more realistic literacy rates as all children below 7 years of age had been treated as illiterate at the time of the 1991 Census. It was expected that the above mentioned modifications would help the planners in chalking out more effective developmental programmes.

At the country level, one of the most important innovations in the 1991 Census was the C.D.Block level presentation of data in the Village Directory and PCA instead of the traditional Tahsil/Taluka/PS level presentation across the country. For the state of Bihar, however, the Community Development Block level presentation of data in the Village Directory and PCA had been adopted since 1971 Census itself. During 1951 and 1961 Censuses the presentation of data was made at the Anchal level in the State of Bihar. In fact, Anchal and Community Development Block used to be more or less co-terminus till 1991 census. However, the situation has changed after 1991 Census and now Anchal and Community Development Block no longer remain co-terminus in all the cases. It was expected that the presentation of Village Directory and PCA data at C.D. Block level will help the planners in formulation of micro level developmental plans, as the C.D. Block is now increasingly being used as the key administrative unit for developmental planning. In order to facilitate the task of administrators, planners and researchers intending to use Village Directory/PCA data, either from the magnetic tapes/floppies or from the published records, both computerized and manual codes for each village were provided for the 1991 Census along with the corresponding codes of 1981.

The District Census Handbook of Census of India, 2001 is more informative and exhaustive in terms of coverage and content. The coverage in Village Directory has been further broadened by including a number of other facilities like banking, recreational and cultural facilities, availability of newspapers & magazines and most important commodity (ies) manufactured in the Village etc. Apart from these, more details on distance(s) at which basic educational facilities (viz., Primary and Middle Schools and College) and medical facilities (viz. Allopathic Hospital, Maternity and Child Welfare Centre and Primary Health Centre) etc. are available, if not already available in the village, are being provided for the first time in DCHB.

The type and extent of basic amenities available in the villages & towns have been analyzed in depth with the help of a number of cross classified inset tables & statements. Brief analytical notes/accounts on important aspects concerning respective districts viz. (i) mortality (ii) various measures of fertility and mean age at marriage (iii) percentage distribution of migrants by place of birth/place of residence, (iv) main religions, (v) marital status of population, (vi) age, sex and education & (vii) distribution of different mother tongues, based on 1991 and/or 2001 Census, are being given at the end of the text as separate annexures.

For the District Census Hand Book of the Census of India, 2001, emphasis has been given on the quality of village and town level amenity data.With a view to find out erratic or aberrant trends of inexplicable fluctuations in amenity data, efforts have been made to verify the V.D. & T.D. data with the help of similar information brought out by the State and Central Governments as also by Government/Semi-Government institutions.

The processing of data and maps to be incorporated in the District Census Hand Book this time has been done both manually and digitally (with the help of computer technology). Another innovation of Census of India 2001 is that the hard copy of the maps of the Districts and C.D. Blocks have been converted into the digital database. During 1991 census the village wise information/amenities were shown manually in the maps of District Census Hand Book. But during 2001 Census the depiction of the information/amenities in the maps has been done by utilizing Computer Assisted Cartography. The editing, annotation, incorporation of amenities and other concerned work related with district and C.D.Block maps have been done simultaneously, as far as possible, except the incorporation of population size of the villages which became ready when the Urban/ Village Primary Census Abstract was made available through Computer Scanner.

(ii) Brief history of the district

The district of Sheohar, which till the 1991 Census was a part of Sitamarhi district as one of its subdivisions, was elevated to the status of a district on 6th October, 1994 by the Government of Bihar vide its Notification No. 286. The district is situated in the northern part of Tirhut Division and lies on the extreme north region of the state of Bihar. It is surrounded on the north and east by the district of Sitamarhi, on the south by the district of Muzaffarpur and on the west by the district of Purba Champaran. It is the smallest district in the State of Bihar both in terms of size of population and total area of the district. The district has only one subdivision viz. Sheohar and five C.D. Blocks viz., Sheohar, Piprarhi, Purnahiya, Dumri Katsari and Tariyani Chowk. Sheohar is the only town in the district. There are altogether 203 villages in the district.

The geographical configuration and history of the district of Sheohar is very much in line with the history and geography of its parent district Sitamarhi. Before the reorganisation of the district, in post independent Bihar, the old district of Muzaffarpur was divided into three subdivisions with their headquarters at Muzaffarpur, Hajipur and Sitamarhi.The subdivisional headquarters of Sitamarhi was located at Sitamarhi town until 1935. The town of Sitamarhi faced one of the worst natural calamities in January, 1934 when it was rocked by a massive earthquake.The earthquake, which lasted for only one minute and a few seconds, had disastrous effects. Buildings were reduced to debris and fissures and depressions occurred all around.The roads of Sitamarhi were damaged extensively and the town was completely cut off for some time. Rail communication was dislocated and at many places railway lines were twisted and they lost the original alignment.The topography changed considerably and the town of Sitamarhi was so badly damaged that at one time it was feared that it would have to be abandoned as unsafe for rebuilding purposes. As a sequel to this havoc and apprehension, the subdivisional headquarters and courts were shifted to Dumra in 1936, five kilometres away from Sitamarhi town.Since then the subdivisional headquarters has continued at Dumra and even after the upgradation of the subdivision to the status of a district, the headquarters of the subdivision as well as the district is located at Dumra.

Sitamarhi is a sacred place in Hindu mythology. Tradition has it that Sita sprang to life out of an earthen pot while Raja Janak was ploughing his land somewhere near Sitamarhi town. A tank, called the Janaki-kund, is still pointed out as the place out of which she is said to have emerged. But Punaura, a village about five kilometres to south-west of Sitamarhi town, also stakes its claim as the birth place of Sita. The town, however, contains no relics of any archaeological interest.The temple of Janaki, i.e., Sita - the daughter of Raja Janak, is apparently modern and not more than 100 years old. It contains three stone figures with eyes of mother of pearl which represent Rama, Sita and Lakshman.The legend associated with the temple mentions, however, that it occupies an old site. It is said that Raja Janak excavated a tank at the place where Sita sprang to life and after her marriage set up the figures of Rama, Sita and Lakshman to mark the site.This tank is known as the Janaki-kund just to the south of the Janaki Mandir. In course of time, the land lapsed into a jungle until about 500 years ago, when a Hindu ascetic, named Birbal Das, came to know the site by divine inspiration where Sita was born. He came down from Ayodhya and cleared the jungle and found the images set up by Raja Janak. He built a temple over them and commenced worship of Janaki or Sita. The income of the temple is mainly derived from the offerings by the pilgrims. In the same compound there are three other temples of Hanuman, Mahadeo and Ganesh which are quite recent.The entire campus of these temples is popularly known as Janaki Asthan and is of great religious importance where hundreds of Hindu devotees go everyday and perform puja. Vivah Panchmi and Ram Navami, commemorating the marriage of Sita to Rama, and the birth of Ram respectively are celebrated at Sitamarhi every year. On these occasions people, mainly ladies from far and wide, throng Janakpur and Sitamarhi.On these two occasions the congregation is regaled with stories about the adventures of Rama who had conquered Lanka and killed the demon king Ravana. Religious dramas and dances depicting episodes from Rama's life, known as Ramalila, are organised.

(iii) Administrative set -up

The district forms a part of the north Bihar Plain and lies in the northern portion of the state of Bihar. The district was carved out by taking away three

C.D. Blocks viz., Piprarhi, Sheohar and Tariyani Chowk from the district of Sitamarhi in the year 1994. After the creation of the district on the 6th of October, 1994 the erstwhile Piprarhi C.D. Block was bifurcated into 2 C.D. Blocks viz., Purnahiya and Piprarhi. Sheohar C.D. Block was bifurcated into 2 C.D. Blocks viz., Sheohar and Dumri Katsari.Thus there are 5 C.D. Blocks viz., Sheohar, Piprarhi, Purnahiya, Dumri Katsari and Tariyani Chowk in the district of Sheohar.There is only one subdivisions i.e. Sheohar in the district. Sheohar (NAC) is the only town in the district.There are altogether 203 villages in the district.Total area of the old Sitamarhi district during 1991 Census was 2643 sq. kms. Newly created district of Sheohar was carved out of old Sitamarhi district with the area of 349sq. kms.

District Magistrate is posted in the district who is the top most official of Revenue and civil administration. He belongs to I.A.S. cadre. District Magistrate conducts development and welfare works in the district. ADM and other officers are posted in order to help D.M. in the administration. The district has only one subdivision which is headed by a subdivisional officer either from I.A.S. or B.P.S.C. cadre. S.D.O. is under direct authority of D.M. There are five C.D. Blocks in the district where B.D.Os. are posted who undertake development and welfare projects.

Judicial Administration : The Judges and Munsif magistrates are posted at district and subdivision who administer and deliver justice of different kinds.The district judiciary is part of Indian judicial system as envisaged in Indian Constitution and independent of district administration.

Police Administration : The Superintendent of Police, Sheohar is the head of the district police administration who is either from the Indian Police Service or the Bihar Police Service. In the subdivision of the district, the Deputy Superintendent of Police is posted who keeps control on police administration.

(iv) Physical Features

Location and size

The district lies between 26° 18" and 26° 36" north latitudes and 85° 10"and 85° 24" east longitudes. It is bounded in the east and north by the district of Sitamarhi, on the west by the district of Purba Champaran and on the south by the district of Muzaffarpur.The total area of the district is 349 sq. kms. It is the smallest district in the state of Bihar in terms of area. Sheohar district ranks 37th in terms of area in the State. Only 0.47 percent of the total area of the state of Bihar is covered by this district.

Physiography

The entire region is plain with a gentle slope from north to south. River Bagmati, along with its tributaries, flows through the western part of the region.The region has a gentle slope of 70 meters in the north to 59 meters in the south above the mean sea level. The height from mean sea level of Sheohar district is 189 to 201 meters. Average annual rainfall in the district is 1302.3 mm. Paddy, Wheat, Millets, Pulses and Sugarcane are the main crops of the area.

Climatic condition

There are three well marked seasons, Winter, Summer and the Rainy seasons.The cold weather begins in November and continues upto February, though March is also somewhat cool. Westerly winds and dust storms begin to blow in the second half of March and the temperature rises considerably. May is the hottest month when the temperature goes up to 40° C. Rains set in towards the middle of June. The rains continue till the end of September or middle of October.With the cessation of rains the temperature falls and the climate becomes rather pleasant.The rainy season is very useful for agriculture and fishery. The road communication between Muzaffarpur and Sheohar becomes disrupted due to flood during rainy season

Soil

The soil of the district can be classified as loam, sandy-loam, clay and clay-loam in different regions. In the Bagmati zone alluvial soil is found which is very good for Rabi cultivation. The soil of the district is rich in mineral elements except zinc needed for good crops.

Cropping pattern

The main crops of the district are Paddy, Wheat and Khesari. Besides, Gram, Oil seeds and other pulses are also grown. Marua and Bhadai paddy are two main Bhadai crops.

With Kharif and Rabi drives being launched every year by the Agriculture Department of the State

Government, there has been perceptible improvement in land use, cropping pattern, scientific cultivation, use of improved seeds, chemical fertilizers and plant protection in the district. This has resulted in substantial overall increase in agricultural production and the district has become self sufficient in respect of rice.

Irrigation facilities

In matters of irrigation this district is still very backward. Cultivators have to make their own arrangements to irrigate their crops. A large number of private tube-wells, bamboo-boring tube wells and private diesel pump sets are available with the progressive cultivators of the district. The State Government has provided a few types of irrigational facilities for the cultivators of the district, which are:

i) State Tube well
ii) Minor Irrigation schemes
iii) Bagmati Project

Industry and Trade

Sheohar is mainly an agricultural district with more than 75 percent of population engaged in agriculture.The main industries and trades are also agro-based.

After independence, the development of industries in the small scale sector has been receiving the attention of the Government in the district in order to help and assist the entrepreneurs to set up industries by making available to them the technical know-how, project-profiles, arrangements for finance, working capital, raw material, etc.

Apart from small scale units, rural artisans are being encouraged to pursue their traditional vocation to increase production and attain self sufficiency.

As regards trade, the most important item is rice – both milled and hand-pound.The other important items are pulses and Tisi (Linseed). Trade in Sal wood, which is mostly obtained from Nepal, is also significant.

Live stock

Live stock is very important in a district like Sheohar with a predominantly agricultural economy. In the district number of cattle is fairly high. The people of the area have not taken to poultry farming on large scale.

No special fodder grass is grown on an extensive scale for feeding the cattle. Straw from paddy, wheat hush, leaves of maize and sugarcane provide fodder.

Public Health

There are a number of district dispensaries known as Primary Health Centres and Health Sub-centres located in different blocks of the district. Apart from allopathic dispensaries the district has a few Ayurvedic dispensaries also. Some of the state dispensaries are quite old and started before 1950.

Land Revenue and Land Reforms

The district had Permanent Zamindari System of Land Revenue Settlement before the abolition of Zamindari System. The state Govt. has acquired the Zamindaries and the intermediary system between the raiyat and Government has since been abolished. But the early history of Land Revenue System of the combined district of Muzaffarpur prior to 1875, when it was separated from Darbhanga is very interesting. The first assessment of land revenue in Tirhut Division was made in 1582 by Raja Todar Mal, the famous Diwan of Akbar, consequently an area of 81,737 acres in Tirhut was settled at a revenue of Rs. 1,63,020. Subsequently, during the reign of Aurangzeb in 1685 the above assessment was raised to Rs.1,798,576. Again in the year 1750, during the time of Nawab Alivardi Khan of Bengal, the land revenue assessment was reduced to Rs. 1,648,142. From the Farman of Aurangzeb, issued in the thirteenth year of his reign, it appears that Tirhut included 102 Mahals. From the same Farman it appears that the Mughal revenue administration conferred the office of Kanungo for the whole of Subah Bihar on three persons only. They used to collect the revenue of the whole Subah and receive 8 annas per hundred rupees as remuneration besides ‘dastur’ and ‘nankar’. A subsequent Farman issued in 1783-84 by Shah Alam confirmed the descendents of the above three persons in the office of Kanungo for the whole of Bihar on the same terms and condition.

By the Diwani Grant of 1765 the right of collecting revenue in Bengal, Bihar and Orissa was transferred to the East India Company. But actually collection continued to be in the hands of the Nawab’s officers. The East India company appointed Raja Sitab

Roy to supervise the revenue collection in Bihar.The dual control resulted in much confusion and apprehension to tenure holders. Hence in 1769 European Supervisors were appointed. In 1770 a Revenue Council was established at Patna, and it was decided to transfer the contol of revenue collection to the servants of the East India Company. Accordingly, in the year 1771 a European Collector was appointed in Tirhut for the first time. But this experiment failed and in 1772 the control of a Provincial Council at Patna and quinquennial settlement of land was made.This experiment also failed. Hence annual settlement was made from 1778. But this system also proved to be a failure and Tirhut was again placed under a European collector in 1782. Francois Grand was appointed Collector of Tirhut in 1782. Annual settlement of land continued till 1789. During this period, the collector had to face immense difficulties both in the matters of settling revenue and realising it. In the year 1783 the Board of Revenue at Calcutta deputed Mr. John Shore to Patna for effecting a new settlement of the province of Bihar. The collector of Tirhut was accordingly asked to prepare immediately a Jamma Wasul Baky of the 'mahals' of his district. In May 1789, the Governor General in council resolved to carry out the orders of the court of Directors for a new settlement of Bihar for a period of ten years, which if approved by the court, would become permanent without any further change or modification. The Zama which each Zamindar was to pay, was to be fixed by the collector on fair and equitable principles. Although systematic attempts were made to collect information and make settlements on the principles of equity and fairness but the decennial settlement was concluded more hastily than steadily with the result that when permanent settlement was effected in 1793 about sixty percent of the total area of the district escaped settlement. The total land revenue fixed was Rs. 9,83,642 out of which Rs. 4,36,000 represented the demand of the old district of Muzaffarpur. Subsequently efforts were made to cover up the unassessed land by resumption of revenue free grants. Nevertheless, all out efforts were also made to make the Revenue Records up-to-date and consolidate the Permanent Settlement. The Revenue Sales Act of 1850, the Land Registration Act of 1876, and the Estates Partition Act of 1876 were enacted. The implementation and enforcement of the provisions of these Acts enabled the British Government to prepare Revenue Rolls and other details of proprietors of Revenue paying and Revenue free estates on scientific line.

Before the enactment of Land Reforms Act 1950, there were thus, three categories of estates in the district of Muzarffarpur, namely (1) Revenue paying Estates (2) Revenue free Estates numbered 25,575 yielding a total revenue of Rs.9,58,539,123 and (3) Government Khas Mahal numbered 52 with a total revenue of Rs. 97,792,104

Land Reforms

Abolition of Zamindari – The problems relating to land revenue system had engaged the attention of the publicmen in Bihar and Bengal where the permanent settlement of 1793 prevailed. Towards the end of 1938 the Government of Bengal had appointed a Land Revenue Commission to examine the existing land revenue system with particular reference to the permanent settlement. After examining the question in all its aspects the commission gave its report in 1940. The serious defects in the Zamindari system were pointed out and the commission recommended abolition of Zamindari system and replacing the same by Raiyatwari system for improving the economic condition of the cultivators. With the Congress Ministry in Bihar this question was actively taken up. As the vital interest of the state required immediate steps to be taken up for improving the agricultural production and the condition of the cultivators the Legislature enacted various laws such as amendments to the Bengal Tenancy Act, the Chotanagpur Tenancy Act, Bakast Dispute Settlement Act, 1947, etc. The Bihar State Management of Estates Bill, 1947, and the Bihar State Acquisition of Zamindari Bill 1947 were also passed. Two years later the Bihar State Management and Tenure Act, 1949 (Bihar Act XXI of 1949) was passed. The Bihar Abolition of Zamindari Act, 1948 required the assent of the Governor General on the 6th July 1949. The validity of the Act was challenged and while petitions were pending in the High Court the State Act was replaced by the State Legislature and another measure called the Bihar Land Reforms Bill, 1949 was introduced in the month of December, 1949. This bill was passed and became later the Bihar Land

Reforms Act, 1950. On the 25th of September, 1950, The Land Reforms Act, 1950 was also challenged. Parts of the Act were declared ultra vires by the Patna High Court. The Constitution was amended by the Constitution Amendment Act, 1952. Even after the amendments of the Constitution, the Act was challenged but the Supreme Court declared the Act to be intra vires except for some minor sections. The State Government later decided to take over the entire Zamindaris. Under the provisions of section 3(b) of the Bihar Land Reforms Act, 1950 all the estates and all the tenure had passed to and become vested in the state with effect from the 26th January, 1955.

At the time of vesting of Zamindari into the state there were 12,102 proprietors, tenure holders and under tenure- holders in the district of Sitamarhi (then a subdivisions) with a collectable rental demand of Rs. 8,11083.16 only. The take over of Zamindaris which commenced in 1952 was finally completed in the year 1956. The implementation of the provisions of the Land Reforms Act involved a lot of difficulties at the initial stage for the local administration. However, these were got over through the perseverance of the local revenue administration the annual rental demand was firmed up and the new revenue system started functioning properly.

Communication

The district is devoid of any rail facilities. Sheohar road provides road link to the district and connects its district headquarters, Sheohar town with the district headquarters of Sitamarhi. This road which is about 25 Kms. in length provides links to the various Block headquarters of the district. All the Block headquarters of the district is connected by metalled road. However, during rains road communication is severely affected due to flood which damages the roads very badly.

Institutional Finance Agencies

Adequate provision of rural credit for the socio-economic development of rural population is of paramount importance. The nationalisation of commercial banks was done mainly with a view to providing easy credit to the rural masses to better their lot. Besides, Regional Rural Bank has been set up exclusively for the credit requirements of weaker section of the population. Lead Bank Scheme has also been introduced and the Central Bank of India is the Lead Bank for this district. Branches of different commercial banks, Regional Rural Bank, Land Development Bank and Central C o-operative Bank are operating in the areas of different blocks of the district.

Social Welfare Plans

A number of Social Welfare Programmes have been launched in the district. Since independence a large number of schemes for the welfare of Scheduled Caste and backward class have been taken up. The statewise scheme of old-age pension has been implemented in Sheohar district also. Widows and indigent persons have also been brought within the fold of the scheme.

A number of other schemes such as National Rural Employment Programme, Jawahar Rozgar Yojna and Prime Minister Rural Employment Programme etc. have also been undertaken in this district.

(v) Census concepts

Building

A 'Building' is generally a single structure on the ground. Sometimes it is made up of more than one component unit which are used or likely to be used as dwellings(residences) or establishments such as shops, business houses, offices, factories, workshops, worksheds, Schools, places of entertainment, places of worship, godowns, stores etc. It is also possible that building which have component units may be used for a combination of purposes such as shop-cum-residence,workshop-cum-residence,office-cum-residence,etc.

Usually a structure will have four walls and a roof. But in some areas the very nature of construction of houses is such that there may not be any wall. Such is the case of conical structures where entrance is also provided but they may not have any walls. Therefore, such of the conical structures are also treated as separate buildings.

Permanent houses

Houses, the walls and roof of which are made of permanent materials. The material of walls can be any one from the following, namely, galvanized iron

sheets or other metal sheets, asbestos sheets, burnt bricks, stones or concrete. Roof may be made of from any one of the following materials, namely, tiles, slate, galvanized iron sheets, metal sheets, asbestos sheets, bricks, stones or concrete.

Semi-permanent houses

Houses in which either the wall or the roof is made of permanent material and the other is made of temporary material.

Temporary houses

Houses in which both walls and roof are made of materials, which have to be replaced frequently. Walls may be made from any one of the following temporary materials, namely, grass, thatch, bamboo, plastic, polythene, mud, unburnt bricks or wood. Roof may be made from any one of the following temporary materials, namely, grass, thatch, bamboo, wood, mud, plastic or polythene.

Room

A room should have four walls with a doorway with a roof over head and should be wide and long enough for a person to sleep in, i.e., it should have a length of not less than 2 metres and a breadth of at least 1.5 metres and 2 metres in height. A room, however, which is used in common for sleeping, sitting, dining, storing and cooking, etc., should be regarded as a room. An unenclosed verandah, kitchen, store, garage, cattle-shed and latrine and rooms in which a household industry such as a handloom is located, which are not normally used for living or sleeping are excluded from the definition of a living room for the purpose of this question.

One is likely to come across conical shaped hut or tent in which human beings reside. In such improvised accommodation, there will be no four walls to a room and therefore, the above definition would not strictly apply to such types of accommodation. In such cases, the tent or conical hut etc., have been construed to be a room.In certain parts of the country, particularly in rural areas, the pattern of housing may present some problems. For example, a household may be in occupation of several huts put to different uses such as main residence, sitting room, store and even for sleeping at night. By strict application of the definition each one will be reckoned as a census house, but this does not reflect the real situation. While huts used as store or cattle shed pose no problems, those used as sleeping rooms beyond the main residence, should be counted as rooms rather than separate census houses.If a garage is used by a servant and he lives in it as a separate household, it should be reckoned as a room available to the servant's household. If the servant is considered as a member of the household then the garage room should be reckoned as an additional room of the household.

Dwelling Room

A room is treated as a dwelling room if it has walls with a doorway and a roof and should be wide and long enough for a person to sleep in, i.e. it should have a length of not less than 2 metres and a breadth of at least 1.5 metres and a height of 2 metres. A dwelling room would include living room, bedroom, dining room, drawing room, study room, servant's room and other habitable rooms. Kitchen, bathroom, latrine, store room, passageway and verandah which are not normally usable for living are not considered as dwelling rooms. A room, used for multipurpose such as sleeping, sitting, dining, storing, cooking, etc., is regarded as a dwelling room. In a situation where a census houses is used as a shop or office., etc., and the household also stays in it then the room is not considered as a dwelling room. But if a garage or servant quarter is used by a servant and if she/ he also lives in it as a separate household then this has been considered as a dwelling room available to the servant's household. Tent or conical shaped hut if used for living by any household is also considered as dwelling room.

A dwelling room, which is shared by more than one household, has not been counted for any of them. If two households have a dwelling room each but in addition also share a common dwelling room, then the common room has not been counted for either of the households.

Census house

A 'census house' is a building or part of a building used or recognised as a separate unit because of having a separate main entrance from the road or common courtyard or staircase, etc. It may be occupied or vacant. It may be used for residential or non- residential purpose or both.

In certain peculiar situations, the manner in which buildings and census houses were identified for numbering in the field by the enumerators is described hereunder:

Sometimes a series of different buildings are found along a street which are joined with one another by common walls on either side looking like a continuous structure. These different units are practically independent of one another and are likely to have been built at different times and owned by different persons. In such cases, though the whole structure with all the adjoining units apparently appears to be one building, each portion was treated as a separate building and its constituent units as separate census houses.

On the other hand, one may come across cases, particularly in large cities of multi-storeyed ownership flats. In these cases while the structure looks like one building, different persons own the flats. In case of such multi-storeyed structures, having a number of flats owned by different persons, the entire structure was treated as one building and each flat as a separate census house.

If within a large enclosed area, there are separate buildings owned by different persons then each such building is treated as a separate building. There can be a situation where within an enclosed compound there are separate buildings owned by an undertaking or company or even government that are actually in occupation of different persons. For example, Indian Oil Corporation colony where the buildings are owned by the Corporation but these are in occupation of their employees. Each such building was treated as a separate building. But if in any one of these buildings there were flats in occupation of different households, each such flat was reckoned as a separate census house.

Sometimes it becomes difficult to apply the definition of census house strictly in certain cases. For example, in an urban area, if a flat has five rooms, each room having direct entrance from the common staircase or courtyard. By definition, this has to be treated as five census houses. If all these five rooms are occupied by a single household it was not realistic to treat them as five census houses. In such a case,'singleness' of use of these rooms along with the main house should be considered and the entire flat was treated as one census house. On the other hand, if two independent households occupy these five rooms, the first household living in 3 rooms and the second household occupying 2 rooms, then considering the use, the first three rooms together were treated as one census house and the remaining rooms as another census house. But if each room was occupied by an independent household, then each such room was treated as a separate census house.

In case of hostels, hotels, etc., even if the door of each room in which an inmate lives opens to a common verandah, staircase, courtyard or a common room, as it happens almost invariably, the entire hostel/ Hotel building was treated as one census house. but if such hostels/ hotels have out- houses or other structures used for different purposes or the same purpose, then each such structure attached to the main hostel / hotel was treated as a separate census house.

In some parts of the country, in rural areas, the pattern of habitation is such that a group of huts, located in a compound, whether enclosed or unenclosed, is occupied by one household. While the main residence may be located in one hut, other huts may be used for sleeping, as a kitchen, bath room, baithak, etc. Though each of the huts was a separate structure, they form a single housing unit and therefore, have to be treated collectively as one building and one census house. If some of the huts are used by one household and the others by a second household as residence, then the two groups of huts were treated as separate census houses. However, if there were also other huts in the compound used for other purposes and not as part of the household's residence such as, cattle shed, workshed, etc., these were treated as separate census houses.

On the other hand, in urban areas, where more than one structure within an enclosed or open compound (premises) belonging to the same person, e.g., the main house, the servant's quarter, the garage, etc., only one building number was given for this group and each of the constituent a separate census house number.

Only cases where a structure with roof and pillars has come up was treated as a building.

Village

The basic unit for rural areas is the revenue village which has definite surveyed boundaries. The revenue village may comprise of one or more hamlets but the entire village is treated as one unit for presentation of data. In unsurveyed areas, like villages within forest areas, each habitation area with locally recognized boundaries is treated as one village.

Rural-Urban area

The data in tables on Houses, Household Amenities and Assets are presented separately for rural and urban areas. The unit of classification in this regard is 'town' for urban areas and 'village' for rural areas. In the Census of India 2001, the definition of urban area adopted is as follows:

a) All places with a municipality, corporation, cantonment board or notified town area committee, etc.

b) A place satisfying the following three criteria simultaneously:

i)A minimum population of 5,000;

ii)at least 75 per cent of male working population engaged in non-agricultural pursuits; and

iii) a density of population of at least 400 per sq. km.(1,000 per sq.mile)

For identification of places which would qualify to be classified as 'urban' all villages, which, as per the 1991 Census had a population of 4,000 and above, a population density of 400 persons per sq. km. and having at least 75 per cent of male working population engaged in non-agricultural activity were considered. To work out the proportion of male working population referred to above against b) (ii), the data relating to main workers were taken into account.

Apart from these, the outgrowths(OGs) of cities and towns have also been treated as urban under 'Urban Agglomerations'. Examples of out-growths are railway colonies, university campuses, port areas, military camps, etc., that may have come up near a statutory town or city but within the revenue limits of a village or villages contiguous to the town or city. Each such individual area by itself may not satisfy the demographic criteria laid down at (b) above to qualify it to be treated as an independent urban unit but may deserve to be clubbed with the towns as a continuous urban spread. Thus, the town level data, wherever presented, also includes the data for outgrowths of such towns.

City

Towns with population of 1,00,000 and above are called cities.

Urban Agglomeration

An Urban Agglomeration is a continuous urban spread constituting a town and its adjoining urban outgrowths (OGs) or two or more physically contiguous towns together and any adjoining urban outgrowths of such towns. In some cases railway colonies, university campuses, port areas, etc., may come up near a city or statutory town outside its statutory limits but within the revenue limits of a village or villages contiguous to the town or city. Each such individual area by itself may not satisfy the minimum population limit to qualify it to be treated as an independent urban unit but may deserve to be clubbed with the town as a continuous urban spread.

For the purpose of delineation of Urban Agglomerations during Census of India 2001, following criteria are taken as pre-requisites:

(a) The core town or at least one of the constituent towns of an urban agglomeration should necessarily be a statutory town ; and

(b) The total population of all the constituents (i.e., towns and outgrowths) of an Urban Agglomeration should not be less than 20,000 (as per the 1991 Census).

With these two basic criteria having been met, the following are the possible different situations in which Urban Agglomerations would be constituted:

i) a city or town with one or more contiguous outgrowths;

ii) two or more adjoining towns with their outgrowths; and

iii) a city and one or more adjoining towns with their outgrowths all of which form a continuous spread.

Household

A 'household' is usually a group of persons who normally live together and take their meals from a common kitchen unless the exigencies of work

prevent any of them from doing so. Persons in a household may be related or unrelated or a mix of both. However, if a group of unrelated persons live in a census house but do not take their meals from the common kitchen, then they are not constituent of a common household. Each such person was to be treated as a separate household. The important link in finding out whether it was a household or not was a common kitchen. There may be one member households, two member households or multi-member households.

Institutional household :

A group of unrelated persons who live in an institution and take their meals from a common kitchen is called an Institutional Household. Examples of Institutional Households are boarding houses, messes, hostels, hotels, rescue homes, jails, ashrams, orphanages, etc. To make the definition more clearly perceptible to the enumerators at the Census 2001, it was specifically mentioned that this category or households would cover only those households where a group of unrelated persons live in an institution and share a common kitchen.

Houseless household

Households who do not live in buildings or census houses but live in the open on roadside, pavements, in hume pipes, under fly-overs and staircases, or in the open in places of worship, mandaps, railway platforms, etc., are treated as Houseless Households.

Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe :

Article 341 of the Constitution provides that the President may, with respect to any State or Union territory, specify the castes, races or tribes or parts of or groups within castes, races or tribes which shall for the purposes of the Constitution be deemed to be Scheduled Castes in relation to that State or Union territory. Article 342 similarly provides for specification of tribes or tribal communities or parts of or groups within tribes or tribal communities which are to be deemed for the purposes of the Constitution to be Scheduled Tribes in relation to the various States and Union territories. In pursuance of these provisions, the list of Scheduled Castes and/or Scheduled Tribes are notified for each State and Union territory and are valid only within the jurisdiction of that State or Union territory and not outside.—It is important to mention here that under the Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Order, 1950, no person who professed a religion different from Hinduism was deemed to be a member of a Scheduled Caste in addition to every member of the Ramdasi, Kabirpanthi, Majhabi or Sikligar caste resident in Punjab or Patiala and East Punjab States Union were in relation to that State whether they professed the Hindu or the Sikh religion. Subsequently, in September 1956, by an amendment, the Presidential Order of 1950 and in all subsequent Presidential Orders relating to Scheduled Castes, the Hindu and the Sikh religions were placed on the same footing with regard to the specification of Scheduled Castes. Later on, as per the amendment made in the Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Order 1990, the Hindu, the Sikh and the Buddhist were placed on the same footing with regard to the recognition of the Scheduled Castes.-

The lists containing the names of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes applicable for the Census of India 2001 in the State of Bihar are given below :

Scheduled Castes :

1. Bantar
2. Bauri
3. Bhogta
4. Bhuiya
5. Bhumij (excluding North Chotanagpur and South Chotanagpur divisions and Santal Parganas district)
6. Chamar, Mochi
7. Chaupal
8. Dabgar
9. Dhobi
10. Dom, Dhangad
11. Dusadh, Dhari, Dharhi
12. Ghasi

13. Halalkhor
14. Hari, Mehtar, Bhangi
15. Kanjar
16. Kurariar
17. Lalbegi
18. Musahar
19. Nat
20. Pan, Sawasi
21. Pasi
22. Rajwar
23. Turi

Scheduled Tribes :

1. Asur
2. Baiga
3. Banjara
4. Bathudi
5. Bedia
6. Bhumij (in North Chotanagpur and South Chotanagpur divisions and Santal Parganas district)
7. Binjhia
8. Birhor
9. Birjia
10. Chero
11. Chik Baraik
12. Gond
13. Gorait
14. Ho
15. Karmali
16. Kharia
17. Kharwar
18. Khond
19. Kisan
20. Kora
21. Korwa
22. Lohara, Lohra
23. Mahli
24. Mal Paharia
25. Munda
26. Oraon
27. Parhaiya
28. Santal
29. Sauria Paharia
30. Savar

Language and Mother tongue

As per the census concept, each language is a group of mother tongues. The census questionnaire collects information on the mother tongue of each person and mother tongue is defined as the language spoken in childhood by the person's mother to the person. If the mother died in infancy, the language mainly spoken in the person's home in childhood will be the mother tongue. In the case of infants and deaf mutes, the language usually spoken by the mother is considered as mother tongue. It is not necessary that the language spoken as mother tongue should have a script. The mother tongues returned by the respondents in census are classified and grouped under appropriate languages according to their linguistic characteristics.

Literate

A person age 7 years and above who can both read and write with understanding in any language is taken as literate. A person who can only read but cannot write is not literate. It is not necessary that to be considered as literate, a person should have received any formal education or passed any minimum educational standard. Literacy could also have been achieved through adult literacy classes or through any non-formal educational system. People who are blind and can read in Braille are treated as literates.

Literacy rate

Literacy rate of the population is defined as the percentage of literates in the age group seven years and above. For different age groups the percentage of literates in that age group gives the literacy rate.

Educational level

The highest level of education a person has completed.

Work

Work is defined as participation in any economically productive activity with or without compensation, wages or profit. Such participation may be physical and/or mental in nature. Work involves not only actual work but also includes effective supervision and direction of work. It even includes part time help or unpaid work on farm, family enterprise or in any other economic activity. All persons engaged in 'work' as defined above are workers. Persons who are engaged in cultivation or milk production even solely for domestic consumption are also treated as workers. Reference period for determining a person as worker and non-worker is one year preceding the date of enumeration.

Main worker

Person who has worked for major part of the reference period (i.e. six months or more during the last one year preceding the date of enumeration) in any economically productive activity is termed as 'Main worker'.

Marginal worker

A person who worked for less than six months of the reference period (i.e. in the last one year preceding the date of enumeration) in any economic activity is termed as 'Marginal worker' .

Non worker

A person who has not worked at all in any economically productive activity during the reference period (i.e. last one year preceding the date of enumeration) is termed as 'Non worker'.

Cultivator

For purposes of the Census a person is classified as cultivator if he or she is engaged in cultivation on land owned or held from government or held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share. Cultivation includes effective supervision or direction in cultivation.— A person who has given out her/his land to another person or persons or institution(s) for cultivation for money, kind or share of crop and who does not even supervise or direct cultivation in exchange of land, is not treated as cultivator. Similarly, a person working on another person's land for wages in cash or kind or a combination of both (agricultural labourer) is not treated as cultivator.-Cultivation involves ploughing, sowing, harvesting and production of cereals and millet crops such as wheat, paddy, jowar, bajra, ragi, etc., and other crops such as sugarcane, tobacco, ground-nuts, tapioca, etc., and pulses, raw jute and kindred fiber crop, cotton, cinchona and other medicinal plants, fruit growing, vegetable growing -or keeping orchards or groves, etc. Cultivation does not include the following plantation crops – tea, coffee, rubber, coconut and betel-nuts (areca).

Agricultural labourer

A person who works on another person's land for wages in money or kind or share is regarded as an agricultural labourer. She/he has no risk in the cultivation, but merely works on another person's land for wages. An agricultural labourer has no right of lease or contract on land on which she/he works.

Household industry worker

Household industry is defined as an industry conducted by the head of the household herself/himself and or by the members of the household at home or within the village in rural areas and only within the precincts of the house where the household lives in urban areas. The larger proportion of workers in household industry should consist of members of the household including the head. The industry should not be run on the scale of a registered factory which would qualify or has to be registered under the Indian Factories Act and should be engaged in manufacturing, processing, servicing and repairs of goods.— It does

not include professions such as a pleader, Doctor, Musician, Dancer, Waterman, Astrologer, Dhobi, Barber, etc. or merely trade or business, even if such professions,trade or services are run at home by members of the household.

Other worker

A person who has been engaged in some economic activity during the reference period but not as a cultivator or agricultural labourer or in Household Industry is termed as a 'Other Worker (OW)'. The type of workers that come under this category of 'OW' include all government servants, municipal employees, teachers, factory workers, plantation workers, those engaged in trade, commerce, business, transport, banking, mining, construction, political or social work, priests, entertainment artists, etc. In effect, all those workers other than cultivators or agricultural labourers or household industry workers, are 'Other Workers'.

Work participation rate

Percentage of workers (main + marginal) to total population.

Population density

Population density is the number of persons inhabited per square kilometre of the area.

Age

Age is measured in terms of the completed number of years.

Sex-ratio

Number of females per 1000 males in a population.

(vi) Non-Census Concepts

Improved drinking water

If the household had access to drinking water supplied from a tap, hand pump, tube well or well (protected or covered) situated within or outside the premises, it is considered as having access to improved drinking water.It may be mentioned that such uniform definition may not be valid across all states.

System of sewerage

Generally, a sewerage system would mean a network of mains and branches of underground conduits for the conveyance of sewerage to the point of disposal. Sewers that carry only household and industrial wastage are called separate sewers; those that carry storm water from roofs, streets and other surfaces are known as storm water drains, while those carrying both sewage and storm water are called combined sewers. However, in some towns which are not provided with such underground sewerage system, it is served by open surface drain, box drain, sylk pattern drain, etc., in these towns.

Type of latrine and Method of disposal of night soil

There are three prevalent systems of disposal of human wastes, viz. (i) underground sewerage, (ii) sanitary water flush latrines with individual disposal systems, like septic tank, leaching cess pool and collecting well, and (iii) dry type of latrines with manual scavenging.

The system of underground sewerage provides for the street sewerage with which are connected the sanitary latrines constructed in the houses having water closets and fitted with flushing cistern (or hand flushing). Through this sewer the faecal matter is transported without the need for scavenging. This system generally exists in cities and big towns.

Where the streets sewer does not exist these sanitary water flush latrines are connected to a local septic tank with a sub-soil dispersion system or a leaching pit. Here the liquid wastes from the water closet is disposed of locally in leaching pit, a septic tank with a soil dispersion system is constructed. This dispersion requires an optimum travel through the pores of the soil which renders the harmful liquid bacterially innocuous by the slow process of filtration through the soil traversed.

Where the soil is impermeable, collecting wells are constructed and the sanitary water flush latrines are connected with them. These wells are cleaned at periodic intervals by a suitable device. The dry type of latrines are of service type latrines from where human excreta is removed by scavengers from house to house, in most cases carrying it on their heads or

shoulders or in baskets with handle or wheel barrows. These are then collected in bullock carts or trucks or tractors and trolleys for being carried to the dumping grounds.

Fertility

In demography, the word fertility is used in relation to the actual production of children or occurrence of births specially live births. Fertility is a measure of rate at which population adds to itself by births and normally assessed by relating the number of births to a full or part of the population, such as number of married women or number of women of child bearing age. The definitions of the terminology used in computing different fertility rates are mentioned below :

Crude birth rate(CBR)

Ratio of the number of live births in a year to the mid year population, normally expressed per 1,000 population.

$$CBR = \frac{\text{Number of live births during the year}}{\text{Mid –year Population}} \times 1{,}000$$

Crude death rate(CDR)

Ratio of the number of deaths in a year to the mid year population, normally expressed per 1,000 population.

$$CDR = \frac{\text{Number of deaths during the year}}{\text{Mid-year Population}} \times 1{,}000$$

Natural growth rate

Growth rate is obtained as the difference between crude birth rate and crude death rate in the absence of migration.

Age specific fertility rate (ASFR)

Number of live births in a year to female population in any specified age group normally expressed per 1,000 women.

$$ASFR = \frac{\text{Number of live births in a particular age-group}}{\text{Mid-year female population of the same age-group}} \times 1{,}000$$

Age specific marital fertility rate (ASMFR)

Number of live births in a year to married female population in any specified age group normally expressed per 1,000 married women.

$$ASMFR = \frac{\text{Number of live births in a particular age-group}}{\text{Mid-year married female population of the same age-group}} \times 1{,}000$$

General fertility rate (GFR)

Number of live births per 1000 women in the reproductive age-group (15-49) years in a given year.

$$GFR = \frac{\text{Number of live births in a year}}{\text{Mid-year female population in the age-group (15-49) years}} \times 1{,}000$$

General marital fertility rate (GMFR)

Number of live births per 1000 married women in reproductive age-group (15-49) years in a given year.

$$GMFR = \frac{\text{Number of live births in a year}}{\text{Mid-year married female population in the age-group (15-49) years.}} \times 1{,}000$$

Total fertility rate (TFR)

It is obtained as the total of the age specific fertility rates (number of children born per woman of the particular age) for the entire reproductive age span. It provides the average number of children that will be born to a woman under the fertility levels indicated by the age specific fertility rates assuming that there is no mortality of women till the completion of reproductive period.

$$TFR = \frac{5 \times \sum_{15\text{-}19}^{45\text{-}49} ASFR}{1{,}000}$$

Total marital fertility rate (TMFR)

Average number of children that would be born to a married woman if she experiences the current fertility pattern throughout her reproductive span (15-49) years assuming that there is no mortality of women till the completion of reproductive period.

$$TMFR = \frac{5 \times \sum_{15\text{-}19}^{45\text{-}49} ASMFR}{1{,}000}$$

Age-specific mortality rate (ASMR)

Number of deaths in a particular age and sex group per 1,000 population of the same age group.

$$ASMR = \frac{\text{Number of deaths in a particular age-group}}{\text{Mid-year population of the same age-group}} \times 1{,}000$$

q1 :

Probability of dying between birth and age1. This can be used as approximate value of Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) which gives the ratio of number of deaths in a year of children aged less than one year to the number of births in that year.

q2 :

Probability of dying between birth and age 2.

q5 :

Probability of dying between birth and age 5. This indicator is also known as Under Five Mortality Rate (U5MR).

Infant mortality rate (IMR)

Ratio of the number of infant deaths (deaths of children below one year) in a year to the number of live births in that year.

$$IMR = \frac{\text{Number of infant deaths during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

Infant mortality rate comprises of two parts, viz., Neo-natal mortality rate and Post neo-natal mortality rate. The neo-natal mortality rate also comprises of two parts viz., Early neo-natal mortality rate and late neo-natal mortality rate. These are defined as :

Neo-natal mortality rate (NMR)

Number of infants dying within the first month of life (28 days or under) in a year per 1,000 live births of the same year.

$$NMR = \frac{\text{Number of infant deaths aged 28 days or under during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

Early neo-natal mortality rate

$$= \frac{\text{Number of infant deaths of less than 7 days During the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

Late neo-natal mortality rate

$$= \frac{\text{Number of infant deaths of 7 days to less than 29 days during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

Post neo-natal mortality rate (PNMR)

$$= \frac{\text{Number of deaths of 29 days to less than one year during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

Peri-natal mortality rate (PMR)

Number of still births plus deaths within 1st week of delivery per 1,000 births in a year.

$$PMR = \frac{\text{Number of still births and infant deaths of less than 7 days during the year}}{\text{Number of live births and still births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

Still birth rate (SBR)

$$= \frac{\text{Number of still births during the year}}{\text{Number of live births and still births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

Maternal mortality rate (MMR)

Number of deaths of women in the age group 15-49 while pregnant or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy from any cause related to pregnancy and child birth per 1,00,000 live births in a given year.

$$MMR = \frac{\text{Number of maternal deaths to women in the age group 15-49}}{\text{Number of live birth}} \times 100{,}000$$

Eligible couple (Couples per 1000 population)

Number of currently married females in the age group15-44 years per 1000 persons of all ages.

Child woman ratio (0-4)

Number of children in the age group 0-4 years per 1000 women in the age group 15-49 years.

Child woman ratio (5-9)

Number of children in the age group 5-9 years per 1000 women in the age group 15-49 years.

Migration

Migration is the third component of population change, the other two being mortality and fertility.

A person is considered as a migrant by place of birth if the place in which he/she is enumerated during the census is other than the place of his/her birth.

Similarly a person is considered as a migrant by place of last residence if the place in which he/she is enumerated during the census is other than his/her place of immediate last residence outside the village or town and not simply in another house or locality in the same village or town.

Certain aspects concerning temporary movement/ migration of people has been explained below as these are important components concerning migration :

(i) Migration of persons in search of job is high in the country. In many cases such migrants are only seasonal in nature. People migrate to other places for work in a particular season and come back again to their usual place of residence after three or four months. All such workers are treated as migrants. Similarly, if a person moved to any other place for attending short term vocational or educational course that lasted for only few months of a year, she/he too were considered as a migrant.

(ii) Where a person had merely gone out to another place or had been shifting from one place to another purely on tour, pilgrimage, visit to hospital for treatment or for temporary business purposes, such persons are not deemed to have had another residence different from the place where she/he or her/his family normally resides. She/he is not considered as migrant.

(iii) A woman temporarily moves into a hospital or to her parents or other relative's house for delivery and if the hospital or the parents/ relatives houses is in a place different from usual place of residence, the place where the hospital or parents/relative's house is the place of last residence of the child but not of the mother.

A new response category 'Moved after birth' was added in Census of India 2001 in the question on 'reasons for migration' to bring out additional migration patterns. Natural calamities or distress migration as a reason for migration for last residence migrants included in 1991 Census, is covered under category of 'Others'. The reason for migration has been determined as applicable at the time of migration and not in reference to any point of time after that. For example, if a person had moved from the place of her/his last residence for the purpose of education and subsequently at some point of time got employment there only, the reason for migration would be 'education' and not 'work/employment'.

Internal and International migration

The migrational movements are of three types (i) Migration within the state itself with its components (a) Migration within the district of enumeration (intra district migration) (b) Migration from one district of state to another district of state (inter district migration), (ii) Migration from one state to another State of the country (inter-state migration), (iii) Migration from one country to another country. The first two streams together constitute internal migration, while the last type of movement is called international migration.The present name of the country, state or district and not the name by which they were known at the time of her/his birth or last residence were recorded.

Rural-Urban components of migration

Rural or Urban status in respect of migrants have been determined as applicable at the time of migration and not with reference to any point of time after that. The flow of migrants consists of four streams viz. rural to rural, rural to urban, urban to rural and urban to urban.

Civic status of urban units

Civic Status of a town/city is determined on the basis of Civic Administrative authority of the town e.g.,

Municipal Corporation/Corporation, Municipal Committee/Municipal council, Municipality etc.

Size class of UA/Town

Size-class of UA/Town is based on the population size of the UA/City/Town UAs./Towns with 1,00,000 and above population are classified as Class I UAs./ towns. These Class I UAs/Towns are now further sub classified into seven sub classes namely M1 to M7 depending on the population size of UA/City/Town. These are M7(5,000,000 and above); M6 (2,000,000 to 4,999,999); M5 (1,000,000-1,999,999) M4 (500,000-999,999); M3(300,000-499,999), M2 (200,000-299,999) & M1 (100,000-199,999) towns with 50,000 to 99,999 population are classified as Class II towns, 20,000 to 49,999 population are Class III towns, population with 10,000-19,999 are Class IV towns, population with 5000 and 9999 are Class V towns and towns with less than 5000 population are Class VI towns.

Slum area

The Slum Areas (Improvement and Clearance) Act, 1956 which was enacted by the Central Govt. defined slums as a) Areas where buildings are in any respect unfit for human habitation; or b) are by reasons of dilapidation, overcrowding, fault arrangement and design of such buildings, narrowness or faulty arrangement of streets, lack of ventilation, light or sanitation facilities, or any combination of these factors, are deterimental to safety ,health or morals.

Mega city

The concept of 'Mega city' is a recent phenomenon in the Urban Sociology and is defined in term of metropolitan city in the form of large size, problem of management of civic amenities and capacity to absorb the relatively high growth of population. Indian Census in 1991 treated the population size of 5 million and above as the cut off point to identify a place as the mega city. Whereas, for the purpose of inclusion in Centrally Sponsored Scheme for Infrastructure Development in Mega cities the Ministry of Urban Affairs and employment, Department of Urban Development adopted the criteria of 4 million and above population as per 1991 Census for Mega Cities. In 2001 Census, cities with 10 millions and above population have been treated as Mega cities.

Note on religion

The population of the Sitamarhi district (from which the district of Sheohar was carved out) during 1991 was 2,391,495. Hindus constitute over 80 per cent (1,919,514 persons) of the population in the district followed by Muslims 19.7 percent (471,508 persons). All other four major religious communities have almost negligible percentages.

Note on mother tongue

Spoken language, which is medium of conversation, is an important attribute of population. The Census Of India has been the richest source of language data collected and published during the successive decennial censuses over a century. During 1991 census, as in the previous censuses, the mother tongue as returned by each individual was collected.

The population of the Sitamarhi district (from which the district of Sheohar was carved out) during 1991 was 2,391,495. As per distribution of different mother tongues (languages mentioned under 8th Schedule of Constitution of India) as returned during the 1991 Census for Sitamarhi district, Hindi, the main mother tongue of the district was returned by 84.1 percent (2,011,617 persons) of the population. The corresponding percentage for the Urdu, the second most prominent language spoken in Sitamarhi district, was 15.9 percent (379,186 persons). Speakers of other Scheduled languages were very thin in number than the two described above.

Note on important SCs and STs in the district of Sitamarhi during 1991 Census

The population of the Scheduled Caste in the Sitamarhi district (from which the district of Sheohar was carved out) during 1991 was 2,89,834. Numerically five important SCs were namely, Dusadh/Dhari (ii) Chamar/Mochi (iii) Musahar (iv) Dhobi and (v) Pasi. The population of Dusadh/Dhari was 1,08,082 which constituted 37.3 percent of the Scheduled Castes population. The population of Chamar/Mochi was 1,00,372 which constituted 34.6 percent of the Scheduled Castes population. Musahar had 36,233 population which constituted 12.5 percent of the Scheduled Caste population. Dhobi had 32,192 population while Pasi had 5088 population. Dhobi constituted 11.1 percent while Pasi constituted only 1.8 percent of the Scheduled Castes population.

The population of the Scheduled Tribes in the

district of Sitamarhi during 1991 Census was 394. Numerically five important STs were namely (i) Bedia (ii) Gond (iii) Oraon (iv) Baiga and (v) Santal. Bedia had 145 population which constituted 36.8 percent of the Scheduled Tribes population. Gond had 103 population which constituted 36.1 percent of the Scheduled Tribes population. Oraon had 25 population which constituted 6.3 percent of the Scheduled Tribes population. Baiga has 16 population while Santal had 11 population. Baiga constituted 4.1 percent while Santal constituted 2.8 percent of the Scheduled Tribes population.

(vii) 2001 Census Findings–Population , its Distribution

According to the 2001 Census, the total population of Sheohar district is 515,961 comprising 273,680 Males and 242,281 Females and constituting 0.6 percent of the State population spread over 0.4 percent of the area of the State in the 5 C.D. Blocks of the district. Tariani Chawk is the most populous where as Dumri Katsari is the least populated C.D. Block in the district. Tables 1 to 52 based on PCA,V.D & Household data give insight into the colour and texture of the population in the district.

(a) Brief analysis of PCA data based on inset tables 1 to 36 :

TABLE 1: DECADAL CHANGE IN POPULATION OF C.D.BLOCK BY RESIDENCE, 1991-2001

Serial		Population						Percentage decadal variation 1991-2001			Percentage urban population	
		1991			2001							
number	C.D. Block	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	1991	2001
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Purnahiya	54,711	54,711	0	71,722	71,722	0	31.1	31.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	Piprarhi	70,666	70,666	0	95,441	95,441	0	35.1	35.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	Sheohar	85,792	71,877	13,915	122,340	101,078	21,262	42.6	40.6	52.8	16.2	17.4
4	Dumri Katsari	54,842	54,842	0	71,405	71,405	0	30.2	30.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	Tariani Chowk	111,688	111,688	0	155,053	155,053	0	38.8	38.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
	District Total:	**377,699**	**363,784**	**13,915**	**515,961**	**494,699**	**21,262**	**36.6**	**36.0**	**52.8**	**3.7**	**4.1**

Table 1 shows that rise in the population of this district during 1991-2001 decade has been of the order of 36.6 percent. The rural population in the district has increased by 36.0 percent while the urban population growth over the decade has been as much as 52.8 percent. Rural-urban migration is an important factor which always leads to rapid expansion of the urban unit. Among the C.D. Blocks, Sheohar has shown the highest increase in population over the decade with 42.6 percent. It may be due to the fact that Sheohar town, the district headquarters, is located in this C.D. Block. The next highest increase in population is observed in Tariani Chowk C.D. Block with 38.8 percent followed by Piprarhi C.D. Block with 35.1 percent. Percentage decadal variation has been observed the least in the case of Dumri Katsari C.D. Block with 30.2.

The increase in rural population during 1991-2001 has been the highest in Sheohar C.D. Block with 40.6 percent followed by Tariani Chowk C.D. Block with 38.8 percent while the lowest is recorded in Purnahiya C.D. Block (31.1%)

TABLE 2 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF INHABITED VILLAGES IN SPECIFIED POPULATION SIZE RANGES WITH THE RELATED POPULATION , 2001

Serial		Total number of inhabited	Total rural population			Number and percentage	Population less than 200	
number	District/C.D.Block	Village	Persons	Males	Females	of villages	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Purnahiya	26	71,722	38,209	33,513	0 (0.0)	0	0
2	Piprarhi	23	95,441	50,325	45,116	2 (8.7)	161	123
3	Sheohar	42	101,078	53,722	47,356	0 (0.0)	0	0
4	Dumri Katsari	27	71,405	37,837	33,568	1 (3.7)	104	87
5	Tariani Chowk	71	155,053	82,270	72,783	3 (4.2)	150	102
	District (Rural) Total:	**189**	**494,699**	**262,363**	**232,336**	**6 (3.2)**	**415**	**312**

TABLE 2 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF INHABITED VILLAGES IN SPECIFIED POPULATION SIZE RANGES WITH THE RELATED POPULATION , 2001 (*Contd.*)

Serial number	District/C.D. Block	Number and percentage of villages	Population 200-499		Number and percentage of villages	Population 500-999		Number and percentage of villages	Population 1000-1999	
			Males	Females		Males	Females		Males	Females
1	2	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1	Purnahiya	0 (0.0)	0	0	4 (15.4)	1,526	1,307	7 (26.9)	5,850	5,091
2	Piprarhi	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0	5 (21.7)	3,964	3,590
3	Sheohar	2 (4.8)	461	411	3 (7.1)	1,101	956	20 (47.6)	15,308	13,563
4	Dumri Katsari	2 (7.4)	286	236	4 (14.8)	1,762	1,509	7 (25.9)	5,573	4,885
5	Tariani Chowk	9 (12.7)	1,509	1,290	8 (11.3)	2,979	2,632	24 (33.8)	18,756	16,627
	Districts (Rural) Total:	**13 (6.9)**	**2,256**	**1,937**	**19 (10.1)**	**7,368**	**6,404**	**63 (33.3)**	**49,451**	**43,756**

TABLE 2 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF INHABITED VILLAGES IN SPECIFIED POPULATION SIZE RANGES WITH THE RELATED POPULATION , 2001 (*Concld.*)

Serial number	District/C.D. Block	Number and percentage of villages	Population 2000-4999		Number and percentage of villages	Population 5000-9999		Number and percentage of villages	Population 10000 and above	
			Males	Females		Males	Females		Males	Females
1	2	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
1	Purnahiya	12 (46.2)	21,155	18,607	3 (11.5)	9,678	8,508	0 (0.0)	0	0
2	Piprarhi	11 (47.8)	18,912	16,538	3 (13.0)	11,230	10,122	2 (8.7)	16,058	14,743
3	Sheohar	13 (31.0)	21,740	19,093	4 (9.5)	15,112	13,333	0 (0.0)	0	0
4	Dumri Katsari	9 (33.3)	13,568	12,117	3 (11.1)	10,987	9,826	1 (3.7)	5,557	4,908
5	Tariani Chowk	21 (29.6)	34,504	30,683	5 (7.0)	19,071	16,718	1 (1.4)	5,301	4,731
	District (Rural) Total:	**66 (34.9)**	**109,879**	**97,038**	**18 (9.5)**	**66,078**	**58,507**	**4 (2.1)**	**26,916**	**24,382**

It may be observed in the Table 2 that the maximum number of villages in the district lie in the population range of 2000-4999 accounting for 34.9 percent of the total inhabited villages closely followed by villages in the population range of 1000-1999 accounting for 33.3 percent of the total inhabited villages. The proportion of population in the above two population ranges are 41.8 percent and 18.8 percent of the total rural population of the district respectively. The villages in the population range of 500-999 constitute 10.1 percent of the total inhabited villages and in these villages the proportion of population is only 2.8 percent.There are 18 villages in the population range of 5000-9999 accounting for 9.5 percent of the total inhabited villages and in these villages the proportion of population is 25.1 percent of the total rural population.There are 13 villages in the population range of 200-499 accounting for 6.9 percent of the total inhabited villages and in these villages the proportion of population is only 0.8 percent of the total rural population. There are only 6 villages in the population range of less than 200 accounting for 3.2 percent of the total inhabited villages and in these village the proportion of population is only 0.1 percent.There are only 4 villages in the highest population range of 10,000 and above accounting for only 2.1 percent of the total inhabited villages and in these villages the percentage of population is 10.4**.**

TABLE 3 : NEW TOWNS, DENOTIFIED, DECLASSIFIED AND MERGED TOWNS IN 2001 CENSUS

Above table is not applicale in respect of Sheohar district as there has been no change between 1991 Census and 2001 Census

TABLE 4 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY POPULATION DENSITY, 2001

Range of population density (per square kilometre)	Total number of villages in each population density range	Percentage of villages in each population density range	Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
0-10	1	0.5	1	0.0
11-20	0	0.0	0	0.0
21-50	0	0.0	0	0.0
51-100	0	0.0	0	0.0
101-200	2	1.1	284	0.1
201-300	3	1.6	1,057	0.2
301-500	6	3.2	3,423	0.7
501 +	177	93.7	489,934	99.0
Not known	0	0.0	0	0.0
District Total:	**189**	**100.0**	**494,699**	**100.0**
Population Density (Rural) of the district:			**1,165**	

The data presented in the above table highlight the fact that maximum proportion of villages in Sheohar district lies in the density range (per square kilometer) of 501 + with 93.7 percent of the total inhabited villages followed by villages in the density range of 301-500 which account for 3.2 percent. It would further be seen that small number of villages fall in the density range of 201-300 which account for 1.6 percent of the total inhabited villages.

Maximum number of villages fall in the density range of 501 + covering 99.0 percent of the population followed by villages in the density range of 301-500 which account for 0.7 percent of the population.

TABLE 5 : SEX RATIO OF STATE AND DISTRICT, 1901-2001

Census Year	State			District		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1901	1,061	1,064	1,003	1,089	1,089	-
1911	1,051	1,056	942	1,092	1,092	-
1921	1,020	1,027	886	1,079	1,079	-
1931	995	1,005	820	1,037	1,037	-
1941	1,002	1,012	842	1,048	1,048	-
1951	1,000	1,010	859	1,009	1,009	-
1961	1,005	1,020	832	1,020	1,020	-
1971	957	968	833	968	968	-
1981	948	959	852	923	923	-
1991	907	913	857	876	876	860
2001	919	926	868	885	886	879

Note: Sex ratio has been defined here as the number of females per 1000 males.

Table 5 shows that sex ratio for the urban areas of Sheohar district is marginally high as compared to the urban areas of the state during 1991 and 2001 Censuses. However, on the other hand, the sex ratio for the rural areas of the state is found to be comparatively high as compared to the rural areas of Sheohar district during 1991 and 2001 Censuses. It has already been discussed that the district of Sheohar was created after 1991 Census.It is found that in case of sex ratio in the total population in the district it is lower than the sex ratio of the State of Bihar both in 1991 and 2001 Censuses.

TABLE 6 : SEX RATIO BY C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D.Block	Sex ratio		
		Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5
1	Purnahiya	877	877	
2	Piprarhi	896	896	
3	Sheohar	881	882	879
4	Dumri Katsari	887	887	
5	Tariani Chowk	885	885	
	District Total:	**885**	**886**	**879**

In Sheohar district as a whole there are 885 females for every thousand males.Within the district, the Sex ratio varies from 896 in Piprarhi C.D. Block to 877 in Purnahiya C.D. Block. The sex ratio of Dumri Katsari C.D. Block is 887 while the sex ratio of Tariani chowk C.D. Block is 885. The sex ratio of Sheohar C.D. Block is 881. The sex ratio figures for rural and urban areas of Sheohar district are 886 and 879 respectively.

The sex ratios of Piprarhi and Dumri Katsari C.D. Blocks are higher than the district rural average of 886 while Purnahiya (877), Sheohar (882) and Tariani Chowk (885) C.D. Blocks have sex ratios below the district rural average. The urban sex ratio of the district is 879 which is lower than the total and rural averages of the district.

TABLE 7 : SEX RATIO BY CD BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C D block	Sex ratio
1	2	3
1	Purnahiya	877
2	Piprarhi	896
3	Sheohar	882
4	Dumri Katsari	887
5	Tariani Chowk	885
	District (Rural) Total:	**886**

As for rural in Sheohar district there are 886 females for every thousand males.Within the district, the sex ratio varies from 896 in Piprarhi C.D. Block to 877 in Purnahiya C.D. Block. The sex ratios of Sheohar, Dumri Katsari and Tariani Chowk C.D. Blocks are 882, 887 and 885 respectively. The sex ratios of Piprarhi and Dumri Katsari C.D.Blocks are higher than the district rural average of 886 while Purnahiya (877), Sheohar (882) and Tariani Chowk (885) C.D. Blocks have sex ratios below the district rural average.

TABLE 8 : SEX RATIO OF RURAL POPULATION BY RANGES, 2001

Range of sex ratio for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage of villages in each range	Population 2001	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
Less than 700	3	1.6	286	0.1
700-749	2	1.1	967	0.2
750-799	7	3.7	6,583	1.3
800-849	32	16.9	60,160	12.2
850-899	85	45.0	252,664	51.1
900-949	46	24.3	151,356	30.6
950-999	9	4.8	16,868	3.4
1000-1099	5	2.6	5,815	1.2
1100+	0	0.0	0	0.0
District Total:	**189**	**100.0**	**494,699**	**100.0**
Sex ratio (Rural) for District:		**886**		

It is observed in the Table 8 that the maximum proportion of villages in Sehohar district lies in the sex ratio range of 850-899 and these villages account for 45.0 per cent of the total inhabited villages. It further reveals that these villages which fall in this sex ratio range account for 51.1 percent of the district rural population. 46 villages (24.3%) fall in the sex ratio range of 900-949 and these villages account for 30.6 percent of the rural population of the district. 32 villages (16.9%) are in the sex ratio range of 800-849 and these villages account for 12.2 percent of the rural population. 9 villages (4.8%) fall in the favourable sex ratio range of 950-999 and these villages account for only 3.4 percent of the rural population. 7 villages (3.7%) are in the sex ratio range of 750-799 and these villages account for only 1.3 percent of the rural population. Only 5 villages (2.6%) fall in the very favourable sex ratio range of 1000-1099 and this small proportion of villages accounts for 1.2 percent of the rural population. Only 3 villages (1.6%) are in the lowest range of sex ratio(less than 700) which account for 0.1 per cent of the rural population.

TABLE 9 : SEX RATIO OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS/TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Town	Urban status of town	Sex ratio
1	2	3	4
1	Sheohar	N.A.	879
Sex ratio (Urban) for the district:			**879**

There is no urban agglomeration in Sheohar district. There is only one urban unit i.e. Sheohar (N.A.). The sex ratio of this statutory town is 879 according to 2001 Census.

TABLE 10 : SEX RATIO OF POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 FOR C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D.Block	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex-ratio for 0-6 age group
			Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Purnahiya	Total	14,518	7,552	6,966	922
		Rural	14,518	7,552	6,966	922
		Urban	0	0	0	0
2	Piprarhi	Total	19,104	9,918	9,186	926
		Rural	19,104	9,918	9,186	926
		Urban	0	0	0	0
3	Sheohar	Total	25,609	13,350	12,259	918
		Rural	21,153	11,049	10,104	914
		Urban	4,456	2,301	2,155	937
4	Dumri Katsari	Total	14,996	7,938	7,058	889
		Rural	14,996	7,938	7,058	889
		Urban	0	0	0	0
5	Tariani Chowk	Total	32,215	16,793	15,422	918
		Rural	32,215	16,793	15,422	918
		Urban	0	0	0	0
	District Total :	**Total**	**106,442**	**55,551**	**50,891**	**916**
		Rural	**101,986**	**53,250**	**48,736**	**915**
		Urban	**4,456**	**2,301**	**2,155**	**937**

It is observed from the above table that the sex ratio in the age group 0-6 in the district varies from 922 in Purnahiya C.D. Block to 889 in Dumri Katsari C.D.Block.The sex ratio in the age group 0-6 of Sheohar C.D.Block is 918 while the sex ratio of Piprarhi C.D. Block is 926.

The sex ratio figures in the age group 0-6 of Purnahiya, Piprarhi, Sheohar and Tariani Chowk C.D. Blocks are higher than the district total and rural averages while Dumri Katsari has sex ratio below the district total and rural averages. The urban sex ratio of Sheohar district is higher than the total and rural sex ratios of the district.

TABLE 11 : SEX RATIO OF POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 FOR C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial		Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex ratio for 0-6 age
number	Name of C.D. Block	Persons	Males	Females	Group
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Purnahiya	14,518	7,552	6,966	922
2	Piprarhi	19,104	9,918	9,186	926
3	Sheohar	21,153	11,049	10,104	914
4	Dumri Katsari	14,996	7,938	7,058	889
5	Tariani Chowk	32,215	16,793	15,422	918
	District (Rural) Total:	**101,986**	**53,250**	**48,736**	**915**

It is observed in table 11 that the sex ratio in the age group 0-6 among the rural population in the C.D. Blocks of the district varies from 926 in Piprarhi C.D. Block to 889 in Dumri Katsari C.D. Block. The sex ratio of Purnahiya C.D. Block is 922 while the sex ratio of Tariani Chowk C.D. Block is 918. The sex ratio figures of Purnahiya, Piprarhi and Tariani Chowk C.D. Blocks are higher than the district rural average while Sheohar and Dumri Katsari C.D. Blocks have sex ratios below the district rural average.

TABLE 12: SEX RATIO OF RURAL POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 BY RANGES, 2001

Range of sex ratio for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Population 2001	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
Less than 700	5	2.6	414	0.4
700-749	10	5.3	2,793	2.7
750-799	12	6.3	2,603	2.6
800-849	24	12.7	10,702	10.5
850-899	38	20.1	26,367	25.9
900-949	29	15.3	24,438	24.0
950-999	33	17.5	19,249	18.9
1000-1099	28	14.8	12,705	12.5
1100+	10	5.3	2,715	2.7
District (Rural) Total	**189**	**100.0**	**101,986**	**100.0**
Sex ratio (Rural) for District:		**915**		

It is observed in the above table that 20.1 percent of inhabited villages in Sheohar district lies in the sex ratio range of 850-899 in the age group 0-6. 29 villages (15.3%) fall in the sex ratio range of 900-949 in the age group 0-6. 33 villages (17.5%) are in the sex ratio range of 950-999. 28 villages (14.8%) are in the sex ratio range of 1000-1099 and 10 villages (5.3%) are in the sex ratio range of 1100 +. These villages having favourable sex ratio constitute 15.2 per cent of the rural population of the district. There are 24 villages (12.7%) in the district which lie in the unfavourable sex ratio range of 800-849. These villages account for

10.5 percent of the rural population of the district. There are 5 villages in the district having very unfavourable sex ratio range of less than 700 which account for 0.4 percent of the rural population of the district.

TABLE 13 : SEX RATIO OF POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 OF URBAN AGGLOMERATION/TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Town	Urban status of town	Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex ratio for 0-6 age group
			Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Sheohar	NA	4,456	2,301	2,155	937
	District(Urban) Total		**4,456**	**2,301**	**2,155**	**937**

There is no urban agglomeration in Sheohar district. It is apparent from the above table that there is only one statutory town in Sheohar district i.e. Sheohar NA. The sex ratio in the age group 0-6 of Sheohar NA is 937.

TABLE 14 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D.Block	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Purnahiya	Total	71,722	11,361	8	15.8	0.0
		Rural	71,722	11,361	8	15.8	0.0
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0.0
2	Piprarhi	Total	95,441	12,357	3	12.9	0.0
		Rural	95,441	12,357	3	12.9	0.0
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0.0
3	Sheohar	Total	122,340	18,992	17	15.5	0.0
		Rural	101,078	15,733	8	15.6	0.0
		Urban	21,262	3,259	9	15.3	0.0
4	Dumri Katsari	Total	71,405	9,399	18	13.2	0.0
		Rural	71,405	9,399	18	13.2	0.0
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0.0
5	Tariani Chowk	Total	155,053	22,282	18	14.4	0.0
		Rural	155,053	22,282	18	14.4	0.0
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0.0
	District Total:	**Total**	**515,961**	**74,391**	**64**	**14.4**	**0.0**
		Rural	**494,699**	**71,132**	**55**	**14.4**	**0.0**
		Urban	**21,262**	**3,259**	**9**	**15.3**	**0.0**

The above table shows that the percentage of Scheduled Castes in Sheohar district is 14.4 percent of the total population in the district. Within the district highest percentage of Scheduled Castes population is in Purnahiya C.D. Block with 15.8 percent closely followed by Sheohar,Tariani Chowk, Dumri Katsari and Piprarhi C.D. Blocks with 15.5, 14.4, 13.2 and 12.9 percent respectively.The percentage of Scheduled castes population in Sheohar district for the urban areas is 15.3 percent which is higher than the rural areas (14.4%) of the district. The percentage of Scheduled tribes population in the C.D. Blocks of Sheohar district is almost negligible.

TABLE 15 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D.Block	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Purnahiya	71,722	11,361	8	15.8	0.0
2	Piprarhi	95,441	12,357	3	12.9	0.0
3	Sheohar	101,078	15,733	8	15.6	0.0
4	Dumri Katsari	71,405	9,399	18	13.2	0.0
5	Tariani Chowk	155,053	22,282	18	14.4	0.0
	District(Rural) Total:	**494,699**	**71,132**	**55**	**14.4**	**0.0**

The above table indicates that the percentage of the Scheduled Castes in Sheohar district is of the order of 14.4 percent of the total rural population. The highest percentage of Scheduled Castes population is in Purnahiya C.D. Block with 15.8 per cent of the total population closely followed by Sheohar, Tariani Chowk, Dumri Katsari and Piprarhi C.D. Blocks with 15.6, 14.4, 13.2 and 12.9 percent respectively. The percentages of Scheduled castes population in Purnahiya and Sheohar C.D. Blocks are higher than the district rural average (14.4%). The percentage of Scheduled tribes population in the C.D. Blocks of Sheohar district is almost negligible as has been observed in the above table.

TABLE 16 : PROPORTION OF SCHEDULED CASTES POPULATION TO TOTAL POPULATION IN VILLAGES, 2001

Percentage Range of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Number of villages	Percentage	Population	Scheduled Castes Percentage
1	2	3	4	5
Nil	13	6.9	0	0.0
Less than 5	16	8.5	1,033	1.5
5-10	47	24.9	12,499	17.6
11-20	67	35.4	35,493	49.9
21-30	32	16.9	16,936	23.8
31-40	6	3.2	2,600	3.7
41-50	2	1.1	643	0.9
51-75	5	2.6	1,765	2.5
76 and above	1	0.5	163	0.2
District Total	**189**	**100.0**	**71,132**	**100.0**

From the table above, it is apparent that there are 67 villages accounting for 35.4 percent of the inhabited villages in the district where the population of Scheduled castes ranges between 11 and 20 per cent of the total population.This is closely followed by villages where the population of the Scheduled Castes ranges between 5 and 10 percent of the total population.These 47 villages account for 24.9 per cent of the total inhabited villages.There are 32 villages which account for 16.9 percent of the inhabited villages where the percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population is between 21 and 30.There are 16 villages which constitute 8.5 percent of the inhabited villages where the percentage of Scheduled castes population to total population is less than 5. Five villages are such which constitute 2.6 percent of the inhabited villages where the percentage of Scheduled castes population to total population is between 51 and 75.There is no scheduled castes population in 13 villages which constitute 6.9 percent of the inhabited villages in the district.

TABLE 17 : PROPORTION OF SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION TO TOTAL POPULATION IN VILLAGES, 2001

Percentage Range of Scheduled Tribes population to total population	Number of villages	Scheduled Tribes Percentage	Scheduled Tribes Population	Scheduled Tribes Percentage
1	2	3	4	5
Nil	182	96.3	0	0.0
Less than 5	7	3.7	55	100.0
5-10	0	0.0	0	0.0
11-20	0	0.0	0	0.0
21-30	0	0.0	0	0.0
31-40	0	0.0	0	0.0
41-50	0	0.0	0	0.0
51-75	0	0.0	0	0.0
76 and above	0	0.0	0	0.0
District Total	**189**	**100.0**	**55**	**100.0**

As regards the population of the Scheduled Tribes it can be seen from the table above that there are only 7 villages in the district where members of the Scheduled Tribes exist. In all these villages the population of the Scheduled Tribes is as low as less than 5 per cent of the total population. There are as many as 182 villages which constitute 96.3 per cent of the total inhabited villages in the district which have no scheduled tribes population.

TABLE 18 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Town	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Sheohar (NA)	21,262	3,259	9	15.3	0.0
	District(Urban) Total	**21,262**	**3,259**	**9**	**15.3**	**0.0**

Table 18 above shows that there is no urban agglomeration in Sheohar district. There is only one statutory town in the district i.e. Sheohar (NA). The percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population is 15.3 percent in Sheohar (NA). The percentage of Scheduled Tribes population in Sheohar (NA) is almost negligible as has been observed in the above table.

TABLE 19 : SEX RATIO AMONG SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C D block	Scheduled Castes sex ratio	Scheduled Tribes sex ratio
1	2	3	4
1	Purnahiya	878	3000
2	Piprarhi	908	2000
3	Sheohar	872	600
4	Dumri Katsari	887	800
5	Tariani Chowk	889	1000
	District (Rural) Total	**887**	**1037**

Table 19 shows that the sex ratio of Scheduled Castes varies from 908 in Piprarhi C.D. Block to 872 in Sheohar C.D. Block. The sex ratio in Dumri Katsari C.D. Block is 887 while the sex ratio in Tariani Chowk C.D. Block is 889. The sex ratio figures of Purnahiya and Sheohar C.D. Blocks are lower than the district rural average.

The sex ratio of Scheduled Tribes varies from 3000 in Purnahiya C.D. Block to 600 in Sheohar C.D. Block. Sex ratio figures of Scheduled tribes in Dumri Katsari and Sheohar C.D. Blocks are below the district rural average. The sex ratio figures of Scheduled Tribes relating to Piprarhi and Purnahiya C.D. Blocks are higher than the district rural average. It is worthwhile to mention that Scheduled Tribe population in the district is negligible.

TABLE 20 : SEX RATIO AMONG SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS/TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Town	Scheduled Castes sex ratio	Scheduled Tribes sex ratio
1	2	3	4
1	Sheohar (NA)	915	125
Sex ratio (Urban) for the district:		**915**	**125**

There is no urban agglomeration in Sheohar district. There is only one statutory town in the district i.e. Sheohar (N.A). The sex ratio of Scheduled castes in Sheohar (NA) is 915 while the sex ratio of Scheduled Tribes is only 125 which is very adverse.

TABLE 21 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN C.D.BLOCKS,2001

Serial Number	Name of C.D.Block	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
			Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Purnahiya	Total	23,152	15,655	7,497	48,570	22,554	26,016	40.5	51.1	28.2	22.8
		Rural	23,152	15,655	7,497	48,570	22,554	26,016	40.5	51.1	28.2	22.8
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Piprarhi	Total	26,730	18,129	8,601	68,711	32,196	36,515	35	44.9	23.9	20.9
		Rural	26,730	18,129	8,601	68,711	32,196	36,515	35	44.9	23.9	20.9
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Sheohar	Total	36,006	24,441	11,565	86,334	40,598	45,736	37.2	47.3	25.7	21.6
		Rural	28,667	19,531	9,136	72,411	34,191	38,220	35.9	45.8	24.5	21.2
		Urban	7,339	4,910	2,429	13,923	6,407	7,516	43.7	54.5	31.2	23.3
4	Dumri Katsari	Total	21,248	14,402	6,846	50,157	23,435	26,722	37.7	48.2	25.8	22.3
		Rural	21,248	14,402	6,846	50,157	23,435	26,722	37.7	48.2	25.8	22.3
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Tariani Chowk	Total	37,308	26,148	11,160	117,745	56,122	61,623	30.4	39.9	19.5	20.5
		Rural	37,308	26,148	11,160	117,745	56,122	61,623	30.4	39.9	19.5	20.5
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	District Total:	**Total**	**144,444**	**98,775**	**45,669**	**371,517**	**174,905**	**196,612**	**35.3**	**45.3**	**23.9**	**21.4**
		Rural	**137,105**	**93,865**	**43,240**	**357,594**	**168,498**	**189,096**	**34.9**	**44.9**	**23.6**	**21.3**
		Urban	**7,339**	**4,910**	**2,429**	**13,923**	**6,407**	**7,516**	**43.7**	**54.5**	**31.2**	**23.3**

TABLE 22 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial Number	Name of C.D.Block	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Purnahiya	23,152	15,655	7,497	48,570	22,554	26,016	40.5	51.1	28.2	22.8
2	Piprarhi	26,730	18,129	8,601	68,711	32,196	36,515	35.0	44.9	23.9	20.9
3	Sheohar	28,667	19,531	9,136	72,411	34,191	38,220	35.9	45.8	24.5	21.2
4	Dumri Katsari	21,248	14,402	6,846	50,157	23,435	26,722	37.7	48.2	25.8	22.3
5	Tariani Chowk	37,308	26,148	11,160	117,745	56,122	61,623	30.4	39.9	19.5	20.5
District (Rural) Total:		**137,105**	**93,865**	**43,240**	**357,594**	**168,498**	**189,096**	**34.9**	**44.9**	**23.6**	**21.3**

Table 21and 22 show that among the C.D. Blocks in the district Purnahiya C.D. Block has the highest proportion of literate population (40.5%) followed by Dumri Katsari C.D. Block (37.7%). The literacy rates for Sheohar, Piprarhi and Tariani Chowk C.D. Blocks are 37.2, 35.0 and 30.4 percent respectively. Male literates out number female literates in all the C.D. Blocks of Sheohar district. The highest proportion of male literates is in Purnahiya C.D. Block with 51.1 percent closely followed by Dumri Katsari, Sheohar, Piprarhi and Tariani chowk C.D. Blocks with 48.2, 47.3, 44.9 and 39.9 percent respectively. Purnahiya C.D. Block has the highest female literacy rate with 28.2 percent while Tariani chowk C.D.Block has the lowest literacy rate among the females with 19.5 per cent. Male literacy rates for Purnahiya, Sheohar and Dumri Katsari C.D. Blocks are higher than the corresponding figures of Sheohar district. Only Tariani chowk C.D. Block has the lower female literacy rate than the district average.

TABLE 23 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY LITERACY RATE RANGE, 2001

Range of literacy rate for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
0	2	1.1	290	0.1
1-10	2	1.1	435	0.1
11-20	11	5.8	16,387	3.3
21-30	50	26.5	122,854	24.8
31-40	70	37.0	249,124	50.4
41-50	40	21.2	88,227	17.8
51-60	10	5.3	14,760	3.0
61-70	3	1.6	2,242	0.5
71-80	1	0.5	380	0.1
81-90	0	0.0	0	0.0
91-99	0	0.0	0	0.0
100	0	0.0	0	0.0
District Total:	**189**	**100.0**	**494,699**	**100.0**
Literacy rate for District:		**35.3**		

The above table shows that in 37.0 percent of the inhabited villages, literacy rate ranges between 31 and 40 percent. In these 70 villages 50.4 percent of the district rural population live. This is the largest group of villages in the district. This is closely followed by 50 villages with 24.8 percent of the district rural population. 26.5 percent of the inhabited villages are such where literacy rate ranges between 21 and 30 percent. 21.2 percent of the inhabited villages i.e. 40 villages are such where literacy rate ranges between

41 and 50 percent. These villages account for 17.8 percent of the district rural population. 5.3 percent of the inhabited villages i.e. 10 villages are such where literacy rate ranges between 51 and 60 percent and these villages account for 3.0 percent of the district rural population. 5.8 percent of the inhabited villages i.e., 11 villages are such where literacy rate ranges beetween 11 and 20 percent. These villages account for 3.3 percent of the district rural population. There are only 3 villages accounting for 1.6 percent of the inhabited villages where literacy rate ranges between 61 and 70 percent and these villages account for only 0.5 percent of the district rural population.

TABLE 24 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial Number	Name and urban status UA/Town	Number of literates and illiterates									Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates			Percentage of literates			
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Sheohar (NA)	7,339	4,910	2,429	13,923	6,407	7,516	43.7	54.5	31.2	23.3
	District(Urban) Total	**7,339**	**4,910**	**2,429**	**13,923**	**6,407**	**7,516**	**43.7**	**54.5**	**31.2**	**23.3**

There is no urban agglomeration in Sehohar district. There is only one statutory town in the district i.e. Sheohar (NA). The literacy rate for Sheohar (NA) is 43.7 percent. Male literates greatly out number female literates as the male literacy rate for Sheohar (NA) is 54.5 percent while the female literacy rate is only 31. 2 percent.

TABLE 25: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial Number	Name of C.D.Block	Number of literates and illiterates									Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates			Percentage of literates			
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Purnahiya	1,842	1,412	430	9,519	4,636	4,883	21.0	29.9	10.6	19.3
2	Piprarhi	1,581	1,235	346	10,776	5,243	5,533	16.3	24.1	7.6	16.5
3	Sheohar	2,074	1,586	488	13,659	6,818	6,841	17.3	24.7	8.8	15.9
4	Dumri Katsari	1,412	1,069	343	7,987	3,911	4,076	19.6	28.0	10.1	17.9
5	Tariani Chowk	2,407	1,877	530	19,875	9,916	9,959	13.8	20.3	6.5	13.8
	District (Rural) Total:	**9,316**	**7,179**	**2,137**	**61,816**	**30,524**	**31,292**	**16.9**	**24.4**	**8.3**	**16.1**

The table above shows that literacy rate among the scheduled castes is highest i.e. 21.0 percent in the Purnahiya C.D. Block where as it is lowest i.e 13.8 percent in the Tariani Chowk C.D. Block in the district. It is observed that the literacy rate among the schedule castes for the district is 16.9 percent only. As regards percentage of male literacy rate among the scheduled castes it is highest i.e 29.9 percent in Purnahiya C.D. Block where as it is lowest i.e. 20.3 percent in the Tariani Chowk C.D. Block. In case of female literacy rate among the scheduled castes also it is highest i.e. 10.6 percent in Purnahiya C.D. Block and the lowest i.e. 6.5 percent in Tariani Chowk C.D. Block. It is found that the gap between male and female literacy rate is highest i.e. 19.3 percent in Purnahiya C.D. Block where as it is lowest i.e. 13.8 percent in Tariani Chowk C.D. Block.

TABLE 26 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY LITERACY RATE RANGE FOR SCHEDULED CASTES POPULATION, 2001

Range of literacy rate for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Scheduled Castes Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
0	4	2.3	88	0.1
1-10	40	22.7	13,039	18.3
11-20	77	43.8	39,141	55.0
21-30	41	23.3	15,450	21.7
31-40	9	5.1	2,213	3.1
41-50	5	2.8	1,201	1.7
51-60	0	0.0	0	0.0
61-70	0	0.0	0	0.0
71-80	0	0.0	0	0.0
81-90	0	0.0	0	0.0
91-99	0	0.0	0	0.0
100	0	0.0	0	0.0
District Total:	**176**	**100.0**	**71,132**	**100.0**
Literacy rate for District (Rural):		**16.9**		

The table above shows that in case of literacy among the scheduled castes in the villages of the district the highest number of villages i.e. 43.8 percent fall in the literacy range of 11-20 percent where as the lowest number of villages i.e. 2.3 percent fall in the zero percent literacy range i.e.0 percent. It is observed that of the total villages in the district 2.8 percent villages are such which fall in the literacy range of 41-50 percent in case of literacy among the scheduled castes in the villages of the district.

TABLE 27 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial Number	Name and urban status of Town	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Sheohar (NA)	389	299	90	2,870	1,403	1,467	15.6	22.8	7.6	15.2
	Sheohar (Urban)	**389**	**299**	**90**	**2,870**	**1,403**	**1,467**	**15.6**	**22.8**	**7.6**	**15.2**

The table above shows that the literacy rate among the scheduled castes in the urban areas of the district is far below i.e. 15.6 percent in case of total population, 22.8 percent in case of males and 7.6 percent in case of females as compared to 47.0 percent in case of total population, 59.7 percent in case of males and 33.1 percent in case of females in the state of Bihar and 35.3 percent in case of total population, 45.3 percent in case of males and 23.9 percent in case of females in the Sheohar district (vide table 21).

TABLE 28 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED TRIBES LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial Number	Name of C.D.Block	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Purnahiya	1	1	0	7	1	6	16.7	50.0	0.0	50.0
2	Piprarhi	0	0	0	3	1	2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	Sheohar	6	3	3	2	2	0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.0
4	Dumri Katsari	3	3	0	15	7	8	21.4	50.0	0.0	50.0
5	Tariani Chowk	0	0	0	18	9	9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	District (Rural) Total:	**10**	**7**	**3**	**45**	**20**	**25**	**25.0**	**41.2**	**13.0**	**28.1**

The table 28 shows that among the scheduled tribes the percentage of literates is highest i.e. 100.0 percent in Sheohar C.D. Block where as it is lowest i.e 16.7 percent in Purnahiya C.D. Block in the district. It is observed that the literacy rate among the schedule tribes for the district is 25.0 percent only. As regards percentage of male literacy rate among the scheduled tribes it is highest i.e. 100.0 percent in Sheohar C.D. Block where as it is lowest i.e. 50.0 percent in Purnahiya and Dumri Katsari C.D. Blocks. In case of female literacy rate among the scheduled tribes it is highest i.e 100.0 percent in Sheohar C.D. Block. Such higher percentage in literacy rate among the scheduled tribes population is because of very thin tribal population in the district.

TABLE 29 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY LITERACY RATE RANGE FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION, 2001

Range of literacy rate for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Scheduled Tribes Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
0	3	42.9	22	40.0
1-10	0	0.0	0	0.0
11-20	2	28.6	24	43.6
21-30	0	0.0	0	0.0
31-40	0	0.0	0	0.0
41-50	0	0.0	0	0.0
51-60	0	0.0	0	0.0
61-70	0	0.0	0	0.0
71-80	0	0.0	0	0.0
81-90	0	0.0	0	0.0
91-99	0	0.0	0	0.0
100	2	28.6	9	16.4
District Total:	**7**	**100.0**	**55**	**100.0**
Literacy rate for District (Rural):		**25.0**		

The table above shows that in case of literacy among the scheduled tribes in the villages of the district the highest number of villages i. e. 42.9 percent fall in the no literacy range of 0 percent where as the lowest number of villages i.e. 28.6 percent fall in the literacy range i.e.11-20 & 100.0 percent.

TABLE 30 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED TRIBES LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial Number	Name and urban status of Town	Number of literates and illiterates									Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates			Percentage of literates			
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Sheohar (NA)	9	8	1	0	0	0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.0
	Sheohar (Urban)	**9**	**8**	**1**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**0.0**

The table above shows that the literacy rate among the scheduled tribes in the urban areas of the district is cent percent. There are all together 9 persons including 8 males and 1 female and they all are literates.

TABLE 31: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS, AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN C.D.BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D.Block	Persons / Males / Females	Total Population	Main worker		Marginal worker		Total workers (Main and marginal Workers)		Non workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Purnahiya	Persons	71,722	18,996	26.5	3,749	5.2	22,745	31.7	48,977	68.3
		Males	38,209	17,400	45.5	1,865	4.9	19,265	50.4	18,944	49.6
		Females	33,513	1,596	4.8	1,884	5.6	3,480	10.4	30,033	89.6
2	Piprarhi	Persons	95,441	24,674	25.9	4,675	4.9	29,349	30.8	66,092	69.2
		Males	50,325	22,873	45.5	3,173	6.3	26,046	51.8	24,279	48.2
		Females	45,116	1,801	4.0	1,502	3.3	3,303	7.3	41,813	92.7
3	Sheohar	Persons	122,340	31,554	25.8	5,664	4.6	37,218	30.4	85,122	69.6
		Males	65,039	29,238	45.0	2,924	4.5	32,162	49.5	32,877	50.5
		Females	57,301	2,316	4.0	2,740	4.8	5,056	8.8	52,245	91.2
4	Dumri Katsari	Persons	71,405	19,455	27.2	3,229	4.5	22,684	31.8	48,721	68.2
		Males	37,837	18,133	47.9	973	2.6	19,106	50.5	18,731	49.5
		Females	33,568	1,322	3.9	2,256	6.7	3,578	10.7	29,990	89.3
5	Tariani Chowk	Persons	155,053	38,669	24.9	10,553	6.8	49,222	31.7	105,831	68.3
		Males	82,270	35,514	43.2	5,449	6.6	40,963	49.8	41,307	50.2
		Females	72,783	3,155	4.3	5,104	7.0	8,259	11.3	64,524	88.7
	District Total:	**Persons**	**515,961**	**133,348**	**25.8**	**27,870**	**5.4**	**161,218**	**31.2**	**354,743**	**68.8**
		Males	**273,680**	**123,158**	**45.0**	**14,384**	**5.3**	**137,542**	**50.3**	**136,138**	**49.7**
		Females	**242,281**	**10,190**	**4.2**	**13,486**	**5.6**	**23,676**	**9.8**	**218,605**	**90.2**

TABLE 32: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS, AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D.Block	Persons / Males / Females	Total Population	Main worker		Marginal worker		Total workers (Main and marginal Workers)		Non workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Purnahiya	Persons	71,722	18,996	26.5	3,749	5.2	22,745	31.7	48,977	68.3
		Males	38,209	17,400	45.5	1,865	4.9	19,265	50.4	18,944	49.6
		Females	33,513	1,596	4.8	1,884	5.6	3,480	10.4	30,033	89.6
2	Piprarhi	Persons	95,441	24,674	25.9	4,675	4.9	29,349	30.8	66,092	69.2
		Males	50,325	22,873	45.5	3,173	6.3	26,046	51.8	24,279	48.2
		Females	45,116	1,801	4.0	1,502	3.3	3,303	7.3	41,813	92.7
3	Sheohar	Persons	101,078	26,575	26.3	4,184	4.1	30,759	30.4	70,319	69.6
		Males	53,722	24,539	45.7	2,073	3.9	26,612	49.5	27,110	50.5
		Females	47,356	2,036	4.3	2,111	4.5	4,147	8.8	43,209	91.2
4	Dumri Katsari	Persons	71,405	19,455	27.2	3,229	4.5	22,684	31.8	48,721	68.2
		Males	37,837	18,133	47.9	973	2.6	19,106	50.5	18,731	49.5
		Females	33,568	1,322	3.9	2,256	6.7	3,578	10.7	29,990	89.3
5	Tariani Chowk	Persons	155,053	38,669	24.9	10,553	6.8	49,222	31.7	105,831	68.3
		Males	82,270	35,514	43.2	5,449	6.6	40,963	49.8	41,307	50.2
		Females	72,783	3,155	4.3	5,104	7.0	8,259	11.3	64,524	88.7
	District (Rural) Total:	**Persons**	**494,699**	**128,369**	**25.9**	**26,390**	**5.3**	**154,759**	**31.3**	**339,940**	**68.7**
		Males	**262,363**	**118,459**	**45.2**	**13,533**	**5.2**	**131,992**	**50.3**	**130,371**	**49.7**
		Females	**232,336**	**9,910**	**4.3**	**12,857**	**5.5**	**22,767**	**9.8**	**209,569**	**90.2**

The work participation rate for total workers is defined as the percentage of total workers to total population. In a similar way it is defined for main and marginal workers. Table-31 show that the work participation rate (WPR) in the Sheohar district is 25.8 percent as main workers and 5.4 percent as marginal workers. The proportion of non workers in the district is 68.8 percent.

Among the main workers male work participation rate in the district is 45.0 percent while that of females is only 4.2 percent as per 2001 Census. The proportion of main workers is the highest (27.2%) in Dumri Katsari C.D. Block and the lowest (24.9%) in Tariani chowk C.D. Block. Out of 5 C.D. Blocks, WPR of three C.D. Blocks are above the district average. The proportion of marginal workers is the highest (6.8%) in Tariani chowk C.D. Block and the lowest (4.5%) in Dumri Katsari C.D.Block. The proportion of total workers is the highest (31.8%) in Dumri Katsari C.D. Block and the lowest (30.4%) in Sheohar C.D. Block.

The proportion of non workers among males in the district is 49.7 percent while that of females is 90.2 percent as per 2001 Census.The proportion of non workers is the highest (69.6%) in Sheohar C.D. Block and the lowest (68.2%) in Dumri Katsari C.D. Block.

Table 32 deals with the same topic as Table 31, the only difference being that it deals with the rural areas of the district and its C.D. Blocks.

TABLE 33: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS, AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town	Persons / Males / Females	Total Population	Main worker		Marginal worker		Total workers (Main and marginal Workers)		Non workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Sheohar (NA)	Persons	21,262	4,979	23.4	1,480	7.0	6,459	30.4	14,803	69.6
		Males	11,317	4,699	41.5	851	7.5	5,550	49.0	5,767	51.0
		Females	9,945	280	2.8	629	6.3	909	9.1	9,036	90.9
District (Urban) Total:		**Persons**	**21,262**	**4,979**	**23.4**	**1,480**	**7.0**	**6,459**	**30.4**	**14,803**	**69.6**
		Males	**11,317**	**4,699**	**41.5**	**851**	**7.5**	**5,550**	**49.0**	**5,767**	**51.0**
		Females	**9,945**	**280**	**2.8**	**629**	**6.3**	**909**	**9.1**	**9,036**	**90.9**

There is no urban agglomeration in Sheohar district.The only urban unit in the district is Sheohar (NA). The work participation rate for total workers is defined as the percentage of total workers to total population. In a similar way it is defined for main and marginal wokers.For Sheohar (NA) the work participation rate (WPR) recorded is 23.4 percent of the total population of the town as main workers and 7.0 percent as marginal workers.The proportion of non workers in the town is 69.6 percent. The proportion of male and female main workers are 41.5 percent and 2.8 percent respectively.The proportion of marginal workers among males is 7.5 percent and that of for females is 6.3 percent.The proporltion of male and female non workers are 51.0 percent and 90.9 percent respectively.

TABLE 34 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN C.D.BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D.Block	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Purnahiya	Persons	71,722	22,745	5,989	13,179	708	2,869
				(31.7)	(26.3)	(57.9)	(3.1)	(12.6)
		Males	38,209	19,265	5,500	10,761	471	2,533
				(50.4)	(28.5)	(55.9)	(2.4)	(13.1)
		Females	33,513	3,480	489	2,418	237	336
				(10.4)	(14.1)	(69.5)	(6.8)	(9.7)

TABLE 34 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN C.D.BLOCKS, 2001 (*Concld.*)

Serial number	Name of C.D.Block	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2	Piprarhi	Persons	95,441	29,349	6,682	18,331	830	3,506
				(30.8)	(22.8)	(62.5)	(2.8)	(11.9)
		Males	50,325	26,046	6,262	16,385	514	2,885
				(51.8)	(24.0)	(62.9)	(2.0)	(11.1)
		Females	45,116	3,303	420	1,946	316	621
				(7.3)	(12.7)	(58.9)	(9.6)	(18.8)
3	Sheohar	Persons	122,340	37,218	9,355	21,619	943	5,301
				(30.4)	(25.1)	(58.1)	(2.5)	(14.2)
		Males	65,039	32,162	8,488	18,113	727	4,834
				(49.5)	(26.4)	(56.3)	(2.3)	(15.0)
		Females	57,301	5,056	867	3,506	216	467
				(8.8)	(17.1)	(69.3)	(4.3)	(9.2)
4	Dumri Katsari	Persons	71,405	22,684	7,471	12,735	488	1,990
				(31.8)	(32.9)	(56.1)	(2.2)	(8.8)
		Males	37,837	19,106	6,738	10,496	335	1,537
				(50.5)	(35.3)	(54.9)	(1.8)	(8.0)
		Females	33,568	3,578	733	2,239	153	453
				(10.7)	(20.5)	(62.6)	(4.3)	(12.7
5	Tariani Chowk	Persons	155,053	49,222	11,777	33,043	793	3,609
				(31.7)	(23.9)	(67.1)	(1.6)	(7.3)
		Males	82,270	40,963	10,723	26,572	586	3,082
				(49.8)	(26.2)	(64.9)	(1.4)	(7.5)
		Females	72,783	8,259	1,054	6,471	207	527
				(11.3)	(12.8)	(78.4)	(2.5)	(6.4)
	District Total:	**Persons**	**515,961**	**161,218**	**41,274**	**98,907**	**3,762**	**17,275**
				(31.2)	**(25.6)**	**(61.3)**	**(2.3)**	**(10.7)**
		Males	**273,680**	**137,542**	**37,711**	**82,327**	**2,633**	**14,871**
				(50.3)	**(27.4)**	**(59.9)**	**(1.9)**	**(10.8)**
		Females	**242,281**	**23,676**	**3,563**	**16,580**	**1,129**	**2,404**
				(9.8)	**(15.0)**	**(70.0)**	**(4.8)**	**(10.2)**

Note : Percent of Workers to total workers are given in brackets

From the above table, the relative importance of the main spheres of economic activity may be gauged from the pattern of distribution of total workers according to the broad four fold classification namely, cultivators, agricultural labourers household industry workers and other workers.The economic activity in the rural and urban areas in the district is primarily dependent on agriculture which is supported by the fact that the cultivators (25.6%) and agricultural labourers (61.3%) together constitute 86.9 per cent of the total workers of the district. The agriculture sector has absorbed more than three fourth of the total workers. The proportion of cultivators varies between 32.9 percent for Dumari Katsari C.D. Block to 22.8 percent for Piprarhi C.D. Block. Proportion of agricultural labourers varies between 67.1 per cent in Tariani chowk C.D. Block to 56.1 per cent in Dumri Katsari C.D. Block. The proportion of Household Industry workers is only 2.3 percent of the total workers of the district. Proportion of household industry workers varies between 3.1 percent in Purnahiya C.D. Block to 1.6 percent in Tariani chowk C.D. Block. The proportion of other workers is 10.7 per cent of the total workers of the district. Proportion of other workers varies between 14.2 percent in Sheohar C.D. Block to 7.3 percent in Tariani chowk C.D. Block.

TABLE 35 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN C.D.BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D.Block	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Purnahiya	Persons	71,722	22,745	5,989	13,179	708	2,869
				(31.7)	(26.3)	(57.9)	(3.1)	(12.6)
		Males	38,209	19,265	5,500	10,761	471	2,533
				(50.4)	(28.5)	(55.9)	(2.4)	(13.1)
		Females	33,513	3,480	489	2,418	237	336
				(10.4)	(14.1)	(69.5)	(6.8)	(9.7)
2	Piprarhi	Persons	95,441	29,349	6,682	18,331	830	3,506
				(30.8)	(22.8)	(62.5)	(2.8)	(11.9)
		Males	50,325	26,046	6,262	16,385	514	2,885
				(51.8)	(24.0)	(62.9)	(2.0)	(11.1)
		Females	45,116	3,303	420	1,946	316	621
				(7.3)	(12.7)	(58.9)	(9.6)	(18.8)
3	Sheohar	Persons	101,078	30,759	8,676	18,967	605	2,511
				(30.4)	(28.2)	(61.7)	(2.0)	(8.2)
		Males	53,722	26,612	7,928	15,895	469	2,320
				(49.5)	(29.8)	(59.7)	(1.8)	(8.7)
		Females	47,356	4,147	748	3,072	136	191
				(8.8)	(18.0)	(74.1)	(3.3)	(4.6)
4	Dumri Katsari	Persons	71,405	22,684	7,471	12,735	488	1,990
				(31.8)	(32.9)	(56.1)	(2.2)	(8.8)
		Males	37,837	19,106	6,738	10,496	335	1,537
				(50.5)	(35.3)	(54.9)	(1.8)	(8.0)
		Females	33,568	3,578	733	2,239	153	453
				(10.7)	(20.5)	(62.6)	(4.3)	(12.7)
5	Tariani Chowk	Persons	155,053	49,222	11,777	33,043	793	3,609
				(31.7)	(23.9)	(67.1)	(1.6)	(7.3)
		Males	82,270	40,963	10,723	26,572	586	3,082
				(49.8)	(26.2)	(64.9)	(1.4)	(7.5)
		Females	72,783	8,259	1,054	6,471	207	527
				(11.3)	(12.8)	(78.4)	(2.5)	(6.4)
District (Rural) Total:		**Persons**	**494,699**	**154,759**	**40,595**	**96,255**	**3,424**	**14,485**
				(31.3)	**(26.2)**	**(62.2)**	**(2.2)**	**(9.4)**
		Males	**262,363**	**131,992**	**37,151**	**80,109**	**2,375**	**12,357**
				(50.3)	**(28.1)**	**(60.7)**	**(1.8)**	**(9.4)**
		Females	**232,336**	**22,767**	**3,444**	**16,146**	**1,049**	**2,128**
				(9.8)	**(15.1)**	**(70.9)**	**(4.6)**	**(9.3)**

Note: Percent of Workers to total workers are given in brackets

From the above table, the relative importance of the main spheres of economic activity may be gauged from the pattern of distribution of total workers according to the broad four fold classification namely, cultivators, agricultural labourers, household industry workers and other economic activities. The economic activity in the rural areas of the district is primarily dependent on agriculture which is supported by the fact that the cultivators (26.2%) and agricultural labourers (62.2%) together constitute 88.4 per cent of

the total workers of the district. The agriculture sector has absorbed more than three fourth of the total main workers. The proportion of cultivators varies between 32.9 percent for Dumari Katsari C.D. Block to 22.8 percent for Piprarhi C.D. Block. The Proportion of agricultural labourers varies between 67.1 percent for Tariani chowk C.D. Block to 56.1 percent for Dumri Katsari C.D. Block. The proportion of Household Industry workers is only 2.2 percent of the total workers of the district. The Proportion of household industry workers varies between 3.1 percent for Purnahiya C.D. Block to 1.6 percent for Tariani chowk C.D. Block. The proportion of other workers is 9.4 percent of the total workers of the district. The Proportion of other workers varies between 12.6 percent for Purnahiya C.D. Block to 7.3 percent for Tariani chowk C.D. Block.

TABLE 36: DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Sheohar (NA)	Persons	21,262	6,459	679	2,652	338	2,790
				(30.4)	(10.5)	(41.1)	(5.2)	(43.2)
		Males	11,317	5,550	560	2,218	258	2,514
				(49.0)	(10.1)	(40.0)	(4.6)	(45.3)
		Females	9,945	909	119	434	80	276
				(9.1)	(13.1)	(47.7)	(8.8)	(30.4)
	District (Urban) Total:	**Persons**	**21,262**	**6,459**	**679**	**2,652**	**338**	**2,790**
				(30.4)	**(10.5)**	**(41.1)**	**(5.2)**	**(43.2)**
		Males	**11,317**	**5,550**	**560**	**2,218**	**258**	**2,514**
				(49.0)	**(10.1)**	**(40.0)**	**(4.6)**	**(45.3)**
		Females	**9,945**	**909**	**119**	**434**	**80**	**276**
				(9.1)	**(13.1)**	**(47.7)**	**(8.8)**	**(30.4)**

Note :- Percentage of workers to total workers are given in brackets

There is no urban agglomeration in Sheohar district. There is only one statutory town in the district i.e. Sheohar (NA). From the above table, the relative importance of the main spheres of economic activity may be gauged from the pattern of distribution of total workers according to the broad four fold classification namely, cultivators, agricultural labourers, household industry workers and other economic activities. The cultivators constitute 10.5 percent and agricultural labourares constitute 41.1 percent of the total workers of Sheohar (NA). The proportion of male and female cultivators are 10.1 and 13.1 percent respectively. The proportion of male and female agricultural labourers are 40.0 and 47.7 percent respectively. The Household industry workers constitute 5.2 percent of the total workers of Sheohar (NA). The proportion of household industry workers among males is 4.6 percent and that of females is 8.8 percent. Other workers constitute 43.2 percent of the total workers of Sheohar (NA). The proportion of male and female other workers are 45.3 and 30.4 percent respectively.

(b) Brief analysis of the Village Directory and Town Directory data based on inset tables 37 to 47:

TABLE 37 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO AVAILABILITY OF DIFFERENT AMENITIES, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. Block	Number of inhabited villages	Type of amenity available									
			Education	Medical	Improved drinking water *	Post Office #	Tele-phone	Transport communi-cation $	Banks	Agri-cultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Purnahiya	26	25	12	26	11	4	9	5	10	9	1
		(100)	(96.2)	(46.2)	(100.0)	(42.3)	(15.4)	(34.6)	(19.2)	(38.5)	(34.6)	(3.8)
2	Piprarhi	23	23	13	22	8	0	10	2	1	10	8
		(100)	(100.0)	(56.5)	(95.7)	(34.8)	(0.0)	(43.5)	(8.7)	(4.3)	(43.5)	(34.8)
3	Sheohar	42	41	7	41	12	7	0	1	5	15	23
		(100)	(97.6)	(16.7)	(97.6)	(28.6)	(16.7)	(0.0)	(2.4)	(11.9)	(35.7)	(54.8)
4	Dumri Katsari	27	25	7	24	8	0	4	1	4	1	3
		(100)	(92.6)	(25.9)	(88.9)	(29.6)	(0.0)	(14.8)	(3.7)	(14.8)	(3.7)	(11.1)
5	Tariani Chowk	71	52	18	68	15	0	7	4	4	33	8
		(100)	(73.2)	(25.4)	(95.8)	(21.1)	(0.0)	(9.9)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(46.5)	(11.3)
	District Total:	**189**	**166**	**57**	**181**	**54**	**11**	**30**	**13**	**24**	**68**	**43**
		(100)	**(87.8)**	**(30.2)**	**(95.8)**	**(28.6)**	**(5.8)**	**(15.9)**	**(6.9)**	**(12.7)**	**(36.0)**	**(22.8)**

Note : Percentages are given in brackets.

* Based on the improved drinking water source, drinking water supply has been classified as 'Improved ' or otherwise. If the household has access to drinking water supplied from a tap or a hand pump / tube well situated within or outside the premises it is considered as having access to 'Improved drinking water source'.However, the concept of improved drinking water is state specific and this is to be considered accordingly.

Post office includes Post office, telegraph office and Post and telegraph office.

$ Transport communication includes bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways.

The above table gives the distribution of villages according to the availability of different amenities in the district.

Educational facility :- There are as many as 166 villages accounting for 87.8 percent of the total number of inhabited villages (189) in the district where educational facility is available. The highest proportion of villages with educational facility is in C.D.Block Piprarhi with 100.0 percent closely followed by Sheohar C.D. Block with 97.6 percent. The smallest proportion of villages with educational facility is observed in C.D. Block Tariani chowk with 73.2 percent.

Medical facility :- The availability of medical amenity in the villages is quite low and only 30.2 percent villages have got it. Among the C.D. Blocks, Piprarhi has the largest proportion of villages with medical facility, the percentage being 56.5 percent. It is followed by Purnahiya and Dumri Katsari C.D. Blocks with 46.2 and 25.9 percent respectively. Sheohar C.D.Block, on the other hand has the minimum proportion of villages (16.7%) where medical amenity is available.

Improved drinking water :- There are as many as 181 villages accounting for 95.8 per cent of the total inhabited villages in the district where improved drinking water facility is available. Among the C.D. Blocks, Purnahiya has 100.0 percent proportion of villages where improved drinking water facility is available. Dumri Katsari C.D. Block, on the other hand, has the minimum proportion of villages (88.9%) where improved drinking water facility is available.

Post Office :- Postal facilities are available only in 54 villages out of 189 inhabited villages (28.6%) in the district. Purnahiya C.D. Block has the maximum number of villages having postal facility (42.3%) followed by Piprarhi C.D. Block with 34.8 percent.Tariani chowk C.D. Block has the minimum number of villages having postal facility (21.1%).

Telephone :- The availability of telephone facility in the villages is quite low and only 5.8 percent villages have got it. Among the C.D. Blocks, Sheohar has the maximum number of villages having telephone facility (16.7%) followed by Purnahiya C.D. Block with 15.4 percent while the villages of Piprarhi, Dumri Katsari and Tariani chowk C.D. Blocks still do not have telephone facility.

Transport communication :- Transport communication facilities are available only in 30 villages out of 189 inhabited villages (15.9%) in the district. Majority of villages still do not have this facility. Piprarhi C.D. Block has the highest proportion of villages (43.5%) which are connected by bus or rail or navigable river/canal services, etc., followed by Purnahiya and Dumri Katsari C.D. Blocks with 34.6 and 14.8 percent respectively. The villages of Sheohar C.D. Block still does not have any transport communication facility.

Bank :- Banking facility is available only in 13 villages out of 189 inhabited villages (6.9%) in the district. Among C.D. Blocks, Purnahiya has the maximum number of villages having banking facility (19.2%) followed by Piprarhi C.D. Block with 8.7 percent. Sheohar has the minimum number of villages having banking facility (2.4%).

Agricultural Credit Societies :- Agricultural Credit Societies are available only in 24 villages out of 189 inhabited villages (12.7%) in the district. Purnahiya C.D. Block has the maximum number of villages having agricultural credit facilities (38.5%) while Piprarhi C.D. Block has the minimum number of villages with 4.3 percent.

Approach by Pucca road :- This facility is available in 68 villages out of 189 inhabited villages (36.0%) in the district. Among C.D. Blocks, Tariani Chowk has the highest proportion of villages (46.5%) having pucca approach road followed by Piprarhi C.D. Block (43.5%) while Dumri Katsari C.D. Block has the least number of villages having this facility with only 3.7 percent.

Power Supply :- Electrified villages in the district constitute as low as 22.8 percent of the total number of inhabited villages. Among the C.D. Blocks, Sheohar has the maximum number of electrified villages with 54.8 percent while Purnahiya has the minimum number of villages with only 3.8 percent.

TABLE 38 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF RURAL POPULATION SERVED BY DIFFERENT AMENITIES, 2001

			Type of amenity available									
Serial number	Name of C. D. Block	Total population of inhabited villages	Education	Medical	Improved drinking water *	Post Office #	Tele-phone	Transport communi-cation $	Banks	Agri-cultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Purnahiya	71,722	71,178	38,791	71,722	37,463	16,722	27,864	12,823	30,747	25,888	3,026
		(100)	(99.2)	(54.1)	(100.0)	(52.2)	(23.3)	(38.9)	(17.9)	(42.9)	(36.1)	(4.2)
2	Piprarhi	95,441	95,441	70,268	95,254	52,004	0	29,407	13,063	4,617	59,192	42,025
		(100)	(100.0)	(73.6)	(99.8)	(54.5)	(0.0)	(30.8)	(13.7)	(4.8)	(62.0)	(44.0)
3	Sheohar	101,078	99,666	33,017	99,602	50,367	22,535	0	9,114	16,938	50,666	61,662
		(100)	(98.6)	(32.7)	(98.5)	(49.8)	(22.3)	(0.0)	(9.0)	(16.8)	(50.1)	(61.0)
4	Dumri Katsari	71,405	70,438	33,641	63,784	42,770	0	2,784	10,465	21,119	9,928	15,627
		(100)	(98.6)	(47.1)	(89.3)	(59.9)	(0.0)	(3.9)	(14.7)	(29.6)	(13.9)	(21.9)
5	Tariani Chowk	155,053	143,903	69,706	152,048	70,216	0	21,923	17,724	14,076	96,368	32,954
		(100)	(92.8)	(45.0)	(98.1)	(45.3)	(0.0)	(14.1)	(11.4)	(9.1)	(62.2)	(21.3)
	District Total:	**494,699**	**480,626**	**245,423**	**482,410**	**252,820**	**39,257**	**81,978**	**63,189**	**87,497**	**242,042**	**155,294**
		(100)	**(97.2)**	**(49.6)**	**(97.5)**	**(51.1)**	**(7.9)**	**(16.6)**	**(12.8)**	**(17.7)**	**(48.9)**	**(31.4)**

Note : Percentages are given in brackets.

* Based on the improved drinking water source, drinking water supply has been classified as 'Improved' or otherwise. If the household has access to drinking water supplied from a tap or a hand pump/tube well situated within or outside the premises it is considered as having access to 'Improved drinking water source'. However, the concept of improved drinking water is state specific and this is to be considered accordingly.

\# Post office includes Post office, telegraph office and Post and telegraph office.

$ Transport communication includes bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways.

It would be seen from table no.38 that educational facility is available to 97.2 per cent of the rural population of the district. The proportion varies between the maximum of 100.0 percent in Piprarhi C.D. Block and the minimum of 92.8 percent in Tariani chowk C.D. Block. It may be of interest to note that proportion of villages in the district enjoying educational facility is less (being 87.8 percent vide table 37) than the proportion of population which is as high as 97.2 percent. This may be attributed to the fact that villages which possess educational facility usually contain larger population as compared to those villages which do not have this facility at all.

In the case of medical facility also it can be seen that the proportion of rural population served by the amenity is of the order of 49.6 percent which is more than the proportion of villages served by medical facility in the district.

In the case of improved drinking water facility also it may be observed that proportion of rural population served by the amenity is of the order of 97.5 percent which is more than the proportion of villages served by this facility in the district.

Similar trend can be observed in respect of other amenities also both in the district as also in its various C.D. Blocks.

TABLE 39 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES NOT HAVING CERTAIN AMENITIES, ARRANGED BY DISTANCE RANGES FROM THE PLACES WHERE THESE ARE AVAILABLE, 2001

Village not having the amenity of	Distance range of place from the villages where the amenity is available			
	Less than 5 kilometres	5-10 kilometres	10+ kilometres	Total (Col. 2-4)
1	2	3	4	5
1. Education :-				
(a) Primary School	27	1	0	28
(b) Middle School	117	15	1	133
(c) Degree College	30	41	118	189
2. Medical:-				
(a) Hospital	50	77	50	177
(b) PHC	51	80	49	180
3. Post Office	110	21	4	135
4. Telephone	21	61	96	178
5. Bus Service	52	64	58	174
6. Banks				
(a) Commercial Bank	77	60	39	176
(b) Co-operative Bank	28	57	103	188
7. Agricultural Credit Societies	75	67	23	165

As regards educational facility it would be seen that there are 28 villages in the district (14.8%) which do not have any primary school but the facility is available at places situated within 5 kms. for 27 villages and only 1 village within the range of 5-10 kms. There are as many as 133 villages in the district (70.4%) which do not have middle schools but the facility is available at places situated within 5 kms. for 117 villages, 15 villages within the range of 5-10 kms and 1 village within the range of 10 + Kms. It is interesting to observe that cent percent inhabited villages of the district are deprived of college but the facility is available at places situated within 5 kms for 30 villages, 41 villages within the range of 5-10 kms and 118 villages within the range of 10+ kms.

There are 177 villages in the district (93.7%) which are without the facility of hospital and as many as 50 villages enjoy this facility at a distance range of 10 + kms. The number of villages enjoying this facility at a distance range of 5-10 kms is 77 where as the same is available at a distance of less than 5 Kms for 50 villages. There are 180 villages in the district (95.2%) which do not have primary health centre.

Similar trend can be observed in respect of other amenities in the district.

TABLE 40 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE DISTANCE FROM THE NEAREST STATUTORY TOWN AND AVAILABILITY OF DIFFERENT AMENITIES, 2001

Distance range from the nearest statutory town (in kilometre)	Number of inhabited village in each range	Type of amenity available							
		Education	Medical	Post Office #	Tele-phone	Transport communi-cation $	Banks	Agri-cultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
less than 5	45	38	8	11	2	4	2	3	17
	(100.0)	(84.4)	(17.8)	(24.4)	(4.4)	(8.9)	(4.4)	(6.7)	(37.8)
5 -15	104	94	36	30	5	13	5	14	36
	(100.0)	(90.4)	(34.6)	(28.8)	(4.8)	(12.5)	(4.8)	(13.5)	(34.6)
16 - 50	25	25	10	12	4	11	6	7	6
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(40.0)	(48.0)	(16.0)	(44.0)	(24.0)	(28.0)	(24.0)
51+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unspecified	15	9	3	1	0	2	0	0	9
	(100.0)	(60.0)	(20.0)	(6.7)	(0.0)	(13.3)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(60.0)
District total	**189**	**166**	**57**	**54**	**11**	**30**	**13**	**24**	**68**
	(100.0)	**(87.8)**	**(30.2)**	**(28.6)**	**(5.8)**	**(15.9)**	**(6.9)**	**(12.7)**	**(36.0)**

Post office includes Post office, Telegraph office and Post and telegraph office.
$ Transport communication includes bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways.

It would appear from the above table that maximum number of inhabited village (55.0%) lie in the distance range of 5-15 kms. from the nearest statutory town.This is followed by villages in the distance range of less than 5 kms. from the nearest statutory towns with 23.8 per cent. None of the villages is found to be in the distance range of more than 51 kms.

Interestingly, it can be observed from the table that the proportion of villages having educational facility is 84.4 per cent for those situated within 5kms from the nearest town and increases to 90.4 percent in the distance range of 5-15 kms. Thereafter it again increases to 100.0 per cent in the distance range of 16-50 kms. from the nearest town. In the case of other amenities (except approach by pucca road) also more or less the trend is same.

TABLE 41: DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO POPULATION RANGE AND AMENITIES AVAILABLE, 2001

Population range	Number of inhabited village in each range	Type of amenity available									
		Education	Medical	Improved drinking water *	Post Office #	Tele-phone	Transport communi-cation $	Banks	Agri-cultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1-499	19	7	1	17	0	0	3	0	0	6	3
	(100.0)	(36.8)	(5.3)	(89.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(15.8)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(31.6)	(15.8)
500-999	19	12	2	19	1	0	3	1	1	2	1
	(100.0)	(63.2)	(10.5)	(100.0)	(5.3)	(0.0)	(15.8)	(5.3)	(5.3)	(10.5)	(5.3)
1000-1999	63	60	9	59	10	3	8	3	4	19	12
	(100.0)	(95.2)	(14.3)	(93.7)	(15.9)	(4.8)	(12.7)	(4.8)	(6.3)	(30.2)	(19.0)
2000-4,999	66	65	31	64	26	6	12	3	15	28	18
	(100.0)	(98.5)	(47.0)	(97.0)	(39.4)	(9.1)	(18.2)	(4.5)	(22.7)	(42.4)	(27.3)
5000-9999	18	18	10	18	14	2	4	5	3	10	6
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(55.6)	(100.0)	(77.8)	(11.1)	(22.2)	(27.8)	(16.7)	(55.6)	(33.3)

TABLE 41: DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO POPULATION RANGE AND AMENITIES AVAILABLE, 2001 (*Concld.*)

Population range	Number of inhabited village in each range	Type of amenity available									
		Education	Medical	Improved drinking water *	Post Office #	Tele-phone	Transport communi-cation $	Banks	Agri-cultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
10000 +	4	4	4	4	3	0	0	1	1	3	3
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(75.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(25.0)	(25.0)	(75.0)	(75.0)
District total	**189**	**166**	**57**	**181**	**54**	**11**	**30**	**13**	**24**	**68**	**43**
	(100.0)	**(87.8)**	**(30.2)**	**(95.8)**	**(28.6)**	**(5.8)**	**(15.9)**	**(6.9)**	**(12.7)**	**(36.0)**	**(22.8)**

* Based on the improved drinking water source, drinking water supply has been classified as 'Improved' or otherwise. If the household has access to drinking water supplied from a tap or a hand pump/tube well situated within or outside the premises it is considered as having access to 'Improved drinking water source'. However, the concept of improved drinking water is state specific and this is to be considered accordingly.

\# Post office includes Post office, Telegraph office and Post & Telegraph office.

$ Transport communication includes bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways.

It can be seen from the table no. 41 that the maximum number of villages, i.e., 66 (34.9%) in the district fall in the population range of 2000-4999 followed by 63 villages (33.3%) having a population range of 1000-1999. The lowest number of villages is observed in the population range of 10,000+ being only 4 (2.1%).

The proportion of villages having different amenities varies in direct relation to their population range. Generally, the maximum percentage of villages having different amenities have a population range of 5000-9999 and 10,000 + which further corroborates the fact that more facilities are generally available in larger villages than in smaller ones.

TABLE 42 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO LAND USE, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. Block	Number of inhabited villages	Total area	Percentage of cultivable area to total area	Percentage of irrigated area to total cultivable area
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Purnahiya	26	6,410	77.3	70.4
2	Piprarhi	23	7,856	76.5	23.4
3	Sheohar	42	8,281	87.1	38.7
4	Dumri Katsari	27	6,562	64.0	46.5
5	Tariani Chowk	71	13,372	74.9	49.6
	District Total:	**189**	**42,481**	**76.2**	**45.1**

Note : Cultivable area = irrigated area + unirrigated area

Table 42 gives the percentage of cultivable area and also the proportion of irrigated area to total cultivable area in the district and its various C.D. Blocks.

It would be seen from the table that 76.2 percent of the total area of the district is utilised for cultivation (cultivable area) and of this only 45.1 percent area is found to be irrigated. Among the C.D. Blocks, the highest percentage of cultivable area is found in Sheohar C.D. Block with 87.1 percent closely followed by Purnahiya and Piprarhi C.D. Blocks with 77.3 and 76.5 percent respectively. The lowest cultivable area is found in Dumri Katsari C.D. Block which is 64.0 percent.

The highest proportion of irrigated area (70.4%) to total cultivable area is found in Purnahiya C.D. Block followed by Tariani Chowk and Dumri Katsari C.D. Blocks with 49.6 and 46.5 percent respectively. The least proportion of irrigated area is found in Piprarhi C.D. Block with 23.4 per cent which indicates that the villages in this block are deprived of required irrigational facilities.

TABLE 43 : PER CAPITA RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE IN STATUTORY TOWNS

Serial number	Class,name &urban status of the town	Per capita receipt			Per capita expenditure					
		Total	Through taxes	From all other sources	Total	General administration	Public health and conveniences	Public works	Public institutions	Other(s)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	III Sheohar (M)	5.1	0.0	5.1	2.9	0.8	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.0
	District Total	**5.1**	**0.0**	**5.1**	**2.9**	**0.8**	**0.0**	**2.1**	**0.0**	**0.0**

The above table gives the details of finances in the statutory town in terms of per capita receipt and expenditure. There is only one statutory town in the district i.e., Sheohar (N.A.). On going into the details of receipt under different heads in can be seen that the receipt from all other sources is the only head for per capita receipt in case of Sheohar (N.A.). The per capita expenditure incurred on public works is higher than the per capita expenditure on general administration. Per capita total receipt is higher than the per capita total expenditure in Sheohar (N.A.).

TABLE 44 : SCHOOLS / COLLEGES PER 10,000 POPULATION IN STATUTORY TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town	Type of educational institution				
		Primary	Junior Secondary / Middle	Secondary / Matriculation	Senior Secondary	College
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Sheohar (NA)	1.4	1.4	0.9	0	0.5
	District Total	**1.4**	**1.4**	**0.9**	**0**	**0.5**

The above table gives the details of different categories of educational institutions per ten thousand population in the town of the district. It would be seen from the above table that institutions like Secondary/Matriculation level School and College are situated in Sheohar (N.A.) accounting for an average of 0.9 and 0.5 institution per ten thousand population respectively. Primary School and Middle School account for an average of 1.4 each per ten thousand population. In Sheohar town there is no Senior Secondary School.

TABLE 45 : NUMBER OF BEDS IN MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of the Town	Number of beds in medical institutions per 10,000 population
1	2	3
1	Sheohar(N.A.)	6
	District Total	**6**

The above table furnishes information regarding availability of beds in medical institutions in Sheohar town.

The number of beds in medical institutions per ten thousand population for Sheohar(N.A) works out to be 6.

TABLE 46 : PROPORTION OF SLUM POPULATION IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of the Town	Total population	Slum population	Percentage of slum population to total population
1	2	3	4	5
There is no slum in Sheohar Town				

Sheohar (N.A.) is the only statutory town in the district. Table-46 relating to details of slums has not been prepared as there is no slum area in the town.

TABLE 47 : MOST IMPORTANT COMMODITY EXPORTED OUT OF AND MANUFACTURED IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town	Most important commodity	
		Manufactured	Exported
1	2	3	4
1	Sheohar (N.A)	Gur Bangles	Milk Grains Sugarcane

Table 47 presents the most important commodities manufactured in the town and exported from Sheohar (N.A.). It would be seen from the above table that two items viz., Gur and Bangles are manufactured in the town and three items viz., Milk, Grains and Sugarcane are exported from Sheohar town.

(c) Brief analysis of the data on houses and household amenities (Houselisting Operations, Census of India 2001) based on inset tables 48 to 52 :

TABLE 48 : HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE STATUS AND NUMBER OF ROOMS OCCUPIED IN THE DISTRICT, 2001

Tenure status	Number of dwelling rooms	Number of households								
		Total			Scheduled Castes			Scheduled Tribes		
		Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Owned	No exclusive room	938	894	44	209	207	2	26	26	0
	One room	45,884	43,745	2,139	10,562	9,894	668	77	75	2
	Two rooms	37,825	36,690	1,135	5,417	5,330	87	70	70	0
	Three rooms	14,262	13,772	490	1,445	1,413	32	41	41	0
	3+ rooms	7,989	7,664	325	581	569	12	17	17	0
	Median number of rooms	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	1
Rented	No exclusive room	12	7	5	4	2	2	0	0	0
	One room	156	99	57	18	14	4	0	0	0
	Two rooms	139	91	48	23	20	3	0	0	0
	Three rooms	30	18	12	6	5	1	0	0	0
	3+ rooms	27	16	11	2	0	2	0	0	0
	Median number of rooms	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0
Others	No exclusive room	23	21	2	5	4	1	0	0	0
	One room	212	201	11	64	63	1	3	3	0
	Two rooms	128	119	9	19	16	3	0	0	0
	Three rooms	48	41	7	8	8	0	0	0	0
	3+ rooms	32	27	5	3	2	1	1	0	1
	Median number of rooms	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	0
	District total	**107,705**	**103,405**	**4,300**	**18,366**	**17,547**	**819**	**235**	**232**	**3**

Data source: Census of India 2001, H- series: "Tables on Houses, Household amenities and Assets."

Table 48 shows that there are as many as 106,898 households accounting for 99.3 percent of the total households of the district dwelling in owned houses. The proportion of households dwelling in single room is the highest (42.9 %) where as it is the lowest (0.9%) dwelling in no exclusive room. The median number of rooms is 2 for the total households in the tenure status of owned category.

There are 18,214 Scheduled castes households accounting for 17.0 percent of the total households dwelling in owned houses and the median number of rooms is 1. There are 231 Scheduled Tribes households accounting for only 0.2 percent of the total households dwelling in owned houses and the median number of rooms is 2.

There are 364 households accounting for 0.3 percent of the total households of the district dwelling in rented houses. The proportion of households dwelling in single room is the highest (42.9 %) where as it is the lowest (3.3 %) dwelling in no exclusive room. There are 53 Scheduled Castes households accounting for 14.6 percent of the total households dwelling in rented houses and the median number of rooms is 2. Interestingly it can be observed that no Scheduled Tribes household is dwelling in rented houses.

Similar trend can be observed in respect of households dwelling in the tenure status of others.

TABLE 49: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING IN PERMANENT, SEMI PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY HOUSES, 2001

Serial number	District/ C.D.Block	Total			Rural			Urban		
		Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Purnahiya	29.8	24.5	45.7	29.8	24.5	45.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	Piprarhi	32.2	16.1	51.7	32.2	16.1	51.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	Sheohar	34.5	11.3	54.2	30.3	11.0	58.7	53.8	12.4	33.8
4	Dumri Katsari	22.2	10.9	67.0	22.2	10.9	67.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	Tariani Chowk	18.7	9.8	71.5	18.7	9.8	71.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
	District Total:	**27.0**	**13.6**	**59.4**	**25.9**	**13.7**	**60.5**	**53.8**	**12.4**	**33.8**

Data source : Census of India 2001, H-series: Tables on Houses, Household amenities and Assets.

Note : 1. Permanent : Permanent houses refers to those houses whose wall & roof are made of pucca materials i.e. where burnt bricks, G.I. Sheets or other metal sheets, stone, cement, concrete is used for wall and tiles, slate, shingle, corrugated iron, zinc or other metal sheets, asbestos sheets, bricks, lime and stone and RBC/RCC concrete are used for roof.

2. Semi permanent : Semi-permanent houses refer to those houses made of other types of materials.

3. Temporary : Temporary houses refers to those houses having wall and roof made of Kutcha materials i.e. where grass, leaves, reeds, bamboo, mud, unburnt bricks are used for the construction of walls and grass, leaves reeds, bamboo hatch, mud, unburnt bricks, wood etc. are used for roofs.

It would be seen from the above table that of the total rural households maximum proportion of households i.e. 60.5 percent live in temporary houses followed by 25.9 percent living in permanent houses and 13.7 percent living in semi permanent houses.

In the case of urban households in the district, however, the maximum proportion of household i.e. for 53.8 percent live in permanent houses followed by 33.8 percent in temporary houses and 12.4 per cent in semi permanent houses.

Among the C.D. Blocks in the district, Tariani Chowk has the maximum proportion of rural households living in temporary houses (71.5%) followed by Dumri Katsari (67.0%) and Sheohar (58.7%). Purnahiya C.D. Block has the minimum proportion of households living in temporary houses with 45.7 percent. In case of permanent houses, Piprarhi C.D. Block has the maximum proportion of households living in permanent houses (32.2%) followed by Sheohar C.D. Block (30.3%). Tariani Chowk C.D. Block has minimum proportion of households living in permanent houses with 18.7 percent. In case of semi permanent houses, Purnahiya C.D. Block has the maximum proportion of households (24.5%) followed by Piprarhi C.D. Block (16.1%).

Tariani Chowk C.D. Block has the minimum proportion of households having semi permanent houses with 9.8 percent.

TABLE 50: PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING IMPROVED DRINKING WATER SOURCE, ELECTRICITY, BATHROOM, TOILET AND DRAINAGE FACILITY, 2001

Serial number	C. D. Block	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of household	Number and percentage of household having				
				Improved drinking water*	Electricity	Bathroom	Toilet	Drainage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Purnahiya	Total	15,123	13,710	62	760	1,898	2,539
				(90.7)	(0.4)	(5.0)	(12.6)	(16.8)
		Rural	15,123	13,710	62	760	1,898	2,539
				(90.7)	(0.4)	(5.0)	(12.6)	(16.8)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)

TABLE 50: PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING IMPROVED DRINKING WATER SOURCE, ELECTRICITY, BATHROOM, TOILET AND DRAINAGE FACILITY, 2001 (*Concld.*)

Serial number	C. D. Block	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of household	Number and percentage of household having				
				Improved drinking water*	Electricity	Bathroom	Toilet	Drainage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2	Piprarhi	Total	22,445	19,449	564	1,230	3,076	4,214
				(86.7)	(2.5)	(5.5)	(13.7)	(18.8)
		Rural	22,445	19,449	564	1,230	3,076	4,214
				(86.7)	(2.5)	(5.5)	(13.7)	(18.8)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
3	Sheohar	Total	23,724	21,746	1,853	1,500	3,649	5,508
				(91.7)	(7.8)	(6.3)	(15.4)	(23.2)
		Rural	19,424	17,813	1,038	1,076	2,357	3,695
				(91.7)	(5.3)	(5.5)	(12.1)	(19.0)
		Urban	4,300	3,933	815	424	1,292	1,813
				(91.5)	(19.0)	(9.9)	(30.0)	(42.2)
4	Dumri Katsari	Total	13,064	12,001	237	480	1,532	3,096
				(91.9)	(1.8)	(3.7)	(11.7)	(23.7)
		Rural	13,064	12,001	237	480	1,532	3,096
				(91.9)	(1.8)	(3.7)	(11.7)	(23.7)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
5	Tariani Chowk	Total	33,349	29,005	608	1,483	3,807	8,609
				(87.0)	(1.8)	(4.4)	(11.4)	(25.8)
		Rural	33,349	29,005	608	1,483	3,807	8,609
				(87.0)	(1.8)	(4.4)	(11.4)	(25.8)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
	District Total:	**Total**	**107,705**	**95,911**	**3,324**	**5,453**	**13,962**	**23,966**
				(89.0)	**(3.1)**	**(5.1)**	**(13.0)**	**(22.3)**
		Rural	**103,405**	**91,978**	**2,509**	**5,029**	**12,670**	**22,153**
				(88.9)	**(2.4)**	**(4.9)**	**(12.3)**	**(21.4)**
		Urban	**4,300**	**3,933**	**815**	**424**	**1,292**	**1,813**
				(91.5)	**(19.0)**	**(9.9)**	**(30.0)**	**(42.2)**

Data source : Census of India 2001, H-series: Tables on Houses, Household amenities and Assets.

*Based on the improved drinking water source, drinking water supply has been classified as'Improved'or otherwise. If the household has access to drinking water supplied from a tap or a hand pump/ tube well situated within or outside the premises it is considered as having access to 'Improved drinking water source'. However, the concept of improved drinking water is state specific and this is to be considered accordingly.

Note : Percentage is given in brackets below the number of households.

Bathroom means bathroom within the house.

Toilet means toilet within the house.

Drainage means closed and open drainage.

Table-50 shows that of the total rural households 91,978 households i.e. 88.9 percent have improved drinking water facility. The highest proportion of households with improved drinking water facility can be observed in Dumri Katsari C.D. Block with 91.9 percent where as it is lowest in Piprarhi C.D.Block with 86.7 percent.

As regards electricity it is found that only 2.4 percent of the rural households in the district have electricity. The highest proportion of households with electricity is in Sheohar C.D. Block with 5.3 percent where as it is lowest in Purnahiya C.D..Block with 0.4 percent.

Only 4.9 percent of the total rural households in the district have bathroom facility. The highest

proportion of households having bathroom facility is in Sheohar C.D. Block with 5.5 percent where as it is lowest in Dumri Katsari C.D.Block with 3.7 percent.

Only 12.3 percent of the rural households in the district have toilet facility. The highest proportion of households having toilet facility is in Piprarhi C.D. Block with 13.7 percent where as it is lowest in Tariani Chowk C.D.Block with 11.4 percent.

Only 21.4 percent of the rural households in the district have drainage facility. The highest proportion of households having drainage facility is in Tariani Chowk C.D. Block with 25.8 percent where as it is lowest in Purnahiya C.D.Block with 16.8 percent.

TABLE 51 : NUMBER AND PERCENT OF HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF FUEL USED FOR COOKING, 2001

Serial number	C.D.Block	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total households	Fire wood	Crop residue	Cowdung cake	Electricity	Coal / Lignite (charcoal)	Cooking gas (L.P.G.)	Bio-gas	Kerosene	Others	No cooking
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Purnahiya	Total	15,123	4,053	6,526	4,303	11	0	18	2	3	198	9
				(26.8)	(43.2)	(28.5)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.3)	(0.1)
		Rural	15,123	4,053	6,526	4,303	11	0	18	2	3	198	9
				(26.8)	(43.2)	(28.5)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.3)	(0.1)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
2	Piprarhi	Total	22,445	3,793	10,245	8,073	9	0	48	0	28	240	9
				(16.9)	(45.6)	(36.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(1.1)	(0.0)
		Rural	22,445	3,793	10,245	8,073	9	0	48	0	28	240	9
				(16.9)	(45.6)	(36.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(1.1)	(0.0)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
3	Sheohar	Total	23,724	4,560	12,318	6,275	11	25	121	2	118	262	32
				(19.2)	(51.9)	(26.5)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(1.1)	(0.1)
		Rural	19,424	2,311	10,965	5,830	7	3	23	0	12	262	11
				(11.9)	(56.5)	(30.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(1.3)	(0.1)
		Urban	4,300	2,249	1,353	445	4	22	98	2	106	0	21
				(52.3)	(31.5)	(10.3)	(0.1)	(0.5)	(2.3)	(0.0)	(2.5)	(0.0)	(0.5)
4	Dumri Katsari	Total	13,064	1,569	6,153	5,247	5	0	16	4	16	47	7
				(12.0)	(47.1)	(40.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.4)	(0.1)
		Rural	13,064	1,569	6,153	5,247	5	0	16	4	16	47	7
				(12.0)	(47.1)	(40.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.4)	(0.1)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
5	Tariani Chowk	Total	33,349	5,243	17,885	9,930	11	32	4	0	20	190	34
				(15.7)	(53.6)	(29.8)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.6)	(0.1)
		Rural	33,349	5,243	17,885	9,930	11	32	4	0	20	190	34
				(15.7)	(53.6)	(29.8)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.6)	(0.1)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
	District Total:	**Total**	**107,705**	**19,218**	**53,127**	**33,828**	**47**	**57**	**207**	**8**	**185**	**937**	**91**
				(17.8)	**(49.3)**	**(31.4)**	**(0.0)**	**(0.1)**	**(0.2)**	**(0.0)**	**(0.2)**	**(0.9)**	**(0.1)**
		Rural	**103,405**	**16,969**	**51,774**	**33,383**	**43**	**35**	**109**	**6**	**79**	**937**	**70**
				(16.4)	**(50.1)**	**(32.3)**	**(0.0)**	**(0.0)**	**(0.1)**	**(0.0)**	**(0.1)**	**(0.9)**	**(0.1)**
		Urban	**4,300**	**2,249**	**1,353**	**445**	**4**	**22**	**98**	**2**	**106**	**0**	**21**
				(52.3)	**(31.5)**	**(10.3)**	**(0.1)**	**(0.5)**	**(2.3)**	**(0.0)**	**(2.5)**	**(0.0)**	**(0.5)**

Percentage in brackets

Data source: Census of India 2001, H-series: Tables on Houses, Household amenities and Assets.

Table-51 above shows that 16.4 percent of the rural households in the district use firewood as fuel for cooking. The highest proportion of households using firewood as fuel for cooking is in Purnahiya C.D. Block (26.8%) where as it is lowest in Sheohar C.D. Block with 11.9 percent.

Around fifty percent (50.1%) of the rural households in the district use crop residue as fuel for cooking. Among the C.D. Blocks, highest proportion of households using crop residue as fuel for cooking is 56.5 percent in Sheohar C.D. Block where as it is lowest (43.2%) in Purnahiya C.D. Block.

Around thirty two percent (32.3%) of the rural households in the district use Cowdung cake as fuel for cooking. Among the C.D. Blocks the proportion of households using Cowdung cake as fuel for cooking is highest (40.2%) in Dumri Katsari C.D. Block where as it is lowest (28.5%) in Purnahiya C.D.Block.

In the case of cooking gas (L.P.G.) there are only 207 households accounting for 0.2 percent of the total households in the district using it for cooking. As regards Kerosene there are only 185 households accounting for 0.2 percent of the total households in the district using it for cooking.Similar trend can be observed in respect of other types of fuel.

TABLE 52 : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AVAILING BANKING SERVICES AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING EACH OF THE SPECIFIED ASSET, 2001

					Availability of household assets						
Serial number	C.D.Block	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total number of household	Total number of households availing banking services	Radio / Transistor	Television	Tele-phone	Bicycle	Scooter, Motor Cycle, Moped	Car, Jeep, Van	None of the specified assets
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Purnahiya	Total	15,123	2,032	3,638	528	130	5,205	364	128	8,490
		Rural	15,123	2,032	3,638	528	130	5,205	364	128	8,490
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Piprarhi	Total	22,445	1,697	4,697	691	139	6,795	327	143	13,634
		Rural	22,445	1,697	4,697	691	139	6,795	327	143	13,634
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Sheohar	Total	23,724	2,803	5,721	1,544	273	8,517	516	199	13,068
		Rural	19,424	2,040	4,639	957	164	7,233	373	140	10,610
		Urban	4,300	763	1,082	587	109	1,284	143	59	2,458
4	Dumri Katsari	Total	13,064	1,093	3,433	529	44	4,820	230	59	7,095
		Rural	13,064	1,093	3,433	529	44	4,820	230	59	7,095
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Tariani Chowk	Total	33,349	2,574	7,098	1,236	295	9,977	516	213	20,381
		Rural	33,349	2,574	7,098	1,236	295	9,977	516	213	20,381
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	District Total:	**Total**	**107,705**	**10,199**	**24,587**	**4,528**	**881**	**35,314**	**1,953**	**742**	**62,668**
		Rural	**103,405**	**9,436**	**23,505**	**3,941**	**772**	**34,030**	**1,810**	**683**	**60,210**
		Urban	**4,300**	**763**	**1,082**	**587**	**109**	**1,284**	**143**	**59**	**2,458**

Data source: Census of India 2001, H-series: Tables on Houses, Household amenities and Assets.

It would be seen from the table above that there are 10,199 households accounting for 9.5 percent of the total households in the district availing banking services. In this regard the highest proportion of households can be observed in Purnahiya C.D. Block (13.4 %) where as the same is lowest in Piprarhi C.D. Block (7.6 %).

There are 24,587 households accounting for 22.8 percent of the total households in the district possessing radio / transistor. In this regard the highest proportion of households is in Dumri Katsari C.D. Block (26.3 %) where as it is lowest in Piprarhi C.D. Block (20.9 %).

More than forty five thousands households accounting for 4.2 percent of the total households in the district possess televisions. In this regard the highest proportion of households is in Sheohar C.D. Block (6.5%) where as it is lowest in Piprarhi C.D.

Block (3.1%).

As regards telephone there are only 881 households accounting for only 0.8 percent of the total households in the district availing telephone services.In this regard the highest proportion of households is in Sheohar C.D. Block (1.2%) where as it is lowest in Dumri Katsari C.D. Block (0.3%).

More than thirty five thousand households accounting for 32.8 percent of the total households in the district possess bicycles. In this regard the highest proportion of households is in Dumri Katsari C.D. Block (36.9%) where as it is lowest in Tariani Chowk C.D. Block (29.9%).

Similar trend can be observed in respect of other specified assets.

(viii) Major social and cultural events, naturaland administrative developments and significant activities during the decade

The district of Sheohar which till the 1991 Census was a part of Sitamarhi district as one of its sub-divisions, was elevated to the status of a district on 6th October, 1994 by the Government of Bihar.

(ix) Brief description of places of religious, historical and archaeological importance in villages and places of tourist interest in the towns of the district

Deokuli (Dhekuli) :

The ancient Bhubaneshwar Temple of Lord Shiva is situated 5 kms. east of Sheohar town between Sheohar-Sitamarhi sector on National Highway no. 104 near the river Bagmati. The legend is that the great mythological warrior, Parsurama – the famous devotee and disciple of Lord Shiva established here the SHIVALINGA and worshiped the deity for thousands of years. During the month of SHRAWANA a big fair is held every year around the temple.

Certainly, there exists a number of small temples and mosques in almost all the villages in the district but these are not of archaeological importance. Visited by local residents these provide places of worship for the neighbourhood.

(x)Major characteristics of the district, contribution of the district in the form of any historical figure associated with the district

The erstwhile district of Sitamarhi from which the district of Sheohar was created in the year 1994 is smallest district both in terms of population and area. The district is prone to flood. Almost every year major areas of the district is inundated by the flood water of the river Bagmati.

(xi)Scope of Village Directory and Town Directory - column headingwise explanation and coverage of data

The District Census Handbooks are the only publications which furnish information down to the village level in case of rural areas and by the level of towns/wards (circles) in case of urban areas. This facilitates research scholars and academicians to analyse data upto the lowest administrative unit. It is of vital importance for the planners also since it offers micro-level data and thus enable them to identify the areas undeveloped in terms of infrastructure and channelise efforts and inputs accordingly so that optimum utilization of the resources could be made.

The present series of the DCHB in 2001 Census have been made more informative and exhaustive in terms of coverage and content. The content of village directory has been broadened by including more types of facilities such as bank, recreational and cultural facilities, newspapers and magazines available in villages. Information on most important commodity manufactured in village, wherever possible are provided. Specific details on distances, in case a basic amenity is not available in the referent village is also given. These include distances in respect of availability of primary and middle school and college (in respect of the educational facility), Allopathic Hospital, Maternity & Child Welfare Centre and Primary Health Centre (in respect of the medical facility), drinking water, Post Office and phone, communication, bank, credit societies and recreational facilities. In town directory, information on all types of slums, whether notified/recognised by the respective town authority or not and in respect of all statutory towns irrespective of their class as against

only Class I and Class II towns of the 1981 and 1991 Censuses are provided. With reference to the town concerned, the nearest city with 5 lakh and above population has also been given in addition to 1 lakh and above population. The varied basic amenities available in the villages and towns are analysed in depth with the help of a number of cross-classified inset tables and statements.

Village and Town Directories included in the District Census Handbook give the list of villages and towns, their areas, population and amenities.

The details of each column of village directory are explained as below :

Column-1

Serial number of the village is indicated in this column.

Column-2

Gives the name of the village and permanent location code number (PLCN) assigned to each village in serpentine manner from north-west to south direction and is essential for identification of village. The concept of permanent location code number has been introduced first time in 2001 Census by assigning eight digit number starting from the first village of the first tehsil of first district of the state to the last village of last tehsil of the last district. In the state of Bihar first PLCN 00000100 has been assigned to village 'KALAPANI' in Sidhaw C.D. Block of Pashchim Champaran district and the last PLCN 04509800 has been assigned to the last village 'TOLA SUNDARI' of the state in Chakai C.D. Block of Jamui district which happens to be last as per procedure adopted for assigning location code number. The district census handbook of 1991 Census as well as updated district and C.D. Block maps and services of local revenue officers/officials have been used to assign the PLCN to the villages. The last two zeros will be used if new villages are created out of existing villages in subsequent census. Before 2001 census, village location code number used to change from one census to other due to change in jurisdictions or creation of villages or merger of villages in urban areas. The district handbook of 1991 Census has been used as basis for filling up the name of the village including the forest and uninhabited villages. But to ensure the accuracy, the list of villages and their names were got authenticated from the respective B.D.O's of each C.D.Block.

Column-3

Shows the area (in hectares) of the village as indicated by the State Revenue Department.

Columns - 4 & 5

Gives the population and number of households in each village which facilitate the correlation between the amenities available to the population and number of households in village.

Columns 6 to 9

Deal with the amenities like education, medical, drinking water, post, telegraph and telephone etc. The information relating to these amenities were filled by the Patwari of concerned village in village directory booklet which were subsequently cross checked with district census handbook of 1991 as well as with the information collected from the various departments to ensure the accuracy of information provided. In such cases where no facility is available within a village, a dash (–) has been shown in the column and next to it in brackets, the distance from the village in broad ranges viz. upto 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms. of the nearest place where the facility is available has been given. This will help not only for local area planning but in regulating the provisions of goods and services as well, so as to minimize the regional imbalance in the process of development. The abbreviations used to indicate these amenities have been explained separately in the subsequent section.

Column-10

Shows the number of banks - Commercial banks and Co-operative banks. In addition to this, the list of banks procured from the lead bank of the district has also been added in this book.

Column-11

Relates to number of credit societies, such as agricultural credit societies, non-agricultural credit societies and other cooperative societies.

Column-12

Shows the number of recreational and cultural facilities viz. Cinema/video hall, sports club, stadium/ auditorium facility available in the villages.

Column-13

Indicates the type of communications amenities such as by bus, railway or navigable waterway available to the village.

Column-14

Refers to the state of roads etc. leading to the village. This is useful in determining as to whether the village is approachable both in fair and foul weather by paved road, mud road, foot path and navigable water ways.

Column-15

Gives the information of the nearest town and its distance in Kms. from the village in brackets from the referent village. In case, the nearest town is located in another state, the name of the state has also been furnished.

Column-16

Relates to the availability of power supply to the village with purposes such as domestic, agricultural use, other purposes or for purposes which are denoted by the abbreviations.

Column-17

Gives the information as to whether newspapers/ magazines are received in the village.

Column-18

Gives the information of most important commodities manufactured in the village.

Columns-19 to 23

Give the details about land utilization. The land use pattern given in the village directory conforms to the pattern of classification of land use as recommended by the Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India. The Ministry of Agriculture, has recommended the maintenance of records of land use pattern under five categories. These are as follows :

i) Forests

ii) Irrigated

iii) Unirrigated

iv) Culturable waste (including Gauchar and Groves)

v) Area not available for cultivation

Forest area shown in column-19 includes all lands classed under any legal enactment dealing with forests or administered as forests, whether state owned or private and whether wooded or maintained as potential forest land. The crops raised in the forests and grazing lands or areas open for grazing within the forest is also included under the forest area.

Column 20 and 21

Show area irrigated by different sources of irrigation and un-irrigated area. These two columns cover all agricultural land which equals to net cropped area sown with crops and orchards including current and other fallow lands. In case of irrigated land, the source of irrigation has also been indicated.

Column 22

Culturable waste : This includes all lands available for cultivation whether not taken up for cultivation or taken up for cultivation once but not cultivated during the five years or more in succession. Such lands may be either fallow or covered with shrubs and jungles which are not put to any use. Lands under thatching grasses, bamboo bushes and other groves for fuel etc., which are not included under orchards or forests come under this column. All grazing lands, whether they are permanent pastures and meadows or not, village common and grazing lands within forest area are also included in this column.

Column-23

Area not available for cultivation : This includes land not available for cultivation such as barren, unculturable land and land put to non-agricultural use. Land put to non-agricultural use stands for all lands occupied by buildings, roads and railways or under water etc. Barren and unculturable lands cover all lands like mountains and deserts which cannot be put under cultivation, except at a very high cost.

Column-2 & 1

Indicate the name of the village in English and serial number of village respectively.

Town Directory :

The Town Directory is presented for each town in the district covering different aspects of urban life. Seven statements (I to VII) have been included for presentation of this data. The data contained in these statements are the area, population of 2001 and past censuses, growth rates, density, sex ratio, physical aspects of town, communications, municipal finances, civic, medical, educational and other amenities and trade, commerce, industry and banking facilities. It covers all the towns in the district statutorily notified as well as non-municipal towns. All the towns in the district are arranged in alphabetical order.

The data collected in these statements have largely been furnished by the municipal bodies. For non-municipal towns, the cantonment executive officers supplied the information.

Statement-I Status and Growth History

The statement runs into 22 columns and is primarily intended to throw up a comparative picture of each town in different censuses from 1901 to 2001. Civic administration status of each town is shown under column 2 and Location Code number in column 3. Column 4 is not applicable in case of Bihar and Jharkhand States. While column 5 shows the name of C.D. block, area of each town in sq. kms. is depicted under column 6 column 7 deals with the number of households including houseless households as per the 2001 Census. Columns 8 to 18 deal with population and growth rate of the towns at different censuses from 1901 to 2001. Column 19 of the statement shows density of towns as per the 2001 Census. Columns 20 to 22 depict the sex ratio from 1981 to 2001 Census.

Statement-II Physical Aspects and Location of Towns

In this statement data on annual rainfall, maximum and minimum temperature are shown under columns 3 to 5. Columns 6 to 8 indicate the name and road distance of the state, district, subdivisional and tehsil/sub-tehsil headquarters. Column 9 shows the name of nearest city with population of one lakh or more and columns 11 to 13 give information regarding name and road distance of the nearest railway station, bus route, navigable river/canal (if within 10 Kms.). Column 10 shows the name of nearest city with population of five lakhs and more.

Statement-III Municipal Finance

This statement shows the receipt and expenditure of Municipal Finance of individual towns for the year 1998-99 under different heads. There are in all 16 columns in the statement showing receipt and expenditure under different heads.

Statement IV Civic and Other Amenities

The statement displays information under 20 columns. The amenities about which information has been incorporated are road length (with break-up by Kutcha and Pucca), system of sewerage, drainage and other related matters such as water supply, fire fighting services and electrification etc.

Statement-V Medical, Educational, Recreational and Cultural Facilities

This statement displays information under 20 heads and it intends to depict the degree of availability of medical facilities by type of institutions and number of hospital beds available in each institution. Educational facilities by level/type of courses and recreational and cultural facilities.

Statement-VI Trade, Commerce, Industry and Banking

This statement presents information under 11 columns in respect of each town. Columns 3 to 8 indicate three most important commodities exported and manufactured in the town. Information on number of banks available in the town appears under column 9. Columns 10 and 11 show number of agricultural and non-agricultural credit societies operating in each town respectively.

Statement-VII Civic and other amenities in Slums

Statement VII contains information about civic and other amenities in slums of 1999. This is a statement on civic and other amenities in all slums

whether notified or not and for all towns having statutory bodies, like municipality, municipal corporations, Notified Areas, etc.

Generally, in cities or towns with slums, the local authority, such as municipality or municipal corporation or even the development authority notifies the recognized slums. It is linked up with the availability of funds from the State Government for slum clearance/improvement. It is possible that some of the states or local bodies have not formally notified slums under their jurisdictions. But in such cases, there is likelihood that they are maintaining a list of such areas which are officially treated as slums. The intention is that the information is to be provided in respect of such localities as are officially recognised as slums, whether actually notified or not. Though the magnitude of slum problem is greater in class I and class II towns, it is acknowledged that they are associated with smaller towns also. Hence the information on slums in this statement has been compiled in respect of all towns having statutory bodies. Columns 1, 2 need no explanation. Under column 3 the names of slum(s) has been provided in an alphabetical order in separate lines under the town which they belong. The particulars with regard to status of slum whether notified or not has been collected under column 4 and recorded as 'Yes' or 'No'. Under column 5 the no. of households (approximate) in the slum pertaining to 1999 has been recorded whereas in column 6 the population figures (approximate) based on the year 1999 have been recoded. Column 7 denotes the road length of paved road in km . upto two decimal places. Column 8 to 13 give information about system of sewerage, number of latrines and method of disposal of night soil. Column 14 gives information about the no. of tap points/public hydrants as ascertained from civic authorities as well as through local enquiry. Column 15, 16 & 17 give information about electricity connections. Column 15 gives information about domestic electricity connections, column 16 gives information about road lighting (electric points) whereas column 17 gives information about electric connections other than collected under columns 15 & 16.

Part-A : Village and Town Directory

Section-I : Village Directory

Note explaining the abbreviations used in the Village Directory

The "Village Directory" is one of the traditional compilations of the Census. It gives the list of villages, their location numbers, their area, population, number of households, amenities such as educational, medical, drinking water, post and telegraph, commercial and co-operative banks, agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies, recreational and cultural facilities, communication, approach to village, nearest town with a distance, power supply, availability of newspaper and magazines, most important commodity manufactured and land use of each village.

Village is a statutory recognized unit having a definite boundary and separate land records. In case, a complete village is treated as an outgrowth of urban agglomeration, data on amenities for that village, have not been given in the Village Directory but shown along with the urban component. The villages which are considered as a Census Town, the amenities data are shown in the Town Directory. For those villages which have partly merged in an outgrowth of U.A., the amenities data are shown in the Village Directory for that particular village.

The 'un-inhabited'villages (villages with no population) have been indicated as such after furnishing details in columns 1 to 3 i.e., Serial number, Name of village & location code number and area of the village against column no. 4 to 18. The land use data for such villages are shown in col.19 to 23

The Village Directory format has 23 columns and the details given under each column are for the village are as follows :

Column 1 : Serial Number

Self explanatory. All the villages within the C.D. Block are presented serially in the ascending order of their location code number.

Column 2 : Name and Location Code Number of Village

The name and location code number of the village are shown against this column. This also includes the forest and uninhabited villages.

Column 3 : Area of the village

The total area of the village in hectares is given. Wherever the area figures was not furnished by the concerned department the column is left blank.

Column 4 : Total population

The total population of the village as per 2001 Census is given against this column.

Column 5 : Number of households

The number of households as per 2001 Census is given in this column.

Amenities :

In columns 6 to 23, availability in respect of different amenities such as education, medical, drinking water, post & telegraph, banks, credit societies, communication, power, approach road etc. in each village has been depicted with appropriate codes against the column concerned. Wherever the amenities are not available in the village, a dash (–) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given. Column wise details are given below :

Column 6 : Educational

Classes upto class V included in Primary School. This will include nursery school, kindergarten school. Pre-basic school, pre-primary school, junior basic school upto class V.

Classes from VI to VIII are included in the middle school.

Classes from IX and X included in High secondary school. Classes XI and XII are included in senior secondary school.

In case of composite schools like middle school with primary school or secondary school with middle school, these are also included in the number of primary and middle schools, respectively.

Accordingly any of the following types of institutions if exists within the village is shown as per codes given below :

(i)	Primary School	P
(ii)	Middle School	M
(iii)	Secondary School	S
(iv)	Senior Secondary School	PUC
(v)	College	C
(vi)	Industrial School	I
(vii)	Training School	Tr
(viii)	Adult literacy class/centre	AC
(ix)	Others (specify) e.g. Sanskrit Pathshala, Senior basic school, Navodaya Vidyalaya, Makhtab, etc.	O

More than one institution of a type in the village is indicated by the number within brackets against the abbreviation, e.g. P(3), M(4), etc.

Column 7 : Medical

Availability of medical facility within the village is indicated by following codes :

(i)	Allopathic Hospital	H
	Ayurvedic Hospital	HA
	Unani Hospital	HU
	Homeopathic Hospital	H Hom
(ii)	Allopathic Dispensary	D
	Ayurvedic Dispensary	DA
	Unani Dispensary	DU
	Homeopathic Dispensary	D Hom
(iii)	Maternity & Child Welfare	MCW
(iv)	Maternity Home	MH
(v)	Child Welfare Centre	CWC
(vi)	Health Centre	HC
(vii)	Primary Health Centre	PHC
(viii)	Primary Health Sub-Centre	PHS
(ix)	Family Welfare Centre	FWC
(x)	T.B. Clinic	TB
(xi)	Nursing Home	NH
(xii)	Registered Private Medical Practitioner	RMP
(xiii)	Subsidised Medical Practitioner	SMP
(xiv)	Community Health Worker	CHW
(xv)	Others	O

More than one institution of a type in the village is indicated by the number within brackets against the abbreviations, e.g. H(3), D(4), etc.

Column 8 : Drinking Water

The type of the drinking water supply sources available within the village are indicated by codes as follows :

(i)	Tap Water	T
(ii)	Well Water	W
(iii)	Tank Water	TK
(iv)	Tubewell Water	TW
(v)	Handpump	HP
(vi)	River Water	R
(vii)	Canal	C
(viii)	Lake	L
(ix)	Spring	S
(x)	Others	O
(xi)	Summer Source	SS

Column 9 : Post, Telegraph and Telephone

It is indicated by codes as shown below whether within the village exists the following amenities :

(i)	Post Office	PO
(ii)	Telegraph Office	TO
(iii)	Post & Telegraph Office	PTO
(iv)	Telephone Connection	PH

Column 10 : Commercial and Co-operative Banks

If the village is served by any banking service, commercial bank, co-operative bank etc. the same is

indicated in codes mentioned below along with the number of banks in brackets. If not available the distance of nearest place where the facility exists is given :

(i)	Commercial Bank	CM
(ii)	Co-operative Bank	CP

Column 11 : Credit Societies

If the village enjoys the services of Credit Societies i.e. Agricultural Credit Societies, Non Agricultural Credit Societies or Other Credit Societies, the same is indicated in codes mentioned below along with the number of such societies in brackets. In case the facility is not available within the village the distance of the nearest place where such facility exists is given :

(i)	Agricultural Credit Society	ACS
(ii)	Non- Agricultural Credit Society	NCS
(iii)	Other Credit Society	OCS

Column 12 : Recreational and cultural facilities

If facilities such as Cinema/Video hall, Sports Club, Stadium/Auditorium are available in the village, the same is recorded in this column. If not available the particulars of the nearest place with the facility are recorded. The information is indicated in codes mentioned below along with the number of such facilities in brackets :

(i)	Cinema/Video Hall	CV
(ii)	Sports Club	SP
(iii)	Stadium/Auditorium	ST

Column 13: Communications

If the village is served by any mode of public/ Private transport like Bus, Railway station or Navigable water ways these are to be mentioned as follows :

(i)	Bus	BS
(ii)	Railway Station	RS
(iii)	Navigable Waterway	NW

Column 14 : Approach to village

Approach to village refers to the state of road leading to village. The approach to the village is indicated in following codes :

(i)	Paved Road	PR
(ii)	Mud road	MR
(iii)	Foot path	FP
(iv)	Navigable River	NR
(v)	Navigable Canal	NC
(vi)	Navigable waterways other than River, Canal	NW

Column 15 : Nearest Town and distance

The distance is given in kilometers in brackets against the name of the town nearest to the village.

Column 16 : Power supply

Availability of Power Supply in the village, whatever may be the form of its use is given by using following codes :

(i)	Electricity for domestic use	ED
(ii)	Electricity for agricultural use	EAG
(iii)	Electricity for other purposes	EO
(iv)	Electricity for all purposes	EA

Column 17 : News Paper / Magazine

If village receives any News Paper/Magazines the same is noted in this column using following codes :

(i)	News Paper	N
(ii)	Magazine	M

Column 18 : Most important commodities manufactured

The name of three most important commodities manufactured in the village is recorded against this column.

Columns 19 to 23 : Land use i.e. area under different types of land use

Land use data maintained by the State/UT Govts. are furnished against these columns. The data concerning area under Forest, Irrigated land (by source), Un-irrigated land, Culturable waste and Area not available for cultivation in the village are shown against these columns. The area figures are given in hectare(s) up to one decimal. Desh (–) is recorded wherever the information is not made available by the concerned department. The codes used for different types of irrigation facilities available in the village are indicated below :

(i)	Government Canal	GC

(ii)	Private Canal	PC
(iii)	Well (without electricity)	W
(iv)	Well (with electricity)	WE
(v)	Tubewell (without electricity)	TW
(vi)	Tubewell (with electricity)	TWE
(vii)	Tank	TK
(viii)	River	R
(ix)	Lake	L
(x)	Waterfall	WF
(xi)	Others	O
(xii)	Total	T

The village directory also carries the following appendices.

Appendix I : It gives the abstract of educational, medical and other amenities available in villages CD Block wise of the district.

Appendix IA : Indicates number of villages CD Blockwise having one or more primary schools.

Appendix IB : Indicates number of villages CD Blockwise having primary, middle and secondary schools.

Appendix IC : Shows number of villages CD Blockwise with different sources of drinking water facilities.

Appendix II : Indicates the list of villages with 5,000 and above population which do not have one or more important amenities.

Appendix IIA : Indicates list of Census Towns which do not have one or more amenities.

Appendix III : It gives the land utilization data in respect of Census Towns/non-municipal Towns.

Appendix IV : CD Block wise list of inhabited villages where no amenity other than drinking water facility is available.

Appendix V : Summary showing number of villages not having Scheduled Castes population.

Appendix VI : Summary showing number of villages not having Scheduled Tribes population.

Appendix VIIA : The appendix shows the list of villages according to proportion of the Scheduled castes to the total population by ranges

Appendix VIIB : The appendix shows the list of villages according to proportion of the Scheduled Tribes to the total population by ranges.

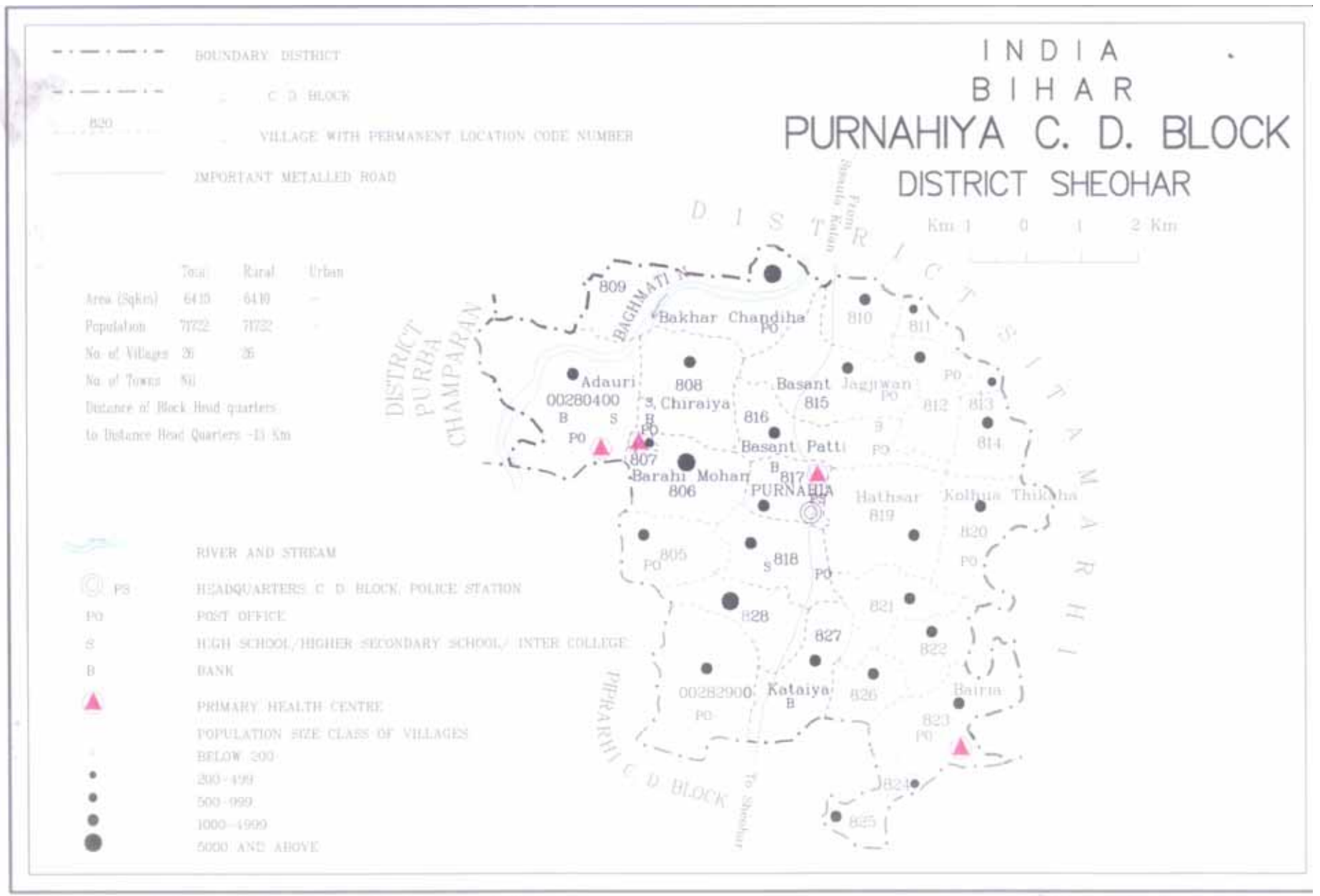
Appendix VIII : Number of Villages under each Gram Panchayat(C.D. block wise)

Appendix IX : Statement showing number of girls schools in the villages

LIST OF VILLAGES MERGED IN TOWNS AND OUTGROWTHS AT 2001 CENSUS

Serial number	Name of Towns	Name of villages merged in towns	Name of villages identified for outgrowth	Location Code Number 1991 Census	Location Code Number 2001 Census (in case of partly OG)
1	2	3	4	5	6

There is no such village in the district of Sheohar.



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Alphabetical list of Villages

Name of the District : Sheohar

Serial number	Name of villages	2001Census location code number	1991Census location code number
1	2	3	4
Name of CD Block: Purnahiya			
Location code of C.D. Block : 0001			
1	Adauri	00280400	140010001000100089
2	Asogi Chhapra Dhani	00281000	140010001000100096
3	Asopur	00282600	140010001000100119
4	Bairia	00282300	140010001000100109
5	Bakatpur Chaki	00282400	140010001000100114
6	Bakhar Chandiha	00280900	140010001000100095
7	Barahi Jagdish	00280500	140010001000100091
8	Barahi Mohan	00280600	140010001000100092
9	Basant Jagjiwan	00281500	140010001000100101
10	Basant Patti	00281600	140010001000100102
11	Bedaul Adam	00281400	140010001000100100
12	Bedaul Baz	00281200	140010001000100098
13	Chak Sonaul	00281100	140010001000100097
14	Chhapra Jurawan	00280700	140010001000100093
15	Chiraiya	00280800	140010001000100094
16	Dosti Mahamadpur	00282900	140010001000100122
17	Hathsar	00281900	140010001000100105
18	Kashipur	00282200	140010001000100108
19	Kataiya	00282700	140010001000100120
20	Khaira Pahari	00282800	140010001000100121
21	Kolhua Thikaha	00282000	140010001000100106
22	Madan Chhapra	00281300	140010001000100099
23	Pakri	00282500	140010001000100115
24	Purnahia Chandandih	00281700	140010001000100103
25	Pursauni Gope	00282100	140010001000100107
26	Sonaul Sultan	00281800	140010001000100104

Census of India 2001 -

Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
CD Block: Purnahiya (0001)												
1	Adauri (00280400)	631.0	4,809	1,126	P(4) M S PUC C(10+)	H PHC PHS MCW(10+)	HP W R SS-	PO PH	CM CP(10+)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS NW RS(10+)
2	Barahi Jagdish (00280500)	229.0	4,029	804	P(2) M(< 5) C(10+)	H CHW MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	PO PH	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
3	Barahi Mohan (00280600)	279.0	5,019	960	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
4	Chhapra Jurawan (00280700)	39.0	957	240	P M S PUC C(10+)	D PHC PHS CHW H(10+) MCW(10+)	HP W SS-	PO PH(10+)	CM CP(10+)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(5-10)
5	Chiraiya (00280800)	324.0	3,283	604	P M(< 5) C(10+)	NH RMP H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(10+)
6	Bakhar Chandiha (00280900)	521.0	6,856	1,420	P(4) M(5-10) C(10+)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(10+)
7	Asogi Chhapra Dhani (00281000)	164.0	2,968	621	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
8	Chak Sonaul (00281100)	55.0	605	123	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(10+)
9	Bedaul Baz (00281200)	216.0	1,605	316	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(10+)
10	Madan Chhapra (00281300)	28.0	727	212	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(10+)

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
MR FP	Sheohar (30)	-	N M	Pottery, Woods Item	-	TW(100.0) R(100.0) O(100.0) T(300.0)	231.1	-	100.0	Adauri	1
PR MR FP	Sheohar (18)	-	-	Pottery	-	TW(50.0) R(23.8) O(50.0) T(123.8)	54.1	-	50.9	Barahi Jagdish	2
MR FP	Sheohar (22)	-	-	Pottery, Woods Item	-	TW(100.0) O(79.3) T(179.3)	53.4	-	46.6	Barahi Mohan	3
MR FP	Sheohar (30)	-	-	Pottery, Woods Item	-	TW(10.0) R(5.0) O(9.3) T(24.3)	10.0	-	5.0	Chhapra Jurawan	4
MR	Sheohar (25)	-	-	Pottery, Woods Item	-	TW(100.0) O(43.8) T(143.8)	145.1	10.2	24.7	Chiraiya	5
MR FP	Sheohar (30)	-	-	Pottery, Woods Item	-	TW(150.0) O(120.8) T(270.8)	-	50.0	200.0	Bakhar Chandiha	6
PR MR FP	Sheohar (18)	-	-	-	-	TW(46.0) O(37.0) T(83.0)	66.5	6.1	8.5	Asogi Chhapra Dhani	7
MR FP	Sheohar (17)	-	-	-	-	TW(15.0) O(10.0) T(25.0)	20.1	-	10.0	Chak Sonaul	8
MR FP	Sheohar (16)	-	-	-	-	TW(69.0) O(42.0) T(111.0)	-	-	104.8	Bedaul Baz	9
MR FP	Sitamarhi (18)	-	-	-	-	TW(7.0) O(5.0) T(12.0)	5.3	-	10.5	Madan Chhapra	10

Census of India 2001 -

Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given`							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
11	Bedaul Adam (00281400)	182.0	1,712	344	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
12	Basant Jagjiwan (00281500)	361.0	4,273	822	P M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
13	Basant Patti (00281600)	332.0	3,306	671	P(2) M C(10+)	CHW H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	PO PH(10+)	CM CP(10+)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
14	Purnahia Chandandih (00281700)	139.0	2,178	379	P M(< 5) C(10+)	H DA PHC PHS CHW MCW(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	CM CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(10+)
15	Sonaul Sultan (00281800)	282.0	1,514	294	P M S PUC C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(10+)
16	Hathsar (00281900)	357.0	2,757	536	P(2) M(< 5) C(10+)	CHW H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(10+)
17	Kolhua Thikaha (00282000)	291.0	3,692	796	P(2) M(< 5) C(10+)	CHW H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	PO PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(< 5) RS(5-10) NW(10+)
18	Pursauni Gope (00282100)	240.0	2,045	370	P M(< 5) C(10+)	PHS CHW H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
19	Kashipur (00282200)	180.0	1,483	255	P M(< 5) C(10+)	CHW H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
20	Bairia (00282300)	347.0	3,396	826	P(2) M C(10+)	PHC PHS CHW H(5-10) MCW(10+)	HP W SS-	PO PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(10+)
21	Bakatpur Chaki (00282400)	50.0	544	100	- P(5-10) M(10+) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(5-10)	- CM (5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(10+)

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
MR FP	Sitamarhi. (15)	-	-	-	-	TW(56.3) O(30.8) T(87.1)	75.7	4.2	14.7	Bedaul Adam	11
PR MR FP	Sitamarhi (16)	-	-	-	-	TW(86.5) O(9.0) T(95.5)	190.3	30.2	45.3	Basant Jagjiwan	12
PR MR FP	Sheohar (26)	-	-	-	-	TW(75.0) O(36.0) T(111.0)	161.9	28.2	30.8	Basant Patti	13
MR FP	Sheohar (25)	-	-	Pottery, Woods Item	-	TW(44.0) O(50.0) T(94.0)	4.6	3.2	36.9	Purnahia Chandandih	14
MR FP	Sheohar (20)	-	-	Pottery, Woods Item	-	TW(50.0) O(82.5) T(132.5)	62.6	2.1	85.3	Sonaul Sultan	15
PR MR FP	Sheohar (17)	-	-	-	-	TW(185.0) O(35.0) T(220.0)	57.1	20.1	60.2	Hathsar	16
PR MR FP	Sitamarhi (14)	-	-	-	-	TW(170.0) TK(5.0) O(30.0) T(205.0)	35.7	7.5	42.5	Kolhua Thikaha	17
PR MR FP	Sitamarhi (15)	-	-	-	-	TW(115.0) TK(5.0) O(25.0) T(145.0)	42.5	12.4	40.4	Pursauni Gope	18
PR MR FP	Sitamarhi (15)	-	-	-	-	TW(85.0) TK(4.0) O(20.0) T(109.0)	34.9	3.4	32.4	Kashipur	19
MR FP	Sitamarhi (18)	-	-	Pottery, Woods Item	-	TW(100.0) TK(5.3) O(100.0) T(205.3)	51.6	14.7	75.1	Bairia	20
MR FP	Sitamarhi (15)	-	-	-	-	TW(18.2) T(18.2)	30.8	-	1.3	Bakatpur Chaki	21

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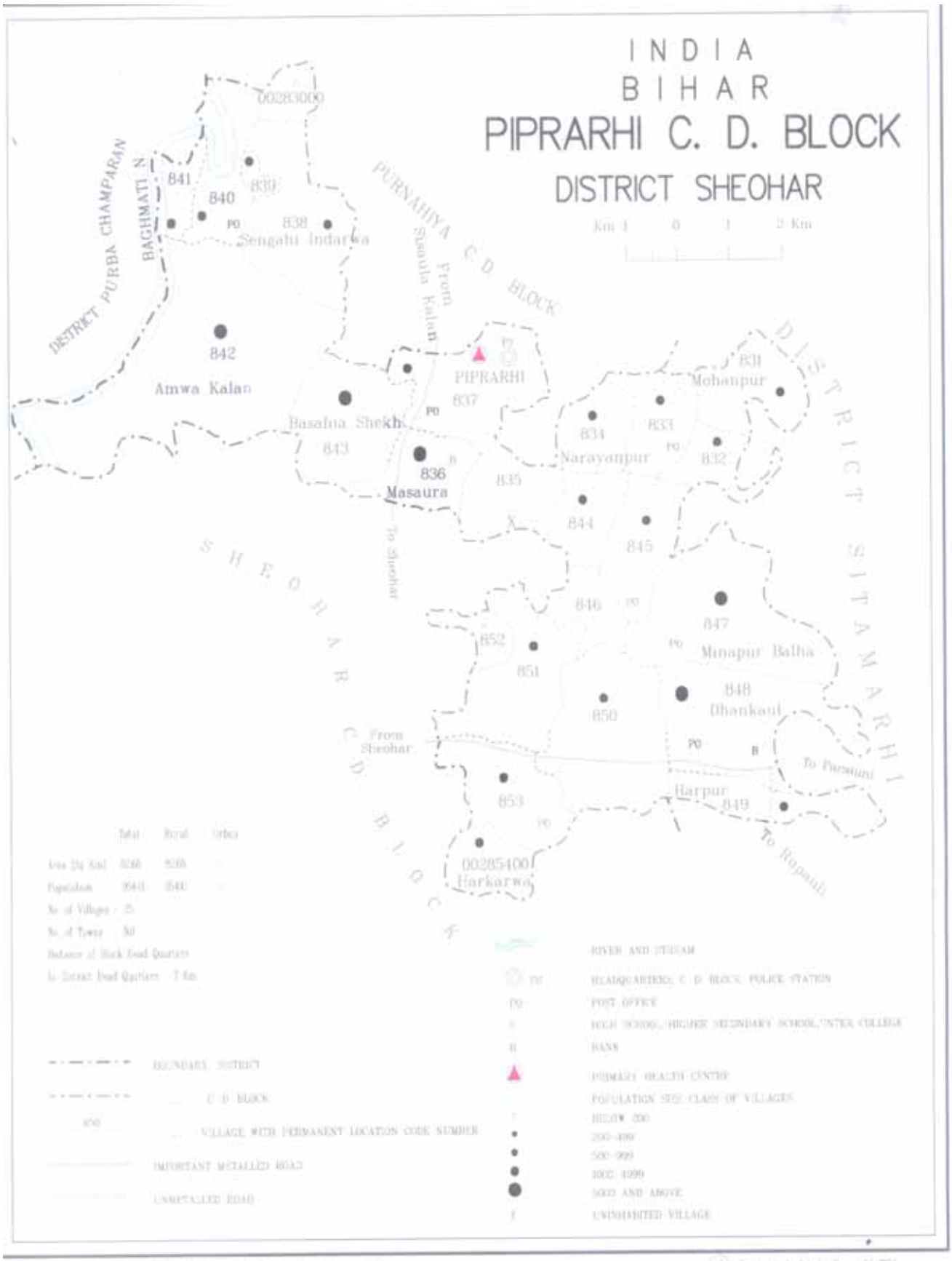
Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given`							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
22	Pakri (00282500)	100.0	1,335	275	P M C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
23	Asopur (00282600)	136.0	1,719	348	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
24	Kataiya (00282700)	275.0	1,573	324	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	PH PO(< 5)	CM CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
25	Khaira Pahari (00282800)	234.0	6,311	1,444	P(2) M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	PH PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(< 5)
26	Dosti Mahamadpur (00282900)	418.0	3,026	739	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
	Block Total	**6410.0**	**71722**	**14949**	**P(37) M(8) S(3) PUC(3)**	**H(3) D DA PHC(4) PHS(6) NH RMP CHW(9)**	**W(26) HP(26) R**	**PO(11) PH(4)**	**CM(5)**	**ACS(10)**		**BS(9) NW**

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR MR FP	Sitamarhi (14)	-	-	Pottery, Woods Item	-	TW(40.0) O(20.0) T(60.0)	19.0	-	21.2	Pakri	22
MR FP	Sheohar (20)	-	-	Pottery, Woods Item	-	TW(50.0) O(39.7) T(89.7)	22.6	9.3	14.1	Asopur	23
MR FP NR	Sitamarhi (25)	-	-	-	-	TW(195.0) R(9.0) O(20.0) T(224.0)	8.8	1.3	40.5	Kataiya	24
MR FP NR	Sitamarhi (25)	-	-	-	-	TW(120.0) TK(10.0) O(14.0) T(144.0)	19.3	0.9	70.3	Khaira Pahari	25
MR FP	Sitamarhi (32)	ED	-	-	-	TW(225.0) R(15.0) O(35.0) T(275.0)	65.5	4.1	73.4	Dosti Mahamadpur	26
PR(9) MR(26) FP(25) NR(2) NW		**ED**	**N M**		**0.0**	**TW(2262.05) TK(29.25) R(152.82) O(1044.17) T(3488.29)**	**1468.5**	**207.9**	**1245.4**		



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Alphabetical list of Villages

Name of the District : Sheohar

Serial number	Name of villages	2001Census location code number	1991Census location code number
1	2	3	4
Name of CD Block: Piprahi			
Location code of C.D. Block : 0002			
1	Amwa Kalan	00284200	140010001000100127
2	Bakatpur Banbira	00284400	140010001000100140
3	Basahia Shekh	00284300	140010001000100128
4	Belwa Narkatia Bandobasti	00284100	140010001000100126
5	Belwa Narkatia Nizamat	00284000	140010001000100125
6	Chak Fateh	00283000	140010001000100090
7	Chatauna urf Gopinathpur	00283300	140010001000100112
8	Dhankaul	00284800	140010001000100144
9	Dharampur Dekuli	00285000	140010001000100146
10	Harkarwa	00285400	140010001000100155
11	Harpur	00284900	140010001000100145
12	Indarwa Khurd	00283900	140010001000100124
13	Kamrauli Jangali	00285300	140010001000100153
14	Kuanwan	00284500	140010001000100141
15	Majhaura	00284600	140010001000100142
16	Masaura	00283600	140010001000100117
17	Minapur Balha	00284700	140010001000100143
18	Mohanpur	00283100	140010001000100110
19	Narayanpur	00283400	140010001000100113
20	Parihara	00285200	140010001000100148
21	Parsauni	00285100	140010001000100147
22	Piprarhi	00283700	140010001000100118
23	Ratanpur Bishunpur Jagarnath	00283500	140010001000100116
24	Sengahi Indarwa	00283800	140010001000100123
25	Shankarpur Bindi	00283200	140010001000100111

Census of India 2001 -

Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and nex to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given`							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
CD Block: Piprarhi (0002)												
1	Chak Fateh (00283000)	88.0	97	18	P(2) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W R SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	NW BS(5-10) RS(10+)
2	Mohanpur (00283100)	302.0	2,697	563	P O M(< 5) C(10+)	RMP(3) H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP TW W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(< 5) NW(< 5)
3	Shankarpur Bindi (00283200)	180.0	2,001	452	P O M(< 5) C(10+)	RMP(2) H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP TW W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(5-10) NW(< 5)
4	Chatauna Urf Gopinathpur (00283300)	211.0	2,542	490	P O M(< 5) C(10+)	RMP(2) H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP TW W SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
5	Narayanpur (00283400)	180.0	2,452	534	P M C(10+)	RMP H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP TW W TK SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
6	Ratanpur Bishunpur Jagarnath (00283500)	246.0			-------- Uninhabited ----------							
7	Masaura (00283600)	255.0	5,593	1,205	P(4) O M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW W TK R SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	CM CP	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	ST(3) CV(< 5) SP(5-10)	NW BS(< 5) RS(10+)
8	Piprarhi (00283700)	443.0	1,946	447	P M AC C(5-10)	PHC RMP(2) H(5-10) MCW(10+)	T HP TW W TK SS-	PO PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(10+) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(< 5)
9	Sengahi Indarwa (00283800)	469.0	2,403	634	P M(< 5) C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP TW W R SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	NW BS(< 5) RS(5-10)
10	Indarwa Khurd (00283900)	42.0	1,732	482	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP TW W R SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	NW BS(< 5) RS(10+)

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
MR FP NR	Sheohar (23)	-	-	-	-	TW(29.2) R(36.5) WF(9.0) T(74.7)	-	2.4	10.9	Chak Fateh	1
MR FP	Sheohar (12)	-	N M	-	-	TW(57.3) T(57.3)	190.2	2.2	52.7	Mohanpur	2
PR MR FP	Sheohar (12)	-	N M	-	-	TW(20.0) T(20.0)	105.0	-	55.1	Shankarpur Bindi	3
PR MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	N M	-	-	TW(56.0) T(56.0)	136.0	-	19.1	Chatauna Urf Gopinathpur	4
MR FP	Sheohar (9)	-	N M	-	-	TW(60.8) T(60.8)	78.7	-	40.9	Narayanpur	5
		-------- Uninhabited ----------			-	TW(20.0) T(20.0)	216.0	-	9.9	Ratanpur Bishunpur Jagarnath	6
	Sheohar (5)	EA	N M	-	-	TW(50.0) T(50.0)	176.0	-	28.6	Masaura	7
PR MR FP	Sheohar (5)	ED EO	N M	-	-	TW(200.1) R(90.2) T(290.2)	23.3	20.5	108.9	Piprarhi	8
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	N M	-	-	TW(14.0) T(14.0)	376.0	-	78.7	Sengahi Indarwa	9
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	N M	-	-	TW(4.0) T(4.0)	24.0	-	14.1	Indarwa Khurd	10

Census of India 2001 -

Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and nex to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given`							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
11	Belwa Narkatia Nizamat (00284000)	287.0	2,954	821	M P(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W R SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(10+) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	NW BS(5-10) RS(10+)
12	Belwa Narkatia Bandobasti (00284100)	107.0	1,056	403	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(10+)	HP R SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	NW BS(10+) RS(10+)
13	Amwa Kalan (00284200)	1,353.0	20,475	4,879	P(6) M(2) S C(10+)	PHS RMP H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP TW W SS-	PO(2) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(5-10)	- ACS(10+) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
14	Basahia Shekh (00284300)	433.0	10,326	2,497	P(2) M O C(5-10)	H MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	T HP TW W TK SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(< 5) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
15	Bakatpur Banbira (00284400)	211.0	1,258	246	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	HP TW W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
16	Kuanwan (00284500)	277.0	3,711	807	P M C(5-10)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	HP TW W R SS-	PO PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	NW BS(< 5) RS(10+)
17	Majhaura (00284600)	166.0	-------- Uninhabited ----------									
18	Minapur Balha (00284700)	610.0	8,289	1,664	P O(2) M(5-10) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP TW W SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
19	Dhankaul (00284800)	557.0	7,470	1,732	P M S(2) O(2) C(10+)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP TW W R SS-	PO PH(5-10)	CM CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(10+) ST(10+)	NW BS(5-10) RS(10+)
20	Harpur (00284900)	266.0	2,445	522	P(2) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP TW W R SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(10+) ST(10+)	NW BS(5-10) RS(10+)
21	Dharampur Dekuli (00285000)	558.0	4,756	1,131	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	NH H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP W TK SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(< 5)

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
MR FP NR	Sheohar (18)	-	-	-	-	TW(18.0) T(18.0)	182.0	-	87.0	Belwa Narkatia Nizamat	11
MR FP NR	Sheohar (21)	-	-	-	-	TW(15.0) T(15.0)	72.0	-	19.6	Belwa Narkatia Bandobasti	12
PR MR FP	Sheohar (11)	-	-	-	-	TW(162.3) TK(34.4) R(150.6) T(347.3)	584.0	7.7	414.3	Amwa Kalan	13
PR MR FP	Sheohar (5)	ED EO	N M	-	-	TW(92.0) T(92.0)	280.0	-	60.9	Basahia Shekh	14
MR FP	Sheohar (8)	-	-	-	-	TW(18.0) T(18.0)	130.0	-	62.6	Bakatpur Banbira	15
MR FP	Sheohar (8)	-	N M	-	-	TW(22.0) T(22.0)	178.0	-	76.7	Kuanwan	16
	-------- Uninhabited ----------				-	TW(12.0) T(12.0)	142.0	-	12.4	Majhaura	17
MR FP	Sheohar (11)	-	-	-	-	TW(85.0) T(85.0)	415.0	-	110.0	Minapur Balha	18
PR MR FP	Sitamarhi (18)	ED EAG	N M	-	-	TW(42.0) T(42.0)	360.0	-	154.5	Dhankaul	19
MR FP	Sitamarhi (18)	ED EAG	-	-	-	TW(32.0) T(32.0)	160.0	-	74.2	Harpur	20
PR MR FP	Sheohar (5)	EA	N M	-	-	TW(16.0) T(16.0)	440.0	-	102.3	Dharampur Dekuli	21

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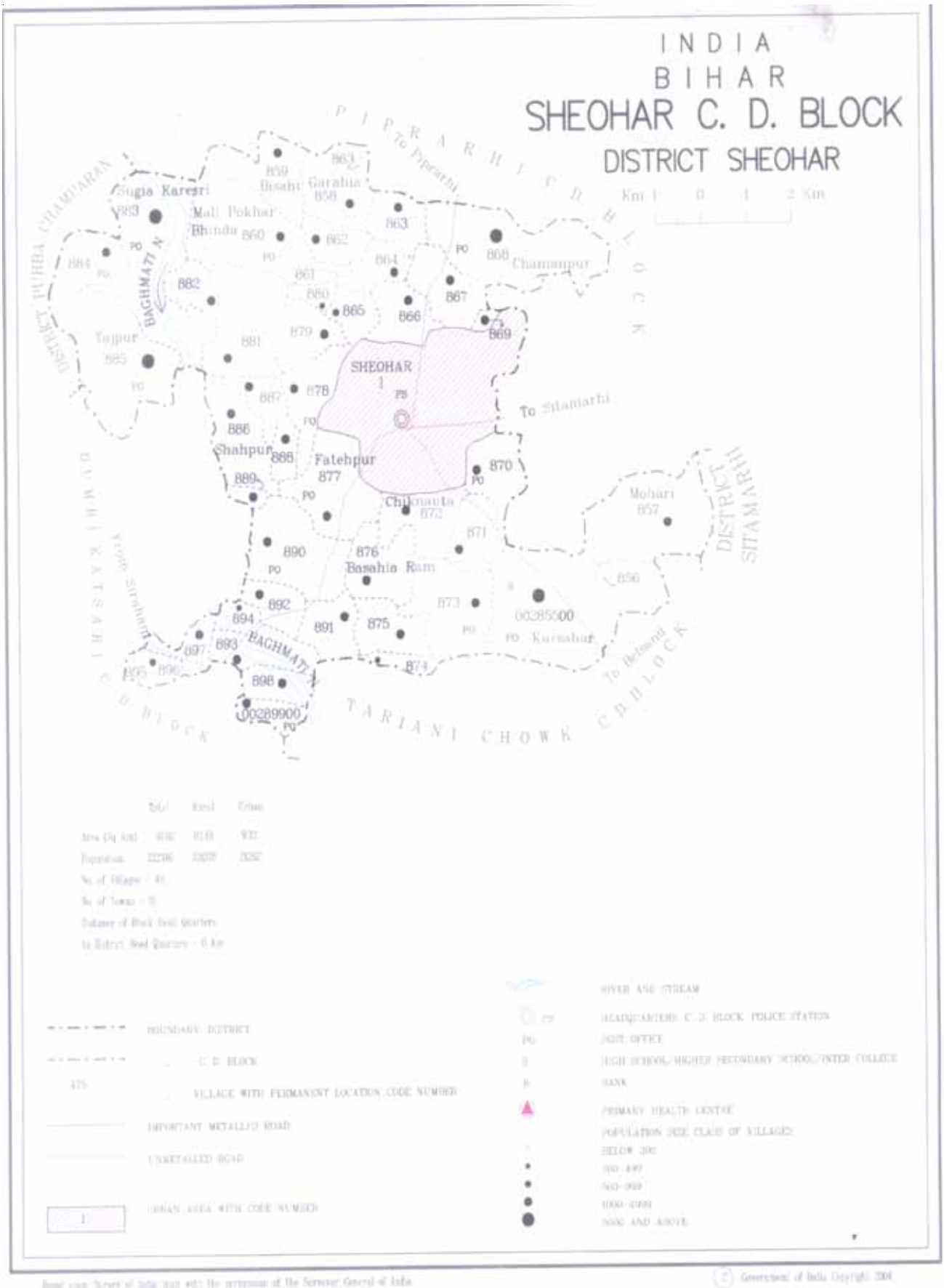
Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and nex to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given`							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
22	Parsauni (00285100)	405.0	4,872	1,139	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	NH(2) H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	TW W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
23	Parihara (00285200)	112.0	187	39	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
24	Kamrauli Jangali (00285300)	332.0	4,617	1,058	P M O(4) C(5-10)	HC RMP(2) CHW(2) H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	TW W TK SS-	PO PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(< 5) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
25	Harkarwa (00285400)	178.0	1,562	349	P O M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP TW W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
	Block Total	**8268.0**	**95441**	**22112**	**P(33) M(9) S(3) AC O(14)**	**H HC PHC PHS(4) NH(3) RMP(13) CHW(2)**	**T(3) W(22) TK(6) HP(20) TW(18) R(9)**	**PO(9)**	**CM(2) CP ACS**		**ST(3)**	**BS NW(9)**

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR MR FP	Sheohar (1)	EA	N M	-	-	TW(32.0) T(32.0)	208.0	-	165.4	Parsauni	22
PR MR FP	Sheohar (3)	-	-	-	-	TW(20.0) T(20.0)	82.0	-	9.9	Parihara	23
PR MR FP	Sheohar (5)	ED	N M	-	-	TW(18.0) T(18.0)	258.0	-	55.9	Kamrauli Jangali	24
MR FP	Sheohar (2)	-	-	-	-	TW(24.0) T(24.0)	142.0	-	11.8	Harkarwa	25
PR(10) MR(22) FP(22) NR(3) NW(9)		**ED(5) EAG(2) EO(2) EA(3)**	**N(14) M(14)**		**0.0**	**TW(1119.6) TK(34.4) R(277.22) WF(9) T(1440.22)**	**4958.2**	**32.8**	**1836.3**		



	Total	Rural	Urban
Area (Sq Km)	406	404	02
Population	22296	22038	2258

No. of Villages - 46
No. of Towns - 01
Distance of Block Head Quarters to District Head Quarters - 0 Km

- BOUNDARY: DISTRICT
- C. D. BLOCK
- 475 VILLAGE WITH PERMANENT LOCATION CODE NUMBER
- IMPORTANT METALLED ROAD
- UNMETALLED ROAD
- 1 URBAN AREA WITH CODE NUMBER
- RIVER AND STREAM
- PS HEADQUARTERS C. D. BLOCK, POLICE STATION
- PO POST OFFICE
- H HIGH SCHOOL/HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL/INTER COLLEGE
- B BANK
- PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE
- POPULATION SIZE CLASS OF VILLAGES
- BELOW 200
- 200-499
- 500-999
- 1000-4999
- 5000 AND ABOVE

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Alphabetical list of Villages

Name of the District : Sheohar

Serial number	Name of villages	2001Census location code number	1991Census location code number
1	2	3	4
Name of CD Block: Sheohar			
Location code of C.D. Block : 0003			
1	Az Rakba Kursahar	00285600	140020002000200002
2	Azrakbe Pota	00287400	140020002000200159
3	Basahia Ram	00287600	140020002000200161
4	Bhagwanpur Bheli	00288000	140020002000200166
5	Bhagwanpur Bheli Nankar	00286100	140020002000200132
6	Bhaluahi	00289700	140020002000200200
7	Bhaluahi urf Pharuaha	00289500	140020002000200198
8	Bisahi	00285900	140020002000200130
9	Bishunpur Kishundeo	00287900	140020002000200165
10	Bishunpur Maniari	00289300	140020002000200184
11	Chak Bishunpur	00286900	140020002000200150
12	Chamanpur	00286800	140020002000200139
13	ChhapraGobindpururfGopinathpur	00289400	140020002000200185
14	Chiknauta	00287200	140020002000200157
15	Daud Chhapra	00288800	140020002000200178
16	Dharampur Rajwan Bandobasti	00286400	140020002000200135
17	Dharampur Rajwan Mal	00286500	140020002000200136
18	Fatehpur	00287700	140020002000200162
19	Garahia	00285800	140020002000200129
20	Garhwa	00286300	140020002000200134
21	Gopaia	00289600	140020002000200199
22	Hanumannagar	00288900	140020002000200179
23	Harnahi	00287300	140020002000200158
24	Jafarpur	00288700	140020002000200177
25	Kanuani Kalyanpur	00289200	140020002000200183
26	Khairwa Darap	00287800	140020002000200164
27	Kothia Dharampur Dharamaghat	00286600	140020002000200137
28	Kursahar	00285500	140020002000200001
29	Madhopur Anant	00288100	140020002000200167
30	Mahuaria	00287000	140020002000200154
31	Mali Pokhar Bhinda	00286000	140020002000200131
32	Mathurapur Kahtarwa	00289000	140020002000200181
33	Mirzapur Dhobahi	00289100	140020002000200182
34	Mohari	00285700	140020002000200018
35	Pardesia urf Madhubani	00288400	140020002000200170
36	Parrahi	00289900	140020002000200202
37	Parsauni Taiyab	00286200	140020002000200133
38	Pota	00287500	140020002000200160
39	Rampur Jadu	00289800	140020002000200201
40	Shahpur	00288600	140020002000200176
41	Sisaula	00286700	140020002000200138
42	Sugia Karesri	00288300	140020002000200169
43	Sugia Katesri Jagir	00288200	140020002000200168
44	Sundarpur Kharauna	00287100	140020002000200156
45	Tajpur	00288500	140020002000200171

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Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
CD Block: Sheohar (0003)												
1	Kursahar (00285500)	689.0	9,114	1,763	P(2) M S O(2) C(5-10)	H PHS RMP(3) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	PO PH(5-10)	CM CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
2	Az Rakba Kursahar (00285600)	11.0	-------- Uninhabited ----------									
3	Mohari (00285700)	419.0	4,755	1,031	P(2) M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
4	Garahia (00285800)	218.0	3,743	764	P M O C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	PH PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
5	Bisahi (00285900)	195.0	2,484	594	P O M(5-10) C(5-10)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
6	Mali Pokhar Bhinda (00286000)	410.0	4,165	833	P(2) M(5-10) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	PO PH(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
7	Bhagwanpur Bheli Nankar (00286100)	38.0	-------- Uninhabited ----------									
8	Parsauni Taiyab (00286200)	119.0	1,116	264	P O M(5-10) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	PH PO(< 5)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
9	Garhwa (00286300)	133.0	1,476	298	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	W SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
10	Dharampur Rajwan Bandobasti (00286400)	109.0	1,005	205	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
11	Dharampur Rajwan Mal (00286500)	83.0	750	173	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR MR FP	Sheohar (9)	ED	-	Rice	-	TW(145.7) TK(18.2) R(83.9) T(247.9)	371.6	-	70.0	Kursahar	1
		-------- Uninhabited ----------			-	TW(2.9) T(2.9)	4.4	-	3.6	Az Rakba Kursahar	2
MR FP	Sheohar (9)	-	-	-	-	TW(81.0) R(66.0) T(147.0)	220.3	-	52.0	Mohari	3
MR FP	Sheohar (8)	ED	N M	-	-	TW(76.1) T(76.1)	114.0	-	28.0	Garahia	4
MR FP	Sheohar (6)	-	N M	-	-	TW(59.7) T(59.7)	111.0	-	24.6	Bisahi	5
MR FP	Sheohar (7)	-	N M	-	-	TW(114.7) TK(10.2) R(8.9) T(133.8)	221.9	-	53.9	Mali Pokhar Bhinda	6
		-------- Uninhabited ----------			-	TW(8.3) O(4.9) T(13.1)	19.7	-	5.0	Bhagwanpur Bheli Nankar	7
MR FP	Sheohar (7)	ED	N M	-	-	TW(36.5) T(36.5)	67.7	-	15.0	Parsauni Taiyab	8
MR FP	Sheohar (6)	-	N M	Rice	-	TW(32.3) O(2.3) T(34.7)	80.9	-	18.0	Garhwa	9
MR FP	Sheohar (4)	ED	N M	-	-	TW(16.8) O(5.3) T(22.0)	70.4	1.0	15.8	Dharampur Rajwan Bandobasti	10
MR FP	Sheohar (4)	-	N M	-	-	TW(25.3) O(3.2) T(28.6)	46.6	-	8.2	Dharampur Rajwan Mal	11

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Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
12	Kothia Dharampur Dharamaghat (00286600)	127.0	1,606	362	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	PH PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(5-10) NW(5-10)
13	Sisaula (00286700)	190.0	3,084	574	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	PH(5) PO(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
14	Chamanpur (00286800)	533.0	7,387	1,663	P(2) M C(5-10)	PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	PO PH(3)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
15	Chak Bishunpur (00286900)	120.0	1,300	308	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
16	Mahuaria (00287000)	154.0	1,525	380	P S M(5-10) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	PO PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
17	Sundarpur Kharauna (00287100)	160.0	1,853	357	P M C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
18	Chiknauta (00287200)	185.0	1,722	360	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(< 5) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
19	Harnahi (00287300)	286.0	4,026	706	P(2) M C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	PO PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
20	Azrakbe Pota (00287400)	59.0	492	86	P M C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
21	Pota (00287500)	146.0	1,412	229	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
22	Basahia Ram (00287600)	183.0	1,223	258	P M(5-10) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR MR FP	Sheohar (5)	ED	-	Rice	-	TW(32.9) T(32.9)	76.9	-	17.0	Kothia Dharampur Dharamaghat	12
PR MR FP	Sheohar (3)	ED EO	N M	-	-	TW(40.5) TK(9.4) T(49.8)	116.3	-	24.1	Sisaula	13
PR MR FP	Sheohar (8)	ED	N M	Rice	-	TW(178.9) O(4.9) T(183.8)	275.7	-	73.9	Chamanpur	14
PR MR FP	Sheohar (3)	-	N M	-	-	TW(35.5) R(6.1) T(41.6)	61.3	-	16.8	Chak Bishunpur	15
MR FP	Sheohar (7)	-	N M	-	-	TW(45.0) TWE(6.1) T(51.1)	76.7	10.0	16.7	Mahuaria	16
PR MR FP	Sheohar (5)	-	-	-	-	TW(46.1) TWE(10.0) T(56.1)	64.2	-	40.0	Sundarpur Kharauna	17
PR MR FP	Sheohar (5)	ED	-	-	-	TW(60.9) TK(4.0) T(64.9)	97.3	-	23.1	Chiknauta	18
MR FP	Sheohar (4)	-	-	-	-	TW(82.6) R(20.4) T(103.0)	154.4	-	29.0	Harnahi	19
PR MR FP	Sheohar (8)	ED	-	-	-	TW(15.0) TK(5.2) T(20.2)	30.2	-	9.0	Azrakbe Pota	20
PR MR FP	Sheohar (3)	ED	N M	-	-	TW(51.5) T(51.5)	77.3	-	17.0	Pota	21
MR FP	Sheohar (7)	-	-	-	-	TW(60.0) TK(4.5) T(64.5)	96.7	-	22.3	Basahia Ram	22

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Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
23	Fatehpur (00287700)	295.0	3,096	527	P(3) M C(< 5)	PHS CHW(2) H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	PO PH(7)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
24	Khairwa Darap (00287800)	181.0	1,690	310	P M C(5-10)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	PO PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(< 5) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
25	Bishunpur Kishundeo (00287900)	152.0	1,944	314	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
26	Bhagwanpur Bheli (00288000)	37.0	546	110	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
27	Madhopur Anant (00288100)	321.0	2,503	458	P M C(5-10)	PHS H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	PH PO(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
28	Sugia Katesri Jagir (00288200)	89.0	2,122	365	P M C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
29	Sugia Karesri (00288300)	531.0	6,857	1,301	P(2) M C(10+)	FWC H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	PO PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
30	Pardesia Urf Madhubani (00288400)	175.0	2,281	339	P M C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	PO PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
31	Tajpur (00288500)	463.0	5,087	847	P(2) M C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	PO PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(5-10) NW(5-10)
32	Shahpur (00288600)	223.0	1,780	326	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(< 5) NW(5-10)
33	Jafarpur (00288700)	89.0	1,356	327	P M(5-10) C(5-10)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(< 5) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
34	Daud Chhapra (00288800)	66.0	1,384	241	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR MR FP	Sheohar (4)	ED	N M	-	-	TW(102.7) T(102.7)	154.0	-	37.9	Fatehpur	23
PR MR FP	Sheohar (5)	ED	N M	Rice	-	TW(62.4) T(62.4)	93.7	-	25.0	Khairwa Darap	24
MR FP	Sheohar (4)	-	N M	-	-	TW(52.3) T(52.3)	78.5	-	21.0	Bishunpur Kishundeo	25
MR FP	Sheohar (3)	-	N M	-	-	TW(6.4) O(2.4) T(8.9)	20.7	-	7.0	Bhagwanpur Bheli	26
MR FP	Sheohar (5)	ED	N M	-	-	TW(94.7) R(16.2) T(110.8)	166.3	-	44.0	Madhopur Anant	27
MR FP	Sheohar (5)	ED	N M	-	-	TW(16.7) R(10.2) T(26.8)	49.8	-	12.0	Sugia Katesri Jagir	28
PR MR FP	Sheohar (8)	ED	N M	-	-	TW(126.2) R(58.7) T(184.9)	277.3	-	68.8	Sugia Karesri	29
MR FP	Sheohar (9)	-	N M	-	-	TW(53.1) T(53.1)	98.6	-	23.0	Pardesia Urf Madhubani	30
PR MR FP	Sheohar (8)	-	N M	-	-	TW(161.3) T(161.3)	242.0	-	60.1	Tajpur	31
MR FP	Sheohar (3)	ED	N	-	-	TW(60.9) R(16.6) T(77.5)	116.3	-	29.0	Shahpur	32
MR FP	Sheohar (8)	-	-	-	-	TW(20.6) R(6.5) T(27.1)	50.3	-	12.0	Jafarpur	33
MR FP	Sheohar (3)	-	-	-	-	TW(17.2) T(17.2)	40.1	-	9.0	Daud Chhapra	34

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Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
35	Hanumannagar (00288900)	44.0	1,203	232	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(< 5) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
36	Mathurapur Kahtarwa (00289000)	335.0	3,948	726	P(3) M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	PO PH(< 5)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(< 5) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
37	Mirzapur Dhobahi (00289100)	125.0	2,018	347	P M(5-10) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
38	Kanuani Kalyanpur (00289200)	90.0	1,212	249	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
39	Bishunpur Maniari (00289300)	168.0	2,608	415	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP SS-	- PO(10+) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
40	Chhapragobindpur urfgopinathpur (00289400)	50.0	380	75	P M(5-10) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
41	Bhaluahi Urf Pharuaha (00289500)	15.0	-------- Uninhabited ----------									
42	Gopaia (00289600)	65.0	761	120	P M(5-10) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
43	Bhaluahi (00289700)	91.0	1,297	220	P M(5-10) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
44	Rampur Jadu (00289800)	97.0	1,576	269	P M(< 5) C(10+)	PHS SMP(2) H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
45	Parrahi (00289900)	76.0	1,191	167	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(< 5)

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
MR FP	Sheohar (7)	-	-	-	-	TW(7.0) R(4.5) T(11.4)	26.7	-	6.0	Hanumannagar	35
PR MR FP	Sheohar (3)	ED	-	-	-	TW(118.8) T(118.8)	178.7	10.0	27.8	Mathurapur Kahtarwa	36
PR MR FP	Sheohar (8)	ED	-	-	-	TW(43.3) T(43.3)	64.9	-	16.7	Mirzapur Dhobahi	37
MR FP	Sheohar (14)	ED	-	-	-	TW(21.3) TK(10.1) T(31.4)	47.1	-	11.1	Kanuani Kalyanpur	38
MR FP	Sheohar (13)	ED	-	-	-	TW(52.7) R(6.5) T(59.2)	88.7	-	20.0	Bishunpur Maniari	39
MR FP	Sheohar (14)	ED	-	Rice	-	TW(16.9) T(16.9)	25.4	-	8.0	Chhapragobindpurur fgopinathpur	40
		-------- Uninhabited ----------			-	TW(4.5) T(4.5)	6.7	-	4.1	Bhaluahi Urf Pharuaha	41
MR FP	Sheohar (12)	-	-	Rice	-	TW(22.9) T(22.9)	34.3	-	8.0	Gopaia	42
MR FP	Sheohar (11)	-	-	Rice	-	TW(32.4) T(32.4)	47.7	-	11.1	Bhaluahi	43
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	ED	-	Rice, Pulse	-	TW(33.9) T(33.9)	50.8	-	12.0	Rampur Jadu	44
MR FP	Sheohar (12)	ED	-	Rice, Pulse	-	TW(26.7) T(26.7)	40.0	-	9.2	Parrahi	45

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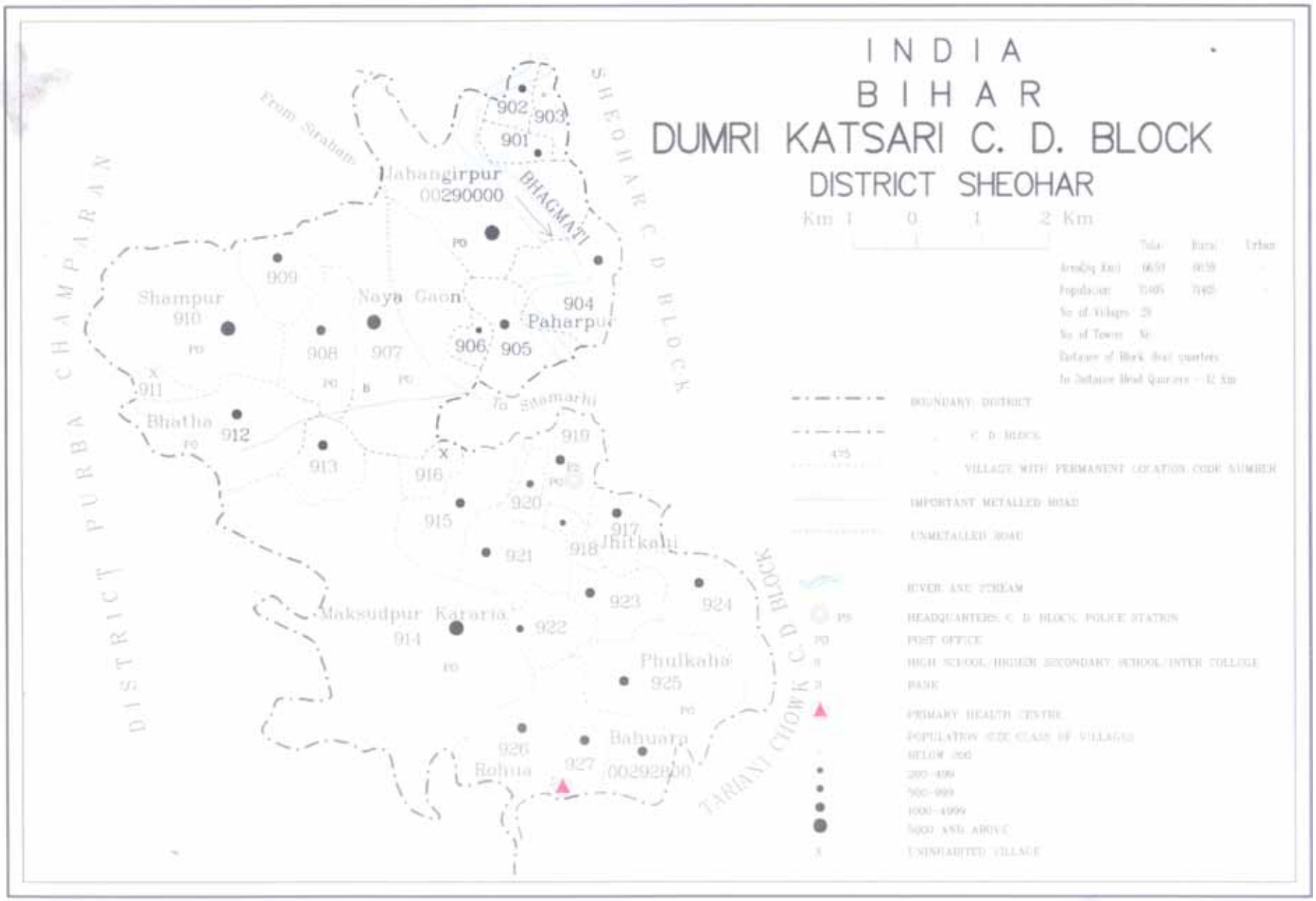
Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Block Total	**8345.0**	**101078**	**19493**	**P(52) M(13) S(2) O(5)**	**H PHS(6) FWC RMP(3) SMP(2) CHW(2)**	**W(38) HP(41)**	**PO(12) PH(19)**	**CM**	**ACS(5) NCS**		

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR(15) MR(42) FP(42)		**ED(23) EO**	**N(22) M(21)**		**0.0**	**TW(2403.01) TWE(16.12) TK(61.53) R(304.38) O(22.99) T(2808.03)**	**4453.9**	**21.0**	**1065.9**		



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Alphabetical list of Villages

Name of the District : Sheohar

Serial number	Name of villages	2001Census location code number	1991Census location code number
1	2	3	4
Name of CD Block: Dumri Katsari			
Location code of C.D. Block : 0004			
1	Bahuara	00292800	140020002000200214
2	Bhatha	00291200	140020002000200193
3	Bhorha Mohanpur	00290800	140020002000200189
4	Bira Chhapra	00290900	140020002000200190
5	Dhanhara urf Dharampur	00290500	140020002000200186
6	Diara Shampur	00291100	140020002000200192
7	Dumri	00291900	140020002000200205
8	Firozpur	00291600	140020002000200197
9	Gazipur Jaisinghpur	00292100	140020002000200207
10	Gosainpur Bandobasti	00290100	140020002000200173
11	Gosainpur Mal	00290300	140020002000200175
12	Gosainpur Nilami	00290200	140020002000200174
13	Jahangirpur	00290000	140020002000200172
14	Jhitkahi	00291700	140020002000200203
15	Jhitkahi Bazidpur Daulat	00291800	140020002000200204
16	Madhopur Sundar	00292300	140020002000200209
17	Mahamadpur Katesri	00291500	140020002000200196
18	Mahamadpur Katesri	00292000	140020002000200206
19	Maksudpur Kararia	00291400	140020002000200195
20	Masha	00292200	140020002000200208
21	Naya Gaon	00290700	140020002000200188
22	Paharpur	00290400	140020002000200180
23	Phulkaha	00292500	140020002000200211
24	Ramban	00292700	140020002000200213
25	Rampur Kesho	00292400	140020002000200210
26	Rohua	00292600	140020002000200212
27	Shahbazpur	00290600	140020002000200187
28	Shampur	00291000	140020002000200191
29	Umed Chhapra	00291300	140020002000200194

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Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
CD Block: Dumri Katsari (0004)												
1	Jahangirpur (00290000)	535.0	5,574	963	P M C(< 5)	H NH MCW(5-10) PHC(10+)	HP TW W TK SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
2	Gosainpur Bandobasti (00290100)	64.0	915	204	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
3	Gosainpur Nilami (00290200)	49.0	753	120	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W TK R SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	NW BS(5-10) RS(5-10)
4	Gosainpur Mal (00290300)	60.0	191	33	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W R SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	NW BS(5-10) RS(10+)
5	Paharpur (00290400)	261.0	3,156	524	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(10+)	HP SS-	- PO(10+) PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
6	Dhanhara Urf Dharampur (00290500)	180.0	1,532	281	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	H MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	HP TW W TK R SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	NW BS(5-10) RS(10+)
7	Shahbazpur (00290600)	40.0	308	50	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP TW W TK R SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(10+) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	NW BS(5-10) RS(10+)
8	Naya Gaon (00290700)	680.0	10,465	1,825	P(6) M O(4) C(5-10)	DA PHS H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP SS-	PO PH(5-10)	CM CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
9	Bhorha Mohanpur (00290800)	212.0	2,472	421	P M O C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP SS-	PO PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(< 5)	ACS NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
10	Bira Chhapra (00290900)	138.0	2,169	371	P O M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(10+) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(< 5)

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
MR	Sheohar (4)	-	-	-	-	-	187.8	187.8	159.3	Jahangirpur	1
MR FP	Sheohar (3)	-	-	-	-	GC(22.4) O(19.1) T(41.6)	3.2	19.0	-	Gosainpur Bandobasti	2
MR FP	Sheohar (0)	-	-	-	-	TW(5.2) R(20.1) T(25.3)	13.7	1.2	8.7	Gosainpur Nilami	3
MR	Sheohar (0)	-	-	-	-	GC(17.9) T(17.9)	20.8	3.9	17.6	Gosainpur Mal	4
MR FP	Sheohar (1)	ED EO	-	-	-	GC(78.8) T(78.8)	91.9	11.6	78.8	Paharpur	5
MR FP	Sheohar (1)	-	-	-	-	GC(34.4) T(34.4)	82.6	9.1	54.4	Dhanhara Urf Dharampur	6
MR FP	Sheohar (1)	-	-	-	-	GC(11.9) T(11.9)	13.9	2.0	11.7	Shahbazpur	7
MR FP	Sheohar (5)	ED	N M	-	-	GC(205.1) T(205.1)	239.2	31.1	205.0	Naya Gaon	8
MR FP	Sheohar (5)	-	N M	-	-	GC(63.8) T(63.8)	74.5	10.6	62.9	Bhorha Mohanpur	9
MR FP	Sheohar (5)	-	-	-	-	GC(41.7) T(41.7)	48.6	6.9	41.1	Bira Chhapra	10

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Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
11	Shampur (00291000)	529.0	5,311	943	P(3) M C(< 5)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP SS-	PO PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
12	Diara Shampur (00291100)	44.0	-------- Uninhabited ----------									
13	Bhatha (00291200)	322.0	2,871	503	P M C(< 5)	PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	ACS NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
14	Umed Chhapra (00291300)	119.0	1,096	180	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
15	Maksudpur Kararia (00291400)	1,276.0	9,928	1,644	P(5) M S C(< 5)	H PHS MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
16	Mahamadpur Katesri (00291500)	211.0	2,638	445	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
17	Firozpur (00291600)	53.0	-------- Uninhabited ----------									
18	Jhitkahi (00291700)	115.0	2,006	408	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
19	Jhitkahi Bazidpur Daulat (00291800)	51.0	214	47	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
20	Dumri (00291900)	125.0	1,833	360	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	PO PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
21	Mahamadpur Katesri (00292000)	57.0	966	199	P M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
22	Gazipur Jaisinghpur (00292100)	184.0	1,707	327	P M(< 5) C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
MR FP	Sheohar (1)	-	N M	-	-	GC(159.4) TW(151.2) TK(8.1) T(318.7)	111.6	8.7	89.8	Shampur	11
		-------- Uninhabited ----------			-	GC(13.3) T(13.3)	28.9	-	2.0	Diara Shampur	12
MR FP	Sheohar (1)	-	-	-	-	GC(97.0) T(97.0)	113.1	26.6	85.2	Bhatha	13
MR FP	Sheohar (2)	-	-	-	-	GC(35.7) T(35.7)	41.7	5.4	35.7	Umed Chhapra	14
PR MR FP	Sheohar (0)	-	-	-	-	GC(384.5) T(384.5)	448.6	158.4	284.5	Maksudpur Kararia	15
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	Rice	-	GC(63.6) T(63.6)	74.2	10.0	63.2	Mahamadpur Katesri	16
		-------- Uninhabited ----------			-	GC(18.4) T(18.4)	31.5	3.1	-	Firozpur	17
MR FP	Dumari (3)	ED	N M	-	-	GC(34.6) T(34.6)	40.4	5.3	34.6	Jhitkahi	18
MR FP	Dumari (3)	-	N M	-	-	GC(15.3) T(15.3)	17.8	2.5	15.3	Jhitkahi Bazidpur Daulat	19
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	N M	Rice	-	GC(37.8) T(37.8)	44.0	6.3	37.1	Dumri	20
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	N M	Rice	-	GC(17.1) T(17.1)	20.0	2.6	17.1	Mahamadpur Katesri	21
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	N M	Rice	-	GC(55.6) T(55.6)	64.0	9.3	55.6	Gazipur Jaisinghpur	22

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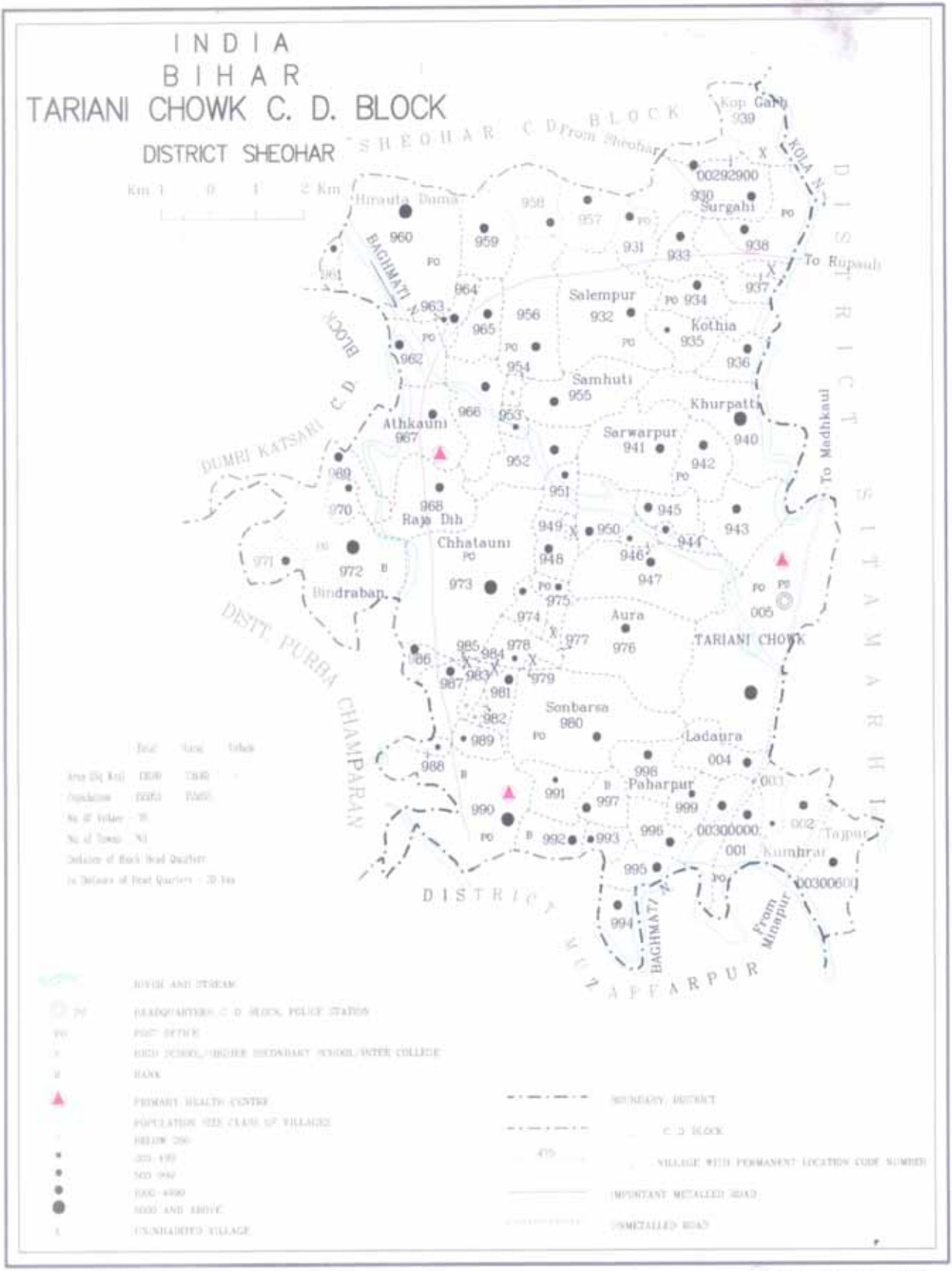
Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given`							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
23	Masha (00292200)	147.0	637	114	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
24	Madhopur Sundar (00292300)	129.0	1,308	240	P M(< 5) C(< 5)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
25	Rampur Kesho (00292400)	245.0	3,463	711	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
26	Phulkaha (00292500)	359.0	4,316	959	M P(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	HP W TK SS-	PO PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
27	Rohua (00292600)	247.0	2,594	505	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(< 5)	W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
28	Ramban (00292700)	103.0	1,564	281	P M(< 5) C(10+)	PHC H(5-10) MCW(5-10)	W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
29	Bahuara (00292800)	124.0	1,418	272	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
	Block Total	**6659.0**	**71405**	**12930**	**P(35) M(8) S O(6)**	**H(3) DA PHC PHS(4) NH**	**W(16) TK(5) HP(24) TW(3) R(4)**	**PO(8)**	**CM**	**ACS(4)**		**NW(4)**

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
MR FP	Dumari (3)	-	N M	-	-	GC(45.0) T(45.0)	52.6	4.4	45.0	Masha	23
MR FP	Sheohar (2)	-	N M	-	-	GC(39.0) T(39.0)	45.5	6.5	38.4	Madhopur Sundar	24
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	-	GC(73.8) T(73.8)	86.1	12.3	72.7	Rampur Kesho	25
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	Rice	-	GC(108.1) T(108.1)	126.1	18.0	106.5	Phulkaha	26
MR FP	Sheohar (12)	-	-	Rice	-	GC(74.5) T(74.5)	104.1	30.0	38.6	Rohua	27
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	N	Rice	-	GC(31.0) T(31.0)	36.1	5.2	30.5	Ramban	28
MR FP	Sheohar (12)	-	-	Rice	-	-	43.7	43.7	36.9	Bahuara	29
PR MR(27) FP(25) NW(4)		**ED(3) EO**	**N(11) M(10)**		**0.0**	**GC(1779.54) TW(156.37) TK(8.13) R(20.1) O(19.14) T(1983.28)**	**2306.2**	**641.4**	**1728.4**		


INDIA
BIHAR
TARIANI CHOWK C. D. BLOCK
DISTRICT SHEOHAR
SHEOHAR C.D. BLOCK
From Sheohar
To Riga
To Madhkaul
DUMRI KATSARI C.D. BLOCK
DISTT. PURBA CHAMPARAN
DISTRICT SITAMARHI
DISTRICT MUZAFFARPUR
Kop Garh
Hirauta Duma
Surgahi
Salempur
Kothia
Samhuti
Khurpatti
Athkauni
Sarwarpur
Raja Dih
Chhatauni
Bindraban
Aura
TARIANI CHOWK
Sonbarsa
Ladaura
Paharpur
Kumhrat
Tajpur
BAGHMATI
KOLA N.
From Minapur
00292900
00300000
00300600

Alphabetical list of Villages

Name of the District : Sheohar

Serial number	Name of villages	2001Census location code number	1991Census location code number
1	2	3	4
Name of CD Block: Tariani Chowk			
Location code of C.D. Block : 0005			
1	Arazi Nankar	00296300	140030003000300147
2	Arazi Rakbe Narwara	00298800	140030003000300172
3	Athkauni	00296700	140030003000300151
4	Aura	00297600	140030003000300160
5	Az Rakbe Athkauni urf Benipur	00296900	140030003000300153
6	Az Rakbe Pachra Bansi	00298100	140030003000300165
7	Az Rakbe Raja Dih Barahi	00297000	140030003000300154
8	Baijnathpur	00294800	140030003000300132
9	Baijnathpur	00294900	140030003000300133
10	Bariarpur	00299200	140030003000300176
11	Basant Param	00297100	140030003000300155
12	Basarpur urf Nasirpur	00298700	140030003000300171
13	Belahi Dullah	00295700	140030003000300141
14	Belahi urf Balha Baijnathpur	00294200	140030003000300126
15	Bhandiha	00294600	140030003000300130
16	Bindraban	00297200	140030003000300156
17	Bisambharpur	00294700	140030003000300131
18	Bishunpur Bindi	00297800	140030003000300162
19	Bishunpur Dharanand	00297500	140030003000300159
20	Bishunpur Fakira	00297400	140030003000300158
21	Bochhan urf Az Rakbe Pojhian	00295300	140030003000300137
22	Chak Surgahi	00292900	140030003000300003
23	Chhapra	00300500	140030003000300189
24	Chhatauni	00297300	140030003000300157
25	Fakapur	00297900	140030003000300163
26	Fatehpur Ghaus	00295100	140030003000300135
27	Fatehpur Ghauspur	00295400	140030003000300138
28	Ganga Dharampur	00300100	140030003000300185
29	Ghorha	00293300	140030003000300007
30	Gularia	00293700	140030003000300014
31	Hiramma	00296200	140030003000300146
32	Hirauta Duma	00296000	140030003000300144
33	Hurraha	00294400	140030003000300128
34	Jafarpur urf Sharifnagar	00299500	140030003000300179
35	Jagdishpur	00293400	140030003000300008
36	Jagdishpur	00299900	140030003000300183
37	Kasturia	00293100	140030003000300005
38	Khajepur	00295000	140030003000300134
39	Khurpatti	00294000	140030003000300124
40	Kishunpur Narwara	00298900	140030003000300173
41	Kishunpur Narwara TolaRamnagar	00299600	140030003000300180

Alphabetical list of Villages

Name of the District : Sheohar

Serial number	Name of villages	2001Census location code number	1991Census location code number
1	2	3	4
Name of CD Block: Tariani Chowk			
Location code of C.D. Block : 0005			
42	Kishunpur urf Narwara	00299000	140030003000300174
43	Kolson Kalan	00293800	140030003000300015
44	Kop Garh	00293900	140030003000300017
45	Kothia	00293500	140030003000300009
46	Kumhrar	00300200	140030003000300186
47	Kurhani	00296100	140030003000300145
48	Ladaura	00300400	140030003000300188
49	Lalpur	00297700	140030003000300161
50	Lohsurka urf Hamidpur	00300000	140030003000300184
51	Madhopur Chhata	00295600	140030003000300140
52	Mahdewa	00293600	140030003000300010
53	Manguraha	00299700	140030003000300181
54	Nandna	00300300	140030003000300187
55	Nimahi	00295800	140030003000300142
56	Pachra	00296600	140030003000300150
57	Pachra Bansi	00298200	140030003000300166
58	Pachra Bansi	00298500	140030003000300169
59	Pachra Bansi Arazi	00298400	140030003000300168
60	Paharpur	00299800	140030003000300182
61	Pojhian	00295200	140030003000300136
62	Raja Dih	00296800	140030003000300152
63	Rampur Khas	00296400	140030003000300148
64	Rewasi	00296500	140030003000300149
65	Rupwara	00295900	140030003000300143
66	Salempur	00293200	140030003000300006
67	Samhuti	00295500	140030003000300139
68	Sarwarpur	00294100	140030003000300125
69	Sharifnagar urf Ghauspur	00299400	140030003000300178
70	Sirsian	00299100	140030003000300175
71	Soghra Adalpur Kundol	00294300	140030003000300127
72	Sonbarsa	00298000	140030003000300164
73	Sultanpur Bhim	00294500	140030003000300129
74	Surgahi	00293000	140030003000300004
75	Tajpur	00300600	140030003000300194
76	Tola Tulsinagar	00298600	140030003000300170
77	Toniahi Chak Bhagwati	00299300	140030003000300177
78	Wake Rakbe Pachra Bansi	00298300	140030003000300167

Census of India 2001 -

Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
CD Block: Tariani Chowk (0005)												
1	Chak Surgahi (00292900)	91.0	3,507	821	P O M(< 5) C(10+)	SMP H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	NCS ACS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
2	Surgahi (00293000)	309.0	2,133	424	P M C(5-10)	SMP H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	NCS ACS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
3	Kasturia (00293100)	95.0	2,077	412	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	PO PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
4	Salempur (00293200)	481.0	4,026	820	P M C(10+)	SMP H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W R SS-	PO PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	NW BS(10+) RS(10+)
5	Ghorha (00293300)	124.0	1,436	312	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
6	Jagdishpur (00293400)	106.0	1,958	478	P M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	NCS ACS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
7	Kothia (00293500)	190.0	450	109	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
8	Mahdewa (00293600)	121.0	1,044	216	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP R SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	NW BS(10+) RS(10+)
9	Gularia (00293700)	49.0	-------- Uninhabited ----------									
10	Kolson Kalan (00293800)	315.0	1,847	406	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	SMP H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	PO PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
11	Kop Garh (00293900)	199.0	-------- Uninhabited ----------									

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	3.5	TW(11.2) T(11.2)	42.1	-	33.7	Chak Surgahi	1
MR FP NR	Sheohar (5)	-	-	-	-	TW(101.9) TWE(62.9) T(164.7)	70.4	16.8	57.1	Surgahi	2
MR FP	Sheohar (1)	-	-	-	-	TW(25.1) R(31.7) T(56.8)	23.8	1.9	12.1	Kasturia	3
MR FP	Sheohar (5)	-	-	-	23.4	GC(95.4) TK(34.1) O(72.0) T(201.5)	175.0	11.2	70.1	Salempur	4
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	12.1	GC(41.5) T(41.5)	21.5	1.4	48.0	Ghorha	5
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	12.5	GC(17.4) T(17.4)	20.2	1.2	54.6	Jagdishpur	6
MR FP	Sheohar (11)	-	-	-	15.2	GC(53.0) T(53.0)	53.3	12.2	56.2	Kothia	7
MR FP	Sheohar (12)	-	-	-	13.9	GC(30.9) T(30.9)	19.7	8.1	48.2	Mahdewa	8
		-------- Uninhabited ----------			1.7	GC(6.2) T(6.2)	24.4	9.1	7.9	Gularia	9
MR FP	Sheohar (5)	-	-	-	19.5	TW(87.6) T(87.6)	102.7	2.4	102.4	Kolson Kalan	10
		-------- Uninhabited ----------			11.3	TW(42.2) R(14.9) T(57.1)	59.8	1.6	68.8	Kop Garh	11

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Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
12	Khurpatti (00294000)	382.0	5,354	1,250	P(2) M O C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(5-10) PHC(10+)	HP TW SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
13	Sarwarpur (00294100)	304.0	3,612	823	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
14	Belahi Urf Balha Baijnathpur (00294200)	156.0	2,593	559	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(5-10) PHC(10+)	HP TW SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
15	Soghra Adalpur Kundol (00294300)	200.0	2,184	500	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(5-10) PHC(10+)	HP SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
16	Hurraha (00294400)	66.0	646	124	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(5-10) PHC(10+)	HP TW SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
17	Sultanpur Bhim (00294500)	90.0	1,694	336	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(< 5) ST(< 5)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
18	Bhandiha (00294600)	59.0	440	74	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
19	Bisambharpur (00294700)	380.0	4,586	943	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
MR FP	Sheohar (0)	-	-	-	14.0	GC(16.3) T(16.3)	136.8	84.6	130.1	Khurpatti	12
PR MR	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	-	TW(30.3) T(30.3)	129.8	40.1	103.9	Sarwarpur	13
PR MR FP	Sheohar (1)	-	-	-	10.6	GC(21.0) T(21.0)	40.7	53.8	29.6	Belahi Urf Balha Baijnathpur	14
MR FP	Sheohar (1)	-	-	-	2.0	GC(13.0) T(13.0)	110.8	2.7	71.6	Soghra Adalpur Kundol	15
MR FP	Sheohar (0)	-	-	-	2.1	GC(15.8) R(10.9) T(26.7)	25.6	1.1	10.2	Hurraha	16
PR MR FP	Sheohar (1)	-	-	-	4.6	GC(40.3) T(40.3)	32.1	1.0	12.5	Sultanpur Bhim	17
MR FP	Sheohar (0)	-	-	-	0.9	GC(8.2) T(8.2)	47.1	0.7	2.1	Bhandiha	18
PR MR	Sheohar (0)	-	-	-	2.5	GC(89.2) W(37.0) T(126.2)	206.8	1.2	43.1	Bisambharpur	19

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Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given`							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
20	Baijnathpur (00294800)	109.0	1,342	251	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(5-10)
21	Baijnathpur (00294900)	11.0	-------- Uninhabited ----------									
22	Khajepur (00295000)	144.0	1,430	328	P M(2) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(10+) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
23	Fatehpur Ghaus (00295100)	63.0	922	232	M P(< 5) C(10+)	H RMP MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(10+) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	BS RS(10+) NW(< 5)
24	Pojhian (00295200)	197.0	2,515	595	P(2) M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
25	Bochhan Urf Az Rakbe Pojhian (00295300)	35.0	289	65	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(< 5)
26	Fatehpur Ghauspur (00295400)	27.0	1	1	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
27	Samhuti (00295500)	245.0	2,693	782	P M(< 5) C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
28	Madhopur Chhata (00295600)	336.0	4,570	984	P(2) M C(10+)	DA H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	PO PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(10+) ST(10+)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
29	Belahi Dullah (00295700)	155.0	1,714	399	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR MR FP	Sheohar (1)	-	-	-	1.6	TW(13.5) R(8.1) T(21.6)	33.4	2.0	50.5	Baijnathpur	20
		-------- Uninhabited ----------			0.8	TW(4.5) T(4.5)	0.1	0.9	4.3	Baijnathpur	21
PR MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	19.5	TW(44.3) T(44.3)	45.1	0.7	34.5	Khajepur	22
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	6.9	TW(11.6) T(11.6)	29.0	0.8	14.4	Fatehpur Ghaus	23
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	21.6	TW(56.4) T(56.4)	57.1	1.8	60.6	Pojhian	24
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	7.7	TW(4.9) T(4.9)	4.9	0.4	17.3	Bochhan Urf Az Rakbe Pojhian	25
MR	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	1.2	TW(5.0) T(5.0)	8.9	0.6	11.4	Fatehpur Ghauspur	26
PR MR FP	Sheohar (11)	-	-	-	21.8	GC(91.1) T(91.1)	56.3	3.6	72.7	Samhuti	27
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	13.4	GC(88.1) TW(90.0) TWE(70.0) T(248.1)	38.7	3.9	32.1	Madhopur Chhata	28
MR FP	Sheohar (5)	-	-	-	8.1	GC(14.1) T(14.1)	101.9	0.6	30.9	Belahi Dullah	29

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Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given`							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
30	Nimahi (00295800)	149.0	1,771	308	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP TW W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
31	Rupwara (00295900)	167.0	1,349	270	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W TK SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
32	Hirauta Duma (00296000)	639.0	8,601	1,548	P(3) M C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W TK SS-	PO PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	ACS NCS OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
33	Kurhani (00296100)	35.0	500	93	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(5-10) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(5-10) CP(5-10)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
34	Hiramma (00296200)	159.0	2,784	555	M P(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
35	Arazi Nankar (00296300)	6.0	214	40	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
36	Rampur Khas (00296400)	65.0	1,927	327	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(5-10)
37	Rewasi (00296500)	122.0	1,848	351	P M(< 5) C(5-10)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(5-10)	- CM(< 5) CP(5-10)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(10+)
38	Pachra (00296600)	216.0	2,243	542	P(2) M C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
39	Athkauni (00296700)	310.0	4,173	839	P M(< 5) C(10+)	PHC H(10+) MCW(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	8.4	GC(60.9) T(60.9)	50.1	-	29.1	Nimahi	30
FP	Sheohar (5)	-	-	-	14.8	GC(72.6) T(72.6)	32.5	10.0	37.4	Rupwara	31
PR MR FP	Sheohar (5)	-	-	-	-	GC(217.4) T(217.4)	117.7	81.6	222.0	Hirauta Duma	32
MR FP	Sheohar (5)	-	-	-	0.9	GC(23.9) T(23.9)	7.4	1.0	1.8	Kurhani	33
PR MR FP	Sheohar (6)	-	-	-	9.6	TW(44.2) T(44.2)	50.7	0.5	53.7	Hiramma	34
MR FP	Sheohar (5)	-	-	-	0.7	GC(2.6) T(2.6)	0.9	-	1.3	Arazi Nankar	35
MR FP	Sheohar (5)	-	-	-	-	TW(42.9) T(42.9)	19.6	0.4	1.9	Rampur Khas	36
MR FP	Sheohar (5)	-	-	-	-	GC(33.8) TWE(40.0) R(10.0) T(83.8)	15.3	6.2	17.8	Rewasi	37
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	8.8	GC(43.0) T(43.0)	128.1	2.5	34.0	Pachra	38
PR MR FP	Sheohar (11)	-	-	-	-	TW(43.2) O(167.0) T(210.2)	65.6	15.3	19.3	Athkauni	39

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Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given`							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
40	Raja Dih (00296800)	237.0	3,413	651	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
41	Az Rakbe Athkauni Urf Benipur (00296900)	84.0	1,116	188	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	T HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
42	Az Rakbe Raja Dih Barahi (00297000)	51.0	783	220	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	T HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(10+)
43	Basant Param (00297100)	115.0	1,432	267	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	T HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
44	Bindraban (00297200)	578.0	6,592	1,192	P(3) M C(10+)	PHS H(10+) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	T HP W SS-	PO PH(10+)	CM CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(10+) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
45	Chhatauni (00297300)	683.0	6,638	1,435	P(3) M C(10+)	NH(2) SMP H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP TW W TK SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
46	Bishunpur Fakira (00297400)	71.0	669	160	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(5-10)	HP TW W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
47	Bishunpur Dharanand (00297500)	68.0	756	141	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
48	Aura (00297600)	472.0	4,428	935	P(2) M S C(5-10)	PHS H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
49	Lalpur (00297700)	8.0	-------- Uninhabited ----------									
50	Bishunpur Bindi (00297800)	119.0	307	66	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(5-10)	HP TW W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR MR FP	Sheohar (12)	ED	-	-	-	TW(70.9) O(39.5) T(110.4)	50.0	35.3	41.0	Raja Dih	40
PR MR FP	Sheohar (1)	-	-	-	-	TW(33.7) O(21.0) T(54.7)	6.5	7.7	14.8	Az Rakbe Athkauni Urf Benipur	41
PR MR FP	Sheohar (1)	-	-	-	-	TW(28.5) T(28.5)	8.4	4.8	9.2	Az Rakbe Raja Dih Barahi	42
PR MR FP	Sheohar (2)	-	-	-	-	TW(51.9) O(21.3) T(73.2)	21.5	10.8	9.6	Basant Param	43
PR MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	-	GC(105.0) TW(123.1) O(20.5) T(248.5)	200.6	62.4	66.7	Bindraban	44
PR MR FP	Sheohar (5)	-	-	-	-	TW(100.3) O(40.7) T(141.0)	513.6	10.8	17.7	Chhatauni	45
PR MR FP	Sheohar (0)	ED	-	-	-	TW(21.9) O(17.3) T(39.3)	30.1	-	2.0	Bishunpur Fakira	46
MR FP	Sheohar (0)	-	-	-	-	TW(32.8) O(6.8) T(39.7)	25.8	-	2.5	Bishunpur Dharanand	47
PR MR FP	Sheohar (1)	ED	N M	-	-	TW(111.1) O(79.9) T(191.0)	260.6	4.9	15.7	Aura	48
		-------- Uninhabited ----------			-	TW(2.1) O(0.1) T(2.2)	5.2	-	0.3	Lalpur	49
PR MR FP	Sheohar (0)	-	-	-	-	TW(45.8) O(2.6) T(48.3)	69.6	-	1.5	Bishunpur Bindi	50

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Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given`							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
51	Fakapur (00297900)	17.0			-------- Uninhabited ----------							
52	Sonbarsa (00298000)	493.0	4,305	860	P M C(10+)	D MCW H(< 5) PHC(10+)	HP TW W TK SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(5-10) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
53	Az Rakbe Pachra Bansi (00298100)	61.0	1,405	324	P M(< 5) C(10+)	D RMP SMP CHW H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP TW W TK SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
54	Pachra Bansi (00298200)	15.0	98	27	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	D H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP TW W TK SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
55	Wake Rakbe Pachra Bansi (00298300)	42.0	153	32	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(5-10)	HP TW W TK SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
56	Pachra Bansi Arazi (00298400)	15.0			-------- Uninhabited ----------							
57	Pachra Bansi (00298500)	9.0			-------- Uninhabited ----------							
58	Tola Tulsinagar (00298600)	63.0	1,459	346	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP TW W TK SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(10+)
59	Basarpur Urf Nasirpur (00298700)	105.0	1,504	366	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(< 5) PHC(5-10)	HP TW W TK SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(10+) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
60	Arazi Rakbe Narwara (00298800)	25.0	217	62	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(< 5)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(10+)
61	Kishunpur Narwara (00298900)	59.0	300	84	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(10+)
62	Kishunpur Urf Narwara (00299000)	590.0	8,604	1,918	P M S C(10+)	H PHC PHS MCW(10+)	TW W TK SS-	PO PH(10+)	CM CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
63	Sirsian (00299100)	117.0	300	67	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(10+)

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
		-------- Uninhabited ----------			-	TW(13.0) O(1.4) T(14.4)	2.5	-	0.1	Fakapur	51
PR MR FP	Sheohar (2)	ED	-	-	-	TW(166.8) O(10.8) T(177.5)	257.6	12.2	45.2	Sonbarsa	52
PR MR FP	Sheohar (0)	ED	-	-	-	TW(6.9) O(42.8) T(49.7)	7.3	-	4.2	Az Rakbe Pachra Bansi	53
PR MR FP	Sheohar (0)	ED	-	-	-	TW(8.1) T(8.1)	5.3	-	1.8	Pachra Bansi	54
PR MR FP	Sheohar (0)	-	-	-	-	TW(15.7) T(15.7)	25.2	-	1.2	Wake Rakbe Pachra Bansi	55
		-------- Uninhabited ----------			-	TW(1.3) O(8.7) T(10.0)	2.6	-	2.7	Pachra Bansi Arazi	56
		-------- Uninhabited ----------			-	TW(1.7) T(1.7)	7.0	-	-	Pachra Bansi	57
PR MR FP	Sheohar (0)	-	-	-	-	TW(21.1) O(4.4) T(25.5)	32.0	0.5	5.4	Tola Tulsinagar	58
PR MR FP	Sheohar (0)	-	-	-	-	TW(51.5) O(9.5) T(61.0)	40.1	0.6	3.5	Basarpur Urf Nasirpur	59
MR FP	Sheohar (1)	-	-	-	-	TW(11.4) T(11.4)	12.2	0.4	0.6	Arazi Rakbe Narwara	60
PR MR FP	Sheohar (1)	-	-	-	-	TW(18.0) O(11.9) T(29.9)	11.7	0.3	17.5	Kishunpur Narwara	61
PR MR FP	Sheohar (1)	EA	-	-	-	TW(139.4) O(69.9) T(209.3)	334.9	33.1	12.7	Kishunpur Urf Narwara	62
MR FP	Sheohar (2)	-	-	-	-	TW(34.1) O(1.1) T(35.2)	77.0	0.7	3.8	Sirsian	63

Census of India 2001 -

Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given`							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
64	Bariarpur (00299200)	115.0	1,255	201	P M(5-10) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	W TK C SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(10+)	CM CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
65	Toniahi Chak Bhagwati (00299300)	63.0	700	168	- P(< 5) M(5-10) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	TW W SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(10+)	- CM(< 5) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
66	Sharifnagar Urf Ghauspur (00299400)	122.0	2,104	486	P M(5-10) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(10+) OCS(10+)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
67	Jafarpur Urf Sharifnagar (00299500)	93.0	1,370	246	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(5-10) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(10+)
68	Kishunpur Narwara Tolaramnagar (00299600)	115.0	1,011	170	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(10+)
69	Manguraha (00299700)	93.0	1,273	321	P M C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(10+)	CM CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(5-10) RS(10+) NW(10+)
70	Paharpur (00299800)	171.0	1,450	287	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	W SS-	- PO(5-10) PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
71	Jagdishpur (00299900)	78.0	635	145	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(5-10)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(10+)
72	Lohsurka Urf Hamidpur (00300000)	153.0	1,587	331	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(5-10) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(10+)
73	Ganga Dharampur (00300100)	141.0	1,161	217	M P(< 5) C(5-10)	H PHS MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(10+)

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
MR FP	Sheohar (5)	-	-	-	-	TW(47.1) T(47.1)	64.0	2.2	1.8	Bariarpur	64
MR FP	Sheohar (1)	-	-	-	-	TW(17.5) O(20.3) T(37.7)	16.0	1.2	7.6	Toniahi Chak Bhagwati	65
MR FP	Sheohar (1)	-	-	-	-	TW(28.9) O(16.7) T(45.5)	65.6	1.8	9.0	Sharifnagar Urf Ghauspur	66
PR MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	-	TW(48.0) T(48.0)	1.4	3.1	40.4	Jafarpur Urf Sharifnagar	67
PR MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	-	TW(22.1) O(6.9) T(29.0)	62.4	2.8	21.3	Kishunpur Narwara Tolaramnagar	68
MR FP	Sheohar (1)	-	-	-	-	TW(38.2) O(14.4) T(52.5)	21.5	2.4	17.0	Manguraha	69
MR FP	Sheohar (2)	-	-	-	-	TW(43.9) O(17.3) T(61.1)	65.3	3.2	41.4	Paharpur	70
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	-	TW(24.0) O(23.8) T(47.9)	25.7	1.9	2.8	Jagdishpur	71
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	-	TW(45.3) O(12.3) T(57.7)	61.4	1.3	33.1	Lohsurka Urf Hamidpur	72
MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	-	TW(58.3) T(58.3)	58.0	4.1	20.2	Ganga Dharampur	73

Census of India 2001 -

Amenities and

Serial number	Name of village & Location code	Total area of the village (in hectare)	Total population (2001 Census)	Number of households (2001 Census)	Amenities available (if not available within the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given`							
					Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Post, telegraph and telephone	Commercial and co-operative banks	Agricultural, non-agricultural and other credit societies	Recreational & cultural facilities (Cinema/ Video hall, Sports club, Stadium/Auditorium)	Communications (Bus service, railway station, waterway)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
74	Kumhrar (00300200)	219.0	2,572	409	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	RMP H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(5-10)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	BS RS(10+) NW(10+)
75	Nandna (00300300)	57.0	282	62	- P(< 5) M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(< 5) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(5-10) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(10+)
76	Ladaura (00300400)	157.0	2,279	559	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	ACS NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(10+)
77	Chhapra (00300500)	857.0	10,032	2,566	P(3) M(2) S C(10+)	H(2) MCW(2) HC PHC RMP(4)	HP TW W TK SS-	PO PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(10+) RS(10+) NW(10+)
78	Tajpur (00300600)	242.0	2,390	504	P M(< 5) C(10+)	- H(5-10) MCW(10+) PHC(10+)	HP W SS-	- PO(< 5) PH(10+)	- CM(10+) CP(10+)	- ACS(< 5) NCS(< 5) OCS(< 5)	- CV(10+) SP(5-10) ST(5-10)	- BS(< 5) RS(10+) NW(10+)
	Block Total	**13680.0**	**155053**	**33130**	**P(62) M(21) S(3) O(2)**	**H(5) D(3) DA MCW(3) HC PHC(3) PHS(5) NH(2) RMP(7) SMP(6) CHW**	**T(4) W(63) TK(12) HP(66) TW(16) R(2) C**	**PO(15)**	**CM(4)**	**ACS(4) NCS(4)**		**BS(5) NW(2)**

Village Directory

Land Use (As on 1999)

Approach to village	Nearest town & distance (in km)	Power supply	News paper/Magazine	Most important commodity manufactured	Land use (i.e. area under different types of land use in hectare)					Name of village	Serial number
					Forest	Irrigated (by source)	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar and groves)	Area not available for cultivation		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2	1
PR MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	-	TW(63.2) O(55.0) T(118.2)	50.6	1.4	48.6	Kumhrar	74
FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	-	TW(17.0) O(12.0) T(29.0)	23.6	0.4	4.1	Nandna	75
PR MR FP	Sheohar (5)	-	-	-	-	W(9.7) TW(54.0) T(63.7)	38.9	1.1	53.4	Ladaura	76
PR MR FP	Sheohar (10)	ED	-	-	-	TW(103.2) O(242.1) T(345.3)	269.6	30.1	212.5	Chhapra	77
PR MR FP	Sheohar (10)	-	-	-	-	TW(59.9) O(17.9) T(77.8)	115.8	1.0	47.0	Tajpur	78
PR(33) MR(69) FP(68) NR NW(2)		**ED(7) EA**	**N M**		**295.4**	**GC(1200.59) W(46.73) TW(2440.09) TWE(172.85) TK(34.07) R(75.51) O(1087.74) T(5057.58)**	**5152.3**	**626.0**	**2548.5**		

APPENDIX I - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATIONAL, MEDICAL AND OTHER AMENITIES IN VILLAGES - C.D. BLOCK LEVEL

Serial number	Name of C. D. Block	Total number of inhabited villages	Total population of C.D.block	Educational Institutions					
				Primary school		Middle school		Matriculation / secondary school	
				Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Purnahiya	26	71,722	25	37	8	8	3	3
2	Piprarhi	23	95,441	22	33	8	9	2	3
3	Sheohar	42	101,078	41	52	13	13	2	2
4	Dumri Katsari	27	71,405	24	35	8	8	1	1
5	Tariani Chowk	71	155,053	49	62	19	21	3	3
	District(Rural):	**189**	**494,699**	**161**	**219**	**56**	**59**	**11**	**12**

Serial number	Name of C. D. Block	Educational Institutions (contd)								
		Higher Secondary / PUC Intermediate / Junior college		College(graduate and above)		Adult Litracy classes/centre		Others		No educational facilities
		Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	
1	2	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	Purnahiya	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
2	Piprarhi	0	0	0	0	1	1	9	14	0
3	Sheohar	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	5	1
4	Dumri Katsari	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	2
5	Tariani Chowk	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	19
	District(Rural):	**3**	**3**	**0**	**0**	**1**	**1**	**18**	**27**	**23**

Serial number	Name of C. D. Block	Medical Institutions							
		Hospital		Dispensary		Primary Health Centre / Health Centre		Primary Health Sub-centre	
		Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions
1	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
1	Purnahiya	3	3	2	2	4	4	6	6
2	Piprarhi	1	1	0	0	2	2	4	4
3	Sheohar	1	1	0	0	0	0	6	6
4	Dumri Katsari	3	3	1	1	1	1	4	4
5	Tariani Chowk	4	5	4	4	3	4	5	5
	District(Rural):	**12**	**13**	**7**	**7**	**10**	**11**	**25**	**25**

APPENDIX I - VILLAGE DIRECTORY (*Contd.*)

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATIONAL, MEDICAL AND OTHER AMENITIES IN VILLAGES - C.D. BLOCK LEVEL

		Medical Institutions							
		Maternity and Child Welfare centre / Maternity Home / Child Welfare Centre		Family Welfare Centre		Community Health Workers		Others	
Serial number	Name of C. D. Block	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions
1	2	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
1	Purnahiya	0	0	0	0	9	9	1	2
2	Piprarhi	0	0	0	0	1	2	9	16
3	Sheohar	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	5
4	Dumri Katsari	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
5	Tariani Chowk	2	3	0	0	1	1	9	15
	District(Rural):	**2**	**3**	**1**	**1**	**12**	**14**	**22**	**39**

		Medical institutions (*Concld.*)	Drinking water Source									
Serial number	Name of C. D. Block	No medical facilities	Tap	Well	Tank	Tubewell	River	Fountain	Canal	Others	More than one source	No drinking water facilities
1	2	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
1	Purnahiya	14	0	26	0	0	1	0	0	26	26	0
2	Piprarhi	10	3	22	6	18	9	0	0	20	22	0
3	Sheohar	35	0	38	0	0	0	0	0	41	37	0
4	Dumri Katsari	20	0	16	5	3	4	0	0	24	13	0
5	Tariani Chowk	53	4	63	12	16	2	0	1	66	65	0
	District(Rural):	**132**	**7**	**165**	**23**	**37**	**16**	**0**	**1**	**177**	**163**	**0**

		Post, Telegraph & Telephone							Transport communications		
Serial number	Name of C. D. Block	Post office	Telegraph office	Post & telegraph office	Post office & phone	Telegraph office & phone	Post, telegraph office & phone	phone	Bus service	Railway station	Navigable waterway
1	2	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
1	Purnahiya	11	0	0	2	0	0	4	9	0	1
2	Piprarhi	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	9
3	Sheohar	12	0	0	2	0	0	7	0	0	0
4	Dumri Katsari	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
5	Tariani Chowk	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	2
	District(Rural):	**54**	**0**	**0**	**4**	**0**	**0**	**11**	**15**	**0**	**16**

APPENDIX I - VILLAGE DIRECTORY (*Concld.*)

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATIONAL, MEDICAL AND OTHER AMENITIES IN VILLAGES - C.D. BLOCK LEVEL

Serial number	Name of C. D. Block	Banks		Power supply		Credit societies			
		Villages	Number of commercial and co-operative banks	Available	Not available	Villages	Number of agricultural credit societies	Villages	Number of non-agricultural credit societies
1	2	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
1	Purnahiya	5	5	1	25	10	10	0	0
2	Piprarhi	2	3	8	15	1	1	0	0
3	Sheohar	1	1	23	19	5	5	1	1
4	Dumri Katsari	1	1	3	24	4	4	0	0
5	Tariani Chowk	4	4	8	63	4	4	4	4
	District(Rural):	**13**	**14**	**43**	**146**	**24**	**24**	**5**	**5**

Serial number	Name of C. D. Block	Credit societies (concld.)		Recreational facility			Newspaper / Magazine		
		Villages	Number of other credit societies	Cinema / Video hall	Sports club	Stadium / Auditorium / Community hall	Newspaper	Magazine	Newspaper & Magazine
1	2	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
1	Purnahiya	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
2	Piprarhi	0	0	0	0	3	14	14	14
3	Sheohar	0	0	0	0	0	22	21	21
4	Dumri Katsari	0	0	0	0	0	11	10	10
5	Tariani Chowk	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
	District(Rural):	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**3**	**49**	**47**	**47**

APPENDIX I A - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

VILLAGES BY NUMBER OF PRIMARY SCHOOLS

Serial Number	Name of C. D. Block	Total number of inhabited villages	Number of primary school				
			None	One	Two	Three	Four +
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Purnahiya	26	1	17	6	0	2
2	Piprarhi	23	1	17	3	0	2
3	Sheohar	42	1	32	7	2	0
4	Dumri Katsari	27	3	21	0	1	2
5	Tariani Chowk	71	22	40	5	4	0
	District Total:	**189**	**28**	**127**	**21**	**7**	**6**

APPENDIX I B - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

VILLAGE BY PRIMARY, MIDDLE AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS

Serial Number	Name of C. D. Block	Total number of inhabited villages	Type of educational institutions available			
			No School	At least one primary school and no middle school	At least one primary school and one middle school	At least one middle school and one secondary school
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Purnahiya	26	1	17	8	3
2	Piprarhi	23	0	15	7	2
3	Sheohar	42	1	28	13	1
4	Dumri Katsari	27	2	17	7	1
5	Tariani Chowk	71	19	33	16	3
	Total:	**189**	**23**	**110**	**51**	**10**

APPENDIX I C - VILLAGE DIRECTORY
VILLAGES WITH DIFFERENT SOURCES OF DRINKING WATER FACILITIES AVAILABLE

Serial number	Name of C.D. Block	Number of villages with different sources of drinking water				
		Only tap	Only well	Only tube well	Only handpump	More than one source only from tap, well, tube well, handpump
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Purnahiya	0	0	0	0	26
2	Piprarhi	0	1	0	0	21
3	Sheohar	0	1	0	4	37
4	Dumri Katsari	0	3	0	11	13
5	Tariani Chowk	0	2	0	4	63
	District Total:	**0**	**7**	**0**	**19**	**160**

APPENDIX II - VILLAGE DIRECTORY
VILLAGES WITH 5,000 AND ABOVE POPULATION WHICH DO NOT HAVE ONE OR MORE AMENITIES

Serial number	Name of village	Location code number	Name of C. D. Block	Population	Amenities not available						
					Senior Secondary School	College	Primary Health Sub Centre	Tap drinking water	Bus facility	Approach by Pucca road	Commercial Bank
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Barahi Mohan	00280600	Purnahiya	5,019	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
2	Bakhar Chandiha	00280900	Purnahiya	6,856	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
3	Khaira Pahari	00282800	Purnahiya	6,311	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.
4	Masaura	00283600	Piprarhi	5,593	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.	Available
5	Amwa Kalan	00284200	Piprarhi	20,475	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.
6	Basahia Shekh	00284300	Piprarhi	10,326	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	Available	N.A.
7	Minapur Balha	00284700	Piprarhi	8,289	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
8	Dhankaul	00284800	Piprarhi	7,470	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available
9	Kursahar	00285500	Sheohar	9,114	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available
10	Chamanpur	00286800	Sheohar	7,387	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.
11	Sugia Karesri	00288300	Sheohar	6,857	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.
12	Tajpur	00288500	Sheohar	5,087	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.
13	Jahangirpur	00290000	Dumri Katsari	5,574	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
14	Naya Gaon	00290700	Dumri Katsari	10,465	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available
15	Shampur	00291000	Dumri Katsari	5,311	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
16	Maksudpur Kararia	00291400	Dumri Katsari	9,928	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.
17	Khurpatti	00294000	Tariani Chowk	5,354	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
18	Hirauta Duma	00296000	Tariani Chowk	8,601	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.
19	Bindraban	00297200	Tariani Chowk	6,592	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	N.A.	Available	Available
20	Chhatauni	00297300	Tariani Chowk	6,638	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.
21	Kishunpur Urf Narwara	00299000	Tariani Chowk	8,604	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	Available	Available	Available
22	Chhapra	00300500	Tariani Chowk	10,032	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.

APPENDIX II A - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

CENSUS TOWNS WHICH DO NOT HAVE ONE OR MORE AMENITIES

					Amenities not available						
Serial number	Name of census town	Location code number	Name of C. D. Block	Population	Senior Secondary School	College	Primary Health Sub Centre	Tap drinking water	Bus facility	Approach by Pucca road	Commercial Bank
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
There is no Census Town in Sheohar district.											

APPENDIX III - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

LAND UTILISATION DATA IN RESPECT OF CENSUS TOWNS / NON MUNICIPAL TOWNS

Serial number	Name of Census town and C. D. Block within brackets	Land use (i.e., area under different types of land use in hectare)					
		Total area	Forest	Irrigated by source	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar & groves)	Area not available for cultivation
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
There is no Census Town / non-municipal town in Sheohar district							

APPENDIX IV - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

C. D. BLOCK WISE LIST OF INHABITED VILLAGES WHERE NO AMENITY OTHER THAN DRINKING WATER FACILITY IS AVAILABLE

Serial number	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
Name of CD Block: Purnahiya		
1	00282400	Bakatpur Chaki
Name of CD Block: Piprarhi		
	Nil	
Name of CD Block: Sheohar		
	Nil	
Name of CD Block: Dumri Katsari		
2	00291800	Jhitkahi Bazidpur Daulat
Name of CD Block: Tariani Chowk		
3	00293300	Ghorha
4	00293500	Kothia
5	00294400	Hurraha
6	00295300	Bochhan Urf Az Rakbe Pojhian
7	00295400	Fatehpur Ghauspur
8	00296300	Arazi Nankar
9	00297000	Az Rakbe Raja Dih Barahi
10	00297500	Bishunpur Dharanand
11	00297800	Bishunpur Bindi

APPENDIX IV - VILLAGE DIRECTORY (*Concld.*)

C. D. BLOCK WISE LIST OF INHABITED VILLAGES WHERE NO AMENITY OTHER THAN DRINKING WATER FACILITY IS AVAILABLE

Serial number	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
Name of CD Block: Tariani Chowk		
12	00298300	Wake Rakbe Pachra Bansi
13	00298800	Arazi Rakbe Narwara
14	00298900	Kishunpur Narwara
15	00299100	Sirsian
16	00299300	Toniahi Chak Bhagwati
17	00299600	Kishunpur Narwara Tolaramnagar
18	00299900	Jagdishpur
19	00300300	Nandna

APPENDIX V - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

SUMMARY SHOWING NUMBER OF VILLAGES NOT HAVING SCHEDULED CASTES POPULATION

Serial number	Name of C.D. Block	Total villages	Uninhabited villages	Inhabited villages	Number of inhabited villages having no Scheduled Castes population
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Purnahiya	26	0	26	1
2	Piprarhi	25	2	23	3
3	Sheohar	45	3	42	1
4	Dumri Katsari	29	2	27	2
5	Tariani Chowk	78	7	71	6
	District Total:	**203**	**14**	**189**	**13**

APPENDIX VI - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

SUMMARY SHOWING NUMBER OF VILLAGES NOT HAVING SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION

Serial number	Name of C.D. Block	Total villages	Uninhabited villages	Inhabited villages	Number of inhabited villages having no Scheduled Tribes population
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Purnahiya	26	0	26	24
2	Piprarhi	25	2	23	22
3	Sheohar	45	3	42	41
4	Dumri Katsari	29	2	27	25
5	Tariani Chowk	78	7	71	70
	District Total:	**203**	**14**	**189**	**182**

APPENDIX VIIA - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

LIST OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF THE SCHEDULED CASTES TO THE TOTAL POPULATION BY RANGES

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
Name of CD Block: Purnahiya		
Less than 5		
	00281100	Chak Sonaul
	00282000	Kolhua Thikaha
5-10		
	00280600	Barahi Mohan
	00281600	Basant Patti
	00281500	Basant Jagjiwan
11-20		
	00280800	Chiraiya
	00281700	Purnahia Chandandih
	00281000	Asogi Chhapra Dhani
	00281300	Madan Chhapra
	00282600	Asopur
	00281900	Hathsar
	00280900	Bakhar Chandiha
	00282800	Khaira Pahari
	00280400	Adauri
	00281200	Bedaul Baz
	00282400	Bakatpur Chaki
21-30		
	00281800	Sonaul Sultan
	00280500	Barahi Jagdish
	00281400	Bedaul Adam
	00282900	Dosti Mahamadpur
	00282200	Kashipur
	00282300	Bairia
	00282700	Kataiya
31-40		
	00282100	Pursauni Gope
	00280700	Chhapra Jurawan
41-50	**Nil**	**Nil**
51-75	**Nil**	**Nil**
76 and above	**Nil**	**Nil**
Name of CD Block: Piprarhi		
Less than 5		
	00283300	Chatauna Urf Gopinathpur
	00284400	Bakatpur Banbira
	00284100	Belwa Narkatia Bandobasti
5-10		
	00284900	Harpur
	00284000	Belwa Narkatia Nizamat
	00284300	Basahia Shekh

APPENDIX VIIA - VILLAGE DIRECTORY (*Contd.*)

LIST OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF THE SCHEDULED CASTES TO THE TOTAL POPULATION BY RANGES

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
11-20		
	00284800	Dhankaul
	00283600	Masaura
	00283200	Shankarpur Bindi
	00284200	Amwa Kalan
	00284700	Minapur Balha
	00285100	Parsauni
	00285300	Kamrauli Jangali
	00283100	Mohanpur
21-30		
	00284500	Kuanwan
	00285000	Dharampur Dekuli
	00283400	Narayanpur
	00283000	Chak Fateh
	00283800	Sengahi Indarwa
31-40		
	00283900	Indarwa Khurd
41-50	**Nil**	**Nil**
51-75	**Nil**	**Nil**
76 and above	**Nil**	**Nil**
Name of CD Block: Sheohar		
Less than 5		
	00289900	Parrahi
	00285800	Garahia
	00288200	Sugia Katesri Jagir
	00289400	Chhapragobindpururfgopinathpur
5-10		
	00288300	Sugia Karesri
	00287200	Chiknauta
	00286300	Garhwa
	00288600	Shahpur
	00289000	Mathurapur Kahtarwa
	00286800	Chamanpur
	00289800	Rampur Jadu
	00286200	Parsauni Taiyab
	00288400	Pardesia Urf Madhubani
11-20		
	00289600	Gopaia
	00289700	Bhaluahi
	00289200	Kanuani Kalyanpur
	00286000	Mali Pokhar Bhinda
	00289300	Bishunpur Maniari

APPENDIX VIIA - VILLAGE DIRECTORY (*Contd.*)

LIST OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF THE SCHEDULED CASTES TO THE TOTAL POPULATION BY RANGES

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00289100	Mirzapur Dhobahi
	00288500	Tajpur
	00287700	Fatehpur
	00286600	Kothia Dharampur Dharamaghat
	00285700	Mohari
	00287300	Harnahi
	00287900	Bishunpur Kishundeo
	00286900	Chak Bishunpur
	00285900	Bisahi
	00286700	Sisaula
21-30		
	00288100	Madhopur Anant
	00286400	Dharampur Rajwan Bandobasti
	00287100	Sundarpur Kharauna
	00287500	Pota
	00287600	Basahia Ram
	00285500	Kursahar
	00287000	Mahuaria
31-40		
	00287400	Azrakbe Pota
	00288800	Daud Chhapra
	00288000	Bhagwanpur Bheli
	00287800	Khairwa Darap
41-50		
	00288700	Jafarpur
51-75		
	00286500	Dharampur Rajwan Mal
76 and above	**Nil**	**Nil**
Name of CD Block: Dumri Katsari		
Less than 5		
	00290200	Gosainpur Nilami
	00292100	Gazipur Jaisinghpur
	00290800	Bhorha Mohanpur
5-10		
	00292600	Rohua
	00290600	Shahbazpur
	00292400	Rampur Kesho
	00290900	Bira Chhapra
	00292200	Masha
	00291700	Jhitkahi
	00291900	Dumri
11-20		
	00290500	Dhanhara Urf Dharampur

APPENDIX VIIA - VILLAGE DIRECTORY (*Contd.*)

LIST OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF THE SCHEDULED CASTES TO THE TOTAL POPULATION BY RANGES

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00290700	Naya Gaon
	00291200	Bhatha
	00292000	Mahamadpur Katesri
	00291400	Maksudpur Kararia
	00290400	Paharpur
	00291500	Mahamadpur Katesri
	00291300	Umed Chhapra
	00290000	Jahangirpur
	00292800	Bahuara
	00292500	Phulkaha
	00291000	Shampur
21-30		
	00292300	Madhopur Sundar
31-40	**Nil**	**Nil**
41-50	**Nil**	**Nil**
51-75		
	00291800	Jhitkahi Bazidpur Daulat
76 and above		
	00290300	Gosainpur Mal
Name of CD Block: Tariani Chowk		
Less than 5		
	00297400	Bishunpur Fakira
	00296900	Az Rakbe Athkauni Urf Benipur
	00293500	Kothia
	00298600	Tola Tulsinagar
5-10		
	00294700	Bisambharpur
	00296200	Hiramma
	00297100	Basant Param
	00299500	Jafarpur Urf Sharifnagar
	00293200	Salempur
	00295900	Rupwara
	00294400	Hurraha
	00294500	Sultanpur Bhim
	00295800	Nimahi
	00294000	Khurpatti
	00293800	Kolson Kalan
	00296000	Hirauta Duma
	00299100	Sirsian
	00295200	Pojhian

APPENDIX VIIA - VILLAGE DIRECTORY (*Contd.*)

LIST OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF THE SCHEDULED CASTES TO THE TOTAL POPULATION BY RANGES

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
11-20		
	00299400	Sharifnagar Urf Ghauspur
	00295600	Madhopur Chhata
	00297200	Bindraban
	00300200	Kumhrar
	00293100	Kasturia
	00294200	Belahi Urf Balha Baijnathpur
	00298700	Basarpur Urf Nasirpur
	00299000	Kishunpur Urf Narwara
	00299600	Kishunpur Narwara Tolaramnagar
	00296100	Kurhani
	00300100	Ganga Dharampur
	00299900	Jagdishpur
	00295000	Khajepur
	00298000	Sonbarsa
	00299800	Paharpur
	00295500	Samhuti
	00296700	Athkauni
	00300000	Lohsurka Urf Hamidpur
	00295100	Fatehpur Ghaus
	00300500	Chhapra
	00294100	Sarwarpur
	00296600	Pachra
	00296500	Rewasi
	00293400	Jagdishpur
	00297300	Chhatauni
	00296800	Raja Dih
	00293600	Mahdewa
21-30		
	00294300	Soghra Adalpur Kundol
	00299300	Toniahi Chak Bhagwati
	00295700	Belahi Dullah
	00293000	Surgahi
	00297600	Aura
	00299700	Manguraha
	00298100	Az Rakbe Pachra Bansi
	00297800	Bishunpur Bindi
	00299200	Bariarpur
	00300600	Tajpur
	00300400	Ladaura
	00297500	Bishunpur Dharanand
	00298200	Pachra Bansi

APPENDIX VIIA - VILLAGE DIRECTORY (*Concld.*)

LIST OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF THE SCHEDULED CASTES TO THE TOTAL POPULATION BY RANGES

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
31-40		
	00292900	Chak Surgahi
	00297000	Az Rakbe Raja Dih Barahi
	00296300	Arazi Nankar
41-50		
	00298300	Wake Rakbe Pachra Bansi
51-75		
	00293300	Ghorha
	00294600	Bhandiha
	00295300	Bochhan Urf Az Rakbe Pojhian
76 and above	**Nil**	**Nil**

Note :- Villages having NIL Scheduled Castes Population have been excluded

APPENDIX VIIB - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

LIST OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF THE SCHEDULED TRIBES TO THE TOTAL POPULATION BY RANGES

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
Name of CD Block: Purnahiya		
Less than 5		
	00280900	Bakhar Chandiha
	00281600	Basant Patti
5-10	**Nil**	**Nil**
11-20	**Nil**	**Nil**
21-30	**Nil**	**Nil**
31-40	**Nil**	**Nil**
41-50	**Nil**	**Nil**
51-75	**Nil**	**Nil**
76 and above	**Nil**	**Nil**
Name of CD Block: Piprarhi		
Less than 5		
	00285000	Dharampur Dekuli
5-10	**Nil**	**Nil**
11-20	**Nil**	**Nil**
21-30	**Nil**	**Nil**
31-40	**Nil**	**Nil**
41-50	**Nil**	**Nil**
51-75	**Nil**	**Nil**
76 and above	**Nil**	**Nil**
Name of CD Block: Sheohar		
Less than 5		
	00289700	Bhaluahi
5-10	**Nil**	**Nil**
11-20	**Nil**	**Nil**

APPENDIX VIIB - VILLAGE DIRECTORY (*Concld.*)

LIST OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF THE SCHEDULED TRIBES TO THE TOTAL POPULATION BY RANGES

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
21-30	**Nil**	**Nil**
31-40	**Nil**	**Nil**
41-50	**Nil**	**Nil**
51-75	**Nil**	**Nil**
76 and above	**Nil**	**Nil**
Name of CD Block: Dumri Katsari		
Less than 5		
	00291400	Maksudpur Kararia
	00292800	Bahuara
5-10	**Nil**	**Nil**
11-20	**Nil**	**Nil**
21-30	**Nil**	**Nil**
31-40	**Nil**	**Nil**
41-50	**Nil**	**Nil**
51-75	**Nil**	**Nil**
76 and above	**Nil**	**Nil**
Name of CD Block: Tariani Chowk		
Less than 5		
	00292900	Chak Surgahi
5-10	**Nil**	**Nil**
11-20	**Nil**	**Nil**
21-30	**Nil**	**Nil**
31-40	**Nil**	**Nil**
41-50	**Nil**	**Nil**
51-75	**Nil**	**Nil**
76 and above	**Nil**	**Nil**

Note : Villages having NIL Scheduled Tribes Population have been excluded

APPENDIX VIII - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

NUMBER OF VILLAGES UNDER EACH GRAM PANCHAYAT (C. D. BLOCK WISE)

Serial number	Name of Gram Panchayat and location code number	Area of Gram Panchayat in hectare	Number of villages with location code numbers: Number	Number of villages with location code numbers: Location code numbers	Number of households	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Income and expenditure of Panchayat / Gram Panchayat (in Rs.'000): Total income	Income and expenditure of Panchayat / Gram Panchayat (in Rs.'000): Total expenditure
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
N.A.										

Note : N.A. stands for information not available.

APPENDIX IX - VILLAGE DIRECTORY

STATEMENT SHOWING NUMBER OF GIRLS SCHOOLS IN THE VILLAGES

Serial number	Name of C. D. Block	Village location code number	Name of village	Number of girls school			
				Primary School	Middle School	Matriculation / Secondary School	Higher Secondary / PUC / Intermediate / Junior college
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
N.A.							

Note : N.A. stands for information not available

TOWN DIRECTORY

Section-II : Town Directory

Note explaining the abbreviations used in the Town Directory

Statement I : Status and Growth History

Column (2) : Class, name and civic administration status of town :

Class has been introduced to facilitate analysis of town directory data at the state and all India levels. It is presented according to 2001 Census Population of the town as follows :

Population	Class
100,000 and above	I
50,000 - 99,999	II
20,000 - 49,999	III
10,000 - 19,999	IV
5,000 - 9,999	V
Below 5,000	VI

Town with a population of one hundred thousand (1,00,000) and above is treated as a city.

The civic administration status of the towns is indicated within bracket against the name of the town. The following abbreviations are used to denote civic status of town.

(i)	Municipal Corporation	M. Corp.
(ii)	Municipal Committee	MC
(iii)	Municipal Council	M Cl
(iv)	City Municipal Council	CMC
(v)	Town Municipal Council	TMC
(vi)	Municipal Board	MB
(vii)	Municipality	M
(viii)	Cantonment Board/ Cantonment	CB
(ix)	Notified Area	NA
(x)	Notified Town	NT
(xi)	Notified Area Committee/ Notified Area Council	NAC
(xii)	Notified Town Area	NTA
(xiii)	Industrial Notified Area	INA
(xiv)	Industrial Township	ITS
(xv)	Township	TS
(xvi)	Town Panchayat	TP
(xvii)	Nagar Panchayat	NP
(xviii)	Town Committee/Town Area Committee	TC
(xix)	Small Town Committee	ST
(xx)	Estate office	EO
(xxi)	Gram Panchayat	GP
(xxii)	Census Town	CT

Others columns need no comments.

Statement II : Physical Aspects and Location of towns, 1999.

Column 3 to 5 : Physical Aspects

In these columns the Rainfall and Maximum and Minimum Temperature of the town are recorded.

Column 6, 7 and 8

Name of the State headquarters, District headquarters and Sub-Divisional headquarters with distance from the referent town in kilometers, is to be recorded respectively. If the names mentioned in these columns are the same as the referent town itself, the distance is recorded as (0) zero.

Column 9 & 10

Name of the nearest city with one lakh and more and five lakh and more population are recorded.

Column 11, 12 and 13

If referent town enjoys the facility of railway station, bus route facility or navigable river/canal. Its name is to be mentioned. If not available, then the name of nearest place with distance, where such facility exists is mentioned.

Statement III : Municipal Finance 1998-1999

Item-wise amount of receipt and expenditure in thousand rupees, relating to municipal finance of the town for the year 1998-99 is recorded.

Statement IV : Civic and Other amenities, 1999

Column (1 to 5) : Self explanatory.

Column (6) : Road length (in kms.)

Information about kutcha / pucca road is recorded separately for the roads within the limits of the referent town.

(i)	Pucca Road	PR
(ii)	Kutcha Road	KR

Column (7) : System of Sewerage

Generally, by sewerage system is implied the network of mains and branches of underground conduits for the conveyance of sewerage to the point of disposal. Sewers that carry only household and industrial wastes are called separate sewers, those that carry storm water from roofs, streets and other surface are known as storm water drains, while those carrying both sewage and storm water are called combined sewers.

The codes used for different types of drainage system are as follows :

(i)	Sewer	S
(ii)	Open Surface Drains	OSD
(iii)	Box Surface Drains	BSD
(iv)	Sylk Drains	SD
(v)	Cesspool method	CP
(vi)	Pit System	Pt
(vii)	Others	O

Column 8 to 11 : Number of latrines

Number of various types of latrines both Public and Private are given in these columns.

Column 12 : Method of disposal of night soil

The various prevalent methods of disposal of night soil are given below with codes :

(i)	Head Loads	HL
(ii)	Basket	B
(iii)	Wheel Barrows	WB
(iv)	Septic Tank	ST
(v)	Pit System	Pt
(vi)	Sewerage	S
(vii)	Others	O

Column 13 and 14 : Water supply

Source and capacity of storage system. The following codes are used in these columns:

Column 13 :

(i)	Tap water	T
(ii)	Tube-well water	TW
(iii)	Tank Water	TK
(iv)	Well water	W

Column 14 :

(v)	Over Head Tank	OHT
(vi)	Service Reservoir	SR
(vii)	River Infiltration Gallery	RIG
(viii)	Bore Well Pumping System	BWP
(ix)	Pressure Tank	PT

The information on major source of water supply are given in column 13 and the storage capacity against each in kilo-litres (in bracket) are presented in column 14.

Column 15 : Fire Fighting Service

In case the fire fighting service is available in the referent town 'yes' is recorded. If the facility is not available within the town. The name of the nearest place having this facility with its distance from the referent town has been recorded.

Column 16 to 20 : Electrification (Number of connections)

Different types of electric connections have been shown in these columns, i.e. Domestic, Industrial, Commercial, Road lighting (points) & others.

Statement V : Medical, Educational, Recreational and Cultural Facilities, 1999

Column 1 to 3 : Self explanatory.

Column 4 & 5 :

The data covers all such medical institutions run by or aided by Government/Semi Government/Local bodies and Charitable institutions or Social agencies like the Missionaries. Where the family planning centres are attached to hospitals or maternity and child welfare centres or Primary Health Centres, may be treated as independent units and counted separately using following codes :

(i)	Hospital	H
(ii)	Dispensary	D

(iii)	Health Centre	HC
(iv)	Family Welfare Centre	FWC
(v)	T.B. Clinic	TB
(vi)	Nursing Home	NH
(vii)	Others	O

In case of more than one institutions of any type, it is indicated within brackets the number of such institution (s) e.g. D(3), NH(8), etc. The institutions have further been distinguished by providing additional codes within the bracket as given below :

(i)	Ayurvedic	A
(ii)	Unani	U
(iii)	Homoeopathic	Hom.

Column 6 to 9

The codes used for these columns are as follows :

(i)	Arts only	A
(ii)	Science only	S
(iii)	Commerce only	C
(iv)	Arts & Science only	AS
(v)	Arts & Commerce only	AC
(vi)	Combined for all categories– Arts, Science and Commerce	ASC
(vii)	Law	L

Column 10 Recognized shorthand, typewriting and vocational training institutes

"Recognised" should mean recognised by some statutory authority, like education department, commerce department, labour department etc. of the government or semi government or autonomous bodies, public sector undertakings etc.

The following codes are used :

(i)	Shorthand	SH
(ii)	Typewriting	Type
(iii)	Shorthand & Typewriting	SH Type
(iv)	Others	O

The vocational institutions like - Applied Art/ Painting college, Pharmacy college, B. Ed. College, Teacher's Training Institute, Music/Dance School, Nursing School etc. are covered under 'Others'.

Column 11 to14

Higher Secondary/Intermediate/Senior Secondary/ PUC/Junior College level, Secondary/Matriculation, Middle Schools/Junior Secondary and Primary Schools.

School up to class V are treated as Primary or elementary schools. These include Nursery schools, Kindergarten schools, Pre-Primary schools, Junior Basic schools upto class V and Primary schools upto class IV.

Schools upto VIII are considered as Middle school or Junior Secondary.

Schools upto class X are considered as Matriculation or Secondary schools.

Schools upto XI or XII classes are considered as Higher Secondary/Intermediate/Pre University/Junior College etc. This would cover 10+2 classes whether held in schools or college.

If there are composite schools like middle schools with primary classes or Secondary schools with Middle classes, these are also included in the number of Primary and Middle schools, respectively. For example, if in a town, there are two Primary Schools and one Middle school with Primary classes, the number of Primary schools in the town is given as three and that of Middle schools as one though there are only three educational institutions.

If there are more institutions of a type in the town, the number is indicated within bracket along with the abbreviation, e.g. P(4), M(3).

Column 15 : Adult literacy class/centres

This column has been introduced keeping in view the Minimum Needs Programme of the Planning Commission. There are number of Adult Education Centres which are included in these columns.

If an educational facility is not available in the town, the name of the nearest place and its distance in kilometres from the town where the facility is available is mentioned.

Column 16 : Working Women's hostels with number of seats

The number of working women's hostel if available in the referent town is mentioned with number of seats. If the facility is not available in the town the name of nearest place with distance where the facility is available is recorded.

Column 17 to 19 : Recreational and Cultural Facilities

Stadium, Cinema, Auditorium/Drama/Community Hall are covered under recreational & cultural facilities. The particulars of permanent recreational facilities are considered for these columns.

Column 20 : Public Libraries, Reading Rooms

Number of public libraries and reading rooms available in the referent town are recorded in codes as follows :

(i)	Public Library	PL
(ii)	Reading room	RR

Statement VI : Trade, Commerce, Industry and Banking, 1999

Column 3 to 8

Name of three most important commodities exported and names of three most important commodities manufactured in the town are recorded.

Column 9 : Number of Banks

Number of Banks available in the referent town both Commercial and Co-operative banks are recorded against this column.

Column 10 & 11 : **Number of Agricultural Credit Societies and Non Agricultural Credit Societies**

The total number of Agricultural Credit Societies and Non Agricultural Credit Societies in the referent town are recorded against these columns.

Statement VII : Civic and other Amenities in Slums, 1999

This is the statement on civic and other amenities in all slums whether notified or not and for all towns having statutory bodies, like municipality, Municipal Corporation, Town area committee etc.

STATEMENT
STATUS AND

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Location code number	Name of Taluk/ Tahsil/ Police Station/Island etc.	Name of C.D. block	Area (in sq. km.)	Number of households incl. houseless households (2001 Census)	Population and growth		
							1901	1911	1921
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	III Sheohar (NA)	40301000	-	Sheohar	9.3	4,194	-	-	-

- I

GROWTH HISTORY

rate (in brackets) of the town at the Censuses of								Density (2001	Sex ratio			Class, name and civic status of town
1931	1941	1951	1961	1971	1981	1991	2001	Census)	1981	1991	2001	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	13,915	21,262 (+52.8)	2,279	-	860	879	III Sheohar (NA)

STATEMENT
PHYSICAL ASPECTS AND

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Physical aspects			Name of and road distance in kilometer(s) from	
		Rainfall (in mm)	Temperature (in centigrade) Maximum	Minimum	State HQ.	District HQ.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	III Sheohar (NA)	369	40	6	Patna (152)	Sheohar (0)

-II

LOCATION OF TOWNS, 1999

Name of and road distance in kilometer(s) from						
Sub-division /Taluk/ Tahsil / Police station/ Development Block/ Island HQ.	Nearest city with population of one lakh and more	Nearest city with population of five lakh and more	Railway station	Bus facility	Navigable river/ canal (if within ten kilometers)	Class, name and civic status of town
8	9	10	11	12	13	2
Sheohar (0)	Muzaffarpur (79)	Patna (152)	Sitamarhi (20)	Sheohar (0)	N.A.	III Sheohar (NA)

STATEMENT
MUNICIPAL FINANCE,

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Receipt (in Rs.'000)			
		Receipt through taxes, etc.	Revenue derived from municipal properties and power apart from taxation	Government grant	Loan
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	III Sheohar (NA)	-	108	-	-

-III

1998-99

Receipt (Contd.) (in Rs. '000)			Expenditure (in Rs.'000)							
Advance	Other sources (specify)	Total receipt	General administ-ration	Public safety	Public health and conveniences	Public works	Public institutions	Others (specify)	Total expenditure	Class, name and civic status of town
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	2
-	-	108	17	-	-	44	-	-	61	III Sheohar (NA)

STATEMENT

CIVIC AND OTHER

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Population (2001 Census)	Population 2001 Census				Number of latrines			
			Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes	Road length (in km. (s))	System of sewerage	Total	Water borne	Service	Others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	III Sheohar (NA)	21,262	3,259	9	KR(8)	OSD	260	260	-	-

Note :- * This facility is not available in the town the name of place with distance is indicated in the table.

- IV

AMENITIES, 1999

Method of disposal of night soil	Water supply: Source of supply	Water supply: System of storage with capacity in kilolitres (in brackets)	Fire fighting service*	Electrification (number of connections): Domestic	Industrial	Commercial	Road lighting (points)	Others	Class, name and civic status of town
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	2
ST	TW,T	OHT (50)	Sitamarhi (20 Km)	728	32	160	3	25	III Sheohar (NA)

STATEMENT

MEDICAL, EDUCATIONAL, RECREATIONAL

			Medical facilities*		Educational facilities*				
Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Population (2001 Census)	Hospitals/ Dispensaries/ T.B.clinics etc.	Beds in medical institutions noted in column 4	Arts/ Science/ Commerce/ Law/ Other colleges (of degree level and above)	Medical colleges	Engineering colleges	Polytechnics	Recognised shorthand, typewriting and vocational training institutions
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	III Sheohar (NA)	21,262	H D HC FWC TB NH(2)	12	ASC	Muzaffarpur (79Km)	Muzaffarpur (78Km)	Muzaffarpur (79Km)	-

Note :- * This facility is not available in the town the name of place with distance in kilometer(s) from the town is indicated in the table where facility is available.

- V

AND CULTURAL FACILITIES, 1999

Educational facilities (Contd....)						Number of recreational and cultural facilities				
Higher secondary/ Intermediate/ Senior Secondary/ PUC (Pre-university college)/ Junior college level	Secondary/ Matri-culation	Junior secondary and Middle schools	Primary schools	Adult literacy classes/ centres, others (specify)	Working women's hostels with number of seats	Stadium	Cinema	Auditorium / Drama/ commu-nity Halls	Public libraries including reading rooms	Class, name and civic status of town
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	2
Sitamarhi (20Km)	2	3	3	Sitamarhi (20Km)	Muzaffarpur (79Km)	-	1	1	-	III Sheohar (NA)

STATEMENT
TRADE, COMMERCE, INDUSTRY

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Name of three most important commodities exported		
		1st	2nd	3rd
1	2	3	4	5
1	III Sheohar (NA)	Milk	Grains	Sugarcane

- VI

AND BANKING, 1999

Name of three most important commodities manufactured			Number of banks	Number of agricultural credit societies	Number of non-agricultural credit societies	Class, name and civic status of town
1st	2nd	3rd				
6	7	8	9	10	11	2
Gur	Bangle	-	4	-	-	III Sheohar (NA)

STATEMENT -

CIVIC AND OTHER AMENITIES

Serial number	Class and name of town	Name of the slum	Is it notified	No. of households (approximate)	Population of the Slum (approximate)	Paved roads (in kilometers)	System of sewerage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	III Sheohar	There is no Slum in Sheohar town.					

VII

IN SLUMS, 1999

Number of latrines						Electricity connections			
Private									
water borne	service	others	Community	Method of disposal of night soil	No. of tap points/public hydrants installed for supply of protected water	Domestic	Road lighting (points)	Others	Class and name of town
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	2
There is no Slum in Sheohar town.									III Sheohar

APPENDIX TO TOWN DIRECTORY

TOWNS SHOWING THEIR OUTGROWTHS WITH POPULATION

Serial number	Name of the town with location code	Population of core town	Name of outgrowth	Population of outgrowth
1	2	3	4	5
There is no outgrowth in any of the towns of Sheohar district.				

Part-B : Primary Census Abstract

Brief Note on Primary Census Abstract

The first census of the third millennium and twenty first century the Census of India, 2001 was the 14th continuous and uninterrupted Indian census since 1872. Thus, 2001 Census will provide data on population and its characteristics marking transition from one century and millennium to another.

The gigantic operation of Population Enumeration (considered by many to be the single largest and complex peace time administrative exercise in the world) was made possible due to the door to door universal canvassing of the Household Schedule by about 2 million enumerators and supervisors covering 593 districts, 5,463 sub-districts, 5,161 towns and 638,588 villages. The comprehensive Household Schedule which replaced the individual slip had three parts and two sides A and B. Part I contained the Location Particulars; Part II related to the Individual Particulars and Part III contained questions for Household engaged in Cultivation/Plantation. The part II of the Household Schedule had 39 columns and 23 questions all of which were universally canvassed and no sampling was resorted to during enumeration.

Data Processing

A quantum leap was made in the technology front while processing the Census 2001 data both for Houselisting and Population Enumeration. The Census schedules for both the phases were scanned through high speed scanners in fifteen data centers across the country and hand-written data from the schedules were converted into digitized form through Intelligent Character Reading (ICR) software for creation of ASCII records for further processing. The designing and formatting of the Household Schedule had to be done very carefully using specialized software so as to ensure uniformity, which was an essential pre-requisite for scanning. The selection of appropriate state-of-art technology in data processing has made it possible to produce all the Houselisting as well as Population Enumeration tables on full count basis for the first time in the history of Census. For Census 2001, about 202 million schedules consisting of about 1,028 million records were scanned and processed within a span of only 10 months starting October, 2002.

Task Force on Quality Assurance

After the data is processed, it is expedient on the part of the data producing agency to satisfy itself about its quality before putting the same in public domain. This has to be done mainly through the process of internal consistency, comparison with similar data in the past and also through validation with likewise data if available, from external sources. Quite often the local knowledge and perception has to be brought into play to understand both the existing and the new emerging trends of population distribution and characteristics. The other very important aspect of the data quality is to ensure complete coverage of all geographical areas especially for the population enumeration phase where the data is disseminated right up to the village level in the rural areas and the ward level in the urban areas. Thus ensuring the complete coverage and correct geographical linkage of each enumeration block was one of the major planks of the quality control, specially for small area population statistics.

A very comprehensive check and edit mechanism was put in place to objectively examine the preliminary Census 2001 Population Enumeration results and finally clear them for use. The responsibility of the final clearance of data was with the Task Force on Quality Assurance (TFQA), headed by the Registrar General and Census Commissioner, India. The other members of the TFQA were the Heads and senior officers of the Census Division, Data Processing Division, Map Division, Demography Division and Social Studies Division. The Directors of Census Operations were co-opted as members whenever the TFQA discussed the data for their States/Union territories. The Directors and their senior officers were required to make detailed presentations of data for their own state both in respect to the quality and the coverage and only after the full possible

cleared.

There has been a major departure in Census 2001 from the past in respect of the procedure followed for finalization of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes population. In the earlier censuses, the total Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes populations were finalized at the time of the manual compilation of the Primary Census Abstracts (PCA) at the Regional Tabulation Offices which were specially set up for this purpose. The individual Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes population for each state was finalized much later based on manual coding done by the coders. In 2001 Census, each individual Scheduled Caste and the Scheduled Tribe have been coded directly on the computers by the Data Entry Operators through a process known as Computer Assisted Coding (CAC) and taken up along with the processing of PCA data. The CAC process involves pulling down, from the relevant dictionary of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes, on the computer screen and coding from the dictionary by referring to the image of the specific individual entry in the Household Schedule appearing on the screen. The CAC of the response on Religion wherever required, was also undertaken along with the processing of PCA. This is because the Scheduled Castes status had to be determined in relation to the religion of the individual. Two Special Task Forces, one on Religion and the other on Scheduled Castes/ Scheduled Tribes were constituted for scrutiny and appropriate classification of these responses.

The main task of the Special Task Force on Religion was to appropriately merge or group the new responses encountered and code it into the appropriate religious community based on available literature and local knowledge. The Special Task Force on Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes examined the different Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes entries encoun-tered and classified these into appropriate category of the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled Tribes principally based on the Presidential Notification and the available literature. Thus a very systematic and scientific mechanism was operationalised to firm up the individual religion and the individual Scheduled Castes/Tribes returns. The Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes population in 2001 Census, is thus being finalized by aggregating the population data for individual Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes at appropriate geographical levels.

The entire work relating to the data validation and scrutiny was completed by all the States/Union Territories under the overall supervision and monitoring of the Census Division of the Office of the Registrar General, India with active cooperation and support of the Social Studies Division, Data Processing Division, Data Dissemination Division and Map Division.

Primary Census Abstract

The Primary Census Abstract which is yet another important publication of 2001 Census gives basic information on Area, Total Households, Total population, Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes population, Population in the age group 0-6, Literates, Main workers and Marginal workers classified by the four broad industrial categories, namely, (i) Cultivators, (ii) Agricultural laborers, (iii) Household Industry Workers, and (iv) Other workers and also Non-workers. The characteristics of the Total Population includes Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Institutional and Houseless population and are presented by sex and rural-urban residence. This data is presented at different levels, namely, India, States/Union territories, Districts and Cities, Urban Agglomerations (Population 1,00,000 and above) in three different tables. In addition, Appendix of said publication provides Houseless and Institutional Households and their population by residence and sex for 2001 for India, State and Union territory.

Apart from the India and State/Union Territory volumes for Primary Census Abstract, the District Census Handbook contains District Primary Census Abstract, Appendix to District Primary Census Abstract, Primary Census Abstract for Scheduled Castes, Primary Census Abstract for Scheduled Tribes, Village Primary Census Abstract and Urban Primary Census Abstract of the concerned district in the state.

It was for the first time at the 1981 Census that the Primary Census Abstract (PCA) was brought out for the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes separately on the pattern of General Primary Census Abstract. This practice was continued in 1991 also. In the 1961 and 1971 Censuses, such data were made available in Table C-VIII-Social and Cultural table and to some extent in the series 'Special Tables for Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes'.

The format of Primary Census Abstract has been restructured slightly in the 2001 Census as compared to that of 1991 Census. The nine-fold industrial classification of main workers given in the Primary Census Abstract of 1991 Census has been discontinued and its place, four-fold industrial classification of both 'main workers' and 'marginal workers' are included. In 1981 census only main workers were presented in to four categories. One of the novel features of the primary census abstract of 1991 census was the presentation of data of the population of age group 0-6 is continued in 2001 Census also. This will help the data users in better analysis and understanding of this literacy data.

Level of presentation in District Census Handbooks:

The Primary Census Abstract data in different PCAs are presented at different levels. The level of presentation of Primary Census Abstracts are as under:

	Name of the Primary Census Abstract	Level of presentation
1.	District Primary Census Abstract	District/CD Block/UA/City/Town
2.	Primary Census Abstract for Scheduled Castes	District/CD Block/Town
3.	Primary Census Abstract for Scheduled Tribes	District/CD Block/Town
4.	Village Primary Census Abstract	CD Block/Village wise
5.	Urban Primary Census Abstract	Town/Ward level

The PCA Data for villages was presented CD Block wise for the first time in 1991 Census. This practice is continued in 2001 Census also. The data for each CD Block is presented both for rural and urban areas separately. All the villages within the CD Block constitute the rural portion and the Census Towns and Outgrowths are shown under the urban portion of the CD Block. In case a CD Block is spread over two or more districts, than portion which falls within the district is presented, the data pertaining to remaining portion of the CD Block is presented in the concerned District Census Handbook. The data in the Urban Primary Census Abstract for each town as well as for town with outgrowths in the district are presented. The data for all the wards and the outgrowths of the town(s) are also presented separately below the concerned town(s).

The District Primary Census Abstract is presented in 59 columns. The Primary Census Abstract for Scheduled Castes and Primary Census Abstract for Scheduled Tribes are presented in 52 columns. The Village Primary Census Abstract and Urban Primary Census Abstract are presented in 58 columns.

The concepts and definitions used in the column heading are explained under the sub heading 'Census Concepts' in the Analytical Note. The term 'Total Population' includes the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes, the Institutional and the Houseless populations. The explanation regarding area figures presented at various level in the Primary Census Abstracts are as follows:

Area Figures

The area figures supplied by local revenue authorities of the district in respect of tehsils, Police Stations and by the local bodies in respect of towns are given in square kilometers. The area figures of the villages supplied by the Tahsildars in acres have been converted and shown in hectares. The area figures of the CD Block is the total of the village areas coming under each CD Block. The area figures for the district are the same as adopted by the Surveyor General of India to maintain uniformity at the national level. The total area figures of all the tahsils/CD Blocks within the district may not tally with area figures of the district because former represents land use area only. Similarly, the total of all the villages may not tally with the entire rural of Police Station/ Tahsil. The difference may be due to the fact that while the area covered by hills, forests and rivers etc, have been accounted in the Tahsils and P.S. level the same may not be covered under the area of the villages. Apart from this it may also differ due to varying methods of computation adopted at different levels.

An appendix to District Primary Census Abstract has also been furnished showing urban enumeration block-wise particulars on Total Population, the Scheduled Castes Population and the Scheduled Tribes Population for each town.

DISTRICT PRIMARY

Location code number	District/ CD Block/ U.A./ City/ Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Area of Town/ Ward in square kilometre	Number of households	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
					Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
03	**Sheohar ***	**Total**	**349.0**	**106,808**	**515,961**	**273,680**	**242,281**	**106,442**	**55,551**	**50,891**
		Rural	**399.7**	**102,614**	**494,699**	**262,363**	**232,336**	**101,986**	**53,250**	**48,736**
		Urban	**9.3**	**4,194**	**21,262**	**11,317**	**9,945**	**4,456**	**2,301**	**2,155**
0001	Purnahiya	Total	6410.0	14,949	71,722	38,209	33,513	14,518	7,552	6,966
		Rural	6410.0	14,949	71,722	38,209	33,513	14,518	7,552	6,966
		Urban	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Piprarhi	Total	82.7	22,112	95,441	50,325	45,116	19,104	9,918	9,186
		Rural	82.7	22,112	95,441	50,325	45,116	19,104	9,918	9,186
		Urban	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0003	Sheohar	Total	92.8	23,687	122,340	65,039	57,301	25,609	13,350	12,259
		Rural	83.5	19,493	101,078	53,722	47,356	21,153	11,049	10,104
		Urban	9.3	4,194	21,262	11,317	9,945	4,456	2,301	2,155
0004	Dumri Katsari	Total	66.6	12,930	71,405	37,837	33,568	14,996	7,938	7,058
		Rural	66.6	12,930	71,405	37,837	33,568	14,996	7,938	7,058
		Urban	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0005	Tariani Chowk	Total	136.8	33,130	155,053	82,270	72,783	32,215	16,793	15,422
		Rural	136.8	33,130	155,053	82,270	72,783	32,215	16,793	15,422
		Urban	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	URBAN									
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Urban	9.3	4,194	21,262	11,317	9,945	4,456	2,301	2,155

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Scheduled Castes population			Scheduled Tribes population			Literates			Total/ Rural/ Urban	District/ CD Block/ U.A./ City/ Town
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	3	2
74,391	**39,405**	**34,986**	**64**	**35**	**29**	**144,444**	**98,775**	**45,669**	**Total**	**Sheohar ***
71,132	**37,703**	**33,429**	**55**	**27**	**28**	**137,105**	**93,865**	**43,240**	**Rural**	
3,259	**1,702**	**1,557**	**9**	**8**	**1**	**7,339**	**4,910**	**2,429**	**Urban**	
11,361	6,048	5,313	8	2	6	23,152	15,655	7,497	Total	Purnahiya
11,361	6,048	5,313	8	2	6	23,152	15,655	7,497	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
12,357	6,478	5,879	3	1	2	26,730	18,129	8,601	Total	Piprarhi
12,357	6,478	5,879	3	1	2	26,730	18,129	8,601	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
18,992	10,106	8,886	17	13	4	36,006	24,441	11,565	Total	Sheohar
15,733	8,404	7,329	8	5	3	28,667	19,531	9,136	Rural	
3,259	1,702	1,557	9	8	1	7,339	4,910	2,429	Urban	
9,399	4,980	4,419	18	10	8	21,248	14,402	6,846	Total	Dumri Katsari
9,399	4,980	4,419	18	10	8	21,248	14,402	6,846	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
22,282	11,793	10,489	18	9	9	37,308	26,148	11,160	Total	Tariani Chowk
22,282	11,793	10,489	18	9	9	37,308	26,148	11,160	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
										URBAN
3,259	1,702	1,557	9	8	1	7,339	4,910	2,429	Urban	Sheohar (NA)

DISTRICT PRIMARY

Location code number	District/ CD Block/ U.A./ City/ Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Illiterates			Total workers			Main workers		
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
03	**Sheohar ***	**Total**	**371,517**	**174,905**	**196,612**	**161,218**	**137,542**	**23,676**	**133,348**	**123,158**	**10,190**
		Rural	**357,594**	**168,498**	**189,096**	**154,759**	**131,992**	**22,767**	**128,369**	**118,459**	**9,910**
		Urban	**13,923**	**6,407**	**7,516**	**6,459**	**5,550**	**909**	**4,979**	**4,699**	**280**
0001	Purnahiya	Total	48,570	22,554	26,016	22,745	19,265	3,480	18,996	17,400	1,596
		Rural	48,570	22,554	26,016	22,745	19,265	3,480	18,996	17,400	1,596
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Piprarhi	Total	68,711	32,196	36,515	29,349	26,046	3,303	24,674	22,873	1,801
		Rural	68,711	32,196	36,515	29,349	26,046	3,303	24,674	22,873	1,801
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0003	Sheohar	Total	86,334	40,598	45,736	37,218	32,162	5,056	31,554	29,238	2,316
		Rural	72,411	34,191	38,220	30,759	26,612	4,147	26,575	24,539	2,036
		Urban	13,923	6,407	7,516	6,459	5,550	909	4,979	4,699	280
0004	Dumri Katsari	Total	50,157	23,435	26,722	22,684	19,106	3,578	19,455	18,133	1,322
		Rural	50,157	23,435	26,722	22,684	19,106	3,578	19,455	18,133	1,322
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0005	Tariani Chowk	Total	117,745	56,122	61,623	49,222	40,963	8,259	38,669	35,514	3,155
		Rural	117,745	56,122	61,623	49,222	40,963	8,259	38,669	35,514	3,155
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	URBAN										
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Urban	13,923	6,407	7,516	6,459	5,550	909	4,979	4,699	280

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Industrial category of main workers												Total/ Rural/ Urban	District/ CD Block/ U.A./ City/ Town
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers			Other workers				
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	3	2
37,393	**36,004**	**1,389**	**78,792**	**71,716**	**7,076**	**2,741**	**2,280**	**461**	**14,422**	**13,158**	**1,264**	**Total**	**Sheohar ***
36,838	**35,473**	**1,365**	**76,891**	**69,919**	**6,972**	**2,511**	**2,078**	**433**	**12,129**	**10,989**	**1,140**	**Rural**	
555	**531**	**24**	**1,901**	**1,797**	**104**	**230**	**202**	**28**	**2,293**	**2,169**	**124**	**Urban**	
5,407	5,252	155	10,594	9,453	1,141	559	416	143	2,436	2,279	157	Total	Purnahiya
5,407	5,252	155	10,594	9,453	1,141	559	416	143	2,436	2,279	157	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
6,206	5,959	247	15,240	14,128	1,112	528	424	104	2,700	2,362	338	Total	Piprarhi
6,206	5,959	247	15,240	14,128	1,112	528	424	104	2,700	2,362	338	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
8,482	8,163	319	17,823	16,156	1,667	703	622	81	4,546	4,297	249	Total	Sheohar
7,927	7,632	295	15,922	14,359	1,563	473	420	53	2,253	2,128	125	Rural	
555	531	24	1,901	1,797	104	230	202	28	2,293	2,169	124	Urban	
6,528	6,385	143	10,943	10,023	920	351	315	36	1,633	1,410	223	Total	Dumri Katsari
6,528	6,385	143	10,943	10,023	920	351	315	36	1,633	1,410	223	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
10,770	10,245	525	24,192	21,956	2,236	600	503	97	3,107	2,810	297	Total	Tariani Chowk
10,770	10,245	525	24,192	21,956	2,236	600	503	97	3,107	2,810	297	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
													URBAN
555	531	24	1,901	1,797	104	230	202	28	2,293	2,169	124	Urban	Sheohar (NA)

DISTRICT PRIMARY

Location code number	District/ CD Block/ U.A./ City/ Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Marginal workers			Industrial category					
						Cultivators			Agricultural labourers		
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
03	**Sheohar ***	**Total**	**27,870**	**14,384**	**13,486**	**3,881**	**1,707**	**2,174**	**20,115**	**10,611**	**9,504**
		Rural	**26,390**	**13,533**	**12,857**	**3,757**	**1,678**	**2,079**	**19,364**	**10,190**	**9,174**
		Urban	**1,480**	**851**	**629**	**124**	**29**	**95**	**751**	**421**	**330**
0001	Purnahiya	Total	3,749	1,865	1,884	582	248	334	2,585	1,308	1,277
		Rural	3,749	1,865	1,884	582	248	334	2,585	1,308	1,277
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Piprarhi	Total	4,675	3,173	1,502	476	303	173	3,091	2,257	834
		Rural	4,675	3,173	1,502	476	303	173	3,091	2,257	834
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0003	Sheohar	Total	5,664	2,924	2,740	873	325	548	3,796	1,957	1,839
		Rural	4,184	2,073	2,111	749	296	453	3,045	1,536	1,509
		Urban	1,480	851	629	124	29	95	751	421	330
0004	Dumri Katsari	Total	3,229	973	2,256	943	353	590	1,792	473	1,319
		Rural	3,229	973	2,256	943	353	590	1,792	473	1,319
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0005	Tariani Chowk	Total	10,553	5,449	5,104	1,007	478	529	8,851	4,616	4,235
		Rural	10,553	5,449	5,104	1,007	478	529	8,851	4,616	4,235
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	URBAN										
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Urban	1,480	851	629	124	29	95	751	421	330

CENSUS ABSTRACT

of marginal workers									Total/ Rural/ Urban	District/ CD Block/ U.A./ City/ Town	Location code number
Household industry workers			Other workers			Non-workers					
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females			
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	3	2	1
1,021	**353**	**668**	**2,853**	**1,713**	**1,140**	**354,743**	**136,138**	**218,605**	**Total**	**Sheohar ***	**03**
913	**297**	**616**	**2,356**	**1,368**	**988**	**339,940**	**130,371**	**209,569**	**Rural**		
108	**56**	**52**	**497**	**345**	**152**	**14,803**	**5,767**	**9,036**	**Urban**		
149	55	94	433	254	179	48,977	18,944	30,033	Total	Purnahiya	0001
149	55	94	433	254	179	48,977	18,944	30,033	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
302	90	212	806	523	283	66,092	24,279	41,813	Total	Piprarhi	0002
302	90	212	806	523	283	66,092	24,279	41,813	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
240	105	135	755	537	218	85,122	32,877	52,245	Total	Sheohar	0003
132	49	83	258	192	66	70,319	27,110	43,209	Rural		
108	56	52	497	345	152	14,803	5,767	9,036	Urban		
137	20	117	357	127	230	48,721	18,731	29,990	Total	Dumri Katsari	0004
137	20	117	357	127	230	48,721	18,731	29,990	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
193	83	110	502	272	230	105,831	41,307	64,524	Total	Tariani Chowk	0005
193	83	110	502	272	230	105,831	41,307	64,524	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
										URBAN	
108	56	52	497	345	152	14,803	5,767	9,036	Urban	Sheohar (NA)	40301000

APPENDIX TO DISTRICT PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

TOTAL, SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION - URBAN BLOCK WISE

Location Code	Name of town	Name of ward	Boundaries of urban block / EB number	Total population	Scheduled Castes population	Scheduled Tribes population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 1	EB No. 1	628	66	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 1	EB No. 2	583	29	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 1	EB No. 3	553	75	9
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 1	EB No. 4	689	41	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 1	EB No. 5	665	88	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 1	EB No. 6	493	2	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 1	EB No. 7	684	63	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 1	EB No. 8	491	4	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 1	EB No. 9	558	-	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 2	EB No. 10	619	31	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 2	EB No. 11	369	76	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 2	EB No. 12	550	95	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 2	EB No. 13	559	5	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 2	EB No. 14	452	33	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 2	EB No. 15	518	233	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 2	EB No. 16	640	307	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 2	EB No. 17	575	367	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 2	EB No. 18	209	100	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 2	EB No. 19	295	86	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 2	EB No. 20	321	-	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 2	EB No. 21	209	-	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 2	EB No. 22	594	178	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 3	EB No. 23	418	14	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 3	EB No. 24	634	4	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 3	EB No. 25	507	-	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 3	EB No. 26	185	-	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 3	EB No. 27	614	-	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 3	EB No. 28	607	-	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 3	EB No. 29	80	-	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 3	EB No. 30	519	-	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 3	EB No. 31	488	-	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 3	EB No. 32	629	-	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 4	EB No. 33	532	20	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 4	EB No. 34	540	1	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 4	EB No. 35	795	41	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 4	EB No. 36	528	-	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 4	EB No. 37	528	-	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 4	EB No. 38	888	33	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 4	EB No. 39	539	539	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 4	EB No. 40	109	86	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 4	EB No. 41	384	370	-
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Ward No. 4	EB No. 42	484	272	-

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

Location code number	District/ CD Block/ Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of households with at least one Scheduled Caste member	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
03	**Sheohar ***	**Total**	**16,856**	**74,391**	**39,405**	**34,986**	**16,808**	**8,732**	**8,076**
		Rural	**16,111**	**71,132**	**37,703**	**33,429**	**16,044**	**8,341**	**7,703**
		Urban	**745**	**3,259**	**1,702**	**1,557**	**764**	**391**	**373**
0001	Purnahiya	Total	2,572	11,361	6,048	5,313	2,590	1,330	1,260
		Rural	2,572	11,361	6,048	5,313	2,590	1,330	1,260
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Piprarhi	Total	3,202	12,357	6,478	5,879	2,652	1,346	1,306
		Rural	3,202	12,357	6,478	5,879	2,652	1,346	1,306
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0003	Sheohar	Total	3,337	15,733	8,404	7,329	3,753	1,970	1,783
		Rural	3,337	15,733	8,404	7,329	3,753	1,970	1,783
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0004	Dumri Katsari	Total	1,940	9,399	4,980	4,419	2,198	1,166	1,032
		Rural	1,940	9,399	4,980	4,419	2,198	1,166	1,032
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0005	Tariani Chowk	Total	5,060	22,282	11,793	10,489	4,851	2,529	2,322
		Rural	5,060	22,282	11,793	10,489	4,851	2,529	2,322
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	URBAN								
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Urban	745	3,259	1,702	1,557	764	391	373

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

FOR SCHEDULED CASTES

Literates			Illiterates			Total workers			Total/ Rural/ Urban	District/ CD Block/ Town
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	3	2
9,705	**7,478**	**2,227**	**64,686**	**31,927**	**32,759**	**26,035**	**20,380**	**5,655**	**Total**	**Sheohar ***
9,316	**7,179**	**2,137**	**61,816**	**30,524**	**31,292**	**24,890**	**19,518**	**5,372**	**Rural**	
389	**299**	**90**	**2,870**	**1,403**	**1,467**	**1,145**	**862**	**283**	**Urban**	
1,842	1,412	430	9,519	4,636	4,883	4,119	3,147	972	Total	Purnahiya
1,842	1,412	430	9,519	4,636	4,883	4,119	3,147	972	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
1,581	1,235	346	10,776	5,243	5,533	4,141	3,532	609	Total	Piprarhi
1,581	1,235	346	10,776	5,243	5,533	4,141	3,532	609	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
2,074	1,586	488	13,659	6,818	6,841	5,433	4,245	1,188	Total	Sheohar
2,074	1,586	488	13,659	6,818	6,841	5,433	4,245	1,188	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
1,412	1,069	343	7,987	3,911	4,076	3,266	2,545	721	Total	Dumri Katsari
1,412	1,069	343	7,987	3,911	4,076	3,266	2,545	721	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
2,407	1,877	530	19,875	9,916	9,959	7,931	6,049	1,882	Total	Tariani Chowk
2,407	1,877	530	19,875	9,916	9,959	7,931	6,049	1,882	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
										URBAN
389	299	90	2,870	1,403	1,467	1,145	862	283	Urban	Sheohar (NA)

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

Location code number	District/ CD Block/ Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Main workers			Industrial category					
						Cultivators			Agricultural labourers		
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
03	**Sheohar ***	**Total**	**20,326**	**17,662**	**2,664**	**626**	**582**	**44**	**18,290**	**15,987**	**2,303**
		Rural	**19,508**	**16,914**	**2,594**	**616**	**572**	**44**	**17,661**	**15,409**	**2,252**
		Urban	**818**	**748**	**70**	**10**	**10**	**-**	**629**	**578**	**51**
0001	Purnahiya	Total	3,361	2,774	587	77	72	5	3,009	2,539	470
		Rural	3,361	2,774	587	77	72	5	3,009	2,539	470
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Piprarhi	Total	3,337	2,972	365	99	96	3	2,986	2,680	306
		Rural	3,337	2,972	365	99	96	3	2,986	2,680	306
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0003	Sheohar	Total	4,378	3,845	533	153	143	10	3,996	3,512	484
		Rural	4,378	3,845	533	153	143	10	3,996	3,512	484
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0004	Dumri Katsari	Total	2,843	2,456	387	109	104	5	2,563	2,215	348
		Rural	2,843	2,456	387	109	104	5	2,563	2,215	348
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0005	Tariani Chowk	Total	5,589	4,867	722	178	157	21	5,107	4,463	644
		Rural	5,589	4,867	722	178	157	21	5,107	4,463	644
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	URBAN										
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Urban	818	748	70	10	10	-	629	578	51

FOR SCHEDULED CASTES

of main workers									Total/ Rural/ Urban	District/ CD Block/ Town
Household industry workers			Other workers			Marginal workers				
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	3	2
510	**332**	**178**	**900**	**761**	**139**	**5,709**	**2,718**	**2,991**	**Total**	**Sheohar ***
449	**282**	**167**	**782**	**651**	**131**	**5,382**	**2,604**	**2,778**	**Rural**	
61	**50**	**11**	**118**	**110**	**8**	**327**	**114**	**213**	**Urban**	
141	55	86	134	108	26	758	373	385	Total	Purnahiya
141	55	86	134	108	26	758	373	385	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
73	50	23	179	146	33	804	560	244	Total	Piprarhi
73	50	23	179	146	33	804	560	244	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
91	72	19	138	118	20	1,055	400	655	Total	Sheohar
91	72	19	138	118	20	1,055	400	655	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
36	24	12	135	113	22	423	89	334	Total	Dumri Katsari
36	24	12	135	113	22	423	89	334	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
108	81	27	196	166	30	2,342	1,182	1,160	Total	Tariani Chowk
108	81	27	196	166	30	2,342	1,182	1,160	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
										URBAN
61	50	11	118	110	8	327	114	213	Urban	Sheohar (NA)

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

Location code number	District/ CD Block/ Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Industrial category of marginal workers								
			Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers		
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
03	**Sheohar ***	**Total**	**123**	**45**	**78**	**5,235**	**2,505**	**2,730**	**140**	**46**	**94**
		Rural	**114**	**45**	**69**	**4,945**	**2,402**	**2,543**	**123**	**44**	**79**
		Urban	**9**	**-**	**9**	**290**	**103**	**187**	**17**	**2**	**15**
0001	Purnahiya	Total	7	1	6	701	353	348	13	4	9
		Rural	7	1	6	701	353	348	13	4	9
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Piprarhi	Total	15	10	5	742	518	224	12	1	11
		Rural	15	10	5	742	518	224	12	1	11
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0003	Sheohar	Total	44	14	30	959	357	602	16	4	12
		Rural	44	14	30	959	357	602	16	4	12
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0004	Dumri Katsari	Total	24	9	15	370	74	296	23	6	17
		Rural	24	9	15	370	74	296	23	6	17
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0005	Tariani Chowk	Total	24	11	13	2,173	1,100	1,073	59	29	30
		Rural	24	11	13	2,173	1,100	1,073	59	29	30
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	URBAN										
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Urban	9	-	9	290	103	187	17	2	15

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

FOR SCHEDULED CASTES

Other workers			Non-workers			Total/ Rural/ Urban	District/ CD Block/ Town	Location code number
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females			
47	48	49	50	51	52	3	2	1
211	**122**	**89**	**48,356**	**19,025**	**29,331**	**Total**	**Sheohar ***	**03**
200	**113**	**87**	**46,242**	**18,185**	**28,057**	**Rural**		
11	**9**	**2**	**2,114**	**840**	**1,274**	**Urban**		
37	15	22	7,242	2,901	4,341	Total	Purnahiya	0001
37	15	22	7,242	2,901	4,341	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
35	31	4	8,216	2,946	5,270	Total	Piprarhi	0002
35	31	4	8,216	2,946	5,270	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
36	25	11	10,300	4,159	6,141	Total	Sheohar	0003
36	25	11	10,300	4,159	6,141	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
6	-	6	6,133	2,435	3,698	Total	Dumri Katsari	0004
6	-	6	6,133	2,435	3,698	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
86	42	44	14,351	5,744	8,607	Total	Tariani Chowk	0005
86	42	44	14,351	5,744	8,607	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
							URBAN	
11	9	2	2,114	840	1,274	Urban	Sheohar (NA)	40301000

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

Location code number	District/ CD Block/ Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of households with at least one Scheduled Tribe member	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
03	**Sheohar ***	**Total**	**16**	**64**	**35**	**29**	**15**	**10**	**5**
		Rural	**12**	**55**	**27**	**28**	**15**	**10**	**5**
		Urban	**4**	**9**	**8**	**1**	**-**	**-**	**-**
0001	Purnahiya	Total	2	8	2	6	2	-	2
		Rural	2	8	2	6	2	-	2
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Piprarhi	Total	2	3	1	2	2	1	1
		Rural	2	3	1	2	2	1	1
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0003	Sheohar	Total	1	8	5	3	2	2	-
		Rural	1	8	5	3	2	2	-
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0004	Dumri Katsari	Total	4	18	10	8	4	4	-
		Rural	4	18	10	8	4	4	-
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0005	Tariani Chowk	Total	3	18	9	9	5	3	2
		Rural	3	18	9	9	5	3	2
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	URBAN								
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Urban	4	9	8	1	-	-	-

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

Literates			Illiterates			Total workers			Total/ Rural/ Urban	District/ CD Block/ Town
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	3	2
19	**15**	**4**	**45**	**20**	**25**	**15**	**14**	**1**	**Total**	**Sheohar ***
10	**7**	**3**	**45**	**20**	**25**	**8**	**8**	**-**	**Rural**	
9	**8**	**1**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**7**	**6**	**1**	**Urban**	
1	1	-	7	1	6	-	-	-	Total	Purnahiya
1	1	-	7	1	6	-	-	-	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
-	-	-	3	1	2	-	-	-	Total	Piprarhi
-	-	-	3	1	2	-	-	-	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
6	3	3	2	2	-	1	1	-	Total	Sheohar
6	3	3	2	2	-	1	1	-	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
3	3	-	15	7	8	4	4	-	Total	Dumri Katsari
3	3	-	15	7	8	4	4	-	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
-	-	-	18	9	9	3	3	-	Total	Tariani Chowk
-	-	-	18	9	9	3	3	-	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
										URBAN
9	8	1	-	-	-	7	6	1	Urban	Sheohar (NA)

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

Location code number	District/ CD Block/ Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Main workers			Industrial category					
						Cultivators			Agricultural labourers		
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
03	**Sheohar ***	**Total**	**15**	**14**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**-**	**5**	**5**	**-**
		Rural	**8**	**8**	**-**	**1**	**1**	**-**	**5**	**5**	**-**
		Urban	**7**	**6**	**1**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
0001	Purnahiya	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Rural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Piprarhi	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Rural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0003	Sheohar	Total	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Rural	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0004	Dumri Katsari	Total	4	4	-	-	-	-	3	3	-
		Rural	4	4	-	-	-	-	3	3	-
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0005	Tariani Chowk	Total	3	3	-	1	1	-	2	2	-
		Rural	3	3	-	1	1	-	2	2	-
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	URBAN										
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Urban	7	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

of main workers									Total/ Rural/ Urban	District/ CD Block/ Town
Household industry workers			Other workers			Marginal workers				
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	3	2
-	**-**	**-**	**9**	**8**	**1**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**Total**	**Sheohar ***
-	**-**	**-**	**2**	**2**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**Rural**	
-	**-**	**-**	**7**	**6**	**1**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**Urban**	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Total	Purnahiya
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Total	Piprarhi
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	Total	Sheohar
-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	Total	Dumri Katsari
-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Total	Tariani Chowk
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Rural	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban	
										URBAN
-	-	-	7	6	1	-	-	-	Urban	Sheohar (NA)

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

Location code number	District/ CD Block/ Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Industrial category of marginal workers								
			Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers		
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
03	**Sheohar ***	**Total**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Rural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0001	Purnahiya	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Rural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Piprarhi	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Rural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0003	Sheohar	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Rural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0004	Dumri Katsari	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Rural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0005	Tariani Chowk	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Rural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	URBAN										
40301000	Sheohar (NA)	Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

Other workers			Non-workers			Total/ Rural/ Urban	District/ CD Block/ Town	Location code number
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females			
47	48	49	50	51	52	3	2	1
-	**-**	**-**	**49**	**21**	**28**	**Total**	**Sheohar ***	**03**
-	**-**	**-**	**47**	**19**	**28**	**Rural**		
-	**-**	**-**	**2**	**2**	**-**	**Urban**		
-	-	-	8	2	6	Total	Purnahiya	0001
-	-	-	8	2	6	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
-	-	-	3	1	2	Total	Piprarhi	0002
-	-	-	3	1	2	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
-	-	-	7	4	3	Total	Sheohar	0003
-	-	-	7	4	3	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
-	-	-	14	6	8	Total	Dumri Katsari	0004
-	-	-	14	6	8	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
-	-	-	15	6	9	Total	Tariani Chowk	0005
-	-	-	15	6	9	Rural		
-	-	-	-	-	-	Urban		
							URBAN	
-	-	-	2	2	-	Urban	Sheohar (NA)	40301000

VILLAGE PRIMARY

C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Area of Village in hectares	Number of households	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0001	**Purnahiya (Total)**	**6,410.0**	**14,949**	**71,722**	**38,209**	**33,513**	**14,518**	**7,552**	**6,966**
0001	**Purnahiya (Rural)**	**6,410.0**	**14,949**	**71,722**	**38,209**	**33,513**	**14,518**	**7,552**	**6,966**
0001	**Purnahiya (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Purnahiya (Rural)								
00280400	Adauri	631.0	1,126	4,809	2,565	2,244	849	438	411
00280500	Barahi Jagdish	229.0	804	4,029	2,115	1,914	832	457	375
00280600	Barahi Mohan	279.0	960	5,019	2,622	2,397	1,017	467	550
00280700	Chhapra Jurawan	39.0	240	957	531	426	143	83	60
00280800	Chiraiya	324.0	604	3,283	1,731	1,552	620	314	306
00280900	Bakhar Chandiha	521.0	1,420	6,856	3,697	3,159	1,281	703	578
00281000	Asogi Chhapra Dhani	164.0	621	2,968	1,593	1,375	646	341	305
00281100	Chak Sonaul	55.0	123	605	318	287	150	73	77
00281200	Bedaul Baz	216.0	316	1,605	871	734	292	151	141
00281300	Madan Chhapra	28.0	212	727	385	342	134	66	68
00281400	Bedaul Adam	182.0	344	1,712	908	804	339	167	172
00281500	Basant Jagjiwan	361.0	822	4,273	2,324	1,949	851	460	391
00281600	Basant Patti	332.0	671	3,306	1,742	1,564	725	369	356
00281700	Purnahia Chandandih	139.0	379	2,178	1,165	1,013	478	237	241
00281800	Sonaul Sultan	282.0	294	1,514	800	714	285	141	144
00281900	Hathsar	357.0	536	2,757	1,501	1,256	581	303	278
00282000	Kolhua Thikaha	291.0	796	3,692	1,935	1,757	761	395	366
00282100	Pursauni Gope	240.0	370	2,045	1,107	938	377	207	170
00282200	Kashipur	180.0	255	1,483	768	715	350	184	166
00282300	Bairia	347.0	826	3,396	1,784	1,612	703	352	351
00282400	Bakatpur Chaki	50.0	100	544	292	252	120	64	56
00282500	Pakri	100.0	275	1,335	740	595	280	156	124
00282600	Asopur	136.0	348	1,719	926	793	342	171	171
00282700	Kataiya	275.0	324	1,573	837	736	306	165	141
00282800	Khaira Pahari	234.0	1,444	6,311	3,359	2,952	1,369	736	633
00282900	Dosti Mahamadpur	418.0	739	3,026	1,593	1,433	687	352	335

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Purnahiya

Scheduled Castes popuation			Scheduled Tribes population			Literates			
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Name of Village
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2
11,361	**6,048**	**5,313**	**8**	**2**	**6**	**23,152**	**15,655**	**7,497**	**Purnahiya (Total)**
11,361	**6,048**	**5,313**	**8**	**2**	**6**	**23,152**	**15,655**	**7,497**	**Purnahiya (Rural)**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Purnahiya (Urban)**
									Purnahiya (Rural)
890	463	427	-	-	-	1,998	1,217	781	Adauri
880	473	407	-	-	-	1,191	732	459	Barahi Jagdish
360	187	173	-	-	-	1,655	1,076	579	Barahi Mohan
373	208	165	-	-	-	468	298	170	Chhapra Jurawan
333	179	154	-	-	-	1,166	775	391	Chiraiya
1,033	571	462	1	-	1	1,893	1,268	625	Bakhar Chandiha
322	172	150	-	-	-	978	685	293	Asogi Chhapra Dhani
21	8	13	-	-	-	72	57	15	Chak Sonaul
303	168	135	-	-	-	723	495	228	Bedaul Baz
89	45	44	-	-	-	281	188	93	Madan Chhapra
422	225	197	-	-	-	315	245	70	Bedaul Adam
366	204	162	-	-	-	1,361	908	453	Basant Jagjiwan
245	121	124	7	2	5	1,136	757	379	Basant Patti
222	112	110	-	-	-	607	468	139	Purnahia Chandandih
310	159	151	-	-	-	619	395	224	Sonaul Sultan
400	215	185	-	-	-	1,015	712	303	Hathsar
174	88	86	-	-	-	1,143	832	311	Kolhua Thikaha
748	404	344	-	-	-	764	520	244	Pursauni Gope
369	195	174	-	-	-	422	309	113	Kashipur
855	453	402	-	-	-	1,259	817	442	Bairia
106	48	58	-	-	-	118	93	25	Bakatpur Chaki
-	-	-	-	-	-	338	270	68	Pakri
224	117	107	-	-	-	706	489	217	Asopur
428	238	190	-	-	-	711	458	253	Kataiya
1,136	607	529	-	-	-	1,505	1,082	423	Khaira Pahari
752	388	364	-	-	-	708	509	199	Dosti Mahamadpur

VILLAGE PRIMARY
C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Illiterates			Total workers			Main workers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
0001	**Purnahiya (Total)**	**48,570**	**22,554**	**26,016**	**22,745**	**19,265**	**3,480**	**18,996**	**17,400**	**1,596**
0001	**Purnahiya (Rural)**	**48,570**	**22,554**	**26,016**	**22,745**	**19,265**	**3,480**	**18,996**	**17,400**	**1,596**
0001	**Purnahiya (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Purnahiya (Rural)									
00280400	Adauri	2,811	1,348	1,463	1,445	1,332	113	1,417	1,307	110
00280500	Barahi Jagdish	2,838	1,383	1,455	1,451	1,127	324	1,225	995	230
00280600	Barahi Mohan	3,364	1,546	1,818	1,249	1,206	43	1,204	1,167	37
00280700	Chhapra Jurawan	489	233	256	283	244	39	270	237	33
00280800	Chiraiya	2,117	956	1,161	1,084	934	150	944	865	79
00280900	Bakhar Chandiha	4,963	2,429	2,534	2,494	2,032	462	2,194	1,955	239
00281000	Asogi Chhapra Dhani	1,990	908	1,082	843	733	110	805	711	94
00281100	Chak Sonaul	533	261	272	154	149	5	129	124	5
00281200	Bedaul Baz	882	376	506	593	442	151	472	401	71
00281300	Madan Chhapra	446	197	249	199	189	10	38	35	3
00281400	Bedaul Adam	1,397	663	734	483	437	46	261	258	3
00281500	Basant Jagjiwan	2,912	1,416	1,496	1,584	1,221	363	1,148	1,065	83
00281600	Basant Patti	2,170	985	1,185	974	870	104	822	796	26
00281700	Purnahia Chandandih	1,571	697	874	569	555	14	549	536	13
00281800	Sonaul Sultan	895	405	490	419	397	22	286	273	13
00281900	Hathsar	1,742	789	953	748	717	31	629	603	26
00282000	Kolhua Thikaha	2,549	1,103	1,446	1,205	1,001	204	975	940	35
00282100	Pursauni Gope	1,281	587	694	659	500	159	581	436	145
00282200	Kashipur	1,061	459	602	610	444	166	495	429	66
00282300	Bairia	2,137	967	1,170	997	919	78	916	876	40
00282400	Bakatpur Chaki	426	199	227	251	129	122	210	108	102
00282500	Pakri	997	470	527	320	298	22	311	290	21
00282600	Asopur	1,013	437	576	659	443	216	470	431	39
00282700	Kataiya	862	379	483	427	413	14	353	341	12
00282800	Khaira Pahari	4,806	2,277	2,529	2,137	1,711	426	1,493	1,453	40
00282900	Dosti Mahamadpur	2,318	1,084	1,234	908	822	86	799	768	31

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Purnahiya

Industrial category of main workers													
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers			Other workers				
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Name of Village	
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	2	
5,407	**5,252**	**155**	**10,594**	**9,453**	**1,141**	**559**	**416**	**143**	**2,436**	**2,279**	**157**	**Purnahiya (Total)**	
5,407	**5,252**	**155**	**10,594**	**9,453**	**1,141**	**559**	**416**	**143**	**2,436**	**2,279**	**157**	**Purnahiya (Rural)**	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Purnahiya (Urban)**	
												Purnahiya (Rural)	
512	506	6	745	651	94	3	3	-	157	147	10	Adauri	
241	231	10	863	649	214	12	10	2	109	105	4	Barahi Jagdish	
318	312	6	715	692	23	16	15	1	155	148	7	Barahi Mohan	
54	47	7	154	145	9	23	14	9	39	31	8	Chhapra Jurawan	
315	303	12	506	448	58	5	5	-	118	109	9	Chiraiya	
475	462	13	1,499	1,284	215	20	18	2	200	191	9	Bakhar Chandiha	
316	309	7	343	260	83	18	18	-	128	124	4	Asogi Chhapra Dhani	
7	5	2	115	113	2	1	1	-	6	5	1	Chak Sonaul	
142	138	4	188	127	61	5	3	2	137	133	4	Bedaul Baz	
24	22	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	13	1	Madan Chhapra	
45	44	1	189	189	-	1	1	-	26	24	2	Bedaul Adam	
388	384	4	536	483	53	37	24	13	187	174	13	Basant Jagjiwan	
276	275	1	404	392	12	27	25	2	115	104	11	Basant Patti	
116	113	3	365	361	4	6	6	-	62	56	6	Purnahia Chandandih	
202	196	6	30	27	3	14	12	2	40	38	2	Sonaul Sultan	
162	160	2	357	345	12	27	24	3	83	74	9	Hathsar	
448	432	16	441	429	12	39	38	1	47	41	6	Kolhua Thikaha	
120	110	10	311	276	35	102	10	92	48	40	8	Pursauni Gope	
75	60	15	318	276	42	7	5	2	95	88	7	Kashipur	
317	314	3	478	447	31	5	5	-	116	110	6	Bairia	
6	6	-	173	72	101	26	26	-	5	4	1	Bakatpur Chaki	
74	73	1	180	164	16	27	25	2	30	28	2	Pakri	
168	162	6	240	211	29	7	7	-	55	51	4	Asopur	
138	134	4	118	117	1	4	3	1	93	87	6	Kataiya	
298	293	5	963	940	23	77	74	3	155	146	9	Khaira Pahari	
170	161	9	363	355	8	50	44	6	216	208	8	Dosti Mahamadpur	

VILLAGE PRIMARY
C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Marginal workers			Industrial category: Cultivators			Industrial category: Agricultural labourers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
0001	**Purnahiya (Total)**	**3,749**	**1,865**	**1,884**	**582**	**248**	**334**	**2,585**	**1,308**	**1,277**
0001	**Purnahiya (Rural)**	**3,749**	**1,865**	**1,884**	**582**	**248**	**334**	**2,585**	**1,308**	**1,277**
0001	**Purnahiya (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Purnahiya (Rural)									
00280400	Adauri	28	25	3	17	16	1	8	6	2
00280500	Barahi Jagdish	226	132	94	6	4	2	213	125	88
00280600	Barahi Mohan	45	39	6	11	10	1	16	15	1
00280700	Chhapra Jurawan	13	7	6	-	-	-	4	4	-
00280800	Chiraiya	140	69	71	25	10	15	77	35	42
00280900	Bakhar Chandiha	300	77	223	14	9	5	246	39	207
00281000	Asogi Chhapra Dhani	38	22	16	10	10	-	25	10	15
00281100	Chak Sonaul	25	25	-	1	1	-	24	24	-
00281200	Bedaul Baz	121	41	80	10	9	1	30	30	-
00281300	Madan Chhapra	161	154	7	29	28	1	93	88	5
00281400	Bedaul Adam	222	179	43	2	2	-	212	170	42
00281500	Basant Jagjiwan	436	156	280	22	15	7	345	123	222
00281600	Basant Patti	152	74	78	14	14	-	119	52	67
00281700	Purnahia Chandandih	20	19	1	1	1	-	16	16	-
00281800	Sonaul Sultan	133	124	9	2	1	1	108	103	5
00281900	Hathsar	119	114	5	6	5	1	105	102	3
00282000	Kolhua Thikaha	230	61	169	124	28	96	94	25	69
00282100	Pursauni Gope	78	64	14	10	9	1	42	39	3
00282200	Kashipur	115	15	100	24	4	20	85	10	75
00282300	Bairia	81	43	38	1	1	-	11	6	5
00282400	Bakatpur Chaki	41	21	20	-	-	-	36	17	19
00282500	Pakri	9	8	1	-	-	-	2	1	1
00282600	Asopur	189	12	177	108	7	101	75	3	72
00282700	Kataiya	74	72	2	5	5	-	62	60	2
00282800	Khaira Pahari	644	258	386	107	46	61	499	188	311
00282900	Dosti Mahamadpur	109	54	55	33	13	20	38	17	21

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Purnahiya

of marginal workers

Household industry workers			Other workers			Non-workers			Name of Village	Location code number
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	2	1
149	**55**	**94**	**433**	**254**	**179**	**48,977**	**18,944**	**30,033**	**Purnahiya (Total)**	**0001**
149	**55**	**94**	**433**	**254**	**179**	**48,977**	**18,944**	**30,033**	**Purnahiya (Rural)**	**0001**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Purnahiya (Urban)**	**0001**
									Purnahiya (Rural)	
-	-	-	3	3	-	3,364	1,233	2,131	Adauri	00280400
3	2	1	4	1	3	2,578	988	1,590	Barahi Jagdish	00280500
4	1	3	14	13	1	3,770	1,416	2,354	Barahi Mohan	00280600
2	-	2	7	3	4	674	287	387	Chhapra Jurawan	00280700
2	-	2	36	24	12	2,199	797	1,402	Chiraiya	00280800
4	2	2	36	27	9	4,362	1,665	2,697	Bakhar Chandiha	00280900
-	-	-	3	2	1	2,125	860	1,265	Asogi Chhapra Dhani	00281000
-	-	-	-	-	-	451	169	282	Chak Sonaul	00281100
-	-	-	81	2	79	1,012	429	583	Bedaul Baz	00281200
6	5	1	33	33	-	528	196	332	Madan Chhapra	00281300
-	-	-	8	7	1	1,229	471	758	Bedaul Adam	00281400
49	7	42	20	11	9	2,689	1,103	1,586	Basant Jagjiwan	00281500
8	3	5	11	5	6	2,332	872	1,460	Basant Patti	00281600
1	-	1	2	2	-	1,609	610	999	Purnahia Chandandih	00281700
4	2	2	19	18	1	1,095	403	692	Sonaul Sultan	00281800
2	1	1	6	6	-	2,009	784	1,225	Hathsar	00281900
8	5	3	4	3	1	2,487	934	1,553	Kolhua Thikaha	00282000
10	5	5	16	11	5	1,386	607	779	Pursauni Gope	00282100
1	1	-	5	-	5	873	324	549	Kashipur	00282200
8	3	5	61	33	28	2,399	865	1,534	Bairia	00282300
2	2	-	3	2	1	293	163	130	Bakatpur Chaki	00282400
1	1	-	6	6	-	1,015	442	573	Pakri	00282500
3	1	2	3	1	2	1,060	483	577	Asopur	00282600
1	1	-	6	6	-	1,146	424	722	Kataiya	00282700
21	13	8	17	11	6	4,174	1,648	2,526	Khaira Pahari	00282800
9	-	9	29	24	5	2,118	771	1,347	Dosti Mahamadpur	00282900

VILLAGE PRIMARY

C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Area of Village in hectares	Number of households	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0002	**Piprarhi (Total)**	**8,268.0**	**22,112**	**95,441**	**50,325**	**45,116**	**19,104**	**9,918**	**9,186**
0002	**Piprarhi (Rural)**	**8,268.0**	**22,112**	**95,441**	**50,325**	**45,116**	**19,104**	**9,918**	**9,186**
0002	**Piprarhi (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Piprarhi (Rural)								
00283000	Chak Fateh	88.0	18	97	50	47	18	9	9
00283100	Mohanpur	302.0	563	2,697	1,458	1,239	480	244	236
00283200	Shankarpur Bindi	180.0	452	2,001	1,076	925	384	192	192
00283300	Chatauna urf Gopinathpur	211.0	490	2,542	1,367	1,175	486	260	226
00283400	Narayanpur	180.0	534	2,452	1,339	1,113	504	295	209
00283500	Ratanpur Bishunpur Jagarnath	246.0	----------Un-inhabited----------						
00283600	Masaura	255.0	1,205	5,593	2,904	2,689	1,182	625	557
00283700	Piprarhi	443.0	447	1,946	1,020	926	398	214	184
00283800	Sengahi Indarwa	469.0	634	2,403	1,287	1,116	397	218	179
00283900	Indarwa Khurd	42.0	482	1,732	888	844	328	164	164
00284000	Belwa Narkatia Nizamat	287.0	821	2,954	1,567	1,387	638	365	273
00284100	Belwa Narkatia Bandobasti	107.0	403	1,056	563	493	108	62	46
00284200	Amwa Kalan	1,353.0	4,879	20,475	10,713	9,762	4,111	2,129	1,982
00284300	Basahia Shekh	433.0	2,497	10,326	5,345	4,981	2,093	1,099	994
00284400	Bakatpur Banbira	211.0	246	1,258	672	586	239	124	115
00284500	Kuanwan	277.0	807	3,711	2,023	1,688	665	353	312
00284600	Majhaura	166.0	----------Un-inhabited----------						
00284700	Minapur Balha	610.0	1,664	8,289	4,422	3,867	1,740	864	876
00284800	Dhankaul	557.0	1,732	7,470	3,904	3,566	1,278	632	646
00284900	Harpur	266.0	522	2,445	1,306	1,139	491	239	252
00285000	Dharampur Dekuli	558.0	1,131	4,756	2,534	2,222	1,044	557	487
00285100	Parsauni	405.0	1,139	4,872	2,524	2,348	1,089	536	553
00285200	Parihara	112.0	39	187	111	76	47	32	15
00285300	Kamrauli Jangali	332.0	1,058	4,617	2,431	2,186	1,024	522	502
00285400	Harkarwa	178.0	349	1,562	821	741	360	183	177

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Piprarhi

Scheduled Castes popuation			Scheduled Tribes population			Literates			
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Name of Village
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2
12,357	**6,478**	**5,879**	**3**	**1**	**2**	**26,730**	**18,129**	**8,601**	**Piprarhi (Total)**
12,357	**6,478**	**5,879**	**3**	**1**	**2**	**26,730**	**18,129**	**8,601**	**Piprarhi (Rural)**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Piprarhi (Urban)**
									Piprarhi (Rural)
25	14	11	-	-	-	38	23	15	Chak Fateh
532	286	246	-	-	-	886	621	265	Mohanpur
209	106	103	-	-	-	448	327	121	Shankarpur Bindi
101	58	43	-	-	-	674	503	171	Chatauna urf Gopinathpur
623	335	288	-	-	-	739	523	216	Narayanpur
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Ratanpur Bishunpur Jagarnath
573	313	260	-	-	-	1,672	1,088	584	Masaura
-	-	-	-	-	-	715	462	253	Piprarhi
632	335	297	-	-	-	646	419	227	Sengahi Indarwa
600	307	293	-	-	-	300	206	94	Indarwa Khurd
218	117	101	-	-	-	857	593	264	Belwa Narkatia Nizamat
47	22	25	-	-	-	249	163	86	Belwa Narkatia Bandobasti
2,505	1,302	1,203	-	-	-	5,642	3,581	2,061	Amwa Kalan
1,018	526	492	-	-	-	3,074	1,969	1,105	Basahia Shekh
52	25	27	-	-	-	353	232	121	Bakatpur Banbira
743	386	357	-	-	-	876	653	223	Kuanwan
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Majhaura
1,021	548	473	-	-	-	2,051	1,539	512	Minapur Balha
747	383	364	-	-	-	2,164	1,474	690	Dhankaul
125	62	63	-	-	-	712	531	181	Harpur
1,138	600	538	3	1	2	1,249	874	375	Dharampur Dekuli
692	342	350	-	-	-	1,590	1,082	508	Parsauni
-	-	-	-	-	-	58	50	8	Parihara
756	411	345	-	-	-	1,452	1,002	450	Kamrauli Jangali
-	-	-	-	-	-	285	214	71	Harkarwa

VILLAGE PRIMARY
C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Illiterates			Total workers			Main workers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
0002	**Piprarhi (Total)**	**68,711**	**32,196**	**36,515**	**29,349**	**26,046**	**3,303**	**24,674**	**22,873**	**1,801**
0002	**Piprarhi (Rural)**	**68,711**	**32,196**	**36,515**	**29,349**	**26,046**	**3,303**	**24,674**	**22,873**	**1,801**
0002	**Piprarhi (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Piprarhi (Rural)									
00283000	Chak Fateh	59	27	32	26	24	2	26	24	2
00283100	Mohanpur	1,811	837	974	815	782	33	772	747	25
00283200	Shankarpur Bindi	1,553	749	804	667	583	84	648	575	73
00283300	Chatauna urf Gopinathpur	1,868	864	1,004	789	769	20	787	769	18
00283400	Narayanpur	1,713	816	897	855	689	166	630	591	39
00283500	Ratanpur Bishunpur Jagarnath	----------Un-inhabited----------								
00283600	Masaura	3,921	1,816	2,105	1,460	1,356	104	1,359	1,301	58
00283700	Piprarhi	1,231	558	673	556	521	35	523	496	27
00283800	Sengahi Indarwa	1,757	868	889	757	725	32	738	716	22
00283900	Indarwa Khurd	1,432	682	750	642	531	111	635	529	106
00284000	Belwa Narkatia Nizamat	2,097	974	1,123	921	870	51	898	864	34
00284100	Belwa Narkatia Bandobasti	807	400	407	427	415	12	372	362	10
00284200	Amwa Kalan	14,833	7,132	7,701	6,023	5,498	525	5,104	4,881	223
00284300	Basahia Shekh	7,252	3,376	3,876	3,430	2,704	726	2,760	2,456	304
00284400	Bakatpur Banbira	905	440	465	410	357	53	410	357	53
00284500	Kuanwan	2,835	1,370	1,465	1,256	1,097	159	1,180	1,027	153
00284600	Majhaura	----------Un-inhabited----------								
00284700	Minapur Balha	6,238	2,883	3,355	2,438	2,228	210	1,907	1,827	80
00284800	Dhankaul	5,306	2,430	2,876	2,394	1,991	403	1,655	1,323	332
00284900	Harpur	1,733	775	958	708	657	51	595	561	34
00285000	Dharampur Dekuli	3,507	1,660	1,847	1,438	1,325	113	1,053	978	75
00285100	Parsauni	3,282	1,442	1,840	1,376	1,250	126	1,109	1,027	82
00285200	Parihara	129	61	68	54	48	6	41	40	1
00285300	Kamrauli Jangali	3,165	1,429	1,736	1,400	1,232	168	1,083	1,042	41
00285400	Harkarwa	1,277	607	670	507	394	113	389	380	9

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Piprarhi

Industrial category of main workers													
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers			Other workers				
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Name of Village	
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	2	
6,206	**5,959**	**247**	**15,240**	**14,128**	**1,112**	**528**	**424**	**104**	**2,700**	**2,362**	**338**	**Piprarhi (Total)**	
6,206	**5,959**	**247**	**15,240**	**14,128**	**1,112**	**528**	**424**	**104**	**2,700**	**2,362**	**338**	**Piprarhi (Rural)**	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Piprarhi (Urban)**	
												Piprarhi (Rural)	
14	13	1	9	8	1	-	-	-	3	3	-	Chak Fateh	
192	187	5	497	484	13	25	23	2	58	53	5	Mohanpur	
214	211	3	348	303	45	3	3	-	83	58	25	Shankarpur Bindi	
286	282	4	461	449	12	20	19	1	20	19	1	Chatauna urf Gopinathpur	
212	209	3	347	314	33	1	1	-	70	67	3	Narayanpur	
				----------Un-inhabited----------								Ratanpur Bishunpur Jagarnath	
270	268	2	848	834	14	113	79	34	128	120	8	Masaura	
202	195	7	209	200	9	8	7	1	104	94	10	Piprarhi	
206	205	1	489	471	18	-	-	-	43	40	3	Sengahi Indarwa	
111	106	5	503	405	98	3	2	1	18	16	2	Indarwa Khurd	
328	320	8	475	452	23	2	2	-	93	90	3	Belwa Narkatia Nizamat	
42	42	-	322	312	10	-	-	-	8	8	-	Belwa Narkatia Bandobasti	
1,251	1,222	29	3,457	3,289	168	63	57	6	333	313	20	Amwa Kalan	
596	543	53	1,777	1,560	217	46	37	9	341	316	25	Basahia Shekh	
62	59	3	296	249	47	1	1	-	51	48	3	Bakatpur Banbira	
453	392	61	647	571	76	19	9	10	61	55	6	Kuanwan Majhaura	
				----------Un-inhabited----------									
561	550	11	1,074	1,025	49	98	93	5	174	159	15	Minapur Balha	
203	189	14	1,088	917	171	11	9	2	353	208	145	Dhankaul	
192	185	7	328	316	12	4	4	-	71	56	15	Harpur	
239	226	13	633	612	21	60	34	26	121	106	15	Dharampur Dekuli	
236	228	8	604	551	53	19	15	4	250	233	17	Parsauni	
28	27	1	8	8	-	-	-	-	5	5	-	Parihara	
220	212	8	611	593	18	28	28	-	224	209	15	Kamrauli Jangali	
88	88	-	209	205	4	4	1	3	88	86	2	Harkarwa	

VILLAGE PRIMARY
C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Marginal workers			Industrial category: Cultivators			Industrial category: Agricultural labourers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
0002	**Piprarhi (Total)**	**4,675**	**3,173**	**1,502**	**476**	**303**	**173**	**3,091**	**2,257**	**834**
0002	**Piprarhi (Rural)**	**4,675**	**3,173**	**1,502**	**476**	**303**	**173**	**3,091**	**2,257**	**834**
0002	**Piprarhi (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Piprarhi (Rural)									
00283000	Chak Fateh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
00283100	Mohanpur	43	35	8	6	1	5	12	9	3
00283200	Shankarpur Bindi	19	8	11	2	1	1	2	1	1
00283300	Chatauna urf Gopinathpur	2	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1
00283400	Narayanpur	225	98	127	25	13	12	188	81	107
00283500	Ratanpur Bishunpur Jagarnath	----------Un-inhabited----------								
00283600	Masaura	101	55	46	7	4	3	21	12	9
00283700	Piprarhi	33	25	8	1	1	-	6	6	-
00283800	Sengahi Indarwa	19	9	10	-	-	-	18	8	10
00283900	Indarwa Khurd	7	2	5	2	1	1	5	1	4
00284000	Belwa Narkatia Nizamat	23	6	17	9	4	5	7	-	7
00284100	Belwa Narkatia Bandobasti	55	53	2	29	29	-	26	24	2
00284200	Amwa Kalan	919	617	302	102	90	12	727	467	260
00284300	Basahia Shekh	670	248	422	107	15	92	363	206	157
00284400	Bakatpur Banbira	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
00284500	Kuanwan	76	70	6	3	2	1	65	63	2
00284600	Majhaura	----------Un-inhabited----------								
00284700	Minapur Balha	531	401	130	35	26	9	376	275	101
00284800	Dhankaul	739	668	71	73	64	9	498	453	45
00284900	Harpur	113	96	17	1	1	-	106	91	15
00285000	Dharampur Dekuli	385	347	38	14	6	8	302	283	19
00285100	Parsauni	267	223	44	26	22	4	172	139	33
00285200	Parihara	13	8	5	9	7	2	2	1	1
00285300	Kamrauli Jangali	317	190	127	19	13	6	181	134	47
00285400	Harkarwa	118	14	104	5	3	2	13	3	10

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Piprarhi

of marginal workers

Household industry workers			Other workers			Non-workers				Location code
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Name of Village	number
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	2	1
302	**90**	**212**	**806**	**523**	**283**	**66,092**	**24,279**	**41,813**	**Piprarhi (Total)**	**0002**
302	**90**	**212**	**806**	**523**	**283**	**66,092**	**24,279**	**41,813**	**Piprarhi (Rural)**	**0002**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Piprarhi (Urban)**	**0002**
									Piprarhi (Rural)	
-	-	-	-	-	-	71	26	45	Chak Fateh	00283000
18	18	-	7	7	-	1,882	676	1,206	Mohanpur	00283100
4	-	4	11	6	5	1,334	493	841	Shankarpur Bindi	00283200
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,753	598	1,155	Chatauna urf Gopinathpur	00283300
-	-	-	12	4	8	1,597	650	947	Narayanpur	00283400
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Ratanpur Bishunpur Jagarnath	00283500
52	22	30	21	17	4	4,133	1,548	2,585	Masaura	00283600
2	1	1	24	17	7	1,390	499	891	Piprarhi	00283700
1	1	-	-	-	-	1,646	562	1,084	Sengahi Indarwa	00283800
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,090	357	733	Indarwa Khurd	00283900
5	-	5	2	2	-	2,033	697	1,336	Belwa Narkatia Nizamat	00284000
-	-	-	-	-	-	629	148	481	Belwa Narkatia Bandobasti	00284100
21	6	15	69	54	15	14,452	5,215	9,237	Amwa Kalan	00284200
11	3	8	189	24	165	6,896	2,641	4,255	Basahia Shekh	00284300
-	-	-	-	-	-	848	315	533	Bakatpur Banbira	00284400
3	1	2	5	4	1	2,455	926	1,529	Kuanwan	00284500
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Majhaura	00284600
17	4	13	103	96	7	5,851	2,194	3,657	Minapur Balha	00284700
10	9	1	158	142	16	5,076	1,913	3,163	Dhankaul	00284800
3	3	-	3	1	2	1,737	649	1,088	Harpur	00284900
22	16	6	47	42	5	3,318	1,209	2,109	Dharampur Dekuli	00285000
5	2	3	64	60	4	3,496	1,274	2,222	Parsauni	00285100
2	-	2	-	-	-	133	63	70	Parihara	00285200
35	2	33	82	41	41	3,217	1,199	2,018	Kamrauli Jangali	00285300
91	2	89	9	6	3	1,055	427	628	Harkarwa	00285400

VILLAGE PRIMARY

C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Area of Village in hectares	Number of households	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0003	**Sheohar (Total)**	**9,278.0**	**19,493**	**101,078**	**53,722**	**47,356**	**21,153**	**11,049**	**10,104**
0003	**Sheohar (Rural)**	**8,345.0**	**19,493**	**101,078**	**53,722**	**47,356**	**21,153**	**11,049**	**10,104**
0003	**Sheohar (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sheohar (Rural)								
00285500	Kursahar	689.0	1,763	9,114	4,783	4,331	2,120	1,086	1,034
00285600	Az Rakba Kursahar	11.0			----------Un-inhabited----------				
00285700	Mohari	419.0	1,031	4,755	2,546	2,209	946	503	443
00285800	Garahia	218.0	764	3,743	1,909	1,834	774	389	385
00285900	Bisahi	195.0	594	2,484	1,314	1,170	566	292	274
00286000	Mali Pokhar Bhinda	410.0	833	4,165	2,240	1,925	896	455	441
00286100	Bhagwanpur Bheli Nankar	38.0			----------Un-inhabited----------				
00286200	Parsauni Taiyab	119.0	264	1,116	584	532	267	142	125
00286300	Garhwa	133.0	298	1,476	732	744	322	154	168
00286400	Dharampur Rajwan Bandobasti	109.0	205	1,005	552	453	219	122	97
00286500	Dharampur Rajwan Mal	83.0	173	750	430	320	192	110	82
00286600	Kothia Dharampur Dharamaghat	127.0	362	1,606	855	751	365	180	185
00286700	Sisaula	190.0	574	3,084	1,673	1,411	672	346	326
00286800	Chamanpur	533.0	1,663	7,387	3,937	3,450	1,549	810	739
00286900	Chak Bishunpur	120.0	308	1,300	692	608	169	84	85
00287000	Mahuaria	154.0	380	1,525	822	703	319	173	146
00287100	Sundarpur Kharauna	160.0	357	1,853	937	916	432	214	218
00287200	Chiknauta	185.0	360	1,722	915	807	397	203	194
00287300	Harnahi	286.0	706	4,026	2,105	1,921	877	448	429
00287400	Azrakbe Pota	59.0	86	492	264	228	109	64	45
00287500	Pota	146.0	229	1,412	752	660	300	158	142
00287600	Basahia Ram	183.0	258	1,223	661	562	186	99	87
00287700	Fatehpur	295.0	527	3,096	1,662	1,434	470	240	230
00287800	Khairwa Darap	181.0	310	1,690	876	814	332	186	146
00287900	Bishunpur Kishundeo	152.0	314	1,944	1,044	900	392	216	176
00288000	Bhagwanpur Bheli	37.0	110	546	292	254	125	69	56
00288100	Madhopur Anant	321.0	458	2,503	1,377	1,126	600	323	277
00288200	Sugia Katesri Jagir	89.0	365	2,122	1,126	996	387	203	184
00288300	Sugia Karesri	531.0	1,301	6,857	3,634	3,223	1,407	768	639
00288400	Pardesia urf Madhubani	175.0	339	2,281	1,232	1,049	401	201	200
00288500	Tajpur	463.0	847	5,087	2,758	2,329	1,176	622	554
00288600	Shahpur	223.0	326	1,780	957	823	378	182	196
00288700	Jafarpur	89.0	327	1,356	741	615	316	180	136
00288800	Daud Chhapra	66.0	241	1,384	754	630	308	155	153
00288900	Hanumannagar	44.0	232	1,203	626	577	221	116	105
00289000	Mathurapur Kahtarwa	335.0	726	3,948	2,085	1,863	851	432	419
00289100	Mirzapur Dhobahi	125.0	347	2,018	1,077	941	390	205	185
00289200	Kanuani Kalyanpur	90.0	249	1,212	632	580	259	129	130
00289300	Bishunpur Maniari	168.0	415	2,608	1,394	1,214	551	295	256
00289400	ChhapraGobindpururfGopinathpur	50.0	75	380	197	183	54	25	29
00289500	Bhaluahi urf Pharuaha	15.0			----------Un-inhabited----------				
00289600	Gopaia	65.0	120	761	379	382	147	67	80
00289700	Bhaluahi	91.0	220	1,297	675	622	226	140	86
00289800	Rampur Jadu	97.0	269	1,576	843	733	299	161	138
00289900	Parrahi	76.0	167	1,191	658	533	186	102	84

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Sheohar

Scheduled Castes popuation			Scheduled Tribes population			Literates			
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Name of Village
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2
15,733	**8,404**	**7,329**	**8**	**5**	**3**	**28,667**	**19,531**	**9,136**	**Sheohar (Total)**
15,733	**8,404**	**7,329**	**8**	**5**	**3**	**28,667**	**19,531**	**9,136**	**Sheohar (Rural)**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Sheohar (Urban)**
									Sheohar (Rural)
2,432	1,293	1,139	-	-	-	2,200	1,520	680	Kursahar
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Az Rakba Kursahar
823	428	395	-	-	-	1,434	1,044	390	Mohari
168	90	78	-	-	-	1,057	657	400	Garahia
467	254	213	-	-	-	567	433	134	Bisahi
542	282	260	-	-	-	1,070	751	319	Mali Pokhar Bhinda
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Bhagwanpur Bheli Nankar
104	56	48	-	-	-	257	188	69	Parsauni Taiyab
95	54	41	-	-	-	454	283	171	Garhwa
211	112	99	-	-	-	281	204	77	Dharampur Rajwan Bandobasti
424	250	174	-	-	-	240	161	79	Dharampur Rajwan Mal
273	143	130	-	-	-	489	339	150	Kothia Dharampur Dharamaghat
583	319	264	-	-	-	900	649	251	Sisaula
635	336	299	-	-	-	1,541	1,078	463	Chamanpur
244	129	115	-	-	-	495	322	173	Chak Bishunpur
438	239	199	-	-	-	323	261	62	Mahuaria
427	215	212	-	-	-	462	331	131	Sundarpur Kharauna
108	56	52	-	-	-	489	319	170	Chiknauta
697	373	324	-	-	-	1,016	738	278	Harnahi
149	82	67	-	-	-	137	87	50	Azrakbe Pota
350	184	166	-	-	-	579	382	197	Pota
312	172	140	-	-	-	426	319	107	Basahia Ram
443	236	207	-	-	-	1,341	898	443	Fatehpur
626	345	281	-	-	-	755	423	332	Khairwa Darap
364	197	167	-	-	-	604	409	195	Bishunpur Kishundeo
185	98	87	-	-	-	111	79	32	Bhagwanpur Bheli
515	275	240	-	-	-	864	553	311	Madhopur Anant
100	59	41	-	-	-	777	478	299	Sugia Katesri Jagir
398	225	173	-	-	-	1,498	1,006	492	Sugia Karesri
215	125	90	-	-	-	707	523	184	Pardesia urf Madhubani
724	390	334	-	-	-	1,155	855	300	Tajpur
150	81	69	-	-	-	532	392	140	Shahpur
576	311	265	-	-	-	241	171	70	Jafarpur
423	230	193	-	-	-	282	203	79	Daud Chhapra
-	-	-	-	-	-	470	267	203	Hanumannagar
337	163	174	-	-	-	1,204	854	350	Mathurapur Kahtarwa
285	145	140	-	-	-	694	470	224	Mirzapur Dhobahi
141	70	71	-	-	-	156	123	33	Kanuani Kalyanpur
350	179	171	-	-	-	938	585	353	Bishunpur Maniari
18	10	8	-	-	-	242	133	109	ChhapraGobindpururfGopinathpur
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Bhaluahi urf Pharuaha
78	35	43	-	-	-	246	145	101	Gopaia
145	70	75	8	5	3	684	376	308	Bhaluahi
145	73	72	-	-	-	480	340	140	Rampur Jadu
33	20	13	-	-	-	269	182	87	Parrahi

VILLAGE PRIMARY
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Location code number	Name of Village	Illiterates			Total workers			Main workers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
0003	**Sheohar (Total)**	**72,411**	**34,191**	**38,220**	**30,759**	**26,612**	**4,147**	**26,575**	**24,539**	**2,036**
0003	**Sheohar (Rural)**	**72,411**	**34,191**	**38,220**	**30,759**	**26,612**	**4,147**	**26,575**	**24,539**	**2,036**
0003	**Sheohar (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sheohar (Rural)									
00285500	Kursahar	6,914	3,263	3,651	2,657	2,400	257	2,278	2,234	44
00285600	Az Rakba Kursahar				----------Un-inhabited----------					
00285700	Mohari	3,321	1,502	1,819	1,481	1,294	187	1,460	1,288	172
00285800	Garahia	2,686	1,252	1,434	861	834	27	714	699	15
00285900	Bisahi	1,917	881	1,036	685	663	22	603	594	9
00286000	Mali Pokhar Bhinda	3,095	1,489	1,606	1,171	1,086	85	1,121	1,067	54
00286100	Bhagwanpur Bheli Nankar				----------Un-inhabited----------					
00286200	Parsauni Taiyab	859	396	463	436	294	142	249	216	33
00286300	Garhwa	1,022	449	573	351	342	9	346	337	9
00286400	Dharampur Rajwan Bandobasti	724	348	376	332	297	35	305	293	12
00286500	Dharampur Rajwan Mal	510	269	241	260	212	48	176	170	6
00286600	Kothia Dharampur Dharamaghat	1,117	516	601	492	431	61	482	430	52
00286700	Sisaula	2,184	1,024	1,160	973	784	189	886	737	149
00286800	Chamanpur	5,846	2,859	2,987	2,411	2,050	361	2,105	1,812	293
00286900	Chak Bishunpur	805	370	435	451	326	125	448	323	125
00287000	Mahuaria	1,202	561	641	450	403	47	387	364	23
00287100	Sundarpur Kharauna	1,391	606	785	518	439	79	428	425	3
00287200	Chiknauta	1,233	596	637	416	391	25	388	383	5
00287300	Harnahi	3,010	1,367	1,643	1,277	1,062	215	1,128	964	164
00287400	Azrakbe Pota	355	177	178	151	127	24	124	121	3
00287500	Pota	833	370	463	390	341	49	380	339	41
00287600	Basahia Ram	797	342	455	337	326	11	327	319	8
00287700	Fatehpur	1,755	764	991	889	867	22	852	837	15
00287800	Khairwa Darap	935	453	482	609	472	137	563	443	120
00287900	Bishunpur Kishundeo	1,340	635	705	902	597	305	594	552	42
00288000	Bhagwanpur Bheli	435	213	222	281	156	125	159	155	4
00288100	Madhopur Anant	1,639	824	815	1,076	697	379	595	458	137
00288200	Sugia Katesri Jagir	1,345	648	697	697	554	143	557	490	67
00288300	Sugia Karesri	5,359	2,628	2,731	1,767	1,709	58	1,671	1,622	49
00288400	Pardesia urf Madhubani	1,574	709	865	786	623	163	538	508	30
00288500	Tajpur	3,932	1,903	2,029	1,363	1,309	54	1,035	1,021	14
00288600	Shahpur	1,248	565	683	546	490	56	508	482	26
00288700	Jafarpur	1,115	570	545	516	390	126	381	370	11
00288800	Daud Chhapra	1,102	551	551	396	385	11	384	381	3
00288900	Hanumannagar	733	359	374	327	318	9	323	316	7
00289000	Mathurapur Kahtarwa	2,744	1,231	1,513	1,256	1,083	173	1,136	1,061	75
00289100	Mirzapur Dhobahi	1,324	607	717	697	548	149	617	529	88
00289200	Kanuani Kalyanpur	1,056	509	547	375	341	34	321	307	14
00289300	Bishunpur Maniari	1,670	809	861	663	609	54	588	570	18
00289400	ChhapraGobindpururfGopinathpur	138	64	74	133	111	22	133	111	22
00289500	Bhaluahi urf Pharuaha				----------Un-inhabited----------					
00289600	Gopaia	515	234	281	240	222	18	226	218	8
00289700	Bhaluahi	613	299	314	301	285	16	295	282	13
00289800	Rampur Jadu	1,096	503	593	491	432	59	443	399	44
00289900	Parrahi	922	476	446	348	312	36	321	312	9

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Sheohar

Industrial category of main workers												
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers			Other workers			
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Name of Village
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	2
7,927	**7,632**	**295**	**15,922**	**14,359**	**1,563**	**473**	**420**	**53**	**2,253**	**2,128**	**125**	**Sheohar (Total)**
7,927	**7,632**	**295**	**15,922**	**14,359**	**1,563**	**473**	**420**	**53**	**2,253**	**2,128**	**125**	**Sheohar (Rural)**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Sheohar (Urban)**
												Sheohar (Rural)
610	600	10	1,305	1,280	25	74	72	2	289	282	7	Kursahar
				----------Un-inhabited----------								Az Rakba Kursahar
509	495	14	785	658	127	26	21	5	140	114	26	Mohari
163	159	4	469	458	11	32	32	-	50	50	-	Garahia
242	240	2	296	290	6	-	-	-	65	64	1	Bisahi
345	338	7	714	673	41	21	15	6	41	41	-	Mali Pokhar Bhinda
				----------Un-inhabited----------								Bhagwanpur Bheli Nankar
11	9	2	165	162	3	1	1	-	72	44	28	Parsauni Taiyab
42	40	2	276	269	7	13	13	-	15	15	-	Garhwa
161	160	1	127	120	7	1	-	1	16	13	3	Dharampur Rajwan
												Bandobasti
27	27	-	132	127	5	3	3	-	14	13	1	Dharampur Rajwan Mal
181	163	18	211	178	33	-	-	-	90	89	1	Kothia Dharampur
												Dharamaghat
207	190	17	532	402	130	2	2	-	145	143	2	Sisaula
419	406	13	1,535	1,265	270	79	71	8	72	70	2	Chamanpur
123	115	8	309	193	116	2	2	-	14	13	1	Chak Bishunpur
171	156	15	181	173	8	11	11	-	24	24	-	Mahuaria
191	189	2	228	227	1	-	-	-	9	9	-	Sundarpur Kharauna
106	106	-	209	206	3	12	12	-	61	59	2	Chiknauta
383	330	53	687	578	109	15	15	-	43	41	2	Harnahi
47	45	2	71	70	1	-	-	-	6	6	-	Azrakbe Pota
152	148	4	207	173	34	2	2	-	19	16	3	Pota
84	80	4	232	228	4	-	-	-	11	11	-	Basahia Ram
363	361	2	376	369	7	1	1	-	112	106	6	Fatehpur
120	117	3	375	271	104	2	1	1	66	54	12	Khairwa Darap
129	127	2	422	384	38	6	6	-	37	35	2	Bishunpur Kishundeo
38	37	1	120	117	3	-	-	-	1	1	-	Bhagwanpur Bheli
295	229	66	254	184	70	7	7	-	39	38	1	Madhopur Anant
165	158	7	285	227	58	6	6	-	101	99	2	Sugia Katesri Jagir
420	416	4	1,043	1,004	39	41	40	1	167	162	5	Sugia Karesri
345	342	3	166	140	26	-	-	-	27	26	1	Pardesia urf Madhubani
439	437	2	526	516	10	8	7	1	62	61	1	Tajpur
179	175	4	279	257	22	7	7	-	43	43	-	Shahpur
67	67	-	298	287	11	-	-	-	16	16	-	Jafarpur
85	85	-	282	279	3	6	6	-	11	11	-	Daud Chhapra
39	38	1	274	269	5	2	2	-	8	7	1	Hanumannagar
436	427	9	661	598	63	5	3	2	34	33	1	Mathurapur Kahtarwa
131	130	1	320	262	58	76	50	26	90	87	3	Mirzapur Dhobahi
59	58	1	259	247	12	-	-	-	3	2	1	Kanuani Kalyanpur
109	105	4	377	365	12	5	5	-	97	95	2	Bishunpur Maniari
65	63	2	37	20	17	-	-	-	31	28	3	ChhapraGobindpururfGopi
												nathpur
				----------Un-inhabited----------								Bhaluahi urf Pharuaha
21	21	-	172	165	7	-	-	-	33	32	1	Gopaia
80	79	1	177	167	10	-	-	-	38	36	2	Bhaluahi
89	88	1	336	293	43	6	6	-	12	12	-	Rampur Jadu
79	76	3	212	208	4	1	1	-	29	27	2	Parrahi

VILLAGE PRIMARY
C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Marginal workers			Industrial category					
					Cultivators			Agricultural labourers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
0003	**Sheohar (Total)**	**4,184**	**2,073**	**2,111**	**749**	**296**	**453**	**3,045**	**1,536**	**1,509**
0003	**Sheohar (Rural)**	**4,184**	**2,073**	**2,111**	**749**	**296**	**453**	**3,045**	**1,536**	**1,509**
0003	**Sheohar (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sheohar (Rural)									
00285500	Kursahar	379	166	213	66	26	40	260	116	144
00285600	Az Rakba Kursahar				----------Un-inhabited----------					
00285700	Mohari	21	6	15	1	1	-	7	2	5
00285800	Garahia	147	135	12	11	10	1	131	120	11
00285900	Bisahi	82	69	13	18	16	2	51	40	11
00286000	Mali Pokhar Bhinda	50	19	31	5	3	2	34	7	27
00286100	Bhagwanpur Bheli Nankar				----------Un-inhabited----------					
00286200	Parsauni Taiyab	187	78	109	22	12	10	147	54	93
00286300	Garhwa	5	5	-	-	-	-	2	2	-
00286400	Dharampur Rajwan Bandobasti	27	4	23	15	2	13	8	-	8
00286500	Dharampur Rajwan Mal	84	42	42	9	3	6	39	8	31
00286600	Kothia Dharampur Dharamaghat	10	1	9	8	1	7	2	-	2
00286700	Sisaula	87	47	40	28	18	10	46	19	27
00286800	Chamanpur	306	238	68	35	22	13	248	198	50
00286900	Chak Bishunpur	3	3	-	-	-	-	2	2	-
00287000	Mahuaria	63	39	24	35	24	11	20	7	13
00287100	Sundarpur Kharauna	90	14	76	3	-	3	82	9	73
00287200	Chiknauta	28	8	20	8	3	5	17	4	13
00287300	Harnahi	149	98	51	47	35	12	90	59	31
00287400	Azrakbe Pota	27	6	21	7	2	5	20	4	16
00287500	Pota	10	2	8	4	1	3	4	1	3
00287600	Basahia Ram	10	7	3	1	-	1	9	7	2
00287700	Fatehpur	37	30	7	11	10	1	5	1	4
00287800	Khairwa Darap	46	29	17	11	10	1	28	14	14
00287900	Bishunpur Kishundeo	308	45	263	178	22	156	115	16	99
00288000	Bhagwanpur Bheli	122	1	121	22	1	21	99	-	99
00288100	Madhopur Anant	481	239	242	72	19	53	408	220	188
00288200	Sugia Katesri Jagir	140	64	76	16	11	5	78	35	43
00288300	Sugia Karesri	96	87	9	6	4	2	82	80	2
00288400	Pardesia urf Madhubani	248	115	133	9	2	7	236	113	123
00288500	Tajpur	328	288	40	21	12	9	305	274	31
00288600	Shahpur	38	8	30	23	2	21	13	4	9
00288700	Jafarpur	135	20	115	7	6	1	126	13	113
00288800	Daud Chhapra	12	4	8	2	1	1	5	2	3
00288900	Hanumannagar	4	2	2	1	1	-	3	1	2
00289000	Mathurapur Kahtarwa	120	22	98	16	1	15	102	20	82
00289100	Mirzapur Dhobahi	80	19	61	-	-	-	53	-	53
00289200	Kanuani Kalyanpur	54	34	20	-	-	-	54	34	20
00289300	Bishunpur Maniari	75	39	36	10	7	3	41	19	22
00289400	ChhapraGobindpururfGopinathpur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
00289500	Bhaluahi urf Pharuaha				----------Un-inhabited----------					
00289600	Gopaia	14	4	10	-	-	-	13	3	10
00289700	Bhaluahi	6	3	3	-	-	-	6	3	3
00289800	Rampur Jadu	48	33	15	8	8	-	40	25	15
00289900	Parrahi	27	-	27	13	-	13	14	-	14

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Sheohar

of marginal workers

Household industry workers			Other workers			Non-workers				Location code
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Name of Village	number
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	2	1
132	**49**	**83**	**258**	**192**	**66**	**70,319**	**27,110**	**43,209**	**Sheohar (Total)**	**0003**
132	**49**	**83**	**258**	**192**	**66**	**70,319**	**27,110**	**43,209**	**Sheohar (Rural)**	**0003**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Sheohar (Urban)**	**0003**
									Sheohar (Rural)	
38	12	26	15	12	3	6,457	2,383	4,074	Kursahar	00285500
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Az Rakba Kursahar	00285600
9	1	8	4	2	2	3,274	1,252	2,022	Mohari	00285700
3	3	-	2	2	-	2,882	1,075	1,807	Garahia	00285800
-	-	-	13	13	-	1,799	651	1,148	Bisahi	00285900
2	2	-	9	7	2	2,994	1,154	1,840	Mali Pokhar Bhinda	00286000
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Bhagwanpur Bheli Nankar	00286100
-	-	-	18	12	6	680	290	390	Parsauni Taiyab	00286200
-	-	-	3	3	-	1,125	390	735	Garhwa	00286300
1	-	1	3	2	1	673	255	418	Dharampur Rajwan Bandobasti	00286400
10	9	1	26	22	4	490	218	272	Dharampur Rajwan Mal	00286500
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,114	424	690	Kothia Dharampur Dharamaghat	00286600
-	-	-	13	10	3	2,111	889	1,222	Sisaula	00286700
3	2	1	20	16	4	4,976	1,887	3,089	Chamanpur	00286800
-	-	-	1	1	-	849	366	483	Chak Bishunpur	00286900
-	-	-	8	8	-	1,075	419	656	Mahuaria	00287000
-	-	-	5	5	-	1,335	498	837	Sundarpur Kharauna	00287100
2	-	2	1	1	-	1,306	524	782	Chiknauta	00287200
8	-	8	4	4	-	2,749	1,043	1,706	Harnahi	00287300
-	-	-	-	-	-	341	137	204	Azrakbe Pota	00287400
-	-	-	2	-	2	1,022	411	611	Pota	00287500
-	-	-	-	-	-	886	335	551	Basahia Ram	00287600
-	-	-	21	19	2	2,207	795	1,412	Fatehpur	00287700
2	-	2	5	5	-	1,081	404	677	Khairwa Darap	00287800
7	-	7	8	7	1	1,042	447	595	Bishunpur Kishundeo	00287900
1	-	1	-	-	-	265	136	129	Bhagwanpur Bheli	00288000
1	-	1	-	-	-	1,427	680	747	Madhopur Anant	00288100
16	9	7	30	9	21	1,425	572	853	Sugia Katesri Jagir	00288200
5	1	4	3	2	1	5,090	1,925	3,165	Sugia Karesri	00288300
-	-	-	3	-	3	1,495	609	886	Pardesia urf Madhubani	00288400
-	-	-	2	2	-	3,724	1,449	2,275	Tajpur	00288500
-	-	-	2	2	-	1,234	467	767	Shahpur	00288600
1	-	1	1	1	-	840	351	489	Jafarpur	00288700
4	1	3	1	-	1	988	369	619	Daud Chhapra	00288800
-	-	-	-	-	-	876	308	568	Hanumannagar	00288900
1	1	-	1	-	1	2,692	1,002	1,690	Mathurapur Kahtarwa	00289000
14	6	8	13	13	-	1,321	529	792	Mirzapur Dhobahi	00289100
-	-	-	-	-	-	837	291	546	Kanuani Kalyanpur	00289200
4	2	2	20	11	9	1,945	785	1,160	Bishunpur Maniari	00289300
-	-	-	-	-	-	247	86	161	ChhapraGobindpururfGopinathpur	00289400
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Bhaluahi urf Pharuaha	00289500
-	-	-	1	1	-	521	157	364	Gopaia	00289600
-	-	-	-	-	-	996	390	606	Bhaluahi	00289700
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,085	411	674	Rampur Jadu	00289800
-	-	-	-	-	-	843	346	497	Parrahi	00289900

VILLAGE PRIMARY

C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Area of Village in hectares	Number of households	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0004	**Dumri Katsari (Total)**	**6,659.0**	**12,930**	**71,405**	**37,837**	**33,568**	**14,996**	**7,938**	**7,058**
0004	**Dumri Katsari (Rural)**	**6,659.0**	**12,930**	**71,405**	**37,837**	**33,568**	**14,996**	**7,938**	**7,058**
0004	**Dumri Katsari (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Dumri Katsari (Rural)								
00290000	Jahangirpur	535.0	963	5,574	2,927	2,647	1,089	572	517
00290100	Gosainpur Bandobasti	64.0	204	915	492	423	145	80	65
00290200	Gosainpur Nilami	49.0	120	753	405	348	153	82	71
00290300	Gosainpur Mal	60.0	33	191	104	87	43	22	21
00290400	Paharpur	261.0	524	3,156	1,731	1,425	602	318	284
00290500	Dhanhara urf Dharampur	180.0	281	1,532	837	695	332	189	143
00290600	Shahbazpur	40.0	50	308	169	139	59	31	28
00290700	Naya Gaon	680.0	1,825	10,465	5,557	4,908	2,208	1,159	1,049
00290800	Bhorha Mohanpur	212.0	421	2,472	1,403	1,069	466	239	227
00290900	Bira Chhapra	138.0	371	2,169	1,145	1,024	473	256	217
00291000	Shampur	529.0	943	5,311	2,840	2,471	1,184	645	539
00291100	Diara Shampur	44.0			----------Un-inhabited----------				
00291200	Bhatha	322.0	503	2,871	1,514	1,357	570	309	261
00291300	Umed Chhapra	119.0	180	1,096	560	536	253	127	126
00291400	Maksudpur Kararia	1,276.0	1,644	9,928	5,220	4,708	2,108	1,110	998
00291500	Mahamadpur Katesri	211.0	445	2,638	1,409	1,229	469	243	226
00291600	Firozpur	53.0			----------Un-inhabited----------				
00291700	Jhitkahi	115.0	408	2,006	1,032	974	461	243	218
00291800	Jhitkahi Bazidpur Daulat	51.0	47	214	117	97	48	25	23
00291900	Dumri	125.0	360	1,833	1,029	804	358	210	148
00292000	Mahamadpur Katesri	57.0	199	966	507	459	218	120	98
00292100	Gazipur Jaisinghpur	184.0	327	1,707	927	780	321	179	142
00292200	Masha	147.0	114	637	358	279	96	53	43
00292300	Madhopur Sundar	129.0	240	1,308	710	598	306	170	136
00292400	Rampur Kesho	245.0	711	3,463	1,786	1,677	778	369	409
00292500	Phulkaha	359.0	959	4,316	2,184	2,132	935	478	457
00292600	Rohua	247.0	505	2,594	1,364	1,230	614	324	290
00292700	Ramban	103.0	281	1,564	767	797	368	198	170
00292800	Bahuara	124.0	272	1,418	743	675	339	187	152

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Dumri Katsari

Scheduled Castes popuation			Scheduled Tribes population			Literates			
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Name of Village
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2
9,399	**4,980**	**4,419**	**18**	**10**	**8**	**21,248**	**14,402**	**6,846**	**Dumri Katsari (Total)**
9,399	**4,980**	**4,419**	**18**	**10**	**8**	**21,248**	**14,402**	**6,846**	**Dumri Katsari (Rural)**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Dumri Katsari (Urban)**
									Dumri Katsari (Rural)
969	504	465	-	-	-	1,468	990	478	Jahangirpur
-	-	-	-	-	-	287	216	71	Gosainpur Bandobasti
25	17	8	-	-	-	200	129	71	Gosainpur Nilami
163	89	74	-	-	-	42	25	17	Gosainpur Mal
525	272	253	-	-	-	1,062	727	335	Paharpur
158	82	76	-	-	-	474	338	136	Dhanhara urf Dharampur
16	8	8	-	-	-	166	104	62	Shahbazpur
1,222	641	581	-	-	-	2,740	1,849	891	Naya Gaon
108	66	42	-	-	-	938	647	291	Bhorha Mohanpur
135	56	79	-	-	-	481	359	122	Bira Chhapra
1,002	535	467	-	-	-	1,154	841	313	Shampur
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Diara Shampur
354	193	161	-	-	-	1,070	676	394	Bhatha
189	95	94	-	-	-	376	256	120	Umed Chhapra
1,604	857	747	1	1	-	2,920	2,000	920	Maksudpur Kararia
452	243	209	-	-	-	1,051	744	307	Mahamadpur Katesri
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Firozpur
159	86	73	-	-	-	689	444	245	Jhitkahi
128	68	60	-	-	-	78	73	5	Jhitkahi Bazidpur Daulat
176	107	69	-	-	-	584	402	182	Dumri
156	81	75	-	-	-	227	151	76	Mahamadpur Katesri
66	39	27	-	-	-	681	447	234	Gazipur Jaisinghpur
42	23	19	-	-	-	353	246	107	Masha
355	186	169	-	-	-	259	190	69	Madhopur Sundar
213	114	99	-	-	-	1,124	666	458	Rampur Kesho
790	399	391	-	-	-	1,258	801	457	Phulkaha
134	80	54	-	-	-	646	456	190	Rohua
-	-	-	-	-	-	436	298	138	Ramban
258	139	119	17	9	8	484	327	157	Bahuara

VILLAGE PRIMARY
C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Illiterates			Total workers			Main workers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
0004	**Dumri Katsari (Total)**	**50,157**	**23,435**	**26,722**	**22,684**	**19,106**	**3,578**	**19,455**	**18,133**	**1,322**
0004	**Dumri Katsari (Rural)**	**50,157**	**23,435**	**26,722**	**22,684**	**19,106**	**3,578**	**19,455**	**18,133**	**1,322**
0004	**Dumri Katsari (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Dumri Katsari (Rural)									
00290000	Jahangirpur	4,106	1,937	2,169	1,763	1,561	202	1,525	1,485	40
00290100	Gosainpur Bandobasti	628	276	352	280	270	10	206	197	9
00290200	Gosainpur Nilami	553	276	277	210	209	1	209	209	-
00290300	Gosainpur Mal	149	79	70	49	47	2	39	39	-
00290400	Paharpur	2,094	1,004	1,090	1,146	960	186	880	804	76
00290500	Dhanhara urf Dharampur	1,058	499	559	398	391	7	391	388	3
00290600	Shahbazpur	142	65	77	71	71	-	70	70	-
00290700	Naya Gaon	7,725	3,708	4,017	3,470	2,728	742	2,878	2,660	218
00290800	Bhorha Mohanpur	1,534	756	778	759	726	33	728	696	32
00290900	Bira Chhapra	1,688	786	902	624	598	26	612	586	26
00291000	Shampur	4,157	1,999	2,158	1,853	1,421	432	1,465	1,391	74
00291100	Diara Shampur				----------Un-inhabited----------					
00291200	Bhatha	1,801	838	963	935	797	138	755	724	31
00291300	Umed Chhapra	720	304	416	289	278	11	276	271	5
00291400	Maksudpur Kararia	7,008	3,220	3,788	2,847	2,645	202	2,584	2,500	84
00291500	Mahamadpur Katesri	1,587	665	922	737	706	31	686	662	24
00291600	Firozpur				----------Un-inhabited----------					
00291700	Jhitkahi	1,317	588	729	655	540	115	589	531	58
00291800	Jhitkahi Bazidpur Daulat	136	44	92	63	62	1	63	62	1
00291900	Dumri	1,249	627	622	479	453	26	477	452	25
00292000	Mahamadpur Katesri	739	356	383	322	239	83	320	238	82
00292100	Gazipur Jaisinghpur	1,026	480	546	557	482	75	484	477	7
00292200	Masha	284	112	172	197	195	2	197	195	2
00292300	Madhopur Sundar	1,049	520	529	695	371	324	529	371	158
00292400	Rampur Kesho	2,339	1,120	1,219	1,011	887	124	933	847	86
00292500	Phulkaha	3,058	1,383	1,675	1,182	1,031	151	1,081	975	106
00292600	Rohua	1,948	908	1,040	1,107	758	349	687	655	32
00292700	Ramban	1,128	469	659	613	329	284	457	317	140
00292800	Bahuara	934	416	518	372	351	21	334	331	3

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Dumri Katsari

Industrial category of main workers													
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers			Other workers				
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Name of Village	
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	2	
6,528	**6,385**	**143**	**10,943**	**10,023**	**920**	**351**	**315**	**36**	**1,633**	**1,410**	**223**	**Dumri Katsari (Total)**	
6,528	**6,385**	**143**	**10,943**	**10,023**	**920**	**351**	**315**	**36**	**1,633**	**1,410**	**223**	**Dumri Katsari (Rural)**	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Dumri Katsari (Urban)**	
												Dumri Katsari (Rural)	
585	584	1	839	806	33	23	21	2	78	74	4	Jahangirpur	
46	46	-	156	147	9	-	-	-	4	4	-	Gosainpur Bandobasti	
62	62	-	144	144	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	Gosainpur Nilami	
3	3	-	35	35	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	Gosainpur Mal	
332	326	6	476	408	68	16	15	1	56	55	1	Paharpur	
124	123	1	227	225	2	7	7	-	33	33	-	Dhanhara urf Dharampur	
31	31	-	29	29	-	-	-	-	10	10	-	Shahbazpur	
720	702	18	1,839	1,656	183	41	36	5	278	266	12	Naya Gaon	
375	364	11	293	277	16	2	2	-	58	53	5	Bhorha Mohanpur	
210	207	3	396	373	23	-	-	-	6	6	-	Bira Chhapra	
404	401	3	965	898	67	18	18	-	78	74	4	Shampur	
				----------Un-inhabited----------								Diara Shampur	
327	323	4	325	304	21	-	-	-	103	97	6	Bhatha	
96	95	1	134	132	2	10	8	2	36	36	-	Umed Chhapra	
990	970	20	1,347	1,299	48	50	40	10	197	191	6	Maksudpur Kararia	
412	409	3	245	225	20	2	2	-	27	26	1	Mahamadpur Katesri	
				----------Un-inhabited----------								Firozpur	
192	192	-	313	264	49	46	39	7	38	36	2	Jhitkahi	
7	7	-	55	55	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	Jhitkahi Bazidpur Daulat	
47	47	-	366	342	24	51	51	-	13	12	1	Dumri	
34	31	3	171	163	8	2	1	1	113	43	70	Mahamadpur Katesri	
185	182	3	245	241	4	20	20	-	34	34	-	Gazipur Jaisinghpur	
154	154	-	32	31	1	4	4	-	7	6	1	Masha	
173	138	35	337	214	123	-	-	-	19	19	-	Madhopur Sundar	
158	151	7	631	560	71	9	6	3	135	130	5	Rampur Kesho	
339	334	5	639	544	95	9	8	1	94	89	5	Phulkaha	
260	245	15	336	331	5	19	17	2	72	62	10	Rohua	
103	99	4	231	184	47	2	1	1	121	33	88	Ramban	
159	159	-	137	136	1	20	19	1	18	17	1	Bahuara	

VILLAGE PRIMARY
C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Marginal workers			Industrial category					
					Cultivators			Agricultural labourers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
0004	**Dumri Katsari (Total)**	**3,229**	**973**	**2,256**	**943**	**353**	**590**	**1,792**	**473**	**1,319**
0004	**Dumri Katsari (Rural)**	**3,229**	**973**	**2,256**	**943**	**353**	**590**	**1,792**	**473**	**1,319**
0004	**Dumri Katsari (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Dumri Katsari (Rural)									
00290000	Jahangirpur	238	76	162	67	42	25	127	27	100
00290100	Gosainpur Bandobasti	74	73	1	2	2	-	71	70	1
00290200	Gosainpur Nilami	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1
00290300	Gosainpur Mal	10	8	2	-	-	-	10	8	2
00290400	Paharpur	266	156	110	75	54	21	169	98	71
00290500	Dhanhara urf Dharampur	7	3	4	1	1	-	2	1	1
00290600	Shahbazpur	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
00290700	Naya Gaon	592	68	524	89	16	73	476	45	431
00290800	Bhorha Mohanpur	31	30	1	4	4	-	22	21	1
00290900	Bira Chhapra	12	12	-	5	5	-	6	6	-
00291000	Shampur	388	30	358	66	9	57	320	20	300
00291100	Diara Shampur				----------Un-inhabited----------					
00291200	Bhatha	180	73	107	49	28	21	87	25	62
00291300	Umed Chhapra	13	7	6	7	4	3	4	2	2
00291400	Maksudpur Kararia	263	145	118	98	64	34	104	29	75
00291500	Mahamadpur Katesri	51	44	7	4	-	4	47	44	3
00291600	Firozpur				----------Un-inhabited----------					
00291700	Jhitkahi	66	9	57	9	4	5	38	4	34
00291800	Jhitkahi Bazidpur Daulat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
00291900	Dumri	2	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	1
00292000	Mahamadpur Katesri	2	1	1	-	-	-	2	1	1
00292100	Gazipur Jaisinghpur	73	5	68	7	-	7	28	1	27
00292200	Masha	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
00292300	Madhopur Sundar	166	-	166	160	-	160	6	-	6
00292400	Rampur Kesho	78	40	38	19	11	8	40	15	25
00292500	Phulkaha	101	56	45	20	19	1	55	22	33
00292600	Rohua	420	103	317	248	83	165	136	16	120
00292700	Ramban	156	12	144	6	2	4	20	5	15
00292800	Bahuara	38	20	18	6	4	2	20	13	7

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Dumri Katsari

of marginal workers

Household industry workers			Other workers			Non-workers				Location code
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Name of Village	number
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	2	1
137	**20**	**117**	**357**	**127**	**230**	**48,721**	**18,731**	**29,990**	**Dumri Katsari (Total)**	**0004**
137	**20**	**117**	**357**	**127**	**230**	**48,721**	**18,731**	**29,990**	**Dumri Katsari (Rural)**	**0004**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Dumri Katsari (Urban)**	**0004**
									Dumri Katsari (Rural)	
43	6	37	1	1	-	3,811	1,366	2,445	Jahangirpur	00290000
-	-	-	1	1	-	635	222	413	Gosainpur Bandobasti	00290100
-	-	-	-	-	-	543	196	347	Gosainpur Nilami	00290200
-	-	-	-	-	-	142	57	85	Gosainpur Mal	00290300
10	1	9	12	3	9	2,010	771	1,239	Paharpur	00290400
2	-	2	2	1	1	1,134	446	688	Dhanhara urf Dharampur	00290500
-	-	-	-	-	-	237	98	139	Shahbazpur	00290600
14	1	13	13	6	7	6,995	2,829	4,166	Naya Gaon	00290700
1	1	-	4	4	-	1,713	677	1,036	Bhorha Mohanpur	00290800
-	-	-	1	1	-	1,545	547	998	Bira Chhapra	00290900
-	-	-	2	1	1	3,458	1,419	2,039	Shampur	00291000
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Diara Shampur	00291100
1	1	-	43	19	24	1,936	717	1,219	Bhatha	00291200
1	1	-	1	-	1	807	282	525	Umed Chhapra	00291300
11	4	7	50	48	2	7,081	2,575	4,506	Maksudpur Kararia	00291400
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,901	703	1,198	Mahamadpur Katesri	00291500
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Firozpur	00291600
15	1	14	4	-	4	1,351	492	859	Jhitkahi	00291700
-	-	-	-	-	-	151	55	96	Jhitkahi Bazidpur Daulat	00291800
1	1	-	-	-	-	1,354	576	778	Dumri	00291900
-	-	-	-	-	-	644	268	376	Mahamadpur Katesri	00292000
-	-	-	38	4	34	1,150	445	705	Gazipur Jaisinghpur	00292100
-	-	-	-	-	-	440	163	277	Masha	00292200
-	-	-	-	-	-	613	339	274	Madhopur Sundar	00292300
2	-	2	17	14	3	2,452	899	1,553	Rampur Kesho	00292400
11	2	9	15	13	2	3,134	1,153	1,981	Phulkaha	00292500
20	-	20	16	4	12	1,487	606	881	Rohua	00292600
-	-	-	130	5	125	951	438	513	Ramban	00292700
5	1	4	7	2	5	1,046	392	654	Bahuara	00292800

VILLAGE PRIMARY

C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Area of Village in hectares	Number of households	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0005	**Tariani Chowk (Total)**	**13,680.0**	**33,130**	**155,053**	**82,270**	**72,783**	**32,215**	**16,793**	**15,422**
0005	**Tariani Chowk (Rural)**	**13,680.0**	**33,130**	**155,053**	**82,270**	**72,783**	**32,215**	**16,793**	**15,422**
0005	**Tariani Chowk (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Tariani Chowk (Rural)								
00292900	Chak Surgahi	91.0	821	3,507	1,853	1,654	588	297	291
00293000	Surgahi	309.0	424	2,133	1,105	1,028	441	217	224
00293100	Kasturia	95.0	412	2,077	1,039	1,038	473	230	243
00293200	Salempur	481.0	820	4,026	2,125	1,901	801	399	402
00293300	Ghorha	124.0	312	1,436	749	687	242	124	118
00293400	Jagdishpur	106.0	478	1,958	1,055	903	328	182	146
00293500	Kothia	190.0	109	450	252	198	52	30	22
00293600	Mahdewa	121.0	216	1,044	572	472	177	102	75
00293700	Gularia	49.0			----------Un-inhabited----------				
00293800	Kolson Kalan	315.0	406	1,847	974	873	292	141	151
00293900	Kop Garh	199.0			----------Un-inhabited----------				
00294000	Khurpatti	382.0	1,250	5,354	2,801	2,553	1,059	564	495
00294100	Sarwarpur	304.0	823	3,612	1,883	1,729	807	406	401
00294200	Belahi urf Balha Baijnathpur	156.0	559	2,593	1,370	1,223	522	276	246
00294300	Soghra Adalpur Kundol	200.0	500	2,184	1,180	1,004	492	273	219
00294400	Hurraha	66.0	124	646	345	301	150	84	66
00294500	Sultanpur Bhim	90.0	336	1,694	888	806	378	190	188
00294600	Bhandiha	59.0	74	440	240	200	98	53	45
00294700	Bisambharpur	380.0	943	4,586	2,451	2,135	937	481	456
00294800	Baijnathpur	109.0	251	1,342	723	619	322	162	160
00294900	Baijnathpur	11.0			----------Un-inhabited----------				
00295000	Khajepur	144.0	328	1,430	752	678	301	153	148
00295100	Fatehpur Ghaus	63.0	232	922	486	436	189	91	98
00295200	Pojhian	197.0	595	2,515	1,386	1,129	512	293	219
00295300	Bochhan urf Az Rakbe Pojhian	35.0	65	289	152	137	85	45	40
00295400	Fatehpur Ghauspur	27.0	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
00295500	Samhuti	245.0	782	2,693	1,413	1,280	562	275	287
00295600	Madhopur Chhata	336.0	984	4,570	2,425	2,145	1,003	531	472
00295700	Belahi Dullah	155.0	399	1,714	857	857	426	206	220
00295800	Nimahi	149.0	308	1,771	941	830	371	188	183
00295900	Rupwara	167.0	270	1,349	707	642	292	156	136
00296000	Hirauta Duma	639.0	1,548	8,601	4,596	4,005	1,721	900	821
00296100	Kurhani	35.0	93	500	257	243	128	78	50
00296200	Hiramma	159.0	555	2,784	1,454	1,330	670	345	325
00296300	Arazi Nankar	6.0	40	214	118	96	67	36	31
00296400	Rampur Khas	65.0	327	1,927	993	934	497	266	231
00296500	Rewasi	122.0	351	1,848	985	863	422	222	200
00296600	Pachra	216.0	542	2,243	1,181	1,062	471	247	224
00296700	Athkauni	310.0	839	4,173	2,227	1,946	939	499	440
00296800	Raja Dih	237.0	651	3,413	1,790	1,623	829	428	401
00296900	Az Rakbe Athkauni urf Benipur	84.0	188	1,116	572	544	256	131	125
00297000	Az Rakbe Raja Dih Barahi	51.0	220	783	405	378	175	89	86
00297100	Basant Param	115.0	267	1,432	795	637	336	182	154
00297200	Bindraban	578.0	1,192	6,592	3,520	3,072	1,306	657	649
00297300	Chhatauni	683.0	1,435	6,638	3,615	3,023	1,245	669	576
00297400	Bishunpur Fakira	71.0	160	669	357	312	158	89	69
00297500	Bishunpur Dharanand	68.0	141	756	423	333	61	30	31
00297600	Aura	472.0	935	4,428	2,364	2,064	791	409	382
00297700	Lalpur	8.0			----------Un-inhabited----------				
00297800	Bishunpur Bindi	119.0	66	307	164	143	64	29	35
00297900	Fakapur	17.0			----------Un-inhabited----------				
00298000	Sonbarsa	493.0	860	4,305	2,289	2,016	916	479	437

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Tariani Chowk

Scheduled Castes popuation			Scheduled Tribes population			Literates			
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Name of Village
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2
22,282	**11,793**	**10,489**	**18**	**9**	**9**	**37,308**	**26,148**	**11,160**	**Tariani Chowk (Total)**
22,282	**11,793**	**10,489**	**18**	**9**	**9**	**37,308**	**26,148**	**11,160**	**Tariani Chowk (Rural)**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Tariani Chowk (Urban)**
									Tariani Chowk (Rural)
1,060	573	487	18	9	9	449	338	111	Chak Surgahi
481	234	247	-	-	-	281	213	68	Surgahi
233	111	122	-	-	-	563	418	145	Kasturia
288	147	141	-	-	-	842	614	228	Salempur
780	418	362	-	-	-	137	113	24	Ghorha
339	182	157	-	-	-	844	555	289	Jagdishpur
17	10	7	-	-	-	225	148	77	Kothia
203	107	96	-	-	-	341	245	96	Mahdewa
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Gularia
166	92	74	-	-	-	642	494	148	Kolson Kalan
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Kop Garh
474	245	229	-	-	-	1,167	821	346	Khurpatti
579	305	274	-	-	-	970	650	320	Sarwarpur
295	145	150	-	-	-	752	524	228	Belahi urf Balha
									Baijnathpur
437	244	193	-	-	-	420	326	94	Soghra Adalpur Kundol
51	29	22	-	-	-	118	85	33	Hurraha
138	72	66	-	-	-	283	203	80	Sultanpur Bhim
255	135	120	-	-	-	82	47	35	Bhandiha
246	137	109	-	-	-	933	652	281	Bisambharpur
-	-	-	-	-	-	440	306	134	Baijnathpur
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Baijnathpur
192	102	90	-	-	-	489	322	167	Khajepur
145	69	76	-	-	-	263	192	71	Fatehpur Ghaus
235	126	109	-	-	-	685	505	180	Pojhian
178	93	85	-	-	-	1	1	-	Bochhan urf Az Rakbe
									Pojhian
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Fatehpur Ghauspur
379	204	175	-	-	-	656	477	179	Samhuti
476	260	216	-	-	-	1,155	820	335	Madhopur Chhata
384	199	185	-	-	-	334	235	99	Belahi Dullah
156	76	80	-	-	-	421	311	110	Nimahi
103	56	47	-	-	-	232	171	61	Rupwara
797	423	374	-	-	-	2,025	1,456	569	Hirauta Duma
63	29	34	-	-	-	131	103	28	Kurhani
180	104	76	-	-	-	493	304	189	Hiramma
68	37	31	-	-	-	43	35	8	Arazi Nankar
-	-	-	-	-	-	228	134	94	Rampur Khas
311	170	141	-	-	-	285	202	83	Rewasi
374	197	177	-	-	-	805	542	263	Pachra
605	304	301	-	-	-	991	707	284	Athkauni
611	317	294	-	-	-	948	703	245	Raja Dih
33	19	14	-	-	-	204	156	48	Az Rakbe Athkauni urf
									Benipur
240	129	111	-	-	-	206	145	61	Az Rakbe Raja Dih Barahi
98	55	43	-	-	-	123	100	23	Basant Param
711	379	332	-	-	-	1,271	908	363	Bindraban
1,185	645	540	-	-	-	1,811	1,235	576	Chhatauni
10	5	5	-	-	-	258	160	98	Bishunpur Fakira
218	122	96	-	-	-	149	89	60	Bishunpur Dharanand
1,032	549	483	-	-	-	1,057	728	329	Aura
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Lalpur
75	36	39	-	-	-	72	53	19	Bishunpur Bindi
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Fakapur
597	310	287	-	-	-	1,270	863	407	Sonbarsa

VILLAGE PRIMARY
C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Illiterates			Total workers			Main workers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
0005	**Tariani Chowk (Total)**	**117,745**	**56,122**	**61,623**	**49,222**	**40,963**	**8,259**	**38,669**	**35,514**	**3,155**
0005	**Tariani Chowk (Rural)**	**117,745**	**56,122**	**61,623**	**49,222**	**40,963**	**8,259**	**38,669**	**35,514**	**3,155**
0005	**Tariani Chowk (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Tariani Chowk (Rural)									
00292900	Chak Surgahi	3,058	1,515	1,543	1,070	974	96	898	844	54
00293000	Surgahi	1,852	892	960	564	528	36	350	330	20
00293100	Kasturia	1,514	621	893	562	504	58	537	500	37
00293200	Salempur	3,184	1,511	1,673	1,199	1,047	152	984	867	117
00293300	Ghorha	1,299	636	663	383	369	14	370	367	3
00293400	Jagdishpur	1,114	500	614	587	552	35	492	486	6
00293500	Kothia	225	104	121	153	142	11	153	142	11
00293600	Mahdewa	703	327	376	393	315	78	199	146	53
00293700	Gularia				----------Un-inhabited----------					
00293800	Kolson Kalan	1,205	480	725	548	475	73	548	475	73
00293900	Kop Garh				----------Un-inhabited----------					
00294000	Khurpatti	4,187	1,980	2,207	1,613	1,298	315	946	902	44
00294100	Sarwarpur	2,642	1,233	1,409	1,350	1,011	339	1,003	907	96
00294200	Belahi urf Balha Baijnathpur	1,841	846	995	751	724	27	708	698	10
00294300	Soghra Adalpur Kundol	1,764	854	910	586	512	74	524	489	35
00294400	Hurraha	528	260	268	178	161	17	155	148	7
00294500	Sultanpur Bhim	1,411	685	726	569	422	147	567	420	147
00294600	Bhandiha	358	193	165	114	110	4	114	110	4
00294700	Bisambharpur	3,653	1,799	1,854	1,201	1,156	45	1,185	1,143	42
00294800	Baijnathpur	902	417	485	366	317	49	301	288	13
00294900	Baijnathpur				----------Un-inhabited----------					
00295000	Khajepur	941	430	511	419	373	46	367	335	32
00295100	Fatehpur Ghaus	659	294	365	287	261	26	267	254	13
00295200	Pojhian	1,830	881	949	922	707	215	750	594	156
00295300	Bochhan urf Az Rakbe Pojhian	288	151	137	117	78	39	117	78	39
00295400	Fatehpur Ghauspur	1	1	-	1	1	-	1	1	-
00295500	Samhuti	2,037	936	1,101	1,062	820	242	826	799	27
00295600	Madhopur Chhata	3,415	1,605	1,810	1,548	1,266	282	1,196	1,155	41
00295700	Belahi Dullah	1,380	622	758	598	442	156	301	266	35
00295800	Nimahi	1,350	630	720	474	463	11	463	456	7
00295900	Rupwara	1,117	536	581	412	338	74	353	285	68
00296000	Hirauta Duma	6,576	3,140	3,436	2,437	2,264	173	2,256	2,202	54
00296100	Kurhani	369	154	215	122	120	2	122	120	2
00296200	Hiramma	2,291	1,150	1,141	682	656	26	650	632	18
00296300	Arazi Nankar	171	83	88	62	51	11	47	46	1
00296400	Rampur Khas	1,699	859	840	499	442	57	395	344	51
00296500	Rewasi	1,563	783	780	475	455	20	475	455	20
00296600	Pachra	1,438	639	799	696	600	96	621	594	27
00296700	Athkauni	3,182	1,520	1,662	1,192	1,050	142	856	808	48
00296800	Raja Dih	2,465	1,087	1,378	1,171	920	251	982	888	94
00296900	Az Rakbe Athkauni urf Benipur	912	416	496	370	293	77	292	267	25
00297000	Az Rakbe Raja Dih Barahi	577	260	317	233	204	29	233	204	29
00297100	Basant Param	1,309	695	614	607	427	180	451	366	85
00297200	Bindraban	5,321	2,612	2,709	1,969	1,756	213	1,655	1,599	56
00297300	Chhatauni	4,827	2,380	2,447	2,583	1,804	779	1,026	897	129
00297400	Bishunpur Fakira	411	197	214	163	161	2	152	152	-
00297500	Bishunpur Dharanand	607	334	273	489	321	168	489	321	168
00297600	Aura	3,371	1,636	1,735	1,110	1,033	77	1,062	1,001	61
00297700	Lalpur				----------Un-inhabited----------					
00297800	Bishunpur Bindi	235	111	124	88	87	1	84	83	1
00297900	Fakapur				----------Un-inhabited----------					
00298000	Sonbarsa	3,035	1,426	1,609	1,338	1,079	259	979	932	47

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Tariani Chowk

Industrial category of main workers													
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers			Other workers				
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Name of Village	
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	2	
10,770	**10,245**	**525**	**24,192**	**21,956**	**2,236**	**600**	**503**	**97**	**3,107**	**2,810**	**297**	**Tariani Chowk (Total)**	
10,770	**10,245**	**525**	**24,192**	**21,956**	**2,236**	**600**	**503**	**97**	**3,107**	**2,810**	**297**	**Tariani Chowk (Rural)**	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Tariani Chowk (Urban)**	
												Tariani Chowk (Rural)	
136	133	3	743	695	48	8	7	1	11	9	2	Chak Surgahi	
116	111	5	185	184	1	11	6	5	38	29	9	Surgahi	
103	100	3	340	321	19	48	39	9	46	40	6	Kasturia	
242	232	10	590	497	93	22	15	7	130	123	7	Salempur	
37	36	1	329	327	2	3	3	-	1	1	-	Ghorha	
201	199	2	265	264	1	1	1	-	25	22	3	Jagdishpur	
89	89	-	62	51	11	-	-	-	2	2	-	Kothia	
85	75	10	41	30	11	-	-	-	73	41	32	Mahdewa	
				----------Un-inhabited----------								Gularia	
240	226	14	288	232	56	2	2	-	18	15	3	Kolson Kalan	
				----------Un-inhabited----------								Kop Garh	
180	176	4	592	568	24	19	18	1	155	140	15	Khurpatti	
179	170	9	640	565	75	23	22	1	161	150	11	Sarwarpur	
336	333	3	335	334	1	-	-	-	37	31	6	Belahi urf Balha	
												Baijnathpur	
50	49	1	328	302	26	14	11	3	132	127	5	Soghra Adalpur Kundol	
47	47	-	92	85	7	-	-	-	16	16	-	Hurraha	
100	91	9	457	319	138	-	-	-	10	10	-	Sultanpur Bhim	
32	32	-	79	75	4	-	-	-	3	3	-	Bhandiha	
324	313	11	786	763	23	10	5	5	65	62	3	Bisambharpur	
88	86	2	166	164	2	6	6	-	41	32	9	Baijnathpur	
				----------Un-inhabited----------								Baijnathpur	
124	118	6	182	159	23	17	16	1	44	42	2	Khajepur	
90	88	2	131	125	6	11	10	1	35	31	4	Fatehpur Ghaus	
282	250	32	363	251	112	12	11	1	93	82	11	Pojhian	
-	-	-	117	78	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	Bochhan urf Az Rakbe	
												Pojhian	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	Fatehpur Ghauspur	
202	196	6	564	548	16	29	27	2	31	28	3	Samhuti	
342	333	9	706	689	17	39	36	3	109	97	12	Madhopur Chhata	
46	44	2	224	192	32	14	13	1	17	17	-	Belahi Dullah	
109	108	1	319	314	5	20	20	-	15	14	1	Nimahi	
77	76	1	271	204	67	1	1	-	4	4	-	Rupwara	
481	469	12	1,687	1,647	40	25	25	-	63	61	2	Hirauta Duma	
37	37	-	83	81	2	1	1	-	1	1	-	Kurhani	
78	75	3	522	509	13	2	2	-	48	46	2	Hiramma	
7	6	1	30	30	-	-	-	-	10	10	-	Arazi Nankar	
15	14	1	280	232	48	4	4	-	96	94	2	Rampur Khas	
82	78	4	382	366	16	-	-	-	11	11	-	Rewasi	
272	262	10	310	297	13	6	6	-	33	29	4	Pachra	
172	162	10	578	553	25	46	37	9	60	56	4	Athkauni	
312	307	5	498	431	67	13	8	5	159	142	17	Raja Dih	
132	118	14	119	110	9	18	18	-	23	21	2	Az Rakbe Athkauni urf	
												Benipur	
29	26	3	190	167	23	-	-	-	14	11	3	Az Rakbe Raja Dih Barahi	
167	154	13	265	196	69	-	-	-	19	16	3	Basant Param	
541	516	25	897	875	22	16	15	1	201	193	8	Bindraban	
435	416	19	439	352	87	19	9	10	133	120	13	Chhatauni	
91	91	-	57	57	-	-	-	-	4	4	-	Bishunpur Fakira	
53	52	1	433	266	167	-	-	-	3	3	-	Bishunpur Dharanand	
280	268	12	682	635	47	12	12	-	88	86	2	Aura	
				----------Un-inhabited----------								Lalpur	
2	2	-	60	59	1	-	-	-	22	22	-	Bishunpur Bindi	
				----------Un-inhabited----------								Fakapur	
262	253	9	651	622	29	14	10	4	52	47	5	Sonbarsa	

VILLAGE PRIMARY
C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Marginal workers			Industrial category					
					Cultivators			Agricultural labourers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
0005	**Tariani Chowk (Total)**	**10,553**	**5,449**	**5,104**	**1,007**	**478**	**529**	**8,851**	**4,616**	**4,235**
0005	**Tariani Chowk (Rural)**	**10,553**	**5,449**	**5,104**	**1,007**	**478**	**529**	**8,851**	**4,616**	**4,235**
0005	**Tariani Chowk (Urban)**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Tariani Chowk (Rural)									
00292900	Chak Surgahi	172	130	42	6	3	3	166	127	39
00293000	Surgahi	214	198	16	19	16	3	172	163	9
00293100	Kasturia	25	4	21	-	-	-	18	1	17
00293200	Salempur	215	180	35	22	15	7	160	143	17
00293300	Ghorha	13	2	11	-	-	-	13	2	11
00293400	Jagdishpur	95	66	29	21	14	7	71	51	20
00293500	Kothia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
00293600	Mahdewa	194	169	25	2	1	1	179	165	14
00293700	Gularia	----------Un-inhabited----------								
00293800	Kolson Kalan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
00293900	Kop Garh	----------Un-inhabited----------								
00294000	Khurpatti	667	396	271	25	16	9	605	360	245
00294100	Sarwarpur	347	104	243	10	8	2	303	87	216
00294200	Belahi urf Balha Baijnathpur	43	26	17	6	6	-	18	9	9
00294300	Soghra Adalpur Kundol	62	23	39	1	1	-	47	15	32
00294400	Hurraha	23	13	10	-	-	-	8	2	6
00294500	Sultanpur Bhim	2	2	-	1	1	-	1	1	-
00294600	Bhandiha	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
00294700	Bisambharpur	16	13	3	3	1	2	8	7	1
00294800	Baijnathpur	65	29	36	4	3	1	54	20	34
00294900	Baijnathpur	----------Un-inhabited----------								
00295000	Khajepur	52	38	14	9	9	-	31	20	11
00295100	Fatehpur Ghaus	20	7	13	11	2	9	1	1	-
00295200	Pojhian	172	113	59	8	4	4	156	106	50
00295300	Bochhan urf Az Rakbe Pojhian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
00295400	Fatehpur Ghauspur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
00295500	Samhuti	236	21	215	32	5	27	191	10	181
00295600	Madhopur Chhata	352	111	241	43	24	19	295	83	212
00295700	Belahi Dullah	297	176	121	1	1	-	276	156	120
00295800	Nimahi	11	7	4	3	3	-	7	4	3
00295900	Rupwara	59	53	6	11	9	2	43	40	3
00296000	Hirauta Duma	181	62	119	20	14	6	147	42	105
00296100	Kurhani	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
00296200	Hiramma	32	24	8	6	6	-	18	14	4
00296300	Arazi Nankar	15	5	10	1	1	-	14	4	10
00296400	Rampur Khas	104	98	6	8	8	-	84	83	1
00296500	Rewasi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
00296600	Pachra	75	6	69	14	5	9	61	1	60
00296700	Athkauni	336	242	94	51	38	13	263	190	73
00296800	Raja Dih	189	32	157	41	4	37	134	26	108
00296900	Az Rakbe Athkauni urf Benipur	78	26	52	5	2	3	72	23	49
00297000	Az Rakbe Raja Dih Barahi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
00297100	Basant Param	156	61	95	-	-	-	155	61	94
00297200	Bindraban	314	157	157	9	2	7	274	140	134
00297300	Chhatauni	1,557	907	650	185	82	103	1,330	804	526
00297400	Bishunpur Fakira	11	9	2	7	7	-	3	1	2
00297500	Bishunpur Dharanand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
00297600	Aura	48	32	16	8	8	-	28	13	15
00297700	Lalpur	----------Un-inhabited----------								
00297800	Bishunpur Bindi	4	4	-	-	-	-	4	4	-
00297900	Fakapur	----------Un-inhabited----------								
00298000	Sonbarsa	359	147	212	26	13	13	321	125	196

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Tariani Chowk

of marginal workers

Household industry workers			Other workers			Non-workers				Location code
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Name of Village	number
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	2	1
193	**83**	**110**	**502**	**272**	**230**	**105,831**	**41,307**	**64,524**	**Tariani Chowk (Total)**	**0005**
193	**83**	**110**	**502**	**272**	**230**	**105,831**	**41,307**	**64,524**	**Tariani Chowk (Rural)**	**0005**
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**Tariani Chowk (Urban)**	**0005**
									Tariani Chowk (Rural)	
-	-	-	-	-	-	2,437	879	1,558	Chak Surgahi	00292900
17	15	2	6	4	2	1,569	577	992	Surgahi	00293000
7	3	4	-	-	-	1,515	535	980	Kasturia	00293100
7	1	6	26	21	5	2,827	1,078	1,749	Salempur	00293200
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,053	380	673	Ghorha	00293300
2	1	1	1	-	1	1,371	503	868	Jagdishpur	00293400
-	-	-	-	-	-	297	110	187	Kothia	00293500
-	-	-	13	3	10	651	257	394	Mahdewa	00293600
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Gularia	00293700
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,299	499	800	Kolson Kalan	00293800
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Kop Garh	00293900
6	1	5	31	19	12	3,741	1,503	2,238	Khurpatti	00294000
18	2	16	16	7	9	2,262	872	1,390	Sarwarpur	00294100
-	-	-	19	11	8	1,842	646	1,196	Belahi urf Balha Baijnathpur	00294200
4	2	2	10	5	5	1,598	668	930	Soghra Adalpur Kundol	00294300
-	-	-	15	11	4	468	184	284	Hurraha	00294400
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,125	466	659	Sultanpur Bhim	00294500
-	-	-	-	-	-	326	130	196	Bhandiha	00294600
-	-	-	5	5	-	3,385	1,295	2,090	Bisambharpur	00294700
2	2	-	5	4	1	976	406	570	Baijnathpur	00294800
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Baijnathpur	00294900
2	1	1	10	8	2	1,011	379	632	Khajepur	00295000
3	3	-	5	1	4	635	225	410	Fatehpur Ghaus	00295100
1	-	1	7	3	4	1,593	679	914	Pojhian	00295200
-	-	-	-	-	-	172	74	98	Bochhan urf Az Rakbe Pojhian	00295300
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Fatehpur Ghauspur	00295400
12	5	7	1	1	-	1,631	593	1,038	Samhuti	00295500
12	3	9	2	1	1	3,022	1,159	1,863	Madhopur Chhata	00295600
3	2	1	17	17	-	1,116	415	701	Belahi Dullah	00295700
-	-	-	1	-	1	1,297	478	819	Nimahi	00295800
5	4	1	-	-	-	937	369	568	Rupwara	00295900
5	3	2	9	3	6	6,164	2,332	3,832	Hirauta Duma	00296000
-	-	-	-	-	-	378	137	241	Kurhani	00296100
-	-	-	8	4	4	2,102	798	1,304	Hiramma	00296200
-	-	-	-	-	-	152	67	85	Arazi Nankar	00296300
-	-	-	12	7	5	1,428	551	877	Rampur Khas	00296400
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,373	530	843	Rewasi	00296500
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,547	581	966	Pachra	00296600
21	14	7	1	-	1	2,981	1,177	1,804	Athkauni	00296700
2	1	1	12	1	11	2,242	870	1,372	Raja Dih	00296800
-	-	-	1	1	-	746	279	467	Az Rakbe Athkauni urf Benipur	00296900
-	-	-	-	-	-	550	201	349	Az Rakbe Raja Dih Barahi	00297000
-	-	-	1	-	1	825	368	457	Basant Param	00297100
12	3	9	19	12	7	4,623	1,764	2,859	Bindraban	00297200
13	3	10	29	18	11	4,055	1,811	2,244	Chhatauni	00297300
-	-	-	1	1	-	506	196	310	Bishunpur Fakira	00297400
-	-	-	-	-	-	267	102	165	Bishunpur Dharanand	00297500
2	1	1	10	10	-	3,318	1,331	1,987	Aura	00297600
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Lalpur	00297700
-	-	-	-	-	-	219	77	142	Bishunpur Bindi	00297800
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Fakapur	00297900
2	-	2	10	9	1	2,967	1,210	1,757	Sonbarsa	00298000

VILLAGE PRIMARY
C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Area of Village in hectares	Number of households	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
00298100	Az Rakbe Pachra Bansi	61.0	324	1,405	760	645	271	149	122
00298200	Pachra Bansi	15.0	27	98	62	36	13	8	5
00298300	Wake Rakbe Pachra Bansi	42.0	32	153	87	66	25	14	11
00298400	Pachra Bansi Arazi	15.0			----------Un-inhabited----------				
00298500	Pachra Bansi	9.0			----------Un-inhabited----------				
00298600	Tola Tulsinagar	63.0	346	1,459	779	680	301	160	141
00298700	Basarpur urf Nasirpur	105.0	366	1,504	800	704	278	152	126
00298800	Arazi Rakbe Narwara	25.0	62	217	125	92	52	29	23
00298900	Kishunpur Narwara	59.0	84	300	152	148	52	22	30
00299000	Kishunpur urf Narwara	590.0	1,918	8,604	4,539	4,065	1,747	934	813
00299100	Sirsian	117.0	67	300	147	153	59	27	32
00299200	Bariarpur	115.0	201	1,255	674	581	274	140	134
00299300	Toniahi Chak Bhagwati	63.0	168	700	386	314	149	83	66
00299400	Sharifnagar urf Ghauspur	122.0	486	2,104	1,115	989	486	256	230
00299500	Jafarpur urf Sharifnagar	93.0	246	1,370	708	662	341	160	181
00299600	Kishunpur Narwara TolaRamnagar	115.0	170	1,011	525	486	262	134	128
00299700	Manguraha	93.0	321	1,273	680	593	252	138	114
00299800	Paharpur	171.0	287	1,450	785	665	403	211	192
00299900	Jagdishpur	78.0	145	635	320	315	151	70	81
00300000	Lohsurka urf Hamidpur	153.0	331	1,587	843	744	344	177	167
00300100	Ganga Dharampur	141.0	217	1,161	639	522	269	152	117
00300200	Kumhrar	219.0	409	2,572	1,374	1,198	577	292	285
00300300	Nandna	57.0	62	282	159	123	52	21	31
00300400	Ladaura	157.0	559	2,279	1,210	1,069	512	275	237
00300500	Chhapra	857.0	2,566	10,032	5,301	4,731	1,914	1,022	892
00300600	Tajpur	242.0	504	2,390	1,270	1,120	479	233	246

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Tariani Chowk

Scheduled Castes popuation			Scheduled Tribes population			Literates			
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Name of Village
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2
339	194	145	-	-	-	358	229	129	Az Rakbe Pachra Bansi
29	18	11	-	-	-	35	26	9	Pachra Bansi
67	38	29	-	-	-	10	8	2	Wake Rakbe Pachra Bansi
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Pachra Bansi Arazi
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Pachra Bansi
60	29	31	-	-	-	379	296	83	Tola Tulsinagar
172	92	80	-	-	-	343	235	108	Basarpur urf Nasirpur
-	-	-	-	-	-	21	18	3	Arazi Rakbe Narwara
-	-	-	-	-	-	117	78	39	Kishunpur Narwara
1,020	538	482	-	-	-	3,063	2,024	1,039	Kishunpur urf Narwara
28	15	13	-	-	-	139	91	48	Sirsian
323	177	146	-	-	-	267	220	47	Bariarpur
155	87	68	-	-	-	72	43	29	Toniahi Chak Bhagwati
219	118	101	-	-	-	552	402	150	Sharifnagar urf Ghauspur
97	43	54	-	-	-	148	120	28	Jafarpur urf Sharifnagar
123	64	59	-	-	-	180	137	43	Kishunpur Narwara TolaRamnagar
306	155	151	-	-	-	323	207	116	Manguraha
202	102	100	-	-	-	347	283	64	Paharpur
83	37	46	-	-	-	170	108	62	Jagdishpur
245	124	121	-	-	-	291	252	39	Lohsurka urf Hamidpur
150	95	55	-	-	-	251	174	77	Ganga Dharampur
283	137	146	-	-	-	434	286	148	Kumhrar
-	-	-	-	-	-	12	9	3	Nandna
644	340	304	-	-	-	382	299	83	Ladaura
1,599	843	756	-	-	-	2,843	1,838	1,005	Chhapra
640	346	294	-	-	-	476	356	120	Tajpur

VILLAGE PRIMARY
C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Illiterates			Total workers			Main workers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
00298100	Az Rakbe Pachra Bansi	1,047	531	516	472	386	86	367	338	29
00298200	Pachra Bansi	63	36	27	37	29	8	21	19	2
00298300	Wake Rakbe Pachra Bansi	143	79	64	30	27	3	9	9	-
00298400	Pachra Bansi Arazi				----------Un-inhabited----------					
00298500	Pachra Bansi				----------Un-inhabited----------					
00298600	Tola Tulsinagar	1,080	483	597	448	390	58	276	267	9
00298700	Basarpur urf Nasirpur	1,161	565	596	429	386	43	391	373	18
00298800	Arazi Rakbe Narwara	196	107	89	68	60	8	3	1	2
00298900	Kishunpur Narwara	183	74	109	89	83	6	82	76	6
00299000	Kishunpur urf Narwara	5,541	2,515	3,026	2,624	2,111	513	2,112	1,905	207
00299100	Sirsian	161	56	105	81	71	10	77	69	8
00299200	Bariarpur	988	454	534	447	350	97	435	344	91
00299300	Toniahi Chak Bhagwati	628	343	285	465	254	211	281	205	76
00299400	Sharifnagar urf Ghauspur	1,552	713	839	729	585	144	571	527	44
00299500	Jafarpur urf Sharifnagar	1,222	588	634	511	374	137	368	362	6
00299600	Kishunpur Narwara TolaRamnagar	831	388	443	482	296	186	343	229	114
00299700	Manguraha	950	473	477	350	319	31	243	227	16
00299800	Paharpur	1,103	502	601	384	373	11	337	327	10
00299900	Jagdishpur	465	212	253	171	168	3	169	166	3
00300000	Lohsurka urf Hamidpur	1,296	591	705	591	461	130	461	445	16
00300100	Ganga Dharampur	910	465	445	416	312	104	339	296	43
00300200	Kumhrar	2,138	1,088	1,050	964	734	230	672	628	44
00300300	Nandna	270	150	120	102	75	27	87	71	16
00300400	Ladaura	1,897	911	986	655	602	53	585	545	40
00300500	Chhapra	7,189	3,463	3,726	3,322	2,695	627	2,251	2,063	188
00300600	Tajpur	1,914	914	1,000	1,042	733	309	687	626	61

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Tariani Chowk

Industrial category of main workers													
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers			Other workers				
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Name of Village	
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	2	
78	76	2	253	238	15	-	-	-	36	24	12	Az Rakbe Pachra Bansi	
8	8	-	8	7	1	-	-	-	5	4	1	Pachra Bansi	
7	7	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	Wake Rakbe Pachra Bansi	
				----------Un-inhabited----------								Pachra Bansi Arazi	
				----------Un-inhabited----------								Pachra Bansi	
227	222	5	35	32	3	-	-	-	14	13	1	Tola Tulsinagar	
64	62	2	317	302	15	1	1	-	9	8	1	Basarpur urf Nasirpur	
1	-	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	Arazi Rakbe Narwara	
22	20	2	56	53	3	-	-	-	4	3	1	Kishunpur Narwara	
623	589	34	1,134	1,000	134	36	23	13	319	293	26	Kishunpur urf Narwara	
54	53	1	20	13	7	-	-	-	3	3	-	Sirsian	
221	195	26	212	147	65	-	-	-	2	2	-	Bariarpur	
34	20	14	247	185	62	-	-	-	-	-	-	Toniahi Chak Bhagwati	
334	313	21	219	203	16	8	5	3	10	6	4	Sharifnagar urf Ghauspur	
165	165	-	175	171	4	11	11	-	17	15	2	Jafarpur urf Sharifnagar	
135	83	52	164	118	46	8	8	-	36	20	16	Kishunpur Narwara TolaRamnagar	
74	68	6	153	144	9	3	3	-	13	12	1	Manguraha	
32	31	1	303	294	9	1	1	-	1	1	-	Paharpur	
73	72	1	94	92	2	-	-	-	2	2	-	Jagdishpur	
93	91	2	339	326	13	3	3	-	26	25	1	Lohsurka urf Hamidpur	
139	121	18	176	152	24	1	1	-	23	22	1	Ganga Dharampur	
166	163	3	480	445	35	2	1	1	24	19	5	Kumhrar	
63	49	14	24	22	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	Nandna	
214	209	5	345	312	33	5	5	-	21	19	2	Ladaura	
598	571	27	1,438	1,299	139	34	24	10	181	169	12	Chhapra	
40	40	-	639	578	61	1	1	-	7	7	-	Tajpur	

VILLAGE PRIMARY
C D Block -

Location code number	Name of Village	Marginal workers			Industrial category					
					Cultivators			Agricultural labourers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
00298100	Az Rakbe Pachra Bansi	105	48	57	15	5	10	88	42	46
00298200	Pachra Bansi	16	10	6	1	-	1	15	10	5
00298300	Wake Rakbe Pachra Bansi	21	18	3	4	1	3	17	17	-
00298400	Pachra Bansi Arazi	----------Un-inhabited----------								
00298500	Pachra Bansi	----------Un-inhabited----------								
00298600	Tola Tulsinagar	172	123	49	17	15	2	154	108	46
00298700	Basarpur urf Nasirpur	38	13	25	1	1	-	36	11	25
00298800	Arazi Rakbe Narwara	65	59	6	3	3	-	62	56	6
00298900	Kishunpur Narwara	7	7	-	-	-	-	7	7	-
00299000	Kishunpur urf Narwara	512	206	306	24	8	16	428	162	266
00299100	Sirsian	4	2	2	-	-	-	4	2	2
00299200	Bariarpur	12	6	6	-	-	-	8	4	4
00299300	Toniahi Chak Bhagwati	184	49	135	5	-	5	179	49	130
00299400	Sharifnagar urf Ghauspur	158	58	100	41	10	31	111	45	66
00299500	Jafarpur urf Sharifnagar	143	12	131	80	3	77	61	7	54
00299600	Kishunpur Narwara TolaRamnagar	139	67	72	69	34	35	46	23	23
00299700	Manguraha	107	92	15	21	19	2	77	66	11
00299800	Paharpur	47	46	1	5	5	-	42	41	1
00299900	Jagdishpur	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	2	-
00300000	Lohsurka urf Hamidpur	130	16	114	-	-	-	49	-	49
00300100	Ganga Dharampur	77	16	61	6	2	4	71	14	57
00300200	Kumhrar	292	106	186	38	5	33	240	100	140
00300300	Nandna	15	4	11	13	4	9	2	-	2
00300400	Ladaura	70	57	13	24	21	3	45	35	10
00300500	Chhapra	1,071	632	439	21	10	11	1,029	606	423
00300600	Tajpur	355	107	248	-	-	-	347	105	242

CENSUS ABSTRACT
Tariani Chowk

of marginal workers

Household industry workers			Other workers			Non-workers				Location code
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Name of Village	number
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	2	1
1	1	-	1	-	1	933	374	559	Az Rakbe Pachra Bansi	00298100
-	-	-	-	-	-	61	33	28	Pachra Bansi	00298200
-	-	-	-	-	-	123	60	63	Wake Rakbe Pachra Bansi	00298300
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Pachra Bansi Arazi	00298400
			----------Un-inhabited----------						Pachra Bansi	00298500
-	-	-	1	-	1	1,011	389	622	Tola Tulsinagar	00298600
-	-	-	1	1	-	1,075	414	661	Basarpur urf Nasirpur	00298700
-	-	-	-	-	-	149	65	84	Arazi Rakbe Narwara	00298800
-	-	-	-	-	-	211	69	142	Kishunpur Narwara	00298900
11	6	5	49	30	19	5,980	2,428	3,552	Kishunpur urf Narwara	00299000
-	-	-	-	-	-	219	76	143	Sirsian	00299100
-	-	-	4	2	2	808	324	484	Bariarpur	00299200
-	-	-	-	-	-	235	132	103	Toniahi Chak Bhagwati	00299300
2	-	2	4	3	1	1,375	530	845	Sharifnagar urf Ghauspur	00299400
1	1	-	1	1	-	859	334	525	Jafarpur urf Sharifnagar	00299500
-	-	-	24	10	14	529	229	300	Kishunpur Narwara TolaRamnagar	00299600
3	1	2	6	6	-	923	361	562	Manguraha	00299700
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,066	412	654	Paharpur	00299800
-	-	-	-	-	-	464	152	312	Jagdishpur	00299900
-	-	-	81	16	65	996	382	614	Lohsurka urf Hamidpur	00300000
-	-	-	-	-	-	745	327	418	Ganga Dharampur	00300100
2	-	2	12	1	11	1,608	640	968	Kumhrar	00300200
-	-	-	-	-	-	180	84	96	Nandna	00300300
-	-	-	1	1	-	1,624	608	1,016	Ladaura	00300400
7	2	5	14	14	-	6,710	2,606	4,104	Chhapra	00300500
8	2	6	-	-	-	1,348	537	811	Tajpur	00300600

URBAN PRIMARY

Location code number	Name of Town/ Ward	Area of Town/ Ward in square Kilometre	Number of households	Total population (including institutional and houseless population)			Population in the age-group 0-6		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
40301000	**Sheohar (NA)**	**9.33**	**4,194**	**21,262**	**11,317**	**9,945**	**4,456**	**2,301**	**2,155**
0001	Ward No. 1		964	5,344	2,871	2,473	1,094	558	536
0002	Ward No. 2		1,268	5,910	3,098	2,812	1,215	629	586
0003	Ward No. 3		934	4,681	2,470	2,211	987	504	483
0004	Ward No. 4		1,028	5,327	2,878	2,449	1,160	610	550

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Scheduled Castes population			Scheduled Tribes population			Literates			Name of Town/ Ward
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2
3,259	**1,702**	**1,557**	**9**	**8**	**1**	**7,339**	**4,910**	**2,429**	**Sheohar (NA)**
368	201	167	9	8	1	2,179	1,471	708	Ward No. 1
1,511	785	726	-	-	-	1,818	1,229	589	Ward No. 2
18	10	8	-	-	-	1,894	1,211	683	Ward No. 3
1,362	706	656	-	-	-	1,448	999	449	Ward No. 4

URBAN PRIMARY

Location code number	Name of Town/ Ward	Illiterates			Total workers			Main workers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
40301000	**Sheohar (NA)**	**13,923**	**6,407**	**7,516**	**6,459**	**5,550**	**909**	**4,979**	**4,699**	**280**
0001	Ward No. 1	3,165	1,400	1,765	1,509	1,379	130	1,375	1,303	72
0002	Ward No. 2	4,092	1,869	2,223	2,049	1,589	460	1,495	1,380	115
0003	Ward No. 3	2,787	1,259	1,528	1,386	1,189	197	980	925	55
0004	Ward No. 4	3,879	1,879	2,000	1,515	1,393	122	1,129	1,091	38

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Industrial category of main workers												Name of Town/ Ward
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers			Household industry workers			Other workers			
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	2
555	**531**	**24**	**1,901**	**1,797**	**104**	**230**	**202**	**28**	**2,293**	**2,169**	**124**	**Sheohar (NA)**
114	110	4	317	313	4	65	62	3	879	818	61	Ward No. 1
263	247	16	741	682	59	86	64	22	405	387	18	Ward No. 2
70	69	1	263	246	17	30	29	1	617	581	36	Ward No. 3
108	105	3	580	556	24	49	47	2	392	383	9	Ward No. 4

URBAN PRIMARY

Location code number	Name of Town/ Ward	Marginal workers			Industrial category: Cultivators			Industrial category: Agricultural labourers		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
40301000	**Sheohar (NA)**	**1,480**	**851**	**629**	**124**	**29**	**95**	**751**	**421**	**330**
0001	Ward No. 1	134	76	58	4	3	1	39	20	19
0002	Ward No. 2	554	209	345	115	22	93	317	94	223
0003	Ward No. 3	406	264	142	5	4	1	69	52	17
0004	Ward No. 4	386	302	84	-	-	-	326	255	71

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

CENSUS ABSTRACT

of marginal workers

Household industry workers			Other workers			Non-workers			Name of Town/ Ward	Location code number
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	2	1
108	**56**	**52**	**497**	**345**	**152**	**14,803**	**5,767**	**9,036**	**Sheohar (NA)**	**40301000**
25	4	21	66	49	17	3,835	1,492	2,343	Ward No. 1	0001
24	9	15	98	84	14	3,861	1,509	2,352	Ward No. 2	0002
30	16	14	302	192	110	3,295	1,281	2,014	Ward No. 3	0003
29	27	2	31	20	11	3,812	1,485	2,327	Ward No. 4	0004

ANNEXURES

ANNEXURE - I
NUMBER OF VILLAGES UNDER EACH GRAM PANCHAYAT
(C.D.BLOCK WISE)

Name of C.D.Block	Name of Gram Panchayat	Number of villages	Remarks
1	2	3	4
Purnahiya	Adauri	2 (F) + 1 (P)	1 village falls partly
	Bakhar Chandiha	1 (F) + 1 (P)	1 village falls partly
	Basant Jagjiwan	4	
	Basant Patti	4	
	Barahi Jagdish	2	
	Dostia	3	
	Kolhua Thikaha	4	
	Abhirajpur Bairia	5	
Piprarhi	Belwa	5	
	Amwa (North)	1 (P)	1 village falls partly
	Amwa (South)	1 (P)	1 village falls partly
	Basahia Shekh	1 (F) + 1 (P)	1 village falls partly
	Mesaurha	2 (F) + 1 (P)	1 village falls partly
	Kuanwan	3	
	Mohanpur	3	
	Minapur Balha	1	
	Parsauni Baij	4	
	Kamrauli	2	
	Dhankaul	2	
Sheohar	Mali Pokhar Bhinda	3	
	Sugia	2	
	Tajpur	2	
	Khairwa Darap	5	
	Chamanpur	3	
	Sisaula Khurd	8	
	Mathurapur Kahtarwa	4	
	Mirzapur Dhobahi	9	
	Harnahi	6	
	Kursahar	3	
Dumri Katsari	Jahangirpur	5	
	Shampur	4	
	Maksudpur Kararia	1	
	Mahamadpur Katesri	7	
	Phulkaha	3	
	Rohua	4	
	Naya Gaon (West)	2 (F) + 1 (P)	1 village falls partly
	Naya Gaon (East)	2 (F) + 1 (P)	1 village falls partly

ANNEXURE - I (*Concld.*)
NUMBER OF VILLAGES UNDER EACH GRAM PANCHAYAT
(C.D.BLOCK WISE)

Name of C.D.Block	Name of Gram Panchayat	Number of villages	Remarks
1	2	3	4
Tariani Chowk	Hirauta Duma	2	
	Madhopur Chhata	4	
	Pojhian	8	
	Surgahi	5	
	Salempur	4	
	Khortha urf Khurpatti	4	
	Belahi	7	
	Athkauni	4	
	Bindraban	3	
	Chhatauni	6	
	Bisambharpur	4	
	Tariyani Chhapra	1	
	Sonbarsa	8	
	Narwara	3	
	Sharifnagar urf Ghauspur	9	
	Kumhrar	6	
District Total	**53 Panchayats**	**203**	

Note: 'F' denotes whole village and 'P' denotes part village

ANNEXURE - II

ESTIMATE OF CHILD MORTALITY, 1981 AND 1991

		Persons			
State/District	Year	q (1)	q (2)	q (3)	q (5)
Bihar	1991	75	84	86	89
	1981	94	112	125	141
Sitamarhi	1991	100	121	131	145
	1981	100	128	147	163

Here q(1), q(2), q(3) and q(5) denote estimates of child mortality for the different ages 1, 2, 3 and 5 respectively for the children of the district and the state. It is evident that child mortality for the district (from which the district of Sheohar was carved out) for both censuses (1981 & 1991) is in higher-side than the state average.

ANNEXURE - III

VARIOUS MEASURES OF FERTILITY AND MEAN AGE AT MARRIAGE, 1991 CENSUS

	Various fertility measures for all the districts and the state(1991-Census)							
State / District	CBR	TFR	TMFR	GFR	GMFR	Child Woman Ratio	No. of Children ever born per Woman in age group 45-49	Mean age at marriage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bihar	**36.2**	**5.3**	**5.9**	**163.0**	**186.0**	**66.6**	**4.1**	**16.5**
Patna	35.3	5.2	6.0	161.0	189.0	63.5	4.1	16.8
Nalanda	35.1	5.1	5.5	158.0	177.0	63.0	4.0	15.7

ANNEXURE - III (*Concld.*)

VARIOUS MEASURES OF FERTILITY AND MEAN AGE AT MARRIAGE, 1991 CENSUS

	Various fertility measures for all the districts and the state(1991-Census)							
State / District	CBR	TFR	TMFR	GFR	GMFR	Child Woman Ratio	No. of Children ever born per Woman in age group 45-49	Mean age at marriage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bhojpur	32.6	4.9	5.3	149.0	165.0	67.2	3.7	16.9
Rohtas	36.0	5.3	5.7	165.0	180.0	70.7	4.3	13.2
Aurangabad	36.0	5.2	5.7	162.0	180.0	66.5	4.2	15.2
Jehanabad	33.8	4.8	5.2	148.0	164.0	61.1	3.9	15.6
Gaya	36.8	5.4	5.8	166.0	184.0	67.5	4.1	15.1
Nawada	36.2	5.3	5.6	162.0	176.0	64.9	4.0	14.1
Saran	33.8	5.1	5.7	156.0	176.0	71.0	4.1	14.3
Siwan	36.3	5.4	6.1	162.0	186.0	69.2	4.3	16.5
Gopalganj	37.2	5.5	6.2	167.0	188.0	67.4	4.1	15.6
Pashchim Champaran	35.8	5.3	5.8	163.0	177.0	67.1	4.2	16.3
Purba Champaran	30.8	4.6	5.0	140.0	154.0	67.5	3.4	16.6
Sitamarhi	33.7	5.0	5.5	154.0	170.0	65.5	3.9	16.5
Muzaffarpur	34.6	5.1	5.7	157.0	176.0	67.3	4.0	16.6
Vaishali	33.1	5.0	5.5	154.0	169.0	73.7	4.2	17.7
Begusarai	35.7	5.4	5.8	164.0	182.0	68.7	4.3	15.3
Samastipur	33.1	4.8	5.3	151.0	166.0	68.8	3.9	15.5
Darbhanga	38.3	5.5	6.1	171.0	193.0	64.6	4.2	16.5
Madhubani	34.5	4.8	5.2	150.0	164.0	60.2	3.8	15.3
Saharsa	32.6	4.5	4.9	145.0	159.0	63.3	4.1	16.3
Madhepura	32.9	4.7	5.0	147.0	160.0	65.3	3.7	16.4
Purnia	38.1	5.4	6.3	171.0	199.0	67.9	4.4	16.6
Katihar	37.7	5.5	6.4	176.0	208.0	73.1	4.8	16.4
Khagaria	35.0	5.5	5.9	166.0	182.0	68.7	3.9	16.5
Munger	40.6	6.2	6.7	184.0	204.0	66.7	4.2	16.1
Bhagalpur	31.9	4.7	5.2	148.0	165.0	68.5	4.0	16.1
Godda	29.4	4.3	4.8	130.0	147.0	62.6	3.7	15.6
Sahibganj	26.1	3.7	4.3	113.0	135.0	65.1	3.5	15.0
Dumka	30.3	4.1	4.8	127.0	148.0	61.2	3.6	16.3
Deoghar	37.4	5.3	5.8	167.0	185.0	72.4	4.0	15.2
Dhanbad	32.6	4.7	5.7	148.0	175.0	62.0	3.9	17.0
Giridih	37.6	5.2	5.7	165.0	184.0	69.3	4.4	15.3
Hazaribag	34.9	5.0	5.5	159.0	179.0	72.1	4.6	15.5
Palamu	37.2	5.6	6.1	176.0	194.0	80.5	4.8	15.7
Lohardaga	38.5	5.7	6.8	172.0	208.0	67.9	4.6	17.2
Gumla	37.9	5.4	7.2	160.0	211.0	64.0	4.1	17.9
Ranchi	33.9	4.7	6.4	145.0	187.0	60.1	4.0	17.4
Purbi Singhbhum	27.7	3.5	5.0	112.0	147.0	48.6	3.7	17.9
Pashchimi Singhbhum	33.9	4.5	6.5	138.0	192.0	61.0	3.9	18.4
Araria	36.8	5.3	5.9	169.0	190.0	70.0	4.3	16.5
Kishanganj	38.0	5.6	6.9	172.0	221.0	67.7	4.7	17.6

Annexure III shows that the fertility measures (from CBR to GMFR) for 1991 census are lower for Sitamarhi (from which the district of Sheohar was carved out) district than the state. Also the child woman ratio and number of children ever born per woman in age-group 45-49 are lower in the district of Sitamarhi than the state of Bihar.In case of mean age at marriage the district and State figures are the same.

ANNEXURE - IV (A)
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MIGRANTS BY PLACE OF BIRTH, 2001 CENSUS

	Born elsewhere in the district of enumeration			Born in other district of Bihar			Born in Bihar		
State/District	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Bihar	13,662,859	1,303,785	12,359,074	4,532,117	585,005	3,947,112	18,194,976	1,888,790	16,306,186
	(68.4)	(62.0)	(69.1)	(22.7)	(27.8)	(22.1)	(91.0)	(89.8)	(91.2)
Sheohar	50,036	3,485	46,551	65,737	2,080	63,657	115,773	5,565	110,208
	(42.1)	(61.5)	(41.1)	(55.3)	(36.7)	(56.2)	(97.3)	(98.1)	(97.3)

	Born in other states			Born in other countries			Total migrants		
State/District	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Bihar	1,582,339	195,360	1,386,979	211,880	18,501	193,379	19,989,195	2,102,651	17,886,544
	(7.9)	(9.3)	(7.8)	(1.1)	(0.9)	(1.1)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)
Sheohar	1,333	55	1,278	1,859	50	1,809	118,965	5,670	113,295
	(1.1)	(1.0)	(1.1)	(1.6)	(0.9)	(1.6)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)

The growth of population for any area (be it any district or state) is influenced by the pattern of migration (in-migration as well as out-migration). However, for want of data on out-migration from district or state to other districts or other states of the country and to other countries it might not be possible to correctly assess the net impact of migration on growth of population,although such impact may not be much in most of the cases.

It is apparent from Annexure IV(A) that out of 19,989,195 migrants in the State as per place of birth the share of Sheohar district is 118,965, i.e., 0.6 percent of state total.Female migrants out number the male migrants both in the district and the state. In case of migrants born in Bihar there is wide gap between male and female population in absolute number. With respect to percentage figures of born elsewhere in the district of enumeration the district percentage (42.1) is less than the state percentage of (68.4).

When we compare the percentage figures of migrants born in other districts of Bihar it is crystal clear that the district percentage (55.3) is higher than the state percentage (22.7).The percentage figure for born in other states is lower for the district than the state while the percentage figure for born in other countries is higher in the district than the state as per 2001 Census.

ANNEXURE - IV (B)
INTERSTATE MIGRANTS, 2001 CENSUS

Bihar			Sheohar		
Place of Birth	Migrants	Percentage to total Migrants	Place of Birth	Migrants	Percentage to total Migrants
1	2	3	1	2	3
Uttar Pradesh	434,051	27.4	Jharkhand	456	34.2
Jharkhand	339,297	21.4	Uttar Pradesh	278	20.9
Assam	133,758	8.5	West Bengal	198	14.9
West Bengal	126,499	8.0	Assam	160	12.0
Nagaland	101,267	6.4	Madhya Pradesh	77	5.8
Chhatisgargh	90,469	5.7	Maharashtra	23	1.7
Gujarat	65,996	4.2	Delhi	20	1.5
Uttranchal	63,527	4.0	Arunachal Pradesh	19	1.4
Jammu & Kashmir	43,737	2.8	Gujarat	19	1.4
Orissa	42,215	2.7	Karnataka	16	1.2

ANNEXURE - IV (B) (*Concld.*)
INTERSTATE MIGRANTS, 1991 CENSUS

Bihar			Sheohar		
Place of Birth	Migrants	Percentage to total Migrants	Place of Birth	Migrants	Percentage to total Migrants
1	2	3	1	2	3
Maharashtra	38,244	2.4	Punjab	15	1.1
Rajasthan	20,542	1.3	Total for eleven states	1,281	96.1
Haryana	20,505	1.3	Other states	52	3.9
Andhra Pradesh	18,371	1.2	**Total**	**1,333**	**100.0**
Total for fourteen states	1,538,478	97.2			
Other states	43,861	2.8			
Total	**1,582,339**	**100.0**			

Annexure-IV(B) deals with interstate migrants to the district of Sheohar and the state of Bihar. The district received only 0.1 per cent of the migrants from outside the state in comparison to total migrants coming to the state. The State of Uttar Pardesh and Jharkhand have been the major contributor as regards immigration, both to the district and the state. In case of Bihar 14 states, namely Uttar Pardesh, Jharkhand, Assam,West Bengal, Nagaland, Chhatisgarh, Gujarat, Uttranchal, J&k, Orissa, Maharashtra, Rajasthan, Haryana and Andhra Pradesh together account for 15.4 lakh (97.2%) of the 15.8 lakh interstate migrants, Uttar Pradesh and Jharkhand states are prominent in contributing 27.4 and 21.4 percent of migrants respectively to the state in 2001. In respect of Sheohar, of the total of 1,333 interstate migrants, Jharkhand and Uttar Pradesh states contributed 34.2 and 20.9 percent respectively to the district altogather 11 major states contributed 96.1 percent of the total inter state migrants to Sheohar district in 2001.

ANNEXURE - V (A)
MAIN RELIGION AS PER 2001 CENSUS

State/District	P/M/F	Total Population	Hindus	Muslims	Christions	Sikhs	Jains	Buddhists	Other Religions & Persuasions	Religion not Stated
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Bihar	P	82,998,509	69,076,919	13,722,048	53,137	20,780	18,818	16,085	52,905	37,817
			(83.2)	(16.5)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.0)
	M	43,243,795	36,077,374	7,061,908	26,913	11,057	10,220	8,446	27,336	20,541
			(83.4)	(16.3)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.0)
	F	39,754,714	32,999,545	6,660,140	26,224	9,723	8,598	7,639	25,569	17,276
			(83.0)	(16.8)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.0)
Sheohar	P	515,961	435,121	80,076	123	91	118	6	8	418
			(84.3)	(15.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)
	M	273,680	231,935	41,321	74	47	62	3	5	233
			(84.7)	(15.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)
	F	242,281	203,186	38,755	49	44	56	3	3	185
			(83.9)	(16.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)

It is evident from the above Annexure V(A) that Hindus form the bulk of the society both with regard to the district (84.3%) and the state (83.2%) followed by Muslims (16.5% for state and 15.5% for district). Followers of other religions e.g., Christians, Sikhs, Jains, Buddhists, etc., form very small chunk of the society.

ANNEXURE - V (B)

MAIN RELIGION IN DISTRICT AND ITS C.D. BLOCKS AS PER 2001 CENSUS

Serial. Number	District/ C. D. Block	P/ M/ F	Total Population	Hindus	Muslims	Christions	Sikhs	Jains	Buddhists	Other Religions & Persuasions	Religion not Stated
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Sheohar	P	515,961	435,121	80,076	123	91	118	6	8	418
				(84.3)	(15.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)
		M	273,680	231,935	41,321	74	47	62	3	5	233
				(84.7)	(15.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)
		F	242,281	203,186	38,755	49	44	56	3	3	185
				(83.9)	(16.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)
1	Purnahiya	P	71,722	67,375	4,230	64	15	16	3	2	17
				(93.9)	(5.9)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
		M	38,209	35,916	2,225	34	9	10	2	2	11
				(94.0)	(5.8)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
		F	33,513	31,459	2,005	30	6	6	1	0	6
				(93.9)	(6.0)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
2	Piprarhi	P	95,441	74,063	21,199	1	21	13	3	0	141
				(77.6)	(22.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)
		M	50,325	39,347	10,884	1	11	6	1	0	75
				(78.2)	(21.6)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)
		F	45,116	34,716	10,315	0	10	7	2	0	66
				(76.9)	(22.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)
3	Sheohar	P	122,340	100,331	21,885	52	27	33	0	1	11
				(82.0)	(17.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
		M	65,039	53,653	11,316	34	8	20	0	1	7
				(82.5)	(17.4)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
		F	57,301	46,678	10,569	18	19	13	0	0	4
				(81.5)	(18.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
4	Dumri Katsari	P	71,405	59,079	12,247	5	2	18	0	0	54
				(82.7)	(17.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)
		M	37,837	31,515	6,278	4	2	6	0	0	32
				(83.3)	(16.6)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)
		F	33,568	27,564	5,969	1	0	12	0	0	22
				(82.1)	(17.8)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)
5	Tariani Chowk	P	155,053	134,273	20,515	1	26	38	0	5	195
				(86.6)	(13.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)
		M	82,270	71,504	10,618	1	17	20	0	2	108
				(86.9)	(12.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)
		F	72,783	62,769	9,897	0	9	18	0	3	87
				(86.2)	(13.6)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)

Annexure V(B) above shows religion-wise distribution of population of 2001 census. Both, for Sheohar district of Bihar and its C.D. Blocks, Hindus form great chunk of society with 84.3 percent. In various C.D.Blocks of the district, the Hindus and Muslims are the two major religious communities and trends are more or less the same as in case of the district. Purnahiya C.D. Block has the highest proportion of Hindus (93.9%) whereas Piprarhi C.D. Block has the maximum proportion of Muslims (22.2%). Followers of other religions e.g., Christians, Sikhs, Jains, Buddhists, etc., form very small chunk of the society in all the C.D. Blocks of the district.

ANNEXURE - VI (A)

DISTRIBUTION OF MARITAL STATUS OF POPULATION AS PER 2001 CENSUS

State - Bihar

Age group	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total Population			Marital Status			
					Never Married		Married	
		Person	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
All ages	T	82,998,509	43,243,795	39,754,714	24,352,461	18,812,136	17,988,107	19,019,453
	R	74,316,709	38,594,996	35,721,713	21,632,574	16,818,123	16,136,664	17,192,869
	U	8,681,800	4,648,799	4,033,001	2,719,887	1,994,013	1,851,443	1,826,584
0-9	T	23,810,374	12,328,543	11,481,831	12,328,543	11,481,831	0	0
	R	21,746,312	11,252,753	10,493,559	11,252,753	10,493,559	0	0
	U	2,064,062	1,075,790	988,272	1,075,790	988,272	0	0
10-14	T	11,063,777	5,970,201	5,093,576	5,912,248	4,938,677	52,385	145,467
	R	9,879,727	5,336,752	4,542,975	5,282,811	4,397,960	48,838	136,484
	U	1,184,050	633,449	550,601	629,437	540,717	3,547	8,983
15-19	T	7,190,188	4,028,643	3,161,545	3,681,082	1,909,586	342,934	1,242,678
	R	6,263,105	3,508,252	2,754,853	3,178,730	1,582,257	325,263	1,164,274
	U	927,083	520,391	406,692	502,352	327,329	17,671	78,404
20-24	T	6,323,193	3,180,063	3,143,130	1,593,664	299,679	1,574,832	2,820,815
	R	5,560,017	2,753,122	2,806,895	1,274,174	196,998	1,468,248	2,589,692
	U	763,176	426,941	336,235	319,490	102,681	106,584	231,123
25-29	T	5,908,308	2,894,706	3,013,602	467,619	45,905	2,406,851	2,932,168
	R	5,255,133	2,551,836	2,703,297	339,043	28,069	2,194,049	2,643,689
	U	653,175	342,870	310,305	128,576	17,836	212,802	288,479
30-34	T	5,549,787	2,713,871	2,835,916	122,222	20,640	2,561,395	2,756,037
	R	4,960,310	2,411,088	2,549,222	88,930	16,555	2,294,237	2,480,079
	U	589,477	302,783	286,694	33,292	4,085	267,158	275,958
35-39	T	5,077,935	2,576,089	2,501,846	49,040	15,405	2,488,380	2,403,441
	R	4,512,838	2,285,108	2,227,730	39,429	13,095	2,210,029	2,141,323
	U	565,097	290,981	274,116	9,611	2,310	278,351	262,118
40-44	T	4,153,203	2,213,770	1,939,433	24,202	6,399	2,136,574	1,818,123
	R	3,685,237	1,956,198	1,729,039	20,530	5,272	1,886,921	1,621,865
	U	467,966	257,572	210,394	3,672	1,127	249,653	196,258
45-49	T	3,461,664	1,778,368	1,683,296	14,491	3,484	1,705,927	1,548,833
	R	3,063,371	1,562,074	1,501,297	12,478	2,745	1,496,568	1,383,369
	U	398,293	216,294	181,999	2,013	739	209,359	165,464
50-54	T	2,711,041	1,543,620	1,167,421	12,874	3,637	1,446,523	972,784
	R	2,412,224	1,368,429	1,043,795	11,369	3,000	1,279,758	871,112
	U	298,817	175,191	123,626	1,505	637	166,765	101,672
55-59	T	2,069,940	990,011	1,079,929	8,366	2,807	907,436	922,936
	R	1,849,794	874,482	975,312	7,401	2,318	799,770	837,304
	U	220,146	115,529	104,617	965	489	107,666	85,632
60-64	T	2,103,909	1,120,743	983,166	13,754	8,038	970,816	625,740
	R	1,904,233	1,015,297	888,936	12,625	7,223	877,354	567,106
	U	199,676	105,446	94,230	1,129	815	93,462	58,634
65-69	T	1,354,937	683,656	671,281	11,381	7,172	566,110	423,202
	R	1,218,312	613,260	605,052	10,384	6,373	506,281	384,629
	U	136,625	70,396	66,229	997	799	59,829	38,573
70+	T	2,042,428	1,117,606	924,822	38,236	22,571	800,438	382,376
	R	1,843,379	1,011,762	831,617	34,070	19,946	724,141	349,069
	U	199,049	105,844	93,205	4,166	2,625	76,297	33,307
Age not stated	T	177,825	103,905	73,920	74,739	46,305	27,506	24,853
	R	162,717	94,583	68,134	67,847	42,753	25,207	22,874
	U	15,108	9,322	5,786	6,892	3,552	2,299	1,979

ANNEXURE - VI (A) (*Concld.*)

DISTRIBUTION OF MARITAL STATUS OF POPULATION AS PER 2001 CENSUS

State - Bihar

	Total/	Marital Status					
	Rural/	Widowed		Divorced or Separated		Unspecified	
Age group	Urban	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2	10	11	12	13	14	15
All ages	T	882,505	1,887,575	20,722	35,550	0	0
	R	807,078	1,680,053	18,680	30,668	0	0
	U	75,427	207,522	2,042	4,882	0	0
0-9	T	0	0	0	0	0	0
	R	0	0	0	0	0	0
	U	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-14	T	3,364	7,618	2,204	1,814	0	0
	R	3,079	6,904	2,024	1,627	0	0
	U	285	714	180	187	0	0
15-19	T	3,196	6,905	1,431	2,376	0	0
	R	2,941	6,219	1,318	2,103	0	0
	U	255	686	113	273	0	0
20-24	T	9,295	17,257	2,272	5,379	0	0
	R	8,632	15,498	2,068	4,707	0	0
	U	663	1,759	204	672	0	0
25-29	T	17,551	29,985	2,685	5,544	0	0
	R	16,290	26,783	2,454	4,756	0	0
	U	1,261	3,202	231	788	0	0
30-34	T	27,536	53,845	2,718	5,394	0	0
	R	25,463	47,976	2,458	4,612	0	0
	U	2,073	5,869	260	782	0	0
35-39	T	36,369	78,553	2,300	4,447	0	0
	R	33,586	69,566	2,064	3,746	0	0
	U	2,783	8,987	236	701	0	0
40-44	T	51,037	111,347	1,957	3,564	0	0
	R	47,005	98,903	1,742	2,999	0	0
	U	4,032	12,444	215	565	0	0
45-49	T	56,675	128,789	1,275	2,190	0	0
	R	51,892	113,309	1,136	1,874	0	0
	U	4,783	15,480	139	316	0	0
50-54	T	83,128	189,469	1,095	1,531	0	0
	R	76,322	168,363	980	1,320	0	0
	U	6,806	21,106	115	211	0	0
55-59	T	73,568	153,323	641	863	0	0
	R	66,746	134,939	565	751	0	0
	U	6,822	18,384	76	112	0	0
60-64	T	135,474	348,345	699	1,043	0	0
	R	124,701	313,674	617	933	0	0
	U	10,773	34,671	82	110	0	0
65-69	T	105,757	240,422	408	485	0	0
	R	96,234	213,622	361	428	0	0
	U	9,523	26,800	47	57	0	0
70+	T	278,026	519,077	906	798	0	0
	R	252,776	461,904	775	698	0	0
	U	25,250	57,173	131	100	0	0
Age not	T	1,529	2,640	131	122	0	0
stated	R	1,411	2,393	118	114	0	0
	U	118	247	13	8	0	0

ANNEXURE - VI (B)

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MARITAL STATUS OF POPULATION AS PER 2001 CENSUS

State - Bihar

Age group	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total Population			% of Marital Status on total population									
					Never Married		Married		Widowed		Divorced or Separated		Unspecified	
		Person	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
All ages	T	82,998,509	43,243,795	39,754,714	56.3	47.3	41.6	47.8	2.0	4.7	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	74,316,709	38,594,996	35,721,713	56.1	47.1	41.8	48.1	2.1	4.7	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	8,681,800	4,648,799	4,033,001	58.5	49.4	39.8	45.3	1.6	5.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
0-9	T	23,810,374	12,328,543	11,481,831	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	R	21,746,312	11,252,753	10,493,559	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	U	2,064,062	1,075,790	988,272	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10-14	T	11,063,777	5,970,201	5,093,576	99.0	97.0	0.9	2.9	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	R	9,879,727	5,336,752	4,542,975	99.0	96.8	0.9	3.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	U	1,184,050	633,449	550,601	99.4	98.2	0.6	1.6	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15-19	T	7,190,188	4,028,643	3,161,545	91.4	60.4	8.5	39.3	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	6,263,105	3,508,252	2,754,853	90.6	57.4	9.3	42.3	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	927,083	520,391	406,692	96.5	80.5	3.4	19.3	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
20-24	T	6,323,193	3,180,063	3,143,130	50.1	9.5	49.5	89.7	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
	R	5,560,017	2,753,122	2,806,895	46.3	7.0	53.3	92.3	0.3	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
	U	763,176	426,941	336,235	74.8	30.5	25.0	68.7	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
25-29	T	5,908,308	2,894,706	3,013,602	16.2	1.5	83.1	97.3	0.6	1.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
	R	5,255,133	2,551,836	2,703,297	13.3	1.0	86.0	97.8	0.6	1.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
	U	653,175	342,870	310,305	37.5	5.7	62.1	93.0	0.4	1.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0
30-34	T	5,549,787	2,713,871	2,835,916	4.5	0.7	94.4	97.2	1.0	1.9	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
	R	4,960,310	2,411,088	2,549,222	3.7	0.6	95.2	97.3	1.1	1.9	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
	U	589,477	302,783	286,694	11.0	1.4	88.2	96.3	0.7	2.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0
35-39	T	5,077,935	2,576,089	2,501,846	1.9	0.6	96.6	96.1	1.4	3.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
	R	4,512,838	2,285,108	2,227,730	1.7	0.6	96.7	96.1	1.5	3.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
	U	565,097	290,981	274,116	3.3	0.8	95.7	95.6	1.0	3.3	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0
40-44	T	4,153,203	2,213,770	1,939,433	1.1	0.3	96.5	93.7	2.3	5.7	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
	R	3,685,237	1,956,198	1,729,039	1.0	0.3	96.5	93.8	2.4	5.7	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
	U	467,966	257,572	210,394	1.4	0.5	96.9	93.3	1.6	5.9	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0
45-49	T	3,461,664	1,778,368	1,683,296	0.8	0.2	95.9	92.0	3.2	7.7	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	3,063,371	1,562,074	1,501,297	0.8	0.2	95.8	92.1	3.3	7.5	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	398,293	216,294	181,999	0.9	0.4	96.8	90.9	2.2	8.5	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
50-54	T	2,711,041	1,543,620	1,167,421	0.8	0.3	93.7	83.3	5.4	16.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	2,412,224	1,368,429	1,043,795	0.8	0.3	93.5	83.5	5.6	16.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	298,817	175,191	123,626	0.9	0.5	95.2	82.2	3.9	17.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
55-59	T	2,069,940	990,011	1,079,929	0.8	0.3	91.7	85.5	7.4	14.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	1,849,794	874,482	975,312	0.8	0.2	91.5	85.8	7.6	13.8	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	220,146	115,529	104,617	0.8	0.5	93.2	81.9	5.9	17.6	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
60-64	T	2,103,909	1,120,743	983,166	1.2	0.8	86.6	63.6	12.1	35.4	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	1,904,233	1,015,297	888,936	1.2	0.8	86.4	63.8	12.3	35.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	199,676	105,446	94,230	1.1	0.9	88.6	62.2	10.2	36.8	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
65-69	T	1,354,937	683,656	671,281	1.7	1.1	82.8	63.0	15.5	35.8	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	1,218,312	613,260	605,052	1.7	1.1	82.6	63.6	15.7	35.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	136,625	70,396	66,229	1.4	1.2	85.0	58.2	13.5	40.5	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
70+	T	2,042,428	1,117,606	924,822	3.4	2.4	71.6	41.3	24.9	56.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	1,843,379	1,011,762	831,617	3.4	2.4	71.6	42.0	25.0	55.5	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	199,049	105,844	93,205	3.9	2.8	72.1	35.7	23.9	61.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
Age not stated	T	177,825	103,905	73,920	71.9	62.6	26.5	33.6	1.5	3.6	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
	R	162,717	94,583	68,134	71.7	62.7	26.7	33.6	1.5	3.5	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
	U	15,108	9,322	5,786	73.9	61.4	24.7	34.2	1.3	4.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0

ANNEXURE - VI (C)

DISTRIBUTION OF MARITAL STATUS OF POPULATION AS PER 2001 CENSUS

District - Sheohar

Age group	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total Population			Marital Status									
					Never Married		Married		Widowed		Divorced or Separated		Unspecified	
		Person	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
All ages	T	515,961	273,680	242,281	150,660	111,206	116,784	118,945	6,102	11,999	134	131	0	0
	R	494,699	262,363	232,336	144,235	106,468	112,107	114,311	5,887	11,436	134	121	0	0
	U	21,262	11,317	9,945	6,425	4,738	4,677	4,634	215	563	0	10	0	0
0-9	T	149,634	78,760	70,874	78,760	70,874	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	R	143,401	75,523	67,878	75,523	67,878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	U	6,233	3,237	2,996	3,237	2,996	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-14	T	65,826	36,525	29,301	36,168	28,551	304	671	29	65	24	14	0	0
	R	62,984	34,940	28,044	34,593	27,315	296	654	27	62	24	13	0	0
	U	2,842	1,585	1,257	1,575	1,236	8	17	2	3	0	1	0	0
15-19	T	40,056	23,437	16,619	21,227	9,229	2,177	7,339	25	46	8	5	0	0
	R	38,258	22,350	15,908	20,211	8,803	2,106	7,057	25	43	8	5	0	0
	U	1,798	1,087	711	1,016	426	71	282	0	3	0	0	0	0
20-24	T	38,687	19,584	19,103	8,264	1,055	11,224	17,916	79	115	17	17	0	0
	R	37,084	18,755	18,329	7,854	1,001	10,806	17,203	78	109	17	16	0	0
	U	1,603	829	774	410	54	418	713	1	6	0	1	0	0
25-29	T	36,674	18,349	18,325	2,181	173	16,025	17,997	130	142	13	13	0	0
	R	35,143	17,573	17,570	2,062	164	15,371	17,257	127	137	13	12	0	0
	U	1,531	776	755	119	9	654	740	3	5	0	1	0	0
30-34	T	35,335	17,476	17,859	742	161	16,501	17,413	219	262	14	23	0	0
	R	33,869	16,752	17,117	714	156	15,810	16,691	214	251	14	19	0	0
	U	1,466	724	742	28	5	691	722	5	11	0	4	0	0
35-39	T	31,962	16,619	15,343	412	101	15,917	14,826	276	398	14	18	0	0
	R	30,633	15,925	14,708	403	96	15,238	14,216	270	379	14	17	0	0
	U	1,329	694	635	9	5	679	610	6	19	0	1	0	0
40-44	T	26,634	14,373	12,261	219	34	13,753	11,601	391	612	10	14	0	0
	R	25,561	13,769	11,792	212	32	13,173	11,163	374	584	10	13	0	0
	U	1,073	604	469	7	2	580	438	17	28	0	1	0	0
45-49	T	22,130	11,491	10,639	154	15	10,914	9,938	417	676	6	10	0	0
	R	21,235	11,022	10,213	151	15	10,464	9,545	401	644	6	9	0	0
	U	895	469	426	3	0	450	393	16	32	0	1	0	0
50-54	T	17,235	10,036	7,199	118	22	9,269	5,976	644	1,196	5	5	0	0
	R	16,510	9,624	6,886	118	22	8,883	5,726	618	1,133	5	5	0	0
	U	725	412	313	0	0	386	250	26	63	0	0	0	0
55-59	T	13,107	6,047	7,060	98	29	5,472	6,071	473	955	4	5	0	0
	R	12,588	5,790	6,798	95	29	5,237	5,872	454	892	4	5	0	0
	U	519	257	262	3	0	235	199	19	63	0	0	0	0
60-64	T	14,091	7,726	6,365	134	61	6,600	3,861	984	2,441	8	2	0	0
	R	13,604	7,464	6,140	133	60	6,374	3,754	949	2,324	8	2	0	0
	U	487	262	225	1	1	226	107	35	117	0	0	0	0
65-69	T	8,457	4,164	4,293	116	35	3,346	2,641	700	1,617	2	0	0	0
	R	8,153	4,019	4,134	113	35	3,231	2,553	673	1,546	2	0	0	0
	U	304	145	159	3	0	115	88	27	71	0	0	0	0
70+	T	12,862	6,935	5,927	322	154	4,901	2,329	1,706	3,439	6	5	0	0
	R	12,425	6,710	5,715	319	153	4,737	2,259	1,648	3,298	6	5	0	0
	U	437	225	212	3	1	164	70	58	141	0	0	0	0
Age not stated	T	3,271	2,158	1,113	1,745	712	381	366	29	35	3	0	0	0
	R	3,251	2,147	1,104	1,734	709	381	361	29	34	3	0	0	0
	U	20	11	9	11	3	0	5	0	1	0	0	0	0

ANNEXURE - VI (D)

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MARITAL STATUS OF POPULATION AS PER 2001 CENSUS

District - Sheohar

Age group	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total Population			% of Marital Status on total population									
					Never Married		Married		Widowed		Divorced or Separated		Unspecified	
		Person	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
All ages	T	515,961	273,680	242,281	55.0	45.9	42.7	49.1	2.2	5.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	494,699	262,363	232,336	55.0	45.8	42.7	49.2	2.2	4.9	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	21,262	11,317	9,945	56.8	47.6	41.3	46.6	1.9	5.7	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
0-9	T	149,634	78,760	70,874	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	R	143,401	75,523	67,878	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	U	6,233	3,237	2,996	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10-14	T	65,826	36,525	29,301	99.0	97.4	0.8	2.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
	R	62,984	34,940	28,044	99.0	97.4	0.8	2.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
	U	2,842	1,585	1,257	99.4	98.3	0.5	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
15-19	T	40,056	23,437	16,619	90.6	55.5	9.3	44.2	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	R	38,258	22,350	15,908	90.4	55.3	9.4	44.4	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	U	1,798	1,087	711	93.5	59.9	6.5	39.7	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
20-24	T	38,687	19,584	19,103	42.2	5.5	57.3	93.8	0.4	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	37,084	18,755	18,329	41.9	5.5	57.6	93.9	0.4	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	1,603	829	774	49.5	7.0	50.4	92.1	0.1	0.8	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
25-29	T	36,674	18,349	18,325	11.9	0.9	87.3	98.2	0.7	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	35,143	17,573	17,570	11.7	0.9	87.5	98.2	0.7	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	1,531	776	755	15.3	1.2	84.3	98.0	0.4	0.7	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
30-34	T	35,335	17,476	17,859	4.2	0.9	94.4	97.5	1.3	1.5	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	33,869	16,752	17,117	4.3	0.9	94.4	97.5	1.3	1.5	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	1,466	724	742	3.9	0.7	95.4	97.3	0.7	1.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0
35-39	T	31,962	16,619	15,343	2.5	0.7	95.8	96.6	1.7	2.6	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	30,633	15,925	14,708	2.5	0.7	95.7	96.7	1.7	2.6	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	1,329	694	635	1.3	0.8	97.8	96.1	0.9	3.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
40-44	T	26,634	14,373	12,261	1.5	0.3	95.7	94.6	2.7	5.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	25,561	13,769	11,792	1.5	0.3	95.7	94.7	2.7	5.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	1,073	604	469	1.2	0.4	96.0	93.4	2.8	6.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
45-49	T	22,130	11,491	10,639	1.3	0.1	95.0	93.4	3.6	6.4	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	21,235	11,022	10,213	1.4	0.1	94.9	93.5	3.6	6.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	895	469	426	0.6	0.0	95.9	92.3	3.4	7.5	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
50-54	T	17,235	10,036	7,199	1.2	0.3	92.4	83.0	6.4	16.6	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	16,510	9,624	6,886	1.2	0.3	92.3	83.2	6.4	16.5	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	725	412	313	0.0	0.0	93.7	79.9	6.3	20.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
55-59	T	13,107	6,047	7,060	1.6	0.4	90.5	86.0	7.8	13.5	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	12,588	5,790	6,798	1.6	0.4	90.4	86.4	7.8	13.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	519	257	262	1.2	0.0	91.4	76.0	7.4	24.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
60-64	T	14,091	7,726	6,365	1.7	1.0	85.4	60.7	12.7	38.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
	R	13,604	7,464	6,140	1.8	1.0	85.4	61.1	12.7	37.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
	U	487	262	225	0.4	0.4	86.3	47.6	13.4	52.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
65-69	T	8,457	4,164	4,293	2.8	0.8	80.4	61.5	16.8	37.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	R	8,153	4,019	4,134	2.8	0.8	80.4	61.8	16.7	37.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	U	304	145	159	2.1	0.0	79.3	55.3	18.6	44.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
70+	T	12,862	6,935	5,927	4.6	2.6	70.7	39.3	24.6	58.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	R	12,425	6,710	5,715	4.8	2.7	70.6	39.5	24.6	57.7	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	U	437	225	212	1.3	0.5	72.9	33.0	25.8	66.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Age not stated	T	3,271	2,158	1,113	80.9	64.0	17.7	32.9	1.3	3.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
	R	3,251	2,147	1,104	80.8	64.2	17.7	32.7	1.4	3.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
	U	20	11	9	100.0	33.3	0.0	55.6	0.0	11.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

It is quite evident from above annexures that Sheohar district as well as the state have a relatively higher proportion of never married males and married females. This may be attributed to the fact that women enter into marital knot at comparatively younger ages than males. As against 56.3 and 55.0 percentages of never married males in Bihar state and Sheohar district respectively, the corresponding percentages among married females are 47.8 and 49.1.

While analyzing marital status by broad age groups one finds that married females outnumber married males in the age group 10-14 suggesting that child marriage among females is more prevalent than males. However, it is interesting to note that the proportion of married males and females in the age group 10-14 or 0-14 is comparatively less in Sheohar district. It is also found that child marriage is more prevalent in rural areas of the state and the district than urban areas.

It is also significant to note that the proportion of never married females in Sheohar district and state as a whole in the age group 15-19 and above is much lower than the never married males. The proportion of divorced or separated males and females is significantly low in Sheohar district as also in Bihar state.

ANNEXURE - VII (A)

AGE, SEX AND EDUCATION IN THE STATE, 2001 CENSUS

State - Bihar

	Total Population			Illiterate		Literate without educational level		Below Primary	
Age group	Person	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
All ages	82,998,509	43,243,795	39,754,714	22,599,419	29,289,513	1,109,731	605,318	4,754,137	3,136,192
0-6	16,806,063	8,652,705	8,153,358	8,652,705	8,153,358	0	0	0	0
7-14	18,068,088	9,646,039	8,422,049	3,726,031	4,482,669	155,813	108,779	3,432,307	2,360,457
15-19	7,190,188	4,028,643	3,161,545	1,230,814	1,620,461	119,187	77,752	258,974	162,054
20-24	6,323,193	3,180,063	3,143,130	1,008,021	1,984,439	116,049	77,583	146,223	111,029
25-29	5,908,308	2,894,706	3,013,602	1,044,780	2,050,645	110,162	70,259	132,771	101,505
30-44	14,780,925	7,503,730	7,277,195	3,283,034	5,463,712	289,216	146,787	359,822	225,043
45-59	8,242,645	4,311,999	3,930,646	1,996,002	3,206,666	171,406	69,431	222,485	107,543
60+	5,501,274	2,922,005	2,579,269	1,607,825	2,275,150	116,746	44,007	195,609	64,824
Age not stated	177,825	103,905	73,920	50,207	52,413	31,152	10,720	5,946	3,737

	Primary		Middle		Matriculation and above		Unclassified	
Age group	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
All ages	5,130,917	3,203,792	3,012,151	1,378,075	6,623,397	2,137,192	14,043	4,632
0-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7-14	1,748,790	1,114,575	581,492	354,390	0	0	1,606	1,179
15-19	684,881	436,177	742,937	357,417	990,809	506,981	1,041	703
20-24	411,640	314,679	349,150	172,368	1,147,169	482,370	1,811	662
25-29	354,771	277,177	253,017	128,337	997,276	385,079	1,929	600
30-44	930,051	628,277	590,380	239,142	2,046,840	573,199	4,387	1,035
45-59	574,565	302,391	323,834	93,987	1,021,321	150,281	2,386	347
60+	420,299	127,222	168,110	31,060	412,554	36,908	862	98
Age not stated	5,920	3,294	3,231	1,374	7,428	2,374	21	8

ANNEXURE - VII (B)

AGE, SEX AND EDUCATION IN THE DISTRICT, 2001 CENSUS

District - Sheohar

	Total Population			Illiterate		Literate without educational level		Below Primary	
Age group	Person	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
All ages	515,961	273,680	242,281	174,905	196,612	9,008	4,305	24,445	14,261
0-6	106,442	55,551	50,891	55,551	50,891	0	0	0	0
7-14	109,018	59,734	49,284	30,364	31,527	1,366	888	17,591	10,840
15-19	40,056	23,437	16,619	10,629	10,385	787	456	1,509	641
20-24	38,687	19,584	19,103	9,491	14,259	788	486	866	572
25-29	36,674	18,349	18,325	9,565	14,348	802	466	770	437
30-44	93,931	48,468	45,463	28,802	37,758	2,159	973	1,858	966
45-59	52,472	27,574	24,898	16,766	21,482	1,166	502	993	503
60+	35,410	18,825	16,585	12,827	15,126	882	365	789	260
Age not stated	3,271	2,158	1,113	910	836	1,058	169	69	42

	Primary		Middle		Matriculation and above		Unclassified	
Age group	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
All ages	26,079	15,370	13,017	5,308	26,221	6,409	5	16
0-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7-14	8,272	4,829	2,140	1,195	0	0	1	5
15-19	3,845	2,179	3,109	1,371	3,558	1,584	0	3
20-24	2,458	1,716	1,685	658	4,296	1,410	0	2
25-29	2,098	1,429	1,203	549	3,911	1,093	0	3
30-44	4,690	3,068	2,648	990	8,311	1,705	0	3
45-59	2,742	1,523	1,425	388	4,481	500	1	0
60+	1,915	584	792	148	1,617	102	3	0
Age not stated	59	42	15	9	47	15	0	0

ANNEXURE - VII (C)

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF LITERATES BY DIFFERENT LEVEL OF EDUCATION, 2001 CENSUS

State- Bihar

Age group	Total Population			% of Illiterate to total population		Percentage distribution of literates by different level of education: Literate without educational level		Below Primary	
	Person	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
All ages	82,998,509	43,243,795	39,754,714	52.3	73.7	5.4	5.8	23.0	30.0
0-6	16,806,063	8,652,705	8,153,358	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7-14	18,068,088	9,646,039	8,422,049	38.6	53.2	2.6	2.8	58.0	59.9
15-19	7,190,188	4,028,643	3,161,545	30.6	51.3	4.3	5.0	9.3	10.5
20-24	6,323,193	3,180,063	3,143,130	31.7	63.1	5.3	6.7	6.7	9.6
25-29	5,908,308	2,894,706	3,013,602	36.1	68.0	6.0	7.3	7.2	10.5
30-44	14,780,925	7,503,730	7,277,195	43.8	75.1	6.9	8.1	8.5	12.4
45-59	8,242,645	4,311,999	3,930,646	46.3	81.6	7.4	9.6	9.6	14.9
60+	5,501,274	2,922,005	2,579,269	55.0	88.2	8.9	14.5	14.9	21.3
Age not stated	177,825	103,905	73,920	48.3	70.9	58.0	49.8	11.1	17.4

Age group	Percentage distribution of literates by different level of education: Primary		Middle		Matriculation and above		Unclassified	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
All ages	24.9	30.6	14.6	13.2	32.1	20.4	0.1	0.0
0-6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7-14	29.5	28.3	9.8	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15-19	24.5	28.3	26.6	23.2	35.4	32.9	0.0	0.0
20-24	19.0	27.2	16.1	14.9	52.8	41.6	0.1	0.1
25-29	19.2	28.8	13.7	13.3	53.9	40.0	0.1	0.1
30-44	22.0	34.6	14.0	13.2	48.5	31.6	0.1	0.1
45-59	24.8	41.8	14.0	13.0	44.1	20.8	0.1	0.0
60+	32.0	41.8	12.8	10.2	31.4	12.1	0.1	0.0
Age not stated	11.0	15.3	6.0	6.4	13.8	11.0	0.0	0.0

ANNEXURE - VII (D)

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF LITERATES BY DIFFERENT LEVEL OF EDUCATION, 2001 CENSUS

District - Sheohar

Age group	Total Population			% of Illiterate to total population		Percentage distribution of literates by different level of education: Literate without educational level		Below Primary	
	Person	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
All ages	515,961	273,680	242,281	63.9	81.2	9.1	9.4	24.7	31.2
0-6	106,442	55,551	50,891	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7-14	109,018	59,734	49,284	50.8	64.0	4.7	5.0	59.9	61.0
15-19	40,056	23,437	16,619	45.4	62.5	6.1	7.3	11.8	10.3
20-24	38,687	19,584	19,103	48.5	74.6	7.8	10.0	8.6	11.8
25-29	36,674	18,349	18,325	52.1	78.3	9.1	11.7	8.8	11.0
30-44	93,931	48,468	45,463	59.4	83.1	11.0	12.6	9.4	12.5
45-59	52,472	27,574	24,898	60.8	86.3	10.8	14.7	9.2	14.7
60+	35,410	18,825	16,585	68.1	91.2	14.7	25.0	13.2	17.8
Age not stated	3,271	2,158	1,113	42.2	75.1	84.8	61.0	5.5	15.2

Age group	Percentage distribution of literates by different level of education: Primary		Middle		Matriculation and above		Unclassified	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
All ages	26.4	33.7	13.2	11.6	26.5	14.0	0.0	0.0
0-6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7-14	28.2	27.2	7.3	6.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15-19	30.0	35.0	24.3	22.0	27.8	25.4	0.0	0.0
20-24	24.4	35.4	16.7	13.6	42.6	29.1	0.0	0.0
25-29	23.9	35.9	13.7	13.8	44.5	27.5	0.0	0.1
30-44	23.8	39.8	13.5	12.8	42.3	22.1	0.0	0.0
45-59	25.4	44.6	13.2	11.4	41.5	14.6	0.0	0.0
60+	31.9	40.0	13.2	10.1	27.0	7.0	0.1	0.0
Age not stated	4.7	15.2	1.2	3.2	3.8	5.4	0.0	0.0

Literacy is one of the important demographic characteristics. Apart from collecting data on number of literate, the level, nature and type of education attained by the literates are also ascertained. The concept of literacy adopted in the census has already been explained in the beginning of this publication.

A proper index for measuring literacy is proportion of literate and educated persons to the total population. The literacy rate for Bihar (excluding the population in the age-group 0-6 years) at the time of 2001census was 47.0. Male literates greatly out numbered female literates as the literacy rate for males, according to 2001 census, was 59.7 while for females the literacy rate was only to the extent of 33.1 percent.

The overall literacy rate for the district of Sheohar, according to 2001 census was only 35.3 percent, about 12 percentage points less than the state average. Male literates in the district accounted for 45.3 percent whereas female literates constituted only 23.9 percent

of the total population. The literacy rates for males and females in Sheohar district are lower than the corresponding figures for Bihar state.

Annexures VII(A),VII(B),VII(C) and VII(D) furnish informations regarding absolute number of illiterates in Bihar state and Sheohar district as also percentage distribution of literates by different level of education by different age-groups are also provided.

A breakup of literate population by various educational levels of 2001 census shows that 28.4 percent males and 35.8 percent females in the state were literate including below primary but had not attained any specific level of education. 24.9 percent males and 30.6 percent females in the state had crossed the primary standard, 14.6 percent males and 13.2 percent females had passed the middle examination while 32.1 percent males and 20.4 percent females in the State were matriculates and above. The contrast between males and females was significant among matriculates and above as the percentage of female literates who had passed the matriculation and above examination were about 12 percentage points less than literate males population.

According to 2001 census the proportion of literates by different levels of education in Sheohar district remained higher in lower levels upto Primary standard and remained lower in higher standards from Middle to Matriculation and above.

ANNEXURE - VIII
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MAJOR MOTHER TONGUES AS RETURNED IN CENSUS-2001 FOR STATE & DISTRICT

Bihar			Sheohar		
Mother Tongue	Population	Percentage	Mother Tongue	Population	Percentage
1	2	3	1	2	3
Bhojpuri	20,372,983	24.5	Hindi	226,830	44.0
Hindi	14,524,035	17.5	Urdu	64,035	12.4
Magadhi/Magahi	12,132,383	14.6	Maithili	1,472	0.3
Maithili	11,830,684	14.3	Bhojpuri	626	0.1
Urdu	9,457,544	11.4	Mundari	367	0.1
Surjapuri	928,458	1.1	Persian	231	0.0
Bengali	442,352	0.5	Ho	47	0.0
Santali	382,866	0.5	Arabic/Arbi	19	0.0
Kurukh/Oraon	57,952	0.1	Bengali	17	0.0
Marwari	27,152	0.0	Santali	9	0.0
Total of other mother tongues	12,842,100	15.5	Total of other mother tongues	222,308	43.1
Total Population	**82,998,509**	**100.0**	**Total Population**	**515,961**	**100.0**

Mother tongue, which is medium of expression, is an important attribute of population. The Census Of India has been the richest source of language data collected and published during the successive decennial censuses over a century. During 2001 census, as in the previous censuses, the mother tongue as returned by each individual was collected.

Annexure VIII presents distribution of different mother tongues as returned during the 2001 Census both for Sheohar district and Bihar state.

It can be seen from the above annexure that Hindi language as mother tongue constitutes the major proportion of the population in Sheohar district where as Bhojpuri has been the mother tongue in the state of Bihar. Hindi, the main mother tongue of the district was returned by 44.0 percent of the population. The corresponding percentage for the Urdu, the second most prominent mother tongue in Sheohar district, is12.4. Hindi has got the second place in the state with 17.5 percent.

DATA SOURCE FOR ANNEXURES - I TO VIII

ANNEXURE - I: CHARGE REGISTER & COVERAGE FILE OF 2001 CENSUS

ANNEXURE - II: OCCASIONAL PAPER - 1 OF 1997

ANNEXURE - III: OCCASIONAL PAPER - 1 OF 1997

ANNEXURE - IV: D-SERIES TABLES OF 2001 CENSUS

ANNEXURE -V: C-SERIES TABLES OF 2001 CENSUS

ANNEXURE - VI: C-SERIES TABLES OF 2001 CENSUS

ANNEXURE - VII: C-SERIES TABLES OF CENSUS

ANNEXURE - VIII: C-SERIES TABLES OF 2001 CENSUS

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