CENSUS OF INDIA 2001

SERIES-22 **ORISSA**

DISTRICT CENSUS HANDBOOK

Part - A & B

MAYURBHANJ DISTRICT

VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY

✧

VILLAGE AND TOWNWISE PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

लोकाभिमुख
PEOPLE ORIENTED

Manoranjan Saran
of the Indian Administrative Service
Director of Census Operations, Orissa

Product Code
??? Cen-2001



CHHAU DANCE

The world famous Mayurbhanj CHHAU DANCE has the uniqueness of physical vigour, exuberance and animated facial expression in its presentation unlike Purulia or Sadheikela Chhau, where the dancers use mask. This dance form has elements of folk, tribal, martial and classical art. The orchestra accompanying this dance are mostly “Mohuri”, “Chadachadi”, “Dhol “ and “Dhumsa”, etc., occasionally with vocal rendition also. The snippets from epics like “Ramayan” and “Mahabharat” are usually presented through this dance form along with some folk and tribal-lore also.

The grammar of Mayurbhanj Chhau comprises six “Topkas” (Basic step) and thirty six “Uflis” (jumping locomotion which resembles house-chore activities, animal behaviour and war actions, etc. Mayurbhanj Chhau dance has more than 200 items in its repertoire which is the highest among other dance forms in the world. This form of dance is presented in solo as well as duet and group items. Some of the famous among them are “Dandi”, Nataraj, Panda-jodi, Sambhu-Nishambhu, Kirat- Arjun, Dasabatar and Kailash *leela* etc.

Both the rehearsal and presentation of this dance on stage starts with invocation of Lord Bhairab, the presiding deity. Mayurbhanj Chhau Nrutya Pratisthan is the chief patron which is looking after its promotion and upliftment.

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Foreword

The District Census Handbook (DCHB) published by Census Organisation since 1951 census, is one of the important publications in the context of planning and development at grass-root level. The publication, which is brought out for each district, contains several demographic and socio-economic characteristics village-wise and town-wise of the district alongwith the status of availability of civic amenities, infrastructural facilities, etc.

2. The scope of the DCHB was initially confined to a few Census Tables and Primary Census Abstract (PCA) of each village and town within the district. Thereafter, at successive censuses, its scope and coverage has been enlarged. The DCHB published at the 1961 census provided a descriptive account of the district, administrative statistics, census tables and a village and town directory including PCA. The 1971 census-DCHB series was in three parts: Part-A related to village and town directory, Part-B to village and town PCA and Part-C comprised analytical report, administrative statistics, district census tables and certain analytical tables based on PCA and amenity data in respect of villages. The 1981 census DCHB was in two parts: Part-A contained village and town directory and Part-B the PCA of village and town including the SCs and STs PCA up to tahsil/town levels. New features alongwith restructuring of the formats of village and town directory were added into it. In Village Directory, all amenities except electricity were brought together and if any amenity was not available in the referent village, the distance in broad ranges from the nearest place having such an amenity, was given. Information on new items such as adult literacy centers, primary health sub-centres and community health workers in the village were provided so as to meet the requirements of some of the Revised Minimum Needs Programme. Information on approach to the village was provided for the first time in the Village Directory so as to give the details on number of inaccessible village in each district. In the Town Directory, a statement (IV-A) on slums was introduced to provide the details on civic and other amenities in the notified slums of Class I and Class II towns.

3. The 1991 census DCHB, by and large, followed the pattern of presentation of 1981 census, except the format of PCA was restructured. Nine-fold industrial classification presented in the 1981 census. In addition, sex-wise population on 0-6 age group was included in the PCA for the first time with a view to enable the data users to compile more realistic literacy rate as all children below 7 years of age had been treated as illiterate at the time of 1991 census. One of the important innovations in the 1991 census was the Community Development Block (CD block) level presentation of village directory and PCA data instead of the traditional tahsil/taluk/PS level presentation. It was expected that the presentation of village directory and PCA data at CD block level will help the planners in formulation of micro level development plans, CD block being lowest administrative unit.

4. The present series of 2001 census DCHBs have been made more informative and exhaustive in terms of coverage and content. The Village Directory has been enlarged in scope by including a number of other facilities like banking, recreational and cultural facilities, newspapers and magazines and 'most important commodity' manufactured in village. Income and expenditure of gram panchayat, wherever possible, has been provided. Apart from these, more details on distance(s) at which basic amenities are available (if not available in the village), are given. This includes educational facilities (namely primary and middle schools and college), medical facilities (viz. Allopathic Hospital, Maternity & Child Welfare Centre and Primary Health Centre), drinking water, post & telegraph (post office and phone), communication, bank, credit societies and recreational

facilities. In Town Directory, the statement on Slums has been modified and its coverage enlarged by including details on all slums instead of 'notified slums". The information is given in case of all statutory towns irrespective of their class, against only Class I and Class II towns in the 1981 and 1991 censuses. The basic amenities available in the villages and towns are analysed in depth with the help of a number of cross-classified inset tables and statements. Two other significant additions in the publication are inclusion of 'motif' highlighting significant characteristic of the district and analytical notes as annexures. The analytical notes on (i) fertility and mortality and (ii) various measures of fertility and mean age at marriage are prepared based on 1991 Census. Whereas, in the notes relating to (i) percentage distribution of migrants by place of birth/place of last residence, (ii) main religions, (iii) marital status of population, (iv) age, sex and education, and (v) distribution of spectrum of mother tongue, nature and extent of changes occurred in the district in its basic socio demographic features during the decade 1991-2001 are analysed. The eight digits permanent location code (PLCN) to all the villages and towns have been assigned keeping in view the future needs.

5. The village and town level amenity data have been collected, compiled and computerized in prescribed record structure under the supervision of Shri Manoranjan Saran, Director of Census Operations, Orissa. Thereafter, effort have been made to ensure comparability of the information with that of 1991 census data and the information brought out by the respective state governments in their annual reports and statistical handbooks for various years after 1991. The task of planning, designing and coordination of this publication was carried out by Shri R.G.Mitra, Deputy Registrar General (C & T) and Dr. I.C. Agrawal, Senior Research Officer of Social Studies Division. Dr. R.P. Singh, Deputy Registrar General (Map) provided the technical guidance in the preparation of maps. Whereas, Shri Anil Kumar Arora, Deputy Director of Data Processing Division who worked under the overall supervision of Shri Himakar, Addl. Director (EDP) helped in preparation of record structure for computerisation of village and town directory data and the programme for the generation of Village Directory and Town Directory statements including analytical inset tables. The draft DCHB manuscripts received from the Census Directorates have been scrutinized in the Social Studies Division under the guidance of Shri S.L.Jain, Deputy Director and Shri R.K.Mehta, Assistant Director. I am thankful to all of them and others who have contributed to make this publication possible.

New Delhi
Dated: 17.10.2006

D.K.Sikri
Registrar General &
Census Commissioner, India

Preface

The District Census Handbook (DCHB) brought out by the Census Organisation after each Census is one of the most valuable and important publications providing grass root level data in order to cater to the needs and aspiration of the people at large. The publication is compiled and prepared for each district of the state by the Census organization on behalf of the State Government. It not only contains the numeric figures relating to the people in villages and towns but also gives a clear picture on the quality of their life. These publications are widely used by the State Government functionaries at the district level as well as other levels for planning, development and administrative purposes in addition to a large cross-section of data users, academicians, scholars, researchers and other non-governmental agencies who derive maximum utility of these publications. The Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India in his foreword has highlighted the improvements in the publication brought out from time to time since its inception.

As per 2001 Census publication programme, it has been proposed to publish the District Census Handbook in two parts i.e. Part A – Village and Town Directory and Part B – Village and Town Primary Census Abstract. Part A of the publication contains information on basic amenities available to the villagers and land use data supported by a number of tables and its analysis on non-census data for villages and towns. Part B of the publication on the other hand contains details census data for villages and towns in the form of Primary Census Abstract. The contents and coverage of the publication have been designed in a uniform manner by the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India. By and large, the manner of presentation of DCHBs of the 2001 Census is similar to the 1991 Census. However, the publications have been made more informative and exhaustive keeping at par with the changes in socio-economic scenario of the nation and the requirement of the data users. It is hoped that the publication would be helpful to the planners, administrators in formulating micro level developmental planning.

The collection and compilation of such a huge data was indeed a formidable task requiring crusader's zeal on the part of different functionaries. Information on amenities and land use data for Village Directory has been collected from the Tahsildars while the Chief Executive Officers of the Municipal Corporations and Executive Officers of the Municipalities and Notified Area Councils have provided the information for towns. Data collected as such have been cross-checked with the help of the official data collected from various Departments/Organisations like Reserve Bank of India, Department of Post, Government of India, Directorate of Health Services and Directorate of Indian System of Medicine & Homeopathy, Directorate of Higher Education etc; Government of Orissa. Though all types of efforts have been taken for removal of discrepancies in the figures, yet the possibility of some error still creeping into them cannot be altogether ruled out.

Till 1991 Census, The Director of Census Operations had the responsibility for providing data whereas its publication was the responsibility of the State Government. However, this time the publication is being brought out by the Govt. of India. The publication will also be made available for the first time in electronic format to the numerous data users.

I express my deep gratitude to Shri J.K. Banthia, IAS, Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India, Shri R.G. Mitra, Deputy Registrar General (C & T) and Dr. I.C.Agrawal, Sr. Research Officer of Social Studies Division and other officers of the Registrar General's office for their valuable guidance in preparing this volume.

I am grateful to the departments of the Govt. of Orissa, Heads of Departments, Collectors and other district officers, Tahasildars, Block Develoment Officers, Chief Executive Officers and Executive Officers of the towns who have extended their cooperation and help for collecting such voluminous and useful data. I am also grateful to the authorities of Reserve Bank of India and Postal Department for providing requisite data.

I would be failing in my duty, unless I acknowledge the important role played by my colleagues, who have been associated with the project one way or the other, for their sincere efforts to bring out this publication.

Manoranjan Saran
Director of Census Operations,
Orissa

Bhubaneswar
January, 2004

Acknowledgement

Editing and Supervision

1	Shri D. Behera	Deputy Director
2	Shri A.K.Samal	Deputy Director
3	Shri P. Tripathy	Assistant Director
4	Shri Pravakar Barad	Assistant Director
5	Shri U. C. Lal	Assistant Director

Village and Town Directory Units

1	Shri A. C. Samantaray	S. I. Gr.I
2	Shri D. C. Sahoo	S. I. Gr.I
3	Shri B. M. Patnaik	S. I. Gr.I
4	Shri Niren Shome	S. I. Gr.I
5	Shri A. C. Behera	S. I. Gr.II
6	Shri Tapanesh Ray	S. I. Gr.II
7	Shri C. R. Mishra	S. I. Gr.II
8	Shri P. K. Das	S. I. Gr.II
9	Shri R. C. Das	S. I. Gr.II
10	Shri A. K. Patnaik	S. I. Gr.II
11	Shri D. K. Bose	S. I. Gr.II
12	Shri Sunaram Mahali	S. I. Gr.II
13	Shri Niranjan Panda	S. I. Gr.III
14	Shri K. R. Tripathy	S. I. Gr.III
15	Shri A. K. Dey	S. I. Gr.III
16	Shri P. K. Mishra	S. I. Gr.III
17	Shri S. N. Mohapatra	S. I. Gr.III
18	Shri M. A. Majid	S. I. Gr.III
19	Shri B. C. Mohapatra	S. I. Gr.III
20	Shri S. S. Roy	S. I. Gr.III
21	Shri Sanatan Naik	S. I. Gr.III
22	Shri N. C. Das	S. I. Gr.III
23	Shri R.N. Mishra	S. I. Gr.III
24	Shri S. N. Seth	S. I. Gr.III
25	Shri Babu Padhy	Assistant
26	Shri B. K. Rath	Compiler
27	Shri P. K. Padhi	L. D. C.

Programming and Data Processing

1	Shri Padarbinda Rath	DPA Gr. 'A'

C. R. C. Preparation

1	Shri Nabin Chandra Sahu	Stenographer Gr.III
2	Shri Debendra Kumar Mohapatra	DEO Gr.'B'
3	Shri Akshaya Ku. Mohapatra	DEO Gr.'B'
4	Shri Gora Chand Sahoo	DEO Gr.'B'
5	Shri Madan Mohan Behera	DEO Gr.'B'
6	Shri Santosh Ku. Acharya	DEO Gr.'B'

P. C. A. Unit

1	Shri D. Sethy	S. I. Gr.I
2	Shri J. Pati	S.I. Gr.II
3	Shri R. K. Palley	S. I. Gr.II
4	Shri S. K. Dutta	S. I. Gr.II
5	Shri A. K. Jena	S. I. Gr.III
6	Shri S. K. Kabisatpathy	S. I. Gr.III
7	Shri K. C. Padhi	S. I. Gr.III
8	Shri Niranjan Sahoo	S. I. Gr.III
9	Shri P. K. Sahu	S. I. Gr.III
10	Shri Sk. S. Hussain	S. I. Gr.III
11	Shri Sridhar Nayak	S. I. Gr.III
12	Shri Maheswar Nayak	S. I. Gr.III
13	Shri R. C. Singh	S. I. Gr.III
14	Shri Sankarsan Barik	S. I. Gr.III
15	Shri Pramoda Patnaik	Compiler

Map Unit Supervision

1	Shri J. P. Rout	Research Officer (Map)

Preparation of Maps

1	Shri T. S. Khadatkar	Sr. Geographer
2	Shri M. N. Das	Sr. Drawing Assistant
3	Shri R. N. Tiyu	Geographer
4	Shri S. Mulia	Sr. Draftsman
5	Shri S. C. Mallik	Sr. Draftsman
6	Shri S. K. Nayak	Sr. Draftsman
7	Shri D. K. Pradhan	Sr. Draftsman
8	Shri G. N. Mohapatra	Sr. Draftsman
9	Shri P. K. Ray	Draftsman
10	Shri J.N. Acharya	Draftsman
11	Shri P. K. Behera	Draftsman
12	Shri G. C. Nayak	HPMO
13	Shri P. K. Das	HPMO

In-house Printing

1	Shri B. K. Sahu	STA (Ptg.)
2	Shri D. N. Mishra	Printing Inspector
3	Smt. M. Panda	Proof Reader

District Highlights - 2001 Census

1. Mayurbhanj is the largest district in terms of size and 3rd highest in terms of population.
2. Mayurbhanj is the 22nd urbanized district in the state having about 7.00 per cent of its population living in urban areas while about 14.99 per cent of states population live in urban areas.
3. In terms of population per sq. km., Mayurbhanj is 15th densely populated district in the state.
4. Mayurbhanj has 14th rank in terms of sex ratio in the state.
5. There are only 202 uninhabited villages in the district whereas not a single village is having a population of more than 5000.
6. Bahalda, a police station headquarters, is the most populated village (4865) in the district.
7. The economy of the district is mainly dependent upon cultivation. Out of each 100 workers in the district 66 workers are engaged in agricultural sector.
8. Jashipur police station is having the highest number of villages (265) in the district and Baripada Town police station is having lowest number of villages (13) in the district.

Important statistics in the district

				ORISSA		Mayurbhanj
NUMBER OF VILLAGES		Total		51,349		3,950
		Inhabited		47,529		3,748
		Uninhabited		3,820		202
NUMBER OF TOWNS		Statutory Towns		107		4
		Census Towns		31		0
NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS		Total		7,738,065		472,123
		Institutional		17,915		1,438
		Houseless		13,044		395
POPULATION	TOTAL	Persons		36,804,660		2,223,456
		Males		18,660,570		1,123,200
		Females		18,144,090		1,100,256
	RURAL	Persons		31,287,422		2,067,756
		Males		15,748,970		1,041,057
		Females		15,538,452		1,026,699
	URBAN	Persons		5,517,238		155,700
		Males		2,911,600		82,143
		Females		2,605,638		73,557
PERCENTAGE URBAN POPULATION				14.99		7.00
			Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
DECADAL POPULATION GROWTH 1991-2001		Persons	5,144,924	16.25	338,876	17.98
		Males	2,596,424	16.16	171,017	17.96
		Females	2,548,500	16.34	167,859	18.00
AREA (in sq. km.)				155,707		10,418
DENSITY OF POPULATION (persons per square kilometre)				236		213
SEX RATIO (number of females per 1000 males)		Total		972		980
		Rural		987		986
		Urban		895		895
			Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
LITERATES		Persons	19,837,055	63.08	964,860	51.91
		Males	11,992,333	75.35	616,003	65.76
		Females	7,844,722	50.51	348,857	37.84
SCHEDULED CASTE POPULATION		Persons	6,082,063	16.53	170,835	7.68
		Males	3,073,278	16.47	85,844	7.64
		Females	3,008,785	16.58	84,991	7.72
SCHEDULED TRIBE POPULATION		Persons	8,145,081	22.13	1,258,459	56.60
		Males	4,066,783	21.79	631,149	56.19
		Females	4,078,298	22.48	627,310	57.01

Important statistics in the district

		ORISSA		Mayurbhanj	
WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS					
		Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
TOTAL WORKERS (MAIN + MARGINAL)	Persons	14,276,488	38.79	1,027,797	46.23
	Males	9,802,006	52.53	588,954	52.44
	Females	4,474,482	24.66	438,843	39.89
(I) MAIN WORKERS	Persons	9,589,269	26.05	618,457	27.82
	Males	8,004,740	42.90	456,747	40.66
	Females	1,584,529	8.73	161,710	14.70
(II) MARGINAL WORKERS	Persons	4,687,219	12.74	409,340	18.41
	Males	1,797,266	9.63	132,207	11.77
	Females	2,889,953	15.93	277,133	25.19
(III) NON-WORKERS	Persons	22,528,172	61.21	1,195,659	53.77
	Males	8,858,564	47.47	534,246	47.56
	Females	13,669,608	75.34	661,413	60.11
CATEGORY OF WORKERS (MAIN & MARGINAL)					
(I) CULTIVATORS	Persons	4,247,661	29.75	287,338	27.96
	Males	3,347,691	34.15	215,722	36.63
	Females	899,970	20.11	71,616	16.32
(II) AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS	Persons	4,999,104	35.02	394,328	38.37
	Males	2,587,196	26.39	180,881	30.71
	Females	2,411,908	53.90	213,447	48.64
(III) WORKERS IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY	Persons	701,563	4.91	149,124	14.51
	Males	320,011	3.26	40,972	6.96
	Females	381,552	8.53	108,152	24.64
(IV) OTHER WORKERS	Persons	4,328,160	30.32	197,007	19.17
	Males	3,547,108	36.19	151,379	25.70
	Females	781,052	17.46	45,628	10.40

Definition of Census Town : -

All places which satisfy or are expected to satisfy the following criteria are treated as Census Towns:-

i) A minimum population of 5,000;

ii) At least 75 per cent of the male working population are engaged in non-agricultural pursuits, and

iii) A density of population of at least 400 per square kilometre (1,000 per square mile).

Ranking of police stations in the district

Mayurbhanj (07)

Sl No.	In terms of	Tiring 01		Bahalda 02		Gorumahisani 03		Rairangpur 04		Rairangpur Town 05	
		Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Total Population	87,308	11	92,891	8	44,423	26	73,189	16	44,565	25
2	Total area (in sq. kms.)	316.8	13	349.2	11	304.5	15	254.6	20	83.87	27
3	Density of population per sq. km	276	12	266	14	146	22	287	11	531	2
4	Sex-Ratio	1015	5	1013	6	1024	1	1021	3	971	18
5	Proportion Urban	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	49.13	2
6	Proportion Scheduled Castes	6.15	18	5.38	21	5.31	23	7.01	12	7.58	10
7	Proportion Scheduled Tribes	70.63	4	62.92	13	75.03	2	60.92	14	33.61	28
8	Proportion Literates	47.94	20	50.7	16	43.31	25	48.61	19	69.8	1
9	Work participation rate (Main + Marginal Workers)	48.73	11	48.74	10	52.7	1	50.04	6	35.75	26
10	Percentage of villages having primary school	92.31	3	92.06	4	68.55	16	86.96	5	93.02	2
11	Percentage of villages having primary Health Sub-Centre	16.15	7	20.63	2	8.87	26	17.39	4	9.3	25
12	Percentage of villages having well	96.15	6	92.86	12	83.06	20	91.3	15	97.67	3
13	Percentage of villages having Post Office	10.77	26	15.08	15	9.68	27	12.17	21	11.63	23
14	Percentage of villages having bus facility	13.85	23	15.87	21	11.29	26	20.87	16	37.21	4
15	Percentage of villages having approach by pucca road	15.38	28	50.79	9	18.55	26	29.57	23	55.81	7
16	Percentage of villages having Electricity for domestic use	63.08	6	46.03	19	25.81	25	65.22	5	88.37	1
17	Percentage of villages having forest area	69.23	23	65.87	25	73.39	21	90.43	6	93.02	4
18	Percentage of villages having irrigated area	6.92	28	10.32	27	61.29	5	60.87	6	81.4	1

Ranking of police stations in the district

Mayurbhanj (07)

Sl No.	In terms of	Badampahar 06		Bisoi 07		Bangiriposi 08		Jharpokharia 09		Chandua 10		Koliana 11	
		Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank
1	2	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
1	Total Population	56,678	23	66,183	20	92,468	9	88,509	10	56,770	22	72,405	17
2	Total area (in sq. kms.)	220.3	24	378.9	9	682	4	544.2	6	209.2	25	240.1	21
3	Density of population per sq. km	257	17	175	20	136	23	163	21	271	13	302	9
4	Sex-Ratio	1019	4	1012	7	976	15	949	24	956	23	974	17
5	Proportion Urban	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5
6	Proportion Scheduled Castes	6.21	17	5.21	24	5.36	22	6.1	19	3.82	27	5.12	25
7	Proportion Scheduled Tribes	66.92	9	67.87	6	68	5	56.54	17	57.92	16	66.7	10
8	Proportion Literates	48.71	18	47.39	21	46.38	22	52.31	12	49.94	17	50.77	15
9	Work participation rate (Main + Marginal Workers)	49.33	9	48.06	13	46.72	15	43.75	22	48.54	12	44.3	21
10	Percentage of villages having primary school	95.06	1	67.59	18	54.46	27	62.3	23	55.56	26	53.8	28
11	Percentage of villages having primary Health Sub-Centre	17.28	5	11.03	19	10.8	21	10.93	20	11.11	18	11.11	18
12	Percentage of villages having well	77.78	21	48.97	28	57.75	27	93.99	10	91.45	14	94.15	9
13	Percentage of villages having Post Office	14.81	16	11.72	22	14.55	17	20.77	9	18.8	12	15.2	14
14	Percentage of villages having bus facility	7.41	27	20.69	17	11.74	25	31.15	7	17.09	20	15.79	22
15	Percentage of villages having approach by pucca road	29.63	22	81.38	2	32.39	19	34.97	17	45.3	12	30.41	21
16	Percentage of villages having Electricity for domestic use	41.98	20	31.72	23	36.62	22	53.01	13	46.15	18	50.88	14
17	Percentage of villages having forest area	80.25	15	93.1	3	86.85	11	74.32	20	87.18	9	77.19	17
18	Percentage of villages having irrigated area	39.51	11	12.41	25	45.07	9	10.93	26	15.38	23	38.6	12

Ranking of police stations in the district

Mayurbhanj (07)

Sl No.	In terms of	Baripada Sadar 12		Baripada Town 13		Suliapada 14		Muruda 15		Betanati 16		Rasagobindapur 17	
		Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank
1	2	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
1	Total Population	76,226	15	9,963	28	77,762	14	70,123	19	80,105	13	83,632	12
2	Total area (in sq. kms.)	846.98	2	11.4	28	293.5	16	225.2	23	265.7	19	236.1	22
3	Density of population per sq. km	90	27	878	1	265	15	311	8	301	10	354	7
4	Sex-Ratio	960	22	935	25	974	17	988	11	977	14	978	13
5	Proportion Urban	0	5	56.7	1	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5
6	Proportion Scheduled Castes	4.42	26	6.49	16	6.62	14	10.89	4	5.96	20	6.65	13
7	Proportion Scheduled Tribes	67.44	8	58.7	15	41.2	27	41.36	26	45.45	24	53.52	20
8	Proportion Literates	44.22	24	59.5	2	53.65	7	52.83	10	55	5	54.76	6
9	Work participation rate (Main + Marginal Workers)	47.19	14	32.4	27	51.71	2	51.37	3	49.71	8	42.18	25
10	Percentage of villages having primary school	65.41	20	62.5	22	70.97	15	71.93	13	71.67	14	66.46	19
11	Percentage of villages having primary Health Sub-Centre	14.29	11	12.5	16	12.9	15	14.91	9	11.67	17	10.37	23
12	Percentage of villages having well	90.98	16	62.5	25	100	1	96.49	5	98.33	2	93.29	11
13	Percentage of villages having Post Office	22.56	6	12.5	20	20	10	27.19	4	29.17	3	16.46	13
14	Percentage of villages having bus facility	27.82	9	25	12	20.65	18	22.81	13	25	12	37.8	3
15	Percentage of villages having approach by pucca road	42.86	14	87.5	1	16.13	27	50	10	56.67	6	39.63	16
16	Percentage of villages having Electricity for domestic use	50.38	15	50	16	61.94	8	50	16	47.5	17	75.61	2
17	Percentage of villages having forest area	70.68	22	12.5	28	94.84	2	88.6	7	75.83	19	67.68	24
18	Percentage of villages having irrigated area	33.08	17	75	3	14.84	24	33.33	16	36.67	15	45.12	8

Ranking of police stations in the district

Mayurbhanj (07)

Sl No.	In terms of	Baisinga 18		Barsahi 19		Khunta 20		Udala 21		Kaptipada 22		Sharata 23	
		Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank
1	2	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
1	Total Population	103,432	4	118,972	1	112,878	2	95,018	6	70,131	18	61,750	21
2	Total area (in sq. kms.)	277.1	17	327	12	272	18	480.7	7	177.8	26	308.9	14
3	Density of population per sq. km	373	5	364	6	415	3	198	19	394	4	200	18
4	Sex-Ratio	967	19	966	20	983	12	975	16	964	21	976	15
5	Proportion Urban	0	5	0	5	0	5	12.33	4	0	5	0	5
6	Proportion Scheduled Castes	9.08	5	8.22	8	7.67	9	6.58	15	8.32	7	1.69	28
7	Proportion Scheduled Tribes	42.16	25	50.86	21	65.54	12	67.79	7	47.04	23	80.95	1
8	Proportion Literates	53.59	8	52.54	11	51.17	13	51.02	14	57.21	3	28.97	28
9	Work participation rate (Main + Marginal Workers)	42.98	24	45.23	20	46.32	16	46.02	17	43.44	23	50.18	4
10	Percentage of villages having primary school	64.29	21	77.37	11	79.17	10	84.3	7	81.82	8	80.77	9
11	Percentage of villages having primary Health Sub-Centre	13.27	12	15.79	8	12.96	14	18.18	3	16.16	6	25	1
12	Percentage of villages having well	84.69	19	95.26	8	97.22	4	86.78	18	95.96	7	76.92	23
13	Percentage of villages having Post Office	22.96	5	21.05	8	19.91	11	29.75	2	22.22	7	30.77	1
14	Percentage of villages having bus facility	32.65	6	28.42	8	39.35	2	25.62	11	34.34	5	42.31	1
15	Percentage of villages having approach by pucca road	39.8	15	29.47	24	47.69	11	72.73	3	44.44	13	34.62	18
16	Percentage of villages having Electricity for domestic use	75.51	3	55.79	11	57.87	10	62.81	7	54.55	12	9.62	27
17	Percentage of villages having forest area	65.31	26	79.47	16	81.48	14	85.12	12	91.92	5	98.08	1
18	Percentage of villages having irrigated area	37.24	14	28.95	19	42.59	10	65.29	4	77.78	2	30.77	18

Ranking of police stations in the district

Mayurbhanj (07)

Sl No.	In terms of	Mahuldiha 24		Thakurmunda 25		Karanjia 26		Jashipur 27		Raruan 28	
		Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank
1	2	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58
1	Total Population	39,435	27	50,680	24	102,831	5	106,935	3	93,190	7
2	Total area (in sq. kms.)	388.44	8	621.56	5	822.64	3	884.8	1	359.8	10
3	Density of population per sq. km	102	26	82	28	125	24	121	25	259	16
4	Sex-Ratio	1023	2	1002	9	974	17	998	10	1008	8
5	Proportion Urban	0	5	0	5	20.85	3	0	5	0	5
6	Proportion Scheduled Castes	7.34	11	21.99	1	13.48	2	8.41	6	12.71	3
7	Proportion Scheduled Tribes	73.28	3	55.52	18	54.62	19	65.62	11	50.64	22
8	Proportion Literates	33.05	27	41.87	26	55.87	4	46.16	23	53.49	9
9	Work participation rate (Main + Marginal Workers)	49.76	7	48.54	12	45.69	19	50.09	5	46.01	18
10	Percentage of villages having primary school	67.74	17	60.91	25	73.38	12	61.81	24	86.18	6
11	Percentage of villages having primary Health Sub-Centre	12.9	15	10	24	12.99	13	10.63	22	14.47	10
12	Percentage of villages having well	77.42	22	72.73	24	87.66	17	57.87	26	92.11	13
13	Percentage of villages having Post Office	12.9	19	10.91	25	13.64	18	11.42	24	21.05	8
14	Percentage of villages having bus facility	20.97	14	20.91	15	18.18	19	11.81	24	26.32	10
15	Percentage of villages having approach by pucca road	24.19	25	54.55	8	65.58	4	31.5	20	57.24	5
16	Percentage of villages having Electricity for domestic use	22.58	26	26.36	24	61.69	9	40.16	21	66.45	4
17	Percentage of villages having forest area	87.1	10	87.27	8	64.29	27	83.46	13	76.32	18
18	Percentage of villages having irrigated area	16.13	22	37.27	13	52.6	7	22.44	21	23.03	20

STATEMENT- 1

NAME OF THE HEADQUARTERS OF DISTRICT / TAHASIL, THEIR RURAL-URBAN STATUS AND DISTANCE FROM DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS, 2001

Serial number	Name of District/Tahasil	Name of District / Tahasil headquarters	Whether Urban/Rural	Distance from tahsil headquarters to district headquarters by road (in km.)
1	2	3	4	5
1	**MAYURBHANJ**	Baripada	Urban	0
	Tahasils			
1	Bahalda	Bahalda	Rural	101
2	Rairangpur	Rairangpur	Urban	83
3	Baripada	Baripada	Urban	0
4	Rasagobindapur	Rasagobindapur	Rural	38
5	Betanati	Betanati	Rural	28
6	Barsahi	Barsahi	Rural	38
7	Udala	Udala	Urban	43
8	Karanjia	Karanjia	Urban	122
9	Raruan	Raruan	Rural	118

STATEMENT- 2

NAME OF THE HEADQUARTERS OF DISTRICT / C.D.BLOCK, THEIR RURAL - URBAN STATUS AND DISTANCE FROM DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS, 2001

Serial number	Name of District / C. D. Block	Name of District / C.D.Block headquarters	Whether Urban/Rural	Distance from C.D.Block headquarters to district headquarters by road (in km.)
1	2	3	4	5
1	**MAYURBHANJ**	Baripada	Urban	0
	C.D.Block			
1	Tiring	Tiring	Rural	119
2	Bahalda	Bahalda	Rural	101
3	Jamda	Jamda	Rural	97
4	Rairangpur	Rairangpur	Urban	83
5	Bijatola	Bijatola	Rural	68
6	Kusumi	Kusumi	Rural	103
7	Bisoi	Bisoi	Rural	53
8	Jashipur	Jashipur	Rural	94
9	Raruan	Raruan	Rural	118
10	Sukruli	Sukruli	Rural	146
11	Karanjia	Karanjia	Urban	122
12	Thakurmunda	Thakurmunda	Rural	160
13	Kaptipada	Kaptipada	Rural	52
14	Udala	Udala	Urban	43
15	Gopabandhunagar	Gopabandhunagar	Rural	-
16	Khunta	Khunta	Rural	27
17	Shamakhunta	Shamakhunta	Rural	10
18	Bangriposi	Bangriposi	Rural	35
19	Saraskana	Saraskana	Rural	48
20	Koliana	Koliana	Rural	29
21	Suliapada	Suliapada	Rural	30
22	Baripada	Baripada	Urban	0
23	Barsahi	Barsahi	Rural	38
24	Betanati	Betanati	Rural	28
25	Rasagobindapur	Rasagobindapur	Rural	38
26	Muruda	Muruda	Rural	26

STATEMENT-3

POPULATION OF THE DISTRICT AT EACH CENSUS FROM 1901 TO 2001

District	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Census Year	Persons	Males	Females	Decadal population variation	
						Absolute	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
MAYURBHANJ	Total	1901	610,383	303,266	307,117		
		1911	729,218	362,570	366,648	118,835	19.47
		1921	754,314	374,319	379,995	25,096	3.44
		1931	889,603	442,378	447,225	135,289	17.94
		1941	984,741	491,129	493,612	95,138	10.69
		1951	1,028,825	514,051	514,774	44,084	4.48
		1961	1,204,043	604,756	599,287	175,218	17.03
		1971	1,434,200	721,914	712,286	230,157	19.12
		1981	1,581,873	795,364	786,509	147,673	10.30
		1991	1,884,580	952,183	932,397	302,707	19.14
		2001	2,223,456	1,123,200	1,100,256	338,876	17.98
	Rural	1901	604,770	300,117	304,653		
		1911	723,250	359,240	364,010	118,480	19.59
		1921	748,125	370,873	377,252	24,875	3.44
		1931	883,410	438,865	444,545	135,285	18.08
		1941	976,460	486,338	490,122	93,050	10.53
		1951	1,019,548	508,724	510,824	43,088	4.41
		1961	1,175,623	589,057	586,566	156,075	15.31
		1971	1,394,249	700,198	694,051	218,626	18.60
		1981	1,491,335	746,421	744,914	97,086	6.96
		1991	1,768,331	890,093	878,238	276,996	18.57
		2001	2,067,756	1,041,057	1,026,699	299,425	16.93
	Urban	1901	5,613	3,149	2,464		
		1911	5,968	3,330	2,638	355	6.32
		1921	6,189	3,446	2,743	221	3.70
		1931	6,193	3,513	2,680	4	0.06
		1941	8,281	4,791	3,490	2,088	33.72
		1951	9,277	5,327	3,950	996	12.03
		1961	28,420	15,699	12,721	19,143	206.35
		1971	39,951	21,716	18,235	11,531	40.57
		1981	90,538	48,943	41,595	50,587	126.62
		1991	116,249	62,090	54,159	25,711	28.40
		2001	155,700	82,143	73,557	39,451	33.94

STATEMENT-4

AREA, NUMBER OF VILLAGES/ TOWNS AND POPULATION IN DISTRICT AND POLICE STATION, 2001

Code No. of P.S.	District / Police Station / UA / Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Area in square kilo-meters	Popula-tion per square kilometer	Number of villages		Number of statutory towns	Number of census towns	Number of house-holds	Population		
					In-habited	Un-inhabited				Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Mayurbhanj	**Total**	**10418.00**	**213**	**3748**	**202**	**5**	**0**	**472,123**	**2,223,456**	**1,123,200**	**1,100,256**
		Rural	**10339.40**	**200**	**3748**	**202**	**0**	**0**	**440,680**	**2,067,756**	**1,041,057**	**1,026,699**
		Urban	**78.60**	**1981**	**0**	**0**	**5**	**0**	**31,443**	**155,700**	**82,143**	**73,557**
0001	Tiringi	Total	316.80	276	130	3	0	0	17,953	87,308	43,329	43,979
		Rural	316.80	276	130	3	0	0	17,953	87,308	43,329	43,979
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0002	Bahalda	Total	349.20	266	126	4	0	0	19,816	92,891	46,150	46,741
		Rural	349.20	266	126	4	0	0	19,816	92,891	46,150	46,741
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0003	Gorumahisani	Total	304.50	146	124	18	0	0	9,786	44,423	21,943	22,480
		Rural	304.50	146	124	18	0	0	9,786	44,423	21,943	22,480
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0004	Rairangpur	Total	254.61	287	115	4	0	0	15,622	73,189	36,216	36,973
		Rural	254.61	287	115	4	0	0	15,622	73,189	36,216	36,973
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0005	Rairangpur Town	Total	83.87	531	43	1	1	0	9,066	44,565	22,612	21,953
		Rural	69.49	326	43	1	0	0	4,833	22,669	11,442	11,227
		Urban	14.38	1523	0	0	1	0	4,233	21,896	11,170	10,726
	Rairangpur(NAC)	Urban	14.38	1523	0	0	1	0	4,233	21,896	11,170	10,726
0006	Badampahar	Total	220.30	257	81	1	0	0	12,403	56,678	28,070	28,608
		Rural	220.30	257	81	1	0	0	12,403	56,678	28,070	28,608
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0007	Bisoi	Total	378.90	175	145	12	0	0	14,548	66,183	32,890	33,293
		Rural	378.90	175	145	12	0	0	14,548	66,183	32,890	33,293
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0008	Bangiriposi	Total	682.00	136	213	15	0	0	20,292	92,468	46,785	45,683
		Rural	682.00	136	213	15	0	0	20,292	92,468	46,785	45,683
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0009	Jharpokharia	Total	544.20	163	183	16	0	0	19,452	88,509	45,412	43,097
		Rural	544.20	163	183	16	0	0	19,452	88,509	45,412	43,097
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0010	Chandua	Total	209.18	271	117	6	0	0	11,696	56,770	29,028	27,742
		Rural	209.18	271	117	6	0	0	11,696	56,770	29,028	27,742
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0011	Koliana	Total	240.08	302	171	37	0	0	15,566	72,405	36,674	35,731
		Rural	240.08	302	171	37	0	0	15,566	72,405	36,674	35,731
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

STATEMENT-4

AREA, NUMBER OF VILLAGES/ TOWNS AND POPULATION IN DISTRICT AND POLICE STATION, 2001

Code No. of P.S.	District / Police Station / UA / Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Area in square kilo-meters	Popula-tion per square kilometer	Number of villages		Number of statutory towns	Number of census towns	Number of house-holds	Population		
					In-habited	Un-inhabited				Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
0012	Baripada Sadar	Total	846.98	90	133	5	0	0	16,200	76,226	38,890	37,336
		Rural	846.98	90	133	5	0	0	16,200	76,226	38,890	37,336
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0013	Baripada Town	Total	11.35	878	8	5	0	0	2,194	9,963	5,149	4,814
		Rural	7.03	614	8	5	0	0	934	4,316	2,195	2,121
	Podaastia Business Centre Area(OG) & Subarnarekha Irrigation Project Colony Area (OG)	Urban	4.32	1307	0	0	0	0	1,260	5,647	2,954	2,693
0014	Suliapada	Total	293.54	265	155	4	0	0	16,625	77,762	39,389	38,373
		Rural	293.54	265	155	4	0	0	16,625	77,762	39,389	38,373
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0015	Muruda	Total	225.20	311	114	6	0	0	14,843	70,123	35,268	34,855
		Rural	225.20	311	114	6	0	0	14,843	70,123	35,268	34,855
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0016	Betanati	Total	265.70	301	120	0	0	0	17,374	80,105	40,522	39,583
		Rural	265.70	301	120	0	0	0	17,374	80,105	40,522	39,583
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0017	Rasagobindapur	Total	236.10	354	164	13	0	0	16,625	83,632	42,287	41,345
		Rural	236.10	354	164	13	0	0	16,625	83,632	42,287	41,345
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0018	Baisinga	Total	277.10	373	196	8	0	0	21,662	103,432	52,595	50,837
		Rural	277.10	373	196	8	0	0	21,662	103,432	52,595	50,837
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0019	Barsahi	Total	327.00	364	190	11	0	0	26,127	118,972	60,522	58,450
		Rural	327.00	364	190	11	0	0	26,127	118,972	60,522	58,450
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0020	Khunta	Total	272.00	415	216	6	0	0	24,643	112,878	56,920	55,958
		Rural	272.00	415	216	6	0	0	24,643	112,878	56,920	55,958
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0021	Udala	Total	480.70	198	121	1	1	0	20,424	95,018	48,116	46,902
		Rural	472.81	176	121	1	0	0	17,979	83,306	42,025	41,281
		Urban	7.89	1484	0	0	1	0	2,445	11,712	6,091	5,621
	Udala (NAC)	Urban	7.89	1484	0	0	1	0	2,445	11,712	6,091	5,621
0022	Kaptipada	Total	177.80	394	99	0	0	0	15,220	70,131	35,701	34,430
		Rural	177.80	394	99	0	0	0	15,220	70,131	35,701	34,430
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

STATEMENT-4

AREA, NUMBER OF VILLAGES/ TOWNS AND POPULATION IN DISTRICT AND POLICE STATION, 2001

Code No. of P.S.	District / Police Station / UA / Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Area in square kilo-meters	Popula-tion per square kilometer	Number of villages		Number of statutory towns	Number of census towns	Number of house-holds	Population		
					In-habited	Un-inhabited				Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
0023	Sharata	Total	308.90	200	52	0	0	0	12,006	61,750	31,247	30,503
		Rural	308.90	200	52	0	0	0	12,006	61,750	31,247	30,503
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0024	Mahuldiha	Total	388.44	102	62	0	0	0	7,968	39,435	19,497	19,938
		Rural	388.44	102	62	0	0	0	7,968	39,435	19,497	19,938
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0025	Thakurmunda	Total	621.56	82	110	1	0	0	10,362	50,680	25,312	25,368
		Rural	621.56	82	110	1	0	0	10,362	50,680	25,312	25,368
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0026	Karanjia	Total	822.64	125	154	2	1	0	20,976	102,831	52,093	50,738
		Rural	804.00	101	154	2	0	0	16,785	81,390	40,817	40,573
		Urban	18.64	1150	0	0	1	0	4,191	21,441	11,276	10,165
	Karanjia (NAC)	Urban	18.64	1150	0	0	1	0	4,191	21,441	11,276	10,165
0027	Jashipur	Total	884.80	121	254	12	0	0	23,465	106,935	53,521	53,414
		Rural	884.80	121	254	12	0	0	23,465	106,935	53,521	53,414
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0028	Raruan	Total	359.80	259	152	12	0	0	19,895	93,190	46,410	46,780
		Rural	359.80	259	152	12	0	0	19,895	93,190	46,410	46,780
		Urban	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0029	Baripada (M)	Total	33.37	2847	0	0	0	0	19,314	95,004	50,652	44,352
		Rural	-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Urban	33.37	2847	0	0	0	0	19,314	95,004	50,652	44,352
	Baripada (M)	Urban	33.37	2847	0	0	0	0	19,314	95,004	50,652	44,352

STATEMENT-5

C. D. BLOCK WISE NUMBER OF VILLAGES AND RURAL POPULATION, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D. Block	Number of villages		Rural population		
		Total	Inhabited	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Tiring	80	78	48,556	24,057	24,499
2	Bahalda	104	100	75,842	37,793	38,049
3	Jamda	79	78	55,801	27,629	28,172
4	Rairangpur	119	114	56,056	28,046	28,010
5	Bijatola	155	135	58,174	28,661	29,513
6	Kusumi	114	113	82,188	40,700	41,488
7	Bisoi	156	146	66,724	33,154	33,570

STATEMENT-5

C. D. BLOCK WISE NUMBER OF VILLAGES AND RURAL POPULATION, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D. Block	Number of villages		Rural population		
		Total	Inhabited	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	Jashipur	229	218	88,845	44,499	44,346
9	Raruan	110	102	59,041	29,466	29,575
10	Sukruli	90	86	52,239	25,966	26,273
11	Karanjia	156	154	81,390	40,817	40,573
12	Thakurmunda	173	172	90,115	44,809	45,306
13	Kaptipada	148	148	126,371	64,195	62,176
14	Udala	89	88	66,857	33,647	33,210
15	Gopabandhunagar	129	126	66,309	33,570	32,739
16	Khunta	129	126	68,528	34,481	34,047
17	Shamakhunta	136	119	67,169	33,945	33,224
18	Bangiriposi	227	212	91,603	46,385	45,218
19	Saraskana	200	184	89,374	45,812	43,562
20	Koliana	235	207	88,647	45,245	43,402
21	Suliapada	193	184	92,108	46,625	45,483
22	Baripada	103	100	58,414	29,900	28,514
23	Barsahi	224	211	130,850	66,603	64,247
24	Betanati	226	220	128,908	65,404	63,504
25	Rasagobindapur	177	164	83,632	42,287	41,345
26	Muruda	169	163	94,015	47,361	46,654
	District (Rural) Total	**3,950**	**3,748**	**2,067,756**	**1,041,057**	**1,026,699**

STATEMENT-6

POPULATION OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS (INCLUDING CONSTITUENT UNITS) / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of UA/Town	Urban status	Name of Police Stations where town is located	Population		
				Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Baripada	UA		100,651	53,606	47,045
	(i) Baripada Town	M	Baripada Town(M)	95,004	50,652	44,352
	(ii) Podaastia Business Centre	OG	Baripada Town	3,720	1,876	1,844
	(iii) Subarnarekha Irrigation Project Colony Area	OG	Baripada Town	1,927	1,078	849
2	Rairangpur	NAC	Rairangpur Town	21,896	11,170	10,726
3	Udala	NAC	Udala	11,712	6,091	5,621
4	Karanjia	NAC	Karanjia	21,441	11,276	10,165
	District (Urban) Total			**155,700**	**82,143**	**73,557**

STATEMENT-7

VILLAGES WITH POPULATION OF 5,000 AND ABOVE AT C.D. BLOCK LEVEL AS PER 2001 CENSUS AND AMENITIES AVAILABLE

Sl. No	Name of C.D. block	Name of village	Location Code Number	Popula-tion	Whether it is Tahasil head-quarters	Whether it is C.D. Block head-quarters	Amenities available							
							Educational		Medical		Drinking Water	Communi-cation	Banking	
							Senior Secondary School	Coll-ege	Primary Health Centre	Primary Health Sub-centre	Tap water	Railway station	Comm ercial Bank	Co-oper ative Bank
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

There is no such village in the district

STATEMENT-8

STATUTORY TOWNS WITH POPULATION LESS THAN 5000 AS PER 2001 CENSUS AND AMENITIES AVAILABLE

Sl. No.	Name of Town	Location code number	Populati on	Whether it is Tahsil headquarters	Whether it is C.D. block headquarters	Amenities available						
						Educational		Medical		Improved drinking water	Communi-cation	Banking
						Senior Secondary School	College	Hospital	Health Centre	Tap water	Railway station	Bank
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13

This District has no such Statutory Town

STATEMENT -9

HOUSELESS AND INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION OF POLICE STATIONS, RURAL AND URBAN, 2001

Code No. of P.S.	District / Police Station / Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Houseless population				Institutional population			
			Number of households	Persons	Males	Females	Number of households	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Mayurbhanj	**Total**	**395**	**1,452**	**770**	**682**	**1,438**	**30,311**	**23,078**	**7,233**
		Rural	**332**	**1,168**	**603**	**565**	**1,111**	**24,004**	**18,376**	**5,628**
		Urban	**63**	**284**	**167**	**117**	**327**	**6,307**	**4,702**	**1,605**
0001	Tiringi	Total	9	42	22	20	21	482	444	38
		Rural	9	42	22	20	21	482	444	38
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0002	Bahalda	Total	14	30	13	17	27	680	648	32
		Rural	14	30	13	17	27	680	648	32
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

STATEMENT -9

HOUSELESS AND INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION OF POLICE STATIONS, RURAL AND URBAN, 2001

Code No. of P.S.	District / Police Station / Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Houseless population				Institutional population			
			Number of households	Persons	Males	Females	Number of households	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
0003	Gorumahisani	Total	8	19	11	8	17	462	327	135
		Rural	8	19	11	8	17	462	327	135
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0004	Rairangpur	Total	19	64	32	32	24	509	386	123
		Rural	19	64	32	32	24	509	386	123
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0005	Rairangpur Town	Total	8	17	10	7	63	1,510	874	636
		Rural	4	11	7	4	23	301	244	57
		Urban	4	6	3	3	40	1,209	630	579
	Rairangpur (NAC)	Urban	4	6	3	3	40	1,209	630	579
0006	Badampahar	Total	3	3	1	2	20	496	350	146
		Rural	3	3	1	2	20	496	350	146
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0007	Bisoi	Total	5	14	3	11	24	644	581	63
		Rural	5	14	3	11	24	644	581	63
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0008	Bangiriposi	Total	8	24	13	11	52	803	728	75
		Rural	8	24	13	11	52	803	728	75
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0009	Jharpokharia	Total	19	74	38	36	114	1,770	1,574	196
		Rural	19	74	38	36	114	1,770	1,574	196
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0010	Chandua	Total	2	7	7	-	29	738	627	111
		Rural	2	7	7	-	29	738	627	111
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0011	Koliana	Total	5	17	8	9	34	742	497	245
		Rural	5	17	8	9	34	742	497	245
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0012	Baripada Sadar	Total	27	105	58	47	51	962	741	221
		Rural	27	105	58	47	51	962	741	221
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0013	Baripada Town	Total	2	10	6	4	3	22	11	11
		Rural	2	10	6	4	2	12	4	8
		Urban	-	-	-	-	1	10	7	3
	Podaastia Business Centre Area (OG) & Subarnarekha Irrigation Project Colony Area (OG)	Urban	-	-	-	-	1	10	7	3

STATEMENT -9

HOUSELESS AND INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION OF POLICE STATIONS, RURAL AND URBAN, 2001

Code No. of P.S.	District / Police Station / Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Houseless population				Institutional population			
			Number of households	Persons	Males	Females	Number of households	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
0014	Suliapada	Total	5	12	4	8	47	938	593	345
		Rural	5	12	4	8	47	938	593	345
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0015	Muruda	Total	11	27	15	12	50	913	681	232
		Rural	11	27	15	12	50	913	681	232
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0016	Betanati	Total	24	109	48	61	33	1,089	658	431
		Rural	24	109	48	61	33	1,089	658	431
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0017	Rasagobindapur	Total	15	54	25	29	70	1,654	1,023	631
		Rural	15	54	25	29	70	1,654	1,023	631
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0018	Baisinga	Total	14	93	74	19	47	1,189	977	212
		Rural	14	93	74	19	47	1,189	977	212
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0019	Barsahi	Total	37	133	70	63	56	1,330	1,095	235
		Rural	37	133	70	63	56	1,330	1,095	235
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0020	Khunta	Total	16	73	36	37	49	1,204	1,004	200
		Rural	16	73	36	37	49	1,204	1,004	200
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0021	Udala	Total	15	43	25	18	68	1,046	693	353
		Rural	13	31	14	17	49	773	495	278
		Urban	2	12	11	1	19	273	198	75
	Udala (NAC)	Urban	2	12	11	1	19	273	198	75
0022	Kaptipada	Total	13	44	24	20	37	686	466	220
		Rural	13	44	24	20	37	686	466	220
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0023	Sharata	Total	8	26	11	15	46	963	818	145
		Rural	8	26	11	15	46	963	818	145
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0024	Mahuldiha	Total	6	11	2	9	18	544	376	168
		Rural	6	11	2	9	18	544	376	168
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0025	Thakurmunda	Total	7	24	10	14	38	1,069	745	324
		Rural	7	24	10	14	38	1,069	745	324
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

STATEMENT -9

HOUSELESS AND INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION OF POLICE STATIONS, RURAL AND URBAN, 2001

Code No. of P.S.	District / Police Station / Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Houseless population				Institutional population			
			Number of households	Persons	Males	Females	Number of households	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
0026	Karanjia	Total	38	143	71	72	101	2,020	1,427	593
		Rural	19	67	28	39	42	1,013	700	313
		Urban	19	76	43	33	59	1,007	727	280
	Karanjia (NAC)	Urban	19	76	43	33	59	1,007	727	280
0027	Jashipur	Total	9	24	12	12	45	1,261	1,028	233
		Rural	9	24	12	12	45	1,261	1,028	233
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0028	Raruan	Total	10	20	11	9	46	777	566	211
		Rural	10	20	11	9	46	777	566	211
		Urban	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0029	Baripada (M)	Total	38	190	110	80	208	3,808	3,140	668
		Rural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Urban	38	190	110	80	208	3,808	3,140	668
	Baripada (M)	Urban	38	190	110	80	208	3,808	3,140	668

ANALYTICAL NOTE

Analytical Note

(i) History and Scope of the District Census Handbook

The Census of India has all along endeavoured to maintain its tradition of feeding the people with reliable statistical information through its various publications. The District Census Handbook is one of such publications which in real sense, is the mirror of Census reflecting the demographic features and infrastructural development of the villages and towns of the districts and thereby facilitating the formulation of realistic plan in order to cater to the needs and aspirations of the people at large. The genesis of this publication being after the conduct of the 8th decennial Census in 1951 and the first in the post independence era, its contents and coverage have undergone tremendous changes over the period keeping at par with the changes in socio-economic scenario of the nation and the requirement of the planners, scholars, data users, administrators and others. The publication is a veritable mines of information providing a clear picture of population in both quantitative and qualitative terms up to the grass-root levels i.e. about the villagers and town dwellers.

This document was brought out for the first time as an auxiliary to 1951 Census as a joint venture between the Government of India and the State Government. The initial arrangement of supply of data by the Census Organisation of the Government of India and converting them into published documents by the State Government were continuing till 1991 Census. In 2001 Census, the publication of this document has been carried out by the Census Organisation. Apart from giving the rural statistical information, it readily gives a complete list of villages contained within a police station and district in an exhaustive manner and becomes very resourceful for the users. In order to make the data component more illustrative, maps of the district, tahasils, C.D. Blocks and police stations are also inserted in the publication.

As per the 1951 publication programme, the DCH was published in one volume and did not contain information given in the Village and Town Directory. Apart from this a brief introduction of the district, general features, density map, prescribed tables for general population, economic tables, social and cultural tables and village statistics were provided in the DCH. The Primary Census Abstract was given under the heading "Village Statistics". However, the information on village-wise list of displaced persons and information on Small Scale Industries were presented in the 1951 DCH volume.

The District Census Handbook – 1961 was also in one single volume just like 1951 publication. However, it contained some modifications i.e. this volume was divided into three parts – i) the first part contained the introduction of the district, ii) second part contained the census tables and iii) the official statistics were given in the 3rd part. The village wise Primary Census Abstract (PCA) under the heading of "Village Directory" was included in the second part. Additional information on village wise list of industries and tables on fairs and festivals were presented in 1961 DCH.

The District Census Handbooks of 1971 Census were published in three volumes: i) Part-A containing the data on amenities; ii) Part-B incorporating the Primary Census Abstract (PCA) and iii) Part-C giving administrative statistics and Census tables. The first two volumes of the DCH i.e. Part A and Part B for the 1971 Census could be published within the time schedule and catered to the needs of the data users. However, difficulties were experienced in collecting administrative statistics from various offices for the preparation of the 3rd volume of the DCH i.e. Part C and its printing. This volume could be published ultimately after much delay. The idea of bringing out the publication of the 3rd volume of the District Census Handbook containing information on administrative statistics etc. was dispensed with effect from the subsequent censuses.

The District Census Handbook for 1981 Census was published in two parts i.e. Part A – included

Village and Town Directory and Part B - presented the Primary Census Abstract (PCA) including Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Primary Census Abstract up to police station/town levels. By and large, the contents of the Village and Town Directory of 1981 Census were almost similar to those adopted during 1971 Census, barring a few changes necessitated by the requirements of the planners and data users.

The District Census Handbook of 1991 Census was of the same pattern of 1981 Census. Part-A of the DCH contained statistics of Village and Town Directory and Part-B included data on Village and Town wise Primary Census Abstract including Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes Primary Census Abstract. However, the DCH publication of 1991 Census exhibited the following novel ideas so far as the presentation of data of these publications were concerned.

i) Village Directory data and Primary Census Abstract were presented C.D Block wise having separate identity of constituent police stations within a block. The villages coming under different police stations but within the same C.D.Block were shown separately so as to facilitate comparison with that of previous publications.

ii) Both manual and computerized location codes of various villages were shown separately for 1981 and 1991 censuses in alphabetical order for the convenience of the data users.

iii) In case of both the village and town directories, the objectives of the various columns and the connotation of various observations used therein were explained in the relevant sections.

iv) Nine fold industrial classification of main workers were presented instead of four fold industrial classification presented in the 1981 Census publications.

v) The sex-wise population under the age group 0-6 was included in Primary Census Abstract for the first time in order to enable the data users to compute more realistic literacy rate as all children below 7 years were treated as illiterate.

vi) Tahasil and Police Station maps in the publication showing the village and town boundaries also depicted the C.D. Block boundary for the convenience of the readers and data users etc.

The Census of India-2001 follows the same pattern of 1991 Census in publishing the D.C.H. volumes for each district. The DCHB publications contain of 2 parts, i.e.; Part 'A' containing statistics on village and town directory and Part 'B' containing data on village and town-wise Primary Census Abstract including Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes Primary Census Abstract. Like 1991 Census, the village level information for both parts of District Census Handbook volumes have been presented C.D. Block-wise.

The Census of India-2001 has introduced the eight digited permanent location code (PLC) for each and every village, which has run continuously for the entire state starting from the 1st village of the 1st police station of the 1st district of the state to the last village of last police station of the last district. The last two digits of the PLC are kept as 00 and reserved for future treatment, if any. In order to facilitate the comparability of data by the data users, the Permanent Location codes of villages during Census of India-2001 and their corresponding location codes during 1991 Census have been shown alongwith village names under the C.D. Block wise alphabetical list of villages.

(ii) Brief History of the District

The name Mayurbhanj indicates that the erstwhile state was named after two medieval ruling families, Mayurs & Bhanjas. The Mayurs, as known from records, were ruling over Bonai mandala contemporaneous with the Bhanjas of Bhijjinga mandala. Social and cultural relation between these two ruling families were very close .So the kingdom was named Mayurbhanj in commemoration of the traditional relation of the two ruling families.

The Bhanjas continued to rule over this feudatory state. However, in 1508 & 1751 the state came under Moghul rule & Maratha rule respectively

and subsequently it came under British occupation in 1803. Finally with the transfer of power from the hands of British on the 15th August 1947, the state of Mayurbhanj became an independent unit. On 1st January 1949 Mayurbhanj was merged with Orissa as the last state.

The Bhanjas were culturally influenced by Mayurs. Hence, the rulers bore the title of 'The Peacock Banner'' (Mayurdhwaja and Sikhidhwaja) . The royal seal of the dynasty contained the figure of a peacock facing to the left. The Bhanja dynasty reached the epitomic pinnacle of cultural height during their reign, introduced various welfare activities in the state and was also connoisseur of art, architecture and sculptures.

During their reign different religious faiths found perfect niche in their kingdom. For reconstruction of modern Orissa state, Mayurbhanj and Paralakhemundi feudatory states acted as north and south poles respectively for its major upliftment.

(iii) Administrative set up :

For the convenience of general and revenue administration, the district has been divided into four separate sub- divisions namely Baripada, Bamanghati, Panchapir and Kaptipada. The revenue administration is carried through 9 tahsils and the developmental administration is conducted by 26 Block Development Offices. The district has one municipality and 3 notified area councils which are Statutory Towns declared by government. In order to operate law and order situation, there are 28 Police Stations in the district. At present the district headquarter is situated at Baripada.

There are 316 Gram Panchayats and a total of 3950 villages in the district out of which 202 villages are uninhabited. The Collector and District Magistrate is in over- all- charge of the general administration, revenue, welfare and other departmental administration of the district. The developmental work of the district is being undertaken by the Zilla Parisad, Panchayat Samiti and Gram Panchayats. The details of sub-divisions, tahasils, C.D.Blocks, police stations and towns of the district are given below.

Sub-Divisions : Baripada, Bamanghati, Panchapir and Kaptipada

Tahasils : Bahalda, Rairangpur, Baripada, Rasagobindapur, Betanati, Barsahi, Udala, Karanjia and Raruan.

Police Stations : Tiring, Bahalda, Gorumahisani, Rairangpur, Rairangpur Town, Badampahar, Bisoi, Bangiriposi, Jharpokharia, Chandua, Koliana, Baripada Sadar, Baripada Town, Suliapada, Muruda, Betanati, Rasagobindapur, Baisinga, Barsahi, Khunta, Udala, Kaptipada, Sharata, Mahuldiha, Thakurmunda, Karanjia, Jashipur, Raruan and Baripada Town (M).

C.D. Blocks : Tiring, Bahalda, Jamda, Rairangpur, Bijatola, Kusumi, Bisoi, Jashipur, Raruan, Sukruli, Karanjia, Thakurmunda, Kaptipada, Udala, Gopabandhunagar, Khunta, Shamakhunta, Bangiriposi, Saraskana, Koliana, Suliapada, Baripada, Barsahi, Betanati, Rasagobindapur and Muruda.

Towns : Rairangpur(NAC), Baripada(M), Udala(NAC) and Karanjia(NAC)

Location & Size :

The district lies between 21^0 17' and 22^0 34' north latitude and 85^0 40' and 87^0 10' east longitude. It is bounded on the north by the Singhbhum district of Jharkhand and Midnapur district of West Bengal, on the south by the district Baleswar and Keonjhar, on the east by Midnapur and Baleswar district and on the west by Keonjhar and Singhbhum districts. According to the Surveyor General of India, the district has an area of 10,418 sq. kms and as per 2001 Census it has a population of 2,223,456. In order of size and population, the district ranks first and sixteenth position respectively in the state.

The district, in fact, is situated on the southward-extended spurs of the Chhotanagapur plateau of Jharkhand. The eastern part, a plain land, is the northward extension of the Baripada plain formed by the headward erosion of the Burhabalanga River and its tributaries.

(iv) Physical features :

The meso regions of the state viz., Orissa High lands and Eastern coastal region can be divided into the following two micro regions based on various physio-geographical factors i.e., Northern Orissa Highlands (Orissa Dandakaranya) and Mahanadi delta. The district of Mayurbhanj comes under northern Orissa highlands region. The most notable peaks Similipal and Meghasani have been included in the north-eastern part of the region i.e., in Mayurbhanj. The region can be characterised to semi-humid.

Considering the major characteristics of the micro regions as outlined involving the factors such as soils, geology, topography, climate and natural vegetation, the sub-micro divisions of the district are (a) North- Mayurbhanj riverine upland (b) Raruan- Karanjia upland (c) Similipal plateau (d) Great Baripada Plain (e) South Mayurbhanj forested upland.

(a)North-Mayurbhanj Riverine Upland : The region is a plain land divided into two parts by an outflanked spur of Similipal plateau. The left half is the upper catchment area of Kharkai River and the right half is a part of Subarnarekha basin. The average height of western half (250 meters) is more than the eastern half (120 meters). The highest point is the Gorumahisani Pahar (903 meters). The Kharkai is the main river of the region in the western half whereas in the eastern half, the Burhabalanga is the important river drainage. There are number of reserved forests found scattered in this region. The forests are mainly composed of tropical evergreen woods. Open jungles with mainly sal trees are also found in number of places.

(b) Raruan-Karanjia Upland : This is a narrow region stretching along the west-central part of the district in a north-south direction. The region comprises of 4 police stations and Karanjia NAC.

This is a plain land at an average altitude of 400 metres above mean sea level. It forms a part of the Baitarani basin with a general inclination from east to west. Many small rivers flow through this region starting from the Similipal plateau in the east and join Baitarani in the west. Among them the Tentua river is worth mentioning. The Baitarani River itself forms the western boundary for a considerable part between the region and the district of Kendujhar. A few small reserved forests are found scattered in the north-east and in the south.

(c) Similipal Plateau : Situated at the central part of the district, this region exhibits typical plateau topography. The region is sloping down in all directions. It is a compact region composed of hills with their peaks in the central part rising above 1000 meters. The highest one is Meghasan peak (1,165 meters). Innumerable rivers and rivulets come out of this region in all directions representing a typical radical drainage pattern. The whole region is covered by dense mixed jungles under the name of Similipal reserved forest. Open mixed jungles are found in the periphery.

(d) Great Baripada Plain : This is a plain region covering the entire eastern part of the district with a gradual downward inclination from the north-west to south- east. The highest triangulated point is 116 meters and the lowest is only 18 meters. Innumerable rivers and rivulets cross the region flowing down the slope from north-west to south-east. Among them the Jamira and Burhabalanga rivers are important representing a trellies pattern of drainage system. Many small reserved forests are found scattered in the region. The rest of the whole region is covered by open mixed jungles mainly sal, palmyra, bamboo and other ordinary woods.

(e) South Mayurbhanj forested upland : This upland is the smallest among the sub- micro regions in the district. It is an undulating upland of which the eastern half is more or less plain than the western half. The average height of the region is more than 200 meters above mean sea level. The highest point, the Gaguapahar is 499 meters and the lowest point is 169 meters. The region is mostly covered by reserved forests, dense mixed jungles mainly sal and open woods. A few rivers flow down through the region from the Similipal plateau in the north to the river Baitarani further south. Among them Salandi river is important.

Drainage and River System :

The district is mainly watered by the Burhabalanga, the Kharkhai, the Salandi, the Gangahara, the Sone, the Jamira, the Deb and other tributaries rising from the Similipal hills which fall either into Baitarani or Subarnarekha.

The river Burhabalanga (old Balanga) rises from Similipal hills and crossing the Mayurbhanj district passes through Baleswar district and ultimately falls into the Bay of Bengal. Not only Baripada and Baleswar towns are situated on its right bank but also the ruins of Haripur, the old capital of Mayurbhanj is found on its right bank close to which there are early stone age and Neolithic age sites.

The river Kharkhai originates from the Similipal hills and finally falls into the Subarnarekha River. It also forms the boundary between the Singhbhum and Mayurbhanj districts for some distance.

The river Salandi rises from the southern slope of the Meghasani peak and on leaving the border of Mayurbhanj enters into the district of Baleswar where it flows in a tortuous course. The Bhadrak town is located on the left bank of this river and it meets the Dhamara River near its mouth to Bay of Bengal.

All the rivers of the district are charged with large quantities of water during the monsoon and at times give rise to floods. The rivers are not navigable in any season.

There is no lake in the district. There are a number of tanks which are mainly used for drinking and bathing purposes except Amarada Bandha, the water of which is used for irrigational purposes. The Balidiha and Haladia Bandhas are the biggest irrigation projects of the district.

Climate :

The climate of the district is characterised by an oppressive hot summer, high humidity throughout the year and well-distributed rainfall during monsoon season.

Rainfall :

The annual rainfall of the district during 1997, 1998 and 1999 have been recorded as 1533.1 mm, 1233.5 mm and 1670.9 mm respectively. The variation in the annual rainfall from year to year is not large. The normal rainfall of the district is 1648.2 mm (Source: Board of Revenue, Orissa, Cuttack).

Temperature :

The hot season commences from March and May is the hottest month. As per Director, Meteorological Centre, Bhubaneswar, during 1999, the highest maximum temperature of the district was 45.4^0 C in the month of May and minimum temperature was 9.0^o C in January.

The relative humidity is high generally throughout the year. In the cold season short spells of colder weather occur sometimes in association with the passage of western disturbances across north India and minimum temperature may drop down to about 6.0^o c .

Storms and depressions from the Bay of Bengal in the post monsoon season often reach the district and cause widespread heavy rain with high winds. Thunderstorm are common mostly in the afternoons of the hot season causing heavy rain, occasional hailstorm and severe squalls.

The climate of Similipal hills is temperate during summer and bracing cold during winter.

Soils :

The soil, which covers the greater part of the district, is mostly devised from the underlying metamorphic rocks. The difference in soil is primarily on account of classification and transformation affected by the surface drainage. In the low lying areas along the drainage lines the soil is clayey or salty whereas the soil of the uplands is sandy and light. The usual classification of soil of this area is based on its position.

Locally different type of soils are Balimati, Dorasa mati, Chikita mati, Tilakmati and Lalmati. The soil of the district can be classified into two groups i.e., Red soil and Laterite soil.

Red Soil : The colour of the soil is generally red and the redness is due to general diffusion of iron contents. In the uplands the soil grades light coloured varities whereas in plains and valleys it is more fertile and deep dark in colour. This soil is poor in nitrogen and phosphorous. This type of soil in the district can be categorized into (i) The typical red soil which is found on the hill areas of Bamanghaty and Panchapir sub divisions. Ideal orchards can also be developed in this type of the soil with the irrigation facilities. (ii) The red loam soil is found near river banks where Paddy, Ground nut, Til, Castor, Black Mung and Kulthi are grown. (iii) Clayed loam type of soil is mostly found in Kaptipada and Baripada sub divisions. Medium and late varieties of Paddy and Gram, Linseed are grown in the soil.

Laterite Soil : This type of soil is found in hills and as well as in plateaus. Two types of laterites are found, such as laterite morum and laterite rock. The soil has no productive value for agricultural purposes.

The classifications of agricultural land are as follows.

(1) Pal lands or alluvial lands can be traced along the banks of the principal rivers. A special tract of such land on the banks of Burhabalanga near Baripada town, for its richness and fertility has attracted a large number of professional vegetable growers who irrigate their land either by tenda or pump from the river.

(2) The jal lands are mostly seen in the depressions and are prepared by putting earth bunds. The soil is rich in fertility and retains moisture for long period. Medium and late varieties of paddy are grown in such lands and the jal lands are suitable for paddy and in the pal lands early variety paddy, vegetables, spices, cereals and sugarcane are mostly grown.

(3) Dahi lands consist of high lands on some watershed which are dependent for moisture on rainfall. The soil is sandy and generally Aus paddy, Oil seeds, pulses are grown in such land.

The pal & jal lands are used for paddy cultivation and Dahi lands are used for growing crops which require less moisture and water.

(4) The other classes of land are known as Khari and Bari. Khari is the term used for land situated near the village which receives the drainage from streets and houses. Bari denotes vegetable gardens, generally occupying high land close to the homestead plots being enriched by the village drainage and mostly used for growing vegetables in different seasons.

Geology :

The district contains three geological formations viz., Archaean, Tertiary and Recent whose rough sequence is as follows in order of increasing antiquity.

Archaeans :

Dhanjori stage- Dalma volcanics and quartzite.

Iron Ore stage- Carbonaceous phyllites and micaschits

Post Dhanjori stage- Sodagranite, Granophyre

Newer Dolerite and Singhbhum granite- Gabbro- Anorthasite

Tertiary :

Clays, Lime stones, Graval and Burhabalanga sediments.

Recent :

Alluvium and Laterite.

Descriptions of Geological formations :

Amphibolites- During Iron-ore stage amphibolites associated with quartzite are found in Similipal reserved forest area. These also occur near Hatichar, Barajori, Pirhakata Pahar and Subarnarekha river.

Quartzite- These are found prominently in the Sulaipat hill range and extends eastwards across Kharkhai river. Good exposures are seen near Jarusathi, Karkachia, Dhusra Pahar and also Dhenkia pahar.

Shales, Phyllites and Mica Schists- These are prominently developed in the northern face of Meghasani and Ganapat pahar, Deokunda range and north of Bangarposi. These rock types are of carbonaceous phyllites. Mica-Schists are also exposed in the Subarnarekha section near Jamsole, Pithabata.

Basal Conglomerate- These are seen near north Dhusra Pahar and Panigia.

Quartzite- Quartzite belonging to the Dhanjori stage are found in the heart shaped Similipal basin. Some of these exhibit in the bed of Burhabalanga, valley of Palpara river, eastern face of Ghusuria river in southern slopes of Meghasani. Extensive quartzite occurrences are seen near Balidiha bandha.

Granite- In the southern part of the heart shaped Similipal Plateau and around Thakurmunda, granites are seen. These are mainly seen near Chirupada, Pendrasathi and South of Bisai. Porphyritic granites are found near Samarkhunta, Khunta, Baripada, Karanjia and Jashipur.

Tertiary clays & Gravels- Clay bands probably of tertiary age are found mostly in the plain country north of Baripada. The typical exposures are seen along the Burhabalanga River. Tertiary shales and Limestones have been reported near Balidiha, Mahulia, Mukurmatia and Sutapantia.

Laterites- High and low level of laterites are seen throughout the district. The high level laterite capping the Similipal plateau is up to 3 to 6 metres thick. Laterite outcrops are seen between Tangri Pahar and Dala Pahar. The secondary nature of laterite covers the plain up to 4.5 meters thick which are quarried for building stone.

Flora :

The district has vast stretch of forest. The floristic composition in the district has been classified by the following types:-

North Tropical Moist Deciduous Sal Forests:

The predominant species in this type is Sal (Shorea robusta) which forms 50-90 percent of the crop. Other main trees commonly associated with Sal are Piasal or Bigi, Asan, Dhaura, Champa, Amba, Simul, Jamun, Bundhan, Kasi, Sunari, Salia bamboo, Joon grass, Sabai grass and Rusa grass. Palua and flower broom are seen near water courses. The common climbers are Siali climber, Ram Dantal and Atundi.

Northern Tropical semi- evergreen forests :

This type of forest is confined only to the deep and damp valleys of the numerous perennial streams and nalas of the south and east of Similipal hills. The area covers nearly 78 sq/kms. Mixed with Sal, numerous ground flora are found in evergreen forests. A few species of trees are Pani- Gambhari, Karanja, Jamu, Asoka, Kendu, Kadamba, Jeota, Nageswar etc.

Mixed Deciduous Hill Forests :

This type of forest is found on the steps of southern and eastern sides of Similipal hills. It is interesting to note that this region gets more rain, but being first to intercept the monsoon winds, the dry mixed type of forest is found and many of its species tending to be xerophytic. Its approximate area is 260 sq.kms. Sal is nearly 25 per cent of crop and the rest of the varieties are Mal, Palas, Sisam, Galgal., Pal-durra etc.

Grass- land and Savannahs :

This type occurs on top of hills above 3000 feet dry hill slopes and higher valleys in Similipal hills. In quite considerable portions of these areas dense busty Sal seedling are found arrested in growth by the annual frosts. Forest occupies about 43 per cent of geographical area of the district. However, degradation of natural forest is not adequately compensated by afforestation programme. The district has vast stretches of wastelands comprising rocky land, degraded land and ravines etc. which can be afforested. The plantation of teak , sisum, mahogany, bamboo, Ceara rubber, eucalyptus, sandal, tea are undertaken by the Government.

Fauna :

The presence of wild animals and birds is remarkable in the district. Among the animals, elephants need special mention. They are found in herds all over the Similipal hills. Ankurbasa, Tinadiha, Barakamda are the favourite areas of elephants.

Tigers are seen in Similipal hills, leopards in hills and plains, the sloth bear in forests especially near Udala. Among other carnivora, striped hyena, jackal, wild dog, Indian fox, gray mongoose, common jungle cat, honey badger are usually found. Spotted deer, samber, gayal, wild boar, mouse deer are quite common among the herbivores.

Indian porcupine, flying squirrel, common langurs or Hanumans, common Bandar are seen in the forest area.

The peacock, parrots, hill myna, pigeons, bulbul, doves, sky lark, dayal, robbin and various other birds entertain visitors in the forests. Red jungle fowl, partridges, green pigeon and other table birds are also seen. Killing the peafowl, the national bird of India has been prohibited.

Open billed storks, little egret, gray heron, flying fox, marsh birds, bronze winged jacana, moor hens and water hens, snake bird are commonly found. In winter, whistling teal, snipes and strokes are the common migratory birds.

Among reptiles, poisonous snakes like cobra, vipers, Indian pythonx, Dhamana, Kavidiya Chiti are usually found.

National Park, Similipal :

The national park is situated in the Mayurbhanj district comprising an area of 2860 sq. kms of Similipal forests. The park was established in 1956 with the object of conserving the natural fauna, preserving wild life and to provide recreation to tourists, who are interested in scenic beauties and wild life in their natural habitat. Shooting is prohibited and strict measures are being taken to protect the valuable fauna of Similipal forests.

Land use pattern :

As per District Statistical Handbook 1998-99 the land utilization pattern of the district is as follows:-

Category	Area in Hectares
1.Forest area	61,411
1.Miscellaneous tree crops and groves not included in net area sown	30,126
2.Permanent Pasture and other grazing lands	29,422
4.Culturalwaste	50,510
5.Land put to non-agricultural uses	62,621
6.Barren & uncultivable land	14,257
7.Current fallows	55,978
8.Other fallows	44,333
9. Net area sown	340,596

It is thus seen that area not utilized for cultivation at present can be reclaimed for agriculture. Initiatives are taken by the Government for sanction of loans through Community Development Blocks for reclamation of lands.

Rainfed area constitutes about 80 percent of the total cultivation area of the district. This rainfall is received during June to September. The major rivers are charged with heavy quantity of water with heavy rains and cause soil erosion. The high land constitutes about 44 per cent of the total cultivated area. For dryland farming on watershed basins Sabai grass/ Palmrosa grass cultivation is developed.

Cropping Pattern :

Principal crops in the district are paddy, pulses, oilseeds, fibre crops, sugarcane, cotton, tobacco and vegetables. The paddy crops are broadly divided into three classes. viz., Aus or Ashu (early), Aman (winter) and Dalua.

About 48 per cent of the paddy land is high land and major portion of the paddy is Ashu paddy which is shown in May and harvested in August. This type of paddy is very meagre due to limited irrigation facilities. Dalua paddy cultivation is also very negligible.

Mung, Biri, Kulthi, Arhar are the major pulses. These are generally raised on high lands. Mung, Biri, Kulthi are sown following Aus paddy. Gram is the most important following Aman paddy. Arhar is grown in kharif season.

The oil- seeds include niger, mustard oil, til, castor and ground nut. All these oilseeds are grown in uplands. Castor is grown in sandy river banks, as well as on home-stead land. The important fibre crops of the district are jute, mesta and sun hemp.

Sugarcane is cultivated mostly in riverside villages. As there is no sugarcane industry, sugar cane is utilized only in gur-making. Only local varieties (Rustica) are grown in the district.

The estimated area, yield rate and production of paddy in the district for the year 1998-99 is given below:-

Season	Area (in hec.)	Yieldrate (qtls./hect.)	Production (in qtls.)
(a) Autumn	65,764	6.38	419,329
(b) Winter	264,102	14.50	3,830,775
(c) Summer	9,207	17.73	163,200
Total :	**339073**	**13.02**	**4413304**

For plantation and horticulture the light soil is suited for orchards. The agro- climatic condition rolling topography, high elevation in most part of the district, and lack of irrigation facilities, provides very less percentage of net sown area for various plantation and horticulture.

Irrigation :

The normal rainfall in the district is 1648.2 mm. which is adequate to feed the crops. But, its uneven distribution and undulating topography causes uncertainty in cultivation. Rainfed area constitutes about 80 per cent of the total cultivated area. The major rivers flowing in the district are Subarnarekha, Budhabalanga, Khadakhai, Sone, Kala, Jambira and Baitarani. fortyfour per cent of total cultivated area can not retain the rain water as it drains into the river. So, measures are taken to provide an assured supply of water all the year round through medium and minor irrigation projects. There are 7 medium and 238 minor irrigation projects in the district.

Two reservoirs, namely, Balidiha and Haldiha are very old. Two medium irrigation projects such as Jambhira and Deo are under implementation and on their completion, additional irrigation potential for about 11420 hectares will be created. Madhabinala and Jharbeda MIPs and 133 LI points are under construction. The ongoing projects of Bankbal, Deo, Kalo on completion will also add to the irrigation potential of the district. Irrigation potential available in the district during 1998-99 is as follows :-

	Kharif	Rabi
	(Area in hect.)	
1.Major/medium irrigation projects	36,960	14,040
2.Minor irrigation projects	35,710	3,400
3.Lift irrigation projects	14,890	8,940

Source: District Statistical Hand Book, Mayurbhanj, 1999.

Natural Wealth :

Iron-ore (hematite), Vanadiferous and titaniferous magnetite, China clay, galena (lead ore), Kyanite, asbestos, steatite (soap stone) and quartzite constitute the principal mineral wealth of Mayurbhanj district. Of these, the iron-ore deposits of Gorumahisani, Badampahar and Sulaipat deserves special mention.

Iron- ore :

Iron- ore in Gorumahisani contains 60-66 percent of iron and the reserves estimated, were of the order of 35 million tons. The reserves at Badampahar as estimated were of the order of 26 million tons. The iron- ore deposits of Sulaipat is considered to be one of the richest in the country and also in the world. Considerable reserves of hematite containing 66-68 per cent iron have been mined from this deposits. There are 8 iron- ore working mines in which 179,000 M.T. of ore were raised during 1997-98.

Besides above minerals, mica, limestone, pottery clay and potstones are noteworthy in this district. A few years back, exploration of different minerals has been taken up with all seriousness.

Animal Husbandry :

The general condition of cattle in the district is poor. Tribes, who form the majority of the population, do not consume milk. The cows are therefore neglected. Bullocks which are used for ploughing and on carts are better looked after. There are few buffaloes. Few years back, steps were being taken for upgrading the non-descript type of cattle through artificial insemination and natural breeding. The district has 2 veterinary hospitals, 40 veterinary dispensaries, 161 livestock aid centers, 99 artificial insemination centers , 227 livestock inspectors during 1998-99.

During the summer the scarcity of fodder is keenly felt. The special fodder cultivation has been started besides straw and sugarcane tops are also used as fodder.

The sheep and goats are only reared for eatable purpose. The improved varieties breeding were started few years back through artificial insemination. Indigenous poultry is available in abundance. But, these are not good layers when compared to birds of improved varieties.

One district milk union has been set up at Baripada along with 12 primary milk co-operative societies in the district. Presently one chilling plant of 2000 LPD is functioning at Baripada. The average collection is 1100 LPD. In 1998-99, the milk production and egg production are 24060 MT, and 63.85 million numbers respectively in the district. As per livestock census 1995 undertaken by Directorate of Animal Husbandry & Veterinary Services, Orissa, Cuttack , the total number of cattle were 8,94,541 whereas total number of buffalos, sheep, goats, pigs, fowls were 25,233, 1,69,790, 4,84,293, 70,222 and 25,19,108 respectively in the district.

Trade and Commerce :

Trade in rice and paddy is controlled by the Government and both import and export are conducted through Government agencies. Although a large quantity of rice is exported every year to West Bengal and other parts of India, wheat and wheat products and sugar are imported from outside. Salt, kerosene oil, coal, pulses, tobacco, milk products, raw cotton, dry fish, textiles, medicines and various consumer goods are the major items of import into the district. The major items of export trade is timber which is carried by trucks and other items of export are bamboo, sabai grass, medicinal herbs etc. Iron ore is the main item of the district, which is exported to different steel plants of the country by roads and railway.

Transport and Communication :

Prior to Independence, most of the roads were un-metalled and un-bridged and were used only in fair-weather. In course of time, demand for more and better roads increased. For breaking the age-old isolation of many areas of the district, which was mostly inaccessible, construction of roads and development of road transport were considered. To accelerate this, large amount of funds were earmarked and spent on the development of roads in the successive Five-year plans. At present the district is served by National Highways, State Highways, major district roads, other district roads and classified village roads.

The length of roads according to category and surface classification in the district is given below for the year 1998-99.

Categories of Road	Length in Kms.
1. National Highways	193
2. State Highway	82
3. Major district roads	401
4. Other district roads	392
5. Forest roads	799
6. Gram Panchayat roads	6,641
7. Classified village roads	309
8. P.S. Roads	1,383
9. Village roads	2,151

Source: District Statistical Handbook, 1999

Number of vehicles registered in the district by the end of 1999.

1.Motor cycles, Scooters and Mopeds	22,863
2.Three wheelers and Auto Rickshaws	97
3.Jeeps and Station wagons	786
4.Privat Cars	726
5.Taxies	167
6.Contract carriages	61
7.State Carriages	502
8. Trucks and Lorries	2,251
9.Tractors and Trailers	1,225
10.Miscellaneous Vehicles	500

Source: State Transport Authority, Orissa, Cuttack

In the district bus service is available to all-important places of the district. There are 20 Railway stations situated inside the district covering 150 kms rail track.

Electricity and Power :

The State Electricity Board, Bhubaneswar controls the electricity organisation in the district. It has adopted different types of schemes for generation, transmission and distribution of electricity to different classes of consumers i.e. domestic, commercial, railway, industrial, agricultural, public health units and lift irrigation points. There are 2 electrical divisions i.e. Baripada and Rairangpur.

Power supply is maintained on 33 KV and 11 KV transmission lines through different Grid sub stations situated at Baripada and Rairangpur.

All the urban areas of the district coming under Municipalities and NACs are electrified. As per statistical reports of Directorate of Economics & Statistics, Orissa a total number of 2397 villages i.e 64% of the total inhabited villages in the district have been electrified by the end of the year 1998-99.

Data on consumption pattern of electricity in Mayurbhanj district during 1998-99 as available in District Statistical Handbook of Govt. of Orissa reveal that out of the total consumption of 118.358 million units in the district about 42.90% is used for domestic purposes while 11.03%, 7.81% and 16.15 % of total electricity consumption are used for commercial, all types of industries and irrigation purposes respectively.

Panchayati Raj System :

The three tiers Panchayati Raj system was introduced in the state with the enforcement of the Orissa Panchayat Samiti and Zilla Parishad Act, 1959, with effect from 26th January, 1961 which was further strengthened with the implementation of Orissa Zilla Parishad Act, 1991 w.e.f. 1st November 1993. The major objective of the Panchayati Raj System is to entrust the people with the management of local affairs and develop their capacity for self-governance. In the three tier system of Panchayati Raj, the Panchayat Samiti functions as the inter-mediary between Zilla Parishad at district level and the Gram Panchayat at village level and each of them functions within its own jurisdiction for the development of rural areas of the district for a normal tenure of five years.

Zilla Parishad, the apex body in the district is constituted of the following members. Each Panchayat Samiti in the district elects two members to the Zilla Parishad. Elected Members of Legislative Assembly and Members of Parliament from the district become the members of the Zilla Parishad. The Chairmen of all Panchayat Samities of the district, Chairmen of the Municipalities/ NACs and Co-operative banks of the district, the district officers of Health, Education, Public Health, Agriculture, Forest, Works and Co-operative development become the ex-officio members of Zilla Parishad. There is reservation of seats for SC and ST members on the basis of proportion of their population while 1/3rd of the seat is reserved for women members including SC and ST women. The members of the Zilla Parishad elect one amongst them as President and another as Vice President. The Collector of the district acts as the Chief Executive Officer. The Zilla Parishad, besides formulating policies for the key areas of rural development in the district, monitors and evaluates the various developmental programmes of the government, which are implemented by the Panchayat Samities in their respective areas of the district.

The Panchayat Samities, which act as the inter-mediary between Zilla Parishad and Gram Panchayats were established throughout the state in accordance with the provisions of the Orissa Panchayat Samiti Act, 1959 and its jurisdiction is coterminous with the area of the Community Development Block. The

Block Development Officer is the Executive head of the Samiti. Other Block level officers are the official members. The Sarpanchs of all Gram Panchayats within the C.D. Block become non-official members of the Panchayat Samiti. The elected members of the Panchayat Samiti elect one amongst them as the Chairman and another as Vice Chairman, of whom one must be a woman. Panchayat Samities are not only responsible for the planning, execution and supervision of all types of governmental development programmes in their areas but also look after the spread of primary education, management of trust and endowments etc. and all other developmental matters in their respective localities.

The Gram Panchayat at the primary level is constituted of a group of villages which are divided into wards. Ward members are directly elected by the voters of each ward. The Sarpanch of the Panchayat is elected by the voters of all the wards under the Gram Panchayat and one Naib Sarpanch is elected from amongst the ward members to look after the work of the Panchayat.

This primary unit of democratic decentralisation is the main agency to mobilize the rural manpower. Functions of the Gram Panchayat include sanitation, supply of drinking water, maintenance of ferry ghats and wells, construction and maintenance of Panchayat roads, cattle pounds, providing street light and implementing different agricultural schemes in the villages under its jurisdiction.

The names of the Panchayat Samities, number of Gram Panchayats and number of villages under each Panchayat Samiti in the district are given below:

Sl. No.	Name of the Panchayat Samiti	No. of Gram Panchayats under Panchayat Samiti	No. of villages under the Panchayat Samiti
1.	Tiring	5	80
2.	Bahalda	11	104
3.	Jamda	7	79
4.	Rairangpur	8	119
5.	Bijatola	10	155
6.	Kusumi	11	114
7.	Bisoi	10	156
8.	Jashipur	16	229
9.	Raruan	11	110
10.	Sukruli	8	90
11.	Karanjia	11	156
12.	Thakurmunda	14	173
13.	Kaptipada	16	148
14.	Udala	9	89
15.	Gopanbandhu nagar	12	129
16.	Khunta	12	129
17	Shamakhunta	13	136
18.	Bangiriposi	17	227
19.	Saraskana	13	200
20.	Koliana	10	235
21.	Suliapada	15	193
22.	Baripada	10	103
23.	Barsahi	21	224
24.	Betanati	16	226
25.	Rasagobindapur	12	177
26.	Muruda	18	169
	Total :	**316**	**3950**

(v) Brief description of places of religious, historical or archaeological importance of villages and places of tourist interest in the towns of the district.

Khiching :

Khiching is situated at a distance of 145 kms from Baripada, 210 kms from Baleswar railway station and 67 kms. from Badampahar railway station. The name Khiching is derived from Khijjinga Kotta which was the capital of Khijjinga mandala ruled by the kings of Bhanja dynasty. The presiding deity of the place is Kichakeswari (Khijjingeswari), the family goddess of the ruling chiefs of Mayurbhanj. The old monuments of the district are mostly centered around Khiching which represents various types of sculptures belonging to different religious denominations like Budhism, Jainism, the Brahmanical Hinduism of Saivism, Vaishnavite, Sakta, Ganapatya etc. The life size images of

Buddha(Avalokiteswara) and Siva (Nilakantheswara) are seen in this area. There is a small museum where images of various gods and goddesses belonging to medieval period are displayed which bear testimony to the master masons of Kalingan style.

The regular bus services are available from Baripada to Khiching.

Haripur :

It is situated 16 kms. to the south- east of Baripada. Next to Khiching, a remarkable site of art and architecture is found at Haripur, a deserted town on the bank of river Burhabalanga. Haripur was the headquarter of Mayurbhanj before Baripada was made the seat of Government. The vast ruins afford ample and interesting material for antiquarian research. The favourable geographical situation and charming surroundings were probably responsible for selection of this place as capital. Hariharpur was the earlier name of present Haripur. Maharaja Harihar Bhanja founded the town in 1400 A.D. and the headquarter was shifted here from Khiching.

Haripur finds prominent mention in the writings of Vaishnava poets of Goudiya School as it is associated with Sri Chaitanya who passed through this place on his way to Puri. Raja Baidyanath Bhanja who was a devoted Vaishnava built here a magnificent brick temple in honour of his tutelary god Rasika Raya. Nowhere in Orissa is found a brick temple of such superior workmanship. There is a stone image of Mahisamardini Durga known by the name of Gadachandi near Haripur.

Badasahi :

Badasahi is 27 kms. away from Baripada. The extensive heaps of ruins, numerous banks, images of gods and goddesses pertaining to different religious creeds lay scattered here and ruins of big temples bear eloquent testimony to the past glory of this village. An image of Parswanath, the twentythird Tirthankara has been discovered. It is commonly called as the temple of Pasa-Chandi, a grim skeleton figure with eight arms stands in the eastern part of the village. The original temple was 21 ft. high with a base of 12 ft. The artistic beauty of high order is evident from the sculptures on the top of the temple. The stone temple too indicates the influence of the Dravidian style of architecture. Pasa- chandi in the tantras is called Rudra Vairavi.

Here, on the bank of a large tank a small figure popularly known as Chandrasena is also regarded as the chief deity of the village by Adivasis. Every year on the fullmoon day of Baisakha, thousands gather at this place. Dehuris perform puja. This village is now inhabited by people of all caste and creed.

Old manuscripts written on palm leaves are found in many houses here. Of these, Satyanarayan of Sankaracharya deserves mention. The manuscripts having sixteen chapters contain 5,000 slokas. Rasa jatra is celebrated on Rasa purnima day in November with great pomp here.

Mahuladiha :

It is a small vallage about 3 kms. from Kaptipada. It is notable for its association with activities of the great patriotic leader Jatin Mukherjee, popularly known as Bhagha Jatin who had his secret headquarters here in 1915.

Mantri :

It is situated 11 kms. to the south- east of Badasahi and 38 kms. from Baripada. The place is well known throughout Orissa for the temple of its presiding deity, Kakharua Baidyanath. Thousands of people come here from distant places to present offerings to the deity . During Sivaratri, jatras are held in honour of this god. This temple is picturesque in appearance. There are some inscriptions on the temple wall.

Dhudhua :

It is a hillock to the north of Badakhunta in Kaptipada sub-division, 30 kms. from Baripada. There is a waterfall here whose sound is heard from a long distance.

Kuchai :

The excavated pre-historic site of Kuchai, 8 kms. north of Baripada, is known for yielding neolothic possessions of men. Pottery found with Neolithic implements speak of occurrence of microlothic industry of the late stone age in the Mayurbhanj district. It is on the way from Baripada to Similipal.

Mayurbhanj has the distinction of having vast forest area bristling with varied flora and fauna, stretches of lush green forests with a network of perennial streams and its bracing climate contributes so much to make the district an ideal habitat of tropical birds and animals. The special mention may be made of the Similipal hills, which was a few years ago, declared as "National Park". The Similipal hills still intruded in many parts have a charm of its own. Rich in resources waiting to be exploited, they stand in their virgin glory with captivating scenery with animals and plants flourishing in their natural habitat still unscratched by men. The district is one of the richest areas in mineral deposits. The district is peopled largely by Santals who are closely knit and are proud of their heritage.

The district is highly cultured in literature, languages, arts and architecture, especially in stone plastic art. Different religious denominations have flourished here in the past.

(vi) Contribution of the district in the form of historical figure associated with the district:

Mayurbhanj had the distinction of being administered by a ruling family in unbroken continuity for nearly 1300 years, until it merged with the state of Orissa in 1949. During British administration, Maharaja Krushna Chandra Bhanja was an able and enlightened ruler. He got the title of Maharaja in 1877 for his efficient administration and for his generousity, the most prominent instance of which was his donation of Rs. 27,000 towards raising the Cuttack High School to the status of a college, named after T.E. Ravenshaw. The modern method of administration of Mayurbhanj began during his times.

After his death, his eldest son Sriram Chandra Bhanja Deva received a liberal education and was the most enlightened among the Garhjat Kings. He was a guest of the Government at imperial darbar held in Delhi and a Gold Delhi Darbar medal of crown was awarded to him. He was a ruler of practical wisdom. He formed a state council to meet the requirements of democratic Government. All modern administrations were carried out on British democratic lines under his personal supervision. He was a shrewd judge of men. He appointed Pandit Gopabandhu Das as his state Pleader, who subsequently became one of the greatest leaders of Orissa. He had endeared himself to the people of Orissa. From the date he gave his presidential address as first President of Utkala Sammilani, a movement started by Madhusudan Das for the amalgamation of Oriya speaking tracts. This was held at Cuttack in 1903. His popularity with the British ruling India at that time was of a great applause. Sriram Chandra Bhanja Medical College was set up at Cuttack after the name of this prominent and popular ruler of Orissa.

(vii) Census Concepts

Building :

A 'Building' is generally a single structure on the ground. Sometimes it is made up of more than one component unit which are used or likely to be used as dwellings(residences) or establishments such as shops, business houses, offices, factories, workshops, worksheds, Schools, places of entertainment, places of worship, godowns, stores etc. It is also possible that building which have component units may be used for a combination of purposes such as shop-cum-residence,workshop-cum-residence,office-cum-residence,etc.

Usually a structure will have four walls and a roof. But in some areas the very nature of construction of houses is such that there may not be any wall. Such is the case of conical structures where entrance is also provided but they may not have any walls. Therefore, such of the conical structures are also treated as separate buildings.

Permanent houses :

Houses, the walls and roof of which are made of permanent materials. The material of walls can be any one from the following, namely, galvanized iron sheets or other metal sheets, asbestos sheets, burnt

bricks, stones or concrete. Roof may be made of from any one of the following materials, namely, tiles, slate, galvanized iron sheets, metal sheets, asbestos sheets, bricks, stones or concrete.

Semi-permanent houses :

Houses in which either the wall or the roof is made of permanent material and the other is made of temporary material.

Temporary houses :

Houses in which both walls and roofs are made of materials, which have to be replaced frequently. Walls may be made from any one of the following temporary materials, namely, grass, thatch, bamboo, plastic, polythene, mud, unburnt bricks or wood. Roof may be made from any one of the following temporary materials, namely, grass, thatch, bamboo, wood, mud, plastic or polythene.

Dwelling Room :

A room is treated as a dwelling room if it has walls with a doorway and a roof and should be wide and long enough for a person to sleep in, i.e. it should have a length of not less than 2 meters and a breadth of at least 1.5 meters and a height of 2 meters. A dwelling room would include living room, bedroom, dining room, drawing room, study room, servant's room and other habitable rooms. Kitchen, bathroom, latrine, store room, passageway and verandah which are not normally usable for living are not considered as dwelling rooms. A room, used for multipurpose such as sleeping, sitting, dining, storing, cooking, etc., is regarded as a dwelling room. In a situation where a census houses is used as a shop or office., etc., and the household also stays in it then the room is not considered as a dwelling room. But if a garage or servant quarter is used by a servant and if she/ he also lives in it as a separate household then this has been considered as a dwelling room available to the servant's household. Tent or conical shaped hut if used for living by any household is also considered as dwelling room.

A dwelling room, which is shared by more than one household, has not been counted for any of them. If two households have a dwelling room each but in addition also share a common dwelling room, then the common room has not been counted for either of the households.

Census House :

A 'census house' is a building or part of a building used or recognised as a separate unit because of having a separate main entrance from the road or common courtyard or staircase, etc. It may be occupied or vacant. It may be used for residential or non- residential purpose or both.

In certain peculiar situations, the manner in which buildings and census houses were identified for numbering in the field by the enumerators is described hereunder:

Sometimes a series of different buildings are found along a street which are joined with one another by common walls on either side looking like a continuous structure. These different units are practically independent of one another and are likely to have been built at different times and owned by different persons. In such cases, though the whole structure with all the adjoining units apparently appears to be one building, each portion was treated as a separate building and its constituent units as separate census houses.

On the other hand, one may come across cases, particularly in large cities of multi-storeyed ownership flats. In these cases while the structure looks like one building, different persons own the flats. In case of such multi-storeyed structures, having a number of flats owned by different persons, the entire structure was treated as one building and each flat as a separate census house.

If within a large enclosed area, there are separate buildings owned by different persons then each such building is treated as a separate building. There can be a situation where within an enclosed compound there are separate buildings owned by an undertaking or company or even government that are actually in occupation of different persons. For example, Indian Oil Corporation colony where the buildings are owned by the Corporation but these are in occupation of their employees. Each such building was treated as a separate building. But if in any one of these buildings there were flats in occupation of different households, each such flat was reckoned as a separate census house.

Sometimes if becomes difficult to apply the definition of census house strictly in certain cases. For example, in an urban area, if a flat has five rooms, each room having direct entrance from the common

staircase or courtyard. By definition, this has to be treated as five census houses. If all these five rooms are occupied by a single household it was not realistic to treat them as five census houses. In such a case,'singleness' of use of these rooms along with the main house should be considered and the entire flat was treated as one census house. On the other hand, if two independent households occupy these five rooms, the first household living in 3 rooms and the second household occupying 2 rooms, then considering the use, the first three rooms together were treated as one census house and the remaining rooms as another census house. But if each room was occupied by an independent household, then each such room was treated as a separate census house.

In case of hostels, hotels, etc., even if the door of each room in which an inmate lives opens to a common verandah, staircase, courtyard or a common room, as it happens almost invariably, the entire hostel/ Hotel building was treated as one census house. but if such hostels/ hotels have out- houses or other structures used for different purposes or the same purpose, then each such structure attached to the main hostel / hotel was treated as a separate census house.

In some parts of the country, in rural areas, the pattern of habitation is such that a group of huts, located in a compound, whether enclosed or unenclosed, is occupied by one household. While the main residence may be located in one hut, other huts may be used for sleeping, as a kitchen, bath room, baithak, etc. Though each of the huts was a separates structure, they form a single housing unit and therefore, have to be treated collectively as one building and one census house. If some of the huts are used by one household and the others by a second household as residence, then the two groups of huts were treated as separate census houses. However, if there were also other huts in the compound used for other purposes and not as part of the household's residence such as, cattle shed, workshed, etc., these were treated as separate census houses.

On the other hand, in urban areas, where more than one structure within an enclosed or open compound (premises) belonging to the same person, e.g., the main house, the servant's quarter, the garage, etc., only one building number was given for this group and each of the constituent a separate census house number.

Only cases where a structure with roof and pillars has come up was treated as a building.

Rural-Urban area :

The data in tables on Houses, Household Amenities and Assets are presented separately for rural and urban areas. The unit of classification in this regard is 'town' for urban areas and 'village' for rural areas. In the Census of India 2001, the definition of urban area adopted is as follows:

a) All places with a municipality, corporation, cantonment board or notified town area committee, etc.

b) A place satisfying the following three criteria simultaneously:

   i) A minimum population of 5,000;

   ii) At least 75 per cent of male working population engaged in non-agricultural pursuits; and

   iii) A density of population of at least 400 per sq. km.(1,000 per sq.mile)

For identification of places which would qualify to be classified as 'urban' all villages, which, as per the 1991 Census had a population of 4,000 and above, a population density of 400 persons per sq. km. and having at least 75 per cent of male working population engaged in non-agricultural activity were considered. To work out the proportion of male working population referred to above against b) (ii), the data relating to main workers were taken into account.

Apart from these, the outgrowths(OGs) of cities and towns have also been treated as urban under 'Urban Agglomerations'. Examples of out-growths are railway colonies, university campuses, port areas, military camps, etc., that may have come up near a statutory town or city but within the revenue limits of a village or villages contiguous to the town or city. Each such individual area by itself may not satisfy the demographic criteria laid down at (b) above to qualify it to be treated as an independent urban unit but may deserve to be clubbed with the towns as a continuous urban spread. Thus, the town level data, wherever presented, also includes the data for outgrowths of such towns.

City :

Towns with population of 1,00,000 and above are called cities.

Urban Agglomeration :

An Urban Agglomeration is a continuous urban spread constituting a town and its adjoining urban outgrowths (OGs) or two or more physically contiguous towns together and any adjoining urban outgrowths of such towns. In some cases railway colonies, university campuses, port areas, etc., may come up near a city or statutory town outside its statutory limits but within the revenue limits of a village or villages contiguous to the town or city. Each such individual area by itself may not satisfy the minimum population limit to qualify it to be treated as an independent urban unit but may deserve to be clubbed with the town as a continuous urban spread. For the purpose of delineation of Urban Agglomerations during Census of India 2001, following criteria are taken as pre-requisites:(a) The core town or at least one of the constituent towns of an urban agglomeration should necessarily be a statutory town ; and(b) The total population of all the constituents (i.e., towns and outgrowths) of an Urban Agglomeration should not be less than 20,000 (as per the 1991 Census). With these two basic criteria having been met, the following are the possible different situations in which Urban Agglomerations would be constituted : i) a city or town with one or more contiguous outgrowths; ii) two or more adjoining towns with their outgrowths; and iii) a city and one or more adjoining towns with their outgrowths all of which form a continuous spread.

Household :

A 'household' is usually a group of persons who normally live together and take their meals from a common kitchen unless the exigencies of work prevent any of them from doing so. Persons in a household may be related or unrelated or a mix of both. However, if a group of unrelated persons live in a census house but do not take their meals from the common kitchen, then they are not constituent of a common household. Each such person was to be treated as a separate household. The important link in finding out whether it was a household or not was a common kitchen. There may be one member households, two member households or multi-member households.

Institutional household :

A group of unrelated persons who live in an institution and take their meals from a common kitchen is called an Institutional Household. Examples of Institutional Households are boarding houses, messes, hostels, hotels, rescue homes, jails, ashrams, orphanages, etc. To make the definition more clearly perceptible to the enumerators at the Census 2001, it was specifically mentioned that this category or households would cover only those households where a group of unrelated persons live in an institution and share a common kitchen.

Houseless household :

Households who do not live in buildings or census houses but live in the open on roadside, pavements, in hume pipes, under fly-overs and staircases, or in the open in places of worship, mandaps, railway platforms, etc., are treated as Houseless Households.

Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes :

Article 341 of the Constitution provides that the President may, with respect to any State or Union territory, specify the castes, races or tribes or parts of or groups within castes, races or tribes which shall for the purposes of the Constitution be deemed to be Scheduled Castes in relation to that State or Union territory. Article 342 similarly provides for specification of tribes or tribal communities or parts of or groups within tribes or tribal communities which are to be deemed for the purposes of the Constitution to be Scheduled Tribes in relation to the various States and Union territories. In pursuance of these provisions, the list of Scheduled Castes and / or Scheduled Tribes are notified for each State and Union territory and are valid only within the jurisdiction of that State or Union territory and not outside.

It is important to mention here that under the Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Order, 1950, no person who professed a religion different from Hinduism was deemed to be a member of a Scheduled Caste in addition to every member of the Ramdasi, Kabirpanthi, Majhabi or Sikligar caste resident in Punjab or Patiala and East Punjab States Union were in relation to that State whether they professed the Hindu or the Sikh religion. Subsequently, in September 1956, by an amendment, the Presidential Order of 1950 and in all subsequent Presidential Orders relating to Scheduled Castes, the Hindu and the Sikh religions were placed on the same footing with regard to the specification of Scheduled Castes. Later on, as per the amendment made in the

Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Order 1990, the Hindu, the Sikh and the Buddhist were placed on the same footing with regard to the recognition of the Scheduled Castes.

The lists containing the names of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes applicable for the Census of India 2001 in the State are given below:

Scheduled Castes List for Orissa :

1. Adi Andhra
2. Amant, Amat
3. Audhelia
4. Badaik
5. Bagheti, Baghuti
6. Bajikar
7. Bari
8. Bariki
9. Basor,Burud
10. Bauri
11. Bauti
12. Bavuri
13. Bedia, Bejia
14. Beldar
15. Bhata
16. Bhoi
17. Chachati
18. Chakali
19. Chamar, Mochi, Muchi, Satnami
20. Chandala
21. Chandhai Maru
22. Cherua, Chhelia
23. Dandasi
24. Dewar
25. Dhanwar
26. Dhoba, Dhobi
27. Dom, Dombo, Duria Dom
28. Dosadha
29. Ganda
30. Ghantarghada, Ghantra
31. Ghasi,Ghasia
32. Ghogia
33. Ghusuria
34. Godagali
35. Godari
36. Godra
37. Gokha
38. Gorait, Korait
39. Haddi, Hadi, Hari
40. Irika
41. Jaggali
42. Kandra, Kandara
43. Karua
44. Katia
45. Kela
46. Khadala
47. Kodalo, Khodalo
48. Kori
49. Kummari
50. Kurunga
51. Laban
52. Laheri
53. Madari
54. Madiga
55. Mahuria
56. Mala,Jhala,Malo,Zala
57. Mang
58. Mangan
59. Mehra,Mahar
60. Mehtar, Bhangi
61. Mewar
62. Mundapotta
63. Musahar
64. Nagarchi
65. Namasudra

66. Paidi
67. Painda
68. Pamidi
69. Pan,Pano
70. Panchama
71. Panika
72. Panka
73. Pantanti
74. Pap
75. Pasi
76. Patial, Patikar, Patratanti, Patua
77. Rajna
78. Relli
79. Sabakhia
80. Samasi
81. Sanei
82. Sapari
83. Sauntia,Santia
84. Sidhria
85. Sinduria
86. Siyal
87. Tamadia
88. Tamudia
89. Tanla
90. Tiar,Tior
91. Turi
92. Ujia
93. Valamiki, Valmiki

Scheduled Tribes list for Orissa :

1. Bagata
2. Baiga
3. Banjara, Banjari
4. Bathudi
5. Bhottada, Dhotada
6. Bhuiya, Bhuyan
7. Bhumia
8. Bhumij
9. Bhunjia
10. Binjhal
11. Binjhia, Binjhoa
12. Birhor
13. Bondo Poraja
14. Chenchu
15. Dal
16. Desua Bhumij
17. Dharua
18. Didayi
19. Gadaba
20. Gandia
21. Ghara
22. Gond, Gondo
23. Ho
24. Holva
25. Jatapu
26. Juang
27. Kandha Gauda
28. Kawar
29. Kharia,Kharian
30. Kharwar
31. Khond, Kond, Kandha, Nanguli Kandha, Sitha Kandha
32. Kisan
33. Kol
34. Kolah Loharas, Kol Loharas
35. Kolha
36. Koli, Malhar
37. Kondadora
38. Kora
39. Korua
40. Kotia
41. Koya

42. Kulis
43. Lodha
44. Madia
45. Mahali
46. Mankidi
47. Mankirdia
48. Matya
49. Mirdhas
50. Munda, Munda Lohara, Munda Mahalis
51. Mundari
52. Omanatya
53. Oraon
54. Parenga
55. Paroja
56. Pentia
57. Rajuar
58. Santal
59. Saora, Savar, Saura Sahara
60. Shabar, Lodha
61. Sounti
62. Tharua

Language and Mother tongue :

As per the census concept, each language is a group of mother tongues. The census questionnaire collects information on the mother tongue of each person and mother tongue is defined as the language spoken in childhood by the person's mother to the person. If the mother died in infancy, the language mainly spoken in the person's home in childhood will be the mother tongue. In the case of infants and deaf mutes, the language usually spoken by the mother is considered as mother tongue. It is not necessary that the language spoken as mother tongue should have a script. The mother tongues returned by the respondents in census are classified and grouped under appropriate languages according to their linguistic characteristics.

Literate :

A person aged 7 years and above who can both read and write with understanding in any language is taken as literate. A person who can only read but cannot write is not literate. It is not necessary that to be considered as literate, a person should have received any formal education or passed any minimum educational standard. Literacy could also have been achieved through adult literacy classes or through any non-formal educational system. People who are blind and can read in Braille are treated as literates.

Literacy rate :

Literacy rate of the population is defined as the percentage of literates in the age group seven years and above. For different age groups the percentage of literates in that age group gives the literacy rate.

Educational level :

The highest level of education a person has completed

Work :

Work is defined as participation in any economically productive activity with or without compensation, wages or profit. Such participation may be physical and/or mental in nature. Work involves not only actual work but also includes effective supervision and direction of work. It even includes part time help or unpaid work on farm, family enterprise or in any other economic activity. All persons engaged in 'work' as defined above are workers. Persons who are engaged in cultivation or milk production even solely for domestic consumption are also treated as workers. Reference period for determining a person as worker and non-worker is one year preceding the date of enumeration.

Main worker :

A person who has worked for major part of the reference period (i.e. six months or more during the last one year preceding the date of enumeration) in any economically productive activity is termed as 'Main worker'.

Marginal worker :

A person who worked for less than six months of the reference period (i.e. in the last one year preceding the date of enumeration) in any economic

activity is termed as 'Marginal worker'.

Non worker :

A person who has not worked at all in any economically productive activity during the reference period (i.e. last one year preceding the date of enumeration) is termed as 'Non worker'.

Cultivator :

For purposes of the Census a person is classified as cultivator if he or she is engaged in cultivation on land owned or held from government or held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share. Cultivation includes effective supervision or direction in cultivation. A person who has given out her/his land to another person or persons or institution(s) for cultivation for money, kind or share of crop and who does not even supervise or direct cultivation in exchange of land, is not treated as cultivator. Similarly, a person working on another person's land for wages in cash or kind or a combination of both (agricultural labourer) is not treated as cultivator. Cultivation involves ploughing, sowing, harvesting and production of cereals and millet crops such as wheat, paddy, jowar, bajra, ragi, etc., and other crops such as sugarcane, tobacco, ground-nuts, tapioca, etc., and pulses, raw jute and kindred fiber crop, cotton, cinchona and other medicinal plants, fruit growing, vegetable growing or keeping orchards or groves, etc. Cultivation does not include the following plantation crops – tea, coffee, rubber, coconut and betel-nuts (areca).

Agricultural labourer :

A person who works on another person's land for wages in money or kind or share is regarded as an agricultural labourer. She/he has no risk in the cultivation, but merely works on another person's land for wages. An agricultural labourer has no right of lease or contract on land on which she/he works.

Household Industry worker :

Household industry is defined as an industry conducted by the head of the household herself/himself and or by the members of the household at home or within the village in rural areas and only within the precincts of the house where the household lives in urban areas. The larger proportion of workers in household industry should consist of members of the household including the head. The industry should not be run on the scale of a registered factory which would qualify or has to be registered under the Indian Factories Act and should be engaged in manufacturing, processing, servicing and repairs of goods. It does not include professions such as a pleader, Doctor, Musician, Dancer, Waterman, Astrologer, Dhobi, Barber, etc. or merely trade or business, even if such professions, trade or services are run at home by members of the household.

Other worker :

A person who has been engaged in some economic activity during the reference period but not as a cultivator or agricultural labourer or in Household Industry is termed as a 'Other Worker (OW)'. The type of workers that come under this category of 'OW' include all government servants, municipal employees, teachers, factory workers, plantation workers, those engaged in trade, commerce, business, transport, banking, mining, construction, political or social work, priests, entertainment artists, etc. In effect, all those workers other than cultivators or agricultural labourers or household industry workers, are 'Other Workers'.

Work participation rate :

Percentage of workers (main + marginal) to total population.

Population density :

Population density is the number of persons inhabited per square kilometre of the area.

Age :

Age is measured in terms of the completed number of years

Sex-ratio :

Number of females per 1000 males in a population.

(viii) Non-Census Concepts

Improved drinking water :

If the household had access to drinking water supplied from a tap, hand pump, tube well or well (protected or covered) situated within or outside the premises, it is considered as having access to improved drinking water.

It may be mentioned that such uniform definition may not be valid across all States.

System of sewerage :

Generally, a sewerage system would mean a network of mains and branches of underground conduits for the conveyance of sewerage to the point of disposal. Sewers that carry only household and industrial wastage are called separate sewers; those that carry storm water from roofs, streets and other surfaces are known as storm water drains, while those carrying both sewage and storm water are called combined sewers. However, in some towns, which are not provided with such underground sewerage system, it is served by open surface drain, box drain, silk pattern drain, etc., in these towns.

Type of latrine and Method of disposal of night soil.

There are three prevalent systems of disposal of human wastes, viz. :

(i) underground sewerage,

(ii) sanitary water flush latrines with individual disposal systems, like septic tank, leaching cess pool and collecting well, and

(iii) dry type of latrines with manual scavenging.

The system of underground sewerage provides for the street sewerage with which are connected the sanitary latrines constructed in the houses having water closets and fitted with flushing cistern (or hand flushing). Through this sewer the fecal matter is transported without the need for scavenging. This system generally exists in cities and big towns.

Where the street sewer does not exist, these sanitary water flush latrines are connected to a local septic tank with a sub-soil dispersion system or a leaching pit. Here the liquid wastes from the water closet is disposed of locally in leaching pit, a septic tank with a soil dispersion system is constructed. This dispersion requires an optimum travel through the pores of the soil, which renders the harmful liquid bacterially innocuous by the slow process of filtration through the soil traversed.

Where the soil is impermeable, collecting wells are constructed and the sanitary water flush latrines are connected with them. These wells are cleaned at periodic intervals by a suitable device. The dry type of latrines are of service type latrines from where human excreta is removed by scavengers from house to house, in most cases carrying it on their heads or shoulders or in baskets with handle or wheel barrows. These are then collected in bullock carts or trucks or tractors and trolleys for being carried to the dumping grounds.

Fertility :

In demography, the word fertility is used in relation to the actual production of children or occurrence of births specially live births. Fertility is a measure of rate at which population adds to itself by births and normally assessed by relating the number of births to a full or part of the population, such as number of married women or number of women of child-bearing age. The definitions of the terminology used in computing different fertility rates are mentioned below:

Crude birth rate (CBR) :

Ratio of the number of live births in a year to the mid year population, normally expressed per 1,000 population.

$$\text{CBR} = \frac{\text{Number of live births during the year}}{\text{Mid–year Population}} \times 1{,}000$$

Crude death rate (CDR) :

Ratio of the number of deaths in a year to the mid year population, normally expressed per 1,000 population.

$$\text{CDR} = \frac{\text{Number of deaths during the year}}{\text{Mid-year Population}} \times 1{,}000$$

Natural growth rate :

Growth rate is obtained as the difference between crude birth rate and crude death rate in the absence of migration.

Age specific fertility rate (ASFR) :

Number of live births in a year to female population in any specified age-group normally expressed per 1,000 women.

$$\text{ASFR} = \frac{\text{Number of live births in a particular age-group}}{\text{Mid-year female population of the same age-group}} \times 1{,}000$$

Age specific marital fertility rate (ASMFR) :

Number of live births in a year to married female population in any specified age-group normally expressed per 1,000 married women.

$$\text{ASMFR} = \frac{\text{Number of live births in a particular age-group}}{\text{Mid-year married female population of the same age-group}} \times 1{,}000$$

General fertility rate (GFR) :

Number of live births per 1,000 women in the reproductive age-group (15-49) years in a given year.

$$\text{GFR} = \frac{\text{Number of live births in a year}}{\text{Mid-year female population in the age-group (15-49) years}} \times 1{,}000$$

General marital fertility rate (GMFR) :

Number of live births per 1,000 married women in reproductive age-group (15-49) years in a given year.

$$\text{GMFR} = \frac{\text{Number of live births in a year}}{\text{Mid-year married female population in the age-group (15-49) years}} \times 1{,}000$$

Total fertility rate (TFR) :

It is obtained as the total of the age specific fertility rates (number of children born per woman of the particular age) for the entire reproductive age span. It provides the average number of children that will be born to a woman under the fertility levels indicated by the age specific fertility rates assuming that there is no mortality of women till the completion of reproductive period.

$$\text{TFR} = \frac{5 \times \sum^{45\text{-}49} \text{ASFR}_{15\text{-}19}}{1{,}000}$$

Total marital fertility rate (TMFR) :

Average number of children that would be born to a married woman if she experiences the current fertility pattern throughout her reproductive span (15-49) years assuming that there is no mortality of women till the completion of reproductive period.

$$\text{TMFR} = \frac{5 \times \sum^{45\text{-}49} \text{ASMFR}_{15\text{-}19}}{1{,}000}$$

Age-specific mortality rate (ASMR) :

Number of deaths in a particular age and sex group per 1000 population of the same age-group.

$$\text{ASMR} = \frac{\text{Number of deaths in a particular age-group}}{\text{Mid-year population of the same age-group}} \times 1{,}000$$

q1 :

Probability of dying between birth and age 1. This can be used as approximate value of Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) which gives the ratio of number of deaths in a year of children aged less than one year to the number of births in that year.

q2 :

Probability of dying between birth and age 2.

q5 :

Probability of dying between birth and age 5. This indicator is also known as Under Five Mortality Rate (U5MR).

Infant mortality rate (IMR) :

Ratio of the number of infant deaths (deaths of children below one year) in a year to the number of live births in that year.

$$\text{IMR} = \frac{\text{Number of infant deaths during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

Infant mortality rate comprises of two parts, viz., Neo-natal mortality rate and Post neo-natal mortality rate. The neo-natal mortality rate also comprises of two parts viz., Early neo-natal mortality rate and late neo-natal mortality rate. These are defined as:

Neo-natal mortality rate (NMR) :

Number of infants dying within the first month of life (28 days or under) in a year per 1,000 live births of the same year.

$$NMR = \frac{\text{Number of infant deaths aged 28 days or under during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

i) Early neo- natal mortality rate :

$$= \frac{\text{Number of infant deaths of less than 7 days during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

ii) Late neo-natal mortality rate :

$$= \frac{\text{Number of infant deaths of 7 days to less than 29 days during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

Post neo-natal mortality rate (PNMR) :

$$= \frac{\text{Number of deaths of 29 days to less than One year during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

Peri-natal mortality rate (PMR) :

Number of still births plus deaths within 1st week of delivery per 1000 births in a year.

$$PMR = \frac{\text{Number of still births and infant deaths of less than 7 days during the year}}{\text{Number of live births and still births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

Still birth rate (SBR) :

$$= \frac{\text{Number of still births during the year}}{\text{Number of live births and still births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

Maternal Mortality Rate (MMR) :

Number of deaths of women in the age-group 15-49 while pregnant or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy from any cause related to pregnancy and child birth per 1,00,000 live births in a given year.

$$MMR = \frac{\text{Number of maternal deaths to women in the age group 15-49}}{\text{Number of live birth}} \times 1{,}00{,}000$$

Eligible couple (Couples per 1,000 population) :

Number of currently married females in the age-group 15-44 years per 1000 persons of all ages.

Child woman ratio (0-4) :

1. Number of children in the age-group 0-4 years per 1000 women in the age-group 15-49 years.

Child woman ratio (5-9) :

2. Number of children in the age-group 5-9 years per 1000 women in the age-group 15-49 years.

Civic status of urban units :

Civic Status of a town/city is determined on the basis of Civic Administrative authority of the town e.g., Municipal Corporation/Corporation, Municipal Committee/Municipal council, Municipality etc.

Size class of UA/town :

Size-class of UA/Town is based on the population size of the UA/City/Town UAs/Towns with 100,000 and above population are classified as Class I UAs/ Towns. These Class I UAs./Towns are now further sub classified into seven sub classes namely M1 to M7 depending on the population size of UA/City/Town. These are :

M7 (5,000,000 and above);

M6 (2,000,000 to 4,999,999);

M5 (1,000,000-1,999,999);

M4 (500,000-999,999);
M3 (300,000-499,999);
M2 (200,000-299,999); and
M1 (100,000-199,999).

Towns with 50,000 to 99,999 population are classified as Class II towns, 20,000 to 49,999 population are Class III towns, population with 10,000-19,999 are Class IV towns, population with 5,000 and 9,999 are Class V towns and towns with less than 5,000 population are Class VI towns.

Slum area :

The Slum Areas (Improvement and Clearance) Act, 1956, which was enacted by the Central Government defined slums as a) Areas where buildings are in any respect unfit for human habitation; or b) are by reasons of dilapidation, overcrowding, fault arrangement and design of such buildings, narrowness or faulty arrangement of streets, lack of ventilation, light or sanitation facilities, or any combination of these factors, are detrimental to safety, health or morals.

Mega city :

The concept of 'Mega city' is a recent phenomenon in the Urban Sociology and is defined in term of metropolitan city in the form of large size, problem of management of civic amenities and capacity to absorb the relatively high growth of population. Indian Census in 1991 treated the population size of 5 million and above as the cut off point to identify a place as the mega city. Whereas, for the purpose of inclusion in Centrally Sponsored Scheme for Infrastructure Development in Mega cities the Ministry of Urban Affairs and employment, Department of Urban Development adopted the criteria of 4 million and above population as per 1991 Census for Mega Cities. In 2001 Census, cities with 10 millions and above population have been treated as Mega cities.

(ix) 2001 Census findings - Population, its distribution

(a) Distribution of population in rural-urban areas:

The distribution of population in rural and urban areas of Mayurbhanj district shows that the total population of the district is 2,223,456 with 2,067,756 rural and 155,700 urban population. The share of urban population in the district is only 7.00 percent, thus showing it a completely rural district in comparison to the state where the urban population share is 14.99 percent. There are 3950 villages in the district out of which 202 villages are uninhabited. The village area covers around 93.00 percent of total population in the district.

(b) Size class and status of towns, population, growth, density, sex ratio, work participation rate and literacy :

There are four statutory towns in the district. The population of these four towns of the district are Baripada (M) 95,004, Rairangpur (NAC) 21,896, Udala (NAC) 11,712 and Karanjia (NAC) 21,441. So far as the size class of the towns are concerned Baripada (M) is categorised under class II town. Rairangpur (NAC) and Karanjia (NAC) are classified as class III towns and Udala (NAC) is categorised under class IV town.

While comparing the growth of population in these towns with 1991 census, it is seen that Baripada (M) has the highest growth rate with 91.5 percent and Udala (NAC) has the lowest growth percentage with 3.75 percent. The density of population in the towns of the district is 1981 while the density of urban population in the state is 1975.

The sex ratio in the towns of the district is 895 whereas the rural sex ratio is 986 and district total sex ratio 980. Rairangpur(NAC) is having the highest sex ratio of 960 and the lowest (876) in Baripada(M). The sex ratio in the 0-6 age group population of these towns shows that Karanjia (NAC) has highest sex ratio (1002) and Baripada (M) has the lowest sex ratio (924). In the urban areas of the district, the 0-6 age group sex ratio is 956.

The district has a literacy rate of 51.91percent with 49.46 percent in rural and 82.56 percent in urban areas. The work participation rate of the district is 46.2 percent in comparison to the state average of 38.8 percent. In rural areas it is higher (47.4 percent) in comparison to urban areas (30.7 percent) in the District.

(x) Analysis of Primary Census Abstract Data

The inset tables in the District Census Handbooks based on primary census abstract data have been quite useful for the data users, planners and administrators etc. This is a novel feature of census, which aims at providing a brief analysis of Primary Census Abstract data and help the data users to get an insight into the gamut of census in a nutshell. Each inset table reflects a separate feature on various demographic features of the district and its parts.

TABLE 1 : DECADAL CHANGE IN POPULATION OF POLICE STATIONS BY RESIDENCE, 1991-2001

Serial number	Police Station	Population						Percentage decadal variation 1991-2001			Percentage urban population	
		1991			2001						1991	2001
		Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Tiringi	76,888	76,888	0	87,308	87,308	0	13.6	13.6	0.0	0.0	0
2	Bahalda	82,060	82,060	0	92,891	92,891	0	13.2	13.2	0.0	0.0	0
3	Gorumahisani	39,477	39,477	0	44,423	44,423	0	12.5	12.5	0.0	0.0	0
4	Rairangpur	64,783	64,783	0	73,189	73,189	0	13.0	13.0	0.0	0.0	0
5	Rairangpur Town	37,371	19,274	18,097	44,565	22,669	21,896	19.3	17.6	21.0	48.4	49.1
6	Badampahar	50,368	50,368	0	56,678	56,678	0	12.5	12.5	0.0	0.0	0
7	Bisoi	57,534	57,534	0	66,183	66,183	0	15.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0
8	Bangiriposi	78,254	78,254	0	92,468	92,468	0	18.2	18.2	0.0	0.0	0
9	Jharpokharia	74,568	74,568	0	88,509	88,509	0	18.7	18.7	0.0	0.0	0
10	Chandua	48,054	48,054	0	56,770	56,770	0	18.1	18.1	0.0	0.0	0
11	Koliana	61,173	61,173	0	72,405	72,405	0	18.4	18.4	0.0	0.0	0
12	Baripada Sadar	65,024	65,024	0	76,226	76,226	0	17.2	17.2	0.0	0.0	0
13	Baripada Town	27,564	7,943	19,621	9,963	4,316	5,647	-63.9	-45.7	-71.2	71.2	56.7
14	Suliapada	65,662	65,662	0	77,762	77,762	0	18.4	18.4	0.0	0.0	0
15	Muruda	61,094	61,094	0	70,123	70,123	0	14.8	14.8	0.0	0.0	0
16	Betanati	68,452	68,452	0	80,105	80,105	0	17.0	17.0	0.0	0.0	0
17	Rasagobindapur	68,322	68,322	0	83,632	83,632	0	22.4	22.4	0.0	0.0	0
18	Baisinga	85,825	85,825	0	103,432	103,432	0	20.5	20.5	0.0	0.0	0
19	Barsahi	104,273	104,273	0	118,972	118,972	0	14.1	14.1	0.0	0.0	0
20	Khunta	98,571	98,571	0	112,878	112,878	0	14.5	14.5	0.0	0.0	0
21	Udala	81,245	69,956	11,289	95,018	83,306	11,712	17.0	19.1	3.7	13.9	12.3
22	Kaptipada	58,899	58,899	0	70,131	70,131	0	19.1	19.1	0.0	0.0	0
23	Sharata	49,274	49,274	0	61,750	61,750	0	25.3	25.3	0.0	0.0	0
24	Mahuldiha	31,309	31,309	0	39,435	39,435	0	26.0	26.0	0.0	0.0	0
25	Thakurmunda	40,370	40,370	0	50,680	50,680	0	25.5	25.5	0.0	0.0	0
26	Karanjia	87,401	69,778	17,623	102,831	81,390	21,441	17.7	16.6	21.7	20.2	20.9
27	Jashipur	92,715	92,715	0	106,935	106,935	0	15.3	15.3	0.0	0.0	0
28	Raruan	78,431	78,431	0	93,190	93,190	0	18.8	18.8	0.0	0.0	0
29	Baripada (M)	49,619	0	49,619	95,004	0	95,004	91.5	0.0	91.5	100.0	100
	District Total:	**1,884,580**	**1,768,331**	**116,249**	**2,223,456**	**2,067,756**	**155,700**	**18.0**	**16.9**	**33.9**	**6.2**	**7.0**

Table–1 presents the decadal change in population of police stations by residence during 1991-2001. The population of the district as recorded in 2001 Census stands at 2,223,456 as against 1,884,580 in 1991 indicating a net addition of 338,876 persons during the decade. The decadal growth rate of the district works out to 18.0 per cent as compared to the state average of 16.25 percent. Within the district, the highest growth rate (91.5%) is seen in Baripada (M) and lowest growth rate (-63.9%) is seen in Baripada Town police station. The majority of population in the district lives in rural areas and only 7 per cent in urban areas as per 2001 Census, which is slightly higher than 6.2 per cent of urban population in 1991 Census. The growth rate in urban population is highest (91.5%) in Baripada(M) and lowest (3.7%) in Udala police station. The growth rate in rural areas is lower than the total decadal growth rate of the district. It is also evident from the table that out of the total 29 police stations including Baripada (M) in the district, the highest population 118,972 is represented in Barsahi police station.

TABLE 2: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF INHABITED VILLAGES IN SPECIFIED POPULATION SIZE RANGES WITH THE RELATED POPULATION , 2001

Serial number	District / C.D. block	Total number of inhabited villages	Total rural population			Number and percentage of villages	Population less than 200	
			Persons	Males	Females		Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Tiring	78	48,556	24,057	24,499	2 (2.6)	126	129
2	Bahalda	100	75,842	37,793	38,049	13 (13.0)	800	810
3	Jamda	78	55,801	27,629	28,172	6 (7.7)	430	442
4	Rairangpur	114	56,056	28,046	28,010	25 (21.9)	1,344	1,355
5	Bijatola	135	58,174	28,661	29,513	34 (25.2)	1,732	1,864
6	Kusumi	113	82,188	40,700	41,488	12 (10.6)	827	866
7	Bisoi	146	66,724	33,154	33,570	33 (22.6)	2,050	2,136
8	Jashipur	218	88,845	44,499	44,346	75 (34.4)	3,573	3,571
9	Raruan	102	59,041	29,466	29,575	16 (15.7)	896	897
10	Sukruli	86	52,239	25,966	26,273	10 (11.6)	592	603
11	Karanjia	154	81,390	40,817	40,573	30 (19.5)	2,103	2,107
12	Thakurmunda	172	90,115	44,809	45,306	38 (22.1)	1,976	1,973
13	Kaptipada	148	126,371	64,195	62,176	21 (14.2)	1,401	1,341
14	Udala	88	66,857	33,647	33,210	12 (13.6)	440	404
15	Gopabandhunagar	126	66,309	33,570	32,739	26 (20.6)	1,271	1,220
16	Khunta	126	68,528	34,481	34,047	24 (19.0)	1,501	1,516
17	Shamakhunta	119	67,169	33,945	33,224	26 (21.8)	1,148	1,188
18	Bangiriposi	212	91,603	46,385	45,218	68 (32.1)	3,914	3,752
19	Saraskana	184	89,374	45,812	43,562	49 (26.6)	2,700	2,505
20	Koliana	207	88,647	45,245	43,402	57 (27.5)	2,709	2,578
21	Suliapada	184	92,108	46,625	45,483	29 (15.8)	1,740	1,669
22	Baripada	100	58,414	29,900	28,514	11 (11.0)	657	671
23	Barsahi	211	130,850	66,603	64,247	27 (12.8)	1,493	1,499
24	Betanati	220	128,908	65,404	63,504	39 (17.7)	2,263	2,268
25	Rasagobindapur	164	83,632	42,287	41,345	39 (23.8)	2,557	2,587
26	Muruda	163	94,015	47,361	46,654	23 (14.1)	1,367	1,338
Districts (Rural) Total:		**3748**	**2,067,756**	**1,041,057**	**1,026,699**	**745 (19.9)**	**41,610**	**41,289**

TABLE 2: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF INHABITED VILLAGES IN SPECIFIED POPULATION SIZE RANGES WITH THE RELATED POPULATION , 2001

Serial number	District / C.D. block	Number and percentage of villages	Population 200-499		Number and percentage of villages	Population 500-999		Number and percentage of villages	Population 1000-1999	
			Males	Females		Males	Females		Males	Female
1	2	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1	Tiring	32 (41.0)	5,424	5,596	33 (42.3)	11,195	11,375	10 (12.8)	5,822	5,944
2	Bahalda	34 (34.0)	5,891	6,132	29 (29.0)	10,260	10,262	18 (18.0)	12,327	12,417
3	Jamda	23 (29.5)	3,915	4,094	34 (43.6)	12,327	12,649	13 (16.7)	8,221	8,342
4	Rairangpur	47 (41.2)	8,129	7,972	31 (27.2)	10,985	11,196	10 (8.8)	6,450	6,335
5	Bijatola	58 (43.0)	9,714	9,857	34 (25.2)	11,591	12,114	9 (6.7)	5,624	5,678
6	Kusumi	32 (28.3)	5,536	5,600	46 (40.7)	16,209	16,870	19 (16.8)	12,606	12,587
7	Bisoi	60 (41.1)	10,219	10,475	42 (28.8)	13,662	14,023	10 (6.8)	5,612	5,515
8	Jashipur	80 (36.7)	12,886	12,883	47 (21.6)	15,875	15,798	14 (6.4)	8,836	8,756
9	Raruan	35 (34.3)	5,853	5,748	39 (38.2)	13,948	14,175	11 (10.8)	6,891	6,977
10	Sukruli	28 (32.6)	5,417	5,367	37 (43.0)	12,794	13,084	11 (12.8)	7,163	7,219
11	Karanjia	61 (39.6)	10,299	10,178	41 (26.6)	14,487	14,555	22 (14.3)	13,928	13,733
12	Thakurmunda	66 (38.4)	11,431	11,596	45 (26.2)	15,001	15,258	20 (11.6)	12,859	12,789
13	Kaptipada	31 (20.9)	5,279	5,060	48 (32.4)	16,251	15,974	36 (24.3)	24,724	23,868
14	Udala	22 (25.0)	3,669	3,605	29 (33.0)	11,097	11,262	24 (27.3)	16,869	16,374
15	Gopabandhunagar	42 (33.3)	7,067	7,106	46 (36.5)	16,284	16,034	11 (8.7)	7,783	7,314
16	Khunta	44 (34.9)	7,858	7,726	40 (31.7)	13,329	13,039	17 (13.5)	10,783	10,754
17	Shamakhunta	41 (34.5)	7,622	7,653	39 (32.8)	14,588	14,163	11 (9.2)	7,905	7,647
18	Bangiriposi	78 (36.8)	13,062	12,834	49 (23.1)	16,605	16,140	14 (6.6)	8,801	8,671
19	Saraskana	73 (39.7)	12,684	12,271	42 (22.8)	14,736	14,400	17 (9.2)	12,116	11,010
20	Koliana	81 (39.1)	13,844	13,266	55 (26.6)	19,738	18,881	14 (6.8)	8,954	8,677
21	Suliapada	84 (45.7)	15,385	14,668	54 (29.3)	19,051	18,478	17 (9.2)	10,449	10,668
22	Baripada	43 (43.0)	7,611	7,128	33 (33.0)	11,817	11,326	11 (11.0)	7,384	7,062
23	Barsahi	79 (37.4)	13,655	13,164	75 (35.5)	27,091	25,960	23 (10.9)	14,777	14,540
24	Betanati	84 (38.2)	14,873	14,341	67 (30.5)	22,676	22,129	24 (10.9)	15,640	15,066
25	Rasagobindapur	69 (42.1)	11,749	11,350	40 (24.4)	14,867	14,768	11 (6.7)	7,269	6,943
26	Muruda	69 (42.3)	11,523	11,365	49 (30.1)	16,318	16,091	17 (10.4)	11,137	10,831
Districts (Rural) Total:		**1396 (37.2)**	**240,595**	**237,035**	**1124 (30.0)**	**392,782**	**390,004**	**414 (11.0)**	**270,930**	**265,717**

TABLE 2: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF INHABITED VILLAGES IN SPECIFIED POPULATION SIZE RANGES WITH THE RELATED POPULATION , 2001

Serial number	District / C.D. block	Number and percentage of villages	Population 2000-4999		Number and percentage of villages	Population 5000-9999		Number and percentage of villages	Population 10000 and above	
			Males	Females		Males	Females		Males	Females
1	2	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
1	Tiring	1 (1.3)	1,490	1,455	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
2	Bahalda	6 (6.0)	8,515	8,428	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
3	Jamda	2 (2.6)	2,736	2,645	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
4	Rairangpur	1 (0.9)	1,138	1,152	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
5	Bijatola	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
6	Kusumi	4 (3.5)	5,522	5,565	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
7	Bisoi	1 (0.7)	1,611	1,421	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
8	Jashipur	2 (0.9)	3,329	3,338	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
9	Raruan	1 (1.0)	1,878	1,778	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
10	Sukruli	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
11	Karanjia	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
12	Thakurmunda	3 (1.7)	3,542	3,690	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
13	Kaptipada	12 (8.1)	16,540	15,933	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
14	Udala	1 (1.1)	1,572	1,565	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
15	Gopabandhunagar	1 (0.8)	1,165	1,065	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
16	Khunta	1 (0.8)	1,010	1,012	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
17	Shamakhunta	2 (1.7)	2,682	2,573	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
18	Bangiriposi	3 (1.4)	4,003	3,821	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
19	Saraskana	3 (1.6)	3,576	3,376	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
20	Koliana	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
21	Suliapada	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
22	Baripada	2 (2.0)	2,431	2,327	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
23	Barsahi	7 (3.3)	9,587	9,084	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
24	Betanati	6 (2.7)	9,952	9,700	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
25	Rasagobindapur	5 (3.0)	5,845	5,697	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
26	Muruda	5 (3.1)	7,016	7,029	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
Districts (Rural) Total:		**69 (1.8)**	**95,140**	**92,654**	**0 (0.0)**	**0**	**0**	**0 (0.0)**	**0**	**0**

Table–2 gives distribution of population by number and percentage of inhabited villages in specified population size ranges with the related population, 2001. The maximum number of Villages i.e. 1,396 (37.2%) is covered under the population size of population 200-499 followed by population size 500-999 numbering 1,124 (30%) villages. Both these population size class villages constitute more than 67 per cent villages out of the total 3748 inhabited villages in the district. The Betanati C.D. Block has the highest number (220) of villages among the C.D. Blocks having population of 128,908 and Tiring and Jamada C.D. Block have the lowest numbers (78) of villages with population 48,556 and 55,801 respectively. So far as the villages having 5000 population or more are concerned there is no village in the district.

TABLE – 3 : NEW TOWNS, DENOTIFIED, DECLASSIFIED AND MERGED TOWNS IN 2001 CENSUS

Name of Town	
1	
(a) New	
(i) Statutory Town	Nil
1	
2	
3	
(ii) Census Town	Nil
1	
2	
3	
(b) Denotified	Nil
(c) Declassified	Nil
(d) Wholly merged with other town(s)	Nil

In 1991, there were four Statutory Towns in the district namely Rairangapur (NAC), Udala (NAC), Karanjia (NAC) and Baripada (Municipality). In 2001 Census, no new town is created or status of no town is changed, thus keeping the number of towns in tact.

TABLE 4 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY POPULATION DENSITY, 2001

Range of population density (per square kilometer)	Total number of villages in each population density range	Percentage of villages in each population density range	Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
0-10	43	1.1	5,902	0.3
11-20	16	0.4	2,006	0.1
21-50	50	1.3	4,236	0.2
51-100	140	3.7	22,556	1.1
101-200	758	20.2	274,982	13.3
201-300	983	26.2	511,808	24.8
301-500	1,085	28.9	725,921	35.1
501 +	673	18.0	520,345	25.2
Not known	0	0.0	0	0.0
District Total :	**3,748**	**100.0**	**2,067,756**	**100.0**
Population Density (Rural) of the distric : 290.7				

The density of population according to different density ranges (per square kilometer) is explained in Table–4. The population density (rural) of the district is 291 (basing upon the area figure of the revenew villages only) although maximum population (35.1 %) lives in the density range of 301-500. So far as the number of villages are concerned the highest percentage (28.9 %) of villages are covered under the same density range of 301-500. There are 16 villages reported in the density range of 11-20 persons and 43 villages are covered under 0-10 population density range.

TABLE 5: SEX RATIO OF STATE AND DISTRICT, 1901-2001

Census Year	State			District		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1901	1,037	1,039	967	1,013	1,015	782
1911	1,056	1,058	947	1,011	1,013	792
1921	1,086	1,089	963	1,015	1,017	796
1931	1,067	1,071	924	1,011	1,013	763
1941	1,053	1,058	914	1,005	1,008	728
1951	1,022	1,029	881	1,001	1,004	742
1961	1,001	1,015	807	991	996	810
1971	988	1,002	845	987	991	840
1981	981	999	859	989	998	850
1991	971	988	866	979	987	872
2001	972	987	895	980	986	895

Note : Sex ratio has been defined here as the number of females per 1000 males

Table – 5 gives a comparative picture of sex-ratio reported over the censuses from 1901 to 2001 for both the state and the district. The sex-ratio of Mayurbhanj District is 980 in 2001 and slightly higher compared to the state average of 972. The sex-ratio for the district was found to be consistently lower than the state from 1901 to till 1971 and from 1981 onwards it was above the state average. As regards rural area of the state and district the sex-ratio has declined by 52 and 29 respectively during the last 100 years. However, in urban areas there is a fluctuating trend of increase and decrease between the censuses.

TABLE 6 : SEX RATIO BY POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Sex ratio		
		Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5
1	Tiringi	1,015	1,015	
2	Bahalda	1,013	1,013	
3	Gorumahisani	1,024	1,024	
4	Rairangpur	1,021	1,021	
5	Rairangpur Town	971	981	960
6	Badampahar	1,019	1,019	
7	Bisoi	1,012	1,012	
8	Bangiriposi	976	976	
9	Jharpokharia	949	949	
10	Chandua	956	956	
11	Koliana	974	974	
12	Baripada Sadar	960	960	

TABLE 6 : SEX RATIO BY POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Sex ratio		
		Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5
13	Baripada Town	935	966	912
14	Suliapada	974	974	
15	Muruda	988	988	
16	Betanati	977	977	
17	Rasagobindapur	978	978	
18	Baisinga	967	967	
19	Barsahi	966	966	
20	Khunta	983	983	
21	Udala	975	982	923
22	Kaptipada	964	964	
23	Sharata	976	976	
24	Mahuldiha	1,023	1,023	
25	Thakurmunda	1,002	1,002	
26	Karanjia	974	994	901
27	Jashipur	998	998	
28	Raruan	1,008	1,008	
29	Baripada (M)	876		876
	District Total:	**980**	**986**	**895**

Table–6 shows sex-ratio by police stations as per 2001 Census. In Mayurbhanj District there are 980 females per 1000 males. The sex-ratio of the district is slightly higher than the State average of 972. There is a great variation between rural sex-ratio (986) and urban sex-ratio (895) in the district. In rural areas, Gorumahisani police station has recorded the highest sex-ratio of 1,024 and Jharpokharia police station has the lowest sex-ratio of 949. In urban areas, Rairangpur (NAC) has got the highest sex-ratio of 960 and Baripada (M) has the lowest sex-ratio 876 in the district.

TABLE 7 : SEX RATIO BY CD BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C D block	Sex ratio
1	2	3
1	Tiring	1,018
2	Bahalda	1,007
3	Jamda	1,020
4	Rairangpur	999
5	Bijatola	1,030
6	Kusumi	1,019
7	Bisoi	1,013
8	Jashipur	997
9	Raruan	1,004
10	Sukruli	1,012
11	Karanjia	994
12	Thakurmunda	1,011
13	Kaptipada	969

TABLE 7 : SEX RATIO BY CD BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C D block	Sex ratio
1	2	3
14	Udala	987
15	Gopabandhunagar	975
16	Khunta	987
17	Shamakhunta	979
18	Bangiriposi	975
19	Saraskana	951
20	Koliana	959
21	Suliapada	976
22	Baripada	954
23	Barsahi	965
24	Betanati	971
25	Rasagobindapur	978
26	Muruda	985
	District (Rural) Total:	**986**

Table–7 presenting the C.D. Block wise sex ratio gives a little different figure as compared to police station level sex-ratio. Bijatola C.D. Block has the highest sex-ratio of 1,030 followed by Jamda C.D. Block with 1,020. The females outnumber the males in nine CD Blocks. Fourteen C.D. Blocks have higher sex-ratio than the district level (rural) sex-ratio of 986 whereas twelve CD Blocks have less than that.

TABLE 8 : SEX-RATIO OF RURAL POPULATION BY RANGES, 2001

Range of sex-ratio for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage of villages in each range	Population 2001	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
Less than 700	59	1.6	9,312	0.5
700-749	24	0.6	6,882	0.3
750-799	59	1.6	17,910	0.9
800-849	139	3.7	47,919	2.3
850-899	293	7.8	142,017	6.9
900-949	589	15.7	376,318	18.2
950-999	839	22.4	563,030	27.2
1000-1099	1,248	33.3	718,018	34.7
1100+	498	13.3	186,350	9.0
District Total :	**3,748**	**100.0**	**2,067,756**	**100.0**
Sex ratio (Rural) for District : 986				

Table–8, giving the distribution of sex-ratio of rural population by ranges shows that 839 (22.4%) villages in the district have sex-ratio in the range of 950-999. The largest number of villages 1,248 (33.3%) falls in the sex-ratio range of 1000-1099. Even in the range of 1100 + sex-ratio, there are 498 (13.3%) villages. It is therefore seen that sex-ratio is in favour of females in 46.6 per cent villages and in favour of males in case of 53.4 per cent villages in the district.

TABLE 9 : SEX-RATIO OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of U.A. / Town	Urban status of town	Sex-ratio
1	2	3	4
1	Baripada UA	UA	878
	(i) Baripada Town (M)	M	876
	(ii) Podaastia Business Centre (OG)	OG	983
	(iii)Subarnarekha Irrigation Project Colony Area (OG)	OG	788
2	Rairangpur (NAC)	NAC	960
3	Udala (NAC)	NAC	923
4	Karanjia (NAC)	NAC	901
Sex-ratio (Urban) for the district :			**895**

As per Table–9, the sex-ratio of urban area (895) i.e. in towns / U.As is significantly lower than the sex-ratio in rural areas (986). The lowest sex-ratio (876) is found in Baripada Municipality and the highest sex-ratio (960) is found in Rairangpur (NAC).

TABLE 10 : SEX RATIO OF POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 FOR POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex ratio for 0-6 age group
			Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Tiringi	Total	13,977	7,084	6,893	973
		Rural	13,977	7,084	6,893	973
		Urban	0	0	0	
2	Bahalda	Total	15,249	7,806	7,443	953
		Rural	15,249	7,806	7,443	953
		Urban	0	0	0	
3	Gorumahisani	Total	7,599	3,905	3,694	946
		Rural	7,599	3,905	3,694	946
		Urban	0	0	0	
4	Rairangpur	Total	12,243	6,191	6,052	978
		Rural	12,243	6,191	6,052	978
		Urban	0	0	0	
5	Rairangpur Town	Total	6,446	3,335	3,111	933
		Rural	3,829	2,026	1,803	890
		Urban	2,617	1,309	1,308	999
6	Badampahar	Total	9,608	4,869	4,739	973
		Rural	9,608	4,869	4,739	973
		Urban	0	0	0	
7	Bisoi	Total	11,101	5,654	5,447	963
		Rural	11,101	5,654	5,447	963
		Urban	0	0	0	
8	Bangiriposi	Total	16,191	8,293	7,898	952
		Rural	16,191	8,293	7,898	952
		Urban	0	0	0	

TABLE 10 : SEX RATIO OF POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 FOR POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex ratio for 0-6 age group
			Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
9	Jharpokharia	Total	14,363	7,383	6,980	945
		Rural	14,363	7,383	6,980	945
		Urban	0	0	0	
10	Chandua	Total	9,757	5,030	4,727	940
		Rural	9,757	5,030	4,727	940
		Urban	0	0	0	
11	Koliana	Total	11,862	6,079	5,783	951
		Rural	11,862	6,079	5,783	951
		Urban	0	0	0	
12	Baripada Sadar	Total	13,335	6,788	6,547	964
		Rural	13,335	6,788	6,547	964
		Urban	0	0	0	
13	Baripada Town	Total	1,441	748	693	926
		Rural	692	360	332	922
		Urban	749	388	361	930
14	Suliapada	Total	12,594	6,462	6,132	949
		Rural	12,594	6,462	6,132	949
		Urban	0	0	0	
15	Muruda	Total	11,531	5,894	5,637	956
		Rural	11,531	5,894	5,637	956
		Urban	0	0	0	
16	Betanati	Total	12,396	6,328	6,068	959
		Rural	12,396	6,328	6,068	959
		Urban	0	0	0	
17	Rasagobindapur	Total	14,461	7,392	7,069	956
		Rural	14,461	7,392	7,069	956
		Urban	0	0	0	
18	Baisinga	Total	17,015	8,752	8,263	944
		Rural	17,015	8,752	8,263	944
		Urban	0	0	0	
19	Barsahi	Total	18,691	9,631	9,060	941
		Rural	18,691	9,631	9,060	941
		Urban	0	0	0	
20	Khunta	Total	17,061	8,785	8,276	942
		Rural	17,061	8,785	8,276	942
		Urban	0	0	0	
21	Udala	Total	14,610	7,519	7,091	943
		Rural	13,262	6,831	6,431	941
		Urban	1,348	688	660	959

TABLE 10 : SEX RATIO OF POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 FOR POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex ratio for 0-6 age group
			Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
22	Kaptipada	Total	10,999	5,696	5,303	931
		Rural	10,999	5,696	5,303	931
		Urban	0	0	0	
23	Sharata	Total	13,098	6,650	6,448	970
		Rural	13,098	6,650	6,448	970
		Urban	0	0	0	
24	Mahuldiha	Total	8,084	3,995	4,089	1,024
		Rural	8,084	3,995	4,089	1,024
		Urban	0	0	0	
25	Thakurmunda	Total	9,556	4,784	4,772	997
		Rural	9,556	4,784	4,772	997
		Urban	0	0	0	
26	Karanjia	Total	16,771	8,606	8,165	949
		Rural	14,010	7,227	6,783	939
		Urban	2,761	1,379	1,382	1,002
27	Jashipur	Total	18,467	9,329	9,138	980
		Rural	18,467	9,329	9,138	980
		Urban	0	0	0	
28	Raruan	Total	15,737	8,031	7,706	960
		Rural	15,737	8,031	7,706	960
		Urban	0	0	0	
29	Baripada (M)	Total	10,474	5,445	5,029	924
		Rural	0	0	0	
		Urban	10,474	5,445	5,029	924
	District Total:	**Total**	**364,717**	**186,464**	**178,253**	**956**
		Rural	**346,768**	**177,255**	**169,513**	**956**
		Urban	**17,949**	**9,209**	**8,740**	**949**

Table–10, displaying the sex-ratio of population in the age group 0-6 for police stations in the district exhibits a fluctuating trend. The sex-ratio among 0-6 age group varies between 924 to 1024 among the police stations. The highest sex-ratio of 1,024 is found, in Mahuldiha police station followed by Thakurmunda (997), Jashipur (980) and Rairangpur (978). The sex ratio in rural areas (956) is higher than the sex-ratio in urban areas (949) of the district. The district sex-ratio in 0-6 age group is higher in total, rural and urban areas than that of the state sex-ratio in the same group.

TABLE 11 : SEX RATIO OF POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 FOR C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D. block	Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex ratio for 0-6 age group
		Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Tiring	7,981	4,098	3,883	948
2	Bahalda	11,873	6,010	5,863	976

TABLE 11 : SEX RATIO OF POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 FOR C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D. block	Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex ratio for 0-6 age group
		Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6
3	Jamda	9,372	4,782	4,590	960
4	Rairangpur	9,280	4,788	4,492	938
5	Bijatola	9,950	5,083	4,867	958
6	Kusumi	13,949	7,056	6,893	977
7	Bisoi	11,201	5,718	5,483	959
8	Jashipur	15,537	7,825	7,712	986
9	Raruan	9,558	4,875	4,683	961
10	Sukruli	9,109	4,660	4,449	955
11	Karanjia	14,010	7,227	6,783	939
12	Thakurmunda	17,640	8,779	8,861	1,009
13	Kaptipada	23,413	12,005	11,408	950
14	Udala	10,467	5,357	5,110	954
15	Gopabandhunagar	10,128	5,217	4,911	941
16	Khunta	10,412	5,383	5,029	934
17	Shamakhunta	11,300	5,728	5,572	973
18	Bangiriposi	16,046	8,228	7,818	950
19	Saraskana	14,508	7,448	7,060	948
20	Koliana	14,925	7,700	7,225	938
21	Suliapada	14,942	7,674	7,268	947
22	Baripada	10,151	5,202	4,949	951
23	Barsahi	20,472	10,550	9,922	940
24	Betanati	20,787	10,642	10,145	953
25	Rasagobindapur	14,461	7,392	7,069	956
26	Muruda	15,296	7,828	7,468	954
	District (Rural) Total:	**346,768**	**177,255**	**169,513**	**956**

As per Table–11, amongst 26 CD Blocks of the district, the highest sex-ratio is found in Thakurmunda (1,009) and the lowest in Khunta (934) CD Block. Higher sex-ratio than the district rural figure (956) is recorded in Thakurmunda (1,009), Jashipur (986), Kusumi (977), Bahalda (976), Shamakhunta (973), Raruan (961), Jamada (960), Bisoi (959) and. Bijatola (958) The remaining 17 C.D.Blocks have shown lower sex-ratio than the district rural sex-ratio in the age group 0-6.

TABLE 12 : SEX RATIO OF RURAL POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 BY RANGES, 2001

Range of sex ratio for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Population 2001	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
Less than 700	493	13.2	20,810	6.0
700-749	163	4.3	13,546	3.9
750-799	226	6.0	20,671	6.0
800-849	299	8.0	30,996	8.9
850-899	310	8.3	37,637	10.9

TABLE 12 : SEX RATIO OF RURAL POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 BY RANGES, 2001

Range of sex ratio for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Population 2001	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
900-949	345	9.2	43,470	12.5
950-999	253	6.8	35,327	10.2
1000-1099	624	16.6	67,890	19.6
1100+	1,035	27.6	76,421	22.0
District (Rural) Total	**3,748**	**100.0**	**346,768**	**100.0**
Sex ratio (Rural) for District:		**956**		

Table–12 gives distribution of sex-ratio of rural population in the age group 0-6 by ranges. The highest numbers of villages i.e., 1,035 with 27.6 per cent having 22 per cent of population are covered under the ranges 1100+ sex-ratio. But the irony of the fact is that 49 per cent villages have a sex-ratio of less than 950 in the age group 0-6 which comprises 48.2 per cent of population. There are 1,181 villages where 0-6 age group sex ratio is less than 850 and 656 villages where it is less than 750, which visualizes the shortage of girl child in comparison to boys.

TABLE13 : SEX-RATIO OF POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of UA /Town	Urban status of town	Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex-ratio for 0-6 age group
			Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Baripada UA	UA	11,223	5,833	5,390	924
	(i) Baripada Town (M)	M	10,474	5,445	5,029	924
	(ii) Podaastia Business Centre (OG)	OG	526	267	259	970
	(iii)Subarnarekha Irrigation Project Colony Area (OG)	OG	223	121	102	843
2	Rairangpur (NAC)	NAC	2,617	1,309	1,308	999
3	Udala (NAC)	NAC	1,348	688	660	959
4	Karanjia (NAC)	NAC	2,761	1,379	1,382	1,002
District (Urban) Total :			**17,949**	**9,209**	**8,740**	**949**

Table–13 reveals that in the towns of the district the position of sex-ratio among 0-6 age group population is much adverse than the rural areas. The district urban sex-ratio is 949 as compared to state urban sex-ratio 933. The lowest sex-ratio (924) among the towns is reported in Baripada (M) and the highest sex-ratio (1,002) is reported in Karanjia (NAC).

TABLE 14 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Total / Rural / Urban	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Tiringi	Total	87,308	5,373	61,665	6.2	70.6
		Rural	87,308	5,373	61,665	6.2	70.6
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0

TABLE 14 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Total / Rural / Urban	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
2	Bahalda	Total	92,891	5,000	58,443	5.4	62.9
		Rural	92,891	5,000	58,443	5.4	62.9
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
3	Gorumahisani	Total	44,423	2,357	33,329	5.3	75.0
		Rural	44,423	2,357	33,329	5.3	75.0
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
4	Rairangpur	Total	73,189	5,134	44,590	7.0	60.9
		Rural	73,189	5,134	44,590	7.0	60.9
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
5	Rairangpur Town	Total	44,565	3,378	14,980	7.6	33.6
		Rural	22,669	1,564	11,153	6.9	49.2
		Urban	21,896	1,814	3,827	8.3	17.5
6	Badampahar	Total	56,678	3,521	37,931	6.2	66.9
		Rural	56,678	3,521	37,931	6.2	66.9
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
7	Bisoi	Total	66,183	3,451	44,919	5.2	67.9
		Rural	66,183	3,451	44,919	5.2	67.9
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
8	Bangiriposi	Total	92,468	4,953	62,874	5.4	68.0
		Rural	92,468	4,953	62,874	5.4	68.0
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
9	Jharpokharia	Total	88,509	5,398	50,047	6.1	56.5
		Rural	88,509	5,398	50,047	6.1	56.5
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
10	Chandua	Total	56,770	2,167	32,881	3.8	57.9
		Rural	56,770	2,167	32,881	3.8	57.9
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
11	Koliana	Total	72,405	3,709	48,293	5.1	66.7
		Rural	72,405	3,709	48,293	5.1	66.7
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
12	Baripada Sadar	Total	76,226	3,367	51,407	4.4	67.4
		Rural	76,226	3,367	51,407	4.4	67.4
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
13	Baripada Town	Total	9,963	647	5,845	6.5	58.7
		Rural	4,316	377	3,128	8.7	72.5
		Urban	5,647	270	2,717	4.8	48.1

TABLE 14 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Total / Rural / Urban	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
14	Suliapada	Total	77,762	5,147	32,041	6.6	41.2
		Rural	77,762	5,147	32,041	6.6	41.2
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
15	Muruda	Total	70,123	7,633	29,004	10.9	41.4
		Rural	70,123	7,633	29,004	10.9	41.4
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
16	Betanati	Total	80,105	4,773	36,410	6.0	45.5
		Rural	80,105	4,773	36,410	6.0	45.5
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
17	Rasagobindapur	Total	83,632	5,562	44,764	6.7	53.5
		Rural	83,632	5,562	44,764	6.7	53.5
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
18	Baisinga	Total	103,432	9,392	43,602	9.1	42.2
		Rural	103,432	9,392	43,602	9.1	42.2
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
19	Barsahi	Total	118,972	9,782	60,509	8.2	50.9
		Rural	118,972	9,782	60,509	8.2	50.9
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
20	Khunta	Total	112,878	8,662	73,983	7.7	65.5
		Rural	112,878	8,662	73,983	7.7	65.5
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
21	Udala	Total	95,018	6,254	64,413	6.6	67.8
		Rural	83,306	5,424	61,714	6.5	74.1
		Urban	11,712	830	2,699	7.1	23.0
22	Kaptipada	Total	70,131	5,835	32,993	8.3	47.0
		Rural	70,131	5,835	32,993	8.3	47.0
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
23	Sharata	Total	61,750	1,045	49,985	1.7	80.9
		Rural	61,750	1,045	49,985	1.7	80.9
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
24	Mahuldiha	Total	39,435	2,893	28,898	7.3	73.3
		Rural	39,435	2,893	28,898	7.3	73.3
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
25	Thakurmunda	Total	50,680	11,143	28,136	22.0	55.5
		Rural	50,680	11,143	28,136	22.0	55.5
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0

TABLE 14 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Total / Rural / Urban	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
26	Karanjia	Total	102,831	13,857	56,165	13.5	54.6
		Rural	81,390	9,939	50,527	12.2	62.1
		Urban	21,441	3,918	5,638	18.3	26.3
27	Jashipur	Total	106,935	8,998	70,170	8.4	65.6
		Rural	106,935	8,998	70,170	8.4	65.6
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
28	Raruan	Total	93,190	11,841	47,187	12.7	50.6
		Rural	93,190	11,841	47,187	12.7	50.6
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
29	Baripada (M)	Total	95,004	9,563	12,995	10.1	13.7
		Rural	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
		Urban	95,004	9,563	12,995	10.1	13.7
	District Total:	**Total**	**2,223,456**	**170,835**	**1,258,459**	**7.7**	**56.6**
		Rural	**2,067,756**	**154,440**	**1,230,583**	**7.5**	**59.5**
		Urban	**155,700**	**16,395**	**27,876**	**10.5**	**17.9**

Table–14 presents data on number and percentage of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population in different police stations of Mayurbhanj District as per 2001 Census. The percentage of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population to the total population in the district constitute 7.7 per cent and 56.6 as against 16.5 per cent and 22.1 percent respectively in the state. However, the rural-urban distribution of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population in the district shows that 7.5 per cent and 10.5 per cent are scheduled castes and 59.5 percent and 17.9 per cent are scheduled tribes respectively. The table further reveals that there is the highest concentration of scheduled caste population (22%) in Thakurmunda police station and lowest concentration (1.7%) in Sharata police station. In so far as scheduled tribes population is concerned, the highest concentration is recorded in Sharata police station (80.9%) and lowest concentration (13.7) is recorded in Baripada(M) police station in the district.

TABLE 15 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D. block	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Tiring	48,556	2,895	36,231	6.0	74.6
2	Bahalda	75,842	4,347	42,679	5.7	56.3
3	Jamda	55,801	3,131	41,198	5.6	73.8
4	Rairangpur	56,056	4,755	29,943	8.5	53.4
5	Bijatola	58,174	2,099	44,567	3.6	76.6

TABLE 15 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D. block	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
6	Kusumi	82,188	5,688	52,146	6.9	63.4
7	Bisoi	66,724	3,485	45,266	5.2	67.8
8	Jashipur	88,845	7,106	59,888	8.0	67.4
9	Raruan	59,041	5,208	29,918	8.8	50.7
10	Sukruli	52,239	8,525	27,551	16.3	52.7
11	Karanjia	81,390	9,939	50,527	12.2	62.1
12	Thakurmunda	90,115	14,036	57,034	15.6	63.3
13	Kaptipada	126,371	6,440	80,347	5.1	63.6
14	Udala	66,857	3,593	49,086	5.4	73.4
15	Gopabandhunagar	66,309	8,473	35,665	12.8	53.8
16	Khunta	68,528	2,460	53,577	3.6	78.2
17	Shamakhunta	67,169	2,720	43,466	4.0	64.7
18	Bangiriposi	91,603	4,824	62,151	5.3	67.8
19	Saraskana	89,374	5,527	50,770	6.2	56.8
20	Koliana	88,647	4,829	58,522	5.4	66.0
21	Suliapada	92,108	5,330	36,666	5.8	39.8
22	Baripada	58,414	1,562	42,742	2.7	73.2
23	Barsahi	130,850	11,534	63,883	8.8	48.8
24	Betanati	128,908	11,189	52,122	8.7	40.4
25	Rasagobindapur	83,632	5,562	44,764	6.7	53.5
26	Muruda	94,015	9,183	39,874	9.8	42.4
	District (Rural) Total	**2,067,756**	**154,440**	**1,230,583**	**7.5**	**59.5**

Table–15 gives picture regarding distribution of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population in different C.D.Blocks of Mayurbhanj District as per 2001 Census. The highest concentration of scheduled castes population is recorded in Sukruli (16.3%) C.D. Block followed by Thakurmunda (15.6%) C.D. Block. In contrast, Baripda C.D. Block lies at the bottom with only 2.7 per cent of scheduled castes population. As regards the percentage of scheduled tribes population to total population, Khunta C.D.Block tops the list with 78.2 per cent followed by Bijatola (76.6%) while the lowest percentage of scheduled tribes population to total population is recorded in Suliapada (39.8%) C.D. Block.

TABLE 16 : PROPORTION OF SCHEDULED CASTES POPULATION TO TOTAL POPULATION IN VILLAGES, 2001

Percentage range of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Number of villages	Percentage	Scheduled Castes Population	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5
Nil	1,897	50.6	0	0.0
Less than 5	738	19.7	12,231	7.9

TABLE 16 : PROPORTION OF SCHEDULED CASTES POPULATION TO TOTAL POPULATION IN VILLAGES, 2001

Percentage range of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Number of villages	Percentage	Scheduled Castes Population	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5
5-10	437	11.7	28,234	18.3
11-20	332	8.9	38,238	24.8
21-30	156	4.2	27,639	17.9
31-40	65	1.7	11,136	7.2
41-50	52	1.4	16,170	10.5
51-75	52	1.4	14,745	9.5
76 and above	19	0.5	6,047	3.9
District Total	**3,748**	**100.0**	**154,440**	**100.0**

Table–16 shows proportion of scheduled castes population to total population in the villages. The percentage of scheduled castes population to total population of the villages are divided into nine ranges starting from 'Nil' to '76 and above'. The table reveals that out of 3,748 inhabited villages of the district, 1,897 (50.6%) villages have no scheduled castes population and 19 (3.9%) villages have more than 75 per cent scheduled castes population. However, majority of villages in the district numbering 1,663 (44.5%) have scheduled caste population ranging between less than 5 to 30 per cent of their total population and they constitute 68.9 per cent of the total scheduled castes population of the district.

TABLE 17 : PROPORTION OF SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION TO TOTAL POPULATION IN VILLAGES, 2001

Percentage range of Scheduled Tribes population to total population	Number of villages	Percentage	Scheduled Tribes Population	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5
Nil	184	4.9	0	0.0
Less than 5	87	2.3	968	0.1
5-10	88	2.3	4,615	0.4
11-20	198	5.3	20,959	1.7
21-30	227	6.1	47,712	3.9
31-40	226	6.0	62,635	5.1
41-50	252	6.7	84,723	6.9
51-75	684	18.2	282,183	22.9
76 and above	1,802	48.1	726,788	59.1
District Total	**3,748**	**100.0**	**1,230,583**	**100.0**

Like the previous table, this Table-17 distributes the villages of the district into different percentage ranges of Scheduled Tribes population to total population. Out of 3,748 inhabited villages of the district, 184 (4.9%) villages have no Scheduled Tribes population at all. In contrast, 59.1 per cent of the total scheduled tribes population of the district lives in 1,802 villages and the concentration of scheduled tribes population in these villages is highest (above 75 per cent to total population).

TABLE 18 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of UA / Town	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Baripada UA	100,651	9,833	15,712	9.8	15.6
	(i) Baripada Town (M)	95,004	9,563	12,995	10.1	13.7
	(ii) Podaastia Business Centre(OG)	3,720	64	2,175	1.7	58.5
	(iii)Subarnarekha Irrigation Project Colony Area(OG)	1,927	206	542	10.7	28.1
2	Rairangpur (NAC)	21,896	1,814	3,827	8.3	17.5
3	Udala (NAC)	11,712	830	2,699	7.1	23.0
4	Karanjia (NAC)	21,441	3,918	5,638	18.3	26.3
District(Urban) Total		**155,700**	**16,395**	**27,876**	**10.5**	**17.9**

Table–18 presents data on number and percentage of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population in different towns of the district as per 2001 Census. The percentage of scheduled castes population and scheduled tribes population to the total population in the urban areas of the district constitute 10.5 per cent and 17.9 per cent respectively. Karanjia (NAC) has the peculiarity of having highest concentration of scheduled castes population (18.3%) and highest concentration of scheduled tribes population (26.3%) in the district. Udala (NAC) has the lowest concentration of scheduled castes population (7.1%) and Baripada(M) has the lowest concentration of scheduled tribes population (13.7%) in the district.

TABLE 19 : SEX RATIO AMONG SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C D block	Scheduled Castes sex ratio	Scheduled Tribes sex ratio
1	2	3	4
1	Tiring	943	1,038
2	Bahalda	1,010	1,020
3	Jamda	1,027	1,022
4	Rairangpur	1,010	1,007
5	Bijatola	1,056	1,039
6	Kusumi	1,048	1,041
7	Bisoi	1,020	1,030
8	Jashipur	1,013	1,003
9	Raruan	1,009	1,007
10	Sukruli	1,023	1,024
11	Karanjia	982	1,001
12	Thakurmunda	1,001	1,021
13	Kaptipada	989	981
14	Udala	998	993
15	Gopabandhunagar	970	989
16	Khunta	1,030	993
17	Shamakhunta	980	990

TABLE 19 : SEX RATIO AMONG SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C D block	Scheduled Castes sex ratio	Scheduled Tribes sex ratio
1	2	3	4
18	Bangiriposi	1,002	988
19	Saraskana	998	977
20	Koliana	964	964
21	Suliapada	987	959
22	Baripada	1,013	960
23	Barsahi	963	960
24	Betanati	987	973
25	Rasagobindapur	968	982
26	Muruda	983	977
	District (Rural) Total	**994**	**996**

Table–19 shows sex-ratio among scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population in different C.D Blocks of the district as per 2001 Census. For the rural areas of the district as a whole, the sex-ratio of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population are 994 and 996 respectively. In case of scheduled castes population, Bijatola C.D. Block exhibits highest sex-ratio of 1,056 followed by Kusumi (1,048), Khunta (1,030), Jamada (1,027), Sukruli (1,023), Jashipur and Baripada (1,013). The remaining 19 C.D. Blocks have recorded lower sex-ratio than that of the sex-ratio of the scheduled castes population recorded for the district. As regards sex-ratio of scheduled tribes population, four C.D. Blocks namely Kusimi (1,041), Bijatola (1,039), Tiringi (1,038), Bisoi (1,030) and other eight CD Blocks have recorded higher sex-ratio and the rest 14 C.D Blocks have recorded lower sex-ratio than the scheduled tribes sex-ratio of the district.

TABLE 20 : SEX-RATIO AMONG SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of U.A./ Town	Scheduled Castes sex ratio	Scheduled Tribes sex-ratio
1	2	3	4
1	Baripada UA	935	868
	(i) Baripada Town (M)	939	844
	(ii) Podaastia Business Centre (OG)	939	1,003
	(iii) Subarnarekha Irrigation Project Colony Area (OG)	791	936
2	Rairangpur (NAC)	1,016	1,107
3	Udala (NAC)	1,019	935
4	Karanjia (NAC)	943	977
Sex-ratio (Urban) for the district :		**950**	**926**

Like previous table, Table–20 indicates sex-ratio among scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population in towns of the district. The urban areas of the district have recorded sex-ratio of 950 and 926 among scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population respectively. The scheduled castes sex-ratio is highest (1019) in Udala (NAC) and lowest (935) in Baripada UA. The scheduled tribes sex-ratio is highest (1107) in Rairangpur(NAC) and lowest (868) in Baripada UA.

TABLE 21 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
			Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Tiringi	Total	35,153	23,515	11,638	52,155	19,814	32341	47.9	64.9	31.4	33.5
		Rural	35,153	23,515	11,638	52,155	19,814	32341	47.9	64.9	31.4	33.5
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
2	Bahalda	Total	39,366	25,710	13,656	53,525	20,440	33085	50.7	67.1	34.8	32.3
		Rural	39,366	25,710	13,656	53,525	20,440	33085	50.7	67.1	34.8	32.3
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
3	Gorumahisani	Total	15,949	10,664	5,285	28,474	11,279	17195	43.3	59.1	28.1	31.0
		Rural	15,949	10,664	5,285	28,474	11,279	17195	43.3	59.1	28.1	31.0
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
4	Rairangpur	Total	29,626	19,499	10,127	43,563	16,717	26846	48.6	64.9	32.8	32.2
		Rural	29,626	19,499	10,127	43,563	16,717	26846	48.6	64.9	32.8	32.2
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
5	Rairangpur Town	Total	26,606	15,604	11,002	17,959	7,008	10951	69.8	81.0	58.4	22.6
		Rural	10,962	6,889	4,073	11,707	4,553	7154	58.2	73.2	43.2	29.9
		Urban	15,644	8,715	6,929	6,252	2,455	3797	81.2	88.4	73.6	14.8
6	Badampahar	Total	22,930	15,035	7,895	33,748	13,035	20713	48.7	64.8	33.1	31.7
		Rural	22,930	15,035	7,895	33,748	13,035	20713	48.7	64.8	33.1	31.7
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
7	Bisoi	Total	26,104	17,569	8,535	40,079	15,321	24758	47.4	64.5	30.7	33.9
		Rural	26,104	17,569	8,535	40,079	15,321	24758	47.4	64.5	30.7	33.9
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
8	Bangiriposi	Total	35,381	23,614	11,767	57,087	23,171	33916	46.4	61.4	31.1	30.2
		Rural	35,381	23,614	11,767	57,087	23,171	33916	46.4	61.4	31.1	30.2
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
9	Jharpokharia	Total	38,789	25,519	13,270	49,720	19,893	29827	52.3	67.1	36.7	30.4
		Rural	38,789	25,519	13,270	49,720	19,893	29827	52.3	67.1	36.7	30.4
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
10	Chandua	Total	23,476	15,552	7,924	33,294	13,476	19818	49.9	64.8	34.4	30.4
		Rural	23,476	15,552	7,924	33,294	13,476	19818	49.9	64.8	34.4	30.4
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
11	Koliana	Total	30,738	19,801	10,937	41,667	16,873	24794	50.8	64.7	36.5	28.2
		Rural	30,738	19,801	10,937	41,667	16,873	24794	50.8	64.7	36.5	28.2
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
12	Baripada Sadar	Total	27,809	18,525	9,284	48,417	20,365	28052	44.2	57.7	30.2	27.6
		Rural	27,809	18,525	9,284	48,417	20,365	28052	44.2	57.7	30.2	27.6
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
13	Baripada Town	Total	5,071	3,180	1,891	4,892	1,969	2923	59.5	72.3	45.9	26.4
		Rural	1,882	1,221	661	2,434	974	1460	51.9	66.5	37.0	29.6
		Urban	3,189	1,959	1,230	2,458	995	1463	65.1	76.3	52.7	23.6

TABLE 21 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
			Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	Suliapada	Total	34,960	22,526	12,434	42,802	16,863	25939	53.7	68.4	38.6	29.9
		Rural	34,960	22,526	12,434	42,802	16,863	25939	53.7	68.4	38.6	29.9
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
15	Muruda	Total	30,954	19,774	11,180	39,169	15,494	23675	52.8	67.3	38.3	29.1
		Rural	30,954	19,774	11,180	39,169	15,494	23675	52.8	67.3	38.3	29.1
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
16	Betanati	Total	37,237	23,136	14,101	42,868	17,386	25482	55.0	67.7	42.1	25.6
		Rural	37,237	23,136	14,101	42,868	17,386	25482	55.0	67.7	42.1	25.6
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
17	Rasagobindapur	Total	37,879	24,210	13,669	45,753	18,077	27676	54.8	69.4	39.9	29.5
		Rural	37,879	24,210	13,669	45,753	18,077	27676	54.8	69.4	39.9	29.5
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
18	Baisinga	Total	46,311	29,111	17,200	57,121	23,484	33637	53.6	66.4	40.4	26.0
		Rural	46,311	29,111	17,200	57,121	23,484	33637	53.6	66.4	40.4	26.0
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
19	Barsahi	Total	52,689	33,349	19,340	66,283	27,173	39110	52.5	65.5	39.2	26.4
		Rural	52,689	33,349	19,340	66,283	27,173	39110	52.5	65.5	39.2	26.4
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
20	Khunta	Total	49,033	31,064	17,969	63,845	25,856	37989	51.2	64.5	37.7	26.9
		Rural	49,033	31,064	17,969	63,845	25,856	37989	51.2	64.5	37.7	26.9
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
21	Udala	Total	41,023	25,796	15,227	53,995	22,320	31675	51.0	63.5	38.3	25.3
		Rural	32,398	20,997	11,401	50,908	21,028	29880	46.3	59.7	32.7	27.0
		Urban	8,625	4,799	3,826	3,087	1,292	1795	83.2	88.8	77.1	11.7
22	Kaptipada	Total	33,827	20,967	12,860	36,304	14,734	21570	57.2	69.9	44.2	25.7
		Rural	33,827	20,967	12,860	36,304	14,734	21570	57.2	69.9	44.2	25.7
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
23	Sharata	Total	14,093	10,123	3,970	47,657	21,124	26533	29.0	41.2	16.5	24.7
		Rural	14,093	10,123	3,970	47,657	21,124	26533	29.0	41.2	16.5	24.7
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
24	Mahuldiha	Total	10,362	7,174	3,188	29,073	12,323	16750	33.1	46.3	20.1	26.2
		Rural	10,362	7,174	3,188	29,073	12,323	16750	33.1	46.3	20.1	26.2
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
25	Thakurmunda	Total	17,219	11,410	5,809	33,461	13,902	19559	41.9	55.6	28.2	27.4
		Rural	17,219	11,410	5,809	33,461	13,902	19559	41.9	55.6	28.2	27.4
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
26	Karanjia	Total	48,086	29,820	18,266	54,745	22,273	32472	55.9	68.6	42.9	25.7
		Rural	33,737	21,414	12,323	47,653	19,403	28250	50.1	63.8	36.5	27.3
		Urban	14,349	8,406	5,943	7,092	2,870	4222	76.8	84.9	67.7	17.3

TABLE 21 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
			Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
27	Jashipur	Total	40,835	26,257	14,578	66,100	27,264	38836	46.2	59.4	32.9	26.5
		Rural	40,835	26,257	14,578	66,100	27,264	38836	46.2	59.4	32.9	26.5
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
28	Raruan	Total	41,429	26,368	15,061	51,761	20,042	31719	53.5	68.7	38.5	30.2
		Rural	41,429	26,368	15,061	51,761	20,042	31719	53.5	68.7	38.5	30.2
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
29	Baripada (M)	Total	71,925	41,131	30,794	23,079	9,521	13558	85.1	91.0	78.3	12.7
		Rural	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
		Urban	71,925	41,131	30,794	23,079	9,521	13558	85.1	91.0	78.3	12.7
	District Total :	**Total**	**964,860**	**616,003**	**348,857**	**1,258,596**	**507,197**	**751399**	**51.9**	**65.8**	**37.8**	**27.9**
		Rural	**851,128**	**550,993**	**300,135**	**1,216,628**	**490,064**	**726564**	**49.5**	**63.8**	**35.0**	**28.8**
		Urban	**113,732**	**65,010**	**48,722**	**41,968**	**17,133**	**24835**	**82.6**	**89.1**	**75.2**	**14.0**

Table–21 presents Police Station level data on literacy as per 2001 Census. The literacy of the district is 51.9 per cent for the total population and it is 65.8 per cent and 37.8 per cent incase of males and females respectively. For the total rural population of the district, the literacy comes to 49.5 per cent and for the total urban population of the district it is at a higher level of 82.6 per cent. In almost all police stations and at district level, the literacy in case of males is higher than the corresponding rates for the females. Baripada(M) Police Station records the highest literacy of 85.1 per cent followed by Rairangpur 69.8 per cent, Baripada Town (59.5%), Kaptipada (57.2%), Karanjia (55.9%), Betnati (55%), Rasagobindapur (54.8%), Suliapada (53.7%),Baisinga (53.6%) and Raruan (53.5%). The other police stations in the district namely, Sharata (29%), Mahuldiha (33.1%), Thakurmunda (41.9%), Gorumahisani (43.3%) and Baripada Sadar (44.2%) are at the lower end of literacy in the district. Column 13 of the table showing gap in male-female literacy rates, reveals that the gaps in case of different police stations vary between 12.7 to 33.9 as against the gap of 27.9 for the district. It further reveals that the gap in male-female literacy rates is prominent in rural areas in comparison to urban areas of the district.

TABLE 22 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D.Block	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Tiring	19,452	13,050	6,402	29,104	11,007	18,097	47.9	65.4	31.1	34.3
2	Bahalda	32,695	21,162	11,533	43,147	16,631	26,516	51.1	66.6	35.8	30.8
3	Jamda	22,372	15,013	7,359	33,429	12,616	20,813	48.2	65.7	31.2	34.5
4	Rairangpur	24,979	15,980	8,999	31,077	12,066	19,011	53.4	68.7	38.3	30.4
5	Bijatola	20,387	13,775	6,612	37,787	14,886	22,901	42.3	58.4	26.8	31.6
6	Kusumi	33,946	22,221	11,725	48,242	18,479	29,763	49.7	66.0	33.9	32.2
7	Bisoi	26,259	17,680	8,579	40,465	15,474	24,991	47.3	64.4	30.5	33.9
8	Jashipur	33,159	21,388	11,771	55,686	23,111	32,575	45.2	58.3	32.1	26.2
9	Raruan	25,800	16,456	9,344	33,241	13,010	20,231	52.1	66.9	37.5	29.4

TABLE 22 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D.Block	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
10	Sukruli	23,305	14,781	8,524	28,934	11,185	17,749	54.0	69.4	39.1	30.3
11	Karanjia	33,737	21,414	12,323	47,653	19,403	28,250	50.1	63.8	36.5	27.3
12	Thakurmunda	27,581	18,584	8,997	62,534	26,225	36,309	38.1	51.6	24.7	26.9
13	Kaptipada	44,497	29,021	15,476	81,874	35,174	46,700	43.2	55.6	30.5	25.1
14	Udala	26,149	16,888	9,261	40,708	16,759	23,949	46.4	59.7	33.0	26.7
15	Gopabandhunagar	31,688	19,687	12,001	34,621	13,883	20,738	56.4	69.4	43.1	26.3
16	Khunta	27,017	17,555	9,462	41,511	16,926	24,585	46.5	60.3	32.6	27.7
17	Shamakhunta	26,621	17,428	9,193	40,548	16,517	24,031	47.6	61.8	33.2	28.5
18	Bangiriposi	35,101	23,414	11,687	56,502	22,971	33,531	46.5	61.4	31.2	30.1
19	Saraskana	39,069	25,719	13,350	50,305	20,093	30,212	52.2	67.0	36.6	30.5
20	Koliana	36,659	24,057	12,602	51,988	21,188	30,800	49.7	64.1	34.8	29.2
21	Suliapada	41,678	26,774	14,904	50,430	19,851	30,579	54.0	68.7	39.0	29.7
22	Baripada	21,686	14,285	7,401	36,728	15,615	21,113	44.9	57.8	31.4	26.4
23	Barsahi	58,883	37,089	21,794	71,967	29,514	42,453	53.3	66.2	40.1	26.0
24	Betanati	58,938	36,842	22,096	69,970	28,562	41,408	54.5	67.3	41.4	25.9
25	Rasagobindapur	37,879	24,210	13,669	45,753	18,077	27,676	54.8	69.4	39.9	29.5
26	Muruda	41,591	26,520	15,071	52,424	20,841	31,583	52.8	67.1	38.5	28.6
	District (Rural) Total:	**851,128**	**550,993**	**300,135**	**1,216,628**	**490,064**	**726,564**	**49.5**	**63.8**	**35.0**	**28.8**

Table–22 shows the number and percentage of literates and illiterates by sex for the rural areas of the district i.e. C.D. Blocks. In so far as the percentage of literates for the total rural population is concerned, Gopabandhu nagar C.D. Block tops the list with 56.4 per cent followed by Rasgobindapur (54.8%), Betanati (54.5%), Sukruli and Suliapada (54%),Rairangapur (53.4%), Barsahi (53.3%), Muruda (52.8%), Saraskana (52.2%), Raruan (52.1%). The male literacy is highest in Sukruli, Gopabandhunagar and Rasagobindapur (69.4%) C.D. Blocks and lowest in Thakurmunda (51.6%) C.D. Block. Like wise, the female literacy is highest in Gopabandhunagar (43.1%) C.D. Block and lowest in Thakurmunda (24.7%) C.D. Block.

TABLE 23 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY LITERACY RATE RANGE, 2001

Range of literacy rate for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
0	18	0.5	518	0.0
1-10	53	1.4	11,575	0.6
11-20	153	4.1	55,655	2.7
21-30	358	9.6	146,811	7.1
31-40	646	17.2	310,835	15.0
41-50	920	24.5	563,377	27.2
51-60	825	22.0	529,821	25.6
61-70	484	12.9	314,642	15.2

TABLE 23 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY LITERACY RATE RANGE, 2001

Range of literacy rate for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
71-80	201	5.4	110,912	5.4
81-90	58	1.5	21,688	1.0
91-99	13	0.3	1,719	0.1
100	19	0.5	203	0.0
District Total :	**3,748**	**100.0**	**2,067,756**	**100.0**
Literacy rate for District : 51.9				

Table–23 distributes the total number of villages in the district as per different ranges of literacy rates for villages. The table reveals that the maximum numbers of villages in the district i.e. 920 (24.5%) constituting 27.2 per cent of the total population in the rural areas of the district have literacy rates in between 41-50 per cent. It further reveals that 2,430 numbers of villages out of 3,748 inhabited villages of the district, constituting 73.4 per cent of the total rural population have the literacy rates in between 41 per cent and 80 per cent. There are 32 villages in the district, which have achieved more than 90 percent of literacy and 58 villages have achieved the literacy rates in the range 81-90 per cent. Likewise 1,228 villages in the district have recorded low literacy rates of 40 per cent or less.

TABLE 24 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Sl No.	Name and urban status of UA/Town	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Baripada UA	75,114	43,090	32,024	25,537	10,516	15,021	84.0	90.2	76.9	13.3
	(i) Baripada Town (M)	71,925	41,131	30,794	23,079	9,521	13,558	85.1	91.0	78.3	12.7
	(ii) Podaastia Business Centre(OG)	1,709	1,081	628	2,011	795	1,216	53.5	67.2	39.6	27.6
	(iii) Subarnarekha Irrigation Project Colony Area(OG)	1,480	878	602	447	200	247	86.9	91.7	80.6	11.2
2	Rairangpur (NAC)	15,644	8,715	6,929	6,252	2,455	3,797	81.1	88.4	73.6	14.8
3	Udala (NAC)	8,625	4,799	3,826	3,087	1,292	1,795	83.2	88.8	77.1	11.7
4	Karanjia (NAC)	14,349	8,406	5,943	7,092	2,870	4,222	76.8	84.9	67.7	17.3
District (Urban) Total :		**113,732**	**65,010**	**48,722**	**41,968**	**17,133**	**24,835**	**82.6**	**89.1**	**75.2**	**14.0**

Table–24 presents data on urban literacy of the district. Percentage of literates to total population in the urban areas of the district is 82.6 per cent, out of which male literacy is 89.1 per cent and female literacy is 75.2 per cent. Amongst 4 towns in the district, BaripadaTown (M) has recorded the highest literacy of 85.1 per cent out of which male literacy is 91.0 per cent and female literacy is 78.3 per cent. Karanjia(NAC) is at the bottom with 76.8 per cent of literates wherein males and females constitute 84.9 per cent and 67.7 per cent respectively.

TABLE 25: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D.Block	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male/female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Tiring	1,376	897	479	1,519	593	926	56.5	72.9	39.8	33.1
2	Bahalda	1,883	1,271	612	2,464	892	1,572	51.2	68.9	33.4	35.4
3	Jamda	1,394	914	480	1,737	631	1,106	52.8	71.1	35.5	35.6
4	Rairangpur	2,258	1,426	832	2,497	940	1,557	57.2	73.2	41.6	31.6
5	Bijatola	944	618	326	1,155	403	752	52.5	71.9	34.8	37.2
6	Kusumi	2,688	1,714	974	3,000	1,063	1,937	56.1	73.3	39.7	33.6
7	Bisoi	1,701	1,071	630	1,784	654	1,130	57.1	72.8	41.7	31.1
8	Jashipur	3,589	2,188	1,401	3,517	1,342	2,175	59.6	73.7	45.9	27.8
9	Raruan	2,655	1,702	953	2,553	890	1,663	59.8	77.2	42.7	34.5
10	Sukruli	3,694	2,372	1,322	4,831	1,843	2,988	52.3	68.2	36.9	31.2
11	Karanjia	4,648	2,938	1,710	5,291	2,077	3,214	55.5	70.3	40.7	29.6
12	Thakurmunda	4,942	3,306	1,636	9,094	3,709	5,385	42.6	57.1	28.2	28.9
13	Kaptipada	2,939	1,864	1,075	3,501	1,373	2,128	54.8	70.1	39.8	30.4
14	Udala	1,688	1,047	641	1,905	751	1,154	54.9	68.7	41.4	27.3
15	Gopabandhunagar	3,251	2,143	1,108	5,222	2,159	3,063	45.4	59.4	31.2	28.2
16	Khunta	1,226	756	470	1,234	456	778	57.5	71.6	43.7	27.9
17	Shamakhunta	1,029	651	378	1,691	723	968	44.8	56.4	33.2	23.2
18	Bangiriposi	2,519	1,535	984	2,305	875	1,430	60.9	75.0	47.2	27.8
19	Saraskana	2,238	1,447	791	3,289	1,319	1,970	48.9	63.2	34.6	28.6
20	Koliana	2,335	1,500	835	2,494	959	1,535	56.7	71.1	41.6	29.5
21	Suliapada	2,195	1,443	752	3,135	1,240	1,895	49.3	64.4	34.0	30.4
22	Baripada	586	389	197	976	387	589	44.1	59.8	29.0	30.7
23	Barsahi	4,366	2,887	1,479	7,168	2,989	4,179	45.4	59.5	31.0	28.4
24	Betanati	4,330	2,863	1,467	6,859	2,769	4,090	46.0	60.9	31.1	29.7
25	Rasagobindapur	2,802	1,795	1,007	2,760	1,031	1,729	60.3	76.6	43.7	32.9
26	Muruda	4,367	2,783	1,584	4,816	1,848	2,968	56.4	71.3	41.2	30.1
	District (Rural) Total :	**67,643**	**43,520**	**24,123**	**86,797**	**33,916**	**52,881**	**52.1**	**67.2**	**37.1**	**30.1**

Table–25 reveals the literacy rate among Scheduled Castes by sex in different CD Blocks of the district. The literacy rate among the Scheduled Castes in the district is 52.1 per cent as against the district rural literacy rate of 49.5 per cent and the variation in the literacy rate among the CD Blocks is found to be between 42.6 and 60.9 per cent. Among the males, Raruan CD Block tops the list with 77.2 per cent and Shamakhunta CD Block is at the bottom with 56.4 percent literacy. Among the females, Bangiriposi CD Block has the highest literacy rate (47.2 per cent) and Thakurmunda has the lowest literacy rate (28.2 per cent). The gap between male and female literacy among the CD Blocks is highest (37.2) in Bijatola and lowest (23.2 per cent) in Shamakhunta CD Block.

TABLE 26 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY LITERACY RATE RANGE FOR SCHEDULED CASTES POPULATION, 2001

Range of literacy rate for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Scheduled Castes Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
0	88	4.8	573	0.4
1-10	21	1.1	1,022	0.7
11-20	71	3.8	3,407	2.2
21-30	127	6.9	11,964	7.7
31-40	203	11.0	20,146	13.0
41-50	306	16.5	29,926	19.4
51-60	344	18.6	41,007	26.6
61-70	284	15.3	27,220	17.6
71-80	204	11.0	14,475	9.4
81-90	95	5.1	3,834	2.5
91-99	17	0.9	393	0.3
100	91	4.9	473	0.3
District Total:	**1,851**	**100.0**	**154,440**	**100.0**
Literacy rate for District (Rural):		**52.1**		

Table–26 shows distribution of villages by literacy rate range for scheduled castes population in the district of Mayurbhanj as per 2001 Census. The table reveals that out of 1,851 number of inhabited villages having scheduled castes population in the district, majority of villages numbering 344 (18.6%) have the literacy within the range 51-60 per cent. The table further reveals that 1,137 number of inhabited villages, constituting 76.6 per cent of scheduled castes population, have the literacy within the ranges 31-70 per cent. It is interesting to note that 88 villages have no literate persons and in another 91 villages there is 100 per cent literacy.

TABLE 27 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male/female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Rairangpur (NAC)	973	578	395	841	322	519	62.2	74.6	50.0	24.6
2	Udala (NAC)	493	280	213	337	131	206	68.5	78.0	59.0	19.0
3	Karanjia (NAC)	2,243	1,337	906	1,675	679	996	66.7	77.5	55.3	22.2
4	Baripada (M +OG)	5,771	3,444	2,327	4,062	1,637	2,425	67.8	78.6	56.3	22.3
	Mayurbhanj (Urban) :	**9,480**	**5,639**	**3,841**	**6,915**	**2,769**	**4,146**	**66.9**	**77.9**	**55.5**	**22.4**

Table–27 presents the literacy rate among Scheduled Castes by sex in different Towns of the district. The literacy rate among the Scheduled Castes in the district is 66.9 per cent as against the district urban literacy rate of 82.6 percent. Among the males, Baripada (M+OG) tops the list with 78.6 percent and Rairangpur is at the bottom with 74.6 per cent literacy. Among the females, Udala (NAC) has the highest literacy rate (59 %) and Rairangpur (NAC) has the lowest literacy rate (50 %). The gap between male and female literacy among the Towns is highest (24.6) in Rairangpur (NAC) and the lowest (19) in Udala (NAC).

TABLE 28: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED TRIBES LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. Block	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Tiring	13,202	9,062	4,140	23,029	8,718	14,311	43.8	61.8	26.8	35.0
2	Bahalda	13,818	9,747	4,071	28,861	11,379	17,482	38.7	55.4	22.5	32.9
3	Jamda	14,901	10,392	4,509	26,297	9,980	16,317	43.6	61.8	26.0	35.8
4	Rairangpur	10,434	7,270	3,164	19,509	7,648	11,861	42.2	59.4	25.4	34.0
5	Bijatola	13,330	9,444	3,886	31,237	12,409	18,828	36.3	52.9	20.6	32.3
6	Kusumi	17,961	12,295	5,666	34,185	13,252	20,933	41.9	58.9	25.7	33.2
7	Bisoi	14,398	10,382	4,016	30,868	11,919	18,949	38.8	57.2	21.2	36.0
8	Jashipur	16,314	11,429	4,885	43,574	18,472	25,102	33.8	47.5	20.2	27.4
9	Raruan	9,310	6,362	2,948	20,608	8,542	12,066	38.3	52.8	24.0	28.7
10	Sukruli	10,052	6,636	3,416	17,499	6,973	10,526	45.1	60.9	29.9	31.0
11	Karanjia	16,688	11,189	5,499	33,839	14,066	19,773	40.6	54.8	26.6	28.2
12	Thakurmunda	12,740	9,285	3,455	44,294	18,933	25,361	28.6	42.1	15.3	26.8
13	Kaptipada	17,548	13,040	4,508	62,799	27,529	35,270	27.5	40.6	14.3	26.4
14	Udala	15,404	10,645	4,759	33,682	13,989	19,693	37.6	51.9	23.3	28.6
15	Gopabandhunagar	12,398	8,567	3,831	23,267	9,362	13,905	42.0	58.0	26.0	31.9
16	Khunta	18,512	12,506	6,006	35,065	14,382	20,683	41.0	55.6	26.6	29.0
17	Shamakhunta	14,907	10,218	4,689	28,559	11,619	16,940	41.8	57.0	26.4	30.6
18	Bangiriposi	17,744	12,918	4,826	44,407	18,348	26,059	35.4	51.3	19.3	32.0
19	Saraskana	16,413	11,754	4,659	34,357	13,931	20,426	39.4	56.0	22.6	33.4
20	Koliana	19,383	13,501	5,882	39,139	16,292	22,847	40.5	55.6	24.9	30.7
21	Suliapada	12,390	8,572	3,818	24,276	10,140	14,136	41.4	56.3	26.0	30.3
22	Baripada	13,432	9,226	4,206	29,310	12,583	16,727	38.5	51.9	24.6	27.3
23	Barsahi	21,240	14,821	6,419	42,643	17,771	24,872	40.2	55.1	24.8	30.3
24	Betanati	14,375	10,529	3,846	37,747	15,892	21,855	34.1	49.4	18.4	30.9
25	Rasagobindapur	14,886	10,520	4,366	29,878	12,060	17,818	41.1	57.8	24.2	33.6
26	Muruda	12,524	8,846	3,678	27,350	11,328	16,022	38.6	53.9	22.9	31.0
	District (Rural) Total :	**384,304**	**269,156**	**115,148**	**846,279**	**347,517**	**498,762**	**38.2**	**53.6**	**22.9**	**30.8**

Table–28 reveals CD Block-wise number of literates and illiterates along with literacy rate among Scheduled Tribes by sex in different CD Blocks of the district. The literacy rate among the Scheduled Tribes in the district is 38.2 per cent as against the district rural literacy rate of 49.5 per cent and the variation among CD Blocks is found to be between 27.5 per cent to 45.1 per cent. Among the males, Tiringi and Jamada CD Block tops the list with 61.8 per cent and Kaptipada CD Block is at the bottom with 40.6 per cent. Among the females Sukruli CD Block has the highest literacy rate (29.9 %) and Kaptipada CD Block has the lowest literacy rate (14.3 per cent). The gap between male and female literacy among the CD Blocks is highest (35.8) in Jamada and the lowest (26.4) in Kaptipada CD Block.

TABLE 29 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY LITERACY RATE RANGE FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION, 2001

Range of literacy rate for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Scheduled Tribes Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
0	44	1.2	759	0.1
1-10	87	2.4	15,335	1.2
11-20	306	8.6	83,166	6.8
21-30	609	17.1	207,223	16.8
31-40	1,001	28.1	386,276	31.4
41-50	927	26.0	369,006	30.0
51-60	410	11.5	136,115	11.1
61-70	100	2.8	25,197	2.0
71-80	30	0.8	6,144	0.5
81-90	14	0.4	627	0.1
91-99	4	0.1	352	0.0
100	32	0.9	383	0.0
District Total:	**3,564**	**100.0**	**1,230,583**	**100.0**
Literacy rate for District (Rural):		**38.2**		

Distribution of villages by literacy rate ranges for scheduled tribes population, 2001 is depicted in table–29. There are 3,564 number of inhabited villages in the district wherein scheduled tribes population reside. The majority of villages numbering 1,001(28.1%) and constituting 31.4 per cent of the scheduled tribes population of the district have literacy within the range 31-40 per cent. Next to it, there are 927 (26%) villages having 30 per cent of the scheduled tribe population of the district, who have achieved literacy within the range of 41-50 per cent. The table shows that there are 44 villages wherein no literate person is available. Thirtytwo villages in the district have achieved 100 per cent literacy wherein 383 scheduled tribe persons live.

TABLE 30 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED TRIBES LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Rairangpur (NAC)	2,350	1,198	1,152	1,477	618	859	70.2	75.7	65.2	10.4
2	Baripada (M +OG)	8,588	5,438	3,150	7,124	2,975	4,149	63.0	74.1	50.1	24.0
3	Udala (NAC)	1,323	805	518	1,376	590	786	57.5	67.3	46.8	20.5
4	Karanjia (NAC)	2,754	1,675	1,079	2,884	1,177	1,707	57.8	68.9	46.2	22.7
	Mayurbhanj (Urban) :	**15,015**	**9,116**	**5,899**	**12,861**	**5,360**	**7,501**	**62.5**	**72.7**	**51.3**	**21.3**

Table–30 presents literacy rate among the Scheduled Tribes by sex in different Towns of the district. The literacy rate among the Scheduled Tribes in the towns of the district is 62.5 per cent as against the district urban literacy rate of 82.6 per cent. Among the males, Rairangpur (NAC) tops the list with 75.7 per cent and Udala (NAC) is at the bottom with 67.3 per cent literacy. Among the females,

Rairangapur (NAC) has the highest literacy rate (65.2%) and Karanjia (NAC) has the lowest literacy rate (46.2%). The gap between male and female literacy among the Towns is highest (24) in Baripada (M+OG) and the lowest (10.4) in Rairangpur (NAC).

TABLE 31: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total population	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal workers)		Non-workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Tiring	Persons	87,308	25,004	28.6	17,540	20.1	42,544	48.7	44,764	51.3
		Males	43,329	17,535	40.5	5,366	12.4	22,901	52.9	20,428	47.1
		Females	43,979	7,469	17.0	12,174	27.7	19,643	44.7	24,336	55.3
2	Bahalda	Persons	92,891	28,383	30.6	16,893	18.2	45,276	48.7	47,615	51.3
		Males	46,150	19,518	42.3	4,752	10.3	24,270	52.6	21,880	47.4
		Females	46,741	8,865	19.0	12,141	26.0	21,006	44.9	25,735	55.1
3	Gorumahisani	Persons	44,423	14,893	33.5	8,516	19.2	23,409	52.7	21,014	47.3
		Males	21,943	9,417	42.9	2,513	11.5	11,930	54.4	10,013	45.6
		Females	22,480	5,476	24.4	6,003	26.7	11,479	51.1	11,001	48.9
4	Rairangpur	Persons	73,189	18,568	25.4	18,058	24.7	36,626	50.0	36,563	50.0
		Males	36,216	13,625	37.6	5,664	15.6	19,289	53.3	16,927	46.7
		Females	36,973	4,943	13.4	12,394	33.5	17,337	46.9	19,636	53.1
5	Rairangpur Town	Persons	44,565	11,163	25.0	4,771	10.7	15,934	35.8	28,631	64.2
		Males	22,612	9,381	41.5	1,645	7.3	11,026	48.8	11,586	51.2
		Females	21,953	1,782	8.1	3,126	14.2	4,908	22.4	17,045	77.6
6	Badampahar	Persons	56,678	18,074	31.9	9,888	17.4	27,962	49.3	28,716	50.7
		Males	28,070	11,689	41.6	3,134	11.2	14,823	52.8	13,247	47.2
		Females	28,608	6,385	22.3	6,754	23.6	13,139	45.9	15,469	54.1
7	Bisoi	Persons	66,183	17,265	26.1	14,540	22.0	31,805	48.1	34,378	51.9
		Males	32,890	11,976	36.4	5,053	15.4	17,029	51.8	15,861	48.2
		Females	33,293	5,289	15.9	9,487	28.5	14,776	44.4	18,517	55.6
8	Bangiriposi	Persons	92,468	24,304	26.3	18,900	20.4	43,204	46.7	49,264	53.3
		Males	46,785	18,077	38.6	6,467	13.8	24,544	52.5	22,241	47.5
		Females	45,683	6,227	13.6	12,433	27.2	18,660	40.8	27,023	59.2
9	Jharpokharia	Persons	88,509	23,197	26.2	15,530	17.5	38,727	43.8	49,782	56.2
		Males	45,412	17,938	39.5	5,353	11.8	23,291	51.3	22,121	48.7
		Females	43,097	5,259	12.2	10,177	23.6	15,436	35.8	27,661	64.2
10	Chandua	Persons	56,770	16,027	28.2	11,529	20.3	27,556	48.5	29,214	51.5
		Males	29,028	11,370	39.2	3,629	12.5	14,999	51.7	14,029	48.3
		Females	27,742	4,657	16.8	7,900	28.5	12,557	45.3	15,185	54.7
11	Koliana	Persons	72,405	19,923	27.5	12,154	16.8	32,077	44.3	40,328	55.7
		Males	36,674	15,432	42.1	4,053	11.1	19,485	53.1	17,189	46.9
		Females	35,731	4,491	12.6	8,101	22.7	12,592	35.2	23,139	64.8
12	Baripada Sadar	Persons	76,226	20,947	27.5	15,027	19.7	35,974	47.2	40,252	52.8
		Males	38,890	15,916	40.9	4,678	12.0	20,594	53.0	18,296	47.0
		Females	37,336	5,031	13.5	10,349	27.7	15,380	41.2	21,956	58.8

TABLE 31: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total population	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal workers)		Non-workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	Baripada Town	Persons	9,963	2,718	27.3	512	5.1	3,230	32.4	6,733	67.6
		Males	5,149	2,218	43.1	256	5.0	2,474	48.0	2,675	52.0
		Females	4,814	500	10.4	256	5.3	756	15.7	4,058	84.3
14	Suliapada	Persons	77,762	21,886	28.1	18,328	23.6	40,214	51.7	37,548	48.3
		Males	39,389	15,433	39.2	5,873	14.9	21,306	54.1	18,083	45.9
		Females	38,373	6,453	16.8	12,455	32.5	18,908	49.3	19,465	50.7
15	Muruda	Persons	70,123	20,631	29.4	15,388	21.9	36,019	51.4	34,104	48.6
		Males	35,268	14,335	40.6	4,696	13.3	19,031	54.0	16,237	46.0
		Females	34,855	6,296	18.1	10,692	30.7	16,988	48.7	17,867	51.3
16	Betanati	Persons	80,105	24,148	30.1	15,671	19.6	39,819	49.7	40,286	50.3
		Males	40,522	17,226	42.5	4,819	11.9	22,045	54.4	18,477	45.6
		Females	39,583	6,922	17.5	10,852	27.4	17,774	44.9	21,809	55.1
17	Rasagobindapur	Persons	83,632	24,393	29.2	10,880	13.0	35,273	42.2	48,359	57.8
		Males	42,287	17,430	41.2	3,945	9.3	21,375	50.5	20,912	49.5
		Females	41,345	6,963	16.8	6,935	16.8	13,898	33.6	27,447	66.4
18	Baisinga	Persons	103,432	28,011	27.1	16,439	15.9	44,450	43.0	58,982	57.0
		Males	52,595	22,236	42.3	6,022	11.4	28,258	53.7	24,337	46.3
		Females	50,837	5,775	11.4	10,417	20.5	16,192	31.9	34,645	68.1
19	Barsahi	Persons	118,972	29,006	24.4	24,810	20.9	53,816	45.2	65,156	54.8
		Males	60,522	22,430	37.1	9,390	15.5	31,820	52.6	28,702	47.4
		Females	58,450	6,576	11.3	15,420	26.4	21,996	37.6	36,454	62.4
20	Khunta	Persons	112,878	33,439	29.6	18,850	16.7	52,289	46.3	60,589	53.7
		Males	56,920	24,933	43.8	5,599	9.8	30,532	53.6	26,388	46.4
		Females	55,958	8,506	15.2	13,251	23.7	21,757	38.9	34,201	61.1
21	Udala	Persons	95,018	27,855	29.3	15,877	16.7	43,732	46.0	51,286	54.0
		Males	48,116	21,435	44.5	4,724	9.8	26,159	54.4	21,957	45.6
		Females	46,902	6,420	13.7	11,153	23.8	17,573	37.5	29,329	62.5
22	Kaptipada	Persons	70,131	18,955	27.0	11,508	16.4	30,463	43.4	39,668	56.6
		Males	35,701	15,452	43.3	3,941	11.0	19,393	54.3	16,308	45.7
		Females	34,430	3,503	10.2	7,567	22.0	11,070	32.2	23,360	67.8
23	Sharata	Persons	61,750	19,110	30.9	11,874	19.2	30,984	50.2	30,766	49.8
		Males	31,247	13,052	41.8	3,037	9.7	16,089	51.5	15,158	48.5
		Females	30,503	6,058	19.9	8,837	29.0	14,895	48.8	15,608	51.2
24	Mahuldiha	Persons	39,435	11,380	28.9	8,243	20.9	19,623	49.8	19,812	50.2
		Males	19,497	7,857	40.3	2,123	10.9	9,980	51.2	9,517	48.8
		Females	19,938	3,523	17.7	6,120	30.7	9,643	48.4	10,295	51.6
25	Thakurmunda	Persons	50,680	14,125	27.9	10,473	20.7	24,598	48.5	26,082	51.5
		Males	25,312	10,157	40.1	2,557	10.1	12,714	50.2	12,598	49.8
		Females	25,368	3,968	15.6	7,916	31.2	11,884	46.8	13,484	53.2

TABLE 31: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total population	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal		Non-workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
26	Karanjia	Persons	102,831	25,568	24.9	21,418	20.8	46,986	45.7	55,845	54.3
		Males	52,093	19,865	38.1	7,074	13.6	26,939	51.7	25,154	48.3
		Females	50,738	5,703	11.2	14,344	28.3	20,047	39.5	30,691	60.5
27	Jashipur	Persons	106,935	30,688	28.7	22,871	21.4	53,559	50.1	53,376	49.9
		Males	53,521	21,366	39.9	7,209	13.5	28,575	53.4	24,946	46.6
		Females	53,414	9,322	17.5	15,662	29.3	24,984	46.8	28,430	53.2
28	Raruan	Persons	93,190	22,644	24.3	20,236	21.7	42,880	46.0	50,310	54.0
		Males	46,410	16,772	36.1	6,964	15.0	23,736	51.1	22,674	48.9
		Females	46,780	5,872	12.6	13,272	28.4	19,144	40.9	27,636	59.1
29	Baripada (M)	Persons	95,004	26,152	27.5	2,616	2.8	28,768	30.3	66,236	69.7
		Males	50,652	22,676	44.8	1,671	3.3	24,347	48.1	26,305	51.9
		Females	44,352	3,476	7.8	945	2.1	4,421	10.0	39,931	90.0
	District Total :	**Persons**	**2,223,456**	**618,457**	**27.8**	**409,340**	**18.4**	**1,027,797**	**46.2**	**1,195,659**	**53.8**
		Males	**1,123,200**	**456,747**	**40.7**	**132,207**	**11.8**	**588,954**	**52.4**	**534,246**	**47.6**
		Females	**1,100,256**	**161,710**	**14.7**	**277,133**	**25.2**	**438,843**	**39.9**	**661,413**	**60.1**

Table–31 presents data on number and percentage of main workers, marginal workers and non-workers by sex in different police stations of the district as per 2001 Census. For the district as a whole, main workers, marginal workers and non-workers constitute 27.8 per cent, 18.4 percent and 53.8 per cent respectively of the total population. In case of males for the district, main workers are 40.7percent, marginal workers are 11.8 per cent and non-workers are 47.6 per cent and that of females it is 14.7 per cent, 25.2 per cent and 60.1 per cent respectively. The table clearly indicates that more male members have been netted as main workers while more female members have been netted as marginal workers in all the police stations during 2001 Census. Total workers i.e. a combination of main workers and marginal workers of the district is 46.2 per cent of the total population and it lies above the corresponding figures of 38.79 per cent for the state. Gorumahisani Police Station tops the list of percentage of total workers with 52.7 per cent followed by Suliapada (51.7%), Muruda (51.4%) and Baripada (M) Police Station lies at the bottom with 30.3 per cent.

TABLE 32: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Sl No.	Name of C.D. Block	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total Population	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal workers)		Non-workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Tiring	Persons	48,556	14,939	30.8	8,501	17.5	23,440	48.3	25,116	51.7
		Males	24,057	10,100	42.0	2,374	9.9	12,474	51.9	11,583	48.1
		Females	24,499	4,839	19.8	6,127	25.0	10,966	44.8	13,533	55.2
2	Bahalda	Persons	75,842	20,521	27.1	15,742	20.8	36,263	47.8	39,579	52.2
		Males	37,793	15,228	40.3	4,924	13.0	20,152	53.3	17,641	46.7
		Females	38,049	5,293	13.9	10,818	28.4	16,111	42.3	21,938	57.7

TABLE 32: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Sl No.	Name of C.D. Block	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total Population	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal workers)		Non-workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
3	Jamda	Persons	55,801	17,927	32.1	10,190	18.3	28,117	50.4	27,684	49.6
		Males	27,629	11,725	42.4	2,820	10.2	14,545	52.6	13,084	47.4
		Females	28,172	6,202	22.0	7,370	26.2	13,572	48.2	14,600	51.8
4	Rairangpur	Persons	56,056	15,671	28.0	10,136	18.1	25,807	46.0	30,249	54.0
		Males	28,046	11,156	39.8	3,240	11.6	14,396	51.3	13,650	48.7
		Females	28,010	4,515	16.1	6,896	24.6	11,411	40.7	16,599	59.3
5	Bijatola	Persons	58,174	17,370	29.9	14,217	24.4	31,587	54.3	26,587	45.7
		Males	28,661	12,104	42.2	3,730	13.0	15,834	55.2	12,827	44.8
		Females	29,513	5,266	17.8	10,487	35.5	15,753	53.4	13,760	46.6
6	Kusumi	Persons	82,188	23,928	29.1	15,971	19.4	39,899	48.5	42,289	51.5
		Males	40,700	15,913	39.1	5,471	13.4	21,384	52.5	19,316	47.5
		Females	41,488	8,015	19.3	10,500	25.3	18,515	44.6	22,973	55.4
7	Bisoi	Persons	66,724	17,274	25.9	14,861	22.3	32,135	48.2	34,589	51.8
		Males	33,154	11,975	36.1	5,193	15.7	17,168	51.8	15,986	48.2
		Females	33,570	5,299	15.8	9,668	28.8	14,967	44.6	18,603	55.4
8	Jashipur	Persons	88,845	25,712	28.9	18,021	20.3	43,733	49.2	45,112	50.8
		Males	44,499	17,916	40.3	5,715	12.8	23,631	53.1	20,868	46.9
		Females	44,346	7,796	17.6	12,306	27.7	20,102	45.3	24,244	54.7
9	Raruan	Persons	59,041	17,313	29.3	12,239	20.7	29,552	50.1	29,489	49.9
		Males	29,466	11,835	40.2	3,769	12.8	15,604	53.0	13,862	47.0
		Females	29,575	5,478	18.5	8,470	28.6	13,948	47.2	15,627	52.8
10	Sukruli	Persons	52,239	10,307	19.7	12,847	24.6	23,154	44.3	29,085	55.7
		Males	25,966	8,387	32.3	4,689	18.1	13,076	50.4	12,890	49.6
		Females	26,273	1,920	7.3	8,158	31.1	10,078	38.4	16,195	61.6
11	Karanjia	Persons	81,390	19,521	24.0	20,562	25.3	40,083	49.2	41,307	50.8
		Males	40,817	14,557	35.7	6,793	16.6	21,350	52.3	19,467	47.7
		Females	40,573	4,964	12.2	13,769	33.9	18,733	46.2	21,840	53.8
12	Thakurmunda	Persons	90,115	25,505	28.3	18,716	20.8	44,221	49.1	45,894	50.9
		Males	44,809	18,014	40.2	4,680	10.4	22,694	50.6	22,115	49.4
		Females	45,306	7,491	16.5	14,036	31.0	21,527	47.5	23,779	52.5
13	Kaptipada	Persons	126,371	37,242	29.5	22,355	17.7	59,597	47.2	66,774	52.8
		Males	64,195	27,636	43.1	6,444	10.0	34,080	53.1	30,115	46.9
		Females	62,176	9,606	15.4	15,911	25.6	25,517	41.0	36,659	59.0
14	Udala	Persons	66,857	18,914	28.3	12,454	18.6	31,368	46.9	35,489	53.1
		Males	33,647	14,517	43.1	3,887	11.6	18,404	54.7	15,243	45.3
		Females	33,210	4,397	13.2	8,567	25.8	12,964	39.0	20,246	61.0
15	Gopabandhunagar	Persons	66,309	19,179	28.9	9,236	13.9	28,415	42.9	37,894	57.1
		Males	33,570	14,738	43.9	3,106	9.3	17,844	53.2	15,726	46.8
		Females	32,739	4,441	13.6	6,130	18.7	10,571	32.3	22,168	67.7

TABLE 32: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Sl No.	Name of C.D. Block	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total Population	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal workers)		Non-workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
16	Khunta	Persons	68,528	20,598	30.1	13,533	19.7	34,131	49.8	34,397	50.2
		Males	34,481	15,071	43.7	3,640	10.6	18,711	54.3	15,770	45.7
		Females	34,047	5,527	16.2	9,893	29.1	15,420	45.3	18,627	54.7
17	Shamakhunta	Persons	67,169	17,958	26.7	13,022	19.4	30,980	46.1	36,189	53.9
		Males	33,945	13,750	40.5	4,260	12.5	18,010	53.1	15,935	46.9
		Females	33,224	4,208	12.7	8,762	26.4	12,970	39.0	20,254	61.0
18	Bangiriposi	Persons	91,603	23,946	26.1	18,767	20.5	42,713	46.6	48,890	53.4
		Males	46,385	17,875	38.5	6,447	13.9	24,322	52.4	22,063	47.6
		Females	45,218	6,071	13.4	12,320	27.2	18,391	40.7	26,827	59.3
19	Saraskana	Persons	89,374	23,555	26.4	15,663	17.5	39,218	43.9	50,156	56.1
		Males	45,812	18,140	39.6	5,373	11.7	23,513	51.3	22,299	48.7
		Females	43,562	5,415	12.4	10,290	23.6	15,705	36.1	27,857	63.9
20	Koliana	Persons	88,647	24,534	27.7	15,260	17.2	39,794	44.9	48,853	55.1
		Males	45,245	18,490	40.9	5,014	11.1	23,504	51.9	21,741	48.1
		Females	43,402	6,044	13.9	10,246	23.6	16,290	37.5	27,112	62.5
21	Suliapada	Persons	92,108	25,882	28.1	20,777	22.6	46,659	50.7	45,449	49.3
		Males	46,625	18,306	39.3	6,715	14.4	25,021	53.7	21,604	46.3
		Females	45,483	7,576	16.7	14,062	30.9	21,638	47.6	23,845	52.4
22	Baripada	Persons	58,414	17,210	29.5	12,695	21.7	29,905	51.2	28,509	48.8
		Males	29,900	12,588	42.1	3,672	12.3	16,260	54.4	13,640	45.6
		Females	28,514	4,622	16.2	9,023	31.6	13,645	47.9	14,869	52.1
23	Barsahi	Persons	130,850	32,537	24.9	26,782	20.5	59,319	45.3	71,531	54.7
		Males	66,603	25,263	37.9	9,990	15.0	35,253	52.9	31,350	47.1
		Females	64,247	7,274	11.3	16,792	26.1	24,066	37.5	40,181	62.5
24	Betanati	Persons	128,908	35,531	27.6	20,391	15.8	55,922	43.4	72,986	56.6
		Males	65,404	27,428	41.9	7,482	11.4	34,910	53.4	30,494	46.6
		Females	63,504	8,103	12.8	12,909	20.3	21,012	33.1	42,492	66.9
25	Rasagobindapur	Persons	83,632	24,393	29.2	10,880	13.0	35,273	42.2	48,359	57.8
		Males	42,287	17,430	41.2	3,945	9.3	21,375	50.5	20,912	49.5
		Females	41,345	6,963	16.8	6,935	16.8	13,898	33.6	27,447	66.4
26	Muruda	Persons	94,015	28,032	29.8	20,674	22.0	48,706	51.8	45,309	48.2
		Males	47,361	19,427	41.0	6,174	13.0	25,601	54.1	21,760	45.9
		Females	46,654	8,605	18.4	14,500	31.1	23,105	49.5	23,549	50.5
District (Rural) Tota		**Persons**	**2,067,756**	**575,499**	**27.8**	**404,492**	**19.6**	**979,991**	**47.4**	**1,087,765**	**52.6**
		Males	**1,041,057**	**419,569**	**40.3**	**129,547**	**12.4**	**549,116**	**52.7**	**491,941**	**47.3**
		Females	**1,026,699**	**155,930**	**15.2**	**274,945**	**26.8**	**430,875**	**42.0**	**595,824**	**58.0**

Table–32 presents data on number and percentage of main workers, marginal workers and non-workers by sex for the rural areas of the district i.e. C.D. Blocks. Total workers in the rural areas of the district constitute 47.4 per cent of its total population out of which 27.8 per cent are main workers and 19.6 per cent are marginal workers. The sex wise break-up reveals that out of the total workers in the rural areas of the district, males constitute 52.7 per cent and females constitute 42 per cent. A look at the work participation rate in different C.D. Blocks reveals that Bijatola C.D. Block has recorded the highest percentage of total workers (54.3%) of which main workers and marginal workers constitute 29.9 per cent and 24.4 per cent respectively. On the other hand, Rasagobindapur C.D. Block is at the bottom with 42.2 per cent of total workers of which 29.2 per cent and 13 per cent respectively are the main workers and marginal workers. The participation of more male members as main workers and more female members as marginal workers is found in all the C.D. Blocks of the district.

TABLE 33: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Sl No	Name and urban status of UA / Town	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total Popula-tion	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal workers)		Non workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Baripada UA	Persons	100,651	27,765	27.6	2,873	2.9	30,638	30.4	70,013	69.6
		Males	53,606	24,020	44.8	1,780	3.3	25,800	48.1	27,806	51.9
		Females	47,045	3,745	8.0	1,093	2.3	4,838	10.3	42,207	89.7
	(i) Baripada Town (M)	Persons	95,004	26,152	27.5	2,616	2.8	28,768	30.3	66,236	69.7
		Males	50,652	22,676	44.8	1,671	3.3	24,347	48.1	26,305	51.9
		Females	44,352	3,476	7.8	945	2.1	4,421	10.0	39,931	90.0
	(ii) Podaastia Business Centre(OG)	Persons	3,720	1,062	28.5	244	6.6	1,306	35.1	2,414	64.9
		Males	1,876	817	43.6	96	5.1	913	48.7	963	51.3
		Females	1,844	245	13.3	148	8.0	393	21.3	1,451	78.7
	(iii)Subarnarekha Irrigation Project Colony Area(OG)	Persons	1,927	551	28.6	13	0.7	564	29.3	1,363	70.7
		Males	1,078	527	48.9	13	1.2	540	50.1	538	49.9
		Females	849	24	2.8	0	0.0	24	2.8	825	97.2
2	Rairangpur (NAC)	Persons	21,896	5,720	26.1	588	2.7	6,308	28.8	15,588	71.2
		Males	11,170	4,940	44.2	375	3.4	5,315	47.6	5,855	52.4
		Females	10,726	780	7.3	213	2.0	993	9.3	9,733	90.7
3	Udala (NAC)	Persons	11,712	3,426	29.3	531	4.5	3,957	33.8	7,755	66.2
		Males	6,091	2,910	47.8	224	3.7	3,134	51.5	2,957	48.5
		Females	5,621	516	9.2	307	5.5	823	14.6	4,798	85.4
4	Karanjia (NAC)	Persons	21,441	6,047	28.2	856	4.0	6,903	32.2	14,538	67.8
		Males	11,276	5,308	47.1	281	2.5	5,589	49.6	5,687	50.4
		Females	10,165	739	7.3	575	5.7	1,314	12.9	8,851	87.1
	District (Urban) Total:	**Persons**	**155,700**	**42,958**	**27.6**	**4,848**	**3.1**	**47,806**	**30.7**	**107,894**	**69.3**
		Males	**82,143**	**37,178**	**45.3**	**2,660**	**3.2**	**39,838**	**48.5**	**42,305**	**51.5**
		Females	**73,557**	**5,780**	**7.9**	**2,188**	**3.0**	**7,968**	**10.8**	**65,589**	**89.2**

Table–33 presents data on number and percentage of main workers, marginal workers and non-workers by sex for the urban areas in the district as per 2001 Census. The total workers in the urban areas of the district constitute 30.7 per cent, out of which 27.6 per cent are main workers and 3.1 percent are marginal workers. The sex-wise break-up reveals that 48.5 per cent and 10.8 per cent of the total workers in the urban areas of the district are male workers and female workers respectively. It is noteworthy to mention that the percent of marginal workers in the urban areas of the district are substantially less than the percentage of marginal workers in the rural areas of the district. It is only 3.1 per cent of the total urban population out of which males and females contribute 3.2 per cent and 3 per cent respectively. In so far as work participation rate in individual towns is concerned, Udala (NAC) stands at the top with 33.8 per cent of total workers and Rairangpur (NAC) is at the bottom with 28.8 per cent of total workers.

TABLE 34 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total Population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Tiringi	Persons	87,308	42,544	20,631	17,295	798	3,820
				(48.7)	(48.5)	(40.7)	(1.9)	(9.0)
		Males	43,329	22,901	13,068	6,334	415	3,084
				(52.9)	(57.1)	(27.7)	(1.8)	(13.5)
		Females	43,979	19,643	7,563	10,961	383	736
				(44.7)	(38.5)	(55.8)	(1.9)	(3.7)
2	Bahalda	Persons	92,891	45,276	19,855	17,697	912	6,812
				(48.7)	(43.9)	(39.1)	(2.0)	(15.0)
		Males	46,150	24,270	12,538	5,899	550	5,283
				(52.6)	(51.7)	(24.3)	(2.3)	(21.8)
		Females	46,741	21,006	7,317	11,798	362	1,529
				(44.9)	(34.8)	(56.2)	(1.7)	(7.3)
3	Gorumahisani	Persons	44,423	23,409	8,210	9,510	1,278	4,411
				(52.7)	(35.1)	(40.6)	(5.5)	(18.8)
		Males	21,943	11,930	5,323	3,553	392	2,662
				(54.4)	(44.6)	(29.8)	(3.3)	(22.3)
		Females	22,480	11,479	2,887	5,957	886	1,749
				(51.1)	(25.2)	(51.9)	(7.7)	(15.2)
4	Rairangpur	Persons	73,189	36,626	13,307	16,804	1,220	5,295
				(50.0)	(36.3)	(45.9)	(3.3)	(14.5)
		Males	36,216	19,289	9,028	5,621	636	4,004
				(53.3)	(46.8)	(29.1)	(3.3)	(20.8)
		Females	36,973	17,337	4,279	11,183	584	1,291
				(46.9)	(24.7)	(64.5)	(3.4)	(7.4)

TABLE 34 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total Population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
5	Rairangpur Town	Persons	44,565	15,934	3,544	3,324	539	8,527
				(35.8)	(22.2)	(20.9)	(3.4)	(53.5)
		Males	22,612	11,026	2,508	1,003	316	7,199
				(48.8)	(22.7)	(9.1)	(2.9)	(65.3)
		Females	21,953	4,908	1,036	2,321	223	1,328
				(22.4)	(21.1)	(47.3)	(4.5)	(27.1)
6	Badampahar	Persons	56,678	27,962	11,219	11,124	725	4,894
				(49.3)	(40.1)	(39.8)	(2.6)	(17.5)
		Males	28,070	14,823	6,645	4,232	431	3,515
				(52.8)	(44.8)	(28.6)	(2.9)	(23.7)
		Females	28,608	13,139	4,574	6,892	294	1,379
				(45.9)	(34.8)	(52.5)	(2.2)	(10.5)
7	Bisoi	Persons	66,183	31,805	10,496	12,741	2,926	5,642
				(48.1)	(33.0)	(40.1)	(9.2)	(17.7)
		Males	32,890	17,029	7,330	5,372	820	3,507
				(51.8)	(43.0)	(31.5)	(4.8)	(20.6)
		Females	33,293	14,776	3,166	7,369	2,106	2,135
				(44.4)	(21.4)	(49.9)	(14.3)	(14.4)
8	Bangiriposi	Persons	92,468	43,204	11,503	20,895	3,812	6,994
				(46.7)	(26.6)	(48.4)	(8.8)	(16.2)
		Males	46,785	24,544	9,091	9,675	804	4,974
				(52.5)	(37.0)	(39.4)	(3.3)	(20.3)
		Females	45,683	18,660	2,412	11,220	3,008	2,020
				(40.8)	(12.9)	(60.1)	(16.1)	(10.8)
9	Jharpokharia	Persons	88,509	38,727	8,831	19,717	2,609	7,570
				(43.8)	(22.8)	(50.9)	(6.7)	(19.5)
		Males	45,412	23,291	7,625	9,296	995	5,375
				(51.3)	(32.7)	(39.9)	(4.3)	(23.1)
		Females	43,097	15,436	1,206	10,421	1,614	2,195
				(35.8)	(7.8)	(67.5)	(10.5)	(14.2)
10	Chandua	Persons	56,770	27,556	7,811	8,764	6,455	4,526
				(48.5)	(28.3)	(31.8)	(23.4)	(16.4)
		Males	29,028	14,999	6,339	3,549	1,827	3,284
				(51.7)	(42.3)	(23.7)	(12.2)	(21.9)
		Females	27,742	12,557	1,472	5,215	4,628	1,242
				(45.3)	(11.7)	(41.5)	(36.9)	(9.9)

TABLE 34 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total Population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
11	Koliana	Persons	72,405	32,077	8,493	11,965	5,077	6,542
				(44.3)	(26.5)	(37.3)	(15.8)	(20.4)
		Males	36,674	19,485	6,582	6,410	1,491	5,002
				(53.1)	(33.8)	(32.9)	(7.7)	(25.7)
		Females	35,731	12,592	1,911	5,555	3,586	1,540
				(35.2)	(15.2)	(44.1)	(28.5)	(12.2)
12	Baripada Sadar	Persons	76,226	35,974	6,756	13,751	5,527	9,940
				(47.2)	(18.8)	(38.2)	(15.4)	(27.6)
		Males	38,890	20,594	5,607	6,446	1,205	7,336
				(53.0)	(27.2)	(31.3)	(5.9)	(35.6)
		Females	37,336	15,380	1,149	7,305	4,322	2,604
				(41.2)	(7.5)	(47.5)	(28.1)	(16.9)
13	Baripada Town	Persons	9,963	3,230	125	274	149	2,682
				(32.4)	(3.9)	(8.5)	(4.6)	(83.0)
		Males	5,149	2,474	106	135	81	2,152
				(48.0)	(4.3)	(5.5)	(3.3)	(87.0)
		Females	4,814	756	19	139	68	530
				(15.7)	(2.5)	(18.4)	(9.0)	(70.1)
14	Suliapada	Persons	77,762	40,214	7,877	8,941	18,485	4,911
				(51.7)	(19.6)	(22.2)	(46.0)	(12.2)
		Males	39,389	21,306	6,987	4,917	5,502	3,900
				(54.1)	(32.8)	(23.1)	(25.8)	(18.3)
		Females	38,373	18,908	890	4,024	12,983	1,011
				(49.3)	(4.7)	(21.3)	(68.7)	(5.3)
15	Muruda	Persons	70,123	36,019	6,657	9,707	15,426	4,229
				(51.4)	(18.5)	(26.9)	(42.8)	(11.7)
		Males	35,268	19,031	5,778	5,572	4,413	3,268
				(54.0)	(30.4)	(29.3)	(23.2)	(17.2)
		Females	34,855	16,988	879	4,135	11,013	961
				(48.7)	(5.2)	(24.3)	(64.8)	(5.7)
16	Betanati	Persons	80,105	39,819	7,184	10,802	14,035	7,798
				(49.7)	(18.0)	(27.1)	(35.2)	(19.6)
		Males	40,522	22,045	6,027	5,842	3,827	6,349
				(54.4)	(27.3)	(26.5)	(17.4)	(28.8)
		Females	39,583	17,774	1,157	4,960	10,208	1,449
				(44.9)	(6.5)	(27.9)	(57.4)	(8.2)

TABLE 34 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total Population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
17	Rasagobindapur	Persons	83,632	35,273	9,080	16,969	4,488	4,736
				(42.2)	(25.7)	(48.1)	(12.7)	(13.4)
		Males	42,287	21,375	7,734	8,587	1,525	3,529
				(50.5)	(36.2)	(40.2)	(7.1)	(16.5)
		Females	41,345	13,898	1,346	8,382	2,963	1,207
				(33.6)	(9.7)	(60.3)	(21.3)	(8.7)
18	Baisinga	Persons	103,432	44,450	10,790	21,310	4,719	7,631
				(43.0)	(24.3)	(47.9)	(10.6)	(17.2)
		Males	52,595	28,258	9,305	11,005	1,761	6,187
				(53.7)	(32.9)	(38.9)	(6.2)	(21.9)
		Females	50,837	16,192	1,485	10,305	2,958	1,444
				(31.9)	(9.2)	(63.6)	(18.3)	(8.9)
19	Barsahi	Persons	118,972	53,816	12,454	25,787	6,877	8,698
				(45.2)	(23.1)	(47.9)	(12.8)	(16.2)
		Males	60,522	31,820	10,873	12,602	2,100	6,245
				(52.6)	(34.2)	(39.6)	(6.6)	(19.6)
		Females	58,450	21,996	1,581	13,185	4,777	2,453
				(37.6)	(7.2)	(59.9)	(21.7)	(11.2)
20	Khunta	Persons	112,878	52,289	15,728	26,095	4,209	6,257
				(46.3)	(30.1)	(49.9)	(8.0)	(12.0)
		Males	56,920	30,532	12,302	11,829	1,588	4,813
				(53.6)	(40.3)	(38.7)	(5.2)	(15.8)
		Females	55,958	21,757	3,426	14,266	2,621	1,444
				(38.9)	(15.7)	(65.6)	(12.0)	(6.6)
21	Udala	Persons	95,018	43,732	11,824	19,672	4,018	8,218
				(46.0)	(27.0)	(45.0)	(9.2)	(18.8)
		Males	48,116	26,159	9,399	9,061	1,352	6,347
				(54.4)	(35.9)	(34.6)	(5.2)	(24.3)
		Females	46,902	17,573	2,425	10,611	2,666	1,871
				(37.5)	(13.8)	(60.4)	(15.2)	(10.6)
22	Kaptipada	Persons	70,131	30,463	6,674	12,804	5,543	5,442
				(43.4)	(21.9)	(42.0)	(18.2)	(17.9)
		Males	35,701	19,393	6,070	7,883	1,233	4,207
				(54.3)	(31.3)	(40.6)	(6.4)	(21.7)
		Females	34,430	11,070	604	4,921	4,310	1,235
				(32.2)	(5.5)	(44.5)	(38.9)	(11.2)

TABLE 34 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total Population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
23	Sharata	Persons	61,750	30,984	8,772	9,265	11,192	1,755
				(50.2)	(28.3)	(29.9)	(36.1)	(5.7)
		Males	31,247	16,089	7,223	5,570	2,058	1,238
				(51.5)	(44.9)	(34.6)	(12.8)	(7.7)
		Females	30,503	14,895	1,549	3,695	9,134	517
				(48.8)	(10.4)	(24.8)	(61.3)	(3.5)
24	Mahuldiha	Persons	39,435	19,623	5,959	4,589	6,766	2,309
				(49.8)	(30.4)	(23.4)	(34.5)	(11.8)
		Males	19,497	9,980	4,789	3,000	852	1,339
				(51.2)	(48.0)	(30.1)	(8.5)	(13.4)
		Females	19,938	9,643	1,170	1,589	5,914	970
				(48.4)	(12.1)	(16.5)	(61.3)	(10.1)
25	Thakurmunda	Persons	50,680	24,598	7,563	5,263	8,612	3,160
				(48.5)	(30.7)	(21.4)	(35.0)	(12.8)
		Males	25,312	12,714	5,922	3,275	1,071	2,446
				(50.2)	(46.6)	(25.8)	(8.4)	(19.2)
		Females	25,368	11,884	1,641	1,988	7,541	714
				(46.8)	(13.8)	(16.7)	(63.5)	(6.0)
26	Karanjia	Persons	102,831	46,986	13,748	15,946	5,493	11,799
				(45.7)	(29.3)	(33.9)	(11.7)	(25.1)
		Males	52,093	26,939	9,512	6,755	1,322	9,350
				(51.7)	(35.3)	(25.1)	(4.9)	(34.7)
		Females	50,738	20,047	4,236	9,191	4,171	2,449
				(39.5)	(21.1)	(45.8)	(20.8)	(12.2)
27	Jashipur	Persons	106,935	53,559	17,352	23,420	4,318	8,469
				(50.1)	(32.4)	(43.7)	(8.1)	(15.8)
		Males	53,521	28,575	11,538	9,639	1,046	6,352
				(53.4)	(40.4)	(33.7)	(3.7)	(22.2)
		Females	53,414	24,984	5,814	13,781	3,272	2,117
				(46.8)	(23.3)	(55.2)	(13.1)	(8.5)
28	Raruan	Persons	93,190	42,880	14,660	19,596	1,741	6,883
				(46.0)	(34.2)	(45.7)	(4.1)	(16.1)
		Males	46,410	23,736	10,263	7,633	609	5,231
				(51.1)	(43.2)	(32.2)	(2.6)	(22.0)
		Females	46,780	19,144	4,397	11,963	1,132	1,652
				(40.9)	(23.0)	(62.5)	(5.9)	(8.6)

TABLE 34 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Station	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total Population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
29	Baripada (M)	Persons	95,004	28,768	235	301	1,175	27,057
				(30.3)	(0.8)	(1.0)	(4.1)	(94.1)
		Males	50,652	24,347	210	186	750	23,201
				(48.1)	(0.9)	(0.8)	(3.1)	(95.3)
		Females	44,352	4,421	25	115	425	3,856
				(10.0)	(0.6)	(2.6)	(9.6)	(87.2)
	District Total:	**Persons**	**2,223,456**	**1,027,797**	**287,338**	**394,328**	**149,124**	**197,007**
				(46.2)	**(28.0)**	**(38.4)**	**(14.5)**	**(19.2)**
		Males	**1,123,200**	**588,954**	**215,722**	**180,881**	**40,972**	**151,379**
				(52.4)	**(36.6)**	**(30.7)**	**(7.0)**	**(25.7)**
		Females	**1,100,256**	**438,843**	**71,616**	**213,447**	**108,152**	**45,628**
				(39.9)	**(16.3)**	**(48.6)**	**(24.6)**	**(10.4)**

Note: Percentage of workers to total workers are given in brackets

Table–34 distributes total workers of different police stations and the district by sex into four categories of economic activities. The table reveals that out of the total workers in the district 28 per cent are cultivators, 38.4 per cent are agricultural labourers, 14.5 per cent are household industry workers and 19.2 per cent are other workers. The sex-wise break-up of the district level data shows that male participation rate is comparatively higher than the female participation rate in case of cultivators and other workers and vice versa in case of other two economic activities. The Police Station-wise distribution of total workers indicates that maximum numbers of workers are either engaged in cultivation or as agricultural labourers in almost all police stations except Rairangpur, Baripada town and Baripada (M) police stations where 53.5 per cent, 83 per cent and 94.1 per cent of the total workers respectively are engaged in other activities while cultivators, agricultural labourers and household industry workers constitute comparatively lesser or negligible percentage.

TABLE 35 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Tiring	Persons	48,556	23,440	13,456	7,904	277	1,803
				(48.3)	(57.4)	(33.7)	(1.2)	(7.7)
		Males	24,057	12,474	8,068	2,843	188	1,375
				(51.9)	(64.7)	(22.8)	(1.5)	(11.0)
		Females	24,499	10,966	5,388	5,061	89	428
				(44.8)	(49.1)	(46.2)	(0.8)	(3.9)

TABLE 35 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2	Bahalda	Persons	75,842	36,263	13,917	15,690	796	5,860
				(47.8)	(38.4)	(43.3)	(2.2)	(16.2)
		Males	37,793	20,152	9,492	5,614	414	4,632
				(53.3)	(47.1)	(27.9)	(2.1)	(23.0)
		Females	38,049	16,111	4,425	10,076	382	1,228
				(42.3)	(27.5)	(62.5)	(2.4)	(7.6)
3	Jamda	Persons	55,801	28,117	13,113	11,398	637	2,969
				(50.4)	(46.6)	(40.5)	(2.3)	(10.6)
		Males	27,629	14,545	8,046	3,776	363	2,360
				(52.6)	(55.3)	(26.0)	(2.5)	(16.2)
		Females	28,172	13,572	5,067	7,622	274	609
				(48.2)	(37.3)	(56.2)	(2.0)	(4.5)
4	Rairangpur	Persons	56,056	25,807	8,622	8,721	1,310	7,154
				(46.0)	(33.4)	(33.8)	(5.1)	(27.7)
		Males	28,046	14,396	5,806	3,079	490	5,021
				(51.3)	(40.3)	(21.4)	(3.4)	(34.9)
		Females	28,010	11,411	2,816	5,642	820	2,133
				(40.7)	(24.7)	(49.4)	(7.2)	(18.7)
5	Bijatola	Persons	58,174	31,587	11,570	14,989	1,233	3,795
				(54.3)	(36.6)	(47.5)	(3.9)	(12.0)
		Males	28,661	15,834	7,836	4,812	536	2,650
				(55.2)	(49.5)	(30.4)	(3.4)	(16.7)
		Females	29,513	15,753	3,734	10,177	697	1,145
				(53.4)	(23.7)	(64.6)	(4.4)	(7.3)
6	Kusumi	Persons	82,188	39,899	15,809	16,597	1,055	6,438
				(48.5)	(39.6)	(41.6)	(2.6)	(16.1)
		Males	40,700	21,384	9,656	6,319	649	4,760
				(52.5)	(45.2)	(29.6)	(3.0)	(22.3)
		Females	41,488	18,515	6,153	10,278	406	1,678
				(44.6)	(33.2)	(55.5)	(2.2)	(9.1)
7	Bisoi	Persons	66,724	32,135	10,514	13,050	2,955	5,616
				(48.2)	(32.7)	(40.6)	(9.2)	(17.5)
		Males	33,154	17,168	7,330	5,504	833	3,501
				(51.8)	(42.7)	(32.1)	(4.9)	(20.4)
		Females	33,570	14,967	3,184	7,546	2,122	2,115
				(44.6)	(21.3)	(50.4)	(14.2)	(14.1)

TABLE 35 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
8	Jashipur	Persons	88,845	43,733	14,465	18,163	3,976	7,129
				(49.2)	(33.1)	(41.5)	(9.1)	(16.3)
		Males	44,499	23,631	9,814	7,581	869	5,367
				(53.1)	(41.5)	(32.1)	(3.7)	(22.7)
		Females	44,346	20,102	4,651	10,582	3,107	1,762
				(45.3)	(23.1)	(52.6)	(15.5)	(8.8)
9	Raruan	Persons	59,041	29,552	10,462	13,953	855	4,282
				(50.1)	(35.4)	(47.2)	(2.9)	(14.5)
		Males	29,466	15,604	6,533	5,515	467	3,089
				(53.0)	(41.9)	(35.3)	(3.0)	(19.8)
		Females	29,575	13,948	3,929	8,438	388	1,193
				(47.2)	(28.2)	(60.5)	(2.8)	(8.6)
10	Sukruli	Persons	52,239	23,154	7,085	10,900	1,228	3,941
				(44.3)	(30.6)	(47.1)	(5.3)	(17.0)
		Males	25,966	13,076	5,454	4,176	319	3,127
				(50.4)	(41.7)	(31.9)	(2.4)	(23.9)
		Females	26,273	10,078	1,631	6,724	909	814
				(38.4)	(16.2)	(66.7)	(9.0)	(8.1)
11	Karanjia	Persons	81,390	40,083	13,269	15,402	5,270	6,142
				(49.2)	(33.1)	(38.4)	(13.1)	(15.3)
		Males	40,817	21,350	9,150	6,598	1,183	4,419
				(52.3)	(42.9)	(30.9)	(5.5)	(20.7)
		Females	40,573	18,733	4,119	8,804	4,087	1,723
				(46.2)	(22.0)	(47.0)	(21.8)	(9.2)
12	Thakurmunda	Persons	90,115	44,221	13,522	9,852	15,378	5,469
				(49.1)	(30.6)	(22.3)	(34.8)	(12.4)
		Males	44,809	22,694	10,711	6,275	1,923	3,785
				(50.6)	(47.2)	(27.7)	(8.5)	(16.7)
		Females	45,306	21,527	2,811	3,577	13,455	1,684
				(47.5)	(13.1)	(16.6)	(62.5)	(7.8)
13	Kaptipada	Persons	126,371	59,597	15,051	20,549	16,867	7,130
				(47.2)	(25.3)	(34.5)	(28.3)	(12.0)
		Males	64,195	34,080	12,925	12,495	3,366	5,294
				(53.1)	(37.9)	(36.7)	(9.9)	(15.5)
		Females	62,176	25,517	2,126	8,054	13,501	1,836
				(41.0)	(8.3)	(31.6)	(52.9)	(7.2)

TABLE 35 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
14	Udala	Persons	66,857	31,368	8,942	15,346	3,011	4,069
				(46.9)	(28.5)	(48.9)	(9.6)	(13.0)
		Males	33,647	18,404	7,247	7,194	948	3,015
				(54.7)	(39.4)	(39.1)	(5.2)	(16.4)
		Females	33,210	12,964	1,695	8,152	2,063	1,054
				(39.0)	(13.1)	(62.9)	(15.9)	(8.1)
15	Gopabandhunagar	Persons	66,309	28,415	7,351	15,275	1,753	4,036
				(42.9)	(25.9)	(53.8)	(6.2)	(14.2)
		Males	33,570	17,844	6,105	7,801	814	3,124
				(53.2)	(34.2)	(43.7)	(4.6)	(17.5)
		Females	32,739	10,571	1,246	7,474	939	912
				(32.3)	(11.8)	(70.7)	(8.9)	(8.6)
16	Khunta	Persons	68,528	34,131	11,447	16,062	3,196	3,426
				(49.8)	(33.5)	(47.1)	(9.4)	(10.0)
		Males	34,481	18,711	8,520	6,546	1,048	2,597
				(54.3)	(45.5)	(35.0)	(5.6)	(13.9)
		Females	34,047	15,420	2,927	9,516	2,148	829
				(45.3)	(19.0)	(61.7)	(13.9)	(5.4)
17	Shamakhunta	Persons	67,169	30,980	5,820	12,775	3,838	8,547
				(46.1)	(18.8)	(41.2)	(12.4)	(27.6)
		Males	33,945	18,010	4,691	5,928	1,072	6,319
				(53.1)	(26.0)	(32.9)	(6.0)	(35.1)
		Females	33,224	12,970	1,129	6,847	2,766	2,228
				(39.0)	(8.7)	(52.8)	(21.3)	(17.2)
18	Bangiriposi	Persons	91,603	42,713	11,262	20,676	3,811	6,964
				(46.6)	(26.4)	(48.4)	(8.9)	(16.3)
		Males	46,385	24,322	8,936	9,626	803	4,957
				(52.4)	(36.7)	(39.6)	(3.3)	(20.4)
		Females	45,218	18,391	2,326	11,050	3,008	2,007
				(40.7)	(12.6)	(60.1)	(16.4)	(10.9)
19	Saraskana	Persons	89,374	39,218	9,072	19,936	2,610	7,600
				(43.9)	(23.1)	(50.8)	(6.7)	(19.4)
		Males	45,812	23,513	7,780	9,345	996	5,392
				(51.3)	(33.1)	(39.7)	(4.2)	(22.9)
		Females	43,562	15,705	1,292	10,591	1,614	2,208
				(36.1)	(8.2)	(67.4)	(10.3)	(14.1)

TABLE 35 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
20	Koliana	Persons	88,647	39,794	11,641	15,090	5,269	7,794
				(44.9)	(29.3)	(37.9)	(13.2)	(19.6)
		Males	45,245	23,504	9,007	7,054	1,511	5,932
				(51.9)	(38.3)	(30.0)	(6.4)	(25.2)
		Females	43,402	16,290	2,634	8,036	3,758	1,862
				(37.5)	(16.2)	(49.3)	(23.1)	(11.4)
21	Suliapada	Persons	92,108	46,659	10,019	9,700	20,972	5,968
				(50.7)	(21.5)	(20.8)	(44.9)	(12.8)
		Males	46,625	25,021	8,883	5,222	6,180	4,736
				(53.7)	(35.5)	(20.9)	(24.7)	(18.9)
		Females	45,483	21,638	1,136	4,478	14,792	1,232
				(47.6)	(5.3)	(20.7)	(68.4)	(5.7)
22	Baripada	Persons	58,414	29,905	5,162	10,703	8,153	5,887
				(51.2)	(17.3)	(35.8)	(27.3)	(19.7)
		Males	29,900	16,260	4,412	5,542	1,933	4,373
				(54.4)	(27.1)	(34.1)	(11.9)	(26.9)
		Females	28,514	13,645	750	5,161	6,220	1,514
				(47.9)	(5.5)	(37.8)	(45.6)	(11.1)
23	Barsahi	Persons	130,850	59,319	13,811	28,428	7,444	9,636
				(45.3)	(23.3)	(47.9)	(12.5)	(16.2)
		Males	66,603	35,253	12,061	13,894	2,302	6,996
				(52.9)	(34.2)	(39.4)	(6.5)	(19.8)
		Females	64,247	24,066	1,750	14,534	5,142	2,640
				(37.5)	(7.3)	(60.4)	(21.4)	(11.0)
24	Betanati	Persons	128,908	55,922	12,763	22,411	9,134	11,614
				(43.4)	(22.8)	(40.1)	(16.3)	(20.8)
		Males	65,404	34,910	10,896	11,468	3,058	9,488
				(53.4)	(31.2)	(32.9)	(8.8)	(27.2)
		Females	63,504	21,012	1,867	10,943	6,076	2,126
				(33.1)	(8.9)	(52.1)	(28.9)	(10.1)
25	Rasagobindapur	Persons	83,632	35,273	9,080	16,969	4,488	4,736
				(42.2)	(25.7)	(48.1)	(12.7)	(13.4)
		Males	42,287	21,375	7,734	8,587	1,525	3,529
				(50.5)	(36.2)	(40.2)	(7.1)	(16.5)
		Females	41,345	13,898	1,346	8,382	2,963	1,207
				(33.6)	(9.7)	(60.3)	(21.3)	(8.7)

TABLE 35 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
26	Muruda	Persons	94,015	48,706	8,863	12,013	21,850	5,980
				(51.8)	(18.2)	(24.7)	(44.9)	(12.3)
		Males	47,361	25,601	7,597	7,291	6,086	4,627
				(54.1)	(29.7)	(28.5)	(23.8)	(18.1)
		Females	46,654	23,105	1,266	4,722	15,764	1,353
				(49.5)	(5.5)	(20.4)	(68.2)	(5.9)
	District (Rural) Total:	**Persons**	**2,067,756**	**979,991**	**286,088**	**392,552**	**147,366**	**153,985**
				(47.4)	**(29.2)**	**(40.1)**	**(15.0)**	**(15.7)**
		Males	**1,041,057**	**549,116**	**214,690**	**180,085**	**39,876**	**114,465**
				(52.7)	**(39.1)**	**(32.8)**	**(7.3)**	**(20.8)**
		Females	**1,026,699**	**430,875**	**71,398**	**212,467**	**107,490**	**39,520**
				(42.0)	**(16.6)**	**(49.3)**	**(24.9)**	**(9.2)**

Note: Percentage of workers to total workers are given in brackets.

Like previous table, Table–35 distributes workers in different C.D. Blocks and the district (rural areas only) by sex into four categories of economic activities. The table shows that 47.4 per cent of the total population in the rural areas of the district are workers (main+marginal) and as per the category-wise break-up, 29.2 per cent, 40.1 per cent, 15 per cent and 15.7 per cent of the total workers are cultivators, agricultural labourers, household industry workers and other workers respectively. The sex-wise break-up of district (rural) level data shows that the percentage of females engaged as agricultural labourers (49.3%) and household industry workers (24.9%) are comparatively higher than that of males. The prominent feature in the rural areas of the district as revealed by the table is that in almost all the C.D. Blocks (except Tiring, Jamada, Thakurmunda, Suliapada and Muruda) the majority of workers are engaged as agricultural labourers and out of the above 5 C.D. Blocks, in Tiring and Jamda the number of cultivators are more and in Thakurmunda, Suliapada and Muruda the number of household industry workers are more than number of workers under other categories.

TABLE 36 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS , 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of UA / Town	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Baripada UA	Persons	100,651	30,638	303	482	1,265	28,588
				(30.4)	(1.0)	(1.6)	(4.1)	(93.3)
		Males	53,606	25,800	267	265	815	24,453
				(48.1)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(3.2)	(94.8)
		Females	47,045	4,838	36	217	450	4,135
				(10.3)	(0.7)	(4.5)	(9.3)	(85.5)

TABLE 36 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS , 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of UA / Town	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	(i) Baripada Town (M)	Persons	95,004	28,768	235	301	1,175	27,057
				(30.3)	(0.8)	(1.0)	(4.1)	(94.1)
		Males	50,652	24,347	210	186	750	23,201
				(48.1)	(0.9)	(0.8)	(3.1)	(95.3)
		Females	44,352	4,421	25	115	425	3,856
				(10.0)	(0.6)	(2.6)	(9.6)	(87.2)
	(ii) Podaastia Business Centre(OG)	Persons	3,720	1,306	59	160	90	997
				(35.1)	(4.5)	(12.3)	(6.9)	(76.3)
		Males	1,876	913	49	58	65	741
				(48.7)	(5.4)	(6.4)	(7.1)	(81.2)
		Females	1,844	393	10	102	25	256
				(21.3)	(2.5)	(26.0)	(6.4)	(65.1)
	(iii) Subarnarekha Irrigation Project Colony Area(OG)	Persons	1,927	564	9	21	0	534
				(29.3)	(1.6)	(3.7)		(94.7)
		Males	1,078	540	8	21	0	511
				(50.1)	(1.48)	(3.9)		(94.6)
		Females	849	24	1	0	0	23
				(2.8)	(4.2)			(95.8)
2	Rairangpur (NAC)	Persons	21,896	6,308	261	146	135	5,766
				(28.8)	(4.1)	(2.3)	(2.1)	(91.4)
		Males	11,170	5,315	206	67	87	4,955
				(47.6)	(3.9)	(1.3)	(1.6)	(93.2)
		Females	10,726	993	55	79	48	811
				(9.3)	(5.5)	(8.0)	(4.8)	(81.7)
3	Udala (NAC)	Persons	11,712	3,957	207	604	135	3,011
				(33.8)	(5.2)	(15.3)	(3.4)	(76.1)
		Males	6,091	3,134	197	307	55	2,575
				(51.5)	(6.3)	(9.8)	(1.8)	(82.2)
		Females	5,621	823	10	297	80	436
				(14.6)	(1.2)	(36.1)	(9.7)	(53.0)
4	Karanjia (NAC)	Persons	21,441	6,903	479	544	223	5,657
				(32.2)	(6.9)	(7.9)	(3.2)	(81.9)
		Males	11,276	5,589	362	157	139	4,931
				(49.6)	(6.5)	(2.8)	(2.5)	(88.2)
		Females	10,165	1,314	117	387	84	726
				(12.9)	(8.9)	(29.5)	(6.4)	(55.3)
	District (Urban) Total:	**Persons**	**155,700**	**47,806**	**1,250**	**1,776**	**1,758**	**43,022**
				(30.7)	**(2.6)**	**(3.7)**	**(3.7)**	**(90.0)**
		Males	**82,143**	**39,838**	**1,032**	**796**	**1,096**	**36,914**
				(48.5)	**(2.6)**	**(2.0)**	**(2.8)**	**(92.7)**
		Females	**73,557**	**7,968**	**218**	**980**	**662**	**6,108**
				(10.8)	**(2.7)**	**(12.3)**	**(8.3)**	**(76.7)**

Table–36 presents data on distribution of workers by sex in four categories of economic activities for the urban areas of the district as per 2001 Census. The table indicates that 30.7 percent of the total population in the urban areas of the district are workers (main+marginal) and out of the total workers 90 percent are engaged in other activities while the engagement of urban workers as cultivators (2.6%), agricultural labourers (3.7%) and household industry workers (3.7%) is quite negligible. The same trend is found not only in case of male- female break-up of the district (urban) data but also in case of individual towns and their sex wise break-ups.

(xi) Brief analysis of the Vilalge Directory and Town Directory data :

TABLE 37 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO AVAILABILITY OF DIFFERENT AMENITIES, 2001

Sl No	Name of C. D. Block	Number of inhabited villages	Type of amenity available									
			Education	Medical	Improved drinking water*	Post Office #	Tele-phone	Transport communi-cations $	Banks	Agricultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Tiring	78	76	13	78	8	3	10	3	1	9	58
		(100)	(97.4)	(16.7)	(100.0)	(10.3)	(3.8)	(12.8)	(3.8)	(1.3)	(11.5)	(74.4)
2	Bahalda	100	87	21	91	14	3	22	7	1	38	68
		(100)	(87.0)	(21.0)	(91.0)	(14.0)	(3.0)	(22.0)	(7.0)	(1.0)	(38.0)	(68.0)
3	Jamda	78	73	16	69	11	2	7	4	2	37	34
		(100)	(93.6)	(20.5)	(88.5)	(14.1)	(2.6)	(9.0)	(5.1)	(2.6)	(47.4)	(43.6)
4	Rairangpur	114	94	18	112	15	4	34	4	2	45	68
		(100)	(82.5)	(15.8)	(98.2)	(13.2)	(3.5)	(29.8)	(3.5)	(1.8)	(39.5)	(59.6)
5	Bijatola	135	103	17	118	10	1	15	3	3	22	58
		(100)	(76.3)	(12.6)	(87.4)	(7.4)	(0.7)	(11.1)	(2.2)	(2.2)	(16.3)	(43.0)
6	Kusumi	113	106	22	105	18	11	15	6	3	37	80
		(100)	(93.8)	(19.5)	(92.9)	(15.9)	(9.7)	(13.3)	(5.3)	(2.7)	(32.7)	(70.8)
7	Bisoi	146	97	19	142	17	1	31	5	2	119	54
		(100)	(66.4)	(13.0)	(97.3)	(11.6)	(0.7)	(21.2)	(3.4)	(1.4)	(81.5)	(37.0)
8	Jashipur	218	128	25	188	22	6	25	6	2	69	83
		(100)	(58.7)	(11.5)	(86.2)	(10.1)	(2.8)	(11.5)	(2.8)	(0.9)	(31.7)	(38.1)
9	Raruan	102	85	17	101	21	1	34	5	1	76	59
		(100)	(83.3)	(16.7)	(99.0)	(20.6)	(1.0)	(33.3)	(4.9)	(1.0)	(74.5)	(57.8)
10	Sukruli	86	75	13	82	18	2	12	3	2	22	62
		(100)	(87.2)	(15.1)	(95.3)	(20.9)	(2.3)	(14.0)	(3.5)	(2.3)	(25.6)	(72.1)
11	Karanjia	154	113	24	140	21	0	28	4	2	101	95
		(100)	(73.4)	(15.6)	(90.9)	(13.6)	(0.0)	(18.2)	(2.6)	(1.3)	(65.6)	(61.7)
12	Thakurmunda	172	109	21	152	20	1	36	5	3	75	43
		(100)	(63.4)	(12.2)	(88.4)	(11.6)	(0.6)	(20.9)	(2.9)	(1.7)	(43.6)	(25.0)
13	Kaptipada	148	120	30	141	37	9	56	8	5	59	77
		(100)	(81.1)	(20.3)	(95.3)	(25.0)	(6.1)	(37.8)	(5.4)	(3.4)	(39.9)	(52.0)
14	Udala	88	73	22	82	27	3	21	4	3	63	55
		(100)	(83.0)	(25.0)	(93.2)	(30.7)	(3.4)	(23.9)	(4.5)	(3.4)	(71.6)	(62.5)
15	Gopabandhunagar	126	107	19	121	28	16	70	6	4	63	84
		(100)	(84.9)	(15.1)	(96.0)	(22.2)	(12.7)	(55.6)	(4.8)	(3.2)	(50.0)	(66.7)
16	Khunta	126	96	19	120	25	6	27	3	8	68	71
		(100)	(76.2)	(15.1)	(95.2)	(19.8)	(4.8)	(21.4)	(2.4)	(6.3)	(54.0)	(56.3)

TABLE 37 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO AVAILABILITY OF DIFFERENT AMENITIES, 2001

Sl No	Name of C. D. Block	Number of inhabited villages	Type of amenity available									
			Education	Medical	Improved drinking water*	Post Office #	Tele-phone	Transport communi-cations $	Banks	Agricultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
17	Shamakhunta	119	78	19	113	21	10	22	4	5	57	61
		(100)	(65.5)	(16.0)	(95.0)	(17.6)	(8.4)	(18.5)	(3.4)	(4.2)	(47.9)	(51.3)
18	Bangiriposi	212	115	26	200	31	10	26	9	5	69	84
		(100)	(54.2)	(12.3)	(94.3)	(14.6)	(4.7)	(12.3)	(4.2)	(2.4)	(32.5)	(39.6)
19	Saraskana	184	115	24	171	38	27	58	6	5	64	119
		(100)	(62.5)	(13.0)	(92.9)	(20.7)	(14.7)	(31.5)	(3.3)	(2.7)	(34.8)	(64.7)
20	Koliana	207	107	26	190	38	21	31	7	3	64	107
		(100)	(51.7)	(12.6)	(91.8)	(18.4)	(10.1)	(15.0)	(3.4)	(1.4)	(30.9)	(51.7)
21	Suliapada	184	123	24	174	33	17	39	4	6	52	140
		(100)	(66.8)	(13.0)	(94.6)	(17.9)	(9.2)	(21.2)	(2.2)	(3.3)	(28.3)	(76.1)
22	Baripada	100	71	14	97	24	8	32	5	1	43	50
		(100)	(71.0)	(14.0)	(97.0)	(24.0)	(8.0)	(32.0)	(5.0)	(1.0)	(43.0)	(50.0)
23	Barsahi	211	165	37	202	45	24	70	6	5	66	185
		(100)	(78.2)	(17.5)	(95.7)	(21.3)	(11.4)	(33.2)	(2.8)	(2.4)	(31.3)	(87.7)
24	Betanati	220	141	32	217	55	27	65	8	4	102	189
		(100)	(64.1)	(14.5)	(98.6)	(25.0)	(12.3)	(29.5)	(3.6)	(1.8)	(46.4)	(85.9)
25	Rasagobindapur	164	109	18	162	27	8	63	8	3	65	140
		(100)	(66.5)	(11.0)	(98.8)	(16.5)	(4.9)	(38.4)	(4.9)	(1.8)	(39.6)	(85.4)
26	Muruda	163	115	25	154	45	6	42	8	4	69	110
		(100)	(70.6)	(15.3)	(94.5)	(27.6)	(3.7)	(25.8)	(4.9)	(2.5)	(42.3)	(67.5)
	District Total :	3,748	2,681	561	3,522	669	227	891	141	85	1,554	2,234
		(100)	(71.5)	(15.0)	(94.0)	(17.8)	(6.1)	(23.8)	(3.8)	(2.3)	(41.5)	(59.6)

Note : - Percentages are given in brackets.

* Based on the improved drinking water source, drinking water supply has been classified as `Improved ' or otherwise. If the household has access to drinking water supplied from a tap or a hand pump / tube well or well situated within or outside the premises it is considered as having access to `Improved drinking water source' in Orissa. However, the concept of improved drinking water is state specific and this is to be considered accordingly.

Post office includes Post office, telegraph office and Post and telegraph office.

$ Transport communication includes bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways.

Table–37 depicts the distribution of villages according to the availability of different amenities under different C.D. Blocks of Mayurbhanj District. Out of 3,748 inhabited villages in the district, educational facility is available in 2,681 (71.5%) villages, medical facility in 561 (15.0%) villages, improved drinking water facility in 3,522 (94.0%) villages, post office in 669 (17.8%) villages, telephone in 227 (6.1%) villages, communication facility like bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways in 891 (23.8%) villages, banks in 141 (3.8%) villages, agricultural credit societies in 85 (2.3%) villages. As many as 1,554 (41.5%) villages are approached by pucca road and 2,234 (59.6%) villages are having power supply facility. The district level data clearly indicate that although spectacular progress has been made on education, improved drinking water facility and power supply in the district, yet the areas like medical, post office, banks and agricultural credit societies require further development. Now coming to the individual C.D. Block level data, it is seen that in almost all the villages in three C.D. Blocks namely

Tiring, Kusumi and Jamda have been served with educational facility. In case of two C.D. Blocks namely Tiring and Raruan, 100 percent of villages are having improved drinking water facility. In so far as the power supply is concerned, four C.D. Blocks namely, Suliapada (76.1%), Rasagobindapur (85.4%), Betanati (85.9%) and Barsahi (87.7%) have enjoyed the distinction of having electricity in most of the villages under their jurisdiction.

TABLE 38 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF RURAL POPULATION SERVED BY DIFFERENT AMENITIES, 2001

Sl. No	Name of C. D. Block	Total population of inhabited villages	Type of amenity available									
			Education	Medical	Improved drinking water*	Post Office #	Telephone	Transport communications	Banks	Agricultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Tiring	48,556	48,301	12,243	48,556	9,413	4,689	10,783	5,164	1,348	9,840	37,089
		(100)	(99.5)	(25.2)	(100.0)	(19.4)	(9.7)	(22.2)	(10.6)	(2.8)	(20.3)	(76.4)
2	Bahalda	75,842	73,515	31,154	73,377	27,645	7,573	26,903	11,366	4,865	36,336	61,633
		(100)	(96.9)	(41.1)	(96.7)	(36.5)	(10.0)	(35.5)	(15.0)	(6.4)	(47.9)	(81.3)
3	Jamda	55,801	54,437	17,209	51,059	14,744	4,640	7,464	6,043	5,381	30,641	34,082
		(100)	(97.6)	(30.8)	(91.5)	(26.4)	(8.3)	(13.4)	(10.8)	(9.6)	(54.9)	(61.1)
4	Rairangpur	56,056	51,672	18,706	55,951	14,784	3,799	23,989	3,838	2,880	27,365	42,730
		(100)	(92.2)	(33.4)	(99.8)	(26.4)	(6.8)	(42.8)	(6.8)	(5.1)	(48.8)	(76.2)
5	Bijatola	58,174	52,924	14,422	55,298	8,320	1,517	12,051	3,079	3,170	12,086	37,600
		(100)	(91.0)	(24.8)	(95.1)	(14.3)	(2.6)	(20.7)	(5.3)	(5.4)	(20.8)	(64.6)
6	Kusumi	82,188	80,607	29,112	76,301	21,239	9,086	14,635	6,079	2,550	28,778	65,064
		(100)	(98.1)	(35.4)	(92.8)	(25.8)	(11.1)	(17.8)	(7.4)	(3.1)	(35.0)	(79.2)
7	Bisoi	66,724	55,249	16,349	66,008	14,501	3,032	22,230	7,227	4,367	58,409	37,131
		(100)	(82.8)	(24.5)	(98.9)	(21.7)	(4.5)	(33.3)	(10.8)	(6.5)	(87.5)	(55.6)
8	Jashipur	88,845	71,077	21,981	85,442	22,476	7,872	20,889	8,524	5,094	46,422	54,648
		(100)	(80.0)	(24.7)	(96.2)	(25.3)	(8.9)	(23.5)	(9.6)	(5.7)	(52.3)	(61.5)
9	Raruan	59,041	55,959	19,033	59,030	22,626	3,656	29,252	7,538	3,656	47,476	39,447
		(100)	(94.8)	(32.2)	(100.0)	(38.3)	(6.2)	(49.5)	(12.8)	(6.2)	(80.4)	(66.8)
10	Sukruli	52,239	48,975	10,566	51,854	16,576	2,125	7,835	2,429	1,742	16,421	41,150
		(100)	(93.8)	(20.2)	(99.3)	(31.7)	(4.1)	(15.0)	(4.6)	(3.3)	(31.4)	(78.8)
11	Karanjia	81,390	71,356	22,411	78,450	21,681	0	20,699	4,586	1,871	61,074	62,482
		(100)	(87.7)	(27.5)	(96.4)	(26.6)	(0.0)	(25.4)	(5.6)	(2.3)	(75.0)	(76.8)
12	Thakurmunda	90,115	77,406	25,844	86,427	25,071	2,875	26,296	7,221	5,357	43,802	37,278
		(100)	(85.9)	(28.7)	(95.9)	(27.8)	(3.2)	(29.2)	(8.0)	(5.9)	(48.6)	(41.4)
13	Kaptipada	126,371	118,720	44,192	124,670	54,112	12,537	62,856	13,778	12,551	55,525	71,062
		(100)	(93.9)	(35.0)	(98.7)	(42.8)	(9.9)	(49.7)	(10.9)	(9.9)	(43.9)	(56.2)
14	Udala	66,857	63,878	25,072	65,276	29,802	2,931	20,121	4,468	2,463	56,225	48,284
		(100)	(95.5)	(37.5)	(97.6)	(44.6)	(4.4)	(30.1)	(6.7)	(3.7)	(84.1)	(72.2)
15	Gopabandhunagar	66,309	63,530	18,856	64,830	26,332	13,399	43,487	7,330	4,098	36,234	49,962
		(100)	(95.8)	(28.4)	(97.8)	(39.7)	(20.2)	(65.6)	(11.1)	(6.2)	(54.6)	(75.3)
16	Khunta	68,528	62,165	17,506	65,399	24,358	5,377	19,277	4,485	8,794	42,919	48,806
		(100)	(90.7)	(25.5)	(95.4)	(35.5)	(7.8)	(28.1)	(6.5)	(12.8)	(62.6)	(71.2)

TABLE 38 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF RURAL POPULATION SERVED BY DIFFERENT AMENITIES, 2001

Sl. No	Name of C. D. Block	Total population of inhabited villages	Type of amenity available									
			Educa-tion	Medical	Improved drinking water*	Post Office #	Tele-phone	Trans-port commun ications	Banks	Agricul-tural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
17	Shamakhunta	67,169	56,105	22,338	66,660	21,136	11,437	21,167	4,920	4,462	36,857	43,183
		(100)	(83.5)	(33.3)	(99.2)	(31.5)	(17.0)	(31.5)	(7.3)	(6.6)	(54.9)	(64.3)
18	Bangiriposi	91,603	71,040	24,672	90,861	29,321	10,060	20,835	7,994	2,759	42,259	53,523
		(100)	(77.6)	(26.9)	(99.2)	(32.0)	(11.0)	(22.7)	(8.7)	(3.0)	(46.1)	(58.4)
19	Saraskana	89,374	74,534	26,054	84,629	37,218	19,783	36,786	8,051	7,056	34,129	62,733
		(100)	(83.4)	(29.2)	(94.7)	(41.6)	(22.1)	(41.2)	(9.0)	(7.9)	(38.2)	(70.2)
20	Koliana	88,647	65,343	22,892	86,280	27,245	14,830	20,382	4,831	1,843	38,587	58,806
		(100)	(73.7)	(25.8)	(97.3)	(30.7)	(16.7)	(23.0)	(5.4)	(2.1)	(43.5)	(66.3)
21	Suliapada	92,108	72,110	17,223	87,425	22,672	14,184	25,701	2,272	4,081	31,771	77,718
		(100)	(78.3)	(18.7)	(94.9)	(24.6)	(15.4)	(27.9)	(2.5)	(4.4)	(34.5)	(84.4)
22	Baripada	58,414	48,109	15,600	57,547	20,978	8,060	21,877	3,954	1,017	32,333	37,711
		(100)	(82.4)	(26.7)	(98.5)	(35.9)	(13.8)	(37.5)	(6.8)	(1.7)	(55.4)	(64.6)
23	Barsahi	130,850	118,407	43,934	128,138	49,558	20,491	56,728	11,275	7,191	55,621	120,603
		(100)	(90.5)	(33.6)	(97.9)	(37.9)	(15.7)	(43.4)	(8.6)	(5.5)	(42.5)	(92.2)
24	Betanati	128,908	108,356	37,786	127,664	54,394	27,299	53,684	11,477	7,347	59,803	113,267
		(100)	(84.1)	(29.3)	(99.0)	(42.2)	(21.2)	(41.6)	(8.9)	(5.7)	(46.4)	(87.9)
25	Rasagobindapur	83,632	68,682	19,768	83,170	25,788	10,494	42,574	12,800	4,170	36,248	76,668
		(100)	(82.1)	(23.6)	(99.4)	(30.8)	(12.5)	(50.9)	(15.3)	(5.0)	(43.3)	(91.7)
26	Muruda	94,015	80,877	30,705	92,261	44,171	5,451	37,234	14,370	9,268	41,800	79,810
		(100)	(86.0)	(32.7)	(98.1)	(47.0)	(5.8)	(39.6)	(15.3)	(9.9)	(44.5)	(84.9)
	District Total:	2,067,756	1,813,334	605,628	2,012,563	686,161	227,197	705,735	185,099	119,381	1,018,961	1,492,470
		(100)	(87.7)	(29.3)	(97.3)	(33.2)	(11.0)	(34.1)	(9.0)	(5.8)	(49.3)	(72.2)

Note : - Percentages are given in brackets.

* Based on the improved drinking water source, drinking water supply has been classified as `Improved ' or otherwise. If the household has access to drinking water supplied from a tap or a hand pump / tube well or well situated within or outside the premises it is considered as having access to `Improved drinking water source' in Orissa. However, the concept of improved drinking water is state specific and this is to be considered accordingly.

Post office includes Post office, telegraph office and Post and telegraph office.

$ Transport communication includes bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways.

Table–38 presents data on number and percentage of rural population served by different amenities in different C.D. Blocks of Mayurbhanj District. It may be seen from the table that out of 2,067,756 rural inhabitants of Mayurbhanj District, 87.7 per cent persons are served with educational facility, 29.3 per cent by Medical facility, 97.3 per cent by improved drinking water facility, 33.2 per cent by post and telegraph facility, 11 per cent by telephone facility, 34.1 per cent by transport and communication facility, 9.0 per cent by Banking facility, 5.8 per cent from agricultural co-operative societies, 49.3 per cent can approach their villages by pucca road and 72.2 per cent served by power supply facility. Now coming to the individual C.D. Blocks of the district, it is seen that in case of all the 26 C.D. Blocks educational facility, improved drinking water facility and power supply facility is available to majority of population. In so far as the medical facility is concerned, more than 90 per cent population of Tiring and Bahalda C.D. Block enjoy this facility. The rural area of the district as a whole is lagging behind with respect to facilities like banking and agricultural credit societies.

TABLE 39 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES NOT HAVING CERTAIN AMENITIES, ARRANGED BY DISTANCE RANGES FROM THE PLACES WHERE THESE ARE AVAILABLE, 2001

Village not having the amenity of	Distance range of place from the villages where the amenity is available			
	Less than 5 kilometres	5-10 kilometres	10+ kilometres	Total (Col. 2 - 4)
1	2	3	4	5
1. Education :-				
(a) Primary School	920	144	3	1,067
(b) Middle School	2,169	634	56	2,859
(c) Degree College	679	1,511	1,526	3,716
2. Medical:-				
(a) Hospital	450	914	2,377	3,741
(b) PHC	698	1,426	1,525	3,649
3. Post Office	2,344	665	70	3,079
4. Telephone	795	1,258	1,468	3,521
5. Bus Service	1,389	1,109	380	2,878
6. Banks				
(a) Commercial Bank	1,227	1,507	873	3,607
(b) Cooperative Bank	561	1,171	2,006	3,738
7. Agricultural Credit Societies	522	935	2,206	3,663

Table–39 shows the distribution of villages not having certain amenities and arranged by distance ranges from the places where such facilities are available. It is seen from the table that out of 3,748 inhabited villages of the district, 1,067 villages do not have Primary School, 2,859 villages have no Middle School and 3,716 villages do not have any Degree College. Hospital is not available in 3,741 villages of the district while Primary Health Centre is not available in 3,649 villages. Like-wise, non-availability of Post Office, Telephone, Bus Service, Commercial Bank, Co-operative Bank and Agricultural Credit Societies are recorded in 3079, 3521, 2878, 3607, 3738 and 3663 number of villages respectively. It is evident from the table that majority of villages having no Primary School, Middle School, Post Office and Bus Service are getting the said facilities at a distance of less than 5 kilometres. However, maximum number of villagers are required to cover a distance of 5-10 kilometres or even more than 10 kilometres in order to avail the facilities of medical, Telephone, Banks and Agricultural Credit Societies.

TABLE 40 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE DISTANCE FROM THE NEAREST STATUTORY TOWN AND AVAILABILITY OF DIFFERENT AMENITIES, 2001

Distance range from the nearest statutory town (in kilometres)	Number of inhabited villages in each range	Type of amenity available							
		Education	Medical	Post Office #	Telephone	Transport communi-cations $	Banks	Agricultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Less than 5	86	68	11	10	3	32	0	0	50
	(100.0)	(79.1)	(12.8)	(11.6)	(3.5)	(37.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(58.1)
5 -15	720	538	126	146	57	202	36	22	377
	(100.0)	(74.7)	(17.5)	(20.3)	(7.9)	(28.1)	(5.0)	(3.1)	(52.4)
16 - 50	2,631	1,893	384	473	164	605	95	61	1,010
	(100.0)	(71.9)	(14.6)	(18.0)	(6.2)	(23.0)	(3.6)	(2.3)	(38.4)

TABLE 40 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE DISTANCE FROM THE NEAREST STATUTORY TOWN AND AVAILABILITY OF DIFFERENT AMENITIES, 2001

Distance range from the nearest statutory town (in kilometres)	Number of inhabited villages in each range	Type of amenity available							
		Education	Medical	Post Office #	Telephone	Transport communi-cations $	Banks	Agricultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
51+	310	182	40	40	3	52	10	2	117
	(100.0)	(58.7)	(12.9)	(12.9)	(1.0)	(16.8)	(3.2)	(0.6)	(37.7)
Unspecified	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(100.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
District total :	**3,748**	**2,681**	**561**	**669**	**227**	**891**	**141**	**85**	**1,554**
	(100.0)	**(71.5)**	**(15.0)**	**(17.8)**	**(6.1)**	**(23.8)**	**(3.8)**	**(2.3)**	**(41.5)**

Post office includes Post office, Telegraph office and Post and telegraph office.

$ Transport communication includes bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways.

Table–40 presents data on distribution of villages according to the distance from the nearest statutory town and availability of different amenities. From the table, it is seen that majority of villages in the district numbering 2,631 come under the distance range of 16-50 kilometres from the nearest statutory town while 86 villages are at less than 5 kilometres from the towns, 720 villages under the distance range 5-15 kilometres and 310 villages are at above 51 kilometres from the towns. It is clear from the table that the villages, which are far away from the statutory towns, have fewer amenities in comparison to the villages nearer to the towns.

TABLE 41: DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO POPULATION RANGE AND AMENITIES AVAILABLE, 2001

Population range	Number of inhabited villages in each range	Type of amenity available									
		Education	Medical	Improved drinking water*	Post Office #	Telephone	Transport communi-cations $	Banks	Agricultural Credit Societies	Approach by Pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1-499	2,141	1,184	91	1,948	143	64	336	21	12	739	1,006
	(100.0)	(55.3)	(4.3)	(91.0)	(6.7)	(3.0)	(15.7)	(1.0)	(0.6)	(34.5)	(47.0)
500-999	1,124	1,023	233	1,099	259	78	336	40	27	529	827
	(100.0)	(91.0)	(20.7)	(97.8)	(23.0)	(6.9)	(29.9)	(3.6)	(2.4)	(47.1)	(73.6)
1000-1999	414	405	183	407	205	60	170	55	28	240	339
	(100.0)	(97.8)	(44.2)	(98.3)	(49.5)	(14.5)	(41.1)	(13.3)	(6.8)	(58.0)	(81.9)
2000-4,999	69	69	54	68	62	25	49	25	18	46	62
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(78.3)	(98.6)	(89.9)	(36.2)	(71.0)	(36.2)	(26.1)	(66.7)	(89.9)
5000-9999	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10000 +	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
District total	**3,748**	**2,681**	**561**	**3,522**	**669**	**227**	**891**	**141**	**85**	**1,554**	**2,234**
	(100.0)	**(71.5)**	**(15.0)**	**(94.0)**	**(17.8)**	**(6.1)**	**(23.8)**	**(3.8)**	**(2.3)**	**(41.5)**	**(59.6)**

Post office includes Post office, Telegraph office and Post and telegraph office.

$ Transport communication includes bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways.

* Based on the improved drinking water source, drinking water supply has been classified as `Improved ' or otherwise. If the household has access to drinking water supplied from a tap or a hand pump / tube well or well situated within or outside the premises it is considered as having access to `Improved drinking water source' in Orissa. However, the concept of improved drinking water is state specific and this is to be considered accordingly.

Table–41 depicts data on distribution of villages according to population range and amenities available. It is observed from the table that 2,141 villages come under the range of less than 500 population, 1,124 villages come under the range 500-999, 414 villages come under 1000-1999, 69 villages come under 2000-4999 and no village has the population of above 5,000. It is evident from the table that the villages, which are coming under higher population ranges, enjoy more facilities in comparison to the villages coming under lower population ranges.

TABLE 42: DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO LAND USE, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Number of inhabited villages	Total area	Percentage of cultivable area to total area	Percentage of irrigated area to total cultivable area
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Tiring	78	16,822	68.1	0.9
2	Bahalda	100	26,327	64.9	7.8
3	Jamda	78	20,300	71.3	3.2
4	Rairangpur	114	19,784	35.7	5.6
5	Bijatola	135	22,200	54.8	30.9
6	Kusumi	113	31,219	57.9	24.0
7	Bisoi	146	31,302	58.2	3.8
8	Jashipur	218	43,398	51.8	4.8
9	Raruan	102	20,749	70.9	5.5
10	Sukruli	86	17,273	74.9	2.3
11	Karanjia	154	31,363	50.9	6.7
12	Thakurmunda	172	42,723	46.7	3.6
13	Kaptipada	148	62,673	35.6	19.9
14	Udala	88	20,899	69.7	32.7
15	Gopabandhunagar	126	16,227	68.2	19.1
16	Khunta	126	22,049	77.8	20.6
17	Shamakhunta	119	18,718	61.9	31.9
18	Bangiriposi	212	29,809	53.4	4.3
19	Saraskana	184	30,821	45.3	2.7
20	Koliana	207	29,073	60.2	11.4
21	Suliapada	184	27,601	55.8	4.5
22	Baripada	100	19,068	67.4	7.9
23	Barsahi	211	30,524	71.2	10.0
24	Betanati	220	29,615	70.9	3.7
25	Rasagobindapur	164	22,875	68.2	5.0
26	Muruda	163	27,988	68.4	9.9
	District Total:	**3,748**	**711,400**	**58.2**	**10.6**

Note : - Cultivable area = irrigated area + unirrigated area

Table–42 shows land use pattern of different C.D. Blocks in the district. It indicates that the percentage of cultivable area to the total area of the district is 58.2 per cent and the rest 41.8 per cent cover forest, culturable waste and the areas not available for cultivation. The table further reveals that the percentage of irrigated area to total cultivable area of the district is 10.6 per cent. The percentage of cultivable area to total area varies between 35.6 per cent and 77.8 per cent and percentage of irrigated

area to total cultivable area varies between 0.9 to 32.7 per cent under different C.D. Blocks. Udala C.D. Block occupies the first position in the district with 32.7 per cent of irrigated area to its total cultivable area while Tiring C.D. Block is at the bottom with 0.9 per cent of irrigated area.

TABLE 43 : PER CAPITA RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE IN STATUTORY TOWNS

Serial number	Class, name & urban status of the Town	Per capita receipt			Per capita expenditure					
		Total	Through taxes	From all other sources	Total	General Administration	Public health and conveniences	Public works	Public institutions	Other(s)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	I Baripada (M)	119	48	71	223	65	56	35	12	55
2	III Karanjia (N.A.C.)	232	75	158	201	55	28	59	6	52
3	III Rairangpur (N.A.C.)	282	116	166	258	74	40	42	0	102
4	IV Udala (N.A.C.)	382	56	326	324	97	19	93	27	87
District Total		**592**	**265**	**327**	**575**	**166**	**116**	**109**	**26**	**158**

Table–43 gives the detail account of per capita receipt and expenditure in statutory towns of the district. In these towns the per capita receipt is higher than the per capita expenditure except Baripada (M) where per capita expenditure exceeds per capita receipt. The share from all other sources in the per capita receipt is higher than the receipt from taxes. The higher percentage of expenditure goes to General Administration in case of Baripada (M) and Udala (NAC) and in case of Karanjia (NAC) it is public works.

TABLE 44 : SCHOOLS / COLLEGES PER 10,000 POPULATION IN STATUTORY TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town	Type of educational institution				
		Primary	Junior Secondary / Middle	Secondary / Matriculation	Senior Secondary	College
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Baripada (M)	72.6	33.6	23	8.9	12.4
2	Karanjia (N.A.C.)	10.7	4.2	2.3	0.9	0.9
3	Rairangpur (N.A.C.)	12.8	3.7	2.7	0.9	0.9
4	Udala (N.A.C.)	7.7	3.4	2.6	0.9	0.9
District Total		**16.6**	**6.6**	**4.4**	**1.6**	**1.8**

Table–44 presents data on Schools and Colleges per 10,000 populations in towns of Mayurbhanj District. The table reveals that for every 10,000 urban population in the district, there are about 17 Primary Schools, about seven Middle Schools, about four Secondary Schools and about two each of Senior Secondary and Degree College. Coming to the individual towns, it is seen that Baripada (M) is in a better position in the district in so far as the availability of educational institutions is concerned.

TABLE 45 : NUMBER OF BEDS IN MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of the Town	Number of beds in medical institutions per 10,000 population
1	2	3
1	Baripada(M)	201
2	Karanjia(N.A.C.)	19
3	Rairangpur(N.A.C.)	27
4	Udala(N.A.C.)	30
	Distrct Total	**69**

Number of beds in Medical Institution per 10,000 population pertaining to different towns in Mayurbhanj District is presented in Table–45. It shows that only 69 beds are available in medical institutions per 10,000 urban population of the district. The highest number of beds (201) per 10,000 populations is recorded in Baripada (M).

TABLE 46: PROPORTION OF SLUM POPULATION IN TOWNS, 2001

There is no slum area in the towns of Mayurbhanj district.

TABLE 47 : MOST IMPORTANT COMMODITY EXPORTED OUT OF AND MANUFACTURED IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town	Most important commodity	
		Manufactured	Exported
1	2	3	4
1	Baripada (M)	Bobai Rope	Bobai Rope
		Leaf Plate	Leaf Plate
		Mustard Oil	Kendu Leaf
2	Karanjia (N.A.C.)	Cement Products	Groundnut
		Washing Soap	Cashew
		Steel Furniture	Leaf Plate
3	Rairangpur (N.A.C.)	Foam	Washing Soap
		Candle	Concrete Product
		Wooden Furniture	Sal Oil
4	Udala (N.A.C.)	Rice	Rice
		Pressed Leafplate	Sabai Grass
		Leather Chappal	Leaf Plate

Table–47 depicts the most important commodities manufactured in different towns and exported from the towns. The main items of manufacture to be mentioned in the district are Bobai-Rope, Leaf Plates, Washing Soap and Leather Chappal. The main items of export are Bobai Rope, Leaf Plate, Kendu Leaf and Sabai Grass.

Analysis based on House List Data, Census 2001

In India, much emphasis has been laid on the mechanism of decentralized planning emerging from the grass root level which has given rise to the necessity of building adequate data base for formulation of future plans at the micro level.

With the commencement of five year plans lack of data or quality and quantity of housing stock has compelled the census organization to conduct uniform houselisting all over the country not only on housing but also on quality of living of household.

Like the previous Census, the Census of India, 2001 was conducted in two phases namely, (i) Houselisting operation and (ii) Population enumeration. The houselisting operations in Orissa was conducted in April-May, 2000, much ahead of the population enumeration.

The basic objective of this elementary exercise was to prepare a frame indispensable for smooth and systematic conduct of the population enumeration during February, 2001. The housing census, thus in some way was a prelude to the actual population count of the census. In addition, information collected through houselisting provide comprehensive data base for assessing the conditions of the human settlements, housing deficit and for future housing requirements for formulation of housing policies.

This operation also provides a massive data on amenities available to the households essentially required by various departments of the union and state governments and many other non-government organizations for development and planning in different projects of housing sector.

(xii) Brief analysis of the data on houses and household amenities

TABLE 48 : HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE STATUS AND NUMBER OF ROOMS OCCUPIED IN THE DISTRICT, 2001

Tenure status	Number of dwelling rooms	Number of households								
		Total			Scheduled Castes			Scheduled Tribes		
		Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
District - Mayurbhanj 07										
Owned	Total	447,836	427,380	20,456	40,089	37,079	3,010	259,395	255,253	4,142
	No exclusive room	13,806	13,591	215	1,335	1,265	70	9,759	9,722	37
	One room	209,921	204,844	5,077	21,143	19,967	1,176	136,331	134,616	1,715
	Two rooms	143,472	137,125	6,347	12,433	11,395	1,038	80,138	78,650	1,488
	Three rooms	47,556	43,675	3,881	3,317	2,905	412	21,887	21,395	492
	3+ rooms	33,081	28,145	4,936	1,861	1,547	314	11,280	10,870	410
	Median number of rooms	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
Rented	Total	14,365	6,519	7,846	1,299	611	688	2,523	1,622	901
	No exclusive room	215	140	75	24	14	10	75	71	4
	One room	5,467	2,948	2,519	613	340	273	1,107	794	313
	Two rooms	5,242	2,353	2,889	413	179	234	859	534	325
	Three rooms	2,185	723	1,462	158	50	108	323	154	169
	3+ rooms	1,256	355	901	91	28	63	159	69	90
	Median number of rooms	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	2
Others	Total	10,969	9,117	1,852	1,571	1,243	328	4,519	4,241	278
	No exclusive room	921	870	51	142	111	31	583	580	3
	One room	5,211	4,690	521	896	768	128	2,529	2,405	124
	Two rooms	3,096	2,460	636	368	269	99	1,026	940	86
	Three rooms	1,035	725	310	109	67	42	263	230	33
	3+ rooms	706	372	334	56	28	28	118	86	32
	Median number of rooms	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
District Total	Total	473,170	443,016	30,154	42,959	38,933	4,026	266,437	261,116	5,321
	No exclusive room	14,942	14,601	341	1,501	1,390	111	10,417	10,373	44
	One room	220,599	212,482	8,117	22,652	21,075	1,577	139,967	137,815	2,152
	Two rooms	151,810	141,938	9,872	13,214	11,843	1,371	82,023	80,124	1,899
	Three rooms	50,776	45,123	5,653	3,584	3,022	562	22,473	21,779	694
	3+ rooms	35,043	28,872	6,171	2,008	1,603	405	11,557	11,025	532
	Median number of rooms	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2

Data source: Census of India 2001, H- Series: "Tables on Houses, Household Amenities and Assets."

Table - 48 presents distribution of households by different tenure status namely owned, rented and others among total, scheduled caste and scheduled tribe households along with number of rooms occupied by each household in total, rural and urban areas of the district. The total number of households in the district is 473,170 of which 42,959 are scheduled castes households and 266,437 are scheduled tribes households. As shown in the table 94.65 per cent households in total areas of the district live in their own houses as against 96.47 per cent in rural areas and 67.83 per cent in the urban areas.

Number of households living in rented houses constitute 3.04 per cent in total areas of the district as against 1.47 per cent in rural and 26.02 per cent in urban areas.

Tenure status among scheduled castes and scheduled tribes households in total, rural and urban areas of the district manifests the same pattern as seen for the total households except in urban areas. In urban areas of the district 74.76 per cent of scheduled castes and 77.84 per cent scheduled tribes households live in their own houses as against 17.09 per cent households among scheduled castes and 16.93 per cent among scheduled tribes households live in rented houses in the district.

A striking feature of the distribution of households among scheduled castes as far as the tenure status of households is concerned, is seen in urban areas of the district. Here 8.15 per cent of scheduled castes households live neither in their own houses nor in rented houses. These households live either in houses constructed on encroached land in unregularised slums of the land or the structure that does not belong to the households, tenure status of such households is categorized as "others".

This also gives the details of the number of dwelling rooms occupied by the household. A room used for dwelling purpose should have walls with a doorway and a roof and should be wide and long enough for a person to sleep in. It should have a length of not less than 2 metres and a breadth of at least 1.5 metres and a height of 2 metres. A dwelling room includes living room, bedroom, dining room, drawing room, study room, servant's room and other habitable room. Taking these facts into consideration, availability of number of dwelling rooms to households has been calculated. A specific category of dwelling room namely 'no exclusive room' as shown in Col.2 of the houselist Table-48 means a dwelling room shared by more than one household and in situations where there is only one room in a census house used as a shop or office and the household also stays in it. Thus households having 'no exclusive rooms' number 14,942 among the total households, 1,501 among the scheduled castes households and 10,417 among scheduled tribes households in total areas of the district.

TABLE 49: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING IN PERMANENT, SEMI PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY HOUSES, 2001

P.S. Code	District/Police Station	Total			Rural			Urban		
		Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Mayurbhanj 07	**60,650**	**126,205**	**286,296**	**42,231**	**120,832**	**279,936**	**18,419**	**5,373**	**6,360**
		(12.82)	**(26.67)**	**(60.51)**	**(9.53)**	**(27.27)**	**(63.19)**	**(61.08)**	**(17.82)**	**(21.09)**
01	Tiringi	1,771	8,867	7,900	1,771	8,867	7,900	0	0	0
		(9.55)	(47.83)	(42.61)	(9.55)	(47.83)	(42.61)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
02	Bahalda	1,825	9,104	9,520	1,825	9,104	9,520	0	0	0
		(8.92)	(44.52)	(46.55)	(8.92)	(44.52)	(46.55)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
03	Gorumahisani	758	3,370	5,810	758	3,370	5,810	0	0	0
		(7.63)	(33.91)	(58.46)	(7.63)	(33.91)	(58.46)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
04	Rairangpur	1,265	6,188	8,397	1,265	6,188	8,397	0	0	0
		(7.98)	(39.04)	(52.98)	(7.98)	(39.04)	(52.98)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
05	Rairangpur Town	2,885	3,121	2,950	619	2,006	2,249	2,266	1,115	701
		(32.21)	(34.85)	(32.94)	(12.70)	(41.16)	(46.14)	(55.51)	(27.32)	(17.17)
06	Badampahar	1,689	4,646	6,334	1,689	4,646	6,334	0	0	0
		(13.33)	(36.67)	(50.00)	(13.33)	(36.67)	(50.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

TABLE 49: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING IN PERMANENT, SEMI PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY HOUSES, 2001

P.S. Code	District/Police Station	Total			Rural			Urban		
		Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
07	Bisoi	1,437	5,511	7,804	1,437	5,511	7,804	0	0	0
		(9.74)	(37.36)	(52.90)	(9.74)	(37.36)	(52.90)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
08	Bangiriposi	2,371	2,996	14,991	2,371	2,996	14,991	0	0	0
		(11.64)	(14.71)	(73.63)	(11.64)	(14.71)	(73.63)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
09	Jharpokharia	2,230	3,630	13,501	2,230	3,630	13,501	0	0	0
		(11.52)	(18.75)	(69.73)	(11.52)	(18.75)	(69.73)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
10	Chandua	646	2,108	8,865	646	2,108	8,865	0	0	0
		(5.56)	(18.14)	(76.30)	(5.56)	(18.14)	(76.30)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
11	Koliana	1,736	2,125	11,452	1,736	2,125	11,452	0	0	0
		(11.34)	(13.88)	(74.79)	(11.34)	(13.88)	(74.79)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
12	Baripada Sadar	1,473	4,338	10,177	1,473	4,338	10,177	0	0	0
		(9.21)	(27.13)	(63.65)	(9.21)	(27.13)	(63.65)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
13	Baripada Town	209	90	612	209	90	612	0	0	0
		(22.94)	(9.88)	(67.18)	(22.94)	(9.88)	(67.18)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
14	Suliapada	836	4,571	11,031	836	4,571	11,031	0	0	0
		(5.09)	(27.81)	(67.11)	(5.09)	(27.81)	(67.11)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
15	Muruda	961	3,458	10,246	961	3,458	10,246	0	0	0
		(6.55)	(23.58)	(69.86)	(6.55)	(23.58)	(69.86)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
16	Betanati	1,938	5,140	10,307	1,938	5,140	10,307	0	0	0
		(11.15)	(29.56)	(59.28)	(11.15)	(29.56)	(59.28)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
17	Rasagobindapur	926	4,034	11,126	926	4,034	11,126	0	0	0
		(5.76)	(25.08)	(69.17)	(5.76)	(25.08)	(69.17)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
18	Baisinga	1,233	5,838	14,767	1,233	5,838	14,767	0	0	0
		(5.64)	(26.73)	(67.61)	(5.64)	(26.73)	(67.61)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
19	Barsahi	1,677	5,381	19,517	1,677	5,381	19,517	0	0	0
		(6.31)	(20.25)	(73.44)	(6.31)	(20.25)	(73.44)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
20	Khunta	983	4,639	19,278	983	4,639	19,278	0	0	0
		(3.95)	(18.63)	(77.42)	(3.95)	(18.63)	(77.42)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
21	Udala	2,068	2,382	16,119	753	2,088	15,414	1,315	294	705
		(10.05)	(11.58)	(78.36)	(4.12)	(11.44)	(84.43)	(56.83)	(12.71)	(30.47)
22	Kaptipada	1,528	2,709	10,929	1,528	2,709	10,929	0	0	0
		(10.08)	(17.86)	(72.06)	(10.08)	(17.86)	(72.06)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
23	Sharata	253	1,426	10,149	253	1,426	10,149	0	0	0
		(2.14)	(12.06)	(85.80)	(2.14)	(12.06)	(85.80)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
24	Mahuldiha	625	2,198	5,177	625	2,198	5,177	0	0	0
		(7.81)	(27.48)	(64.71)	(7.81)	(27.48)	(64.71)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
25	Thakurmunda	1,509	5,277	3,647	1,509	5,277	3,647	0	0	0
		(14.46)	(50.57)	(34.95)	(14.46)	(50.57)	(34.95)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

TABLE 49: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING IN PERMANENT, SEMI PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY HOUSES, 2001

P.S. Code	District/Police Station	Total			Rural			Urban		
		Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
26	Karanjia	4,887	6,971	9,091	2,686	5,932	8,249	2,201	1,039	842
		(23.33)	(33.27)	(43.39)	(15.92)	(35.17)	(48.91)	(53.91)	(25.45)	(20.62)
27	Jashipur	4,920	6,192	12,711	4,920	6,192	12,711	0	0	0
		(20.65)	(25.99)	(53.35)	(20.65)	(25.99)	(53.35)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
28	Raruan	3,374	6,970	9,776	3,374	6,970	9,776	0	0	0
		(16.77)	(34.64)	(48.59)	(16.77)	(34.64)	(48.59)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
29	Baripada PS	11,970	2,788	3,705	0	0	0	11,970	2,788	3,705
		(64.83)	(15.10)	(20.07)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(64.83)	(15.1)	(20.07)

Data Source: Census of India 2001, H- Series: "Tables on Houses, Household Amenities and Assets."

Note:

1. Permanent: Permanent houses refers to those houses whose wall & roofs are made of pucca materials i.e., where, burnt bricks, G.I. Sheets or other metal sheets, stone or cement concrete is used for wall and tiles, slate, shingle, corrugated iron, zinc or other metal sheets, asbestos cement sheets, bricks, lime and stone, stone and RBC/RCC or concreate are used for roof.
2. Semi permanent: Semi-permanent houses refers to those houses in which either wall or roof is made of permanent materials and the other is made of temporary materials.
3. Temporary: Temporary houses refers to those houses having wall and roofs made of Kutcha materials i.e. where grass, leaves, reeds, bamboo, mud, unburnt bricks or wood are used for the construction of walls and grass, leaves, bamboo, thatch, unburnt bricks, wood etc. are used for roofs.

Table - 49 provides percentage distribution of households living in permanent, semi permanent and temporary houses in total, rural and urban areas of the district and police stations in Mayurbhanj district. The definition of permanent, semi permanent and temporary houses is given at the bottom of the table for appreciation of the data users.

In total areas of the district, households living in permanent houses constitute 12.82 per cent as against 26.67 per cent household in semi permanent and 60.51 per cent in temporary houses. The same pattern of distribution of households in permanent, semi permanent and temporary houses also holds good in rural areas of the district. But the distribution of households in the urban areas of the district depicts a different picture. Here 61.08 per cent of households live in permanent houses and only 21.09 per cent live in temporary houses and17.82 per cent in semi-permanent houses.

The percentage distribution of households living in permanent, semi permanent and temporary houses in total, rural and urban areas of police stations manifests a different trend. Out of the 29 police stations in the district, in Thakurmunda police station 50 per cent of households live in semi permanent houses and in the rest 28 police stations it varies from 9.88 per cent to 47.83 per cent. Leaving 4 police stations having urban component, a negligible percent of households varying between 2.14 to 20.65 percent live in permanent houses. The same pattern of percentage distribution of households living in permanent, semi permanent and temporary houses is also seen in the rural areas among police stations. However, in the urban areas of 4 police stations more then 50 per cent households live in permanent houses.

TABLE - 50: PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING IMPROVED DRINKING WATER SOURCE, ELECTRICITY, BATHROOM, TOILET AND DRAINAGE FACILITY, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of households	Number and percentage of households having				
				Improved drinking water*	Electricity	Bathroom	Toilet	Drainage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Mayurbhanj 07	**Total**	**473,170**	**426,363**	**74,356**	**26,785**	**41,515**	**47,795**
				(90.11)	**(15.71)**	**(5.66)**	**(8.77)**	**(10.10)**
		Rural	**443,016**	**396,715**	**52,456**	**11,520**	**22,152**	**34,338**
				(89.55)	**(11.84)**	**(2.60)**	**(5.00)**	**(7.75)**
		Urban	**30,154**	**29,648**	**21,900**	**15,265**	**19,363**	**13,457**
				(98.32)	**(72.63)**	**(50.62)**	**(64.21)**	**(44.63)**
01	Tiringi	Total	18,539	17,173	1,413	276	481	1,773
				(92.63)	(7.62)	(1.49)	(2.59)	(9.56)
		Rural	18,539	17,173	1,413	276	481	1,773
				(92.63)	(7.62)	(1.49)	(2.59)	(9.56)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
02	Bahalda	Total	20,449	19,163	1,958	491	757	1,046
				(93.71)	(9.58)	(2.40)	(3.70)	(5.12)
		Rural	20,449	19,163	1,958	491	757	1,046
				(93.71)	(9.58)	(2.40)	(3.70)	(5.12)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
03	Gorumahisani	Total	9,938	7,972	607	200	286	627
				(80.22)	(6.11)	(2.01)	(2.88)	(6.31)
		Rural	9,938	7,972	607	200	286	627
				(80.22)	(6.11)	(2.01)	(2.88)	(6.31)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
04	Rairangpur	Total	15,850	14,396	1,076	176	304	1,399
				(90.83)	(6.79)	(1.11)	(1.92)	(8.83)
		Rural	15,850	14,396	1,076	176	304	1,399
				(90.83)	(6.79)	(1.11)	(1.92)	(8.83)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
05	Rairangpur Town	Total	8,956	8,708	3,474	1,776	2,125	1,755
				(97.23)	(38.79)	(19.83)	(23.73)	(19.60)
		Rural	4,874	4,718	689	147	193	298
				(96.8)	(14.14)	(3.02)	(3.96)	(6.11)
		Urban	4,082	3,990	2,785	1,629	1,932	1,457
				(97.75)	(68.23)	(39.91)	(47.33)	(35.69)

TABLE - 50: PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING IMPROVED DRINKING WATER SOURCE, ELECTRICITY, BATHROOM, TOILET AND DRAINAGE FACILITY, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of households	Number and percentage of households having				
				Improved drinking water*	Electricity	Bathroom	Toilet	Drainage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
06	Badampahar	Total	12,669	10,902	1,033	361	513	918
				(86.05)	(8.15)	(2.85)	(4.05)	(7.25)
		Rural	12,669	10,902	1,033	361	513	918
				(86.05)	(8.15)	(2.85)	(4.05)	(7.25)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
07	Bisoi	Total	14,752	13,199	928	248	450	615
				(89.47)	(6.29)	(1.68)	(3.05)	(4.17)
		Rural	14,752	13,199	928	248	450	615
				(89.47)	(6.29)	(1.68)	(3.05)	(4.17)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
08	Bangiriposi	Total	20,361	17,963	1,956	539	1,037	2,653
				(88.22)	(9.61)	(2.65)	(5.09)	(13.03)
		Rural	20,361	17,963	1,956	539	1,037	2,653
				(88.22)	(9.61)	(2.65)	(5.09)	(13.03)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
09	Jharpokharia	Total	19,361	16,564	2,611	789	1,447	3,302
				(85.55)	(13.49)	(4.08)	(7.47)	(17.05)
		Rural	19,361	16,564	2,611	789	1,447	3,302
				(85.55)	(13.49)	(4.08)	(7.47)	(17.05)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
10	Chandua	Total	11,619	11,080	1,074	394	417	901
				(95.36)	(9.24)	(3.39)	(3.59)	(7.75)
		Rural	11,619	11,080	1,074	394	417	901
				(95.36)	(9.24)	(3.39)	(3.59)	(7.75)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
11	Koliana	Total	15,313	13,907	1,983	394	827	808
				(90.82)	(12.95)	(2.57)	(5.40)	(5.28)
		Rural	15,313	13,907	1,983	394	827	808
				(90.82)	(12.95)	(2.57)	(5.40)	(5.28)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

TABLE - 50: PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING IMPROVED DRINKING WATER SOURCE, ELECTRICITY, BATHROOM, TOILET AND DRAINAGE FACILITY, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of households	Number and percentage of households having				
				Improved drinking water*	Electricity	Bathroom	Toilet	Drainage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
12	Baripada Sadar	Total	15,988	14,900	1,393	257	422	1,603
				(93.19)	(8.71)	(1.61)	(2.64)	(10.03)
		Rural	15,988	14,900	1,393	257	422	1,603
				(93.19)	(8.71)	(1.61)	(2.64)	(10.03)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
13	Baripada Town	Total	911	776	236	69	114	65
				(85.18)	(25.91)	(7.57)	(12.51)	(7.14)
		Rural	911	776	236	69	114	65
				(85.18)	(25.91)	(7.57)	(12.51)	(7.14)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
14	Suliapada	Total	16,438	16,249	1,991	421	687	1,025
				(98.85)	(12.11)	(2.56)	(4.18)	(6.24)
		Rural	16,438	16,249	1,991	421	687	1,025
				(98.85)	(12.11)	(2.56)	(4.18)	(6.24)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
15	Muruda	Total	14,666	14,331	1,784	262	619	764
				(97.72)	(12.16)	(1.79)	(4.22)	(5.21)
		Rural	14,666	14,331	1,784	262	619	764
				(97.72)	(12.16)	(1.79)	(4.22)	(5.21)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
16	Betanati	Total	17,387	17,061	3,312	1,088	1,599	1,236
				(98.13)	(19.05)	(6.26)	(9.20)	(7.11)
		Rural	17,387	17,061	3,312	1,088	1,599	1,236
				(98.13)	(19.05)	(6.26)	(9.20)	(7.11)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
17	Rasagobindapur	Total	16,086	15,736	3,313	473	1,182	1,255
				(97.82)	(20.60)	(2.94)	(7.35)	(7.80)
		Rural	16,086	15,736	3,313	473	1,182	1,255
				(97.82)	(20.60)	(2.94)	(7.35)	(7.80)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

TABLE - 50: PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING IMPROVED DRINKING WATER SOURCE, ELECTRICITY, BATHROOM, TOILET AND DRAINAGE FACILITY, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of households	Number and percentage of households having				
				Improved drinking water*	Electricity	Bathroom	Toilet	Drainage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
18	Baisinga	Total	21,843	21,185	5,499	649	1,531	1,722
				(96.99)	(25.18)	(2.97)	(7.01)	(7.88)
		Rural	21,843	21,185	5,499	649	1,531	1,722
				(96.99)	(25.18)	(2.97)	(7.01)	(7.88)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
19	Barsahi	Total	26,575	25,326	4,563	831	1,929	1,474
				(95.30)	(17.17)	(3.13)	(7.26)	(5.55)
		Rural	26,575	25,326	4,563	831	1,929	1,474
				(95.30)	(17.17)	(3.13)	(7.26)	(5.55)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
20	Khunta	Total	24,900	22,004	3,739	802	1,817	2,504
				(88.37)	(15.02)	(3.22)	(7.30)	(10.06)
		Rural	24,900	22,004	3,739	802	1,817	2,504
				(88.37)	(15.02)	(3.22)	(7.30)	(10.06)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
21	Udala	Total	20,571	17,135	3,391	1,618	2,754	2,034
				(83.30)	(16.48)	(7.87)	(13.39)	(9.89)
		Rural	18,257	14,872	1,700	413	1,039	1,245
				(81.46)	(9.31)	(2.26)	(5.69)	(6.82)
		Urban	2,314	2,263	1,691	1,205	1,715	789
				(97.80)	(73.08)	(52.07)	(74.11)	(34.10)
22	Kaptipada	Total	15,166	12,967	2,808	510	1,232	1,492
				(85.50)	(18.52)	(3.36)	(8.12)	(9.84)
		Rural	15,166	12,967	2,808	510	1,232	1,492
				(85.50)	(18.52)	(3.36)	(8.12)	(9.84)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
23	Sharata	Total	11,828	7,234	417	118	233	432
				(61.16)	(3.53)	(1.00)	(1.97)	(3.65)
		Rural	11,828	7,234	417	118	233	432
				(61.16)	(3.53)	(1.00)	(1.97)	(3.65)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
24	Mahuldiha	Total	8,000	5,563	148	42	101	231
				(69.54)	(1.85)	(0.52)	(1.26)	(2.89)
		Rural	8,000	5,563	148	42	101	231
				(69.54)	(1.85)	(0.52)	(1.26)	(2.89)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
25	Thakurmunda	Total	10,435	8,363	675	217	441	534
				(80.14)	(6.47)	(2.08)	(4.23)	(5.12)
		Rural	10,435	8,363	675	217	441	534
				(80.14)	(6.47)	(2.08)	(4.23)	(5.12)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

TABLE - 50: PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING IMPROVED DRINKING WATER SOURCE, ELECTRICITY, BATHROOM, TOILET AND DRAINAGE FACILITY, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of households	Number and percentage of households having				
				Improved drinking water*	Electricity	Bathroom	Toilet	Drainage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
26	Karanjia	Total	20,950	18,065	3,566	1,625	2,407	2,973
				(86.23)	(17.02)	(7.76)	(11.49)	(14.19)
		Rural	16,867	14,048	1,192	252	567	1,582
				(83.29)	(7.07)	(1.49)	(3.36)	(9.38)
		Urban	4,083	4,017	2,374	1,373	1,840	1,391
				(98.38)	(58.14)	(33.63)	(45.06)	(34.07)
27	Jashipur	Total	23,824	19,800	2,258	581	1,078	1,613
				(83.11)	(9.48)	(2.44)	(4.52)	(6.77)
		Rural	23,824	19,800	2,258	581	1,078	1,613
				(83.11)	(9.48)	(2.44)	(4.52)	(6.77)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
28	Raruan	Total	20,120	19,263	2,100	520	849	1,221
				(95.74)	(10.44)	(2.58)	(4.22)	(6.07)
		Rural	20,120	19,263	2,100	520	849	1,221
				(95.74)	(10.44)	(2.58)	(4.22)	(6.07)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
29	Baripada PS	Total	18,464	18,174	14,403	10,589	13,346	9,226
				(98.43)	(78.01)	(57.35)	(72.28)	(49.97)
		Rural	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
		Urban	18,464	18,174	14,403	10,589	13,346	9,226
				(98.43)	(78.01)	(57.35)	(72.28)	(49.97)

Data Source: Census of India 2001, H- Series: "Tables on Houses, Household Amenities and Assets."

* Based on the improved drinking water source, drinking water supply has been classified as `Improved ' or otherwise. If the household has access to drinking water supplied from a tap or a hand pump / tube well or well situated within or outside the premises it is considered as having access to `Improved drinking water source' in Orissa. However, the concept of improved drinking water is state specific and this is to be considered accordingly.

Note: Percentage is to be given in brackets after the number of households .

Bathroom means bathroom within the house

Toilet means toilet within the house

Drainage means closed and open drainage

Houselist table-50 presents the number and percentage distribution of households enjoying improved drinking water facility, electricity, bathroom, toilet and drainage facilities in total, rural and urban areas of Mayurbhanj district and its police stations.

The sources of improved drinking water as mentioned at the bottom of the table include sources like tap, hand pump, tube well etc. As seen in the table, the district is provided with adequate and improved drinking water facility both in total, rural and urban areas. Out of the total 473170 households in the district, 426363 constituting 90.11 per cent enjoy improved drinking water facility in the total areas of the district as against 89.55 per cent in rural and 98.32 per cent in urban areas.

Coming to the police station level, it is seen that the highest proportion of households enjoying drinking water facility (98.85%) is recorded in Suliapada police station followed by Betanati (98.13 %), Rasgobindapur (97.82%), Muruda (97.72 %) and Tiring Police station (92.83 %) both in total and rural areas. In the rest of the police stations the percentage of households enjoying improved drinking water facility varies between 69.54 to 90.83 per cent. In 4 towns of the district, the number of households enjoying improved drinking water facilities constitute 98.43 per cent in Baripada (M), 98.38 per cent in Karanjia (NAC), 97.80 per cent in Udala (NAC) and 97.75 per cent in Rairangpur Town (NAC).

As regards the availability of electricity in the households, it is recorded that 15.71 per cent of the households have been provided with electricity facility in the total areas of the district as against 11.84 per cent in the rural areas and 72.63 percent in the urban areas of the district Above all, the proportion of households having electricity facility in the district is discouraging. At the police station level, the proportion of households having electricity facilities is still more discouraging both in total and rural areas

As regards the bathroom facility available to households, it is seen that a very negligible proportion of households constituting only 5.66 per cent enjoy bathroom facility in total areas of the district as against 2.60 per cent in rural and 50.62 per cent households in urban areas. Coming to the police station level, it is seen that the proportion of households enjoying bathroom facility is very insignificant and ranges between 0.52 per cent to 6.26 per cent in rural areas. In urban areas, the proportion of households having bathroom facility is 39.91 per cent in Rairangpur Town (NAC), 52.07 per cent in Udala (NAC), 33.63 per cent in Karanjia (NAC) and 57.35 per cent in Baripada (M).

As regards the availability of toilet facility, only 41515 households constituting 8.77 per cent have toilet facility in the total areas of the district as against 5 per cent in rural and 64.21 percent in urban areas. At the police station level the proportion of households having toilet facilities is significantly low in total areas and varies between 1.26 per cent to 12.51 per cent except in four police stations having urban component. The proportion of households having this facility in urban areas is 47.33 per cent in Rairangpur Town, 74.11 per cent in Udala (NAC), and 45.06 per cent in Karanjia (NAC) and 72.28 per cent in Baripada (M).

As regards the drainage facility available to households living in Census houses it is seen that the provision of drainage facility is quite encouraging both in total, rural and urban areas of the district as compared to bathroom and toilet facility. Households having this facility in the houses constitute 10.1 per cent in the total areas of the district as against 7.75 percent in rural and 44.63 per cent in urban areas. The proportion of households having drainage facility in the houses at the police station level is also encouraging. Out of the 29 police stations of the district, the proportion of households having drainage provision in their houses ranges between 2.89 per cent to 17.05 per cent in case of 25 police stations in the total areas and in the rest 4 police stations with urban areas it varies between 9.89 per cent to 49.97 per cent. In the rural areas, Jharpokharia police station has the highest proportion (17.05%) of households having this facility in their houses and Sharata police station has the lowest proportion (3.65%) of households having this facility. In the urban areas, Baripada has the highest proportion (49.97%) of households with drainage provision in their houses followed by Rairangpur 35.69 per cent, Udala 34.1 per cent and Karanjia 34.07 per cent.

TABLE 51 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF FUEL USED FOR COOKING, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total households	Fire wood	Crop residue	Cow-dung cake	Electri-city	Coal / Lignite (charcoal)	Cooking gas (L.P.G.)	Bio-gas	Kerosene	Others	No cooking
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Mayurbhanj 07	**Total**	**473,170**	**390,550**	**25,803**	**3,483**	**1,513**	**448**	**11,359**	**1,693**	**7,018**	**30,323**	**980**
				(82.54)	**(5.45)**	**(0.74)**	**(0.32)**	**(0.09)**	**(2.40)**	**(0.36)**	**(1.48)**	**(6.41)**	**(0.21)**
		Rural	**443,016**	**376,036**	**24,940**	**3,348**	**1,002**	**384**	**2,835**	**1,603**	**1,981**	**30,127**	**760**
				(84.88)	**(5.63)**	**(0.76)**	**(0.23)**	**(0.09)**	**(0.64)**	**(0.36)**	**(0.45)**	**(6.80)**	**(0.17)**
		Urban	**30,154**	**14,514**	**863**	**135**	**511**	**64**	**8,524**	**90**	**5,037**	**196**	**220**
				(48.13)	**(2.86)**	**(0.45)**	**(1.69)**	**(0.21)**	**(28.27)**	**(0.30)**	**(16.70)**	**(0.65)**	**(0.73)**
01	Tiringi	Total	18,539	15,556	2,000	485	6	64	89	14	85	221	19
				(83.91)	(10.79)	(2.62)	(0.03)	(0.35)	(0.48)	(0.08)	(0.46)	(1.19)	(0.10)
		Rural	18,539	15,556	2,000	485	6	64	89	14	85	221	19
				(83.91)	(10.79)	(2.62)	(0.03)	(0.35)	(0.48)	(0.08)	(0.46)	(1.19)	(0.10)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
02	Bahalda	Total	20,449	15,691	3,023	237	37	160	192	41	96	952	20
				(76.73)	(14.78)	(1.16)	(0.18)	(0.78)	(0.94)	(0.20)	(0.47)	(4.66)	(0.10)
		Rural	20,449	15,691	3,023	237	37	160	192	41	96	952	20
				(76.73)	(14.78)	(1.16)	(0.18)	(0.78)	(0.94)	(0.20)	(0.47)	(4.66)	(0.10)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
03	Gorumahisani	Total	9,938	9,710	63	3	42	0	55	1	31	6	27
				(97.71)	(0.63)	(0.03)	(0.42)	(0.00)	(0.55)	(0.01)	(0.31)	(0.06)	(0.27)
		Rural	9,938	9,710	63	3	42	0	55	1	31	6	27
				(97.71)	(0.63)	(0.03)	(0.42)	(0.00)	(0.55)	(0.01)	(0.31)	(0.06)	(0.27)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

TABLE 51 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF FUEL USED FOR COOKING, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total households	Fire wood	Crop residue	Cow-dung cake	Electri-city	Coal / Lignite (charcoal)	Cooking gas (L.P.G.)	Bio-gas	Kerosene	Others	No cooking
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
04	Rairangpur	Total	15,850	13,347	927	37	31	4	97	29	55	1,282	41
				(84.21)	(5.85)	(0.23)	(0.2)	(0.03)	(0.61)	(0.18)	(0.35)	(8.09)	(0.26)
		Rural	15,850	13,347	927	37	31	4	97	29	55	1,282	41
				(84.21)	(5.85)	(0.23)	(0.2)	(0.03)	(0.61)	(0.18)	(0.35)	(8.09)	(0.26)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
05	Rairangpur Town	Total	8,956	5,517	851	91	30	27	1,546	36	385	427	46
				(61.60)	(9.50)	(1.02)	(0.33)	(0.3)	(17.26)	(0.40)	(4.30)	(4.77)	(0.51)
		Rural	4,874	3,395	749	85	10	20	116	28	49	410	12
				(69.66)	(15.37)	(1.74)	(0.21)	(0.41)	(2.38)	(0.57)	(1.01)	(8.41)	(0.25)
		Urban	4,082	2,122	102	6	20	7	1,430	8	336	17	34
				(51.98)	(2.50)	(0.15)	(0.49)	(0.17)	(35.03)	(0.20)	(8.23)	(0.42)	(0.83)
06	Badampahar	Total	12,669	11,432	669	31	21	28	69	17	67	323	12
				(90.24)	(5.28)	(0.24)	(0.17)	(0.22)	(0.54)	(0.13)	(0.53)	(2.55)	(0.09)
		Rural	12,669	11,432	669	31	21	28	69	17	67	323	12
				(90.24)	(5.28)	(0.24)	(0.17)	(0.22)	(0.54)	(0.13)	(0.53)	(2.55)	(0.09)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
07	Bisoi	Total	14,752	14,405	169	5	19	2	78	14	42	0	18
				(97.65)	(1.15)	(0.03)	(0.13)	(0.01)	(0.53)	(0.09)	(0.28)	(0.00)	(0.12)
		Rural	14,752	14,405	169	5	19	2	78	14	42	0	18
				(97.65)	(1.15)	(0.03)	(0.13)	(0.01)	(0.53)	(0.09)	(0.28)	(0.00)	(0.12)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
08	Bangiriposi	Total	20,361	19,797	335	21	20	1	97	17	31	7	35
				(97.23)	(1.65)	(0.10)	(0.10)	(0)	(0.48)	(0.08)	(0.15)	(0.03)	(0.17)
		Rural	20,361	19,797	335	21	20	1	97	17	31	7	35
				(97.23)	(1.65)	(0.10)	(0.10)	(0)	(0.48)	(0.08)	(0.15)	(0.03)	(0.17)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
09	Jharpokharia	Total	19,361	15,588	1,021	111	64	3	236	121	122	2,073	22
				(80.51)	(5.27)	(0.57)	(0.33)	(0.02)	(1.22)	(0.62)	(0.63)	(10.71)	(0.11)
		Rural	19,361	15,588	1,021	111	64	3	236	121	122	2,073	22
				(80.51)	(5.27)	(0.57)	(0.33)	(0.02)	(1.22)	(0.62)	(0.63)	(10.71)	(0.11)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

TABLE 51 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF FUEL USED FOR COOKING, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total households	Fire wood	Crop residue	Cow-dung cake	Electri-city	Coal / Lignite (charcoal)	Cooking gas (L.P.G.)	Bio-gas	Kerosene	Others	No cooking
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
10	Chandua	Total	11,619	11,254	153	24	25	9	34	17	51	3	49
				(96.86)	(1.32)	(0.21)	(0.22)	(0.08)	(0.29)	(0.15)	(0.44)	(0.03)	(0.42)
		Rural	11,619	11,254	153	24	25	9	34	17	51	3	49
				(96.86)	(1.32)	(0.21)	(0.22)	(0.08)	(0.29)	(0.15)	(0.44)	(0.03)	(0.42)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
11	Koliana	Total	15,313	13,983	388	110	27	2	93	35	27	635	13
				(91.31)	(2.53)	(0.72)	(0.18)	(0.01)	(0.61)	(0.23)	(0.18)	(4.15)	(0.08)
		Rural	15,313	13,983	388	110	27	2	93	35	27	635	13
				(91.31)	(2.53)	(0.72)	(0.18)	(0.01)	(0.61)	(0.23)	(0.18)	(4.15)	(0.08)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
12	Baripada Sadar	Total	15,988	14,975	607	67	27	1	54	15	24	201	17
				(93.66)	(3.80)	(0.42)	(0.17)	(0.01)	(0.34)	(0.09)	(0.15)	(1.26)	(0.11)
		Rural	15,988	14,975	607	67	27	1	54	15	24	201	17
				(93.66)	(3.80)	(0.42)	(0.17)	(0.01)	(0.34)	(0.09)	(0.15)	(1.26)	(0.11)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
13	Baripada Town	Total	911	827	29	6	11	0	21	0	15	0	2
				(90.78)	(3.18)	(0.66)	(1.21)	(0.00)	(2.31)	(0.00)	(1.65)	(0.00)	(0.22)
		Rural	911	827	29	6	11	0	21	0	15	0	2
				(90.78)	(3.18)	(0.66)	(1.21)	(0.00)	(2.31)	(0.00)	(1.65)	(0.00)	(0.22)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
14	Suliapada	Total	16,438	15,929	299	13	47	1	50	53	19	5	22
				(96.90)	(1.82)	(0.08)	(0.29)	(0.01)	(0.30)	(0.32)	(0.12)	(0.03)	(0.13)
		Rural	16,438	15,929	299	13	47	1	50	53	19	5	22
				(96.90)	(1.82)	(0.08)	(0.29)	(0.01)	(0.30)	(0.32)	(0.12)	(0.03)	(0.13)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
15	Muruda	Total	14,666	13,921	540	72	8	2	30	23	13	40	17
				(94.92)	(3.68)	(0.49)	(0.05)	(0.01)	(0.20)	(0.16)	(0.09)	(0.27)	(0.12)
		Rural	14,666	13,921	540	72	8	2	30	23	13	40	17
				(94.92)	(3.68)	(0.49)	(0.05)	(0.01)	(0.20)	(0.16)	(0.09)	(0.27)	(0.12)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

TABLE 51 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF FUEL USED FOR COOKING, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total households	Fire wood	Crop residue	Cow-dung cake	Electri-city	Coal / Lignite (charcoal)	Cooking gas (L.P.G.)	Bio-gas	Kerosene	Others	No cooking
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
16	Betanati	Total	17,387	14,105	604	30	74	4	409	20	455	1,662	24
				(81.12)	(3.47)	(0.17)	(0.43)	(0.02)	(2.35)	(0.12)	(2.62)	(9.56)	(0.14)
		Rural	17,387	14,105	604	30	74	4	409	20	455	1,662	24
				(81.12)	(3.47)	(0.17)	(0.43)	(0.02)	(2.35)	(0.12)	(2.62)	(9.56)	(0.14)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
17	Rasagobindapur	Total	16,086	13,030	1,807	136	89	5	145	30	67	727	50
				(81.00)	(11.23)	(0.85)	(0.55)	(0.03)	(0.90)	(0.19)	(0.42)	(4.52)	(0.31)
		Rural	16,086	13,030	1,807	136	89	5	145	30	67	727	50
				(81.00)	(11.23)	(0.85)	(0.55)	(0.03)	(0.90)	(0.19)	(0.42)	(4.52)	(0.31)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
18	Baisinga	Total	21,843	14,474	3,509	310	130	9	203	102	71	3,002	33
				(66.26)	(16.06)	(1.42)	(0.6)	(0.04)	(0.93)	(0.47)	(0.33)	(13.74)	(0.15)
		Rural	21,843	14,474	3,509	310	130	9	203	102	71	3,002	33
				(66.26)	(16.06)	(1.42)	(0.6)	(0.04)	(0.93)	(0.47)	(0.33)	(13.74)	(0.15)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
19	Barsahi	Total	26,575	17,855	1,925	264	66	10	172	192	104	5,924	63
				(67.19)	(7.24)	(0.99)	(0.25)	(0.04)	(0.65)	(0.72)	(0.39)	(22.29)	(0.24)
		Rural	26,575	17,855	1,925	264	66	10	172	192	104	5,924	63
				(67.19)	(7.24)	(0.99)	(0.25)	(0.04)	(0.65)	(0.72)	(0.39)	(22.29)	(0.24)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
20	Khunta	Total	24,900	18,500	2,766	31	27	4	116	237	64	3,110	45
				(74.3)	(11.11)	(0.12)	(0.11)	(0.02)	(0.47)	(0.95)	(0.26)	(12.49)	(0.18)
		Rural	24,900	18,500	2,766	31	27	4	116	237	64	3,110	45
				(74.30)	(11.11)	(0.12)	(0.11)	(0.02)	(0.47)	(0.95)	(0.26)	(12.49)	(0.18)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
21	Udala	Total	20,571	16,834	1,160	71	32	11	562	117	412	1,341	31
				(81.83)	(5.64)	(0.35)	(0.16)	(0.05)	(2.73)	(0.57)	(2.00)	(6.52)	(0.15)
		Rural	18,257	15,506	1,105	70	29	3	63	98	25	1,340	18
				(84.93)	(6.05)	(0.38)	(0.16)	(0.02)	(0.35)	(0.54)	(0.14)	(7.34)	(0.10)
		Urban	2,314	1,328	55	1	3	8	499	19	387	1	13
				(57.39)	(2.38)	(0.04)	(0.13)	(0.35)	(21.56)	(0.82)	(16.72)	(0.04)	(0.56)

TABLE 51 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF FUEL USED FOR COOKING, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total households	Fire wood	Crop residue	Cow-dung cake	Electri-city	Coal / Lignite (charcoal)	Cooking gas (L.P.G.)	Bio-gas	Kerosene	Others	No cooking
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
22	Kaptipada	Total	15,166	13,958	524	76	25	1	64	112	125	257	24
				(92.03)	(3.46)	(0.50)	(0.16)	(0.01)	(0.42)	(0.74)	(0.82)	(1.69)	(0.16)
		Rural	15,166	13,958	524	76	25	1	64	112	125	257	24
				(92.03)	(3.46)	(0.50)	(0.16)	(0.01)	(0.42)	(0.74)	(0.82)	(1.69)	(0.16)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
23	Sharata	Total	11,828	11,660	113	4	11	1	5	6	9	0	19
				(98.58)	(0.96)	(0.03)	(0.09)	(0.01)	(0.04)	(0.05)	(0.08)	(0.00)	(0.16)
		Rural	11,828	11,660	113	4	11	1	5	6	9	0	19
				(98.58)	(0.96)	(0.03)	(0.09)	(0.01)	(0.04)	(0.05)	(0.08)	(0.00)	(0.16)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
24	Mahuldiha	Total	8,000	7,822	157	0	9	1	1	1	2	0	7
				(97.78)	(1.96)	(0.00)	(0.11)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.00)	(0.09)
		Rural	8,000	7,822	157	0	9	1	1	1	2	0	7
				(97.78)	(1.96)	(0.00)	(0.11)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.00)	(0.09)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
25	Thakurmunda	Total	10,435	10,188	122	2	8	1	35	17	37	0	25
				(97.63)	(1.17)	(0.02)	(0.08)	(0.01)	(0.34)	(0.16)	(0.35)	(0.00)	(0.24)
		Rural	10,435	10,188	122	2	8	1	35	17	37	0	25
				(97.63)	(1.17)	(0.02)	(0.08)	(0.01)	(0.34)	(0.16)	(0.35)	(0.00)	(0.24)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
26	Karanjia	Total	20,950	17,976	376	158	46	4	615	105	329	1,279	62
				(85.80)	(1.79)	(0.75)	(0.22)	(0.02)	(2.94)	(0.50)	(1.57)	(6.11)	(0.30)
		Rural	16,867	15,113	285	155	25	3	21	80	14	1,147	24
				(89.60)	(1.69)	(0.92)	(0.15)	(0.02)	(0.12)	(0.47)	(0.08)	(6.80)	(0.14)
		Urban	4,083	2,863	91	3	21	1	594	25	315	132	38
				(70.12)	(2.23)	(0.07)	(0.51)	(0.02)	(14.55)	(0.61)	(7.71)	(3.23)	(0.93)
27	Jashipur	Total	23,824	22,326	458	8	44	36	186	121	127	457	61
				(93.71)	(1.92)	(0.03)	(0.18)	(0.15)	(0.78)	(0.51)	(0.53)	(1.92)	(0.26)
		Rural	23,824	22,326	458	8	44	36	186	121	127	457	61
				(93.71)	(1.92)	(0.03)	(0.18)	(0.15)	(0.78)	(0.51)	(0.53)	(1.92)	(0.26)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

TABLE 51 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF FUEL USED FOR COOKING, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total households	Fire wood	Crop residue	Cow-dung cake	Electri-city	Coal / Lignite (charcoal)	Cooking gas (L.P.G.)	Bio-gas	Kerosene	Others	No cooking
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
28	Raruan	Total	20,120	11,689	593	955	70	9	104	162	154	6,343	41
				(58.10)	(2.95)	(4.75)	(0.35)	(0.04)	(0.52)	(0.81)	(0.77)	(31.53)	(0.20)
		Rural	20,120	11,689	593	955	70	9	104	162	154	6,343	41
				(58.10)	(2.95)	(4.75)	(0.35)	(0.04)	(0.52)	(0.81)	(0.77)	(31.53)	(0.20)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
29	Baripada PS	Total	18,464	7,603	516	68	131	48	5,936	38	3,950	46	128
				(41.18)	(2.79)	(0.37)	(0.71)	(0.26)	(32.15)	(0.21)	(21.39)	(0.25)	(0.69)
		Rural	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
		Urban	18,464	7,603	516	68	131	48	5,936	38	3,950	46	128
				(41.18)	(2.79)	(0.37)	(0.71)	(0.26)	(32.15)	(0.21)	(21.39)	(0.25)	(0.69)

Data Source: Census of India 2001, H- Series: "Tables on Houses, Household Amenities and Assets."

Table-51 provides the number and percentage of households using different types of fuel for cooking purpose in total, rural and urban areas of the district and police stations. Various types of fuels used by households for cooking purpose are shown in Col. 5-13 of the table.

As shown in the table, there are nine types of fuels used for cooking purpose by 473170 households in the district. Of these fuels, fire wood is used by 82.54 per cent households in total areas of the district as against 84.88 per cent in rural and 48.13 per cent in urban areas. Similarly 0.74 per cent households in total areas and 0.76 per cent households in rural areas of the district for cooking purpose use cow dung cake. But in the urban areas of the district, though fire wood consumption is claimed by about half of the households, 28.27 percent households use liquid petroleum gas (LPG) followed by 16.7 per cent households use kerosene and 1.69 per cent households use electricity for cooking purpose. This evidently shows the better economic condition of urban households, who have considerable access to modern fuels besides the traditional ones. Out of the 29 police stations in the district, in four towns of the district, the highest proportions of 70.12 per cent households use firewood in Karanjia N.A.C. followed by 57.39 per cent in Udala, 51.98 per cent in Rairangpur Town and 41.18 per cent households in Baripada town.

TABLE 52 : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AVAILING BANKING SERVICES AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING EACH OF THE SPECIFIED ASSET, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total number of households	Total number of households availing banking services	Availability of household assets						
					Radio/ Transistor	Television	Telephone	Bicycle	Scooter, Motor Cycle, Moped	Car, Jeep, Van	None of the specified assets
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Mayurbhanj 07	**Total**	**473,170**	**123,414**	**75,345**	**40,925**	**9,460**	**311,785**	**27,758**	**3,058**	**147,237**
				(26.08)	**(15.92)**	**(8.65)**	**(2.00)**	**(65.89)**	**(5.87)**	**(0.65)**	**(31.12)**
		Rural	**443,016**	**105,528**	**65,320**	**24,350**	**4,273**	**289,548**	**18,242**	**2,031**	**141,979**
				(23.82)	**(14.74)**	**(5.50)**	**(0.96)**	**(65.36)**	**(4.12)**	**(0.46)**	**(32.05)**
		Urban	**30,154**	**17,886**	**10,025**	**16,575**	**5,187**	**22,237**	**9,516**	**1,027**	**5,258**
				(59.32)	**(33.25)**	**(54.97)**	**(17.20)**	**(73.74)**	**(31.56)**	**(3.41)**	**(17.44)**

TABLE 52 : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AVAILING BANKING SERVICES AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING EACH OF THE SPECIFIED ASSET, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total number of households	Total number of households availing banking services	Availability of household assets						
					Radio/ Transistor	Television	Telephone	Bicycle	Scooter, Motor Cycle, Moped	Car, Jeep, Van	None of the specified assets
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
01	Tiringi	Total	18,539	3,537	1,910	782	108	11,853	629	99	6,263
				(19.08)	(10.30)	(4.22)	(0.58)	(63.94)	(3.39)	(0.53)	(33.78)
		Rural	18,539	3,537	1,910	782	108	11,853	629	99	6,263
				(19.08)	(10.30)	(4.22)	(0.58)	(63.94)	(3.39)	(0.53)	(33.78)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
02	Bahalda	Total	20,449	4,577	2,658	1,151	153	14,329	842	101	5,575
				(22.38)	(13.00)	(5.63)	(0.75)	(70.07)	(4.12)	(0.49)	(27.26)
		Rural	20,449	4,577	2,658	1,151	153	14,329	842	101	5,575
				(22.38)	(13.00)	(5.63)	(0.75)	(70.07)	(4.12)	(0.49)	(27.26)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
03	Gorumahisani	Total	9,938	1,706	1,132	328	62	5,271	241	61	4,385
				(17.17)	(11.39)	(3.30)	(0.62)	(53.04)	(2.43)	(0.61)	(44.12)
		Rural	9,938	1,706	1,132	328	62	5,271	241	61	4,385
				(17.17)	(11.39)	(3.30)	(0.62)	(53.04)	(2.43)	(0.61)	(44.12)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
04	Rairangpur	Total	15,850	3,690	2,229	636	76	10,834	621	71	4,700
				(23.28)	(14.06)	(4.01)	(0.48)	(68.35)	(3.92)	(0.45)	(29.65)
		Rural	15,850	3,690	2,229	636	76	10,834	621	71	4,700
				(23.28)	(14.06)	(4.01)	(0.48)	(68.35)	(3.92)	(0.45)	(29.65)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
05	Rairangpur Town	Total	8,956	3,276	1,892	2,498	562	6,353	1,371	121	2,191
				(36.58)	(21.13)	(27.89)	(6.28)	(70.94)	(15.31)	(1.35)	(24.46)
		Rural	4,874	878	717	410	62	3,514	269	18	1,256
				(18.01)	(14.71)	(8.41)	(1.27)	(72.1)	(5.52)	(0.37)	(25.77)
		Urban	4,082	2,398	1,175	2,088	500	2,839	1,102	103	935
				(58.75)	(28.78)	(51.15)	(12.25)	(69.55)	(27.00)	(2.52)	(22.91)
06	Badampahar	Total	12,669	2,805	1,819	537	90	7,491	520	56	4,804
				(22.14)	(14.36)	(4.24)	(0.71)	(59.13)	(4.10)	(0.44)	(37.92)
		Rural	12,669	2,805	1,819	537	90	7,491	520	56	4,804
				(22.14)	(14.36)	(4.24)	(0.71)	(59.13)	(4.10)	(0.44)	(37.92)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

TABLE 52 : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AVAILING BANKING SERVICES AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING EACH OF THE SPECIFIED ASSET, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total number of households	Total number of households availing banking services	Availability of household assets						
					Radio/ Transistor	Television	Telephone	Bicycle	Scooter, Motor Cycle, Moped	Car, Jeep, Van	None of the specified assets
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
07	Bisoi	Total	14,752	3,472	1,964	511	66	8,523	464	100	5,855
				(23.54)	(13.31)	(3.46)	(0.45)	(57.78)	(3.15)	(0.68)	(39.69)
		Rural	14,752	3,472	1,964	511	66	8,523	464	100	5,855
				(23.54)	(13.31)	(3.46)	(0.45)	(57.78)	(3.15)	(0.68)	(39.69)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
08	Bangiriposi	Total	20,361	3,271	2,476	872	158	12,880	643	71	6,962
				(16.07)	(12.16)	(4.28)	(0.78)	(63.26)	(3.16)	(0.35)	(34.19)
		Rural	20,361	3,271	2,476	872	158	12,880	643	71	6,962
				(16.07)	(12.16)	(4.28)	(0.78)	(63.26)	(3.16)	(0.35)	(34.19)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
09	Jharpokharia	Total	19,361	4,463	2,609	1,105	190	12,657	968	114	6,209
				(23.05)	(13.48)	(5.71)	(0.98)	(65.37)	(5.00)	(0.59)	(32.07)
		Rural	19,361	4,463	2,609	1,105	190	12,657	968	114	6,209
				(23.05)	(13.48)	(5.71)	(0.98)	(65.37)	(5.00)	(0.59)	(32.07)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
10	Chandua	Total	11,619	4,904	1,898	487	67	9,103	438	53	2,297
				(42.21)	(16.34)	(4.19)	(0.58)	(78.35)	(3.77)	(0.46)	(19.77)
		Rural	11,619	4,904	1,898	487	67	9,103	438	53	2,297
				(42.21)	(16.34)	(4.19)	(0.58)	(78.35)	(3.77)	(0.46)	(19.77)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
11	Koliana	Total	15,313	3,655	2,125	886	142	10,800	640	54	4,135
				(23.87)	(13.88)	(5.79)	(0.93)	(70.53)	(4.18)	(0.35)	(27.00)
		Rural	15,313	3,655	2,125	886	142	10,800	640	54	4,135
				(23.87)	(13.88)	(5.79)	(0.93)	(70.53)	(4.18)	(0.35)	(27.00)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
12	Baripada Sadar	Total	15,988	4,924	1,782	745	111	11,470	632	56	4,170
				(30.80)	(11.15)	(4.66)	(0.69)	(71.74)	(3.95)	(0.35)	(26.08)
		Rural	15,988	4,924	1,782	745	111	11,470	632	56	4,170
				(30.80)	(11.15)	(4.66)	(0.69)	(71.74)	(3.95)	(0.35)	(26.08)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

TABLE 52 : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AVAILING BANKING SERVICES AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING EACH OF THE SPECIFIED ASSET, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total number of households	Total number of households availing banking services	Availability of household assets						
					Radio/ Transistor	Television	Telephone	Bicycle	Scooter, Motor Cycle, Moped	Car, Jeep, Van	None of the specified assets
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	Baripada Town	Total	911	206	119	113	22	442	56	2	417
				(22.61)	(13.06)	(12.40)	(2.41)	(48.52)	(6.15)	(0.22)	(45.77)
		Rural	911	206	119	113	22	442	56	2	417
				(22.61)	(13.06)	(12.40)	(2.41)	(48.52)	(6.15)	(0.22)	(45.77)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
14	Suliapada	Total	16,438	11,246	3,156	866	916	13,166	618	62	2,808
				(68.41)	(19.2)	(5.27)	(5.57)	(80.09)	(3.76)	(0.38)	(17.08)
		Rural	16,438	11,246	3,156	866	916	13,166	618	62	2,808
				(68.41)	(19.2)	(5.27)	(5.57)	(80.09)	(3.76)	(0.38)	(17.08)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
15	Muruda	Total	14,666	3,808	1,648	715	78	10,561	635	61	3,842
				(25.96)	(11.24)	(4.88)	(0.53)	(72.01)	(4.33)	(0.42)	(26.2)
		Rural	14,666	3,808	1,648	715	78	10,561	635	61	3,842
				(25.96)	(11.24)	(4.88)	(0.53)	(72.01)	(4.33)	(0.42)	(26.2)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
16	Betanati	Total	17,387	4,860	2,215	1,732	245	12,535	1,177	100	4,420
				(27.95)	(12.74)	(9.96)	(1.41)	(72.09)	(6.77)	(0.58)	(25.42)
		Rural	17,387	4,860	2,215	1,732	245	12,535	1,177	100	4,420
				(27.95)	(12.74)	(9.96)	(1.41)	(72.09)	(6.77)	(0.58)	(25.42)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
17	Rasagobindapur	Total	16,086	4,314	2,485	1,193	161	11,691	684	54	4,091
				(26.82)	(15.45)	(7.42)	(1.00)	(72.68)	(4.25)	(0.34)	(25.43)
		Rural	16,086	4,314	2,485	1,193	161	11,691	684	54	4,091
				(26.82)	(15.45)	(7.42)	(1.00)	(72.68)	(4.25)	(0.34)	(25.43)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
18	Baisinga	Total	21,843	5,688	3,012	2,405	284	16,182	1,176	115	5,186
				(26.04)	(13.79)	(11.01)	(1.30)	(74.08)	(5.38)	(0.53)	(23.74)
		Rural	21,843	5,688	3,012	2,405	284	16,182	1,176	115	5,186
				(26.04)	(13.79)	(11.01)	(1.30)	(74.08)	(5.38)	(0.53)	(23.74)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

TABLE 52 : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AVAILING BANKING SERVICES AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING EACH OF THE SPECIFIED ASSET, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total number of households	Total number of households availing banking services	Availability of household assets						
					Radio/ Transistor	Television	Telephone	Bicycle	Scooter, Motor Cycle, Moped	Car, Jeep, Van	None of the specified assets
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
19	Barsahi	Total	26,575	8,238	3,140	2,090	205	19,237	1,347	88	6,805
				(31.00)	(11.82)	(7.86)	(0.77)	(72.39)	(5.07)	(0.33)	(25.61)
		Rural	26,575	8,238	3,140	2,090	205	19,237	1,347	88	6,805
				(31.00)	(11.82)	(7.86)	(0.77)	(72.39)	(5.07)	(0.33)	(25.61)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
20	Khunta	Total	24,900	3,710	3,153	1,694	254	17,397	1,082	103	6,934
				(14.90)	(12.66)	(6.80)	(1.02)	(69.87)	(4.35)	(0.41)	(27.85)
		Rural	24,900	3,710	3,153	1,694	254	17,397	1,082	103	6,934
				(14.90)	(12.66)	(6.80)	(1.02)	(69.87)	(4.35)	(0.41)	(27.85)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
21	Udala	Total	20,571	4,003	3,671	2,060	364	13,851	1,390	143	6,183
				(19.46)	(17.85)	(10.01)	(1.77)	(67.33)	(6.76)	(0.70)	(30.06)
		Rural	18,257	2,388	2,522	786	101	11,950	558	37	5,926
				(13.08)	(13.81)	(4.31)	(0.55)	(65.45)	(3.06)	(0.20)	(32.46)
		Urban	2,314	1,615	1,149	1,274	263	1,901	832	106	257
				(69.79)	(49.65)	(55.06)	(11.37)	(82.15)	(35.96)	(4.58)	(11.11)
22	Kaptipada	Total	15,166	2,888	3,330	1,125	177	8,827	747	61	5,745
				(19.04)	(21.96)	(7.42)	(1.17)	(58.20)	(4.93)	(0.40)	(37.88)
		Rural	15,166	2,888	3,330	1,125	177	8,827	747	61	5,745
				(19.04)	(21.96)	(7.42)	(1.17)	(58.20)	(4.93)	(0.40)	(37.88)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
23	Sharata	Total	11,828	875	1,823	226	33	4,226	189	42	7,000
				(7.4)	(15.41)	(1.91)	(0.28)	(35.73)	(1.60)	(0.36)	(59.18)
		Rural	11,828	875	1,823	226	33	4,226	189	42	7,000
				(7.4)	(15.41)	(1.91)	(0.28)	(35.73)	(1.60)	(0.36)	(59.18)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
24	Mahuldiha	Total	8,000	1,277	1,381	90	26	3,210	105	34	4,464
				(15.96)	(17.26)	(1.12)	(0.32)	(40.12)	(1.31)	(0.43)	(55.80)
		Rural	8,000	1,277	1,381	90	26	3,210	105	34	4,464
				(15.96)	(17.26)	(1.12)	(0.32)	(40.12)	(1.31)	(0.43)	(55.80)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

TABLE 52 : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AVAILING BANKING SERVICES AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING EACH OF THE SPECIFIED ASSET, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total number of households	Total number of households availing banking services	Availability of household assets						
					Radio/ Transistor	Television	Telephone	Bicycle	Scooter, Motor Cycle, Moped	Car, Jeep, Van	None of the specified assets
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
25	Thakurmunda	Total	10,435	2,287	2,256	325	96	5,853	328	41	4,181
				(21.92)	(21.62)	(3.11)	(0.92)	(56.09)	(3.14)	(0.39)	(40.07)
		Rural	10,435	2,287	2,256	325	96	5,853	328	41	4,181
				(21.92)	(21.62)	(3.11)	(0.92)	(56.09)	(3.14)	(0.39)	(40.07)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
26	Karanjia	Total	20,950	5,643	5,100	2,173	532	13,606	1,556	198	6,569
				(26.94)	(24.34)	(10.37)	(2.54)	(64.95)	(7.43)	(0.95)	(31.36)
		Rural	16,867	3,567	3,840	594	84	11,073	685	68	5,337
				(21.15)	(22.77)	(3.52)	(0.50)	(65.65)	(4.06)	(0.40)	(31.64)
		Urban	4,083	2,076	1,260	1,579	448	2,533	871	130	1,232
				(50.84)	(30.86)	(38.67)	(10.97)	(62.04)	(21.33)	(3.18)	(30.17)
27	Jashipur	Total	23,824	3,686	4,057	939	190	13,431	977	208	9,680
				(15.47)	(17.03)	(3.94)	(0.80)	(56.38)	(4.10)	(0.87)	(40.63)
		Rural	23,824	3,686	4,057	939	190	13,431	977	208	9,680
				(15.47)	(17.03)	(3.94)	(0.80)	(56.38)	(4.10)	(0.87)	(40.63)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
28	Raruan	Total	20,120	4,608	3,864	1,007	116	11,042	971	101	8,532
				(22.90)	(19.20)	(5.00)	(0.58)	(54.88)	(4.83)	(0.50)	(42.41)
		Rural	20,120	4,608	3,864	1,007	116	11,042	971	101	8,532
				(22.90)	(19.20)	(5.00)	(0.58)	(54.88)	(4.83)	(0.50)	(42.41)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
29	Baripada PS	Total	18,464	11,429	6,180	11,197	3,843	14,107	6,506	682	2,546
				(61.90)	(33.47)	(60.64)	(20.81)	(76.40)	(35.24)	(3.69)	(13.79)
		Rural	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
		Urban	18,464	11,429	6,180	11,197	3,843	14,107	6,506	682	2,546
				(61.90)	(33.47)	(60.64)	(20.81)	(76.40)	(35.24)	(3.69)	(13.79)

Data Source: Census of India 2001, H- Series: "Tables on Houses, Household Amenities and Assets."

Table-52 presents the number and percentage of households availing banking service facility in total, rural and urban areas of the district and police stations in Mayurbhanj district. This table also provides information on availability of household assets like radio/transistor, television, telephone, bicycle, scooter, motorcycle, moped, car ,jeep etc. in households in total, rural and urban areas of the district and police stations.

As regards banking service it may be mentioned here that banks refer to all types of commercial banks such as nationalized banks and the service availed means the head of household or any other member in the household is availing banking service provided by the banks or post office bank as a holder of any type of bank account. Accordingly only 123414 or 26.08 per cent out of the total 473170 households in Mayurbhanj district avail banking services as against 59.32 per cent in the urban and only 23.82 per cent in rural areas.

As regards different household assets, bicycle claims the highest proportion among all the assets 65.89 per cent households in total, 65.36 per cent in rural and 73.74 per cent in urban areas possess bicycle as their household asset. Radio/transistor claims the second position closely followed by television as household asset both in total, rural, and urban areas of the district. However in the urban areas 17.20 per cent households have telephone connection and 31.56 per cent possess scooter, motor cycle and moped and only 3.41 per cent own car, jeep van etc.

As regards to banking services availed by the households at police station level in rural areas, it is seen that 68.41 per cent households in total area of Suliapada police station, 42.21 per cent in Chandua, 31.00 per cent households in Barsahi and 30.80 per cent households in Baripada sadar police station avail banking services in total areas. In rest of the police station, it varies between 7.40 per cent to 27.95 per cent in the rural areas. However, in the urban areas, the proportion of households availing banking service is considerably higher.

Coming to the household assets at police station level, it is seen that maximum proportion of households ranging between 35.73 to 74.08 per cent in total and rural areas and 62.04 per cent to 76.40 per cent in urban areas possess bicycle as their household asset distantly followed by radio/transistor and television sets. Valuable assets like scooter, motorcycle, moped, car, jeep, a negligible proportion of households both in total and rural areas possesses the same.

This apart, households not having household assets as mentioned in Col.6-11 of the table claim considerable proportion in total, rural and urban areas of the district and police stations.

(xiii) Scope of Village Directory :

The publication of District Census Handbook (DCH) is an excellent venture of the Census network. Information pertaining to quality of life and facilities available in village and urban areas after being collected through perfect articulated schedules, are presented in the form of Village Directory and Town Directory respectively for each district from which a planner envisages to transform the backward society to a modern one Village Directory contains data on each and every village, may be a revenue village or unsurveyed village or notified forest village or forest cluster in the rural areas C.D. Block wise/P.S. wise. The names of village have been arranged in ascending order of the permanent location code of the villages under different Police station within the jurisdiction of the concerned C.D. Block. It is noteworthy to mention that Census of India-2001 has introduced the assignment of permanent eight digited location code number to all villages in the state for facilitating easy comparability of data over the period . In order to facilitate the readers & data users, an alphabetical list of villages under each C.D. Block showing the Police station with its location code number has been provided at the beginning of the village directory. In case of village (s) treated as an out growth(s) in an urban agglomeration or treated as a Census town, the code number(s) and the name(s) of village(s) has been provided minus data thereof separately. In case of part village forming a portion of an outgrowth, the corresponding data of the rural portion of the village only have been presented in the village directory. However the land utilization data for such census towns have been made available in Appendix-III.

Maps being the instruments of depicting the location of the places, natural features, roads etc. within the respective administrative boundaries, these have been incorporated accordingly in the volume. All the maps so presented in this volume have been authenticated by the concerned revenue authorities in so far as the boundary, spellings and locations are concerned. In case of the units adjacent to the coast land of the state, such maps have been cleared by the Survey of India through the Office of the Registrar General of India.

The district map and the administrative maps of tahasils showing the Police Station boundary have

been given at the beginning of the village directory. The The district map showing the Police station boundary have been given at the beginning of the village directory. In addition to this maps, C.D. Block maps depicting the boundaries of various police stations under the C.D. Blocks, location of all the villages, symbolical representation of important amenities etc. have been incorporated in this volume prior to the presentation of data for the concerned C.D.Block.

The information on village directory has been provided in the statement containing 24 columns and these are relating to area of the village in hectares, population and number of households, availability of amenities like educational, medical, drinking water, post/telegraph/telephone facility, commercial & co-operative banks, agricultural/ non-agricultural / other credit societies, recreational and cultural facilities, communications and power supply etc. This also provides information on the mode of approach to village, the name of the nearest town and its distance from the village, whether news paper/magazine is received by the villagers, income & expenditure of local bodies and also the information on the most important commodities that are manufactured in the village. In case of non-availability of any of the amenities in the village, distance in broad ranges of the nearest place where the facility is available has been provided in the directory.

Apart from these, the land use data for different villages in conformity with the pattern of classification of land use as recommended by the Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India have been presented in the said statement.

The Ministry of Agriculture has recommended the maintenance of records of land use pattern under five categories. These are as follows:

1. Forests
2. Not available for cultivation:
   (a) Lands put to non-agricultural uses
   (b) Barren and unculturable lands
3. Other uncultivated lands excluding fallow lands:
   (a) Permanent pastures and other grazing lands
   (b) Lands under miscellaneous tree crops and groves not included in the net area sown
   (c) Culturable wastes
4. Fallow lands:
   (a) Fallow lands other than current fallows
   (b) Current fallows
5. Net area sown

The land-use data in Village Directory are in accordance with the above mentioned classification. Forest is the same as category 1 above. Irrigated (by source) and un-irrigated give break-up of agricultural land which are a combination of categories 4 (a & b) and 5 above. Culturable waste corresponds to category 3 (a+b+c) above. Area not available for cultivation corresponds to category 2 (a+b).

The information on village wise amenities and land-use pattern for the village directory have been collected from the Tahasildars who in turn had utilized the services of village level workers like Revenue Inspector & Amins working under them. In order to ensure the accuracy and quality of data, these data have further been compared with the data collected from various concerned governmental departments. Information on educational institutions has been collected from Inspector of Schools/D.I of schools/ concerned Block Development Officers. Directorate of Health services of Orissa/respective Chief District Medical Officers/concerned Block Development Officers etc. have supplied information relating to Medical facilities. Information on Posts & telegraphs and telephone facilities has been obtained from the respective authorities of Government of India. Likewise, Reserve Bank of India has supplied information on commercial and co-operative banks. Data on agricultural/non-agricultural/other credit societies have been verified, wherever possible, with the information furnished by the concerned Registrars of Co-operative Societies.

(xiv) Scope of Town Directory :

The town directory abounds in a compendium of information relating to all towns statutorily notified as well as census towns in a district. The towns have

been arranged in ascending order of their location code within a district and do not cover strictly the military areas in the district.

The information on amenities and other aspects presented in codes have been explained separately. As regards urban agglomeration, a conventional creation of Census, the names of such agglomerations have been indicated which are similar to the names of the main town of the agglomerations. The particulars of the constituents of the agglomeration have been furnished separately.

The concept of out growths has already been discussed under urban agglomeration. To reiterate, the town directory particulars of outgrowths of the urban units are not available separately, and such particulars of the outgrowths are merged in the core town.

Information on town directory has been collected from concerned Executive Officer of statutorily notified Towns and from Block Development Officer for Census Towns. The details of information on town directory presented in seven statements are briefly explained below.

Statement- I: This statement presents the status and growth history of towns. In Col.1 of the statement serial number of the town and in Col.2 name of the town in alphabetical order along with the class and administrative status have been furnished. In Col.3 location code of the town and in Col.4, the name of the tahasil and police station in which the town is situated are given. Col.5 gives the names of C.D.Blocks of Census Towns. Area of the town(in square kilometer), number of households including houseless households, population and growth rate of population, density and sex-ratio etc. are presented in subsequent columns.

Statement – II: This statement provides information on physical aspects and location of the town. These information include average rain fall, maximum and minimum temperature for the last ten year beginning from 1990-1999, distance of the town from the state, district, sub-division/tahasil/police station headquarters etc., the nearest city with one lakh and above population, nearest city with population of five lakh and more, railway station, bus facility, navigable river/canal (if within 10 kms of the town) are indicated in different columns.

Statement- III: It depicts the picture of the municipal finance of the town for the year 1998-99. The receipts from different sources are indicated under Col.4 to Col.10 where as the expenditure under various items have been shown under Col.11 to Col.17.

Statement- IV: The statement depicts the picture of civic and other amenities available in the town. These include total population, scheduled caste and scheduled tribe populat ion of the town as per 2001 Census. Apart from this, the total road length in kms, system of sewerage, number of latrines, method of disposal night soil, source of protected water supply, system of storage of drinking water, fire fighting services, electrification with number of connection for different uses are shown in different columns.

Statement –V: This statement presents information on medical, educational and recreational and cultural facilities available in the town in 1999. The medical institutions cover hospitals/dispensaries/T.B.clinic, etc with number of beds. These institutions may have been owned by Govt./Local bodies, private agencies, etc. Similarly, the educational institutions cover both general and technical ones and include arts/science/ commerce colleges (of degree level and above), medical colleges, engineering colleges, polytechnics, reconiged shorthand/type writing/vocanational training institutions, higher secondary/intermediate/senior secondary PUC (pre-university college)/junior college level, secondary/matriculation, Junior secondary and middle schools, primary schools, adult literacy centers, working women's hostels with number of seats, stadium,cinema,auditorium/drama/community halls, public libraries including reading rooms etc. available in the town are furnished under different columns.

Statement- VI: Information on three most important commodities exported, three most important commodities manufacture, number of banks, number of agricultural credit societies and number of non-agricultural credit societies pertaining to the respective towns in the district are reflected in this statement.

Statement – VII: Like the village directory, the town directory format has also been modified to some extent. In the 1991 Census, civic amenities available in notified/recognized slums only in urban areas were collected. Contrary to this provision, information/data relating to availability of civic amenities in each slum

irrespective of it being recognized/notified was recorded in the 2001 Census with the objective to ascertain the existing civic amenities in slums and to provide necessary information/data required for slum improvement/development. Besides the number of households and population, amenities like paved roads (in kms), system of sewerage, number of latrines (category wise), method of disposal of night soil, number of tap points etc. and electric connection available in the slums are presented in this statement.

PART A : VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY

Section I - Village Directory

(a) Note explaining the abbreviations used in the village directory

The "Village Directory" is one of the traditional compilations of the Census. It gives the list of villages, their location numbers, their area, population, number of households, amenities such as educational, medical, drinking water, post and telegraph, commercial and co-operative banks, agricultural non-agricultural and other credit societies, recreational and cultural facilities, communication, approach to village, nearest town with a distance, power supply, availability of newspaper and magazines, most important commodity manufactured and land use of each village.

Village is a statutory recognized unit having a definite boundary and separate land records. In case, a complete village is treated as an outgrowth of urban agglomeration, data on amenities for that village, have not been given in the Village Directory but shown along with the urban component. The villages which are considered as a Census Town , the amenities data are shown in the Town Directory. For those villages which have partly merged in an outgrowth of U.A., the amenities data are shown in the Village Directory for that particular village.

The 'un-inhabited' villages (villages with no population) have been indicated as such after furnishing details in Columns 1 to 3 i.e., Serial number, Name of village & location code number and area of the village against Column no. 4 to 18. The land use data for such villages are shown in Col. 19 to 23

The Village Directory format has 25 columns and the details given under each column for the village are as follows :

Columns 1 : Serial Number

Self explanatory. All the villages within the C D Block are presented serially in the ascending order of their location code number.

Columns 2 : Name and Location Code Number of village.

The name and location code number of the village are shown against these columns. This also includes the forest and uninhabited villages.

Column 3 : Area of the village

The area of the villages in hectares are given. Wherever the area figures was not furnished by the concerned department the column is left blank.

Column 4 : Total population

The total population of the village as per 2001 Census is given against this column.

Column 5 : Number of households

The number of households as per 2001 Census is given in this column.

Amenities :

In Column 6 to 23, availability in respect of different amenities such as education, medical, drinking water, post, telegraph, banks, credit societies, communication, power, approach road etc. in each village has been depicted with appropriate codes against the column concerned. Wherever the amenities are not available in the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz. <5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given. Column wise details are given below :

Column 6 : Educational

Classes upto class V included in Primary School. This will include nursery school, kindergarten school. Pre-basic School, pre-primary school, junior basic school upto Class V.

Classes from VI to VIII are included in the Middle School.

Classes IX and X are included in higher secondary school and Classes XI and XII are included in senior secondary school.

In case of composite schools like middle school with primary school or secondary school with middle school, these are also included in the number of primary and middle schools, respectively.

Accordingly any of the following types of institutions if exists within the village is shown as per codes given below :

(i)	Primary School	P
(ii)	Middle School	M
(iii)	Secondary School	S
(iv)	Senior Secondary School	PUC
(v)	College	C
(vi)	Industrial School	I
(vii)	Training School	Tr
(viii)	Adult literacy class/centre	AC
(ix)	Others (specify) e.g. Sanskrit Path-shala, Senior basic school, Navodaya Vidyalaya, Makhtab, etc.	O

More than one institution of a type in the village is indicated by the number within brackets against the abbreviation, e.g. P(3), M(4), etc.

Column 7 : Medical

Availability of medical facility within the village is indicated by the following codes :

(i)	Allopathic Hospital	H
	Ayurvedic Hospital	HA
	Unani Hospital	HU
	Homeopathic Hospital	H Hom
(ii)	Allopathic Dispensary	D
	Ayurvedic Dispensary	DA
	Unani Dispensary	DU
	Homeopathic Dispensary	D Hom
(iii)	Maternity & Child Welfare	MCW
(iv)	Maternity Home	MH
(v)	Child Welfare Centre	CWC
(vi)	Health Centre	HC
(vii)	Primary Health Centre	PHC
(viii)	Primary Health Sub-Centre	PHS
(ix)	Family Welfare Centre	FWC
(x)	T.B. Clinic	TB
(xi)	Nursing Home	NH
(xii)	Registered Private Medical Practitioner	RMP
(xiii)	Subsidised Medical Practitioner	SMP
(xiv)	Community Health Worker	CHW
(xv)	Others	O

More than one institution of a type in the village is indicated by the number within brackets against the abbreviations, e.g. H(3), D(4), etc.

Column 8 : Drinking Water

The type of the drinking water supply sources available within the village are indicated by codes as follows :

(i)	Tap Water	T
(ii)	Well Water	W
(iii)	Tank Water	TK
(iv)	Tubewell Water	TW
(v)	Handpump	HP
(vi)	River Water	R
(vii)	Canal	C
(viii)	Lake	L
(ix)	Spring	S
(x)	Others	O
(xi)	Summer Source	SS

Column 9 : Post, Telegraph and Telephone

It is indicated by codes as shown below whether within the village exists the following amenities:

(i)	Post Office	PO
(ii)	Telegraph Office	TO
(iii)	Post & Telegraph Office	PTO
(iv)	Telephone Connection	PH

Column 10 : Commercial and Co-operative Banks

If the village is served by any banking service, commercial bank, co-operative bank etc. the same is indicated in codes mentioned below along with the number of banks in brackets. If not available, the distance of nearest place where the facility exist is given:

(i)	Commercial Bank	CM
(ii)	Co-operative Bank	CP

Column 11: Credit Societies

If the village enjoys the services of Credit Societies i.e. Agricultural Credit Societies, Non Agricultural Credit Society or Other Credit Societies, the same is indicated in codes mentioned below along with the number of such societies in

brackets. In case the facility is not available within the village the distance of the nearest place where such facility exist is given :

(i)	Agricultural Credit Society	ACS
(ii)	Non-Agricultural Credit Society	NCS
(iii)	Other Credit Society	OCS

Column 12 : Recreational and cultural facilities

If facilities such as Cinema/Video hall, Sports Club, Stadium/Auditorium is available in the village, the same is recorded in these columns. If not available the particulars of the nearest place with the facility is recorded. The information is indicated in codes mentioned below along with the number of such facilities in brackets:

(i)	Cinema/Video Hall	CV
(ii)	Sports Club	SP
(iii)	Stadium/Auditorium	ST

Column 13 : Communications

If the village is served by any mode of public/ private transport like Bus, Railway station or Navigable water ways they are to be mentioned as follows :

(i)	Bus	BS
(ii)	Railway Station	RS
(iii)	Navigable Waterway	NW

Column 14 : Approach to village

Approach to village refers to the state of road leading to village. The approach to the village is indicated in the following codes :

(i)	Paved Road	PR
(ii)	Mud road	MR
(iii)	Foot path	FP
(iv)	Navigable River	NR
(v)	Navigable Canal	NC
(vi)	Navigable waterways other than River, Canal	NW

Column 15 : Nearest Town and distance

The distance is given in kilometers in brackets against the name of the town nearest to the village.

Column 16 : Power supply

Availability of Power Supply in the village, whatever may be the form of its use is given by using following codes :

(i)	Electricity for domestic use	ED
(ii)	Electricity for agricultural use	EAG
(iii)	Electricity for other purposes	EO
(iv)	Electricity for all purposes	EA

Column 17 : News Paper/Magazine

If village receives any News Paper/Magazines the same is noted in this column using following codes :

(i)	News Paper	N
(ii)	Magazine	M

Column 18 : Most important commodities manufactured

The name of three most important commodities manufactured in the village is recorded against this column.

Column 19 to 23 : Land use i.e. area under different types of land use

Land use data maintained by the State/U.T. Govts. are furnished against these columns. The data concerning area under Forest, Irrigated land (by source), Un-irrigated land, Culturable waste and Area not available for cultivation in the village are shown against these columns. The area figures are given in hectare(s) up to one decimal. Dash '-' is recorded wherever the information is not made available by the concerned department. The codes used for different types of irrigation facilities available in the village are indicated below :

(i)	Government Canal	GC
(ii)	Private Canal	PC
(iii)	Well (without electricity)	W
(iv)	Well (with electricity)	WE
(v)	Tubewell (without electricity)	TW
(vi)	Tubewell (with electricity)	TWE
(vii)	Tank	TK

(viii)	River	R
(ix)	Lake	L
(x)	Waterfall	WF
(xi)	Others	O
(xii)	Total	T

The village directory also carries the following appendices.

Appendix-I It gives the abstract of educational, medical and other amenities available in villages C D Block wise of the district.

Appendix-I-A Indicates number of villages C D Block wise having one or more primary schools.

Appendix-I-B Indicates number of villages C D Block wise having primary, middle and secondary schools.

Appendix-I-C Shows number of villages C D Block wise with different sources of drinking water facilities.

Appendix-II Indicates the list of villages with 5,000 and above population which do not have one or more important amenities.

Appendix-II-A Indicates list of Census Towns which do not have one or more amenities.

Appendix-III It gives the land utilization data in respect of Census Towns/non-municipal Towns.

Appendix-IV C D Block wise list of inhabited villages where no amenity other than drinking water facility is available.

Appendix-V Summary showing number of villages not having Scheduled Castes population.

Appendix-VI Summary showing number of villages not having Scheduled Tribes population.

Appendix-VII A, VII B

The appendix shows the list of villages according to proportion of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes to the total population by ranges.

Appendix-VIII Indicates C D Block wise number of villages under each Gram Panchayat.

(b) List of villages merged in towns and outgrowths at 2001 Census :

The district Mayurbhanj was having four statutory towns, namely, Baripada(M), Rairangpu(NAC),Udala (NAC) and Karanjia(NAC) in 1991 Census and no further new town has been created in 2001 Census. However, during these two census periods there are five villages merged in one town situated earlier. Similarly, one outgrowth at 2001 Census has been cropped up.

LIST OF VILLAGES FULLY MERGED IN TOWNS AND OUTGROWTHS AT 2001 CENSUS

Sl. No.	Name of village	Location code No.	Merged in towns and outgrowths
1	2	3	4
1.	Karatbasa	19/04/14/0115	Baripada(M)
2.	Jamunadeipur	19/04/13/0008	-do-
3.	Maharajpur	19/04/13/0021	-do-
4.	Bagdiha	19/04/13/0031	-do-
5.	Bhugudakata	19/04/13/0009	-do-
6.	Laxmiposi	19/04/13/0023	OG of Baripada(M)

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
MURUDA C.D. BLOCK - 0026

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
TIRING C.D. BLOCK - 0001

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : BAHALDA

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
BAHALDA C.D. BLOCK - 0002

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : JAMDA

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
JAMDA C.D. BLOCK - 0003

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : RAIRANGPUR

blank

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
RAIRANGPUR C.D. BLOCK - 0004

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : BIJATOLA

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
BIJATOLA C.D. BLOCK - 0005

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : KUSUMI

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
KUSUMI C.D. BLOCK - 0006

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : BISOI

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
BISOI C.D. BLOCK - 0007

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : JASHIPUR

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
JASHIPUR C.D. BLOCK - 0008

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : RARUAN

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
RARUAN C.D. BLOCK - 0009

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : SUKRULI

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
SUKRULI C.D. BLOCK - 0010

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : KARANJIA

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
KARANJIA C.D. BLOCK - 0011

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : THAKURMUNDA

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
THAKURMUNDA C.D. BLOCK - 0012

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : KAPTIPADA

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
KAPTIPADA C.D. BLOCK - 0013

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : UDALA

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
UDALA C.D. BLOCK - 0014

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : GOPABANDHUNAGAR

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
GOPABANDHUNAGAR C.D. BLOCK - 0015

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : KHUNTA

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
KHUNTA C.D. BLOCK - 0016

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : SHAMAKHUNTA

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
SHAMAKHUNTA C.D. BLOCK - 0017

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : BANGIRIPOSI

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
BANGIRIPOSI C.D. BLOCK - 0018

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : SARASKANA

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
SARASKANA C.D. BLOCK - 0019

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : KOLIANA

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
KOLIANA C.D. BLOCK - 0020

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : SULIAPADA

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
SULIAPADA C.D. BLOCK - 0021

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : BARIPADA

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
BARIPADA C.D. BLOCK - 0022

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : BARSANI

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
BARSANI C.D. BLOCK - 0023

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : BETANATI

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
BETANATI C.D. BLOCK - 0024

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : RASAGOBINDAPUR

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
RASAGOBINDAPUR C.D. BLOCK - 0025

MAP OF C . D. BLOCK : MURUDA

BLANK

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
MURUDA C.D. BLOCK - 0026

APPENDICES TO
VILLAGE DIRECTORY

APENDIX I - Village Directory

Abstract of Educational, Medical and other Amenities in villages - C.D. block level

Serial number	Name of C.D.block	Total number of inhabited villages	Total population of C.D. block	Educational institutions			
				Primary school		Middle school	
				Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Tiring	78	48,556	76	77	13	13
2	Bahalda	100	75,842	87	92	22	22
3	Jamda	78	55,801	73	78	17	17
4	Rairangpur	114	56,056	94	97	28	29
5	Bijatola	135	58,174	103	103	17	17
6	Kusumi	113	82,188	106	107	31	31
7	Bisoi	146	66,724	97	101	25	25
8	Jashipur	218	88,845	128	128	40	40
9	Raruan	102	59,041	85	89	32	32
10	Sukruli	86	52,239	75	78	22	22
11	Karanjia	154	81,390	113	113	34	34
12	Thakurmunda	172	90,115	109	114	34	35
13	Kaptipada	148	126,371	120	149	54	60
14	Udala	88	66,857	73	88	24	24
15	Gopabandhunagar	126	66,309	107	116	30	32
16	Khunta	126	68,528	96	101	38	38
17	Shamakhunta	119	67,169	78	78	19	19
18	Bangiriposi	212	91,603	115	132	36	36
19	Saraskana	184	89,374	115	121	31	31
20	Koliana	207	88,647	107	107	39	39
21	Suliapada	184	92,108	123	123	47	47
22	Baripada	100	58,414	71	82	25	27
23	Barsahi	211	130,850	165	179	60	61
24	Betanati	220	128,908	141	148	66	68
25	Rasagobindapur	164	83,632	109	110	56	56
26	Muruda	163	94,015	115	126	49	50
	District(Rural):	**3,748**	**2,067,756**	**2,681**	**2,837**	**889**	**905**

APENDIX I - Village Directory

Abstract of Educational, Medical and other Amenities in villages - C.D. block level

Serial number	Name of C.D.block	Educational institutions (contd.)							
		Matriculation / Secondary school		Higher Secondary / PUC / Intermediate / Junior college		College (graduate and above)		Adult literacy classes/centres	
		Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institution
1	2	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Tiring	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Bahalda	11	11	1	1	1	1	0	0
3	Jamda	10	10	2	2	0	0	0	0
4	Rairangpur	10	10	1	1	0	0	0	0
5	Bijatola	11	11	1	1	0	0	0	0
6	Kusumi	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Bisoi	11	11	2	2	1	1	0	0
8	Jashipur	17	17	1	1	1	1	0	0
9	Raruan	18	18	3	3	2	2	0	0
10	Sukruli	13	13	3	3	3	3	0	0
11	Karanjia	17	17	1	1	1	1	0	0
12	Thakurmunda	20	21	4	4	2	2	0	0
13	Kaptipada	26	29	3	3	3	3	0	0
14	Udala	14	14	1	1	1	1	0	0
15	Gopabandhunagar	19	21	3	3	2	2	0	0
16	Khunta	17	17	1	1	1	1	0	0
17	Shamakhunta	9	9	2	2	2	2	0	0
18	Bangiriposi	17	17	1	1	1	1	0	0
19	Saraskana	14	14	1	1	1	1	0	0
20	Koliana	17	17	2	2	1	1	0	0
21	Suliapada	25	25	1	1	0	0	0	0
22	Baripada	12	13	1	1	0	0	0	0
23	Barsahi	31	32	1	1	1	1	0	0
24	Betanati	30	30	3	3	3	3	0	0
25	Rasagobindapur	27	27	4	4	3	3	0	0
26	Muruda	31	31	2	2	2	2	0	0
	District(Rural):	**441**	**449**	**45**	**45**	**32**	**32**	**0**	**0**

APENDIX I - Village Directory

Abstract of Educational, Medical and other Amenities in villages - C.D. block level

Serial number	Name of C.D.block	Educational institutions (contd.)			Medical institutions					
		Others		No educational facilities	Hospital		Dispensary		Primary Health Centre / Health Centre	
		Villages	Institutions		Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions
1	2	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
1	Tiring	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	2	2
2	Bahalda	0	0	13	0	0	1	1	3	3
3	Jamda	4	6	5	0	0	2	2	3	3
4	Rairangpur	1	1	20	0	0	1	1	4	4
5	Bijatola	0	0	32	0	0	2	2	3	3
6	Kusumi	0	0	7	0	0	2	2	4	4
7	Bisoi	0	0	49	0	0	2	2	3	3
8	Jashipur	0	0	90	0	0	4	4	3	3
9	Raruan	4	4	17	0	0	3	3	4	4
10	Sukruli	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	2	2
11	Karanjia	0	0	41	0	0	2	2	3	3
12	Thakurmunda	0	0	63	1	1	2	2	4	4
13	Kaptipada	0	0	28	1	1	3	3	6	6
14	Udala	0	0	15	0	0	3	3	4	4
15	Gopabandhunagar	1	1	19	1	1	3	3	5	5
16	Khunta	0	0	30	0	0	2	2	3	3
17	Shamakhunta	0	0	41	0	0	3	3	4	4
18	Bangiriposi	1	1	97	1	1	3	3	5	5
19	Saraskana	1	1	69	0	0	2	2	4	4
20	Koliana	1	1	100	0	0	2	2	5	5
21	Suliapada	0	0	61	0	0	4	4	5	5
22	Baripada	1	1	29	0	0	1	1	2	2
23	Barsahi	0	0	46	1	1	6	6	5	5
24	Betanati	1	1	79	1	1	5	6	3	3
25	Rasagobindapur	1	3	55	0	0	4	4	4	4
26	Muruda	1	1	48	1	1	5	5	6	6
	District(Rural):	**17**	**21**	**1,067**	**7**	**7**	**68**	**69**	**99**	**99**

APENDIX I - Village Directory

Abstract of Educational, Medical and other Amenities in villages - C.D. block level

Sl. No	Name of C.D.block	Medical institutions (contd.)										
		Primary Health Sub-centre		Maternity and Child Welfare Centre / Maternity Home / Child Welfare Centre		Family Welfare Centre		Community Health Workers		Others		No medical facilities
		Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Numbers	Villages	Institutions	
1	2	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
1	Tiring	12	12	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	65
2	Bahalda	20	20	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	79
3	Jamda	15	15	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	62
4	Rairangpur	14	14	1	1	1	1	0	0	2	2	96
5	Bijatola	15	15	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	118
6	Kusumi	20	20	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	91
7	Bisoi	16	16	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	2	127
8	Jashipur	23	23	2	2	2	2	0	0	1	1	193
9	Raruan	15	15	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	85
10	Sukruli	11	11	1	1	1	1	0	0	2	2	73
11	Karanjia	20	20	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	130
12	Thakurmunda	19	19	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	151
13	Kaptipada	27	27	2	2	1	1	0	0	1	1	118
14	Udala	18	18	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	66
15	Gopabandhunagar	17	17	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	107
16	Khunta	17	17	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	107
17	Shamakhunta	17	17	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	100
18	Bangiriposi	22	22	2	2	1	1	0	0	2	2	186
19	Saraskana	21	21	1	1	1	1	0	0	2	2	160
20	Koliana	22	22	1	1	1	1	0	0	3	4	181
21	Suliapada	22	22	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	160
22	Baripada	12	12	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	86
23	Barsahi	33	33	2	2	1	1	0	0	2	2	174
24	Betanati	30	30	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	188
25	Rasagobindapur	17	17	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	146
26	Muruda	23	23	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	138
	District(Rural):	**498**	**498**	**34**	**34**	**27**	**27**	**0**	**0**	**18**	**20**	**3,187**

APENDIX I - Village Directory

Abstract of Educational, Medical and other Amenities in villages - C.D. block level

Sl. No	Name of C.D.block	Drinking water source									
		Tap	Well	Tank	Tubewell	River	Fountain	Canal	Others	More than one source	No drinking water facilities
1	2	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
1	Tiring	0	76	1	0	1	0	0	78	76	0
2	Bahalda	1	90	29	1	8	0	0	93	91	0
3	Jamda	0	76	59	0	16	3	1	69	77	0
4	Rairangpur	2	111	56	0	28	0	17	113	112	0
5	Bijatola	3	108	38	0	13	2	18	119	98	0
6	Kusumi	0	94	57	0	11	2	12	106	96	0
7	Bisoi	0	71	67	0	12	0	8	142	72	0
8	Jashipur	1	114	87	2	28	1	13	201	137	0
9	Raruan	3	93	3	0	3	0	0	102	95	0
10	Sukruli	0	80	79	1	5	0	1	84	81	0
11	Karanjia	1	135	86	1	41	3	13	140	139	0
12	Thakurmunda	2	128	20	0	21	0	0	170	134	0
13	Kaptipada	0	133	109	0	54	4	16	142	140	0
14	Udala	0	76	28	0	23	1	2	83	79	0
15	Gopabandhunagar	0	116	21	0	1	1	1	121	112	0
16	Khunta	0	125	63	1	20	4	3	120	122	0
17	Shamakhunta	0	105	58	0	5	1	14	113	103	0
18	Bangiriposi	0	122	99	0	61	0	2	207	178	1
19	Saraskana	12	173	137	0	30	0	2	162	179	0
20	Koliana	1	195	67	14	22	1	12	194	190	1
21	Suliapada	0	177	32	0	2	0	2	177	173	0
22	Baripada	3	97	47	1	1	0	5	97	96	0
23	Barsahi	1	200	176	30	56	4	6	207	206	0
24	Betanati	3	191	131	6	10	0	0	217	203	0
25	Rasagobindapur	9	153	119	30	26	1	1	161	156	0
26	Muruda	1	159	86	0	31	1	24	154	157	0
	District(Rural):	**43**	**3,198**	**1,755**	**87**	**529**	**29**	**173**	**3,572**	**3,302**	**2**

APENDIX I - Village Directory

Abstract of Educational, Medical and other Amenities in villages - C.D. block level

Sl. No	Name of C.D.block	Post, Telegraph & Telephone							Transport communications		
		Post office	Telegraph office	Post & telegraph office	Post office & phone	Telegraph office & phone	Post, telegraph office & phone	Phone	Bus service	Railway station	Navigable waterway
1	2	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
1	Tiring	8	0	0	2	0	0	3	10	0	0
2	Bahalda	13	0	1	1	0	1	3	21	2	1
3	Jamda	10	0	1	1	0	1	2	7	0	0
4	Rairangpur	14	0	1	1	0	1	4	33	1	2
5	Bijatola	10	0	0	1	0	0	1	14	0	1
6	Kusumi	17	0	1	2	0	1	11	12	3	1
7	Bisoi	16	0	1	0	0	1	1	31	0	0
8	Jashipur	21	0	1	3	0	1	6	24	0	4
9	Raruan	20	0	1	0	0	1	1	34	0	2
10	Sukruli	17	0	1	0	0	1	2	12	0	0
11	Karanjia	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	0
12	Thakurmunda	19	0	1	0	0	1	1	36	0	0
13	Kaptipada	36	0	1	6	0	1	9	56	0	0
14	Udala	27	0	0	3	0	0	3	20	0	2
15	Gopabandhunagar	26	0	2	6	0	1	16	70	0	0
16	Khunta	24	0	1	4	0	0	6	26	0	2
17	Shamakhunta	21	0	0	5	0	0	10	22	1	2
18	Bangiriposi	27	0	4	4	0	3	10	25	2	1
19	Saraskana	34	0	4	11	0	1	27	57	1	1
20	Koliana	37	0	1	10	0	1	21	31	1	0
21	Suliapada	33	0	0	10	0	0	17	39	0	0
22	Baripada	23	0	1	3	0	1	8	32	2	0
23	Barsahi	45	0	0	12	0	0	24	62	1	11
24	Betanati	50	0	5	12	0	5	27	65	2	0
25	Rasagobindapur	25	0	2	4	0	1	8	62	0	2
26	Muruda	45	0	0	4	0	0	6	41	1	0
	District(Rural):	**639**	**0**	**30**	**105**	**0**	**23**	**227**	**870**	**17**	**32**

APENDIX I - Village Directory

Abstract of Educational, Medical and other Amenities in villages - C.D. block level

Sl. No	Name of C.D.block	Banks		Power supply		Credit societies					
		Villages	Number of commercial and co-operative banks	Available	Not available	Villages	Number of agricultural credit societies	Villages	Number of non-agricultural credit societies	Villages	Number of other credit societies
1	2	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66
1	Tiring	3	3	58	20	1	1	0	0	0	0
2	Bahalda	7	8	68	32	1	1	3	3	0	0
3	Jamda	4	4	34	44	2	2	0	0	0	0
4	Rairangpur	4	4	68	46	2	2	0	0	0	0
5	Bijatola	3	4	58	77	3	3	0	0	0	0
6	Kusumi	6	6	80	33	3	3	0	0	0	0
7	Bisoi	5	6	54	92	2	2	0	0	0	0
8	Jashipur	6	8	83	135	2	2	0	0	1	1
9	Raruan	5	5	59	43	1	1	0	0	2	2
10	Sukruli	3	3	62	24	2	2	0	0	1	1
11	Karanjia	4	4	95	59	2	2	0	0	1	1
12	Thakurmunda	5	6	43	129	3	4	0	0	0	0
13	Kaptipada	8	8	77	71	5	5	0	0	2	2
14	Udala	4	4	55	33	3	3	0	0	1	1
15	Gopabandhunagar	6	7	84	42	4	4	1	1	1	1
16	Khunta	3	3	71	55	8	8	0	0	1	1
17	Shamakhunta	4	4	61	58	5	5	0	0	0	0
18	Bangiriposi	9	9	84	128	5	5	0	0	1	2
19	Saraskana	6	9	119	65	5	5	1	1	1	1
20	Koliana	7	7	107	100	3	3	2	2	1	1
21	Suliapada	4	4	140	44	6	7	1	1	2	2
22	Baripada	5	5	50	50	1	1	0	0	1	1
23	Barsahi	6	7	185	26	5	5	0	0	0	0
24	Betanati	8	9	189	31	4	4	2	2	2	2
25	Rasagobindapur	8	8	140	24	3	3	0	0	0	0
26	Muruda	8	9	110	53	4	4	0	0	2	2
	District(Rural):	**141**	**154**	**2,234**	**1,514**	**85**	**87**	**10**	**10**	**20**	**21**

APENDIX I - Village Directory

Abstract of Educational, Medical and other Amenities in villages - C.D. block level

Sl. No	Name of C.D.block	Recreational facility			Newspaper / Magazine		
		Cinema / Video hall	Sports club	Stadium / Auditorium/ Community hall	News paper	Magazine	News paper & Magazine
1	2	67	68	69	70	71	72
1	Tiring	0	0	0	20	18	18
2	Bahalda	3	0	0	15	10	10
3	Jamda	0	0	0	11	9	9
4	Rairangpur	0	0	0	10	3	3
5	Bijatola	0	0	0	7	4	4
6	Kusumi	1	2	0	50	21	21
7	Bisoi	3	0	0	51	19	19
8	Jashipur	0	0	0	54	13	13
9	Raruan	2	0	0	62	25	25
10	Sukruli	0	0	0	7	7	7
11	Karanjia	0	0	0	54	52	52
12	Thakurmunda	0	0	0	45	25	25
13	Kaptipada	1	0	0	45	30	29
14	Udala	0	0	0	26	5	5
15	Gopabandhunagar	0	0	0	66	36	35
16	Khunta	0	0	0	48	25	25
17	Shamakhunta	0	0	0	26	8	7
18	Bangiriposi	0	0	0	78	62	62
19	Saraskana	2	0	0	161	96	96
20	Koliana	0	0	0	48	32	32
21	Suliapada	0	0	0	67	55	55
22	Baripada	0	0	0	36	29	29
23	Barsahi	0	0	0	130	114	114
24	Betanati	3	2	0	187	175	175
25	Rasagobindapur	1	0	0	50	14	14
26	Muruda	0	0	0	60	37	37
	District(Rural):	**16**	**4**	**0**	**1,414**	**924**	**921**

APPENDIX 1A - Village Directory

Villages by number of Primary Schools

Name of the District:MAYURBHANJ

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Total number of inhabited villages	Number of primary schools				
			None	One	Two	Three	Four +
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Tiring	78	2	75	1	0	0
2	Bahalda	100	13	84	2	0	1
3	Jamda	78	5	68	5	0	0
4	Rairangpur	114	20	92	1	1	0
5	Bijatola	135	32	103	0	0	0
6	Kusumi	113	7	105	1	0	0
7	Bisoi	146	49	95	1	0	1
8	Jashipur	218	90	128	0	0	0
9	Raruan	102	17	82	2	1	0
10	Sukruli	86	11	73	1	1	0
11	Karanjia	154	41	113	0	0	0
12	Thakurmunda	172	63	105	3	1	0
13	Kaptipada	148	28	102	10	6	2
14	Udala	88	15	60	11	2	0
15	Gopabandhunagar	126	19	99	7	1	0
16	Khunta	126	30	93	2	0	1
17	Shamakhunta	119	41	78	0	0	0
18	Bangiriposi	212	97	98	17	0	0
19	Saraskana	184	69	109	6	0	0
20	Koliana	207	100	107	0	0	0
21	Suliapada	184	61	123	0	0	0
22	Baripada	100	29	62	7	2	0
23	Barsahi	211	46	155	8	1	1
24	Betanati	220	79	136	3	2	0
25	Rasagobindapur	164	55	108	1	0	0
26	Muruda	163	48	107	5	3	0
	District Total:	**3,748**	**1,067**	**2,560**	**94**	**21**	**6**

APPENDIX 1B - Village Directory

Villages by Primary, Middle and Secondary Schools

Name of the District:MAYURBHANJ

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Total number of inhabited villages	Type of educational institutions available			
			No School	At least one primary school and no middle school	At least one primary school and one middle school	At least one middle school and one secondary school
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Tiring	78	2	63	13	4
2	Bahalda	100	13	65	22	11
3	Jamda	78	5	56	17	10
4	Rairangpur	114	20	66	28	10
5	Bijatola	135	32	86	17	11
6	Kusumi	113	7	75	31	10
7	Bisoi	146	49	72	25	11
8	Jashipur	218	90	88	40	17
9	Raruan	102	17	53	32	18
10	Sukruli	86	11	53	22	13
11	Karanjia	154	41	79	34	17
12	Thakurmunda	172	63	75	34	20
13	Kaptipada	148	28	66	54	26
14	Udala	88	15	49	24	14
15	Gopabandhunagar	126	19	77	30	19
16	Khunta	126	30	58	38	17
17	Shamakhunta	119	41	59	19	9
18	Bangiriposi	212	97	79	36	17
19	Saraskana	184	69	84	31	14
20	Koliana	207	100	68	39	17
21	Suliapada	184	61	76	47	25
22	Baripada	100	29	46	25	12
23	Barsahi	211	46	105	60	31
24	Betanati	220	79	75	66	30
25	Rasagobindapur	164	55	53	56	27
26	Muruda	163	48	66	49	31
	Total:	**3,748**	**1,067**	**1,792**	**889**	**441**

APPENDIX 1C - Village Directory

Villages with different sources of drinking water facilities available

Name of the District:MAYURBHANJ

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Number of villages with different sources of drinking water available				
		Only tap	Only well	Only tube well	Only handpump	More than one source only from tap, well, tube well, handpump
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Tiring	0	0	0	2	76
2	Bahalda	0	4	0	2	84
3	Jamda	0	0	0	1	67
4	Rairangpur	0	0	0	0	111
5	Bijatola	0	14	0	20	94
6	Kusumi	0	2	0	13	88
7	Bisoi	0	3	0	70	68
8	Jashipur	0	9	0	52	104
9	Raruan	0	0	0	6	94
10	Sukruli	0	1	0	2	78
11	Karanjia	0	1	0	2	133
12	Thakurmunda	0	0	0	19	129
13	Kaptipada	0	3	0	2	129
14	Udala	0	2	0	7	71
15	Gopabandhunagar	0	5	0	9	111
16	Khunta	0	3	0	1	119
17	Shamakhunta	0	6	0	10	99
18	Bangiriposi	0	1	0	22	121
19	Saraskana	0	1	0	1	163
20	Koliana	0	9	0	2	184
21	Suliapada	0	5	0	2	171
22	Baripada	0	3	0	1	94
23	Barsahi	0	1	0	3	193
24	Betanati	0	0	0	17	188
25	Rasagobindapur	0	0	0	7	153
26	Muruda	0	5	0	1	150
	District Total:	**0**	**78**	**0**	**274**	**3,072**

APPENDIX II - Village Directory

Villages with 5,000 and above population which do not have one or more amenities

Name of the District:MAYURBHANJ

Serial number	Name of village	Location code number	Name of C. D. block	Population	Amenities not available (indicate N. A. where amenity not available						
					Senior Secondary School	College	Primary Health Sub Centre	Tap drinking water	Bus facility	Approach by Pucca road	Comm-ercial Bank
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

There is no such village in the district

APPENDIX II - A Census Town

Census Towns which do not have one or more amenities

Name of the District:MAYURBHANJ

Serial number	Name of census town	Location code number	Name of C. D. block	Population	Amenities not available (indicate N. A. where amenity not available)						
					Senior Secondary School	College	Health Centre	Tap drinking water	Bus facility	Approach by Pucca road	Banks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

There is no such census town in the district

APPENDIX III Census Town

Land utilisation data in respect of Census Towns / non-municipal towns

Name of the District : Mayurbhanj

Serial number	Name of Census town and C.D. block within brackets	Land use (i.e., area under different types of land use in hectare)					
		Total area	Forest	Irrigated by source	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar & groves)	Area not available for cultivation
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

There is no census town in the district

APPENDIX IV - Village Directory

C.D. block wise list of inhabited villages where no amenity other than drinking water facility is available

Name of the District:MAYURBHANJ

Serial number	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
Name of CD Block: Tiring		
		Nil
Name of CD Block: Bahalda		
1	00769500	Palsahill
2	00769700	Patambeda
3	00770500	Nuagan
4	00770900	Dublabeda
5	00771700	Chirkuniposi
6	00776700	Debradihi Hill
7	00777000	Patakadihi
8	00780500	Chahalapada
Name of CD Block: Jamda		
9	00777700	Gopinathghutu
10	00779500	Bitadihi
11	00788500	Badedihi
12	00789400	Tendirahill-Ii
Name of CD Block: Rairangpur		
13	00791200	Kautuka
14	00792000	Kalarabani
15	00792700	Dahupani
16	00793600	Dudhachua
17	00793700	Sanjari
18	00794600	Gidighaty
19	00795800	Bhesrakacha
20	00795900	Gorumahisanihill
21	00796200	Betpani
22	00805000	Kukurjharan
23	00817500	Palasbani
Name of CD Block: Bijatola		
24	00792900	Fulbadia
25	00793000	Ketabeda
26	00796800	Tulasibani
27	00797500	Kasipani
28	00798600	Tiakati
29	00798900	Dhantangarhill
30	00799100	Daleidihi
31	00799200	Henselgoda
32	00799400	Lado
33	00799500	Hatisal
34	00801100	Bhadupani
35	00801200	Gohalhill
36	00801300	Tandipani
37	00801400	Sijuhill
38	00801500	Badbill
39	00801600	Hillblock
40	00801900	Khejurihill
41	00802100	Kuali
42	00802300	Kakudiruma
43	00802500	Betjharanhill
44	00802700	Balarampurhill
45	00803300	Bantaligoda
46	00803600	Kendua
47	00806500	Kumbhirda
48	00806900	Dunguri
49	00807100	Baigankudar
50	00814000	Khadiasol
51	00814600	Khandadera
Name of CD Block: Kusumi		
52	00811200	Khejuripada
53	00811800	Ghodadega
54	00823700	Kusunpur
55	00825600	Bhuyanbasa
Name of CD Block: Bisoi		
56	00804200	Kuajhari
57	00828900	Hill Block Dhenkia
58	00829000	Jedelghutu
59	00829600	Laxmiposi
60	00829900	Edelbeda
61	00830200	Fuljhara
62	00830700	Hatichhad
63	00830800	Tarana
64	00831300	Argalbindha
65	00831500	Keshargadia
66	00831800	Sagajodi
67	00832700	Satsul
68	00832900	Handifuta
69	00833100	Thulukchatani
70	00833200	Parabhadi
71	00833400	Mangalpur
72	00834000	Tentiduma
73	00834700	Burudihi
74	00835100	Bhurudukala
75	00835200	Pahadabhanga
76	00835500	Sarupani
77	00835800	Dabanki
78	00836500	Jamudihi
79	00836900	Chaturisahi
80	00838100	Dhangidimuta
81	00838300	Dhalabeda
82	00839000	Baghiatangar
83	00841300	Raikadkacha
84	00841400	Raikadkachahill
85	00841500	Kasipani
86	00841800	Sanrangamatia
87	00842000	Asanbani
88	00843200	Chuakankar
89	00843300	Dantuani
90	00843800	Ektali
91	00843900	Pankhi
92	00844000	Bisoihill
93	00844400	Ghodabandha
Name of CD Block: Jashipur		
94	01116400	Tangurusahi
95	01117300	Baliaban
96	01117400	Ashokihill

Serial number	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
97	01117600	Hill Blockno-Ii
98	01118100	Sinduria
99	01118300	Ramachandrapur
100	01118500	Ambatalia
101	01118800	Sanmaranda
102	01118900	Badaduma
103	01119900	Pahadpur
104	01123800	Jodidiha
105	01123900	Tuntuna
106	01124500	Laxmiposi
107	01124600	Maharajpur
108	01124800	Machhakandana
109	01124900	Maharajpurhill
110	01125000	Bargiput
111	01125500	Chahala
112	01125600	Brundaban
113	01126200	Kadalibadihill
114	01127100	Jokjhari
115	01127500	Gokarnabindha
116	01131400	Kundagad
117	01131900	Rajpal
118	01132000	Asanabani
119	01132100	Kolajhari
120	01132200	Chakundakacha
121	01132300	Haladia
122	01132600	Nuniagoda
123	01132700	Sanasoki
124	01132900	Rautala
125	01133000	Kalikaprasad
126	01133300	Baranga
127	01134800	Chaturisahi
128	01135200	Badbadaposi
129	01136900	Nangalsila
130	01137100	Baragadia
131	01137200	Kiajhari
132	01137300	Kanchikina
133	01137600	Ghaniaposi
134	01138100	Uttaransa
135	01138200	Tamakasili
136	01138300	Bilapaka
137	01138400	Kolha
138	01138500	Bandirabasa
139	01138600	Fulabadia
140	01138700	Jajadihi
141	01138900	Netraghosra
142	01139100	Chandikhaman
143	01139300	Saharpat
144	01139400	Khediadunguri
145	01139500	Kusumi
146	01140000	Bhradachua
147	01140100	Kabatghai
148	01140300	Kuanribil
149	01140400	Lembujharan
150	01140500	Bakua
151	01140600	Jamunagarh
152	01140700	Jenabil
153	01140900	Budhabalanga
154	01141000	Saruda
155	01141500	Jurunda
156	01141600	Kukurbhuka
157	01141700	Nikhirda
158	01141800	Hillblock
159	01141900	Panchudahan
160	01142000	Balikhal
161	01142100	Makabadi
162	01142200	Badmakabadi
163	01142300	Gopinathpur
164	01142400	Dhuduruchampa
Name of CD Block: Raruan		
165	01120400	Chamarasahi
166	01120600	Udayasahi
167	01122300	Panchudala
168	01143300	Futkarsahi
169	01144700	Batisahi
170	01145000	Reghasahi
171	01146000	Sanakesari
172	01146400	Banakati
173	01146900	Mahuladiha
Name of CD Block: Sukruli		
174	01149200	Ghadeikudar
175	01153800	Baradapal
176	01156400	Majurasahi
177	01157300	Jamubani
178	01158600	Pokharia
Name of CD Block: Karanjia		
179	01101200	Badposi
180	01101500	Satakiari
181	01102100	Dumbisahi
182	01102300	Thianali
183	01103100	Jhatiali
184	01103300	Dhalabani
185	01109200	Sanbarahkamuda
186	01109400	Dibigarh
187	01110100	Ambaduma
188	01110300	Pakamunda
189	01111800	Ranibholorofkalodar
190	01112000	Pahadpur
191	01112100	Laxmiposi
192	01112200	Ramjodi
193	01112300	Burudihi
194	01112500	Anlakata
195	01112600	Budhigan
196	01113700	Sudiam
197	01114300	Gapalpur
198	01114400	Bhalughar
199	01114500	Balibhal
200	01114700	Thakurjharan
201	01114800	Jamunalia
Name of CD Block: Thakurmunda		
202	01083700	Jangal Block Samil Sudarsanpur

Serial number	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
203	01083800	Asanbani
204	01085000	Kokanda
205	01085300	Sanbaliposi
206	01086200	Banamunda
207	01087300	Jharjhari
208	01087400	Asurkhal
209	01087500	Jambani
210	01087600	Baula
211	01087700	Satkosiaamal Nama Hill Block
212	01087900	Satkosia Forest Cluster
213	01088100	Kundei
214	01088200	Satabedi
215	01088300	Balidiha
216	01088400	Chaulajhari
217	01088600	Kanjiapal
218	01089000	Baghamara
219	01089600	Khadidamak
220	01089700	Rugudisahi
221	01090000	Nuagaon
222	01090100	Debasthali
223	01090200	Meghasani
224	01090300	Upper Barahakamuda
225	01090400	Patbil
226	01090500	Bahaghar
227	01090700	Kasibeda
228	01091000	Khuntakata
229	01091200	Jadibeda
230	01091700	Dangapani
231	01092100	Kandadhanu
232	01092300	Dhirol
233	01092500	Jamudiha
234	01092600	Kadapani
235	01093100	Oriam
236	01093700	Kasibania
237	01094500	Nipania
238	01094600	Kaliaposi
239	01094900	Lokanathpur
240	01095200	Kalasira
241	01095600	Sanarugudibeda
242	01095700	Dangasila
243	01095900	Bholpada
244	01096000	Patiapada
245	01096200	Andharikhaman
246	01096300	Bandhagan
247	01096400	Khejuria
248	01096600	Basantpur
249	01096700	Guhaldihi
250	01097300	Panasa Diha
251	01097700	Majuraposi
252	01098200	Nundiha
253	01098300	Laxmiposi
254	01098600	Banki
255	01098900	Danuabaliposi
256	01099100	Betajhari
257	01099400	Badbil
258	01100100	Baghamunda
Name of CD Block: Kaptipada		
259	01060900	Khadimadaranga
260	01061700	Hill Block No-0161
261	01068400	Kantiali
262	01069200	Hill Block No-171
263	01070000	Gheepura
264	01073800	Ghuntabani
265	01074000	Khetpada
266	01076000	Sagunabasa
267	01076800	Singidida
268	01077600	Hill Block No-31
269	01079300	Phulbadia Hill Block
270	01079800	Thakurasahi
271	01081400	Kumudabadi
272	01081800	Sripadamanjaripur
273	01082200	Prafullachandrapur
274	01082400	Sukhuapata Hill
275	01082500	Kathachua
Name of CD Block: Udala		
276	01058600	Pagodadar
277	01061200	Kainthaora
278	01061300	Nuasahi
279	01061500	Uttarpal
280	01062300	Rangamatia
281	01065200	Hillblock No-26
282	01067300	Bhanjbasa
283	01077100	Hill Block No-89
284	01077500	Hill Block No-28
Name of CD Block: Gopabandhunagar		
285	01041900	Sahadagadi
286	01052300	Bidyadharapur
287	01063300	Sialagat
288	01064300	Kalimeghi
Name of CD Block: Khunta		
289	01034700	Betna
290	01035500	Kenduhata
291	01035700	Raigadi
292	01036100	Tiakati
293	01036300	Gameighati
294	01036800	Bhuruduchampa
295	01037100	Ranipal
296	01038800	Tulasibani
297	01038900	Mahanpur
298	01039000	Taladiha
299	01039300	Jharia
300	01039700	Dabak
301	01040100	Jadidar
302	01040300	Gopalpur
303	01040700	Salabani
304	01041500	Badsatsol
305	01044900	Raghunathpur
306	01046200	Kadadiha
307	01046300	Kadapalasa
308	01055700	Bankigadi

Serial number	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
Name of CD Block: Shamakhunta		
309	00908500	Jhilribani
310	00909200	Akarsila
311	00909500	Chanabadia
312	00909600	Bishnupal
313	00914500	Kendudiha
314	00915700	Garupal
315	00920500	Jogendradasjot
316	00920700	Krushnachandrapur
317	00921000	Purunapani
318	00921300	Laxmiposi
319	00921400	Bhundapal
320	00921600	Khasadiha
321	00921800	Jungle Block
322	00921900	Enayatpur
323	00922500	Kakarpani
324	00923600	Nantasahi
325	00925100	Golagadia
326	00926900	Jhinkpal
327	00927000	Pundra
328	00927200	Hatimara
329	00935300	Gomundi
Name of CD Block: Bangiriposi		
330	00845300	Ramchandrapur
331	00846300	Laxmiposi
332	00846600	Kamalpur
333	00846800	Bhalupahadi (Hill Block)
334	00847100	Kasiabeda
335	00847200	Sikarbhanga
336	00848800	Sagunasul
337	00848900	Malidihi
338	00849400	Kanimahuli
339	00849600	Chaulgheri
340	00849800	Saripada
341	00850200	Sirasahi
342	00850500	Gohirapal
343	00850700	Pindargadia
344	00850900	Bhagirathipur
345	00851100	Kamalpur
346	00851200	Laxmiposi
347	00851600	Sasadapal
348	00851900	Jhilidam
349	00852000	Jualikata
350	00852100	Randasahi
351	00853500	Mahilalpur
352	00853800	Sitaldhar
353	00854800	Damsole
354	00855700	Gauddiha
355	00856000	Bhaliadahar
356	00857000	Panasdiha
357	00857200	Karanjiapal
358	00858300	Hillblock
359	00858500	Chadheipahadi
360	00858600	Uperbharadasul
361	00858700	Nuagan
362	00858800	Matikhani
363	00858900	Jamugadia
364	00859300	Gopalpur
365	00859500	Asansikar
366	00859900	Sannedam
367	00860400	Betjharan
368	00860500	Kumbhirmundi
369	00860600	Hatibari
370	00860700	Sarbania
371	00860900	Baunsapahadi
372	00861000	Majhigan
373	00861400	Mohanpur
374	00862100	Kadamdiha
375	00862200	Rengalbeda
376	00862400	Dhadipani
377	00862500	Dantiakacha
378	00862700	Kusumtota
379	00862800	Chakidi
380	00863000	Kukurbhuka
381	00863100	Khadighati
382	00863200	Jamtalia
383	00863300	Basilakacha
384	00863400	Amdapani
385	00863600	Jerkani
386	00863700	Baribeda
387	00863800	Fuljhara
388	00863900	Bhaduakacha
389	00864100	Rajabasa
390	00864500	Majhigan
391	00864700	Badamtalia
392	00865200	Tangiabasa
393	00865300	Hillblock
394	00865800	Pandubadi
395	00865900	Purunapani
396	00866400	Panasdiha
397	00867000	Tila
398	00867100	Kalapathar
399	00867200	Gopalpur
400	00867300	Ramharipur
Name of CD Block: Saraskana		
401	00867400	Hill Block-1
402	00868300	Fuljharan
403	00868400	Ghuma
404	00868900	Hill -2
405	00869200	Hill Block
406	00869300	Pimpudijharan
407	00869700	Kalapani
408	00869800	Balidiha
409	00870600	Bhadua Samil Bachhuribandh
410	00871500	Saragchainda
411	00872200	Karunasul
412	00872300	Dakhinsul
413	00872900	Sunamuhin
414	00873500	Gopinathpur
415	00875400	Dhendgan

Serial number	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
416	00876600	Kumbhari
417	00876800	Machhakandana
418	00877300	Jogitofa
419	00877500	Brundabanpur
420	00877600	Kisanpur
421	00878400	Balabhadrapur
422	00878800	Kandalia
423	00879300	Mohanala
424	00879900	Salbani
425	00883300	Arjundiha
426	00884800	Gadadharpur
427	00885500	Kumbhirmundi
428	00886300	Sijua
429	00886800	Nagadihi
Name of CD Block: Koliana		
430	00887800	Srichandanpur
431	00887900	Nuhamalia
432	00888000	Baragenja
433	00888300	Bankaanla
434	00888500	Nagrasol
435	00888600	Ghuntabani
436	00888700	Balichaturi
437	00888800	Saluabeda
438	00888900	Banadav
439	00889200	Tulasibani
440	00889300	Kaladam
441	00889400	Jamsul
442	00889800	Nayadudhiasole
443	00890200	Madhapur
444	00890900	Bholabeda
445	00891900	Badtalia
446	00892100	Tubulbhadu
447	00892500	Rathasol
448	00893200	Ramkadali
449	00895700	Fuljhara
450	00897700	Gadubhanga
451	00897900	Raghunathpur
452	00898600	Dublabeda
453	00899800	Adapal
454	00900200	Sanbadtalia
455	00901000	Tolakchuin
456	00901300	Bangan
457	00901900	Titiri
458	00902400	Binjhabani
459	00902600	Srichandanpur
460	00902700	Barudihi
461	00903000	Mundhabani
462	00903400	Gidhibas
463	00903700	Tiringidihi
464	00903800	Dantamusal
465	00905700	Athagandi
466	00905900	Chandabilla
467	00906400	Sagunapada
468	00907400	Budhidahan
469	00909300	Kathpal
470	00910200	Salbani
471	00910300	Mangarajia
472	00910700	Jogadiha
473	00910800	Panasbeda
474	00910900	Jogadihasamil Jhatikaram
475	00911100	Kakrisul
476	00911300	Chaulagheri
477	00911600	Jambhiripal
478	00912000	Dimpal
479	00912600	Daha Munda
480	00912700	Dhanukdiha
481	00913200	Saradiha
482	00913300	Santisole
483	00915500	Kaniabuda
484	00918400	Tumuda
485	00918500	Gaighati
486	00918600	Manasmundia
487	00919800	Ambadiha
488	00924800	Bhutiapada
Name of CD Block: Suliapada		
489	00891400	Podadiha
490	00891600	Jhaliamara
491	00891800	Taldiha
492	00894200	Kamarpal
493	00894400	Adiamara
494	00894600	Andarjoda
495	00895800	Nabedhi
496	00897100	Sampura
497	00898800	Podugirisole
498	00899300	Budamara
499	00936200	Sannachna
500	00936700	Tadki
501	00937000	Ghanaghana
502	00937900	Dhobanisole
503	00938200	Sansasole
504	00938300	Bhandarisul
505	00939100	Baikunthapur
506	00939900	Purunapani
507	00942100	Kankini
508	00942300	Kalajhari
509	00942500	Palasdiha
510	00943600	Sanbhadua
511	00944800	Kiajhari
512	00945500	Nedasul
513	00949600	Kotharikata
514	00951300	Kukudajodi
Name of CD Block: Baripada		
515	00930400	Kukudajodi
516	00931300	Tarana
517	00931600	Balidam
518	00931700	Nayaradhanagar
519	00932100	Ranibhol
520	00932300	Debakisul
521	00932400	Nuadihi
522	00932700	Kasipal

Serial number	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
523	00932800	Baidipur
524	00933800	Henseldihi
525	00933900	Kumbharduvi
526	00934000	Badpeta
527	00964200	Jagannathpur
528	00965500	Sarusole
529	00967400	Kanchannagar
530	00967500	Kundhei
531	00971200	Binodpur
Name of CD Block: Barsahi		
532	01013700	Nayabrajanandapur
533	01014200	Madhapanda
534	01015300	Prativapur
535	01015600	Chekamara
536	01016900	Bargadi
537	01018500	Panduapidha
538	01021100	Kanjikula-Ii
539	01025600	Purunapani
540	01029600	Guhalmara
541	01030300	Pandupal
Name of CD Block: Betanati		
542	00972800	Ramchandrapur
543	00973200	Dariha Samilhatudi
544	00975100	Podapada
545	00994200	Kusumpura
546	00995100	Saradiha
547	00995300	Baghabasa
548	00995700	Jamsuli
549	00995900	Chahalapada
550	00996000	Purunapani
551	00998400	Murukundia
552	01003000	Thakurtota
553	01009200	Belbaria
554	01012800	Bishnupur
555	01012900	Banamalipur
556	01013100	Mahisasul
Name of CD Block: Rasagobindapur		
557	00975800	Nayasul
558	00977100	Tupura
559	00979100	Sunakania
560	00983100	Nuasahi
561	00983200	Chirkunipada
562	00983600	Ghagara
563	00984700	Bankati
564	00985400	Dhilajagatpur
565	00989900	Ranisarai
566	00990800	Dhansol
567	00992300	Moroda
Name of CD Block: Muruda		
568	00952200	Mahulkundia Samil Hatibari
569	00954100	Dhireidihi
570	00954200	Badsol
571	00954400	Andhari
572	00954600	Majana
573	00957200	Ghagra

APPENDIX IV - Village Directory

C.D. block wise list of inhabited villages where no amenity other than drinking water facility is available

Name of the District:MAYURBHANJ

Serial number	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
574	00957300	Chikitamatia
575	00957800	Kanjiamunda
576	00959100	Baligadia
577	00960000	Khadikasol
578	00960100	Bhadrasol
579	00960900	Bholaghati
580	00966600	Jhinkiriasol
581	00966900	Jamugadha
582	00970000	Satsole
583	00970400	Salakata
584	00971700	Dakoiamalanama
585	00971800	Tadki
586	00972100	Sangadi
587	00972700	Purusottampur

APPENDIX V - Village Directory

Summary showing number of villages not having Scheduled Castes population

Serial number	Name of C.D. block	Total villages	Uninhabited villages	Inhabited villages	Number of inhabited villages having no Scheduled Castes population
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Tiring	80	2	78	27
2	Bahalda	104	4	100	41
3	Jamda	79	1	78	32
4	Rairangpur	119	5	114	53
5	Bijatola	155	20	135	83
6	Kusumi	114	1	113	45
7	Bisoi	156	10	146	81
8	Jashipur	229	11	218	138
9	Raruan	110	8	102	38
10	Sukruli	90	4	86	23
11	Karanjia	156	2	154	60
12	Thakurmunda	173	1	172	66
13	Kaptipada	148	0	148	63
14	Udala	89	1	88	46
15	Gopabandhunagar	129	3	126	49
16	Khunta	129	3	126	87
17	Shamakhunta	136	17	119	77
18	Bangiriposi	227	15	212	128
19	Saraskana	200	16	184	96
20	Koliana	235	28	207	123
21	Suliapada	193	9	184	112
22	Baripada	103	3	100	63
23	Barsahi	224	13	211	96
24	Betanati	226	6	220	88
25	Rasagobindapur	177	13	164	89
26	Muruda	169	6	163	93
	District Total:	**3,950**	**202**	**3,748**	**1,897**

APPENDIX VI - Village Directory

Summary showing number of villages not having Scheduled Tribes population

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Total villages	Uninhabited villages	Inhabited villages	Number of inhabited villages having no Scheduled Tribes population
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Tiring	80	2	78	3
2	Bahalda	104	4	100	0
3	Jamda	79	1	78	0
4	Rairangpur	119	5	114	6
5	Bijatola	155	20	135	0
6	Kusumi	114	1	113	0
7	Bisoi	156	10	146	2
8	Jashipur	229	11	218	10
9	Raruan	110	8	102	2
10	Sukruli	90	4	86	2
11	Karanjia	156	2	154	5
12	Thakurmunda	173	1	172	4
13	Kaptipada	148	0	148	5
14	Udala	89	1	88	6
15	Gopabandhunagar	129	3	126	12
16	Khunta	129	3	126	0
17	Shamakhunta	136	17	119	12
18	Bangiriposi	227	15	212	4
19	Saraskana	200	16	184	19
20	Koliana	235	28	207	13
21	Suliapada	193	9	184	18
22	Baripada	103	3	100	0
23	Barsahi	224	13	211	13
24	Betanati	226	6	220	18
25	Rasagobindapur	177	13	164	13
26	Muruda	169	6	163	17
	District Total:	**3,950**	**202**	**3,748**	**184**

APPENDIX VII A- Village Directory

List of villages according to the proportion of the Scheduled Castes to the total population by ranges

Name of the District:MAYURBHANJ

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
Name of CD Block: Tiring		
Less than 5		
	00768400	Raibadi
	00763900	Jadunathpur
	00765400	Badagobara
	00768700	Janghia
	00764500	Ranisahi
	00773700	Rambeda
	00774300	Dhobadhobani
	00768000	Poda
	00768100	Jirai
	00766500	Jambani
	00773100	Lupung
	00766900	Badasadam
	00765300	Jata
	00764400	Badasiajang
	00767000	Sansadam
	00767600	Dinasasan
	00775300	Nischintapur
	00773900	Maghua
	00765900	Badabhundu
5-10		
	00766400	Raghunathpur
	00767300	Sidadihi
	00773600	Nandhua
	00766700	Singidi
	00765500	Talasa
	00774100	Badanarayani
	00764200	Sankumrum
	00772900	Baliasahi
	00764300	Sansiajang
	00773400	Tudukam
	00767400	Pandupani
	00772800	Badadalima
	00769100	Dalajodi
	00774400	Henseldihi
	00768600	Dubalabeda
	00767200	Podachakidi
	00766100	Tiringidihi
	00774900	Bhagabandh
	00767500	Kayamdihi
	00765100	Changua
	00775100	Sandalima
11-20		
	00765700	Sanbhundu
	00768900	Debradihi
	00766800	Nuagan
	00767100	Pokharia
	00764000	Gitilata
	00774200	Sindrighutu
	00764100	Badakumrum
21-30		
	00764800	Nuadihi
31-40		
	00768500	Hensadihi
	00773800	Bijoybasa
76 and above		
	00775000	Rengalbeda
Name of CD Block: Bahalda		
Less than 5		
	00776900	Sagjodi
	00772100	Bhaktamahulpani
	00781400	Pahadpur
	00771200	Gopinathpur
	00781900	Tikhia
	00780300	Tangarjoda
	00776800	Fatatangar
	00780200	Dalasora
	00778100	Kanki
	00777900	Jhadgan
	00780600	Asana
	00781500	Bhursa
	00770600	Sapghera
	00775900	Indokholi
	00772200	Kendua
	00779600	Tentala
	00782000	Kasipur
	00781800	Jambani
	00783300	Saraspada
	00778300	Bahalda
	00772600	Badepataka
	00771500	Majhigan
	00776600	Dabradihi
	00779900	Kumbhirda
	00780900	Kumbhirmundi
	00782200	Anlajodi
5-10		
	00772300	Ulidihi
	00778000	Bagdega
	00782600	Guhaldangiri
	00776400	Bhagabandi
	00769800	Badkedam
	00771300	Jharadihi
	00769200	Bagedihi
	00780700	Sagadabhanga
	00779800	Soso
	00775500	Binjhua
	00778200	Kulgi
	00783000	Gunduria
	00769700	Patambeda

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00770000	Suruda
	00770100	Jashipur
	00782800	Kathakuluta
	00783500	Gambharia
	00775700	Gayalkata
11-20		
	00775400	Sunaposi
	00772500	Badapalsa
	00783400	Bamanbosh
	00782700	Jahirkuluta
	00782900	Sijukala
	00784000	Basingi
	00776100	Tarana
	00771400	Malikedam
	00783900	Kachanda
	00771100	Pokharia
	00776000	Gidighaty
21-30		
	00783800	Runjudihi
	00781600	Kantasola
31-40		
	00771000	Bhaleidihi
51-75		
	00784100	Kadamdiha
Name of CD Block: Jamda		
Less than 5		
	00786100	Heselpata
	00784300	Badakuleibira
	00777600	Sandundu
	00787400	Tarana
	00786400	Mahiskudar
	00777800	Badadundu
	00777200	Chapada
	00788900	Khairpal
	00779200	Barudihi
	00790100	Chandikhaman
	00787900	Jamda
	00785300	Rangamatia
	00786800	Kankha
	00787300	Bhadusahi
	00789900	Hensada
	00778400	Raghunathpur
	00788800	Matiali
	00777400	Dumar
	00788700	Dhalpur
	00786300	Bandaduma
	00785700	Sankuleibira
5-10		
	00787600	Manbir
	00778800	Dalki
	00789800	Basantapur
	00787200	Belposi
	00784200	Gohira
	00778700	Maranda
	00786900	Talgan
	00786000	Kudahansa
	00785200	Ghumal
	00784900	Jarkani
	00788000	Deukundi
11-20		
	00784700	Rugudidihi
	00785000	Guduta
	00785900	Badasiha
	00789200	Tendera
	00786200	Harilabeda
	00788200	Mugudi
	00787100	Kainpur
	00785500	Bhagabeda
	00788100	Rumapahadi
	00787800	Madhupur
21-30		
	00786600	Laxmiposi
	00788300	Kandasar
41-50		
	00778600	Redam
	00789300	Amalabeda
Name of CD Block: Rairangpur		
Less than 5		
	00792200	Chapal
	00819300	Bhalubasa
	00816400	Tamalbandh
	00793800	Kukudimundi
	00805300	Badgan
	00792400	Dhatikidihi
	00819700	Gopalbandha
	00795800	Bhesrakacha
	00790800	Ruansi
	00818600	Dahanimari
	00817900	Sanchampauda
	00796100	Katupit
	00794400	Kapilkudar
	00792500	Sudarsanpur
	00809500	Neuti
	00817200	Anandpur
5-10		
	00818000	Dubulabeda
	00817100	Purunapani
	00795100	Sundhal
	00818300	Sijukala
	00790900	Jhulan
	00818900	Nuagaon
	00817600	Godigan
	00809400	Budhamara
	00817300	Kantabani
	00819100	Badbaikala
	00794300	Tolak

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00795700	Gorumahisani
	00793900	Udayapur
	00817700	Sanpakhana
	00809700	Naujoda
	00805600	Badada
	00791600	Totanetra
	00804700	Haldibani
11-20		
	00792300	Kolidiha
	00795300	Badmauda
	00792100	Jamupani
	00818400	Champarei
	00816900	Dandbose
	00819400	Naghban
	00795400	Sanmauda
	00819800	Mahisaneda
	00819200	Tilaposi
	00794700	Hatia
	00795500	Kuleisila
	00804600	Gandida
	00794100	Naupada
21-30		
	00805500	Tulsibani
	00809600	Sunaposi
	00819500	Sindurgouri
	00804500	Khejuri
	00795600	Nodhabani
	00804400	Niranjan
	00791700	Guhaldangri
	00818500	Halda
	00809300	Musabani
31-40		
	00819600	Chilikaposi
	00795200	Balitangiri
41-50		
	00809200	Samardafa
51-75		
	00794200	Jamubani
	00818700	Nadiaposi
Name of CD Block: Bijatola		
Less than 5		
	00808000	Patpur
	00814900	Jadachua
	00806400	Birkham
	00804000	Jamda
	00801700	Kumbhardubi
	00808300	Damudibeda
	00800200	Sargoda
	00803800	Amdabeda
	00814800	Karkachia
	00820500	Bharandia
	00797800	Chadeipahadi
	00815100	Tulsibani
	00815400	Ektali
	00806600	Badamtalia
	00802300	Kakudiruma
	00808600	Bantali
	00806800	Pokharia
	00814200	Baliadhipa
	00807700	Jodia
	00814100	Bankati
	00803000	Manikpur
	00802000	Khejuri
	00807600	Badjharan
	00808800	Chhanpal
	00813400	Jodapokhari
	00801000	Arjunpani
	00808700	Khandadeuli
5-10		
	00816100	Palasbani
	00805800	Belpahadi
	00806200	Gopinathpur
	00813100	Mundakati
	00801600	Hillblock
	00806300	Tikarpada
	00806000	Champuda
	00820300	Asanbani
	00815500	Jamudali
	00807800	Ambadiha
	00814500	Balikotha
	00807500	Sanjharan
	00816000	Raihari
	00813500	Bijatala
	00805900	Nusadihi
11-20		
	00808200	Baghiatangar
	00806700	Khanta
	00815800	Bhadubeda
	00808500	Mundhathakura
	00802600	Luhasila
	00802800	Balarampur
	00814300	Udalikudar
	00815900	Dumadihi
21-30		
	00814600	Khandadera
51-75		
	00802700	Balarampurhill
Name of CD Block: Kusumi		
Less than 5		
	00823100	Budadar
	00827100	Kasiabeda
	00822200	Angarapada
	00825500	Purunapani
	00822000	Dalki
	00827700	Raipada
	00810900	Baliadhipa

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00821900	Padhia
	00811000	Tentoposi
	00823000	Bargimara
	00822700	Talakpokhari
	00809000	Shyamsundar
	00810600	Uperbeda
	00825700	Bhagabandi
	00811300	Bhalupahadi
	00828100	Barisaghutu
	00822800	Bhandan
	00823400	Satpautia
	00823800	Kusumi
	00821000	Sanhatnabeda
	00828600	Jhipabandha
	00827200	Pandugandi
	00825100	Dalki
	00821100	Talapati
	00825300	Chuapani
	00824300	Bankati
	00824500	Kumudasol
	00825400	Chhanua
5-10		
	00824100	Kuldiha
	00821800	Jamudihi
	00809100	Ghungupahadi
	00821500	Bankanda
	00827500	Kathbharia
	00826800	Burudihi
	00826900	Majhigaon
	00810400	Rangamatia
	00822100	Rahadibeda
	00811500	Khejuria
	00824800	Nangalsila
	00812400	Bhutukabadi
	00824900	Ukam
	00826700	Dhangdimuta
11-20		
	00809800	Gopalpur
	00824200	Joypur
	00811600	Teleighutu
	00823200	Banapokharia
	00824000	Kesargadia
	00824700	Murumdihi
	00811400	Kherna
	00823600	Kendrei
	00823900	Purunia
	00826400	Bagdega
	00809900	Badada
	00826200	Bhadusahi
	00811700	Aharbandh
	00828400	Dhodichua
	00810200	Chingudipokhari
	00823700	Kusunpur

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
21-30		
	00827400	Pokharia
	00812700	Chandida
	00821700	Mahuldiha
	00821600	Jadida
	00821200	Duva
31-40		
	00822600	Tinaposi
	00826600	Sanjaidhanposi
	00812500	Mahuldiha
	00808900	Tamudia
	00812100	Bholbeda
Name of CD Block: Bisoi		
Less than 5		
	00838000	Dumurdiha
	00844500	Osadala
	00839300	Radhanagar
	00843000	Sanbalichua
	00840100	Rengalbeda
	00838700	Teleighutu
	00840900	Bhatchhatar
	00836400	Mahiskudar
	00829600	Laxmiposi
	00834200	Sanpurunapani
	00843900	Pankhi
	00839100	Kesam
	00834300	Charupani
	00833700	Majhigan
	00843300	Dantuani
	00833300	Bautibeda
	00838900	Tamal Bandha
	00840800	Asana
	00831400	Panduda
	00837500	Kulipasi
	00841200	Khadiasul
	00839900	Badmanada
	00843400	Badhunia
	00842900	Khadambeda
5-10		
	00837900	Kurkutia
	00840500	Arjunbilla
	00838800	Bad Nalua
	00804200	Kuajhari
	00836200	Badajodi
	00842700	Bisoi
	00832400	Jambirdiha
	00840700	Talapati
	00832800	Bholbeda
	00837400	Sanjambilla
	00835700	Kaduani
	00840600	Badjambilla
	00829500	Luhakani
	00841100	Bankidihi

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00844200	Asansikhar
	00832900	Handifuta
	00839600	Allapani
	00829100	Banki
11-20		
	00842300	Mahubhandar
	00837700	San Nalua
	00839200	Budamara
	00833500	Nuadihi
	00829300	Madhupur
	00841600	Kendumara
	00832700	Satsul
	00831600	Musamari
	00835600	Pokharia
	00842400	Kaduani
	00837600	Baneikala
	00841000	Patharpoda
	00842600	Katas
	00829200	Dumuria
	00836300	Badpurunapani
21-30		
	00843500	Dhana
	00832300	Kundulia
	00833100	Thulukchatani
	00842800	Kadapani
31-40		
	00833000	Deodang
	00832200	Panposi
41-50		
	00843800	Ektali
51-75		
	00831300	Argalbindha
Name of CD Block: Jashipur		
Less than 5		
	01118000	Siltia
	01118500	Ambatalia
	01134400	Begunia
	01139300	Saharpat
	01139200	Kumari
	01130800	Podagarh
	01125900	Tulasibani
	01116500	Ramasahi
	01119300	Jamukeswar
	01135900	Hatimundi
	01119800	Baunsanali
	01134100	Angarpada
	01134700	Rugudi
	01126800	Bhupad
	01119000	Rahanda
	01138300	Bilapaka
	01136800	Ekatali
	01139000	Gudgudia
	01118600	Chakidi
	01119400	Digposi
	01123300	Bandiraposi
	01126300	Padmapur
	01128300	Maudi
	01135600	Kenjhara
	01135700	Sannai
	01131300	Palgoda
	01137600	Ghaniaposi
	01136700	Dhuduku
	01118400	Nuhamalia
	01133000	Kalikaprasad
	01135800	Kointa
	01133100	Thakurgoda
	01139500	Kusumi
5-10		
	01130000	Anukulpur
	01119200	Bhanda
	01128400	Itamundi
	01134600	K.Handabandha
	01136100	Pantho
	01126000	Durdura
	01135200	Badbadaposi
	01123100	Baria
	01137500	Asanabani
	01133900	Singarpur
	01123500	Kumbharpandugandi
	01133200	Sapachira
	01125100	Begunia
	01134200	Badbil
	01136500	Tangabhilla
	01129700	Nebda
	01135300	Badanai
11-20		
	01136400	Badbil
	01125300	Badsialinai
	01136600	Bakala
	01127900	Kadapandugandi
	01124400	Dakarabeda
	01123000	Manada
	01126500	Jamda
	01130400	Kasipal
	01124300	Balisodra
	01120100	Naana
	01119600	Tangarbalda
	01129900	Jashipur
21-30		
	01130300	Kaptira
	01126600	Bhandariposi
	01127600	Anlabeni
	01126900	Goudgan
	01133400	Kapanda
	01134300	Chainebda
	01134500	Sunamuhin

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
31-40		
	01124200	Kumbharkhatia
	01135500	Kenjhrapanposi
	01129600	Kudarbisida
	01133800	Goili
	01123900	Tuntuna
41-50		
	01127100	Jokjhari
	01124000	Mahardapalasa
	01133600	Matiagarh
51-75		
	01127700	Sundhibhila
	01123600	Kendumundi
76 and above		
	01128200	Khaladi
Name of CD Block: Raruan		
Less than 5		
	01143500	Narasandha
	01143800	Nakasara
	01116300	Jhadbeda
	01143300	Futkarsahi
	01147600	Palasa
	01145300	Raikala
	01144300	Ghagarbeda
	01120500	Balanapasi
	01143100	Hindola
	01129100	Kulundi
	01122800	Purunia
	01143400	Dhanyatri
	01116200	Kodalidhua
	01145200	Panapaturia
	01147200	Jamunti
	01147500	Kanika
	01144200	Bamanposi
	01147100	Nayabeda
	01142800	Chhelianali
	01143200	Dhalposi
	01142900	Righa
	01146000	Sanakesari
	01120700	Bhagabandi
5-10		
	01143900	Buruhatu
	01121500	Papada
	01143600	Rangamatia
	01150300	Khuntapada
	01142700	Madhiapasi
	01150100	Mendhamundi
	01145900	Badakesari
	01129000	Panasi
	01121400	Sirakoli
	01150400	Jhumukapal
	01146200	Nuagansamildhalpasi

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
11-20		
	01145600	Sankarapur
	01120900	Reteisahi
	01145700	Budamara
	01122200	Bhanjakia
	01122700	Dhangidiposi
	01120300	Niunty
	01129200	Sana Palasa
	01144100	Gambharia
	01147000	Kamarabandha
	01146800	Denua
	01147800	Galusahi
	01121000	Kantasimila
	01122400	Godapalasa
	01122100	Itighara
	01146500	Nanduburu
	01147300	Angarapada
	01150000	Badararuan
21-30		
	01120200	Dayaposi
	01122000	Badamenta
	01146700	Kendua
	01121600	Tilakoti
	01146600	Fulcomp
	01147900	Jadipada
31-40		
	01148000	Baidyanath
	01148700	Mukuna
	01148600	Runjabindha
	01122500	Bisida
41-50		
	01146300	Naibhanga
	01147400	Chiruhatu
76 and above		
	01148200	Tikarapada
Name of CD Block: Sukruli		
Less than 5		
	01155200	Bhramarposi
	01155100	Nuabeda
	01157400	Khaparasahi
	01153400	Kesana
	01158600	Pokharia
	01152000	Sukruli
	01155800	Sarubil
	01149300	Panasi
	01158700	Kasia
	01155700	Chaturanjali
	01149500	Parbatipur
	01153000	Ekaghari
	01151700	Pandarsil
	01151800	Beguniabindha
	01158100	Fulguntha
	01155500	Dhudipani

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01154500	Gharmabeda
5-10		
	01153900	Jamunalia
	01156500	Talagaon
	01152500	Jamdapal
	01150600	Jethama
	01154200	Raidiha
	01158400	Baria
	01152200	Naupanha
	01155600	Badpani
	01149000	Silimaposi
	01150700	Gobindasahi
	01148900	Adipur
11-20		
	01157000	Tangia
	01150500	Kunjiam
	01153200	Ghikhalli
	01156000	Kitisahi
	01149100	Kumbhirda
	01156300	Champarei
	01152900	Uleikundi
	01153500	Sialagothani
	01158800	Singada
	01150800	Bhaliadiha
	01158200	Badabill
	01156600	Kudasahi
	01154400	Upardiha
	01158300	Haladia
	01154600	Budamara
	01156800	Jhadghosda
21-30		
	01152700	Khiching
	01151600	Nischintapur
	01151300	Badateranti
	01152600	Pandabilla
	01151100	Tingiria
	01157500	Jamuti
	01154300	Arjunbilla
31-40		
	01158500	Deuli
	01152100	Kakharupanha
	01158000	Sunaposi
41-50		
	01154000	Pratapjadunathpur Sashan (Indupur)
	01157600	Kasiabeda
	01157800	Kusunpur
51-75		
	01153300	Nuagaon
	01152800	Kashipal
	01153700	Baliposi
	01154100	Panideuli
	01151900	Sarubali
76 and above		
	01157900	Ghagi
Name of CD Block: Karanjia		
Less than 5		
	01107200	Antasahi
	01109200	Sanbarahkamuda
	01108600	Purunapani
	01104500	Sanadeuli
	01105000	Dihajodi
	01105100	Baghadafa
	01111100	Mandua
	01108200	Salarapada
	01104600	Sarasaposi
	01107500	Biunria
	01104900	Jhaddumuria
	01112900	Badramchandrapur
	01108900	Miriginandi
	01115500	Patbil
	01100900	Chadhaibhol
	01105800	Barapanposi
	01103800	Badasarai
	01105300	Kia
	01106400	Batatainsira
	01109900	Jhadbeda
	01108100	Batapalasa
	01104700	Hatidandi
	01100800	Mahadevdeuli
	01114800	Jamunalia
	01109700	Khadikudar
	01110500	Ghadaghagudi
	01115200	Kalakada
	01103400	Madarangajodi
5-10		
	01107900	Pahadmadak
	01102000	Ramachandrapur
	01111200	Kudarsahi
	01115600	Rengalbeda
	01109000	Hatibari
	01106300	Nuagan
	01107100	Khandiadar
	01115400	Baliposi
	01114000	Kadadiha
	01100500	Halpur
	01110400	Sarabhadi
	01101000	Murgapat
	01101800	Sarangagad
	01101300	Bhalugodaorofchitraposi
	01115800	Kendumundi
	01104000	Chauthia
	01113800	Sunaposi
	01105600	Sadangitainsira
	01105200	Bala
	01113500	Koliposi

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01104800	Andarjhari
	01102600	Kathakaranjia
	01105700	Tata
11-20		
	01113400	Kapandara
	01110600	Saradha
	01103200	Dumuria
	01104300	Badadeuli
	01113900	Hatisalbeda
	01108800	Panaspal
	01103600	Sanbadapasi
	01108300	Kankada
	01107600	Kunjia
	01101100	Pahadbhanga
	01104200	Bhanraposi
	01104400	Baliposi
	01108500	Chanchabani
	01100700	Dhakata
	01107000	Badagan
	01110900	Rasamtala
	01102500	Purunadeogan
	01101600	Pingu
	01111300	Radang
21-30		
	01113300	Kusapada
	01110700	Simgan
	01100600	Ghosda
	01101400	Asanbani
	01106000	Malharpada
	01104100	Nuagan
	01102400	Dari
	01109100	Purunapani
	01105400	Kiapanposi
31-40		
	01103500	Nedhuapal
	01100400	Birajadunathpurshasan
	01102900	Tuntuna
	01115300	Kenjhara
41-50		
	01101200	Badposi
	01111000	Kuduma
	01102800	Tulasiposi
	01103900	Bhanra
	01106800	Sanagansasan
	01103700	Kerkera
51-75		
	01102700	Jarali
	01107300	Ranipat
	01107400	Nakuda
	01101700	Bhadubeda
76 and above		
	01110100	Ambaduma

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
Name of CD Block: Thakurmunda		
Less than 5		
	01088700	Dhatikidiha
	01087000	Jamunanda
	01084400	Giribeda
	01091800	Badmahuldiha
	01083500	Kesdiha
	01088100	Kundei
	01085100	Jodipada
	01083900	Kirikichipal
	01092300	Dhirol
	01091000	Khuntakata
	01095500	Ambabeda
	01086300	Panaposi
	01084600	Diliganj
	01084700	Bhejidiha
	01084900	Patarpada
	01084500	Nuagaon
	01087900	Satkosia Forest Cluster
	01092200	Ranibhol
	01092800	Purunapani
	01085800	Jamunalia
	01091200	Jadibeda
	01089800	Ranibhol
	01091900	Khaparkhai
	01095100	Gourigoda
	01086600	Goudia Bahali
	01093000	Badaposi
	01084100	Champajhar
	01084200	Jamukhanjari
	01098000	Simdiha
	01094400	Jamunalia
	01084000	Mankadabeda
	01094200	Hatigoda
	01099900	Dirba
	01095400	Boring
5-10		
	01090900	Kendujiani
	01088500	Godabhanga
	01086400	Ghantiadara
	01086100	Dubapal
	01094700	Mukundiapada
	01087100	Baghadafa
	01093900	Bhairanibeda
	01089300	Sarubil
	01085900	Jarak
	01086000	Kathuanuagaon
	01086700	Mahuldiha
	01087800	Satkosia
	01091300	Jadibil
	01096500	Chamakpur
	01098600	Banki
	01089200	Baunsa Pani

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01092500	Jamudiha
11-20		
	01093400	Nisaposi
	01098300	Laxmiposi
	01085700	Dakeipal
	01097900	Nuagan
	01094100	Akhapolan
	01086800	Khumthan
	01094000	Chainbainsi
	01089500	Dumurdiha
	01098400	Bharandia
	01095800	Baliposi
	01091100	Kucheikudar
	01085500	Nuapada
	01088900	Salachua
	01088300	Balidiha
21-30		
	01099300	Bentakarpada
	01084300	Bhadubeda
	01097500	Chakulia
	01094800	Khadipal
	01097200	Rugudibeda
	01095700	Dangasila
	01098100	Nischintapur
	01089700	Rugudisahi
	01099700	Handifuta
	01099800	Kham Diha
31-40		
	01099600	Jadidar
	01096900	Digdhar
	01090300	Upper Barahakamuda
	01090400	Patbil
	01100100	Baghamunda
	01095000	Tikarpada
	01096800	Suninda
	01097000	Nihangandi
	01092900	Nuapada
41-50		
	01087500	Jambani
	01083100	Mituani
	01100000	Taramara
	01089100	Nada
	01097400	Baunsadiha
	01094900	Lokanathpur
	01099200	Khuntaposi
51-75		
	01090200	Meghasani
	01097100	Thakurmunda
	01097600	Gahandiha
	01093300	Padiabeda
	01096300	Bandhagan
	01097300	Panasa Diha
	01095200	Kalasira
	01097800	Daunikila
	01096100	Talapada
	01099100	Betajhari
	01093600	Raipada
76 and above		
	01097700	Majuraposi
	01096400	Khejuria
	01096000	Patiapada
	01098800	Raidiha
Name of CD Block: Kaptipada		
Less than 5		
	01081300	Prasanachandrapur
	01078400	Bisungaon
	01082300	Dugudha
	01078200	Gourchandrapur
	01079200	Jadida
	01080900	Dhapada
	01082800	Dolipada
	01071200	Phulbadia
	01077900	Noto
	01069400	Chakradharpur
	01070400	Talia
	01082700	Ramchandrapur
	01078900	Dewanbahali
	01079000	Bidyadharanagar
	01078500	Labanyadeipur
	01068500	Nachhipur
	01072600	Baghamara
	01068300	Badajunpal
	01081600	Sukhuapata
	01079100	Salachua
	01080700	Majhigadia
	01075800	Bhalubasa
	01074800	Mirigothana
	01071500	Asanbani
	01078100	Sarat
	01080000	Badasimilia
	01069800	Kukurdima
	01069600	Sarbanaghaty
	01080400	Gayalmara
	01075300	Jamubani
	01080300	Gendagadia
	01075000	Ambapichhula
	01081000	Siriapal
	01069700	Potaldiha
	01079300	Phulbadia Hill Block
	01074400	Janakpur
	01077700	Kaladahi
	01069300	Jayantipatta Samil Jamudiha
	01081200	Ranipokhari
	01080100	Jamubani
	01075900	Sanbisol
	01068200	Nuhamalia

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01072500	Badakhaladi
5-10		
	01078600	Katuria
	01071400	Gadiapal
	01061600	Hill Block No-160
	01073500	Saubhagyadeipur
	01068600	Kadamsul
	01080200	Sologodia
	01082100	Kalamgadia
	01074700	Beldiha
	01079900	Bhaluhuruda
	01074500	Kaptipada
	01068700	Gandidar
	01071000	Debala
	01074300	Rathipur
	01079700	Jayaguntia
	01071800	Nodhadiha
11-20		
	01076400	Badbisol
	01072200	Gaudgan
	01071300	Chuinposi
	01071600	Pingu
	01073300	Baniagan
	01072400	Sankhaladi
	01074900	Sudsudia
	01076600	Badgudugudia
	01070300	Nuagan
	01068800	Koliolalsamil Pagadadiha
	01070500	Narasingbeda
	01073700	Pedagadi
21-30		
	01069000	Podadiha
	01072700	Sindhupur
	01072100	Kuagathana
	01069100	Talapadiasamiljiatikar
	01072900	Durgapur
	01068900	Bhandaripal
	01072000	Gohira
	01076900	Benipur
	01079500	Sundhal
	01073400	Machhia
	01073600	Jhinkapada
51-75		
	01079400	Kusunpur
	01070800	Kantagadi
	01076800	Singidida
	01070900	Nuasahi
Name of CD Block: Udala		
Less than 5		
	01060000	Bahubandha
	01058100	Kotilinga
	01056000	Jamudiha
	01057500	Nayarangamatia
	01056600	Chandrapur
	01064600	Kirikichia
	01057600	Balabhadrapur
	01067500	Kuanrpal
	01056300	Ambikadeipur
	01059700	Patapur
	01057900	Badakhaman
	01077200	Mauda
	01055900	Kundabai
	01058000	Salmundali
	01056800	Sridamchandrapur
	01062200	Beguniadiha
	01057100	Nuagaon
	01056900	Chadada
5-10		
	01065700	Dimogadia
	01077300	Dihirakul
	01065900	Khuntapal
	01062100	Khaladi
	01066000	Bairatpur
	01060300	Jalda
	01061900	Dutikadeipur
	01057000	Khadikasol
11-20		
	01059600	Adapal
	01060700	Purunapani
	01057200	Gobindapur
	01062500	Jualia
	01061400	Khuntapal
	01060100	Kanakpada
	01060800	Athangan
	01060200	Nabara
	01077400	Radho
21-30		
	01064700	Kalapahad
	01061800	Raidandia
	01062700	Nizkainsari
31-40		
	01062400	Chuliaposi
51-75		
	01065000	Teldihudi
	01064800	Kathapal
76 and above		
	01066100	Dhulinda
Name of CD Block: Gopabandhunagar		
Less than 5		
	01063600	Dambarudiha
	01051300	Achhada
	01044100	Badkhunta
	01051100	Pasuda
	01043800	Ghantasila
	01063900	Raidiha
	01047400	Chhuruni

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01043700	Anantasahi
	01041800	Sankhunta
	01063500	Similabandha
	01050500	Taradasol
	01063400	Padmapur
	01053100	Sirathali
	01043900	Balidiha
	01064400	Marsigan
	01063800	Kushalda
	01043100	Athilagadi
	01066500	Baradihi
	01047600	Ranibandha
	01044400	Kirkichia
	01052600	Sikidia
	01055000	Tribikrampur
	01043400	Salapatada
5-10		
	01050800	Sanbelakuti
	01063700	Kenduakhunta
	01047800	Tentulia
	01053700	Kundapada
	01052100	Mankadakenda
	01042400	Jamuhad
	01054300	Uparkadada
	01048200	Naupada
	01067000	Nuagan
	01052900	Purunabaripada
11-20		
	01050300	Lahara
	01050900	Muturda
	01066600	Chheliabeda
	01055200	Tikayatpur
	01062800	Jaida
	01042100	Titia
	01047500	Megha
	01046800	Sarukana
	01053500	Chakabramhansahi
	01054200	Kudilakuamara
	01053900	Kantisahi
	01054900	Arapata
	01066400	Debagan
	01052000	Chaturigadiamal
	01051800	Raipada
	01052700	Patua
	01042700	Bhurudukula
	01055600	Daundia
	01052500	Kusumiapatpur
	01066900	Jaipur
21-30		
	01054600	Khiripada
	01042000	Jadurghera
	01052800	Chilima
	01053800	Sainkula
	01050100	Balijoda
	01053000	Khadikapada
	01054400	Talakadada
31-40		
	01043500	Pathara
	01053400	Bhanupur
	01043600	Bhandagaon
	01067100	Parichhipur
41-50		
	01051400	Ghagara
	01054100	Gadadharakumaripur Sasan
	01050600	Mahulia
	01046700	Bardangua
51-75		
	01055300	Samaraipur
	01050700	Badabelakuti
	01055400	Dianpalasa
	01047200	Kudiakhunta
	01064100	Keshpur
76 and above		
	01051000	Chitauda
	01064500	Puradihi
	01064000	Astia
	01067200	Patsanipur
Name of CD Block: Khunta		
Less than 5		
	01044600	Anlasuli
	01037200	Satpautia
	01037400	Talkunda
	01037000	Bhupad
	01035600	Kulbandha
	01034400	Lakshanasahi
	01040500	Badaolia
	01037500	Murari
	01042300	Balimundali
	01039400	Kusumghaty
	01039800	Baniabasa
	01042200	Saripada
	01059000	Brundabanchandrapur
	01045800	Malharpada
	01063000	Khudapotali
	01046500	Gayalamara
	01049400	Gadigaon
	01034300	Kusagadia
	01046400	Simagadia
	01049700	Dharampur Samil Dhanapana
	01034200	Kendugadi
	01059300	Hatisahi
5-10		
	01035200	Purunapani
	01038500	Badafeni
	01037700	Khejurdiha
	01038300	Goudagan

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01035900	Girishchandrapur
	01035400	Kamali
11-20		
	01041600	Manjari
	01045900	Karkachia
	01044700	Bahanada
	01035800	Salabani
	01040600	Bholagadia
21-30		
	01044300	Purunapani
	01046000	Jamsuli
	01059200	Dhanghera
	01035100	Dukura
	01049600	Kanhupur
	01040800	Bandhagoda
Name of CD Block: Shamakhunta		
Less than 5		
	00916500	Ambadali
	00920800	Govindchandrapur
	00924600	Mankdapal
	00908800	Alubani
	00916700	Jualiruma
	00926000	Baunsabila
	00917300	Badkuchiamara
	00923800	Mahulkarkachia
	00935200	Jambani
	00923500	Kendua
	00934700	Durgapur
	00914600	Gaudrumacolonysahi
	00926200	Harishchandrapur
	00922400	Sansul
	00924000	Chandanpur
	00916800	Khandia
	00922200	Besarpani
5-10		
	00927500	Itamundia
	00916000	Bhaluki
	00926400	Bahadurpur
	00924300	Jaybilla
	00925600	Dhanpur
	00922900	Rangamatia
	00917000	Badkuldiha
	00916400	Balidiha
	00922800	Kundalbani
	00927600	Jatipur
	00917200	Kisandahi
	00922300	Saratchandrapur
11-20		
	00926800	Gauddihi
	00923400	Harisul
	00917100	Bholagadia
	00924100	Ambasikida
	00916900	Danamara
	00924500	Sindurgoura
	00927400	Bajratundi
	00922600	Sapanchua
	00923200	Dudhiasol
21-30		
	00934500	Chipatastia
	00924200	Balimunduli
	00917400	Tolakpokhari
41-50		
	00934800	Konapal
Name of CD Block: Bangiriposi		
Less than 5		
	00854700	Asana
	00845100	Darakantia
	00850500	Gohirapal
	00847300	Mahulbarei
	00846100	Chandanpur
	00851400	Basantpur
	00861300	Brahmangan
	00852700	Patbeda
	00847900	Silpunji
	00859000	Kanjiasol
	00856900	Jagannathpur
	00850600	Bholagadia
	00856100	Jaganathkhunta
	00859100	Anlajodi
	00844900	Dighi
	00844800	Mundhakata
	00849100	Golamundhakata
	00853100	Kadadiha
	00856500	Kalabadia
	00858100	Mahupahadi
	00865000	Budhikhamari
	00846000	Bahadurpur
	00860800	Sorisapal
	00854200	Khairabani
	00862100	Kadamdiha
	00844700	Nitai
	00866200	Kripaduma
	00855900	Gamhapur
	00855800	Mundhabani
	00866400	Panasdiha
	00846900	Manda
	00847600	Sanpatharakham
	00849300	Jhinkpahadi
	00849900	Chuapani
	00856300	Kendudiha
	00847800	Majhigan
	00864500	Majhigan
	00847400	Bangriposi
	00856600	Brahmangan
	00846800	Bhalupahadi (Hill Block)

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
5-10		
	00855200	Unchadiha
	00855600	Kumbharmundha
	00847100	Kasiabeda
	00849200	Uania
	00865800	Pandubadi
	00858000	Taltikiri
	00845500	Khadipahadi
	00855300	Udali
	00855100	Punasia
	00861200	Ghatkuanri
	00866800	Kantasala
	00855500	Budamara
	00851300	Kusumbandha
	00847500	Baghiabeda
11-20		
	00848300	Handa
	00862900	Purunapani
	00867300	Ramharipur
	00845000	Talatikiri
	00845900	Kansapal
	00851200	Laxmiposi
	00852200	Shyamsundarpur
	00846300	Laxmiposi
	00859200	Pandrabandha
	00865700	Bhuasuni
	00860100	Astabeda
	00864300	Jaladiha
21-30		
	00858400	Kandalia
	00852800	Ranasul
	00846200	Dumuria
	00849600	Chaulgheri
	00847700	Badpatharakham
	00848500	Banakati
	00852400	Sialjodi
	00856700	Panisiali
	00852300	Bhulanpur
	00853300	Andola
	00846500	Gosanipal
31-40		
	00852000	Jualikata
	00845800	Aktapal
41-50		
	00852900	Gandipani
	00851600	Sasadapal
	00867000	Tila
	00856800	Balimundali
	00852500	Anlagunja
Name of CD Block: Saraskana		
Less than 5		
	00880000	Ghiajodi
	00868200	Dighi
	00872500	Bagbuda
	00884400	Paniposi
	00877800	Balijodi
	00868800	Sankhabhanga
	00874200	Kendumundi
	00867900	Puapoka
	00870700	Ambadiha
	00871400	Darkholi
	00875300	Panasdiha
	00881200	Kuldiha
	00880100	Dhangheri
	00867800	Barubeda
	00872100	Bankisul
	00872800	Nuhamalia
	00882900	Budamara
	00868600	Kukudaanda
	00871300	Palasbani
	00885000	Astia
	00872400	Kundiapani
	00867700	Paktia
	00873900	Panisul
	00875900	Brusabhanupur
	00882100	Birsinga
	00872200	Karunasul
	00870800	Joka
	00874500	Kendua
	00883900	Khadiasol
	00883100	Jharpokharia
	00869900	Dumurdiha
	00871000	Danadar
	00869700	Kalapani
	00882600	Kachimbilla
	00882000	Nuagan Sirsa
	00879400	Rautara
	00883800	Badsol
	00878100	Ghantiabuda
	00887100	Bhursani
	00883400	Sankucha
	00886900	Purunapani
	00871800	Malkunda
	00871600	Manaharpur
	00878600	Puani
5-10		
	00879800	Dighi
	00881100	Panchamtalia
	00880600	Hijli
	00881400	Banaratila
	00884800	Gadadharpur
	00877100	Murunia
	00875100	Podasia
	00876300	Unchagan
	00882200	Kachimbila
	00879600	Rajaloka

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00875200	Ekdali
	00877400	Mahulbarei
11-20		
	00870300	Digarisol
	00884300	Jalda
	00871700	Kherna
	00883500	Dhangidisol
	00872000	Kasiabeda
	00880500	Badchatra
	00868400	Ghuma
	00873000	Katisole
	00887200	Nuhamaliasahar
	00873100	Saraskana
	00882700	Kesuriasol
	00885200	Sirsa
	00844600	Jerki
	00870100	Pokharia
	00877000	Janakideipur
	00879000	Belbaria
	00879700	Rasika
	00886700	Kuanrdihi
	00873700	Pahadpur
	00877200	Gonali
21-30		
	00868700	Tilow
	00874000	Umadeipur
	00878900	Saragada
	00870200	Kapadiha
	00872700	Nota
	00873200	Mundhakata
	00886000	Pathuri
	00877900	Kumbharduvichhak
	00884200	Punasia
31-40		
	00874100	Nadiathul
41-50		
	00881900	Neda
76 and above		
	00875400	Dhendgan
Name of CD Block: Koliana		
Less than 5		
	00901800	Kamta
	00912900	Badjunbani
	00895100	Rangibeda
	00890500	Badtilau
	00919100	Asanjoda
	00887400	Nadhna
	00902500	Kathruma
	00901600	Balimunduli
	00912800	Palasbani
	00900500	Khairbani
	00904500	Bhagabanpur
	00894800	Keutunimari
	00900100	Koilisuta
	00919200	Gangraj
	00910600	Darunia
	00911800	Jagannathpur
	00903600	Bhaduabeda
	00905200	Jampada
	00895000	Dardara
	00889500	Bhurungasol
	00913400	Darkholi
	00911900	Bholgadia
	00902200	Sarpankha
	00898200	Jiani
	00890300	Kothabilla
	00907200	Digariastia
	00892600	Baliatilau
	00889100	Chandua
	00904400	Badbhaliadiha
	00890100	Chhelikani
	00900200	Sanbadtalia
	00892900	Karkachia
	00892000	Baghuasul
5-10		
	00892300	Chalunia
	00890600	Gayalkata
	00898400	Mankadkenda
	00910500	Badhaladiakanda
	00905500	Andhari
	00907600	Kanialoka
	00890400	Dudhiasul
	00902000	Pratappur
	00898500	Kalajhinei
	00901500	Tamkiasul
	00902300	Patihinja
	00890000	Sansarasposi
	00913200	Saradiha
	00902100	Sukhuapara
	00889000	Sunaria
11-20		
	00905100	Dumurdiha
	00919000	Salugadia
	00904200	Santangasul
	00900600	Mundhakata
	00911200	Ghodapal
	00897800	Jhinei
	00895300	Nodhabani
	00888400	Bhugudakata
	00894700	Tadaki
	00910100	Parulia
	00901400	Pariakuli
	00918900	Duvia
	00906400	Sagunapada
	00907800	Gaudroma
	00902400	Binjhabani

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00890700	Baunsabani
	00906800	Dangarsahi
	00915300	Barkuli
	00904100	Badnuagan
	00924700	Raghunathganj
	00901900	Titiri
	00905800	Kathsirsi
	00912600	Daha Munda
	00904300	Sanbhaliadiha
21-30		
	00913000	Jasaibad
	00912100	Angargadia
	00913600	Padhiaripur
	00912300	Kuchei
	00918800	Khadibani
	00918400	Tumuda
41-50		
	00905900	Chandabilla
	00912700	Dhanukdiha
51-75		
	00907400	Budhidahan
	00924900	Rangiam
	00911100	Kakrisul
76 and above		
	00910400	Adasilibadhali
Name of CD Block: Suliapada		
Less than 5		
	00948100	Julka
	00940200	Majhianitofa
	00947900	Kadakotha
	00894400	Adiamara
	00893800	Anlakuda
	00896100	Bijaykrushnachandrapur
	00893700	Dhobanisul
	00897300	Pathuri
	00946900	Salasahi
	00949100	Kaliasole
	00896200	Gundurilocha
	00945600	Paktia
	00896800	Khadiasul
	00897000	Masinakathi
	00940400	Manda
	00897400	Sarasposi
	00935800	Handibhanga
	00942500	Palasdiha
	00938100	Gandhasali
	00943900	Chauldahani
	00898800	Podugirisole
	00898900	Tolakchuin
	00943300	Baghda
	00947800	Kanimahuli
	00897200	Sanjogibandh
	00948400	Kujidihi
	00937800	Singda
5-10		
	00896600	Badasol
	00946200	Jhaliamara
	00894300	Khaikhia
	00944400	Dhatika
	00936100	Badnachna
	00939300	Masinakathi
	00935600	Bholghaty
	00893900	Pathara
	00896900	Sindurgoura
	00946800	Damburudiha
	00899500	Nuagan
	00941500	Bhuskunda
	00949400	Badada
	00941800	Kusumi
11-20		
	00942000	Bhaliasul
	00894200	Kamarpal
	00935500	Badjogibandh
	00944000	Balisulia
	00943100	Kaptisul
	00949200	Kostha
	00945800	Dharampura
	00946300	Jurka
	00937300	Talakpal
	00946000	Kathsirsi
	00936400	Bhola
	00939400	Saluadahar
	00943700	Salbani
	00948000	Beguniadiha
	00947100	Sandhenkia
21-30		
	00950200	Nunia
	00891700	Bangriposi
	00940500	Tentaposi
	00941200	Pandusole
	00946700	Rasunia
	00941700	Bari
	00946100	Mahuliasamilpaninagar
	00946600	Mundhakata
31-40		
	00946500	Badbaincha
	00948900	Gopiabandh
	00949000	Chitakhala
	00944500	Kaltiasamilkadakusmi
	00894500	Nagsol
41-50		
	00947000	Baddhenkia
51-75		
	00895800	Nabedhi
	00896300	Pushigan

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
Name of CD Block: Baripada		
Less than 5		
	00967100	Nuanagar
	00963500	Hatikote
	00934900	Bhagbatpur
	00935000	Khetrapatna
	00931200	Pariauda
	00965700	Tungadhua
	00928000	Gopalpur
	00963900	Bhagabatchandrapur
	00966100	Krushnachandrapur
	00965600	Badjod
	00963400	Jamdapal
	00964500	Nayapurusottampur
	00930300	Rajabasa
	00966200	Nangalkata
	00929900	Tentulisul
	00965300	Ragdha
	00932200	Sankhabhanga
	00929800	Badbrahmanmara
	00931600	Balidam
	00963800	Orachandabila
	00964800	Kailashchandrapur
	00929300	Betna
	00929200	Raikandjharan
	00933400	Basantapur
	00929100	Damdarpur
5-10		
	00929400	Baddakoi
	00934000	Badpeta
	00964100	Tasarada
	00933000	Gunjasahi
	00964400	Ahari
11-20		
	00965500	Sarusole
	00931800	Mohaniganj
	00966000	Nayatarana
	00927900	Swarupvilla
	00928200	Rangamatia
	00934100	Chandabila
21-30		
	00971000	Karatpatta
Name of CD Block: Barsahi		
Less than 5		
	01019500	Sakua
	01006600	Managobindapur
	01023100	Jalghera
	01024800	Baghmara
	01024700	Paikapada
	01032500	Jamunadeipur
	01027200	Talapada
	01023400	Gajadi Damodarpur
	01015900	Madhupur
	01024100	Barudihi
	01014500	Kothapal
	01030000	Tunagambharia
	01007100	Jadida
	01006700	Agria
	01023700	Dhanpota
	01016000	Jadunathpur
	01031000	Kolkotha
	01013600	Gudialbandha
	01017000	Naranpur
	01028900	Chhelia
	01014100	Kandaliapal
	01025000	Bartana
	01023900	Chhelia(B)
	01033400	Chenguamangalpur
	01016500	Gaursul
	01018200	Dantuni
	01023300	Belpalsamilpurunapani
	01014400	Uthaninuagaon
	01026600	Chakradharpur
	01021700	Balabhadrapur
	01014700	Talanda
	01018000	Khanua
	01032000	Badaligan
	01027900	Gaudmundali
	01017300	Sankeraka
	01026400	Nischintapur
	01008700	Sorishakotha
	01018700	Pratappur
5-10		
	01017400	Jadipal
	01026200	Dingara
	01025400	Agual
	01025300	Joginuagaon
	01022500	Kolidiha
	01016200	Purnachandrapur
	01017600	Dhabalanga
	01026900	Markundi
	01029200	Deulia
	01016800	Choparapur
	01021300	Singtia
	01013900	Kadualbandh
	01024600	Khuntapal
	01025200	Pathara
	01027600	Kaudikhani
	01019900	Banataalpada
	01019400	Kauchi
	01032800	Kanhupur
11-20		
	01029500	Kuradiha
	01014000	Balijora
	01026500	Koliana
	01015100	Tungasul

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01029900	Badagambharia
	01019800	Sialghaty
	01014600	Chauliasul
	01008400	Salgan
	01028300	Itamundia
	01024200	Badasahi
	01008500	Narangan
	01019700	Kendugadi
	01018100	Itamundia
	01022300	Sahrasuni
	01006100	Malihati
	01024000	Dhanasahi
	01006000	Adiasahi
	01026700	Haldipada
	01017100	Badkeraka
	01031400	Chandanpur
	01020000	Budheirana
	01032900	Arjunbaria
	01028500	Chandadiha
	01031300	Mahupura
	01020700	Paunsia
	01021000	Kochilakhunta
	01014300	Tikarpada
	01029600	Guhalmara
	01029800	Sankucha
21-30		
	01013700	Nayabrajanandapur
	01030300	Pandupal
	01006900	Nunakua
	01007500	Dhanapal
	01021800	Arapata
	01032300	Brahmapur
	01033000	Ratanpur
	01030600	Dalki
	01006400	Manatri
	01027700	Guhaldiha
	01032600	Tentuligaon
	01030800	Rangpani
	01028800	Bhadada
	01032400	Patisari
31-40		
	01025700	Gobarasul
	01033200	Bhimda
	01008800	Gambharia
	01020500	Kanimahuli
	01023500	Guabehera
	01008900	Debasthal
41-50		
	01007400	Sanlapur
	01033100	Tikayatpur
	01025900	Astapura
	01019200	Sannuagaon

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
51-75		
	01032200	Adidiha
	01027500	Bidyadharpur
	01019300	Pratimadeipur
	01017900	Haripur
	01007000	Bhurudia
	01008600	Palapatana
Name of CD Block: Betanati		
Less than 5		
	01013000	Hemapur
	00993200	Kothabadi
	00969800	Bhalia
	00997800	Baidpur
	01010700	Dihapanchaputuli
	00996500	Haripur
	01004700	Khairabani
	01012700	Shikharkhunta
	00996200	Magusiria
	00998700	Marchandpur
	01010400	Balka
	01010100	Rangamatia
	01001300	Machhpada
	00997200	Raikama
	00968500	Betnoti
	01000100	Gargadia
	01003000	Thakurtota
	00968600	Bhagabati
	00973300	Khamari
	00994900	Durgapur
	00996800	Madhukhunta
	01004200	Barajupur
	00993900	Salbani
	00996700	Anla
	00993800	Udipura
	00999900	Bishrampur
	01010500	Kasipada
	01000700	Jampada
	00975200	Manatapal
	01011300	Gadadeulia
	00968200	Ambajoda
	01008200	Demphauda
	01003300	Padapurunia
	01010200	Nachhipuria
	01001800	Ambagadia
	00974700	Purinda
	00995400	Saitpur
	01002600	Khuntapur
	01010300	Padmalavapur
	01007600	Kathapal
	00968300	Renugan
	00969600	Salbani Samil Nahandasol
	01012600	Pansia
	00997400	Dahisahi

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01002000	Purunia
	01005600	Nuagan
	00968800	Tulsichaura
	00996300	Sarada
	00974500	Purikhunta
	01011400	Rautarapur
	00998300	Kusada
	01009400	Hatiputuka
	00973500	Bhramargola
	00968400	Pandugadia
	00968100	Sukhalhar Samil Mahulia
5-10		
	01000600	Santara
	01012400	Ganeswarpur
	01004600	Ajadiha
	00999600	Nuagan
	01002100	Bachhuripada
	01005500	Nadpur
	01003600	Jamunanda
	01011000	Gobindraipur
	01005700	Singalmunduli
	01009500	Nuagan
	01003200	Diganagar
	00994100	Tilada
	00969400	Tarakoti
	01001900	Bamada
	00994600	Singarpura
	01003800	Baisinga
	01011800	Kanthi
	01010900	Kantipur
	01004300	Kuasul
	01009300	Badkhiripada
	00968700	Sathilo
	00998600	Tilapada
	01013400	Nuagan
	00994500	Merda
11-20		
	01003500	Paikjugarpura
	00974600	Bhurukundi
	00974300	Dahikoti
	01001500	Raghupur
	00973700	Bahanada
	00995600	Kuradhika
	01007700	Belanpur
	00999000	Janikadeipur
	00968900	Kathpal
	01000400	Chandpura
	00974800	Rautara
	01003700	Mahuri
	00974100	Chhataraipur
	01009000	Khandadeula
	01007800	Dariha
	00973200	Dariha Samilhatudi
	00994000	Baikhunta
	00996600	Baghua
	00993300	Gabapal
	01003400	Kadalia
	00969100	Garudabasa
	00998800	Jugal
	01013200	Tikaetpur
	00997600	Bartana
21-30		
	00975300	Sansa
	00999500	Sarbana
	00996900	Tentuligan
	01003900	Kendua
	00996400	Dambarudahar
	00974900	Paroi
	00999400	Agria
	00996100	Khetrapatana
	01011600	Maheswarpur
	01009100	Patalipura
	00972900	Saria
	01012100	Kalama
	00998900	Bhagirathipur
	01007300	Nakhara
31-40		
	01000300	Hatijhari
	01000200	Bagalpur
	01002700	Athabatia
	00999300	Govindpur
	01009900	Sribatsapur
41-50		
	01009600	Chuapada
	00993600	Badachhuruni
	00973800	Mauda
	00993500	Birola
51-75		
	00999100	Haladipada
	01007900	Pratimadeipur
	00975000	Muktapur
	00999200	Kainthasasan
	00973000	Agada
76 and above		
	00994300	Unapura
Name of CD Block: Rasagobindapur		
Less than 5		
	00991800	Manikpur
	00990700	Jharia
	00981500	Rakhanisahi
	00990300	Kamardiha
	00978900	Nunchati
	00977500	Tarapur
	00986200	Nakichua
	00980200	Palasabadha
	00990600	Baunsatofa

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00984400	Gadighati
	00980300	Chhatna
	00975900	Bahagadia
	00983900	Mirdhapur
	00981700	Gambharia
	00986000	Shyamanandapur
	00992100	Totapada
	00983100	Nuasahi
	00989300	Gobara
	00992700	Hatasahi
	00979700	Deosul
	00979600	Rangamatia
	00992500	Shyamanandipur
	00985600	Darkhuli
	00982100	Musamari
	00985900	Kanpur
	00988100	Ketakisul
	00987000	Bankatisamil Junpada
	00988600	Brahmanpatka
	00992800	Gurei
	00977700	Mangalpur
	00980500	Kapoi
	00978500	Pariasul
5-10		
	00976900	Kaptipada
	00988000	Benasol
	00981000	Karanjapada
	00987700	Sanmundia
	00981100	Khandikhal
	00976400	Kolipal
	00980100	Chakulia
	00979400	Rangiam
	00979900	Bachhuripal
	00982600	Mahulia
	00990400	Khunta
	00983700	Praharajpur
	00992900	Sapagadia
	00987200	Angargadia
	00977300	Kiakhali
	00990900	Badampur
11-20		
	00985100	Amarada
	00987900	Kochiasul
	00984900	Tambakhuri
	00986900	Bhaliapada
	00986800	Sarumala
	00982400	Rasagovindpur
	00979000	Nalgaja
	00981800	Khuntapal
	00992200	Asankhali
	00984200	Brahmapur
	00989400	Panchamania
	00977400	Jhatiapada
	00990200	Narangabaj
	00985300	Patnasahi
	00987400	Ramchandrapur
21-30		
	00976700	Mahulia
	00984000	Bhaliagadia
	00985200	Badhimunha
31-40		
	00984500	Bandhamundi
	00988700	Khadisul
	00982500	Takadida
	00983000	Podapada
41-50		
	00985000	Kandrasul
	00977000	Tikpada
	00992400	Handidhua
51-75		
	00982000	Vedisahi
76 and above		
	00977600	Tikayatpur
Name of CD Block: Muruda		
Less than 5		
	00962500	Bahadasahi
	00965000	Kachhimbila
	00950400	Kaduani
	00969900	Badjambani
	00950100	Bharbadi
	00964900	Jamsol
	00953800	Bhurungiasole
	00958800	Bainchadiha
	00958100	Nuagan
	00958000	Bhalukuchua
	00959400	Fulbadia
	00957600	Gobindpur
	00958200	Chhotraipur
	00953400	Paramananda
	00953000	Badbila
	00955100	Baghajharan
	00953500	Sanmundabani
	00955200	Khuntapal
	00959300	Gadigan
	00971300	Kalarafulia
	00965100	Sureidihi
	00958600	Patakundia Samil Malihata
	00963000	Khuruntia
	00952100	Benpuria
	00951800	Baunsakantia
5-10		
	00971500	Pachakhali
	00971400	Idar
	00970900	Dakoi
	00955500	Anua
	00950900	Adheikula

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00953700	Kandana
	00950000	Gadia
	00957900	Palasmunduli
	00933700	Nichuapada
	00956500	Purunapani
	00958500	Palasbadha
	00967000	Dantiamuhan
	00966300	Chakundapada
	00956400	Chitrada
11-20		
	00956600	Silda
	00952500	Badfera
	00971600	Kisantandi
	00952000	Kanthalia
	00960600	Masarda
	00950600	Dalgan
	00955000	Bhalughara
	00957000	Baladia
	00958300	Sanyasi
	00957500	Khuntapal
	00951600	Kohi
	00956000	Haldipal
	00958400	Muruda
	00961700	Jhinkiria
	00953900	Nuajhalia
	00956100	Sirsapal
21-30		
	00950700	Gangan
	00956900	Sarasole
	00951400	Pratapchandrapur
31-40		
	00949800	Kankadatelia
	00959500	Mundhabani
	00953100	Mohanpur
41-50		
	00962200	Mohanpur
	00952800	Futukisole
	00952900	Bholaghati
51-75		
	00951700	Khalapada
	00952700	Baliadhipa
	00949900	Nuhamalia
76 and above		
	00956800	Pariakuli
	00951500	Handibhanga
	00952400	Badmundabani

Note:- Villages having NIL Scheduled Castes Population have been excluded

APPENDIX VII B - Village Directory

List of villages according to the proportion of the Scheduled Tribes to the total population by ranges

Name of the District:MAYURBHANJ

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
Name of CD Block: Tiring		
Less than 5		
	00766800	Nuagan
21-30		
	00772800	Badadalima
	00773900	Maghua
31-40		
	00766700	Singidi
41-50		
	00766100	Tiringidihi
	00773800	Bijoybasa
51-75		
	00764500	Ranisahi
	00768500	Hensadihi
	00764800	Nuadihi
	00775100	Sandalima
	00764400	Badasiajang
	00766900	Badasadam
	00769100	Dalajodi
	00772900	Baliasahi
	00768600	Dubalabeda
	00774600	Pandhada
	00767900	Kulughutu
	00767800	Murda
	00767500	Kayamdihi
	00763900	Jadunathpur
	00772700	Dharamdihi
76 and above		
	00764600	Kusumbandh
	00767400	Pandupani
	00767100	Pokharia
	00768700	Janghia
	00774500	Kapili
	00764100	Badakumrum
	00768900	Debradihi
	00773400	Tudukam
	00768300	Barudihi
	00764000	Gitilata
	00765700	Sanbhundu
	00774200	Sindrighutu
	00773500	Deogan
	00774900	Bhagabandh
	00765900	Badabhundu
	00767300	Sidadihi
	00774100	Badanarayani
	00765100	Changua
	00767200	Podachakidi
	00773200	Chandri

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00766200	Chengjoda
	00774400	Henseldihi
	00765300	Jata
	00773100	Lupung
	00773600	Nandhua
	00773700	Rambeda
	00767700	Dakadihi
	00764200	Sankumrum
	00764300	Sansiajang
	00767000	Sansadam
	00768100	Jirai
	00773000	Bholagadia
	00765500	Talasa
	00774300	Dhobadhobani
	00766400	Raghunathpur
	00775300	Nischintapur
	00768000	Poda
	00768400	Raibadi
	00774000	Sannarayani
	00767600	Dinasasan
	00769000	Damadihi
	00764900	Baladapada
	00766600	Naranpur
	00765600	Bankati
	00765000	Saloi
	00768800	Mankididihi
	00766500	Jambani
	00765400	Badagobara
	00765200	Sangobara
	00766000	Bhaleidihi
	00766300	Satpuri
	00768200	Kasia
	00773300	Matakamdihi
	00774800	Gobarasola
Name of CD Block: Bahalda		
Less than 5		
	00781400	Pahadpur
	00783900	Kachanda
	00771600	Kano
5-10		
	00783500	Gambharia
11-20		
	00783800	Runjudihi
	00772000	Mahulduma
	00777900	Jhadgan
	00781300	Bargidihi
	00782700	Jahirkuluta
	00775500	Binjhua
	00781900	Tikhia
	00782200	Anlajodi
21-30		
	00783600	Kaduani
	00782500	Neunti
	00778300	Bahalda
	00782800	Kathakuluta
	00771100	Pokharia
	00781500	Bhursa
	00771900	Pataramahulpani
31-40		
	00784000	Basingi
	00784100	Kadamdiha
	00782400	Pandarsila
	00771500	Majhigan
	00772100	Bhaktamahulpani
	00779800	Soso
	00778200	Kulgi
41-50		
	00782100	Bikrampur
	00782600	Guhaldangiri
	00772300	Ulidihi
	00776100	Tarana
	00780300	Tangarjoda
51-75		
	00771300	Jharadihi
	00783400	Bamanbosh
	00769800	Badkedam
	00778000	Bagdega
	00771000	Bhaleidihi
	00782900	Sijukala
	00772200	Kendua
	00772500	Badapalsa
	00770000	Suruda
	00782000	Kasipur
	00769700	Patambeda
	00779900	Kumbhirda
	00780700	Sagadabhanga
	00771200	Gopinathpur
	00771400	Malikedam
	00776000	Gidighaty
	00775900	Indokholi
	00783700	Dumadihi
	00781600	Kantasola
	00775700	Gayalkata
	00781800	Jambani
	00770100	Jashipur
76 and above		
	00778100	Kanki
	00775400	Sunaposi
	00780900	Kumbhirmundi
	00771800	Thakurbadi
	00769900	Kuldiha
	00779600	Tentala
	00780600	Asana
	00780200	Dalasora
	00783000	Gunduria
	00776400	Bhagabandi

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00782300	Dakadihi
	00769200	Bagedihi
	00781000	Edelbeda
	00776900	Sagjodi
	00781200	Jagannathpur
	00772600	Badepataka
	00776800	Fatatangar
	00783300	Saraspada
	00776600	Dabradihi
	00769600	Ramgarha
	00770600	Sapghera
	00770800	Bhitarmadahill
	00776200	Chadri
	00770200	Nandabasa
	00776500	Bhitaramada
	00780400	Pithakutuni
	00776300	Jaritandi
	00783200	Khandbandha
	00770700	Rangamatia
	00780100	Haladibani
	00769300	Dumatandi
	00769400	Burupalsa
	00769500	Palsahill
	00770300	Kudarsahi
	00770400	Asurghaty
	00770500	Nuagan
	00770900	Dublabeda
	00771700	Chirkuniposi
	00775600	Patua
	00775800	Narendraposi
	00776700	Debradihi Hill
	00777000	Patakadihi
	00777100	Bhalugoda
	00780500	Chahalapada
	00780800	Balidunguri
	00781100	Jialda
	00781700	Bhaludihi
Name of CD Block: Jamda		
Less than 5		
	00777800	Badadundu
11-20		
	00777500	Lokanathpur
31-40		
	00789300	Amalabeda
	00778600	Redam
41-50		
	00787100	Kainpur
	00779400	Rangamatia
51-75		
	00784200	Gohira
	00788300	Kandasar
	00785200	Ghumal
	00786900	Talgan
	00787200	Belposi
	00777400	Dumar
	00787900	Jamda
	00786000	Kudahansa
	00787600	Manbir
	00778900	Naharada
	00786600	Laxmiposi
	00788100	Rumapahadi
	00785500	Bhagabeda
	00789000	Jatapani
	00787400	Tarana
	00778800	Dalki
	00785400	Pasana
	00784700	Rugudidihi
	00786200	Harilabeda
76 and above		
	00789200	Tendera
	00789700	Khediadunguri
	00778700	Maranda
	00784900	Jarkani
	00788700	Dhalpur
	00787800	Madhupur
	00787700	Giria
	00777600	Sandundu
	00788200	Mugudi
	00786400	Mahiskudar
	00786700	Dumadihi
	00788800	Matiali
	00785000	Guduta
	00788900	Khairpal
	00785900	Badasiha
	00788000	Deukundi
	00789800	Basantapur
	00786800	Kankha
	00787300	Bhadusahi
	00789100	Sagajodi
	00786300	Bandaduma
	00785300	Rangamatia
	00784500	Dighi
	00789900	Hensada
	00777200	Chapada
	00786100	Heselpata
	00785700	Sankuleibira
	00779200	Barudihi
	00778500	Natuar
	00787500	Pahadpur
	00788500	Badedihi
	00777300	Tingiria
	00788600	Kucheipal
	00784800	Daunda
	00790100	Chandikhaman
	00778400	Raghunathpur
	00788400	Badamtalia

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00790000	Chitritangar
	00784300	Badakuleibira
	00777700	Gopinathghutu
	00779000	Kalapani
	00779100	Pitidhiri
	00779300	Bamod
	00779500	Bitadihi
	00784400	Olidihi
	00784600	Heselpata
	00785100	Budamara
	00785600	Dumuria
	00785800	Dighiabeda
	00786500	Radhanagar
	00787000	Baghia
	00789400	Tendirahill-Ii
	00789600	Sunamara
Name of CD Block: Rairangpur		
Less than 5		
	00809200	Samardafa
	00805400	Badadar
5-10		
	00817100	Purunapani
	00817800	Panposi
	00819300	Bhalubasa
	00819400	Naghban
	00809400	Budhamara
11-20		
	00818500	Halda
	00795500	Kuleisila
	00819500	Sindurgouri
	00805300	Badgan
	00805600	Badada
	00794200	Jamubani
	00818000	Dubulabeda
21-30		
	00809300	Musabani
	00792500	Sudarsanpur
	00805500	Tulsibani
	00818900	Nuagaon
	00819700	Gopalbandha
	00817700	Sanpakhana
31-40		
	00818700	Nadiaposi
	00794300	Tolak
	00795700	Gorumahisani
	00817400	Badpakhana
	00791900	Bheludihi
	00795300	Badmauda
	00804600	Gandida
	00817300	Kantabani
41-50		
	00791700	Guhaldangri
	00795100	Sundhal
	00817600	Godigan
	00805700	Rengalbeda
	00819100	Badbaikala
	00809700	Naujoda
	00794700	Hatia
	00819200	Tilaposi
	00816400	Tamalbandh
51-75		
	00819000	Sanbaikala
	00804400	Niranjan
	00819800	Mahisaneda
	00794100	Naupada
	00809600	Sunaposi
	00794400	Kapilkudar
	00795200	Balitangiri
	00792300	Kolidiha
	00819600	Chilikaposi
	00795600	Nodhabani
	00795400	Sanmauda
	00790800	Ruansi
76 and above		
	00791500	Mochianetra
	00793800	Kukudimundi
	00791600	Totanetra
	00804900	Dhalabeda
	00817200	Anandpur
	00816900	Dandbose
	00804700	Haldibani
	00793900	Udayapur
	00816300	Kalarda
	00817900	Sanchampauda
	00817500	Palasbani
	00793700	Sanjari
	00790900	Jhulan
	00794000	Bhatgoda
	00818400	Champarei
	00796200	Betpani
	00809500	Neuti
	00792100	Jamupani
	00793500	Badjari
	00793600	Dudhachua
	00796100	Katupit
	00818300	Sijukala
	00790500	Suriagoda
	00804800	Samardafa
	00796000	Balikhani
	00792600	Kusumghaty
	00817000	Patepani
	00790300	Chidkubadi
	00791400	Baliabadi
	00792400	Dhatikidihi
	00816800	Murugaghutu
	00792700	Dahupani

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00796600	Kalasibhanga
	00818800	Bhanjasara
	00794500	Kapili
	00791200	Kautuka
	00795800	Bhesrakacha
	00796400	Jarihill
	00790700	Dangapani
	00792200	Chapal
	00812200	Podadiha
	00790200	Mankadgoda
	00790400	Indrakati
	00791000	Jarkani
	00791100	Dhirol
	00791300	Dubulabeda
	00791800	Mahadebdihi
	00792000	Kalarabani
	00793300	Garudpani
	00793400	Ghagardhipa
	00794600	Gidighaty
	00794900	Teleijhari
	00795000	Kalimati
	00795900	Gorumahisanihill
	00796300	Chhatramandal
	00816500	Badsimila
	00816700	Pokharia
	00818100	Ranipal
	00818200	Chiteibadi
Name of CD Block: Bijatola		
5-10		
	00802700	Balarampurhill
11-20		
	00808800	Chhanpal
21-30		
	00816000	Raihari
	00813000	Gadmunda
	00806600	Badamtalia
31-40		
	00806700	Khanta
41-50		
	00815900	Dumadihi
	00816100	Palasbani
	00808300	Damudibeda
	00814100	Bankati
51-75		
	00815800	Bhadubeda
	00820400	Budhiakudar
	00808500	Mundhathakura
	00815400	Ektali
	00820300	Asanbani
	00807800	Ambadiha
	00807700	Jodia
	00807600	Badjharan
	00813500	Bijatala
	00799200	Henselgoda
	00807500	Sanjharan
	00808700	Khandadeuli
	00806500	Kumbhirda
	00801000	Arjunpani
	00814600	Khandadera
	00806000	Champuda
	00804000	Jamda
	00806200	Gopinathpur
	00820600	Jodamahul
	00808200	Baghiatangar
76 and above		
	00802600	Luhasila
	00800200	Sargoda
	00800400	Saranda
	00813300	Bankadunguri
	00802800	Balarampur
	00815500	Jamudali
	00820500	Bharandia
	00814300	Udalikudar
	00808600	Bantali
	00797500	Kasipani
	00813200	Ektali
	00799900	Jhumukapahadi
	00806800	Pokharia
	00796700	Bhimkhanda
	00800800	Badabantha
	00814200	Baliadhipa
	00812900	Barajiani
	00813100	Mundakati
	00806400	Birkham
	00802100	Kuali
	00813400	Jodapokhari
	00805900	Nusadihi
	00806300	Tikarpada
	00807400	Dhobadiha
	00814500	Balikotha
	00804100	Kalajhari
	00820200	Balbhadrapur
	00808000	Patpur
	00805800	Belpahadi
	00800900	Merudihi
	00801700	Kumbhardubi
	00807300	Madansila
	00808100	Asana
	00813900	Bhalukichua
	00801600	Hillblock
	00803800	Amdabeda
	00802500	Betjharanhill
	00798500	Budamara
	00802000	Khejuri
	00797000	Dumurikudar
	00803300	Bantaligoda

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00799400	Lado
	00815100	Tulsibani
	00812800	Jaunti
	00814800	Karkachia
	00803000	Manikpur
	00797800	Chadeipahadi
	00803100	Paunsia
	00816200	Jaldiha
	00802400	Betjharan
	00796900	Pandupani
	00806100	Pithakutni
	00800700	Dalki
	00802300	Kakudiruma
	00807900	Bhalujodi
	00814400	Taldiha
	00803400	Bandhagaon
	00814900	Jadachua
	00792900	Fulbadia
	00793000	Ketabeda
	00793100	Balarampur
	00796800	Tulasibani
	00797100	Khejurijharan
	00797200	Jamupani
	00797400	Gobindpur
	00797600	Rengalbeda
	00797700	Pahadpur
	00798000	Kankadabeda
	00798200	Rangamatia
	00798300	Lakhanchhatar
	00798600	Tiakati
	00798800	Dhantangar
	00798900	Dhantangarhill
	00799100	Daleidihi
	00799500	Hatisal
	00799700	Bhejidihi
	00799800	Kadatamak
	00800000	Tanguru
	00800100	Sapaghera
	00800300	Baliam
	00800500	Sanbantha
	00801100	Bhadupani
	00801200	Gohalhill
	00801300	Tandipani
	00801400	Sijuhill
	00801500	Badbill
	00801800	Kaduani
	00801900	Khejurihill
	00802200	Madheikacha
	00802900	Nuagaon
	00803600	Kendua
	00806900	Dunguri
	00807000	Jayantpur
	00807100	Baigankudar
	00808400	Chadripahadi
	00813700	Dambeda
	00814000	Khadiasol
	00814700	Asansikhar
	00815000	Hatnabeda
	00815200	Teltangia
	00815300	Bagdega
	00815600	Batduma
	00815700	Sanbelpahadi
	00820100	Padmapur
	00830400	Kundurukocha
Name of CD Block: Kusumi		
5-10		
	00812000	Badamkuradhi
11-20		
	00823700	Kusunpur
	00823600	Kendrei
	00811000	Tentoposi
21-30		
	00824900	Ukam
	00821700	Mahuldiha
	00825400	Chhanua
	00810300	Andiadukura
	00821200	Duva
	00823300	Deogan
	00811300	Bhalupahadi
31-40		
	00820900	Banduda
	00809900	Badada
	00823400	Satpautia
	00821600	Jadida
	00823900	Purunia
41-50		
	00810700	Dubulabeda
	00822400	Saraspada
	00826700	Dhangdimuta
	00810900	Baliadhipa
	00811700	Aharbandh
	00824500	Kumudasol
	00824800	Nangalsila
	00823800	Kusumi
	00810200	Chingudipokhari
51-75		
	00826900	Majhigaon
	00811400	Kherna
	00812400	Bhutukabadi
	00808900	Tamudia
	00811500	Khejuria
	00810600	Uperbeda
	00828600	Jhipabandha
	00826600	Sanjaidhanposi
	00812100	Bholbeda
	00824300	Bankati

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00824200	Joypur
	00824700	Murumdihi
	00821300	Basila
	00821000	Sanhatnabeda
	00821100	Talapati
	00809800	Gopalpur
	00812500	Mahuldiha
	00826000	Kantasola
	00822600	Tinaposi
	00824100	Kuldiha
	00822800	Bhandan
	00809000	Shyamsundar
76 and above		
	00827400	Pokharia
	00822000	Dalki
	00826100	Badam
	00827500	Kathbharia
	00812700	Chandida
	00821900	Padhia
	00811200	Khejuripada
	00809100	Ghungupahadi
	00810100	Kaduani
	00825500	Purunapani
	00828400	Dhodichua
	00825300	Chuapani
	00827700	Raipada
	00826200	Bhadusahi
	00828500	Raisahi
	00827800	Dhakata
	00824000	Kesargadia
	00828300	Nuasahi
	00826400	Bagdega
	00823200	Banapokharia
	00811600	Teleighutu
	00821400	Ramjali
	00827900	Jhatisiring
	00826800	Burudihi
	00821500	Bankanda
	00822700	Talakpokhari
	00827100	Kasiabeda
	00822100	Rahadibeda
	00828100	Barisaghutu
	00811100	Solakudar
	00823100	Budadar
	00810400	Rangamatia
	00822900	Chulibhanga
	00828200	Badhatnabeda
	00812600	Deuli
	00827000	Timtima
	00825100	Dalki
	00821800	Jamudihi
	00822200	Angarapada
	00827200	Pandugandi

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00825700	Bhagabandi
	00825000	Hatisikuli
	00823000	Bargimara
	00822300	Dighia
	00828800	Tirildihi
	00812300	Dumuria
	00822500	Pahadpur
	00824600	Mayurdar
	00810000	Bakadihi
	00810500	Edelbeda
	00810800	Chahalapada
	00811800	Ghodadega
	00811900	Narendraposi
	00820700	Ralibeda
	00820800	Pahadpur
	00823500	Gadadharpur
	00824400	Nischintpur
	00825200	Suliduma
	00825600	Bhuyanbasa
	00825900	Netrajharan
	00826300	Dudhijharan
	00826500	Badjaidhanposi
	00827300	Gobindapur
	00827600	Chengbaria
	00828000	Thuntipani
	00828700	Pechadar
Name of CD Block: Bisoi		
5-10		
	00837300	Patejhari
11-20		
	00831300	Argalbindha
21-30		
	00832500	Manicha
	00840900	Bhatchhatar
	00833000	Deodang
	00834100	Kuilisuta
	00837600	Baneikala
31-40		
	00839900	Badmanada
	00829500	Luhakani
	00832800	Bholbeda
	00833300	Bautibeda
	00833500	Nuadihi
	00832200	Panposi
	00837200	Jamjhari
	00836400	Mahiskudar
41-50		
	00837800	Nuagan
	00843600	Nangalkatapokharia
	00833700	Majhigan
	00837900	Kurkutia
	00840800	Asana
	00842300	Mahubhandar

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00842600	Katas
	00837400	Sanjambilla
	00842700	Bisoi
	00829200	Dumuria
	00836600	Gunduria
	00840700	Talapati
	00835900	Kudumda
	00833600	Hizili
51-75		
	00843800	Ektali
	00839000	Baghiatangar
	00837500	Kulipasi
	00833900	Palgoda
	00831700	Saraspada
	00842800	Kadapani
	00839200	Budamara
	00835700	Kaduani
	00831600	Musamari
	00838800	Bad Nalua
	00839100	Kesam
	00836300	Badpurunapani
	00832400	Jambirdiha
	00839800	Sanmanada
	00843500	Dhana
	00842100	Sunaposi
	00840500	Arjunbilla
	00837700	San Nalua
	00841000	Patharpoda
	00836700	Saragada
	00804200	Kuajhari
	00833100	Thulukchatani
	00832300	Kundulia
	00831900	Sunagadia
	00832700	Satsul
76 and above		
	00843400	Badhunia
	00835000	Rangamatia
	00839700	Budhi Khamari
	00841100	Bankidihi
	00842200	Chatani
	00844000	Bisoihill
	00844200	Asansikhar
	00839500	Chadripahadi
	00842400	Kaduani
	00835600	Pokharia
	00829600	Laxmiposi
	00841600	Kendumara
	00831400	Panduda
	00840600	Badjambilla
	00831800	Sagajodi
	00829300	Madhupur
	00841200	Khadiasul
	00829900	Edelbeda

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00843900	Pankhi
	00844300	Kulgidihi
	00829700	Kundra
	00832900	Handifuta
	00835100	Bhurudukala
	00830300	Gargadi
	00829100	Banki
	00842900	Khadambeda
	00839600	Allapani
	00836200	Badajodi
	00844500	Osadala
	00830700	Hatichhad
	00804300	Karanjei
	00838900	Tamal Bandha
	00832000	Jodia
	00832100	Budhikhamari
	00840400	Brahmanpasi
	00831200	Dudhakundi
	00836100	Bhitaramada
	00834300	Charupani
	00842500	Khejurikatas
	00831100	Deopata
	00840300	Tambajhari
	00843200	Chuakankar
	00835800	Dabanki
	00836000	Jaganathpur
	00838700	Teleighutu
	00841500	Kasipani
	00843300	Dantuani
	00830100	Banpokharia
	00831000	Rajabasa
	00841300	Raikadkacha
	00834500	Karanjharan
	00838000	Dumurdiha
	00832600	Luhamalia
	00838500	Bankati
	00840100	Rengalbeda
	00835400	Tiakati
	00839400	Andharjhari
	00839300	Radhanagar
	00834200	Sanpurunapani
	00840000	Raliabindha
	00841700	Talakbadi
	00843700	Makhuna
	00843000	Sanbalichua
	00828900	Hill Block Dhenkia
	00829000	Jedelghutu
	00829800	Kashipentha
	00830200	Fuljhara
	00830800	Tarana
	00830900	Duarsuni
	00831500	Keshargadia
	00833200	Parabhadi

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00833400	Mangalpur
	00833800	Bobeijoda
	00834000	Tentiduma
	00834700	Burudihi
	00834900	Kalimati
	00835500	Sarupani
	00836500	Jamudihi
	00836900	Chaturisahi
	00837000	Patharkata
	00838100	Dhangidimuta
	00838300	Dhalabeda
	00838600	Mayurbeka
	00840200	Jambani
	00841800	Sanrangamatia
	00841900	Rugudidihi
	00842000	Asanbani
	00843100	Kitabeda
	00844100	Purunabalichua
	00844400	Ghodabandha
Name of CD Block: Jashipur		
Less than 5		
	01127800	Madarangajodi
	01126500	Jamda
11-20		
	01126600	Bhandariposi
	01127100	Jokjhari
	01127300	Kanjipia
	01136500	Tangabhilla
	01137600	Ghaniaposi
	01128500	Sanjunaposi
	01136000	Bakartala
21-30		
	01124100	Badjunaposi
	01119100	Kalasbandha
	01124000	Mahardapalasa
	01136400	Badbil
	01124200	Kumbharkhatia
	01119600	Tangarbalda
	01119000	Rahanda
	01142400	Dhuduruchampa
	01133800	Goili
	01135800	Kointa
	01127200	Kuljodi
	01128600	Bedhakudar
	01135700	Sannai
	01125800	Sansialinai
	01127600	Anlabeni
31-40		
	01119300	Jamukeswar
	01129700	Nebda
	01130300	Kaptira
	01123000	Manada
	01142000	Balikhal
	01126800	Bhupad
	01136600	Bakala
	01127900	Kadapandugandi
	01129900	Jashipur
41-50		
	01133600	Matiagarh
	01128000	Kajala
	01133900	Singarpur
	01126900	Goudgan
	01139500	Kusumi
	01136800	Ekatali
51-75		
	01141500	Jurunda
	01126300	Padmapur
	01136100	Pantho
	01124300	Balisodra
	01128300	Maudi
	01128800	Tikarpada
	01133200	Sapachira
	01125300	Badsialinai
	01134400	Begunia
	01134300	Chainebda
	01134000	Pandugandi
	01123100	Baria
	01117100	Chhamudia
	01135900	Hatimundi
	01123200	Dhatikia
	01119900	Pahadpur
	01123300	Bandiraposi
	01129600	Kudarbisida
	01135500	Kenjhrapanposi
	01125100	Begunia
	01128700	Biunria
	01134500	Sunamuhin
	01142200	Badmakabadi
	01124400	Dakarabeda
	01128400	Itamundi
	01123500	Kumbharpandugandi
	01133400	Kapanda
	01119400	Digposi
	01139000	Gudgudia
	01120100	Naana
	01135600	Kenjhara
	01134100	Angarpada
	01133100	Thakurgoda
76 and above		
	01119200	Bhanda
	01134700	Rugudi
	01125500	Chahala
	01141200	Astakuanr
	01139300	Saharpat
	01129800	Jamda
	01141100	Similipal

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01119500	Champabalda
	01136700	Dhuduku
	01139700	Barigan
	01137200	Kiajhari
	01125000	Bargiput
	01129500	Kadadiha
	01118800	Sanmaranda
	01130400	Kasipal
	01117200	Gandirabeda
	01139200	Kumari
	01126000	Durdura
	01140200	Khejuria
	01130000	Anukulpur
	01130200	Badsole
	01135200	Badbadaposi
	01129400	Palasagadia
	01135300	Badanai
	01123700	Telipalasa
	01119700	Badapahad
	01123400	Balijodi
	01117500	Ashoki
	01119800	Baunsanali
	01134200	Badbil
	01116600	Genteisahi
	01135100	Jaunriposi
	01139900	Kundabil
	01116500	Ramasahi
	01137900	Kaliani
	01134600	K.Handabandha
	01137500	Asanabani
	01118600	Chakidi
	01132400	Bareipani
	01126100	Handipuhan
	01131300	Palgoda
	01142100	Makabadi
	01131500	Bhadusole
	01132900	Rautala
	01133000	Kalikaprasad
	01117900	Naubudani
	01141400	Naana
	01116400	Tangurusahi
	01138300	Bilapaka
	01132800	Badasoki
	01139800	Badakasira
	01118400	Nuhamalia
	01141700	Nikhirda
	01138400	Kolha
	01135400	Dhemananali
	01130800	Podagarh
	01117700	Asura
	01118000	Siltia
	01118500	Ambatalia
	01130500	Suanpal

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01135000	Siramanipur
	01134900	Kaluakhaman
	01141300	Balarampur
	01125200	Chheligodhuli
	01130600	Dhalabani
	01131000	Madanmohanpur
	01139100	Chandikhaman
	01138900	Netraghosra
	01125900	Tulasibani
	01132500	Barsia
	01116700	Mandam
	01140300	Kuanribil
	01118200	Banpandugandi
	01116900	Dhulia
	01117300	Baliaban
	01117400	Ashokihill
	01117600	Hill Blockno-Ii
	01117800	Dalkibeda
	01118100	Sinduria
	01118300	Ramachandrapur
	01118700	Badamaranda
	01118900	Badaduma
	01124500	Laxmiposi
	01124600	Maharajpur
	01124700	Ambadiha
	01124800	Machhakandana
	01124900	Maharajpurhill
	01125600	Brundaban
	01126200	Kadalibadihill
	01129300	Aktapal
	01130100	Kankadani
	01130700	Chadripahadi
	01130900	Badajhilli
	01131100	Brundeiposi
	01131200	Tingiriani
	01131400	Kundagad
	01131600	Jamuani
	01131700	Sanjhilli
	01131800	Hatimundi
	01131900	Rajpal
	01132000	Asanabani
	01132100	Kolajhari
	01132200	Chakundakacha
	01132300	Haladia
	01132600	Nuniagoda
	01132700	Sanasoki
	01133300	Baranga
	01133700	Basantapur
	01134800	Chaturisahi
	01136300	Banakati
	01136900	Nangalsila
	01137000	Kaleitumba
	01137100	Baragadia

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01137300	Kanchikina
	01137400	Kumudabadi
	01137700	Tilabadi
	01137800	Podagarh
	01138000	Olkudar
	01138100	Uttaransa
	01138200	Tamakasili
	01138500	Bandirabasa
	01138600	Fulabadia
	01138700	Jajadihi
	01139400	Khediadunguri
	01139600	Sankasira
	01140000	Bhradachua
	01140100	Kabatghai
	01140400	Lembujharan
	01140500	Bakua
	01140600	Jamunagarh
	01140700	Jenabil
	01140900	Budhabalanga
	01141000	Saruda
	01141600	Kukurbhuka
	01141900	Panchudahan
	01142300	Gopinathpur
Name of CD Block: Raruan		
Less than 5		
	01144800	Purunapani
	01121700	Panaposi
	01122700	Dhangidiposi
	01128900	Bharadapasi
5-10		
	01121500	Papada
11-20		
	01145700	Budamara
	01147600	Palasa
	01147500	Kanika
	01144000	Digposi
	01150100	Mendhamundi
	01148700	Mukuna
	01146200	Nuagansamildhalpasi
	01144700	Batisahi
	01147300	Angarapada
	01143800	Nakasara
21-30		
	01148200	Tikarapada
	01143100	Hindola
	01143200	Dhalposi
	01145600	Sankarapur
	01116300	Jhadbeda
	01149400	Kalanda
	01145300	Raikala
	01147700	Tulasipur
	01129200	Sana Palasa
	01122200	Bhanjakia
	01146100	Talbiunria
31-40		
	01145400	Sagada
	01150000	Badararuan
	01120300	Niunty
	01143700	Kudarasahi
	01144200	Bamanposi
	01148600	Runjabindha
	01120500	Balanapasi
	01147800	Galusahi
	01143400	Dhanyatri
41-50		
	01150400	Jhumukapal
	01144500	Kusumabandh
	01145900	Badakesari
	01120700	Bhagabandi
	01148000	Baidyanath
	01142800	Chhelianali
	01144400	Maricha
	01143500	Narasandha
	01122400	Godapalasa
	01129000	Panasi
51-75		
	01122100	Itighara
	01142900	Righa
	01129100	Kulundi
	01145000	Reghasahi
	01147400	Chiruhatu
	01143600	Rangamatia
	01144900	Parabeda
	01143900	Buruhatu
	01122500	Bisida
	01146300	Naibhanga
	01146400	Banakati
	01144300	Ghagarbeda
	01142500	Sarasapasi
	01122800	Purunia
	01147900	Jadipada
	01121600	Tilakoti
	01143000	Solgada
	01122900	Tingiria
	01142600	Fagu
	01144100	Gambharia
	01121400	Sirakoli
	01146000	Sanakesari
	01146700	Kendua
	01116200	Kodalidhua
	01120900	Reteisahi
	01120200	Dayaposi
	01146800	Denua
	01146600	Fulcomp
76 and above		
	01145100	Manikapur

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01121000	Kantasimila
	01122000	Badamenta
	01147100	Nayabeda
	01146500	Nanduburu
	01147000	Kamarabandha
	01150200	Bhanjabeda
	01150300	Khuntapada
	01121900	Brundeiposi
	01121200	Takudipala
	01145200	Panapaturia
	01120800	Mamudipani
	01147200	Jamunti
	01142700	Madhiapasi
	01116000	Batisahi
	01143300	Futkarsahi
	01120600	Udayasahi
	01148100	Patarapacha
	01148500	Santabandha
	01121300	Dharmabeda
	01116100	Gobardhansahi
	01120400	Chamarasahi
	01121100	Jamunalia
	01121800	Rensasahi
	01144600	Tangurusahi
	01146900	Mahuladiha
	01150900	Tilusahi
Name of CD Block: Sukruli		
Less than 5		
	01152300	Badamtalia
	01153100	Uttaraposi
	01153400	Kesana
	01153300	Nuagaon
	01154100	Panideuli
	01153200	Ghikhalli
5-10		
	01151600	Nischintapur
	01153500	Sialagothani
11-20		
	01157600	Kasiabeda
	01151900	Sarubali
	01149300	Panasi
	01152100	Kakharupanha
	01149000	Silimaposi
	01152200	Naupanha
	01149100	Kumbhirda
	01151700	Pandarsil
	01154000	Pratapjadunathpur Sashan (Indupur)
	01151300	Badateranti
	01153700	Baliposi
	01152000	Sukruli
21-30		
	01152900	Uleikundi
	01152400	Mahuliasul
	01151800	Beguniabindha
	01152800	Kashipal
	01157900	Ghagi
31-40		
	01148900	Adipur
	01157800	Kusunpur
	01150700	Gobindasahi
	01154800	Rautalipat
41-50		
	01153900	Jamunalia
	01157000	Tangia
	01149200	Ghadeikudar
	01157500	Jamuti
	01155200	Bhramarposi
51-75		
	01155100	Nuabeda
	01158300	Haladia
	01156800	Jhadghosda
	01158000	Sunaposi
	01152600	Pandabilla
	01154300	Arjunbilla
	01154600	Budamara
	01150800	Bhaliadiha
	01158500	Deuli
	01151100	Tingiria
	01154400	Upardiha
	01158800	Singada
	01156000	Kitisahi
	01152700	Khiching
	01158200	Badabill
	01151500	Gambhariapal
76 and above		
	01149500	Parbatipur
	01156600	Kudasahi
	01155300	Manoharpur
	01158600	Pokharia
	01158400	Baria
	01155000	Patua
	01154900	Bangiriposi
	01150500	Kunjiam
	01155700	Chaturanjali
	01157200	Galusahi
	01150600	Jethama
	01156300	Champarei
	01158100	Fulguntha
	01155600	Badpani
	01152500	Jamdapal
	01155800	Sarubil
	01154200	Raidiha
	01157400	Khaparasahi
	01151400	Askipal
	01156500	Talagaon

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01155500	Dhudipani
	01155900	Hatibindha
	01154500	Gharmabeda
	01156200	Gayalchatua
	01157100	Saradha
	01158700	Kasia
	01154700	Tutisahi
	01156400	Majurasahi
	01157700	Ghagarda
	01153800	Baradapal
	01155400	Godhimara
	01156100	Dimbasahi
	01156700	Kudarsahi
	01157300	Jamubani
Name of CD Block: Karanjia		
5-10		
	01100900	Chadhaibhol
	01106000	Malharpada
11-20		
	01105300	Kia
	01113400	Kapandara
	01105500	Pichhuli
	01107700	Sialinai
	01104100	Nuagan
21-30		
	01111000	Kuduma
	01103700	Kerkera
	01104700	Hatidandi
	01100600	Ghosda
	01106800	Sanagansasan
	01100400	Birajadunathpurshasan
	01105800	Barapanposi
	01107500	Biunria
	01110900	Rasamtala
31-40		
	01106500	Raitalia
	01101700	Bhadubeda
	01110000	Kadambeda
	01111500	Gaudgan
	01108300	Kankada
	01108400	Kurulia
	01107000	Badagan
	01110700	Simgan
	01103900	Bhanra
	01105900	Gidhibas
41-50		
	01107400	Nakuda
	01110500	Ghadaghagudi
	01105100	Baghadafa
	01102500	Purunadeogan
	01113500	Koliposi
	01102400	Dari
	01107300	Ranipat
	01115300	Kenjhara
	01111100	Mandua
	01102700	Jarali
	01108100	Batapalasa
51-75		
	01114000	Kadadiha
	01111200	Kudarsahi
	01102800	Tulasiposi
	01102900	Tuntuna
	01104600	Sarasaposi
	01109900	Jhadbeda
	01100700	Dhakata
	01106400	Batatainsira
	01101000	Murgapat
	01107600	Kunjia
	01114100	Singada
	01110600	Saradha
	01104400	Baliposi
	01105200	Bala
	01105600	Sadangitainsira
	01103200	Dumuria
	01103500	Nedhuapal
	01104000	Chauthia
	01106300	Nuagan
	01108200	Salarapada
	01101400	Asanbani
	01104900	Jhaddumuria
	01104300	Badadeuli
	01101300	Bhalugodaorofchitraposi
	01101500	Satakiari
	01105400	Kiapanposi
	01106100	Karadia
	01109100	Purunapani
	01111300	Radang
	01115800	Kendumundi
	01115200	Kalakada
76 and above		
	01108600	Purunapani
	01105000	Dihajodi
	01110400	Sarabhadi
	01105700	Tata
	01104200	Bhanraposi
	01101600	Pingu
	01113300	Kusapada
	01103000	Deogan
	01100500	Halpur
	01104500	Sanadeuli
	01102600	Kathakaranjia
	01104800	Andarjhari
	01114200	Chaturisahi
	01106700	Saradha
	01103600	Sanbadapasi
	01108500	Chanchabani

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01107900	Pahadmadak
	01106200	Tulasiposi
	01101100	Pahadbhanga
	01115900	Bisipur
	01113900	Hatisalbeda
	01101800	Sarangagad
	01113800	Sunaposi
	01115100	Tikasil
	01108800	Panaspal
	01103400	Madarangajodi
	01101900	Jhalakiani
	01109000	Hatibari
	01102300	Thianali
	01103300	Dhalabani
	01100800	Mahadevdeuli
	01115500	Patbil
	01112900	Badramchandrapur
	01102200	Mata
	01109200	Sanbarahkamuda
	01102000	Ramachandrapur
	01113200	Miludihi
	01115400	Baliposi
	01115600	Rengalbeda
	01107100	Khandiadar
	01103800	Badasarai
	01108900	Miriginandi
	01109700	Khadikudar
	01114800	Jamunalia
	01112700	Khalpada
	01111600	Thakuramapatana
	01109400	Dibigarh
	01111700	Kadalibadi
	01102100	Dumbisahi
	01112400	Dudhiani
	01106600	Batagaudagan
	01110300	Pakamunda
	01112500	Anlakata
	01108000	Patulidiha
	01113100	Syamchandrapur
	01107800	Kadamadak
	01107200	Antasahi
	01108700	Godidiha
	01109300	Badbarahkamuda
	01109500	Paudia
	01109600	Sundhikudar
	01109800	Jhumukakudar
	01111400	Chheliaposi
	01111800	Ranibholorofkalodar
	01111900	Jalada
	01112000	Pahadpur
	01112100	Laxmiposi
	01112200	Ramjodi
	01112300	Burudihi
	01112600	Budhigan
	01112800	Rangamatia
	01113000	Sanramchandrapur
	01113600	Jarasahi
	01113700	Sudiam
	01114300	Gapalpur
	01114400	Bhalughar
	01114500	Balibhal
	01114600	Baghalata
	01114700	Thakurjharan
	01114900	Bajenisila
	01115000	Padeidhuda
Name of CD Block: Thakurmunda		
Less than 5		
	01098900	Danuabaliposi
	01095100	Gourigoda
5-10		
	01093400	Nisaposi
	01092900	Nuapada
	01084200	Jamukhanjari
	01099100	Betajhari
	01097300	Panasa Diha
	01097100	Thakurmunda
11-20		
	01096000	Patiapada
	01093600	Raipada
	01093800	Kelarposi
	01086000	Kathuanuagaon
	01096400	Khejuria
	01096100	Talapada
	01090200	Meghasani
	01096900	Digdhar
	01091300	Jadibil
21-30		
	01097000	Nihangandi
	01095200	Kalasira
	01084500	Nuagaon
	01099900	Dirba
	01099200	Khuntaposi
	01097200	Rugudibeda
	01093900	Bhairanibeda
	01093300	Padiabeda
31-40		
	01100100	Baghamunda
	01097800	Daunikila
	01098500	Miriginendi
	01097400	Baunsadiha
	01099300	Bentakarpada
	01086400	Ghantiadara
	01083100	Mituani
	01100000	Taramara
41-50		
	01096800	Suninda

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01093500	Khandbandh
	01085400	Khandapal
	01093000	Badaposi
	01092800	Purunapani
	01099700	Handifuta
	01089700	Rugudisahi
	01084300	Bhadubeda
	01085300	Sanbaliposi
	01088500	Godabhanga
	01086800	Khumthan
	01096300	Bandhagan
	01085800	Jamunalia
	01097600	Gahandiha
51-75		
	01090000	Nuagaon
	01084100	Champajhar
	01084000	Mankadabeda
	01089100	Nada
	01093100	Oriam
	01086300	Panaposi
	01094900	Lokanathpur
	01085500	Nuapada
	01086700	Mahuldiha
	01095000	Tikarpada
	01091200	Jadibeda
	01094700	Mukundiapada
	01087500	Jambani
	01090900	Kendujiani
	01089000	Baghamara
	01083900	Kirikichipal
	01090300	Upper Barahakamuda
	01095400	Boring
	01099800	Kham Diha
	01097500	Chakulia
	01095600	Sanarugudibeda
	01087000	Jamunanda
	01088900	Salachua
	01098000	Simdiha
	01099600	Jadidar
	01087900	Satkosia Forest Cluster
	01091100	Kucheikudar
	01098100	Nischintapur
	01089500	Dumurdiha
	01086100	Dubapal
	01091900	Khaparkhai
	01089200	Baunsa Pani
	01096500	Chamakpur
	01092500	Jamudiha
	01088800	Karadapal
	01091000	Khuntakata
	01095700	Dangasila
	01088300	Balidiha
	01086600	Goudia Bahali
	01083700	Jangal Block Samil Sudarsanpur
	01095800	Baliposi
76 and above		
	01088600	Kanjiapal
	01083600	Purunapani
	01087800	Satkosia
	01094800	Khadipal
	01094200	Hatigoda
	01094000	Chainbainsi
	01098400	Bharandia
	01085700	Dakeipal
	01094600	Kaliaposi
	01083800	Asanbani
	01098600	Banki
	01094100	Akhapolan
	01085600	Kucheidiha
	01087600	Baula
	01097900	Nuagan
	01085900	Jarak
	01092000	Asankudar
	01089400	Asanbani
	01084700	Bhejidiha
	01086900	Ghulghulia
	01095500	Ambabeda
	01089300	Sarubil
	01087700	Satkosiaamal Nama Hill Block
	01088400	Chaulajhari
	01098300	Laxmiposi
	01100300	Baliabeda
	01083200	Badbaliposi
	01092600	Kadapani
	01087100	Baghadafa
	01087200	Bhaliadal
	01085100	Jodipada
	01093200	Khasakudar
	01084600	Diliganj
	01099500	Gobarjoda
	01089600	Khadidamak
	01092400	Sanmohuldiha
	01096600	Basantpur
	01090800	Chheratangar
	01088200	Satabedi
	01083300	Chirupada
	01094400	Jamunalia
	01083500	Kesdiha
	01084800	Dangadiha
	01091800	Badmahuldiha
	01099400	Badbil
	01086500	Khudsila
	01089800	Ranibhol
	01088700	Dhatikidiha
	01088100	Kundei

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01092200	Ranibhol
	01091700	Dangapani
	01091600	Jamuposi
	01091400	Sunariposi
	01094500	Nipania
	01084900	Patarpada
	01094300	Ghodabindha
	01100200	Guliajodi
	01096700	Guhaldihi
	01092700	Kaliajiani
	01085200	Mulapal
	01092300	Dhirol
	01088000	Duara Suni
	01084400	Giribeda
	01089900	Edelbeda
	01090600	Saleibeda
	01083400	Mandal Jhari
	01085000	Kokanda
	01086200	Banamunda
	01087300	Jharjhari
	01087400	Asurkhal
	01090100	Debasthali
	01090500	Bahaghar
	01090700	Kasibeda
	01091500	Pariarsahi
	01092100	Kandadhanu
	01093700	Kasibania
	01095300	Sanandharilkhaman
	01095900	Bholpada
	01096200	Andharikhaman
	01098200	Nundiha
Name of CD Block: Kaptipada		
Less than 5		
	01072600	Baghamara
	01075300	Jamubani
	01071800	Nodhadiha
	01075500	Palasabani
	01070200	Tampada
	01073200	Sansimilia
	01073500	Saubhagyadeipur
	01073000	Dunduria
5-10		
	01075900	Sanbisol
	01070800	Kantagadi
11-20		
	01074300	Rathipur
	01076300	Talbani
	01071700	Kathapal
	01074200	Jarada
	01070900	Nuasahi
	01072500	Badakhaladi
	01073300	Baniagan
	01070500	Narasingbeda
	01075000	Ambapichhula
	01068800	Koliolalsamil Pagadadiha
21-30		
	01068900	Bhandaripal
	01073700	Pedagadi
	01074500	Kaptipada
	01079900	Bhaluhuruda
	01073600	Jhinkapada
	01071600	Pingu
	01074400	Janakpur
	01072000	Gohira
	01074900	Sudsudia
	01069600	Sarbanaghaty
	01076800	Singidida
31-40		
	01075600	Kuanrpur
	01069800	Kukurdima
	01072400	Sankhaladi
	01071900	Karapada
	01072200	Gaudgan
	01074800	Mirigothana
	01070400	Talia
	01068300	Badajunpal
	01075100	Badampada
	01079500	Sundhal
	01070300	Nuagan
	01074700	Beldiha
	01079700	Jayaguntia
41-50		
	01076400	Badbisol
	01076600	Badgudugudia
	01071500	Asanbani
	01079100	Salachua
	01080200	Sologodia
	01069000	Podadiha
	01081000	Siriapal
	01072900	Durgapur
	01080300	Gendagadia
51-75		
	01080500	Parasabadi
	01071200	Phulbadia
	01075400	Dhumkhet
	01069100	Talapadiasamiljiatikar
	01074600	Mahuldiha
	01073400	Machhia
	01069700	Potaldiha
	01081500	Baghadafa
	01071300	Chuinposi
	01078400	Bisungaon
	01061600	Hill Block No-160
	01080000	Badasimilia
	01072100	Kuagathana
	01068200	Nuhamalia

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01080100	Jamubani
	01082100	Kalamgadia
	01078100	Sarat
	01076900	Benipur
	01081600	Sukhuapata
	01069300	Jayantipatta Samil Jamudiha
	01073900	Mahulbani
	01080400	Gayalmara
	01071400	Gadiapal
76 and above		
	01076100	Golagodia
	01079200	Jadida
	01080700	Majhigadia
	01081900	Bhandar
	01076500	Sangudugudia
	01068700	Gandidar
	01075700	Bhagabondh
	01083000	Padmapokhari
	01077700	Kaladahi
	01082200	Prafullachandrapur
	01069200	Hill Block No-171
	01079300	Phulbadia Hill Block
	01078700	Sanadei
	01078600	Katuria
	01080900	Dhapada
	01077900	Noto
	01071000	Debala
	01081300	Prasanachandrapur
	01081800	Sripadamanjaripur
	01068600	Kadamsul
	01082000	Gokulpur
	01082300	Dugudha
	01075200	Khuntabil
	01078800	Gaipanikhiahill
	01074100	Patpur
	01078900	Dewanbahali
	01077800	Khadikhania
	01069400	Chakradharpur
	01078500	Labanyadeipur
	01069500	Sadanandapur
	01080800	Mahulpankha
	01078300	Dillisahar
	01061700	Hill Block No-0161
	01080600	Mankadpada Hill
	01081200	Ranipokhari
	01079600	Mahisasuri
	01082900	Tolagadia
	01082800	Dolipada
	01074000	Khetpada
	01072300	Nachhipur
	01077600	Hill Block No-31
	01082400	Sukhuapata Hill
	01078200	Gourchandrapur
	01068500	Nachhipur
	01082600	Balichua
	01078000	Kadabahali
	01069900	Gothapura
	01082700	Ramchandrapur
	01079000	Bidyadharanagar
	01081100	Rajatnagar
	01075800	Bhalubasa
	01073100	Bandhamal
	01081700	Saradiha
	01082500	Kathachua
	01068000	Sanjunpal
	01068100	Hillblock No-151
	01068400	Kantiali
	01070000	Gheepura
	01070100	Astapura
	01070700	Hill Block No-173
	01071100	Chhanua
	01073800	Ghuntabani
	01076000	Sagunabasa
	01076200	Baghabasa
	01076700	Badbadi
	01079800	Thakurasahi
	01081400	Kumudabadi
Name of CD Block: Udala		
Less than 5		
	01058400	Sialia
11-20		
	01065100	Siripur
	01060500	Dibyasinghapur
	01060300	Jalda
	01061000	Bhimatalisasan
21-30		
	01077400	Radho
	01060700	Purunapani
	01060800	Athangan
31-40		
	01061400	Khuntapal
	01062400	Chuliaposi
	01062000	Chhotraipur
	01056800	Sridamchandrapur
41-50		
	01062700	Nizkainsari
	01065900	Khuntapal
	01077300	Dihirakul
	01066000	Bairatpur
51-75		
	01059900	Dugudha
	01061800	Raidandia
	01060400	Urmal
	01055900	Kundabai
	01067600	Matihudi
	01059700	Patapur

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01065500	Manidi
	01062100	Khaladi
	01060200	Nabara
	01077500	Hill Block No-28
	01058000	Salmundali
	01067500	Kuanrpal
	01058200	Kathuabeda
	01064600	Kirikichia
	01064700	Kalapahad
	01060100	Kanakpada
	01057100	Nuagaon
76 and above		
	01064900	Naraharipur
	01061900	Dutikadeipur
	01062500	Jualia
	01058300	Sonapokhari
	01077200	Mauda
	01065700	Dimogadia
	01057200	Gobindapur
	01067800	Hatasahi
	01067900	Rajabasa
	01061500	Uttarpal
	01057000	Khadikasol
	01060000	Bahubandha
	01062200	Beguniadiha
	01065300	Prafullachandrapur
	01062300	Rangamatia
	01059600	Adapal
	01058100	Kotilinga
	01059800	Ambadiha
	01056300	Ambikadeipur
	01056100	Tentala
	01057600	Balabhadrapur
	01056600	Chandrapur
	01077000	Ramchandrapur
	01060600	Bhurudubani
	01058500	Sansingaria
	01056900	Chadada
	01056000	Jamudiha
	01065400	Sarasbila
	01057900	Badakhaman
	01057700	Manikpur
	01057500	Nayarangamatia
	01065800	Kochiladiha
	01056200	Khaladi
	01056500	Patasanipur
	01055800	Upartaldiha
	01057400	Angarpada
	01062600	Naharapada
	01067700	Damasahi
	01057800	Anantapur
	01058800	Musakhai
	01056700	Brahmapur
	01056400	Adipur
	01057300	Balichhatara
	01058600	Pagodadar
	01058700	Badsingaria
	01061200	Kainthaora
	01061300	Nuasahi
	01065600	Jadukhunta
	01077100	Hill Block No-89
Name of CD Block: Gopabandhunagar		
Less than 5		
	01054400	Talakadada
	01055300	Samaraipur
	01064500	Puradihi
	01044200	Chatursila
	01041800	Sankhunta
5-10		
	01047500	Megha
	01053800	Sainkula
	01050700	Badabelakuti
11-20		
	01042000	Jadurghera
	01053000	Khadikapada
	01053900	Kantisahi
	01067200	Patsanipur
	01053400	Bhanupur
	01054600	Khiripada
	01064000	Astia
	01050800	Sanbelakuti
	01046700	Bardangua
21-30		
	01051800	Raipada
	01062800	Jaida
	01042900	Gendagadia
	01044100	Badkhunta
	01054100	Gadadharakumaripur Sasan
	01064100	Keshpur
	01052800	Chilima
	01047200	Kudiakhunta
31-40		
	01066900	Jaipur
	01063800	Kushalda
	01052900	Purunabaripada
	01050300	Lahara
	01055600	Daundia
	01052600	Sikidia
41-50		
	01054200	Kudilakuamara
	01052500	Kusumiapatpur
	01067100	Parichhipur
	01044400	Kirkichia
	01047800	Tentulia
	01050500	Taradasol
	01051100	Pasuda

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01054900	Arapata
	01050900	Muturda
51-75		
	01055200	Tikayatpur
	01052000	Chaturigadiamal
	01051400	Ghagara
	01050600	Mahulia
	01042100	Titia
	01052200	Gohiradiha
	01052700	Patua
	01051500	Mahuldiha
	01067000	Nuagan
	01043600	Bhandagaon
	01063500	Similabandha
	01050100	Balijoda
	01063700	Kenduakhunta
	01048200	Naupada
	01046800	Sarukana
	01043500	Pathara
	01066400	Debagan
	01054300	Uparkadada
	01063900	Raidiha
	01063200	Pathurikata
	01064400	Marsigan
	01066500	Baradihi
	01042400	Jamuhad
	01043000	Mathasahi
	01043200	Chadada
	01047600	Ranibandha
	01047400	Chhuruni
76 and above		
	01043900	Balidiha
	01053100	Sirathali
	01066600	Chheliabeda
	01042700	Bhurudukula
	01042600	Tangana
	01048400	Kendumundi
	01063600	Dambarudiha
	01050200	Banakati
	01051700	Mundhakati
	01051600	Ambajoda
	01066300	Daripal
	01043700	Anantasahi
	01052100	Mankadakenda
	01043100	Athilagadi
	01042500	Baunsakantia
	01066800	Sartikpur
	01046900	Sialia (B)
	01043400	Salapatada
	01041900	Sahadagadi
	01064200	Dighi
	01050400	Sialamunduli
	01050000	Guddiha
	01063400	Padmapur
	01047900	Dhobasol
	01043800	Ghantasila
	01066200	Gada
	01048300	Silaghaty
	01049900	Atanati
	01054500	Parichhipur
	01043300	Sinduria
	01055500	Dulisol
	01042800	Palsa
	01044000	Auzakhunta
	01047000	Sialia(A)
	01047100	Dimagadia
	01047300	Subudhasahi
	01048000	Bankisol
	01048100	Tikarpada
	01048500	Nabakisorpur
	01048600	Dahanibuda
	01051200	Kuanrpal
	01051900	Khuntadahi
	01052400	Kasibani
	01053200	Paharaduba
	01063100	Khadiabasa
	01063300	Sialagat
	01064300	Kalimeghi
Name of CD Block: Khunta		
5-10		
	01037400	Talkunda
11-20		
	01059200	Dhanghera
	01035100	Dukura
21-30		
	01035000	Chundiha
31-40		
	01045900	Karkachia
	01035600	Kulbandha
41-50		
	01049200	Mathiabhanga
	01049700	Dharampur Samil Dhanapana
	01039100	Badapathara
	01046400	Simagadia
	01044300	Purunapani
	01035800	Salabani
51-75		
	01041600	Manjari
	01034000	Mahalibasa
	01035700	Raigadi
	01034900	Angarkundia
	01044700	Bahanada
	01037200	Satpautia
	01038500	Badafeni
	01049600	Kanhupur
	01040800	Bandhagoda

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01039600	Nuagan
	01034200	Kendugadi
	01049100	Tikarpada
	01033700	Sunpokhari
	01035500	Kenduhata
	01039400	Kusumghaty
	01035900	Girishchandrapur
	01042200	Saripada
	01059400	Brundagadi
	01034400	Lakshanasahi
	01040600	Bholagadia
76 and above		
	01039300	Jharia
	01035200	Purunapani
	01036400	Juradihi
	01037500	Murari
	01038300	Goudagan
	01036000	Bangra
	01046000	Jamsuli
	01041300	Chhatrama
	01046500	Gayalamara
	01036700	Girishchandrapur
	01039500	Chapaldihi
	01038200	Basipitha
	01037300	Sanatanpur
	01048900	Panudaskhunta
	01042300	Balimundali
	01046100	Satdharia
	01035400	Kamali
	01059300	Hatisahi
	01059000	Brundabanchandrapur
	01039700	Dabak
	01037700	Khejurdiha
	01044600	Anlasuli
	01041200	Badkaranjia
	01045700	Sansatsol
	01048700	Sanpathara
	01041400	Badaraikali
	01040400	Sanaolia
	01063000	Khudapotali
	01040500	Badaolia
	01049400	Gadigaon
	01041700	Astapura
	01036200	Sapanchua
	01038600	Tavagadi
	01037000	Bhupad
	01049000	Hirapur
	01034300	Kusagadia
	01049500	Debala
	01049800	Kanheibandha
	01045600	Gobindapur
	01045800	Malharpada
	01049300	Anandapur

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01041000	Barhagadia
	01045100	Badmamudia
	01038800	Tulasibani
	01036100	Tiakati
	01036600	Rangamatia
	01039800	Baniabasa
	01034800	Baunsakantia
	01039200	Hinjalgadia
	01044800	Haladipal
	01037600	Jadabani
	01045500	Raidihi
	01045000	Sanmamudia
	01036500	Bahalda
	01033600	Subarnamanjari
	01036900	Tadkijharan
	01059500	Belpal
	01035300	Kandalia
	01058900	Athapada
	01033800	Sirishchandrapur
	01033900	Kantamara
	01034100	Agnikumari
	01034600	Nuagan
	01034700	Betna
	01036300	Gameighati
	01036800	Bhuruduchampa
	01037100	Ranipal
	01037900	Sankadadiha
	01038000	Badajamuna
	01038100	Kalajamuna
	01038700	Beldangiri
	01038900	Mahanpur
	01039000	Taladiha
	01039900	Dengam
	01040000	Srirampur
	01040100	Jadidar
	01040200	Mahuldihi
	01040300	Gopalpur
	01040700	Salabani
	01040900	Sankaranjia
	01041100	Saharbeda
	01041500	Badsatsol
	01044500	Sanraikali
	01044900	Raghunathpur
	01045200	Barudihi
	01045300	Andiatikira
	01045400	Bipracharanpur
	01046200	Kadadiha
	01046300	Kadapalasa
	01046600	Sirisghutu
	01048800	Bhaliadiha
	01055700	Bankigadi
	01059100	Harisul
	01062900	Bharadadihi

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
Name of CD Block: Shamakhunta		
Less than 5		
	00927400	Bajratundi
	00924500	Sindurgoura
	00920500	Jogendradasjot
	00934800	Konapal
	00926900	Jhinkpal
5-10		
	00926400	Bahadurpur
11-20		
	00921200	Tarajodi
	00924200	Balimunduli
21-30		
	00920800	Govindchandrapur
	00925600	Dhanpur
	00925300	Shamakhunta
	00926200	Harishchandrapur
	00925400	Sibajambani
	00925500	Kadalibadia
31-40		
	00914100	Badpanipal
	00927600	Jatipur
	00926600	Ektali
	00923200	Dudhiasol
	00914400	Karkachia
	00926800	Gauddihi
41-50		
	00927500	Itamundia
	00916600	Matiali
	00924000	Chandanpur
	00924100	Ambasikida
	00934500	Chipatastia
51-75		
	00918000	Ambaduvi
	00921400	Bhundapal
	00916100	Asanbani
	00915700	Garupal
	00923900	Gundihudi
	00925800	Sudiam
	00916500	Ambadali
	00917400	Tolakpokhari
	00926500	Tikarpada
	00927300	Satpautia
	00914200	Teldiha
	00922600	Sapanchua
	00925900	Dangarsahi
	00908300	Bhalubasa
	00915000	Kantapal
	00917100	Bholagadia
	00934700	Durgapur
	00927200	Hatimara
	00916400	Balidiha
	00909500	Chanabadia
	00924300	Jaybilla
	00916000	Bhaluki
	00921700	Godipokhari
	00917800	Sankhdar
	00927700	Mahulia
	00916200	Hinjalgadia
76 and above		
	00916900	Danamara
	00909200	Akarsila
	00922300	Saratchandrapur
	00927000	Pundra
	00914500	Kendudiha
	00925100	Golagadia
	00908900	Kitadihi
	00917000	Badkuldiha
	00917900	Bangai
	00915900	Jamsul
	00915100	Sankuldiha
	00914600	Gaudrumacolonysahi
	00922900	Rangamatia
	00923400	Harisul
	00914700	Chahalapada
	00922400	Sansul
	00923500	Kendua
	00922800	Kundalbani
	00924600	Mankdapal
	00923000	Badsol
	00922500	Kakarpani
	00917200	Kisandahi
	00916700	Jualiruma
	00923800	Mahulkarkachia
	00916800	Khandia
	00925700	Sirisbani
	00917500	Sankochiamara
	00909000	Chadkata
	00921300	Laxmiposi
	00917600	Janudahi
	00923700	Rangibhol
	00922000	Duldaradhanagar
	00926000	Baunsabila
	00921800	Jungle Block
	00922200	Besarpani
	00935200	Jambani
	00924400	Jagannathpur
	00916300	Jhinei
	00921100	Kochilaghaty
	00922700	Salbani
	00915800	Fuljharasamilfatudiha
	00909100	Kalapathar
	00917300	Badkuchiamara
	00922100	Kendujhari
	00908800	Alubani
	00908500	Jhilribani

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00908600	Haldibani
	00908700	Mudrajodi
	00914800	Jhinkria
	00917700	Inkidapal
	00921900	Enayatpur
	00923300	Samaidihi
	00923600	Nantasahi
	00926100	Sundardihi
	00935300	Gomundi
	00935400	Laxmipur
Name of CD Block: Bangiriposi		
5-10		
	00855300	Udali
	00855500	Budamara
11-20		
	00852500	Anlagunja
	00851600	Sasadapal
21-30		
	00846200	Dumuria
	00849100	Golamundhakata
	00844800	Mundhakata
	00848300	Handa
	00853300	Andola
	00848000	Jamadapal
	00849200	Uania
31-40		
	00845800	Aktapal
	00846100	Chandanpur
	00848700	Dahisahi
	00865700	Bhuasuni
	00846500	Gosanipal
	00846300	Laxmiposi
	00858600	Uperbharadasul
41-50		
	00850300	Nischinta
	00851300	Kusumbandha
	00847400	Bangriposi
	00855100	Punasia
	00855600	Kumbharmundha
	00856100	Jaganathkhunta
	00861000	Majhigan
	00852300	Bhulanpur
	00847100	Kasiabeda
	00847600	Sanpatharakham
	00844700	Nitai
	00856300	Kendudiha
	00845400	Nuagan
	00848500	Banakati
	00867000	Tila
	00846900	Manda
	00859700	Kanchhinda
51-75		
	00845600	Bedhakudar
	00852200	Shyamsundarpur
	00857700	Dhobanisul
	00847900	Silpunji
	00849000	Simila
	00851400	Basantpur
	00852800	Ranasul
	00848900	Malidihi
	00856800	Balimundali
	00852900	Gandipani
	00845900	Kansapal
	00854300	Pathuri
	00851500	Hijili
	00845200	Jogibandh
	00847300	Mahulbarei
	00855200	Unchadiha
	00847700	Badpatharakham
	00856500	Kalabadia
	00847000	Baunsabudi
	00861300	Brahmangan
	00845000	Talatikiri
	00848800	Sagunasul
	00853400	Nakhura
	00850400	Sundhisahi
	00849600	Chaulgheri
	00865000	Budhikhamari
	00856700	Panisiali
	00859200	Pandrabandha
	00860100	Astabeda
	00852000	Jualikata
	00850100	Nayadasisul
	00866800	Kantasala
	00854000	Beguniadiha
	00846800	Bhalupahadi (Hill Block)
	00852400	Sialjodi
	00849900	Chuapani
	00867300	Ramharipur
	00862100	Kadamdiha
	00847800	Majhigan
76 and above		
	00858000	Taltikiri
	00851200	Laxmiposi
	00861200	Ghatkuanri
	00845100	Darakantia
	00847200	Sikarbhanga
	00854200	Khairabani
	00864300	Jaladiha
	00867200	Gopalpur
	00859600	Rangamatia
	00858400	Kandalia
	00846400	Asna
	00861600	Baliadhipa
	00864700	Badamtalia
	00851100	Kamalpur

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00844900	Dighi
	00860200	Bautia
	00859500	Asansikar
	00866400	Panasdiha
	00847500	Baghiabeda
	00856600	Brahmangan
	00853200	Naikali
	00859000	Kanjiasol
	00849300	Jhinkpahadi
	00862900	Purunapani
	00864800	Joka
	00860500	Kumbhirmundi
	00865100	Khadikasul
	00858100	Mahupahadi
	00852600	Talabharadasol
	00846000	Bahadurpur
	00853800	Sitaldhar
	00860300	Ghatiduba
	00852700	Patbeda
	00857000	Panasdiha
	00850600	Bholagadia
	00864200	Masinabila
	00863400	Amdapani
	00845500	Khadipahadi
	00865800	Pandubadi
	00854100	Nayabasan
	00865900	Purunapani
	00859100	Anlajodi
	00865300	Hillblock
	00849500	Nafri
	00848600	Satbhaya
	00854700	Asana
	00866500	Badgan
	00861700	Talbandh
	00862300	Salghati
	00846700	Punasia
	00866200	Kripaduma
	00864500	Majhigan
	00856900	Jagannathpur
	00860000	Badnedam
	00848200	Sarasposi
	00865200	Tangiabasa
	00849700	Kalliami
	00850900	Bhagirathipur
	00860800	Sorisapal
	00865600	Purusotampur
	00859900	Sannedam
	00855800	Mundhabani
	00864600	Gothanida
	00857800	Godargadi
	00866600	Juha
	00850500	Gohirapal
	00850800	Basukitala

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00857100	Manoharpur
	00853100	Kadadiha
	00850700	Pindargadia
	00867100	Kalapathar
	00866300	Sunaposi
	00866100	Chakdar
	00855900	Gamhapur
	00845700	Kadamdiha
	00861400	Mohanpur
	00858700	Nuagan
	00859400	Kurukutia
	00864900	Labania
	00848100	Kantapal
	00851000	Chandbil
	00866000	Rayan
	00866900	Gendapokhari
	00851800	Kadadiha
	00845300	Ramchandrapur
	00846600	Kamalpur
	00849400	Kanimahuli
	00849800	Saripada
	00850000	Dasisul
	00850200	Sirasahi
	00851700	Asanbani
	00851900	Jhilidam
	00852100	Randasahi
	00853500	Mahilalpur
	00854800	Damsole
	00854900	Mahulisul
	00855400	Saragchhida
	00856000	Bhaliadahar
	00856400	Sandim
	00857300	Taradapal
	00857600	Juna
	00858200	Balikhani
	00858300	Hillblock
	00858500	Chadheipahadi
	00858800	Matikhani
	00858900	Jamugadia
	00859300	Gopalpur
	00859800	Palasbani
	00860400	Betjharan
	00860600	Hatibari
	00860700	Sarbania
	00860900	Baunsapahadi
	00861100	Dumuhani
	00861500	Beguniabandh
	00862200	Rengalbeda
	00862400	Dhadipani
	00862500	Dantiakacha
	00862600	Charabandh
	00862700	Kusumtota
	00862800	Chakidi

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00863000	Kukurbhuka
	00863100	Khadighati
	00863200	Jamtalia
	00863300	Basilakacha
	00863500	Alapani
	00863600	Jerkani
	00863700	Baribeda
	00863800	Fuljhara
	00863900	Bhaduakacha
	00864100	Rajabasa
	00864400	Sadheikala
	00865400	Udali
	00865500	Dhobanijoda
	00866700	Kundalbani
Name of CD Block: Saraskana		
Less than 5		
	00874400	Manabhanj
	00874300	Kanimahuli
	00879700	Rasika
	00871700	Kherna
	00882800	Tulsibani
	00873100	Saraskana
	00877200	Gonali
5-10		
	00884900	Baunsda
	00884800	Gadadharpur
11-20		
	00874700	Gohalamunda
	00873200	Mundhakata
	00878200	Jharia
	00883500	Dhangidisol
	00878600	Puani
	00879600	Rajaloka
	00881900	Neda
	00884300	Jalda
	00886100	Tolaka
	00883200	Jhadbeda
	00883100	Jharpokharia
	00875200	Ekdali
	00877800	Balijodi
21-30		
	00878100	Ghantiabuda
	00874900	Sansanadi
	00884100	Raibani
	00879000	Belbaria
	00880500	Badchatra
	00885600	Pandra
	00880000	Ghiajodi
	00872600	Gobindapur
31-40		
	00885200	Sirsa
	00875900	Brusabhanupur
	00887100	Bhursani
	00873800	Baghajhampa
	00873400	Panijia
	00878500	Palasia
	00882600	Kachimbilla
	00886200	Rajabandh
	00872500	Bagbuda
	00879200	Anlatoda
	00886400	Patpacha
	00877100	Murunia
	00875300	Panasdiha
	00880800	Gandipani
	00874000	Umadeipur
	00878900	Saragada
	00882500	Manjari
41-50		
	00880600	Hijli
	00877900	Kumbharduvichhak
	00877400	Mahulbarei
	00879900	Salbani
	00878800	Kandalia
	00875000	Mahantipalasia
	00875100	Podasia
	00874100	Nadiathul
	00883400	Sankucha
	00878300	Bhandarikula
	00871100	Silphodi
	00886700	Kuanrdihi
	00867900	Puapoka
51-75		
	00886900	Purunapani
	00881600	Kapadiha
	00882200	Kachimbila
	00885900	Jambani
	00871900	Jerkani
	00872000	Kasiabeda
	00874500	Kendua
	00873000	Katisole
	00881400	Banaratila
	00880100	Dhangheri
	00877000	Janakideipur
	00871600	Manaharpur
	00875800	Kasipal
	00883900	Khadiasol
	00882000	Nuagan Sirsa
	00886000	Pathuri
	00883800	Badsol
	00870200	Kapadiha
	00870300	Digarisol
	00876300	Unchagan
	00872700	Nota
	00887200	Nuhamaliasahar
	00874200	Kendumundi
	00877300	Jogitofa

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00880700	Kumbharduvi
	00873700	Pahadpur
	00876700	Mundhabani
	00873900	Panisul
	00884200	Punasia
	00870800	Joka
	00872900	Sunamuhin
	00871000	Danadar
	00870900	Uperbeda
	00868700	Tilow
	00879800	Dighi
	00879400	Rautara
76 and above		
	00885700	Dumuria
	00883700	Ramchandrapur
	00870700	Ambadiha
	00882100	Birsinga
	00884000	Kantasola
	00870100	Pokharia
	00884400	Paniposi
	00882900	Budamara
	00881300	Bangan
	00883000	Andhari
	00872200	Karunasul
	00876900	Barunabeda
	00870400	Baliajoka
	00872800	Nuhamalia
	00887000	Nuagansahar
	00844600	Jerki
	00883600	Asanasol
	00868400	Ghuma
	00873500	Gopinathpur
	00872100	Bankisul
	00885000	Astia
	00871400	Darkholi
	00871300	Palasbani
	00881200	Kuldiha
	00869900	Dumurdiha
	00879300	Mohanala
	00869100	Kasiabeda
	00871800	Malkunda
	00876600	Kumbhari
	00877500	Brundabanpur
	00867700	Paktia
	00868500	Kulapathar
	00868300	Fuljharan
	00869500	Mahespur
	00881100	Panchamtalia
	00869700	Kalapani
	00871500	Saragchainda
	00873600	Nuhamalia
	00875600	Chhuadim
	00868100	Ichinda

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00869600	Pokharidiha
	00868000	Jamkunda
	00872400	Kundiapani
	00867800	Barubeda
	00867600	Jamgandia
	00868200	Dighi
	00868900	Hill -2
	00868800	Sankhabhanga
	00878400	Balabhadrapur
	00879100	Krushnachandrapur
	00868600	Kukudaanda
	00867500	Bhadua
	00869400	Kasidihi
	00867400	Hill Block-1
	00869000	Jodajam
	00869200	Hill Block
	00869300	Pimpudijharan
	00869800	Balidiha
	00870000	Murgadihi
	00870500	Bhadua
	00870600	Bhadua Samil Bachhuribandh
	00871200	Khairabani
	00872300	Dakhinsul
	00877600	Kisanpur
	00878700	Jaunti
	00883300	Arjundiha
	00885500	Kumbhirmundi
	00886300	Sijua
	00886800	Nagadihi
Name of CD Block: Koliana		
Less than 5		
	00895000	Dardara
	00889500	Bhurungasol
5-10		
	00907000	Patiasimili
	00901700	Koliana
	00902000	Pratappur
	00907600	Kanialoka
11-20		
	00900700	Madanasahi
	00889700	Satpautia
	00900500	Khairbani
	00912300	Kuchei
	00901900	Titiri
	00897900	Raghunathpur
	00918800	Khadibani
	00915500	Kaniabuda
	00901800	Kamta
	00913000	Jasaibad
21-30		
	00919500	Kamardiha
	00905400	Baiganbadia
	00912700	Dhanukdiha

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00912500	Balipal
	00907500	Haripalei
	00892800	Baidpur
	00906900	Jamda
	00889900	Kesharpur
	00890100	Chhelikani
	00913600	Padhiaripur
31-40		
	00900800	Purunapani
	00924700	Raghunathganj
	00910100	Parulia
	00910200	Salbani
	00907200	Digariastia
	00890400	Dudhiasul
	00889600	Badasarasposi
	00901400	Pariakuli
	00924900	Rangiam
	00906200	Talabadia
	00887400	Nadhna
	00904400	Badbhaliadiha
41-50		
	00888400	Bhugudakata
	00919800	Ambadiha
	00907800	Gaudroma
	00900300	Kanjia
	00910700	Jogadiha
	00918700	Aniapal
	00919200	Gangraj
	00906800	Dangarsahi
	00892900	Karkachia
	00890200	Madhapur
	00913200	Saradiha
	00912400	Bankiasul
	00893100	Sunaposi
	00894800	Keutunimari
	00899600	Kudiapal
51-75		
	00912800	Palasbani
	00910500	Badhaladiakanda
	00889100	Chandua
	00913100	Baunskantia
	00904100	Badnuagan
	00905200	Jampada
	00903100	Jagannathpur
	00904900	Balarampur
	00918400	Tumuda
	00902100	Sukhuapara
	00905900	Chandabilla
	00890300	Kothabilla
	00901500	Tamkiasul
	00907300	Kuliapal
	00915300	Barkuli
	00890000	Sansarasposi

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00889300	Kaladam
	00899800	Adapal
	00890700	Baunsabani
	00901600	Balimunduli
	00905100	Dumurdiha
	00894900	Rangisole
	00903400	Gidhibas
	00895200	Hatimada
	00891100	Charmania
	00898000	Bhuyangoda
	00913400	Darkholi
	00911900	Bholgadia
	00903800	Dantamusal
	00902900	Jhilidam
	00919300	Sanjunbani
	00915400	Sunthipal
	00918900	Duvia
	00919600	Dahigan
	00919000	Salugadia
	00887300	Hadhadibangan
	00901200	Tikayatpur
	00897800	Jhinei
	00890800	Saragchhida
	00895400	Sannuagan
76 and above		
	00903600	Bhaduabeda
	00888100	Dudhakundi
	00905800	Kathsirsi
	00902400	Binjhabani
	00912100	Angargadia
	00900100	Koilisuta
	00895100	Rangibeda
	00898500	Kalajhinei
	00912600	Daha Munda
	00895300	Nodhabani
	00911200	Ghodapal
	00910900	Jogadihasamil Jhatikaram
	00900600	Mundhakata
	00910800	Panasbeda
	00889800	Nayadudhiasole
	00905000	Haldia
	00892300	Chalunia
	00894700	Tadaki
	00902200	Sarpankha
	00892500	Rathasol
	00906400	Sagunapada
	00892200	Tangasol
	00905500	Andhari
	00890500	Badtilau
	00887500	Jamjarki
	00900900	Tilagadia
	00892000	Baghuasul
	00903700	Tiringidihi

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00912900	Badjunbani
	00903000	Mundhabani
	00889000	Sunaria
	00895500	Kuabuda
	00904600	Machhakandana
	00893000	Pandasole
	00892100	Tubulbhadu
	00911800	Jagannathpur
	00900400	Ambapunja
	00898300	Jhanjdapal
	00902300	Patihinja
	00898100	Marangtandi
	00892600	Baliatilau
	00898200	Jiani
	00893400	Kaladam
	00898700	Bhagabandha
	00898400	Mankadkenda
	00911300	Chaulagheri
	00890600	Gayalkata
	00901300	Bangan
	00893300	Badpalasia
	00900200	Sanbadtalia
	00905600	Asanjoda
	00904800	Panijia
	00897600	Dhadipada
	00913300	Santisole
	00903300	Patharghera
	00905700	Athagandi
	00901100	Nabedi
	00891900	Badtalia
	00902500	Kathruma
	00907700	Khukundia
	00908200	Pokharia
	00904700	Sauri
	00904500	Bhagabanpur
	00898600	Dublabeda
	00910600	Darunia
	00919100	Asanjoda
	00903200	Gendapokhari
	00890900	Bholabeda
	00887700	Kakharusole
	00887600	Kathgandia
	00887800	Srichandanpur
	00887900	Nuhamalia
	00888000	Baragenja
	00888200	Hatibari
	00888300	Bankaanla
	00888500	Nagrasol
	00888600	Ghuntabani
	00888700	Balichaturi
	00888800	Saluabeda
	00888900	Banadav
	00889200	Tulasibani
	00891000	Godargodi
	00892700	Kalikasole
	00893200	Ramkadali
	00895600	Dardiasole
	00895700	Fuljhara
	00897500	Betnota
	00897700	Gadubhanga
	00900000	Ambua
	00901000	Tolakchuin
	00902600	Srichandanpur
	00902700	Barudihi
	00902800	Baidikotha
	00903500	Bhaduanuagan
	00909300	Kathpal
	00910300	Mangarajia
	00911600	Jambhiripal
	00911700	Kukudakhumpi
	00912000	Dimpal
	00918500	Gaighati
	00919700	Kuadim
Name of CD Block: Suliapada		
Less than 5		
	00937800	Singda
	00937700	Dhabani
	00896800	Khadiasul
	00946300	Jurka
	00947500	Rainda
	00946200	Jhaliamara
	00899400	Junbani
	00949300	Dhatika
5-10		
	00949200	Kostha
	00946000	Kathsirsi
	00896600	Badasol
	00896900	Sindurgoura
	00894500	Nagsol
	00939000	Kathagohala
	00943800	Badsul
	00896300	Pushigan
	00941700	Bari
	00948600	Asanbani
	00947800	Kanimahuli
	00947000	Baddhenkia
	00941400	Bilash
	00946600	Mundhakata
11-20		
	00893900	Pathara
	00897300	Pathuri
	00951200	Saradiha
	00891700	Bangriposi
	00899500	Nuagan
	00951100	Dumuria
	00945600	Paktia

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00947200	Bangan
	00948000	Beguniadiha
	00946500	Badbaincha
	00949400	Badada
	00937100	Bankati
	00944100	Kherna
	00894400	Adiamara
	00943700	Salbani
	00941500	Bhuskunda
	00947100	Sandhenkia
	00943000	Darudihi
	00896200	Gundurilocha
	00947900	Kadakotha
	00894200	Kamarpal
	00946900	Salasahi
	00951300	Kukudajodi
	00940500	Tentaposi
	00945800	Dharampura
	00899100	Bedhi
	00944000	Balisulia
	00896100	Bijaykrushnachandrapur
	00941900	Suliapada
21-30		
	00897400	Sarasposi
	00893800	Anlakuda
	00949000	Chitakhala
	00941300	Mahabila
	00945200	Singimara
	00894000	Belerisol
	00944400	Dhatika
	00949100	Kaliasole
	00942400	Guhaldiha
	00943900	Chauldahani
	00891500	Nadigan
	00945700	Keutunimari
31-40		
	00941800	Kusumi
	00938000	Chandabilla
	00897200	Sanjogibandh
	00899300	Budamara
	00950200	Nunia
	00944900	Naupada
	00894300	Khaikhia
	00895800	Nabedhi
	00942200	Ufalgadia
	00942600	Badbangan
	00940900	Chakchakia
	00946100	Mahuliasamilpaninagar
	00936300	Kathsirisi
41-50		
	00947300	Jambhirapal
	00943100	Kaptisul
	00943400	Mahulkundia
	00949600	Kotharikata
	00939800	Dhadangiri
51-75		
	00937000	Ghanaghana
	00938900	Tilajudia
	00948400	Kujidihi
	00943300	Baghda
	00944600	Badbhalia
	00944500	Kaltiasamilkadakusmi
	00898900	Tolakchuin
	00897000	Masinakathi
	00949700	Dhenkinanjia
	00937600	Gangasul
	00891200	Kusumasole
	00948900	Gopiabandh
	00935500	Badjogibandh
	00942000	Bhaliasul
	00939500	Patarnesa
	00940100	Fania
	00939300	Masinakathi
	00942900	Dimian
	00940200	Majhianitofa
	00937300	Talakpal
76 and above		
	00948700	Dudhiasole
	00941200	Pandusole
	00939400	Saluadahar
	00940300	Gauduniduva
	00936400	Bhola
	00938800	Pokharia
	00891800	Taldiha
	00935700	Jamsola
	00898800	Podugirisole
	00937400	Kadokotha
	00942100	Kankini
	00891300	Chaksuliapada
	00945000	Kuladahani
	00944200	Chianapada
	00943200	Jhatiadasamilnuapada
	00936100	Badnachna
	00945100	Bautisul
	00935800	Handibhanga
	00939200	Jambadi
	00935600	Bholghaty
	00891400	Podadiha
	00940400	Manda
	00940000	Bhaduasul
	00944700	Hatimada
	00948100	Julka
	00894100	Nedhua
	00945500	Nedasul
	00948800	Badsukhilakhal
	00948300	Sanputuka

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00948200	Badputuka
	00936600	Pala
	00951000	Kamarjanta
	00948500	Badasole
	00936000	Chinaposi
	00942500	Palasdiha
	00939100	Baikunthapur
	00943600	Sanbhadua
	00939900	Purunapani
	00942700	Sankhuntapal
	00899200	Kadapatia
	00893500	Rangamatia
	00947700	Pandupal
	00937900	Dhobanisole
	00938600	Patharnesa
	00935900	Chuhat
	00938200	Sansasole
	00944800	Kiajhari
	00891600	Jhaliamara
	00894600	Andarjoda
	00936200	Sannachna
	00936500	Dakhaman
	00936700	Tadki
	00936800	Dhansul
	00936900	Nodhakundia
	00937200	Telia
	00938300	Bhandarisul
	00939600	Kundiasul
	00939700	Jalghati
	00941000	Badraghunathpur
	00941100	Patarnesa
	00942300	Kalajhari
	00942800	Murgapahadi
	00944300	Sanbhalia
	00946400	Gendakhal
	00947600	Kunchisole
Name of CD Block: Baripada		
Less than 5		
	00929800	Badbrahmanmara
11-20		
	00967500	Kundhei
	00964700	Kathapal Samilsomanathpur
31-40		
	00967400	Kanchannagar
	00931100	Bautisol
	00966000	Nayatarana
	00965400	Badsul
	00927900	Swarupvilla
	00965700	Tungadhua
	00964800	Kailashchandrapur
	00963500	Hatikote
41-50		
	00964500	Nayapurusottampur
	00967800	Dumapada
	00966100	Krushnachandrapur
	00964100	Tasarada
	00928000	Gopalpur
51-75		
	00966200	Nangalkata
	00967900	Kanchisole
	00965500	Sarusole
	00964600	Budhikhamari
	00931000	Dhenkinanjia
	00965300	Ragdha
	00971000	Karatpatta
	00929000	Barjupur
	00965800	Masinakati
	00963400	Jamdapal
	00964400	Ahari
	00967300	Karanjia
	00967700	Khadisol
	00933400	Basantapur
	00968000	Sankhajode
	00967100	Nuanagar
	00965900	Jhadjamda
	00963900	Bhagabatchandrapur
	00932600	Bhurudubani
	00963800	Orachandabila
	00931800	Mohaniganj
	00964000	Dhanasul
	00929100	Damdarpur
76 and above		
	00935000	Khetrapatna
	00934000	Badpeta
	00934100	Chandabila
	00933800	Henseldihi
	00930600	Garadanesa
	00929300	Betna
	00932700	Kasipal
	00928200	Rangamatia
	00933000	Gunjasahi
	00932800	Baidipur
	00930300	Rajabasa
	00933500	Ramanagar
	00928800	Chhenadhua
	00929700	Pathaachakidi
	00929400	Baddakoi
	00928600	Hadhadi
	00928700	Kainfulia
	00965600	Badjod
	00930200	Nadigaon
	00928500	Indpahi
	00934900	Bhagbatpur
	00933100	Sarujharan
	00931900	Chandua
	00932200	Sankhabhanga

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00931500	Chandanpur
	00928300	Gobardhansul
	00929600	Bankisul
	00931600	Balidam
	00933200	Sadheikala
	00930700	Muduripal
	00930100	Salbani
	00932100	Ranibhol
	00930400	Kukudajodi
	00931400	Meghamari
	00929900	Tentulisul
	00964300	Duvia
	00965200	Radhikasol
	00932900	Baghuasole
	00929200	Raikandjharan
	00928900	Sandakoi
	00932000	Sikharghati
	00930800	Magurmara
	00967200	Nayakendukhal
	00928400	Baura
	00929500	Badbilla
	00931200	Pariauda
	00930500	Madhapur
	00928100	Tadkisul
	00930000	Sanbrahmanmara
	00930900	Asansila
	00931300	Tarana
	00931700	Nayaradhanagar
	00932300	Debakisul
	00932400	Nuadihi
	00933300	Jambhirdiha
	00933900	Kumbharduvi
	00963600	Balipal
	00963700	Kanchanpal
	00964200	Jagannathpur
	00971100	Dhanghera
	00971200	Binodpur
Name of CD Block: Barsahi		
Less than 5		
	01025900	Astapura
	01026800	Kendudiha
	01007000	Bhurudia
	01015600	Chekamara
	01008600	Palapatana
	01031700	Tentola
	01028900	Chhelia
5-10		
	01008700	Sorishakotha
	01006900	Nunakua
	01019100	Bathurdibandh
	01022100	Madhapur
	01019200	Sannuagaon
	01008500	Narangan
	01024100	Barudihi
11-20		
	01018500	Panduapidha
	01026500	Koliana
	01021500	Baghuapal
	01030600	Dalki
	01017500	Belam
	01033100	Tikayatpur
	01030100	Kudasasansamildurgapur
	01025800	Gandhali
	01027200	Talapada
	01028500	Chandadiha
	01030800	Rangpani
	01026600	Chakradharpur
	01017100	Badkeraka
	01014400	Uthaninuagaon
21-30		
	01019500	Sakua
	01025100	Kainfulia
	01017300	Sankeraka
	01032000	Badaligan
	01017200	Tikayatpur
	01019300	Pratimadeipur
	01025000	Bartana
	01027700	Guhaldiha
	01032400	Patisari
	01007500	Dhanapal
	01008800	Gambharia
	01029500	Kuradiha
	01006000	Adiasahi
	01029900	Badagambharia
	01006600	Managobindapur
	01017900	Haripur
	01019900	Banataalpada
	01027100	Maitrapur
	01025300	Joginuagaon
	01006400	Manatri
31-40		
	01013600	Gudialbandha
	01027500	Bidyadharpur
	01032200	Adidiha
	01032600	Tentuligaon
	01007100	Jadida
	01027300	Patapur
	01006700	Agria
	01032900	Arjunbaria
	01023800	Pundal
	01023700	Dhanpota
	01024200	Badasahi
	01021700	Balabhadrapur
	01025400	Agual
	01023100	Jalghera
	01015200	Kandaliasul

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01032800	Kanhupur
	01022500	Kolidiha
	01024600	Khuntapal
	01020700	Paunsia
	01033200	Bhimda
	01023900	Chhelia(B)
	01022600	Bireswarpur
	01021300	Singtia
	01026400	Nischintapur
	01028300	Itamundia
41-50		
	01018400	Dhobadhobani
	01025700	Gobarasul
	01021000	Kochilakhunta
	01020100	Dinabandhupur
	01020500	Kanimahuli
	01014800	Baiganbaria
	01028400	Tirapada
	01023500	Guabehera
	01018200	Dantuni
	01029700	Sreerampur
	01032300	Brahmapur
	01026700	Haldipada
	01014700	Talanda
	01031200	Bidyadharkhunta
	01018300	Jamuna
	01033000	Ratanpur
	01033500	Dasipur
	01008400	Salgan
	01014300	Tikarpada
	01033400	Chenguamangalpur
51-75		
	01030000	Tunagambharia
	01014900	Gobindapur
	01020400	Gidhinisul
	01013500	Sanshorisbhila
	01013900	Kadualbandh
	01006100	Malihati
	01017400	Jadipal
	01018600	Barapada
	01027900	Gaudmundali
	01023400	Gajadi Damodarpur
	01031800	Purikhunta
	01021200	Belapal
	01022800	Ambadali
	01018100	Itamundia
	01027600	Kaudikhani
	01029200	Deulia
	01024400	Kainsali
	01014100	Kandaliapal
	01031000	Kolkotha
	01031400	Chandanpur
	01021400	Bhanjabati

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01016700	Naupal
	01014600	Chauliasul
	01015100	Tungasul
	01032500	Jamunadeipur
	01018700	Pratappur
	01007200	Merdanuagan
	01020800	Ghusuria
	01029100	Bedhapal
	01023600	Bharatchandrapur
	01029600	Guhalmara
	01020300	Jagannathpur
	01014000	Balijora
	01016500	Gaursul
	01032100	Baincha
	01031500	Gaudgan
	01013700	Nayabrajanandapur
	01030300	Pandupal
	01021800	Arapata
	01022300	Sahrasuni
	01024000	Dhanasahi
76 and above		
	01025200	Pathara
	01031600	Jalananda
	01008000	Uttarpal
	01016000	Jadunathpur
	01023300	Belpalsamilpurunapani
	01032700	Beguniabani
	01019400	Kauchi
	01020000	Budheirana
	01018900	Kochilapada
	01020200	Bhandarikula
	01024700	Paikapada
	01030400	Asukanda
	01017800	Anandabrindabanpur
	01018000	Khanua
	01029800	Sankucha
	01028200	Mankadkenda
	01029000	Khadisuljamuna
	01016200	Purnachandrapur
	01031100	Sarbeswarpur
	01017000	Naranpur
	01015400	Hinjalgaria
	01024800	Baghmara
	01019700	Kendugadi
	01019800	Sialghaty
	01016400	Astajharan
	01016600	Narankhunta
	01023000	Gudakanthi
	01016800	Choparapur
	01025600	Purunapani
	01017600	Dhabalanga
	01026200	Dingara
	01023200	Jamsul

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	01015900	Madhupur
	01015000	Badasorisabhila
	01028100	Palsa
	01026100	Bariapal
	01022900	Jarakani
	01015700	Betanati
	01006500	Kunchibania
	01022700	Jatiadiha
	01020600	Rajgarh
	01019000	Unchabali
	01016300	Godidihasamilkamalasul
	01029300	Agasul
	01022400	Chakmadhapur
	01024900	Baguli
	01020900	Junapada
	01030900	Trilochanpur
	01027400	Purunapani
	01013800	Damodarpur
	01014200	Madhapanda
	01015300	Prativapur
	01015500	Krupasindhupur
	01015800	Chandanchaturi
	01016100	Rautraipur
	01017700	Fatakusum
	01019600	Mankadapal
	01021100	Kanjikula-Ii
	01022200	Dumuria
	01024500	Mendhamundia
	01027800	Rangadiha
	01028000	Suhagapura
	01028600	Khadikapada
	01029400	Angargadia
Name of CD Block: Betanati		
Less than 5		
	00975000	Muktapur
	00968400	Pandugadia
	00999000	Janikadeipur
	00968300	Renugan
	00997600	Bartana
	00999300	Govindpur
	01007300	Nakhara
	00999200	Kainthasasan
	00969700	Dhanpur
	00993300	Gabapal
	01007900	Pratimadeipur
	00974600	Bhurukundi
	01004300	Kuasul
	01003800	Baisinga
5-10		
	00996100	Khetrapatana
	00975300	Sansa
	01010700	Dihapanchaputuli
	01002100	Bachhuripada
	00968500	Betnoti
	00998300	Kusada
	00996900	Tentuligan
	01005100	Fuljhari
	01007700	Belanpur
	00994300	Unapura
	01003600	Jamunanda
11-20		
	01003700	Mahuri
	01010900	Kantipur
	00999100	Haladipada
	00996200	Magusiria
	00996000	Purunapani
	00973500	Bhramargola
	01000500	Madasahi
	00974000	Chhachinapada
	00974800	Rautara
	01001300	Machhpada
	00968600	Bhagabati
	00974700	Purinda
	00973000	Agada
	01012400	Ganeswarpur
	01012700	Shikharkhunta
	00999400	Agria
	01002700	Athabatia
	01001900	Bamada
	01004100	Patada
21-30		
	00969800	Bhalia
	00996700	Anla
	00997200	Raikama
	01011600	Maheswarpur
	00993200	Kothabadi
	01008100	Madhunanda
	01005800	Sankhmod
	00995600	Kuradhika
	01013400	Nuagan
	01009900	Sribatsapur
	00973700	Bahanada
	00968100	Sukhalhar Samil Mahulia
	01003500	Paikjugarpura
	01000300	Hatijhari
	01005600	Nuagan
	01002400	Astapura
	00994400	Benapura
	00968700	Sathilo
	01005400	Khunta
	01009000	Khandadeula
	00972900	Saria
	00974500	Purikhunta
	01005700	Singalmunduli
	00969600	Salbani Samil Nahandasol

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
31-40		
	01008200	Demphauda
	00995300	Baghabasa
	00996500	Haripur
	01013000	Hemapur
	00998800	Jugal
	01002300	Badgopalpur
	00997400	Dahisahi
	01003900	Kendua
	00974300	Dahikoti
	00974100	Chhataraipur
	00999500	Sarbana
	01004000	Jugpura
	00973800	Mauda
	00999900	Bishrampur
	01007600	Kathapal
	01000200	Bagalpur
	00997100	Rangada
	01009100	Patalipura
	00996600	Baghua
	01003400	Kadalia
	01000600	Santara
	01005500	Nadpur
	00973400	Parahota
	00994800	Poisila
	01012200	Raghunathapur
	01000100	Gargadia
	01012100	Kalama
41-50		
	01003200	Diganagar
	01013200	Tikaetpur
	00996800	Madhukhunta
	00968200	Ambajoda
	00994500	Merda
	00973300	Khamari
	00968800	Tulsichaura
	00993800	Udipura
	01009300	Badkhiripada
	00996400	Dambarudahar
	00996300	Sarada
	01011200	Bananuagan
	01002200	Mahulpatana
	01002600	Khuntapur
	01011800	Kanthi
	00997000	Badaguma
	00994900	Durgapur
	00998700	Marchandpur
51-75		
	01004800	Bhurudubani
	01002000	Purunia
	01012500	Durgapur
	01009600	Chuapada
	01001200	Hotapur
	00998000	Badasal
	01010200	Nachhipuria
	00995400	Saitpur
	00975200	Manatapal
	01001500	Raghupur
	00973900	Karanjkoili
	00998600	Tilapada
	00998900	Bhagirathipur
	00994100	Tilada
	01007800	Dariha
	01005000	Silpuria
	01000400	Chandpura
	00969400	Tarakoti
	01012600	Pansia
	01010400	Balka
	01010100	Rangamatia
	00994600	Singarpura
	01001800	Ambagadia
	00995800	Chanchhipada
	00999600	Nuagan
	01002900	Raghunathpur
	01011300	Gadadeulia
	01004500	Banadamdar Pur
	00967600	Tarasol
	01001700	Khadikapada
	00997300	Beldiha
	00974400	Amanida
	01009800	Daladali
	01004700	Khairabani
	00995500	Phaljhari
	00998400	Murukundia
	01011400	Rautarapur
	01004900	Sankhiripada
	00999700	Krushnachandrapur
	01008300	Deopada
	01009400	Hatiputuka
	00994000	Baikhunta
	00974900	Paroi
	00969100	Garudabasa
	00969200	Bhurudubani
	01010800	Goudapatna
	01005300	Tikargadia
76 and above		
	01000700	Jampada
	01004200	Barajupur
	01001400	Nayabasantapur
	01000000	Durgapur
	00973200	Dariha Samilhatudi
	01000900	Lakhmipur
	01000800	Bhimpur
	00968900	Kathpal
	00995700	Jamsuli
	00993100	Patpur

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00997700	Satpautia
	00993900	Salbani
	01004400	Padmapur
	00969300	Kadamasul
	01010300	Padmalavapur
	00997800	Baidpur
	01003300	Padapurunia
	01001600	Purunapani Samil Kakharu Khunta
	00969500	Kainchakoti
	01013300	Angaria
	00999800	Angargadia
	01012800	Bishnupur
	01013100	Mahisasul
	01004600	Ajadiha
	01012300	Baliapita
	00974200	Nuagan
	00994700	Pinchhabania
	01009700	Mohanpur
	01011900	Purusottampur
	01010000	Bidukudia
	01003000	Thakurtota
	00969000	Purunapani
	00972800	Ramchandrapur
	00975100	Podapada
	00994200	Kusumpura
	00995000	Chandanmukha
	00995100	Saradiha
	01001100	Chhatara
	01005200	Kainfulia
	01009200	Belbaria
	01012000	Jaipuria
	01012900	Banamalipur
Name of CD Block: Rasagobindapur		
Less than 5		
	00984200	Brahmapur
	00984400	Gadighati
	00984500	Bandhamundi
	00984300	Kirtaniapal
	00990200	Narangabaj
5-10		
	00986100	Chinchalgadia
	00984000	Bhaliagadia
11-20		
	00992900	Sapagadia
	00989700	Kanthi
	00992800	Gurei
	00991200	Bhairangi
	00985800	Parulia Samil Puruna Kadambasol
	00978100	Kasafalia
	00988800	Bainchanuagan
	00982400	Rasagovindpur
21-30		
	00984600	Astagadia
	00989300	Gobara
	00985200	Badhimunha
	00979900	Bachhuripal
	00990300	Kamardiha
	00987700	Sanmundia
	00985100	Amarada
	00990500	Majanadiha
	00985600	Darkhuli
	00983500	Bansuli
	00989400	Panchamania
	00980500	Kapoi
	00978900	Nunchati
31-40		
	00991800	Manikpur
	00979000	Nalgaja
	00986200	Nakichua
	00984900	Tambakhuri
	00992600	Paikasahi
	00985900	Kanpur
	00977400	Jhatiapada
	00987000	Bankatisamil Junpada
	00992100	Totapada
41-50		
	00992400	Handidhua
	00983700	Praharajpur
	00992200	Asankhali
	00981900	Saldiha
	00977700	Mangalpur
	00989600	Betanasia
	00982700	Patagadia
	00977300	Kiakhali
	00990900	Badampur
	00986000	Shyamanandapur
	00981800	Khuntapal
	00992700	Hatasahi
	00981000	Karanjapada
	00986800	Sarumala
	00988700	Khadisul
	00982000	Vedisahi
	00992500	Shyamanandipur
	00982500	Takadida
51-75		
	00992000	Srinathpur
	00990400	Khunta
	00975500	Vaduasul
	00986300	Raisol
	00977000	Tikpada
	00983000	Podapada
	00980200	Palasabadha
	00988000	Benasol

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00978400	Daleidihi
	00980300	Chhatna
	00987400	Ramchandrapur
	00991500	Kalama
	00987200	Angargadia
	00976500	Andirapal
	00982900	Baghasahi
	00985500	Dhansul
	00991900	Sumitradeipur
	00990000	Kalarapal
	00976700	Mahulia
	00991000	Raghabpur
76 and above		
	00983400	Dhobakundia
	00985400	Dhilajagatpur
	00976400	Kolipal
	00987900	Kochiasul
	00982600	Mahulia
	00980100	Chakulia
	00982100	Musamari
	00988100	Ketakisul
	00988500	Patharchatia
	00978800	Itahari
	00979700	Deosul
	00983100	Nuasahi
	00982200	Patharkhul
	00988600	Brahmanpatka
	00990600	Baunsatofa
	00983900	Mirdhapur
	00981700	Gambharia
	00979400	Rangiam
	00979600	Rangamatia
	00990700	Jharia
	00977100	Tupura
	00986600	Kadamsol
	00977200	Harinasul
	00981100	Khandikhal
	00986900	Bhaliapada
	00978700	Kusdiha
	00986700	Astia
	00976900	Kaptipada
	00978000	Astia
	00981400	Biripal
	00978500	Pariasul
	00988400	Badhi
	00981500	Rakhanisahi
	00992300	Moroda
	00980900	Raipal
	00976300	Sukhilakhali
	00975900	Bahagadia
	00991600	Satsagadia
	00981200	Udalipal
	00982800	Ardiha
	00975400	Krishnachandrapur
	00979500	Andhari
	00983300	Madhuria
	00981300	Jahari
	00979100	Sunakania
	00976200	Jhirani
	00978300	Kakabandha
	00987300	Katuni
	00987100	Parulia
	00991100	Bartana
	00975700	Sabandehi
	00975800	Nayasul
	00976000	Ukasol
	00976100	Raghunathpur
	00976600	Jambhirapal
	00976800	Ghasmari
	00978200	Duarsuni
	00978600	Denganalia
	00979300	Dhudhiasul
	00979800	Sansa
	00980000	Bhuyanmara
	00980400	Bhurudubani
	00981600	Thakurapal
	00982300	Dahisahi
	00983600	Ghagara
	00983800	Gopinathpur
	00984700	Bankati
	00984800	Malkadia
	00986400	Ambadiha
	00986500	Bharadasol
	00987500	Nuakhunta
	00988200	Karatpata
	00989200	Raidiha
	00989500	Andharia
	00990800	Dhansol
	00991400	Ektali
Name of CD Block: Muruda		
Less than 5		
	00970100	Karamsole
	00950400	Kaduani
	00957700	Tukpalasia
	00959700	Dhobanisol
	00952400	Badmundabani
	00959600	Kundhei
	00960500	Maigan
5-10		
	00958500	Palasbadha
	00958800	Bainchadiha
	00958100	Nuagan
	00956400	Chitrada
	00956000	Haldipal
	00952100	Benpuria
	00958200	Chhotraipur

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00958400	Muruda
	00953800	Bhurungiasole
11-20		
	00970900	Dakoi
	00949800	Kankadatelia
	00961500	Bholagadia
	00953700	Kandana
	00957500	Khuntapal
	00950000	Gadia
	00956800	Pariakuli
	00950900	Adheikula
	00953600	Kaudia
	00950500	Madauka
21-30		
	00949900	Nuhamalia
	00959400	Fulbadia
	00957900	Palasmunduli
	00956100	Sirsapal
	00967000	Dantiamuhan
	00953900	Nuajhalia
	00952800	Futukisole
	00960400	Purnachandrapur-Ii
	00966300	Chakundapada
	00960600	Masarda
	00961700	Jhinkiria
	00958600	Patakundia Samil Malihata
	00950800	Chadheigan
	00971500	Pachakhali
	00962800	Kukudapada
	00952700	Baliadhipa
31-40		
	00956600	Silda
	00953000	Badbila
	00956500	Purunapani
	00964900	Jamsol
	00951700	Khalapada
	00970700	Bhaliadiha
	00951800	Baunsakantia
	00956900	Sarasole
	00953500	Sanmundabani
	00963000	Khuruntia
41-50		
	00955400	Baura
	00959500	Mundhabani
	00963100	Harakrushnapur
	00960800	Makanda
	00959100	Baligadia
	00950100	Bharbadi
	00957000	Baladia
	00971400	Idar
	00960700	Angaria
	00971300	Kalarafulia
	00965100	Sureidihi
	00952900	Bholaghati
51-75		
	00956700	Rukuni
	00959300	Gadigan
	00962200	Mohanpur
	00953100	Mohanpur
	00960000	Khadikasol
	00933700	Nichuapada
	00969900	Badjambani
	00970600	Masinasole
	00961900	Champakhunta
	00960100	Bhadrasol
	00970300	Sunahaja
	00962500	Bahadasahi
	00960300	Jualibhanga
	00958000	Bhalukuchua
	00959000	Guhaldiha
	00954300	Marudihi
	00955500	Anua
	00971600	Kisantandi
	00957600	Gobindpur
	00950600	Dalgan
	00951400	Pratapchandrapur
	00955100	Baghajharan
76 and above		
	00970800	Majhiani
	00955200	Khuntapal
	00950700	Gangan
	00972100	Sangadi
	00966500	Khejuria
	00972200	Chuasol
	00972600	Chilbasa
	00954400	Andhari
	00959800	Purnachandrapur-I
	00955000	Bhalughara
	00953400	Paramananda
	00954000	Brahamanmara
	00957300	Chikitamatia
	00958300	Sanyasi
	00955700	Astia
	00965000	Kachhimbila
	00971700	Dakoiamalanama
	00966800	Kenduchhatia
	00955900	Gandaguhali
	00952500	Badfera
	00956200	Dangarbila
	00954200	Badsol
	00962900	Kusumkoti
	00957400	Ghodabandha
	00959200	Tiansi
	00963300	Benapatia
	00970000	Satsole
	00972000	Sukhilakhal

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	00955600	Ulidihi
	00955300	Gholmuhan
	00952600	Sunpuria
	00972300	Durgapur
	00954900	Ufalgadia
	00954700	Bhatchhatar
	00972500	Asanbani
	00971900	Bhalukchua
	00956300	Samaidihi
	00953200	Thangatandi
	00954100	Dhireidihi
	00954500	Durgapur`
	00954600	Majana
	00957100	Ajana
	00957200	Ghagra
	00958900	Jamugadia
	00959900	Bhairangisol
	00961000	Kalianal
	00961300	Sindurjoda
	00961600	Musagadia
	00961800	Chamardahani
	00962100	Itamundia
	00962400	Tentulibati
	00962700	Ratanpur
	00963200	Belajhari
	00966400	Nahasol
	00966600	Jhinkiriasol
	00966700	Gandigodha
	00970200	Jhiliribani
	00970500	Bandhasahi
	00971800	Tadki
	00972400	Dhansol

Note:- Villages having NIL Scheduled Tribes Population have been excluded

Appendix VIII - Village Directory

Number of villages under each Gram Punchayat of (CD Blockwise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block code	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Caste	Scheduled Tribe
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Tiring	0001	Pandupani	16	34.68	1,805	9,714	346	8,375
		Sanbhundu	17	33.96	1,718	9,037	700	7,722
		Tiringi	16	31.13	1,891	8,852	382	5,716
		Badadalima	14	35.1	2,241	11,315	1,054	6,814
		Lupung	17	33.99	1,905	9,638	413	7,604
		CDBlock Total	**80**	**168.86**	**9,560**	**48,556**	**2,895**	**36,231**
Bahalda	0002	Badapalsa	12	34.14	1,521	7,440	441	5,445
		Jharadihi	8	17.78	1,570	7,120	563	3,390
		Jashipur	10	32.12	1,644	7,001	460	5,711
		Bhitaramada	6	14.57	850	4,298	113	3,885
		Gidighaty	11	20.37	1,526	6,921	627	4,195
		Kanki	6	20.92	1,641	7,979	325	3,450
		Bahalda	6	23.3	2,011	8,640	650	2,973
		Soso	4	20.21	1,457	6,415	368	2,494
		Gambharia	13	24.42	1,488	7,004	446	2,645
		Asana	14	33.94	1,496	7,050	98	6,127
		Anlajodi	14	24.85	1,456	5,974	256	2,364
		CDBlock Total	**104**	**266.62**	**16,660**	**75,842**	**4,347**	**42,679**

Appendix VIII - Village Directory

Number of villages under each Gram Punchayat of (CD Blockwise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block code	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Caste	Scheduled Tribe
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Jamda	0003	Badadundu	12	26.66	1,820	9,560	510	4,616
		Jarkani	11	20.11	987	4,789	118	4,252
		Pasana	14	39.24	1,849	9,077	502	7,442
		Tarana	9	28.9	1,577	7,378	309	5,652
		Jamda	11	30.49	2,208	10,023	902	6,894
		Hensada	13	38.11	1,735	8,466	149	7,473
		Talgaon	9	23.12	1,373	6,508	641	4,869
		CDBlock Total	**79**	**206.63**	**11,549**	**55,801**	**3,131**	**41,198**
Rairangpur	0004	Guhaldangri	18	31.57	1,534	7,404	423	5,957
		Sudarsanpur	15	20.95	1,250	5,492	543	3,608
		Kuleisila	15	34.74	1,546	6,773	591	3,562
		Badmauda	12	24.76	1,596	7,238	533	4,351
		San-Pakhana	18	24.96	1,891	8,387	690	2,840
		Purunapani	15	30.67	1,618	7,656	278	4,485
		Halda	11	17.72	1,187	5,418	709	2,655
		Bhalubasa	15	20.06	1,538	7,688	988	2,485
		CDBlock Total	**119**	**205.43**	**12,160**	**56,056**	**4,755**	**29,943**
Bijatola	0005	Khanta	14	23.32	2,071	9,511	469	6,480
		Badjharan	14	20.93	1,526	6,761	212	5,198
		Madheikacha	13	20.51	640	2,898	37	2,699
		Chadeipahadi	28	27.55	771	3,628	19	3,499
		Sargada	19	34.73	1,064	4,787	10	4,151
		Manikpur	13	23.61	589	2,725	19	2,661
		Luhasila	11	12.94	764	3,408	149	2,918
		Bijatola	15	31.1	1,923	8,987	492	6,647
		Bankati	13	30.52	1,705	8,275	282	5,670
		Raihari	15	31.41	1,603	7,194	410	4,644
		CDBlock Total	**155**	**256.62**	**12,656**	**58,174**	**2,099**	**44,567**
Kusumi	0006	Uparbeda	7	25.69	1,381	6,632	141	3,275
		Hat-badra	10	30.33	1,895	9,115	1,159	4,838
		Kusumi	9	19.87	1,729	8,268	636	3,186
		Joypur	10	29.68	2,087	10,140	894	6,546
		Mayurdar	9	23.53	1,549	7,179	613	4,583
		Chuapani	14	30.31	1,407	6,450	126	5,367
		Talak-Pokhari	12	20.85	1,093	4,947	200	3,972
		Jarda	14	32.4	1,758	8,111	487	5,514
		Talapati	10	36.66	1,626	7,206	576	4,656
		Jhipabandh	13	48.05	1,904	8,787	430	7,193
		Dhangdimuta	6	15.62	1,262	5,353	426	3,016
		CDBlock Total	**114**	**312.99**	**17,691**	**82,188**	**5,688**	**52,146**

Appendix VIII - Village Directory

Number of villages under each Gram Punchayat of (CD Blockwise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block code	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Caste	Scheduled Tribe
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bisoi	0007	Luhakani	23	49.22	2,007	9,103	532	5,819
		Khadambeda	17	47.67	1,434	6,742	430	5,616
		Bisoi	20	44.82	2,427	11,213	972	7,140
		Bautibeda	14	41.3	1,477	6,873	442	4,308
		Asana	17	32.49	1,884	8,577	415	5,398
		Sanpurunapani	15	24.9	856	3,829	106	3,047
		Jagannathpur	14	16.63	846	3,612	138	2,623
		Baneikala	8	15.53	785	3,511	105	1,761
		Nuagaon	15	28.09	1,266	5,638	130	3,969
		Badmanda	13	29.83	1,703	7,626	215	5,585
		CDBlock Total	**156**	**330.48**	**14,685**	**66,724**	**3,485**	**45,266**
Jashipur	0008	Baunsanali	17	37.82	1,686	7,535	448	4,987
		Jamukeswar	14	19.56	1,189	5,134	112	3,253
		Chakidi	20	66.28	1,161	5,056	27	4,682
		Podagarh	23	37.28	1,635	7,267	267	6,224
		Dhalabani	12	22.92	1,085	5,260	50	4,894
		Matiagarh	11	18.88	1,286	5,756	1,561	3,102
		Jashipur	14	23.94	2,473	11,065	1,547	4,582
		Mahardapalsa	11	9.26	826	3,697	796	1,357
		Maudi	13	18.11	1,028	4,484	688	1,883
		Begunia	6	16.47	1,026	4,994	641	3,125
		Rugudi	9	26.91	1,139	5,407	82	4,713
		Pantho	14	28.47	1,571	7,089	579	3,675
		Ektali	10	30.52	1,313	6,175	283	4,278
		Gudgudia	21	24.27	910	4,226	25	3,717
		Barehipani	18	18.69	562	2,869	0	2,804
		Astakuanar	16	43.74	554	2,831	0	2,612
		CDBlock Total	**229**	**443.12**	**19,444**	**88,845**	**7,106**	**59,888**
Raruan	0009	Narsandha	9	26.91	1,355	6,317	198	2,454
		Ghagarbeda	9	19.63	1,088	5,289	64	2,184
		Panapataria	7	17.54	1,032	4,852	98	3,053
		Budamara	10	11.44	901	4,088	162	1,451
		Nuagaon	9	15.28	983	4,625	817	2,706
		Baidyanath	13	18.18	980	4,887	653	3,558
		Angarpada	9	14.95	900	4,052	444	1,112
		Raruan	8	17.57	1,514	6,841	880	3,118
		Bhanjakia	14	28.27	1,945	8,852	971	5,221
		Niuty	10	24.82	893	4,023	299	2,260
		Gadapalsa	12	17.94	1,183	5,215	622	2,801
		CDBlock Total	**110**	**212.53**	**12,774**	**59,041**	**5,208**	**29,918**

Appendix VIII - Village Directory

Number of villages under each Gram Punchayat of (CD Blockwise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block code	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Caste	Scheduled Tribe
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Sukruli	0010	Arjunbilla	14	20.04	1,421	6,230	1,331	1,335
		Sukruli	14	18.3	1,897	8,916	1,185	2,723
		Teranti	15	24.22	1,754	7,991	921	4,283
		Chaturanjali	12	31.6	1,287	6,400	328	5,605
		Jhadghosda	7	11.73	712	3,277	249	1,998
		Jamuti	12	22.54	1,577	7,233	2,351	3,037
		Galusahi	7	15.63	803	4,127	1,142	2,634
		Haladia	9	29.99	1,691	8,065	1,018	5,936
		CDBlock Total	**90**	**174.05**	**11,142**	**52,239**	**8,525**	**27,551**
Karanjia	0011	Chitraposi	10	25.89	1,597	7,934	1,073	3,604
		Kerkera	11	27.9	1,522	7,938	1,923	5,150
		Baddeuli	12	25.82	1,402	7,071	1,285	3,768
		Bala	12	26.48	1,781	8,285	604	4,303
		Dari	14	30.9	1,560	7,116	993	4,467
		Badgaon	17	33.73	1,706	7,905	1,264	4,242
		Dudhiani	20	25.37	855	4,171	53	4,037
		Batapalsa	15	34.57	1,907	9,812	441	7,627
		Rasamtala	12	18.52	1,534	6,819	1,329	2,728
		Kuliposi	20	33.13	1,515	7,752	551	5,366
		Patbil	13	32.45	1,406	6,587	423	5,235
		CDBlock Total	**156**	**314.76**	**16,785**	**81,390**	**9,939**	**50,527**
Thakurmunda	0012	Kendujiani	16	38.35	1,446	7,117	303	5,613
		Hatigoda	22	36.42	1,312	6,688	288	5,860
		Khandabandh	13	27.76	1,138	5,605	1,027	2,478
		Padiabeda	12	31.03	1,082	5,460	847	3,270
		Talapada	13	26.79	1,173	5,470	2,383	2,549
		Bharandia	10	23.04	1,064	4,963	1,209	2,528
		Thakurmunda	12	18.52	1,512	7,827	2,574	3,034
		Digdhar	13	27.36	1,635	7,550	2,512	2,804
		Keshadiha	6	34.41	1,369	6,833	964	5,105
		Champajhar	16	39.24	1,480	7,076	86	5,138
		Jarak	12	36.12	1,499	7,039	484	4,831
		Mahuldiha	10	31.89	1,378	7,042	499	5,033
		Satkosia	8	38.89	1,079	5,731	141	4,379
		Salachua	10	17.69	1,163	5,714	719	4,412
		CDBlock Total	**173**	**427.51**	**18,330**	**90,115**	**14,036**	**57,034**
Kaptipada	13	Koliolam	8	101.52	1,427	6,646	1,093	4,259
		Jayantipata -	16	41.01	2,315	10,925	883	7,291
		Nudadiha	12	24.16	1,858	8,729	670	3,075

Appendix VIII - Village Directory

Number of villages under each Gram Punchayat of (CD Blockwise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block code	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Caste	Scheduled Tribe
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Pedagadi	13	9.97	1,419	6,148	589	2,397
		Badbisole	15	21.62	2,004	9,348	617	4,801
		Kaptipada	7	16.38	1,684	7,718	443	3,437
		Jhinkpada	6	6.18	808	3,590	608	1,117
		Badakhaladi	13	13.74	1,361	6,323	577	2,147
		Jadida	7	28.5	1,220	6,056	99	3,741
		Jamubani	12	40.65	1,981	9,584	267	5,324
		Salachua	6	56.73	2,024	9,756	173	7,095
		Labanyadeipur	7	44.26	1,772	9,447	185	7,741
		Sarat	6	52.65	2,028	10,820	114	9,554
		Sardiha	7	53.75	1,255	6,529	13	5,391
		Kalamgadia	8	71.56	1,153	6,344	94	5,515
		Padmapokhari	5	44.05	1,637	8,408	15	7,462
		CDBlock Total	**148**	**626.73**	**25,946**	**126,371**	**6,440**	**80,347**
Udala	0014	Kundabai	8	30.93	2,038	9,270	165	8,287
		Patsanipur	7	19.53	1,369	6,446	46	6,104
		Sridamchandrapur	9	32.84	1,401	6,386	90	5,404
		Badsingaria	11	27.39	1,674	8,334	173	6,596
		Bahubandha	10	34.48	1,967	9,725	333	7,967
		Bhimatali	11	8.06	936	4,085	339	1,315
		Khaladi	14	16.97	1,890	8,834	1,367	4,925
		Radho	6	18.18	1,582	7,141	518	3,711
		Kochiladiha	13	20.92	1,515	6,636	562	4,777
		CDBlock Total	**89**	**209.3**	**14,372**	**66,857**	**3,593**	**49,086**
Gopabandhu-nagar	0015	Sankhunta	14	14.88	1,697	7,493	766	2,970
		Bandhagaon	10	9.75	758	3,669	373	2,959
		Ranibandh	15	16.72	1,347	6,213	354	4,579
		Silaghaty	8	16.14	1,048	4,825	214	4,342
		Kusalda	14	18.12	1,473	6,988	170	4,511
		Pasuda	9	12.64	1,182	5,464	1,345	1,989
		Purunabaripada	8	9.59	1,251	5,187	822	2,085
		Jeypore	14	17.73	1,381	6,022	1,360	3,057
		Baradihi	6	11.98	907	3,636	531	2,552
		Sainkula	10	12.24	1,272	5,261	832	1,549
		Kuamara	9	14.52	1,468	6,809	1,027	2,790
		Arapata	12	9.65	1,020	4,742	679	2,282
		CDBlock Total	**129**	**163.96**	**14,804**	**66,309**	**8,473**	**35,665**
Khunta	0016	Bangra	16	30.48	1,629	7,512	115	5,730
		Laxansahi	7	13.79	768	3,755	82	2,653

Appendix VIII - Village Directory

Number of villages under each Gram Punchayat of (CD Blockwise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block code	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Caste	Scheduled Tribe
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Dukura	6	8.08	1,033	4,599	448	2,004
		Basipitha	14	17.24	1,367	6,680	232	5,189
		Badafeni	17	17.58	1,275	5,830	148	4,842
		Badapathara	11	24.02	1,114	5,255	7	4,428
		Bholagadia	13	26.66	1,803	8,227	333	7,214
		Bahanada	16	21.56	1,504	6,799	485	5,363
		Karkachia	11	15.05	1,236	5,735	94	4,725
		Gadigaon	9	16.71	1,104	5,249	199	3,997
		Brundabanchandrapu	4	19.12	927	4,646	32	4,140
		Dhanaghera	5	11.94	966	4,241	285	3,292
		CDBlock Total	**129**	**222.23**	**14,726**	**68,528**	**2,460**	**53,577**
Shamakhunta	0017	Kalapathar	11	23.6	974	4,732	1	4,077
		Bhaluki	12	12.29	942	4,177	47	2,845
		Khandia	20	12.5	1,196	5,530	112	4,577
		Balidiha	12	15.23	1,497	6,591	527	4,439
		Kochilaghaty	14	24.24	858	3,772	1	2,196
		Rangamatia	7	19.87	1,375	6,459	260	5,723
		Sindurgoura	14	11.33	1,547	7,004	586	3,703
		Samakhunta	7	7.1	959	4,357	244	1,306
		Kendua	13	23.31	1,448	6,625	380	5,171
		Sirisbani	4	7.47	635	3,074	130	1,755
		Baunsabilla	5	13.21	1,023	4,728	20	4,219
		Paikbasa	13	10.92	1,533	6,762	234	1,809
		Mahulia	4	8.32	763	3,358	178	1,646
		CDBlock Total	**136**	**189.39**	**14,750**	**67,169**	**2,720**	**43,466**
Bangiriposi	0018	Dighi	7	14.85	1,076	4,738	130	2,561
		Chandanpur	10	13.64	1,110	4,799	116	2,670
		Banakati	15	12.62	1,067	4,898	611	2,977
		Bangriposi	8	10.71	1,420	6,440	338	3,157
		Shyamsundarpur	18	20.24	1,381	6,155	979	4,136
		Kusumbandh	7	17.75	1,519	6,439	312	3,526
		Nischinta	14	20.29	1,380	6,157	237	4,454
		Brahmangaon	24	21.18	1,148	5,396	48	4,725
		Sorisapal	25	24.47	1,145	5,442	150	4,755
		Budhikhamari	11	28.1	1,443	6,869	343	5,778
		Badgan	11	27.13	1,090	5,302	84	4,895
		Bhuasuni	14	27.6	1,010	4,913	498	3,838
		Dhobanisole	17	24.63	1,367	6,424	432	4,607
		Golamundakata	16	9.04	1,276	5,528	19	3,554

Appendix VIII - Village Directory

Number of villages under each Gram Punchayat of (CD Blockwise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block code	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Caste	Scheduled Tribe
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Pathuri	12	5.73	952	4,216	179	1,590
		Kalabadia	14	12.62	933	4,269	186	2,822
		Kumbharmundhakata	4	9.56	790	3,618	162	2,106
		CDBlock Total	**227**	**300.16**	**20,107**	**91,603**	**4,824**	**62,151**
Saraskana	0019	Paktia	8	32.37	917	4,419	28	3,798
		Pokharidiha	7	27.48	800	3,730	20	3,551
		Joka	20	43.46	2,205	10,402	616	8,631
		Pokharia	12	31.3	1,995	9,043	638	6,127
		Bagbuda	11	19.18	1,056	4,900	274	3,284
		Murunia	17	11.42	1,191	5,180	265	2,981
		Saraskana	26	21.28	1,783	7,969	751	3,114
		Umadeipur	18	25	1,941	8,544	588	3,271
		Sirsha	30	23.56	2,236	9,708	693	3,639
		Jalda	13	11.39	992	4,265	335	1,916
		Rajaloka	16	17.2	1,740	8,379	567	3,028
		Dhangdisole	7	17.3	1,197	5,554	217	3,169
		Bhursani	15	30.9	1,584	7,281	535	4,261
		CDBlock Total	**200**	**311.84**	**19,637**	**89,374**	**5,527**	**50,770**
Koliana	0020	Patihinja	24	40.71	1,596	7,776	171	6,383
		Koliana	19	19.73	1,872	8,684	584	5,114
		Purnapani	12	20.17	1,099	5,424	112	3,373
		Nodhana	17	26.58	1,885	8,384	254	3,915
		Chandua	30	55.66	2,328	11,501	402	9,450
		Keutunimari	18	30.66	1,440	7,264	167	5,251
		Kuabuda	13	38.28	1,688	8,962	313	7,613
		Dumurdiha	23	30.64	2,414	11,284	655	7,609
		Parulia	44	19.89	2,109	9,216	773	4,349
		Kuchei	35	17.45	2,081	10,152	1,398	5,465
		CDBlock Total	**235**	**299.77**	**18,512**	**88,647**	**4,829**	**58,522**
Suliapada	0021	Anlakuda	23	34.73	2,144	10,345	379	4,048
		Chuhat	15	34.15	1,306	6,341	354	5,182
		Mahabila	11	15	1,344	6,429	317	2,656
		Fania	20	22.5	1,723	7,538	604	3,120
		Deuli	18	16.61	1,284	5,775	460	1,092
		Nuagaon	6	12.59	994	4,825	168	1,482
		Kanimahuli	10	20.86	1,163	5,697	223	2,689
		Kujidihi	14	20.74	1,278	6,058	487	2,199
		Kostha	7	8.14	1,365	6,083	1,093	733
		Paktia	7	9.11	691	3,182	81	494

Appendix VIII - Village Directory

Number of villages under each Gram Punchayat of (CD Blockwise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block code	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Caste	Scheduled Tribe
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Kantisahi	13	16.34	1,462	6,663	406	2,793
		Ufalgadia	20	23.7	1,448	7,018	94	4,010
		Badbhalia	9	13.25	941	4,699	191	3,486
		Dhatika	5	9.51	867	3,934	99	703
		Baghada	15	21.51	1,614	7,521	374	1,979
		CDBlock Total	**193**	**278.74**	**19,624**	**92,108**	**5,330**	**36,666**
Baripada	0022	Betna	7	16.5	1,135	5,528	189	4,432
		Bankisol	6	13	835	3,652	11	3,149
		Laxmiposi	6	10.73	544	2,640	3	2,207
		Rajabasa	15	37.53	1,457	7,754	134	6,886
		Chandanpur	15	19.57	1,261	6,021	399	4,732
		Sankhabhanga	17	29.77	1,422	7,185	299	6,110
		Budhikhamari	10	16.3	1,538	6,520	270	3,488
		Hatikote	9	22.89	1,587	7,207	92	4,725
		Badjode	10	16.8	1,612	7,410	164	4,509
		Khadisol	8	8.46	910	4,497	1	2,504
		CDBlock Total	**103**	**191.55**	**12,301**	**58,414**	**1,562**	**42,742**
Barsahi	0023	Jadunathpur	6	13.21	926	4,138	58	3,274
		Gudialbandh	13	18.8	1,674	7,659	468	4,372
		Uthaninuagaon	5	6.54	690	3,146	153	1,219
		Sankerka	9	10.81	1,114	4,994	259	1,693
		Purnachandrapur	5	10.61	863	3,849	56	3,506
		Khanua	7	13.89	1,377	6,483	190	5,266
		Pratappur	8	11.89	1,516	6,789	1,595	2,529
		Sialighaty	17	22.55	2,198	9,065	817	4,632
		Madhapur	8	10.13	882	4,090	253	2,671
		Bireswarpur	14	27.7	1,799	8,261	250	4,800
		Suhagpur	17	17.82	1,419	6,583	1,043	3,268
		Balabhadrapur	5	7.84	966	3,985	246	1,617
		Barsahi	12	19.28	2,032	8,899	504	2,861
		Kochilakhunta	12	18.53	1,724	8,222	344	5,142
		Durgapur	21	18.22	1,916	8,963	1,064	3,672
		Kendudiha	7	11.48	982	4,715	241	1,050
		Deulia	6	11.78	843	3,898	171	2,700
		Patisari	15	19.07	1,896	8,683	1,748	3,414
		Chandanpur	18	20.57	1,849	9,118	921	3,676
		Mangovindpur	13	13.6	1,349	5,917	453	1,849
		Salgaon	6	7.83	770	3,393	700	672
		CDBlock Total	**224**	**312.15**	**28,785**	**130,850**	**11,534**	**63,883**

Appendix VIII - Village Directory

Number of villages under each Gram Punchayat of (CD Blockwise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block code	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Caste	Scheduled Tribe
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Betanati	0024	Betnoti	8	17.51	2,129	10,043	290	2,805
		Sathilo	13	19.11	2,395	11,488	840	4,555
		Dahikoti	10	19.73	1,638	7,430	1,468	2,054
		Purinda	14	19.57	1,935	8,393	951	2,480
		Merda	18	20.38	1,778	8,032	607	4,267
		Chanchipada	10	10.58	1,009	4,622	227	1,623
		Anla	9	13.73	1,031	5,156	270	1,863
		Raghupur	21	30.23	2,365	11,629	341	6,458
		Santara	20	20.07	1,745	8,522	675	3,577
		Jugal	11	20.5	1,026	4,635	1,078	1,573
		Agria	14	16.86	1,313	6,324	902	1,973
		Patalipura	22	20.48	2,247	10,381	884	4,028
		Baisinga	24	27.08	2,309	11,358	923	5,268
		Gad-Deulia	12	15.55	1,268	6,428	366	3,646
		Kalma	11	8.99	1,273	6,592	907	2,274
		Purunia	9	17.94	1,640	7,875	460	3,678
		CDBlock Total	**226**	**298.31**	**27,101**	**128,908**	**11,189**	**52,122**
Rasagobindapur	0025	Nalagaja	24	36.62	1,723	9,078	569	6,166
		Jhatiada	19	25.09	1,606	8,186	1,108	3,359
		Amarda	24	26.24	2,144	10,346	1,271	3,030
		Rasagobindapur	17	25.61	2,076	10,472	726	6,070
		Deosole	9	15.45	1,029	5,377	260	3,874
		Khuntapal	12	17.63	1,206	6,125	474	4,308
		Chhatna	10	13.17	702	3,412	66	2,061
		Badampur	17	18.28	1,547	7,644	388	4,086
		Raghabpur	10	7.45	781	3,877	1	2,757
		Totapada	11	13.19	1,149	5,393	316	2,099
		Kamardiha	11	13.88	1,403	7,493	260	4,297
		Nakichua	13	19.3	1,259	6,229	123	2,657
		CDBlock Total	**177**	**231.91**	**16,625**	**83,632**	**5,562**	**44,764**
Muruda	0026	Gadia	7	15.02	950	4,566	1,478	1,164
		Kohi	10	20.67	1,454	6,775	2,807	2,749
		Chadheigaon	11	15.08	999	4,762	231	892
		Nuhajhalia	8	14.75	1,038	4,533	236	1,383
		Chikitamatia	12	23.02	948	4,729	142	3,238
		Nuagaon	5	8.82	567	2,774	100	1,172
		Muruda	5	12.22	1,257	5,372	624	1,084
		Sanmundhabani	7	16.66	1,174	5,822	1,009	2,899
		Gholmuhan	7	12.13	919	4,507	134	3,278
		Bhaliadiha	18	18.09	1,528	7,057	243	3,893
		Sureidihi	7	12.56	605	2,718	87	1,521
		Dantiamuhan	13	25.42	1,733	8,390	396	4,042
		Jualibhanga	14	16.99	974	4,552	52	2,199
		Gadigaon	9	20.76	1,005	4,586	239	1,562
		Haldipal	5	11.01	1,006	4,668	414	2,318
		Chitrada	3	5.56	1,066	4,807	481	790
		Barkand	22	22.13	1,607	7,906	349	3,653
		Palasmundali	6	13.12	1,124	5,491	161	2,037
		CDBlock Total	**169**	**284.01**	**19,954**	**94,015**	**9,183**	**39,874**

SECTION II
TOWN DIRECTORY

Section II - Town Directory

NOTE EXPLAINING THE ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE TOWN DIRECTORY

Town Directory statements (I to VII)

Statement I : Status and Growth History

Column (2) : Class, name and civic administration status of town :

Class has been introduced to facilitate analysis of town directory data at the state and all India levels. It is presented according to 2001 Census Population of the town as follows :

Population	Class
100,000 and above	I
50,000 - 99,999	II
20,000 - 49,999	III
10,000 - 19,999	IV
5,000 - 9,999	V
Below 5,000	VI

Town with a population of one hundred thousand (1,00,000)and above is treated as a city.

The civic administration status of the towns is indicated within bracket against the name of the town. The following abbreviations are used to denote civic status of town.

(I) Municipal Corporation	M. Corp.
(II) Municipal Committee	MC
(III) Municipal Council	M Cl
(IV) City Municipal Council	CMC
(V) Town Municipal Council	TMC
(VI) Municipal Board	MB
(VII) Municipality	M
(VIII) Cantonment Board/Cantonment	CB
(IX) Notified Area	NA
(X) Notified Town	NT
(XI) Notified Area Committee/ Notified Area Council	NAC
(XII) Notified Town Area	NTA
(XIII) Industrial Notified Area	INA
(XIV) Industrial Township	ITS
(XV) Township	TS
(XVI) Town Panchayat	TP
(XVII) Nagar Panchayat	NP
(XVIII) Town Committee/ Town Area Committee	TC
(XIX) Small Town Committee	ST
(XX) Estate office	EO
(XXI) Gram Panchayat	GP
(XXII) Census Town	CT

Others columns need no comments.

Statement II - Physical Aspects and Location of towns, 1999.

Column 3 to 5 : Physical Aspects

In this columns the Rainfall and Maximum & Minimum Temperature of the town is recorded.

Column 6, 7 and 8 :

Name of the State headquarters, District headquarters and Sub-Divisional headquarters with distance from the referent town in kilometers, is to be recorded respectively. If the names mentioned in these columns are the same as the referent town itself, the distance is recorded as (0) zero.

Column 9 & 10 :

Name of the nearest city with one lakh and more and five lakhs and more population are recorded.

Column 11, 12 and 13 :

If referent town enjoys the facility of railway station, bus route facility or navigable river/canal. Its name is to be mentioned. If not available, then the name of nearest place with distance, where such facility exists is to be mentioned.

Statement III : Municipal Finance 1998 – 1999

Item-wise amount of receipt and expenditure in thousand rupees, relating to municipal finance of the town for the year 1998-99 is to be recorded.

Statement IV : Civic and Other amenities, 1999

Column (1 to 5) : Self explanatory.

Column (6) : Road length (in kms.)

Information about kutcha/pucca road is to be recorded separately for the roads within the limits of the referent town.

(i)	Pucca Road	PR
(ii)	Kutcha Road	KR

Column (7) : System of Sewerage

Generally, by sewerage system is implied the network of mains and branches of underground conduits for the conveyance of sewerage to the point of disposal. Sewers that carry only household and industrial wastes are called separate sewers, those that carry storm water from roofs, streets and other surface are known as storm water drains, while those carrying both sewage and storm water are called combined sewers.

The codes used for different types of drainage system are as follows :

(i)	Sewer	S
(ii)	Open Surface Drains	OSD
(iii)	Box Surface Drains	BSD
(iv)	Sylk Drains	SD
(v)	Cesspool method	CP
(vi)	Pit System	Pt
(vii)	Others	O

Column 8 to 11 : Number of latrines

Number of various types of latrines both Public and Private are given in these columns.

Column 12 : Method of disposal of night soil

The various prevalent method of disposal of night soil are given below with codes :

Head Loads	HL
Basket	B
Wheel Barrows	WB
Septic Tank	ST
Pit System	Pt
Sewerage	S
Others	O

Column 13 and 14 : Water supply

Sources and capacity of storage system. The following codes are used in these columns:

Column 13:

(i)	Tap water	T
(ii)	Tube-well water	TW
(iii)	Tank Water	TK
(iv)	Well water	W

Column 14:

(v)	Over Head Tank	OHT
(vi)	Service Reservoir	SR
(vii)	River Infiltration Gallery	RIG
(viii)	Bore Well Pumping System	BWP
(ix)	Pressure Tank	PT

The information on major sources of water supply are given in Column 13 and the storage capacity against each in kilo-litres (in bracket) are presented in Column 14.

Column 15 : Fire Fighting Service

In case the fire fighting service is available in the referent town 'yes' has been recorded. If the facility is not available within the town. The name of the nearest place having this facility with its distance from the referent town has been recorded.

Column 16 to 20 : Electrification (Number of connections)

Different types of electric connections have been shown in these columns, i.e. Domestic, Industrial, Commercial, Road lighting (points) & others.

Statement V : Medical, Educational, Recreational and Cultural Facilities, 1999

Column 1 to 3 : Self explanatory.

Column 4 & 5 :

The data covers all such medical institutions run by or aided by Government/Semi Government/Local bodies and Charitable institutions or Social agencies like the Missionaries. Where the family planning centres are attached to hospitals or maternity and child welfare centres or Primary Health Centres, may be treated as independent units and counted separately using following codes :

(i)	Hospital	H
(ii)	Dispensary	D
(iii)	Health Centre	HC

(iv)	Family Welfare Centre	FWC
(v)	T.B. Clinic	TB
(vi)	Nursing Home	NH
(vii)	Others	O

In case of more than one institutions of any type, it is indicated within brackets the number of such institution (s) e.g. D(3), NH(8), etc. The institutions have further been distinguished by providing additional codes within the bracket as given below :

Ayurvedic	A
Unani	U
Homoeopathic	Hom.

Column 6 to 9 :

The codes used for these columns are as follows:

(i)	Arts only	A
(ii)	Science only	S
(iii)	Commerce only	C
(iv)	Arts & Science only	AS
(v)	Arts & Commerce only	AC
(vi)	Combined for all categories-Arts, Science and Commerce	ASC
(vii)	Law	L
(viii)	University	U
(ix)	Others	O

Column 10 : Recognized shorthand, typewriting and vocational training institutes

"Recognised" should mean recognised by some statutory authority, like education department, commerce department, labour department etc. of the government or semi government or autonomous bodies, public sector undertakings etc.

The following codes are used :

(i)	Vocational Training Institute	VT
(ii)	Shorthand	SH
(iii)	Typewriting	Type
(iv)	Shorthand & Typewriting	SH Type
(v)	Others	O

The vocational institutions like - Applied Art/ Painting college, Pharmacy college, B. Ed. College, Teacher's Training Institute, Music / Dance School, Nursing School etc. are covered under 'Others'.

Column 11 to 14

Higher Secondary/Intermediate/Senior Secondary/ PUC/Junior College level, Secondary/Matriculation, Middle Schools/ Junior Secondary and Primary Schools.

School up to class V are treated as Primary or elementary schools. These include Nursery schools, Kindergarten schools, Pre-Primary schools, Junior Basic schools upto class V and Primary Schools upto class IV.

Schools upto VIII are considered as Middle School or Junior Secondary.

Schools upto class X are considered as Matriculation or Secondary Schools.

Schools upto XI or XII classes are considered as Higher Secondary / Intermediate / Pre University / Junior College etc. This would cover 10+2 classes whether held in schools or college.

If there are composite schools like middle schools with primary classes or Secondary schools with Middle classes, these are also included in the number of Primary and Middle schools, respectively. For example, if in a town, there are two Primary Schools and one Middle school with Primary classes, the number of Primary schools in the town is given as three and that of Middle schools as one though there are only three educational institutions.

If there are more institutions of a type in the town, the number is indicated within bracket along with the abbreviation, e.g. P(4), M(3).

Column 15 : Adult literacy class/centres

This column has been introduced keeping in view the Minimum Needs Programme of the Planning Commission. There are number of Adult Education Centres which are included in these columns.

If educational facility is not available in the town, the name of the nearest place and its distance in kilometres from the town where the facility is available is mentioned.

Column 16 : Working Women's hostels with number of seats

The number of working women's hostel if available in the referent town is mentioned with

number of seats. If the facility is not available in the town the name of nearest place with distance where the facility is available is recorded.

Column 17 to 19 : Recreational and Cultural Facilities

Stadium, Cinema, Auditorium/Drama/Community Hall are covered under recreational & cultural facilities. The particulars of permanent recreational facilities are considered for these columns.

Column 20 : Public Libraries, Reading Rooms

Number of public libraries and reading rooms available in the referent town are recorded in codes as follows :

(i)	Public Library	PL
(ii)	Reading room	RR

Statement VI : Trade, Commerce, Industry and Banking, 1999

Column 3 to 8 : Name of three most important commodities exported and names of three most important commodities manufactured in the town are recorded.

Column 9 : Number of Banks

Number of Banks available in the referent town both Commercial and Co-operative banks are recorded against this column.

Column 10 & 11 : **Number of Agricultural Credit Societies and Non Agricultural Credit Societies**

The total number of Agricultural Credit Societies and Non Agricultural Credit Societies in the referent town are recorded against these columns.

Statement VII : Civic and other Amenities in Slums, 1999

This is the statement on civic and other amenities in all slums whether notified or not and for all towns having statutory bodies, like municipality, Municipal Corporation, Town area committee etc.

STATEMENT - I

Status and Growth History

Srl. No.	Class, name and civic status of town	Location code number	Name of Taluk/ Tahasil/ Police Station/Island etc.	Name of C.D. Block	Area (in sq. km.)	Number of households incl. houseless households (2001 Census)	Population and growth rate (in brackets) of the town at the Censuses of		
							1901	1911	1921
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	III Rairangpur (N.A.C.)	40701000	Rairangpur Town	Rairangpur	14.4	4,233			
2	I Baripada (M)	40702000	Baripada PS	Baripada	33.4	19,314	5,613	5,968 (+6.3)	6,189 (+3.7)
3	IV Udala (N.A.C.)	40703000	Mahuldiha	Udala	7.9	2,445			
4	III Karanjia (N.A.C.)	40704000	Baripada PS	Karanjia	18.6	4,191			

Srl. No.	Class, name and civic status of town	Population and growth rate (in brackets) of the town at the Censuses of								Density (2001 Census)	Sex ratio		
											1981	1991	2001
		1931	1941	1951	1961	1971	1981	1991	2001				
1	2	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
1	III Rairangpur (N.A.C.)				8,119	11,226 (+38.3)	15,503 (+38.1)	18,097 (+16.7)	21,896 (+21.0)	1,522.7	893	929	960
2	I Baripada (M)	6,193 (+0.1)	8,281 (+33.7)	9,277 (+12.0)	20,301 (+118.8)	28,725 (+41.5)	52,989 (+84.5)	69,240 (+30.7)	95,004 (+37.2)	2,847.0	838	853	876
3	IV Udala (N.A.C.)						7,136	11,289 (+58.2)	11,712 (+3.7)	1,484.4	829	867	923
4	III Karanjia (N.A.C.)						14,910	17,623 (+18.2)	21,441 (+21.7)	1,150.3	858	895	901

STATEMENT-II

Physical Aspects and Location of Towns, 1999

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Physical aspects			Name of and road distance in kilometer(s) from	
		Rainfall (in mm)	Temperature (in centigrade)		State HQ.	District HQ.
			Maximum	Minimum		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	III Rairangpur (N.A.C.)	1245.2	36.7	14.4	Bhubaneswar (353)	Baripada (83)
2	I Baripada (M)	1736.82	36.18	17.51	Bhubaneswar (270)	Baripada (0)
3	IV Udala (N.A.C.)	1736.82	36.18	17.51	Bhubaneswar (252)	Baripada (43)
4	III Karanjia (N.A.C.)	1736.82	36.18	17.51	Bhubaneswar (230)	Baripada (122)

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Name of and road distance in kilometer(s) from					
		Sub-division /Taluk/ Tahsil / Police station/ Development Block/ Island HQ.	Nearest city with population of one lakh and more	Nearest city with population of five lakh and more	Railway station	Bus facility	Navigable river/ canal (if within ten kilometers)
1	2	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	III Rairangpur (N.A.C.)	Rairangpur (0)	Jamshedpur(Bihar) (67)	Cuttack	Rairangpur (0)	Yes (0)	-
2	I Baripada (M)	Baripada (0)	Baleshwar (60)	Cuttack	Baripada (0)	Yes (0)	-
3	IV Udala (N.A.C.)	Udala (0)	Baleshwar (62)	Cuttack	Baripada (43)	Yes (0)	-
4	III Karanjia (N.A.C.)	Karanjia (0)	Jamshedpur(Bihar) (145)	Cuttack	Badampahad (43)	Yes (0)	-

STATEMENT - III

Municipal Finance, 1998-99

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Receipt (in Rs.'000)						
		Receipt through taxes, etc.	Revenue derived from municipal properties and power apart from taxation	Government grant	Loan	Advance	Other sources (specify)	Total receipt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	III Rairangpur (N.A.C.)	2,547	181	2,082	629	147	599	6,185
2	I Baripada (M)	11,289	4,543	4,459	-	-	-	20,291
3	IV Udala (N.A.C.)	659	387	2,672	350	147	260	4,475
4	III Karanjia (N.A.C.)	1,605	667	1,788	420	-	504	4,983

STATEMENT - III

Municipal Finance, 1998-99

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Expenditure (in Rs.'000)						
		General administration	Public safety	Public health and conveniences	Public works	Public institutions	Others (specify)	Total expenditure
1	2	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	III Rairangpur (N.A.C.)	1,610	572	875	921	6	1,657	5,641
2	I Baripada (M)	6,145	1,646	5,336	3,303	1,149	3,584	21,163
3	IV Udala (N.A.C.)	1,141	94	220	1,092	313	929	3,790
4	III Karanjia (N.A.C.)	1,174	267	606	1,274	135	850	4,306

STATEMENT - IV

Civic and other Amenities, 1999

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Civic administration status (in 2000)	Population (2001 Census)	Population 2001 Census		Road length (in km. (s))	System of sewerage	Number of latrines			
				Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes			Total	Water borne	Service	Others
1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	III Rairangpur	N.A.C.	21,896	1,814	3,827	KR(34) PR(10	OSD	993	993	-	-
2	I Baripada	M	95,004	9,563	12,995	KR(50) PR(74	OSD	10,201	6,315	-	3,886
3	IV Udala	N.A.C.	11,712	830	2,699	KR(69) PR(51	OSD	981	451	-	530
4	III Karanjia	N.A.C.	21,441	3,918	5,638	KR(49) PR(11	OSD	1,013	791	-	222

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Method of disposal of night soil	Water supply		Fire fighting service*	Electrification (number of connections)				
			Source of supply	System of storage with capacity in kilolitres (in brackets)		Domestic	Industrial	Commercial	Road lighting (points	Others
1	2	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1	III Rairangpur (N.A.C.)	ST, O	T,TW	OHT (100)	Yes	872	37	323	572	5
2	I Baripada (M)	ST, Pt	T,TW	OHT (275)	Yes	9,624	165	2,440	3,175	58
3	IV Udala (N.A.C.)	ST, Pt	T,TW	SR (50)	Yes	962	21	450	407	-
4	III Karanjia (N.A.C.)	ST, Pt	T,TW	RIG,BWP (682)	Yes	1,938	57	31	631	218

STATEMENT - V

Medical, Educational, Recreational and Cultural Facilities, 1999

Sl No	Class, name and civic status of town	Population (2001 Census)	Medical facilities*	
			Hospitals/Dispensaries/ T.B. clinics etc.	Beds in medical institutions noted in column 4
1	2	3	4	5
1	III Rairangpur(N.A.C.)	21,896	H D FWC TB	60
2	I Baripada (M)	95,004	H(5) D(2) FWC TB	283
3	IV Udala (N.A.C.)	11,712	H D FWC TB	35
4	III Karanjia (N.A.C.)	21,441	H D FWC TB	40

Sl No	Class, name and civic status of town	Educational facilities*				
		Medical colleges	Engineering colleges	Polytechnics	Recognised shorthand, typewriting and vocational training institutions	Higher secondary/ Intermediate/ Senior Secondary/ PUC (Pre-university college)/ Junior college level
1	2	7	8	9	10	11
1	III Rairangpur(N.A.C.)	Jamsedpur Tata(67)	Jamsedpur Tata(67)	Kendujhar(83)	SHType(3) O(2)	2
2	I Baripada (M)	Khadagpur(115)	Khadagpur(115)	1	SHType(2) O(3)	5
3	IV Udala (N.A.C.)	Khadagpur(159)	Baleshwar(62)	Baripada(43)	-	1
4	III Karanjia (N.A.C.)	Jamsedpur Tata(145)	Jamsedpur Tata(145)	Kendujhar(53)	SHType(2) O	2

Sl No	Class, name and civic status of town	Educational facilities (Contd....)				
		Secondary/ Matriculation	Junior secondary and Middle schools	Primary schools	Adult literacy classes/ centres, others (specify)	Working women's hostels with number of seats
1	2	12	13	14	15	16
1	III Rairangpur(N.A.C.)	6	8	28	-	Baripada(83)
2	I Baripada (M)	13	19	41	-	1 (25)
3	IV Udala (N.A.C.)	3	4	9	-	Baripada(43)
4	III Karanjia (N.A.C.)	5	9	23		Baripada(122)

STATEMENT - V

Medical, Educational, Recreational and Cultural Facilities, 1999

Sl No	Class, name and civic status of town	Number of recreational and cultural facilities			
		Stadium	Cinema	Auditorium / Drama/ community Halls	Public libraries including reading rooms
1	2	17	18	19	20
1	III Rairangpur(N.A.C.)	-	1	1	PL(2) RR(2)
2	I Baripada (M)	2	3	1	PL(3) RR(3)
3	IV Udala (N.A.C.)	-	1	1	PL RR
4	III Karanjia (N.A.C.)	1	1	3	PL(4) RR(4)

STATEMENT - VI

Trade, Commerce, Industry and Banking, 1999

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Name of three most important commodities exported		
		1st	2nd	3rd
1	2	3	4	5
1	III Rairangpur (N.A.C.)	Washing Soap	Concrete Product	Sal Oil
2	I Baripada (M)	Bobai Rope	Leaf Plate	Kendu Leaf
3	IV Udala (N.A.C.)	Rice	Sabai Grass	Leaf Plate
4	III Karanjia (N.A.C.)	Groundnut	Cashew	Leaf Plate

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Name of three most important commodities manufactured			Number of banks	Number of agricultural credit societies	Number of non-agricultural credit societies
		1st	2nd	3rd			
1	2	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	III Rairangpur (N.A.C.)	Foam	Candle	Wooden Furniture	4	2	2
2	I Baripada (M)	Bobai Rope	Leaf Plate	Mustard Oil	13	8	8
3	IV Udala (N.A.C.)	Rice	Pressed Leafplate	Leather Chappal	3	2	5
4	III Karanjia (N.A.C.)	Cement Products	Washing Soap	Steel Furniture	2	1	2

ANNEXURES

ANNEXURE-I

Number of villages under each Gram Panchayat

Gram Panchayat plays a pivotal role in the Panchayati Raj System. It entrusts the people with the power to manage the local affairs of villages for the development and better governance of their locality. In the rural areas, Gram Panchayat works for the development of road, sanitation, education, drinking water facilities, minor irrigation and supply of power etc.to the villages.The overall progress of the villages coming under the Gram Panchayat lies with the participation of people in these activities. Keeping this in view, the data on Gram Panchayat and the number of villages coming under each with their population have been presented in the table below.

The analysis of the data of Mayurbhanj district shows that among 26 C.D. Blocks in the district, Barsahi C.D. Block has highest number (21 nos.) of Gram Panchayats and in Tiring C.D.Block, the number of Gram Panchayat is at the least (5 nos.).

Table - I

Number of villages under each Gram Panchayat (CD Block-wise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste Population	Scheduled Tribe Population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Tiring	0001	Pandupani	16	34.68	1,805	9,714	346	8,375
		Sanbhundu	17	33.96	1,718	9,037	700	7,722
		Tiringi	16	31.13	1,891	8,852	382	5,716
		Badadalima	14	35.10	2,241	11,315	1,054	6,814
		Lupung	17	33.99	1,905	9,638	413	7,604
		CDBlock Total	**80**	**168.86**	**9,560**	**48,556**	**2,895**	**36,231**
Bahalda	0002	Badapalsa	12	34.14	1,521	7,440	441	5,445
		Jharadihi	8	17.78	1,570	7,120	563	3,390
		Jashipur	10	32.12	1,644	7,001	460	5,711
		Bhitaramada	6	14.57	850	4,298	113	3,885
		Gidighaty	11	20.37	1,526	6,921	627	4,195
		Kanki	6	20.92	1,641	7,979	325	3,450
		Bahalda	6	23.30	2,011	8,640	650	2,973
		Soso	4	20.21	1,457	6,415	368	2,494
		Gambharia	13	24.42	1,488	7,004	446	2,645
		Asana	14	33.94	1,496	7,050	98	6,127
		Anlajodi	14	24.85	1,456	5,974	256	2,364
		CDBlock Total	**104**	**266.62**	**16,660**	**75,842**	**4,347**	**42,679**
Jamda	0003	Badadundu	12	26.66	1,820	9,560	510	4,616
		Jarkani	11	20.11	987	4,789	118	4,252
		Pasana	14	39.24	1,849	9,077	502	7,442
		Tarana	9	28.90	1,577	7,378	309	5,652
		Jamda	11	30.49	2,208	10,023	902	6,894
		Hensada	13	38.11	1,735	8,466	149	7,473
		Talgaon	9	23.12	1,373	6,508	641	4,869
		CDBlock Total	**79**	**206.63**	**11,549**	**55,801**	**3,131**	**41,198**

Table - I

Number of villages under each Gram Panchayat (CD Block-wise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste Population	Scheduled Tribe Population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Rairangpur	0004	Guhaldangri	18	31.57	1,534	7,404	423	5,957
		Sudarsanpur	15	20.95	1,250	5,492	543	3,608
		Kuleisila	15	34.74	1,546	6,773	591	3,562
		Badmauda	12	24.76	1,596	7,238	533	4,351
		San-Pakhana	18	24.96	1,891	8,387	690	2,840
		Purunapani	15	30.67	1,618	7,656	278	4,485
		Halda	11	17.72	1,187	5,418	709	2,655
		Bhalubasa	15	20.06	1,538	7,688	988	2,485
		CDBlock Total	**119**	**205.43**	**12,160**	**56,056**	**4,755**	**29,943**
Bijatola	0005	Khanta	14	23.32	2,071	9,511	469	6,480
		Badjharan	14	20.93	1,526	6,761	212	5,198
		Madheikacha	13	20.51	640	2,898	37	2,699
		Chadeipahadi	28	27.55	771	3,628	19	3,499
		Sargada	19	34.73	1,064	4,787	10	4,151
		Manikpur	13	23.61	589	2,725	19	2,661
		Luhasila	11	12.94	764	3,408	149	2,918
		Bijatola	15	31.10	1,923	8,987	492	6,647
		Bankati	13	30.52	1,705	8,275	282	5,670
		Raihari	15	31.41	1,603	7,194	410	4,644
		CDBlock Total	**155**	**256.62**	**12,656**	**58,174**	**2,099**	**44,567**
Kusumi	0006	Uparbeda	7	25.69	1,381	6,632	141	3,275
		Hat-badra	10	30.33	1,895	9,115	1,159	4,838
		Kusumi	9	19.87	1,729	8,268	636	3,186
		Joypur	10	29.68	2,087	10,140	894	6,546
		Mayurdar	9	23.53	1,549	7,179	613	4,583
		Chuapani	14	30.31	1,407	6,450	126	5,367
		Talak-Pokhari	12	20.85	1,093	4,947	200	3,972
		Jarda	14	32.40	1,758	8,111	487	5,514
		Talapati	10	36.66	1,626	7,206	576	4,656
		Jhipabandh	13	48.05	1,904	8,787	430	7,193
		Dhangdimuta	6	15.62	1,262	5,353	426	3,016
		CDBlock Total	**114**	**312.99**	**17,691**	**82,188**	**5,688**	**52,146**
Bisoi	0007	Luhakani	23	49.22	2,007	9,103	532	5,819
		Khadambeda	17	47.67	1,434	6,742	430	5,616
		Bisoi	20	44.82	2,427	11,213	972	7,140
		Bautibeda	14	41.30	1,477	6,873	442	4,308
		Asana	17	32.49	1,884	8,577	415	5,398
		Sanpurunapani	15	24.90	856	3,829	106	3,047
		Jagannathpur	14	16.63	846	3,612	138	2,623
		Baneikala	8	15.53	785	3,511	105	1,761
		Nuagaon	15	28.09	1,266	5,638	130	3,969
		Badmanda	13	29.83	1,703	7,626	215	5,585
		CDBlock Total	**156**	**330.48**	**14,685**	**66,724**	**3,485**	**45,266**

Table - I

Number of villages under each Gram Panchayat (CD Block-wise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste Population	Scheduled Tribe Population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Jashipur	0008	Baunsanali	17	37.82	1,686	7,535	448	4,987
		Jamukeswar	14	19.56	1,189	5,134	112	3,253
		Chakidi	20	66.28	1,161	5,056	27	4,682
		Podagarh	23	37.28	1,635	7,267	267	6,224
		Dhalabani	12	22.92	1,085	5,260	50	4,894
		Matiagarh	11	18.88	1,286	5,756	1,561	3,102
		Jashipur	14	23.94	2,473	11,065	1,547	4,582
		Mahardapalsa	11	9.26	826	3,697	796	1,357
		Maudi	13	18.11	1,028	4,484	688	1,883
		Begunia	6	16.47	1,026	4,994	641	3,125
		Rugudi	9	26.91	1,139	5,407	82	4,713
		Pantho	14	28.47	1,571	7,089	579	3,675
		Ektali	10	30.52	1,313	6,175	283	4,278
		Gudgudia	21	24.27	910	4,226	25	3,717
		Barehipani	18	18.69	562	2,869	0	2,804
		Astakuanar	16	43.74	554	2,831	0	2,612
		CDBlock Total	**229**	**443.12**	**19,444**	**88,845**	**7,106**	**59,888**
Raruan	0009	Narsandha	9	26.91	1,355	6,317	198	2,454
		Ghagarbeda	9	19.63	1,088	5,289	64	2,184
		Panapataria	7	17.54	1,032	4,852	98	3,053
		Budamara	10	11.44	901	4,088	162	1,451
		Nuagaon	9	15.28	983	4,625	817	2,706
		Baidyanath	13	18.18	980	4,887	653	3,558
		Angarpada	9	14.95	900	4,052	444	1,112
		Raruan	8	17.57	1,514	6,841	880	3,118
		Bhanjakia	14	28.27	1,945	8,852	971	5,221
		Niuty	10	24.82	893	4,023	299	2,260
		Gadapalsa	12	17.94	1,183	5,215	622	2,801
		CDBlock Total	**110**	**212.53**	**12,774**	**59,041**	**5,208**	**29,918**
Sukruli	0010	Arjunbilla	14	20.04	1,421	6,230	1,331	1,335
		Sukruli	14	18.30	1,897	8,916	1,185	2,723
		Teranti	15	24.22	1,754	7,991	921	4,283
		Chaturanjali	12	31.60	1,287	6,400	328	5,605
		Jhadghosda	7	11.73	712	3,277	249	1,998
		Jamuti	12	22.54	1,577	7,233	2,351	3,037
		Galusahi	7	15.63	803	4,127	1,142	2,634
		Haladia	9	29.99	1,691	8,065	1,018	5,936
		CDBlock Total	**90**	**174.05**	**11,142**	**52,239**	**8,525**	**27,551**

Table - I

Number of villages under each Gram Panchayat (CD Block-wise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste Population	Scheduled Tribe Population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Karanjia	0011	Chitraposi	10	25.89	1,597	7,934	1,073	3,604
		Kerkera	11	27.90	1,522	7,938	1,923	5,150
		Baddeuli	12	25.82	1,402	7,071	1,285	3,768
		Bala	12	26.48	1,781	8,285	604	4,303
		Dari	14	30.90	1,560	7,116	993	4,467
		Badgaon	17	33.73	1,706	7,905	1,264	4,242
		Dudhiani	20	25.37	855	4,171	53	4,037
		Batapalsa	15	34.57	1,907	9,812	441	7,627
		Rasamtala	12	18.52	1,534	6,819	1,329	2,728
		Kuliposi	20	33.13	1,515	7,752	551	5,366
		Patbil	13	32.45	1,406	6,587	423	5,235
		CDBlock Total	**156**	**314.76**	**16,785**	**81,390**	**9,939**	**50,527**
Thakurmunda	0012	Kendujiani	16	38.35	1,446	7,117	303	5,613
		Hatigoda	22	36.42	1,312	6,688	288	5,860
		Khandabandh	13	27.76	1,138	5,605	1,027	2,478
		Padiabeda	12	31.03	1,082	5,460	847	3,270
		Talapada	13	26.79	1,173	5,470	2,383	2,549
		Bharandia	10	23.04	1,064	4,963	1,209	2,528
		Thakurmunda	12	18.52	1,512	7,827	2,574	3,034
		Digdhar	13	27.36	1,635	7,550	2,512	2,804
		Keshadiha	6	34.41	1,369	6,833	964	5,105
		Champajhar	16	39.24	1,480	7,076	86	5,138
		Jarak	12	36.12	1,499	7,039	484	4,831
		Mahuldiha	10	31.89	1,378	7,042	499	5,033
		Satkosia	8	38.89	1,079	5,731	141	4,379
		Salachua	10	17.69	1,163	5,714	719	4,412
		CDBlock Total	**173**	**427.51**	**18,330**	**90,115**	**14,036**	**57,034**
Kaptipada	13	Koliolam	8	101.52	1,427	6,646	1,093	4,259
		Jayantipata -	16	41.01	2,315	10,925	883	7,291
		Nudadiha	12	24.16	1,858	8,729	670	3,075
		Pedagadi	13	9.97	1,419	6,148	589	2,397
		Badbisole	15	21.62	2,004	9,348	617	4,801
		Kaptipada	7	16.38	1,684	7,718	443	3,437
		Jhinkpada	6	6.18	808	3,590	608	1,117
		Badakhaladi	13	13.74	1,361	6,323	577	2,147
		Jadida	7	28.50	1,220	6,056	99	3,741
		Jamubani	12	40.65	1,981	9,584	267	5,324
		Salachua	6	56.73	2,024	9,756	173	7,095
		Labanyadeipur	7	44.26	1,772	9,447	185	7,741
		Sarat	6	52.65	2,028	10,820	114	9,554
		Sardiha	7	53.75	1,255	6,529	13	5,391
		Kalamgadia	8	71.56	1,153	6,344	94	5,515
		Padmapokhari	5	44.05	1,637	8,408	15	7,462
		CDBlock Total	**148**	**626.73**	**25,946**	**126,371**	**6,440**	**80,347**

Table - I
Number of villages under each Gram Panchayat (CD Block-wise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste Population	Scheduled Tribe Population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Udala	0014	Kundabai	8	30.93	2,038	9,270	165	8,287
		Patsanipur	7	19.53	1,369	6,446	46	6,104
		Sridamchandrapur	9	32.84	1,401	6,386	90	5,404
		Badsingaria	11	27.39	1,674	8,334	173	6,596
		Bahubandha	10	34.48	1,967	9,725	333	7,967
		Bhimatali	11	8.06	936	4,085	339	1,315
		Khaladi	14	16.97	1,890	8,834	1,367	4,925
		Radho	6	18.18	1,582	7,141	518	3,711
		Kochiladiha	13	20.92	1,515	6,636	562	4,777
		CDBlock Total	**89**	**209.30**	**14,372**	**66,857**	**3,593**	**49,086**
Gopabandhu-nagar	0015	Sankhunta	14	14.88	1,697	7,493	766	2,970
		Bandhagaon	10	9.75	758	3,669	373	2,959
		Ranibandh	15	16.72	1,347	6,213	354	4,579
		Silaghaty	8	16.14	1,048	4,825	214	4,342
		Kusalda	14	18.12	1,473	6,988	170	4,511
		Pasuda	9	12.64	1,182	5,464	1,345	1,989
		Purunabaripada	8	9.59	1,251	5,187	822	2,085
		Jeypore	14	17.73	1,381	6,022	1,360	3,057
		Baradihi	6	11.98	907	3,636	531	2,552
		Sainkula	10	12.24	1,272	5,261	832	1,549
		Kuamara	9	14.52	1,468	6,809	1,027	2,790
		Arapata	12	9.65	1,020	4,742	679	2,282
		CDBlock Total	**129**	**163.96**	**14,804**	**66,309**	**8,473**	**35,665**
Khunta	0016	Bangra	16	30.48	1,629	7,512	115	5,730
		Laxansahi	7	13.79	768	3,755	82	2,653
		Dukura	6	8.08	1,033	4,599	448	2,004
		Basipitha	14	17.24	1,367	6,680	232	5,189
		Badafeni	17	17.58	1,275	5,830	148	4,842
		Badapathara	11	24.02	1,114	5,255	7	4,428
		Bholagadia	13	26.66	1,803	8,227	333	7,214
		Bahanada	16	21.56	1,504	6,799	485	5,363
		Karkachia	11	15.05	1,236	5,735	94	4,725
		Gadigaon	9	16.71	1,104	5,249	199	3,997
		Brundabanchandrapu	4	19.12	927	4,646	32	4,140
		Dhanaghera	5	11.94	966	4,241	285	3,292
		CDBlock Total	**129**	**222.23**	**14,726**	**68,528**	**2,460**	**53,577**

Table - I

Number of villages under each Gram Panchayat (CD Block-wise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste Population	Scheduled Tribe Population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Shamakhunta	0017	Kalapathar	11	23.60	974	4,732	1	4,077
		Bhaluki	12	12.29	942	4,177	47	2,845
		Khandia	20	12.50	1,196	5,530	112	4,577
		Balidiha	12	15.23	1,497	6,591	527	4,439
		Kochilaghaty	14	24.24	858	3,772	1	2,196
		Rangamatia	7	19.87	1,375	6,459	260	5,723
		Sindurgoura	14	11.33	1,547	7,004	586	3,703
		Samakhunta	7	7.10	959	4,357	244	1,306
		Kendua	13	23.31	1,448	6,625	380	5,171
		Sirisbani	4	7.47	635	3,074	130	1,755
		Baunsabilla	5	13.21	1,023	4,728	20	4,219
		Paikbasa	13	10.92	1,533	6,762	234	1,809
		Mahulia	4	8.32	763	3,358	178	1,646
		CDBlock Total	**136**	**189.39**	**14,750**	**67,169**	**2,720**	**43,466**
Bangiriposi	0018	Dighi	7	14.85	1,076	4,738	130	2,561
		Chandanpur	10	13.64	1,110	4,799	116	2,670
		Banakati	15	12.62	1,067	4,898	611	2,977
		Bangriposi	8	10.71	1,420	6,440	338	3,157
		Shyamsundarpur	18	20.24	1,381	6,155	979	4,136
		Kusumbandh	7	17.75	1,519	6,439	312	3,526
		Nischinta	14	20.29	1,380	6,157	237	4,454
		Brahmangaon	24	21.18	1,148	5,396	48	4,725
		Sorisapal	25	24.47	1,145	5,442	150	4,755
		Budhikhamari	11	28.10	1,443	6,869	343	5,778
		Badgan	11	27.13	1,090	5,302	84	4,895
		Bhuasuni	14	27.60	1,010	4,913	498	3,838
		Dhobanisole	17	24.63	1,367	6,424	432	4,607
		Golamundakata	16	9.04	1,276	5,528	19	3,554
		Pathuri	12	5.73	952	4,216	179	1,590
		Kalabadia	14	12.62	933	4,269	186	2,822
		Kumbharmundhakata	4	9.56	790	3,618	162	2,106
		CDBlock Total	**227**	**300.16**	**20,107**	**91,603**	**4,824**	**62,151**

Table - I

Number of villages under each Gram Panchayat (CD Block-wise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste Population	Scheduled Tribe Population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Saraskana	0019	Paktia	8	32.37	917	4,419	28	3,798
		Pokharidiha	7	27.48	800	3,730	20	3,551
		Joka	20	43.46	2,205	10,402	616	8,631
		Pokharia	12	31.30	1,995	9,043	638	6,127
		Bagbuda	11	19.18	1,056	4,900	274	3,284
		Murunia	17	11.42	1,191	5,180	265	2,981
		Saraskana	26	21.28	1,783	7,969	751	3,114
		Umadeipur	18	25.00	1,941	8,544	588	3,271
		Sirsha	30	23.56	2,236	9,708	693	3,639
		Jalda	13	11.39	992	4,265	335	1,916
		Rajaloka	16	17.20	1,740	8,379	567	3,028
		Dhangdisole	7	17.30	1,197	5,554	217	3,169
		Bhursani	15	30.90	1,584	7,281	535	4,261
		CDBlock Total	**200**	**311.84**	**19,637**	**89,374**	**5,527**	**50,770**
Koliana	0020	Patihinja	24	40.71	1,596	7,776	171	6,383
		Koliana	19	19.73	1,872	8,684	584	5,114
		Purnapani	12	20.17	1,099	5,424	112	3,373
		Nodhana	17	26.58	1,885	8,384	254	3,915
		Chandua	30	55.66	2,328	11,501	402	9,450
		Keutunimari	18	30.66	1,440	7,264	167	5,251
		Kuabuda	13	38.28	1,688	8,962	313	7,613
		Dumurdiha	23	30.64	2,414	11,284	655	7,609
		Parulia	44	19.89	2,109	9,216	773	4,349
		Kuchei	35	17.45	2,081	10,152	1,398	5,465
		CDBlock Total	**235**	**299.77**	**18,512**	**88,647**	**4,829**	**58,522**
Suliapada	0021	Anlakuda	23	34.73	2,144	10,345	379	4,048
		Chuhat	15	34.15	1,306	6,341	354	5,182
		Mahabila	11	15.00	1,344	6,429	317	2,656
		Fania	20	22.50	1,723	7,538	604	3,120
		Deuli	18	16.61	1,284	5,775	460	1,092
		Nuagaon	6	12.59	994	4,825	168	1,482
		Kanimahuli	10	20.86	1,163	5,697	223	2,689
		Kujidihi	14	20.74	1,278	6,058	487	2,199
		Kostha	7	8.14	1,365	6,083	1,093	733
		Paktia	7	9.11	691	3,182	81	494
		Kantisahi	13	16.34	1,462	6,663	406	2,793
		Ufalgadia	20	23.70	1,448	7,018	94	4,010
		Badbhalia	9	13.25	941	4,699	191	3,486
		Dhatika	5	9.51	867	3,934	99	703
		Baghada	15	21.51	1,614	7,521	374	1,979
		CDBlock Total	**193**	**278.74**	**19,624**	**92,108**	**5,330**	**36,666**

Table - I
Number of villages under each Gram Panchayat (CD Block-wise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste Population	Scheduled Tribe Population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Baripada	0022	Betna	7	16.50	1,135	5,528	189	4,432
		Bankisol	6	13.00	835	3,652	11	3,149
		Laxmiposi	6	10.73	544	2,640	3	2,207
		Rajabasa	15	37.53	1,457	7,754	134	6,886
		Chandanpur	15	19.57	1,261	6,021	399	4,732
		Sankhabhanga	17	29.77	1,422	7,185	299	6,110
		Budhikhamari	10	16.30	1,538	6,520	270	3,488
		Hatikote	9	22.89	1,587	7,207	92	4,725
		Badjode	10	16.80	1,612	7,410	164	4,509
		Khadisol	8	8.46	910	4,497	1	2,504
		CDBlock Total	**103**	**191.55**	**12,301**	**58,414**	**1,562**	**42,742**
Barsahi	0023	Jadunathpur	6	13.21	926	4,138	58	3,274
		Gudialbandh	13	18.80	1,674	7,659	468	4,372
		Uthaninuagaon	5	6.54	690	3,146	153	1,219
		Sankerka	9	10.81	1,114	4,994	259	1,693
		Purnachandrapur	5	10.61	863	3,849	56	3,506
		Khanua	7	13.89	1,377	6,483	190	5,266
		Pratappur	8	11.89	1,516	6,789	1,595	2,529
		Sialighaty	17	22.55	2,198	9,065	817	4,632
		Madhapur	8	10.13	882	4,090	253	2,671
		Bireswarpur	14	27.70	1,799	8,261	250	4,800
		Suhagpur	17	17.82	1,419	6,583	1,043	3,268
		Balabhadrapur	5	7.84	966	3,985	246	1,617
		Barsahi	12	19.28	2,032	8,899	504	2,861
		Kochilakhunta	12	18.53	1,724	8,222	344	5,142
		Durgapur	21	18.22	1,916	8,963	1,064	3,672
		Kendudiha	7	11.48	982	4,715	241	1,050
		Deulia	6	11.78	843	3,898	171	2,700
		Patisari	15	19.07	1,896	8,683	1,748	3,414
		Chandanpur	18	20.57	1,849	9,118	921	3,676
		Mangovindpur	13	13.60	1,349	5,917	453	1,849
		Salgaon	6	7.83	770	3,393	700	672
		CDBlock Total	**224**	**312.15**	**28,785**	**130,850**	**11,534**	**63,883**

Table - I
Number of villages under each Gram Panchayat (CD Block-wise)

Name of the CD Block	CD Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste Population	Scheduled Tribe Population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Betanati	0024	Betnoti	8	17.51	2,129	10,043	290	2,805
		Sathilo	13	19.11	2,395	11,488	840	4,555
		Dahikoti	10	19.73	1,638	7,430	1,468	2,054
		Purinda	14	19.57	1,935	8,393	951	2,480
		Merda	18	20.38	1,778	8,032	607	4,267
		Chanchipada	10	10.58	1,009	4,622	227	1,623
		Anla	9	13.73	1,031	5,156	270	1,863
		Raghupur	21	30.23	2,365	11,629	341	6,458
		Santara	20	20.07	1,745	8,522	675	3,577
		Jugal	11	20.50	1,026	4,635	1,078	1,573
		Agria	14	16.86	1,313	6,324	902	1,973
		Patalipura	22	20.48	2,247	10,381	884	4,028
		Baisinga	24	27.08	2,309	11,358	923	5,268
		Gad-Deulia	12	15.55	1,268	6,428	366	3,646
		Kalma	11	8.99	1,273	6,592	907	2,274
		Purunia	9	17.94	1,640	7,875	460	3,678
		CDBlock Total	**226**	**298.31**	**27,101**	**128,908**	**11,189**	**52,122**
Rasagobindapur	0025	Nalagaja	24	36.62	1,723	9,078	569	6,166
		Jhatiada	19	25.09	1,606	8,186	1,108	3,359
		Amarda	24	26.24	2,144	10,346	1,271	3,030
		Rasagobindapur	17	25.61	2,076	10,472	726	6,070
		Deosole	9	15.45	1,029	5,377	260	3,874
		Khuntapal	12	17.63	1,206	6,125	474	4,308
		Chhatna	10	13.17	702	3,412	66	2,061
		Badampur	17	18.28	1,547	7,644	388	4,086
		Raghabpur	10	7.45	781	3,877	1	2,757
		Totapada	11	13.19	1,149	5,393	316	2,099
		Kamardiha	11	13.88	1,403	7,493	260	4,297
		Nakichua	13	19.30	1,259	6,229	123	2,657
		CDBlock Total	**177**	**231.91**	**16,625**	**83,632**	**5,562**	**44,764**
Muruda	0026	Gadia	7	15.02	950	4,566	1,478	1,164
		Kohi	10	20.67	1,454	6,775	2,807	2,749
		Chadheigaon	11	15.08	999	4,762	231	892
		Nuhajhalia	8	14.75	1,038	4,533	236	1,383
		Chikitamatia	12	23.02	948	4,729	142	3,238
		Nuagaon	5	8.82	567	2,774	100	1,172
		Muruda	5	12.22	1,257	5,372	624	1,084
		Sanmundhabani	7	16.66	1,174	5,822	1,009	2,899
		Gholmuhan	7	12.13	919	4,507	134	3,278
		Bhaliadiha	18	18.09	1,528	7,057	243	3,893
		Sureidihi	7	12.56	605	2,718	87	1,521
		Dantiamuhan	13	25.42	1,733	8,390	396	4,042
		Jualibhanga	14	16.99	974	4,552	52	2,199
		Gadigaon	9	20.76	1,005	4,586	239	1,562
		Haldipal	5	11.01	1,006	4,668	414	2,318
		Chitrada	3	5.56	1,066	4,807	481	790
		Barkand	22	22.13	1,607	7,906	349	3,653
		Palasmundali	6	13.12	1,124	5,491	161	2,037
		CDBlock Total	**169**	**284.01**	**19,954**	**94,015**	**9,183**	**39,874**

ANNEXURE-II

Fertility and Mortality, 1991 Census

The Mayurbhanj district is located at the northern part of Orissa. The fertility indicators and all other information pertaining to 1991 Census is discussed hereunder. Thus, fertility indicators such as CBR, TFR, TMFR, GFR and GMFR have been shown separately for Orissa and the district Mayurbhanj.

Data on various measures of fertility and mean age at marriage for erstwhile 13 districts of Orissa and that of the state on the basis of 1991 Census results are presented in the Table given below.

Table-II distinctly implies the child mortality by q (1), q (2), q (3) and q (5) for persons, males and females. In this table q (1), q (2), q (3), and q(5) refers to probability of dying between birth and age one, two, three and five respectively. The table displays a decreasing trend in child mortality in age one, two, three and five in 1991 both in persons, males and females at state and district level. In 1981, the child mortality rate was much higher in the State as well as in the District. A salient feature that emerges out of the study of the annexure is that the female child mortality in all the ages is lower than the male child both in the District and in the State in 1981 and 1991.

Table II

Estimates of child mortality indicators by sex at state and district level

State/ District	Year	Person				Male				Female			
		q1	q2	q3	q5	q1	q2	q3	q5	q1	q2	q3	q5
Orissa	1981	163	162	165	179	172	170	170	181	153	153	160	176
	1991	125	127	129	133	129	142	147	154	111	114	125	128
Mayurbhanj	1981	105	111	115	135	111	122	120	136	99	100	109	133
	1991	91	99	109	125	94	97	107	127	87	108	113	124

ANNEXURE-III

Various measures of Fertility and Mean Age at Marriage, 1991 Census

Fertility and mortality are natural processes and contribute substantially to the growth of population. Like the previous one, the 1991 Census also records information relating to fertility namely age at marriage, number of surviving children, number of children ever born alive and children born alive during the last year. The first three questions were asked to all ever-married women and the last question related to currently married women only. The measures of fertility worked out are based on F-Series Tables of 1991 Census pertaining to Orissa and these measures have been defined under Non-Census Concepts.

Mean age at Marriage:

Mean age at marriage of the female is the average age at marriage. The mean age at marriage for the district is 17.88, which is a little bit lower than the state average of 17.96 at the 1991 Census.

Data on various measures of fertility and mean age at marriage for erstwhile 13 districts of Orissa and that of the state on the basis of 1991 Census results are presented in the table.

Child-woman ratio

The ratio between the child and woman is a very useful and simple form of fertility measurement. Child-woman ratio is the ratio of children under five years of age (0-4 year) and women from 45-49 years of age. As per the 1991 Census, the child woman ratio was 46.5 at the state level. At the district level it is seen that seven districts namely Kendujhar,

Mayurbhanj, Baleshwar, Phulabani, Koraput, Ganjam and Dhenkanal have recorded higher child-woman ratio than the state and the rest six districts have recorded lower child-woman ratio.

Number of children ever born per woman in 45-49 age group 1991

As shown in this table, the number of children ever born per married woman in the 45-49 age group was 4.22 at the state level and at the district level, highest number of children ever born to women in this age group was recorded in Baleshwar district followed by Cuttack, Kendujhar, Dhenkanal and Puri. The lowest number of 3.80 children per ever married women in this age group is noticed in Mayurbhanj district.

Mean age at marriage of currently married women

Mean age or in other words, the average age at marriage of currently married women in the state is 17.96 years as per the 1991 Census.

As far as the average age of currently married women at the districts is concerned, it is observed that six districts namely Sundargarh, Koraput, Phulabani, Kendujhar, Cutttack and Puri have recorded higher average than the state. However, among these districts, Koraput, Phulabani, Sundargarh and Kendujhar are mainly inhabited by scheduled tribe population.

Table -III

Various measures of fertility and mean age at marriage, 1991

State/ District	GFR	GMFR	TFR	TMFR	CBR	No. of Children ever born per woman in age group 45-49	Child-woman Ratio (0-4) Ages	Mean age at marriage of currently married women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
ORISSA	135	178	4.27	5.84	32.98	4.22	46.50	17.96
1. Sambalpur	131	171	4.21	5.87	32.01	3.88	44.50	17.92
2.Sundargarh	121	168	3.91	5.84	30.24	3.96	44.80	18.76
3.Kendujhar	134	184	4.15	6.28	32.94	4.34	50.00	18.83
4.Mayurbhanj	**132**	**163**	**4.05**	**5.53**	**32.79**	**3.80**	**51.50**	**17.88**
5.Baleshwar	160	212	4.96	6.71	38.06	5.32	49.70	17.24
6.Cuttack	134	180	4.27	6.03	32.27	4.61	44.40	18.24
7.Dhenkanal	134	171	4.35	5.73	32.43	4.30	46.60	17.82
8.Phulabani	156	204	5.00	6.60	39.06	4.06	49.50	18.21
9.Balangir	132	170	4.30	5.71	32.57	4.02	46.00	17.83
10.Kalahandi	120	141	3.82	4.57	29.86	3.94	44.70	17.57
11.Koraput	133	166	4.18	5.33	34.10	3.63	49.30	18.03
12.Ganjam	99	129	3.12	4.17	24.06	4.21	48.50	17.69
13.Puri	123	164	3.96	5.38	29.92	4.28	41.90	18.00

Col. 8 CWR (0-4) No. of children of age 0-4 years per 100 women aged 15-49 years (District Profile, 1991).

ANNEXURE-IV

Percentage distribution of migration by place of birth/place of last residence, 2001 Census

Among the different factors that influences growth of population of a particular geographical area, migration plays an important role. Though reasons of migration are numerous, the Census of India for the first time in the 1981 Census endeavoured to elicit the reasons of migration. Concepts relating to migration and their definition have been provided under the chapater "Non-Census Concepts".

Table - IV shows sex-wise distribution of inmigrants classified by place of birth. Among the inmigrants in the district about 63.84 males and 56.58 females are from other districts of the state. In migrants from other states of the country comprise 34.49 per cent of males and 43.20 per cent females. Immigrants from other countries form a very negligible percentage.

Table - IV
Inmigrants classified by place of birth, 2001

State/	Total			From other districts of the State			From other States/UTs			From other Countries		
District	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
ORISSA	3,189,242	1,159,780	2,029,462	2,472,336	868,127	1,604,209	658,984	260,729	398,255	57,922	30,924	26,998
				(77.52)	(74.85)	(79.05)	(20.66)	(22.48)	(19.62)	(1.82)	(2.67)	(1.33)
Mayurbhanj	121,544	27,999	93,545	70,799	17,875	52,924	50,065	9,658	40,407	680	466	214
				(58.25)	(63.84)	(56.58)	(41.19)	(34.49)	(43.20)	(0.56)	(1.66)	(0.23)

Table -V depicts inmigrants by place of last residence. In the district, there are 46,159 inmigrants classified by their place of last residence of which 14,367 are males and 31,792 are females. Among these 64.86 per cent are inter district migrants.

Coming to the sexwise distribution of migrants in the district it is noticed that 69.43 per cent males and 62.79 percent females are inter district migrants. Migrants from other districts of the country constitute 34.52 per cent of which 29.35 per cent are males and 36.86 per cent are females. International migration to the district is very negligible. Details of migrants classified by place of last residence for the state of Orissa and the district are shown in table.

As per the 1991 Census, it was noticed that the total inter district migrants constitute 62.49 per cent of which 70.62 per cent males and 58.40 per cent females in the district. Migrants from other districts of the country constitute 34.42 per cent of which 26.32 per cent were males and 38.49 per cent were females. International migration to the district was confined within 3.09 to 3.11 per cent.

Table - V
Inmigrants classified by place of last residence with duration of residence 0-9 years, 2001 Census

State/	State/			From other districts of the State			From other States/UTs			From other Countries		
District	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
ORISSA	1,176,547	494,822	681,725	942,929	388,565	554,364	229,687	103,986	125,701	3,931	2,271	1,660
				(80.14)	(78.53)	(81.32)	(19.52)	(21.01)	(18.44)	(0.33)	(0.46)	(0.24)
Mayurbhanj	46,159	14,367	31,792	29,938	9,975	19,963	15,934	4,217	11,717	287	175	112
				(64.86)	(69.43)	(62.79)	(34.52)	(29.35)	(36.86)	(0.62)	(1.22)	(0.35)

ANNEXURE -V

Brief account of main religions in the district as per 2001 Census

Religion is one of the important characteristics of population. It not only influences the socio-cultural life of the people but also binds the whole population belonging to a specific religion in the bonds of unity and brotherhood. The information on religion collected by census is of great interest to the public in general and anthropologists, administrators, sociologists, demographers and planners in particulars.

At the 2001 Census, six numerically major religions of the State and Mayurbhanj District along with their population are shown in Table- VI.

As noticed in Table-VI, followers of Hindu religion constitute more than 94 per cent in the state and in the Mayurbhanj district the followers of Hindu religion constitute 83.64 per cent. The followers of Muslim, Christian and Other religions claim a very negligible proportion, which range between 0.02 per cent to 1.19 per cent.

A look at the rural-urban distribution of followers of these religions reveals that more than 90 per cent of followers are Hindu and are reported from rural areas of the state and district. But the concentration of followers of Muslim, Christian and other religions is conspicuous in urban areas of the district.

In the 1991 Census, the followers of Hindu religion constitute more than 90 per cent in the State and 79.42 per cent in Mayurbhanj district. The followers of Muslim,Christian and tribal religions claim a very negligible proportion which range between 0.02 per cent to 1.05 per cent only in the district.

Table - VI
Religions arranged in descending order for the State and District, 2001 Census

State / District	Religion	No. of followers	Percentage to total Population	Percentage	
				Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6
ORISSA	All Religions	36,804,660	100.00	85.01	14.99
	Hindus	34,726,129	94.35	85.51	14.49
	Christians	897,861	2.44	85.00	15.00
	Muslims	761,985	2.07	58.33	41.67
	Sikhs	17,492	0.05	11.96	88.04
	Buddhists	9,863	0.03	85.93	14.07
	Jains	9,154	0.02	34.04	65.96
	Others	361,981	0.98	98.03	1.97
	Religion not stated	20,195	0.05	89.17	10.83
Mayurbhanj	All Religions	2,223,456	100.00	93.00	7.00
	Hindus	1,859,639	83.64	92.13	7.87
	Muslims	26,437	1.19	74.93	25.07
	Christians	9,120	0.41	93.77	6.23
	Sikhs	432	0.02	35.88	64.12
	Jains	47	0.00	40.43	59.57
	Buddhists	40	0.00	55.00	45.00
	Others	325,847	14.65	99.45	0.55
	Religion not stated	1,894	0.09	94.24	5.76

ANNEXURE-VI

Marital status of population as per 2001 Census

Marital status is one of the important demographic characteristics of the population. The composition of population on the basis of their marital status such as (a) never married (b) married (c) widowed and (d) divorced and separated for the state and the district is presented in Table-VII.

As shown in Table-VII, the never married category claims 50.82 per cent of the total population of the district followed by married category with 43.20 per cent. The widowed category forms only 5.42 per cent and divorced and separated category constitutes only 0.56 per cent.

Coming to the sex-wise distribution of marital status, it is noticed that 55.52 per cent males belong to never married category as against 46.03 per cent females. Similarly 42.32 per cent of males and 44.09 per cent of females belong to married category. Only 1.92 per cent of males and 9.00 percent of females belong to widowed category while divorced and separated marital status claims a very negligible proportion both among males and females. The same pattern of distribution of persons, males and females in different marital status also holds good at the state level with negligible variation.

During the 1991 Census, 54.96 per cent males were recorded under never married category as against 45.62 per cent females. Married category claimed 42.22 per cent for males and 44.22 per cent for females. Similarly only 2.11 per cent of male and 9.16 per cent of female belong to widowed category. Divorced and separated martial status claimed a very negligible proportion both among males and females. At the State level, the percentage of never married persons was 50.59, whereas the percentages of married and widowed persons were 44.36 and 4.67 respectively. Divorced / Separated claimed 0.29 per cent in the 1991 Census.

Table -VII

Sex-wise distribution of Population by Marital Status, 2001 Census

State /District	Marital Status	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5
ORISSA	Total	36,804,660	18,660,570	18,144,090
		(100.00)	(100.00)	(100.00)
	Never married	18,447,277	10,117,851	8,329,426
		(50.12)	(54.22)	(45.91)
	Married	16,518,353	8,172,008	8,346,345
		(44.88)	(43.79)	(46.00)
	Widowed	1,706,175	336,052	1,370,123
		(4.64)	(1.80)	(7.55)
	Divorced/Separated	132,855	34,659	98,196
		(0.36)	(0.19)	(0.54)
Mayurbhanj	Total	2,223,456	1,123,200	1,100,256
		(100.00)	(100.00)	(100.00)
	Never married	1,129,987	623,586	506,401
		(50.82)	(55.52)	(46.03)
	Married	960,490	475,377	485,113
		(43.20)	(42.32)	(44.09)
	Widowed	120,558	21,553	99,005
		(5.42)	(1.92)	(9.00)
	Divorced/Separated	12,421	2,684	9,737
		(0.56)	(0.24)	(0.88)

ANNEXURE- VII

Age, Sex and Education in the district, 2001 Census

Educational qualification according to age and sex is depicted in various tables of Census.Certain concepts associated with literacy have been defined in the earlier paragraphs under "Census Concepts".

Distribution of literate persons in different Educational levels in state, 2001

Distribution of literate persons in different educational levels at the state level is shown below.

The proportion of literate persons in different educational levels does not provide an encouraging picture since more than 50 per cent among persons, males and females have attained only primary and below primary level of education followed by middle standard with 14.50 per cent persons 14.87 per cent males and 13.93 per cent females.

As far as technical education is concerned, it may be mentioned here that the proportion of such persons to total literate persons is abysmally low. It is only 0.74 per cent.

Among the higher education levels, graduate and above educational level claims 5.98 per cent followed by higher secondary/intermediate with only 5.15 per cent at state level.

Table - VIII

Distribution of Literate and educated persons in different educational levels in the State, 2001

Name of State/ District	Educational Level	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5
ORISSA	Total Population	36,804,660	18,660,570	18,144,090
	Literate	19,837,055	11,992,333	7,844,722
	i) Literate without any formal schooling including educational level unclassified	428,001 (2.16)	279,304 (2.33)	148,697 (1.90)
	ii) Below Primary	5,755,797 (29.02)	3,328,385 (27.75)	2,427,412 (30.94)
	iii) Primary	5,798,954 (29.23)	3,280,957 (27.36)	2,517,997 (32.10)
	iv) Middle	2,875,760 (14.50)	1,783,236 (14.87)	1,092,524 (13.93)
	v) Matric/Secondary	2,616,294 (13.19)	1,665,245 (13.89)	951,049 (12.12)
	vi) Higher secondary/Intermediate Pre-University/Senior secondary	1,021,802 (5.15)	664,408 (5.54)	357,394 (4.56)
	vii) Non-technical diploma or certificate not equal to degree	8,944 (0.05)	7,495 (0.06)	1,449 (0.02)
	viii) Technical diploma or certificate not equal to degree	145,863 (0.74)	116,593 (0.97)	29,270 (0.37)
	ix) Graduate & above	1,185,640 (5.98)	866,710 (7.23)	318,930 (4.07)

Table - IX

Distribution of Literate and educated persons in different educational levels in the District, 2001

Name of State/ District		Educational Level	Persons	Males	Females
1		2	3	4	5
Mayurbhanj		Total Population	2,223,456	1,123,200	1,100,256
		Literate	964,860	616,003	348,857
	i)	Literate without any formal schooling including educational level unclassified	18,397 (1.91)	12,334 (2.00)	6,063 (1.74)
	ii)	Below Primary	279,035 (28.92)	171,675 (27.87)	107,360 (30.77)
	iii)	Primary	257,013 (26.64)	155,504 (25.24)	101,509 (29.10)
	iv)	Middle	167,052 (17.31)	105,864 (17.19)	61,188 (17.54)
	v)	Matric/Secondary	131,843 (13.66)	89,646 (14.55)	42,197 (12.10)
	vi)	Higher secondary/Intermediate Pre-University/Senior secondary	48,552 (5.03)	32,991 (5.36)	15,561 (4.46)
	vii)	Non-technical diploma or certificate not equal to degree	444 (0.05)	377 (0.06)	67 (0.02)
	viii)	Technical diploma or certificate not equal to degree	8,828 (0.91)	6,818 (1.11)	2,010 (0.58)
	ix)	Graduate & above	53,696 (5.57)	40,794 (6.62)	12,902 (3.70)

As per the 2001 Census, the population of Mayurbhanj was 2,223,456 of which 1,123,200 are males and 1,100,256 are females.After excluding population under 0-6 age group, the population of Mayurbhanj district comes to 1,858,739 of which 936,736 are males and 922,003 are females. The Literates of the district are 964,860 of which 616,003 are males and 348,857 are females. The proportion of literates constitutes 51.91 per cent which is distributed as per the educational qualification in tabular form.

The attainment of education of persons, males and females is classified in different educational levels as shown in the above table. Among these educational levels, below primary and primary educational level together claim more than 50 per cent of the total literate population both among persons, males and females. The next educational levels to follow are Matriculation/secondary and middle educational level. Graduate and above educational level claims 5.57 per cent. Higher secondary/Intermediate/Pre- University/ Senior secondary educational levels claims 5.03 per cent whereas Technical diploma claims 0.91 per cent and Non-technical diploma claims only 0.05 per cent.

In the 1991 Census, the total literate persons of the Mayurbhanj district were 579,020 of which the highest percentage was recorded under Middle i.e.31.89 and the lowest percentage was 0.12 in the education level of Non-technical diploma not equal to degree. The persons in Graduate and above educated level claimed 4.37 percent only whereas Primary standard claimed 18.41 per cent to total literate persons of the district.

Table - X

Distribution of females in the age group 15-44 years by educational level, 2001

State/District	Total Rural Urban	No. of Women aged 15-44 Years	Percentage of Women aged 15-44 years by educational level					
			Total	Illiterate	Literate but below middle	Middle but below Matric	Matric but below Graduate	Graduate & above
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
ORISSA	Total	8,589,378	100	46.29	26.39	9.06	14.78	3.48
	Rural	7,224,698	100	50.62	27.07	8.72	11.74	1.85
	Urban	1,364,680	100	23.39	22.76	10.89	30.84	12.12
Mayurbhanj	Total	501,538	100	60.56	16.4	9.25	11.35	2.43
	Rural	462,954	100	63.88	16.32	9.09	9.21	1.50
	Urban	38,584	100	20.71	17.46	11.13	37.09	13.61

Table - X given above provides distribution of women in the age group 15-44 in nine educational levels in the district. The proportion of female literacy in the district is below the state average for total rural and urban areas pertaining to literate but below middle levels of education. In case of Middle but below matric education level the proporation of female literacy of the district is higher than the state average.

In the1991 Census, the proportion of literate but below middle educational level of females in the age group 15-44 of the district was lower than the state average. The state average for other educational levels were also higher than the district in this particular age group of female literacy except in the urban areas where the proportion was higher in the district than the state.

Table -XI

Children in the age group 0-14 years with number of children attending school, 2001 Census

Name of the State/ District	Description	Total			Rural			Urban		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
ORISSA	Total Population in the age group 0-14 years	12,207,872	6,235,873	5,971,999	10,592,499	5,402,181	5,190,318	1,615,373	833,692	781,681
	No. of Children attending School	5,618,880	3,042,840	2,576,040	4,721,148	2,569,809	2,151,339	897,732	473,031	424,701
	Percentage	(46.03)	(48.80)	(43.14)	(44.57)	(47.57)	(41.45)	(55.57)	(56.74)	(54.33)
Mayurbhanj	Total Population in the age group 0-14 years	803,784	413,310	390,474	758,602	390,226	368,376	45,182	23,084	22,098
	No. of Children attending School	316,445	179,051	137,394	289,587	165,143	124,444	26,858	13,908	12,950
	Percentage	(39.37)	(43.32)	(35.19)	(38.17)	(42.32)	(33.78)	(59.44)	(60.25)	(58.60)

Table-XI depicts the sex-wise distribution of children in the age group 0-14 in rural and urban areas of the district and the proportion of children attending school in the district. In the district of Mayurbhanj, there are 803,784 children out of which 413,310 are males and 390,474 are females. Number of children in the rural areas of the district is 758,602 as against 45,182 in the urban areas.In the rural areas of the district, 42.32 per cent among males and 33.78 per cent among females are attending schools. Similarly in the urban areas, 60.25 per cent among males and 58.60 per cent among females are attending schools.

ANNEXURE-VIII

Distribution of different Mother tongues returned in 2001 Census

Language plays an important role in human civilization. It acts as a gravitational force on the part of each human being. In every walk of life its part is very important. Language has great significance in a multi-ethnic social structure like Orissa. The definition of 'Mother tongue' has been given under "Census Concept"

The Census of India is the vital source of language data. It has thrown much light on the ethnic and linguistic characteristics of population. Like the previous censuses, the mother tongue returned by each individual was collected and were classified and grouped under appropriate languages according to their linguistic characteristics. Details of mother tongue returns as recorded in the 2001 Census are given in Table-XII for the State.

At the State level, the major languages returned as monther tongue are Oriya (81.22 per cent) followed by Kui (2.48 %), Telugu (1.94 %), Santali (1.82 %) and other languages. Oriya language being the language of the State holds the highest percentage followed by languages mainly spoken by the tribal people of the State. The scheduled languages which have been returned as mother tongue and have a prominent place are Telugu (1.94 %), Urdu (1.66 %), Bengali (1.33%) and Hindi (1.02%).

Table - XII
Major Languages returned as Mother Tongue in the State, 2001 Census

Sl.No.	Mother tongue	No. of persons who returned the language as their mother tongues, 2001					
		TOTAL	Percentage to total population	RURAL	URBAN	Proportion	
						Rural	Urban
	ORISSA	36,804,660	100.00	31,287,422	5,517,238	85.01	14.99
1	ORIYA	29,893,729	81.22	25,707,762	4,185,967	86.00	14.00
2	KUI	914,142	2.48	893,894	20,248	97.79	2.21
3	TELUGU	712,291	1.94	422,842	289,449	59.36	40.64
4	SANTALI	670,111	1.82	632,136	37,975	94.33	5.67
5	URDU	611,502	1.66	354,853	256,649	58.03	41.97
6	SAMBALPURI	516,914	1.40	482,710	34,204	93.38	6.62
7	BENGALI	490,586	1.33	353,235	137,351	72.00	28.00
8	HINDI	376,325	1.02	85,650	290,675	22.76	77.24
9	SADAN/SADRI	322,416	0.88	264,670	57,746	82.09	17.91
10	HO	252,526	0.69	240,756	11,770	95.34	4.66
11	MUNDA	231,980	0.63	203,766	28,214	87.84	12.16
12	SAVARA	172,287	0.47	166,342	5,945	96.55	3.45
13	KISAN	139,428	0.38	129,905	9,523	93.17	6.83
14	MUNDARI	119,573	0.32	112,440	7,133	94.03	5.97
15	KOYA	113,668	0.31	113,300	368	99.68	0.32
16	KURMALI THAR	112,916	0.31	111,430	1,486	98.68	1.32
17	KHOND/KONDH	110,602	0.30	108,101	2,501	97.74	2.26
18	CHHATTISGARHI	107,350	0.29	96,185	11,165	89.60	10.40
19	Total of Other Mother Tongue	936,314	2.54	807,445	128,869	86.24	13.76

As shown in the table XIII, major mother tongue returns of the district Mayurbhanj have been arranged in descending order of the number of speakers as per the 2001 Census. Among all the mother tongues, speakers of Oriya mother tongue are highest in the district and constitute 54.51 per cent of the total speakers. The next numerically major mother tongue is Santali and the speakers of this mother tongue claim only 23.40 per cent.

The district is inhabited mostly by scheduled tribe population and mother tongues of certain scheduled tribes of the district namely Ho, Mundari, Munda claim third, fourth and fifth position respectively among 13 major mother tongues of the district. Speakers of Ho mother tongue constitute 5.39 per cent followed by Kurmali Thar with 3.78 per cent. The proportion of rest of the mother tongues in the district varies between 0.12 per cent to 3.12 per cent.

Table - XIII
Major Languages returned as Mother Tongue in Mayurbhanj District, 2001 Census

Sl.No.	Mother tongue	No. of persons who returned the language as their mother tongues, 2001					
		TOTAL	Percentage to total population	RURAL	URBAN	Propertion	
						Rural	Urban
	MAYURBHANJ	2,223,456	100.00	2,067,756	155,700	93.00	7.00
1	ORIYA	1,212,064	54.51	1,090,293	121,771	89.95	10.05
2	SANTALI	520,241	23.40	513,052	7,189	98.62	1.38
3	HO	119,772	5.39	119,241	531	99.56	0.44
4	KURMALI THAR	84,006	3.78	82,708	1,298	98.45	1.55
5	MUNDARI	69,377	3.12	67,713	1,664	97.60	2.40
6	KUI	67,284	3.03	66,886	398	99.41	0.59
7	BENGALI	32,907	1.48	28,580	4,327	86.85	13.15
8	BHUMIJ	18,717	0.84	17,466	1,251	93.32	6.68
9	HINDI	15,375	0.69	5,587	9,788	36.34	63.66
10	URDU	12,769	0.57	9,145	3,624	71.62	28.38
11	MUNDA	6,552	0.29	6,420	132	97.99	2.01
12	SAVARA	3,555	0.16	3,289	266	92.52	7.48
13	KUDUBI/KUDUMBI	2,681	0.12	2,679	2	99.93	0.07
14	Total of Other Mother Tongues	58,156	2.62	54,697	3,459	94.05	5.95

Distribution of speakers of these mother tongues in rural and urban areas of the district further states that 93.00 per cent speakers belong to rural areas of the district. Similarly more than 95 per cent of speakers of Santali, Ho, Mundari, Munda and Bhumij are seen in the rural areas of the district. But the speakers of Punjabi, Urdu, Telegu and Bengali are dwelling mostly in urban areas of the district.

During the 1991Census, the percentage of spekers of Oriya mother tongue was 53.86 followed by Santali with 27.05 per cent, Ho with 7.15 per cent, Mundari with 3.36 per cent, Munda with 2.75 per cent, Bengali with 1.59 per cent, Hindi with 1.54 per cent and Bhumij with 1.1 per cent. The percentage of other mother tongues varies in between 0.58 per cent to 0.17 per cent in the district.