CENSUS OF INDIA 2001

SERIES-22 **ORISSA**

DISTRICT CENSUS HANDBOOK

Part - A & B

GANJAM DISTRICT

VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY

✧

VILLAGE AND TOWNWISE PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

Manoranjan Saran
of the Indian Administrative Service
Director of Census Operations, Orissa

Product Code
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Kabi Samrat Upendra Bhanja

The period from 17th Century to the end of 19th century in ORIYA LITERATURE is best Known as the age of KAVYAS. The typical Oriya Kavya, a long narrative poem divided into Chhandas of Kantos, depicts the love affairs of imaginary Prince and Princess of Krishna's amorous adventures. The supreme exponent of Kavya tradition is Kavi Samrat Upendra Bhanja(17th, 18th century A.D.). Born to the Royal family of Ghumusar which was a great seat of learning. Upendra inherited his talents from his forefathers. His grandfather, father and uncle all were poets of repute. He was a prolific writer and wrote Kavyas, Maha Kavyas, Chowpadies, Poesy etc. The number of his works is not known exactly. His Kavyas integrated literature with music. He is as pointed elsewhere, rightly regarded as the real founder of Orissan music. His "Vaidehisa Vilas", "Lavanyavati", and "Koti Brahmanda Sundari" continue to remain the best in the genre. Some of his other writings are "Suvadra Parinaya," "Abanarasataranga", "Rasika Harabali", "Prema Sudhanidhi", "Chanda Bhusana", "Kala Kautuka", "Chitra Kavya Bandhodaya", "Pancha Sayaka", "Geetabhidhan", "Bazar Boli", " Trailokya Mohini", "Purushotama Mahatmya", "Rasa Panchaka", "Rasa Lekha", "Bhababati", "Muktabati", "Jamakraja Choutisa"; "Chandrakala", "Subarnalekha", "Shobhabati", "Kalabati", "Hemamanjari", "Sashirekha", "Ichhabati", "Premalata", "Sada Rutu and Bhajraleela". Bhanja's poetries characterized by a highly sanskritized diction and rhetorical flourish. He is considered to be a trend – setter in Oriya Literature.

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Foreword

The District Census Handbook (DCHB) published by Census Organisation since 1951 census, is one of the important publications in the context of planning and development at grass-root level. The publication, which is brought out for each district, contains several demographic and socio-economic characteristics village-wise and town-wise of the district alongwith the status of availability of civic amenities, infrastructural facilities, etc.

2. The scope of the DCHB was initially confined to a few Census Tables and Primary Census Abstract (PCA) of each village and town within the district. Thereafter, at successive censuses, its scope and coverage has been enlarged. The DCHB published at the 1961 census provided a descriptive account of the district, administrative statistics, census tables and a village and town directory including PCA. The 1971 census-DCHB series was in three parts: Part-A related to village and town directory, Part-B to village and town PCA and Part-C comprised analytical report, administrative statistics, district census tables and certain analytical tables based on PCA and amenity data in respect of villages. The 1981 census DCHB was in two parts: Part-A contained village and town directory and Part-B the PCA of village and town including the SCs and STs PCA up to tahasil/town levels. New features alongwith restructuring of the formats of village and town directory were added into it. In Village Directory, all amenities except electricity were brought together and if any amenity was not available in the referent village, the distance in broad ranges from the nearest place having such an amenity, was given. Information on new items such as adult literacy centers, primary health sub-centres and community health workers in the village were provided so as to meet the requirements of some of the Revised Minimum Needs Programme. Information on approach to the village was provided for the first time in the Village Directory so as to give the details on number of inaccessible village in each district. In the Town Directory, a statement (IV-A) on slums was introduced to provide the details on civic and other amenities in the notified slums of Class I and Class II towns.

3. The 1991 census DCHB, by and large, followed the pattern of presentation of 1981 census, except the format of PCA was restructured. Nine-fold industrial classification presented in the 1981 census. In addition, sex-wise population on 0-6 age group was included in the PCA for the first time with a view to enable the data users to compile more realistic literacy rate as all children below 7 years of age had been treated as illiterate at the time of 1991 census. One of the important innovations in the 1991 census was the Community Development Block (CD Block) level presentation of village directory and PCA data instead of the traditional tahsil/taluk/PS level presentation. It was expected that the presentation of village directory and PCA data at CD Block level will help the planners in formulation of micro level development plans, CD block being lowest administrative unit.

4. The present series of 2001 census DCHBs have been made more informative and exhaustive in terms of coverage and content. The Village Directory has been enlarged in scope by including a number of other facilities like banking, recreational and cultural facilities, newspapers and magazines and 'most important commodity' manufactured in village. Income and expenditure of gram panchayat, wherever possible, has been provided. Apart from these, more details on distance(s) at which basic amenities are available (if not available in the village), are given. This includes educational facilities (namely primary and middle schools and college), medical facilities (viz. Allopathic Hospital, Maternity & Child Welfare Centre and Primary Health Centre), drinking water, post & telegraph (post office and phone), communication, bank, credit societies and recreational facilities. In Town Directory, the statement on Slums has been modified and its coverage enlarged by including details on all slums instead of 'notified slums". The information is given in case of all statutory towns irrespective of their class, against only Class I and Class II towns in the 1981 and 1991 censuses. The basic amenities

available in the villages and towns are analysed in depth with the help of a number of cross-classified inset tables and statements. Two other significant additions in the publication are inclusion of 'motif' highlighting significant characteristic of the district and analytical notes as annexures. The analytical notes on (i) fertility and mortality and (ii) various measures of fertility and mean age at marriage are prepared based on 1991 Census. Whereas, in the notes relating to (i) percentage distribution of migrants by place of birth/place of last residence, (ii) main religions, (iii) marital status of population, (iv) age, sex and education, and (v) distribution of spectrum of mother tongue, nature and extent of changes occurred in the district in its basic socio demographic features during the decade 1991-2001 are analysed. The eight digits permanent location code (PLCN) to all the villages and towns have been assigned keeping in view the future needs.

5. The village and town level amenity data have been collected, compiled and computerized in prescribed record structure under the supervision of Shri Manoranjan Saran, Director of Census Operations, Orissa. Thereafter, effort have been made to ensure comparability of the information with that of 1991 census data and the information brought out by the respective state governments in their annual reports and statistical handbooks for various years after 1991. The task of planning, designing and coordination of this publication was carried out by Shri R.G.Mitra, Deputy Registrar General (C & T) and Dr. I.C. Agrawal, Senior Research Officer of Social Studies Division. Dr. R.P. Singh, Deputy Registrar General (Map) provided the technical guidance in the preparation of maps. Whereas, Shri Anil Kumar Arora, Deputy Director of Data Processing Division who worked under the overall supervision of Shri Himakar, Addl. Director (EDP) helped in preparation of record structure for computerisation of village and town directory data and the programme for the generation of Village Directory and Town Directory statements including analytical inset tables. The draft DCHB manuscripts received from the Census Directorates have been scrutinized in the Social Studies Division under the guidance of Shri S.L.Jain, Deputy Director and Shri R.K.Mehta, Assistant Director. I am thankful to all of them and others who have contributed to make this publication possible.

New Delhi
Dated: 17.10.2006

D.K.Sikri
Registrar General &
Census Commissioner, India

Preface

The District Census Handbook (DCHB) brought out by the Census Organisation after each Census is one of the most valuable and important publications providing grass root level data in order to cater to the needs and aspiration of the people at large. The publication is compiled and prepared for each district of the state by the Census Organization on behalf of the State Government. It not only contains the numeric figures relating to the people in villages and towns but also gives a clear picture on the quality of their life. These publications are widely used by the State Government functionaries at the district level as well as other levels for planning, development and administrative purposes in addition to a large cross-section of data users, academicians, scholars, researchers and other non-governmental agencies who derive maximum utility of these publications. The Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India in his foreword has highlighted the improvements in the publication brought out from time to time since its inception.

As per 2001 Census publication programme, it has been proposed to publish the District Census Handbook in two parts i.e. Part A – Village and Town Directory and Part B – Village and Town Primary Census Abstract. Part A of the publication contains information on basic amenities available to the villagers and land use data supported by a number of tables and its analysis on non-census data for villages and towns. Part B of the publication on the other hand contains details census data for villages and towns in the form of Primary Census Abstract. The contents and coverage of the publication have been designed in a uniform manner by the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India. By and large, the manner of presentation of DCHBs of the 2001 Census is similar to the 1991 Census. However, the publications have been made more informative and exhaustive keeping at par with the changes in socio-economic scenario of the nation and the requirement of the data users. It is hoped that the publication would be helpful to the planners, administrators in formulating micro level developmental planning.

The collection and compilation of such a huge data was indeed a formidable task requiring crusader's zeal on the part of different functionaries. Information on amenities and land use data for Village Directory has been collected from the Tahasildars while the Chief Executive Officers of the Municipal Corporations and Executive Officers of the Municipalities and Notified Area Councils have provided the information for towns. Data collected as such have been cross checked with the help of the official data collected from various Departments/Organisations like Reserve Bank of India, Department of Post, Government of India, Directorate of Health Services and Directorate of Indian System of Medicine & Homeopathy, Directorate of Higher Education etc. Government of Orissa. Though all types of efforts have been taken for removal of discrepancies in the figures, yet the possibility of some error still creeping into them cannot be altogether ruled out.

Till 1991 Census, The Director of Census Operations had the responsibility for providing data whereas its publication was the responsibility of the State Government. However, this time the publication is being brought out by the Government of India. The publication will also be made available for the first time in electronic format to the numerous data users.

I express my deep gratitude to Shri J.K. Banthia, IAS, Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India, Shri R.G. Mitra, Deputy Registrar General (C & T) and Dr. I.C.Agrawal, Sr. Research Officer of Social

Studies Division and other officers of the Registrar General's office for their valuable guidance in preparing this volume.

I am grateful to the departments of the Government of Orissa, Heads of Departments, Collectors and other district officers, Tahasildars, Block Development Officers, Chief Executive Officers and Executive Officers of the towns who have extended their cooperation and help for collecting such voluminous and useful data. I am also grateful to the authorities of Reserve Bank of India and Postal Department for providing requisite data.

I would be failing in my duty, unless I acknowledge the important role played by my colleagues, who have been associated with the project one way or the other, for their sincere efforts to bring out this publication.

Bhubaneswar
January, 2004

Manoranjan Saran
Director of Census Operations,
Orissa

Acknowledgement

Editing and Supervision

1	Shri D. Behera	Deputy Director
2	Shri A.K.Samal	Deputy Director
3	Shri P. Tripathy	Assistant Director
4	Shri Pravakar Barad	Assistant Director
5	Shri U. C. Lal	Assistant Director

Village and Town Directory Units

1	Shri A. C. Samantaray	S. I. Gr.I
2	Shri D. C. Sahoo	S. I. Gr.I
3	Shri B. M. Patnaik	S. I. Gr.I
4	Shri Niren Shome	S. I. Gr.I
5	Shri A. C. Behera	S. I. Gr.II
6	Shri Tapanesh Ray	S. I. Gr.II
7	Shri C. R. Mishra	S. I. Gr.II
8	Shri P. K. Das	S. I. Gr.II
9	Shri R. C. Das	S. I. Gr.II
10	Shri A. K. Patnaik	S. I. Gr.II
11	Shri D. K. Bose	S. I. Gr.II
12	Shri Sunaram Mahali	S. I. Gr.II
13	Shri Niranjan Panda	S. I. Gr.III
14	Shri K. R. Tripathy	S. I. Gr.III
15	Shri A. K. Dey	S. I. Gr.III
16	Shri P. K. Mishra	S. I. Gr.III
17	Shri S. N. Mohapatra	S. I. Gr.III
18	Shri M. A. Majid	S. I. Gr.III
19	Shri B. C. Mohapatra	S. I. Gr.III
20	Shri S. S. Roy	S. I. Gr.III
21	Shri Sanatan Naik	S. I. Gr.III
22	Shri N. C. Das	S. I. Gr.III
23	Shri R.N. Mishra	S. I. Gr.III
24	Shri S. N. Seth	S. I. Gr.III
25	Shri Babu Padhy	Assistant
26	Shri B. K. Rath	Compiler
27	Shri P. K. Padhi	L. D. C.

Programming and Data Processing

1	Shri Padarbinda Rath	DPA Gr. 'A'

C. R. C. Preparation

1	Shri Nabin Chandra Sahu	Stenographer Gr.III
2	Shri Debendra Kumar Mohapatra	DEO Gr.'B'
3	Shri Akshaya Ku. Mohapatra	DEO Gr.'B'
4	Shri Gora Chand Sahoo	DEO Gr.'B'
5	Shri Madan Mohan Behera	DEO Gr.'B'
6	Shri Santosh Ku. Acharya	DEO Gr.'B'

P. C. A. Unit

1	Shri D. Sethy	S. I. Gr.I
2	Shri J. Pati	S.I. Gr.II
3	Shri R. K. Palley	S. I. Gr.II
4	Shri S. K. Dutta	S. I. Gr.II
5	Shri A. K. Jena	S. I. Gr.III
6	Shri S. K. Kabisatpathy	S. I. Gr.III
7	Shri K. C. Padhi	S. I. Gr.III
8	Shri Niranjan Sahoo	S. I. Gr.III
9	Shri P. K. Sahu	S. I. Gr.III
10	Shri Sk. S. Hussain	S. I. Gr.III
11	Shri Sridhar Nayak	S. I. Gr.III
12	Shri Maheswar Nayak	S. I. Gr.III
13	Shri R. C. Singh	S. I. Gr.III
14	Shri Sankarsan Barik	S. I. Gr.III
15	Shri Pramoda Patnaik	Compiler

Map Unit Supervision

1	Shri J. P. Rout	Research Officer (Map)

Preparation of Maps

1	Shri T. S. Khadatkar	Sr. Geographer
2	Shri M. N. Das	Sr. Drawing Assistant
3	Shri R. N. Tiyu	Geographer
4	Shri S. Mulia	Sr. Draftsman
5	Shri S. C. Mallik	Sr. Draftsman
6	Shri S. K. Nayak	Sr. Draftsman
7	Shri D. K. Pradhan	Sr. Draftsman
8	Shri G. N. Mohapatra	Sr. Draftsman
9	Shri P. K. Ray	Draftsman
10	Shri J.N. Acharya	Draftsman
11	Shri P. K. Behera	Draftsman
12	Shri G. C. Nayak	HPMO
13	Shri P. K. Das	HPMO

In-house Printing

1	Shri B. K. Sahu	STA (Ptg.)
2	Shri D. N. Mishra	Printing Inspector
3.	Smt. M. Panda	Proof Reader
4	Shri Sudarshan Mishra	Compiler

District Highlights - 2001 Census

1. Ganjam is the 5th biggest district in terms of size and first in terms of population.

2. Ganjam is the 6th urbanized district in the state having about 17.60 per cent of its population living in urban areas whereas about 14.99 per cent of state population live in urban areas.

3. In terms of population per sq. km. Ganjam is 9th densely populated district in the state.

4. Ganjam has 8th rank in terms of sex-ratio in the state.

5. There are only 400 uninhabited villages in the district whereas 40 villages have a population of more than 5.000.

6. Lochapada in Berhampur Sadar P.S. is the most populated village (9,240) in the district.

7. The economy of the district is mainly dependent upon cultivation. Out of each100 workers in the district 63 are engaged in agricultural sector.

8. Jarada police station has the highest number of villages (246) in the district and Gopalpur police station has the lowest number of villages (27) in the district.

IMPORTANT STATISTICS IN THE DISTRICT

			ORISSA		GANJAM	
NUMBER OF VILLAGES		Total		51,349		3,212
		Inhabited		47,529		2,812
		Uninhabited		3,820		400
NUMBER OF TOWNS		Statutory Towns		107		18
		Census Towns		31		1
NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS		Total		7,738,065		644,919
		Institutional		17,915		1,103
		Houseless		13,044		960
POPULATION	TOTAL	Persons		36,804,660		3,160,635
		Males		18,660,570		1,581,986
		Females		18,144,090		1,578,649
	RURAL	Persons		31,287,422		2,604,276
		Males		15,748,970		1,295,086
		Females		15,538,452		1,309,190
	URBAN	Persons		5,517,238		556,359
		Males		2,911,600		286,900
		Females		2,605,638		269,459
PERCENTAGE URBAN POPULATION				14.99		17.60
			Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
DECADAL POPULATION GROWTH 1991-2001		Persons	5,144,924	16.25	456,579	16.88
		Males	2,596,424	16.16	233,944	17.35
		Females	2,548,500	16.34	222,635	16.42
AREA (in sq. km.)				155,707		8,206
DENSITY OF POPULATION (persons per square kilometre)				236		385
SEX-RATIO (number of females per 1,000 males)		Total		972		998
		Rural		987		1011
		Urban		895		939
LITERATES		Persons	19,837,055	63.08	1,631,722	60.77
		Males	11,992,333	75.35	1,005,585	75.22
		Females	7,844,722	50.51	626,137	46.44
SCHEDULED CASTE POPULATION		Persons	6,082,063	16.53	586,798	18.57
		Males	3,073,278	16.47	291,682	18.44
		Females	3,008,785	16.58	295,116	18.69

IMPORTANT STATISTICS IN THE DISTRICT

		ORISSA		Ganjam	
		Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
SCHEDULED TRIBE POPULATION	Persons	8,145,081	22.13	90,919	2.88
	Males	4,066,783	21.79	45,843	2.90
	Females	4,078,298	22.48	45,076	2.86
WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS					
TOTAL WORKERS (MAIN + MARGINAL)	Persons	14,276,488	38.79	1,305,932	41.32
	Males	9,802,006	52.53	817,840	51.70
	Females	4,474,482	24.66	488,092	30.92
(I) MAIN WORKERS	Persons	9,589,269	26.05	819,726	25.94
	Males	8,004,740	42.90	649,224	41.04
	Females	1,584,529	8.73	170,502	10.80
(II) MARGINAL WORKERS	Persons	4,687,219	12.74	486,206	15.38
	Males	1,797,266	9.63	168,616	10.66
	Females	2,889,953	15.93	317,590	20.12
(III) NON-WORKERS	Persons	22,528,172	61.21	1,854,703	58.68
	Males	8,858,564	47.47	764,146	48.30
	Females	13,669,608	75.34	1,090,557	69.08
CATEGORY OF WORKERS (MAIN & MARGINAL)					
(I) CULTIVATORS	Persons	4,247,661	29.75	322,428	24.69
	Males	3,347,691	34.15	238,584	29.17
	Females	899,970	20.11	83,844	17.18
(II) AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS	Persons	4,999,104	35.02	503,927	38.59
	Males	2,587,196	26.39	204,314	24.98
	Females	2,411,908	53.90	299,613	61.38
(III) WORKERS IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY	Persons	701,563	4.91	49,671	3.80
	Males	320,011	3.26	27,772	3.40
	Females	381,552	8.53	21,899	4.49
(IV) OTHER WORKERS	Persons	4,328,160	30.32	429,906	32.92
	Males	3,547,108	36.19	347,170	42.45
	Females	781,052	17.46	82,736	16.95

Definition of Census Town : -

All places which satisfy or are expected to satisfy the following criteria are treated as Census Towns:-

i) A minimum population of 5,000;

ii) At least 75 per cent of the male working population engaged in non-agricultural pursuits, and

iii) A density of population of at least 400 per square kilometre (1,000 per square mile).

RANKING OF POLICE STATIONS IN THE DISTRICT

Serial Number	In terms of	Tarasingi 01		Buguda 02		Bhanjanagar 03		Gangapur 04		Surada 05	
		Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Total Population	77,800	20	157,789	7	159,255	6	144,922	9	78,438	19
2	Total area (in sq. kms.)	422.2	10	840.55	1	676.64	3	511.2	6	437.12	9
3	Density of population per sq. km	184	19	188	18	235	15	283	14	179	20
4	Sex-Ratio	995	14	1,019	5	1,004	10	1,071	1	998	13
5	Proportion Urban	0	15	8.4	13	18.66	2	0	15	18.67	1
6	Proportion Scheduled Castes	25.85	4	21.07	7	18.33	11	14.25	20	24.20	5
7	Proportion Scheduled Tribes	9.33	3	1.81	12	3.94	9	1.51	14	6.40	5
8	Proportion Literates	56.13	11	63.14	4	67.85	1	63.99	3	51.85	19
9	Work participation rate (Main + Marginal Workers)	46.98	6	43.19	11	38.09	20	40.72	14	45.43	8
10	Percentage of villages having Primary School	73.33	15	86.81	8	85.71	11	83.58	12	64.76	20
11	Percentage of villages having Primary Health Sub-Centre	17.14	9	16.67	10	14.29	14	17.16	8	8.57	19
12	Percentage of villages having well	95.24	9	98.61	1	79.70	18	94.78	10	94.29	11
13	Percentage of villages having Post Office	23.81	9	21.53	11	28.57	5	26.12	7	15.24	16
14	Percentage of villages having Bus Facility	33.33	12	34.72	10	41.35	3	26.87	20	21.90	21
15	Percentage of villages having approach by pucca road	8.57	21	29.17	18	33.83	16	38.81	15	47.62	10
16	Percentage of villages having Electricity for domestic use	75.24	8	44.44	21	83.46	3	59.70	14	46.67	20
17	Percentage of villages having forest area	64.76	2	53.47	4	58.65	3	21.64	13	23.81	10
18	Percentage of villages having irrigated area	62.86	19	81.25	13	87.22	8	85.82	9	60.00	20

RANKING OF POLICE STATIONS IN THE DISTRICT

Serial Number	In terms of	Badagada 06		Asika 07		Purusottampur 08		Kabisuryanagar 09		Kodala 10	
		Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank
1	2	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
1	Total Population	112,019	15	192,442	3	147,746	8	205,429	1	199,514	2
2	Total area (in sq. kms.)	537.8	4	519.81	5	261.72	14	126.48	19	341.19	11
3	Density of population per sq. km	208	17	370	13	565	8	1624	1	585	7
4	Sex Ratio	987	15	1,006	9	1,015	7	1,023	4	1,033	3
5	Proportion Urban	0	15	13.36	6	9.64	10	17.36	4	6.19	14
6	Proportion Scheduled Castes	18.33	11	17.97	12	27.23	3	15.34	18	16.68	16
7	Proportion Scheduled Tribes	12.14	2	0.47	17	0.16	22	0.29	20	2.90	11
8	Proportion Literates	46.89	21	66.08	2	57.77	10	59.54	8	55.08	14
9	Work participation rate (Main + Marginal Workers)	47.67	4	39.01	17	42.53	12	39.53	16	43.69	10
10	Percentage of villages having Primary School	49.38	21	86.71	9	86.14	10	95.08	2	65.92	19
11	Percentage of villages having Primary Health Sub-Centre	7.05	20	14.69	13	21.78	5	20.49	7	14.80	12
12	Percentage of villages having well	62.24	21	98.6	2	83.17	17	79.51	19	97.31	7
13	Percentage of villages having Post Office	9.96	20	26.57	6	23.76	10	24.59	8	14.80	18
14	Percentage of villages having Bus Facility	26.97	19	31.47	13	52.48	1	30.33	15	29.15	17
15	Percentage of villages having approach by pucca road	27.39	19	66.43	3	57.43	7	47.54	11	43.95	13
16	Percentage of villages having Electricity for domestic use	48.96	18	71.33	10	50.50	17	77.87	6	52.02	16
17	Percentage of villages having forest area	10.37	18	11.89	16	8.91	21	11.48	17	37.22	7
18	Percentage of villages having irrigated area	37.34	21	84.62	10	93.07	5	91.80	7	71.30	18

RANKING OF POLICE STATIONS IN THE DISTRICT

Serial Number	In terms of	Khalikote 11		Rambha 12		Chhatrapur 13		Gopalpur 14	
		Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank
1	2	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1	Total Population	118,756	14	86,035	18	181,964	5	60,092	21
2	Total area (in sq. kms.)	230.52	15	215.47	16	291.32	13	77.06	21
3	Density of population per sq. km	515	9	399	11	625	6	780	3
4	Sex Ratio	1,003	11	969	16	987	15	965	18
5	Proportion Urban	9.23	11	12.46	7	17.37	3	11.09	8
6	Proportion Scheduled Castes	17.44	14	31.42	1	23.38	6	20.01	10
7	Proportion Scheduled Tribes	4.39	8	0.65	15	0.41	18	0.20	21
8	Proportion Literates	55.84	13	55.95	12	61.20	5	59.25	9
9	Work participation rate (Main + Marginal Workers)	37.96	21	38.74	18	40.02	15	35.39	22
10	Percentage of villages having Primary School	69.40	17	88.51	6	88.42	7	88.89	5
11	Percentage of villages having Primary Health Sub-Centre	11.94	16	9.20	18	22.11	4	22.22	3
12	Percentage of villages having well	97.76	5	97.70	6	92.63	13	74.07	20
13	Percentage of villages having Post Office	17.91	12	14.94	17	29.47	4	29.63	3
14	Percentage of villages having Bus Facility	29.10	18	35.63	8	33.68	11	29.63	16
15	Percentage of villages having approach by pucca road	47.01	12	60.92	6	61.05	5	74.07	1
16	Percentage of villages having Electricity for domestic use	56.72	15	63.22	13	73.68	9	88.89	1
17	Percentage of villages having forest area	9.70	19	21.84	12	23.16	11	3.70	22
18	Percentage of villages having irrigated area	79.85	15	83.91	11	92.63	6	96.30	3

RANKING OF POLICE STATIONS IN THE DISTRICT

Serial Number	In terms of	Brahmapur Sadar 15		Golanthara 16		Nuagaon 17		Digapahandi 18	
		Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank
1	2	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
1	Total Population	120,560	13	128,879	11	102,879	17	125,376	12
2	Total area (in sq. kms.)	76.30	22	187.50	18	452.62	8	322.22	12
3	Density of population per sq. km	1580	2	687	4	227	16	389	12
4	Sex Ratio	968	17	1,018	6	1,014	8	999	12
5	Proportion Urban	0	15	0	15	10.50	9	8.69	12
6	Proportion Scheduled Castes	20.60	8	27.86	2	17.82	13	15.46	17
7	Proportion Scheduled Tribes	0.51	16	1.53	13	6.50	4	5.89	6
8	Proportion Literates	60.28	7	51.97	18	54.73	15	51.71	20
9	Work participation rate (Main + Marginal Workers)	38.61	19	44.58	9	50.38	3	47.37	5
10	Percentage of villages having Primary School	94.12	4	94.44	3	71.35	16	77.70	14
11	Percentage of villages having Primary Health Sub-Centre	29.41	2	21.11	6	6.74	21	14.86	11
12	Percentage of villages having well	94.12	12	97.78	4	95.51	8	86.49	16
13	Percentage of villages having Post Office	33.33	1	32.22	2	16.29	13	16.22	14
14	Percentage of villages having Bus Facility	31.37	14	35.56	9	39.33	5	36.49	7
15	Percentage of villages having approach by pucca road	64.71	4	54.44	8	32.58	17	22.30	20
16	Percentage of villages having Electricity for domestic use	86.27	2	77.78	7	79.21	5	65.54	12
17	Percentage of villages having forest area	17.65	14	38.89	5	33.15	8	27.03	9
18	Percentage of villages having irrigated area	98.04	2	93.33	4	80.90	14	75.00	16

RANKING OF POLICE STATIONS IN THE DISTRICT

Serial Number	In terms of	Jarada 19		Patapur 20		Hinjili 21		Ramagiri (P) 90	
		Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank	Value	Rank
1	2	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
1	Total Population	108,053	16	191,598	4	143,234	10	10,063	22
2	Total area (in sq. kms.)	700.36	2	476.50	7	211.21	17	119.57	20
3	Density of population per sq. km	154	21	402	10	678	5	84	22
4	Sex Ratio	1,049	2	963	19	1,023	4	947	20
5	Proportion Urban	0	15	0	15	14.9	5	0	15
6	Proportion Scheduled Castes	17.42	15	14.61	19	20.58	9	2.49	21
7	Proportion Scheduled Tribes	4.51	7	3.69	10	0.36	19	87	1
8	Proportion Literates	54.32	16	54.21	17	60.92	6	27.27	22
9	Work participation rate (Main + Marginal Workers)	51.27	2	45.83	7	42.29	13	59.80	1
10	Percentage of villages having Primary School	69.35	18	81.05	13	98.41	1	33.33	22
11	Percentage of villages having Primary Health Sub-Centre	10.05	17	12.63	15	30.16	1	4.04	22
12	Percentage of villages having well	86.93	15	88.95	14	98.41	3	41.41	22
13	Percentage of villages having Post Office	12.06	19	15.79	15	33.33	1	4.04	21
14	Percentage of villages having Bus Facility	43.72	2	37.89	6	41.27	4	2.02	22
15	Percentage of villages having approach by pucca road	47.74	9	40.53	14	73.02	2	5.05	22
16	Percentage of villages having Electricity for domestic use	47.24	19	69.47	11	82.54	4	14.14	22
17	Percentage of villages having forest area	9.55	20	37.37	6	14.29	15	76.77	1
18	Percentage of villages having irrigated area	73.87	17	81.58	12	98.41	1	7.07	22

STATEMENT- 1

NAME OF THE HEADQUARTERS OF DISTRICT / TAHASIL, THEIR RURAL-URBAN STATUS AND DISTANCE FROM DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS, 2001

Serial number	Name of District / Tahasil	Name of District / Tahasil headquarters	Whether Urban / Rural	Distance from tahasil headquarters to district headquarters by road (in km.)
1	2	3	4	5
1	Ganjam District.	Chhatrapur	Urban	0
	Tahasils			
1	Ghumsur	Bhanjanagar	Urban	102
2	Buguda	Buguda	Urban	91
3	Asika	Asika	Urban	62
4	Surada	Surada	Urban	107
5	Kodala	Kodala	Urban	52
6	Khalikote	Khalikote	Urban	38
7	Purusottampur	Purusottampur	Urban	40
8	Hinjilicut	Hinjilicut	Urban	44
9	Chhatrapur	Chhatrapur	Urban	0
10	Brahmapur	Brahmapur	Urban	22
11	Kanisi	Kanisi	Rural	8
12	Digapahandi	Digapahandi	Urban	50
13	Chikiti	Chikiti	Urban	54
14	Patrapur	Patrapur	Rural	70

STATEMENT- 2

NAME OF THE HEADQUARTERS OF DISTRICT / C.D.BLOCK THEIR RURAL - URBAN STATUS AND DISTANCE FROM DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS, 2001

Serial number	Name of District / C. D. Block	Name of District / C.D.Block headquarters	Whether Urban / Rural	Distance from C.D. Block headquarters to district headquarters by road (in km.)
1	2	3	4	5
1	Ganjam District	Chhatrapur	Urban	0
	C.D.Block			
1	Bhanjanagar	Bhanjanagar	Urban	102
2	Jaganathprasad	Jaganathprasad	Rural	116
3	Buguda	Buguda	Urban	91
4	Bellaguntha	Bellaguntha	Urban	110
5	Surada	Surada	Urban	107
6	Dharakote	Dharakote	Rural	72
7	Asika	Asika	Urban	62

STATEMENT- 2

NAME OF THE HEADQUARTERS OF DISTRICT / C.D.BLOCK THEIR RURAL - URBAN STATUS AND DISTANCE FROM DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS, 2001

Serial number	Name of District / C. D. Block	Name of District / C.D.Block headquarters	Whether Urban / Rural	Distance from C.D. Block headquarters to district headquarters by road (in km.)
1	2	3	4	5
8	Kavisurjyanagar	Kavisurjyanagar	Urban	54
9	Polosara	Polosara	Urban	80
10	Beguniapada	Beguniapada (Kodala)	Urban	60
11	Khalikote	Khalikote	Urban	38
12	Ganjam	Ganjam	Urban	10
13	Purusottampur	Purusottampur	Urban	40
14	Hinjilicut	Hinjilicut	Urban	44
15	Seragada	Seragad	Rural	65
16	Sana khemundi	Sana Khemundi	Rural	64
17	Digapandi	Digapahandi	Urban	50
18	Patrapur	Patrapur	Rural	70
19	Chikiti	Chikiti	Urban	54
20	Kukudakhandi	Kukudakhandi	Rural	33
21	Rangeilunda	Rangeilunda	Rural	32
22	Chhatrapur	Chhatrapur	Urban	0

STATEMENT-3

POPULATION OF THE DISTRICT AT EACH CENSUS FROM 1901 TO 2001

District	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Census Year	Persons	Males	Females	Decadal population variation	
						Absolute	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Ganjam	Total	1901	957,123	451,592	505,531		
		1911	1,064,172	492,889	571,283	107,049	11.18
		1921	1,029,623	463,149	566,474	-34,549	-3.25
		1931	1,165,908	532,234	633,674	136,285	13.24
		1941	1,308,056	603,031	705,025	142,148	12.19
		1951	1,361,831	640,184	721,647	53,775	4.11
		1961	1,587,461	758,688	828,773	225,630	16.57
		1971	1,944,844	950,879	993,965	357,383	22.51
		1981	2,267,628	1,115,643	1,151,985	322,784	16.60
		1991	2,704,056	1,348,042	1,356,014	436,428	19.25
		2001	3,160,635	1,581,986	1,578,649	456,579	16.88

STATEMENT-3 *(Contd.)*

POPULATION OF THE DISTRICT AT EACH CENSUS FROM 1901 TO 2001

District	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Census Year	Persons	Males	Females	Decadal population variation	
						Absolute	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rural	1901	931,394	439,489	491,905		
		1911	1,021,762	472,322	549,440	90,368	9.70
		1921	986,267	442,160	544,107	-35,495	-3.47
		1931	1,116,395	508,077	608,318	130,128	13.19
		1941	1,238,933	568,305	670,628	122,538	10.98
		1951	1,269,788	594,128	675,660	30,855	2.49
		1961	1,454,325	690,300	764,025	184,537	14.53
		1971	1,711,905	831,577	880,328	257,580	17.71
		1981	1,928,735	941,689	987,046	216,830	12.67
		1991	2,280,303	1,129,831	1,150,472	351,568	18.23
		2001	2,604,276	1,295,086	1,309,190	323,973	14.21
	Urban	1901	25,729	12,103	13,626		
		1911	42,410	20,567	21,843	16,681	64.83
		1921	43,356	20,989	22,367	946	2.23
		1931	49,513	24,157	25,356	6,157	14.20
		1941	69,123	34,726	34,397	19,610	39.61
		1951	92,043	46,056	45,987	22,920	33.16
		1961	133,136	68,388	64,748	41,093	44.65
		1971	232,939	119,302	113,637	99,803	74.96
		1981	338,893	173,954	164,939	105,954	45.49
		1991	423,753	218,211	205,542	84,860	25.04
		2001	556,359	286,900	269,459	132,606	31.29

STATEMENT-4

AREA, NUMBER OF VILLAGES/ TOWNS AND POPULATION IN DISTRICT AND POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Code No. of P.S.	District / P.S. / UA / Town	T/ R/ U	Area in square kilo-meters	Population per square kilometer	Number of villages		Number of statutory towns	Number of census towns	Number of house holds	Population		
					In habited	Un inhabited				Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Ganjam	**T**	**8206.00**	**385**	**2,812**	**400**	**18**	**1**	**644,919**	**3,160,635**	**1,581,986**	**1,578,649**
		R	**7938.21**	**328**	**2,812**	**400**	**0**	**0**	**538,530**	**2,604,276**	**1,295,086**	**1,309,190**
		U	**267.76**	**2,078**	**0**	**0**	**18**	**1**	**106,389**	**556,359**	**286,900**	**269,459**
0001	Tarasingi	T	422.20	184	105	3	0	0	17,495	77,800	39,003	38,797
		R	422.20	184	105	3	0	0	17,495	77,800	39,003	38,797
		U	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0002	Buguda	T	840.55	188	144	9	1	0	34,119	157,789	78,155	79,634
		R	833.10	173	144	9	0	0	31,458	144,532	71,441	73,091
		U	7.45	1,779	0	0	1	0	2,661	13,257	6,714	6,543
	Buguda (NAC)	U	7.45	1,779	0	0	1	0	2,661	13,257	6,714	6,543

STATEMENT-4 *(Contd.)*

AREA, NUMBER OF VILLAGES/ TOWNS AND POPULATION IN DISTRICT AND POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Code No. of P.S.	District / P.S. / UA / Town	T/ R/ U	Area in square kilo-meters	Population per square kilometer	Number of villages		Number of statutory towns	Number of census towns	Number of house holds	Population		
					In habited	Un inhabited				Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
0003	Bhanjanagar	T	676.64	235	133	8	2	0	33,078	159,255	79,468	79,787
		R	665.40	195	133	8	0	0	27,288	129,545	64,305	65,240
		U	11.24	2,643	0	0	2	0	5,790	29,710	15,163	14,547
	Bhanjanagar (NAC)	U	6.06	3,259	0	0	1	0	3,834	19,748	10,226	9,522
	Bellaguntha (NAC)	U	5.18	1,923	0	0	1	0	1,956	9,962	4,937	5,025
0004	Gangapur	T	511.20	283	134	15	0	0	29,471	144,922	69,982	74,940
		R	511.20	283	134	15	0	0	29,471	144,922	69,982	74,940
		U	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0005	Surada	T	437.12	179	105	11	1	0	15,838	78,438	39,261	39,177
		R	432.20	148	105	11	0	0	13,043	63,790	31,801	31,989
		U	4.92	2,977	0	0	1	0	2,795	14,648	7,460	7,188
	Surada (NAC)	U	4.92	2,977	0	0	1	0	2,795	14,648	7,460	7,188
0006	Badagada	T	537.80	208	241	42	0	0	22,958	112,019	56,390	55,629
		R	537.80	208	241	42	0	0	22,958	112,019	56,390	55,629
		U	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0007	Asika	T	519.81	370	143	19	1	1	38,410	192,442	95,914	96,528
		R	513.20	325	143	19	0	0	33,253	166,728	82,646	84,082
		U	6.61	3,890	0	0	1	1	5,157	25,714	13,268	12,446
	Asika (NAC)	U	5.31	3,906	0	0	1	0	4,168	20,739	10,722	10,017
	Makundapur (CT)	U	1.30	3,827	0	0	0	1	989	4,975	2,546	2,429
0008	Purusottampur	T	261.72	565	101	7	1	0	30,349	147,746	73,332	74,414
		R	226.83	589	101	7	0	0	27,586	133,497	66,065	67,432
		U	34.89	408	0	0	1	0	2,763	14,249	7,267	6,982
	Purusottampur (NAC)	U	34.89	408	0	0	1	0	2,763	14,249	7,267	6,982
0009	Kabisuryanagar	T	126.48	1,624	122	13	2	0	41,024	205,429	101,569	103,860
		R	96.54	1,759	122	13	0	0	34,287	169,767	83,426	86,341
		U	29.94	1,191	0	0	2	0	6,737	35,662	18,143	17,519
	Kavisurjyanagar (NAC)	U	18.13	888	0	0	1	0	3,001	16,094	8,286	7,808
	Polasara (NAC)	U	11.81	1,657	0	0	1	0	3,736	19,568	9,857	9,711
0010	Kodala	T	341.19	585	223	53	1	0	40,985	199,514	98,136	101,378
		R	329.10	569	223	53	0	0	38,598	187,169	91,952	95,217
		U	12.09	1,021	0	0	1	0	2,387	12,345	6,184	6,161
	Kodala (NAC)	U	12.09	1,021	0	0	1	0	2,387	12,345	6,184	6,161
0011	Khalikote	T	230.52	515	134	51	1	0	24,158	118,756	59,292	59,464
		R	202.03	534	134	51	0	0	22,129	107,798	53,640	54,158
		U	28.49	385	0	0	1	0	2,029	10,958	5,652	5,306
	Khalikote (NAC)	U	28.49	385	0	0	1	0	2,029	10,958	5,652	5,306

STATEMENT-4 *(Contd.)*

AREA, NUMBER OF VILLAGES/ TOWNS AND POPULATION IN DISTRICT AND POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Code No. of P.S.	District / P.S. / UA / Town	T/ R/ U	Area in square kilo-meters	Population per square kilometer	Number of villages		Number of statutory towns	Number of census towns	Number of house holds	Population		
					In habited	Un inhabited				Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
0012	Rambha	T	215.47	399	87	28	1	0	17,285	86,035	43,688	42,347
		R	207.70	363	87	28	0	0	15,294	75,319	38,305	37,014
		U	7.77	1,379	0	0	1	0	1,991	10,716	5,383	5,333
	Rambha (NAC)	U	7.77	1,379	0	0	1	0	1,991	10,716	5,383	5,333
0013	Chhatrapur	T	291.32	625	95	6	2	0	37,710	181,964	91,594	90,370
		R	277.80	541	95	6	0	0	31,265	150,358	75,444	74,914
		U	13.52	2,338	0	0	2	0	6,445	31,606	16,150	15,456
	Chhatrapur (NAC)	U	4.40	4,611	0	0	1	0	4,184	20,289	10,333	9,956
	Ganjam (NAC)	U	9.12	1,241	0	0	1	0	2,261	11,317	5,817	5,500
0014	Gopalpur	T	77.06	780	27	0	1	0	12,624	60,092	30,582	29,510
		R	74.50	717	27	0	0	0	11,305	53,429	27,246	26,183
		U	2.56	2,603	0	0	1	0	1,319	6,663	3,336	3,327
	Gopalpur (NAC)	U	2.56	2,603	0	0	1	0	1,319	6,663	3,336	3,327
0015	Brahmapur Sadar	T	76.30	1,580	51	4	0	0	23,451	120,560	61,260	59,300
		R	76.30	1,580	51	4	0	0	23,451	120,560	61,260	59,300
		U	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0016	Golanthara	T	187.50	687	90	2	0	0	26,954	128,879	63,858	65,021
		R	187.50	687	90	2	0	0	26,954	128,879	63,858	65,021
		U	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0017	Nuagaon	T	452.62	227	178	23	1	0	21,894	102,879	51,081	51,798
		R	446.14	206	178	23	0	0	19,711	92,077	45,631	46,446
		U	6.48	1,667	0	0	1	0	2,183	10,802	5,450	5,352
	Chikiti (NAC)	U	6.48	1,667	0	0	1	0	2,183	10,802	5,450	5,352
0018	Digapahandi	T	322.22	389	148	24	1	0	26,503	125,376	62,730	62,646
		R	312.00	367	148	24	0	0	24,292	114,486	57,188	57,298
		U	10.22	1,066	0	0	1	0	2,211	10,890	5,542	5,348
	Digapahandi (NAC)	U	10.22	1,066	0	0	1	0	2,211	10,890	5,542	5,348
0019	Jarada	T	700.36	154	199	47	0	0	23,140	108,053	52,740	55,313
		R	700.36	154	199	47	0	0	23,140	108,053	52,740	55,313
		U	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0020	Patapur	T	476.50	402	190	20	0	0	38,217	191,598	97,619	93,979
		R	476.50	402	190	20	0	0	38,217	191,598	97,619	93,979
		U	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0021	Hinjili	T	211.21	678	63	5	1	0	29,289	143,234	70,809	72,425
		R	199.40	611	63	5	0	0	25,164	121,887	59,975	61,912
		U	11.81	1,808	0	0	1	0	4,125	21,347	10,834	10,513
	Hinjilicut (NAC)	U	11.81	1,808	0	0	1	0	4,125	21,347	10,834	10,513
0022	Brahmapur (M)	T	79.80	3,857	0	0	1	0	57,796	307,792	160,354	147,438
		R	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		U	79.80	3,857	0	0	1	0	57,796	307,792	160,354	147,438
	Brahmapur (M)	U	79.80	3,857	0	0	1	0	57,796	307,792	160,354	147,438
0090	Ramagiri (P)	T	119.57	84	99	10	0	0	2,171	10,063	5,169	4,894
		R	119.57	84	99	10	0	0	2,171	10,063	5,169	4,894
		U	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

STATEMENT-5

C. D. BLOCK WISE NUMBER OF VILLAGES AND RURAL POPULATION, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D. Block	Number of villages		Rural population		
		Total	Inhabited	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Bhanjanagar	144	137	122,449	61,604	60,845
2	Jagannathprasad	149	143	117,894	58,354	59,540
3	Buguda	99	92	106,747	52,340	54,407
4	Bellaguntha	90	89	103,077	49,938	53,139
5	Surada	283	248	126,075	63,064	63,011
6	Dharakote	201	163	101,533	50,639	50,894
7	Asika	109	102	133,387	65,505	67,882
8	Kavisurjyanagar	74	74	102,441	50,873	51,568
9	Polasara	138	124	117,281	57,624	59,657
10	Beguniapada	182	131	112,970	55,104	57,866
11	Khalikote	226	167	137,173	68,263	68,910
12	Ganjam	115	88	82,702	42,130	40,572
13	Purusottampur	97	94	129,506	63,659	65,847
14	Hinjilicut	52	52	107,053	52,411	54,642
15	Seragad	108	95	117,625	59,695	57,930
16	Sanakhemundi	159	142	147,788	75,198	72,590
17	Digapahandi	232	204	136,618	68,234	68,384
18	Patrapur	355	298	118,116	57,909	60,207
19	Chikiti	137	125	93,941	46,068	47,873
20	Kukudakhandi	99	89	124,598	63,353	61,245
21	Rangeilunda	83	79	139,627	70,129	69,498
22	Chhatrapur	80	76	125,675	62,992	62,683
	District (Rural) Total :	**3,212**	**2,812**	**2,604,276**	**1,295,086**	**1,309,190**

STATEMENT-6

POPULATION OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS (INCLUDING CONSTITUENT UNITS) / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of UA/Town	Urban status	Name of tahasil where town is located	Population		
				Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Buguda (NAC)	NAC	Buguda	13,257	6,714	6,543
2	Bhanjanagar (NAC)	NAC	Bhanjanagar	19,748	10,226	9,522
3	Bellaguntha (NAC)	NAC	Bhanjanagar	9,962	4,937	5,025
4	Surada (NAC)	NAC	Surada	14,648	7,460	7,188
5	Asika (NAC)	NAC	Asika	20,739	10,722	10,017
6	Makundapur (CT)	CT	Asika	4,975	2,546	2,429
7	Purusottampur (NAC)	NAC	Purusottampur	14,249	7,267	6,982
8	Kavisurjyanagar (NAC)	NAC	Kabisuryanagar	16,094	8,286	7,808
9	Polasara (NAC)	NAC	Kabisuryanagar	19,568	9,857	9,711
10	Kodala (NAC)	NAC	Kodala	12,345	6,184	6,161
11	Khalikote (NAC)	NAC	Khalikote	10,958	5,652	5,306
12	Rambha (NAC)	NAC	Rambha	10,716	5,383	5,333
13	Chhatrapur (NAC)	NAC	Chhatrapur	20,289	10,333	9,956
14	Ganjam (NAC)	NAC	Chhatrapur	11,317	5,817	5,500
15	Gopalpur (NAC)	NAC	Gopalpur	6,663	3,336	3,327
16	Chikiti (NAC)	NAC	Nuagaon	10,802	5,450	5,352
17	Digapahandi (NAC)	NAC	Digapahandi	10,890	5,542	5,348
18	Hinjilicut (NAC)	NAC	Hinjili	21,347	10,834	10,513
19	Brahmapur (M)	M	Brahmapur PS	307,792	160,354	147,438
District (Urban) Total :				**556,359**	**286,900**	**269,459**

STATEMENT-7

VILLAGES WITH POPULATION OF 5,000 AND ABOVE AT C.D. BLOCK LEVEL AS PER 2001 CENSUS AND AMENITIES AVAILABLE

Serial number	Name of C.D. block	Name of village	Location code number	Population	Whether it is Tahsil headquarters	Whether it is C.D. block headquarters
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Bhanjanagar	Badakodanda	03081800	5008	No	No
2	Bhanjanagar	Lalsingi	03082000	6513	No	No
3	Surada	Badagada	03130800	6755	No	No
4	Dharakote	Jahada	03144700	5548	No	No
5	Asika	Baragan	03154100	5435	No	No
6	Purusottampur	Sikula	03162000	5646	No	No
7	Purusottampur	Bhatakumarada	03170900	6900	No	No
8	Polasara	Kalamba	03174700	5452	No	No
9	Polasara	Mathura	03176800	5735	No	No
10	Kavisurjyanagar	Barida	03177900	5736	No	No
11	Kavisurjyanagar	Gudiali	03182000	5515	No	No
12	Polasara	Chirikipadasasan	03185600	5787	No	No
13	Beguniapada	Mardamekha	03205700	6955	No	No
14	Khalikote	Pathar	03223800	5195	No	No
15	Khalikote	Kesapur	03224400	5139	No	No
16	Khalikote	Sabilia	03231800	5933	No	No
17	Ganjam	Humma	03241100	5089	No	No
18	Chhatrapur	Badamadhapur	03242600	5499	No	No
19	Chhatrapur	Sundarpur	03245300	7601	No	No
20	Chhatrapur	Chikalakhandi	03248000	6266	No	No
21	Chhatrapur	Agastinuagan	03251400	5504	No	No
22	Chhatrapur	Arjyapalli	03251600	7768	No	No
23	Rangeilunda	Golabandha	03255000	8549	No	No
24	Kukudakhandi	Kukudakhandi	03257300	6456	No	Yes
25	Kukudakhandi	Jagadalpur	03258300	5356	No	No
26	Rangeilunda	Bhabinipur	03259500	6685	No	No
27	Kukudakhandi	Lochapoda	03259600	9240	No	No
28	Kukudakhandi	Lathi	03259800	5914	No	No
29	Chikiti	Suvani	03269000	7424	No	No
30	Chikiti	Surala	03269200	6675	No	No
31	Digapahandi	Bhishmagiri	03290200	6550	No	No
32	Patrapur	Patrapur	03317200	6165	Yes	No
33	Seragad	Sheragada	03333600	6780	No	Yes
34	Seragad	Gobindapur	03339400	5382	No	No
35	Sanakhemundi	Konkarada	03341100	5239	No	No
36	Sanakhemundi	Patapur	03346000	5803	No	No
37	Sanakhemundi	Singipur	03348600	5832	No	No
38	Sanakhemundi	Pudamari	03348900	5805	No	No
39	Hinjilicut	Burupada	03353400	5850	No	No
40	Hinjilicut	Sikiri	03354400	6186	No	No

STATEMENT-7

VILLAGES WITH POPULATION OF 5,000 AND ABOVE AT C.D. BLOCK LEVEL AS PER 2001 CENSUS AND AMENITIES AVAILABLE

Amenities available							
Educational		Medical		Drinking Water	Communication	Banking	
Senior Secondary School	College	Primary Health Centre	Primary Health Sub-Centre	Tap Water	Railway Station	Commercial Bank	Co-operative Bank
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	0	0	1	No	No	1	0
0	0	0	0	No	No	0	0
0	0	0	0	Yes	No	0	0
0	0	1	1	Yes	No	1	0
0	0	0	1	No	No	0	0
0	0	0	1	No	No	1	0
0	0	0	0	No	No	1	0
0	0	0	1	No	No	0	0
0	0	0	1	No	No	0	0
0	0	0	1	No	No	1	0
0	0	0	1	No	No	1	0
0	0	1	1	Yes	No	1	0
0	0	0	0	No	No	0	0
0	0	1	1	No	No	1	0
1	1	0	1	No	Yes	1	0
0	0	0	1	Yes	No	0	0
0	0	1	0	Yes	No	1	0
0	0	0	1	No	No	0	0
0	0	1	1	No	No	0	0
0	0	0	1	No	No	0	0
0	0	0	0	No	No	0	0
0	0	0	1	No	No	0	0
0	0	0	1	No	No	0	0
0	0	1	0	No	No	1	0
0	0	1	1	No	No	0	0
0	0	0	0	No	No	0	0
0	0	0	0	No	No	0	0
0	0	0	1	No	No	0	0
0	0	0	1	No	No	0	0
0	0	1	1	No	No	0	0
1	1	0	1	Yes	No	1	0
0	0	0	1	Yes	No	1	0
1	1	1	0	No	No	1	1
0	0	0	0	No	No	0	0
1	0	1	1	Yes	No	1	0
1	1	1	0	No	No	0	0
0	0	0	1	No	No	0	0
0	0	0	1	No	No	1	0
0	0	0	1	No	No	0	0
0	0	0	1	No	No	1	0

STATEMENT-8

STATUTORY TOWNS WITH POPULATION LESS THAN 5000 AS PER 2001 CENSUS AND AMENITIES AVAILABLE

Sl. No.	Name of Town	Location Code Number	Population	Whether it is Tahasil head-quarters	Whether it is C.D. Block head-quarters	Amenities available						
						Educational		Medical		Improved drinking water	Communication	Banking
						Senior Secondary School	College	Hospital	Health Centre	Tap water	Railway station	Bank
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13

This District has no such Statutory Town

STATEMENT -9

HOUSELESS AND INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION OF TAHASILS, RURAL AND URBAN, 2001

Code No. of P.S.	District / Tahasil / Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Houseless population				Institutional population			
			Number of households	Persons	Males	Females	Number of households	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Ganjam	**Total**	**960**	**3,740**	**2,039**	**1,701**	**1,103**	**16,185**	**11,430**	**4,755**
		Rural	**748**	**2,967**	**1,516**	**1,451**	**700**	**8,775**	**6,281**	**2,494**
		Urban	**212**	**773**	**523**	**250**	**403**	**7,410**	**5,149**	**2,261**
0001	Tarasingi	Total	38	132	58	74	16	228	201	27
		Rural	38	132	58	74	16	228	201	27
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0002	Buguda	Total	68	296	158	138	59	746	569	177
		Rural	68	296	158	138	51	681	535	146
		Urban	0	0	0	0	8	65	34	31
	Buguda (NAC)	Urban	0	0	0	0	8	65	34	31
0003	Bhanjanagar	Total	53	180	93	87	51	704	467	237
		Rural	37	150	74	76	40	424	198	226
		Urban	16	30	19	11	11	280	269	11
	Bhanjanagar (NAC)	Urban	9	15	10	5	10	274	267	7
	Bellaguntha (NAC)	Urban	7	15	9	6	1	6	2	4
0004	Gangapur	Total	31	132	67	65	20	223	163	60
		Rural	31	132	67	65	20	223	163	60
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0005	Surada	Total	22	80	43	37	22	671	438	233
		Rural	18	67	37	30	10	173	152	21
		Urban	4	13	6	7	12	498	286	212
	Surada (NAC)	Urban	4	13	6	7	12	498	286	212
0006	Badagada	Total	13	49	26	23	12	89	40	49
		Rural	13	49	26	23	12	89	40	49
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

STATEMENT -9 *(Contd.)*

HOUSELESS AND INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION OF TAHSILS, RURAL AND URBAN, 2001

Serial number	District / Tahsil / Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Houseless population				Institutional population			
			Number of households	Persons	Males	Females	Number of households	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
0007	Asika	Total	67	265	148	117	55	539	410	129
		Rural	61	231	128	103	34	337	220	117
		Urban	6	34	20	14	21	202	190	12
	Asika (NAC)	Urban	5	32	19	13	21	202	190	12
	Makundapur (CT)	Urban	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
0008	Purusottampur	Total	85	358	176	182	21	141	77	64
		Rural	77	333	157	176	20	133	69	64
		Urban	8	25	19	6	1	8	8	0
	Purusottampur (NAC)	Urban	8	25	19	6	1	8	8	0
0009	Kabisuryanagar	Total	39	136	63	73	72	636	394	242
		Rural	36	130	60	70	59	526	305	221
		Urban	3	6	3	3	13	110	89	21
	Kavisurjyanagar (NAC)	Urban	0	0	0	0	12	93	72	21
	Polasara (NAC)	Urban	3	6	3	3	1	17	17	0
0010	Kodala	Total	39	145	75	70	51	503	325	178
		Rural	38	144	75	69	44	388	223	165
		Urban	1	1	0	1	7	115	102	13
	Kodala (NAC)	Urban	1	1	0	1	7	115	102	13
0011	Khalikote	Total	15	53	28	25	23	189	104	85
		Rural	11	49	24	25	17	141	87	54
		Urban	4	4	4	0	6	48	17	31
	Khalikote (NAC)	Urban	4	4	4	0	6	48	17	31
0012	Rambha	Total	3	14	8	6	22	403	341	62
		Rural	3	14	8	6	19	344	289	55
		Urban	0	0	0	0	3	59	52	7
	Rambha (NAC)	Urban	0	0	0	0	3	59	52	7
0013	Chhatrapur	Total	48	195	104	91	76	704	467	237
		Rural	42	189	101	88	63	530	326	204
		Urban	6	6	3	3	13	174	141	33
	Chhatrapur (NAC)	Urban	5	5	2	3	9	146	126	20
	Ganjam (NAC)	Urban	1	1	1	0	4	28	15	13
0014	Gopalpur	Total	8	19	10	9	82	1,803	1,472	331
		Rural	6	15	8	7	68	1,539	1,302	237
		Urban	2	4	2	2	14	264	170	94
	Gopalpur (NAC)	Urban	2	4	2	2	14	264	170	94
0015	Brahmapur Sadar	Total	7	29	18	11	40	682	553	129
		Rural	7	29	18	11	40	682	553	129
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

STATEMENT -9 *(Contd.)*

HOUSELESS AND INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION OF TAHSILS, RURAL AND URBAN, 2001

Serial number	District / Tahsil / Town	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Houseless population				Institutional population			
			Number of households	Persons	Males	Females	Number of households	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
0016	Golanthara	Total	98	332	165	167	33	250	165	85
		Rural	98	332	165	167	33	250	165	85
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0017	Nuagaon	Total	52	185	95	90	22	256	177	79
		Rural	48	181	91	90	18	214	142	72
		Urban	4	4	4	0	4	42	35	7
	Chikiti (NAC)	Urban	4	4	4	0	4	42	35	7
0018	Digapahandi	Total	26	114	64	50	39	304	183	121
		Rural	16	64	34	30	38	298	177	121
		Urban	10	50	30	20	1	6	6	0
	Digapahandi (NAC)	Urban	10	50	30	20	1	6	6	0
0019	Jarada	Total	17	57	38	19	32	591	387	204
		Rural	17	57	38	19	32	591	387	204
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0020	Patapur	Total	11	51	24	27	37	605	449	156
		Rural	11	51	24	27	37	605	449	156
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0021	Hinjili	Total	73	328	168	160	27	212	127	85
		Rural	72	322	165	157	22	170	99	71
		Urban	1	6	3	3	5	42	28	14
	Hinjilicut (NAC)	Urban	1	6	3	3	5	42	28	14
0022	Brahmapur (M)	Total	147	590	410	180	284	5,497	3,722	1,775
		Rural	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Urban	147	590	410	180	284	5,497	3,722	1,775
	Brahmapur (M)	Urban	147	590	410	180	284	5,497	3,722	1,775
0090	Ramagiri (P)	Total	0	0	0	0	7	209	199	10
		Rural	0	0	0	0	7	209	199	10
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

ANALYTICAL NOTE

BLANK

ANALYTICAL NOTE

(i) History and Scope of the District Census Handbook

The Census of India has all along endeavoured to maintain its tradition of feeding the people with reliable statistical information through its various publications. The District Census Handbook is one of such publications which in real sense, is the mirror of Census reflecting the demographic features and infrastructural development of the villages and towns of the districts and thereby facilitating the formulation of realistic plan in order to cater to the needs and aspirations of the people at large. The genesis of this publication being after the conduct of the 8th decennial Census in 1951 and the first in the post independence era, its contents and coverage have undergone tremendous changes over the period keeping at par with the changes in socio-economic scenario of the nation and the requirement of the planners, scholars, data users, administrators and others. The publication is a veritable mines of information providing a clear picture of population in both quantitative and qualitative terms up to the grass-root levels i.e. about the villagers and town dwellers.

This document was brought out for the first time as an auxiliary to 1951 Census as a joint venture between the Government of India and the State Government. The initial arrangement of supply of data by the Census Organisation of the Government of India and converting them into published documents by the State Government was continuing till 1991. In 2001 Census the publication of this document is carried out by the Census Organisation. Apart from giving the rural statistical information, it readily gives a complete list of villages contained within a police station and district in an exhaustive manner and becomes very resourceful for the users. In order to make the data component more illustrative, maps of the district, tahasils, C.D. Blocks and police stations are also inserted in the publication.

As per the 1951 publication programme, the DCH was published in one volume and did not contain information given in the Village and Town Directory. Apart from this the brief introduction of the district, general features, density map, prescribed tables for general population, economic tables, social and cultural tables and village statistics were provided in the DCH. The Primary Census Abstract was given under the heading "Village Statistics". However, the information on village-wise list of displaced persons and information on Small Scale Industries were presented in the 1951 DCH volume.

The District Census Handbook – 1961 was also in one single volume just like 1951 publication. However, it contained some modifications i.e. this volume was divided into three parts – i) the first part contained the introduction of the district, ii) second part contained the census tables and iii) the official statistics were given in the 3rd part. The village wise Primary Census Abstract (PCA) under the heading of "Village Directory" was included in the second part. Additional information on village wise list of industries and tables on fairs and festivals were presented in 1961 DCH.

The District Census Handbooks of 1971 Census were published in three volumes: i) Part-A containing the data on amenities; ii) Part-B incorporating the Primary Census Abstract (PCA) and iii) Part-C giving administrative statistics and Census tables. The first two volumes of the DCH i.e. Part A and Part B for the 1971 Census could be published within the time schedule and catered to the needs of the data users. However, difficulties were experienced in collecting administrative statistics from various offices for the preparation of the 3rd volume of the DCH i.e. Part C and its printing. This volume could be published ultimately after much delay. The idea of bringing out the publication of the 3rd volume of the District Census Handbook containing information on administrative statistics etc was dispensed with effect from the subsequent censuses.

The District Census Handbook for 1981 Census was published in two parts i.e. Part A – included

Village and Town Directory and Part B - presented the Primary Census Abstract (PCA) including Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Primary Census Abstract up to police station/town levels. By and large, the contents of the Village and Town Directory of 1981 Census were almost similar to those adopted during 1971 Census, barring a few changes necessitated by the requirements of the planners and data users.

The District Census Handbook of 1991 Census was of the same pattern of 1981 Census. Part-A of the DCH contained statistics of Village and Town Directory and Part-B included data on Village and Town wise Primary Census Abstract including Scheduled Castes/Schedule Tribes Primary Census Abstract. However, the DCH publication of 1991 Census exhibited the following novel ideas so far as the presentation of data of these publications were concerned.

i) Village Directory data and Primary Census Abstract were presented C.D Block wise having separate identity of constituent police stations within a block. The villages coming under different police stations but within the same C.D. Block were shown separately so as to facilitate comparison with that of previous publications.

ii) Both manual and computerized location codes of various villages were shown separately for 1981 and 1991 Censuses in alphabetical order for the convenience of the data users.

iii) In case of both the village and town directories, the objectives of the various columns and the connotation of various observations used therein were explained in the relevant sections.

iv) Nine fold industrial classification of main workers were presented instead of four fold industrial classification presented in the 1981 Census publications.

v) The sex-wise population under the age group 0-6 was included in Primary Census Abstract for the first time in order to enable the data users to compute more realistic literacy rate as all children below 7 years were treated asilliterate.

vi) Tahasil and Police Station maps in the publication showing the village and town boundariesalso depicted the C.D. Block boundary for the convenience of the readers and data users etc.

The Census of India, 2001 follows the same pattern of 1991 Census in publishing the D.C.H. volumes for each district. The DCHB publications are of 2 parts, i.e.; Part 'A' containing statistics on village and town directory and Part 'B' containing data on village and town-wise Primary Census Abstract including Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes Primary Census Abstract. Like 1991 Census, the village level information for both parts of District Census Handbook volumes have been presented C.D. Block-wise.

The Census of India, 2001 has introduced the eight digit permanent location code (PLC) for each and every village, which has run continuously for the entire state starting from the 1st village of the 1st police station of the 1st district of the state to the last village of last police station of the last district. The last two digits of the PLC are kept as 00 and reserved for future treatment, if any. In order to facilitate the comparability of data by the data users, the Permanent Location Codes of villages during Census of India-2001 and their corresponding location codes during 1991 Census have been shown alongwith village names under the C.D. Block-wise alphabetical list of villages.

(ii) Brief History of the District

In the ancient past the present district Ganjam was part of Khinjili Mandal of the Kangoda Kingdom. At another point of time this area also formed a part of ancient Kalinga which is confirmed not only by the famous Ain-i-Akhabari but also by the rock edicts of Ashoka, the Great inscribed on a hill-Khapingala at Jaugada on the bank of the river Rushikulya. In 261 B.C. emperor Ashoka conquered the whole of Kalinga fighting a fierce battle near Dhauligiri and as a consequence the present Ganjam area formed a part of his kingdom. In the middle of 4th century A.D. the areas were under the control of Gupta kings. It continued to be ruled by Bhoumkars in the 8th century A.D. and about the 10th century A.D. a new Bhanja dynasty came to power in Ghumusar the capital of

which was at Russelkunda (presently Bhanjanagar). Subsequently the areas of Ganjam district remained under the domains of later Gangas and Gajapati kings. However the Marathas extended their supremacy over these areas about the year 1740. In 1753 the Nizam of Hyderabad Salabat Jung gave away northern districts of his empire including Ganjam area to "French" as "Jagir". By virtue of a deed between Nizam of Hyderabad and East India Company on 12th Nov 1766, the British extended their virtual power over Ganjam including Chicacole Circar (Srikakulam division). In December of the same year Edward Cotsford was appointed as Resident of Ganjam on whom the administration was conferred. He was the first British administrator of Ganjam. The Ganjam collectorate was established in 1794. Of course the hilly areas of Ganjam and Visakhapatanam districts. were excluded from the jurisdiction of the civil court and placed under the control of the Political Agent of the Governor in 1839. However during the 2nd half of 19th century, the British rule was consolidated in Ganjam.

Till the end of March 1936, the district Ganjam was under Madras Presidency, but after the creation of new province of Orissa on 1st April' 1936, it was transferred to the new province. The Kandhamal sub-division of present Kandhamal district was amalgamated with Ganjam in the new Orissa province, which was part of Anugul district till then. After the merger of princely states on the 1st day of 1948, the Kandhamal was again detached from Ganjam district and formed a part of Baudh Kandhamal district.

Parlakhemundi Sub-Division was created in August 1956 with its headquarters in the town of Parlakhemundi and having 2 tahasils i.e. Parlakhemundi and R. Udayagiri under its jurisdiction.

From 1st October 1992, the erstwhile Ganjam district has been divided into two districts vide Govt. of Orissa Notification No.49142 dated 1.10.1992. Parlakhemundi Sub-Division as it existed before the bi-furcation has been constituted into a separate district in the name of Gajapati district and the remaining areas of the district continued as such in the name of Ganjam district.

(iii) Administrative Set up

Chhatrapur is the district headquarters of present Ganjam district. This is an NAC area and is situated on the side of NH-5 at a distance of 157 kms from the state capital Bhubaneswar. The Collector and the District Magistrate is in-charge of district administration. This district has been sub-divided into 3 sub-divisions namely Chhatrapur, Brahmapur and Ghumsur. Each Sub-Division is kept in-charge of a sub divisional officer known as Sub-Collector. Sub-Collector's function is similar to that of the Collector in their respective jurisdiction. For the purpose of revenue administration, the district has been divided into 14 Tahasils and each Tahasil is kept under a Tahasildar. The different tahasils in the district are Ghumsur, Buguda, Asika, Surada, Kodala, Khalikote, Purusottampur, Hinjilicut, Chhatrapur, Brahmapur, Kanisi, Digapahandi, Chikiti, Patrapur.

As regards the urban components there are 17 NACs, 1 Municipality and 1 Census town in the district of which Brahmapur Municipality with a population of 3,07,792 occupies the city status. The name of NACs in the district are Bhanjanagar, Bellaguntha, Buguda, Asika, Surada, Kabisurjyanagar, Polasara, Kodala, Rambha, Khalikote, Purusottampur, Hinjilicut, Chhatrapur, Ganjam, Gopalpur, Digapahandi and Chikiti. The Census town in the district is Makundapur. This district has 22 Police Stations to look after the law and order situation. The police stations in the district are Tarasingi, Buguda, Bhanjanagar, Gangapur, Suruda, Badagada, Asika, Purusottampur, Kabisurjyanagar, Kodala, Khalikote, Rambha, Chhatrapur, Gopalpur, Brahmapur Sadar, Golanthara, Nuagaon, Digapahandi, Jarada, Patapur, Hinjili and Ramagiri.

Region of the state where the district is located-

Ganjam is one of the southern districts of Orissa, which lies in between $19^0 0'$ North and $20^0 17'$ North latitudes and $84^0 9'$ East and $85^0 11'$ East longitudes. It is bounded on the north by Nayagarh and Phulabani districts, on the east by Bay of Bengal and Khurda district, on the south by the Srikakulam district of Andhra Pradesh and on the west by Gajapati district.

Ganjam is a part of the southern Orissa Highlands. According to Surveyor General of India, the area of the district is 8206.06 sq km. The district claims 5.27% total area of the state and ranks 5th position in area and first position in population of the state.

Jurisdictional changes - The number of sub-divisions, which in 1991 Census was 4, came down to 3 in 2001, one sub-division (i.e. Parlakhemundi) being transferred to newly created Gajapati district. Out of 14 tahasils of erstwhile Ganjam district, 2 tahasils, i.e. Parlakhemundi and R. Udayagiri were transferred from Ganjam district to form Gajapati district. However with the creation of 2 new tahasils i.e. Hinjilicut and Patrapur,the total number of tahasils in present Ganjam district remained in tact at 14.

The number of Police stations has been reduced from 27 to 22. Out of 27 police stations, 7 Police stations have been transferred to Gajapati district leaving 20 police stations under new Ganjam district. However, one of these i.e. Ramagiri police station remained as portion in both Ganjam and Gajapati district. Subsequently, two new police stations i.e. Khallikote and Kabisurjyanagar are created.

There is a change in C.D. Block numbers from 29 to 22 during the decade 1991-2001, as 7 number of C.D. Blocks were transferred to Gajapati district. In 1991 Census the number of towns were 20 comprising of 18 NACs and 2 Municipalities. The number of towns came down to 19 in 2001 Census with the transfer of 1 municipality and 1 NACs to Gajapati district and creation of one census town i.e. Makundapur in Ganjam district.

The newly formed Ganjam district has a total number of 3,212 villages according to 2001 Census.

(iv) Physical features:

Broadly, this district is divided into two divisions- (a) the coastal plains in the east and (b) the table land in the west. The plain area lies between Eastern Ghat and the Bay of Bengal. This area contains fertile lands. The east and north frontiers of coastal plains are covered with thick forests, mostly containing sal wood. Towards the centre and south it is hilly with beautiful well-watered and fertile valleys extending towards the sea. The south eastern portion is fertile and contains vast multi cropped areas, well served by major and minor irrigation projects. The extreme south-east is occupied by a portion of Chilika lake, the largest fresh/saline water lake of Asia, its immediate vicinity being good for fishery and salt manufacture.

The table land of the western part is a continuation of the Eastern Ghat's range and is formed by two plateaus featured by some of high mountains of Orissa. The Mohini or the Kerandi hills which rises to a height of 762 metres lie at a distance of 12 kms from Brahmapur. Some of the isolated hillocks like Valleri hill range (364m) and Tarini hill (225 m) have religious importance.

Since the hills of the district are close to the sea, the rivers flowing from the hills are not long and so they are subjected to unexpected and sudden floods.

Ganjam is a part of the southern Orissa high lands, which is subdivided into 4 micro regions on the basis of soil, geology, topography, climate and vegetation.

(a) North Ganjam Forested Hills

This region covers the entire northern and north-western part of the district. It is comprised of low hills with an average height of 500 metres above the mean sea level. Hills are covered with dense, mixed and open jungles. Innumerable rivers and tributaries have been originated to form the Rushikulya river system. Important rivers are the Rushikulya Nadi, the Loherakhandi Nadi, the Badanadi, the Baghuanadi. The Rushikulya forms the principal drainage.

(b) Rushikulya Basin

It is a plain region with some occasional out crops of harder rocks found scattered in the basin. The region has a gentle downward slope towards South-Southeast. The Rushikulya and the Badanadi serve the main drainage in the region. A few small reserve forests are found in the area. The average height of the basin is about 100 metres above the mean sea level. The highest point is 387 metres.

(c) Ganjam Coastal plain

It is a small coastal plain lying along the Bay of Bengal. This is a flat plain with a gentle slope towards south east. The highest point in the region is about 296 metres. Dense mixed jungles of casuarinas are found along the coastal areas. The Rushikulya is the only river for drainage of the region. Many areas of the region are marshy and subjected to flood during rainy season.

(d) West Ganjam forested hills

The region has an average height of more than 1100 metres. There are a few reserved forests. Most of the region is covered by open and mixed jungles mainly of Sal and Bamboo. Many rivers and rivulets originate in this region and flow down in all directions

Drainage :

Since the hills of the district are close to the sea, the rivers flowing from the hills are not very large and so they are subjected to sudden flood. The main rivers of the district are the Rushikulya, the Bahuda, the Dhanei and the Ghodahada.

(i) Rushikulya

This is the largest river in the district being 146 km long. It originates from Rushimal hills of Daringbadi area in Baliguda sub division of Phulabani district. It flows in south eastern direction to drain into the Bay of Bengal near Ganjam. The river is called as the lifeline of the district and passes through narrow strips of cultivable lands and then falls into the plains below south eastern railway line. The major tributaries are the Badanadi, the Baghua, the Dhanei the Jorou and the Ghodahada. Maximum flood water discharge of the river is 3,962 cusecs at the bridgesite near Ganjam town before 1990. But during November, 1990 the river Rushikulya experienced a heavy flood of 14,150 cusecs. This flood caused much damage to life and properties in 8 C.D Blocks. The river is not navigable except during rains.

(ii) Bahuda

The river Bahuda rises near Ramagiri village at an elevation of 600m at north latitude 15^0 3'and east longitude 84^0 20' and runs fast in north eastern and then in a south eastern direction for a total length of 73 km to fall into the Bay of Bengal.

(iii) Small streams between the Badanadi and the Rushikulya.

Out of six small streams between the Badanadi and the Rushikulya which drain into the Chilika lake, the 5th stream (counted from north) rises east of Sumandal village at an elevation of 100m at north latitude 19^0 42' and east longitude 85^0 6' and flows for a length of 10 km. The sixth stream rises west of Rambha at an elevation of 100 m at north latitude 19^0 32' and east longitude 85^0 3' for a short distance in a south easterly direction and drains into the Chilika lake.

(iv) Small streams between the Rushikulya and the Bahuda River.

A small stream rises south west of Brahmapur in the district at an elevation of 300 m at north latitude 19^0 15' and east longitude 84^0 40' and flows for a distance of 24 km in south easterly direction to fall into the Bay of Bengal.

Important Physical features formed by the rivers

(**a) Breakfast Island** – The breakfast island formed with a mass of rocks lies at a distance of about 5 km north of Rambha in the Chilika lake. A room and a conical pillar were built here during the regime of East India Company. The pillar was meant to have a light at the top.

(b) Barkud – Barkud is a small island inside the Chilika lake about 50 km from Rambha. It is a good picnic spot and the place abounds in deer and stags. The beauty of the Chilika is well perceived from here.

Tanks :

There are tanks in almost all the villages and towns of the district. These tanks are used for bathing and drinking purposes. Many of them are also utilized for pisciculture and irrigation.

Lake :

It is believed that, the Chilika lake is formed by an inrush of the sea. Probably the lake was a part of the Bay of Bengal and in course of time it was separated from the sea by formation of sand ridges. The lake belongs to Puri and Ganjam districts. It is about 72 km long (north to south). The northern half has a mean breadth of 32km while southern half tapers into irregularly carved point having 8 km breadth. The lake is shallow. The average depth is 1.8 metres. The water is brackish. The sea runs into it at Manikapatna in Puri district. This keeps the lake water distinctly salty during dry months from December to June. During rains, the rivers start pouring down on its northern side, the sea-water is driven out gradually and its water becomes fresh.

From remote past, the Chilika, the queen of natural beauty has caught the eyes of many poets, philosophers and naturalists. It is a great attraction

for the tourists for watching colourful flocks of birds of various groups visiting the lake from every direction of the world and for boating. It is a varitable tourist place of Orissa. The beauty of Chilika can be best enjoyed from Rambha town, where there are tourist Bungalows and Pantha Niwas of the State Govt. The nearest railway station is Rambha railway station on S.E. Railway. Frequent bus services are available from Brahmapur and Bhubaneswar as it is on the side of N.H.5.

Climate

The climate of the district is pleasant and is characterized by a moderate temperature all the year round. The cold season from December to February is very pleasant followed by the hot season from March to May. The period from June to September is the southwest monsoon season; October and November constitute the post monsoon transition period.

Temperature

There is one meteorological observatory located at Gopalpur since long. On the basis of records it is found that in the inland hilly tracts of the district, temperature is higher in the hot months and lower in winter by a few degrees. The period from March to June experiences increase in temperature and June being the hottest month records the mean daily maximum at 32.20C and mean daily minimum at 26.90C. At the end of September, when the south-west monsoon withdraws, temperature decreases progressively. December is the coldest month with mean daily minimum temperature at 16.6^0C and mean daily maximum at 27.5^0C. The highest maximum temperature recorded at Gopalpur was 44.90^0C on 4th August 1972 and the lowest minimum temperature was 9.6^0C on the 30th November 1970.

Winds

Winds are fairly strong particularly in the coastal region in the summer and monsoon months. In the rest of the year they are moderate. In the post monsoon and cold seasons winds blow from north or north-west direction in the mornings. But in the afternoon winds blow from north-east and south- east direction. The direction of wind changes in between east and south in January and between east and south- west in February. But in summer and monsoon months, winds blow from south or south- west direction.

In the pre-monsoon, monsoon and post monsoon months depressions and cyclonic storms originate in the Bay of Bengal and cross the east coast through the district causing heavy rains and high winds. Thunderstorms occur in the month of April, May and June. During monsoon period also the rain fall is associated with thunderstorms.

Rainfall

The average annual rainfall in the district figures at 1295.6mm. Generally the rainfall increases from the coast towards the interior hilly areas of the district. The south- west monsoon enters in 2nd week of June and retreats in early October. About 66% of annual rainfall is received during the south- west monsoon period. There is heavy rainfall during July-August.

During the 1st half of this century the highest annual rainfall amounting to 147% of the normal was occurred in the year 1919. The lowest annual rainfall was 68% of the normal in the year 1935. The annual rainfall for the year 1990 was 1875.30mm. In the year 1996 it was 1891.20mm, in 1997 it was 1215.20 mm and in 1998 it was 1374.30mm.

Suitability of Climate for the Fieldwork

The climate of the district is quite favourable for cultivation of paddy, ragi, mung, biri, til, groundnut, kulthi, sugarcane and chillies. People of the district take up double and multiple cropping in a more extensive scale than other district of the state. The agro-climatic condition of the district is most suitable and ideal for development of horticulture and crops. Mango is grown all over the district and cocoanut is grown in the coastal zone.

Forestry

Out of the total geographical area of 8070.6 sq km of the disttict, the total forest area is reported to be 2664.25 sq km. as on 1.4.1993 representing 4.65% of the state's forest area and 33% of the total geographical area. But the damage caused to forests by Govt. policy of giving land to landless and several other factors of deforestation have not been taken into account while calculating the actual forest cover that exists in the state. The district consists of both plains and hilly areas and according to the National

Forest Policy of 1952, 20% of the plain areas and 60% of the hilly areas should be earmarked under reserve forest in the interest of ecology and environment. The management of territorial forest has been put under 2 Divisional Forest Officers who are in charge of Ghumsur North and Ghumsur South division having jurisdiction over Bhanjanagar Territorial Sub division and Chhatrapur-Brahmapur Territorial sub division respectively. The entire area has been divided into 9 ranges i.e. 4 in Ghumsur North and 5 in Ghumsur South forest divisions.

Forests play a vital role in the economy and ecology of the district.Generally forests have an intrinsic right to land. But the administration and the society were not conscious about this concept for long. "Forest" as such was permitted on residual land not required for any other purpose. This led to large-scale deforestation. The damages caused by deforestation has been realised lately. This has led to change in the Government policy from mere protection, consolidation and conservation to development, which includes afforestation and plantation activities on a large scale. These activities are being done by the Government departments like forest, soil conservation, horticulture as well like state undertakings like Orissa Forest Corporation, Orissa Plantation Development Corporation etc. A special project with international assistance (Swedish International Development Authority –SIDA) has been operating since 1985.A Social Forestry Division was created in the district in 1962 and plantation was carried on from 1985 with the help of SIDA in reserved and unreserved forests.

Forests are intimately associated with the economy of the people. The forest based industries and forest exploitation work provide employment to a large number of people. The forests serve grazing ground for increasing cattle population and it meets the requirement of timber, bamboo, firewood etc. Besides, forests supply many fruits and roots for human consumption.

Timber, firewood and bamboo are the principal forest products. The minor forest products are sal seeds, cashewnut seeds, sialileaves, kochilaseeds, cane, sabaigrass, sal leaves, tamarind, mahua flower and seeds, karanja and kataka seeds, and other medicinal plants. Similarly chief categories of timber are sal, piasal, asan, gambhari, sisso and teak. A few cottage industries like cart making, basket making, bamboo mat making, date palm mat making etc. depend on forest for raw materials.

Previously the forest products i.e. timber, bamboo, firewood were collected by contractors on payment of small fees. But gradually exploitation has been checked with effect from October 1988 by enactment of Orissa Forest Product Act (Control of Trade). Sal seed trade and collection of Kendu leaf are being looked after by forest department and its marketing all over the state is organised by the Forest Corporation earning substantial revenue for the state exchequer.

Similarly according to "Wildlife Protection Act, 1972" the entire Chilika lake has been declared as "closed" area and "Nalabana" is known as a sanctuary. A large variety of birds are seen in Chilika coming from far distances. At Taptapani a deer park has been established. A good number of elephants are found in deep forests of Ghumsur south division. Tigers, panthers, and leopards are seen throughout the hilly parts of Ghumsur. Also there are two types of wild dogs (cuon alpinus) seen in the hills. These are Balia kukura, which hunt in pairs and the Khogo, which hunt in packs. The jackal (canis aureus) and the fox (vulpses bengalensis) are very often seen in the shrub jungle, not in the deep forest. Jungle cat and fishing cat are seen in the district. The black bear and wild bear are noticed in different forests of the district. Deer, Sambar are seen in thick forests. The black bucks are seen in the forest areas of Kodala, Aska and Buguda. Besides, there are other animals and birds in the district, which help in developing economic condition of the people.

Animal Husbandry

Animal Husbandry is looked after by a Chief District Veterinary Officer in the district. Cattle, buffaloes and goats play important role in the economy of the district. These animals are the source of draught power in agricultural operations and transportation, yielding milk and other products. Cattle are very useful in case of farming. Large quantities of animal by-products such as bones, hides, blood, guts etc. and valuable organic manure are provided by these animals. There is vast scope for improvement of

animal husbandry activities in the district. Steps have been taken by the Government in the Animal Husbandry Department to provide cows, buffaloes, sheep, goats, poultry, ducks under the anti poverty programme for the economic development of the poor people.

Various schemes are in operation in the district such as Key village scheme, Intensive cattle development project, Live stock breeding and dairy farm, heifer rearing scheme and calf rearing scheme, by which improved methods of breeding, disease control management and feeding are being looked after for the development of the cattle wealth of the district. There are milk producers' co-operative societies for dairy development activities. Similarly in order to meet the growing demand for eggs, poultry and broiler meat, there are poultry breeding farms and intensive poultry development project. There are different types of veterinary institutions where proper treatments are being given to animals, progeny born year wise. Similarly livestock, poultry population are being maintained by performing livestock census subdivision wise. The total live stock population in the district as per 1995 census was at 40.45 lakhs out of which cattles and buffaloes account for 11.81 lakhs. There are 37 veterinary hospitals/dispensaries and 245 Live stock aid centres functioning in the district.

During the year 1998-99 the capacity of chilling plants had been increased to 14,000 LPD of which 10,000 LPD capacity is available at Berhampur and 4000 LPD at Aska. The district has been covered under "Operation flood". The Greater Ganjam Gajapati Milk Union (GGGMU) is operating in the district for milk collection and distribution in massive scale. As per the Potential linked credit plan of NABARD 2001-2002 a volume of 28.48 (000'MT) of milk, 177.93 million number of eggs and 1170 (000' MT) of meat were produced in the district during the year 1998-99.

Minerals & Mining

Compared to some other districts, Ganjam is rather poor in a variety of mineral resources. Only one mine at Matikhala is being operated by Indian Rare Earths Ltd. to exploit sand deposits containing monazite, zircon, rutile, ilmenite. Black granite stones are available in plenty all over the district, which has scope for a number of stone crushing and stone polishing units. Other minerals available in the district are:

Name of the mineral	Tahasil	Area where available
China clay	Kodala	Balaigam, Santarapalli
Fire clay	Kodala	Jolinda, Chikalakhandi
Graphite	Bhanjanagar	Jaganathpur, Buduli
Lime stone	Bhanjanagar	Radhagovindapur, Binchna, Sindurapalli.
Lime kankar	Khallikote	Madhuduan
Manganese	Kodala Purosottampur	Zokalandi, Panoipada, Santarapalli
Granite	Kanisi, Brahmapur, Digapahandi, Chikiti	Pali, Dakhinapur, Bhagabanpur, Bhimapur, Badadumula, Tutipur, Bhajipadar.
Soap stone	Buguda	Golia, Satrusola
Quartz	Aska	Kabisuryanagar
Rock crystals	Patrapur	Turubudi (Jarada P.S)

Building materials

All rock types building materials are available in this district. Khondalites are used for building purposes whereas quartzite and charnockites are used for construction of bridge, road and railway.

At present mining leases are granted as per the provisions of the Mines and Minerals Act, 1957 and the Mineral Concession Rules, 1960. Since 21st March 1979 an area of 2994.66 hectares has been given on mining lease to the Indian Rare Earths Ltd, Chhatrapur named as Orissa Sand Complex which produces ilmenite, rutile, zircon sillimanite, monazite, synthetic rutile etc. Similarly several industries have been set up using different minerals available in the district promoting economy of the people.

Soils

The district has 4 types of soils, i.e.i) saline soil along coast side (ii) alluvial soil in the eastern part, (iii) red-laterite soil in the west and (iv) black-cotton soil at the centre. Major portion of the areas of the district are hilly and undulating. Saline soil is found in sea coast around Chilika and in the eastern part of Huma, Ganjam and Chhatrapur. Locally it is known as "Luni mati". Crops are cultivated during rainy season, but remains dry in summer. Alluvial soil is found behind the saline strip i.e. in Rushikulya basin. It is suitable for cultivation of rice, wheat, sugarcane, pulses, potato, vegetable and horticulture crops such as mango, cocoanut, cashewnut etc. Red laterite soils are found in western part of Brahmapur extending to Digapahandi, Taptapani and are under forest crops. Black cotton soil, locally known as "Kalimati" consists of clay mixed with lime concretions. The only black clay with alkaline reaction are found in Digapahandi and Asika region and is suitable for production of sugarcane, pulses and paddy.

In the district soil is used in making tiles, bricks by different industrial units located at Asika, Baragam. The glass and ceramic industries manufacture lime, bricks with the help of different soils. The beach sand available along the coast of Bay of Bengal is being used by the Indian Rare Earths Ltd., Chatrapur to produce ilmenite, rutile, zircon, monazite etc.

Geology

(i) Geological Antiquity

The rock formations found in the district include khondalite, basic pyroxene granulite, amphibolite, porphyroblastic and non-porphyroblastic granite gneiss, garnetiferrous granite and gneisses, granodiorite, leptinyte, pegmatite and quartz veins. Of all these rocks, khondalite type of rocks are the oldest from the available field relations. Pyroxene granulite and its metavariants and hypersthene granite constitue the charnockite group, which are considered to be younger in age than the khondalite group of rocks.

(ii) Geological formation

From the available information the following stratigraphic sequence has been arrived at.:

Recent to sub-recent –	Coastal sands, Alluvium and soil.	
Pleistocene to recent – laterite		Intrusives pegmatites and quartz veins Garnetiferous granite gneiss Lepty nites
Archeans	Charnockite group	Hypersthene granite and gneisses Basic Pyroxene granulite Amphibolite
	Khondalite group	Quartz-garnet-sillimanite gneisses and schists Quartz garnet rocks, Garnetiferous quartzites, Calc-silicate rocks.

Region-wise formation in the district

i) North Ganjam Forested Hills – Unclassfied Gneisses including Singhbhum granite, sporadic outcrop of khondalite and charnockite groups (Archaean) and Alluvium (Recent)

ii) Rushikulya Basin – Sporadic outcrops of khondalite groups and unclassified gneisses including Singhbhum granite (Archaean) and Recent Alluvium.

iii) Ganjam Coastal Plain – Unclassified gneisses including Singhbhum granite, khondalite (Archaean) and Alluvium (Recent)

iv) West Ganjam forested Hills – Unclassified gneisses including Singhbhum granite, khondalite and charnockite groups (Archaean).

As per the data obtained from NABARD, Bhubaneswar (Potential Linked Credit Plan – 2001-2002) the total geographical area of 8.70 lakh hectares can be categorised into 3 types i.e.(i) net sown area – 4.91 lakh hectares. (ii) fallow land – 1.00 lakh

hectares and (iii) land not available for cultivation – 2.79 lakh hectares.

Cropping Pattern

The principal crops of the district are paddy, ragi, mung, biri, til, groundnut, sugarcane and chillies. The important fruit crops are cocoanut, cashewnut, mango and banana. People of the district have taken up double and multiple cropping extensively than those of the other districts of the state.

Paddy – Paddy is the staple crop of the district. It occupies a greater portion of cultivable land area in the district. Usually paddy is sown by way of broadcasting on rainfed high lands and transplanted on irrigated and rainfed medium and low lands. Three varieties i.e. autumn, winter and summer paddy are grown in the district. The autumn paddy is sown in May and harvested in October. The winter paddy, grown in low lands, is sown in May and June and is harvested in November-December. In summer, Dalua variety is cultivated. Its yield is about 50% more than the winter rice due to low incident of pest diseases. The popular summer paddy varieties are Bala, Annapurna, Kaberi, Pusa 2-21, Ratna, Jaya, I.R-8 and Kumar.

Ragi- Ragi is the most important cereal crop. It is grown both in Kharif and Rabi season. Improved varieties of ragi are AKP-2 and Dibyasingha. The latter variety has been released by the Orissa University of Agriculture and Technology, Bhubaneswar.

Pulses – Green gram (Mung),black gram (Biri), Kulthi are the main pulses grown in the district. Both these are grown in Kharif and Rabi seasons. Kulthi is grown only in Rabi season.

Oil seeds – Groundnut and til are the major oilseeds cultivated in the district. Other minor oil seeds grown in the district are mustard, niger, castor, sunflower and safflower

Sugarcane – It is the most profitable crop in the district. It is grown in and around Asika and Polasara abundantly. This crop is grown in loamy soil, generally on lands close to a village or within reach of canal irrigation. The field has to be ploughed some twenty times and richly manured before the cuttings are planted. Constant irrigation is necessary to keep the land moist. Land is weeded and loosened in May or June. The stems are then wrapped in sugarcane leaves and tied up. After another weeding in August the leaves are bound together and the plants are tied together tightly to give required strength. Finally between December and February the canes are cut and sent to different places of the district for making sugar and molasses.

Horticulture, floricultures and fruits

There are 3 horticultural divisions in the district located at Brahmapur, Chhatrapur and Bhanjanagar. The agro-climatic condition of the district is most suitable and ideal for development of horticultural crops. During 1987-88 about 2.00 lakh citrus plants had been planted at Bhanjanagar, Brahmapur and Chhatrapur. Besides mango is grown all over the district and cocoanut is grown in the coastal zone of the district. Different types of vegetables grown in Kharif and Rabi seasons in the district are potato, brinjal, pumpkin, onion, garlic, cauliflower, chillies etc.

Other products (condiments & spices)

Chilli, coriander, garlic, ginger, onion and turmeric are mainly grown in the district. Besides all these, tabacco is also produced in the district.

Land and land use pattern

The land use pattern given in the Village Directory conforms to the pattern of classification of land use as recommended by the Ministry of Agriculture, Govt. of India.

These are 1. Forest

2. Area not available for cultivation.

   (a) Land put to non-agricultural uses

   (b) Barren and un-cultivable lands.

3. Other un-cultivated lands excluding fallow lands.

   (a)Permanent pastures and other grazing lands

   (b)Lands under miscellaneous tree crops and groves not included in the net area sown.

   (c)Culturable wastes.

4. Fallow lands

   (a)Fallow lands other than current follows

   (b)Current fallows

5. Net area sown.

The district is broadly divided into two divisions, i.e. the coastal plain areas in the east and the hills and table land in the west. The plain lies between eastern ghat and the Bay of Bengal. Since the hills are close to the sea, the rivers flowing from the hills are not very long and are subjected to sudden floods. The coastal plains in the east contains more fertile and irrigated lands. It is hilly towards the centre. The south-eastern region is very fertile. The north-eastern region encompasses a portion of Chilika lake- the area not suitable for cultivation.

Paddy, the staple crop grows in summer, autumn and winter covering Kharif and Rabi seasons. Ragi, the important cereal crop is grown both in Kharif and Rabi. Pulses i.e Mung, Biri, Kulthi are grown both in Kharif and Rabi. Besides these, oil seeds like groundnut, til are cultivated. Sugarcane, the most profitable crop, is grown abundantly in the district.

Different type of vegetables grown both in Kharif and Rabi seasons are Potato, brinjal, pumpkin, onion, garlic and cabbages. Among the condiments and spices are chilli, coriander, garlic, ginger, onion and turmeric. Fruits cover citrus variety, mango, banana, cocoanut etc.

Since agriculture is the main occupation of the people, attention has been given for the introduction of scientific agricultural practices for higher production. Improved seeds, fertilisers, pesticides are made available to cultivators through different farms situated at Dhanei, Bhanjanagar, Jagannath Prasad, Babanpur and Golanthara. The use of tractor, power-tiller and pump is increasing. Other plant protection implements like sprayers, dusters are being used. The use of improved agricultural implements is gaining popularity among farmers.

Irrigation

Water requirements except four rainy months from June to September are met from ground or surface water resources for the development of agriculture. The chief sources of irrigation are the wells, tube-wells and canals in the district. The geographical area of the district as reported is 8.70 lakh hectares. The cultivated area of this district is 4.91 lakh hectares. In the year 1998-99 the total area irrigated by different means was 222,987 hectares both in Kharif and Rabi seasons.

Under major irrigation project comes the Rushikulya canal system, consisting of 2 reservoirs at Bhanjanagar (Russel konda) and Sorada. There are anicuts in different tributaries and leading channels to interlink each other for irrigation.

Under medium irrigation projects irrigation facilities are provided by Jayamangal, Salia, Bahuda, Dhanei, Baghalati, Hiradharbati, Baghua, Ghodahada, Ramanadi, Daha and Harabhangi irrigation projects. Besides, the state govt. have taken up new project plan to provide irrigation benefits to more areas of the district.

Lift Irrigation Project

The major portion of the district covering hilly areas comes under hard rock terrain. Rest of the area i.e. coastal plain and the narrow strip of alluvial soil is suitable for open wells, shallow and filter point tube wells. The Orissa Lift Irrigation Corporation is in charge of installation of public tube wells and river lift projects. According to report by the end of March'1994, 1104 number of Govt. L.I. points and 6859 number of private lift irrigation points have been energized in different parts of the district.

Minor Irrigation Projects

This type of irrigation projects is planned by constructing small diversion weirs and reservoirs. Both in Kharif and Rabi seasons people utilise water wealth by way of flow irrigation.

Fishery

Ganjam is potentially rich in inland and brackish water fisheries. It has a coastline of 60 km with 26 fishing villages and 14 fish landing centres. In the inland sector there are sweet water tanks belonging to private and Government suitable for scientific pisciculture. Available inland water resources are 27,749.49 hectares of which area developed under pisciculture is 6001.20 hectares. Besides there are

minor irrigation area, rivers, canals, swamps and brackish water tanks which contributes in supplying fish. The fisheries department controls the production of fish in both marine and inland sector. The annual landing is about 24,993 metric tones during 1998-99. By using traditional craft and mechanised boat supplied by fisheries department to marine fishermen, a good quantity of marine fish are being landed every year. Under marine fisheries, about 3,222 varieties of boats are operating in the district. For the development of socio-economic condition of the marine fishermen, different welfare schemes of Government of India and State Govt. are being formulated.

For upliftment of inland fisheries a Fish Farmers' Development Agency has been established in the district with the aim (i) to cover available water area under modern pisciculture practice, (ii) to provide finance to fish farmers, (iii) to prepare plan and estimate for renovation and excavation of tanks and its supervisions, (iv) to supply technical know- how to the fish farmers in each block and (v) to train the fish farmers and entrepreneurs on induced breeding of fish.

There is a Government fish seed hatchery at Bhanjanagar, which produces 16 million fry approximately. The departmental farms produce around 8 million fry against a projected level of demand of 32 millions. The private seed producers are also operating in Kabisurjyanagar, Rangeilunda, Seragad and Surada blocks.

Brackish Water Fisheries Development Agency (BWFDA) is functioning in the district. Chilika lagoon is a rich source for collection and supply of brackish water prawn/fish.

As per statistical data available, – 15,971 MT of Fresh water fish, 2,049 MT of Brackish water fish and 6,973 MT of Marine fish were produced in the district during the year 1998-99.

Marine Resources

The Marine Products Export Development Authority has established a prawn hatchery at Gopalpur which is in a position to supply 80 million larva per year. The coastline serves, as a rich resource of limeshells by which the district meets a sizeable portion of total lime needs of the state. Ganjam, Humma area and area near the mouth of river Bahuda and Rushikulya are rich sources of salt production. A major industry, Jayashree Chemicals has been set up at Ganjam utilizing salt as its raw material. On an average about 50,000 to 60,000 tones of salt are produced annually in the district.

Industry

Ganjam is the third industrial district of the state. The district was famous in ancient times for varieties of industries. Gradually the artistic skill and talent of the people developed to set-up various types of artisan based industries which includes cottage industries like weaving, carpentry, pottery, leather, salt manufacture, brass and bell-metal products, Bidi making etc. and handicrafts like grass and fabric products, stone carving terracotta, carpet weaving etc. Handloom weaving of the Bomkai and Berhampuri Pata sarees are famous for their attractive designs in and outside the district as well as in the domestic and international market. Similarly among the handicrafts,. Brass and bell metal industry has a very wide fame in the district as well as throughout the country. The artisans of above crafts are being assisted individually and through co-operative societies.

Besides these artisan-based industries, there are both large and medium scale industries set up in the district. Those are:

1. M/s. Asika Co-operataive Sugar Industries Ltd, Asika – 1954
2. M/s. Jayashree Chemicals Ltd, Chhatrapur – 1962
3. M/s. Indian Rare Earths Ltd, Chatrapur – 1986
4. Asika Spinning Mill, Kotinda, Asika – 1987
5. Virat Crane Agro Tech. (P) Ltd –1997

Three industrial estates at Brahmapur, Chhatrapur and Bhanjanagar have been set up to promote industries. According to Statistical report given by the District Industries Centre, Ganjam, as on 31.3.1999 a total no. of 5,521 small scale industrial units have been established in the district both in rural and urban area. These units are under different categories i.e. food and allied, chemical and allied, engineering and metal based, forest and wood based, glass and

ceramics, paper and paper products, rubber and plastic, textile, miscellanceous manufacture and repairing and services. One quality testing laboratory for quality control had been established at Brahmapur to help the S.S.I. units. Orissa Small Industries Corporation, Cuttack, has a branch of raw material sales department at Brahmapur Industrial Estate for supply of raw materials to S.S.I. units. Thus Ganjam district is gradually progressing on the path of economic progress.

Trade & Commerce

From the ancient times merchants of this district conducted their trade in spices, silk, stones etc. with outside countries like Burma, Thailand, Malaysia, China and Japan. In 19th century salt was manufactured in large quantities and supplied to different districts of the state as well as outside the state There were also other consumer items such as rice, cashewnut, turmeric, coir ropes etc. which were exported to Madras, Calcutta and Rangoon. In 20th century the trade relationship developed with the neighbouring districts of Puri, Phulabani and Koraput, Mainly agro-based, forest-based and marine- based commodities form the basis of trade and commerce in the district. Also the district is carrying its trade with the neighbouring districts of AndhraPradesh. The imported commodities of the district include wheat, fertilizers, grocery, iron and steel goods, agricultural implements, drugs, textile products, modern engineering products, cement, kerosine, petrol and readymade garments. Manganese and other products of Indian Rare Earths Ltd. are exported through Gopalpur port.

Chhatrapur is the headquarters of the district. Brahmapur Municipality is the wholesale business centre of the district. Traders and businessmen from all parts of the district and outside the district come to this town for their business transactions. Similarly many other places such as Bhanjanagar, Khallikote, Asika, Bellaguntha, Sorada, Rambha, Huma etc. are main business centres for different commodities. In rural areas the local trade is carried on at various markets known as Hats throughout the district. Besides these markets there are more than 10,000 shops in rural and urban areas dealing with daily requirements of the people. The state-trading scheme of the Food and Civil Supplies Department of govt. of Orissa allots quota of essential commodities i.e. Rice, Wheat, Sugar and Kerosene and imported edible oil under public distribution system to different blocks and towns of the district.

Transport

In the past Ganjam was linked suitably with the north, south, west and east by trade, pilgrimage and military routes. The district at present is well connected by roads. Most of the villages and towns are connected with motorable roads, thereby facilitating public and private bus services available to the people in the district. Roads of different categories like National Highways, State Highways, major district roads, other district roads and classified village roads, serve the district. From the sources of Economic Survey Report of Government of Orissa 2001-2002, the length of different categories of roads in Ganjam district as existed in March 2001 (Provisional) is: National Highway (205 km), State Highway (670 km), Major District Roads (158), Other District Road (487 km) , Classified Village Road (200 km), Village Roads (2119 km), Panchayat Samiti Roads (761 km), Gram Panchayat Roads (6717 km), Forest Roads (480 km) and Municipal Roads (1300 km).

Rail Transport

The South Eastern Railways has contributed a lot to the economic development of the district. The industrial and agricultural developments have been possible by the railway transport carrying raw materials and finished product to and fro of the district. The total length of railway line in the district is 79 km (Howrah-Madras line) starting from Khallikote in the north to Surla Road in south.

Waterways & ferries

Since long, ferry services are in existence for transport of passengers and goods. Boats, steamers are used in the rivers and in the Chilika lake. None of the rivers in the district are navigable. Only in rainy season the river Rushikulya becomes navigable as far as Asika.

Port

Gopalpur is the only minor and seasonal port of the district. It is utilized for the import of fertiliser, food grains, minerals and export of I.R.E. products.

Electricity & Power

The State Electricity Board, Bhubaneswar controls the electricity organisation in the district. It has adopted different types of schemes for generation, transmission and distribution of electricity to different classes of consumers i.e. domestic, commercial, railway, industrial, agricultural, public health units and lift irrigation points. Ganjam district comes under the jurisdiction of Superintending Engineer, Electrical Circle, Brahmapur. There are 4 electrical divisions i.e. Brahmapur Electrical Division (BED), Ganjam North Electrical Division (GNED), Brahmapur (C) Division, Brahmapur and Bhanjanagar Electrical Division (BNED), Bhanjanagar.

Normally power supply is available from Machhkund and Balimela hydro-electric stations. In case of emergency Talcher Thermal Power Station supplies power to the district. Power supply is maintained on 33 KV and 11 KV transmission lines through different Grid sub stations situated at Brahmapur, Chhatrapur, Asika and Bhanjanagar.

All the urban areas of the district coming under Municipalities and NACs are electrified. As per statistical reports of Directorate of Economics & Statistics, Orissa a total number of 2,366 villages i.e 86% of the total villages in the district have been electrified by the end of the year 1998-99.

Data on consumption pattern of electricity in Ganjam district during 1998-99 as available in District Statistical Handbook of Govt. of Orissa reveals that out of the total consumption of 924,791 million units in the district about 51.49% is used for domestic purposes while 7.64%, 15.51% and 5.05 % of total electricity consumption are used for commercial, all types of industries and irrigation purposes respectively.

Panchayatiraj System

The three tier Panchayati Raj System was introduced in the state with the enforcement of the Orissa Panchayat Samiti and Zilla Parishad Act, 1959, w.e.f. 26th January, 1961 which was further strengthened with the implementation of Orissa Zilla Parishad Act, 1991 w.e.f. 1st November, 1993. The major objective of the Panchayati Raj System is to entrust the people with the management of local affairs and develop their capacity for self-governance. In the three tier system of Panchayati Raj, the Panchayat Samiti functions as the inter-mediary between Zilla Parishad at district level and the Gram Panchayat at village level and each of them functions within its own jurisdiction for the development of rural areas of the district for a normal tenure of five years.

Zilla Parishad, the apex body in the district is constituted of the following members. Each Panchayat Samiti in the district elects two members to the Zilla Parishad. Elected Members of Legislative Assembly and Members of Parliament from the district become the members of the Zilla Parishad. Chairmen of all Panchayat Samities of the district, Chairmen of the Municipalities/ NACs and Co-operative banks of the district, the district officers of Health, Education, Public Health, Agriculture, Forest, Works and Co-operative development become the ex-officio members of Zilla Parishad. There is reservation of seats for SC and ST members on the basis of proportion of their population while 1/3rd of the seat is reserved for women members including SC and ST women. The members of the Zilla Parishad elect one amongst them as President and another as Vice President. The Collector of the district acts as the Chief Executive Officer. The Zilla Parishad, besides formulating policies for the key areas of rural development in the district, monitors and evaluates the various developmental programmes of the government which are implemented by the Panchayat Samities in their respective areas of the district.

The Panchayat Samities, which act as the inter-mediary between Zilla Parishad and Gram Panchayats were established throughout the state in accordance with the provisions of the Orissa Panchayat Samiti Act, 1959 and its jurisdiction is coterminus with the area of the Community Development Block. The Block Development Officer is the Executive head of the Samiti. Other Block level officers are the official members. Sarpanchs of all Gram Panchayats within the C.D. Block become non-official members of the Panchayat Samiti. The elected members of the Panchayat Samiti elect one amongst them as the Chairman and another as Vice Chairman, of whom one must be a woman. Panchayat Samities are not only responsible for the planning, execution and supervision of all types of governmental development programmes in their areas but also look after the

spread of primary education, management of trust and endowments etc. and all other developmental matters in their respective localities.

The Gram Panchayat at the primary level is constituted of a group of villages which are divided into wards. The voters of each ward directly elect Ward members. The Sarpanch of the Panchayat is elected by the voters of all the wards under the Gram Panchayat and one Naib Sarpanch is elected from amongst the ward members to look after the work of the Panchayat.

This primary unit of democratic de-centralisation is the main agency to mobilize the rural man-power. Functions of the Gram Panchayat include sanitation, supply of drinking water, maintenance of ferry ghats and wells, construction and maintenance of Panchayat roads, cattle pounds, providing streetlight and implementing different agricultural schemes in the villages under its jurisdiction.

The names of the Panchayat Samities, number of Gram Panchayats and number of villages under each Panchayat Samiti in the district are given below:

Sl. No.	Name of the Panchayat Samiti	No. of Gram Panchayats under Panchayat Samiti	No. of villages under the Panchayat Samiti
1	2	3	4
1	Bhanjanagar	20	144
2	Jagannathprasad	24	149
3	Buguda	16	99
4	Bellaguntha	18	91
5	Surada	18	282
6	Dharakote	16	201
7	Asika	26	109
8	Kavisurjyanagar	19	74
9	Polasara	25	138
10	Beguniapada	22	182
11	Khalikote	25	226
12	Ganjam	13	115
13	Purusottampur	24	97
14	Hinjilicut	20	52
15	Seragad	20	108
16	Sanakhemundi	19	159
17	Digapahandi	23	232
18	Patrapur	23	355
19	Chikiti	16	137
20	Kukudakhandi	20	99
21	Rangeilunda	21	83
22	Chhatrapur	16	80
	Total – 22	**444**	**3,212**

(v) Brief description of places of religious, historical or archaeological importance of villages and places of tourist interest in the towns of the district.

The district Ganjam is most beautifully situated. The scenic beauties with dense forests,surging rivers, expansive valleys, the picturesque inland lake Chilika, the hot spring Taptapani, Gopalpur-on-sea are some of the contributions of the nature to this land.

Chilika Lake

The lake belongs to Puri and Ganjam districts. The northern boundary of Ganjam district was fixed at the Chilika lake in Khallikote zamindari spreading over an area of 1,100 sq kms. The unparallel scenic beauty of the Chilika has caught the eyes of many poets, philosophers and naturalists from remote past. In the winter season the lake becomes an abode of birds of different species coming from every corner of the globe, even from the distant Siberia. The fabulous beauty of the Chilika has inspired poets to sing its glory and has found its rightful place in the literature of Orissa. The lake is a major source of attraction for tourists visiting Orissa. The blue water bound in the south and the hill ranges and rocky islands rising from under the water in the west is exceedingly picturesque. The beauty of the Chilika can be best enjoyed from a small town Rambha where a number of tourist resorts and Pantha Niwas of the state Government are there looking after the lake.

Gopalpur-on-sea

Gopalpur is situated at a distance of 16 km from Brahmapur town. It was a busy port for the steamers of British India Steam Navigation Company and was the major port in the district for maritime trade and navigation. Now another port is being constructed at this place mainly for the purpose of waterways

transportation of goods. This is well connected by road to Brahmapur and frequent public bus services are available. The nearest railway station is at Brahmapur on the S.E. Railway.

Gopalpur as a sea site resort has attracted tourists from inside and outside the country in large numbers. The quiet and charming beach, clusters of cocoanut and palm trees, lovely sand dunes overgrown with casuarina plantations and the sea breeze makes it a pleasant place of holidaying for the tourists. Another special attraction of Gopalpur is its backwater in the form of creeks and sleepy lagoons covered with canopies of lush green foliage.

Barakuda

Barakuda is a small island in the Chilika lake and is in the Rambha police station and comes under the Khallikote Tahasil of the district. The island covers an area of 21.85 hectares of land and is at a distance of 5 km from Keshapur railway station through lake. The place can only be approached by country boats. The island is inhabited and frequently visited by picnic teams and tourists in large numbers throughout the year. There is an old palace of the ex-ruler of Khallikote. The beauty of the Chilika lake is well enjoyed from this place.

Mantridih Bhairabi Temple

Mantridih is a small village situated 15 km south east of Brahmapur town and almost on the border of the two adjacent states of Andhra Pradesh and Orissa. The village is known as temple of Goddess Siddha Bhairavi. The deity car be seen around 4 feet below the ground level over which the shrine has been built. The deity is an image of Ajaikapada Vhairva carved in crude fashion in the living rock. The outer wall of the shrine contains figures of Dasamahavidya and an eight armed Mahisamardini Durga image is worshipped. The goddess Bhairavi is highly revered by the people of the locality and every day a large number of devotees gather here to worship the goddess. Besides on the Dasahara and on the last Tuesday of the month of Chaitra the goddess is worshipped with large festivity and the festival continues for 11 days.

Budhakhol

Situated at a distance of 3 km towards the north of Buguda, it is a scenic spot visited by tourists and picnic teams. There is a cluster of five temples on the top of the hill, dedicated to lord Siva, known as Panchu Mahadev. There is a perennial stream forming a waterfall at the uppermost part of the hill. In ancient days it was a Buddhist settlement as evident from a number of Buddhist remains. There are numerous caves called “Siddha Gumpha” where Buddhist monks were said to have performed meditation. On Sivaratri and Kartikapurnima, large number of people gather here to offter puja at the temple.

Jaugada

Jaugada is situated on the bank of the river Rushikulya at a distance of 3 km from village Pandia and 10 km from Purusottampur. Brahmapur is the nearest railway station at a distance of 40 km from this place. Jaugada is famous for rock edicts of Ashoka. Jaugada or Jatu durga (Lac Fort) was known to be associated with the Mahabharat episode. From the present ruins of the ancient fort it is believed that the fort has been built by Duryodhana of the Mahabharat epic. Inside the fort area, there are five stone images worshipped in Gupteswar Temple in the belief that the images represent the five Pandava brothers.

Jaugada signifies the symbol of historical heritage connected with the Rushikulya valley civilization. It provides a sorrowful picture of a sudden and sad end of a civilisation. Countless small fragments of pottery and burnt earthen pots spread in the area indicate the possible occurrence of some magic event in the past.

Jaugada forming a part of Malati hill ranges occupies an important place in historical events relating Ashokan period. One could find the rock edict of Ashoka in Pali language in which the principles and pattern of administration of the great emperor are embedded. There are regular bus services from Brahmapur to Purusottampur and from Purusottampur, Jaugada can be accessed only by jeep.

Nirmaljhar

Nirmaljhar is a perennial stream flowing very close to Khallikote town situated besides N.H No.5. The stream feeds pure and clean water to the ponds. There is a Narayan (Vishnu) temple in the shrine, built some 550 years ago. Also there are Siva temple, Bimala temple, Jagannath temple and Radhakrishna temple inside the shrine premises. The presence of temples and natural scenery attracts the devotees to worship and visitors for sight seeing.

Krishnagiri

Since earlier times the Krishnagiri hill is an important religious centre attracting devotees in large number. Important temples of Jahadeswara, Kukuteswara, Mallikeswara and Ramachandi are found at the hill foot. The temples and Sivalingas indicate Saivite culture in ancient times. Three perennial springs namely Ganga, Jamuna and Saraswati are flowing from the high levels of the hill. The inscription on the door jamb of Kukuteswara temple clearly indicates the reign of Chodagangadeva during the Saka year 1604 corresponding to A.D.1142.

Narayani

The Narayani temple is situated on the top of the Vallery hill in which goddess Narayani is worshipped as ten-armed Mahisamardini Durga. There is a perennial spring gushing from the mountain and supplying clear water to the picnic goers. Ashokastami in March-April is the main festival when thousands of pilgrims gather here to celebrate the occasion. Narayani is situated by the side of N.H.5 between Rambha and Chilika, about 6 kms from Keshapur.

Purusottampur

It is a town connected by pucca road and have frequent bus services from Brahmapur and Chhatrapur. It is at a distance of 40 km from Chhatrapur. The town is named after the famous Gajapati king Purosottamdeva as a commemoration of his victorious campaign against the Kanchi Raja. The adjacent village Jaugada and the area around it are replete with archaeological monuments of the mediaeval period. The nearby temples of Gupteswara, Tumbeswara, Uttareswara, Kaleswara, Nilakantheswara are famous for historical as well as great Orissan temple architecture.

Taptapani

It is famous for its perennial sulphur spring. It's literary meaning in Oriya is hot water. It is situated beside the Brahmapur – Mohana State Highway at a distance of 50 kms south of Brahmapur. The sulphurous hot water of the spring is channelised into a pond where people take their bath and is said to cure skin diseases. There is a Siva temple, which gives the place its religious sanctity. Tourists, devotees gather in large numbers throughout the year to visit this spot.

Taratarini

The shrine of twin goddesses Tara and Tarini is situated on the top of a hillock 708 feet high on the south of the river Rushikulya at a distance of 12 km from Purusottampur and 25 km from Chhatrapur by road. There is also a zig zag motorable road to reach the top. The view of surrounding landscape from the top is very much enchanting and attracting a large number of visitors every year. The Tara-Tarini pitha is considered as a saktipitha of the tantric cult. Basing upon the legends and beliefs in some puranic epics, the place has gathered mythological importance. Pilgrims visit the place throughout the year. Specially a number of devotees gather on every Tuesday in the month of Chaitra (March-April) to witness the "melas".

(vi) Major characteristics of the district, contribution of the district in the form of any historical figure associated with it

Development of Oriya literature took place during Surya Vansa Rules (15th to 16th century). In 1568, after the establishment of Muslim power in Orissa, Puri, a great centre of culture was time and again attacked and devastated by the rulers. To keep the tradition and culture alive, many renowned families were migrated to Ganjam and other places to get their shelter under semi independent Hindu chiefs. So from 16th century onwards many scholars of Ganjam district contributed immensely to Sanskrit and Oriya literatures. The contribution made by the Bhanja kings of Ghumsur (Presently Bhanjanagar) to the Oriya literature is remarkable. Among the mediaeval

poets, Upendra Bhanja has been offered the highest place in Oriya literature being called the "Kavi Samrat". He wrote 67 Kabyas basing on every aspect of life, feelings on nature and animal kingdom and had been awarded "Samrat among all poets". He was the founder of Odissi music and made a change in Odissi music adding different Ragas and Chhandas as he tried to integrate music with literature.

Similarly in the field of music and lyrics, another poet Kabisurya Baldev Rath proved his eminence. He was famous for his musical verses, Kabyas and Jananas. He had a great reputation in integrating music with literature and thought.

Communal life of an area is always associated with its culture. The district Ganjam is well known for its rich culture, which includes music, folk dance, arts and crafts. Folk dances were patronized by the rulers as well as every sections of society for centuries. Since ancient times " Daskathia" among the folk dances is very popular in and outside the state. Generally, it is acted upon by two partners, the Guru or Gayak and the palia or disciple. The topics include the plots extracted from the Mahabharat, the Ramayan and other puranas by the Daskathia team. The team sings the verses of important events of epics and enacts them with music and humorous stories citing examples from the work of mediaeval poets like Upendra Bhanja and Kabisurya Baldev Rath.

The valuable contribution of Late Baidyanath Gayakratna and Bhimsen Satpathy in popularising Daskathia is remarkable.

(vii) Census Concepts :

Building :

A 'Building' is generally a single structure on the ground. Sometimes it is made up of more than component unit which are used or likely to be used as dwellings(residences) or establishments such as shops, business houses, offices, factories, workshops, worksheds, Schools, places of entertainment, places of worship, godowns, stores etc. It is also possible that building which have component units may be used for a combination of purposes such as shop-cum-residence,workshop-cum-residence,office-cum-residence,etc.

Usually a structure will have four walls and a roof. But in some areas the very nature of construction of houses is such that there may not be any wall. Such is the case of conical structures where entrance is also provided but they may not have any walls. Therefore, such of the conical structures are also treated as separate buildings.

Permanent houses :

Houses, the walls and roof of which are made of permanent materials. The material of walls can be any one from the following, namely, galvanized iron sheets or other metal sheets, asbestos sheets, burnt bricks, stones or concrete. Roof may be made of from any one of the following materials, namely, tiles, slate, galvanized iron sheets, metal sheets, asbestos sheets, bricks, stones or concrete.

Semi-permanent houses :

Houses in which either the wall or the roof is made of permanent material and the other is made of temporary material.

Temporary houses :

Houses in which both walls and roof are made of materials, which have to be replaced frequently. Walls may be made from any one of the following temporary materials, namely, grass, thatch, bamboo, plastic, polythene, mud, unburnt bricks or wood. Roof may be made from any one of the following temporary materials, namely, grass, thatch, bamboo, wood, mud, plastic or polythene.

Dwelling Room :

A room is treated as a dwelling room if it has walls with a doorway and a roof and should be wide and long enough for a person to sleep in, i.e. it should have a length of not less than 2 meters and a breadth of at least 1.5 meters and a height of 2 meters. A dwelling room would include living room, bedroom, dining room, drawing room, study room, servant's room and other habitable rooms. Kitchen, bathroom, latrine, store room, passageway and verandah which are not normally usable for living are not considered as dwelling rooms. A room, used for multipurpose such as sleeping, sitting, dining, storing, cooking, etc., is regarded as a dwelling room. In a situation where a census houses is used as a shop or office., etc., and the household also stays in it then the room is

not considered as a dwelling room. But if a garage or servant quarter is used by a servant and if she/ he also lives in it as a separate household then this has been considered as a dwelling room available to the servant's household. Tent or conical shaped hut if used for living by any household is also considered as dwelling room.

A dwelling room, which is shared by more than one household, has not been counted for any of them. If two households have a dwelling room each but in addition also share a common dwelling room, then the common room has not been counted for either of the households.

Census House :

A 'census house' is a building or part of a building used or recognised as a separate unit because of having a separate main entrance from the road or common courtyard or staircase, etc. It may be occupied or vacant. It may be used for residential or non- residential purpose or both.

In certain peculiar situations, the manner in which buildings and census houses were identified for numbering in the field by the enumerators is described hereunder:

Sometimes a series of different buildings are found along a street which are joined with one another by common walls on either side looking like a continuous structure. These different units are practically independent of one another and are likely to have been built at different times and owned by different persons. In such cases, though the whole structure with all the adjoining units apparently appears to be one building, each portion was treated as a separate building and its constituent units as separate census houses.

On the other hand, one may come across cases, particularly in large cities of multi-storeyed ownership flats. In these cases while the structure looks like one building, different persons own the flats. In case of such multi-storeyed structures, having a number of flats owned by different persons, the entire structure was treated as one building and each flat as a separate census house.

If within a large enclosed area, there are separate buildings owned by different persons then each such building is treated as a separate building. There can be a situation where within an enclosed compound there are separate buildings owned by an undertaking or company or even government that are actually in occupation of different persons. For example, Indian Oil Corporation colony where the buildings are owned by the Corporation but these are in occupation of their employees. Each such building was treated as a separate building. But if in any one of these buildings there were flats in occupation of different households, each such flat was reckoned as a separate census house.

Sometimes if becomes difficult to apply the definition of census house strictly in certain cases. For example, in an urban area, if a flat has five rooms, each room having direct entrance from the common staircase or courtyard. By definition, this has to be treated as five census houses. If all these five rooms are occupied by a single household it was not realistic to treat them as five census houses. In such a case,'singleness' of use of these rooms along with the main house should be considered and the entire flat was treated as one census house. On the other hand, if two independent households occupy these five rooms, the first household living in 3 rooms and the second household occupying 2 rooms, then considering the use, the first three rooms together were treated as one census house and the remaining rooms as another census house. But if each room was occupied by an independent household, then each such room was treated as a separate census house.

In case of hostels, hotels, etc., even if the door of each room in which an inmate lives opens to a common verandah, staircase, courtyard or a common room, as it happens almost invariably, the entire hostel/ Hotel building was treated as one census house. but if such hostels/ hotels have out- houses or other structures used for different purposes or the same purpose, then each such structure attached to the main hostel / hotel was treated as a separate census house.

In some parts of the country, in rural areas, the pattern of habitation is such that a group of huts, located in a compound, whether enclosed or unenclosed, is occupied by one household. While the main residence may be located in one hut, other huts may be used for sleeping, as a kitchen, bath room,

baithak, etc. Though each of the huts was a separates structure, they form a single housing unit and therefore, have to be treated collectively as one building and one census house. If some of the huts are used by one household and the others by a second household as residence, then the two groups of huts were treated as separate census houses. However, if there were also other huts in the compound used for other purposes and not as part of the household's residence such as, cattle shed, workshed, etc., these were treated as separate census houses.

On the other hand, in urban areas, where more than one structure within an enclosed or open compound (premises) belonging to the same person, e.g., the main house, the servant's quarter, the garage, etc., only one building number was given for this group and each of the constituent a separate census house number.

Only cases where a structure with roof and pillars has come up was treated as a building.

Rural-Urban area :

The data in tables on Houses, Household Amenities and Assets are presented separately for rural and urban areas. The unit of classification in this regard is 'town' for urban areas and 'village' for rural areas. In the Census of India 2001, the definition of urban area adopted is as follows:

a) All places with a municipality, corporation, cantonment board or notified town area committee, etc.

b) A place satisfying the following three criteria simultaneously:

   i) A minimum population of 5,000;

   ii) At least 75 per cent of male working population engaged in non-agricultural pursuits; and

   iii) A density of population of at least 400 per sq. km.(1,000 per sq.mile)

For identification of places which would qualify to be classified as 'urban' all villages, which, as per the 1991 Census had a population of 4,000 and above, a population density of 400 persons per sq. km. and having at least 75 per cent of male working population engaged in non-agricultural activity were considered. To work out the proportion of male working population referred to above against b) (ii), the data relating to main workers were taken into account.

Apart from these, the outgrowths(OGs) of cities and towns have also been treated as urban under 'Urban Agglomerations'. Examples of out-growths are railway colonies, university campuses, port areas, military camps, etc., that may have come up near a statutory town or city but within the revenue limits of a village or villages contiguous to the town or city. Each such individual area by itself may not satisfy the demographic criteria laid down at (b) above to qualify it to be treated as an independent urban unit but may deserve to be clubbed with the towns as a continuous urban spread. Thus, the town level data, wherever presented, also includes the data for outgrowths of such towns.

City :

Towns with population of 1,00,000 and above are called cities.

Urban Agglomeration :

An Urban Agglomeration is a continuous urban spread constituting a town and its adjoining urban outgrowths (OGs) or two or more physically contiguous towns together and any adjoining urban outgrowths of such towns. In some cases railway colonies, university campuses, port areas, etc., may come up near a city or statutory town outside its statutory limits but within the revenue limits of a village or villages contiguous to the town or city. Each such individual area by itself may not satisfy the minimum population limit to qualify it to be treated as an independent urban unit but may deserve to be clubbed with the town as a continuous urban spread. For the purpose of delineation of Urban Agglomerations during Census of India 2001, following criteria are taken as pre-requisites:(a) The core town or at least one of the constituent towns of an urban agglomeration should necessarily be a statutory town ; and(b) The total population of all the constituents (i.e., towns and outgrowths) of an Urban Agglomeration should not be less than 20,000 (as per the 1991 Census). With these two basic criteria having been met, the following are the possible

different situations in which Urban Agglomerations would be constituted : i) a city or town with one or more contiguous outgrowths; ii) two or more adjoining towns with their outgrowths; and iii) a city and one or more adjoining towns with their outgrowths all of which form a continuous spread.

Household :

A 'household' is usually a group of persons who normally live together and take their meals from a common kitchen unless the exigencies of work prevent any of them from doing so. Persons in a household may be related or unrelated or a mix of both. However, if a group of unrelated persons live in a census house but do not take their meals from the common kitchen, then they are not constituent of a common household. Each such person was to be treated as a separate household. The important link in finding out whether it was a household or not was a common kitchen. There may be one member households, two member households or multi-member households.

Institutional Household :

A group of unrelated persons who live in an institution and take their meals from a common kitchen is called an Institutional Household. Examples of Institutional Households are boarding houses, messes, hostels, hotels, rescue homes, jails, ashrams, orphanages, etc. To make the definition more clearly perceptible to the enumerators at the Census 2001, it was specifically mentioned that this category or households would cover only those households where a group of unrelated persons live in an institution and share a common kitchen.

Houseless Household :

Households who do not live in buildings or census houses but live in the open on roadside, pavements, in hume pipes, under fly-overs and staircases, or in the open in places of worship, mandaps, railway platforms, etc., are treated as Houseless Households.

Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe :

Article 341 of the Constitution provides that the President may, with respect to any State or Union territory, specify the castes, races or tribes or parts of or groups within castes, races or tribes which shall for the purposes of the Constitution be deemed to be Scheduled Castes in relation to that State or Union territory. Article-342 similarly provides for specification of tribes or tribal communities or parts of or groups within tribes or tribal communities which are to be deemed for the purposes of the Constitution to be Scheduled Tribes in relation to the various States and Union territories. In pursuance of these provisions, the list of Scheduled Castes and / or Scheduled Tribes are notified for each State and Union territory and are valid only within the jurisdiction of that State or Union territory and not outside.

It is important to mention here that under the Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Order, 1950, no person who professed a religion different from Hinduism was deemed to be a member of a Scheduled Caste in addition to every member of the Ramdasi, Kabirpanthi, Majhabi or Sikligar caste resident in Punjab or Patiala and East Punjab States Union were in relation to that State whether they professed the Hindu or the Sikh religion. Subsequently, in September 1956, by an amendment, the Presidential Order of 1950 and in all subsequent Presidential Orders relating to Scheduled Castes, the Hindu and the Sikh religions were placed on the same footing with regard to the specification of Scheduled Castes. Later on, as per the amendment made in the Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Order 1990, the Hindu, the Sikh and the Buddhist were placed on the same footing with regard to the recognition of the Scheduled Castes.

The lists containing the names of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes applicable for the Census of India 2001 in the State are given below:

Scheduled Castes List for Orissa :

1. Adi Andhra
2. Amant, Amat
3. Audhelia
4. Badaik
5. Bagheti, Baghuti
6. Bajikar
7. Bari
8. Bariki
9. Basor,Burud
10. Bauri

11. Bauti
12. Bavuri
13. Bedia, Bejia
14. Beldar
15. Bhata
16. Bhoi
17. Chachati
18. Chakali
19. Chamar, Mochi, Muchi, Satnami
20. Chandala
21. Chandhai Maru
22. Cherua, Chhelia
23. Dandasi
24. Dewar
25. Dhanwar
26. Dhoba, Dhobi
27. Dom, Dombo, Duria Dom
28. Dosadha
29. Ganda
30. Ghantarghada, Ghantra
31. Ghasi, Ghasia
32. Ghogia
33. Ghusuria
34. Godagali
35. Godari
36. Godra
37. Gokha
38. Gorait, Korait
39. Haddi, Hadi, Hari
40. Irika
41. Jaggali
42. Kandra, Kandara
43. Karua
44. Katia
45. Kela
46. Khadala
47. Kodalo, Khodalo
48. Kori
49. Kummari
50. Kurunga
51. Laban
52. Laheri
53. Madari
54. Madiga
55. Mahuria
56. Mala, Jhala, Malo, Zala
57. Mang
58. Mangan
59. Mehra, Mahar
60. Mehtar, Bhangi
61. Mewar
62. Mundapotta
63. Musahar
64. Nagarchi
65. Namasudra
66. Paidi
67. Painda
68. Pamidi
69. Pan,Pano
70. Panchama
71. Panika
72. Panka
73. Pantanti
74. Pap
75. Pasi
76. Patial, Patikar, Patratanti, Patua
77. Rajna
78. Relli
79. Sabakhia
80. Samasi
81. Sanei

82. Sapari
83. Sauntia, Santia
84. Sidhria
85. Sinduria
86. Siyal
87. Tamadia
88. Tamudia
89. Tanla
90. Tiar, Tior
91. Turi
92. Ujia
93. Valamiki, Valmiki

Scheduled Tribes list for Orissa :

1. Bagata
2. Baiga
3. Banjara, Banjari
4. Bathudi
5. Bhottada, Dhotada
6. Bhuiya, Bhuyan
7. Bhumia
8. Bhumij
9. Bhunjia
10. Binjhal
11. Binjhia, Binjhoa
12. Birhor
13. Bondo Poraja
14. Chenchu
15. Dal
16. Desua Bhumij
17. Dharua
18. Didayi
19. Gadaba
20. Gandia
21. Ghara
22. Gond, Gondo
23. Ho
24. Holva
25. Jatapu
26. Juang
27. Kandha Gauda
28. Kawar
29. Kharia, Kharian
30. Kharwar
31. Khond, Kond, Kandha, Nanguli Kandha, Sitha Kandha
32. Kisan
33. Kol
34. Kolah Loharas, Kol Loharas
35. Kolha
36. Koli, Malhar
37. Kondadora
38. Kora
39. Korua
40. Kotia
41. Koya
42. Kulis
43. Lodha
44. Madia
45. Mahali
46. Mankidi
47. Mankirdia
48. Matya
49. Mirdhas
50. Munda, Munda Lohara, Munda Mahalis
51. Mundari
52. Omanatya
53. Oraon
54. Parenga
55. Paroja
56. Pentia

57. Rajuar

58. Santal

59. Saora, Savar, Saura Sahara

60. Shabar, Lodha

61.Sounti

62. Tharua

Language and Mother tongue :

As per the census concept, each language is a group of mother tongues. The census questionnaire collects information on the mother tongue of each person and mother tongue is defined as the language spoken in childhood by the person's mother to the person. If the mother died in infancy, the language mainly spoken in the person's home in childhood will be the mother tongue. In the case of infants and deaf mutes, the language usually spoken by the mother is considered as mother tongue. It is not necessary that the language spoken as mother tongue should have a script. The mother tongues returned by the respondents in census are classified and grouped under appropriate languages according to their linguistic characteristics.

Literate :

A person age 7 years and above who can both read and write with understanding in any language is taken as literate. A person who can only read but cannot write is not literate. It is not necessary that to be considered as literate, a person should have received any formal education or passed any minimum educational standard. Literacy could also have been achieved through adult literacy classes or through any non-formal educational system. People who are blind and can read in Braille are treated as literates.

Literacy rate :

Literacy rate of the population is defined as the percentage of literates in the age group seven years and above. For different age groups the percentage of literates in that age group gives the literacy rate.

Educational level :

The highest level of education a person has completed

Work :

Work is defined as participation in any economically productive activity with or without compensation, wages or profit. Such participation may be physical and/or mental in nature. Work involves not only actual work but also includes effective supervision and direction of work. It even includes part time help or unpaid work on farm, family enterprise or in any other economic activity. All persons engaged in 'work' as defined above are workers. Persons who are engaged in cultivation or milk production even solely for domestic consumption are also treated as workers. Reference period for determining a person as worker and non-worker is one year preceding the date of enumeration.

Main worker :

A person who has worked for major part of the reference period (i.e. six months or more during the last one year preceding the date of enumeration) in any economically productive activity is termed as 'Main worker' .

Marginal worker :

A person who worked for less than six months of the reference period (i.e. in the last one year preceding the date of enumeration) in any economic activity is termed as 'Marginal worker'.

Non worker :

A person who has not worked at all in any economically productive activity during the reference period (i.e. last one year preceding the date of enumeration) is termed as 'Non worker'.

Cultivator :

For purposes of the Census a person is classified as cultivator if he or she is engaged in cultivation on land owned or held from government or held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share. Cultivation includes effective supervision or direction in cultivation. A person who has given out her/his land to another person or persons or institution(s) for cultivation for money, kind or share of crop and who does not even supervise or direct cultivation in exchange of land, is not treated as cultivator. Similarly, a person working on another

person's land for wages in cash or kind or a combination of both (agricultural labourer) is not treated as cultivator. Cultivation involves ploughing, sowing, harvesting and production of cereals and millet crops such as wheat, paddy, jowar, bajra, ragi, etc., and other crops such as sugarcane, tobacco, ground-nuts, tapioca, etc., and pulses, raw jute and kindred fiber crop, cotton, cinchona and other medicinal plants, fruit growing, vegetable growing or keeping orchards or groves, etc. Cultivation does not include the following plantation crops – tea, coffee, rubber, coconut and betel-nuts (areca).

Agricultural labourer :

A person who works on another person's land for wages in money or kind or share is regarded as an agricultural labourer. She/he has no risk in the cultivation, but merely works on another person's land for wages. An agricultural labourer has no right of lease or contract on land on which she/he works.

Household Industry worker :

Household industry is defined as an industry conducted by the head of the household herself/himself and or by the members of the household at home or within the village in rural areas and only within the precincts of the house where the household lives in urban areas. The larger proportion of workers in household industry should consist of members of the household including the head. The industry should not be run on the scale of a registered factory which would qualify or has to be registered under the Indian Factories Act and should be engaged in manufacturing, processing, servicing and repairs of goods. It does not include professions such as a pleader, Doctor, Musician, Dancer, Waterman, Astrologer, Dhobi, Barber, etc. or merely trade or business, even if such professions, trade or services are run at home by members of the household.

Other Worker :

A person who has been engaged in some economic activity during the reference period but not as a cultivator or agricultural labourer or in Household Industry is termed as a 'Other Worker (OW)'. The type of workers that come under this category of 'OW' include all government servants, municipal employees, teachers, factory workers, plantation workers, those engaged in trade, commerce, business, transport, banking, mining, construction, political or social work, priests, entertainment artists, etc. In effect, all those workers other than cultivators or agricultural labourers or household industry workers, are 'Other Workers'.

Work participation rate :

Percentage of workers (main + marginal) to total population.

Population density :

Population density is the number of persons inhabited per square kilometre of the area.

Age :

Age is measured in terms of the completed number of years

Sex-ratio :

Number of females per 1,000 males in a population.

(viii) Non-Census Concepts

Improved drinking water :

If the household had access to drinking water supplied from a tap, hand pump, tube well or well (protected or covered) situated within or outside the premises, it is considered as having access to improved drinking water.

It may be mentioned that such uniform definition may not be valid across all States.

System of sewerage :

Generally, a sewerage system would mean a network of mains and branches of underground conduits for the conveyance of sewerage to the point of disposal. Sewers that carry only household and industrial wastage are called separate sewers; those that carry storm water from roofs, streets and other surfaces are known as storm water drains, while those carrying both sewage and storm water are called combined sewers. However, in some towns, which are not provided with such underground sewerage

system, it is served by open surface drain, box drain, silk pattern drain, etc., in these towns.

Type of latrine and Method of disposal of night soil.

There are three prevalent systems of disposal of human wastes, viz. :

(i) underground sewerage,

(ii) sanitary water flush latrines with individual disposal systems, like septic tank, leaching cess pool and collecting well, and

(iii) dry type of latrines with manual scavenging.

The system of underground sewerage provides for the street sewerage with which are connected the sanitary latrines constructed in the houses having water closets and fitted with flushing cistern (or hand flushing). Through this sewer the fecal matter is transported without the need for scavenging. This system generally exists in cities and big towns.

Where the street sewer does not exist, these sanitary water flush latrines are connected to a local septic tank with a sub-soil dispersion system or a leaching pit. Here the liquid wastes from the water closet is disposed of locally in leaching pit, a septic tank with a soil dispersion system is constructed. This dispersion requires an optimum travel through the pores of the soil, which renders the harmful liquid bacterially innocuous by the slow process of filtration through the soil traversed.

Where the soil is impermeable, collecting wells are constructed and the sanitary water flush latrines are connected with them. These wells are cleaned at periodic intervals by a suitable device. The dry type of latrines are of service type latrines from where human excreta is removed by scavengers from house to house, in most cases carrying it on their heads or shoulders or in baskets with handle or wheel barrows. These are then collected in bullock carts or trucks or tractors and trolleys for being carried to the dumping grounds.

Fertility :

In demography, the word fertility is used in relation to the actual production of children or occurrence of births specially live births. Fertility is a measure of rate at which population adds to itself by births and normally assessed by relating the number of births to a full or part of the population, such as number of married women or number of women of child-bearing age. The definitions of the terminology used in computing different fertility rates are mentioned below:

Crude birth rate (CBR) :

Ratio of the number of live births in a year to the mid year population, normally expressed per 1,000 population.

$$\text{CBR} = \frac{\text{Number of live births during the year}}{\text{Mid–year Population}} \times 1{,}000$$

Crude death rate (CDR) :

Ratio of the number of deaths in a year to the mid year population, normally expressed per 1,000 population.

$$\text{CDR} = \frac{\text{Number of deaths during the year}}{\text{Mid-year Population}} \times 1{,}000$$

Natural growth rate :

Growth rate is obtained as the difference between crude birth rate and crude death rate in the absence of migration.

Age specific fertility rate (ASFR) :

Number of live births in a year to female population in any specified age-group normally expressed per 1,000 women.

$$\text{ASFR} = \frac{\text{Number of live births in a particular age-group}}{\text{Mid-year female population of the same age-group}} \times 1{,}000$$

Age specific marital fertility rate (ASMFR) :

Number of live births in a year to married female population in any specified age-group normally expressed per 1,000 married women.

$$\text{ASMFR} = \frac{\text{Number of live births in a particular age-group}}{\text{Mid-year married female population of the same age-group}} \times 1{,}000$$

General fertility rate (GFR) :

Number of live births per 1,000 women in the reproductive age-group (15-49) years in a given year.

$$GFR = \frac{\text{Number of live births in a year}}{\text{Mid-year female population in the age-group (15-49) years}} \times 1{,}000$$

General marital fertility rate (GMFR) :

Number of live births per 1,000 married women in reproductive age-group (15-49) years in a given year.

$$GMFR = \frac{\text{Number of live births in a year}}{\text{Mid-year married female population in the age-group (15-49) years}} \times 1{,}000$$

Total fertility rate (TFR) :

It is obtained as the total of the age specific fertility rates (number of children born per woman of the particular age) for the entire reproductive age span. It provides the average number of children that will be born to a woman under the fertility levels indicated by the age specific fertility rates assuming that there is no mortality of women till the completion of reproductive period.

$$TFR = \frac{5 \times \sum^{45-49} ASFR_{15-19}}{1{,}000}$$

Total marital fertility rate (TMFR) :

Average number of children that would be born to a married woman if she experiences the current fertility pattern throughout her reproductive span (15-49) years assuming that there is no mortality of women till the completion of reproductive period.

$$TMFR = \frac{5 \times \sum^{45-49} ASMFR_{15-19}}{1{,}000}$$

Age-specific mortality rate (ASMR) :

Number of deaths in a particular age and sex group per 1000 population of the same age-group.

$$ASMR = \frac{\text{Number of deaths in a particular age-group}}{\text{Mid-year population of the same age-group}} \times 1{,}000$$

q1 :

Probability of dying between birth and age 1. This can be used as approximate value of Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) which gives the ratio of number of deaths in a year of children aged less than one year to the number of births in that year.

q2 :

Probability of dying between birth and age 2.

q5 :

Probability of dying between birth and age 5. This indicator is also known as Under Five Mortality Rate (U5MR).

Infant mortality rate (IMR) :

Ratio of the number of infant deaths (deaths of children below one year) in a year to the number of live births in that year.

$$IMR = \frac{\text{Number of infant deaths during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

Infant mortality rate comprises of two parts, viz., Neo-natal mortality rate and Post neo-natal mortality rate. The neo-natal mortality rate also comprises of two parts viz., Early neo-natal mortality rate and late neo-natal mortality rate. These are defined as:

Neo-natal mortality rate (NMR) :

Number of infants dying within the first month of life (28 days or under) in a year per 1,000 live births of the same year.

$$NMR = \frac{\text{Number of infant deaths aged 28 days or under during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

i) Early neo- natal mortality rate :

$$= \frac{\text{Number of infant deaths of less than 7 days during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

ii) Late neo-natal mortality rate :

$$= \frac{\text{Number of infant deaths of 7 days to less than 29 days during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

Post neo-natal mortality rate (PNMR) :

$$= \frac{\text{Number of deaths of 29 days to less than One year during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

Peri-natal mortality rate (PMR) :

Number of still births plus deaths within 1st week of delivery per 1000 births in a year.

$$\text{PMR} = \frac{\text{Number of still births and infant deaths of less than 7 days during the year}}{\text{Number of live births and still births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

Still birth rate (SBR) :

$$= \frac{\text{Number of still births during the year}}{\text{Number of live births and still births during the year}} \times 1{,}000$$

Maternal mortality rate (MMR) :

Number of deaths of women in the age-group 15-49 while pregnant or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy from any cause related to pregnancy and child birth per 1,00,000 live births in a given year.

$$\text{MMR} = \frac{\text{Number of maternal deaths to women in the age group 15-49}}{\text{Number of live birth}} \times 1{,}00{,}000$$

Eligible couple (Couples per 1,000 population):

Number of currently married females in the age-group 15-44 years per 1000 persons of all ages.

Child woman ratio (0-4) :

1. Number of children in the age-group 0-4 years per 1000 women in the age-group 15-49 years.

Child woman ratio (5-9) :

2. Number of children in the age-group 5-9 years per 1000 women in the age-group 15-49 years.

Civic status of urban units :

Civic Status of a town/city is determined on the basis of Civic Administrative authority of the town e.g., Municipal Corporation/Corporation, Municipal Committee/Municipal council, Municipality etc.

Size class of UA/town :

Size-class of UA/Town is based on the population size of the UA/City/Town UAs/Towns with 100,000 and above population are classified as Class I UAs/ Towns. These Class I UAs./Towns are now further sub classified into seven sub classes namely M1 to M7 depending on the population size of UA/City/ Town. These are :

M7 (5,000,000 and above);

M6 (2,000,000 to 4,999,999);

M5 (1,000,000-1,999,999);

M4 (500,000-999,999);
M3 (300,000-499,999);
M2 (200,000-299,999); and
M1 (100,000-199,999).

Towns with 50,000 to 99,999 population are classified as Class II towns, 20,000 to 49,999 population are Class III towns, population with 10,000-19,999 are Class IV towns, population with 5,000 and 9,999 are Class V towns and towns with less than 5,000 population are Class VI towns.

Slum area :

The Slum Areas (Improvement and Clearance) Act, 1956, which was enacted by the Central Government defined slums as a) Areas where buildings are in any respect unfit for human habitation; or b) are by reasons of dilapidation, overcrowding, fault arrangement and design of such buildings, narrowness or faulty arrangement of streets, lack of ventilation, light or sanitation facilities, or any combination of these factors, are detrimental to safety, health or morals.

Mega city :

The concept of 'Mega city' is a recent phenomenon in the Urban Sociology and is defined in term of metropolitan city in the form of large size, problem of management of civic amenities and capacity to absorb the relatively high growth of population. Indian Census in 1991 treated the population size of 5 million and above as the cut off point to identify a place as the mega city. Whereas, for the purpose of inclusion in Centrally Sponsored Scheme for Infrastructure Development in Mega cities the Ministry of Urban Affairs and employment, Department of Urban Development adopted the criteria of 4 million and above population as per 1991 Census for Mega Cities. In 2001 Census, cities with 10 millions and above population have been treated as Mega cities.

(ix) 2001 Census finding - Population, its Distribution :

(a) Distribution of Population in Rural- Urban areas:

The distribution of population in rural urban areas in the District shows that, majority of population live in rural areas. The total population of the district is 3,160,635 with 2,604,276 rural and 556,359 urban population. The share of urban population in the district is 17.60 percent compared to the state urban population share of 14.99 percent. There are 3212 villages, out of which 400 villages are uninhabited. The village area covers 82.40 percent of total population in the district.

(b) Size class and status of towns, population growth, density, sex-ratio, work participation rate and literacy.

There are eighteen statutory towns and one census town located in the district. The population of these towns are Buguda (NAC) 13,257, Bhanjanagar (NAC) 19,748, Bellaguntha (NAC) 9,962, Surada(NAC) 14,648, Asika (NAC) 20,739, Purusottampur (NAC) 14,249, Kavisurjyanagar (NAC)16,094, Polasara(NAC) 19,568, Kodala (NAC)12,345, Khalikote (NAC) 10,958, Rambha (NAC) 10,716,Chhatrapur(NAC) 20,289, Ganjam (NAC) 11,317, Gopalpur (NAC) 6,663, Chikiti(NAC) 10,802, Digapahandi (NAC) 10,890, Hinjilicut(NAC) 21,347, Brahmapur(M) 307,792 and Makundapur(CT) 4,975. So far as the size of the towns are concerned, Brahmapur(M) is categorised under class I town which is in the range of 100,000 & above population, Hinjilicut(NAC), Asika(NAC) and Chhatrapur(NAC) are coming under Class III town in the range of 20,000 to 49,999 population, Bhanjanagar (NAC) Polasara(NAC), Kavisurjyanagar (NAC), Surada(NAC), Purusottampur(NAC), Buguda(NAC), Kodala(NAC), Ganjam (NAC), Khalikote (NAC), Digapahandi (NAC), Chikiti(NAC) and Rambha (NAC) are coming under Class IV town in the range of 10,000 to19,999 population, Bellaguntha(NAC) and Gopalpur(NAC) are coming under Class V category having population in the range of 5,000 to 9,999 and Mukundapur (CT) is coming under Class VI town which is in the population range of less than 5,000.

While comparing the growth of population in eighteen statutory towns with 1991 Census, it is seen that, Brahmapur (M) has the highest growth rate of 46.28 percent and Ganjam (NAC) has the lowest growth rate of 4.33 percent . The density of population in the towns of the district is 2078 while the density of urban population in the state is 1975.

The urban sex-ratio of the district is 939 whereas the rural sex-ratio is 1011 and district total sex ratio is 998.

The District literacy rate is 60.77 percent for total, 75.22 percent for males and 46.44 percent for females, which is less than the state average in the respective category. In the urban areas, the literacy percentage is higher than those of rural areas due to better educational facilities available in the town areas. In the urban areas, Chhatrapur(NAC) has the highest literacy rate of 79.62 percent and Polasara(NAC) has the lowest literacy rate of 48.67 percent. In the rural areas, Bellaguntha CD Block tops the list with 68.6 percent literacy and Surada CD Block is at the bottom with 46.6 percent literacy.

The work participation rate in the district is 41.32 percent in comparison to the state average of 38.79 percent. Although Ramgiri(Portion) police station has the highest work participation rate of 59.8 percent, Jarada Police station has the highest percentage of 51.3 among the full police stations and Brahmapur(M) police station has the lowest work participation rate 28.8 percent. In the rural areas, the work participation rate is 43.8 percent and in the urban areas, the work participation rate is 29.9 percent.

(x) ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT DATA

The inset tables in the District Census Handbooks based on Primary Census Abstract data have been quite useful for the data users, planners and administrators etc. This is a novel feature of Census, which aims at providing a brief analysis of Primary Census Abstract data and helps the data users to get an insight into the gamut of Census in a nutshell. Each inset table reflects a separate feature on various demographic features of the district and its parts.

TABLE 1 : DECADAL CHANGE IN POPULATION OF POLICE STATIONS BY RESIDENCE, 1991-2001

Serial number	Police Stations	Population						Percentage decadal variation 1991-2001			Percentage urban population	
		1991			2001						1991	2001
		Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Tarasingi	69,405	69,405	0	77,800	77,800	0	12.1	12.1	0.0	0.0	0
2	Buguda	137,135	126,471	10,664	157,789	144,532	13,257	15.1	14.3	24.3	7.8	8.4
3	Bhanjanagar	138,638	112,678	25,960	159,255	129,545	29,710	14.9	15.0	14.4	18.7	18.7
4	Gangapur	126,742	126,742	0	144,922	144,922	0	14.3	14.3	0.0	0.0	0
5	Surada	67,635	54,367	13,268	78,438	63,790	14,648	16.0	17.3	10.4	19.6	18.7
6	Badagada	94,460	94,460	0	112,019	112,019	0	18.6	18.6	0.0	0.0	0
7	Asika	169,505	150,142	19,363	192,442	166,728	25,714	13.5	11.0	32.8	11.4	13.4
8	Purusottampur	134,531	121,627	12,904	147,746	133,497	14,249	9.8	9.8	10.4	9.6	9.6
9	Kabisurjyanagar	178,514	147,722	30,792	205,429	169,767	35,662	15.1	14.9	15.8	17.2	17.4
10	Kodala	181,560	171,373	10,187	199,514	187,169	12,345	9.9	9.2	21.2	5.6	6.2
11	Khalikote	95,463	86,392	9,071	118,756	107,798	10,958	24.4	24.8	20.8	9.5	9.2
12	Rambha	72,584	63,371	9,213	86,035	75,319	10,716	18.5	18.9	16.3	12.7	12.5
13	Chhatrapur	160,143	131,346	28,797	181,964	150,358	31,606	13.6	14.5	9.8	18.0	17.4
14	Gopalpur	50,425	45,022	5,403	60,092	53,429	6,663	19.2	18.7	23.3	10.7	11.1
15	Brahmapur Sadar	99,864	99,864	0	120,560	120,560	0	20.7	20.7	0.0	0.0	0
16	Golanthara	111,073	111,073	0	128,879	128,879	0	16.0	16.0	0.0	0.0	0
17	Nuagaon	93,120	83,115	10,005	102,879	92,077	10,802	10.5	10.8	8.0	10.7	10.5
18	Digapahandi	110,456	100,424	10,032	125,376	114,486	10,890	13.5	14.0	8.6	9.1	8.7
19	Jarada	97,320	97,320	0	108,053	108,053	0	11.0	11.0	0.0	0.0	0
20	Patapur	166,201	166,201	0	191,598	191,598	0	15.3	15.3	0.0	0.0	0
21	Hinjili	129,668	111,992	17,676	143,234	121,887	21,347	10.5	8.8	20.8	13.6	14.9
22	Brahmapur (M)	210,418	0	210,418	307,792	0	307,792	46.3	0.0	46.3	100.0	100
23	Ramagiri (P)	9,196	9,196	0	10,063	10,063	0	9.4	9.4	0.0	0.0	0
	District Total :	**2,704,056**	**2,280,303**	**423,753**	**3,160,635**	**2,604,276**	**556,359**	**16.9**	**14.2**	**31.3**	**15.7**	**17.6**

Table–1 presents the decadal change in population of police stations by residence, 1991-2001. The population of the district as recorded in 2001 Census stands at 31,60,635 as against 27,04,056 in 1991 indicating a net addition of 4,56,579 persons during the decade. The decadal growth rate of the district works out to 16.9 percent as compared to the state average of 16.3 percent. Within the district, the highest growth rate (46.3 %) is seen in Brahmapur(M) Police Station. The growth rate of Ramgiri(P) Police Station is lowest (9.4%) among all police stations. This may be partly due to immigration of people for employment and other social causes. The majority of population in the district lives in rural areas and only 17.6 per cent population in urban areas as per 2001 Census, which is slightly higher than 15.7 per cent of urban population in 1991 Census. The growth rate in urban population is highest (46.3 per cent) in Brahmapur Police Station. It is also evident from the table that, out of the total 23 police stations in the district, the highest population 307,792 is represented in Brahmapur (M) Police Station, which is the district headquarters of the district.

TABLE 2: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF INHABITED VILLAGES IN SPECIFIED POPULATION SIZE RANGES WITH THE RELATED POPULATION , 2001

Sl. No.	District / C.D. Block	Total number of inhabited villages	Total rural population			Number and percentage of villages	Population less than 200		Number and percentage of villages	Population 200-499	
			Persons	Males	Females		Males	Females		Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Bhanjanagar	137	122,449	61,604	60,845	24 (17.5)	1,069	1,078	35 (25.5)	5,931	5,843
2	Jagannathprasad	143	117,894	58,354	59,540	30 (21.0)	1,172	1,184	30 (21.0)	5,227	5,315
3	Buguda	92	106,747	52,340	54,407	14 (15.2)	794	789	11 (12.0)	1,888	1,875
4	Bellaguntha	89	103,077	49,938	53,139	4 (4.5)	193	203	21 (23.6)	4,000	4,093
5	Surada	248	126,075	63,064	63,011	122 (49.2)	5,423	5,606	50 (20.2)	7,883	7,993
6	Dharakote	163	101,533	50,639	50,894	58 (35.6)	2,752	2,857	43 (26.4)	7,003	7,104
7	Asika	102	133,387	65,505	67,882	12 (11.8)	538	582	13 (12.7)	2,421	2,468
8	Kavisurjyanagar	74	102,441	50,873	51,568	1 (1.4)	43	45	9 (12.2)	1,547	1,613
9	Polasara	124	117,281	57,624	59,657	48 (38.7)	1,998	1,963	13 (10.5)	2,356	2,311
10	Beguniapada	131	112,970	55,104	57,866	34 (26.0)	1,365	1,372	23 (17.6)	3,933	3,904
11	Khalikote	167	137,173	68,263	68,910	40 (24.0)	1,918	2,059	41 (24.6)	6,519	6,611
12	Ganjam	88	82,702	42,130	40,572	7 (8.0)	399	403	26 (29.5)	4,294	4,275
13	Purusottampur	94	129,506	63,659	65,847	4 (4.3)	212	225	15 (16.0)	2,653	2,876
14	Hinjilicut	52	107,053	52,411	54,642	1 (1.9)	32	40	3 (5.8)	499	503
15	Seragad	95	117,625	59,695	57,930	9 (9.5)	475	485	11 (11.6)	2,094	1,955
16	Sanakhemundi	142	147,788	75,198	72,590	25 (17.6)	1,278	1,344	36 (25.4)	5,906	6,106
17	Digapahandi	204	136,618	68,234	68,384	69 (33.8)	3,454	3,410	46 (22.5)	7,796	7,695
18	Patrapur	298	118,116	57,909	60,207	164 (55.0)	6,246	6,171	57 (19.1)	9,342	9,717
19	Chikiti	125	93,941	46,068	47,873	35 (28.0)	1,606	1,678	36 (28.8)	6,126	6,235
20	Kukudakhandi	89	124,598	63,353	61,245	26 (29.2)	1,189	1,197	7 (7.9)	1,088	1,103
21	Rangeilunda	79	139,627	70,129	69,498	3 (3.8)	299	262	6 (7.6)	1,036	1,116
22	Chhatrapur	76	125,675	62,992	62,683	6 (7.9)	285	257	11 (14.5)	2,030	1,898
District (Rural) Total :		**2,812**	**2,604,276**	**1,295,086**	**1,309,190**	**736 (26.2)**	**32,740**	**33,210**	**543 (19.3)**	**91,572**	**92,609**

TABLE 2: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF INHABITED VILLAGES IN SPECIFIED POPULATION SIZE RANGES WITH THE RELATED POPULATION , 2001

Number and percentage of villages	Population 500-999		Number and percentage of villages	Population 1000-1999		Number and percentage of villages	Population 2000-4999		Number and percentage of village	Population 5000-9999		Number and percentage of villages	Population 10000 and above	
	Males	Females		Males	Females		Males	Females		Males	Females		Males	Females
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
38 (27.7)	13,214	13,244	26 (19.0)	17,481	17,478	12 (8.8)	17,986	17,604	2 (1.5)	5,923	5,598	0 (0.0)	0	0
38 (26.6)	13,430	13,933	31 (21.7)	20,378	20,762	14 (9.8)	18,147	18,346	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
20 (21.7)	7,862	7,766	35 (38.0)	24,465	25,858	12 (13.0)	17,331	18,119	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
19 (21.3)	6,503	6,935	32 (36.0)	22,676	24,290	13 (14.6)	16,566	17,618	0 (0.0)	0	0	0 (0.0)	0	0
36 (14.5)	12,369	12,343	27 (10.9)	18,835	18,541	12 (4.8)	15,119	15,208	1 (0.4)	3,435	3,320	0 (0.0)	0	0
31 (19.0)	10,299	10,520	18 (11.0)	12,405	12,555	12 (7.4)	15,406	15,084	1 (0.6)	2,774	2,774	0 (0.0)	0	0
24 (23.5)	8,580	8,942	31 (30.4)	21,220	21,969	21 (20.6)	30,021	31,211	1 (1.0)	2,725	2,710	0 (0.0)	0	0
20 (27.0)	7,262	7,211	30 (40.5)	21,465	21,999	12 (16.2)	14,839	15,166	2 (2.7)	5,717	5,534	0 (0.0)	0	0
25 (20.2)	9,636	10,073	16 (12.9)	11,039	11,579	19 (15.3)	24,519	24,833	3 (2.4)	8,076	8,898	0 (0.0)	0	0
30 (22.9)	10,203	10,952	34 (26.0)	24,130	25,362	9 (6.9)	12,132	12,662	1 (0.8)	3,341	3,614	0 (0.0)	0	0
40 (24.0)	14,629	14,669	30 (18.0)	19,607	20,086	13 (7.8)	17,315	17,493	3 (1.8)	8,275	7,992	0 (0.0)	0	0
23 (26.1)	8,078	7,696	22 (25.0)	14,087	13,452	9 (10.2)	12,649	12,280	1 (1.1)	2,623	2,466	0 (0.0)	0	0
20 (21.3)	7,282	7,742	37 (39.4)	26,038	26,612	16 (17.0)	21,285	22,035	2 (2.1)	6,189	6,357	0 (0.0)	0	0
8 (15.4)	2,526	2,621	16 (30.8)	10,813	11,613	22 (42.3)	32,582	33,788	2 (3.8)	5,959	6,077	0 (0.0)	0	0
25 (26.3)	9,000	8,828	36 (37.9)	24,786	24,301	12 (12.6)	17,142	16,397	2 (2.1)	6,198	5,964	0 (0.0)	0	0
30 (21.1)	11,194	10,711	31 (21.8)	20,897	19,916	16 (11.3)	24,430	23,327	4 (2.8)	11,493	11,186	0 (0.0)	0	0
42 (20.6)	15,296	15,634	37 (18.1)	25,214	25,368	9 (4.4)	13,096	13,105	1 (0.5)	3,378	3,172	0 (0.0)	0	0
43 (14.4)	15,123	15,848	29 (9.7)	18,523	19,641	4 (1.3)	5,561	5,779	1 (0.3)	3,114	3,051	0 (0.0)	0	0
26 (20.8)	9,183	9,553	19 (15.2)	12,306	12,935	7 (5.6)	9,766	10,454	2 (1.6)	7,081	7,018	0 (0.0)	0	0
14 (15.7)	5,292	5,397	19 (21.3)	14,275	14,032	19 (21.3)	27,615	26,444	4 (4.5)	13,894	13,072	0 (0.0)	0	0
17 (21.5)	6,325	6,577	27 (34.2)	19,844	19,886	24 (30.4)	34,499	34,549	2 (2.5)	8,126	7,108	0 (0.0)	0	0
15 (19.7)	5,750	5,611	22 (28.9)	15,795	15,717	17 (22.4)	22,704	22,990	5 (6.6)	16,428	16,210	0 (0.0)	0	0
584(20.8)	**209,036**	**212,806**	**605(21.5)**	**416,279**	**423,952**	**304(10.8)**	**420,710**	**424,492**	**40(1.4)**	**124,749**	**122,121**	**0(0.0)**	**0**	**0**

Table–2 gives distribution of inhabited villages by number and percentage in specified population size ranges with the related population, 2001. The maximum number of villages i.e. 736(26.2%) are covered under the population size range less than 200 followed by population size range 1000-1999 with 605 (21.5%) villages. Both these population size range of villages constitute more than 47 per cent of the total 2812 inhabited villages in the district. The Patrapur C.D. Block has the highest (298) number of villages having 118,116 population and Hinjilicut C.D.Block has lowest (52) number of villages having 107,053 population among all C.D.Blocks. So far as the villages having 5,000 or more population are concerned, there are only 40 villages in the district.

As per Table-3, in 1991 Census there were eighteen Statutory Towns in the district. In 2001 Census, one Census Town i.e. Makundapur (CT) is created, increasing the total number of towns to nineteen. Earlier in the 1991 Census the percentage of urban population was 15.7 per cent, which increased marginally to 17.6 per cent in 2001 Census.

TABLE – 3 : NEW TOWNS, DENOTIFIED, DECLASSIFIED AND MERGED TOWNS IN 2001 CENSUS

	Name of Town
	1
(a) New	
(I) Statutory town	
1	
2	
3	
(ii) Census town	
1	Mukundapur(CT)
2	
3	
(b) Denotified	Nil
(c) Declassified	Nil
(d) Wholly merged with other town(s)	Nil

TABLE 4 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY POPULATION DENSITY, 2001

Range of population density (per square kilometer)	Total number of villages in each population density range	Percentage of villages in each population density range	Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
0-10	74	2.6	9,064	0.3
11-20	26	0.9	1,224	0.0
21-50	114	4.1	8,388	0.3
51-100	178	6.3	25,105	1.0
101-200	350	12.4	89,600	3.4
201-300	304	10.8	168,455	6.5
301-500	561	20.0	488,241	18.7
501 +	1,205	42.9	1,814,199	69.7
Not known	0	0.0	0	0.0
District Total :	**2,812**	**100.0**	**2,604,276**	**100.0**
Population Density (Rural) of the district :				**486.3**

The density of population of the villages according to different density ranges (per square kilometer) is explained in Table–4. The population density (rural) of the district is 486.3 although maximum population i.e. 69.7 per cent population live in the density range of 501 and above. So far as number of villages is concerned, the highest percentage i.e. 42.9 per cent of villages are covered under the same density range. There are 26 villages reported in the density range of 11-20 persons and 74 villages are covered under 0-10 population range.

TABLE 5: SEX-RATIO OF STATE AND DISTRICT, 1901-2001

Census Year	State			District		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1901	1,037	1,039	967	1119	1119	1126
1911	1,056	1,058	947	1159	1163	1062
1921	1,086	1,089	963	1223	1231	1066
1931	1,067	1,071	924	1191	1197	1050
1941	1,053	1,058	914	1169	1180	991
1951	1,022	1,029	881	1127	1137	999
1961	1,001	1,015	807	1092	1107	947
1971	988	1,002	845	1045	1059	953
1981	981	999	859	1033	1048	948
1991	971	988	866	1006	1018	942
2001	972	987	895	998	1011	939

Note : *Sex-ratio has been defined here as the number of females per 1,000 males*

Table–5 gives a comparative picture of sex-ratio reported over the Censuses from 1901 to 2001 for both the state and the district. The sex-ratio of the district is 998 in 2001 and slightly higher compared to the state average of 972. The sex-ratio for the district was found to be consistently higher than the state throughout the Census period from 1901 to 2001. The decline of sex-ratio in the state and district from 1901 to 2001 is 65 and 121 respectively. As regards to rural area of the state and district the sex-ratio has declined by 52 and 108 respectively during the last 100 years. However, in urban areas there is a fluctuating trend of increase and decrease between the Censuses.

TABLE 6 : SEX-RATIO BY POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Stations	Sex ratio		
		Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5
1	Tarasingi	995	995	-
2	Buguda	1,019	1,023	975
3	Bhanjanagar	1,004	1,015	959
4	Gangapur	1,071	1,071	-
5	Surada	998	1,006	964
6	Badagada	987	987	-
7	Asika	1,006	1,017	938
8	Purusottampur	1,015	1,021	961
9	Kabisurjyanagar	1,023	1,035	966
10	Kodala	1,033	1,036	996
11	Khalikote	1,003	1,010	939
12	Rambha	969	966	991
13	Chhatrapur	987	993	957
14	Gopalpur	965	961	997
15	Brahmapur Sadar	968	968	-
16	Golanthara	1,018	1,018	-
17	Nuagaon	1,014	1,018	982
18	Digapahandi	999	1,002	965
19	Jarada	1,049	1,049	-
20	Patapur	963	963	-
21	Hinjili	1,023	1,032	970
22	Brahmapur (M)	919	-	919
23	Ramagiri (P)	947	947	-
	District Total :	**998**	**1,011**	**939**

TABLE 7 : SEX-RATIO BY CD BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C D Block	Sex-ratio
1	2	3
1	Bhanjanagar	988
2	Jagannathprasad	1,020
3	Buguda	1,039
4	Bellaguntha	1,064
5	Surada	999
6	Dharakote	1,005
7	Asika	1,036
8	Kavisurjyanagar	1,014
9	Polasara	1,035
10	Beguniapada	1,050
11	Khalikote	1,009
12	Ganjam	963
13	Purusottampur	1,034
14	Hinjilicut	1,043
15	Seragad	970
16	Sanakhemundi	965
17	Digapahandi	1,002
18	Patrapur	1,040
19	Chikiti	1,039
20	Kukudakhandi	967
21	Rangeilunda	991
22	Chhatrapur	995
	District (Rural) Total :	**1,011**

Table–6 shows sex-ratio by police stations as per 2001 Census. In the district there are 998 females per 1,000 males. The sex-ratio of the district is slightly higher than the State average of 972. There is great variation between rural and urban sex ratio in the district, which is 1,011 in rural areas, and 939 in urban areas. In rural areas, Gangapur police station has recorded highest sex-ratio of 1,071 and Ramgiri (Portion) Police Station has the lowest sex-ratio of 947. Gopalpur (NAC) has got the sex ratio of 997 whereas Brahmapur (M) has 919 among the towns in the district.

Table–7, i.e., the C.D. Block-wise sex-ratio gives a little different figure as compared to Police Station level sex-ratio. Bellaguntha C.D. Block has the highest sex-ratio of 1,064 followed by Beguniapada C.D. Block with 1,050. Sex-ratio indicates that the females out number the males in 14 C. D. Blocks. 11 C.D. Blocks have lower sex ratio than the district level (rural) sex-ratio of 1,011 whereas 11 C.D. Blocks have more than that.

Table–8, i.e., the distribution of sex ratio of rural population by ranges shows that 513 (18.2%) villages in the district have sex-ratio in the range of 950-999. The largest number of villages 883 (31.4%) fall in the sex-ratio range of 1000-1099. Even in the range of 1100 + sex-ratio, there are 653 (23.2%) villages.

TABLE 8 : SEX-RATIO OF RURAL POPULATION BY RANGES, 2001

Range of sex ratio for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage of villages in each range	Population 2001	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
Less than 700	42	1.49	2,277	0
700-749	20	0.71	5,043	0
750-799	44	1.56	15,165	1
800-849	82	2.92	24,773	1
850-899	200	7.11	118,668	5
900-949	375	13.34	400,796	15
950-999	513	18.24	671,825	26
1000-1099	883	31.40	935,731	36
1100+	653	23.22	429,998	17
District Total:	**2,812**	**100.00**	**2,604,276**	**100**
Sex ratio (Rural) for District:			**1,011**	

It is therefore seen that sex-ratio is 52.4 per cent in favour of females and 47.6 per cent in favour of males in the rural areas of the district.

TABLE 9 : SEX-RATIO OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of U.A. / Town	Urban status of town	Sex-ratio
1	2	3	4
1	Buguda (NAC)	NAC	975
2	Bhanjanagar (NAC)	NAC	931
3	Bellaguntha (NAC)	NAC	1,018
4	Surada (NAC)	NAC	964
5	Asika (NAC)	NAC	934
6	Makundapur (CT)	CT	954
7	Purusottampur (NAC)	NAC	961
8	Kavisurjyanagar (NAC)	NAC	942
9	Polasara (NAC)	NAC	985
10	Kodala (NAC)	NAC	996
11	Khalikote (NAC)	NAC	939
12	Rambha (NAC)	NAC	991
13	Chhatrapur (NAC)	NAC	964
14	Ganjam (NAC)	NAC	946
15	Gopalpur (NAC)	NAC	997
16	Chikiti (NAC)	NAC	982
17	Digapahandi (NAC)	NAC	965
18	Hinjilicut (NAC)	NAC	970
19	Brahmapur (M)	M	919
Sex-ratio (Urban) for the district :			**939**

As per Table–9, the sex-ratio in urban areas (939) is quite lower than the sex-ratio in rural areas (1011). The lowest (919) sex-ratio is seen in Brahmapur (M) and the highest sex-ratio (1018) is seen in Bellaguntha (NAC).

TABLE 10 : SEX RATIO OF POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 FOR POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Sl. No.	Name of Police Stations	Total / Rural / Urban	Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex ratio for 0-6 age
			Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Tarasingi	Total	11,646	5,869	5,777	984
		Rural	11,646	5,869	5,777	984
		Urban	0	0	0	
2	Buguda	Total	24,143	12,420	11,723	944
		Rural	22,269	11,480	10,789	940
		Urban	1,874	940	934	994
3	Bhanjanagar	Total	22,122	11,353	10,769	949
		Rural	18,646	9,572	9,074	948
		Urban	3,476	1,781	1,695	952
4	Gangapur	Total	22,608	11,495	11,113	967
		Rural	22,608	11,495	11,113	967
		Urban	0	0	0	
5	Surada	Total	13,102	6,620	6,482	979
		Rural	11,015	5,551	5,464	984
		Urban	2,087	1,069	1,018	952
6	Badagada	Total	19,623	9,955	9,668	971
		Rural	19,623	9,955	9,668	971
		Urban	0	0	0	
7	Asika	Total	30,196	15,652	14,544	929
		Rural	27,058	13,988	13,070	934
		Urban	3,138	1,664	1,474	886

Sl. No.	Name of Police Stations	Total / Rural / Urban	Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex ratio for 0-6 age
			Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	Purusottampur	Total	22,984	11,974	11,010	919
		Rural	20,992	10,950	10,042	917
		Urban	1,992	1,024	968	945
9	Kabisuryanagar	Total	31,542	16,168	15,374	951
		Rural	26,571	13,591	12,980	955
		Urban	4,971	2,577	2,394	929
10	Kodala	Total	32,204	16,703	15,501	928
		Rural	30,288	15,715	14,573	927
		Urban	1,916	988	928	939
11	Khalikote	Total	18,868	9,782	9,086	929
		Rural	17,454	9,037	8,417	931
		Urban	1,414	745	669	898
12	Rambha	Total	13,173	6,716	6,457	961
		Rural	11,555	5,876	5,679	966
		Urban	1,618	840	778	926
13	Chhatrapur	Total	25,326	13,141	12,185	927
		Rural	21,936	11,323	10,613	937
		Urban	3,390	1,818	1,572	865
14	Gopalpur	Total	8,322	4,286	4,036	942
		Rural	7,461	3,865	3,596	930
		Urban	861	421	440	1,045
15	Brahmapur Sadar	Total	18,101	9,443	8,658	917
		Rural	18,101	9,443	8,658	917
		Urban	0	0	0	
16	Golanthara	Total	20,950	10,726	10,224	953
		Rural	20,950	10,726	10,224	953
		Urban	0	0	0	
17	Nuagaon	Total	15,947	8,101	7,846	969
		Rural	14,513	7,412	7,101	958
		Urban	1,434	689	745	1,081
18	Digapahandi	Total	19,959	10,177	9,782	961
		Rural	18,518	9,437	9,081	962
		Urban	1,441	740	701	947
19	Jarada	Total	16,923	8,705	8,218	944
		Rural	16,923	8,705	8,218	944
		Urban	0	0	0	
20	Patapur	Total	31,487	16,397	15,090	920
		Rural	31,487	16,397	15,090	920
		Urban	0	0	0	

Table–10, i.e., the sex-ratio of population in the age group 0-6 for police stations in the district exhibits a fluctuating trend. The sex-ratios of population in 0-6 age group vary between 914 to 984 among the police stations. The highest sex-ratio of 984 is found in Tarasingi, followed by Badagada Police Station (971) and Gangapur Police Station (967). The sex-ratio in rural area is higher than in urban area of the district. The district sex-ratio in 0-6 age group is lower in total, rural and urban areas than that of the state sex-ratio in the same age group.

TABLE 11 : SEX RATIO OF POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 FOR C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D. block	Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex ratio for 0-6 age group
		Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Bhanjanagar	17,308	8,906	8,402	943
2	Jagannathprasad	17,798	9,135	8,663	948
3	Buguda	17,083	8,777	8,306	946
4	Bellaguntha	15,481	7,759	7,722	995
5	Surada	22,270	11,303	10,967	970
6	Dharakote	17,093	8,706	8,387	963
7	Asika	20,964	10,838	10,126	934
8	Kavisurjyanagar	16,305	8,472	7,833	925
9	Polasara	18,069	9,264	8,805	950

Serial number	Name of C.D. block	Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex ratio for 0-6 age group
		Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6
10	Beguniapada	18,694	9,693	9,001	929
11	Khalikote	21,976	11,315	10,661	942
12	Ganjam	12,535	6,434	6,101	948
13	Purusottampur	20,458	10,600	9,858	930
14	Hinjilicut	16,314	8,507	7,807	918
15	Seragad	19,020	9,760	9,260	949
16	Sanakhemundi	24,457	12,778	11,679	914
17	Digapahandi	21,952	11,248	10,704	952
18	Patrapur	18,963	9,771	9,192	941
19	Chikiti	15,605	7,958	7,647	961
20	Kukudakhandi	19,093	9,940	9,153	921
21	Rangeilunda	20,609	10,591	10,018	946
22	Chhatrapur	18,310	9,415	8,895	945
District (Rural) Total:		**410,357**	**211,170**	**199,187**	**943**

As per Table–11, amongst 22 CD Blocks of the district, the highest sex-ratio is located in Bellaguntha Block (995) and the lowest in Sanakhemundi (914). Higher sex-ratio than the district rural figure (943) is recorded in Bellaguntha (995), Suruda (970), Dharakote (963), Chikiti (961), Digapahandi (952), Polsara (950), Seragad (949), Ganjam and Jagannathprasad (948), Rangelunda and Buguda (946) and Chhatrapur (945). The remaining ten C.D.Blocks have shown lower sex ratio than the district rural sex-ratio in the age group 0-6.

TABLE 12 : SEX-RATIO OF RURAL POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 BY RANGES, 2001

Range of sex-ratio for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Population 2001	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
Less than 700	367	13.1	14,852	3.6
700-749	106	3.8	10,704	2.6
750-799	170	6.0	23,022	5.6
800-849	211	7.5	37,400	9.1
850-899	260	9.2	58,690	14.3
900-949	288	10.2	71,117	17.3
950-999	248	8.8	61,377	15.0
1000-1099	459	16.3	79,856	19.5
1100+	703	25.0	53,339	13.0
District (Rural) Total	**2,812**	**100.0**	**410,357**	**100.0**
Sex ratio (Rural) for District :			**943**	

Table–12 gives distribution of sex-ratio of rural population in the age group 0-6 by ranges. The highest number of 703 villages with 25 percentage and population of 13 percent are covered under the ranges 1,100+ sex-ratio. But the irony of the fact is that 49.8 percent villages have a sex-ratio of less than 950 in the age group 0-6 which comprises 52.5 percentage of population. There are 854 villages where 0-6 age group sex-ratio is less than 850 and 473 villages where it is less than 750, which visualizes shortage of girl child in comparison to boys.

TABLE 13 : SEX RATIO OF POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of UA / Town	Urban status of town	Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex ratio for 0-6 age group
			Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Buguda (NAC)	NAC	1,874	940	934	994
2	Bhanjanagar (NAC)	NAC	2,155	1,104	1,051	952
3	Bellaguntha (NAC)	NAC	1,321	677	644	951
4	Surada (NAC)	NAC	2,087	1,069	1,018	952
5	Asika (NAC)	NAC	2,511	1,346	1,165	866
6	Makundapur (CT)	CT	627	318	309	972
7	Purusottampur (NAC)	NAC	1,992	1,024	968	945
8	Kavisurjyanagar (NAC)	NAC	2,199	1,127	1,072	951
9	Polasara (NAC)	NAC	2,772	1,450	1,322	912

TABLE 13 : SEX RATIO OF POPULATION IN THE AGE GROUP 0-6 OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of UA / Town	Urban status of town	Total population in 0-6 age group			Sex ratio for 0-6 age group
			Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
10	Kodala (NAC)	NAC	1,916	988	928	939
11	Khalikote (NAC)	NAC	1,414	745	669	898
12	Rambha (NAC)	NAC	1,618	840	778	926
13	Chhatrapur (NAC)	NAC	2,102	1,127	975	865
14	Ganjam (NAC)	NAC	1,288	691	597	864
15	Gopalpur (NAC)	NAC	861	421	440	1,045
16	Chikiti (NAC)	NAC	1,434	689	745	1,081
17	Digapahandi (NAC)	NAC	1,441	740	701	947
18	Hinjilicut (NAC)	NAC	2,841	1,489	1,352	908
19	Brahmapur (M)	M	32,654	17,251	15,403	893
District(Urban) Total			**65,107**	**34,036**	**31,071**	**913**

Table–13 reveals that in the towns of the district the position of sex-ratio among 0-6 age group population is much adverse than the rural areas. The district urban sex-ratio is 913 as compared to state urban sex-ratio 933. The lowest (864) among the towns is reported in Ganjam (NAC) and the highest (1081) is reported in Chikiti (NAC). Brahmapur (M) having the highest 0-6 populations among towns have reported 893 sex-ratio among the towns.

TABLE 14 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Stations	Total / Rural / Urban	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Tarasingi	Total	77,800	20,112	7,262	25.9	9.3
		Rural	77,800	20,112	7,262	25.9	9.3
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
2	Buguda	Total	157,789	33,252	2,861	21.1	1.8
		Rural	144,532	31,626	2,717	21.9	1.9
		Urban	13,257	1,626	144	12.3	1.1
3	Bhanjanagar	Total	159,255	29,192	6,279	18.3	3.9
		Rural	129,545	24,311	5,750	18.8	4.4
		Urban	29,710	4,881	529	16.4	1.8
4	Gangapur	Total	144,922	20,655	2,185	14.3	1.5
		Rural	144,922	20,655	2,185	14.3	1.5
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
5	Surada	Total	78,438	18,980	5,018	24.2	6.4
		Rural	63,790	14,818	4,895	23.2	7.7
		Urban	14,648	4,162	123	28.4	0.8

Serial number	Name of Police Stations	Total / Rural / Urban	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6	Badagada	Total	112,019	20,531	13,604	18.3	12.1
		Rural	112,019	20,531	13,604	18.3	12.1
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
7	Asika	Total	192,442	34,583	902	18.0	0.5
		Rural	166,728	30,736	708	18.4	0.4
		Urban	25,714	3,847	194	15.0	0.8
8	Purusottampur	Total	147,746	40,227	240	27.2	0.2
		Rural	133,497	37,269	221	27.9	0.2
		Urban	14,249	2,958	19	20.8	0.1
9	Kabisuryanagar	Total	205,429	31,511	596	15.3	0.3
		Rural	169,767	26,948	424	15.9	0.2
		Urban	35,662	4,563	172	12.8	0.5
10	Kodala	Total	199,514	33,278	5,784	16.7	2.9
		Rural	187,169	31,996	5,780	17.1	3.1
		Urban	12,345	1,282	4	10.4	0.0
11	Khalikote	Total	118,756	20,706	5,219	17.4	4.4
		Rural	107,798	19,743	4,940	18.3	4.6
		Urban	10,958	963	279	8.8	2.5
12	Rambha	Total	86,035	27,032	560	31.4	0.7
		Rural	75,319	23,569	556	31.3	0.7
		Urban	10,716	3,463	4	32.3	0.0
13	Chhatrapur	Total	181,964	42,541	754	23.4	0.4
		Rural	150,358	37,675	518	25.1	0.3
		Urban	31,606	4,866	236	15.4	0.7
14	Gopalpur	Total	60,092	12,026	121	20.0	0.2
		Rural	53,429	11,517	99	21.6	0.2
		Urban	6,663	509	22	7.6	0.3
15	Brahmapur Sadar	Total	120,560	24,840	614	20.6	0.5
		Rural	120,560	24,840	614	20.6	0.5
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
16	Golanthara	Total	128,879	35,907	1,973	27.9	1.5
		Rural	128,879	35,907	1,973	27.9	1.5
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
17	Nuagaon	Total	102,879	18,334	6,690	17.8	6.5
		Rural	92,077	15,958	6,630	17.3	7.2
		Urban	10,802	2,376	60	22.0	0.6
18	Digapahandi	Total	125,376	19,387	7,389	15.5	5.9
		Rural	114,486	17,617	7,257	15.4	6.3
		Urban	10,890	1,770	132	16.3	1.2

TABLE 14 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Stations	Total / Rural / Urban	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
19	Jarada	Total	108,053	18,824	4,877	17.4	4.5
		Rural	108,053	18,824	4,877	17.4	4.5
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
20	Patapur	Total	191,598	28,000	7,065	14.6	3.7
		Rural	191,598	28,000	7,065	14.6	3.7
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
21	Hinjili	Total	143,234	29,474	509	20.6	0.4
		Rural	121,887	25,132	481	20.6	0.4
		Urban	21,347	4,342	28	20.3	0.1
22	Brahmapur (M)	Total	307,792	27,155	1,662	8.8	0.5
		Rural	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
		Urban	307,792	27,155	1,662	8.8	0.5
23	Ramagiri (P)	Total	10,063	251	8,755	2.5	8.7
		Rural	10,063	251	8,755	2.5	8.7
		Urban	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	District Total:	**Total**	**3,160,635**	**586,798**	**90,919**	**18.6**	**2.9**
		Rural	**2,604,276**	**518,035**	**87,311**	**19.9**	**3.4**
		Urban	**556,359**	**68,763**	**3,608**	**12.4**	**0.6**

Table–14 presents data on number and percentage of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population in different police stations of Ganjam district as per 2001 Census. The percentage of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population to the total population in the district constitutes 18.6 and 2.9 per cent respectively as against 16.53 per cent and 22.13 per cent respectively in the state. However, the rural-urban distribution of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population in the district shows that 12.4 per cent and 0.6 per cent of total population of towns are scheduled castes and scheduled tribes respectively. The table further reveals that there is the highest concentration of scheduled caste population (31.4 per cent) in Rambha police station and lowest concentration (2.5 per cent) in Ramgiri (P) police station. In so far as scheduled tribes population is concerned, the highest concentration is recorded in Ramgiri (P) police station (8.7%) and Purusottampur and Gopalpur police stations are at the bottom (0.2%) in the district.

TABLE 15 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D. block	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Bhanjanagar	122,449	26,011	7,805	21.2	6.4
2	Jagannathprasad	117,894	27,528	5,795	23.3	4.9
3	Buguda	106,747	20,901	1,983	19.6	1.9
4	Bellaguntha	103,077	14,631	678	14.2	0.7

Serial number	Name of C.D. block	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
5	Surada	126,075	25,490	12,844	20.2	10.2
6	Dharakote	101,533	17,706	6,682	17.4	6.6
7	Asika	133,387	24,396	932	18.3	0.7
8	Kavisurjyanagar	102,441	17,853	355	17.4	0.3
9	Polasara	117,281	17,222	3,020	14.7	2.6
10	Beguniapada	112,970	20,269	2,793	17.9	2.5
11	Khalikote	137,173	30,670	5,010	22.4	3.7
12	Ganjam	82,702	19,098	507	23.1	0.6
13	Purusottampur	129,506	33,963	250	26.2	0.2
14	Hinjilicut	107,053	24,065	451	22.5	0.4
15	Seragad	117,625	21,455	598	18.2	0.5
16	Sanakhemundi	147,788	19,634	6,005	13.3	4.1
17	Digapahandi	136,618	21,398	8,793	15.7	6.4
18	Patrapur	118,116	19,075	13,632	16.1	11.5
19	Chikiti	93,941	25,898	2,596	27.6	2.8
20	Kukudakhandi	124,598	29,508	5,478	23.7	4.4
21	Rangeilunda	139,627	27,372	586	19.6	0.4
22	Chhatrapur	125,675	33,892	518	27.0	0.4
District (Rural) Total:		**2,604,276**	**518,035**	**87,311**	**19.9**	**3.4**

Table–15 gives picture regarding distribution of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population in different C.D.Blocks of Ganjam district as per 2001 Census. The highest concentration of scheduled castes population is recorded in Chikiti (27.6%) C.D. Block followed by Chhatrapur (27%) C.D. Block. In contrast, Sanakhemundi C.D. Block lies at the bottom with only 13.3 percent of scheduled caste population. As regards the percentage of scheduled tribes population to total population, Patrapur C.D.Block tops the list with 11.5% followed by Surada (10.2%) while the lowest percentage of scheduled tribes population to total population is recorded in Purusottampur (0.2%) C.D. Block.

TABLE 16 : PROPORTION OF SCHEDULED CASTES POPULATION TO TOTAL POPULATION IN VILLAGES, 2001

Percentage range of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Number of villages	Percentage	Scheduled Castes Population	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5
Nil	652	23.2	0	0.0
Less than 5	266	9.5	6,923	1.3
5-10	392	13.9	40,403	7.8
11-20	598	21.3	133,498	25.8
21-30	353	12.6	115,964	22.4
31-40	195	6.9	67,649	13.1
41-50	102	3.6	39,307	7.6
51-75	116	4.1	67,619	13.1
76 and above	138	4.9	46,672	9.0
District Total	**2,812**	**100.0**	**518,035**	**100.0**

Table–16 shows proportion of scheduled caste population to total population in the villages. The percentage of scheduled caste population to total population of villages are divided into nine ranges starting from 'Nil' to '76 and above'. The table reveals that out of 2,812 inhabited villages of the district, 652 (23.2%) villages have no scheduled caste population and 138 (4.9%) villages have more than 75 percent scheduled caste population. However, majority of villages in the district numbering 598 (21.3%) have scheduled caste population ranging between 11-20 percent of their total population which constitute 25.8 percent of scheduled caste population of the district.

TABLE 17 : PROPORTION OF SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION TO TOTAL POPULATION IN VILLAGES, 2001

Percentage range of Scheduled Tribes population to total population	Number of villages	Percentage	Scheduled Tribes Population	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5
Nil	1,751	62.3	0	0.0
Less than 5	294	10.5	5,299	6.1
5-10	77	2.7	5,327	6.1
11-20	64	2.3	6,701	7.7
21-30	41	1.5	4,812	5.5
31-40	34	1.2	5,610	6.4
41-50	26	0.9	3,281	3.8
51-75	43	1.5	5,321	6.1
76 and above	482	17.1	50,960	58.4
District Total	**2,812**	**100.0**	**87,311**	**100.0**

Like the previous Table, this Table distributes the villages of the district into different percentage ranges of scheduled tribes population. Out of 2,812 inhabited villages of the district, 1,751 (62.3%) villages have no scheduled tribe population at all. In contrast, 58.4 per cent of total scheduled tribe populations of the district live in 482 villages and the concentration of scheduled tribe population in these villages is the highest (above 75 per cent to total population). However, maximum number of villages in the district i.e. 294 (10.5%) has less than 5 per cent of scheduled tribes population and they constitute 6.1 per cent of the total scheduled tribes population in the district.

TABLE 18 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of UA / Town	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Buguda (NAC)	13,257	1,626	144	12.3	1.1
2	Bhanjanagar (NAC)	19,748	3,429	277	17.4	1.4
3	Bellaguntha (NAC)	9,962	1,452	252	14.6	2.5
4	Surada (NAC)	14,648	4,162	123	28.4	0.8
5	Asika (NAC)	20,739	3,482	177	16.8	0.9
6	Makundapur (CT)	4,975	365	17	7.3	0.3
7	Purusottampur (NAC)	14,249	2,958	19	20.8	0.1
8	Kavisurjyanagar (NAC)	16,094	2,002	25	12.4	0.2
9	Polasara (NAC)	19,568	2,561	147	13.1	0.8

TABLE 18 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of UA / Town	Total population	Total Scheduled Castes population	Total Scheduled Tribes population	Percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population	Percentage of Scheduled Tribes population to total population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
10	Kodala (NAC)	12,345	1,282	4	10.4	0.0
11	Khalikote (NAC)	10,958	963	279	8.8	2.5
12	Rambha (NAC)	10,716	3,463	4	32.3	0.0
13	Chhatrapur (NAC)	20,289	2,172	229	10.7	1.1
14	Ganjam (NAC)	11,317	2,694	7	23.8	0.1
15	Gopalpur (NAC)	6,663	509	22	7.6	0.3
16	Chikiti (NAC)	10,802	2,376	60	22.0	0.6
17	Digapahandi (NAC)	10,890	1,770	132	16.3	1.2
18	Hinjilicut (NAC)	21,347	4,342	28	20.3	0.1
19	Brahmapur (M)	307,792	27,155	1,662	8.8	0.5
District(Urban) Total		**556,359**	**68,763**	**3,608**	**12.4**	**0.6**

Table–18 presents data on number and percentage of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population in different towns of the district as per 2001 Census. The percentage of scheduled castes population and scheduled tribes population to the total population in the urban areas of the district constitute 12.4 per cent and 0.6 per cent respectively. Although Rambha (NAC) has highest concentration of scheduled castes population (32.3%), it has nil scheduled tribes population in the district. Balaguntha and Khalikote (NAC) have the peculiarity of having highest concentration of scheduled tribes population (2.5%) in the district.

TABLE 19 : SEX-RATIO AMONG SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C D Block	Scheduled Castes sex-ratio	Scheduled Tribes sex-ratio
1	2	3	4
1	Bhanjanagar	994	967
2	Jagannathprasad	1,007	908
3	Buguda	1,032	952
4	Bellaguntha	1,071	1,061
5	Surada	993	1,048
6	Dharakote	1,038	1,019
7	Asika	1,022	1,048
8	Kavisurjyanagar	1,024	1,219
9	Polasara	1,066	996
10	Beguniapada	1,042	1,006
11	Khalikote	1,002	1,023
12	Ganjam	959	657
13	Purusottampur	1,024	1,101
14	Hinjilicut	1,012	903
15	Seragad	978	1,055
16	Sanakhemundi	1,000	998

TABLE 19 : SEX-RATIO AMONG SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C D Block	Scheduled Castes sex-ratio	Scheduled Tribes sex-ratio
1	2	3	4
17	Digapahandi	1,034	978
18	Patrapur	1,076	965
19	Chikiti	1,010	1,016
20	Kukudakhandi	989	971
21	Rangeilunda	1,016	1,056
22	Chhatrapur	984	970
	District (Rural) Total :	**1,013**	**990**

Table–19 shows sex-ratio among scheduled castes and scheduled tribes in different C.D Blocks as per 2001 Census. For the rural areas of the district as a whole, the sex-ratio of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population are 1,013 and 990 respectively. In case of scheduled castes population, Patrapur C.D. Block exhibits highest sex-ratio of 1076 followed by Bellaguntha (1,071), Polasara (1066), Beguniapada (1,042), Dharakote (1,038), Digapahandi (1,034), Buguda (1,032), Kavisuryanagar & Purusottampur (1,024), Asika (1,022) and Rangeilunda (1,016). The remaining 11 C.D. Blocks have recorded lower sex-ratio than that of the sex-ratio of scheduled castes population recorded for the district. As regards to sex ratio of scheduled tribes population, 13 C.D. Blocks have recorded higher sex-ratio than the scheduled tribes sex-ratio of the district and the other nine C.D Blocks in the district are in the lower side. It is interesting to note that in case of 9 C.D. Blocks i.e. Bellaguntha, Dharakote, Asika, Kavisurjyanagar, Beguniapada, Purusottampur, Khalikote, Chikiti and Rangeilunda C.D.Blocks, the female population of both scheduled castes and scheduled tribes communities outnumber their male counterparts.

TABLE 20 : SEX RATIO AMONG SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of U.A./ Town	Scheduled Castes sex ratio	Scheduled Tribes sex ratio
1	2	3	4
1	Buguda (NAC)	1,045	714
2	Bhanjanagar (NAC)	1,052	822
3	Bellaguntha (NAC)	1,062	1,016
4	Surada (NAC)	1,003	836
5	Asika (NAC)	969	945
6	Makundapur (CT)	1,051	889
7	Purusottampur (NAC)	936	900
8	Kavisurjyanagar (NAC)	1,000	562
9	Polasara (NAC)	1,046	1,042
10	Kodala (NAC)	1,078	333
11	Khalikote (NAC)	981	712
12	Rambha (NAC)	942	1,000
13	Chhatrapur (NAC)	1,004	789

TABLE 20 : SEX RATIO AMONG SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name of U.A./ Town	Scheduled Castes sex ratio	Scheduled Tribes sex ratio
1	2	3	4
14	Ganjam (NAC)	968	2,500
15	Gopalpur (NAC)	988	1,444
16	Chikiti (NAC)	1,050	1,069
17	Digapahandi (NAC)	956	859
18	Hinjilicut (NAC)	1,020	1,545
19	Brahmapur (M)	997	818
	Sex ratio (Urban) for the district :	**1,000**	**843**

Like previous table, Table–20 indicates sex-ratio among scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population in towns of the district. The urban areas of the district have recorded sex-ratio of 1000 and 843 among scheduled castes and scheduled tribes respectively. The scheduled castes sex-ratio is highest (1078) in Kodala (NAC) and lowest (936) in Purusottampur (NAC). The scheduled tribes sex ratio is highest (2500) in Ganjam (NAC) and lowest (333) in Kodala (NAC).

TABLE 21 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Stations	Total / Rural / Urban	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
			Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Tarasingi	Total	37,129	23,656	13,473	40,671	15,347	25,324	56.1	71.4	40.8	30.6
		Rural	37,129	23,656	13,473	40,671	15,347	25,324	56.1	71.4	40.8	30.6
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	Buguda	Total	84,383	50,740	33,643	73,406	27,415	45,991	63.1	77.2	49.5	27.7
		Rural	75,643	45,717	29,926	68,889	25,724	43,165	61.9	76.2	48.0	28.2
		Urban	8,740	5,023	3,717	4,517	1,691	2,826	76.8	87.0	66.3	20.7
3	Bhanjanagar	Total	93,044	54,380	38,664	66,211	25,088	41,123	67.9	79.8	56.0	23.8
		Rural	71,245	42,219	29,026	58,300	22,086	36,214	64.2	77.1	51.7	25.5
		Urban	21,799	12,161	9,638	7,911	3,002	4,909	83.1	90.9	75.0	15.9
4	Gangapur	Total	78,266	46,034	32,232	66,656	23,948	42,708	64.0	78.7	50.5	28.2
		Rural	78,266	46,034	32,232	66,656	23,948	42,708	64.0	78.7	50.5	28.2
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	Surada	Total	33,879	21,635	12,244	44,559	17,626	26,933	51.9	66.3	37.5	28.8
		Rural	24,722	16,325	8,397	39,068	15,476	23,592	46.8	62.2	31.7	30.5
		Urban	9,157	5,310	3,847	5,491	2,150	3,341	72.9	83.1	62.4	20.7
6	Badagada	Total	43,329	28,775	14,554	68,690	27,615	41,075	46.9	62.0	31.7	30.3
		Rural	43,329	28,775	14,554	68,690	27,615	41,075	46.9	62.0	31.7	30.3
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	Asika	Total	107,218	64,851	42,367	85,224	31,063	54,161	66.1	80.8	51.7	29.1
		Rural	88,888	54,460	34,428	77,840	28,186	49,654	63.6	79.3	48.5	30.8
		Urban	18,330	10,391	7,939	7,384	2,877	4,507	81.2	89.6	72.4	17.2

TABLE 21 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Stations	Total / Rural / Urban	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
			Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
8	Purusottampur	Total	72,081	45,517	26,564	75,665	27,815	47,850	57.8	74.2	41.9	32.3
		Rural	63,587	40,422	23,165	69,910	25,643	44,267	56.5	73.3	40.4	33.0
		Urban	8,494	5,095	3,399	5,755	2,172	3,583	69.3	81.6	56.5	25.1
9	Kabisuryanagar	Total	103,526	64,606	38,920	101,903	36,963	64,940	59.5	75.7	44.0	31.7
		Rural	83,363	52,585	30,778	86,404	30,841	55,563	58.2	75.3	42.0	33.3
		Urban	20,163	12,021	8,142	15,499	6,122	9,377	65.7	77.2	53.8	23.4
10	Kodala	Total	92,152	57,909	34,243	107,362	40,227	67,135	55.1	71.1	39.9	31.2
		Rural	85,572	53,903	31,669	101,597	38,049	63,548	54.6	70.7	39.3	31.4
		Urban	6,580	4,006	2,574	5,765	2,178	3,587	63.1	77.1	49.2	27.9
11	Khalikote	Total	55,782	35,653	20,129	62,974	23,639	39,335	55.8	72.0	40.0	32.1
		Rural	48,619	31,363	17,256	59,179	22,277	36,902	53.8	70.3	37.7	32.6
		Urban	7,163	4,290	2,873	3,795	1,362	2,433	75.1	87.4	62.0	25.5
12	Rambha	Total	40,768	27,003	13,765	45,267	16,685	28,582	56.0	73.0	38.4	34.7
		Rural	34,857	23,383	11,474	40,462	14,922	25,540	54.7	72.1	36.6	35.5
		Urban	5,911	3,620	2,291	4,805	1,763	3,042	65.0	79.7	50.3	29.4
13	Chhatrapur	Total	95,865	59,400	36,465	86,099	32,194	53,905	61.2	75.7	46.6	29.1
		Rural	71,902	45,936	25,966	78,456	29,508	48,948	56.0	71.6	40.4	31.3
		Urban	23,963	13,464	10,499	7,643	2,686	4,957	84.9	93.9	75.6	18.3
14	Gopalpur	Total	30,674	18,788	11,886	29,418	11,794	17,624	59.3	71.5	46.7	24.8
		Rural	27,330	16,853	10,477	26,099	10,393	15,706	59.5	72.1	46.4	25.7
		Urban	3,344	1,935	1,409	3,319	1,401	1,918	57.6	66.4	48.8	17.6
15	Brahmapur Sadar	Total	61,758	38,246	23,512	58,802	23,014	35,788	60.3	73.8	46.4	27.4
		Rural	61,758	38,246	23,512	58,802	23,014	35,788	60.3	73.8	46.4	27.4
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
16	Golanthara	Total	56,088	36,171	19,917	72,791	27,687	45,104	52.0	68.1	36.4	31.7
		Rural	56,088	36,171	19,917	72,791	27,687	45,104	52.0	68.1	36.4	31.7
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
17	Nuagaon	Total	47,575	30,521	17,054	55,304	20,560	34,744	54.7	71.0	38.8	32.2
		Rural	40,863	26,511	14,352	51,214	19,120	32,094	52.7	69.4	36.5	32.9
		Urban	6,712	4,010	2,702	4,090	1,440	2,650	71.7	84.2	58.7	25.6
18	Digapahandi	Total	54,516	35,777	18,739	70,860	26,953	43,907	51.7	68.1	35.5	32.6
		Rural	48,168	32,045	16,123	66,318	25,143	41,175	50.2	67.1	33.4	33.7
		Urban	6,348	3,732	2,616	4,542	1,810	2,732	67.2	77.7	56.3	21.4
19	Jarada	Total	49,506	31,467	18,039	58,547	21,273	37,274	54.3	71.5	38.3	33.2
		Rural	49,506	31,467	18,039	58,547	21,273	37,274	54.3	71.5	38.3	33.2
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
20	Patapur	Total	86,794	57,026	29,768	104,804	40,593	64,211	54.2	70.2	37.7	32.5
		Rural	86,794	57,026	29,768	104,804	40,593	64,211	54.2	70.2	37.7	32.5
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

TABLE 21 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Stations	Total / Rural / Urban	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
			Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
21	Hinjili	Total	74,138	45,720	28,418	69,096	25,089	44,007	60.9	76.7	45.8	30.9
		Rural	60,553	37,762	22,791	61,334	22,213	39,121	58.7	75.1	43.1	32.1
		Urban	13,585	7,958	5,627	7,762	2,876	4,886	73.4	85.2	61.4	23.7
22	Brahmapur (M)	Total	231,063	130,122	100,941	76,729	30,232	46,497	84.0	90.9	76.5	14.5
		Rural	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Urban	231,063	130,122	100,941	76,729	30,232	46,497	84.0	90.9	76.5	14.5
23	Ramagiri (P)	Total	2,188	1,588	600	7,875	3,581	4,294	27.3	38.7	15.3	23.4
		Rural	2,188	1,588	600	7,875	3,581	4,294	27.3	38.7	15.3	23.4
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	District Total:	**Total**	**1,631,722**	**1,005,585**	**626,137**	**1,528,913**	**576,401**	**952,512**	**60.8**	**75.2**	**46.4**	**28.8**
		Rural	**1,240,370**	**782,447**	**457,923**	**1,363,906**	**512,639**	**851,267**	**56.5**	**72.2**	**41.3**	**30.9**
		Urban	**391,352**	**223,138**	**168,214**	**165,007**	**63,762**	**101,245**	**79.7**	**88.2**	**70.6**	**17.7**

Table–21 presents Police Station level data on literacy as per 2001 Census. The literacy of the district is 60.8 per cent for the total population and it is 75.2 per cent and 46.4 percent in case of males and females respectively. For total rural population of the district, the literacy comes to 56.5 percent and for total urban population of the district it is at a higher level of 79.7 per cent. In almost all police stations and at district level, the literacy in case of males is higher than the corresponding rates for the females. Bhanjanagar Police Station records the highest literacy of 67.9 percent followed by Asika (66.1%), Gangapur (64%), Chhatrapur (61.2%) and Hinjili (60.9%). The other 18 police stations in the district namely, Ramagiri(P) (27.3%), Badagada (46.9%), Surada (51.9%), Tarasingi (56.1%), Purusottampur (57.8%) and Kavisurjyanagar (59.5%) have recorded lower literacy in comparison to the literacy for the district total. Column 13 of the table i.e. gap in male-female literacy rates, reveals that the gaps in case of different police stations vary in between 14.5 - 34.7 as against the gap of 28.8 for the district. It further reveals that the gap in male-female literacy rates is prominent in rural areas in comparison to urban areas of the district

TABLE 22 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D.block	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Bhanjanagar	63,352	39,017	24,335	59,097	22,587	36,510	60.3	74.0	46.4	27.6
2	Jagannathprasad	60,355	36,764	23,591	57,539	21,590	35,949	60.3	74.7	46.4	28.3
3	Buguda	55,492	33,325	22,167	51,255	19,015	32,240	61.9	76.5	48.1	28.4
4	Bellaguntha	60,070	34,629	25,441	43,007	15,309	27,698	68.6	82.1	56.0	26.1
5	Surada	48,394	32,046	16,348	77,681	31,018	46,663	46.6	61.9	31.4	30.5
6	Dharakote	45,076	28,908	16,168	56,457	21,731	34,726	53.4	68.9	38.0	30.9
7	Asika	72,966	43,945	29,021	60,421	21,560	38,861	64.9	80.4	50.2	30.1
8	Kavisurjyanagar	51,710	32,695	19,015	50,731	18,178	32,553	60.0	77.1	43.5	33.6
9	Polasara	54,896	34,515	20,381	62,385	23,109	39,276	55.3	71.4	40.1	31.3
10	Beguniapada	50,621	31,832	18,789	62,349	23,272	39,077	53.7	70.1	38.5	31.6

TABLE 22 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D.block	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
11	Khalikote	61,332	39,762	21,570	75,841	28,501	47,340	53.2	69.8	37.0	32.8
12	Ganjam	39,829	26,577	13,252	42,873	15,553	27,320	56.8	74.5	38.4	36.0
13	Purusottampur	60,438	38,730	21,708	69,068	24,929	44,139	55.4	73.0	38.8	34.2
14	Hinjilicut	54,531	33,217	21,314	52,522	19,194	33,328	60.1	75.7	45.5	30.1
15	Seragad	59,440	38,156	21,284	58,185	21,539	36,646	60.3	76.4	43.7	32.7
16	Sanakhemundi	62,120	41,406	20,714	85,668	33,792	51,876	50.4	66.3	34.0	32.3
17	Digapahandi	57,016	38,078	18,938	79,602	30,156	49,446	49.7	66.8	32.8	34.0
18	Patrapur	51,694	33,055	18,639	66,422	24,854	41,568	52.1	68.7	36.5	32.1
19	Chikiti	40,450	26,662	13,788	53,491	19,406	34,085	51.6	70.0	34.3	35.7
20	Kukudakhandi	60,864	38,178	22,686	63,734	25,175	38,559	57.7	71.5	43.5	27.9
21	Rangeilunda	70,002	43,026	26,976	69,625	27,103	42,522	58.8	72.3	45.4	26.9
22	Chhatrapur	59,722	37,924	21,798	65,953	25,068	40,885	55.6	70.8	40.5	30.3
District (Rural) Total:		**1,240,370**	**782,447**	**457,923**	**1,363,906**	**512,639**	**851,267**	**56.5**	**72.2**	**41.3**	**30.9**

Table–22 shows number and percentage of literates and illiterates by sex for the rural areas of the district. In so far as the percentage of literates for total rural population is concerned, Bellguntha C.D. Block tops the list with 68.6 per cent followed by Asika (64.9%), Buguda (61.9%), Jagannathprasad, Seragada and Bhanjanagar (60.3%), Hinjilicut (60.1%) and Rangeilunda (58.8%). The male literacy is highest in Bellaguntha (82.1%) C.D. Block and lowest in Surada (61.9%) C.D. Block. Likewise, the female literacy is highest in Asika (50.2%) C.D. Block and lowest in Surada (31.4%) C.D. Block.

TABLE 23 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY LITERACY RATE RANGE, 2001

Range of literacy rate for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
0	51	1.8	2,192	0.1
1-10	130	4.6	14,069	0.5
11-20	120	4.3	20,927	0.8
21-30	178	6.3	67,317	2.6
31-40	294	10.5	189,229	7.3
41-50	489	17.4	470,698	18.1
51-60	614	21.8	768,358	29.5
61-70	582	20.7	756,828	29.1
71-80	249	8.9	252,754	9.7
81-90	74	2.6	52,904	2.0
91-99	26	0.9	8,952	0.3
100	5	0.2	48	0.0
District Total :	**2,812**	**100.0**	**2,604,276**	**100.0**
Literacy rate for District: 60.8				

Table–23 distributes the total number of villages in the district as per different ranges of literacy rates for villages. The table reveals that the maximum number of villages in the district i.e. 614 (21.8%) constituting 29.5 per cent of the total population in the rural areas of the district, have literacy rates in between 51-60 per cent. It further reveals that 1,934 numbers of villages out of 2,812 inhabited villages of the district, constituting 86.4 per cent of the total rural population have the literacy rates in between 41 percent and 80 per cent. There is 26 villages in the district, which has achieved more than 90 percent of literacy, and 74 villages have achieved the literacy rates of the range 81-90. Likewise 773 villages in the district have recorded low literacy rates of 40 per cent or less.

TABLE 24 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Sl. No.	Name and urban status of UA/Town	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Buguda (NAC)	8,740	5,023	3,717	4,517	1,691	2,826	76.8	87.0	66.3	20.7
2	Bhanjanagar (NAC)	15,144	8,458	6,686	4,604	1,768	2,836	86.1	92.7	78.9	13.8
3	Bellaguntha (NAC)	6,655	3,703	2,952	3,307	1,234	2,073	77.0	86.9	67.4	19.5
4	Surada (NAC)	9,157	5,310	3,847	5,491	2,150	3,341	72.9	83.1	62.4	20.7
5	Asika (NAC)	14,882	8,380	6,502	5,857	2,342	3,515	81.6	89.4	73.5	15.9
6	Makundapur (CT)	3,448	2,011	1,437	1,527	535	992	79.3	90.3	67.8	22.5
7	Purusottampur (NAC)	8,494	5,095	3,399	5,755	2,172	3,583	69.3	81.6	56.5	25.1
8	Kavisurjyanagar (NAC)	9,925	5,866	4,059	6,169	2,420	3,749	71.4	81.9	60.3	21.7
9	Polasara (NAC)	10,238	6,155	4,083	9,330	3,702	5,628	61.0	73.2	48.7	24.5
10	Kodala (NAC)	6,580	4,006	2,574	5,765	2,178	3,587	63.1	77.1	49.2	27.9
11	Khalikote (NAC)	7,163	4,290	2,873	3,795	1,362	2,433	75.1	87.4	62.0	25.5
12	Rambha (NAC)	5,911	3,620	2,291	4,805	1,763	3,042	65.0	79.7	50.3	29.4
13	Chhatrapur (NAC)	15,825	8,674	7,151	4,464	1,659	2,805	87.0	94.2	79.6	14.6
14	Ganjam (NAC)	8,138	4,790	3,348	3,179	1,027	2,152	81.1	93.4	68.3	25.2
15	Gopalpur (NAC)	3,344	1,935	1,409	3,319	1,401	1,918	57.6	66.4	48.8	17.6
16	Chikiti (NAC)	6,712	4,010	2,702	4,090	1,440	2,650	71.6	84.2	58.6	25.6
17	Digapahandi (NAC)	6,348	3,732	2,616	4,542	1,810	2,732	67.2	77.7	56.3	21.4
18	Hinjilicut (NAC)	13,585	7,958	5,627	7,762	2,876	4,886	73.4	85.2	61.4	23.7
19	Brahmapur (M)	231,063	130,122	100,941	76,729	30,232	46,497	84.0	90.9	76.5	14.5
District(Urban) Total		**391,352**	**223,138**	**168,214**	**165,007**	**63,762**	**101,245**	**79.7**	**88.2**	**70.6**	**17.7**

Table–24 presents data on urban literacy of the district. Percentage of literates to total population in the urban areas of the district is 79.7 per cent out of which male literacy is 88.2 percent and female literacy is 70.6 per cent. Amongst 19 towns in the district, Chhatrapur (NAC) has recorded highest literacy of 87.0 per cent out of which male literacy is 94.2 per cent and female literacy is 79.6 per cent. Gopalpur (NAC) is at the bottom with 57.6 per cent of literates wherein males and females constitute 66.4 per cent and 48.8 percent respectively.

Table–25 reveals the literacy rate of Scheduled Castes by sex in different CD Blocks of the district. The literacy rate of the Scheduled Castes in the district (rural) is 42.7 per cent as against the literacy rate of the district (rural) 56.5 per cent. The literacy rate among the CD Blocks is found to vary between 31.4 to 52.5 per cent. Among the male literacy rate

TABLE 25: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C.D.block	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male/female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Bhanjanagar	8,937	6,203	2,734	17,074	6,844	10,230	41.0	56.9	25.0	31.9
2	Jagannathprasad	9,714	6,702	3,012	17,814	7,014	10,800	42.4	59.0	26.1	33.0
3	Buguda	7,623	5,091	2,532	13,278	5,196	8,082	44.3	60.4	28.8	31.6
4	Bellaguntha	6,062	3,869	2,193	8,569	3,196	5,373	50.1	66.3	35.0	31.2
5	Surada	6,980	5,234	1,746	18,510	7,553	10,957	33.5	50.1	16.8	33.3
6	Dharakote	5,620	4,115	1,505	12,086	4,574	7,512	38.8	58.1	20.4	37.7
7	Asika	9,938	6,569	3,369	14,458	5,495	8,963	49.3	66.5	32.7	33.8
8	Kavisurjyanagar	6,529	4,674	1,855	11,324	4,147	7,177	44.5	64.9	24.8	40.1
9	Polasara	5,738	4,007	1,731	11,484	4,328	7,156	40.3	58.3	23.5	34.8
10	Beguniapada	6,425	4,567	1,858	13,844	5,359	8,485	38.6	56.9	21.5	35.4
11	Khalikote	12,183	8,233	3,950	18,487	7,090	11,397	47.7	64.7	30.8	33.9
12	Ganjam	8,342	5,768	2,574	10,756	3,981	6,775	52.5	71.3	33.0	38.2
13	Purusottampur	11,480	8,332	3,148	22,483	8,450	14,033	40.9	60.7	22.0	38.7
14	Hinjilicut	8,538	5,923	2,615	15,527	6,036	9,491	43.3	61.1	26.1	35.0
15	Seragad	7,936	5,738	2,198	13,519	5,108	8,411	45.0	64.4	25.2	39.2
16	Sanakhemundi	5,043	3,826	1,217	14,591	5,991	8,600	31.4	48.0	15.1	32.8
17	Digapahandi	6,059	4,502	1,557	15,339	6,018	9,321	34.5	52.5	17.3	35.2
18	Patrapur	6,379	4,404	1,975	12,696	4,785	7,911	40.4	59.2	23.6	35.6
19	Chikiti	9,900	7,222	2,678	15,998	5,665	10,333	46.5	68.9	24.8	44.1
20	Kukudakhandi	8,627	6,176	2,451	20,881	8,660	12,221	35.7	51.4	20.2	31.1
21	Rangeilunda	9,633	6,639	2,994	17,739	6,940	10,799	42.5	59.4	26.1	33.3
22	Chhatrapur	14,884	9,771	5,113	19,008	7,308	11,700	51.8	67.9	35.7	32.2
	District (Rural)	**182,570**	**127,565**	**55,005**	**335,465**	**129,738**	**205,727**	**42.7**	**60.4**	**25.4**	**35.0**

Ganjam CD Block tops the list with 71.3 percent and Sanakhemundi CD Block is at the bottom with 48 percent. Among the females Chhatrapur CD Block has the highest literacy rate (35.7 %) and the lowest is in the CD Block of Sanakhemundi (15.1 %). The gap between male and female literacy among the CD Blocks is highest (44.1 %) in Chikiti and the lowest (31.1 %) in Kukudakhandi CD Block.

TABLE 26 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY LITERACY RATE RANGE FOR SCHEDULED CASTES POPULATION, 2001

Range of literacy rate for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Scheduled Castes Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
0	55	2.5	837	0.2
1-10	54	2.5	5,187	1.0
11-20	165	7.6	25,838	5.0
21-30	316	14.6	72,730	14.0
31-40	449	20.8	132,590	25.6
41-50	499	23.1	131,855	25.5

TABLE 26 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY LITERACY RATE RANGE FOR SCHEDULED CASTES POPULATION, 2001

Range of literacy rate for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Scheduled Castes Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
51-60	342	15.8	94,319	18.2
61-70	171	7.9	38,412	7.4
71-80	65	3.0	11,364	2.2
81-90	23	1.1	4,472	0.9
91-99	6	0.3	380	0.1
100	15	0.7	51	0.0
District Total:	**2,160**	**100.0**	**518,035**	**100.0**
Literacy rate for District (Rural) : 42.7				

Table–26 shows distribution of villages by literacy rate range for scheduled castes population in the district of Ganjam as per 2001 Census. The table reveals that out of 2,160 numbers of inhabited villages having scheduled caste population in the district, majority of villages numbering 499 (23.1%) have the literacy within the range 41-50. The table further reveals that 1,606 number of inhabited villages, constituting 83.3 per cent of scheduled castes population, have the literacy within the ranges 21-60. It is interesting to note that 55 villages have no literate persons and 15 villages are within 100 per cent literacy range.

TABLE 27 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Buguda (NAC)	739	476	263	887	319	568	54.7	71.6	38.3	33.2
2	Bhanjanagar (NAC)	1,869	1,117	752	1,560	554	1,006	63.9	78.6	50.0	28.6
3	Bellaguntha (NAC)	685	417	268	767	287	480	56.9	73.2	42.3	30.8
4	Surada (NAC)	1,584	1,032	552	2,578	1,046	1,532	46.0	60.7	31.6	29.1
5	Asika (NAC)	1,652	1,068	584	1,830	700	1,130	56.9	73.9	40.0	33.8
6	Makundapur (CT)	207	122	85	158	56	102	66.6	81.9	52.5	29.4
7	Purusottampur (NAC)	1,269	892	377	1,689	636	1,053	51.9	71.8	31.4	40.3
8	Kavisurjyanagar (NAC)	722	499	223	1,280	502	778	43.0	58.0	27.3	30.7
9	Polasara (NAC)	927	630	297	1,634	622	1,012	43.1	60.3	26.9	33.4
10	Kodala (NAC)	509	332	177	773	285	488	47.9	65.0	32.1	32.9
11	Khalikote (NAC)	584	359	225	379	127	252	72.1	88.0	56.0	32.0
12	Rambha (NAC)	1,914	1,216	698	1,549	567	982	66.2	82.3	49.3	33.0
13	Chhatrapur (NAC)	1,517	870	647	655	214	441	79.3	90.3	68.0	22.3
14	Ganjam (NAC)	1,741	1,077	664	953	292	661	73.7	89.2	57.5	31.6
15	Gopalpur (NAC)	377	203	174	132	53	79	84.2	89.0	79.1	9.9
16	Chikiti (NAC)	824	579	245	1,552	580	972	42.1	59.9	24.7	35.3
17	Digapahandi (NAC)	601	417	184	1,169	488	681	41.1	55.5	25.8	29.6
18	Hinjilicut (NAC)	1,681	1,151	530	2,661	998	1,663	45.8	64.3	28.2	36.1
19	Brahmapur (M)	14,706	8,725	5,981	12,449	4,871	7,578	63.4	75.4	51.5	23.9
Ganjam (Urban)Total :		**34,108**	**21,182**	**12,926**	**34,655**	**13,197**	**21,458**	**58.6**	**73.1**	**44.3**	**28.8**

Table–27 presents the literacy rate among Scheduled Castes by sex in different Towns of the district. The literacy rate among all the Scheduled Castes in the district (urban) is 58.6 per cent as against the district urban literacy rate of 79.7 per cent. Among the male literacy rate Chhatrapur tops the list with 90.3 per cent and Digapahandi is at the bottom with 55.5 per cent. Among the females Gopalpur (NAC) has the highest literacy rate (79.1%) and the lowest is in the Chikiti (NAC) (24.7 %). The gap between male and female literacy among the towns is highest (40.3) in Purusottampur (NAC) and is the lowest (9.9 %) in Gopalpur (NAC).

TABLE 28: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED TRIBES LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. Block	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male-female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Bhanjanagar	2,662	1,887	775	5,143	2,081	3,062	39.6	55.5	23.3	32.1
2	Jagannathprasad	2,592	1,794	798	3,203	1,243	1,960	51.9	68.2	33.7	34.5
3	Buguda	843	624	219	1,140	392	748	50.3	73.2	26.6	46.6
4	Bellaguntha	314	198	116	364	131	233	54.6	68.8	40.4	28.3
5	Surada	2,559	1,880	679	10,285	4,390	5,895	24.9	37.3	13.0	24.3
6	Dharakote	1,388	1,070	318	5,294	2,240	3,054	25.7	40.0	11.6	28.4
7	Asika	468	312	156	464	143	321	58.3	80.2	37.7	42.5
8	Kavisurjyanagar	82	63	19	273	97	176	28.3	49.2	11.7	37.5
9	Polasara	871	594	277	2,149	919	1,230	36.0	49.3	22.9	26.4
10	Beguniapada	736	517	219	2,057	875	1,182	32.8	46.4	19.4	27.0
11	Khalikote	1,233	902	331	3,777	1,574	2,203	30.4	45.3	16.0	29.3
12	Ganjam	325	233	92	182	73	109	74.7	84.7	57.5	27.2
13	Purusottampur	119	66	53	131	53	78	53.1	60.6	46.1	14.5
14	Hinjilicut	84	63	21	367	174	193	23.0	33.7	11.7	22.0
15	Seragad	218	147	71	380	144	236	42.9	58.8	27.5	31.3
16	Sanakhemundi	825	675	150	5,180	2,330	2,850	17.3	29.1	6.1	23.0
17	Digapahandi	2,713	1,972	741	6,080	2,474	3,606	37.3	53.7	20.5	33.2
18	Patrapur	2,754	2,091	663	10,878	4,848	6,030	25.2	37.7	12.3	25.3
19	Chikiti	869	610	259	1,727	678	1,049	40.5	57.1	24.0	33.0
20	Kukudakhandi	1,932	1,390	542	3,546	1,390	2,156	42.6	60.3	24.3	36.0
21	Rangeilunda	284	167	117	302	118	184	56.2	66.8	45.9	20.9
22	Chhatrapur	262	152	110	256	111	145	59.1	65.0	52.6	12.3
District (Rural) Total :		**24,133**	**17,407**	**6,726**	**63,178**	**26,478**	**36,700**	**33.7**	**48.4**	**18.9**	**29.6**

Table–28 reveals CD Block-wise literates and illiterates with literacy rate of Scheduled Tribes by sex in different CD Blocks of the district. The literacy rate of the Scheduled Tribes in the district is 33.7 per cent as against the district rural literacy rate of 56.5 per cent. The literacy rate of CD Blocks is found to vary between 17.3 to 74.7 per cent. In male literacy Ganjam CD Block tops the list with 84.7 per cent and Sanakhemundi CD Block is at the bottom with 29.1 per cent. In female literacy, Ganjam CD Block has the highest literacy rate (57.5 %) and the lowest is in the CD Block of Sanakhemundi (6.1 %). The gap between male and female literacy among the CD Blocks is highest (46.6 %) in Buguda and the lowest (12.3 %) in Chhatrapur CD Block.

TABLE 29 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY LITERACY RATE RANGE FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION, 2001

Range of literacy rate for villages	Number of inhabited villages	Percentage distribution of villages	Scheduled Tribes Population	Percentage distribution of population
1	2	3	4	5
0	100	9.4	2,313	2.6
1-10	150	14.1	15,002	17.2
11-20	118	11.1	12,840	14.7
21-30	128	12.1	11,671	13.4
31-40	139	13.1	13,570	15.5
41-50	132	12.4	13,828	15.8
51-60	76	7.2	6,175	7.1
61-70	76	7.2	6,849	7.8
71-80	33	3.1	2,675	3.1
81-90	35	3.3	1,475	1.7
91-99	8	0.8	537	0.6
100	66	6.2	376	0.4
District Total :	**1,061**	**100.0**	**87,311**	**100.0**
Literacy rate for District (Rural) : 33.7				

Distribution of villages by literacy rate ranges for scheduled tribes population, 2001 is depicted in Table-29. There is 1,061 number of inhabited villages in the district wherein scheduled tribes population are available. The majority of villages numbering 150 (14.1%) and constituting 17.2 per cent of the scheduled tribes population of the district have the literacy within the range 1-10. Next to it, there are 139 (13.1%) villages having 15.5 per cent of scheduled tribe population of the district, who have achieved literacy within the range of 31-40. The table shows that there are 100 villages wherein no literate person is available. 66 villages in the district have achieved cent per cent literacy wherein 376 scheduled tribe persons are available.

TABLE 30 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED TRIBES LITERATES AND ILLITERATES BY SEX IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male/ female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Buguda (NAC)	113	71	42	31	13	18	91.1	95.9	84.0	11.9
2	Bhanjanagar (NAC)	195	118	77	82	34	48	81.3	88.7	72.0	16.8
3	Bellaguntha (NAC)	194	107	87	58	18	40	85.5	94.7	76.3	18.4
4	Surada (NAC)	83	48	35	40	19	21	80.6	87.3	72.9	14.4
5	Asika (NAC)	129	72	57	48	19	29	86.6	90.0	82.6	7.4
6	Makundapur (CT)	13	6	7	4	3	1	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.0
7	Purusottampur (NAC)	12	6	6	7	4	3	92.3	100.0	85.7	14.3
8	Kavisurjyanagar (NAC)	16	12	4	9	4	5	88.9	92.3	80.0	12.3
9	Polasara (NAC)	82	47	35	65	25	40	71.3	88.7	56.5	32.2

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town	Number of literates and illiterates						Percentage of literates			Gap in male/ female literacy rate
		Number of literates			Number of illiterates						
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
10	Kodala (NAC)	3	2	1	1	1	0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.0
11	Khalikote (NAC)	130	108	22	149	55	94	53.9	78.3	21.4	56.9
12	Rambha (NAC)	4	2	2	0	0	0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.0
13	Chhatrapur (NAC)	184	104	80	45	24	21	93.9	97.2	89.9	7.3
14	Ganjam (NAC)	6	2	4	1	0	1	85.7	100.0	80.0	20.0
15	Gopalpur (NAC)	19	6	13	3	3	0	90.5	75.0	100.0	-25.0
16	Chikiti (NAC)	41	24	17	19	5	14	85.4	96.0	73.9	22.1
17	Digapahandi (NAC)	49	44	5	83	27	56	43.8	72.1	9.8	62.3
18	Hinjilicut (NAC)	20	10	10	8	1	7	83.3	90.9	76.9	14.0
19	Brahmapur (M)	1,126	699	427	536	215	321	78.5	87.7	67.0	20.7
	Ganjam (Urban)	**2,419**	**1,488**	**931**	**1,189**	**470**	**719**	**78.2**	**88.3**	**66.2**	**22.0**

Table–30 presents the literacy rate among Scheduled Tribes by sex in different towns of the district. The literacy rate of the Scheduled Tribes in the towns of the district is 78.2 per cent as against the district urban literacy rate of 79.7 per cent. In male literacy Kodala, Ganjam, Rambha, Makundapur and Purusottampur are at the top with cent per cent and Digapahandi (NAC) is at the bottom with 72.1 per cent. In female literacy Mukundapur, Kodala, Rambha and Gopalpur have the highest literacy rate (100 %) and the lowest is in the Digapahandi (9.8%). The gap between male and female literacy among the towns is highest (62.3 %) in Digapahandi (NAC) and the lowest (7.3%) in Chhatrapur (NAC). However, a peculiar feature noticed in Gopalpur (NAC) is that, here female literacy (100%) is higher than the male literacy (75%) by 25 per cent.

TABLE 31: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Sl. No.	Name of Police Stations	Persons Males Females	Total population	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal workers)		Non-workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Tarasingi	Persons	77,800	18,506	23.8	18,041	23.2	36,547	47.0	41,253	53.0
		Males	39,003	14,516	37.2	7,625	19.5	22,141	56.8	16,862	43.2
		Females	38,797	3,990	10.3	10,416	26.8	14,406	37.1	24,391	62.9
2	Buguda	Persons	157,789	41,529	26.3	26,621	16.9	68,150	43.2	89,639	56.8
		Males	78,155	32,843	42.0	8,550	10.9	41,393	53.0	36,762	47.0
		Females	79,634	8,686	10.9	18,071	22.7	26,757	33.6	52,877	66.4
3	Bhanjanagar	Persons	159,255	38,393	24.1	22,275	14.0	60,668	38.1	98,587	61.9
		Males	79,468	31,836	40.1	8,623	10.9	40,459	50.9	39,009	49.1
		Females	79,787	6,557	8.2	13,652	17.1	20,209	25.3	59,578	74.7
4	Gangapur	Persons	144,922	36,635	25.3	22,382	15.4	59,017	40.7	85,905	59.3
		Males	69,982	28,256	40.4	7,178	10.3	35,434	50.6	34,548	49.4
		Females	74,940	8,379	11.2	15,204	20.3	23,583	31.5	51,357	68.5

TABLE 31: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Sl. No.	Name of Police Stations	Persons Males Females	Total population	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal workers)		Non-workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
5	Surada	Persons	78,438	22,837	29.1	12,796	16.3	35,633	45.4	42,805	54.6
		Males	39,261	17,812	45.4	3,609	9.2	21,421	54.6	17,840	45.4
		Females	39,177	5,025	12.8	9,187	23.4	14,212	36.3	24,965	63.7
6	Badagada	Persons	112,019	32,165	28.7	21,238	19.0	53,403	47.7	58,616	52.3
		Males	56,390	25,481	45.2	5,821	10.3	31,302	55.5	25,088	44.5
		Females	55,629	6,684	12.0	15,417	27.7	22,101	39.7	33,528	60.3
7	Asika	Persons	192,442	49,372	25.7	25,698	13.4	75,070	39.0	117,372	61.0
		Males	95,914	39,657	41.3	8,341	8.7	47,998	50.0	47,916	50.0
		Females	96,528	9,715	10.1	17,357	18.0	27,072	28.0	69,456	72.0
8	Purusottampur	Persons	147,746	35,085	23.7	27,747	18.8	62,832	42.5	84,914	57.5
		Males	73,332	28,014	38.2	9,560	13.0	37,574	51.2	35,758	48.8
		Females	74,414	7,071	9.5	18,187	24.4	25,258	33.9	49,156	66.1
9	Kavisurjyanagar	Persons	205,429	44,351	21.6	36,845	17.9	81,196	39.5	124,233	60.5
		Males	101,569	35,072	34.5	14,774	14.5	49,846	49.1	51,723	50.9
		Females	103,860	9,279	8.9	22,071	21.3	31,350	30.2	72,510	69.8
10	Kodala	Persons	199,514	51,966	26.0	35,202	17.6	87,168	43.7	112,346	56.3
		Males	98,136	38,341	39.1	12,585	12.8	50,926	51.9	47,210	48.1
		Females	101,378	13,625	13.4	22,617	22.3	36,242	35.7	65,136	64.3
11	Khalikote	Persons	118,756	26,531	22.3	18,544	15.6	45,075	38.0	73,681	62.0
		Males	59,292	22,014	37.1	8,023	13.5	30,037	50.7	29,255	49.3
		Females	59,464	4,517	7.6	10,521	17.7	15,038	25.3	44,426	74.7
12	Rambha	Persons	86,035	19,306	22.4	14,028	16.3	33,334	38.7	52,701	61.3
		Males	43,688	16,458	37.7	5,675	13.0	22,133	50.7	21,555	49.3
		Females	42,347	2,848	6.7	8,353	19.7	11,201	26.5	31,146	73.5
13	Chhatrapur	Persons	181,964	43,351	23.8	29,474	16.2	72,825	40.0	109,139	60.0
		Males	91,594	34,420	37.6	11,833	12.9	46,253	50.5	45,341	49.5
		Females	90,370	8,931	9.9	17,641	19.5	26,572	29.4	63,798	70.6
14	Gopalpur	Persons	60,092	15,356	25.6	5,912	9.8	21,268	35.4	38,824	64.6
		Males	30,582	12,386	40.5	2,845	9.3	15,231	49.8	15,351	50.2
		Females	29,510	2,970	10.1	3,067	10.4	6,037	20.5	23,473	79.5
15	Brahmapur Sadar	Persons	120,560	31,154	25.8	15,391	12.8	46,545	38.6	74,015	61.4
		Males	61,260	26,564	43.4	4,760	7.8	31,324	51.1	29,936	48.9
		Females	59,300	4,590	7.7	10,631	17.9	15,221	25.7	44,079	74.3
16	Golanthara	Persons	128,879	36,917	28.6	20,540	15.9	57,457	44.6	71,422	55.4
		Males	63,858	27,014	42.3	6,438	10.1	33,452	52.4	30,406	47.6
		Females	65,021	9,903	15.2	14,102	21.7	24,005	36.9	41,016	63.1
17	Nuagaon	Persons	102,879	31,602	30.7	20,231	19.7	51,833	50.4	51,046	49.6
		Males	51,081	22,971	45.0	5,689	11.1	28,660	56.1	22,421	43.9
		Females	51,798	8,631	16.7	14,542	28.1	23,173	44.7	28,625	55.3

TABLE 31: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Sl. No.	Name of Police Stations	Persons Males Females	Total population	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal workers)		Non-workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
18	Digapahandi	Persons	125,376	36,099	28.8	23,290	18.6	59,389	47.4	65,987	52.6
		Males	62,730	27,833	44.4	6,511	10.4	34,344	54.7	28,386	45.3
		Females	62,646	8,266	13.2	16,779	26.8	25,045	40.0	37,601	60.0
19	Jarada	Persons	108,053	33,112	30.6	22,284	20.6	55,396	51.3	52,657	48.7
		Males	52,740	23,485	44.5	6,026	11.4	29,511	56.0	23,229	44.0
		Females	55,313	9,627	17.4	16,258	29.4	25,885	46.8	29,428	53.2
20	Patapur	Persons	191,598	50,624	26.4	37,189	19.4	87,813	45.8	103,785	54.2
		Males	97,619	40,249	41.2	12,351	12.7	52,600	53.9	45,019	46.1
		Females	93,979	10,375	11.0	24,838	26.4	35,213	37.5	58,766	62.5
21	Hinjili	Persons	143,234	38,322	26.8	22,255	15.5	60,577	42.3	82,657	57.7
		Males	70,809	29,285	41.4	7,658	10.8	36,943	52.2	33,866	47.8
		Females	72,425	9,037	12.5	14,597	20.2	23,634	32.6	48,791	67.4
22	Brahmapur (M)	Persons	307,792	82,661	26.9	6,057	2.0	88,718	28.8	219,074	71.2
		Males	160,354	72,357	45.1	3,458	2.2	75,815	47.3	84,539	52.7
		Females	147,438	10,304	7.0	2,599	1.8	12,903	8.8	134,535	91.2
23	Ramagiri (P)	Persons	10,063	3,852	38.3	2,166	21.5	6,018	59.8	4,045	40.2
		Males	5,169	2,360	45.7	683	13.2	3,043	58.9	2,126	41.1
		Females	4,894	1,492	30.5	1,483	30.3	2,975	60.8	1,919	39.2
	District Total :	**Persons**	**3,160,635**	**819,726**	**25.9**	**486,206**	**15.4**	**1,305,932**	**41.3**	**1,854,703**	**58.7**
		Males	**1,581,986**	**649,224**	**41.0**	**168,616**	**10.7**	**817,840**	**51.7**	**764,146**	**48.3**
		Females	**1,578,649**	**170,502**	**10.8**	**317,590**	**20.1**	**488,092**	**30.9**	**1,090,557**	**69.1**

Table–31 presents data on number and percentage of main workers, marginal workers and non-workers by sex in different police stations of the district as per 2001 Census. For the district as a whole, main workers, marginal workers, and non-workers constitute 25.9 per cent, 15.4 per cent and 58.7 per cent respectively to the total population. In case of males for the district, main workers are 41.0 per cent; marginal workers are 10.7 per cent and non-workers are 48.3 per cent and that of females it is 10.8 percent, 20.1 per cent and 69.1 per cent respectively. The table clearly indicates that more male members have been netted as main workers while more female members have been netted as marginal workers in all the police stations. Total workers i.e. a combination of main workers and marginal workers, of the district is 41.3 per cent of the total population and it lies above the corresponding figures of 38.79 per cent for the state. Ramagiri (P) Police Station tops the list in percentage of total workers with 59.8 per cent followed by Jarada (51.3%) whereas Khalikote Police Station lies at the bottom with 38 per cent.

TABLE 32: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS, AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN C. D. BLOCKS, 2001

Sl. No.	Name of C.D. block	Persons Males Females	Total Population	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal		Non workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Bhanjanagar	Persons	122,449	29,030	23.7	22,856	18.7	51,886	42.4	70,563	57.6
		Males	61,604	23,438	38.0	9,848	16.0	33,286	54.0	28,318	46.0
		Females	60,845	5,592	9.2	13,008	21.4	18,600	30.6	42,245	69.4

Sl. No.	Name of C.D. block	Persons Males Females	Total Population	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal		Non workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2	Jagannathprasad	Persons	117,894	31,092	26.4	21,666	18.4	52,758	44.8	65,136	55.2
		Males	58,354	24,114	41.3	7,588	13.0	31,702	54.3	26,652	45.7
		Females	59,540	6,978	11.7	14,078	23.6	21,056	35.4	38,484	64.6
3	Buguda	Persons	106,747	27,774	26.0	18,843	17.7	46,617	43.7	60,130	56.3
		Males	52,340	21,317	40.7	6,157	11.8	27,474	52.5	24,866	47.5
		Females	54,407	6,457	11.9	12,686	23.3	19,143	35.2	35,264	64.8
4	Bellaguntha	Persons	103,077	24,734	24.0	15,397	14.9	40,131	38.9	62,946	61.1
		Males	49,938	20,278	40.6	4,810	9.6	25,088	50.2	24,850	49.8
		Females	53,139	4,456	8.4	10,587	19.9	15,043	28.3	38,096	71.7
5	Surada	Persons	126,075	36,660	29.1	23,622	18.7	60,282	47.8	65,793	52.2
		Males	63,064	28,974	45.9	6,119	9.7	35,093	55.6	27,971	44.4
		Females	63,011	7,686	12.2	17,503	27.8	25,189	40.0	37,822	60.0
6	Dharakote	Persons	101,533	27,439	27.0	18,798	18.5	46,237	45.5	55,296	54.5
		Males	50,639	21,640	42.7	5,671	11.2	27,311	53.9	23,328	46.1
		Females	50,894	5,799	11.4	13,127	25.8	18,926	37.2	31,968	62.8
7	Asika	Persons	133,387	32,300	24.2	20,411	15.3	52,711	39.5	80,676	60.5
		Males	65,505	25,688	39.2	6,712	10.2	32,400	49.5	33,105	50.5
		Females	67,882	6,612	9.7	13,699	20.2	20,311	29.9	47,571	70.1
8	Kavisurjyanagar	Persons	102,441	20,919	20.4	21,474	21.0	42,393	41.4	60,048	58.6
		Males	50,873	16,263	32.0	8,725	17.2	24,988	49.1	25,885	50.9
		Females	51,568	4,656	9.0	12,749	24.7	17,405	33.8	34,163	66.2
9	Polasara	Persons	117,281	27,422	23.4	21,827	18.6	49,249	42.0	68,032	58.0
		Males	57,624	20,886	36.2	8,212	14.3	29,098	50.5	28,526	49.5
		Females	59,657	6,536	11.0	13,615	22.8	20,151	33.8	39,506	66.2
10	Beguniapada	Persons	112,970	31,725	28.1	18,847	16.7	50,572	44.8	62,398	55.2
		Males	55,104	22,898	41.6	6,015	10.9	28,913	52.5	26,191	47.5
		Females	57,866	8,827	15.3	12,832	22.2	21,659	37.4	36,207	62.6
11	Khalikote	Persons	137,173	30,269	22.1	23,759	17.3	54,028	39.4	83,145	60.6
		Males	68,263	25,152	36.8	9,960	14.6	35,112	51.4	33,151	48.6
		Females	68,910	5,117	7.4	13,799	20.0	18,916	27.5	49,994	72.5
12	Ganjam	Persons	82,702	18,752	22.7	14,101	17.1	32,853	39.7	49,849	60.3
		Males	42,130	15,688	37.2	5,509	13.1	21,197	50.3	20,933	49.7
		Females	40,572	3,064	7.6	8,592	21.2	11,656	28.7	28,916	71.3
13	Purusottampur	Persons	129,506	29,517	22.8	26,699	20.6	56,216	43.4	73,290	56.6
		Males	63,659	23,151	36.4	9,661	15.2	32,812	51.5	30,847	48.5
		Females	65,847	6,366	9.7	17,038	25.9	23,404	35.5	42,443	64.5
14	Hinjilicut	Persons	107,053	28,675	26.8	17,809	16.6	46,484	43.4	60,569	56.6
		Males	52,411	21,582	41.2	5,846	11.2	27,428	52.3	24,983	47.7
		Females	54,642	7,093	13.0	11,963	21.9	19,056	34.9	35,586	65.1

Sl. No.	Name of C.D. block	Persons Males Females	Total Population	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal		Non workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
15	Seragad	Persons	117,625	31,942	27.2	19,767	16.8	51,709	44.0	65,916	56.0
		Males	59,695	24,909	41.7	6,753	11.3	31,662	53.0	28,033	47.0
		Females	57,930	7,033	12.1	13,014	22.5	20,047	34.6	37,883	65.4
16	Sanakhemundi	Persons	147,788	40,115	27.1	29,761	20.1	69,876	47.3	77,912	52.7
		Males	75,198	31,673	42.1	9,341	12.4	41,014	54.5	34,184	45.5
		Females	72,590	8,442	11.6	20,420	28.1	28,862	39.8	43,728	60.2
17	Digapahandi	Persons	136,618	41,242	30.2	27,212	19.9	68,454	50.1	68,164	49.9
		Males	68,234	30,659	44.9	7,461	10.9	38,120	55.9	30,114	44.1
		Females	68,384	10,583	15.5	19,751	28.9	30,334	44.4	38,050	55.6
18	Patrapur	Persons	118,116	36,964	31.3	24,450	20.7	61,414	52.0	56,702	48.0
		Males	57,909	25,845	44.6	6,709	11.6	32,554	56.2	25,355	43.8
		Females	60,207	11,119	18.5	17,741	29.5	28,860	47.9	31,347	52.1
19	Chikiti	Persons	93,941	28,081	29.9	17,379	18.5	45,460	48.4	48,481	51.6
		Males	46,068	19,650	42.7	4,978	10.8	24,628	53.5	21,440	46.5
		Females	47,873	8,431	17.6	12,401	25.9	20,832	43.5	27,041	56.5
20	Kukudakhandi	Persons	124,598	32,867	26.4	16,972	13.6	49,839	40.0	74,759	60.0
		Males	63,353	27,319	43.1	5,586	8.8	32,905	51.9	30,448	48.1
		Females	61,245	5,548	9.1	11,386	18.6	16,934	27.6	44,311	72.4
21	Rangeilunda	Persons	139,627	37,185	26.6	18,971	13.6	56,156	40.2	83,471	59.8
		Males	70,129	29,355	41.9	7,084	10.1	36,439	52.0	33,690	48.0
		Females	69,498	7,830	11.3	11,887	17.1	19,717	28.4	49,781	71.6
22	Chhatrapur	Persons	125,675	30,329	24.1	24,173	19.2	54,502	43.4	71,173	56.6
		Males	62,992	23,561	37.4	9,463	15.0	33,024	52.4	29,968	47.6
		Females	62,683	6,768	10.8	14,710	23.5	21,478	34.3	41,205	65.7
District (Rural) Total:		**Persons**	**2,604,276**	**675,033**	**25.9**	**464,794**	**17.8**	**1,139,827**	**43.8**	**1,464,449**	**56.2**
		Males	**1,295,086**	**524,040**	**40.5**	**158,208**	**12.2**	**682,248**	**52.7**	**612,838**	**47.3**
		Females	**1,309,190**	**150,993**	**11.5**	**306,586**	**23.4**	**457,579**	**35.0**	**851,611**	**65.0**

Table–32 presents data on number and percentage of main workers, marginal workers and non-workers by sex for the rural areas of the district. Total workers in the rural areas of the district constitute 43.8 per cent of its total population out of which 25.9 per cent are main workers and 17.8 per cent are marginal workers. The sex-wise break-up of the data reveals that out of the total workers in the rural areas of the district, males constitute 52.7 per cent and females constitute 35.0 per cent. A look at the work participation rate in different C.D. Blocks reveals that Patrapur C.D. Block has recorded the highest percentage of total workers (52.0%) of which main workers and marginal workers constitute 31.3 per cent and 20.7 per cent respectively. On the other hand, Bellaguntha C.D. Block is at the bottom with 38.9 per cent of total workers, of which 24.0 per cent and 14.9 per cent are main workers and marginal workers respectively. The participation of more male members as main workers and more female members as marginal workers is found in all the C.D. Blocks of the district.

TABLE 33: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS, AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Sl. No.	Name and urban status of UA / Town	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total Population	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal workers)		Non workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Buguda (NAC)	Persons	13,257	3,269	24.7	918	6.9	4,187	31.6	9,070	68.4
		Males	6,714	2,881	42.9	342	5.1	3,223	48.0	3,491	52.0
		Females	6,543	388	5.9	576	8.8	964	14.7	5,579	85.3
2	Bhanjanagar (NAC)	Persons	19,748	4,645	23.5	832	4.2	5,477	27.7	14,271	72.3
		Males	10,226	4,096	40.1	523	5.1	4,619	45.2	5,607	54.8
		Females	9,522	549	5.8	309	3.2	858	9.0	8,664	91.0
3	Bellaguntha (NAC)	Persons	9,962	2,312	23.2	903	9.1	3,215	32.3	6,747	67.7
		Males	4,937	2,030	41.1	391	7.9	2,421	49.0	2,516	51.0
		Females	5,025	282	5.6	512	10.2	794	15.8	4,231	84.2
4	Surada (NAC)	Persons	14,648	4,057	27.7	285	1.9	4,342	29.6	10,306	70.4
		Males	7,460	3,368	45.1	146	2.0	3,514	47.1	3,946	52.9
		Females	7,188	689	9.6	139	1.9	828	11.5	6,360	88.5
5	Asika (NAC)	Persons	20,739	6,011	29.0	396	1.9	6,407	30.9	14,332	69.1
		Males	10,722	5,095	47.5	211	2.0	5,306	49.5	5,416	50.5
		Females	10,017	916	9.1	185	1.8	1,101	11.0	8,916	89.0
6	Makundapur (CT)	Persons	4,975	1,139	22.9	252	5.1	1,391	28.0	3,584	72.0
		Males	2,546	1,049	41.2	142	5.6	1,191	46.8	1,355	53.2
		Females	2,429	90	3.7	110	4.5	200	8.2	2,229	91.8
7	Purusottampur (NAC)	Persons	14,249	3,388	23.8	1,391	9.8	4,779	33.5	9,470	66.5
		Males	7,267	2,945	40.5	592	8.1	3,537	48.7	3,730	51.3
		Females	6,982	443	6.3	799	11.4	1,242	17.8	5,740	82.2
8	Kavisurjyanagar (NAC)	Persons	16,094	4,166	25.9	668	4.2	4,834	30.0	11,260	70.0
		Males	8,286	3,506	42.3	345	4.2	3,851	46.5	4,435	53.5
		Females	7,808	660	8.5	323	4.1	983	12.6	6,825	87.4
9	Polasara (NAC)	Persons	19,568	5,091	26.0	1,207	6.2	6,298	32.2	13,270	67.8
		Males	9,857	4,134	41.9	560	5.7	4,694	47.6	5,163	52.4
		Females	9,711	957	9.9	647	6.7	1,604	16.5	8,107	83.5
10	Kodala (NAC)	Persons	12,345	2,846	23.1	2,383	19.3	5,229	42.4	7,116	57.6
		Males	6,184	2,321	37.5	873	14.1	3,194	51.6	2,990	48.4
		Females	6,161	525	8.5	1,510	24.5	2,035	33.0	4,126	67.0
11	Khalikote (NAC)	Persons	10,958	2,289	20.9	893	8.1	3,182	29.0	7,776	71.0
		Males	5,652	1,981	35.0	491	8.7	2,472	43.7	3,180	56.3
		Females	5,306	308	5.8	402	7.6	710	13.4	4,596	86.6
12	Rambha (NAC)	Persons	10,716	2,433	22.7	889	8.3	3,322	31.0	7,394	69.0
		Males	5,383	2,064	38.3	442	8.2	2,506	46.6	2,877	53.4
		Females	5,333	369	6.9	447	8.4	816	15.3	4,517	84.7

TABLE 33: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF MAIN WORKERS, MARGINAL WORKERS, AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS, 2001

Sl. No.	Name and urban status of UA / Town	Persons/ Males/ Females	Total Population	Main workers		Marginal workers		Total workers (Main and marginal workers)		Non workers	
				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	Chhatrapur (NAC)	Persons	20,289	4,913	24.2	394	1.9	5,307	26.2	14,982	73.8
		Males	10,333	4,247	41.1	265	2.6	4,512	43.7	5,821	56.3
		Females	9,956	666	6.7	129	1.3	795	8.0	9,161	92.0
14	Ganjam (NAC)	Persons	11,317	2,399	21.2	516	4.6	2,915	25.8	8,402	74.2
		Males	5,817	2,139	36.8	415	7.1	2,554	43.9	3,263	56.1
		Females	5,500	260	4.7	101	1.8	361	6.6	5,139	93.4
15	Gopalpur (NAC)	Persons	6,663	1,877	28.2	192	2.9	2,069	31.1	4,594	68.9
		Males	3,336	1,541	46.2	78	2.3	1,619	48.5	1,717	51.5
		Females	3,327	336	10.1	114	3.4	450	13.5	2,877	86.5
16	Chikiti (NAC)	Persons	10,802	2,871	26.6	1,093	10.1	3,964	36.7	6,838	63.3
		Males	5,450	2,361	43.3	338	6.2	2,699	49.5	2,751	50.5
		Females	5,352	510	9.5	755	14.1	1,265	23.6	4,087	76.4
17	Digapahandi (NAC)	Persons	10,890	2,801	25.7	1,013	9.3	3,814	35.0	7,076	65.0
		Males	5,542	2,348	42.4	349	6.3	2,697	48.7	2,845	51.3
		Females	5,348	453	8.5	664	12.4	1,117	20.9	4,231	79.1
18	Hinjilicut (NAC)	Persons	21,347	5,525	25.9	1,130	5.3	6,655	31.2	14,692	68.8
		Males	10,834	4,721	43.6	447	4.1	5,168	47.7	5,666	52.3
		Females	10,513	804	7.6	683	6.5	1,487	14.1	9,026	85.9
19	Brahmapur (M)	Persons	307,792	82,661	26.9	6,057	2.0	88,718	28.8	219,074	71.2
		Males	160,354	72,357	45.1	3,458	2.2	75,815	47.3	84,539	52.7
		Females	147,438	10,304	7.0	2,599	1.8	12,903	8.8	134,535	91.2
	District (Urban) Total	**Persons**	**556,359**	**144,693**	**26.0**	**21,412**	**3.8**	**166,105**	**29.9**	**390,254**	**70.1**
		Males	**286,900**	**125,184**	**43.6**	**10,408**	**3.6**	**135,592**	**47.3**	**151,308**	**52.7**
		Females	**269,459**	**19,509**	**7.2**	**11,004**	**4.1**	**30,513**	**11.3**	**238,946**	**88.7**

Table–33 presents data on number and percentage of main workers, marginal workers and non-workers by sex for the urban areas in the district as per 2001 Census. The total workers in the urban areas of the district constitute 29.9 per cent out of which 26 per cent are main workers and 3.8 per cent are marginal workers. The sex-wise break-up of the data reveals that 47.3 per cent and 11.3 per cent of the total workers in the urban areas of the district are male workers and female workers respectively. It is note-worthy to mention that the percentage of marginal workers in the urban areas of the district are substantially less than the percentage of marginal workers in the rural areas of the district. It is only 3.8 per cent of the total urban population out of which males and females contribute 3.6 per cent and 4.1 per cent respectively. In so far as work participation rate in individual towns is concerned, Kodala (NAC) stands at the top with 42.4 per cent of total workers and Ganjam (NAC) is at the bottom with 25.8 per cent of total workers.

Table–34 distributes total workers of different police stations and the district by sex and into four categories of economic activities. The table reveals that out of the total workers in the district 24.7 per cent are cultivators, 38.6 per cent are agricultural labourers, 3.8 per cent are household industry workers and 32.9 per cent are other workers. The sex-wise

TABLE 34 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Stations	Persons / Males / Females	Total Population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Tarasingi	Persons	77,800	36,547	9,303	16,852	2,371	8,021
				(47.0)	(25.5)	(46.1)	(6.5)	(21.9)
		Males	39,003	22,141	7,303	8,253	742	5,843
				(56.8)	(33.0)	(37.3)	(3.4)	(26.4)
		Females	38,797	14,406	2,000	8,599	1,629	2,178
				(37.1)	(13.9)	(59.7)	(11.3)	(15.1)
2	Buguda	Persons	157,789	68,150	20,729	28,262	2,442	16,717
				(43.2)	(30.4)	(41.5)	(3.6)	(24.5)
		Males	78,155	41,393	14,925	11,744	1,219	13,505
				(53.0)	(36.1)	(28.4)	(2.9)	(32.6)
		Females	79,634	26,757	5,804	16,518	1,223	3,212
				(33.6)	(21.7)	(61.7)	(4.6)	(12.0)
3	Bhanjanagar	Persons	159,255	60,668	14,271	19,463	3,260	23,674
				(38.1)	(23.5)	(32.1)	(5.4)	(39.0)
		Males	79,468	40,459	11,030	8,473	1,560	19,396
				(50.9)	(27.3)	(20.9)	(3.9)	(47.9)
		Females	79,787	20,209	3,241	10,990	1,700	4,278
				(25.3)	(16.0)	(54.4)	(8.4)	(21.2)
4	Gangapur	Persons	144,922	59,017	18,014	23,164	2,342	15,497
				(40.7)	(30.5)	(39.2)	(4.0)	(26.3)
		Males	69,982	35,434	12,898	8,217	1,299	13,020
				(50.6)	(36.4)	(23.2)	(3.7)	(36.7)
		Females	74,940	23,583	5,116	14,947	1,043	2,477
				(31.5)	(21.7)	(63.4)	(4.4)	(10.5)
5	Surada	Persons	78,438	35,633	10,789	11,328	2,117	11,399
				(45.4)	(30.3)	(31.8)	(5.9)	(32.0)
		Males	39,261	21,421	8,145	3,689	814	8,773
				(54.6)	(38.0)	(17.2)	(3.8)	(41.0)
		Females	39,177	14,212	2,644	7,639	1,303	2,626
				(36.3)	(18.6)	(53.8)	(9.2)	(18.5)
6	Badagada	Persons	112,019	53,403	17,467	22,533	3,364	10,039
				(47.7)	(32.7)	(42.2)	(6.3)	(18.8)
		Males	56,390	31,302	13,698	8,418	1,621	7,565
				(55.5)	(43.8)	(26.9)	(5.2)	(24.2)
		Females	55,629	22,101	3,769	14,115	1,743	2,474
				(39.7)	(17.1)	(63.9)	(7.9)	(11.2)
7	Asika	Persons	192,442	75,070	19,193	26,921	3,076	25,880
				(39.0)	(25.6)	(35.9)	(4.1)	(34.5)
		Males	95,914	47,998	13,903	10,061	2,004	22,030
				(50.0)	(29.0)	(21.0)	(4.2)	(45.9)
		Females	96,528	27,072	5,290	16,860	1,072	3,850
				(28.0)	(19.5)	(62.3)	(4.0)	(14.2)

TABLE 34 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Stations	Persons / Males / Females	Total Population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
8	Purusottampur	Persons	147,746	62,832	16,862	30,315	1,955	13,700
				(42.5)	(26.8)	(48.2)	(3.1)	(21.8)
		Males	73,332	37,574	13,082	11,998	1,207	11,287
				(51.2)	(34.8)	(31.9)	(3.2)	(30.0)
		Females	74,414	25,258	3,780	18,317	748	2,413
				(33.9)	(15.0)	(72.5)	(3.0)	(9.6)
9	Kavisurjyanagar	Persons	205,429	81,196	21,722	36,994	3,413	19,067
				(39.5)	(26.8)	(45.6)	(4.2)	(23.5)
		Males	101,569	49,846	15,590	16,213	2,255	15,788
				(49.1)	(31.3)	(32.5)	(4.5)	(31.7)
		Females	103,860	31,350	6,132	20,781	1,158	3,279
				(30.2)	(19.6)	(66.3)	(3.7)	(10.5)
10	Kodala	Persons	199,514	87,168	25,649	41,975	3,078	16,466
				(43.7)	(29.4)	(48.2)	(3.5)	(18.9)
		Males	98,136	50,926	18,855	17,049	1,705	13,317
				(51.9)	(37.0)	(33.5)	(3.3)	(26.1)
		Females	101,378	36,242	6,794	24,926	1,373	3,149
				(35.7)	(18.7)	(68.8)	(3.8)	(8.7)
11	Khalikote	Persons	118,756	45,075	12,232	17,578	1,534	13,731
				(38.0)	(27.1)	(39.0)	(3.4)	(30.5)
		Males	59,292	30,037	9,673	8,332	894	11,138
				(50.7)	(32.2)	(27.7)	(3.0)	(37.1)
		Females	59,464	15,038	2,559	9,246	640	2,593
				(25.3)	(17.0)	(61.5)	(4.3)	(17.2)
12	Rambha	Persons	86,035	33,334	8,988	12,957	732	10,657
				(38.7)	(27.0)	(38.9)	(2.2)	(32.0)
		Males	43,688	22,133	7,586	5,673	439	8,435
				(50.7)	(34.3)	(25.6)	(2.0)	(38.1)
		Females	42,347	11,201	1,402	7,284	293	2,222
				(26.5)	(12.5)	(65.0)	(2.6)	(19.8)
13	Chhatrapur	Persons	181,964	72,825	13,906	24,412	1,766	32,741
				(40.0)	(19.1)	(33.5)	(2.4)	(45.0)
		Males	91,594	46,253	10,442	9,802	1,118	24,891
				(50.5)	(22.6)	(21.2)	(2.4)	(53.8)
		Females	90,370	26,572	3,464	14,610	648	7,850
				(29.4)	(13.0)	(55.0)	(2.4)	(29.5)
14	Gopalpur	Persons	60092	21268	2540	3609	581	14538
				(35.4)	(11.9)	(17.0)	(2.7)	(68.4)
		Males	30,582	15,231	1,984	1,658	377	11,212
				(49.8)	(13.0)	(10.9)	(2.5)	(73.6)
		Females	29,510	6,037	556	1,951	204	3,326
				(20.5)	(9.2)	(32.3)	(3.4)	(55.1)

TABLE 34 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Stations	Persons / Males / Females	Total Population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
15	Brahmapur Sadar	Persons	120,560	46,545	7,733	16,520	865	21,427
				(38.6)	(16.6)	(35.5)	(1.9)	(46.0)
		Males	61,260	31,324	6,110	6,881	566	17,767
				(51.1)	(19.5)	(22.0)	(1.8)	(56.7)
		Females	59,300	15,221	1,623	9,639	299	3,660
				(25.7)	(10.7)	(63.3)	(2.0)	(24.0)
16	Golanthara	Persons	128,879	57,457	10,395	20,278	1,138	25,646
				(44.6)	(18.1)	(35.3)	(2.0)	(44.6)
		Males	63,858	33,452	7,678	7,745	695	17,334
				(52.4)	(23.0)	(23.2)	(2.1)	(51.8)
		Females	65,021	24,005	2,717	12,533	443	8,312
				(36.9)	(11.3)	(52.2)	(1.8)	(34.6)
17	Nuagaon	Persons	102,879	51,833	12,458	24,797	1,528	13,050
				(50.4)	(24.0)	(47.8)	(2.9)	(25.2)
		Males	51,081	28,660	9,179	8,907	904	9,670
				(56.1)	(32.0)	(31.1)	(3.2)	(33.7)
		Females	51,798	23,173	3,279	15,890	624	3,380
				(44.7)	(14.2)	(68.6)	(2.7)	(14.6)
18	Digapahandi	Persons	125,376	59,389	17,143	27,400	1,563	13,283
				(47.4)	(28.9)	(46.1)	(2.6)	(22.4)
		Males	62,730	34,344	12,050	10,808	935	10,551
				(54.7)	(35.1)	(31.5)	(2.7)	(30.7)
		Females	62,646	25,045	5,093	16,592	628	2,732
				(40.0)	(20.3)	(66.2)	(2.5)	(10.9)
19	Jarada	Persons	108,053	55,396	17,267	25,708	1,818	10,603
				(51.3)	(31.2)	(46.4)	(3.3)	(19.1)
		Males	52,740	29,511	11,269	9,005	1,144	8,093
				(56.0)	(38.2)	(30.5)	(3.9)	(27.4)
		Females	55,313	25,885	5,998	16,703	674	2,510
				(46.8)	(23.2)	(64.5)	(2.6)	(9.7)
20	Patapur	Persons	191,598	87,813	27,938	42,204	2,581	15,090
				(45.8)	(31.8)	(48.1)	(2.9)	(17.2)
		Males	97,619	52,600	20,548	18,166	1,527	12,359
				(53.9)	(39.1)	(34.5)	(2.9)	(23.5)
		Females	93979	35213	7390	24038	1054	2731
				(37.5)	(21.0)	(68.3)	(3.0)	(7.8)
21	Hinjili	Persons	143,234	60,577	15,851	25,919	3,787	15,020
				(42.3)	(26.2)	(42.8)	(6.3)	(24.8)
		Males	70,809	36,943	11,401	11,007	2,010	12,525
				(52.2)	(30.9)	(29.8)	(5.4)	(33.9)
		Females	72,425	23,634	4,450	14,912	1,777	2,495
				(32.6)	(18.8)	(63.1)	(7.5)	(10.6)

TABLE 34 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN POLICE STATIONS, 2001

Serial number	Name of Police Stations	Persons / Males / Females	Total Population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
22	Brahmapur (M)	Persons	307,792	88,718	467	594	4,325	83,332
				(28.8)	(0.5)	(0.7)	(4.9)	(93.9)
		Males	160,354	75,815	353	304	2,721	72,437
				(47.3)	(0.5)	(0.4)	(3.6)	(95.5)
		Females	147,438	12,903	114	290	1,604	10,895
				(8.8)	(0.9)	(2.2)	(12.4)	(84.4)
23	Ramagiri (P)	Persons	10,063	6,018	1,511	4,144	35	328
				(59.8)	(25.1)	(68.9)	(0.6)	(5.5)
		Males	5,169	3,043	882	1,911	16	234
				(58.9)	(29.0)	(62.8)	(0.5)	(7.7)
		Females	4,894	2,975	629	2,233	19	94
				(60.8)	(21.1)	(75.1)	(0.6)	(3.2)
	District Total :	**Persons**	**3,160,635**	**1,305,932**	**322,428**	**503,927**	**49,671**	**429,906**
				(41.3)	**(24.7)**	**(38.6)**	**(3.8)**	**(32.9)**
		Males	**1,581,986**	**817,840**	**238,584**	**204,314**	**27,772**	**347,170**
				(51.7)	**(29.2)**	**(25.0)**	**(3.4)**	**(42.4)**
		Females	**1,578,649**	**488,092**	**83,844**	**299,613**	**21,899**	**82,736**
				(30.9)	**(17.2)**	**(61.4)**	**(4.5)**	**(17.0)**

Note: Percentage of workers to total workers are given in brackets.

break-up of the district level data shows that male participation rate is comparatively higher than the female participation rate in case of cultivators and other workers and vice-versa in case of other two economic activities. The Police Station-wise distribution of total workers indicates that maximum number of workers are either engaged in cultivation or work as agricultural labourers in almost all police stations. In case of Chhatrapur police station 45.0 per cent of the total workers are engaged in other activities while cultivators, agricultural labourers and household industry workers are respectively 19.1 per cent, 33.5 per cent and 2.4 per cent.

TABLE 35 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN C.D. BLOCKS, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Persons / Males / Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Bhanjanagar	Persons	122,449	51,886	12,641	20,429	3,422	15,394
				(42.4)	(24.4)	(39.4)	(6.6)	(29.7)
		Males	61,604	33,286	10,100	9,831	1,339	12,016
				(54.0)	(30.3)	(29.5)	(4.0)	(36.1)
		Females	60,845	18,600	2,541	10,598	2,083	3,378
				(30.6)	(13.7)	(57.0)	(11.2)	(18.2)
2	Jagannathprasad	Persons	117,894	52,758	15,851	23,339	2,351	11,217
				(44.8)	(30.0)	(44.2)	(4.5)	(21.3)
		Males	58,354	31,702	11,759	10,519	819	8,605
				(54.3)	(37.1)	(33.2)	(2.6)	(27.1)
		Females	59,540	21,056	4,092	12,820	1,532	2,612
				(35.4)	(19.4)	(60.9)	(7.3)	(12.4)
3	Buguda	Persons	106,747	46,617	15,268	19,041	1,591	10,717
				(43.7)	(32.8)	(40.8)	(3.4)	(23.0)
		Males	52,340	27,474	10,586	7,327	931	8,630
				(52.5)	(38.5)	(26.7)	(3.4)	(31.4)
		Females	54,407	19,143	4,682	11,714	660	2,087
				(35.2)	(24.5)	(61.2)	(3.4)	(10.9)
4	Bellaguntha	Persons	103,077	40,131	11,833	15,388	1,265	11,645
				(38.9)	(29.5)	(38.3)	(3.2)	(29.0)
		Males	49,938	25,088	8,958	5,549	729	9,852
				(50.2)	(35.7)	(22.1)	(2.9)	(39.3)
		Females	53,139	15,043	2,875	9,839	536	1,793
				(28.3)	(19.1)	(65.4)	(3.6)	(11.9)

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Persons / Males / Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
5	Surada	Persons	126,075	60,282	20,104	22,253	3,445	14,480
				(47.8)	(33.3)	(36.9)	(5.7)	(24.0)
		Males	63,064	35,093	15,577	7,151	1,450	10,915
				(55.6)	(44.4)	(20.4)	(4.1)	(31.1)
		Females	63,011	25,189	4,527	15,102	1,995	3,565
				(40.0)	(18.0)	(60.0)	(7.9)	(14.2)
6	Dharakote	Persons	101,533	46,237	13,847	19,591	3,016	9,783
				(45.5)	(29.9)	(42.4)	(6.5)	(21.2)
		Males	50,639	27,311	10,277	7,775	1,449	7,810
				(53.9)	(37.6)	(28.5)	(5.3)	(28.6)
		Females	50,894	18,926	3,570	11,816	1,567	1,973
				(37.2)	(18.9)	(62.4)	(8.3)	(10.4)
7	Asika	Persons	133,387	52,711	15,111	20,331	1,650	15,619
				(39.5)	(28.7)	(38.6)	(3.1)	(29.6)
		Males	65,505	32,400	10,750	7,282	1,082	13,286
				(49.5)	(33.2)	(22.5)	(3.3)	(41.0)
		Females	67,882	20,311	4,361	13,049	568	2,333
				(29.9)	(21.5)	(64.2)	(2.8)	(11.5)
8	Kavisurjyanagar	Persons	102,441	42,393	13,221	21,869	1,022	6,281
				(41.4)	(31.2)	(51.6)	(2.4)	(14.8)
		Males	50,873	24,988	9,140	9,860	737	5,251
				(49.1)	(36.6)	(39.5)	(2.9)	(21.0)
		Females	51,568	17,405	4,081	12,009	285	1,030
				(33.8)	(23.4)	(69.0)	(1.6)	(5.9)
9	Polasara	Persons	117,281	49,249	14,431	23,870	2,163	8,785
				(42.0)	(29.3)	(48.5)	(4.4)	(17.8)
		Males	57,624	29,098	10,531	10,202	1,309	7,056
				(50.5)	(36.2)	(35.1)	(4.5)	(24.2)
		Females	59,657	20,151	3,900	13,668	854	1,729
				(33.8)	(19.4)	(67.8)	(4.2)	(8.6)
10	Beguniapada	Persons	112,970	50,572	15,389	24,110	1,786	9,287
				(44.8)	(30.4)	(47.7)	(3.5)	(18.4)
		Males	55,104	28,913	11,270	9,099	1,032	7,512
				(52.5)	(39.0)	(31.5)	(3.6)	(26.0)
		Females	57,866	21,659	4,119	15,011	754	1,775
				(37.4)	(19.0)	(69.3)	(3.5)	(8.2)

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Persons / Males / Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
11	Khalikote	Persons	137,173	54,028	14,725	23,273	1,659	14,371
				(39.4)	(27.3)	(43.1)	(3.1)	(26.6)
		Males	68,263	35,112	12,048	10,496	999	11,569
				(51.4)	(34.3)	(29.9)	(2.8)	(32.9)
		Females	68,910	18,916	2,677	12,777	660	2,802
				(27.5)	(14.2)	(67.5)	(3.5)	(14.8)
12	Ganjam	Persons	82,702	32,853	9,293	13,313	645	9,602
				(39.7)	(28.3)	(40.5)	(2.0)	(29.2)
		Males	42,130	21,197	7,610	5,763	383	7,441
				(50.3)	(35.9)	(27.2)	(1.8)	(35.1)
		Females	40,572	11,656	1,683	7,550	262	2,161
				(28.7)	(14.4)	(64.8)	(2.2)	(18.5)
13	Purusottampur	Persons	129,506	56,216	15,509	27,752	1,796	11,159
				(43.4)	(27.6)	(49.4)	(3.2)	(19.9)
		Males	63,659	32,812	11,873	11,049	1,116	8,774
				(51.5)	(36.2)	(33.7)	(3.4)	(26.7)
		Females	65,847	23,404	3,636	16,703	680	2,385
				(35.5)	(15.5)	(71.4)	(2.9)	(10.2)
14	Hinjilicut	Persons	107,053	46,484	13,205	22,102	2,137	9,040
				(43.4)	(28.4)	(47.5)	(4.6)	(19.4)
		Males	52,411	27,428	9,668	9,112	1,178	7,470
				(52.3)	(35.2)	(33.2)	(4.3)	(27.2)
		Females	54,642	19,056	3,537	12,990	959	1,570
				(34.9)	(18.6)	(68.2)	(5.0)	(8.2)
15	Seragad	Persons	117,625	51,709	16,582	23,832	2,252	9,043
				(44.0)	(32.1)	(46.1)	(4.4)	(17.5)
		Males	59,695	31,662	12,464	10,512	1,306	7,380
				(53.0)	(39.4)	(33.2)	(4.1)	(23.3)
		Females	57,930	20,047	4,118	13,320	946	1,663
				(34.6)	(20.5)	(66.4)	(4.7)	(8.3)
16	Sanakhemundi	Persons	147,788	69,876	20,750	34,412	2,298	12,416
				(47.3)	(29.7)	(49.2)	(3.3)	(17.8)
		Males	75,198	41,014	15,036	14,631	1,307	10,040
				(54.5)	(36.7)	(35.7)	(3.2)	(24.5)
		Females	72,590	28,862	5,714	19,781	991	2,376
				(39.8)	(19.8)	(68.5)	(3.4)	(8.2)

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Persons / Males / Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
17	Digapahandi	Persons	136,618	68,454	22,168	33,669	1,823	10,794
				(50.1)	(32.4)	(49.2)	(2.7)	(15.8)
		Males	68,234	38,120	15,522	12,743	1,087	8,768
				(55.9)	(40.7)	(33.4)	(2.9)	(23.0)
		Females	68,384	30,334	6,646	20,926	736	2,026
				(44.4)	(21.9)	(69.0)	(2.4)	(6.7)
18	Patrapur	Persons	118,116	61,414	18,778	29,852	1,853	10,931
				(52.0)	(30.6)	(48.6)	(3.0)	(17.8)
		Males	57,909	32,554	12,151	10,916	1,160	8,327
				(56.2)	(37.3)	(33.5)	(3.6)	(25.6)
		Females	60,207	28,860	6,627	18,936	693	2,604
				(47.9)	(23.0)	(65.6)	(2.4)	(9.0)
19	Chikiti	Persons	93,941	45,460	8,748	17,367	1,009	18,336
				(48.4)	(19.2)	(38.2)	(2.2)	(40.3)
		Males	46,068	24,628	6,540	5,772	574	11,742
				(53.5)	(26.6)	(23.4)	(2.3)	(47.7)
		Females	47,873	20,832	2,208	11,595	435	6,594
				(43.5)	(10.6)	(55.7)	(2.1)	(31.7)
20	Kukudakhandi	Persons	124,598	49,839	7,813	19,189	870	21,967
				(40.0)	(15.7)	(38.5)	(1.7)	(44.1)
		Males	63,353	32,905	6,330	8,210	558	17,807
				(51.9)	(19.2)	(25.0)	(1.7)	(54.1)
		Females	61,245	16,934	1,483	10,979	312	4,160
				(27.6)	(8.8)	(64.8)	(1.8)	(24.6)
21	Rangeilunda	Persons	139,627	56,156	9,661	17,144	1,254	28,097
				(40.2)	(17.2)	(30.5)	(2.2)	(50.0)
		Males	70,129	36,439	7,181	7,072	839	21,347
				(52.0)	(19.7)	(19.4)	(2.3)	(58.6)
		Females	69,498	19,717	2,480	10,072	415	6,750
				(28.4)	(12.6)	(51.1)	(2.1)	(34.2)
22	Chhatrapur	Persons	125,675	54,502	11,288	19,820	1,274	22,120
				(43.4)	(20.7)	(36.4)	(2.3)	(40.6)
		Males	62,992	33,024	8,409	7,741	744	16,130
				(52.4)	(25.5)	(23.4)	(2.3)	(48.8)
		Females	62,683	21,478	2,879	12,079	530	5,990
				(34.3)	(13.4)	(56.2)	(2.5)	(27.9)
District (Rural) Total :		**Persons**	**2,604,276**	**1,139,827**	**316,216**	**491,946**	**40,581**	**291,084**
				(43.8)	**(27.7)**	**(43.2)**	**(3.6)**	**(25.5)**
		Males	**1,295,086**	**682,248**	**233,780**	**198,612**	**22,128**	**227,728**
				(52.7)	**(34.3)**	**(29.1)**	**(3.2)**	**(33.4)**
		Females	**1,309,190**	**457,579**	**82,436**	**293,334**	**18,453**	**63,356**
				(35.0)	**(18.0)**	**(64.1)**	**(4.0)**	**(13.8)**

Note: Percentage of workers to total workers are given in brackets.

Like previous Table, Table–35 distributes workers in different C.D. Blocks and the district (rural areas only) by sex and into four categories of economic activities. The table shows that 43.8 per cent of the total population in the rural areas of the district are workers (main+marginal) and as per the category-wise break-up, 27.7 per cent, 43.2 per cent, 3.6 per cent and 25.5 per cent of the total workers are cultivators, agricultural labourers, household industry workers and other workers respectively. The sex-wise break-up of district (rural) level data show that the percentage of females engaged as agricultural labourers (64.1%) and household industry workers (4.0%) is comparatively higher than that of males in that field. The prominent feature in the rural areas of the district as revealed from the table is that in almost all the C.D. Blocks the majority of workers are engaged as agricultural labourers.

TABLE 36 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS , 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of UA / Town	Persons / Males / Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Buguda (NAC)	Persons	13,257	4,187	395	518	202	3,072
				(31.6)	(9.4)	(12.4)	(4.8)	(73.4)
		Males	6,714	3,223	263	229	154	2,577
				(48.0)	(8.2)	(7.1)	(4.8)	(80.0)
		Females	6,543	964	132	289	48	495
				(14.7)	(13.7)	(30.0)	(5.0)	(51.3)
2	Bhanjanagar (NAC)	Persons	19,748	5,477	87	133	274	4,983
				(27.7)	(1.6)	(2.4)	(5.0)	(91.0)
		Males	10,226	4,619	61	84	179	4,295
				(45.2)	(1.3)	(1.8)	(3.9)	(93.0)
		Females	9,522	858	26	49	95	688
				(9.0)	(3.0)	(5.7)	(11.1)	(80.2)
3	Bellaguntha (NAC)	Persons	9,962	3,215	186	529	335	2,165
				(32.3)	(5.8)	(16.5)	(10.4)	(67.3)
		Males	4,937	2,421	165	210	184	1,862
				(49.0)	(6.8)	(8.7)	(7.6)	(76.9)
		Females	5,025	794	21	319	151	303
				(15.8)	(2.6)	(40.2)	(19.0)	(38.2)
4	Surada (NAC)	Persons	14,648	4,342	127	61	490	3,664
				(29.6)	(2.9)	(1.4)	(11.3)	(84.4)
		Males	7,460	3,514	121	29	323	3,041
				(47.1)	(3.4)	(0.8)	(9.2)	(86.5)
		Females	7,188	828	6	32	167	623
				(11.5)	(0.7)	(3.9)	(20.2)	(75.2)

TABLE 36 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS , 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of UA / Town	Persons / Males / Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
5	Asika (NAC)	Persons	20,739	6,407	332	365	329	5,381
				(30.9)	(5.2)	(5.7)	(5.1)	(84.0)
		Males	10,722	5,306	256	137	237	4,676
				(49.5)	(4.8)	(2.6)	(4.5)	(88.1)
		Females	10,017	1,101	76	228	92	705
				(11.0)	(6.9)	(20.7)	(8.4)	(64.0)
6	Makundapur (CT)	Persons	4,975	1,391	67	197	89	1,038
				(28.0)	(4.8)	(14.2)	(6.4)	(74.6)
		Males	2,546	1,191	65	88	65	973
				(46.8)	(5.5)	(7.4)	(5.5)	(81.7)
		Females	2,429	200	2	109	24	65
				(8.2)	(1.0)	(54.5)	(12.0)	(32.5)
7	Purusottampur (NAC)	Persons	14,249	4,779	363	1,338	261	2,817
				(33.5)	(7.6)	(28.0)	(5.5)	(58.9)
		Males	7,267	3,537	315	622	135	2,465
				(48.7)	(8.9)	(17.6)	(3.8)	(69.7)
		Females	6,982	1,242	48	716	126	352
				(17.8)	(3.9)	(57.6)	(10.1)	(28.3)
8	Kavisurjyanagar (NAC)	Persons	16,094	4,834	305	684	336	3,509
				(30.0)	(6.3)	(14.1)	(7.0)	(72.6)
		Males	8,286	3,851	240	397	239	2,975
				(46.5)	(6.2)	(10.3)	(6.2)	(77.3)
		Females	7,808	983	65	287	97	534
				(12.6)	(6.6)	(29.2)	(9.9)	(54.3)
9	Polasara (NAC)	Persons	19,568	6,298	853	1,669	617	3,159
				(32.2)	(13.5)	(26.5)	(9.8)	(50.2)
		Males	9,857	4,694	704	828	382	2,780
				(47.6)	(15.0)	(17.6)	(8.1)	(59.2)
		Females	9,711	1,604	149	841	235	379
				(16.5)	(9.3)	(52.4)	(14.7)	(23.6)
10	Kodala (NAC)	Persons	12,345	5,229	639	2,118	259	2,213
				(42.4)	(12.2)	(40.5)	(5.0)	(42.3)
		Males	6,184	3,194	479	862	92	1,761
				(51.6)	(15.0)	(27.0)	(2.9)	(55.1)
		Females	6,161	2,035	160	1,256	167	452

TABLE 36 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS , 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of UA / Town	Persons / Males / Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
11	Khalikote (NAC)	Persons	10,958	3,182	721	361	158	1,942
				(29.0)	(22.7)	(11.3)	(5.0)	(61.0)
		Males	5,652	2,472	472	282	69	1,649
				(43.7)	(19.1)	(11.4)	(2.8)	(66.7)
		Females	5,306	710	249	79	89	293
				(13.4)	(35.1)	(11.1)	(12.5)	(41.3)
12	Rambha (NAC)	Persons	10,716	3,322	375	525	133	2,289
				(31.0)	(11.3)	(15.8)	(4.0)	(68.9)
		Males	5,383	2,506	303	277	86	1,840
				(46.6)	(12.1)	(11.1)	(3.4)	(73.4)
		Females	5,333	816	72	248	47	449
				(15.3)	(8.8)	(30.4)	(5.8)	(55.0)
13	Chhatrapur (NAC)	Persons	20,289	5,307	25	156	158	4,968
				(26.2)	(0.5)	(2.9)	(3.0)	(93.6)
		Males	10,333	4,512	17	101	117	4,277
				(43.7)	(0.4)	(2.2)	(2.6)	(94.8)
		Females	9,956	795	8	55	41	691
				(8.0)	(1.0)	(6.9)	(5.2)	(86.9)
14	Ganjam (NAC)	Persons	11,317	2,915	110	140	144	2,521
				(25.8)	(3.8)	(4.8)	(4.9)	(86.5)
		Males	5,817	2,554	104	110	123	2,217
				(43.9)	(4.1)	(4.3)	(4.8)	(86.8)
		Females	5,500	361	6	30	21	304
				(6.6)	(1.7)	(8.3)	(5.8)	(84.2)
15	Gopalpur (NAC)	Persons	6,663	2,069	8	12	45	2,004
				(31.1)	(0.4)	(0.6)	(2.2)	(96.9)
		Males	3,336	1,619	6	10	22	1,581
				(48.5)	(0.4)	(0.6)	(1.4)	(97.7)
		Females	3,327	450	2	2	23	423
				(13.5)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(5.1)	(94.0)
16	Chikiti (NAC)	Persons	10,802	3,964	127	405	259	3,173
				(36.7)	(3.2)	(10.2)	(6.5)	(80.0)
		Males	5,450	2,699	104	75	168	2,352
				(49.5)	(3.9)	(2.8)	(6.2)	(87.1)
		Females	5,352	1,265	23	330	91	821

TABLE 36 : DISTRIBUTION OF WORKERS BY SEX IN FOUR CATEGORIES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS / TOWNS , 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of UA / Town	Persons / Males / Females	Total population	Total number of workers (Main + Marginal)	Category of workers			
					Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Household Industry workers	Other workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
17	Digapahandi (NAC)	Persons	10,890	3,814	378	1,072	220	2,144
				(35.0)	(9.9)	(28.1)	(5.8)	(56.2)
		Males	5,542	2,697	254	480	116	1,847
				(48.7)	(9.4)	(17.8)	(4.3)	(68.5)
		Females	5,348	1,117	124	592	104	297
				(20.9)	(11.1)	(53.0)	(9.3)	(26.6)
18	Hinjilicut (NAC)	Persons	21,347	6,655	647	1,104	456	4,448
				(31.2)	(9.7)	(16.6)	(6.9)	(66.8)
		Males	10,834	5,168	522	577	232	3,837
				(47.7)	(10.1)	(11.2)	(4.5)	(74.2)
		Females	10,513	1,487	125	527	224	611
				(14.1)	(8.4)	(35.4)	(15.1)	(41.1)
19	Brahmapur (M)	Persons	307,792	88,718	467	594	4,325	83,332
				(28.8)	(0.5)	(0.7)	(4.9)	(93.9)
		Males	160,354	75,815	353	304	2,721	72,437
				(47.3)	(0.5)	(0.4)	(3.6)	(95.5)
		Females	147,438	12,903	114	290	1,604	10,895
				(8.8)	(0.9)	(2.2)	(12.4)	(84.4)
	District (Urban) Total:	**Persons**	**556,359**	**166,105**	**6,212**	**11,981**	**9,090**	**138,822**
				(29.9)	**(3.7)**	**(7.2)**	**(5.5)**	**(83.6)**
		Males	**286,900**	**135,592**	**4,804**	**5,702**	**5,644**	**119,442**
				(47.3)	**(3.5)**	**(4.2)**	**(4.2)**	**(88.1)**
		Females	**269,459**	**30,513**	**1,408**	**6,279**	**3,446**	**19,380**
				(11.3)	**(4.6)**	**(20.6)**	**(11.3)**	**(63.5)**

Table–36 presents data on distribution of workers by sex in four categories of economic activities for the urban areas of the district as per 2001 Census. The table indicates that 29.9 per cent of the total population in the urban areas of the district are workers (main + marginal) and out of the total workers, 83.6 per cent are engaged in other activities while the engagement of urban workers as cultivators (3.7%), agricultural labourers (7.2%) and household industry workers (5.5%) is quite negligible. The same trend is found not only in case of male- female break-up of the district (urban) data but also in case of individual towns and their sex-wise break-ups.

Table–37 depicts the distribution of villages according to the availability of different amenities in different C.D. Blocks of Ganjam district. Out of 2,812 inhabited villages in the district, educational facility is available in 2,129 (75.72%) villages, medical facility in 478 (17.0%) villages, improved drinking water facility in 2,617 (93.12%) villages, post office in 545 (19.4%) villages, telephone in 779 (27.7%) villages, communication facility like bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways in 936 (33.3%) villages, banks in 111 (3.9%) villages, agricultural credit societies in 298 (10.6%) villages. As many as 1,163 (41.4%) villages are approached by pucca road and

(xi) Brief analysis of the Village Directory and Town Directory

TABLE 37 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO AVAILABILITY OF DIFFERENT AMENITIES, 2001

Sl. No.	Name of C. D. block	Number of inhabited villages	Type of amenity available									
			Education	Medical	Improved drinking water*	Post Office #	Telephone	Transport communications $	Banks	Agricultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Bhanjanagar	137	112	24	129	37	40	50	4	11	26	116
		(100)	(81.8)	(17.5)	(94.2)	(27.0)	(29.2)	(36.5)	(2.9)	(8.0)	(19.0)	(84.7)
2	Jagannathprasad	143	113	25	138	32	39	58	8	14	31	114
		(100)	(79.0)	(17.5)	(96.5)	(22.4)	(27.3)	(40.6)	(5.6)	(9.8)	(21.7)	(79.7)
3	Buguda	92	83	18	91	22	55	32	4	12	34	77
		(100)	(90.2)	(19.6)	(98.9)	(23.9)	(59.8)	(34.8)	(4.3)	(13.0)	(37.0)	(83.7)
4	Bellaguntha	90	81	24	87	26	40	27	5	6	40	88
		(100)	(91.0)	(27.0)	(97.8)	(28.9)	(44.4)	(30.0)	(5.6)	(6.7)	(44.4)	(98.9)
5	Surada	247	123	19	277	31	24	56	4	5	82	127
		(100)	(49.6)	(7.7)	(91.5)	(12.6)	(9.7)	(22.7)	(1.6)	(2.0)	(33.2)	(51.4)
6	Dharakote	163	107	17	159	19	21	46	4	9	72	116
		(100)	(65.6)	(10.4)	(97.5)	(11.7)	(12.9)	(28.2)	(2.5)	(5.5)	(44.2)	(71.2)
7	Asika	102	92	22	101	34	49	30	8	9	60	99
		(100)	(90.2)	(21.6)	(99.0)	(33.3)	(48.0)	(29.4)	(7.8)	(8.8)	(58.8)	(97.1)
8	Kavisurjyanagar	74	71	16	73	18	16	21	5	26	39	57
		(100)	(95.9)	(21.6)	(98.6)	(24.3)	(21.6)	(28.4)	(6.8)	(35.1)	(52.7)	(77.0)
9	Polasara	124	93	21	120	21	28	31	3	18	70	77
		(100)	(75.0)	(16.9)	(96.8)	(16.9)	(22.6)	(25.0)	(2.4)	(14.5)	(56.5)	(62.1)
10	Beguniapada	131	85	21	126	18	41	43	6	13	45	97
		(100)	(64.9)	(16.0)	(96.2)	(13.7)	(31.3)	(32.8)	(4.6)	(9.9)	(34.4)	(74.0)
11	Khalikote	167	116	22	165	29	26	53	5	19	89	125
		(100)	(69.5)	(13.2)	(98.8)	(17.4)	(15.6)	(31.7)	(3.0)	(11.4)	(53.3)	(74.9)
12	Ganjam	88	79	15	87	15	14	29	2	8	43	78
		(100)	(89.8)	(17.0)	(98.9)	(17.0)	(15.9)	(33.0)	(2.3)	(9.1)	(48.9)	(88.6)
13	Purusottampur	94	86	25	89	27	22	46	7	18	41	92
		(100)	(91.5)	(26.6)	(94.7)	(28.7)	(23.4)	(48.9)	(7.4)	(19.1)	(43.6)	(97.9)
14	Hinjilicut	52	51	21	52	19	39	23	4	16	43	52
		(100)	(98.1)	(40.4)	(100.0)	(36.5)	(75.0)	(44.2)	(7.7)	(30.8)	(82.7)	(100.0)
15	Seragad	95	90	19	94	24	26	45	5	8	48	91
		(100)	(94.7)	(20.0)	(98.9)	(25.3)	(27.4)	(47.4)	(5.3)	(8.4)	(50.5)	(95.8)
16	Sanakhemundi	142	114	23	135	20	36	52	5	10	57	120
		(100)	(80.3)	(16.2)	(95.1)	(14.1)	(25.4)	(36.6)	(3.5)	(7.0)	(40.1)	(84.5)
17	Digapahandi	204	145	31	183	35	32	82	7	19	48	160
		(100)	(71.1)	(15.2)	(89.7)	(17.2)	(15.7)	(40.2)	(3.4)	(9.3)	(23.5)	(78.4)
18	Patrapur	298	171	25	203	28	50	89	7	21	100	166
		(100)	(57.4)	(8.4)	(68.1)	(9.4)	(16.8)	(29.9)	(2.3)	(7.0)	(33.6)	(55.7)
19	Chikiti	125	105	22	124	23	65	43	3	8	43	116
		(100)	(84.0)	(17.6)	(99.2)	(18.4)	(52.0)	(34.4)	(2.4)	(6.4)	(34.4)	(92.8)

TABLE 37 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO AVAILABILITY OF DIFFERENT AMENITIES, 2001

Sl. No.	Name of C. D. block	Number of inhabited villages	Type of amenity available									
			Education	Medical	Improved drinking water*	Post Office #	Telephone	Transport communications $	Banks	Agricultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
20	Kukudakhandi	89	72	22	83	18	20	25	5	16	46	60
		(100)	(80.9)	(24.7)	(93.3)	(20.2)	(22.5)	(28.1)	(5.6)	(18.0)	(51.7)	(67.4)
21	Rangeilunda	79	74	26	77	26	51	27	5	19	55	77
		(100)	(93.7)	(32.9)	(97.5)	(32.9)	(64.6)	(34.2)	(6.3)	(24.1)	(69.6)	(97.5)
22	Chhatrapur	76	66	20	74	23	45	28	5	13	51	72
		(100)	(86.8)	(26.3)	(97.4)	(30.3)	(59.2)	(36.8)	(6.6)	(17.1)	(67.1)	(94.7)
	District Total:	**2812**	**2129**	**478**	**2617**	**545**	**779**	**936**	**111**	**298**	**1163**	**2177**
		(100)	**(75.7)**	**(17.0)**	**(93.1)**	**(19.4)**	**(27.7)**	**(33.3)**	**(3.9)**	**(10.6)**	**(41.4)**	**(77.4)**

Note : - *Percentages are given in brackets.*

* Based on the improved drinking water source, drinking water supply has been classified as `Improved ' or otherwise. If the household has access to drinking water supplied from a tap or a hand pump / tube well situated within or outside the premises it is considered as having access to `Improved drinking water source'. However, the concept of improved drinking water is state specific and this is to be considered accordingly.

Post office includes Post office, telegraph office and Post and telegraph office.

$ Transport communication includes bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways.

2,177 (77.4%) villages are having power supply facility. The district level data clearly indicate that although spectacular progress has been made on education, improved drinking water facility and power supply in the district, yet the areas like medical, post office, banks and agricultural credit societies require further development. In case of Hinjilicut cent per cent of villages are having improved drinking water facility. In so far as the power supply is concerned, Hinjilicut C.D. Block possesses the distinction of having electricity in all the villages under its jurisdiction.

TABLE 38: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF RURAL POPULATION SERVED BY DIFFERENT AMENITIES, 2001

Sl. No.	Name of C. D. Block	Total population of inhabited villages	Type of amenity available									
			Education	Medical	Improved drinking water*	Post Office #	Telephone	Transport communi-cations $	Banks	Agricultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Bhanjanagar	122,449	116,105	48,378	121,444	65,554	61,683	67,365	18,054	31,319	46,594	116,333
		(100)	(94.8)	(39.5)	(99.2)	(53.5)	(50.4)	(55.0)	(14.7)	(25.6)	(38.1)	(95.0)
2	Jagannathprasad	117,894	112,004	41,733	116,939	54,717	57,484	65,687	18,879	29,866	41,276	107,605
		(100)	(95.0)	(35.4)	(99.2)	(46.4)	(48.8)	(55.7)	(16.0)	(25.3)	(35.0)	(91.3)
3	Buguda	106,747	105,761	35,404	105,446	49,407	76,335	55,446	11,936	27,960	57,207	104,056
		(100)	(99.1)	(35.0)	(98.8)	(46.3)	(71.5)	(51.9)	(11.2)	(26.2)	(53.6)	(97.5)
4	Bellaguntha	103,592	101,002	44,810	102,307	50,803	62,452	39,131	10,380	13,187	55,809	102,528
		(100)	(98.0)	(43.5)	(99.3)	(49.0)	(60.3)	(37.8)	(10.0)	(12.7)	(53.9)	(99.5)
5	Surada	125,560	109,814	39,563	122,683	55,463	46,469	58,581	6,722	6,697	79,885	109,037
		(100)	(87.1)	(31.5)	(97.3)	(44.2)	(37.0)	(46.7)	(5.4)	(5.3)	(63.6)	(86.5)

TABLE 38: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF RURAL POPULATION SERVED BY DIFFERENT AMENITIES, 2001

Sl. No.	Name of C. D. Block	Total population of inhabited villages	Type of amenity available									
			Education	Medical	Improved drinking water*	Post Office #	Telephone	Transport communi-cations $	Banks	Agricultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
6	Dharakote	101,533	85,770	37,016	100,601	39,542	44,215	52,335	13,696	22,393	72,027	91,919
		(100)	(84.5)	(36.5)	(99.1)	(38.9)	(43.5)	(51.5)	(13.5)	(22.1)	(70.9)	(90.5)
7	Asika	133,387	129,659	55,529	133,248	81,309	89,413	53,337	17,158	25,287	91,241	133,161
		(100)	(97.2)	(41.6)	(99.9)	(61.0)	(67.0)	(40.0)	(12.9)	(19.0)	(68.4)	(99.8)
8	Kavisurjyanagar	102,441	101,113	41,106	102,145	44,118	36,655	36,029	20,471	47,849	56,831	85,529
		(100)	(98.7)	(40.1)	(99.7)	(43.1)	(35.8)	(35.2)	(20.0)	(46.7)	(55.5)	(83.5)
9	Polasara	117,281	114,898	58,434	117,175	56,726	64,973	52,173	11,834	35,495	75,097	112,583
		(100)	(98.0)	(49.8)	(99.9)	(48.4)	(55.4)	(44.5)	(10.1)	(30.3)	(64.0)	(96.0)
10	Beguniapada	112,970	99,534	37,394	111,480	36,494	63,286	59,066	11,887	25,393	63,920	104,686
		(100)	(88.1)	(33.1)	(98.7)	(32.3)	(56.0)	(52.3)	(10.5)	(22.5)	(56.6)	(92.7)
11	Khalikote	137,173	122,957	48,125	137,071	58,268	37,494	65,876	15,265	41,438	99,698	129,416
		(100)	(89.6)	(35.1)	(99.9)	(42.5)	(27.3)	(48.0)	(11.1)	(30.2)	(72.7)	(94.3)
12	Ganjam	82,702	80,249	26,795	81,636	30,140	29,204	34,367	9,390	10,761	45,374	78,817
		(100)	(97.0)	(32.4)	(98.7)	(36.4)	(35.3)	(41.6)	(11.4)	(13.0)	(54.9)	(95.3)
13	Purusottampur	129,506	127,451	62,037	124,161	66,008	47,494	68,219	25,106	41,514	60,670	129,298
		(100)	(98.4)	(47.9)	(95.9)	(51.0)	(36.7)	(52.7)	(19.4)	(32.1)	(46.8)	(99.8)
14	Hinjilicut	107,053	106,981	64,861	107,053	59,664	86,114	55,194	15,263	41,799	93,001	107,053
		(100)	(99.9)	(60.6)	(100.0)	(55.7)	(80.4)	(51.6)	(14.3)	(39.0)	(86.9)	(100.0)
15	Seragad	117,625	116,870	44,283	116,502	57,193	58,133	68,922	17,074	22,829	70,681	115,640
		(100)	(99.4)	(37.6)	(99.0)	(48.6)	(49.4)	(58.6)	(14.5)	(19.4)	(60.1)	(98.3)
16	Sanakhemundi	147,788	142,432	65,431	146,735	61,865	68,403	90,621	20,841	30,124	87,215	143,699
		(100)	(96.4)	(44.3)	(99.3)	(41.9)	(46.3)	(61.3)	(14.1)	(20.4)	(59.0)	(97.2)
17	Digapahandi	136,618	128,626	56,575	134,877	62,399	54,038	85,378	18,983	38,175	52,879	128,206
		(100)	(94.2)	(41.4)	(98.7)	(45.7)	(39.6)	(62.5)	(13.9)	(27.9)	(38.7)	(93.8)
18	Patrapur	118,116	108,502	37,731	109,029	39,467	53,081	72,808	18,977	36,854	70,379	107,400
		(100)	(91.9)	(31.9)	(92.3)	(33.4)	(44.9)	(61.6)	(16.1)	(31.2)	(59.6)	(90.9)
19	Chikiti	93,941	92,693	44,449	93,507	44,128	66,545	41,540	8,729	14,310	35,113	91,797
		(100)	(98.7)	(47.3)	(99.5)	(47.0)	(70.8)	(44.2)	(9.3)	(15.2)	(37.4)	(97.7)
20	Kukudakhandi	124,598	119,080	63,468	123,631	47,178	54,473	53,213	17,577	51,228	88,547	118,573
		(100)	(95.6)	(50.9)	(99.2)	(37.9)	(43.7)	(42.7)	(14.1)	(41.1)	(71.1)	(95.2)
21	Rangeilunda	139,627	136,555	66,507	136,095	65,595	104,630	58,240	16,982	52,185	114,085	136,871
		(100)	(97.8)	(47.6)	(97.5)	(47.0)	(74.9)	(41.7)	(12.2)	(37.4)	(81.7)	(98.0)
22	Chhatrapur	125,675	122,785	55,701	125,144	71,168	91,039	63,149	12,899	41,248	96,207	125,041
		(100)	(97.7)	(44.3)	(99.6)	(56.6)	(72.4)	(50.2)	(10.3)	(32.8)	(76.6)	(99.5)
District Total :		**2,604,276**	**2,480,841**	**1,077,330**	**2,568,909**	**1,197,206**	**1,353,613**	**1,296,677**	**338,103**	**687,911**	**1,553,736**	**2,479,248**
		(100)	**(95.3)**	**(41.4)**	**(98.6)**	**(46.0)**	**(52.0)**	**(49.8)**	**(13.0)**	**(26.4)**	**(59.7)**	**(95.2)**

Note : - *Percentages are given in brackets.*

* Based on the improved drinking water source, drinking water supply has been classified as `Improved' or otherwise. If the household has access to drinking water supplied from a tap or a hand pump / tube well or well situated within or outside the premises it is considered as having access to `Improved drinking water source'. However, the concept of improved drinking water is state specific and this is to be considered accordingly.

Post office includes Post office, telegraph office and Post and telegraph office.

$ Transport communication includes bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways.

Table–38 presents data on number and percentage of rural population served by different amenities in different C.D. Blocks of Ganjam district. It may be seen from the table that out of 26,04,276 rural inhabitants of Ganjam district, 95.3 per cent persons are served with educational facility, 41.4 per cent by medical facility, 98.6 per cent by improved drinking water facility, 46.0 per cent by post and telegraph facility, 52.0 per cent by telephone facility, 49.8 per cent by transport and communication facility, 13.0 per cent by Banks facility, 26.4 per cent from agricultural credit societies, 59.7 per cent can approach their villages by pucca road and 95.2 per cent are having power supply facility. Now coming to the individual C.D. Blocks of the district, it is seen that in case of all 12 C.D. Blocks educational facility, improved drinking water facility and power supply are available. In so far as medical facility and postal facility are concerned, Hinjilicut C.D. Block is at the top with 60.6 per cent and 55.7 per cent of its population being served with the facilities respectively. The rural areas of the district as a whole are lagging behind with respect to banking facility and agricultural credit societies.

TABLE 39 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES NOT HAVING CERTAIN AMENITIES, ARRANGED BY DISTANCE RANGES FROM THE PLACES WHERE THESE ARE AVAILABLE, 2001

Village not having the amenity of	Distance range of place from the villages where the amenity is available			
	Less than 5 kilometres	5-10 kilometres	10+ kilometres	Total (Col. 2 - 4)
1	2	3	4	5
1. Education :-				
(a) Primary School	555	94	34	683
(b) Middle School	1,550	368	162	2,080
(c) Degree College	672	1,052	1,075	2,799
2. Medical:-				
(a) Hospital	397	777	1,632	2,806
(b) PHC	452	809	1,464	2,725
3. Post Office	1,696	454	118	2,268
4. Telephone	729	578	726	2,033
5. Bus Service	1,103	556	220	1,879
6. Banks				
(a) Commercial Bank	1,060	1,062	581	2,703
(b) Cooperative Bank	641	868	1,298	2,807
7. Agricultural Credit Societies	1,126	664	724	2,514

Table–39 shows the distribution of villages not having certain amenities and arranged by distance ranges from the places where such facilities are available. It is seen from the table that out of 2,812 inhabited villages of the district 683 villages do not have Primary School, 2,080 villages have no Middle School and 2,799 villages do not have any Degree College. Hospital is not available in 2806 villages of the district while Primary Health Centre is not available in 2,725 villages. Likewise, non-availability of Post Office, Telephone, Bus Service, Commercial Bank, Co-operative Bank and Agricultural Credit Societies are recorded in 2268, 2033, 1879, 2703, 2807 and 2514 number of villages respectively. It is evident from the table that maximum villages having no Primary School, Middle School, Primary Health Center, Post Office, Telephone and Bus Service are getting the said facilities at a distance of less than 5 kilometers. However, maximum number of villagers are required to cover the distance of 5-10 kilometers or even more than 10 kilometers in order to avail the facilities of Hospital, Banks and Agricultural Credit Societies.

TABLE 40 : DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE DISTANCE FROM THE NEAREST STATUTORY TOWN AND AVAILABILITY OF DIFFERENT AMENITIES, 2001

Distance range from the nearest statutory town (in kilometres)	Number of inhabited villages in each range	Type of amenity available							
		Education	Medical	Post Office #	Telephone	Transport communications $	Banks	Agricultural Credit Societies	Approach by pucca road
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Less than 5	208	190	44	60	86	104	7	38	129
	(100.0)	(91.3)	(21.2)	(28.8)	(41.3)	(50.0)	(3.4)	(18.3)	(62.0)
5 -15	1,311	1,114	286	312	431	475	68	179	623
	(100.0)	(85.0)	(21.8)	(23.8)	(32.9)	(36.2)	(5.2)	(13.7)	(47.5)
16 - 50	982	699	132	156	237	304	31	72	350
	(100.0)	(71.2)	(13.4)	(15.9)	(24.1)	(31.0)	(3.2)	(7.3)	(35.6)
51+	300	116	14	15	23	51	4	8	58
	(100.0)	(38.7)	(4.7)	(5.0)	(7.7)	(17.0)	(1.3)	(2.7)	(19.3)
Unspecified	11	10	2	2	2	2	1	1	3
	(100.0)	(90.9)	(18.2)	(18.2)	(16.7)	(18.2)	(9.1)	(9.1)	(27.3)
District Total :	**2,812**	**2,129**	**478**	**545**	**779**	**936**	**111**	**298**	**1,163**
	(100.0)	**(75.7)**	**(17.0)**	**(19.4)**	**(27.7)**	**(33.3)**	**(3.9)**	**(10.6)**	**(41.4)**

Post office includes Post office, Telegraph office and Post and telegraph office.
$ Transport communication includes bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways.

Table–40 presents data on distribution of villages according to the distance from the nearest statutory town and availability of different amenities. From the table, it is seen that majority of villages in the district numbering 1,311 come under the distance range of 5-15 kilometers from the nearest statutory town while 208 villages are at less than 5 kilometers from the towns, 982 villages under the distance range 16-50 and 300 villages are at above 51 kilometers from the towns. It is clear from the table that the villages, which are far away from the statutory towns, have fewer amenities in comparison to the villages nearer to the towns.

TABLE 41: DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO POPULATION RANGE AND AMENITIES AVAILABLE, 2001

Population range	Number of inhabited villages in each range	Type of amenity available									
		Education	Medical	Improved drinking water*	Post Office #	Telephone	Transport communications $	Banks	Agricultural Credit Societies	Approach by Pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1-499	1279	653	27	1102	21	115	230	4	10	311	696
	(100.0)	(51.1)	(2.1)	(86.2)	(1.6)	(9.0)	(18.0)	(0.3)	(0.8)	(24.3)	(54.4)
500-999	584	543	51	577	68	145	229	3	32	267	550
	(100.0)	(93.0)	(8.7)	(98.8)	(11.6)	(24.8)	(39.2)	(0.5)	(5.5)	(45.7)	(94.2)
1000-1999	605	593	173	595	201	266	274	27	116	338	593
	(100.0)	(98.0)	(28.6)	(98.3)	(33.2)	(44.0)	(45.3)	(4.5)	(19.2)	(55.9)	(98.0)
2000-4,999	304	300	193	303	221	220	175	60	115	214	298
	(100.0)	(98.7)	(63.5)	(99.7)	(72.7)	(72.4)	(57.6)	(19.7)	(37.8)	(70.4)	(98.0)

TABLE 41: DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO POPULATION RANGE AND AMENITIES AVAILABLE, 2001

Population range	Number of inhabited villages in each range	Type of amenity available									
		Education	Medical	Improved drinking water*	Post Office #	Telephone	Transport communi-cations $	Banks	Agricultural Credit Societies	Approach by Pucca road	Power supply
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
5000-9999	40	40	34	40	34	33	28	17	25	33	40
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(85.0)	(100.0)	(85.0)	(82.5)	(70.0)	(42.5)	(62.5)	(82.5)	(100.0)
10000 +	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
District total	**2812**	**2129**	**478**	**2617**	**545**	**779**	**936**	**111**	**298**	**1163**	**2177**
	(100.0)	**(75.7)**	**(17.0)**	**(93.1)**	**(19.4)**	**(27.7)**	**(33.3)**	**(3.9)**	**(10.6)**	**(41.4)**	**(77.4)**

Post office includes Post office, Telegraph office and Post and telegraph office.

$ Transport communication includes bus service, rail facility and navigable waterways.

* Based on the improved drinking water source, drinking water supply has been classified as `Improved ' or otherwise. If the household has access to drinking water supplied from a tap or a hand pump / tube well or well situated within or outside the premises it is considered as having access to `Improved drinking water source' in Orissa. However, the concept of improved drinking water is state specific and this is to be considered accordingly.

Table–41 depicts data on distribution of villages according to population range and amenities available. It is observed from the table that 1,279 villages come under less than 500 population, 584 villages come under the range 500-999, 605 villages come under 1000-1999, 304 villages come under 2000-4999, 40 villages come under the range 5,000-9,999 and no village has the population of above 10,000. It is evident from the table that the villages, which are coming under higher population ranges, enjoy more facilities in comparison to the villages coming under lower population ranges.

TABLE 42: DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO LAND USE, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Number of inhabited villages	Total area	Percentage of cultivable area to total area	Percentage of irrigated area to total cultivable area
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Bhanjanagar	137	28,268	76.6	37.5
2	Jagannathprasad	143	42,685	70.3	19.5
3	Buguda	92	28,132	72.3	31.1
4	Bellaguntha	90	19,299	70.7	53.5
5	Surada	247	35,282	61.9	21.9
6	Dharakote	163	19,699	59.5	39.7
7	Asika	102	22,865	74.7	55.1
8	Kavisurjyanagar	74	14,827	72.5	47.8
9	Polasara	124	20,011	69.1	52.1
10	Beguniapada	131	18,346	78.8	59.3
11	Khalikote	167	28,403	71.6	38.5
12	Ganjam	88	19,053	49.8	46.8
13	Purusottampur	94	22,904	73.6	57.9
14	Hinjilicut	52	15,546	82.1	84.6
15	Seragad	95	15,030	77.2	62.2
16	Sanakhemundi	142	26,144	61.5	60.2
17	Digapahandi	204	37,800	59.5	57.2

TABLE 42: DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO LAND USE, 2001

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Number of inhabited villages	Total area	Percentage of cultivable area to total area	Percentage of irrigated area to total cultivable area
1	2	3	4	5	6
18	Patrapur	298	34,302	53.5	51.6
19	Chikiti	125	18,797	67.4	64.5
20	Kukudakhandi	89	23,841	70.3	60.1
21	Rangeilunda	79	21,071	73.9	71.6
22	Chhatrapur	76	23,240	66.7	68.4
	District Total:	**2812**	**535,545**	**67.9**	**49.3**

Note : - *Cultivable area = irrigated area + unirrigated area*

Table–42 shows land use pattern of different C.D. Blocks in the district. It indicates that the percentage of cultivable area to the total area of the district is 67.9 per cent and the rest 32.1 per cent cover forest, culturable waste and the area not available for cultivation. The table further reveals that the percentage of irrigated area to total cultivable area of the district is 49.3 per cent. Although percentage of cultivable area to total area under different C.D. Blocks are more or less same and varies in between 49.8 per cent and 82.1 per cent, there is glaring variation in percentage of irrigated area to total cultivable area under different C.D. Blocks. Hinjilicut C.D. Block occupies the first position in the district with 84.6 perc ent irrigated area to its total cultivable area while Jagannathprasad C.D. Block is at the bottom with 19.5 per cent of irrigated area.

TABLE 43 : PER CAPITA RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE IN STATUTORY TOWNS, (1998-1999)

Sl. No.	Class, name & urban status of the Town	Per capita receipt			Per capita expenditure				
		Total	Through taxes	From all other sources	Total	General Administration	Public health and conveniences	Public works	Public institutions
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	III Asika (N.A.C.)	340	133	208	305	82	59	32	62
2	V Bellaguntha (N.A.C.)	294	77	217	138	63	22	52	0
3	IV Bhanjanagar (N.A.C.)	277	135	143	250	85	55	35	29
4	I Brahmapur (M)	287	184	103	270	41	93	39	42
5	IV Buguda (N.A.C.)	253	75	177	150	124	4	16	0
6	III Chhatrapur (N.A.C.)	274	27	247	226	16	100	49	20
7	IV Chikiti (N.A.C.)	290	54	236	246	86	55	27	0
8	IV Digapahandi (N.A.C.)	347	87	260	265	73	50	58	0
9	IV Ganjam (N.A.C.)	265	67	198	167	115	0	24	0
10	V Gopalpur (N.A.C.)	45	5	40	30	7	0	16	1
11	III Hinjilicut (N.A.C.)	174	36	138	106	43	17	15	20
12	IV Kavisurjyanagar (N.A.C.)	230	78	152	197	93	50	4	0
13	IV Khalikote (N.A.C.)	344	9	335	176	66	42	9	0
14	IV Kodala (N.A.C.)	188	15	173	115	16	11	78	0
15	IV Polasara (N.A.C.)	207	66	141	175	58	0	58	0
16	IV Purusottampur (N.A.C.)	264	83	181	188	81	37	36	2
17	IV Rambha (N.A.C.)	162	30	131	152	36	31	60	15
18	IV Surada (N.A.C.)	218	44	174	180	51	51	15	4
District Total:		**271**	**132**	**139**	**234**	**52**	**69**	**37**	**29**

Table–43 gives the detail account of per capita receipt and expenditure in statutory towns. In these towns the per capita receipt is higher than the per capita expenditure. The receipt from all other sources is higher than the receipt from taxes in all the towns of the district except Brahmapur(M). The higher percentage of expenditure goes to general administration in case of Buguda (NAC) and Ganjam (NAC), to public health and conveniences in Brahmapur(M) and to public works in Kodala (NAC).

TABLE 44 : SCHOOLS / COLLEGES PER 10,000 POPULATION IN STATUTORY TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town	Type of educational institution				
		Primary	Junior Secondary / Middle	Secondary / Matriculation	Senior Secondary	College
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Asika (N.A.C.)	6.8	3.4	1.9	1.0	1.0
2	Bellaguntha (N.A.C.)	9.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
3	Bhanjanagar (N.A.C.)	7.6	3.5	2.0	1.5	1.5
4	Brahmapur (M)	1.9	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.3
5	Buguda (N.A.C.)	8.3	3.8	2.3	0.8	0.8
6	Chhatrapur (N.A.C.)	3.5	2.0	1.5	1.0	1.0
7	Chikiti (N.A.C.)	5.6	3.7	1.9	0.9	0.9
8	Digapahandi (N.A.C.)	9.2	2.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
9	Ganjam (N.A.C.)	6.2	3.5	2.7	0.9	0.9
10	Gopalpur (N.A.C.)	4.5	3.0	1.5	1.5	1.5
11	Hinjilicut (N.A.C.)	3.7	1.4	1.4	0.5	0.5
12	Kavisurjyanagar (N.A.C.)	7.5	3.7	2.5	0.6	0.6
13	Khalikote (N.A.C.)	10.0	5.5	3.7	0.9	1.8
14	Kodala (N.A.C.)	5.7	2.4	1.6	0.8	0.8
15	Polasara (N.A.C.)	6.1	2.6	1.5	1.5	1.5
16	Purusottampur (N.A.C.)	5.6	2.1	1.4	1.4	0.7
17	Rambha (N.A.C.)	7.5	2.8	1.9	0.9	0.9
18	Surada (N.A.C.)	5.5	2.0	2.0	1.4	0.7
District Total		**3.9**	**1.7**	**1.2**	**0.7**	**0.6**

Table–44 presents data on Schools and Colleges per 10,000 population in towns of Ganjam district. The table reveals that for every 10,000 urban population in the district, there are four Primary Schools, about two Middle Schools, about one Secondary School and about one each of Senior Secondary/Junior College and Degree College. Coming to the individual towns, it is seen that Asika and Bhanjanagar in the district are in a better position in the availability of educational facilities.

Number of beds in Medical Institutions per 10,000 population pertaining to different towns in Ganjam district is presented in Table–45. It shows that only 28 beds are available in medical institutions per 10,000 urban population of the district. The highest number

TABLE 45 : NUMBER OF BEDS IN MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of the Town	Number of beds in medical institutions per 10,000 population
1	2	3
1	Asika(N.A.C.)	15
2	Bellaguntha(N.A.C.)	30
3	Bhanjanagar(N.A.C.)	30
4	Brahmapur(M)	40
5	Buguda(N.A.C.)	5
6	Chhatrapur(N.A.C.)	28
7	Chikiti(N.A.C.)	28
8	Digapahandi(N.A.C.)	6
9	Ganjam(N.A.C.)	0
10	Gopalpur(N.A.C.)	0
11	Hinjilicut(N.A.C.)	5
12	Kavisurjyanagar(N.A.C.)	4
13	Khalikote(N.A.C.)	15
14	Kodala(N.A.C.)	24
15	Makundapur(C.T.)	0
16	Polasara(N.A.C.)	15
17	Purusottampur(N.A.C.)	0
18	Rambha(N.A.C.)	0
19	Surada(N.A.C.)	7
	Distrct Total	**28**

of beds (40) per 10,000 population is recorded in Brahmapur (M). On the other hand Ganjam, Gopalpur, Makundapur, Purusottampur and Rambha registers no bed in medical institutions.

TABLE 46 : PROPORTION OF SLUM POPULATION IN TOWNS, 2001

Sl. No.	Name of the Town	Total population	Slum population	Percentage of slum population to total population
1	2	3	4	5
1	Asika (N.A.C.)	20,739	1,606	7.7
2	Bhanjanagar (N.A.C.)	19,748	7,099	35.9
3	Brahmapur (M)	307,792	68,000	22.1
4	Buguda (N.A.C.)	13,257	1,240	9.4
5	Chhatrapur (N.A.C.)	20,289	9,010	44.4
6	Chikiti (N.A.C.)	10,802	957	8.9
7	Digapahandi (N.A.C.)	10,890	1,600	14.7
8	Khalikote (N.A.C.)	10,958	1,095	10.0
9	Kodala (N.A.C.)	12,345	5,363	43.4
10	Polasara (N.A.C.)	19,568	4,567	23.3
11	Rambha (N.A.C.)	10,716	600	5.6
12	Surada (N.A.C.)	14,648	3,573	24.4
	District Total	**471,752**	**104,710**	**22.2**

Table–46 presents data on proportion of slum population in the towns of the district. It is revealed from the table that there are 12 towns in the district wherein slums are available. The slum population of the town constitutes 22.2 per cent of its total population.

TABLE 47 : MOST IMPORTANT COMMODITY EXPORTED OUT OF AND MANUFACTURED IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town	Most important commodity	
		Manufactured	Exported
1	2	3	4
1	Asika (N.A.C.)	Cattle Feed Poultry Ice&Icecream	Vegetables Paddy Milk
2	Bellaguntha (N.A.C.)	Brass&Wooden Fish P.V.C.Pipe Ayurvedic Medicine	Brass&Wooden Fish P.V.C.Pipe Ayurvedic Medicine
3	Bhanjanagar (N.A.C.)	Pottery Wooden Furniture Bamboo Furniture	Bamboo Timber Fish
4	Brahmapur (M)	Cement Pipe Silk Cloth Siali Leaf Plates	Silk Pampad Pickles
5	Buguda (N.A.C.)	Steel Almirah Handloom Cloth Cement Product	Vegetables Cashewnut Mixture
6	Chhatrapur (N.A.C.)	Cashewnut Kewara Oil Pampad	Cashewnut Kewara Flower Pampad
7	Chikiti (N.A.C.)	Dry Fish	Paddy Vegetables Dry Fish
8	Digapahandi (N.A.C.)	Ice Lime Aluminium Utensil	Fish Paddy Aluminium Utensil
9	Ganjam (N.A.C.)	Salt Caustic Soda Acid	Salt Caustic Soda Fish
10	Gopalpur (N.A.C.)	Processed Seafish Canned Fish Coir Rope	Prawn&Seafish Coir Rope Coconut
11	Hinjilicut (N.A.C.)	Aluminium Utensil Handloom Cloth Stone Chips	Betel Leaf Handloom Cloth Milk

TABLE 47 : MOST IMPORTANT COMMODITY EXPORTED OUT OF AND MANUFACTURED IN TOWNS, 2001

Serial number	Name and urban status of Town	Most important commodity	
		Manufactured	Exported
1	2	3	4
12	Kavisurjyanagar (N.A.C.)	Brass Utensil Aluminium Utensil Bellmetal Utensil	Vegetable Blackgram Brass&Bellmetal utensil
13	Khalikote (N.A.C.)	Pottery Wooden Furniture Rice	Rice Groundnut Greengram
14	Kodala (N.A.C.)	Leaf Plates Wooden Furniture Bread	Wooden Furniture Bamboo Products Leaf Plates
15	Makundapur (C.T.)	-	Paddy
16	Polasara (N.A.C.)	Bamboo Basket Steel Fixtures Steel Almirah	Rice Wheat Sugarcane
17	Purusottampur (N.A.C.)	Bellmetal Utensil Steel Almirah	Paddy Groundnut Chilly
18	Rambha (N.A.C.)	Iron goods Broom Gudakhu	Fish Jute Salt
19	Surada (N.A.C.)	Wooden Furniture Oil Candle	Vegetable Fish Bamboo

Table–47 depicts the most important commodities manufactured in different towns and exported from the towns. The main items of manufacture to be mentioned in the district are Handloom clothes, Pampad, Dry fish, Salt, Caustic Soda, Pottery and Ayurvedic medicines. Silk, Pampad and Pickles are used all over Orissa. The items exported mainly include Dry fish, Cashewnut, Mixture, Pampad, Groundnut, Chilly and Ayurvedic medicines.

(xii) Brief Analysis of Data on houses and household amenities, houselisting operations,Census of India 2001

In India, much emphasis has been laid on the mechanism of decentralized planning emerging from the grass root level which has given rise to the necessity of building adequate data base for formulation of future plans at the micro level.

With the commencement of five year plans lack of data on quality and quantity of housing stock has compelled the Census Organization to conduct uniform houselisting all over the country not only on housing but also on quality of living of household.

Like the previous Censuses, the Census of India, 2001 was conducted in two phases namely, (i) Houselisting operation and (ii) Population enumeration. The houselisting operations in Orissa was conducted in April-May, 2000, much ahead of the population enumeration.

The basic objective of this elementary exercise was to prepare a frame indispensable for smooth and systematic conduct of the population enumeration during February, 2001. The housing census, thus in someway was a prelude to the actual population count of the census. In addition, information collected through houselisting provide comprehensive data base for assessing the conditions of the human settlements, housing deficit and for future housing requirements for formulation of housing policies.

This operation also provides a massive data on amenities available to the household essentially required by various departments of the union and state governments and many other non-government organizations for development and planning in different projects of housing sector.

TABLE 48 : HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE STATUS AND NUMBER OF ROOMS OCCUPIED IN THE DISTRICT, 2001

Tenure status	Number of dwelling rooms	Number of households								
		Total			Scheduled Castes			Scheduled Tribes		
		Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Owned	Total	597,999	531,424	66,575	135,724	123,239	12,485	25,653	24,418	1,235
	No exclusive room	9,502	8,477	1,025	2,901	2,596	305	687	646	41
	One room	161,644	149,680	11,964	61,454	56,719	4,735	13,604	13,106	498
	Two rooms	200,606	183,562	17,044	46,714	42,656	4,058	8,335	8,030	305
	Three rooms	126,470	110,141	16,329	16,107	14,040	2,067	1,946	1,762	184
	3+ rooms	99,777	79,564	20,213	8,548	7,228	1,320	1,081	874	207
	Median number of rooms	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	1	2
Rented	Total	55,775	25,446	30,329	5,429	3,135	2,294	1,330	670	660
	No exclusive room	827	477	350	151	95	56	38	20	18
	One room	13,872	7,924	5,948	2,199	1,450	749	453	282	171
	Two rooms	17,315	8,435	8,880	1,769	994	775	402	217	185
	Three rooms	13,848	5,315	8,533	821	395	426	234	79	155
	3+ rooms	9,913	3,295	6,618	489	201	288	203	72	131
	Median number of rooms	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Others	Total	11,487	7,840	3,647	2,919	2,346	573	563	455	108
	No exclusive room	516	440	76	151	137	14	33	24	9
	One room	4,612	3,569	1,043	1,845	1,580	265	262	236	26
	Two rooms	2,937	1,959	978	538	395	143	162	131	31
	Three rooms	1,903	1,099	804	208	122	86	70	46	24
	3+ rooms	1,519	773	746	177	112	65	36	18	18
	Median number of rooms	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
District Total	Total	665,261	564,710	100,551	144,072	128,720	15,352	27,546	25,543	2,003
	No exclusive room	10,845	9,394	1,451	3,203	2,828	375	758	690	68
	One room	180,128	161,173	18,955	65,498	59,749	5,749	14,319	13,624	695
	Two rooms	220,858	193,956	26,902	49,021	44,045	4,976	8,899	8,378	521
	Three rooms	142,221	116,555	25,666	17,136	14,557	2,579	2,250	1,887	363
	3+ rooms	111,209	83,632	27,577	9,214	7,541	1,673	1,320	964	356
	Median number of rooms	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	1	2

Data Source: *Census of India 2001, H- Series: "Tables on Houses, Household Amenities and Assets."*

Table -48 presents distribution of households by different tenure status namely owned, rented and others among total, scheduled castes and scheduled tribes households along with the number of rooms occupied by each household in total rural and urban areas of the district. The total number of households in the district is 665,261 of which 144,072 are scheduled caste households and 27,546 are scheduled tribe households. As per the data presented in the table, 94.21 percent households in total areas of the district live in their own houses as against 95.74 per cent in rural areas and 81.32 per cent in urban areas. Number of households living in rented houses constitute 3.78 per cent in total areas of the district as against 2.44 per cent in rural and 14.94 per cent in urban areas. The table also indicates that 93.13 per cent scheduled tribe households live in their own houses as against 95.60 per cent in rural areas and 61.66 per cent in urban areas. Number of scheduled tribe households living in rented houses constitute 4.83 per cent in total areas as against 2.62 per cent in rural and 32.95 per cent in urban areas of the district.

Tenure status among scheduled caste and scheduled tribe households in total, rural and urban areas in the district indicate a similar pattern. However, in urban areas, households living in rented houses shows a higher trend compared to rural areas in the district.

A striking feature of distribution of households among scheduled castes and scheduled tribes of the district is seen in the urban areas of the district where 2.03 percent scheduled caste households and 2.04 percent scheduled tribe households live neither in their own houses nor in rented houses. These households live either in houses constructed on encroached land in unregularised slums or the land or the structure that does not belong to the household. Tenure status of such households is categorized as 'others'.

The table also gives the details of the number of dwelling rooms occupied by the household. A room used for dwelling purposes should have walls with a doorway and a roof and should be wide and long enough for a person to sleep in, i.e., it should have a length of not less than 2 meters and a breadth of at least 1.5 meters and a height of 2 meters.

A dwelling room would include living room, bedroom, dining room, drawing room, study room, servant's room and other habitable rooms. Taking these factors into consideration, the availability of number of dwelling rooms to households has been calculated..

A specific category of dwelling room namely 'no exclusive room' as shown in col.2 of the house list Table-48 means a dwelling room shared by more than one household and in situations where there is only one room in a Census House which is used as a shop or office and the household also lives in it. Thus, households having 'no exclusive room' number 10,845 among total households, 3,203 among scheduled caste households and 758 among scheduled tribe households in total areas of the district.

TABLE 49: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING IN PERMANENT, SEMI PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY HOUSES, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total			Rural			Urban		
		Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
District - Ganjam 19		339,516	70,637	255,076	261,653	62,492	240,536	77,863	8,145	14,540
		(51.04)	(10.62)	(38.34)	(46.33)	(11.07)	(42.59)	(77.44)	(8.10)	(14.46)
01	Tarasingi	3,319	1,153	13,657	3,319	1,153	13,657	0	0	0
		(18.31)	(6.36)	(75.33)	(18.31)	(6.36)	(75.33)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
02	Buguda	15,141	3,154	17,003	13,138	2,870	16,554	2,003	284	449
		(42.87)	(8.93)	(48.15)	(40.33)	(8.81)	(50.81)	(73.21)	(10.38)	(16.41)
03	Bhanjanagar	15,507	2,760	16,025	11,220	2,353	14,830	4,287	407	1,195
		(45.22)	(8.05)	(46.73)	(39.50)	(8.28)	(52.21)	(72.80)	(6.91)	(20.29)

TABLE 49: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING IN PERMANENT, SEMI PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY HOUSES, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total			Rural			Urban		
		Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
04	Gangapur	17,558	3,545	10,104	17,558	3,545	10,104	0	0	0
		(56.26)	(11.36)	(32.38)	(56.26)	(11.36)	(32.38)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
05	Surada	4,535	902	10,901	2,925	675	9,883	1,610	227	1,018
		(27.76)	(5.52)	(66.72)	(21.69)	(5.01)	(73.29)	(56.39)	(7.95)	(35.66)
06	Badagada	6,849	839	15,921	6,849	839	15,921	0	0	0
		(29.01)	(3.55)	(67.44)	(29.01)	(3.55)	(67.44)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
07	Asika	26,880	3,737	9,605	22,308	3,426	9,079	4,572	311	526
		(66.83)	(9.29)	(23.88)	(64.08)	(9.84)	(26.08)	(84.53)	(5.75)	(9.72)
08	Purusottampur	16,368	4,493	11,978	14,608	4,052	11,326	1,760	441	652
		(49.84)	(13.68)	(36.47)	(48.72)	(13.51)	(37.77)	(61.69)	(15.46)	(22.85)
09	Kavisurjyanagar	25,386	4,921	14,063	21,217	4,341	11,937	4,169	580	2,126
		(57.20)	(11.09)	(31.69)	(56.57)	(11.58)	(31.83)	(60.64)	(8.44)	(30.92)
10	Kodala	18,621	5,434	19,787	17,328	5,094	18,939	1,293	340	848
		(42.47)	(12.39)	(45.13)	(41.89)	(12.32)	(45.79)	(52.12)	(13.70)	(34.18)
11	Khalikote	10,727	4,632	10,704	9,588	4,347	9,997	1,139	285	707
		(41.16)	(17.77)	(41.07)	(40.06)	(18.16)	(41.77)	(53.45)	(13.37)	(33.18)
12	Rambha	7,173	3,077	7,893	6,250	2,691	7,090	923	386	803
		(39.54)	(16.96)	(43.50)	(38.99)	(16.79)	(44.23)	(43.70)	(18.28)	(38.02)
13	Chhatrapur	22,694	4,798	12,585	17,062	4,411	11,924	5,632	387	661
		(56.63)	(11.97)	(31.40)	(51.09)	(13.21)	(35.70)	(84.31)	(5.79)	(9.90)
14	Gopalpur	6,497	1,976	4,261	5,777	1,682	3,948	720	294	313
		(51.02)	(15.52)	(33.46)	(50.64)	(14.75)	(34.61)	(54.26)	(22.16)	(23.59)
15	Brahmapur Sadar	13,432	3,128	7,851	13,432	3,128	7,851	0	0	0
		(55.02)	(12.81)	(32.16)	(55.02)	(12.81)	(32.16)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
16	Golanthara	11,762	4,071	11,899	11,762	4,071	11,899	0	0	0
		(42.41)	(14.68)	(42.91)	(42.41)	(14.68)	(42.91)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
17	Nuagaon	10,513	3,223	8,656	9,015	2,855	8,318	1,498	368	338
		(46.95)	(14.39)	(38.65)	(44.65)	(14.14)	(41.20)	(67.97)	(16.70)	(15.34)
18	Digapahandi	14,034	2,842	10,261	12,532	2,596	9,761	1,502	246	500
		(51.71)	(10.47)	(37.81)	(50.35)	(10.43)	(39.22)	(66.81)	(10.94)	(22.24)
19	Jarada	10,130	2,635	11,187	10,130	2,635	11,187	0	0	0
		(42.29)	(11.00)	(46.71)	(42.29)	(11.00)	(46.71)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
20	Patapur	20,117	2,848	16,290	20,117	2,848	16,290	0	0	0
		(51.25)	(7.26)	(41.50)	(51.25)	(7.26)	(41.50)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
21	Hinjili	18,233	2,772	9,385	15,340	2,471	8,457	2,893	301	928
		(60.00)	(9.12)	(30.88)	(58.40)	(9.41)	(32.20)	(70.18)	(7.30)	(22.51)
22	Brahmapur	43,862	3,288	3,476	0	0	0	43,862	3,288	3,476
		(86.63)	(6.49)	(6.87)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(86.63)	(6.49)	(6.87)

TABLE 49: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING IN PERMANENT, SEMI PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY HOUSES, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total			Rural			Urban		
		Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Semi-permanent	Temporary
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
90	Ramagiri (P)	178	409	1,584	178	409	1,584	0	0	0
		(8.20)	(18.84)	(72.96)	(8.20)	(18.84)	(72.96)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

Data Source: *Census of India 2001, H- Series: "Tables on Houses, Household Amenities and Assets."*

Note:

Permanent:-1 *Permanent houses refers to those houses whose wall & roofs are made of pucca materials i.e., where, burnt bricks, G.I. Sheets or other metal sheets, stone cement concrete is used for wall and tiles slate, shingle, corrugated iron, zinc or other metal sheets asbestos sheets, bricks, lime and stone and RBC/RCC are used for roof.*

Semi permanent:-2 *Semi-permanent houses refer to those houses made of other types of materials*

Temporary:-3 *Temporary houses refers to those houses having wall and roofs made of Kutcha materials i.e. where grass, leaves, reeds, bamboo mud, unburnt bricks are used for the construction of walls and grass, leaves reeds, bamboo hatch, mud, unburnt bricks, wood etc. are used for roofs.*

Table-49 presents percentage distribution of households living in permanent, semi permanent and temporary houses in total, rural and urban areas of the district of Ganjam as well as police stations. The definition of permanent, semi permanent and temporary houses is given at the bottom of the table.

In the total areas of the district, households living in permanent houses form 51.04 per cent as against 10.62 per cent in semi permanent houses and 38.34 per cent in temporary houses. The same pattern of distribution of households also holds good in rural areas with a slight variation. But, in the urban areas, it is different where more than 70 per cent households live in permanent houses and only 14.46 per cent live in temporary houses.

The percentage distribution of households living in permanent, semi permanent and temporary houses in total, rural and urban areas at the police station level indicates a different trend. There are 23 police stations in Ganjam district. It is noticed that in Brahmapur police station having only urban areas 86.63 percent households live in permanent houses and in other police stations having urban areas about 50 percent or more households live in permanent houses. In these police stations semi permanent households living in houses constitute insignificant proportion and living in temporary houses are less in percentage. In rest of the police stations with no urban component, the proportion of households living in temporary houses is considerably more than permanent and semi permanent houses.

Houselist Table-50 presents the number and percentage distribution of households enjoying improved drinking water facility, electricity, bathroom, toilet and drainage facility in total, rural and urban areas of the district Ganjam and its police stations.

The sources of improved drinking water facility include the sources such as tap, handpump, tube well and well. Out of the total households of 66,5261 in the district, 616,836 households constituting 92.72 percent enjoy improved drinking water facility in the total areas of the district as against 92.07 per cent in rural areas and 96.38 per cent in urban areas.

Coming to the police station level, it is seen that, the highest proportion of households enjoying this facility come under Rambha police station (99.09) and lowest proportion of households come under Ramagiri (P) police station. (57.16). Among the urban areas of the district, Rambha (NAC) and Purusottampur (NAC) provide these facilities to highest number of households i.e., 99.86 per cent and Kavisurjyanagar (NAC) provides these facilities to lowest proportion households (80.89 per cent).

As regards the availability of electricity in the houses of the households of the district, it is stated that in the total ,rural and urban areas of the district, households enjoying this facility constitute 33.7 per cent, 26.47 per cent and 74.28 per cent respectively. It is observed that, in rural areas of the district P.S. Hinjili provides this facility to

TABLE 50: PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING IMPROVED DRINKING WATER SOURCE, ELECTRICITY, BATHROOM, TOILET AND DRAINAGE FACILITY, 2001

P.S. Code	District / P.S.	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of households	Number and percentage of households having				
				Improved drinking water*	Electricity	Bathroom	Toilet	Drainage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	District - Ganjam 19	Total	665,261	616,836	224,179	72,278	127,793	214,776
				(92.72)	(33.70)	(10.86)	(19.21)	(32.28)
		Rural	564,710	519,927	149,486	28,755	64,902	143,368
				(92.07)	(26.47)	(5.09)	(11.49)	(25.39)
		Urban	100,551	96,909	74,693	43,523	62,891	71,408
				(96.38)	(74.28)	(43.28)	(62.55)	(71.02)
01	Tarasingi	Total	18,129	15,378	2,448	821	1,602	4,101
				(84.83)	(13.50)	(4.53)	(8.84)	(22.62)
		Rural	18,129	15,378	2,448	821	1,602	4,101
				(84.83)	(13.50)	(4.53)	(8.84)	(22.62)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
02	Buguda	Total	35,316	33,213	7,993	2,207	5,696	8,108
				(94.05)	(22.63)	(6.25)	(16.13)	(22.96)
		Rural	32,580	30,606	6,412	1,492	4,432	6,786
				(93.94)	(19.68)	(4.58)	(13.60)	(20.83)
		Urban	2,736	2,607	1,581	715	1,264	1,322
				(95.29)	(57.79)	(26.13)	(46.20)	(48.32)
03	Bhanjanagar	Total	34,292	31,189	12,191	4,832	7,904	11,909
				(90.95)	(35.55)	(14.09)	(23.05)	(34.73)
		Rural	28,403	25,489	8,060	2,487	4,476	8,058
				(89.74)	(28.38)	(8.76)	(15.76)	(28.37)
		Urban	5,889	5,700	4,131	2,345	3,428	3,851
				(96.79)	(70.15)	(39.82)	(58.21)	(65.39)
04	Gangapur	Total	31,207	28,678	9,207	1,490	3,361	8,906
				(91.90)	(29.50)	(4.77)	(10.77)	(28.54)
		Rural	31,207	28,678	9,207	1,490	3,361	8,906
				(91.90)	(29.50)	(4.77)	(10.77)	(28.54)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
05	Surada	Total	16,339	13,236	3,202	1,219	1,963	2,843
				(81.01)	(19.60)	(7.46)	(12.01)	(17.40)
		Rural	13,484	10,718	1,535	429	657	1,517
				(79.49)	(11.38)	(3.18)	(4.87)	(11.25)
		Urban	2,855	2,518	1,667	790	1,306	1,326
				(88.20)	(58.39)	(27.67)	(45.74)	(46.44)

TABLE 50: PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING IMPROVED DRINKING WATER SOURCE, ELECTRICITY, BATHROOM, TOILET AND DRAINAGE FACILITY, 2001

P.S. Code	District / P.S.	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of households	Number and percentage of households having				
				Improved drinking water*	Electricity	Bathroom	Toilet	Drainage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
06	Badagada	Total	23,609	21,276	3,557	765	1,637	3,733
				(90.12)	(15.07)	(3.24)	(6.93)	(15.81)
		Rural	23,609	21,276	3,557	765	1,637	3,733
				(90.12)	(15.07)	(3.24)	(6.93)	(15.81)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
07	Asika	Total	40,222	36,604	16,815	4,607	8,607	16,728
				(91.00)	(41.81)	(11.45)	(21.40)	(41.59)
		Rural	34,813	31,430	12,705	2,644	5,357	12,623
				(90.28)	(36.49)	(7.59)	(15.39)	(36.26)
		Urban	5,409	5,174	4,110	1,963	3,250	4,105
				(95.66)	(75.98)	(36.29)	(60.09)	(75.89)
08	Purusottampur	Total	32,839	30,655	9,115	1,928	4,582	13,383
				(93.35)	(27.76)	(5.87)	(13.95)	(40.75)
		Rural	29,986	27,806	7,556	1,270	3,553	11,516
				(92.73)	(25.20)	(4.24)	(11.85)	(38.40)
		Urban	2,853	2,849	1,559	658	1,029	1,867
				(99.86)	(54.64)	(23.06)	(36.07)	(65.44)
09	Kavisurjyanagar	Total	44,378	39,765	12,922	2,679	6,843	14,571
				(89.61)	(29.12)	(6.04)	(15.42)	(32.83)
		Rural	37,503	34,204	9,506	1,554	3,899	11,108
				(91.20)	(25.35)	(4.14)	(10.40)	(29.62)
		Urban	6,875	5,561	3,416	1,125	2,944	3,463
				(80.89)	(49.69)	(16.36)	(42.82)	(50.37)
10	Kodala	Total	43,842	40,873	9,610	1,732	3,861	9,744
				(93.23)	(21.92)	(3.95)	(8.81)	(22.23)
		Rural	41,361	38,565	8,693	1,442	3,285	9,044
				(93.24)	(21.02)	(3.49)	(7.94)	(21.87)
		Urban	2,481	2,308	917	290	576	700
				(93.03)	(36.96)	(11.69)	(23.22)	(28.21)
11	Khalikote	Total	26,063	24,725	7,327	1,315	2,558	5,819
				(94.87)	(28.11)	(5.05)	(9.81)	(22.33)
		Rural	23,932	22,740	6,123	832	1,750	4,723
				(95.02)	(25.58)	(3.48)	(7.31)	(19.74)
		Urban	2,131	1,985	1,204	483	808	1,096
				(93.15)	(56.50)	(22.67)	(37.92)	(51.43)
12	Rambha	Total	18,143	17,978	4,142	824	1,938	3,288
				(99.09)	(22.83)	(4.54)	(10.68)	(18.12)
		Rural	16,031	15,869	3,286	568	1,392	2,779
				(98.99)	(20.50)	(3.54)	(8.68)	(17.34)
		Urban	2,112	2,109	856	256	546	509
				(99.86)	(40.53)	(12.12)	(25.85)	(24.10)

TABLE 50: PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING IMPROVED DRINKING WATER SOURCE, ELECTRICITY, BATHROOM, TOILET AND DRAINAGE FACILITY, 2001

P.S. Code	District / P.S.	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of households	Number and percentage of households having				
				Improved drinking water*	Electricity	Bathroom	Toilet	Drainage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
13	Chhatrapur	Total	40,077	39,203	16,986	5,424	9,472	15,233
				(97.82)	(42.38)	(13.53)	(23.63)	(38.01)
		Rural	33,397	32,541	11,619	2,368	5,124	10,439
				(97.44)	(34.79)	(7.09)	(15.34)	(31.26)
		Urban	6,680	6,662	5,367	3,056	4,348	4,794
				(99.73)	(80.34)	(45.75)	(65.09)	(71.77)
14	Gopalpur	Total	12,734	12,262	6,456	1,702	2,901	3,375
				(96.29)	(50.70)	(13.37)	(22.78)	(26.50)
		Rural	11,407	10,973	5,758	1,346	2,349	2,522
				(96.20)	(50.48)	(11.80)	(20.59)	(22.11)
		Urban	1,327	1,289	698	356	552	853
				(97.14)	(52.60)	(26.83)	(41.60)	(64.28)
15	Brahmapur Sadar	Total	24,411	21,126	10,339	2,290	4,433	7,504
				(86.54)	(42.35)	(9.38)	(18.16)	(30.74)
		Rural	24,411	21,126	10,339	2,290	4,433	7,504
				(86.54)	(42.35)	(9.38)	(18.16)	(30.74)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
16	Golanthara	Total	27,732	25,780	8,731	1,295	2,334	5,037
				(92.96)	(31.48)	(4.67)	(8.42)	(18.16)
		Rural	27,732	25,780	8,731	1,295	2,334	5,037
				(92.96)	(31.48)	(4.67)	(8.42)	(18.16)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
17	Nuagaon	Total	22,393	21,662	5,767	1,296	3,254	4,830
				(96.74)	(25.75)	(5.79)	(14.53)	(21.57)
		Rural	20,189	19,473	4,454	856	2,204	3,820
				(96.45)	(22.06)	(4.24)	(10.92)	(18.92)
		Urban	2,204	2,189	1,313	440	1,050	1,010
				(99.32)	(59.57)	(19.96)	(47.64)	(45.83)
18	Digapahandi	Total	27,138	25,497	7,003	1,639	3,644	6,202
				(93.95)	(25.81)	(6.04)	(13.43)	(22.85)
		Rural	24,890	23,257	5,599	1,022	2,466	4,693
				(93.44)	(22.49)	(4.11)	(9.91)	(18.85)
		Urban	2,248	2,240	1,404	617	1,178	1,509
				(99.64)	(62.46)	(27.45)	(52.40)	(67.13)
19	Jarada	Total	23,952	22,698	5,741	797	1,980	5,697
				(94.76)	(23.97)	(3.33)	(8.27)	(23.79)
		Rural	23,952	22,698	5,741	797	1,980	5,697
				(94.76)	(23.97)	(3.33)	(8.27)	(23.79)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

TABLE 50: PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING IMPROVED DRINKING WATER SOURCE, ELECTRICITY, BATHROOM, TOILET AND DRAINAGE FACILITY, 2001

P.S. Code	District / P.S.	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Number of households	Number and percentage of households having				
				Improved drinking water*	Electricity	Bathroom	Toilet	Drainage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
20	Patapur	Total	39,255	35,502	8,992	1,696	4,584	8,874
				(90.44)	(22.91)	(4.32)	(11.68)	(22.61)
		Rural	39,255	35,502	8,992	1,696	4,584	8,874
				(90.44)	(22.91)	(4.32)	(11.68)	(22.61)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
21	Hinjili	Total	30,390	28,617	11,536	2,371	5,640	12,566
				(94.17)	(37.96)	(7.80)	(18.56)	(41.35)
		Rural	26,268	24,577	9,075	1,252	3,960	9,743
				(93.56)	(34.55)	(4.77)	(15.08)	(37.09)
		Urban	4,122	4,040	2,461	1,119	1,680	2,823
				(98.01)	(59.70)	(27.15)	(40.76)	(68.49)
22	Brahmapur	Total	50,629	49,678	44,009	29,310	38,932	42,180
				(98.12)	(86.92)	(57.89)	(76.90)	(83.31)
		Rural	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
		Urban	50,629	49,678	44,009	29,310	38,932	42,180
				(98.12)	(86.92)	(57.89)	(76.90)	(83.31)
90	Ramagiri (P)	Total	2,171	1,241	90	39	67	145
				(57.16)	(4.15)	(1.80)	(3.09)	(6.68)
		Rural	2,171	1,241	90	39	67	145
				(57.16)	(4.15)	(1.80)	(3.09)	(6.68)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

Data Source: *Census of India 2001, H- Series: "Tables on Houses, Household Amenities and Assets."*

* Based on the improved drinking water source, drinking water supply has been classified as `Improved ' or otherwise. If the household has access to drinking water supplied from a tap or a hand pump / tube well or well situated within or outside the premises it is considered as having access to `Improved drinking water source'in Orissa. However, the concept of improved drinking water is state specific and this is to be considered accordingly.

Note: *Percentage is to be given in brackets after the number of households .*

Bathroom means bathroom within the house

Toilet means toilet within the house

Drainage means closed and open drainage

the households at the highest proportion, i.e., 34.55 per cent and P.S. Ramagiri provides the lowest proportion i.e., 4.15 per cent. In the urban areas of the district this facility is available to highest number of households in Kodala NAC (36.96 per cent).

Regarding bathroom facility available to the households in the district, it is reported that in total, rural and urban area level this facility is available to 10.86 per cent , 5.09 per cent and 43.28 percent respectively. In the rural areas of the district , it is seen that, in Gopalpur P.S., the highest number of households (11.80 per cent) enjoy this facility and in Ramagiri P.S.(P) the lowest number of households (1.80 per cent) avail this facility. In the urban areas of the district, it is noticed that in Brahmapur municipality 57.89 per cent households enjoy this facility as the highest proportion and in Kodala (NAC) only 11.69 per cent households have this facility indicating the lowest proportion.

As to toilet facility, it is clear from the table that only 19.21 percent households in total areas,11.49 per cent households in rural areas and 62.55 per cent households in urban areas are having this amenity. At police station level, in rural areas of the district, it is seen that in Gopalpur P.S. the highest number of households have this amenity at 20.59% and in Ramagiri P.S.(P) the lowest number of households have this amenity at 3.09 %.

About the drainage facility available to the houses of the households of the district it is presented that, in Purusottampur P.S. the rural households enjoy this facility at the highest proportion (38.40 %) and in Ramagiri P.S.(P) the rural households enjoy the lowest proportion i.e., 6.68 %. Among the urban areas of the district Brahmapur, municipality provides this facility to highest number of households, i.e., 83.31 % and Rambha NAC provides this facility only to 24.10 % households, which is the lowest proportion in the district.

TABLE 51 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF FUEL USED FOR COOKING, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total households	Fire wood	Crop residue	Cowdung cake	Electricity	Coal / Lignite (charcoal)	Cooking gas (L.P.G.)	Bio-gas	Kerosene	Others	No cooking
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
District - Ganjam 19		Total	665,261	475,279	44,477	50,627	4,082	2,524	52,091	1,547	28,306	4,776	1,552
				(71.44)	(6.69)	(7.61)	(0.61)	(0.38)	(7.83)	(0.23)	(4.25)	(0.72)	(0.23)
		Rural	564,710	441,868	41,140	47,186	3,222	1,316	13,509	1,220	9,698	4,408	1,143
				(78.25)	(7.29)	(8.36)	(0.57)	(0.23)	(2.39)	(0.22)	(1.72)	(0.78)	(0.20)
		Urban	100,551	33,411	3,337	3,441	860	1,208	38,582	327	18,608	368	409
				(33.23)	(3.32)	(3.42)	(0.86)	(1.20)	(38.37)	(0.33)	(18.51)	(0.37)	(0.41)
01	Tarasingi	Total	18,129	16,589	835	60	168	89	221	53	63	8	43
				(91.51)	(4.61)	(0.33)	(0.93)	(0.49)	(1.22)	(0.29)	(0.35)	(0.04)	(0.24)
		Rural	18,129	16,589	835	60	168	89	221	53	63	8	43
				(91.51)	(4.61)	(0.33)	(0.93)	(0.49)	(1.22)	(0.29)	(0.35)	(0.04)	(0.24)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
02	Buguda	Total	35,316	31,222	1,588	357	208	91	994	88	594	118	56
				(88.41)	(4.50)	(1.01)	(0.59)	(0.26)	(2.81)	(0.25)	(1.68)	(0.33)	(0.16)
		Rural	32,580	29,379	1,564	355	205	40	398	82	387	118	52
				(90.17)	(4.80)	(1.09)	(0.63)	(0.12)	(1.22)	(0.25)	(1.19)	(0.36)	(0.16)
		Urban	2,736	1,843	24	2	3	51	596	6	207	0	4
				(67.36)	(0.88)	(0.07)	(0.11)	(1.86)	(21.78)	(0.22)	(7.57)	(0.00)	(0.15)
03	Bhanjanagar	Total	34,292	24,971	1,593	1,752	287	562	3,503	74	1,168	316	66
				(72.82)	(4.65)	(5.11)	(0.84)	(1.64)	(10.22)	(0.22)	(3.41)	(0.92)	(0.19)
		Rural	28,403	22,693	1,426	1,520	251	272	1,241	67	584	313	36
				(79.90)	(5.02)	(5.35)	(0.88)	(0.96)	(4.37)	(0.24)	(2.06)	(1.10)	(0.13)
		Urban	5,889	2,278	167	232	36	290	2,262	7	584	3	30
				(38.68)	(2.84)	(3.94)	(0.61)	(4.92)	(38.41)	(0.12)	(9.92)	(0.05)	(0.51)
04	Gangapur	Total	31,207	25,276	1,613	2,109	303	110	719	24	689	291	73
				(80.99)	(5.17)	(6.76)	(0.97)	(0.35)	(2.30)	(0.08)	(2.21)	(0.93)	(0.23)
		Rural	31,207	25,276	1,613	2,109	303	110	719	24	689	291	73
				(80.99)	(5.17)	(6.76)	(0.97)	(0.35)	(2.30)	(0.08)	(2.21)	(0.93)	(0.23)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

TABLE 51 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF FUEL USED FOR COOKING, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total households	Fire wood	Crop residue	Cowdung cake	Electricity	Coal / Lignite (charcoal)	Cooking gas (L.P.G.)	Bio-gas	Kerosene	Others	No cooking
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
05	Surada	Total	16,339	14,747	288	38	68	609	485	8	61	1	34
				(90.26)	(1.76)	(0.23)	(0.42)	(3.73)	(2.97)	(0.05)	(0.37)	(0.01)	(0.21)
		Rural	13,484	13,005	252	26	64	12	72	8	25	0	20
				(96.45)	(1.87)	(0.19)	(0.47)	(0.09)	(0.53)	(0.06)	(0.19)	(0.00)	(0.15)
		Urban	2,855	1,742	36	12	4	597	413	0	36	1	14
				(61.02)	(1.26)	(0.42)	(0.14)	(20.91)	(14.47)	(0.00)	(1.26)	(0.04)	(0.49)
06	Badagada	Total	23,609	22,098	601	263	81	265	219	8	36	4	34
				(93.6)	(2.55)	(1.11)	(0.34)	(1.12)	(0.93)	(0.03)	(0.15)	(0.02)	(0.14)
		Rural	23,609	22,098	601	263	81	265	219	8	36	4	34
				(93.6)	(2.55)	(1.11)	(0.34)	(1.12)	(0.93)	(0.03)	(0.15)	(0.02)	(0.14)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
07	Asika	Total	40,222	25,162	3,553	5,138	515	48	3,149	57	1,928	600	72
				(62.56)	(8.83)	(12.77)	(1.28)	(0.12)	(7.83)	(0.14)	(4.79)	(1.49)	(0.18)
		Rural	34,813	23,393	3,371	4,959	448	26	1,093	28	870	573	52
				(67.20)	(9.68)	(14.24)	(1.29)	(0.07)	(3.14)	(0.08)	(2.50)	(1.65)	(0.15)
		Urban	5,409	1,769	182	179	67	22	2,056	29	1,058	27	20
				(32.70)	(3.36)	(3.31)	(1.24)	(0.41)	(38.01)	(0.54)	(19.56)	(0.50)	(0.37)
08	Purusottampur	Total	32,839	19,014	4,510	7,105	342	22	615	54	515	611	51
				(57.90)	(13.73)	(21.64)	(1.04)	(0.07)	(1.87)	(0.16)	(1.57)	(1.86)	(0.16)
		Rural	29,986	17,528	4,239	6,714	260	18	253	48	326	556	44
				(58.45)	(14.14)	(22.39)	(0.87)	(0.06)	(0.84)	(0.16)	(1.09)	(1.85)	(0.15)
		Urban	2,853	1,486	271	391	82	4	362	6	189	55	7
				(52.09)	(9.50)	(13.70)	(2.87)	(0.14)	(12.69)	(0.21)	(6.62)	(1.93)	(0.25)
09	Kavisurjyanagar	Total	44,378	29,994	4,006	6,889	351	39	1,367	31	1,100	464	137
				(67.59)	(9.03)	(15.52)	(0.79)	(0.09)	(3.08)	(0.07)	(2.48)	(1.05)	(0.31)
		Rural	37,503	26,051	3,580	6,415	248	24	264	27	320	464	110
				(69.46)	(9.55)	(17.11)	(0.66)	(0.06)	(0.70)	(0.07)	(0.85)	(1.24)	(0.29)
		Urban	6,875	3,943	426	474	103	15	1,103	4	780	0	27
				(57.35)	(6.20)	(6.89)	(1.50)	(0.22)	(16.04)	(0.06)	(11.35)	(0.00)	(0.39)
10	Kodala	Total	43,842	38,839	2,295	1,006	327	29	596	106	449	85	110
				(88.59)	(5.23)	(2.29)	(0.75)	(0.07)	(1.36)	(0.24)	(1.02)	(0.19)	(0.25)
		Rural	41,361	37,051	2,096	888	317	29	389	101	331	59	100
				(89.58)	(5.07)	(2.15)	(0.77)	(0.07)	(0.94)	(0.24)	(0.80)	(0.14)	(0.24)
		Urban	2,481	1,788	199	118	10	0	207	5	118	26	10
				(72.07)	(8.02)	(4.76)	(0.40)	(0.00)	(8.34)	(0.20)	(4.76)	(1.05)	(0.40)
11	Khalikote	Total	26,063	22,422	1,874	562	261	7	485	15	339	65	33
				(86.03)	(7.19)	(2.16)	(1.00)	(0.03)	(1.86)	(0.06)	(1.30)	(0.25)	(0.13)
		Rural	23,932	20,951	1,846	549	130	5	192	11	195	27	26
				(87.54)	(7.71)	(2.29)	(0.54)	(0.02)	(0.80)	(0.05)	(0.81)	(0.11)	(0.11)
		Urban	2,131	1,471	28	13	131	2	293	4	144	38	7
				(69.03)	(1.31)	(0.61)	(6.15)	(0.09)	(13.75)	(0.19)	(6.76)	(1.78)	(0.33)

TABLE 51 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF FUEL USED FOR COOKING, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total households	Fire wood	Crop residue	Cowdung cake	Electricity	Coal / Lignite (charcoal)	Cooking gas (L.P.G.)	Bio-gas	Kerosene	Others	No cooking
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
12	Rambha	Total	18,143	15,799	958	488	100	40	359	8	335	14	42
				(87.08)	(5.28)	(2.69)	(0.55)	(0.22)	(1.98)	(0.04)	(1.85)	(0.08)	(0.23)
		Rural	16,031	14,270	815	446	79	39	134	5	204	14	25
				(89.02)	(5.08)	(2.78)	(0.49)	(0.24)	(0.84)	(0.03)	(1.27)	(0.09)	(0.16)
		Urban	2,112	1,529	143	42	21	1	225	3	131	0	17
				(72.40)	(6.77)	(1.99)	(0.99)	(0.05)	(10.65)	(0.14)	(6.20)	(0.00)	(0.80)
13	Chhatrapur	Total	40,077	25,955	4,167	2,762	299	67	3,917	97	2,046	612	155
				(64.76)	(10.40)	(6.89)	(0.75)	(0.17)	(9.77)	(0.24)	(5.11)	(1.53)	(0.39)
		Rural	33,397	23,501	3,963	2,621	268	48	1,289	71	911	611	114
				(70.37)	(11.87)	(7.85)	(0.80)	(0.14)	(3.86)	(0.21)	(2.73)	(1.83)	(0.34)
		Urban	6,680	2,454	204	141	31	19	2,628	26	1,135	1	41
				(36.74)	(3.05)	(2.11)	(0.46)	(0.28)	(39.34)	(0.39)	(16.99)	(0.01)	(0.61)
14	Gopalpur	Total	12,734	8,356	707	749	64	19	1,562	43	911	287	36
				(65.62)	(5.55)	(5.88)	(0.50)	(0.15)	(12.27)	(0.34)	(7.15)	(2.25)	(0.28)
		Rural	11,407	7,574	647	747	52	9	1,318	27	726	277	30
				(66.40)	(5.67)	(6.55)	(0.46)	(0.08)	(11.55)	(0.24)	(6.36)	(2.43)	(0.26)
		Urban	1,327	782	60	2	12	10	244	16	185	10	6
				(58.93)	(4.52)	(0.15)	(0.90)	(0.75)	(18.39)	(1.21)	(13.94)	(0.75)	(0.45)
15	Brahmapur Sadar	Total	24,411	14,680	1,817	3,702	53	61	2,220	46	1,494	268	70
				(60.14)	(7.44)	(15.17)	(0.22)	(0.25)	(9.09)	(0.19)	(6.12)	(1.10)	(0.29)
		Rural	24,411	14,680	1,817	3,702	53	61	2,220	46	1,494	268	70
				(60.14)	(7.44)	(15.17)	(0.22)	(0.25)	(9.09)	(0.19)	(6.12)	(1.10)	(0.29)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
16	Golanthara	Total	27,732	21,737	1,754	1,960	65	55	1,038	49	815	158	101
				(78.38)	(6.32)	(7.07)	(0.23)	(0.2)	(3.74)	(0.18)	(2.94)	(0.57)	(0.36)
		Rural	27,732	21,737	1,754	1,960	65	55	1,038	49	815	158	101
				(78.38)	(6.32)	(7.07)	(0.23)	(0.20)	(3.74)	(0.18)	(2.94)	(0.57)	(0.36)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
17	Nuagaon	Total	22,393	19,704	591	629	43	56	899	216	213	4	38
				(87.99)	(2.64)	(2.81)	(0.19)	(0.25)	(4.01)	(0.96)	(0.95)	(0.02)	(0.17)
		Rural	20,189	18,133	532	621	40	46	422	213	148	3	31
				(89.82)	(2.64)	(3.08)	(0.20)	(0.23)	(2.09)	(1.06)	(0.73)	(0.01)	(0.15)
		Urban	2,204	1,571	59	8	3	10	477	3	65	1	7
				(71.28)	(2.68)	(0.36)	(0.14)	(0.45)	(21.64)	(0.14)	(2.95)	(0.05)	(0.32)
18	Digapahandi	Total	27,138	23,189	1,135	941	38	73	972	85	410	233	62
				(85.45)	(4.18)	(3.47)	(0.14)	(0.27)	(3.58)	(0.31)	(1.51)	(0.86)	(0.23)
		Rural	24,890	21,999	1,041	834	34	68	389	83	201	200	41
				(88.38)	(4.18)	(3.35)	(0.14)	(0.27)	(1.56)	(0.33)	(0.81)	(0.8)	(0.16)
		Urban	2,248	1,190	94	107	4	5	583	2	209	33	21
				(52.94)	(4.18)	(4.76)	(0.18)	(0.22)	(25.93)	(0.09)	(9.3)	(1.47)	(0.93)

TABLE 51 : NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE OF FUEL USED FOR COOKING, 2001

P.S. Code	District / Police Station	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total households	Fire wood	Crop residue	Cowdung cake	Electricity	Coal / Lignite (charcoal)	Cooking gas (L.P.G.)	Bio-gas	Kerosene	Others	No cooking
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
19	Jarada	Total	23,952	21,127	776	857	41	56	620	143	296	4	32
				(88.21)	(3.24)	(3.58)	(0.17)	(0.23)	(2.59)	(0.60)	(1.24)	(0.02)	(0.13)
		Rural	23,952	21,127	776	857	41	56	620	143	296	4	32
				(88.21)	(3.24)	(3.58)	(0.17)	(0.23)	(2.59)	(0.60)	(1.24)	(0.02)	(0.13)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
20	Patapur	Total	39,255	29,711	3,731	4,242	60	34	650	57	421	264	85
				(75.69)	(9.50)	(10.81)	(0.15)	(0.09)	(1.66)	(0.15)	(1.07)	(0.67)	(0.22)
		Rural	39,255	29,711	3,731	4,242	60	34	650	57	421	264	85
				(75.69)	(9.50)	(10.81)	(0.15)	(0.09)	(1.66)	(0.15)	(1.07)	(0.67)	(0.22)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
21	Hinjili	Total	30,390	14,614	4,888	8,145	138	15	1,029	71	1,256	202	32
				(48.09)	(16.08)	(26.80)	(0.45)	(0.05)	(3.39)	(0.23)	(4.13)	(0.66)	(0.11)
		Rural	26,268	13,121	4,485	7,297	55	10	361	69	653	196	21
				(49.95)	(17.07)	(27.78)	(0.21)	(0.04)	(1.37)	(0.26)	(2.49)	(0.75)	(0.08)
		Urban	4,122	1,493	403	848	83	5	668	2	603	6	11
				(36.22)	(9.78)	(20.57)	(2.01)	(0.12)	(16.21)	(0.05)	(14.63)	(0.15)	(0.27)
22	Brahmapur	Total	50,629	8,072	1,041	872	270	177	26,465	214	13,164	167	187
				(15.94)	(2.06)	(1.72)	(0.53)	(0.35)	(52.27)	(0.42)	(26.00)	(0.33)	(0.37)
		Rural	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
		Urban	50,629	8,072	1,041	872	270	177	26,465	214	13,164	167	187
				(15.94)	(2.06)	(1.72)	(0.53)	(0.35)	(52.27)	(0.42)	(26.00)	(0.33)	(0.37)
90	Ramagiri (P)	Total	2,171	2,001	156	1	0	0	7	0	3	0	3
				(92.17)	(7.19)	(0.05)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.32)	(0.00)	(0.14)	(0.00)	(0.14)
		Rural	2,171	2,001	156	1	0	0	7	0	3	0	3
				(92.17)	(7.19)	(0.05)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.32)	(0.00)	(0.14)	(0.00)	(0.14)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

Data Source: *Census of India 2001, H- Series: "Tables on Houses, Household Amenities and Assets."*

Table-51 provides the number and percentage of households by the type of fuel used for cooking purpose in total, rural and urban areas of the district and its police stations. The various types of fuels used by the households for cooking purpose are shown in Col.5 to Col.13 of the table.

As shown in the table, there are 9 types of fuels used for cooking purpose by 665,261 households in the district. It is seen that, firewood being the predominant kind of fuel, is used in 71.44 % households in total, 78.25 % in rural and 33.23 % in urban areas. In rural areas, next to firewood, cow dung cake is used in 8.36 % households, crop residue in 7.29 % households, cooking gas in 2.39 % households and kerosene oil in 1.72 % households. Other specified fuels are used in less than 1 % households, which is negligible. But in urban areas of the district cooking gas is used in 38.37 % households, firewood in 33.23 % households,

crop residue in 3.32 % households and coal etc. in 1.20 % households. The use of other items of fuel is less than 1 %, which is quite negligible.

Out of all police stations, in rural area, firewood is used most predominantly and the highest in 96.45% households in Surada P.S. and the lowest in 49. 95% in Hinjili P.S.. Next to firewood, crop residue and cow dung cake are used at a reasonable percentage of households. Other items are negligible in rural areas.

Out of the urban areas, in Brahmapur city cooking gas is used in 52.27 % households, Kerosene in 26.00 % households, crop residue in 2.06 % households and cowdung cake in 1.72%. In Bhanjanagar town firewood and cooking gas is used in equal percentage of households. In Asika town cooking gas is used by 38.01% households and firewood by 32.70 % households. In Chhatrapur town cooking gas is used by 39.34 % households and firewood is used by 36.74 % households. In all other towns, firewood is mostly used as fuel for cooking and next to it cow dung cake and crop residue.

TABLE 52 : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AVAILING BANKING SERVICES AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING EACH OF THE SPECIFIED ASSET, 2001

P.S. Code	District / P.S.	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total number of households	Total number of households availing banking services	Availability of household assets						
					Radio/ Transistor	Television	Telephone	Bicycle	Scooter, Motor Cycle, Moped	Car, Jeep, Van	None of the specified assets
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
District - Ganjam 19		Total	665,261	161,064	127,948	118,991	29,298	264,558	43,988	6,244	347,278
				(24.21)	(19.23)	(17.89)	(4.40)	(39.77)	(6.61)	(0.94)	(52.2)
		Rural	564,710	110,922	94,999	63,838	12,903	201,055	22,082	3,947	322,227
				(19.64)	(16.82)	(11.30)	(2.28)	(35.60)	(3.91)	(0.70)	(57.06)
		Urban	100,551	50,142	32,949	55,153	16,395	63,503	21,906	2,297	25,051
				(49.87)	(32.77)	(54.85)	(16.31)	(63.16)	(21.79)	(2.28)	(24.91)
01	Tarasingi	Total	18,129	3,033	3,105	1,230	431	5,817	467	172	10,933
				(16.73)	(17.13)	(6.78)	(2.38)	(32.09)	(2.58)	(0.95)	(60.31)
		Rural	18,129	3,033	3,105	1,230	431	5,817	467	172	10,933
				(16.73)	(17.13)	(6.78)	(2.38)	(32.09)	(2.58)	(0.95)	(60.31)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
02	Buguda	Total	35,316	7,886	7,827	3,931	761	15,118	1,457	312	17,598
				(22.33)	(22.16)	(11.13)	(2.15)	(42.81)	(4.13)	(0.88)	(49.83)
		Rural	32,580	6,419	7,158	2,812	596	13,445	1,076	265	16,799
				(19.70)	(21.97)	(8.63)	(1.83)	(41.27)	(3.30)	(0.81)	(51.56)
		Urban	2,736	1,467	669	1,119	165	1,673	381	47	799
				(53.62)	(24.45)	(40.9)	(6.03)	(61.15)	(13.93)	(1.72)	(29.20)
03	Bhanjanagar	Total	34,292	8,242	7,496	7,673	1,810	17,188	2,620	387	14,704
				(24.03)	(21.86)	(22.38)	(5.28)	(50.12)	(7.64)	(1.13)	(42.88)
		Rural	28,403	5,236	5,499	4,517	893	13,493	1,465	238	13,223
				(18.43)	(19.36)	(15.90)	(3.14)	(47.51)	(5.16)	(0.84)	(46.55)
		Urban	5,889	3,006	1,997	3,156	917	3,695	1,155	149	1,481
				(51.04)	(33.91)	(53.59)	(15.57)	(62.74)	(19.61)	(2.53)	(25.15)

TABLE 52 : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AVAILING BANKING SERVICES AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING EACH OF THE SPECIFIED ASSET, 2001

P.S. Code	District / P.S.	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total number of households	Total number of households availing banking services	Availability of household assets						
					Radio/ Transistor	Television	Telephone	Bicycle	Scooter, Motor Cycle, Moped	Car, Jeep, Van	None of the specified assets
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
04	Gangapur	Total	31,207	7,483	6,760	4,283	788	13,301	1,223	217	15,597
				(23.98)	(21.66)	(13.72)	(2.53)	(42.62)	(3.92)	(0.70)	(49.98)
		Rural	31,207	7,483	6,760	4,283	788	13,301	1,223	217	15,597
				(23.98)	(21.66)	(13.72)	(2.53)	(42.62)	(3.92)	(0.70)	(49.98)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
05	Surada	Total	16,339	3,853	2,471	1,524	262	5,922	497	79	9,493
				(23.58)	(15.12)	(9.33)	(1.60)	(36.24)	(3.04)	(0.48)	(58.10)
		Rural	13,484	2,362	1,612	496	124	4,586	210	41	8,291
				(17.52)	(11.95)	(3.68)	(0.92)	(34.01)	(1.56)	(0.30)	(61.49)
		Urban	2,855	1,491	859	1,028	138	1,336	287	38	1,202
				(52.22)	(30.09)	(36.01)	(4.83)	(46.80)	(10.05)	(1.33)	(42.10)
06	Badagada	Total	23,609	3,769	2,900	1,229	421	6,693	574	140	15,428
				(15.96)	(12.28)	(5.21)	(1.78)	(28.35)	(2.43)	(0.59)	(65.35)
		Rural	23,609	3,769	2,900	1,229	421	6,693	574	140	15,428
				(15.96)	(12.28)	(5.21)	(1.78)	(28.35)	(2.43)	(0.59)	(65.35)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
07	Asika	Total	40,222	9,747	8,544	8,179	1,546	18,948	2,574	430	18,062
				(24.23)	(21.24)	(20.33)	(3.84)	(47.11)	(6.40)	(1.07)	(44.91)
		Rural	34,813	7,349	7,033	5,214	805	15,456	1,568	298	16,789
				(21.11)	(20.20)	(14.98)	(2.31)	(44.40)	(4.50)	(0.86)	(48.23)
		Urban	5,409	2,398	1,511	2,965	741	3,492	1,006	132	1,273
				(44.33)	(27.93)	(54.82)	(13.70)	(64.56)	(18.60)	(2.44)	(23.53)
08	Purusottampur	Total	32,839	6,374	4,816	3,835	823	10,402	1,252	245	20,121
				(19.41)	(14.67)	(11.68)	(2.51)	(31.68)	(3.81)	(0.75)	(61.27)
		Rural	29,986	5,148	4,077	2,870	653	8,979	982	215	18,966
				(17.17)	(13.60)	(9.57)	(2.18)	(29.94)	(3.27)	(0.72)	(63.25)
		Urban	2,853	1,226	739	965	170	1,423	270	30	1,155
				(42.97)	(25.90)	(33.82)	(5.96)	(49.88)	(9.46)	(1.05)	(40.48)
09	Kavisurjyanagar	Total	44,378	11,049	7,397	5,674	758	15,418	1,715	354	25,482
				(24.90)	(16.67)	(12.79)	(1.71)	(34.74)	(3.86)	(0.80)	(57.42)
		Rural	37,503	7,758	5,850	3,546	478	12,221	1,122	279	22,527
				(20.69)	(15.60)	(9.46)	(1.27)	(32.59)	(2.99)	(0.74)	(60.07)
		Urban	6,875	3,291	1,547	2,128	280	3,197	593	75	2,955
				(47.87)	(22.50)	(30.95)	(4.07)	(46.50)	(8.63)	(1.09)	(42.98)

TABLE 52 : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AVAILING BANKING SERVICES AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING EACH OF THE SPECIFIED ASSET, 2001

P.S. Code	District / P.S.	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total number of households	Total number of households availing banking services	Availability of household assets						
					Radio/ Transistor	Television	Telephone	Bicycle	Scooter, Motor Cycle, Moped	Car, Jeep, Van	None of the specified assets
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
10	Kodala	Total	43,842	10,555	7,031	3,332	838	13,347	1,224	383	27,284
				(24.08)	(16.04)	(7.60)	(1.91)	(30.44)	(2.79)	(0.87)	(62.23)
		Rural	41,361	9,399	6,553	2,855	734	12,349	1,062	345	25,989
				(22.72)	(15.84)	(6.90)	(1.77)	(29.86)	(2.57)	(0.83)	(62.83)
		Urban	2,481	1,156	478	477	104	998	162	38	1,295
				(46.59)	(19.27)	(19.23)	(4.19)	(40.23)	(6.53)	(1.53)	(52.2)
11	Khalikote	Total	26,063	4,580	4,437	2,378	511	8,012	841	198	15,686
				(17.57)	(17.02)	(9.12)	(1.96)	(30.74)	(3.23)	(0.76)	(60.18)
		Rural	23,932	3,955	3,814	1,670	338	6,965	586	147	14,944
				(16.53)	(15.94)	(6.98)	(1.41)	(29.10)	(2.45)	(0.61)	(62.44)
		Urban	2,131	625	623	708	173	1,047	255	51	742
				(29.33)	(29.24)	(33.22)	(8.12)	(49.13)	(11.97)	(2.39)	(34.82)
12	Rambha	Total	18,143	2,500	2,986	1,603	369	6,583	550	85	10,160
				(13.78)	(16.46)	(8.84)	(2.03)	(36.28)	(3.03)	(0.47)	(56.00)
		Rural	16,031	1,974	2,409	1,107	250	5,704	405	60	9,154
				(12.31)	(15.03)	(6.91)	(1.56)	(35.58)	(2.53)	(0.37)	(57.1)
		Urban	2,112	526	577	496	119	879	145	25	1,006
				(24.91)	(27.32)	(23.48)	(5.63)	(41.62)	(6.87)	(1.18)	(47.63)
13	Chhatrapur	Total	40,077	11,607	9,126	9,632	2,417	16,659	3,732	480	19,221
				(28.96)	(22.77)	(24.03)	(6.03)	(41.57)	(9.31)	(1.20)	(47.96)
		Rural	33,397	7,894	6,621	5,583	1,292	12,513	2,331	325	17,756
				(23.64)	(19.83)	(16.72)	(3.87)	(37.47)	(6.98)	(0.97)	(53.17)
		Urban	6,680	3,713	2,505	4,049	1,125	4,146	1,401	155	1,465
				(55.58)	(37.50)	(60.61)	(16.84)	(62.07)	(20.97)	(2.32)	(21.93)
14	Gopalpur	Total	12,734	3,504	2,954	3,778	736	5,897	1,301	164	5,362
				(27.52)	(23.20)	(29.67)	(5.78)	(46.31)	(10.22)	(1.29)	(42.11)
		Rural	11,407	3,127	2,567	3,343	634	5,434	1,154	122	4,733
				(27.41)	(22.50)	(29.31)	(5.56)	(47.64)	(10.12)	(1.07)	(41.49)
		Urban	1,327	377	387	435	102	463	147	42	629
				(28.41)	(29.16)	(32.78)	(7.69)	(34.89)	(11.08)	(3.17)	(47.4)
15	Brahmapur Sadar	Total	24,411	5,243	4,860	5,639	1,367	13,214	2,354	198	9,752
				(21.48)	(19.91)	(23.10)	(5.60)	(54.13)	(9.64)	(0.81)	(39.95)
		Rural	24,411	5,243	4,860	5,639	1,367	13,214	2,354	198	9,752
				(21.48)	(19.91)	(23.10)	(5.60)	(54.13)	(9.64)	(0.81)	(39.95)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

TABLE 52 : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AVAILING BANKING SERVICES AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING EACH OF THE SPECIFIED ASSET, 2001

P.S. Code	District / P.S.	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total number of households	Total number of households availing banking services	Availability of household assets						
					Radio/ Transistor	Television	Telephone	Bicycle	Scooter, Motor Cycle, Moped	Car, Jeep, Van	None of the specified assets
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
16	Golanthara	Total	27,732	6,420	4,056	4,255	760	7,884	1,412	205	17,026
				(23.15)	(14.63)	(15.34)	(2.74)	(28.43)	(5.09)	(0.74)	(61.39)
		Rural	27,732	6,420	4,056	4,255	760	7,884	1,412	205	17,026
				(23.15)	(14.63)	(15.34)	(2.74)	(28.43)	(5.09)	(0.74)	(61.39)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
17	Nuagaon	Total	22,393	4,442	3,446	2,613	554	7,251	875	142	13,519
				(19.84)	(15.39)	(11.67)	(2.47)	(32.38)	(3.91)	(0.63)	(60.37)
		Rural	20,189	3,356	2,991	1,847	385	6,266	659	110	12,562
				(16.62)	(14.81)	(9.15)	(1.91)	(31.04)	(3.26)	(0.54)	(62.22)
		Urban	2,204	1,086	455	766	169	985	216	32	957
				(49.27)	(20.64)	(34.75)	(7.67)	(44.69)	(9.80)	(1.45)	(43.42)
18	Digapahandi	Total	27,138	7,116	4,318	2,905	530	9,784	959	161	15,676
				(26.22)	(15.91)	(10.70)	(1.95)	(36.05)	(3.53)	(0.59)	(57.76)
		Rural	24,890	5,637	3,608	2,011	374	8,552	702	121	14,922
				(22.65)	(14.50)	(8.08)	(1.50)	(34.36)	(2.82)	(0.49)	(59.95)
		Urban	2,248	1,479	710	894	156	1,232	257	40	754
				(65.79)	(31.58)	(39.77)	(6.94)	(54.80)	(11.43)	(1.78)	(33.54)
19	Jarada	Total	23,952	4,687	3,432	2,428	542	4,823	676	103	16,704
				(19.57)	(14.33)	(10.14)	(2.26)	(20.14)	(2.82)	(0.43)	(69.74)
		Rural	23,952	4,687	3,432	2,428	542	4,823	676	103	16,704
				(19.57)	(14.33)	(10.14)	(2.26)	(20.14)	(2.82)	(0.43)	(69.74)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
20	Patapur	Total	39,255	5,572	5,698	3,240	599	12,590	1,102	212	24,308
				(14.19)	(14.52)	(8.25)	(1.53)	(32.07)	(2.81)	(0.54)	(61.92)
		Rural	39,255	5,572	5,698	3,240	599	12,590	1,102	212	24,308
				(14.19)	(14.52)	(8.25)	(1.53)	(32.07)	(2.81)	(0.54)	(61.92)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
21	Hinjili	Total	30,390	7,230	5,297	5,117	734	12,519	1,343	168	15,741
				(23.79)	(17.43)	(16.84)	(2.42)	(41.19)	(4.42)	(0.55)	(51.8)
		Rural	26,268	4,952	4,193	3,620	409	10,530	926	130	14,013
				(18.85)	(15.96)	(13.78)	(1.56)	(40.09)	(3.53)	(0.49)	(53.35)
		Urban	4,122	2,278	1,104	1,497	325	1,989	417	38	1,728
				(55.26)	(26.78)	(36.32)	(7.88)	(48.25)	(10.12)	(0.92)	(41.92)

TABLE 52 : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS AVAILING BANKING SERVICES AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS HAVING EACH OF THE SPECIFIED ASSET, 2001

P.S. Code	District / P.S.	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total number of households	Total number of households availing banking services	Availability of household assets						
					Radio/ Transistor	Television	Telephone	Bicycle	Scooter, Motor Cycle, Moped	Car, Jeep, Van	None of the specified assets
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
22	Brahmapur	Total	50,629	26,023	18,788	34,470	11,711	36,948	15,214	1,405	7,610
				(51.40)	(37.11)	(68.08)	(23.13)	(72.98)	(30.05)	(2.78)	(15.03)
		Rural	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
		Urban	50,629	26,023	18,788	34,470	11,711	36,948	15,214	1,405	7,610
				(51.40)	(37.11)	(68.08)	(23.13)	(72.98)	(30.05)	(2.78)	(15.03)
90	Ramagiri (P)	Total	2,171	149	203	43	30	240	26	4	1,811
				(6.86)	(9.35)	(1.98)	(1.38)	(11.05)	(1.20)	(0.18)	(83.42)
		Rural	2,171	149	203	43	30	240	26	4	1,811
				(6.86)	(9.35)	(1.98)	(1.38)	(11.05)	(1.20)	(0.18)	(83.42)
		Urban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

Data Source: *Census of India 2001, H- Series: "Tables on Houses, Household Amenities and Assets."*

Table-52 presents the number and percentage of households enjoying bank services in total, rural and urban areas of Ganjam district and its police stations. Along with this, the table also presents the information pertaining to the availability of household assets like radio/ transistor, television, telephone, bicycle, scooter, motor cycle, moped, car and jeep etc. in the households in total, rural and urban areas of the district and police stations.

Regarding banking services, it is presented that bank refers to all type of commercial banks, such as nationalized banks, private banks, foreign banks and co-operative banks and services available means, the head of household or any of its member is availing banking services provided by banks and post office banking system as a holder of any type of account. Accordingly, only 161,064 households (24.21 %) are enjoying banking services facility out of 665,261 households in the district in total areas as against 19.64 % in rural areas and 49.87 % in urban areas.

As regards different household assets, use of bicycle takes the highest place, i.e., 39.77 % in total, 35.60 % in rural and 63.16 % in urban areas. Next to it, radio/ transistor are possessed by 19.23% households in total areas as against 16.82 % in rural areas and 32.77 % in urban areas. Television is used as a household asset to 17.89 % households in total areas of the district as against 11.30 % in rural areas and 54.85 % in urban areas. Other items are used by very less number of households covering negligible percentage as seen from the table.

As regards the availability of banking services available at police station level it is marked that in rural area of Gopalpur P.S. 27.41 % households enjoy this facility at the highest. Similarly, in Ramagiri(P) P.S., 6.86 % households have this facility at the lowest.

As regards having bicycle asset, it is seen that, Brahmapur Sadar P.S. rural area households are the highest user of bicycles which is found in 54.13 % households and the lowest users are in Ramagiri(P) P.S. rural sector (11.05 %). Radio/ Transistor is available at the highest in rural sector in P.S Gopalpur i.e., by 22.50 % households. The lowest number of households having this facility are in Ramagiri(P) P.S. constituting 9.35 % households. Television is used by 29.67 % households in Gopalpur P.S. at the highest and in Ramagiri (P) P.S. at the lowest, i.e.,1.98 %. The availability of the assets, other than these is very negligible in rural areas of the district at P.S.level.

In Brahmapur Municipality radio/ transistor is used by 37.11 % households, television by 68.08 % households, bicycle by 72.98 % households, telephone by 23.13 % households, motor cycle/ scooter /moped by 30.05 % households at the highest and in Gopalpur NAC, car/jeep is used by 3.17 % households at the highest. Banking services are made available in Chhatrapur N.A.C. to 55.58% households at the highest. Banking services are available to the lowest households (13.78 %) in Rambha NAC. In this NAC, all the assets are available at the lowest rate.

Apart from all these, the households not having all these specified facilities from Col.6 to Col.11 constitute 52.20 % in the district.

(xiii) Scope of Village Directory :

The publication of District Census Handbook (DCH) is an excellent venture of the Census network. Information pertaining to quality of life and facilities available in village and urban areas after being collected through perfect articulated schedules, are presented in the form of Village Directory and Town Directory respectively for each district from which a planner envisages to transform the backward society to a modern one Village Directory contains data on each and every village, may be a revenue village or unsurveyed village or notified forest village or forest cluster in the rural areas C.D. Block wise/P.S. wise. The names of village have been arranged in ascending order of the permanent location code of the villages under different Police station within the jurisdiction of the concerned C.D. Block. It is noteworthy to mention that Census of India-2001 has introduced the assignment of permanent eight digited location code number to all villages in the state for facilitating easy comparability of data over the period . In order to facilitate the readers & data users, an alphabetical list of villages under each C.D. Block showing the Police station with its location code number has been provided at the beginning of the village directory. In case of village (s) treated as an out growth(s) in an urban agglomeration or treated as a Census town, the code number(s) and the name(s) of village(s) has been provided minus data thereof separately. In case of part village forming a portion of an outgrowth, the corresponding data of the rural portion of the village only have been presented in the village directory. However the land utilization data for such census towns have been made available in Appendix-III.

Maps being the instruments of depicting the location of the places, natural features, roads etc. within the respective administrative boundaries, these have been incorporated accordingly in the volume. All the maps so presented in this volume have been authenticated by the concerned revenue authorities in so far as the boundary, spellings and locations are concerned. In case of the units adjacent to the coast land of the state, such maps have been cleared by the Survey of India through the Office of the Registrar General of India.

The district map showing the Police station boundary have been given at the beginning of the village directory. In addition to this maps, C.D. Block maps depicting the boundaries of various police stations under the C.D. Blocks, location of all the villages, symbolical representation of important amenities etc. have been incorporated in this volume prior to the presentation of data for the concerned C.D.Block.

The information on village directory has been provided in the statement containing 24 columns and these are relating to area of the village in hectares, population and number of households, availability of amenities like educational, medical, drinking water, post/telegraph/telephone facility, commercial & co-operative banks, agricultural/ non-agricultural / other credit societies, recreational and cultural facilities, communications and power supply etc. This also provides information on the mode of approach to village, the name of the nearest town and its distance from the village, whether news paper/magazine is received by the villagers, income & expenditure of local bodies and also the information on the most important commodities that are manufactured in the village. In case of non-availability of any of the amenities in the village, distance in broad ranges of the nearest place where the facility is available has been provided in the directory.

Apart from these, the land use data for different villages in conformity with the pattern of classification of land use as recommended by the Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India have been presented in the said statement.

The Ministry of Agriculture has recommended the maintenance of records of land use pattern under five categories. These are as follows:

1. Forests
2. Not available for cultivation:
   (a) Lands put to non-agricultural uses
   (b) Barren and unculturable lands
3. Other uncultivated lands excluding fallow lands:
   (a) Permanent pastures and other grazing lands
   (b) Lands under miscellaneous tree crops and groves not included in the net area sown
   (c) Culturable wastes
4. Fallow lands:
   (a) Fallow lands other than current fallows
   (b) Current fallows
5. Net area sown

The land-use data in Village Directory are in accordance with the above mentioned classification. Forest is the same as category 1 above. Irrigated (by source) and un-irrigated give break-up of agricultural land which are a combination of categories 4 (a & b) and 5 above. Culturable waste corresponds to category 3 (a+b+c) above. Area not available for cultivation corresponds to category 2 (a+b).

The information on village wise amenities and land-use pattern for the village directory have been collected from the Tahasildars who in turn had utilized the services of village level workers like Revenue Inspector & Amins working under them. In order to ensure the accuracy and quality of data, these data have further been compared with the data collected from various concerned governmental departments. Information on educational institutions has been collected from Inspector of Schools/D.I of schools/ concerned Block Development Officers. Directorate of Health services of Orissa/respective Chief District Medical Officers/concerned Block Development Officers etc. have supplied information relating to Medical facilities. Information on Posts & telegraphs and telephone facilities has been obtained from the respective authorities of Government of India. Likewise, Reserve Bank of India has supplied information on commercial and co-operative banks. Data on agricultural/non-agricultural/other credit societies have been verified, wherever possible, with the information furnished by the concerned Registrars of Co-operative Societies.

(xiv) Scope of Town Directory :

The town directory abounds in a compendium of information relating to all towns statutorily notified as well as census towns in a district. The towns have been arranged in ascending order of their location code within a district and do not cover strictly the military areas in the district.

The information on amenities and other aspects presented in codes have been explained separately. As regards urban agglomeration, a conventional creation of Census, the names of such agglomerations have been indicated which are similar to the names of the main town of the agglomerations. The particulars of the constituents of the agglomeration have been furnished separately.

The concept of out growths has already been discussed under urban agglomeration. To reiterate, the town directory particulars of outgrowths of the urban units are not available separately, and such particulars of the outgrowths are merged in the core town.

Information on town directory has been collected from concerned Executive Officer of statutorily notified Towns and from Block Development Officer for Census Towns. The details of information on town directory presented in seven statements are briefly explained below.

Statement- I: This statement presents the status and growth history of towns. In Col.1 of the statement serial number of the town and in Col.2 name of the town in alphabetical order along with the class and administrative status have been furnished. In col.3 location code of the town and in Col.4, the name of the tahasil and police station in which the town is situated are given. Col.5 gives the names of C.D.Blocks of census towns. Area of the town(in square kilometer), number of households including houseless households, population and growth rate of population, density and sex ratio etc. are presented in subsequent columns.

Statement – II: This statement provides information on physical aspects and location of the town. These information include average rain fall, maximum and minimum temperature for the last ten year beginning from 1990-1999, distance of the town from the state, district, sub-division/tahsil/police station headquarters etc., the nearest city with one lakh and above population, nearest city with population of five lakh and more, railway station, bus facility, navigable river/canal (if within 10 kms of the town) are indicated in different columns.

Statement- III: It depicts the picture of the municipal finance of the town for the year 1998-99. The receipts from different sources are indicated under Col.4 to Col.10 where as the expenditure under various items have been shown under Col.11 to Col.17.

Statement- IV: The statement depicts the picture of civic and other amenities available in the town. These include total population, scheduled caste and scheduled tribe populat ion of the town as per 2001 Census. Apart from this, the total road length in kms, system of sewerage, number of latrines, method of disposal night soil, source of protected water supply, system of storage of drinking water, fire fighting services, electrification with number of connection for different uses are shown in different columns.

Statement –V: This statement presents information on medical, educational and recreational and cultural facilities available in the town in 1999. The medical institutions cover hospitals/dispensaries/T.B.clinic, etc with number of beds. These institutions may have been owned by Govt./Local bodies, private agencies, etc. Similarly, the educational institutions cover both general and technical ones and include arts/science/ commerce colleges (of degree level and above), medical colleges, engineering colleges, polytechnics, reconiged shorthand/type writing/vocanational training institutions, higher secondary/intermediate/senior secondary PUC (pre-university college)/junior college level, secondary/matriculation, Junior secondary and middle schools, primary schools, adult literacy centers, working women's hostels with number of seats, stadium,cinema,auditorium/drama/community halls, public libraries including reading rooms etc. available in the town are furnished under different columns.

Statement- VI: Information on three most important commodities exported, three most important commodities manufactured, number of banks, number of agricultural credit societies and number of non-agricultural credit societies pertaining to the respective towns in the district are reflected in this statement.

Statement – VII: Like the village directory, the town directory format has also been modified to some extent. In the 1991 Census, civic amenities available in notified/recognized slums only in urban areas were collected. Contrary to this provision, information/data relating to availability of civic amenities in each slum irrespective of it being recognized/notified was recorded in the 2001 Census with the objective to ascertain the existing civic amenities in slums and to provide necessary information/data required for slum improvement/development. Besides the number of households and population, amenities like paved roads (in kms), system of sewerage, number of latrines (category wise), method of disposal of night soil, number of tap points etc. and electric connection available in the slums are presented in this statement.

PART – A
VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY

BLANK

Section -I Village Directory

Note explaining the abbreviations used in the village directory :

The "Village Directory" is one of the traditional compilations of the Census. It gives the list of villages, their location numbers, their area, population, number of households, amenities such as educational, medical, drinking water, post and telegraph, commercial and co-operative banks, agricultural non-agricultural and other credit societies, recreational and cultural facilities, communication, approach to village, nearest town with a distance, power supply availability of newspaper and magazines, most important commodity manufactured and land use of each village.

Village is a statutory recognized unit having a definite boundary and separate land records. In case, a complete village is treated as an outgrowth of urban agglomeration, data on amenities for that village, have not been given in the Village Directory but shown along with the urban component. The villages which are consider as a Census Town , the amenities data are shown in the Town Directory. For those villages which have partly merged in an outgrowth of U.A., the amenities data are shown in the Village Directory for that particular village.

The 'un-inhabited' villages (villages with no population) have been indicated as such after furnishing details in Columns 1 to 3 i.e., Serial number, Name of village & location code number and area of the village against Column No. 4 to 18. The land use data for such villages are shown in Col. 19 to 23

The Village Directory format has 25 columns and the details given under each column are for the village are as follows:-

Columns 1 & 25 : Serial Number

Self explanatory. All the villages within the CD Block are presented serially in the ascending order of their location code number.

Columns 2 & 24 : Name and Location Code Number of village

The name and location code number of the village are shown against these columns. This also includes the forest and uninhabited villages.

Column 3 : Area of the village

The area of the villages in hectares are given. Wherever the area figures was not furnished by the concerned department the column is left blank.

Column 4 : Total population

The total population of the village as per 2001 Census is given against this column.

Column 5 : Number of households

The number of households as per 2001 Census is given in this column.

Amenities :

In Column 6 to 23, availability in respect of different amenities such as education, medical, drinking water, post, telegraph, banks, credit societies, communication, power, approach road etc. in each village has been depicted with appropriate codes against the column concerned. Wherever the amenities are not available in the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.< 5 kms., 5-10 kms. and 10+ kms of the nearest place where the facility is available is given. Column wise details are given below:

Column 6 : Educational

Classes upto class V included in Primary School. This will include nursery school, kindergarten school. Pre-basic school, pre-primary school, junior basic school upto class V.

Classes from VI to VIII are included in the middle school.

Classes from IX and X included in Higher Secondary School. Classes XI and XII are included in senior secondary school.

In case of composite schools like middle school with primary school or secondary school with middle school, these are also included in the number of primary and middle schools, respectively.

Accordingly any of the following types of institutions if exists within the village is shown as per codes given below :

(i)	Primary School	P
(ii)	Middle School	M
(iii)	Secondary School	H
(iv)	Senior Secondary School	PUC
(v)	College	C
(vi)	Industrial School	I
(vii)	Training School	Tr
(viii)	Adult literacy class/centre	AC
(ix)	Others (specify) e.g. Sanskrit Pathshala, Senior basic school, Navodaya Vidyalaya, Makhtab, etc.	O

More than one institution of a type in the village is indicated by the number within brackets against the abbreviation, e.g. P(3), M(4), etc.

Column 7 : Medical

Availability of medical facility within the village is indicated by following codes :

(i)	Allopathic Hospital	H
	Ayurvedic Hospital	HA
	Unani Hospital	HU
	Homeopathic Hospital	H Hom
(ii)	Allopathic Dispensary	D
	Ayurvedic Dispensary	DA
	Unani Dispensary	DU
	Homeopathic Dispensary	D Hom
(iii)	Maternity & Child Welfare	MCW
(iv)	Maternity Home	MH
(v)	Child Welfare Centre	CWC
(vi)	Health Centre	HC
(vii)	Primary Health Centre	PHC
(viii)	Primary Health Sub-Centre	PHS
(ix)	Family Welfare Centre	FWC
(x)	T.B. Clinic	TB
(xi)	Nursing Home	NH
(xii)	Registered Private Medical Practitioner	RMP
(xiii)	Subsidised Medical Practitioner	SMP
(xiv)	Community Health Worker	CHW
(xv)	Others	O

More than one institution of a type in the village is indicated by the number within brackets against the abbreviations, e.g. H(3), D(4), etc.

Column 8 : Drinking Water :

The type of the drinking water supply sources available within the village are indicated by codes as follows :

(i)	Tap Water	T
(ii)	Well Water	W
(iii)	Tank Water	TK
(iv)	Tubewell Water	TW
(v)	Handpump	HP
(vi)	River Water	R
(vii)	Canal	C
(viii)	Lake	L
(ix)	Spring	S
(x)	Others	O
(xi)	Summer Sorce	SS

Column 9 : Post, Telegraph and Telephone

It is indicated by codes as shown below whether within the village exists the following amenities:

(i)	Post Office	PO
(ii)	Telegraph Office	TO
(iii)	Post & Telegraph Office	PTO
(iv)	Telephone Connection	PH

Column 10 : Commercial and Co-operative Banks

If the village is served by any banking service, commercial bank, co-operative bank etc.

the same is indicated in codes mentioned below along with the number of banks in brackets. If not available the distance of nearest place where the facility exist is given:

(i)	Commercial Bank	CM
(ii)	Co-operative Bank	CP

Column 11 : Credit Societies

If the village enjoys the services of Credit Societies i.e. Agricultural Credit Societies, Non Agricultural Credit Society or Other Credit Societies, the same is indicated in codes mentioned below along with the number of such societies in brackets. In case the facility is not available within the village the distance of the nearest place where such facility exist is given :

(i)	Agricultural Credit Society	ACS
(ii)	Non- Agricultural Credit Society	NCS
(iii)	Other Credit Society	OCS

Column 12 : Recreational and cultural facilities

If facilities such as Cinema/Video hall, Sports Club, Stadium/Auditorium is available in the village. The same is recorded in these columns. If not available the particulars of the nearest place with the facility is recorded. The information is indicated in codes mentioned below along with the number of such facilities in brackets:

(i)	Cinema / Video Hall	CV
(ii)	Sports Club	SP
(iii)	Stadium / Auditorium	ST

Column 13 : Communications

If the village is served by any mode of public/ private transport like Bus, Railway Station or Navigable water ways they are to be mentioned as follows:

(i)	Bus	BS
(ii)	Railway Station	RS
(iii)	Navigable Waterway	NW

Column 14 : Approach to village

Approach to village refers to the state of road leading to village. The approach to the village is indicated in following codes :

(i)	Paved Road	PR
(ii)	Mud road	MR
(iii)	Foot path	FP
(iv)	Navigable River	NR
(v)	Navigable Canal	NC
(vi)	Navigable waterways other than River, Canal	NW

Column 15 : Nearest Town and distance

The distance is given in kilometers in brackets against the name of the town nearest to the village.

Column 16 : Power supply

Availability of Power Supply in the village, whatever may be the form of its use is given by using following codes :

(i)	Electricity for domestic use	ED
(ii)	Electricity for agricultural use	EAG
(iii)	Electricity for other purposes	EO
(iv)	Electricity for all purposes	EA

Column 17 : News Paper / Magazine

If village receives any News Paper/Magazines the same is noted in this column using following codes:

(i)	News Paper	N
(ii)	Magazine	M

Column 18 : Most important commodities manufactured

The name of three most important commodities manufactured in the village is recorded against this column.

Column 19 to 23 : Land use i.e. area under different types of land use

Land use data maintained by the State/ UT Govts. are furnished against these columns. The data concerning area under Forest, Irrigated land (by source), Un-irrigated land, Culturable waste and Area not available for cultivation in the village are shown against these columns. The area figures are given in hectare(s) up to one decimal. Desh '-' is recorded wherever the information is not made available by the concerned department. The codes used for different types of irrigation facilities available in the village are indicated below:

(i)	Government Canal	GC
(ii)	Private Canal	PC
(iii)	Well (without electricity)	W
(iv)	Well (with electricity)	WE

(v)	Tubewell(with electricity)	TW
(vi)	Tubewell(with electricity)	TWE
(vii)	Tank	TK
(viii)	River	R
(ix)	Lake	L
(x)	Waterfall	WF
(xi)	Others	O
(xii)	Total	T

The village directory also carries the following appendices.

Appendix-I	It gives the abstract of educational, medical and other amenities available in villages C D Block wise of the district.
Appendix-I-A	Indicates number of villages C D Block wise having one or more primary schools.
Appendix-I-B	Indicates number of villages C D Block wise having primary, middle and secondary schools.
Appendix-I-C	Shows number of villages C D Block wise with different sources of drinking water facilities.
Appendix-II	Indicates the list of villages with 5,000 and above population which do not have one or more important amenities.
Appendix-II-A	Indicates list of Census Towns which do not have one or more amenities.
Appendix-III	It gives the land utilization data in respect of Census Towns / non-municipal Towns.
Appendix-IV	C D Block wise list of inhabited villages where no amenity other than drinking water facility is available
Appendix-V	Summary showing number of villages having or not having Scheduled Castes population.
Appendix-VI	Summary showing number of villages having or not having Scheduled Tribes population.
Appendix-VIIA	The appendix shows the list of villages according to proportion of the
Appendix-VIIB	Scheduled castes and Scheduled Tribes to the total population by ranges.
Appendix -VIII	Number of villages under each Gram Panchayat (C.D. Block wise)

(b) List of villages merged in towns and outgrowths at 2001 Census :

The district Ganjam was having eighteen towns, namely, Bhanjanagar (NAC), Bellaguntha (NAC), Buguda (NAC), Asika (NAC), Surada (NAC), Kavisurjyanagar (NAC), Polasara (NAC), Kodala (NAC), Rambha (NAC), Khalikote (NAC), Purusottampur (NAC), Hinjilicut (NAC), Chhatrapur (NAC), Ganjam (NAC), Gopalpur (NAC), Brahmapur (M), Digapahandi (NAC) and Chikiti (NAC) in 1991 Census. One more Census Town namely Makundapur (CT) has been created in 2001 Census. However, during these two Census periods there is no villages merged in any towns. Similarly, no outgrowth at 2001 Census has been cropped up.

LIST OF VILLAGES FULLY MERGED IN TOWNS AND OUTGROWTHS AT 2001 CENSUS

Sl.No.	Name of Villages	Location Code No. in 1991	Merged in towns and outgrowths
1	2	3	4
1	Makundapur	19/12/12/0108	Makundapur (CT)

VILLAGE DIRECTORY OF
BELLAGUNTHA C.D. BLOCK - 0004

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF JAGANNATHPRASAD

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF BUGUDA

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF BELLAGUNTHA

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF SURADA

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF DHARAKOTE

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF ASIKA

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF KAVISURYANAGAR

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF POLASARA

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF BEGUNIAPADA

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF KHALIKOTE

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF GANJAM

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF PURUSOTTAMPUR

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF HINJILCUT

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF SERAGAD

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF SANAKHEMUNDI

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF DIGAPAHANDI

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF PATRAPUR

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF CHIKITI

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF KUKUDAKHANDI

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF RENGEILUNDA

C.D. BLOCK MAP OF CHHATRAPUR

APPENDICES TO
VILLAGE DIRECTORY

APPENDIX I - Village Directory

Abstract of Educational, Medical and other Amenities in villages - C.D. block level

Name of the District:GANJAM

Serial number	Name of C.D.block	Total number of inhabited villages	Total population of C.D. block	Educational institutions					
				Primary school		Middle school		Matriculation / Secondary school	
				Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Bhanjanagar	137	122,449	112	123	31	32	16	17
2	Jagannathprasad	143	117,894	113	131	43	48	23	24
3	Buguda	92	106,747	83	89	36	36	22	22
4	Bellaguntha	90	103,077	82	90	43	43	14	14
5	Surada	247	126,075	122	125	28	29	15	15
6	Dharakote	163	101,533	107	111	23	24	10	10
7	Asika	102	133,387	92	98	46	46	23	23
8	Kavisurjyanagar	74	102,441	71	77	29	30	13	13
9	Polasara	124	117,281	93	98	41	41	28	28
10	Beguniapada	131	112,970	85	96	29	33	20	20
11	Khalikote	167	137,173	116	122	37	37	20	20
12	Ganjam	88	82,702	79	87	29	31	14	14
13	Purusottampur	94	129,506	86	91	37	39	19	19
14	Hinjilicut	52	107,053	51	68	29	30	17	17
15	Seragad	95	117,625	90	103	29	31	11	12
16	Sanakhemundi	142	147,788	114	118	35	35	17	17
17	Digapahandi	204	136,618	145	151	43	46	25	26
18	Patrapur	298	118,116	171	174	32	33	17	18
19	Chikiti	125	93,941	105	105	21	21	10	10
20	Kukudakhandi	89	124,598	72	99	31	32	14	15
21	Rangeilunda	79	139,627	74	93	33	36	19	22
22	Chhatrapur	76	125,675	66	84	28	28	14	14
District (Rural) :		**2,812**	**2,604,276**	**2,129**	**2,333**	**733**	**761**	**381**	**390**

APPENDIX I - Village Directory
Abstract of Educational, Medical and other Amenities in villages - C.D. block level

Educational institutions (contd.)									Medical institutions	
Higher Secondary / PUC / Intermediate / Junior college		College (graduate and above)		Adult literacy classes/centres		Others		No educational facilities	Hospital	
Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions		Villages	Institutions
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	1	1
2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	30	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	1
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	8	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	125	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	56	0	0
2	2	1	1	0	0	2	2	10	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	31	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	46	0	0
2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	51	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	8	0	0
2	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	0
2	2	2	2	0	0	1	1	5	0	0
2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	28	1	1
2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	59	1	1
1	1	1	1	0	0	2	2	127	1	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	20	0	0
2	2	1	1	0	0	1	1	17	2	2
1	1	1	1	0	0	2	2	5	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0
23	**23**	**13**	**13**	**0**	**0**	**13**	**13**	**683**	**7**	**7**

APPENDIX I - Village Directory
Abstract of Educational, Medical and other Amenities in villages - C.D. block level

Medical institutions (contd.)									
Dispensary		Primary Health Centre / Health Centre		Primary Health Sub-centre		Maternity and Child Welfare Centre / Maternity Home / Child Welfare Centre		Family Welfare Centre	
Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
9	9	4	4	19	19	2	3	2	2
4	4	5	5	22	22	3	3	1	1
2	2	3	3	16	16	3	4	1	1
4	4	4	4	18	18	4	4	1	1
4	4	5	5	17	17	1	1	1	1
2	2	5	5	15	15	1	1	1	1
4	4	5	5	18	18	1	1	1	1
5	5	2	2	13	13	6	6	0	0
8	8	4	4	20	20	1	1	0	0
2	2	3	3	18	18	1	1	1	1
3	3	4	4	20	20	0	0	0	0
2	2	2	2	10	10	3	3	1	1
4	4	6	6	23	23	2	2	1	1
2	2	3	3	19	19	2	2	1	1
1	1	5	5	18	18	1	1	1	1
3	3	5	5	19	19	5	6	2	2
5	5	6	6	22	22	2	3	2	2
3	3	7	7	24	24	2	3	2	2
2	2	4	4	13	13	1	1	1	1
3	3	3	3	18	18	3	4	2	2
2	2	3	3	17	17	14	14	1	1
2	2	4	4	18	18	2	2	1	1
76	**76**	**92**	**92**	**397**	**397**	**60**	**66**	**24**	**24**

APPENDIX I - Village Directory
Abstract of Educational, Medical and other Amenities in villages - C.D. block level

Medical institutions (contd.)					Drinking water source									
Community Health Workers		Others		No medical facilities	Tap	Well	Tank	Tube well	River	Fountain	Canal	Others	More than one source	No drinking water facilities
Villages	Numbers	Villages	Institutions											
32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
0	0	1	1	113	3	109	19	0	23	0	5	131	119	1
0	0	2	2	118	7	139	78	2	22	7	3	138	137	1
0	0	4	5	74	3	90	64	1	8	3	4	90	92	0
0	0	4	5	65	2	84	54	0	23	0	8	87	87	0
0	0	2	2	229	8	157	132	10	39	38	29	227	170	0
0	0	0	0	146	7	157	62	9	16	13	8	158	159	0
0	0	3	3	80	4	99	79	20	22	0	7	101	99	1
0	0	0	0	58	2	45	49	0	1	1	0	73	70	0
0	0	1	1	103	2	121	87	2	16	18	5	120	120	0
0	0	2	3	110	0	128	50	4	2	10	5	127	129	0
0	0	0	0	145	3	163	109	1	1	17	1	166	163	1
0	0	1	1	73	23	84	55	32	5	3	12	87	84	0
0	0	1	1	69	16	82	66	21	28	2	33	89	81	3
0	0	3	3	31	1	52	43	21	10	0	23	52	52	0
0	0	2	3	76	1	93	79	3	22	1	9	94	95	0
0	0	2	3	119	2	120	120	20	43	11	24	135	133	0
0	0	4	4	173	7	195	151	5	31	26	27	183	194	0
0	0	2	2	273	11	215	92	0	34	90	2	206	223	3
0	0	13	16	103	3	121	88	0	23	6	42	124	125	0
0	0	2	2	67	1	71	47	0	2	4	16	83	70	1
0	0	4	4	53	2	71	55	1	0	0	11	77	72	0
0	0	0	0	56	1	71	55	4	6	3	17	74	72	0
0	**0**	**53**	**61**	**2,334**	**109**	**2,467**	**1,634**	**156**	**378**	**253**	**291**	**2,622**	**2,546**	**11**

APPENDIX I - Village Directory
Abstract of Educational, Medical and other Amenities in villages - C.D. block level

Post, Telegraph & Telephone							Transport communications			Banks	
Post office	Telegraph office	Post & telegraph office	Post office & phone	Telegraph office & phone	Post, telegraph office & phone	Phone	Bus service	Railway station	Navigable waterway	Villages	Number of commercial and co-operative banks
47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58
33	0	4	21	0	4	40	50	1	1	4	4
28	0	4	19	0	4	39	58	0	0	8	9
19	0	3	16	0	3	55	32	0	0	4	4
23	0	3	19	0	3	40	27	0	2	5	5
30	0	1	16	0	1	24	55	0	1	4	4
17	0	2	13	0	2	21	45	0	1	4	5
27	0	7	25	0	7	49	30	0	0	8	8
17	0	1	14	0	1	16	21	0	0	5	5
13	0	8	7	0	8	28	31	0	0	3	3
17	0	1	16	0	1	41	43	0	0	6	6
24	0	5	7	0	5	26	53	2	2	5	5
11	0	4	4	0	4	14	29	0	1	2	2
23	0	4	10	0	4	22	46	0	8	7	7
15	0	4	14	0	4	39	22	0	2	4	4
22	0	2	16	0	2	26	45	0	0	5	6
17	0	3	12	0	3	36	52	0	0	5	5
32	0	3	20	0	3	32	82	0	0	7	7
24	0	4	14	0	4	50	89	0	0	7	7
19	0	4	18	0	4	65	43	0	0	3	3
15	0	3	9	0	3	20	25	0	0	5	5
18	0	8	16	0	8	51	27	0	0	5	5
23	0	0	18	0	0	45	28	1	0	5	5
467	**0**	**78**	**324**	**0**	**78**	**779**	**933**	**4**	**18**	**111**	**114**

APPENDIX I - Village Directory
Abstract of Educational, Medical and other Amenities in villages - C.D. block level

Power supply		Credit societies						Recreational facility			Newspaper / Magazine		
Available	Not available	Villages	Number of agricultural credit societies	Villages	Number of non-agricultural credit societies	Villages	Number of other credit societies	Cinema / Video hall	Sports club	Stadium / Auditorium/ Community hall	News paper	Magazine	News paper & Magazine
59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
116	21	11	11	1	1	0	0	3	0	1	80	58	58
114	29	14	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	63	35	35
77	15	12	12	2	2	1	1	0	1	0	55	32	32
88	1	6	6	1	1	5	5	0	0	0	63	41	41
127	121	5	5	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	71	43	43
116	47	9	9	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	40	11	11
99	3	9	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	87	54	54
57	17	26	26	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	39	3	3
77	47	18	18	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	63	39	39
97	34	13	13	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	74	59	59
125	42	19	19	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	80	43	43
78	10	8	8	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	26	10	10
92	2	18	18	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	61	13	13
52	0	16	16	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	47	36	36
91	4	8	8	1	1	4	4	0	0	1	89	73	73
120	22	10	10	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	82	33	33
160	44	19	19	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	101	73	72
166	132	21	21	2	2	2	2	1	0	0	129	113	111
116	9	8	8	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	81	50	50
60	29	16	16	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	27	18	18
77	2	19	19	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	64	49	49
72	4	13	13	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	55	49	49
2177	**635**	**298**	**298**	**22**	**22**	**18**	**18**	**10**	**3**	**3**	**1477**	**935**	**932**

APPENDIX 1A - Village Directory
Villages by number of Primary Schools

Name of the District:GANJAM

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Total number of inhabited villages	Number of primary schools				
			None	One	Two	Three	Four +
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Bhanjanagar	137	25	105	5	0	2
2	Jagannathprasad	143	30	100	11	0	2
3	Buguda	92	9	77	6	0	0
4	Bellaguntha	90	8	74	8	0	0
5	Surada	247	125	121	0	0	1
6	Dharakote	163	56	105	1	0	1
7	Asika	102	10	88	2	2	0
8	Kavisurjyanagar	74	3	67	2	2	0
9	Polasara	124	31	88	5	0	0
10	Beguniapada	131	46	79	4	1	1
11	Khalikote	167	51	111	4	1	0
12	Ganjam	88	9	76	0	2	1
13	Purusottampur	94	8	83	1	2	0
14	Hinjilicut	52	1	40	7	2	2
15	Seragad	95	5	84	4	0	2
16	Sanakhemundi	142	28	110	4	0	0
17	Digapahandi	204	59	142	1	1	1
18	Patrapur	298	127	170	0	0	1
19	Chikiti	125	20	105	0	0	0
20	Kukudakhandi	89	17	53	14	3	2
21	Rangeilunda	79	5	62	9	0	3
22	Chhatrapur	76	10	55	7	3	1
	District Total:	**2,812**	**683**	**1,995**	**95**	**19**	**20**

APPENDIX 1B - Village Directory
Villages by Primary, Middle and Secondary Schools

Name of the District:GANJAM

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Total number of inhabited villages	Type of educational institutions available			
			No School	At least one primary school and no middle school	At least one primary school and one middle school	At least one middle school and one secondary school
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Bhanjanagar	137	25	81	31	16
2	Jagannathprasad	143	30	70	43	23
3	Buguda	92	9	47	36	22
4	Bellaguntha	90	8	39	43	14
5	Surada	247	125	94	28	15
6	Dharakote	163	56	84	23	10
7	Asika	102	10	46	46	23
8	Kavisurjyanagar	74	3	42	29	13
9	Polasara	124	31	52	41	28
10	Beguniapada	131	46	56	29	20
11	Khalikote	167	51	79	37	20
12	Ganjam	88	9	50	29	14
13	Purusottampur	94	8	49	37	19
14	Hinjilicut	52	1	22	29	17
15	Seragad	95	5	61	29	11
16	Sanakhemundi	142	28	79	35	17
17	Digapahandi	204	59	102	43	25
18	Patrapur	298	127	139	32	17
19	Chikiti	125	20	84	21	10
20	Kukudakhandi	89	17	41	31	14
21	Rangeilunda	79	5	41	33	19
22	Chhatrapur	76	10	38	28	14
	Total:	**2,812**	**683**	**1,396**	**733**	**381**

APPENDIX 1C - Village Directory

Villages with different sources of drinking water facilities available

Name of the District:GANJAM

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Number of villages with different sources of drinking water available				
		Only tap	Only well	Only tube well	Only handpump	More than one source only from tap, well, tube well, handpump
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Bhanjanagar	0	2	0	14	105
2	Jagannathprasad	0	2	0	3	135
3	Buguda	0	0	0	0	89
4	Bellaguntha	0	1	0	1	82
5	Surada	0	0	0	67	147
6	Dharakote	0	2	0	1	155
7	Asika	0	0	0	2	99
8	Kavisurjyanagar	0	1	0	3	45
9	Polasara	0	2	0	0	119
10	Beguniapada	0	1	0	1	123
11	Khalikote	0	0	0	2	163
12	Ganjam	0	1	0	3	84
13	Purusottampur	0	1	0	9	80
14	Hinjilicut	0	0	0	0	52
15	Seragad	0	0	0	0	93
16	Sanakhemundi	0	0	0	7	122
17	Digapahandi	0	4	0	3	177
18	Patrapur	0	11	0	21	165
19	Chikiti	0	0	0	0	120
20	Kukudakhandi	0	3	0	13	68
21	Rangeilunda	0	0	0	7	69
22	Chhatrapur	0	1	0	3	69
	District Total:	**0**	**32**	**0**	**160**	**2,361**

APPENDIX II - Village Directory

Villages with 5,000 and above population which do not have one or more amenities

Name of the District:GANJAM

Serial number	Name of village	Location code number	Name of C. D. block	Population	Amenities not available (indicate N. A. where amenity not available)						
					Senior Secondary School	College	Primary Health Sub Centre	Tap drinking water	Bus facility	Approach by Pucca road	Commercial Bank
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Badakodanda	03081800	Bhanjanagar	5008	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available
2	Lalsingi	03082000	Bhanjanagar	6513	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.
3	Badagada	03130800	Surada	6755	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	N.A.
4	Jahada	03144700	Dharakote	5548	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
5	Baragan	03154100	Asika	5435	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.
6	Barida	03177900	Kavisurjyanagar	5736	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available
7	Gudiali	03182000	Kavisurjyanagar	5515	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	Available	Available	Available
8	Kalamba	03174700	Polasara	5452	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.
9	Mathura	03176800	Polasara	5735	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	Available	Available	N.A.
10	Chirikipadasasan	03185600	Polasara	5787	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
11	Mardamekha	03205700	Beguniapada	6955	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.
12	Pathar	03223800	Khalikote	5195	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available
13	Kesapur	03224400	Khalikote	5139	Available	Available	Available	N.A.	Available	Available	Available
14	Sabilia	03231800	Khalikote	5933	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	Available	N.A.
15	Humma	03241100	Ganjam	5089	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	Available
16	Sikula	03162000	Purusottampur	5646	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	Available	N.A.	Available
17	Bhatakumarada	03170900	Purusottampur	6900	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	Available
18	Burupada	03353400	Hinjilicut	5850	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	Available	Available	N.A.
19	Sikiri	03354400	Hinjilicut	6186	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	Available	Available	Available
20	Sheragada	03333600	Seragad	6780	Available	Available	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	Available
21	Gobindapur	03339400	Seragad	5382	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	N.A.
22	Konkarada	03341100	Sanakhemundi	5239	Available	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
23	Patapur	03346000	Sanakhemundi	5803	Available	Available	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	N.A.
24	Singipur	03348600	Sanakhemundi	5832	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.
25	Pudamari	03348900	Sanakhemundi	5805	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	Available	Available	Available
26	Bhishmagiri	03290200	Digapahandi	6550	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
27	Patrapur	03317200	Patrapur	6165	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
28	Suvani	03269000	Chikiti	7424	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
29	Surala	03269200	Chikiti	6675	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.
30	Kukudakhandi	03257300	Kukudakhandi	6456	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	Available	Available

APPENDIX II - Village Directory
Villages with 5,000 and above population which do not have one or more amenities

Name of the District:GANJAM

Serial number	Name of village	Location code number	Name of C. D. block	Population	Amenities not available (indicate N. A. where amenity not available)						
					Senior Secondary School	College	Primary Health Sub Centre	Tap drinking water	Bus facility	Approach by Pucca road	Commercial Bank
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
31	Jagadalpur	03258300	Kukudakhandi	5356	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.
32	Lochapoda	03259600	Kukudakhandi	9240	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.
33	Lathi	03259800	Kukudakhandi	5914	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.
34	Golabandha	03255000	Rangeilunda	8549	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	Available	Available	N.A.
35	Bhabinipur	03259500	Rangeilunda	6685	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.
36	Badamadhapur	03242600	Chhatrapur	5499	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.
37	Sundarpur	03245300	Chhatrapur	7601	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	Available	Available	N.A.
38	Chikalakhandi	03248000	Chhatrapur	6266	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	Available	Available	N.A.
39	Agastinuagan	03251400	Chhatrapur	5504	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.
40	Arjyapalli	03251600	Chhatrapur	7768	N.A.	N.A.	Available	N.A.	Available	Available	N.A.

APPENDIX II - A Census Town
Census Towns which do not have one or more amenities

Name of the District:GANJAM

Sl. No.	Name of census town	Location code number	Name of C. D. block	Population	Amenities not available (indicate N. A. where amenity not available)						
					Senior Secondary School	College	Health Centre	Tap drinking water	Bus facility	Approach by Pucca road	Banks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Makundapur	41919000	Asika	4,975	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	-	Available	N.A.	N.A.

APPENDIX III - Village Directory
Land utilisation data in respect of Census Towns / non-municipal towns

Name of the District : GANJAM

Serial number	Name of Census town and C.D. block within brackets	Land use (i.e., area under different types of land use in hectare)					
		Total area	Forest	Irrigated by source	Unirrigated	Culturable waste (including gauchar & groves)	Area not available for cultivation
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Makundapur CT	251.71	-	14.57	172.80	4.45	59.83

APPENDIX IV - Village Directory

C.D. block wise list of inhabited villages where no amenity other than drinking water facility is available

Name of the District:GANJAM

Serial number	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
Name of CD Block: Bhanjanagar		
1	03051500	Badadhimirijhola
2	03052500	Gudibandha
3	03057300	Natapalli
4	03075700	Panguli
5	03077800	Tadama
6	03078100	Bapangi
7	03080400	Dihakumpapalli
8	03083300	Dhaupalli
Name of CD Block: Jagannathprasad		
9	03049500	Kathapatani
10	03049600	Narabadi
11	03049700	Narayanaprasad
12	03050100	Naragadu
13	03050400	Siuli
14	03050900	Khilladi
15	03052400	Hatigada
16	03055700	Tirikumpa
17	03057500	Chudakhai
18	03058700	Baniapalli
19	03061200	Sugumu
20	03062200	Barabara
21	03062600	Banikhola
22	03063700	Chelakhai
Name of CD Block: Buguda		
23	03068100	Digi
24	03069300	Saradhapur
25	03072900	Badatanda
Name of CD Block: Bellaguntha		
		Nil
Name of CD Block: Surada		
26	03104500	Podagarifi
27	03104600	Gudari
28	03105100	Mallipanka
29	03105300	Pankalagam
30	03105400	Kumbhiketa
31	03105600	Nuasarabadi
32	03105700	Sarabadi
33	03106900	Rubangi
34	03107200	Sinkulapadar
35	03107400	Ganjana
36	03108100	Sagidi
37	03108200	Gurandia`
38	03108600	Liundi
39	03108800	Kathagada
40	03109700	Chancharapalli
41	03110100	Dhaugaon
42	03110300	Balasi
43	03113600	Madhuapalli
44	03113700	Belapanu
45	03113900	Anandapur
46	03114100	Kusapalli
47	03114200	Melakundasandhi
48	03114300	Mandiakhaman
49	03115500	Langalajholi
50	03116200	Nuagam
51	03116400	Bajirima
52	03116500	Budaguda
53	03116600	Pajibara
54	03116700	Dimabadi
55	03116900	Bapujinagar
56	03117000	Dadangapanka
57	03117200	Gambhariguda
58	03117300	Rahaganda
59	03117600	Jirakua
60	03117900	Nandapur
61	03118100	Bangada
62	03118200	Majhigam
63	03118300	Santinagar
64	03118400	Dalapatinagar
65	03118500	Banapur
66	03118600	Talaostapada
67	03118700	Mainsikhata
68	03118900	Rangagudi
69	03119000	Loharagam
70	03119200	Mankadakhari
71	03119300	Gilamaha
72	03119400	Minangi
73	03119600	Sanagochha

Serial number	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
74	03119700	Uparaustapada
75	03119800	Gandigam
76	03121100	Ambiliamba
77	03121300	Latapalli
78	03121700	Takaradar.V.P
79	03121900	Chakunda R.V.P
80	03124000	Chaulakhai
81	03124600	Kaithapalli
82	03125200	Gunakhal
83	03125300	Tikanagar
84	03125400	Putabali
85	03125500	Kaithagudi
86	03125600	Krupagudi
87	03125800	Dimiripankala J.Block
88	03125900	Haripur
89	03127100	Gopalpur
90	03128200	Kandhakalakhadi
91	03128600	Toradi
92	03130200	Dhaugam
93	03130700	Nuapalli
94	03130900	Khajuripalli
95	03131000	Purunagada
96	03131100	Barapada
97	03131200	Bahadapadar
98	03131300	Bhaliapada
99	03131500	Biripada
100	03131900	Gojiakhamana
101	03132200	Dumula
102	03132300	Uparpatama
103	03132400	Lekapanka
104	03132500	Sarapadi
105	03132600	Duduburi
106	03132700	Kutama
107	03132800	Heprema
108	03132900	Tuhar
109	03133000	Kuduma
110	03133100	Kerajholi
111	03133200	Balinala
112	03133300	Kharichuan
113	03133500	Gunjuli
114	03133600	Rangamatia
115	03133900	Kesapanka
116	03134200	Gajarakumpa
117	03134300	Besarabata
118	03134400	Jagamohan
119	03134600	Kandhaburupadanuasahi
120	03134800	Kandhabhimpur
Name of CD Block: Dharakote		
121	03099800	Khukundiapalli
122	03100000	Nimapalli
123	03100600	Khairapalli
124	03100800	Saluapalli
125	03101700	Bhatapada
126	03101800	Bhaliapalli
127	03102400	Paikabagada
128	03123000	Rampur
129	03123100	Similipalli
130	03130000	Sayapur
131	03134100	Balipadarnuasahi
132	03134500	Batapadia
133	03134700	Sagadabasa
134	03135500	Bakharakata
135	03136300	Tinitinapalli
136	03136500	Torapalli
137	03137100	Malijharpalli
138	03137800	Kandhaburupada
139	03137900	Aliguda
140	03138000	Rangamatia
141	03138200	Haladibagada
142	03139800	Malijhar
143	03140400	Fatachanchara
144	03140500	Jhirijhira
145	03140600	Gochhaguda
146	03140800	Kumarbandha
147	03142100	Barapalli
148	03142400	Ashokapalli
149	03142900	Bhaliagudanuasahi
150	03143100	Baduapadmapur
151	03145100	Gobardhanpur Nuapalli
152	03145200	Kirakhai
153	03150000	Hanumantadwar
154	03157400	Podiadamodarpalli
Name of CD Block: Asika		
155	03101600	Chandramadeipur

Serial number	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
156	03147700	Narayanpur
157	03158800	Belapada
Name of CD Block: Kavisurjyanagar		
158	03177700	Jamunahill
159	03181900	Baksipalli
Name of CD Block: Polasara		
160	03173100	Kandhapalli
161	03176700	Kakudia
162	03185900	Gopiapalli
163	03186200	Borasingi
164	03186800	Gambharia
165	03186900	Rugudipalli
166	03187100	Nirasa Palli
167	03187500	Nadiamba
168	03187600	Paneri
169	03187800	Tosingi
170	03188000	Pantiama
171	03188200	Rampudi
172	03188300	Mahulapalli
173	03188400	Baghara
174	03188500	Badataila
175	03188600	Naharapeta
176	03189000	Kanjiama
177	03189100	Panjiama
178	03191800	Usta
179	03191900	Andhari
180	03192500	Potalingi
181	03192800	Khaikhata
182	03193000	Chanchada
183	03193200	Bhitarkhola
184	03193300	Pithalamalai
185	03193400	Malaberuanhabadi
186	03193500	Khaikhatanuasahi
187	03193600	Phalaba
188	03195100	Kumbhirakhani
189	03195200	Ratanikondhill
Name of CD Block: Beguniapada		
190	03176200	Nityanandapalli
191	03190100	Kolia
192	03190200	Panasadiha
193	03190600	Gilinda
194	03190700	Bariahetta
195	03191300	Nakuachhachina
196	03196200	Bhaliapada
197	03196600	Bandhakhuntakata
198	03199700	Dobhabania
199	03199800	Binchha
200	03199900	Karandagada
201	03200000	Padapada
202	03202000	Luhakot
203	03202100	Borabora
204	03202200	Chhunchipada
205	03202600	Singadapalli
206	03202800	Palasapalli
207	03204600	Tentuliapalli
208	03205000	Janabili
209	03205100	Baidipada
210	03205200	Balasingi
211	03205300	Sarania
212	03205500	Khaladi
213	03205900	Boreibana
214	03207600	Chakundajhola
215	03208700	Birajagannathpur
216	03209200	Basantabana
217	03209300	Tiridabanjara
218	03209500	Satakutuni
Name of CD Block: Khalikote		
219	03164100	Chandapura Alias Chandanpur
220	03164300	Nandapur
221	03164600	Langalaghai Alias Nalinakshyapur
222	03212100	Talarampalli
223	03212500	Nolasingh
224	03212800	Barabola
225	03212900	Bolamalabhaliapadar
226	03213000	Sanabola
227	03213300	Kurumpur
228	03213400	Sialiapat
229	03214100	Jharapalli
230	03214200	Malakhojapalli
231	03214500	Khariapalli
232	03215000	Aitipurbanabila
233	03215500	Ratanpur
234	03217400	Khaitadabanabila

Serial number	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
235	03217700	Khaitadabanabila
236	03218700	Kamaladeipur
237	03219100	Gopalpur
238	03222400	Khammar
239	03222600	Purunabedha
240	03223700	Uparabalan Tarakhara
241	03224600	Gopakuda
242	03225000	Phulajhara
243	03226100	Ghadaka
244	03227800	Patrapur
245	03228300	Ghodapada
246	03229100	Bahutipalli
247	03229600	Nikarada
248	03229700	Dalibati
249	03230000	Dhakabali
250	03230400	Chelikuda
251	03233100	Patrapur
Name of CD Block: Ganjam		
252	03232800	Phulajhara
253	03237100	Khandadeuli
254	03239900	Madhusudanpur
255	03240800	Nuagambarapalli
Name of CD Block: Purusottampur		
256	03168700	Rajabalapalli
Name of CD Block: Hinjilicut		
		Nil
Name of CD Block: Seragad		
257	03143600	Garabaganda
Name of CD Block: Sanakhemundi		
258	03290800	Badua
259	03331900	Jakara
260	03332100	Laxminarayanpur
261	03332500	Dutiyagundiriguda
262	03332700	Narendrapur
263	03332800	Gothabania
264	03332900	Kamalakhala
265	03337800	Uttama
266	03341400	Kabatamunduli
267	03342500	Kaduapolli
268	03343800	Damapur
269	03345400	Dhepaguda
270	03349100	Khaparaganda
271	03349800	Barigam
Name of CD Block: Digapahandi		
272	03270500	Bhimapurpalli
273	03270600	Badapada
274	03274300	Amalaguda
275	03276400	Kamarakhal
276	03276500	Pipalapadar
277	03276800	Ghatiambagam
278	03277100	Dekili
279	03281500	Gaidahill
280	03284500	Bidyadharpur
281	03284700	Bankapur
282	03295400	Mathura
283	03296700	Radhakantapur
284	03297800	Jaganathapur
285	03298900	Gudarikandha
286	03299000	Chadhiagarada
287	3299100	Badaburuda
288	03299400	Dhepaguda
289	03301200	Talahaladibeni
290	03301300	Kusaput
291	03301500	Uparahaladibeni
292	03301900	Mahulapada
293	03304000	Khemanda
294	03305000	Tada
295	03349400	Gochhapeta
296	03349500	Daduruma
297	03349700	Ghasiamba
298	03350000	Pitamahula
299	03350100	Podakhala
300	03350300	Balipata
Name of CD Block: Patrapur		
301	03307400	Anlagumma
302	03307500	Panipatto
303	03307800	Pharuasahi
304	03310200	Badagam
305	03313600	Barimahulpada
306	03314000	Bedamahulapada
307	03314200	Sindurapur
308	03315000	Gurangi-I
309	03318000	Sindhupanka
310	03318300	Kenduguma

Serial number	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
311	03318400	Mahulabada
312	03318500	Sasan
313	03318700	Karapada
314	03318800	Karadabadi
315	03318900	Jamaharipur
316	03319000	Budighati
317	03319300	Jiranga
318	03320000	Batadihapada
319	03320300	Saurabhaluri
320	03320500	Souratalapada
321	03320600	Tasaranga
322	03320700	Amaralingi
323	03320800	Sanagam
324	03321000	Kharianala
325	03321100	Rayapur
326	03321300	Sourabhejipadar
327	03323700	Mandiagunda
328	03323800	Padmapur
329	03324000	Gudari
330	03325000	Goimundi
331	03327600	Rougan
332	03327700	Kandhagobindapur
333	03329900	Khajuria
334	03330400	Raya
335	03331100	Dabada
336	03331400	Mahulapada
337	03359800	Burudasingi
338	03360000	Lakaisuni
339	03360100	Gambharikhol
340	03360200	Mahulabada
341	03360400	Chariabada
342	03360500	Taparada
343	03360800	Raghubalabha
344	03360900	Jubasahi
345	03361000	Kumardali
346	03361100	Luhasingi
347	03361600	Jhampurimusa
348	03361700	Thanagam
349	03361900	Gaida- B
350	03362000	Tarasingi
351	03362200	Gurusingi
352	03362600	Haladibata
353	03362800	Gaida-A
354	03363200	Lengasahi
355	03363500	Tuburusingi
356	03363700	Aliar
357	03363800	Gokhanasahi
358	03363900	Haridaputunuasahi
359	03364100	Tabalasahi
360	03364400	Mahulabada
361	03364500	Thalibada
362	03364700	Kasikhala
363	03364900	Budhaamba
364	03365900	Bhaliabada
365	03366000	Kuranga
366	03366100	Khajurigan
367	03366200	Sangam
368	03366300	Haridapatu
369	03366400	Mahalimba
370	03367000	Bhaliasahi
371	03367400	Gujulingi
372	03367600	Tading
373	03367700	Marmaria
374	03367800	Sapuakheta
375	03368000	Sanaanchaba
376	03368100	Kamalakheta
377	03368200	Rayagada
378	03368300	Babanasahi
379	03368600	Kanhaimal
380	03368700	Silisinga
381	03368800	Kalada
382	03369000	Rampa
383	03369100	Adapathara
384	03369200	Sarada
385	03369300	Anjagul
386	03369700	Chacher
387	03369800	Bilagam
388	03369900	Sanagam
389	03370000	Bajarasahi
390	03370100	Laida
391	03370200	Kapadia
392	03370400	Abandia
393	03370500	Nuagam

Serial number	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
Name of CD Block: Chikiti		
394	03275900	Haripurpalli
395	03276000	Khajuripada
396	03279100	Chikitibit-2
397	03283000	Bhusapadar
398	03283100	Uparaharidabadi
Name of CD Block: Kukudakhandi		
399	3256800	Baduka
400	03256900	Mahugharahill
401	03263000	Surabadi
402	03282900	Nuagaon
403	03299900	Chandiniapahad
404	03300100	Matiapalli
405	03300200	Chakundajhola
406	03300600	Bandhaguda
407	03301000	Kanthigada
408	03305500	Karanjai
409	03306200	Madhapur
410	03306600	Koilikoute
411	03306700	Betajhari
Name of CD Block: Rangeilunda		
412	03267200	Palurhill
Name of CD Block: Chhatrapur		
413	03247400	Jimi
414	03248700	Majhidiha
415	03251500	Humuribana
416	03252000	Sindhigan

APPENDIX V - Village Directory

Summary showing number of villages not having Scheduled Castes population

Serial number	Name of C.D. block	Total villages	Uninhabited villages	Inhabited villages	Number of inhabited villages having no Scheduled Castes population
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Bhanjanagar	144	7	137	19
2	Jagannathprasad	149	6	143	23
3	Buguda	99	7	92	7
4	Bellaguntha	91	1	90	3
5	Surada	282	35	247	107
6	Dharakote	201	38	163	50
7	Asika	109	7	102	7
8	Kavisurjyanagar	74	0	74	5
9	Polasara	138	14	124	32
10	Beguniapada	182	51	131	26
11	Khalikote	226	59	167	45
12	Ganjam	115	27	88	18
13	Purusottampur	97	3	94	3
14	Hinjilicut	52	0	52	0
15	Seragad	108	13	95	9
16	Sanakhemundi	159	17	142	23
17	Digapahandi	232	28	204	55
18	Patrapur	355	57	298	157
19	Chikiti	137	12	125	26
20	Kukudakhandi	99	10	89	28
21	Rangeilunda	83	4	79	4
22	Chhatrapur	80	4	76	5
	District Total:	**3,212**	**400**	**2,812**	**652**

APPENDIX VI - Village Directory

Summary showing number of villages not having Scheduled Tribes population

Serial number	Name of C. D. block	Total villages	Uninhabited villages	Inhabited villages	Number of inhabited villages having no Scheduled Tribes population
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Bhanjanagar	144	7	137	54
2	Jagannathprasad	149	6	143	86
3	Buguda	99	7	92	62
4	Bellaguntha	91	1	90	64
5	Surada	282	35	247	103
6	Dharakote	201	38	163	100
7	Asika	109	7	102	83
8	Kavisurjyanagar	74	0	74	61
9	Polasara	138	14	124	69
10	Beguniapada	182	51	131	86
11	Khalikote	226	59	167	131
12	Ganjam	115	27	88	82
13	Purusottampur	97	3	94	81
14	Hinjilicut	52	0	52	45
15	Seragad	108	13	95	86
16	Sanakhemundi	159	17	142	96
17	Digapahandi	232	28	204	109
18	Patrapur	355	57	298	109
19	Chikiti	137	12	125	79
20	Kukudakhandi	99	10	89	47
21	Rangeilunda	83	4	79	62
22	Chhatrapur	80	4	76	56
	District Total:	**3,212**	**400**	**2,812**	**1,751**

APPENDIX VII A- Village Directory

List of villages according to the proportion of the Scheduled Castes to the total population by ranges

Name of the District:GANJAM

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
Name of CD Block: Bhanjanagar		
Less than 5		
	03083000	Dhamanajholi
	03078000	Birikota
	03051700	Gunduribadi
	03080500	Hatiguda
5-10		
	03051000	Khamansahi
	03086200	Kaindi
	03082500	Bhereda
	03054800	Samarada
	03053300	Rangameru
	03077700	Daha

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03085200	Jilundipalli
	03076000	Rambha
	03086100	Malasapadar
	03084400	Gamundi
	03080200	Baiballi
	03082900	Golapada
	03077800	Tadama
	03080000	Chitipali
	03079300	Kotibaradi
	03056700	Tangana
11-20		
	03084300	Jamapalli
	03084500	Bhaliakhai
	03076900	Kotipada
	03082600	Dindipalli
	03056500	Kadalundi
	03054500	Sorisamuli
	03082000	Lalsingi
	03082700	Sahanapalli
	03053000	Brahmanpadar
	03081000	Bahadpadar
	03052700	Biluapada
	03079100	Boribandha
	03058500	Bhusandapala
	03080700	Gunduribadi
	03081800	Badakodanda
	03053500	Kalijhari
	03053400	Dholapita
	03057100	Uladana
	03052800	Ranikiari
	03057200	Raipalli
	03080600	Khamarada
	03080900	Chadhiapalli
	03081700	Sanakodanda
	03085400	Dumakumpa
	03076500	Turuma
	03084700	Agajhola
21-30		
	03081200	Dandipadar
	03078400	Biripadar

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03052500	Gudibandha
	03078300	Buduli
	03081900	Rajakundu
	03077900	Bajrakote
	03058600	Niladripur
	03051400	Narigochha
	03078800	Andharikota
	03084800	Baunsalundi
	03084900	Dubuduba
	03055000	Halandakhola
	03077600	Gunduribadi
	03051300	Kupati
	03081500	Badapatharapali
	03051600	Domuhani
	03059800	Krushnasaranpur
	03056900	Gangajhola
	03082300	Dihapadhal
	03077100	Mujagada
	03075500	Gagiripadulingia
	03053200	Gallery
	03054600	Berumabadi(Beruhabadi)
	03053100	Jhaliagochha
	03075800	Durgaprasad
	03077300	Gohiribadi
	03058100	Kullada
	03057000	Tilisingi
	03084600	Jilundi
	03081300	Jogimari
	03079200	Baruda
	03054900	Lambhai
	03083300	Dhaupalli
	03080300	Indagada
	03051500	Badadhimirijhola
	03058200	Narayanpur
	03076800	Gujurali
31-40		
	03077400	Khariguda
	03056600	Bahukapalli
	03086300	Madulipalli
	03051800	Raigochha

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03081100	Sardula
	03052600	Harigada
	03079800	Mahaguda
	03081400	Binjigiri
	03051200	Badangi
	03079600	Dungapalli
	03076200	Kanubandha
	03079900	Sarapada
	03076400	Dadarlunda
	03053600	Kathachira
	03076600	Jamalai
	03085000	Sanapathuri
	03085700	Kaliamba
41-50		
	03077200	Badigan
	03076100	Beniguba
	03056400	Balisahi
	03080800	Ripitipalli
	03051100	Garudu
	03080100	Dhaumundia
	03078900	Bilipada
	03076300	Darpungia
51-75		
	03058300	Khaparapalli
	03058400	Gopinathpur
	03054700	Sunapalli
	03078700	Baliapata
	03075900	Bhaluguda
	03082800	Agulapada
	03085300	Gudipadar
76 and above		
	03079000	Sanatulasipali
	03080400	Dihakumpapalli
	03057300	Natapalli
Name of CD Block: Jagannathprasad		
Less than 5		
	03067400	Pandiripada
	03059100	Ghatipalli
	03049900	Ghogoda
	03057800	Hajapalli
	03063300	Jagannathpur
	03050400	Siuli
	03052200	Tholludi
	03061500	Mahuliagada
	03060000	Gundribadi
	03067500	Kandarasingi
5-10		
	03059700	Patharapalli
	03064400	Tikarapalli
	03067300	Tentulia
	03057700	Sapanga
	03088200	Adheigan
	03066800	Jhadabhumi
	03065800	Bhuktabhumi
	03088000	Rajanpali
	03067200	Bijayadhanurjayapur
	03066700	Kandhanuapalli
	03066600	Gochabadi
	03066900	Taraffa
11-20		
	03066300	Chikili
	03064000	Jatra
	03067100	Gadisapalli
	03053900	Bantha
	03070400	Pattadhara
	03057500	Chudakhai
	03070500	Sorisamuli
	03070300	Alladi
	03061800	Bhabasara
	03083400	Pantikhari
	03065900	Chhamunda
	03063100	Jirabadi
	03059200	Bankatara
	03065300	Sisunda
	03050900	Khilladi
	03059000	Kudutai
	03060500	Gundurisahi
	03054000	Tirigochha
	03062900	Jagannathprasad
	03064500	Kumpapada

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03050000	Badabhumi
	03066000	Sarakumpa
	03070100	Paikarapalli
	03088300	Baragam
	03055200	Manapur
	03063500	Rauti
	03063400	Charikonia
	03054100	Khetamundali
	03055700	Tirikumpa
	03062700	Haripur
	03063900	Kusapali
	03050300	Kadaligada
	03070700	Khamarapalli
	03063600	Pelapada
	03050700	Nabagochha
	03063800	Malingi
	03070800	Nimapadar
21-30		
	03063200	Angyaprasad
	03059300	Arakhapalli
	03056100	Kepiti
	03066400	Gandadhara
	03065400	Budurungu
	03055100	Dalaka
	03060900	Alasuguma
	03088100	Nunijhola
	03065500	Lepa
	03064100	Chadheiapalli
	03070200	Tholanda
	03067000	Mentapur
	03066200	Chopara
	03061000	Kamasaragada
	03057400	Samarabandha
	03051900	Jadadhara
	03064200	Panchabhuti
	03055300	Gerada
	03067800	Kumunda
	03066100	Nada
	03049400	Badagunduri Badi
	03054300	Garuda Pathara
	03053700	Tarasingi
	03061600	Kaduamangarajpur
31-40		
	03052100	Kalingapadar
	03065700	Dhodapalli
	03067700	Tamanada
	03061400	Jhadasahi
	03058900	Patrapalli
	03062100	Dungapalli
	03059600	Pratapur
	03050600	Khajuripalli
	03065200	Kumundi
	03053800	Kirapalli
	03067600	Kadapada
	03065600	Ranibhumi
	03052000	Masabadi
	03061700	Jodabandha
	03059900	Burapalli
41-50		
	03054200	Baradanda
	03052300	Kokalaba
	03050200	Rudhapadar
	03068400	Karadapalli
	03062800	Talaponka
	03057600	Haridapadar
	03083500	Belakiari
	03049800	Bhogara
	03058800	Gothalunda
51-75		
	03050800	Gayaganda
	03061900	Pankalasahi
	03061100	Khairanati
	03063700	Chelakhai
	03056300	Pochalundi
	03059500	Ataraipalli
	03060100	Landeihill
76 and above		
	03061200	Sugumu
	03060600	Singipur
	03056000	Patharateka

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03060800	Ganiapalli
	03061300	Beguniadiha
	03063000	Pantiama
Name of CD Block: Buguda		
Less than 5		
	03097700	Sadasibapur
	03093500	Bellapada
	03097300	Arakhapur
	03075000	Kuanala
	03065000	Belaguma
	03097100	Kanchura
5-10		
	03098000	Kalamba
	03096300	Ashramkaradabadi
	03093400	Pratapdhanurjayapur
	03073800	Ramanda
	03073900	Solandi
	03096600	Ramagada
	03075300	Kusapalli
	03074800	Bhamasiali
11-20		
	03092800	Kandhapatharapalli
	03096500	Bishnuchakra
	03097600	Sunakera
	03093700	Banapalli
	03093100	Kanasuka
	03096900	Antarapada
	03072000	Dadarakhola
	03072100	B.Karadabadi
	03096400	Pochalundi
	03092900	Gaudiabarada
	03069200	Singipur
	03068600	Karachuli
	03097500	Ekadala
	03098100	Kadapada
	03071300	Golabandha
	03071500	Sankuru
	03097000	Manikyapur
	03067900	Manitara
	03093200	Bethiabarada
	03068500	Nuapalli
	03097400	Mahulapali
	03072500	Bhagabanpur
	03097800	Ballipadar
	03072400	Panikeshar
	03075200	Golia
	03075400	Chirikipada
	03071400	Chillikhama
	03096700	Ghodapada
	03071600	Pankalasahi
21-30		
	03093000	Gudipalli
	03074300	Kholakhali
	03074400	Bellapur
	03075100	Satrusola
	03093300	Talasakara
	03073600	Betarsingi
	03069700	Nagudu
	03073500	Adipur
	03074600	Pankalabadi
	03069900	Gholapur
	03069000	Bhabasara
	03071800	Biranchipur
	03074500	Pangidi
	03073400	Katakala
	03068200	Kandarai
	03072300	Takarada
	03093800	Sorada
	03097200	Jholari
	03069800	Kanakujaru
	03071100	Mottabadi
	03074700	Tikarapada
	03064600	Karasingi
	03073300	Kailashanagar
	03074200	Burujhola
31-40		
	03096800	Kandhachandanapedi
	03069400	Matajhari
	03069600	Bhogoda
	03068700	Jeak

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03072200	Tabhapalli
	03074900	Chadiapalli
	03072600	Dengabadi
	03068000	Tambiri
	03074100	Dakarabadi
41-50		
	03068300	Makarapalli
	03064900	Samalai
51-75		
	03069500	Nimapalli
	03068800	Udayapur
	03069300	Saradhapur
76 and above		
	03064700	Rabagada
	03074000	Thanapalli
	03071200	Nagiri
	03068100	Digi
Name of CD Block: Bellaguntha		
Less than 5		
	03092200	Biripur
	03095700	Badasadara
	03092000	Bhitaradodanga
	03083700	Barampur
	03083800	Kebiripalli
	03089800	Madhabarida
	03091600	Luni Padasasan
5-10		
	03095900	Indanapur
	03087000	Baladi
	03092600	Mangalapur
	03094400	Ambadoli
	03088800	Chadhiapalli
	03084000	Dhumchai
	03091100	Sanaborasingi
	03086800	Kusapalli
	03093600	Bellapunji
	03087800	Kokalunda
	03070900	Tikarapada
	03088400	Gajendraekatala
	03083900	Tanarada
	03086900	Patulisahi
	03089900	Benipalli
	03094300	Pailipada
	03094100	Barata
	03095800	Khairaputti
11-20		
	03095400	Bori
	03090500	Balibhaga
	03094500	Kshatriyabarapur
	03094700	Palakasandha
	03086400	Sirikoi
	03089200	Girisola
	03091000	Badaborasingi
	03091400	Prataplaxmanpur
	03089100	Patharapalli
	03092700	Gothali
	03095300	Kumundi
	03087700	Sutumusara
	03091300	Kaliaguda
	03094600	Nuapalaksandha
	03086600	Badapada
	03087200	Kurulai
	03094000	Dahimundali
	03089300	Bijaylaxmisaranpur
	03093900	Nuagada
	03071000	Boripadar
	03091500	Biralaxmanpur
	03089700	Netanga
	03088900	Mandara
	03089000	Jiroli
	03087100	Rattangi
	03091900	Badadodanga
	03095600	Gangapur
	03090300	Barapalli
	03091800	Binchana
	03091200	Bankanedi
	03090200	Gobara
	03086700	Inginathi
	03095200	Binjhagiri
	03084100	Nuagam

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03087300	Banatumba
	03090700	Basudebpur
	03092400	Suramani
21-30		
	03092500	Jatrasuni
	03090100	Dengapadar
	03094200	Dhanapunja
	03083600	Saranuapalli
	03092300	Banka
	03095500	Sanasadara
	03089500	Jiliba
	03084200	Dhimiripalli
	03090600	Sadangipalli
	03087500	Thengadhar
	03087600	Sodangi
	03086500	Luduludi
	03090800	Maraipatta
	03090900	Gunthapalaba
	03083100	Mahulia
	03090000	Origada
	03088700	Ambapua
31-40		
	03087400	Khajuripalli
	03083200	Kantadora
	03088500	Gajendra
41-50		
	03087900	Udhura
51-75		
	03091700	Raipada
	03092100	Chhatabara
76 and above		
	03088600	Bajragada
Name of CD Block: Surada		
Less than 5		
	03111400	Petagadu
	03126100	Dhanapur
	03107000	Ramanabadi
	03119100	Badagochha
	03115100	Kaithaguda
	03105800	Dabiki
	03104800	Belapanka
	03117900	Nandapur
	03123900	Raibandha
	03126000	Maniakati
	03111300	Bahukapalli
	03117100	Adipanka
	03120000	Merikote
5-10		
	03121400	Hinjalakuda
	03113300	Baghalingi
	03105000	Jatrama
	03112100	Haripur
	03123500	Sandhikendu
	03107700	Genja
	03127100	Gopalpur
	03104400	Nuapada
	03131900	Gojiakhamana
	03094800	Palasapalli
	03123700	Surekhadeipur
	03109800	Gochha(P)
	03134000	Balipadar
	03111700	Muliapalli
	03108700	Gunduribadi
	03124200	Saranauti
	03116800	Baimela
	03126300	Gokulapur
	03133700	Goudagotha
	03111600	Hatigada
11-20		
	03114000	Sanabadangi
	03130200	Dhaugam
	03110700	Dhepapalli
	03112900	Bhaliagochha
	03128200	Kandhakalakhadi
	03112400	Palakatu
	03122100	Ora
	03127700	Padmapur
	03112800	Lathipada
	03114900	Renti
	03108300	Dhobadi

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03124800	Borada
	03114800	Barapadhani
	03130300	Gangapur
	03095000	Makarapalli
	03122400	Kandhagochha
	03122000	Sarabadi
	03108500	B.Kotibadi
	03127600	Singipur
	03127900	Sidhapur
	03115300	Ballighai
	03115200	Amrutulu
	03124400	Arakhadiha
	03130400	Batasasan
	03094900	Kullangi
	03123600	Tentulikhunti
	03113000	Tatabali
	03107600	Peruju
	03113200	Borasingi
	03109400	Bhagabanpur
21-30		
	03118500	Banapur
	03123800	Patrapur
	03114200	Melakundasandhi
	03124300	Chhapuli
	03127000	Nuagam
	03130800	Badagada
	03113500	Hukuma
	03116000	Nuagada
	03114400	S.Pipalapanka
	03111500	Jhuntiapalli
	03110800	Mayangi
	03109100	Asurabandha
	03115600	Khariguda
	03124500	Lokamari
	03095100	Siarimala
	03106600	Gazalbadi
	03124700	Gadachikili
	03109700	Chancharapalli
	03113800	Badabadangi
	03112000	Sorisabili
	03109600	Dullada
	03123400	Lembhakumpa
	03112300	Gopalpursasan
	03115900	Kesara
	03107300	Pipalapanka
	03125300	Tikanagar
31-40		
	03107400	Ganjana
	03109000	Gobindapur
	03108400	Sundhidihapalli
	03115700	Gundiribadi
	03126200	Khariguda
	03109900	Taladantalingi
	03121200	Srirampalli
	03106400	Nahaganda
	03114600	Saranauti
	03118600	Talaostapada
	03111900	Jayasingi
	03124100	Kusunagadia
	03131400	Binjhagiri
	03121600	Takarada
	03128000	Gobaralundi
	03110000	Sanakharikotti
	03118800	Kumbharajholi
	03126800	Hatikhal
	03115400	Buguda
	03111800	Sanasurada
	03105900	Gochha
	03127200	Ekalapur
41-50		
	03113400	Gundibira
	03115800	Suramani
	03113700	Belapanu
	03108900	Maniakati
	03113100	Suradareservoir
	03121500	Rajapur
	03118400	Dalapatinagar
	03109500	Rumapalli
51-75		
	03112700	Kadalijhola

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03130900	Khajuripalli
	03107800	Bandhagochha
	03132000	Talapatama
	03114700	Dhepaguda
	03126700	Kandhaborada
	03120200	Barabharania
	03120500	Sunakhandi
	03112600	Bibhutia
	03121900	Chakunda R.V.P
	03106100	Kalama
76 and above		
	03113600	Madhuapalli
	03120400	Ranapalli
	03109200	Murgapalli
	03111000	Bhaliapada
	03108800	Kathagada
	03130600	Jokia
	03114100	Kusapalli
	03124600	Kaithapalli
	03127800	Ratnapur
	03128500	Dhimiripankala
	03130700	Nuapalli
Name of CD Block: Dharakote		
Less than 5		
	03135000	Kanheipur
	03129300	Kusaguma
	03103900	Jharapari
	03128700	Sundhipalli
	03159400	Sunamoti
	03155200	Ghasibilli
	03129600	Jaganathapur
	03137500	Jalli
	03142300	Patasala
	03149700	Chancharapalli
	03141200	Padmanabhapur
	03155900	Kaithada Ramachandrapur
	03140400	Fatachanchara
	03103300	Badulapalli
	03149200	Gadadamodarapalli
	03130100	Kasai
	03157400	Podiadamodarpalli
	03156900	Baharaguda
	03103100	Badula
	03150700	Syamaghanapur
5-10		
	03129800	Padmapur
	03155100	Askadamodarpalli
	03139600	Machhakote
	03140900	Badapur
	03139900	Karatali
	03156000	Kusaraba
	03101800	Bhaliapalli
	03099600	Kandhakaithapalli
	03138500	Durgamadhabpur
	03153200	Saradhapur
	03135900	Kadhakendupalli
	03144700	Jahada
	03102500	Panibandha
	03122900	Pratapur
	03101500	Kalasuta
	03103500	Kharigudapanchusinghpur
11-20		
	03139700	Gambhariguda
	03155500	Pankalabadi
	03152700	Sundarapalli
	03136100	Baharapur
	03102000	Jhadabandha
	03102300	Kaluku
	03140300	Mangalapur
	03149100	Nandighara
	03149800	Dharakot
	03102800	Thuruthura
	03148900	Jagamohan
	03140200	Maradi
	03129200	Bethuar
	03155600	Govt.Dhaugan
	03129700	Kanagiridi
	03150400	Mundamarai
	03103700	Mahulapalli
	03122600	Khariguma

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03142500	Tanarjipalli
	03138300	Lengama
	03122800	Haripur
	03156800	Dhaugan
	03099100	Digi
	03099700	Singipur
	03144400	Baradaballi
	03157300	Kamasasan
	03136800	Gopalapur
	03144900	Putu
21-30		
	03137600	Usta
	03156100	Bariguda
	03137300	Kathagada
	03153400	Sunapali
	03129400	Dakibaja
	03142200	Saba
	03141800	Abhayapur
	03153100	Hirakhandi
	03136000	Kendupalli
	03150500	Tilatamadeipur
	03135800	Olamba
	03129100	Adibandha
	03140000	Manikyapur
	03148800	Jagamohanpaitari
	03136700	Madhapur
	03136200	Sarapada
	03104000	Kesapursasan
	03141000	Belapada
	03099400	Pattapur
	03142600	Nakatiri
	03155700	Kararajendrapur
	03141900	Mardakote
	03123000	Rampur
31-40		
	03140100	Mentibaunsa
	03135500	Bakharakata
	03138400	Dhaupada
	03144800	Janibilli
	03135300	Jagannathpur
	03153500	Lakhmipur
	03135200	Balarampur
	03145100	Gobardhanpur Nuapalli
	03129900	Rugumu
	03122500	Narayanpur
41-50		
	03102900	Latapalli
	03099500	Koithada
	03144500	Khairapalli
51-75		
	03150200	Kaithada Ramchandrapur
	03129500	Barakoliguma
	03149400	Khamarapaitari
	03103000	Masanibhaga
	03137400	Haripriyapur
	03150300	Narayanpursasan
	03149900	Kapilash
	03149300	Talapatna
76 and above		
	03153000	Khairaputti
	03101900	Machakhayihill
	03149600	Palaupalli
	03102700	Gombharia
	03137200	Khairapalli
Name of CD Block: Asika		
Less than 5		
	03145400	Sahaspur
	03148600	Nabaratnapur
	03151500	Dhunkuni
	03150600	Gangapur Alias Purusotampur
	03148400	Dantaribagada
	03145600	Golabandapalli
	03159900	Samaiguda
	03098500	Chatula
5-10		
	03159100	Nuagan
	03147200	Santarapur
	03157800	Kornoli
	03098700	Malati
	03159800	Simakhai

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03147900	Bhetanai
	03148200	Gunthapada
	03150900	Balichai
	03153900	Tumbathengapalli
	03158000	Charamaria
	03098400	Kendupadara
	03152600	Mangalapur
	03152400	Mamudiha
	03101200	Khadaravali
11-20		
	03151400	Kharia
	03147000	Danchandanpedhi
	03154900	Narasinghapalli
	03154300	Kotinada
	03159000	Khandadeuali
	03158600	Kendupadara
	03096000	Singipur
	03151700	Babanapur
	03151000	Rishipur
	03154600	Magura
	03157700	Nalabanta
	03152000	Kotibadi
	03146000	Balisira
	03098300	Nahada
	03150800	Khariguda Rajendrapur
	03157900	Khadabhaga
	03154200	Ghatakuri
	03098200	Gahangu
	03100900	Nimina
	03098600	Munigadi
	03146900	Phappalapur
	03158500	Mantapada
	03145700	Sumantapalli
	03146700	Nuapalli
	03158300	Venkatraipalli
	03151200	Sandhinuapalli
	03096200	Khukundia
	03101000	Benapata
	03101100	Rankuda
	03147600	Sunapalli
	03154700	Jayapur
21-30		
	03151800	Alipur
	03152500	Phulasarapali
	03154500	Dhobapalli
	03146600	Dhanija
	03154000	Karatali
	03147100	Sanakholi
	03145900	Sapuapalli
	03152200	Nirala
	03154100	Baragan
	03151600	Nuababanpur
	03155000	Kalasandhapur
	03147300	Badakholli
	03152300	Debabhumi
	03146800	Asuraipalli
	03147400	Bhejiput
	03148000	Sidhanai
	03146400	Badagada
	03146200	Kamagada
	03146500	Bhetanai
	03154400	Kumbhari
	03104200	Landajuali
	03148100	Gobanala
	03151300	Sahapur
	03153700	Chadheyapalli
	03153600	Khandadeuli
31-40		
	03096100	Banthapalli
	03151900	Karpuranuagam
	03158400	Haradapadar
	03158200	Tarasingi
	03157100	Goudagotha
	03148700	Bhaliapalli
	03147500	Pandiapathara
	03154800	Padhala
	03147700	Narayanpur
41-50		
	03157600	Pataliguda
	03151100	Gadagadahill

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03148300	Khandabandha
	03153800	Jaganathpalli
76 and above		
	03152100	Pathara
	03147800	Bajrakote
	03146100	Baghuapalli
	03158100	Agraharamnarayanpur
Name of CD Block: Kavisurjyanagar		
Less than 5		
	03178700	Golamundala
	03180100	Pithapur
	03181900	Baksipalli
	03177800	Badachadhiapada
	03173500	Kaniari
	03177200	Baunsia
	03182100	Belapur
	03178900	Sundariapada
	03180600	Muktamalachampatipur
	03179000	Sanachadhiapada
	03173900	Mathatentulia
	03178300	Borasingi
5-10		
	03183300	Mohanapalli
	03180500	Patharapalli
	03178600	Ambapua
	03173700	Magurapunja
	03174200	Osingi
	03178800	Pathara
	03182300	Sadabartanuagan
	03177400	Banapali
	03161400	Nutanaramasabagada
	03181400	Khajapalli
	03180000	Badaagula
	03179400	Syalia
11-20		
	03179300	Inamadegapadara
	03177500	Gunthapada
	03173200	Nachunibadi
	03180700	Duarabagada
	03177900	Barida
	03179100	Nandiagada
	03173600	Subalaya
	03182500	Baliasara
	03179500	Rampudi
	03179600	Kandhakharida
	03174100	Nimundia
	03176600	Gudiapalli
	03178500	Baliapalli
	03183000	Bhetasingi
	03182000	Gudiali
	03180800	Deogam
	03179200	Hindola
	03182400	Sandhamara
	03182700	Sunarijhola
	03183500	Jarada
	03177300	Asinipur
	03178400	Ekadasi
	03182600	Bolasara
	03173400	Santarpalli
	03174000	S.J.Govindapur
	03180400	Athagadapatna
21-30		
	03161800	Karangabelabania
	03177600	Paikajamuna
	03176500	Budhamba
	03177000	Nuapalli
	03161100	Loharadhepagundirijhola
	03180200	Sunapalli
31-40		
	03177100	Arjunapalli
	03181600	Badamahuri
	03183400	Sanamuktamalajemadeipur
41-50		
	03181500	Khairapalli
	03179700	Gangapur
51-75		
	03161300	Ramasananarayanapur
76 and above		
	03161200	Risipur
	03182200	Sanapankalabadi

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03181800	Inam Taliamapalli
	03173300	Madhurajholli
	03178000	Dwanapalli
	03178100	Kusapalli
	03179900	Raghunathpalli
Name of CD Block: Polasara		
Less than 5		
	03175500	Ustapada
	03175300	Saradhapur
	03186500	Nuniapada
	03192400	Biripur
	03201400	Khaparaganda
	03172400	Chandramadeipur
	03176900	Mardarajpur
	03174500	Karatali
	03194800	Khairachata
	03174900	Rukakana
	03201900	Manasila
	03200700	Laxmanapalli
	03172900	Dungari
	03176000	Kumbharigadia (Muktadeipur)
	03174700	Kalamba
	03172300	Hatiota
5-10		
	03201700	Baghadimadhusudanpur
	03186400	Badamalabhaliamala
	03174300	Ghodapalankaranjara
	03200500	Sunaribuguda
	03174800	Chadhiapadakrushnadaspur
	03174600	Jenapur
	03173800	Balichai
	03193800	Hansaralli
	03201800	Dimiria
	03175200	Kankarada
	03186000	Randi
	03175000	Jakara
	03184900	Hatipadapalli
	03201000	Banaraghunathapur
	03172000	Khanduru
	03201600	Bartini
	03187200	Gochhabadi
	03200200	Bileijhari
11-20		
	03188500	Badataila
	03172100	Jhitikabadi
	03193900	Tentulia
	03201200	Mandara
	03194100	Badapankalabadi
	03185600	Chirikipadasasan
	03171500	Sodaka
	03174400	Dhoyakana
	03172800	Batakhalli
	03200400	Madhupalli
	03194200	Dhunkapada
	03194900	Nimina
	03187000	Ichhapur
	03185500	Biripur
	03171400	Biraraghunathpur
	03200800	Budheisuni
	03194400	Kendubadi
	03175100	Jagiridengapadar
	03185100	Kanachai
	03187300	Pandiripada
	03201500	Rumagada
	03185700	Bhabarada
	03200300	Jilunda
21-30		
	03176800	Mathura
	03171900	Kuananda
	03172600	Jemadeipur
	03200900	Belagan
	03172500	Gokulapalli
	03187700	Patalasingi
	03186200	Borasingi
	03186600	Jokabandha
	03200600	Hirapalli
	03194300	Gareijhuli
	03201300	Malatibadi
31-40		
	03194700	Sanabaragam

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03193700	Khajuria
	03194000	Narasingapalli
41-50		
	03194500	Chandiramachandrapur
	03193500	Khaikhatanuasahi
51-75		
	03189000	Kanjiama
	03194600	Banaramachandrapur
	03185300	Kaniapalli
	03175600	Banthapalli
	03185800	Jagapalli
	03192800	Khaikhata
	03186300	Khumula
76 and above		
	03188800	Raipada
	03188000	Pantiama
	03186700	Nuapalli
	03176300	Hatibadi
	03188700	Jhikiri
	03185200	Baudiapalli
	03171600	Madarangapalli
	03172700	Hanumattatangiri
	03186900	Rugudipalli
	03192100	Patalasingi Forest
	03192700	Chhakeipalli
	03192900	Tiribiri
Name of CD Block: Beguniapada		
Less than 5		
	03203900	Tambuda
	03205900	Boreibana
	03191000	Rahada
	03198700	Saurapalli
	03208700	Birajagannathpur
	03207300	Ramapalli
	03189400	Kumaripari
	03200000	Padapada
	03199000	Khandipadanuapalli
	03207400	Jogiagula
	03190900	Nuagada
	03191100	Hansatoli
	03195400	Paikapada
	03208300	Kantapada
	03210900	Dhanurjayapur
	03210700	Digapadajaganathapur
	03209400	Mirigilendi
	03206200	Chingudikhola
	03208800	Kalamulmardarajpur
5-10		
	03211200	Santarapur
	03196500	Salabana
	03209000	Biribatia
	03208600	Genjarapalli
	03206700	Nimina
	03211300	Phasi
	03196100	Bhabinipur
	03198800	Badakhairakhama
	03210000	Satanala
	03199800	Binchha
	03205700	Mardamekha
11-20		
	03196900	Khasua
	03207500	Kalimeghi
	03210300	Badaakhapalli
	03197500	Kaniaribadi
	03208400	Beguniapada
	03207900	Jagilipadara
	03198500	Padmapurnuagam
	03196300	Gopalpur
	03196400	Talasara
	03206000	Ustali
	03208900	Tirida
	03206800	Barida
	03210500	Chhachinajaganathapur
	03197700	Sumandala
	03198900	Gunjabala
	03207000	Odanai
	03209600	Khandianai
	03195900	Haripur
	03210600	Dhamanakholamadhusudanpur
	03207600	Chakundajhola

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03202700	Nundula
	03207800	Kandharanipada
	03207100	Mardakote
	03198600	Burujhuri
	03209700	Jagati
	03199100	Thuamula
	03209300	Tiridabanjara
	03210400	Mathasarasingi
	03204400	Chandanpur
	03206400	Maguranichanchara
	03197800	Bhaliajhara
	03207700	Sanaustapada
	03210800	Neulisrinibasapur
	03197100	Lachipur
	03202900	Ragapur
21-30		
	03205800	Ghodapada
	03190800	Shandhamula
	03197200	Sankuda
	03197400	Dwarasuni
	03203000	Belapada
	03208100	Beruhanbadi
	03160700	Rengitipalli
	03206500	Ambathapalli
	03204100	Ujalapalli
31-40		
	03210100	Salabana
	03190200	Panasadiha
	03189900	Angargan
	03199200	Sardhapur
	03211500	Lathuliraghunathpur
	03198300	Baniabadi
41-50		
	03210200	Mathaberhampur
	03189300	Malabelapada
	03208500	Deuliapada
	03204000	Saurachachina
	03190300	Kumbharagan
51-75		
	03190700	Bariahetta
	03191400	Talagan
	03189200	Beguniadihi
	03211600	Bilipada
76 and above		
	03204600	Tentuliapalli
	03191500	Sidhapalli
	03176200	Nityanandapalli
	03191300	Nakuachhachina
	03191600	Burupada
	03196000	Khidingi
	03190500	Sankhabhomi
	03204200	Totapada
	03191700	Kesaripur
	03196200	Bhaliapada
	03202000	Luhakot
	03202600	Singadapalli
	03202800	Palasapalli
	03205400	Japata
	03211700	Bhodua
	03220000	Baurinuapalli
Name of CD Block: Khalikote		
Less than 5		
	03216900	Manikapur
	03223300	Panditagaon
	03222000	Bhakutidiha
	03213100	Bolamala Panchakania
	03223500	Gurapalli
	03220500	Sidhapalli
	03213600	Bolamalaghodapada
	03224200	Phasidi
	03217100	Bagalpur
	03165400	Bilaspur
	03218000	Patharakata
	03220900	Tulasipur
	03215800	Aitipur
	03218800	Bhejiput
	03219900	Kendupata
	03218200	Bhakutugam
	03223200	Longharasrikrushnasaranpur
	03217500	Parinuagam

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03222100	Chandipithachandanpur
	03223400	Singadapalli
	03214400	Raipada
	03225800	Nutanberhampur
	03215900	Ustapada
	03226400	Bhatapada
	03221900	Bhadi Nuapalli
	03224700	Haridamula
	03219300	Patanakanheipur
	03214600	Badakhetabijayakrushnasaran
	03221800	Barapadar
	03230100	Kanaka
	03217200	Kaithada
5-10		
	03219600	Kairasi
	03223900	Odiaalapur
	03217000	Maheswarpur
	03226700	Naikanipalli
	03214300	Khojapalli
	03165000	Chandapur
	03216000	Biripur
	03231100	Raghunathapur
	03226500	Ranipada
	03225500	Bharasa Nuapalli
	03164500	Chellu
	03227100	Talapada
11-20		
	03229600	Nikarada
	03214200	Malakhojapalli
	03221600	Kusadhipabirinalinakhyapur
	03226200	Pustapur
	03218100	Telidiha
	03228700	Guhariapata
	03216700	Bhikapada
	03227400	Bania
	03233000	Mukundapur
	03217900	Nagardihapatna
	03225400	Gadakasta-A
	03229500	Pananuagaon
	03228200	Dauner
	03229300	Paladhuapalli
	03219700	Manapalli
	03225900	Mathura
	03222500	Bikrmpur
	03227300	Chikili
	03226300	Kanchana
	03164700	Langalaghai
	03212100	Talarampalli
	03226800	Ambajharanuapalli
	03211400	Danapur
	03222600	Purunabedha
21-30		
	03164600	Langalaghai Alias
	03211900	Dengapadar
	03218700	Kamaladeipur
	03212400	Beguniapada (B)
	03223600	Uparbalantar
	03220800	Nutan Atikapadi
	03222900	Kandigam
	03231800	Sabilia
	03233200	Kumanda
	03222200	Birakrushanasaranpur
	03222700	Sakharpoibanjar
	03228000	Brajarajpur
	03212300	Barasara
31-40		
	03227500	Kharinipada
	03227200	Gopapur
	03225700	Solabandha
	03226900	Santabandha
	03219000	Lochapada
	03232000	Bahadapalli
	03162500	Deulapalli
	03218900	Langaleswar
41-50		
	03225600	Bharasa
	03223700	Uparabalan Tarakhara
51-75		
	03164400	Sanamadhapur
	03224400	Kesapur

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03224600	Gopakuda
	03231200	Gudijhara
	03164100	Chandapura Alias Chandanpur
76 and above		
	03233400	Badarampalli
	03223800	Pathar
	03230700	Kalanjipalli
	03231500	Nuapalli
	03164200	Karanjhara
	03232200	Jagannathapatna
	03230400	Chelikuda
	03230300	Kumbhidhepa
	03230200	Pitagadia
	03232400	Badapalli
	03227600	Dutianuapalli
	03231000	Jharapalli
	03219400	Thekuapalli
	03231400	Medipur
	03231600	Balipur
	03231700	Babala
	03229900	Samalnasi
	03232100	Ambathapalli
	03231900	Baurigandapalli
	03216600	Paladhuapalli
	03220300	Haripur
	03221000	Kadalibasanta
	03224800	Kathagara
	03225000	Phulajhara
	03227800	Patrapur
	03230000	Dhakabali
	03233100	Patrapur
Name of CD Block: Ganjam		
Less than 5		
	03242100	Kantiagada
	03241700	Lunguri
	03242300	Sipakuda
	03247000	Jharapadar
	03243700	Raulibandha
	03240600	Raghunathpur
	03238200	Lauput
	03244300	Barada
	03236000	Patapur
	03247100	Jaganathapur
	03237600	Benigohiri
	03237100	Khandadeuli
	03235500	Panasadhiha
	03238400	Kujidhipa
	03240700	Padagadajhatipadar
	03243900	Malada
5-10		
	03237200	Kartikadhi
	03236100	Khandadiuli
	03236800	Kaluabadia Alias
	03236300	Kainchapur
	03246400	Rajapur
	03246600	Karapada
	03240300	Kantapadamathamukundpur
	03246900	Kalyanpur
	03244100	Sribena
	03233500	Badachokada
11-20		
	03240400	Subalaya
	03240900	Belapada
	03241400	Panibandha
	03243400	Humuridharamashranapur
	03236500	Badaramachandrapur
	03246700	Aliabada
	03238100	Sanagopalapur
	03246500	Kanchara
	03239800	Prayagi
	03241100	Humma
21-30		
	03236400	Poirasi
	03239100	Sanaramchandrapur
	03235900	Birudigada
	03233600	Nuapalli
	03237700	Kusapalli
	03234100	Palanga
	03241200	Borigam
	03247200	Pallibandha

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
31-40		
	03247700	Niladripur
	03243500	Khatiaramachandrapur
	03233700	Balarampur
	03238500	Satuli
	03237800	Santoshpur
	03233800	Bagalpur
41-50		
	03235100	Madhuruchua
	03243800	Bahalapur
	03232800	Phulajhara
	03246800	Kainchapur
	03236600	Tarenipalli
	03240100	Kalapur
51-75		
	03240000	Palurgada
	03241000	Satrusola
	03237000	Barapalli
76 and above		
	03234500	Kanakhai
	03236900	Bhuanbhuin
	03232900	Ambillijhara
	03238600	Ranibara
	03234300	Nimasula
	03232600	Sunakera
	03232700	Jatiakhola
	03237500	Balasinghapalli
	03238700	Bahadapalli
	03239400	Binchanapalli
	03239700	Bhramarakudi
Name of CD Block: Purusottampur		
Less than 5		
	03170800	Nimapalli
	03183200	Santarpur
	03171300	Paliama
	03163100	Babarapur
5-10		
	03160800	Bhejiput
	03163200	Patanapalli Alias Brundaban
	03168900	Jaganathapalli
	03170300	Sasanpalli
	03170000	Kusapur
	03163000	Karandapalli
	03182900	Ambilapalli
	03353900	Kalidaspur
	03163900	Beluabijebalunikeswarapur
	03183100	Tankachhai
	03184500	Bada Muktamala Jemadeipur
	03168600	Pincholi
	03183800	Kharidaber Jaganathpur
11-20		
	03170200	Solaghara
	03183900	Adheibaragan
	03169500	Khajipalli
	03162200	Sama
	03170600	Gopinathapur
	03184700	Morabai
	03168100	Gangadahani
	03170400	Enkataraypur
	03245200	Padmabati
	03171200	Sunadhara
	03184100	Jhadabai
	03181700	Santararatnapalli
	03165800	Mulakumari
	03169000	Narasingpur
	03165900	Chadhiapalli
	03167500	Jamuni
	03169900	Hindula
	03161900	Arakhapur
	03167300	Pandia
	03184200	Jhadabandha
21-30		
	03167100	Chhatamundali
	03354000	Antrigam
	03184800	Amuniagobindapur
	03170500	Damodarpur
	03167000	Kolasingi
	03170700	Baghala
	03170900	Bhatakumarada
	03169300	Handighara

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03160900	Chingudighai
	03166800	Hundata
	03168500	Kusalapalli
	03166900	Bhimpur
	03183700	Badakarida
	03162000	Sikula
	03170100	Angu
	03184300	Mahachhai
	03163500	Raghunathpalli
	03184400	Ganganapur
	03166700	Hattapur
	03183600	Banae
31-40		
	03184600	Changudipadaranuagam
	03168800	Jaganathpur
	03164000	Barabaragan
	03169600	Pratappur
	03167200	Pandarakholli
	03163400	Sarasingi(Vuttasarasingi)
	03162300	Singipur
	03162700	Barapalli
	03166000	Mendhapalli
	03166300	Keshapur
	03161700	Balakrushnapur
	03163800	Inamtentulia
	03169400	Jaleswarkhandi
41-50		
	03167400	Burutulu
	03182800	Gunduribadi
	03165500	Gothiali
	03166200	Anchuli
	03163600	Dasiamaripalli
	03184000	Gopapur
	03162900	Ranigam
	03165700	Belua
	03162800	Kusapatta
	03169800	Aladigan
51-75		
	03161600	Rajpur
	03165200	Kamanalinakhyapur
	03169200	Gobindapur
	03162600	Khatadi
	03166600	Ranajhali
	03165100	Balia
	03163300	Baksipalli
	03169100	Raipur
	03166400	Makundapur
76 and above		
	03166100	Hindulapalli
	03163700	Kaithada
Name of CD Block: Hinjilicut		
Less than 5		
	03167600	Dayanidhipur
	03354100	Allapur
5-10		
	03354300	Ralabha
	03354200	Giria
	03354400	Sikiri
	03168300	Hantash
11-20		
	03357100	Nimigan
	03358300	Mahanapalli
	03357200	Daripadar
	03339900	Singipur
	03358100	Kantaikoli
	03356400	Makarajhola
	03358500	Durbandha
	03356800	Sasan Ambagam
	03356600	Saru
	03168400	Sahapur
	03171000	Sikharapur
	03353400	Burupada
	03167900	Balakrishnapur
21-30		
	03357900	Gopinathpur
	03357800	Badakhandi
	03357700	Samarajhola
	03353800	Kharida
	03353700	Chanduli
	03357400	Punarkhandi

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03167800	Nandika
	03354600	Sampur
	03168200	Dhobadi
	03358400	Godarapalli
	03357000	Belagan
	03358200	Kanchuru
	03356300	Venkata Rayapalli
	03255500	Pallipadmanavapur
	03358600	Palasi
	03357500	Saradhapur
	03353500	Khandara
	03356900	Badiambagam
31-40		
	03353300	Pudingi
	03358700	Gandala
	03171100	Bhabandha
	03168000	Putiapadar
	03358000	Chaitanapada
	03356100	Balarampur
	03356700	Nuasaru
41-50		
	03357300	Sapuapalli
	03167700	Digapada
	03358800	Sikulipalli
	03359600	Dayapalli
	03354500	Ramachandrapur
51-75		
	03356500	Pochilima
	03356200	Buguda
76 and above		
	03357600	Kaithakhandi
Name of CD Block: Seragad		
Less than 5		
	03336600	Asokapur
	03159300	Khamara
	03334800	Dhinkisala
	03338600	Ramakrishnapur
	03336700	Lanjiapalli
	03339100	Brahmahatya
	03159700	G.Nuapalli
	03144300	Bhetasingi
	03160500	Pakidi
	03339000	Krushna Chhai
	03336100	Narendrapur
	03139000	Sindhaguda
	03338700	Andirasingi
5-10		
	03335900	Nuapalli
	03143800	Kumarpani
	03353100	Santoshpur
	03334100	Badagarh
	03336900	Dhabalpur
	03336400	Subalayapalli
	03336500	Sunantara
	03255400	Alarigada
	03141300	Paramanandapur
	03340000	Gothagam
	03334500	Sagarapalli
	03340100	Kanabhaga
	03144000	Patapabuli
	03354900	Thuruburai
	03334700	Kerikerijhola
	03352900	Brahmanachai
	03139200	Chasamahuli
	03156500	Hadichira
	03144100	Bijaya Raghunathpur
	03337000	Takarada
11-20		
	03340600	Khairabethi
	03336200	Patharapunji
	03335100	Kandhanuagada
	03339400	Gobindapur
	03335500	Kirtipur
	03139400	Gopapalli
	03334600	Chikili
	03141700	P.Karadakana
	03334300	Padmapur
	03334400	Bhusunda
	03143700	K.Karadakana
	03334200	Dasamundali

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03143500	Badalauguda
	03159500	Kulagada
	03338500	Krupasindhupur
	03159600	Patrapur
	03338800	Kamaladeipur
	03353000	Pitala
21-30		
	03341000	Bakilikona
	03333900	Harikrushnapur
	03340800	Baisipala
	03333800	Ramagiri
	03339500	Marudijaganathpur
	03333600	Sheragada
	03340300	Khaspa
	03334000	Lakshminrusinghapur
	03353200	Tahara
	03339200	Serankuda
	03340400	Kurula
	03336800	Sulusula
	03335800	Ramachandrapur
	03144200	Barasingi
	03337100	Kirtipur
31-40		
	03340700	Gangadharapur
	03339800	Punanda
	03338900	Kanchakhandi
	03339300	Dengapadar
	03336300	Dhanantara
	03136600	Chatabara
	03156600	Khirida
	03138900	Chikili
	03353600	Kanjiama
	03157000	Mahupadar
	03139100	Bandhaguda
	03340200	Baliarsingipur
	03141400	Barikote
41-50		
	03143900	Baramundali
	03356000	Laxmipur
	03141500	Raghunathpur

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
51-75		
	03354700	Mahirakana
	03335000	Chatradhepa
	03334900	Ambuabadi
76 and above		
	03160400	Gudisara
Name of CD Block: Sanakhemundi		
Less than 5		
	03352600	Tulasipadar
	03341200	Kaudia
	03342300	Jurasamantarapur
	03349300	Katapalli
	03341500	Ramachandrapur
	03332600	Khemundikhola
	03347700	Kalasandhapur
	03347800	Danaambatha
	03348700	Kansamari
	03355000	Amuniabaulghai
	03348500	Nuagada
	03346500	Basudevpur
	03355600	Balia
	03344400	Gokarnameri
	03355500	Penduralundi
	03341700	Dharmaraypur
	03348800	Dharmapur
	03338400	Srichandanapur
	03333100	Khariguda
5-10		
	03332300	Palukhola
	03346600	Gunasagar
	03346400	Erendra
	03345800	Gangapur
	03352300	Matiaborai
	03338300	Pallisamantarapur
	03351700	Kholodi
	03290400	Chhanameri
	03344200	Batagada
	03342700	Bhimanagar
	03346100	Radhadeipur
	03346000	Patapur

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03348900	Pudamari
	03348600	Singipur
	03341800	Bhaliajhola
	03332400	Belagada
	03337300	Padmanabhapur
	03290900	Tileswara
	03343900	Dhimiripalli
	03338200	Paikajaganathpur
11-20		
	03344900	Harina
	03337400	Satapentagopalpur
	03346800	Nistipur
	03345000	Bijayaadikandapur
	03291800	Chudangapur
	03351500	Bahadaguda
	03291900	Chakarapur
	03255300	Goutami
	03343800	Damapur
	03332200	Gobindapur
	03346300	Biswanathpur
	03355300	Patharapunji
	03343700	Dasaipur
	03346700	Khallingi
	03351200	Sundarapur
	03346200	Ostajaganathpur
	03351100	Baramundali
	03341100	Konkarada
	03342000	Sampadaraghunathpur
	03295500	Gumma
	03349000	Dolaba
	03341300	Dengadi
	03351900	Ambagam
	03342200	Jeura
	03290800	Badua
	03355800	Mohiguda
	03355400	Addapada
	03345500	Narasingagada
	03342900	Padmapur
	03343500	Rajanapalli
	03352000	Sahasapur
	03350900	Keshapur
	03337500	Pratapgiripentho
	03355200	Lenkakhali
	03290500	Moulabhanaja
	03355700	Kaithabeda
	03355900	Karakhandi
	03347200	Purusotamapur
	03341400	Kabatamunduli
	03290100	Dutiakhandadoli
	03340900	Gambhariguda
21-30		
	03343200	Buguda
	03345700	Nunilathi
	03342500	Kaduapolli
	03349200	Patiguda
	03333300	Gudiapatana
	03344600	Khairapadar
	03348000	Mahanala
	03347600	Jugudibalabhadrapur
	03350800	Brahmanapanka
	03347500	Kalarapadar
	03352700	Sipaiambatha
	03291000	Sundhipalli
	03295300	Amalaguda
	03349900	Rathapur
	03345900	Palaspur
	03352400	Bhuduki
	03342600	Pipiliguda
31-40		
	03351400	Manideipentha
	03348300	Khariguda Alis Sumantapur
	03344700	Sunakhandi
	03333400	Sunaripolli
	03347300	Deulapedi
	03344500	Pendurakhali
	03352100	Titikhandi
	03344300	Khandadeuli
41-50		
	03333500	Purunagada
	03351000	Kushapalli

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03344800	Gunduriguda
	03348200	Chintakhali
51-75		
	03343000	Brundabanpur
	03290600	Chanchadapalli
	03352200	Dwityadharmapur
	03344000	Samantarapur
76 and above		
	03341900	Biswanathpur
	03343600	Nuagam
	03351800	Baladhia
	03342400	Jayapur
	03343100	Manipur
	03347900	Maguraambatha
Name of CD Block: Digapahandi		
Less than 5		
	03292500	Khaspasamantarapur
	03292600	Sri Adikandapur
	03294600	Mangarajpur
	03291300	Nabarangapur
	03291400	Chanchadapalli
	03274000	Burabandha
	03351300	Tundura
	03284600	Gumma
	03304400	Krushnakrupamayapur
	03297400	Podabadi
	03292000	Patanda
	03293200	Jakarapalli
	03298200	Koithada
	03273400	Gobarabalasa
	03293900	Basudevpur
	03350600	Pharasibandha
	03273100	Raiguda
5-10		
	03270100	Palajhadi
	03303500	Madanmohanpur
	03298300	Chaitanyapur
	03280300	Dhanyarasi
	03275300	Mundapotta
	03292100	Kusapada
	03303700	Sumantapur
	03292900	Sindhukhandi
	03294000	Bajapalli
	03274400	Narayanpur
	03270000	Sahadebatikarapada
	03273700	Dhimirijholli
	03297000	Buripadar
	03295100	Bhusunda
	03302400	Sanadumula
	03284200	Choudhuritikarapada
	03293400	Dankari
	03281100	Goudagam
	03271900	Patrapada
	03296400	Bhramarapurpalli
	03296300	Nimakhandipentha
	03276300	Olagolanda
	03272700	Bamokoi
	03292800	Sidheswar
	03294500	Bijaypadmanabhapur
	03302200	Jharipadar
	03275400	Kumarada
11-20		
	03303100	Gunthapada
	03270700	Baiganabadipolli
	03304100	Brundabanapalli
	03282300	Kalingadala
	03298600	Turubudi
	03304800	Dhamanapadar
	03298400	Chhatramandir
	03272300	Manidhia
	03292300	Gokarnapur
	03294300	Narasinghapur
	03302300	Birapadmanabhapur
	03273600	Khamarigam
	03297700	Dwargam
	03294900	Bhimapur Sasan
	03293700	Gopalpur
	03303300	Bagada
	03284800	Bhramarapur
	03274700	Chudangapur

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03298500	Laxminarayanpur
	03298100	Odasinga
	03273000	Sindhukhali
	03281300	Banamali
	03294800	Padmanabhapurpentha
	03302600	Dasipur
	03275200	Jakara
	03290300	Phasiguda
	03290200	Bhishmagiri
	03303400	Chakipada
	03350700	Chakundapalli
	03350200	Babulibandha
	03297600	Chakatentuli
	03295400	Mathura
	03274600	Balijodi
	03271800	Samantarapur
	03303800	Karapada
	03275500	Khairapanka
	03293300	Ganeswarpur
	03293000	Kotinada
	03302500	Kandasara
	03292400	Kedarapur
	03285100	Bajragumma
	03270300	Sindhaba
	03297800	Jaganathapur
	03271200	Gaida
	03350400	Juanapalli
	03271600	Pentha
	03275100	Manikayapur
21-30		
	03304500	Badadumula
	03294700	Kamapadmanabhapur
	03293800	Chotaraipur
	03280400	Dhanyara Rasi Sasan
	03296200	Chasanimakhandi
	03295800	Jalameripalli
	03292700	Pitambarapursasana
	03302800	Kalyanpur
	03270800	Meghojholi
	03296800	Madhubana
	03285000	Samasingi
	03295900	Jakameri Palli
	03281700	Dauni
	03296500	Kaithakhandi
	03303000	Magurapada
	03292200	Anangapur
	03272800	Dekhali
	03298700	Ghodapolana
	03302700	Guhalapur
	03272400	Sebakatikarapada
	03297200	Talasingi
	03271700	Nunununia Laxminarayanpur
	03297100	Pendurabadi
	03296900	Golanda
	03272600	Birabarapalli
	03296100	Panada
	03295700	Dherendi
	03283800	Gadagovindapur
	03272900	Birapitambarpursasan
	03278600	Tentiapada
	03272200	Baritala
	03277200	Bijayalaxminarayanpur
	03295000	Nandagam
31-40		
	03351600	Bangarada
	03272500	Ballighai
	03270900	Kuruballi
	03291500	Rajapur
	03272100	Narendrapalli
	03291700	Ankorada
	03272000	Sankarakhalli
	03280200	Dabarasingi
	03275800	Uttaanangapur
	03271400	Damodarapur
41-50		
	03274800	Hatiadi
	03302900	Jhatipatia
	03304200	Jangama
	03281400	Lahunia

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
51-75		
	03294100	Khajuripalli
	03294400	Ramachandrapur
	03296600	Nuagada
	03294200	Padiapurusotamapur
	03273500	Bijayanagargada
	03298000	Bhimadebpur
	03275600	Banthamundali
76 and above		
	03273300	Burudanga
	03271500	Kandagam
	03284700	Bankapur
	03296700	Radhakantapur
Name of CD Block: Patrapur		
Less than 5		
	03325100	Ambagam
	03317100	Damodarpalli
	03324900	Khandadeuli
	03327400	Narasinghapur
	03322500	Chandibeda
	03324400	Daleswar
	03314600	Kampokumbhajhari
	03307300	Jhagadapalli
	03325500	G.Balarampur
	03316700	Amuniasaradhapur
	03322900	Haladiapadar
	03312900	Talapada
	03326800	Lanka
	03326000	Jayapur
	03314300	Baghalati
	03317800	Tambapur
	03329600	Bhejipadar
	03328500	Jaganathapur
5-10		
	03322300	Banasola
	03310900	Rajapur
	03309300	Khariaguda
	03308600	Ollama
	03325300	Saradhapur
	03316200	Sumandi
	03313700	Krushnapur
	03326300	Boribada
	03322400	Samantapalli -Gopinathpur
	03325900	Gudipadar
	03307700	Limigam
	03326600	Babanapur
	03329500	Baranga
	03317600	Srirampur
	03317000	Narayanpur
	03325400	Sabardeipeta
	03324800	Khamarigam
	03326100	Chidipudi
	03317700	Gurusethi
	03314900	Mandarada
	03311500	Chaitanyachandrapursasan
	03317400	Sapanga
	03329700	Kesaripada
	03328900	Madanapur
	03328200	Ambapur
	03330200	Khariabellapada
	03316300	Kesapur
11-20		
	03309000	Belapada
	03322600	Chudialanji
	03317300	Krupasindhupalli
	03365000	Saradhapur
	03327900	Samantarapur
	03311100	Gothagam
	03321600	Tinigharia
	03327300	Subarnapur
	03329200	Parbatipur
	03321700	Desari
	03326200	Jayantipur
	03323100	Balipadara
	03311000	Khaira
	03324500	Jillunda
	03309800	Santarapur
	03330100	Kutumbari
	03330600	Jamapadar(Gopinathpur)
	03327100	Sunnaredi

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03310500	Boripadar
	03316600	Talagudihill
	03323500	B.Bhairapur
	03308900	Baulia
	03315100	Patharaghai
	03311900	Ambagam
	03310800	Sahaspur
	03311600	Padadigi
	03315500	Titigam
	03326500	Gopalpalli
	03324600	Gundra
	03329800	Tutipur
	03323300	Burupada
	03323200	Badapur
	03313400	Budagada
	03328100	Bijayapur
	03312200	Polarajpur
	03308100	Nuagada
	03315200	Gurangi-Ii
	03307600	Tentulia
	03309500	Niladrichandrapur
	03326700	Santospur
	03316500	Gobindarajpur
	03311200	Koliala
	03326900	Sarathicharanpur
	03322700	Lalkamagam
	03313000	Nuagam
	03312000	Tandipur
21-30		
	03321900	Bamakei
	03314500	Kantakumbhajhari
	03310000	Sundarbalav
	03322200	Bhimapur
	03329000	Banamalipur
	03311700	Kelua
	03365800	Tumbagada
	03312100	Thanagam
	03308300	Turubudi
	03327800	Gobindapur
	03317200	Patrapur
	03360700	Tadakasahi
	03328800	Mahadeipur
	03309200	Mukundapur
	03310700	Dambaruguda(Dunguruguda)
	03322800	Nuagada
	03327500	Jaradagada
	03323000	Rankuda
	03314700	Nandarajpur
	03311300	Kharnipada
	03308800	Puhundi
	03311800	Harichandanpur
	03315900	Kanirida
31-40		
	03314800	Hukuma
	03325800	Brahman Nuagam
	03319100	Haradamara
	03327000	Krishnacharanapur
	03309100	Tinigharia
	03329100	Sunakhala
	03330500	Panchamba
	03324300	Abhayapur
	03308500	Kantakhali
41-50		
	03308400	Jaganathpur
	03316400	Surangi
	03316100	Solabhagapentha
	03312600	Srirampur
	03325700	Pamagam
	03315000	Gurangi-I
	03310600	Mahulapada
	03331600	Khadanga Rajendrapur
	03327200	Laxmipur
	03311400	Nandigam
51-75		
	03325600	B.Nuagam Sasan
	03322100	Mundakeri
	03322000	Badakhatadi
	03330300	Narayanpur
76 and above		
	03324700	Kaitha

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03313600	Barimahulpada
	03314200	Sindurapur
	03330400	Raya
Name of CD Block: Chikiti		
Less than 5		
	03285500	Bholasingi
	03268900	Jagapur
	03282000	L.Laxminarayanpur
	03278100	Belapanthi
	03278400	Deuliapada
	03269400	Chandanbada
	03287700	Janakimanipur
	03286700	Ramapur
	03266900	Girisola
	03285600	Pandiri
	03269900	Patisonapur
	03266300	Bairibada
	03268800	Jhatipadar
	03289600	Barada
	03266600	Gopinathpur
5-10		
	03289200	Brundabanchandrapur
	03280000	Khududi
	03268500	Ekasingi
	03289700	Rampa
	03283400	Dhanaghar
	03266700	Danapur
	03269500	Alladapur
	03289900	Deulamadeli
	03281800	Sanakelajhori
	03286200	Chandapur
	03286600	Jagamohanpur
	03285400	Satrumardansingapur
	03279900	Liyakhoyi
	03268700	Gobindapur
	03283500	Ramaguda
	03286500	Jagannathapur
	03289100	Parsamba
	03277800	Kaithapadabadua

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
11-20		
	03289500	Panapana
	03282200	Birasinghalaxminarayanpur
	03265200	Gobindanagar
	03289000	Badabaranga
	03287300	Amundi
	03280600	Brahmananuapada
	03267100	Haripur
	03278200	Chandapur
	03266400	Pitatali
	03278300	Dabhar
	03287600	Kalabada
	03281900	Anangakrupamayapur
	03289400	Kotilingi
	03277900	Sundarada Birachaitanyapur
	03288400	Polasara
	03288500	Madhabandha
	03287500	Madhusudanpur
	03277700	Patrachudi
	03285300	Biramekhapur
	03288300	Subarnapur
	03287100	Ramachandrapur
	03280900	Rajakishorpur
	03279600	Jadupur
	03279800	Dhepagan
	03287800	Kashmirsasan
	03288100	Badapalanka
	03283900	Gumabirasinghapur
	03285700	Khajuria
21-30		
	03281000	Badakelajhori
	03266200	Limakundia
	03287200	Chiladi
	03287000	Dalapalanka
	03288600	Kamakulomanipur
	03286800	Gobindchandrapur
	03266100	Krushnanagar
	03283600	Kolathia
	03282400	Kampanuagam
	03287400	Maisanpur

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03282600	Maundapur
	03282500	Krushnapur
	03280500	Chadhiapada
	03288700	Kharadhar
	03285900	Mukutapur
31-40		
	03286900	Tentuliakulamanipur
	03278000	Baidyanalasasan
	03282100	Patigovindapur
	03288900	Baliarsingapalli
	03266800	Ramachandrapalli
51-75		
	03269000	Suvani
	03286300	Laubadi
	03266500	Hinjiligam
	03285800	Kusabadigopinathpur
	03265700	Panada
	03278500	Dabharpurusottampur
	03288200	Olapur
	03269700	Sonapur
	03266000	Erendra
	03269200	Surala
76 and above		
	03265500	Kishorachandrapur
	03269600	Katuru
	03265900	Jaganathpur
	03283700	Badagam
	03265300	Jhinkipadar
	03265800	Palli
	03269800	Keutakaitha
	03280700	Siripur
Name of CD Block: Kukudakhandi		
Less than 5		
	03257000	Padripalli
	03258900	Hugulapata
	03300400	Banthapalli
5-10		
	03256000	Royigam
	03259600	Lochapoda
	03255900	Nalihada
	03257100	Raijhala
	03259700	Sukunda
	03257200	Raghunathpur
	03256100	Narayanpur
	03256300	Balipada
	03359300	Marathapalli
11-20		
	03258600	Pratap Krushnachandrapur
	03258400	Nimakhandi
	03300300	Siriapur
	03255600	Balarampalli
	03257900	Gunthabandha
	03259800	Lathi
	03306300	Mohada
	03257700	Lanjiya
	03258700	Birakrishnachandrapur
	03257600	Ankusapur
	03261700	Modanamohanpur
	03260900	Singabadi
	03257800	Dakhinapur
	03258000	Ambagada
	03257500	Mosiakhalli
21-30		
	03259100	Gurunthi
	03256700	Baulajholi
	03258500	Borigam
	03258800	Chandipadar
	03257300	Kukudakhandi
	03359500	Mahulapalli
	03359400	Barapalli
	03256500	Baghajhori
31-40		
	03259400	Jogiapalli
	03256600	Baiganabadi
	03300000	Langaladei
	03255800	Pandiajholi
	03262900	Kankya
	03260800	Medinipur
	03261600	Manahara
	03256800	Buduka

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03255700	Satapahandia
	03258300	Jagadalpur
41-50		
	03359200	Bankiapalli
	03299900	Chandiniapahad
	03261300	Sahala
	03258200	Krupasindhupur
	03256200	Dangapadar
	03257400	Ramachandrapur
	03259900	Bendalia
51-75		
	03259000	Balajipalli
	03300500	Antei
	03256400	Tikarapada
	03262800	Jugudi
	03258100	Ratnapur
76 and above		
	03260000	Kumarpur
	03261100	Kusumi
	03256900	Mahugharahill
	03300200	Chakundajhola
Name of CD Block: Rangeilunda		
Less than 5		
	03260500	Burukudi
	03267800	Belakudi
	03263800	Solabindho
	03264200	Keluapalli
	03264000	Lohadigam
	03255000	Golabandha
	03267300	Palur
	03263900	Kirtipur
	03267900	Tulu
5-10		
	03254900	Boxipalli
	03264300	Dumdumi
	03253400	Rangeilunda
	03264100	Hantulu
	03254800	Venketraipur
	03268200	Phasinuapada
	03265000	Manikapur
	03267200	Palurhill
	03268400	Mendrajpur
	03255100	Kamalapur
	03267700	Bayali
	03255200	Hatipada
	03260100	Sanakhajuria
	03259300	Satakutuni
	03268000	Markandi
	03254200	Korapalli
	03264900	Kotharsingi
	03263200	Panchama
11-20		
	03253200	Pathara
	03262000	Rangipur
	03267600	Haradanga
	03268600	Biswanathpur
	03264600	Gunupur
	03264700	Sasanpadar
	03254100	Bikrampur
	03253000	Palligumula
	03253300	Mandiapalli
	03262500	Konisi
	03259200	Jhadankuli
	03263300	Golanthara
	03268100	Indrakhi
	03263700	Kolathigam
	03259500	Bhabinipur
	03263400	Chikarada
	03254400	Badapur
	03260300	Fulta
	03264500	Kaithapalli
	03252600	Sitalapalli
	03267000	Bhaliagada
21-30		
	03265100	Totadapalli
	03253600	Dura Bahadurpetta
	03263500	Padmapur
	03253700	Aruapalli
	03262600	Randha
	03252700	Luhajhara

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03254700	Narayanpur
	03253100	Badagumula
31-40		
	03261400	Chandapur
	03254600	Alipur
	03264800	Mantridi
	03262400	Hinjalapali
	03261800	Ralaba
	03261900	Haladiapadar
41-50		
	03252800	Badakustalli
	03261500	Gobindapur
	03263600	Majhigam
51-75		
	03253500	Ramachandrapur
	03262100	Ambapur
	03262700	Sunadei
	03252900	Sanakustalli
	03262200	Daspur
	03253800	Gounju
76 and above		
	03254300	Antarbatia
	03254500	Mansurkota
	03254000	Kodarapalli
	03264400	Teairapentha
Name of CD Block: Chhatrapur		
Less than 5		
	03250100	Sindurapalli
	03250200	Ghadaghadapalli
	03249900	Ballibagada
	03242800	Khurigam
5-10		
	03249700	Totapalli
	03248000	Chikalakhandi
	03252300	Kalipalli
	03243300	Patlampur
	03252200	Badaputi
	03248500	Santarapur
	03245800	Katuru
	03251400	Agastinuagan
11-20		
	03252400	Basanaputi
	03242500	Goba
	03247900	Kumarabegapalli
	03242700	Rangamatia Nalinakhyapur
	03244500	Ganganapur
	03250400	Govindpur
	03251600	Arjyapalli
	03250500	Raghunathapur
	03248400	Bhikaripalli
	03247500	Podapadar
	03248700	Majhidiha
	03245300	Sundarpur
	03249600	Nauli
	03249200	Laxmipur
	03249100	Krushnachandra Nagaradihi
	03250700	Jaganathapur
21-30		
	03250800	Chamakhandi
	03250600	Narendrapur
	03252100	Laxmipur
	03245500	Patapur
	03248300	Landabaunasa
	03243200	Baranga
	03250300	Banabulapalli
	03246100	Bipilingi
	03247800	Humuri
	03242600	Badamadhapur
	03244700	Nandapandapalli
	03245600	Karatali
	03251000	Tikiriabarhampur
31-40		
	03249800	Brahamanipalli
	03248900	Ramapalli
	03245000	Dibyasingapur
	03252500	Uppalaputi
	03249500	Karapalli
	03251300	Gedalanaidupalam
	03244400	Munishipentha

Range of Scheduled Castes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
41-50		
	03251900	Paikapada
	03251800	Matikhala
	03244600	Sarabhimpur
	03244900	Bhagirathipur
	03251100	Chhatrapur
	03244800	Rukunigam
51-75		
	03246000	Polasara
	03245700	Lokanathapur
	03249400	Narasingapur
	03245400	Danaiberhampur
	03249000	Tanganapalli
	03248600	Paitari
	03245100	Biripur
	03242900	Mahanadapur
	03243000	Singipur
	03250900	Sriramachandrapur
	03251700	Kanamana
	03248200	Sriramapur
	03243100	Bahulagam
	03247400	Jimi
	03248800	Keranditolanarayanpur
76 and above		
	03247300	Damodarpurpankalo
	03248100	Jharapokhari

Note: - Villages having NIL Scheduled Castes Population have been excluded

APPENDIX VII B - Village Directory

List of villages according to the proportion of the Scheduled Tribes to the total population by ranges

Name of the District:Ganjam

A-Scheduled Tribes

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
Name of CD Block: Bhanjanagar		
Less than 5		
	03084600	Jilundi
	03058100	Kullada
	03078300	Buduli
	03079200	Baruda
	03082700	Sahanapalli
	03084700	Agajhola
	03084800	Baunsalundi
	03052600	Harigada
	03081800	Badakodanda
	03051600	Domuhani
	03086100	Malasapadar
	03057100	Uladana
	03057000	Tilisingi
	03081700	Sanakodanda
	03081900	Rajakundu
	03081400	Binjigiri
	03081200	Dandipadar
	03055000	Halandakhola
	03054600	Berumabadi(Beruhabadi)
	03084900	Dubuduba
	03053200	Gallery
	03085400	Dumakumpa
	03051200	Badangi
	03079600	Dungapalli
	03079800	Mahaguda
	03082000	Lalsingi
5-10		
	03080500	Hatiguda
	03056400	Balisahi
	03056600	Bahukapalli
	03077100	Mujagada
	03085500	Tiliki
	03076500	Turuma
	03080300	Indagada
	03079900	Sarapada
	03080200	Baiballi
	03077400	Khariguda
	03086300	Madulipalli
	03079300	Kotibaradi
	03056900	Gangajhola
	03078600	Khairaputi
	03080900	Chadhiapalli
	03054500	Sorisamuli
	03085200	Jilundipalli
	03080100	Dhaumundia
11-20		
	03053600	Kathachira
	03080000	Chitipali
	03051400	Narigochha
	03077600	Gunduribadi
	03075800	Durgaprasad
	03077300	Gohiribadi
	03051300	Kupati
	03075900	Bhaluguda
	03052800	Ranikiari
	03076400	Dadarlunda
	03053000	Brahmanpadar
	03078400	Biripadar
	03078800	Andharikota
21-30		
	03052500	Gudibandha
	03051800	Raigochha
	03051500	Badadhimirijhola
	03084300	Jamapalli
	03076200	Kanubandha
	03080800	Ripitipalli
	03054700	Sunapalli
31-40		
	03078000	Birikota
	03053300	Rangameru
	03076100	Beniguba
41-50		
	03076300	Darpungia
	03079500	Sidhapadara
51-75		
	03078100	Bapangi
	03077900	Bajrakote
	03083300	Dhaupalli
	03053500	Kalijhari
76 and above		
	03076000	Rambha
	03075500	Gagiripadulingia
	03077800	Tadama

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03051000	Khamansahi
	03051700	Gunduribadi
	03078500	Sutangi
	03075600	Bhalingia
	03052900	Bhalinkia
	03075700	Panguli
	03076700	Kasakendupali
Name of CD Block: Jagannathprasad		
Less than 5		
	03062900	Jagannathprasad
	03067600	Kadapada
	03088300	Baragam
	03061000	Kamasaragada
	03063500	Rauti
	03061600	Kaduamangarajpur
	03066800	Jhadabhumi
	03055300	Gerada
	03065300	Sisunda
	03066400	Gandadhara
	03059600	Pratapur
	03055100	Dalaka
	03052100	Kalingapadar
	03053700	Tarasingi
5-10		
	03066700	Kandhanuapalli
	03057700	Sapanga
	03050800	Gayaganda
11-20		
	03052300	Kokalaba
	03057500	Chudakhai
	03057400	Samarabandha
	03053800	Kirapalli
	03050900	Khilladi
21-30		
	03049400	Badagunduri Badi
	03083400	Pantikhari
	03053900	Bantha
	03054000	Tirigochha
	03054100	Khetamundali
	03063700	Chelakhai
	03052200	Tholludi
	03062100	Dungapalli
	03060700	Ekagharia
31-40		
	03050300	Kadaligada
	03050600	Khajuripalli
41-50		
	03050700	Nabagochha
	03049800	Bhogara
	03050200	Rudhapadar
	03060400	Ekaghariapalli
51-75		
	03062800	Talaponka
	03057800	Hajapalli
76 and above		
	03062300	Dhimiripalli
	03055500	Lengidibadi
	03050000	Badabhumi
	03058700	Baniapalli
	03049900	Ghogoda
	03050400	Siuli
	03049500	Kathapatani
	03049700	Narayanaprasad
	03049600	Narabadi
	03050100	Naragadu
	03050500	Jhiripada
	03052400	Hatigada
	03055600	Sisunda
	03060200	Kandhagalleri
	03060300	Akulakumpa
	03062000	Kriadhara
	03062200	Barabara
	03062600	Banikhola
Name of CD Block: Buguda		
Less than 5		
	03069800	Kanakujaru
	03097800	Ballipadar
	03093700	Banapalli
	03098100	Kadapada
	03071800	Biranchipur
	03069400	Matajhari
	03068800	Udayapur
	03075200	Golia
	03096500	Bishnuchakra
	03093100	Kanasuka
	03096400	Pochalundi
	03097000	Manikyapur
	03068700	Jeak
5-10		
	03072100	B.Karadabadi

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03092800	Kandhapatharapalli
	03072600	Dengabadi
11-20		
	03072200	Tabhapalli
21-30		
	03064700	Rabagada
	03069300	Saradhapur
41-50		
	03064900	Samalai
	03069500	Nimapalli
51-75		
	03069200	Singipur
	03068500	Nuapalli
	03064800	Badapada
	03068200	Kandarai
76 and above		
	03065000	Belaguma
	03073200	Talasara
	03073100	Kanasarala
	03072800	Kriamba
	03072900	Badatanda
Name of CD Block: Bellaguntha		
Less than 5		
	03091300	Kaliaguda
	03088700	Ambapua
	03090100	Dengapadar
	03083900	Tanarada
	03090200	Gobara
	03092600	Mangalapur
	03086700	Inginathi
	03090700	Basudebpur
	03087900	Udhura
	03091100	Sanaborasingi
	03071000	Boripadar
	03094300	Pailipada
	03089800	Madhabarida
	03091000	Badaborasingi
	03087200	Kurulai
	03094500	Kshatriyabarapur
	03087800	Kokalunda
	03070900	Tikarapada
	03090800	Maraipatta
	03083800	Kebiripalli
	03091200	Bankanedi
5-10		
	03083600	Saranuapalli
	03086600	Badapada
11-20		
	03092700	Gothali
	03095200	Binjhagiri
	03093600	Bellapunji
Name of CD Block: Surada		
Less than 5		
	03123900	Raibandha
	03130800	Badagada
	03113500	Hukuma
	03123700	Surekhadeipur
	03126300	Gokulapur
	03112000	Sorisabili
	03094900	Kullangi
	03111800	Sanasurada
	03104700	Gindabadi
	03112400	Palakatu
	03109400	Bhagabanpur
	03094800	Palasapalli
	03109000	Gobindapur
	03115800	Suramani
	03108900	Maniakati
	03110800	Mayangi
	03110000	Sanakharikotti
	03112900	Bhaliagochha
	03122000	Sarabadi
	03109600	Dullada
5-10		
	03111500	Jhuntiapalli
	03112800	Lathipada
	03110200	Sanaganda
	03121600	Takarada
	03112600	Bibhutia
	03123400	Lembhakumpa
	03108000	Khilabadi
11-20		
	03108300	Dhobadi
	03113000	Tatabali
	03095000	Makarapalli
	03133700	Goudagotha
	03110400	Uparadantalingi
	03121200	Srirampalli
	03125800	Dimiripankala J.Block

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03106200	Sarapanka
	03121700	Takaradar.V.P
	03109800	Gochha(P)
	03112500	Baishnabakotibadi
	03112300	Gopalpursasan
	03111700	Muliapalli
	03106500	Khajuripalli
21-30		
	03125500	Kaithagudi
	03107300	Pipalapanka
	03114400	S.Pipalapanka
	03107800	Bandhagochha
	03112100	Haripur
	03119100	Badagochha
31-40		
	03120800	Gothabania
	03106600	Gazalbadi
	03120200	Barabharania
	03120500	Sunakhandi
	03118400	Dalapatinagar
	03126700	Kandhaborada
	03131900	Gojiakhamana
	03122100	Ora
	03111400	Petagadu
	03107900	Ragada
	03107700	Genja
	03107600	Peruju
	03110500	Sandhabali
41-50		
	03118700	Mainsikhata
	03105100	Mallipanka
	03107000	Ramanabadi
	03104800	Belapanka
	03130900	Khajuripalli
51-75		
	03132800	Heprema
	03125400	Putabali
	03130200	Dhaugam
	03134000	Balipadar
	03109700	Chancharapalli
76 and above		
	03133100	Kerajholi
	03116800	Baimela
	03110300	Balasi
	03131700	Kutuliguda

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03105400	Kumbhiketa
	03111300	Bahukapalli
	03122400	Kandhagochha
	03133800	Kurubandha
	03133900	Kesapanka
	03133500	Gunjuli
	03117200	Gambhariguda
	03110100	Dhaugaon
	03128200	Kandhakalakhadi
	03132500	Sarapadi
	03112200	Baduapalli
	03110600	Labanisara
	03117100	Adipanka
	03126000	Maniakati
	03106900	Rubangi
	03117900	Nandapur
	03133600	Rangamatia
	03118300	Santinagar
	03133000	Kuduma
	03132600	Duduburi
	03105200	Dabikibellapanka
	03131300	Bhaliapada
	03104500	Podagarifi
	03105300	Pankalagam
	03107200	Sinkulapadar
	03108100	Sagidi
	03110900	Ghasipada
	03113900	Anandapur
	03114300	Mandiakhaman
	03116200	Nuagam
	03116400	Bajirima
	03116500	Budaguda
	03116600	Pajibara
	03116700	Dimabadi
	03117300	Rahaganda
	03117600	Jirakua
	03117700	Minajadi
	03118100	Bangada
	03118200	Majhigam
	03118900	Rangagudi
	03119200	Mankadakhari
	03119300	Gilamaha
	03119400	Minangi
	03119500	Piridibandha
	03119600	Sanagochha

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03119700	Uparaustapada
	03119800	Gandigam
	03120100	Seraka Bandha
	03120300	Jera
	03121100	Ambiliamba
	03123300	Khajuridiha
	03125200	Gunakhal
	03125600	Krupagudi
	03125900	Haripur
	03128600	Toradi
	03131000	Purunagada
	03131100	Barapada
	03131200	Bahadapadar
	03131500	Biripada
	03131800	Nuamadhapur
	03132300	Uparpatama
	03132400	Lekapanka
	03132700	Kutama
	03132900	Tuhar
	03133300	Kharichuan
	03134200	Gajarakumpa
	03134300	Besarabata
	03134400	Jagamohan
	03134600	Kandhaburupadanuasahi
	03134800	Kandhabhimpur
Name of CD Block: Dharakote		
Less than 5		
	03149800	Dharakot
	03138300	Lengama
	03148900	Jagamohan
	03149900	Kapilash
	03101900	Machakhayihill
	03149400	Khamarapaitari
5-10		
	03137600	Usta
	03099400	Pattapur
11-20		
	03141900	Mardakote
	03099100	Digi
	03142200	Saba
	03139700	Gambhariguda
	03140300	Mangalapur
21-30		
	03135200	Balarampur
	03143000	Bhaliaguda
31-40		
	03102900	Latapalli
	03137300	Kathagada
51-75		
	03103800	Bhumidhimirapalli
	03142100	Barapalli
	03140700	Jhilimili
	03123000	Rampur
	03142600	Nakatiri
	03136500	Torapalli
76 and above		
	03142500	Tanarjipalli
	03103700	Mahulapalli
	03099800	Khukundiapalli
	03135900	Kadhakendupalli
	03099600	Kandhakaithapalli
	03135000	Kanheipur
	03101800	Bhaliapalli
	03145200	Kirakhai
	03137500	Jalli
	03134900	Kadaguda
	03103300	Badulapalli
	03140400	Fatachanchara
	03142300	Patasala
	03139800	Malijhar
	03100000	Nimapalli
	03100500	Madanagandapalli
	03100600	Khairapalli
	03100800	Saluapalli
	03102100	Jujhabarapalli
	03102400	Paikabagada
	03102600	Bhalukholapalli
	03130000	Sayapur
	03134100	Balipadarnuasahi
	03134500	Batapadia
	03134700	Sagadabasa
	03136300	Tinitinapalli
	03137100	Malijharpalli
	03137800	Kandhaburupada
	03137900	Aliguda
	03138000	Rangamatia
	03138100	Damapur
	03138200	Haladibagada
	03138600	Sinkuliapalli
	03140500	Jhirijhira

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03140600	Gochhaguda
	03140800	Kumarbandha
	03142400	Ashokapalli
	03142700	Ghodamba
	03142900	Bhaliagudanuasahi
	03143100	Baduapadmapur
Name of CD Block: Asika		
Less than 5		
	03145400	Sahaspur
	03154100	Baragan
	03152100	Pathara
	03154600	Magura
	03151800	Alipur
	03155000	Kalasandhapur
	03154000	Karatali
	03101000	Benapata
	03100900	Nimina
	03101200	Khadaravali
	03152300	Debabhumi
5-10		
	03147100	Sanakholi
	03151600	Nuababanpur
11-20		
	03147700	Narayanpur
31-40		
	03101100	Rankuda
76 and above		
	03145600	Golabandapalli
	03104100	Kandhsundarapalli
	03158800	Belapada
	03160000	Khandabharatapalli
Name of CD Block: Kavisurjyanagar		
Less than 5		
	03180400	Athagadapatna
	03180200	Sunapalli
	03180800	Deogam
	03177000	Nuapalli
	03181600	Badamahuri
	03180600	Muktamalachampatipur
	03180500	Patharapalli
	03177300	Asinipur
	03183400	Sanamuktamalajemadeipur
	03180300	Ektala Bira Balunkeswarpur
	03183300	Mohanapalli
	03177100	Arjunapalli

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
11-20		
	03176600	Gudiapalli
Name of CD Block: Polasara		
Less than 5		
	03194100	Badapankalabadi
	03200800	Budheisuni
	03185600	Chirikipadasasan
	03171500	Sodaka
	03194700	Sanabaragam
	03185700	Bhabarada
	03187200	Gochhabadi
	03201500	Rumagada
	03186600	Jokabandha
	03194400	Kendubadi
	03186700	Nuapalli
	03194900	Nimina
	03187000	Ichhapur
	03194800	Khairachata
	03200300	Jilunda
5-10		
	03194000	Narasingapalli
	03187300	Pandiripada
	03200200	Bileijhari
11-20		
	03188000	Pantiama
21-30		
	03188800	Raipada
	03186300	Khumula
	03192800	Khaikhata
31-40		
	03192400	Biripur
51-75		
	03189000	Kanjiama
	03193500	Khaikhatanuasahi
76 and above		
	03187100	Nirasa Palli
	03188100	Kasipada
	03188500	Badataila
	03188900	Khura
	03193200	Bhitarkhola
	03186400	Badamalabhaliamala
	03187400	Sitalapalli
	03189100	Panjiama
	03191900	Andhari
	03193600	Phalaba

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03187500	Nadiamba
	03195100	Kumbhirakhani
	03191800	Usta
	03188300	Mahulapalli
	03185900	Gopiapalli
	03186100	Nutanaratneipalli
	03186800	Gambharia
	03187600	Paneri
	03187800	Tosingi
	03188200	Rampudi
	03188400	Baghara
	03188600	Naharapeta
	03192000	Kendubadi
	03192500	Potalingi
	03192600	Kusapalli
	03193000	Chanchada
	03193300	Pithalamalai
	03193400	Malaberuanhabadi
	03195000	Chenga
	03195200	Ratanikondhill
Name of CD Block: Beguniapada		
Less than 5		
	03210500	Chhachinajaganathapur
	03208600	Genjarapalli
	03197700	Sumandala
	03208500	Deuliapada
	03210300	Badaakhapalli
	03206000	Ustali
	03190800	Shandhamula
	03209400	Mirigilendi
	03208900	Tirida
	03208000	Lachhipur
	03205800	Ghodapada
	03207500	Kalimeghi
	03195400	Paikapada
	03198900	Gunjabala
	03204000	Saurachachina
	03199000	Khandipadanuapalli
	03202700	Nundula
	03206500	Ambathapalli
	03199700	Dobhabania
	03199800	Binchha
5-10		
	03191500	Sidhapalli
11-20		
	03204100	Ujalapalli
	03176100	Marudipalli
31-40		
	03197100	Lachipur
	03190700	Bariahetta
	03204400	Chandanpur
	03189200	Beguniadihi
	03196900	Khasua
41-50		
	03196700	Krushnasara
	03189600	Boriasahi
	03200000	Padapada
76 and above		
	03207600	Chakundajhola
	03205500	Khaladi
	03205300	Sarania
	03190100	Kolia
	03190600	Gilinda
	03195800	Sunari
	03196600	Bandhakhuntakata
	03199900	Karandagada
	03200100	Jokalundi
	03202100	Borabora
	03202200	Chhunchipada
	03205000	Janabili
	03205100	Baidipada
	03205200	Balasingi
Name of CD Block: Khalikote		
Less than 5		
	03224400	Kesapur
	03226300	Kanchana
	03222900	Kandigam
	03223300	Panditagaon
	03216700	Bhikapada
	03225500	Bharasa Nuapalli
	03226800	Ambajharanuapalli
	03218800	Bhejiput
	03231800	Sabilia
	03211400	Danapur
	03223800	Pathar
	03216900	Manikapur
	03227400	Bania
5-10		
	03217900	Nagardihapatna

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03225400	Gadakasta-A
11-20		
	03230700	Kalanjipalli
21-30		
	03213400	Sialiapat
	03220800	Nutan Atikapadi
31-40		
	03221600	Kusadhipabirinalinakhyapur
51-75		
	03228300	Ghodapada
	03213600	Bolamalaghodapada
76 and above		
	03228700	Guhariapata
	03213900	Gunduripur
	03213800	Morainuagan
	03228800	Sakiri
	03213100	Bolamala Panchakania
	03213000	Sanabola
	03212500	Nolasingh
	03212600	Chakasingh
	03212800	Barabola
	03212900	Bolamalabhaliapadar
	03213300	Kurumpur
	03213700	Badapalli
	03214000	Nuapalli
	03214100	Jharapalli
	03215100	Kumarsingh
Name of CD Block: Ganjam		
Less than 5		
	03241100	Humma
	03237100	Khandadeuli
	03235100	Madhuruchua
	03240000	Palurgada
5-10		
	03240900	Belapada
21-30		
	03234500	Kanakhai
Name of CD Block: Purusottampur		
Less than 5		
	03170900	Bhatakumarada
	03169100	Raipur
	03169600	Pratappur
	03184100	Jhadabai
	03165200	Kamanalinakhyapur
	03166200	Anchuli
	03182800	Gunduribadi
	03169800	Aladigan
	03161900	Arakhapur
	03354000	Antrigam
	03161700	Balakrushnapur
	03169900	Hindula
5-10		
	03169400	Jaleswarkhandi
Name of CD Block: Hinjilicut		
Less than 5		
	03358700	Gandala
	03171100	Bhabandha
	03167800	Nandika
	03353400	Burupada
	03357100	Nimigan
5-10		
	03353800	Kharida
	03356600	Saru
Name of CD Block: Seragad		
Less than 5		
	03333600	Sheragada
	03341000	Bakilikona
	03255400	Alarigada
	03353200	Tahara
21-30		
	03139400	Gopapalli
76 and above		
	03335100	Kandhanuagada
	03143400	Arakhapada
	03143600	Garabaganda
	03156400	Tumbadandipalli
Name of CD Block: Sanakhemundi		
Less than 5		
	03290400	Chhanameri
	03341100	Konkarada
	03255300	Goutami
	03346500	Basudevpur
	03290600	Chanchadapalli
	03295300	Amalaguda
	03348000	Mahanala
	03344000	Samantarapur
	03341700	Dharmaraypur
	03349200	Patiguda
5-10		
	03343900	Dhimiripalli

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
11-20		
	03345700	Nunilathi
	03342900	Padmapur
	03344600	Khairapadar
21-30		
	03350800	Brahmanapanka
	03343200	Buguda
31-40		
	03350900	Keshapur
41-50		
	03349300	Katapalli
	03333100	Khariguda
	03343700	Dasaipur
	03342500	Kaduapolli
	03332200	Gobindapur
51-75		
	03351000	Kushapalli
	03332700	Narendrapur
	03337800	Uttama
	03332400	Belagada
	03342700	Bhimanagar
76 and above		
	03343500	Rajanapalli
	03343800	Damapur
	03332300	Palukhola
	03332600	Khemundikhola
	03343300	Marthapur
	03332800	Gothabania
	03349800	Barigam
	03331900	Jakara
	03332000	Kaliburai
	03332500	Dutiyagundiriguda
	03332900	Kamalakhala
	03333200	Kesapur
	03337600	Madalapalli
	03337700	Ranikote
	03345100	Chanchadapalli
	03345200	Teliapalli
	03345400	Dhepaguda
	03345600	Dutiyadhepaguda
	03349100	Khaparaganda
Name of CD Block: Digapahandi		
Less than 5		
	03294800	Padmanabhapurpentha
	03303800	Karapada
	03296500	Kaithakhandi
	03296200	Chasanimakhandi
	03273600	Khamarigam
	03272700	Bamokoi
	03290200	Bhishmagiri
	03298500	Laxminarayanpur
	03275200	Jakara
	03297100	Pendurabadi
	03270300	Sindhaba
	03281300	Banamali
	03271400	Damodarapur
	03271800	Samantarapur
	03271700	Nunununia Laxminarayanpur
	03281100	Goudagam
	03272500	Ballighai
	03304200	Jangama
5-10		
	03296600	Nuagada
	03273500	Bijayanagargada
	03274800	Hatiadi
	03284800	Bhramarapur
	03273300	Burudanga
	03350400	Juanapalli
	03270000	Sahadebatikarapada
11-20		
	03270200	Sourapahada
	03274400	Narayanpur
	03350200	Babulibandha
	03304500	Badadumula
	03303500	Madanmohanpur
21-30		
	03350700	Chakundapalli
	03304300	Jhagadapalli
	03273000	Sindhukhali
	03302900	Jhatipatia
31-40		
	03297400	Podabadi
	03273700	Dhimirijholli
41-50		
	03304100	Brundabanapalli
51-75		
	03271900	Patrapada
	03297800	Jaganathapur
	03304400	Krushnakrupamayapur
	03270700	Baiganabadipolli

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03350300	Balipata
	03275800	Uttaanangapur
	03272300	Manidhia
	03272600	Birabarapalli
76 and above		
	03277400	Raipur
	03276700	Ghatikandagam
	03304800	Dhamanapadar
	03276300	Olagolanda
	03276800	Ghatiambagam
	03274000	Burabandha
	03273100	Raiguda
	03284600	Gumma
	03270600	Badapada
	03293500	Sanaburuda
	03302100	Biribadia
	03301200	Talahaladibeni
	03350100	Podakhala
	03297500	Talapada
	03302000	Nuagam
	03298800	Mareibadi
	03299000	Chadhiagarada
	03301900	Mahulapada
	03270400	Syamsundarapurpalli
	03270500	Bhimapurpalli
	03271100	Birapatna
	03273200	Gunduriguda
	03273900	Siripur
	03274300	Amalaguda
	03274900	Kotabadapalli
	03276200	Padmapur
	03276500	Pipalapadar
	03276600	Khajurai
	03276900	Mahulapada
	03277100	Dekili
	03277300	Manikyapurpalli
	03281500	Gaidahill
	03284400	Arakhapada
	03284500	Bidyadharpur
	03298900	Gudarikandha
	03299100	Badaburuda
	03299400	Dhepaguda
	03301300	Kusaput
	03301500	Uparahaladibeni
	03301800	Kinchirida

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03303900	Nuabandhapalli
	03304000	Khemanda
	03304600	Ambapur
	03304900	Mundeipathara
	03305000	Tada
	03305200	Palikadiha
	03349400	Gochhapeta
	03349500	Daduruma
	03349700	Ghasiamba
	03350000	Pitamahula
Name of CD Block: Patrapur		
Less than 5		
	03317200	Patrapur
	03313400	Budagada
	03313000	Nuagam
	03311900	Ambagam
	03322600	Chudialanji
	03308800	Puhundi
	03329700	Kesaripada
	03319100	Haradamara
	03321800	Makundapur
	03326300	Boribada
	03322000	Badakhatadi
	03316400	Surangi
	03327500	Jaradagada
	03325700	Pamagam
	03310500	Boripadar
	03327900	Samantarapur
	03308300	Turubudi
	03365800	Tumbagada
	03308400	Jaganathpur
5-10		
	03317300	Krupasindhupalli
	03331600	Khadanga Rajendrapur
	03329000	Banamalipur
	03312100	Thanagam
	03312600	Srirampur
11-20		
	03314700	Nandarajpur
	03330200	Khariabellapada
21-30		
	03316500	Gobindarajpur
	03314300	Baghalati
	03366900	Sindurabada

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
51-75		
	03365600	Sasana
	03365000	Saradhapur
	03330600	Jamapadar(Gopinathpur)
	03360700	Tadakasahi
	03330800	Koinphulia
	03315200	Gurangi-Ii
	03314500	Kantakumbhajhari
	03314600	Kampokumbhajhari
76 and above		
	03307300	Jhagadapalli
	03363400	Titirisingi
	03308600	Ollama
	03314000	Bedamahulapada
	03307400	Anlagumma
	03307600	Tentulia
	03331500	Sindurapur
	03361500	Turamunda
	03359800	Burudasingi
	03366600	Gauduni
	03307700	Limigam
	03328600	Manikapur
	03364800	Sunaribada
	03319000	Budighati
	03331000	Gudipadar
	03329300	Pitambarpur
	03329900	Khajuria
	03313700	Krushnapur
	03318000	Sindhupanka
	03366500	Lokasahi
	03363100	Ankudi
	03360300	Masanibada
	03365700	Banapur
	03367200	Puriasahi
	03328300	Chadheigan
	03365500	Badajhola
	03307800	Pharuasahi
	03321300	Sourabhejipadar
	03318900	Jamaharipur
	03366700	Burasahi
	03363600	Phulasahi
	03361400	Jaliar
	03367500	Burutala
	03307500	Panipatto
	03310200	Badagam

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03313500	Chalanapahad
	03314100	Jantaragada
	03315300	Tambapur
	03315600	Palasapur
	03318300	Kenduguma
	03318400	Mahulabada
	03318500	Sasan
	03318700	Karapada
	03318800	Karadabadi
	03319300	Jiranga
	03319500	Mahalimba
	03320000	Batadihapada
	03320100	Bengeisahi
	03320300	Saurabhaluri
	03320500	Souratalapada
	03320600	Tasaranga
	03320700	Amaralingi
	03320800	Sanagam
	03321000	Kharianala
	03321100	Rayapur
	03321400	Naranapur
	03323400	Mardarajpur
	03323600	Talapada
	03323700	Mandiagunda
	03323800	Padmapur
	03324000	Gudari
	03324100	Rajapur
	03324200	Bainsigam
	03327600	Rougan
	03327700	Kandhagobindapur
	03328700	Khandadeuli
	03330000	Kandhabijayapur
	03330700	Haripur
	03330900	Talapadar
	03331100	Dabada
	03331200	Chanchadakhola
	03331300	Badapur
	03331400	Mahulapada
	03360000	Lakaisuni
	03360100	Gambharikhol
	03360200	Mahulabada
	03360400	Chariabada
	03360500	Taparada
	03360800	Raghubalabha
	03360900	Jubasahi

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03361000	Kumardali
	03361100	Luhasingi
	03361200	Raikhola
	03361300	Kalasahi
	03361600	Jhampurimusa
	03361700	Thanagam
	03361800	Dengapadar
	03361900	Gaida- B
	03362000	Tarasingi
	03362100	Tasaranga
	03362200	Gurusingi
	03362300	Dhanabada
	03362400	Maduaguma
	03362600	Haladibata
	03362700	Dhobaling
	03362800	Gaida-A
	03362900	Maduabada
	03363000	Kurugada
	03363200	Lengasahi
	03363300	Gadanga
	03363500	Tuburusingi
	03363700	Aliar
	03363800	Gokhanasahi
	03363900	Haridaputunuasahi
	03364100	Tabalasahi
	03364200	Haladibada
	03364300	Badagam
	03364400	Mahulabada
	03364500	Thalibada
	03364700	Kasikhala
	03364900	Budhaamba
	03365100	Titigam
	03365200	Ramachandrapur
	03365300	Gangapur
	03365400	Phatakasingi
	03365900	Bhaliabada
	03366000	Kuranga
	03366100	Khajurigan
	03366200	Sangam
	03366300	Haridapatu
	03366400	Mahalimba
	03366800	Bhagibandha
	03367000	Bhaliasahi
	03367400	Gujulingi
	03367600	Tading
	03367700	Marmaria
	03367800	Sapuakheta
	03367900	Andaanda
	03368000	Sanaanchaba
	03368100	Kamalakheta
	03368200	Rayagada
	03368300	Babanasahi
	03368400	Baligam
	03368500	Tubudia
	03368600	Kanhaimal
	03368700	Silisinga
	03368800	Kalada
	03369000	Rampa
	03369100	Adapathara
	03369200	Sarada
	03369300	Anjagul
	03369400	Kusumulla
	03369500	Badaanchaba
	03369700	Chacher
	03369800	Bilagam
	03369900	Sanagam
	03370000	Bajarasahi
	03370100	Laida
	03370200	Kapadia
	03370300	Gudipadar
	03370400	Abandia
	03370500	Nuagam
Name of CD Block: Chikiti		
Less than 5		
	03269200	Surala
	03269700	Sonapur
	03268800	Jhatipadar
	03280500	Chadhiapada
	03280000	Khududi
	03266900	Girisola
	03288100	Badapalanka
	03266400	Pitatali
	03286200	Chandapur
	03278300	Dabhar
	03282500	Krushnapur
	03282400	Kampanuagam
	03288300	Subarnapur
	03265300	Jhinkipadar
5-10		
	03287200	Chiladi

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03289000	Badabaranga
11-20		
	03282000	L.Laxminarayanpur
	03287600	Kalabada
	03287100	Ramachandrapur
	03286000	Radhamohanpur
	03266800	Ramachandrapalli
	03283400	Dhanaghar
31-40		
	03266600	Gopinathpur
41-50		
	03279600	Jadupur
51-75		
	03277500	Balarampur
76 and above		
	03277800	Kaithapadabadua
	03283500	Ramaguda
	03276100	Bataradapalli
	03265600	Jharapali
	03277600	Devipur
	03283300	Nakamudia
	03283100	Uparaharidabadi
	03275900	Haripurpalli
	03276000	Khajuripada
	03278700	Kandhakhududi
	03278800	Balipadara
	03279000	Nuabandha
	03279200	Karakhali
	03279400	Malakuta
	03282700	Sindurapur
	03282800	Batapali
	03283000	Bhusapadar
	03283200	Talaharidabadi
	03284000	Jogiapalli
	03286400	Totagam
	03289800	Madanpur
Name of CD Block: Kukudakhandi		
Less than 5		
	03257300	Kukudakhandi
	03258400	Nimakhandi
	03257100	Raijhala
	03258500	Borigam
	03261300	Sahala
	03259600	Lochapoda
	03257600	Ankusapur
	03257500	Mosiakhalli
	03306300	Mohada
	03256800	Buduka
	03262800	Jugudi
	03258300	Jagadalpur
5-10		
	03256200	Dangapadar
21-30		
	03261700	Modanamohanpur
31-40		
	03260800	Medinipur
51-75		
	03262900	Kankya
76 and above		
	03301000	Kanthigada
	03300900	Ramaguda
	03300700	Giniguda
	03300600	Bandhaguda
	03307200	Baniamari
	03305500	Karanjai
	03305900	Sarakatia
	03263100	Rampalli
	03300800	Lochapada
	03263000	Surabadi
	03282900	Nuagaon
	03299500	Nuapada
	03299600	Kumbhajhari
	03299700	Bodalundi
	03299800	Bhagabanpur
	03300100	Matiapalli
	03305100	Raipada
	03305400	Baradhangada
	03305600	Badasulia
	03306100	Buragam
	03306400	Nunighara
	03306600	Koilikoute
	03306700	Betajhari
	03306900	Bhaliyaguda
	03307000	Ramadiha
	03307100	Khandalbandho
Name of CD Block: Rangeilunda		
Less than 5		
	03253800	Gounju
	03255000	Golabandha
	03252700	Luhajhara

Range of Scheduled Tribes population (percentages)	Location code number	Name of village
1	2	3
	03267000	Bhaliagada
	03254700	Narayanpur
	03261800	Ralaba
	03255100	Kamalapur
	03254100	Bikrampur
	03253200	Pathara
	03253500	Ramachandrapur
	03253400	Rangeilunda
	03254600	Alipur
	03254400	Badapur
	03263300	Golanthara
	03254300	Antarbatia
	03259500	Bhabinipur
5-10		
	03264900	Kotharsingi
Name of CD Block: Chhatrapur		
Less than 5		
	03244500	Ganganapur
	03251100	Chhatrapur
	03247500	Podapadar
	03250900	Sriramachandrapur
	03252400	Basanaputi
	03249000	Tanganapalli
	03248000	Chikalakhandi
	03245300	Sundarpur
	03251600	Arjyapalli
	03244400	Munishipentha
	03242600	Badamadhapur
	03250800	Chamakhandi
	03244800	Rukunigam
	03251800	Matikhala
	03250600	Narendrapur
	03247400	Jimi
	03249600	Nauli
	03245700	Lokanathapur
	03251300	Gedalanaidupalam
5-10		
	03249400	Narasingapur

Note:- Villages having NIL Scheduled Tribes Population have been excluded

APPENDIX -VIII VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Number of villages under each Gram Punchayat (C.D. Blocks wise)

Name of C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code No.	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Castes Population	Scheduled Tribes Population
1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10
Bhanjanagar	0001	Dadarlunda	11	31.11	1,508	5,839	1,934	1,865
		Brahmanpadar	6	13.62	943	4,303	799	700
		Gallery	4	13.10	1,345	6,314	1,347	421
		Harigada	3	9.26	1,120	5,038	1,585	256
		Domuhani	6	14.14	681	2,925	665	745
		Turumu	7	15.72	1,457	6,586	1,376	321
		Lambhai	6	9.51	954	4,343	1,114	61
		Tilisingi	7	10.80	1,013	4,520	1,061	196
		Kullada	4	8.00	1,190	5,974	1,400	58
		Baruda	11	13.93	1,527	7,069	1,977	166
		Mujagada	12	28.46	1,928	8,991	1,891	837
		Baiballi	6	12.20	619	2,578	224	681
		Sanakodanda	12	20.85	1,686	7,875	1,757	236
		Lalasingi	2	6.99	1,557	7,723	1,083	323
		Badakodanda	3	8.92	1,335	6,505	1,119	67
		Dumakumpa	12	21.07	1,693	7,735	1,808	359
		Jilundi	11	18.84	1,965	9,441	1,676	203
		Baunsalundi	3	6.32	1,234	6,469	1,022	31
		Dihapadhala	8	11.34	1,378	6,817	1,046	279
		Gollapada	10	11.03	1,088	5,404	1,127	0
		CDBlock Total	**144**	**285.21**	**26,221**	**122,449**	**26,011**	**7,805**
Jagannathprasad	0002	Rudhapadar	11	32.84	1,000	4,326	1,165	2,005
		Gayaganda	5	30.55	1,463	5,911	2,189	803
		Kokolaba	5	13.99	1,075	4,594	1,516	386
		Tarasingi	6	22.19	1,123	4,856	1,282	322
		Gerada	9	17.85	1,028	4,426	1,086	264
		Khetamundali	8	24.98	934	3,764	630	796
		Alasuguma	4	18.81	1,307	5,345	1,356	56
		Kadua	6	14.46	1,390	5,478	2,422	3
		Rauti	9	22.09	1,412	6,376	1,363	111
		Jagannathprasad	16	36.05	2,349	10,521	1,697	583
		Gandadhar	4	11.82	719	3,399	509	4
		Kudutai	9	23.76	1,012	4,456	905	126
		Jhadabhumi	5	17.70	1,293	6,187	714	58
		Pratapur	9	21.55	1,287	5,597	1,789	271
		Adheigan	4	9.41	597	2,996	488	0
		Baragam	2	5.77	573	2,818	442	2
		Bijayadhanurjayapur	7	10.61	1,038	5,058	585	0

Name of C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code No.	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Castes Population	Scheduled Tribes Population
1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Khamarpalli	4	13.38	1,257	5,927	1,037	0
		Aladi	5	14.99	1,206	5,482	1,334	1
		Chamunda	7	19.29	1,544	6,897	1,441	0
		Budurungu	4	12.42	637	2,832	549	4
		Chadheiapalli	4	15.15	882	3,505	1,081	0
		Panchabhuti	3	7.24	847	3,748	920	0
		Kumpapada	3	12.60	810	3,395	1,028	0
		CDBlock Total	**149**	**429.50**	**26,783**	**117,894**	**27,528**	**5,795**
Buguda	0003	Mottabadi	7	34.66	1,353	6,402	2,063	52
		Sankuru	5	20.25	1,004	5,384	1,119	2
		Manitara	7	18.95	1,551	7,379	1,848	68
		Karachuli	18	44.51	2,061	8,787	2,252	1,138
		B.Karadabadi	10	26.56	2,019	9,305	2,099	365
		Biranchipur	6	24.10	1,636	8,175	1,854	12
		Golabandha	5	16.85	1,102	5,730	842	0
		Kholakhali	6	23.76	1,696	8,153	1,650	0
		Antarapada	5	8.60	1,031	5,140	901	18
		A.karadabadi	3	8.65	915	4,316	749	2
		Pochalundi	3	7.79	903	4,160	493	50
		Kalamba	4	8.14	1,294	6,467	897	5
		Balipadar	5	16.51	1,970	9,941	1,261	9
		Pangidi	6	10.15	1,264	6,108	1,124	0
		Bhamasiali	4	7.39	814	3,985	549	0
		Golia	5	16.94	1,538	7,315	1,200	262
		CDBlock Total	**99**	**293.81**	**22,151**	**106,747**	**20,901**	**1,983**
Bellaguntha	0004	Nuagam	3	3.95	717	3,257	669	0
		Dhumchai	4	4.80	798	3,976	465	20
		Tanarada	8	14.08	1,585	7,915	930	48
		Udhura	5	15.82	1,342	6,591	1,588	33
		Inginathi	4	5.52	914	4,502	655	4
		Badapada	4	9.42	1,131	5,300	770	125
		Netanga	5	7.43	877	4,265	600	0
		Ambapua	5	20.56	1,334	6,474	1,239	52
		Banka	8	16.11	1,386	6,561	1,004	0
		Benipalli	5	3.77	651	3,120	396	4
		Gobara	5	8.95	1,229	6,218	1,061	20
		Sasan	4	7.12	893	4,663	311	0
		Badaborasingi	6	20.23	1,814	8,668	1,013	78
		Kshatriyabarapur	8	14.51	1,572	7,822	1,103	17

Name of C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code No.	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Castes Population	Scheduled Tribes Population
1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Gangapur	4	13.69	1,289	6,584	870	66
		Khairaputti	4	7.27	1,142	6,102	544	0
		Pailipada	5	6.95	1,299	6,487	798	14
		Mangalpur	4	15.76	1,033	5,087	650	197
		CDBlock Total	**91**	**195.94**	**21,006**	**103,592**	**14,666**	**678**
Surada	0005	Gajalabadi	30	25.91	755	3,210	394	1,606
		Gochha	18	18.07	998	4,344	1,029	877
		Asurbandha	30	41.10	2,546	12,437	3,094	1,472
		Gopalpursasan	11	24.60	2,085	10,080	1,966	847
		Lathipada	7	12.68	1,011	4,986	906	377
		Kulangi	4	9.11	1,286	6,175	994	126
		Suramani	6	17.24	1,834	8,929	2,311	178
		Sarabadi	7	25.94	1,392	7,209	1,532	87
		Amrutulu	12	15.23	1,621	8,450	1,984	23
		Hukuma	9	13.18	1,220	6,317	1,305	328
		Sarnauti	12	12.34	714	3,528	967	218
		Merikote	40	39.56	1,290	5,692	716	2,540
		Goudagoth	38	47.56	1,337	6,536	810	3,279
		Ekalapur	18	22.67	1,914	9,971	2,704	175
		Raibandha	14	21.05	1,443	7,433	1,097	118
		Badagada	5	6.78	1,565	7,745	1,559	113
		Gangapur	8	12.07	1,212	6,307	982	246
		Sidhapur	13	14.56	1,296	6,211	1,105	234
		CDBlock Total	**282**	**379.65**	**25,519**	**125,560**	**25,455**	**12,844**
Dharakote	0006	Singipur	9	31.18	881	4,055	934	185
		Jhadabandha	23	25.33	1,256	6,629	658	570
		Jharapari	11	14.05	653	3,097	727	312
		Jahada	6	9.30	1,351	6,841	757	0
		Baradabilli	11	13.61	1,639	7,525	1,397	62
		Rugumu	13	14.52	1,952	8,794	2,055	78
		Dharakote	10	12.00	1,777	8,414	2,136	31
		Jagamohana	12	15.19	1,082	5,570	1,072	104
		Mundamarai	4	3.70	1,277	6,410	1,285	0
		Saradhapur	7	10.95	1,165	6,093	1,004	0
		Baharapur	17	34.98	1,575	7,494	1,404	463
		Balarampur	25	18.23	921	4,693	741	2,389
		Saba	16	16.76	861	3,806	438	1,913
		Manikyapur	21	27.13	1,940	9,322	1,700	575
		Dhaugan	10	9.97	1,511	7,829	859	0

Name of C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code No.	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Castes Population	Scheduled Tribes Population
1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Golladamodarpalli	6	4.05	1,000	4,961	539	0
		CDBlock Total	**201**	**260.95**	**20,841**	**101,533**	**17,706**	**6,682**
Asika	0007	Bangarada	2	5.27	1,098	5,023	823	0
		Munigadi	4	6.43	917	4,573	606	0
		Kendupadar	3	5.89	611	2,651	262	154
		Gahangu	3	4.60	858	4,433	647	0
		Benapata	2	4.85	662	3,257	595	40
		Nimina	2	7.05	957	4,633	660	125
		Balisira	5	10.00	1,372	7,056	1,430	141
		Kamagada	4	9.89	690	3,389	765	0
		Badakholli	5	19.04	1,228	6,704	1,288	54
		Pandiapathara	4	15.35	703	3,427	1,341	6
		Bhetanai	2	18.77	962	4,600	1,119	0
		Sidhanai	2	10.64	648	3,531	894	0
		Gunthapada	4	9.85	996	4,804	621	98
		Balichai	3	5.61	721	3,549	441	0
		Gangapur	7	12.40	921	4,680	265	1
		Mangalapur	8	10.34	1,673	8,054	1,215	0
		Debabhumi	3	5.23	1,308	6,561	1,470	141
		Allipur	6	9.74	858	4,431	1,228	26
		Babanapur	2	4.72	814	4,323	583	23
		Kharia	6	13.02	1,627	8,032	1,023	0
		Baragan	2	6.13	1,259	6,142	1,384	16
		Kalasandhapur	2	2.13	767	3,710	742	22
		Nalabanta	8	7.08	996	5,155	819	0
		Khandadeuli	9	9.51	928	4,751	435	79
		Jayapur	5	6.94	1,324	6,557	1,654	0
		Haradapadar	6	10.34	2,022	9,361	2,086	6
		CDBlock Total	**109**	**230.82**	**26,920**	**133,387**	**24,396**	**932**
Kavisurjyanagar	0008	Subalaya	4	7.04	1,169	5,976	532	0
		Kaniari	5	5.96	933	4,703	1,538	0
		Barida	1	4.58	1,124	5,736	665	0
		Paikajamuna	5	8.33	966	5,069	707	0
		Sunapalli	3	6.85	1,026	5,021	988	19
		Baunsia	5	10.03	1,299	5,721	846	61
		Budhamba	4	8.11	1,041	5,324	745	221
		Khajapalli	4	7.07	988	5,043	683	4
		Badamahuri	6	8.22	1,011	5,347	2,501	11
		Athagadapatana	1	19.20	1,000	4,806	886	4

Name of C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code No.	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Castes Population	Scheduled Tribes Population
1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Gangapur	5	6.67	1,188	5,787	1,305	0
		Sialia	3	6.82	1,157	6,043	726	0
		Nandiagada	4	5.45	1,066	5,356	631	0
		Borasingi	4	3.99	1,181	5,514	349	0
		Ambapua	4	4.43	882	4,626	401	0
		Baliasara	5	6.91	1,156	6,147	535	0
		Bolasara	5	6.91	1,134	5,808	1,602	0
		Gudiali	2	12.87	1,117	5,811	874	0
		Jarada	4	8.83	940	4,603	1,339	35
		CDBlock Total	**74**	**148.27**	**20,378**	**102,441**	**17,853**	**355**
Polasara	0009	Mandara	4	9.69	928	5,243	710	0
		Kendubadi	2	6.54	610	3,164	591	11
		Kanachai	3	6.22	756	3,802	449	0
		Dhunkapada	4	11.48	881	4,474	1,230	0
		Chirikipadasasan	3	8.67	1,470	7,066	902	22
		Bhabarada	4	5.62	704	3,178	521	4
		Gochhabadi	25	33.15	949	4,596	1,106	1,006
		Pandiripada	27	13.37	1,194	5,188	1,138	1,630
		Malatentulia	5	5.90	840	4,045	348	134
		Nimina	3	6.48	831	4,142	790	117
		Madhupalli	5	10.36	966	4,825	775	83
		Budheisuni	2	3.44	746	3,472	373	1
		Badapankalabadi	3	6.60	931	4,530	1,207	1
		Sodaka	6	8.09	956	4,679	953	2
		Belagan	4	6.16	1,399	6,931	638	0
		Bartini	3	4.69	663	3,593	446	0
		Rumagada	4	11.10	988	5,397	794	9
		Hatiota	7	9.05	1,119	5,904	546	0
		Khanduru	4	4.39	1,062	5,162	335	0
		Kalamba	2	2.60	1,400	6,438	263	0
		Balichai	2	3.23	665	3,345	205	0
		Ghodapalan	3	3.05	660	3,417	185	0
		Jakara	2	9.94	957	4,840	547	0
		Mathura	7	19.21	1,419	7,133	1,396	0
		Banthapalli	4	6.02	593	2,717	774	0
		CDBlock Total	**138**	**215.05**	**23,687**	**117,281**	**17,222**	**3,020**
Beguniapada	0010	Kumbharigam	13	11.19	839	3,652	1,332	79
		Angargan	7	10.93	1,089	5,024	1,274	98
		Sandhamula	7	8.88	815	3,648	492	217

Name of C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code No.	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Castes Population	Scheduled Tribes Population
1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Talasara	9	9.47	1,227	5,873	916	44
		Sankuda	5	4.79	784	3,783	693	304
		Sumandala	9	6.03	943	4,349	712	93
		Burujhari	10	11.21	1,043	4,884	683	0
		Badakhairakhama	15	15.04	1,272	5,657	910	42
		Chandanpur	12	10.49	1,037	4,801	1,237	674
		Saurachhachina	6	10.35	1,170	5,430	1,556	205
		Chingudikhol	8	6.22	625	3,040	210	5
		Barida(K)	7	16.67	1,460	7,286	1,132	0
		Khandianai	10	10.86	1,268	5,857	1,009	14
		Beguniapada	3	1.58	820	4,129	635	0
		Mardakote	4	8.43	1,286	6,277	754	0
		Mardamekha	4	16.12	1,593	7,980	835	9
		Kalimeghi	22	19.62	1,140	5,366	874	997
		Sanaustapada	3	4.07	584	3,056	407	5
		Beruhanbadi	4	5.45	863	4,523	708	0
		Mathasara Singi	11	8.24	1,073	5,285	1,358	6
		Digapada	7	6.89	1,179	5,702	902	1
		Phasi	6	8.75	1,462	7,368	1,640	0
		CDBlock Total	**182**	**211.28**	**23,572**	**112,970**	**20,269**	**2,793**
Khalikote	0011	Badapalli	24	22.02	942	4,209	5	3,614
		Khojapalli	5	5.44	752	3,785	266	0
		Aitipur	16	10.97	1,329	6,381	148	0
		Bhikapada	4	3.25	611	2,934	578	5
		Langaleswar	12	12.20	1,929	8,824	947	85
		Pathara	7	6.46	1,771	9,044	4,630	83
		Kanheipur	9	10.14	1,777	8,496	772	83
		S.K. Saranpur	6	6.73	1,057	5,511	101	2
		Bikrampur	10	8.34	1,300	6,315	776	0
		Kairasi	1	4.09	813	3,951	210	0
		Badhi Nuapalli	14	19.49	1,244	5,929	362	121
		Tulasipur	7	7.87	489	2,568	503	20
		Mathura	16	14.94	1,450	7,184	1,181	45
		Naikanipalli	7	12.09	1,049	4,776	877	0
		Kanchana	4	12.47	1,343	6,109	658	2
		Danapur	8	17.69	1,160	5,915	1,833	21
		Bedanala Nakhyapur	13	14.13	1,180	5,679	1,219	0
		Kumanda	7	23.96	1,068	5,131	2,930	0
		Bania	4	10.70	701	3,286	859	109

Name of C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code No.	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Castes Population	Scheduled Tribes Population
1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Chikili	4	17.92	951	4,559	1,559	0
		Talapada	9	14.57	889	4,230	749	6
		Dimiria	10	16.16	937	4,538	1,540	671
		Kesapur	13	87.56	1,223	6,592	3,507	94
		Kanaka	12	13.80	939	5,097	2,794	0
		Sabulia	4	24.17	1,187	6,130	1,666	49
		CDBlock Total	**226**	**397.16**	**28,091**	**137,173**	**30,670**	**5,010**
Ganjam	0012	Poirasi	10	14.32	1,630	8,399	3,511	0
		Khanda Deuli	8	14.66	1,060	5,048	755	32
		Palanga	12	33.22	699	3,316	2,361	58
		Sanaramchandrapur	18	19.04	1,487	7,392	1,371	92
		Ramagada	13	36.45	1,977	9,872	3,200	183
		Subalaya	9	17.49	1,064	5,216	1,180	97
		Humma	3	11.91	1,385	6,685	1,407	45
		Santoshpur	14	17.82	1,415	7,027	1,636	0
		Malada	13	19.36	1,462	6,817	756	0
		Rajapur	3	4.80	657	3,361	340	0
		Karapada	3	7.80	1,305	6,820	809	0
		Kainchapur	5	11.28	1,000	4,771	899	0
		Palli Bandha	4	8.61	1,572	7,978	873	0
		CDBlock Total	**115**	**216.76**	**16,713**	**82,702**	**19,098**	**507**
Purusottampur	0013	Tankachhai	5	11.99	1,141	5,399	1,215	6
		Jhadabai	4	13.13	1,259	5,696	1,207	9
		Antarigam	4	8.36	1,236	5,454	743	24
		Changudi Padar -	3	8.17	892	4,309	859	0
		Bada Kharida	5	16.49	1,832	8,460	2,135	24
		Pandia	2	4.18	1,004	4,811	1,247	0
		Bhimpur	3	5.39	990	4,670	1,042	0
		Bhutasarasingi	7	20.06	1,333	6,084	2,932	0
		Arakhapur	3	3.88	728	3,336	593	25
		Sikula	1	8.18	1,057	5,646	1,537	0
		Chingudighai	3	5.75	929	4,431	696	0
		Sama	5	5.05	1,016	4,963	1,572	0
		Badabaragan	6	11.07	974	4,386	1,515	0
		Handi Ghara	7	9.69	1,155	5,629	2,001	7
		Kamanali -	6	13.05	1,088	5,289	2,476	19
		Pratapur	2	5.80	809	3,775	1,304	86
		Raipur	4	8.58	1,422	6,840	2,277	49
		Baghala	5	11.62	1,369	6,657	1,067	0

Name of C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code No.	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Castes Population	Scheduled Tribes Population
1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Jagannathpur	8	12.97	1,124	5,211	722	0
		Rana Jhalli	7	10.98	1,507	7,207	2,809	0
		Jamuni	2	6.14	926	4,370	1,045	0
		Gangadahani	2	3.69	978	4,865	776	0
		Bhata Kumarda	1	15.17	1,341	6,900	1,510	1
		Sunathara	2	10.89	1,010	5,118	683	0
		CDBlock Total	**97**	**230.28**	**27,120**	**129,506**	**33,963**	**250**
Hinjilicut	0014	Burupada	2	7.97	1,670	8,783	2,119	30
		Chanduli	2	4.51	737	3,353	881	0
		Kharida	2	6.33	966	4,908	854	196
		Sikiri	2	6.51	1,315	6,612	768	0
		Ralaba	2	2.55	1,224	5,964	344	0
		Nandika	1	5.53	725	3,375	759	7
		Putia Padar	4	6.74	891	4,254	1,043	0
		Sahapur	2	10.58	792	4,418	711	0
		Dhobadi	1	3.08	754	3,389	790	0
		Bellagan	1	6.08	649	2,812	695	0
		Sasanambagan	2	7.99	1,117	5,067	1,078	0
		Saru	3	8.34	1,013	4,588	1,017	186
		Pochilima	5	11.92	951	4,326	1,611	0
		Makarjhola	3	9.39	1,153	5,635	1,191	0
		Bada Khandi	3	8.02	1,266	5,905	1,220	0
		Kanchuru	5	9.29	1,570	7,599	1,886	0
		Darubhadra	4	10.20	1,191	5,742	1,233	25
		Durubandha	3	11.99	1,736	8,526	2,121	0
		Gandala	3	10.32	1,466	6,576	2,236	4
		Bhabandha	2	8.12	1,177	5,221	1,508	3
		CDBlock Total	**52**	**155.46**	**22,363**	**107,053**	**24,065**	**451**
Seragad	0015	Bandhaguda	13	13.73	1,637	8,275	2,199	226
		Kulagada	3	6.95	891	4,662	547	0
		Mahupadar	10	16.07	1,727	8,484	1,492	0
		Baramundali	7	6.99	1,391	7,372	1,573	0
		Karadakana	7	5.60	898	4,171	698	176
		Seragad	9	12.06	2,318	11,412	2,216	19
		Takarada	4	9.00	1,127	5,963	666	0
		Dhabalpur	3	6.04	681	3,326	874	0
		Narendrapur	11	28.36	1,383	7,473	820	0
		Pitala	3	4.41	1,536	7,482	1,004	0
		Brahmanchai	2	3.98	849	4,309	960	0

Name of C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code No.	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Castes Population	Scheduled Tribes Population
1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Tahanara	2	5.08	759	3,734	1,158	16
		Govindapur	4	11.33	1,169	6,314	941	0
		Dhanantar	7	13.21	1,177	6,003	1,001	145
		Krushnachhai	5	5.62	971	4,793	489	0
		Denga Padar	3	5.65	937	4,641	1,142	6
		Thuruburai	4	2.89	1,026	5,484	777	0
		Gothagam	2	4.45	962	5,155	911	0
		Kurulla	6	5.07	817	4,149	1,184	0
		Allarigada	3	7.28	880	4,423	803	10
		CDBlock Total	**108**	**173.77**	**23,136**	**117,625**	**21,455**	**598**
Sanakhemundi	0016	T. Govindapur	17	42.14	1,130	5,485	832	2,733
		Pudamari	10	25.68	2,023	9,906	1,025	885
		Pattiguda	10	17.32	979	4,877	883	515
		Chanameri	7	10.65	1,647	8,169	1,268	1
		Singipur	8	12.13	2,378	11,230	946	174
		Maula Bhanja	17	24.46	2,310	11,248	2,279	78
		Gangapur	9	15.03	929	4,417	653	644
		S. Gopalpur	17	19.70	1,694	8,338	1,454	839
		Ramachandrapur	9	16.57	1,613	8,092	527	0
		Dengadi	4	4.39	1,295	6,732	940	0
		Adapada	6	8.11	1,453	7,593	795	46
		Konkarada	6	8.23	2,331	12,102	1,334	3
		Khallingi	4	6.42	1,292	6,676	578	6
		Erendra	6	8.92	1,140	6,044	446	0
		Pattapur	5	9.63	2,265	11,670	1,073	0
		Sahaspur	5	11.14	1,151	5,447	995	0
		Chudangpur	7	13.10	1,380	6,583	1,433	77
		Goutami	7	14.45	1,877	9,346	1,751	4
		Dayanidhipur	5	7.44	751	3,833	422	0
		CDBlock Total	**159**	**275.51**	**29,638**	**147,788**	**19,634**	**6,005**
Digapahandi	0017	Sahadev -	13	26.81	817	4,058	366	1,047
		Bhishmagiri	1	9.70	1,330	6,550	1,023	17
		Phasiguda	6	11.01	1,498	7,799	1,508	0
		Ankorada	4	8.21	825	4,243	940	0
		Kusapada	4	7.87	890	3,813	298	0
		Gokarnapur	6	13.89	1,537	7,033	992	0
		Sidheswar	20	33.25	2,026	10,367	1,002	338
		Basudevpur	7	15.63	871	3,675	650	269
		Turubudi	14	34.62	1,779	7,771	1,049	704

Name of C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code No.	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Castes Population	Scheduled Tribes Population
1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Padmanavpur	9	22.16	1,598	7,625	1,003	1
		Koithada	11	17.51	1,424	6,431	997	133
		Kaithakhandi	14	21.23	1,715	7,957	1,811	154
		Nimakhandipentha	20	31.61	1,992	9,482	1,468	975
		Khamarigam	25	45.98	1,500	6,937	1,479	1,126
		B.L. Narayanpur	9	7.90	643	3,073	542	614
		Bhramarapur	6	13.91	1,060	5,093	738	836
		Choudhury-	7	10.33	554	3,092	309	0
		Goudagam	5	7.09	878	4,564	792	177
		Gada Govindapur	5	9.20	867	4,037	900	0
		Jakara	3	7.19	669	3,100	586	11
		Bamokoi	17	20.54	1,603	7,153	843	638
		Kara Pada	10	15.19	1,331	6,110	1,276	456
		Bada Dumula	16	41.61	1,448	6,655	826	1,297
		CDBlock Total	**232**	**432.44**	**28,855**	**136,618**	**21,398**	**8,793**
Patrapur	0018	Turubudi	38	28.61	1,428	7,040	1,444	1,772
		Khariaguda	45	23.34	1,715	8,850	1,189	734
		Surangigada	14	14.43	1,367	6,381	1,984	236
		Tandipur	12	12.17	1,372	5,942	1,113	92
		Kharnipada	5	8.85	1,145	5,322	1,320	0
		Podadigi	7	7.64	1,384	6,662	883	30
		Patrapur	13	12.97	1,991	9,742	1,943	16
		Sountia Palli	9	15.62	1,499	6,908	1,252	6
		Badapur	14	14.37	1,444	6,747	833	199
		Jaradagada	6	5.63	1,038	4,793	1,073	150
		Manda Rada	11	12.10	752	3,743	800	180
		Ankuli	47	50.10	623	2,992	14	2,893
		Burutala	26	40.79	554	2,609	0	2,608
		Tumbagada	39	37.27	998	4,482	237	3,274
		Samantrapur	19	9.49	726	3,275	679	889
		Ambapur	12	9.39	686	3,083	280	430
		Gundra	10	9.53	1,195	5,207	1,208	0
		Khamarigam	5	8.40	962	4,595	242	0
		Jayantipur	4	11.93	1,137	4,797	550	7
		Baranga	7	9.11	874	4,469	427	85
		Kesharipada	4	11.12	835	3,293	409	23
		Gudipadar	3	3.72	693	2,988	155	0
		B. Nuagam	5	6.49	893	4,196	1,040	8
		CDBlock Total	**355**	**363.07**	**25,311**	**118,116**	**19,075**	**13,632**

Name of C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code No.	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Castes Population	Scheduled Tribes Population
1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10
Chikiti	0019	Lalmenta-Laxmi	13	10.16	887	4,108	750	84
		Nua Pada	2	2.77	734	3,290	752	6
		K. Nuagam	22	15.98	1,446	6,472	1,750	788
		Ramachandrapur	26	22.84	1,869	8,670	2,068	658
		Chandapur	14	10.34	922	4,196	502	424
		Gobinda Nagar	7	8.87	816	3,934	1,355	73
		Girisola	9	14.04	1,410	6,596	1,112	163
		Pitotali	5	9.85	906	4,294	737	19
		Kolabada	12	16.81	2,125	9,911	1,294	340
		Kotilingi	6	9.74	840	3,811	541	0
		Rampa	5	9.01	727	3,279	233	33
		R. Subani	2	22.36	1,513	7,424	4,061	0
		Jhati Padar	5	13.49	1,405	6,665	376	3
		Surala	2	11.80	1,583	7,974	5,892	1
		Sunapur	2	12.68	1,545	7,291	3,071	4
		Kotturu	5	16.49	1,364	6,026	1,404	0
		CDBlock Total	**137**	**207.23**	**20,092**	**93,941**	**25,898**	**2,596**
Kukuda Khandi	0020	Rohigam	3	9.15	1,040	5,650	831	0
		Baula Jhalli	4	14.49	957	4,381	1,184	8
		Kukuda Khandi	3	12.55	1,861	8,909	2,484	1
		Masia Khalli	3	5.70	709	3,837	853	16
		Hugulapatta	5	15.03	1,337	6,743	1,150	0
		Gurunthi	2	10.41	1,232	6,082	1,454	0
		Borigam	7	14.09	1,238	6,269	1,497	11
		Nima Khandi	2	5.04	2,327	11,904	996	51
		Jagadalpur	1	5.92	985	5,356	2,079	110
		Ankusapur	5	14.62	1,408	7,198	1,578	30
		Dakhinapur	7	17.83	1,825	9,246	1,655	250
		Ballipada	4	9.90	1,080	5,517	1,556	270
		Dengapadar	3	10.90	994	4,984	1,526	333
		Banthapalli	7	12.96	1,049	4,841	125	1,158
		Anantei	4	7.03	1,429	7,203	2,318	0
		Lathi	2	8.70	1,562	8,579	2,067	0
		Mohada	6	16.99	972	4,590	1,498	241
		Kankia	21	35.89	629	2,413	254	2,106
		Sihala	5	13.45	1,379	6,680	2,997	518
		Baghalati	5	8.87	867	4,216	1,406	375
		CDBlock Total	**99**	**249.52**	**24,880**	**124,598**	**29,508**	**5,478**
Rangei Lunda	0021	Sata Kutuni	3	11.87	1,915	9,903	1,446	227

Name of C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code No.	Grampanchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Castes Population	Scheduled Tribes Population
1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Badakustali	6	12.41	1,893	9,392	2,857	5
		Korapalli	6	10.71	2,140	10,216	1,482	41
		Dura	3	13.53	1,392	7,344	1,957	17
		Ganju	5	10.67	962	4,718	3,058	2
		Phulta	4	11.03	1,310	7,048	863	0
		Konisi	5	13.31	1,918	9,529	2,706	0
		Rangipur	4	7.49	906	4,653	1,330	7
		Kolathigam	3	9.62	1,069	4,929	1,840	0
		Padmapur	5	6.65	928	4,572	1,305	0
		Chikarada	1	3.12	607	2,959	496	0
		Randha	2	4.46	1,089	5,567	936	0
		Golanthara	1	5.10	944	4,879	714	54
		Kutharsingi	4	8.35	1,101	5,349	716	199
		Mantridi	4	9.91	834	3,921	673	0
		Biswanathpur	3	11.12	1,024	4,752	513	0
		Sasanpadar	5	12.33	1,366	6,173	541	0
		Indrakhi	4	9.37	1,252	5,501	505	0
		Keluapalli	5	13.52	1,385	6,463	1,271	0
		Golabandha	5	26.28	2,735	12,175	564	17
		Narayanpur	5	13.07	2,183	9,584	1,599	17
		CDBlock Total	**83**	**223.92**	**28,953**	**139,627**	**27,372**	**586**
Chhatrapur	0022	Tanganpalli	5	13.43	1,343	6,377	3,125	4
		Sundarpur	3	20.56	2,193	10,933	2,840	22
		Mahanandpur	4	11.63	853	4,802	2,047	0
		Baulgam	5	5.03	940	4,543	2,304	23
		Badamadhapur	4	12.83	1,657	8,250	1,845	41
		Potalampur	5	10.74	1,584	7,805	1,529	9
		Bipulingi	7	14.89	1,907	9,207	2,174	16
		Chikalakhandi	4	11.63	1,566	7,238	768	13
		Bhikaripalli	8	20.22	1,726	7,957	3,445	67
		Laxmipur	4	15.37	1,343	6,389	1,181	38
		Narendrapur	4	12.48	1,371	6,998	1,248	99
		Chamakhandi	6	22.83	2,111	9,594	3,201	39
		Kalipalli	6	18.20	1,764	7,937	1,702	1
		Konomona	5	15.93	3,195	14,597	4,210	80
		Podapadar	5	17.74	1,218	5,700	983	4
		Agastinuagaon	5	13.94	1,529	7,348	1,290	62
		CDBlock Total	**80**	**237.45**	**26,300**	**125,675**	**33,892**	**518**

SECTION – II
TOWN DIRECTORY

Section II Town Directory

NOTE EXPLAINING THE ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE TOWN DIRECTORY

Statement I : Status and Growth History

Column 2 : Class, name and civic administration status of town :

Class has been introduced to facilitate analysis of town directory data at the state and all India levels. It is presented according to 2001 Census Population of the town as follows :

Population	Class
100,000 and above	I
50,000 - 99,999	II
20,000 - 49,999	III
10,000 - 19,999	IV
5,000 - 9,999	V
Below 5,000	VI

Town with a population of one hundred thousand (1,00,000)and above is treated as a city.

The civic administration status of the towns is indicated within bracket against the name of the town. The following abbreviations are used to denote civic status of town.

(I)	Municipal Corporation.	M.Corp.
(II)	Municipal Committee	MC
(III)	Municipal Council	MCl
(IV)	City Municipal Council	CMC
(V)	Town Municipal Council	TMC
(VI)	Municipal Board	MB
(VII)	Municipality	M
(VIII)	Cantonment Board/Cantonment	CB
(IX)	Notified Area	NA
(X)	Notified Town	NT
(XI)	Notified Area Committee/ Notified Area Council	NAC
(XII)	Notified Town Area	NTA
(XIII)	Industrial Notified Area	INA
(XIV)	Industrial Township	ITS
(XV)	Township	TS
(XVI)	Town Panchayat	TP
(XVII)	Nagar Panchayat	NP
(XVIII)	Town Committee/ Town Area Committee	TC
(XIX)	Small Town Committee	ST
(XX)	Estate office	EO
(XXI)	Gram Panchayat	GP
(XXII)	Census Town	CT

Other columns need no explanations.

Statement II - Physical Aspects and Location of towns, 1999 :

Column 3 to 5 : Physical Aspects

In these columns the Rainfall and Maximum & Minimum Temperature of the town are recorded.

Column 6, 7 and 8 :

Name of the State headquarters, District headquarters and Sub-Divisional headquarters with distance from the referent town in kilometers, is to be recorded respectively. If the names mentioned in these columns are the same as the referent town itself, the distance is recorded as (0) zero.

Column 9 & 10 :

Name of the nearest city with one lakh and more and five lakh and more population are recorded.

Column 11, 12 and 13 :

If referent town enjoys the facility of railway station, bus route facility or navigable river/canal, its name is to be mentioned. If not available, then the name of nearest place with distance, where such facility exists is to be mentioned.

Statement III : Municipal Finance 1998 – 1999

Item-wise amount of receipt and expenditure in thousand rupees, relating to municipal finance of the town for the year 1998-99 is to be recorded.

Statement IV : Civic and Other amenities, 1999

Column 1 to 5 : Self explanatory

Column 6 : Road length (in kms.)

Information about kutcha / pucca road is to be recorded separately for the roads within the limits of the referent town.

(i)	Pucca Road	PR
(ii)	Kutcha Road	KR

Column 7 : System of Sewerage

Generally, sewerage system is implied the network of mains and branches of underground conduits for the conveyance of sewerage to the point of disposal. Sewers that carry only household and industrial wastes are called separate sewers, those that carry storm water from roofs, streets and other surface are known as storm water drains, while those carrying both sewage and storm water are called combined sewers.

The codes used for different types of drainage system are as follows :

(i)	Sewer	S
(ii)	Open Surface Drains	OSD
(iii)	Box Surface Drains	BSD
(iv)	Sylk Drains	SD
(v)	Cesspool method	CP
(vi)	Pit System	Pt
(vii)	Others	O

Column 8 to 11 : Number of latrines

Number of various types of latrines both Public and Private are given in these columns.

Column 12 : Method of disposal of night soil

The various prevalent method of disposal of night soil are given below with codes :

Head Loads	HL
Basket	B
Wheel Barrows	WB
Septic Tank	ST
Pit System	Pt
Sewerage	S
Others	O

Column 13 and 14 : Water supply

For source and capacity of storage system, the following codes are used in these columns:

Column 13 :

(i)	Tap water	T
(ii)	Tube-well water	TW
(iii)	Tank Water	TK
(iv)	Well water	W

Column 14 :

(v)	Over Head Tank	OHT
(vi)	Service Reservoir	SR
(vii)	River Infiltration Gallery	RIG
(viii)	Bore Well Pumping System	BWP
(ix)	Pressure Tank	PT

The information on major source of water supply are given in Column 13 and the storage capacity against each in kilo-litres (in bracket) are presented in Column 14.

Column 15 : Fire Fighting Service

In case the fire fighting service is available in the referent town 'yes' is recorded. If the facility is not available within the town, the name of the nearest place having this facility with its distance from the referent town has been recorded.

Column 16 to 20 : Electrification (Number of connections)

Different types of electric connections have been shown in these columns, i.e. Domestic, Industrial, Commercial, Road lighting (points) & others.

Statement V : Medical, Educational, Recreational and Cultural Facilities, 1999

Column 1 to 3 : Self explanatory.

Column 4 & 5 :

The data covers all such medical institutions run by or aided by Government/Semi Government/Local

bodies and Charitable institutions or Social agencies like the Missionaries. Where the family planning centres are attached to hospitals or maternity and child welfare centres or primary health centres, may be treated as independent units and counted separately using following codes :

(i)	Hospital	H
(ii)	Dispensary	D
(iii)	Health Centre	HC
(iv)	Family Welfare Centre	FWC
(v)	T.B. Clinic	TB
(vi)	Nursing Home	NH
(vii)	Others	O

In case of more than one institutions of any type, it is indicated within brackets the number of such institution (s) e.g. D(3), NH(8), etc. The institutions have further been distinguished by providing additional codes within the bracket as given below :

Ayurvedic	A
Unani	U
Homoeopathic	Hom

Column 6 to 9 :

The codes used for these columns are as follows:

(i)	Arts only	A
(ii)	Science only	S
(iii)	Commerce only	C
(iv)	Arts & Science only	AS
(v)	Arts & Commerce only	AC
(vi)	Combined for all categories-Arts, Science and Commerce	ASC
(vii)	Law	L
(viii)	University	U
(ix)	Others	O

Column 10 : Recognized shorthand, typewriting and vocational training institutes

"Recognised" should mean recognised by some statutory authority, like education department, commerce department, labour department etc. of the government or semi government or autonomous bodies, public sector undertakings etc.

The following codes are used :

(i)	Shorthand	SH
(ii)	Typewriting	Type
(iii)	Shorthand & Typewriting	SH Type
(iv)	Others	O

The vocational institutions like - Applied Art/ Painting college, Pharmacy college, B. Ed. College, Teacher's Training Institute, Music / Dance School, Nursing School etc. are covered under 'Others'.

Column 11 to 14 : Higher Secondary/ Intermediate/Senior Secondary/PUC/Junior College level, Secondary/Matriculation, Middle Schools/ Junior Secondary and Primary Schools

School up to class V are treated as Primary or elementary schools. These include Nursery schools, Kindergarten schools, Pre-Primary schools, Junior Basic schools upto class V and Primary schools upto class IV.

Schools upto VIII are considered as Middle school or Junior Secondary.

Schools upto class X are considered as Matriculation or Secondary schools.

Schools upto XI or XII classes are considered as Higher Secondary / Intermediate / Pre University / Junior College etc. This would cover 10+2 classes whether held in schools or colleges.

If there are composite schools like middle schools with primary classes or Secondary schools with Middle classes, these are also included in the number of Primary and Middle schools, respectively. For example, if in a town, there are two Primary Schools and one Middle school with Primary classes, the number of Primary schools in the town is given as three and that of Middle school as one though there are only three educational institutions.

If there are more institutions of a type in the town, the number is indicated within bracket along with the abbreviation, e.g. P(4), M(3).

Column 15 : Adult literacy class/centres

This column has been introduced keeping in view the Minimum Needs Programme of the Planning Commission. There are number of Adult Education Centres which are included in these columns.

If an educational facility is not available in the town, the name of the nearest place and its distance in kilometres from the town where the facility is available is mentioned.

Column 16 : Working Women's hostels with number of seats

The number of working women's hostel if available in the referent town is mentioned with number of seats. If the facility is not available in the town the name of nearest place with distance where the facility is available is recorded.

Column 17 to 19 : Recreational and Cultural Facilities

Stadium, Cinema, Auditorium/Drama/Community Hall are covered under recreational & cultural facilities. The particulars of permanent recreational facilities are considered for these columns.

Column 20 : Public Libraries, Reading Rooms

Number of public libraries and reading rooms available in the referent town are recorded in codes as follows :

(i) Public Library	PL
(ii) Reading room	RR

Statement VI : Trade, Commerce, Industry and Banking, 1999

Column 3 to 8 : Name of three most important commodities exported and names of three most important commodities manufactured in the town are recorded.

Column 9 : Number of Banks

Number of Banks available in the referent town both Commercial and Co-operative banks are recorded against this column.

Column 10 & 11 : **Number of Agricultural Credit Societies and Non Agricultural Credit Societies**

The total number of Agricultural Credit Societies and Non Agricultural Credit Societies in the referent town are recorded against these columns.

Statement VII : Civic and other Amenities in Slums, 1999

This is the statement on civic and other amenities in all slums whether notified or not and for all towns having statutory bodies, like Municipality, Municipal Corporation, Town area committee etc.

STATEMENT - I
Status and Growth History

Srl. No.	Class, name and civic status of town	Location code number	Name of Taluk/ Tahasil/ Police Station/Island etc.	Name of C.D. Block	Area (in sq. km.)	Number of households incl. houseless households (2001 Census)	Population and growth rate (in brackets) of the town at the Censuses of		
							1901	1911	1921
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	IV Buguda (N.A.C.)	41903000	Buguda	Buguda	7.5	2,661			
2	IV Bhanjanagar (N.A.C.)	41901000	Bhanjanagar	Bhanjanagar	6.1	3,834		6,042	6,134 (+1.5)
3	V Bellaguntha (N.A.C.)	41902000	Bhanjanagar	Bellaguntha	5.2	1,956			
4	IV Surada (N.A.C.)	41905000	Kabisuryanagar	Surada	4.9	2,795			
5	III Asika (N.A.C.)	41904000	Rambha	Asika	5.3	4,168		4,912	4,491 (-8.6)
6	VI Makundapur (C.T.)	41919000	Rambha	Asika	1.3	989			
7	IV Purusottampur (N.A.C.)	41911000	Gopalpur	Purusottampur	34.9	2,763			
8	IV Kavisurjyanagar (N.A.C	41906000	Golanthara	Kavisurjyanagar	18.1	3,001			
9	IV Polasara (N.A.C.)	41907000	Golanthara	Polasara	11.8	3,736			
10	IV Kodala (N.A.C.)	41908000	Digapahandi	Beguniapada	12.1	2,387			
11	IV Khalikote (N.A.C.)	41910000	Patapur	Khallikote	28.5	2,029			
12	IV Rambha (N.A.C.)	41909000	Brahmapur	Ganjam	7.8	1,991			
13	IV Ganjam (N.A.C.)	41914000	Brahmapur	Ganjam	9.1	2,261			
14	III Chhatrapur (N.A.C.)	41913000	Brahmapur	Chhatrapur	4.4	4,184			
15	V Gopalpur (N.A.C.)	41915000	Brahmapur	Rangeilunda	2.6	1,319			
16	I Brahmapur (M)	41916000	Brahmapur	Rangeilunda	79.8	57,796	25,729	31,456 (+22.3)	32,731 (+4.1)
17	IV Chikiti (N.A.C.)	41918000	Brahmapur	Chikiti	6.5	2,183			
18	IV Digapahandi (N.A.C.)	41917000	Brahmapur	Digapahandi	10.2	2,211			
19	III Hinjilicut (N.A.C.)	41912000	Brahmapur	Hinjilicut	11.8	4,125			

STATEMENT - I
Status and Growth History

Population and growth rate (in brackets) of the town at the Censuses of								Density (2001 Census)	Sex ratio		
1931	1941	1951	1961	1971	1981	1991	2001		1981	1991	2001
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
				5,148	8,706	10,664	13,257	1,779.5	1,024	1,008	975
					(+69.1)	(+22.5)	(+24.3)				
6,748	7,227	8,469	9,952	12,353	15,324	17,122	19,748	3,258.7	923	948	931
(+10.0)	(+7.1)	(+17.2)	(+17.5)	(+24.1)	(+24.1)	(+11.7)	(+15.3)				
			5,762	7,113	7,915	8,838	9,962	1,923.2	1,047	1,030	1,018
				(+23.5)	(+11.3)	(+11.7)	(+12.7)				
	6,339	7,106	8,703	9,833	11,269	13,268	14,648	2,977.2	1,004	971	964
		(+12.1)	(+22.5)	(+13.0)	(+14.6)	(+17.7)	(+10.4)				
5,015	5,794	6,379	9,024	12,954	16,394	19,363	20,739	3,905.6	938	944	934
(+11.7)	(+15.5)	(+10.1)	(+41.5)	(+43.6)	(+26.6)	(+18.1)	(+7.1)				
						3,760	4,975	3,826.9			954
							(+32.3)				
				8,898	10,739	12,904	14,249	408.4	966	976	961
					(+20.7)	(+20.2)	(+10.4)				
				9,500	11,870	13,938	16,094	887.7	979	913	942
					(+25.0)	(+17.4)	(+15.5)				
				10,579	13,039	16,854	19,568	1,656.9	1,000	1,008	985
					(+23.3)	(+29.3)	(+16.1)				
					8,537	10,187	12,345	1,021.1	1,034	992	996
						(+19.3)	(+21.2)				
			3,365	6,889	8,340	9,071	10,958	384.6	927	915	939
				(+104.7)	(+21.1)	(+8.8)	(+20.8)				
				6,771	8,196	9,213	10,716	1,379.2	1,007	1,007	991
					(+21.1)	(+12.4)	(+16.3)				
					7,580	10,847	11,317	1,240.9	929	937	946
						(+43.1)	(+4.3)				
	6,227	7,746	7,835	10,835	14,140	17,950	20,289	4,611.1	930	968	964
		(+24.4)	(+1.2)	(+38.3)	(+30.5)	(+26.9)	(+13.0)				
			3,536	3,583	4,503	5,403	6,663	2,602.7	965	971	997
				(+1.3)	(+25.7)	(+20.0)	(+23.3)				
37,750	43,536	62,343	76,931	117,662	162,550	210,418	307,792	3,857.0	924	922	919
(+15.3)	(+15.3)	(+43.2)	(+23.4)	(+52.9)	(+38.2)	(+29.5)	(+46.3)				
					8,177	10,005	10,802	1,667.0	974	928	982
						(+22.4)	(+8.0)				
					7,853	10,032	10,890	1,065.6	986	926	965
						(+27.8)	(+8.6)				
			8,028	10,821	13,761	17,676	21,347	1,807.5	956	945	970
				(+34.8)	(+27.2)	(+28.5)	(+20.8)				

STATEMENT-II
Physical Aspects and Location of Towns, 1999

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Physical aspects			Name of and road distance in kilometer(s) from	
		Rainfall (in mm)	Temperature (in centigrade)		State HQ.	District HQ.
			Maximum	Minimum		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	IV Buguda (N.A.C.)	1170.78	33.36	20.06	Bhubaneswar (151)	Chhatrapur (91)
2	IV Bhanjanagar (N.A.C.)	1170.78	33.36	20.06	Bhubaneswar (173)	Chhatrapur (102)
3	V Bellaguntha (N.A.C.)	1170.78	33.36	20.06	Bhubaneswar (165)	Chhatrapur (110)
4	IV Surada (N.A.C.)	1170.78	33.36	20.06	Bhubaneswar (204)	Chhatrapur (107)
5	III Asika (N.A.C.)	1170.78	33.36	20.06	Bhubaneswar (179)	Chhatrapur (62)
6	VI Makundapur (C.T.)	1170.78	33.36	20.06	Bhubaneswar (171)	Chhatrapur (66)
7	IV Purusottampur (N.A.C.)	1170.78	33.36	20.06	Bhubaneswar (197)	Chhatrapur (40)
8	IV Kavisurjyanagar (N.A.C.)	1170.78	33.36	20.06	Bhubaneswar (157)	Chhatrapur (56)
9	IV Polasara (N.A.C.)	1170.78	33.36	20.06	Bhubaneswar (155)	Chhatrapur (80)
10	IV Kodala (N.A.C.)	1170.78	33.36	20.06	Bhubaneswar (135)	Chhatrapur (60)
11	IV Khalikote (N.A.C.)	1170.78	33.36	20.06	Bhubaneswar (120)	Chhatrapur (37)
12	IV Rambha (N.A.C.)	1170.78	33.36	20.06	Bhubaneswar (131)	Chhatrapur (26)
13	IV Ganjam (N.A.C.)	1170.78	33.36	20.06	Bhubaneswar (149)	Chhatrapur (8)
14	III Chhatrapur (N.A.C.)	1170.78	33.36	20.06	Bhubaneswar (157)	Chhatrapur (0)
15	V Gopalpur (N.A.C.)	1170.78	33.36	20.06	Bhubaneswar (179)	Chhatrapur (22)
16	I Brahmapur (M)	1170.78	33.36	20.06	Bhubaneswar (179)	Chhatrapur (22)
17	IV Chikiti (N.A.C.)	1170.78	33.36	20.06	Bhubaneswar (211)	Chhatrapur (54)
18	IV Digapahandi (N.A.C.)	1096.3	31.5	23.7	Bhubaneswar (207)	Chhatrapur (50)
19	III Hinjilicut (N.A.C.)	1150.7	33	20.06	Bhubaneswar (201)	Chhatrapur (44)

STATEMENT-II
Physical Aspects and Location of Towns, 1999

Name of and road distance in kilometer(s) from					
Sub-division /Taluk/ Tahasil / Police station/ Community Devt. Block/ Island HQ.	Nearest city with population of one lakh and more	Nearest city with population of five lakh and more	Railway station	Bus facility	Navigable river/ canal (if within ten kilometers)
8	9	10	11	12	13
Buguda	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Brahmapur	Yes	-
(0)	(69)	(151)	(69)	(0)	
Ghumsur	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Brahmapur	Yes	Loharakhandi (R)
(0)	(80)	(173)	(80)	(0)	(0)
Ghumsur	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Brahmapur	Yes	Budanad(R)
(8)	(75)	(165)	(75)	(0)	(1)
Surada	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Brahmapur	Yes	Rushikulya (R)
(0)	(85)	(204)	(85)	(0)	(0)
Asika	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Brahmapur	Yes	Rushikulya (R)
(0)	(40)	(179)	(40)	(0)	(0)
Asika	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Brahmapur	Yes	-
(4)	(44)	(171)	(44)	(0)	
Purusottampur	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Jagannathpur	Yes	Rushikulya (R)
(0)	(35)	(197)	(26)	(0)	(0)
Kodala	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Khallikote	Yes	-
(22)	(50)	(157)	(44)	(0)	
Kodala	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Khallikote	Yes	-
(20)	(75)	(155)	(42)	(0)	
Kodala	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Khallikote	Yes	-
(0)	(56)	(135)	(22)	(0)	
Khalikote	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Khalikote	Yes	-
(0)	(59)	(120)	(0)	(0)	
Khalikote	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Rambha	Yes	-
(11)	(48)	(131)	(0)	(0)	
Chhatrapur	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Ganjam	Yes	Rushikulya (R)
(8)	(30)	(149)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Chhatrapur	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Chhatrapur	Yes	-
(0)	(22)	(157)	(0)	(0)	
Brahmapur	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Brahmapur	Yes	-
(16)	(16)	(179)	(16)	(0)	
Brahmapur	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Brahmapur	Yes	-
(0)	(0)	(179)	(0)	(0)	
Chikiti	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Surla Road	Yes	Bahuda (R)
(0)	(32)	(211)	(14)	(0)	(2)
Digapahandi	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Brahmapur	Yes	Ghodahada (R)
(0)	(28)	(207)	(28)	(0)	(5)
Hinjilicut	Brahmapur	Bhubaneswar	Brahmapur	Yes	Ghodahada (R)
(0)	(22)	(201)	(22)	(0)	(0)

STATEMENT - III

Municipal Finance, 1998-99

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Receipt (in Rs.'000)						
		Receipt through taxes, etc.	Revenue derived from municipal properties and power apart from taxation	Government grant	Loan	Advance	Other sources (specify)	Total receipt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	IV Buguda (N.A.C.)	1,000	269	2,057	0	27	0	3,353
2	IV Bhanjanagar (N.A.C.)	2,660	269	2,230	140	0	181	5,479
3	V Bellaguntha (N.A.C.)	766	691	1,333	140	0	0	2,930
4	IV Surada (N.A.C.)	638	125	1,731	140	310	247	3,190
5	III Asika (N.A.C.)	2,750	202	3,193	0	0	917	7,062
6	VI Makundapur (C.T.)							
7	IV Purusottampur (N.A.C.)	1,189	213	1,929	105	173	153	3,762
8	IV Kavisurjyanagar (N.A.C.)	1,257	144	1,678	140	479	0	3,698
9	IV Polasara (N.A.C.)	1,282	222	1,546	140	0	854	4,044
10	IV Kodala (N.A.C.)	186	353	1,638	140	0	0	2,317
11	IV Khalikote (N.A.C.)	100	219	1,687	140	134	1,489	3,768
12	IV Rambha (N.A.C.)	326	6	1,000	140	85	174	1,731
13	IV Ganjam (N.A.C.)	759	130	1,479	530	98	2	2,998
14	III Chhatrapur (N.A.C.)	557	425	3,520	260	73	732	5,568
15	V Gopalpur (N.A.C.)	30	16	175	46	14	19	299
16	I Brahmapur (M)	56,716	5,415	13,078	0	0	13,185	88,395
17	IV Chikiti (N.A.C.)	582	123	2,011	146	166	102	3,128
18	IV Digapahandi (N.A.C.)	946	121	1,910	190	0	613	3,779
19	III Hinjilicut (N.A.C.)	776	375	2,340	140	69	17	3,716

STATEMENT - III

Municipal Finance, 1998-99

Expenditure (in Rs.'000)						
General administration	Public safety	Public health and conveniences	Public works	Public institutions	Others (specify)	Total expenditure
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1,640	90	49	215	0	0	1,994
1,682	217	1,091	697	580	677	4,944
631	0	223	518	0	0	1,371
751	65	754	218	55	795	2,638
1,709	234	1,218	658	1,290	1,226	6,335
1,161	175	528	507	26	288	2,684
1,496	257	807	68	1	548	3,176
1,138	723	0	1,136	0	420	3,417
201	123	139	957	0	0	1,420
719	203	462	94	0	451	1,928
385	114	327	641	160	0	1,627
1,305	281	0	266	0	39	1,891
316	469	2,025	1,001	408	362	4,582
45	35	2	107	8	5	203
12,727	4,379	28,705	11,968	12,882	12,585	83,245
934	512	590	291	3	325	2,655
796	102	540	631	3	816	2,887
914	111	359	317	433	134	2,268

STATEMENT - IV
Civic and other Amenities, 1999

Sl. No.	Class, name and civic status of town	Civic 'administration status (in 2000)	Population (2001 Census)	Population 2001 Census		Road 'length (in km. (s))	System of sewerage	Number of latrines	
				Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes			Total	Water borne
1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	IV Buguda (N.A.C.)		13,257	1,626	144	17	OSD	555	208
2	IV Bhanjanagar (N.A.C.)		19,748	3,429	277	36	OSD	1,966	1,056
3	V Bellaguntha (N.A.C.)		9,962	1,452	252	27	OSD	1,297	1,247
4	IV Surada (N.A.C.)		14,648	4,162	123	49	OSD	811	628
5	III Asika (N.A.C.)		20,739	3,482	177	37	OSD	1,464	1,032
6	VI Makundapur (C.T.)		4,975	365	17	0	O	120	50
7	IV Purusottampur (N.A.C.)		14,249	2,958	19	59	OSD	663	263
8	IV Kavisurjyanagar (N.A.C.)		16,094	2,002	25	14	OSD	417	342
9	IV Polasara (N.A.C.)		19,568	2,561	147	40	OSD	2,000	1,650
10	IV Kodala (N.A.C.)		12,345	1,282	4	30	OSD	217	117
11	IV Khalikote (N.A.C.)		10,958	963	279	73	OSD	709	559
12	IV Rambha (N.A.C.)		10,716	3,463	4	60	OSD	528	403
13	IV Ganjam (N.A.C.)		11,317	2,694	7	105	OSD	120	55
14	III Chhatrapur (N.A.C.)		20,289	2,172	229	202	OSD	2,880	2,080
15	V Gopalpur (N.A.C.)		6,663	509	22	21	OSD	237	237
16	I Brahmapur (M)		307,792	27,155	1,662	241	OSD	27,242	25,742
17	IV Chikiti (N.A.C.)		10,802	2,376	60	58	OSD	589	289
18	IV Digapahandi (N.A.C.)		10,890	1,770	132	52	OSD	1,361	1,006
19	III Hinjilicut (N.A.C.)		21,347	4,342	28	67	OSD	1,026	1,026

STATEMENT - IV
Civic and other Amenities, 1999

Number of latrines		Method of disposal of night soil	Water supply		Fire fighting service*	Electrification (number of connections)				
Service	Others		Source of supply	System of storage with capacity in kilolitres (in brackets)		Domestic	Industrial	Commercial	Road lighting (points)	Others
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
0	347	ST, Pt	TW,T	BWP (-)	Polasara (16)	2294	6	200	115	0
0	910	ST, Pt	T,TW	OHT,BWP (341)	Yes	4212	40	2058	721	0
0	50	ST, Pt	T,TW	SR,BWP (225)	Bhanjanagar (8)	1092	13	272	370	8
0	183	ST, Pt	T,TW	SR (45)	Yes	1582				0
0	432	ST, Pt	T,TW	OHT (23)	Yes	2872	53	928	586	28
0	70	ST, Pt	W,TW	()	Asika (4)	140		15	10	0
0	400	ST, Pt	T,TW	BWP (-)	Asika (25)	1059	25	266	282	0
0	75	ST, Pt	T,TW	OHT (164)	Asika (10)	1833	6	284	270	0
0	350	ST, Pt	T,TW	BWP (-)	Yes	1050	13	70	201	0
0	100	ST, Pt	T	BWP (-)	Yes	1600	9	20	110	0
0	150	ST, Pt	T,TW	BWP (-)	Yes	1006	5	150	212	0
0	125	ST, Pt	T,TW	OHT (909)	Khalikote (11)	1811	24	212	204	34
0	65	ST, Pt	T,TW	OHT,BWP (100)	Chhatrapur (8)	420	2	200	220	0
0	800	ST, Pt	T	RIG (1091)	Yes	2500	12	650	403	0
0	0	ST	T,TW	OHT (400)	Brahmapur(16) ()	998	1	189	129	0
0	1500	ST, Pt	T,TW	OHT,SR (11683)	Yes	24345	515	7540	6895	0
0	300	ST, Pt	T,TW	OHT (244)	Patrapur (13)	1223	13	270	256	3
0	355	ST, Pt	T,TW	OHT,BWP (245)	Yes	1167	17	225	218	0
0	0	ST	T	()	Yes	590	35	320	365	180

STATEMENT - V

Medical, Educational, Recreational and Cultural Facilities, 1999

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Population (2001 Census)	Medical facilities*		Educational facilities*
			Hospitals/Dispensaries/ T.B. clinics etc.	Beds in medical institutions noted in column 4	Arts/Science/ Commerce/ Law/ Other colleges (of degree level and above)
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	IV Buguda (N.A.C.)	13257	HC FWC TB	6	1
2	IV Bhanjanagar (N.A.C.)	19748	H FWC	60	3
3	V Bellaguntha (N.A.C.)	9962	HC(2) FWC TB	30	2
4	IV Surada (N.A.C.)	14648	H HC FWC	10	1
5	III Asika (N.A.C.)	20739	H D FWC	31	2
6	VI Makundapur (C.T.)	4975	H-Asika(4) D-Asika(4) HC-Asika(4)	0	Asika(4)
7	IV Purusottampur	14249	D HC(2) H-Asika(25) HC-Asika(25)	0	1
8	IV Kavisurjyanagar	16094	HC FWC H-Asika(10)	6	1
9	IV Polasara (N.A.C.)	19568	HC FWC H-Asika(30)	30	3
10	IV Kodala (N.A.C.)	12345	HC(2) FWC H-Asika(35)	30	1
11	IV Khalikote (N.A.C.)	10958	HC FWC H-Chhatrapur(37)	16	2
12	IV Rambha (N.A.C.)	10716	HC(2) H-Chhatrapur(26) HC-Khallikote(11)	0	1
13	IV Ganjam (N.A.C.)	11317	HC(2) H-Chhatrapur(8) HC-Chhatrapur(8)	0	1
14	III Chhatrapur (N.A.C.)	20289	H D FWC	56	2
15	V Gopalpur (N.A.C.)	6663	HC H-Brahmapur(16) HC-Brahmapur(16)	0	1
16	I Brahmapur (M)	307792	H(6) HC FWC(2) TB	1240	10
17	IV Chikiti (N.A.C.)	10802	HC(3) FWC H-Brahmapur(32)	30	1
18	IV Digapahandi (N.A.C.)	10890	HC(2) H-Brahmapur(28) HC-Brahmapur(28)	6	2
19	III Hinjilicut (N.A.C.)	21347	H FWC	10	1

STATEMENT - V

Medical, Educational, Recreational and Cultural Facilities, 1999

Educational facilities*				
Medical colleges	Engineering colleges	Polytechnics	Recognised shorthand, typewriting and vocational training institutions	Higher secondary/ Intermediate/ Senior Secondary/ PUC (Pre-university college)/ Junior college level
7	8	9	10	11
Brahmapur(69)	Brahmapur(69)	Brahmapur(69)	0	1
Brahmapur(80)	Brahmapur(80)	Brahmapur(80)	5	3
Brahmapur(75)	Brahmapur(75)	Brahmapur(75)	1	2
Brahmapur(85)	Brahmapur(85)	Brahmapur(85)	0	2
Brahmapur(40)	Brahmapur(40)	Brahmapur(40)	3	2
Brahmapur(44)	Brahmapur(44)	Brahmapur(44)	0	
Brahmapur(35)	Brahmapur(35)	Brahmapur(35)	0	2
Brahmapur(50)	Brahmapur(50)	Brahmapur(50)	1	1
Brahmapur(75)	Brahmapur(75)	Brahmapur(75)	1	3
Brahmapur((56)	Brahmapur(56)	Brahmapur(56)	0	1
Brahmapur(59)	Brahmapur(59)	Brahmapur(59)	1	1
Brahmapur(48)	Brahmapur(48)	Brahmapur(48)	1	1
Brahmapur(30)	Brahmapur(30)	Brahmapur(30)	0	1
Brahmapur(22)	Brahmapur(22)	Brahmapur(22)	0	2

STATEMENT - V

Medical, Educational, Recreational and Cultural Facilities, 1999

Educational facilities (Contd....)				
Secondary/ Matriculation	Junior secondary and Middle schools	Primary schools	Adult literacy classes/ centres, others (specify)	Working women's hostels with number of seats
12	13	14	15	16
3	5	11		Brahmapur(69)
4	7	15		Brahmapur(80)
2	3	9		Brahmapur(75)
3	3	8		Brahmapur(85)
4	7	14		Brahmapur(40)
1	2	5		Brahmapur(44)
2	3	8		Brahmapur(35)
4	6	12		Brahmapur(50)
3	5	12		Brahmapur(75)
2	3	7		Brahmapur(56)
4	6	11		Brahmapur(59)
2	3	8		Brahmapur(48)
3	4	7		Brahmapur(30)
3	4	7		Brahmapur(22)
1	2	3		Brahmapur(16)
19	25	58		1 (48)
2	4	6		Brahmapur(32)
2	3	10		Brahmapur(28)
3	3	8		Brahmapur(22)

STATEMENT - V

Medical, Educational, Recreational and Cultural Facilities, 1999

Number of recreational and cultural facilities			
Stadium	Cinema	Auditorium / Drama/ community Halls	Public libraries including reading rooms
17	18	19	20
1	1	1	1
1	2	3	-
-	1	-	1
-	1	1	1
-	1	1	6
-	-	-	-
-	-	1	2
-	1	1	2
-	-	-	2
-	-	-	1
-	-	1	2
-	-	-	1
-	-	-	-
1	1	1	6
1	-	-	2
3	6	7	36
-	1	-	2
-	1	-	2
-	1	1	2

STATEMENT - VI

Trade, Commerce, Industry and Banking, 1999

Serial number	Class, name and civic status of town	Name of three most important commodities exported		
		1st	2nd	3rd
1	2	3	4	5
1	IV Buguda (N.A.C.)	Vegetables	Cashewnut	Mixture
2	IV Bhanjanagar (N.A.C.)	Bamboo	Timber	Fish
3	V Bellaguntha (N.A.C.)	Brass&Wooden Fish	P.V.C.Pipe	Ayurvedic Medicine
4	IV Surada (N.A.C.)	Vegetables	Fish	Bamboo
5	III Asika (N.A.C.)	Vegetables	Paddy	Milk
6	VI Makundapur (C.T.)	Paddy	-	-
7	IV Purusottampur (N.A.C.)	Paddy	Groundnut	Chilly
8	IV Kavisurjyanagar (N.A.C.)	Vegetables	Blackgram	Brass & Bellmetal utensil
9	IV Polasara (N.A.C.)	Rice	Wheat	Sugarcane
10	IV Kodala (N.A.C.)	Wooden Furniture	Bamboo Products	Leaf Plates
11	IV Khalikote (N.A.C.)	Rice	Groundnut	Greengram
12	IV Rambha (N.A.C.)	Fish	Jute	Salt
13	IV Ganjam (N.A.C.)	Salt	Caustic Soda	Fish
14	III Chhatrapur (N.A.C.)	Cashewnut	Kewara Flower	Pampad
15	V Gopalpur (N.A.C.)	Prawn&Seafish	Coir Rope	Coconut
16	I Brahmapur (M)	Silk	Pampad	Pickles
17	IV Chikiti (N.A.C.)	Paddy	Vegetables	Dry Fish
18	IV Digapahandi (N.A.C.)	Fish	Paddy	Aluminium Utensil
19	III Hinjilicut (N.A.C.)	Betel Leaf	Handloom Cloth	Milk

STATEMENT - VI

Trade, Commerce, Industry and Banking, 1999

Name of three most important commodities manufactured			Number of banks	Number of agricultural credit societies	Number of non-agricultural credit societies
1st	2nd	3rd			
6	7	8	9	10	11
Steel Almirah	Handloom Cloth	Cement Product	3	-	-
Pottery	Wooden Furniture	Bamboo Furniture	11	-	-
Brass&Wooden Fish	P.V.C.Pipe	Ayurvedic Medicine	1	1	4
Wooden Furniture	Oil	Candle	3	-	-
Cattle Feed	Poultry	Ice & Icecream	8	2	2
-	-	-	-	-	-
Bellmetal Utensil	Steel Almirah	-	3	1	-
Brass Utensil	Aluminium Utensil	Bellmetal Utensil	3	1	2
Bamboo Basket	Steel Fixtures	Steel Almirah	4	1	3
Leaf Plates	Wooden Furniture	Bread	3	1	1
Pottery	Wooden Furniture	Rice	3	-	2
Iron goods	Broom	Gudakhu	3	-	-
Salt	Caustic Soda	Acid	1	1	2
Cashewnut	Kewara Oil	Pampad	5	3	5
Processed Seafish	Canned Fish	Coir Rope	3	-	1
Cement Pipe	Silk Cloth	Siali Leaf Plates	33	2	2
Dry Fish	-	-	2	1	-
Ice	Lime	Aluminium Utensil	3	1	-
Aluminium Utensil	Handloom Cloth	Stone Chips	3	1	1

STATEMENT - VII

Civic and other amenities in Slums, 1999

Serial number	Class and name of town	Name of the slum	Is it notified	No. of households (approximate)	Population of the Slum (approximate)	Paved roads (in kilometers)	System of sewerage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	IV Bhanjanagar (N.A.C.)	Sanadhobasahi, Badadandsahi, Badkalrasahi, Badtotasahi, Badkhadalsahi	No	3,250	7,099	15	O
		Sriramnagar, Thakuranimandir	No				
2	IV Buguda (N.A.C.)	Mochisahi, Harijansahi, Dhobasahi, Khadalasahi, Saktisahi, Kadopada, Kanjiapali	No	245	1,240	5	OSD, O
3	III Asika (N.A.C.)	Bus Stand Harijansahi,Kalamukhiharijansahi,Jokabandhasahi,Lotaharijansahi	No	273	1,606	4	OSD, O
		Lalasasanharijansahi, Gandapappy Harijansahi	No				
4	IV Surada (N.A.C.)	Baradiharijanstreet, Badapanostreet,Dhobastreet,Dandasistreet,Hatapadastreet	No	803	3,573	7	OSD, O
		Harijanpaikastreet, Harijanstreet,Highschoolarea,Khadalstreet,Kabirajstreet	No				
		Kumbharstreet, Keutastreet,Kaithapalistreet,Mathastreet,Netajistreet, Nuastr.	No				
		Negamanandaroad, Sanapanostreet	No				
5	IV Polasara (N.A.C.)	Ranipada I&Ii,Patiguda,Balisahi,Deulapedi,Madhprustysahi,Patarapada	No	978	4,567	3	OSD, O
		Khandiasahi, Hadisahi	No				
6	IV Kodala (N.A.C.)	Bhaigasahi, Bhaiganuasahi,Belopada,Barisahi,B.Nuapali,Gouadeipurodiyasahi	No	1,124	5,363	11	OSD, O
		Gouradeipur, Pathanasahi, Golasahi, Goudasahi, Hajjasahi, Hadisahi	No				
		Hatatotamarathisahi, Kakudisahi, Khalladisahi	No				
7	IV Rambha (N.A.C.)	Dasasahi, Bangalakandrasahi, Kantabaniaharijansahi.	No	149	600	3	OSD, O

STATEMENT - VII

Civic and other amenities in Slums, 1999

Number of latrines				Method of disposal of night soil	No. of tap points/public hydrants installed for supply of protected water	Electricity connections		
Private			Community			Domestic	Road lighting	Others
water borne	service	others					(points)	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
50		15	0	Pt, O	19	100	15	
			0					
15		20	0	Pt, O	11	65	20	
45		35	0	Pt, O	18	115	20	
			0					
65		83	0	Pt, O	28	150	32	
			0					
			0					
			0					
50		350	0	Pt, O	40	400	45	
			0					
55		73	0	Pt, O	22	228	44	
			0					
			0					
50		60	0	Pt, O	2	25	15	

STATEMENT - VII

Civic and other amenities in Slums, 1999

Serial number	Class and name of town	Name of the slum	Is it notified	No. of households (approximate)	Population of the Slum (approximate)	Paved roads (in kilometers)	System of sewerage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
8	IV Khalikote (N.A.C.)	Baurisahi, Dhobasahi, Harijansahi, Kholesahi, Matiasahi	No	219	1,095	7	OSD, O
9	III Chhatrapur (N.A.C.)	Potigopalpur, Reddysahi, Bhaskarraopeta, Kapilaharijansahi, Medirisahi, Rikapali	No	2,051	9,010	9	O
10	IV Digapahandi (N.A.C.)	Hadistreet, Nimapalli, Bauristreet, Mochistreet, Dandasistreet	No	292	1,600	3	OSD, O
11	IV Chikiti (N.A.C.)	Dandasisahi, Jenapur, Pathanasahi, Dandasisahi (Pentho), Neliatankbodo.	No	232	957	4	OSD, O
12	I Brahmapur (M)	Bavrisukunda-Anadrigam, Gollaraghunathapur, Kailashanagar, Dharamnagar, Shanti	No	14,102	68,000	106	O, OSD
		Nagar, Haradakhandiroad & Sramikanagarbasti, Laxminrushing St., Govardanpeta, Sarojini-	No				
		Peta, Balinkipeta, Anandanagar, Canalstreet, Jagabandho Dandasistreet, Kashinagar Street,	No				
		Raghupatinagar, Mahurikalvastreet, Digapahandi Road, Burmacolony, Gurumurti Peta,	No				
		Dhobabandhahuda, Gauda St., Tota St., Acharya St., Kadalibada St., Bada St.,	No				
		Dhoba St., Redika St., Bavri St., Haradakhandiharijan St., Jhilimilinagar,Pani-	No				
		Grahinagar, Dandakali Road Huda, Panigrahipentha Kansari St., Jagannathanagar, Kalupa	No				

STATEMENT - VII

Civic and other amenities in Slums, 1999

Number of latrines				Method of disposal of night soil	No. of tap points/public hydrants installed for supply of protected water	Electricity connections		
Private			Community			Domestic	Road lighting	Others
water borne	service	others					(points)	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
39		15	0	Pt, O	11	45	35	
55		610	1	Pt, O	38	105	20	
10		30	0	Pt, O	15	30	18	
20		60	0	Pt, O	5	30	18	
572		890	22	Pt, ST	409	1,720	702	
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					

STATEMENT - VII

Civic and other amenities in Slums, 1999

Serial number	Class and name of town	Name of the slum	Is it notified	No. of households (approximate)	Population of the Slum (approximate)	Paved roads (in kilometers)	System of sewerage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Tra St., Chaitanyanagar, Panigrahipentha, Sriramnagar, Khandiakumuti St., Ganapati	No				
		Nagar, Kalua St., Jagali St., Dandasi St., Sankarpurbouri St., Sandhamohanti St.	No				
		Bariabila St., Mangalabharapeta, Jemi St., Aga St., Krishnapeta, Medri St., Bada &	No				
		Sana Redica St.,Sankarpur St.,Jena St.,Sitaram St.,Pandra St.,Sriramnagar,	No				
		Rautapentha St.,Raja St.,Phulasundari,Neliabandha St.,Gauda St.,Balajipentha St.&	No				
		Bandhahuda, Kumbhar St., Sriramnagarpandra St., Dhanamera St., Mathuranagar, Hanuman	No				
		Nagar Huda, Tribaninagar, Gangadharnagar, Madhabnagar, Somanathnagar, Nilachala St.	No				
		I, Ii, Iii & Iv, Chandraskharmandir St., Rajama St., Marth St., Jemadeipentha St.	No				
		Nilakanthanagar, Situdhimira St., Pandabnagar, Radhakanta St., Gangadhar St.	No				
		Dandanagar, Pandara St., Canal St., Oldbrahmapur St., Aurobindhonagar, Ainabandh	No				
		St., Jagabandhu Huda & St., Old Bam Bauri St., Ganeshnagar, Pralladnagar, Gajananapeta	No				
		1St & 2Nd Line, Dhobabandha Huda, Mirakanagar, Thakuranitemplemochi St., Ranguni	No				

STATEMENT - VII

Civic and other amenities in Slums, 1999

Number of latrines				Method of disposal of night soil	No. of tap points/public hydrants installed for supply of protected water	Electricity connections		
Private			Community			Domestic	Road lighting	Others
water borne	service	others					(points)	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					

STATEMENT - VII

Civic and other amenities in Slums, 1999

Serial number	Class and name of town	Name of the slum	Is it notified	No. of households (approximate)	Population of the Slum (approximate)	Paved roads (in kilometers)	System of sewerage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Bandha, Nrusinghamandir St., Oldmediri St., Gaigotha St., Kansari St., Diamond Tank	No				
		Bauri St., Panchudevalaya St., Pakalvari & Paul St., Jayantipeta St., Gopalraogaruda,	No				
		Bandhahuda St., Sahucolony, Muslimcolony, Nilakantheswar Padia, Kampa St.I & Ii,	No				
		Leprosy Colony, Khalasi St., Bhandari & Dhoba St., T.T.Road Mochi St.-2Ndline,	No				
		Khata St., Bhimaraopeta, Patropeta, Mochi St., Mukteswartemplebandha St., Radha	No				
		Krushna St.,Tulasinagar, Gandhinagar 1St Canal St., Harijan St., Nilakanthanagar,	No				
		Gandhinagar 5Th line,Mochi & Canal St., Rampa St.&2Nd line, Brundabatinagar,	No				
		Shantinagar, Billa & Aduabilla St., Newstreet Near O.R.T.Colony, Keuta St., Laxmi	No				
		Nagar Lochapada Road, Muktipatha St., Sana & Bada Harijana St., Dandasi St.,	No				
		Jagili & Dasari St., Radhakantabilla St., Bhabaninagar, Mukteswarbilla St., Burma	No				
		Colony, Bankcolony St. Near Brajanagar, Dhobastreet, Gatebazarcanal St., Raghunath	No				
		Mandir St.,B.K.St.,Badhei,Bhandari & Damba St.,Anandasaranicanal St.,Totapali	No				

STATEMENT - VII

Civic and other amenities in Slums, 1999

Number of latrines				Method of disposal of night soil	No. of tap points/public hydrants installed for supply of protected water	Electricity connections		
Private			Community			Domestic	Road lighting	Others
water borne	service	others					(points)	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					

STATEMENT - VII

Civic and other amenities in Slums, 1999

Serial number	Class and name of town	Name of the slum	Is it notified	No. of households (approximate)	Population of the Slum (approximate)	Paved roads (in kilometers)	System of sewerage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Bauri St.,Harijan Colony,Golapali St.,Suryanagar,Invalidpeta, Giri Road,	No				
		Nehrunagar, Sunaribandha, Kamakala St., Boarding St., Bijipur Bada & Sana Baurisahi,	No				
		Laxmi St.,Bandha Sahi,Dhimirabaurisahi,Nila kanthanagar,Bedabandha St.,	No				
		Dipa St.,Tota St.,Chandi St.,Gosaninuagaondhoba St.,Medri St.,Saliabandha &	No				
		Kadalibandha St.,Rajibnagar-Rajudhoba St.,Hariharnagar,Main Road Dhoba St.,	No				
		Chandi St.,Ramnagar Odiya Sahi,Kamapalidandasisahi, Ashoknagar	No				
		Militarypadia,Mairoad-Goilundi,Dandasisahi,Srinagar,Templeroad,Chandisahi,	No				
		Jailroad, Bhairabinagar, Srikrushnanagar, Harijansahi, Baurisahi, Adua St., Lanji-	No				
		Pali Mainroad & Tota St., Chandisahi, Chanchadapadhar, Somnathnagar, Trinath	No				
		Mandir St.,Goodsshed Road,Ramnagar Lanjipali,Goudabandha St.,Dipaharijan Sahi,	No				
		Khodasingi Baurisahi&Dhobasahi,Aambapua Bauri&Dhoba Sahi,Pandacolony,Jaleswar	No				
		Khandi Bauri St.,Ankulibaurisahi,Negamanagar,Karjisahi,Malisahi,Nuasahi,	No				
		Badaghar St.,Redica Sahi,Ankuli Mainroad,Panakanapali,Biramastisahi,Subash	No				
		Nagar, Brundabannagar, Industrial Area Dhobasahi.	No				

STATEMENT - VII

Civic and other amenities in Slums, 1999

Number of latrines				Method of disposal of night soil	No. of tap points/public hydrants installed for supply of protected water	Electricity connections		
Private			Community			Domestic	Road lighting	Others
water borne	service	others					(points)	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					
			0					

ANNEXURES

ANNEXURE-I

Number of villages under each Gram Panchayat

Gram Panchayat plays a pivotal role in the Panchyati Raj System. It entrusts the people with the power to manage the local affairs of villages for the development and better governance of their locality. In the rural areas, Gram Panchayat works for the development of road, sanitation, education, drinking water facilities, minor irrigation and supply of power etc.to the villages.The overall progress of the villages coming under the Gram Panchayat lies with the participation of people in these activities. Keeping this in view, the data on Gram Panchayat and the number of villages coming under each with their population have been presented in the table below.

The analysis of the data of Ganjam district shows that among 22 C.D. Blocks in the district, Asika C.D. Block has highest number (26 nos.) of Gram Panchayats and Ganjam C.D.Block has the lowest number of Gram Panchayats (13 nos.).

Table - I
Number of villages under each Gram Panchayat (C.D. Block-wise)

Name of the C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste population	Scheduled Tribe population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bhanjanagar	0001	Dadarlunda	11	31.11	1508	5839	1934	1865
		Brahmanpadar	6	13.62	943	4303	799	700
		Gallery	4	13.1	1345	6314	1347	421
		Harigada	3	9.26	1120	5038	1585	256
		Domuhani	6	14.14	681	2925	665	745
		Turumu	7	15.72	1457	6586	1376	321
		Lambhai	6	9.51	954	4343	1114	61
		Tilisingi	7	10.8	1013	4520	1061	196
		Kullada	4	8	1190	5974	1400	58
		Baruda	11	13.93	1527	7069	1977	166
		Mujagada	12	28.46	1928	8991	1891	837
		Baiballi	6	12.2	619	2578	224	681
		Sanakodanda	12	20.85	1686	7875	1757	236
		Lalasingi	2	6.99	1557	7723	1083	323
		Badakodanda	3	8.92	1335	6505	1119	67
		Dumakumpa	12	21.07	1693	7735	1808	359
		Jilundi	11	18.84	1965	9441	1676	203
		Baunsalundi	3	6.32	1234	6469	1022	31
		Dihapadhala	8	11.34	1378	6817	1046	279
		Gollapada	10	11.03	1088	5404	1127	0
		CDBlock Total	**144**	**285.21**	**26221**	**122449**	**26011**	**7805**

Name of the C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste population	Scheduled Tribe population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Jagannathprasad	0002	Rudhapadar	11	32.84	1000	4326	1165	2005
		Gayaganda	5	30.55	1463	5911	2189	803
		Kokolaba	5	13.99	1075	4594	1516	386
		Tarasingi	6	22.19	1123	4856	1282	322
		Gerada	9	17.85	1028	4426	1086	264
		Khetamundali	8	24.98	934	3764	630	796
		Alasuguma	4	18.81	1307	5345	1356	56
		Kadua	6	14.46	1390	5478	2422	3
		Rauti	9	22.09	1412	6376	1363	111
		Jagannathprasad	16	36.05	2349	10521	1697	583
		Gandadhar	4	11.82	719	3399	509	4
		Kudutai	9	23.76	1012	4456	905	126
		Jhadabhumi	5	17.7	1293	6187	714	58
		Pratapur	9	21.55	1287	5597	1789	271
		Adheigan	4	9.41	597	2996	488	0
		Baragam	2	5.77	573	2818	442	2
		Bijayadhanurjayapur	7	10.61	1038	5058	585	0
		Khamarpalli	4	13.38	1257	5927	1037	0
		Aladi	5	14.99	1206	5482	1334	1
		Chamunda	7	19.29	1544	6897	1441	0
		Budurungu	4	12.42	637	2832	549	4
		Chadheiapalli	4	15.15	882	3505	1081	0
		Panchabhuti	3	7.24	847	3748	920	0
		Kumpapada	3	12.6	810	3395	1028	0
		CDBlock Total	**149**	**429.5**	**26783**	**117894**	**27528**	**5795**
Buguda	0003	Mottabadi	7	34.66	1353	6402	2063	52
		Sankuru	5	20.25	1004	5384	1119	2
		Manitara	7	18.95	1551	7379	1848	68
		Karachuli	18	44.51	2061	8787	2252	1138
		B.Karadabadi	10	26.56	2019	9305	2099	365
		Biranchipur	6	24.1	1636	8175	1854	12
		Golabandha	5	16.85	1102	5730	842	0
		Kholakhali	6	23.76	1696	8153	1650	0
		Antarapada	5	8.6	1031	5140	901	18
		A.karadabadi	3	8.65	915	4316	749	2
		Pochalundi	3	7.79	903	4160	493	50
		Kalamba	4	8.14	1294	6467	897	5
		Balipadar	5	16.51	1970	9941	1261	9
		Pangidi	6	10.15	1264	6108	1124	0
		Bhamasiali	4	7.39	814	3985	549	0
		Golia	5	16.94	1538	7315	1200	262
		CDBlock Total	**99**	**293.81**	**22151**	**106747**	**20901**	**1983**

Name of the C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste population	Scheduled Tribe population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bellaguntha	0004	Nuagam	3	3.95	717	3257	669	0
		Dhumchai	4	4.8	798	3976	465	20
		Tanarada	8	14.08	1585	7915	930	48
		Udhura	5	15.82	1342	6591	1588	33
		Inginathi	4	5.52	914	4502	655	4
		Badapada	4	9.42	1131	5300	770	125
		Netanga	5	7.43	877	4265	600	0
		Ambapua	5	20.56	1334	6474	1239	52
		Banka	8	16.11	1386	6561	1004	0
		Benipalli	5	3.77	651	3120	396	4
		Gobara	5	8.95	1229	6218	1061	20
		Sasan	4	7.12	893	4663	311	0
		Badaborasingi	6	20.23	1814	8668	1013	78
		Kshatriyabarapur	8	14.51	1572	7822	1103	17
		Gangapur	4	13.69	1289	6584	870	66
		Khairaputti	4	7.27	1142	6102	544	0
		Pailipada	5	6.95	1299	6487	798	14
		Mangalpur	4	15.76	1033	5087	650	197
		CDBlock Total	**91**	**195.94**	**21006**	**103592**	**14666**	**678**
Surada	0005	Gajalabadi	30	25.91	755	3210	394	1606
		Gochha	18	18.07	998	4344	1029	877
		Asurbandha	30	41.1	2546	12437	3094	1472
		Gopalpursasan	11	24.6	2085	10080	1966	847
		Lathipada	7	12.68	1011	4986	906	377
		Kulangi	4	9.11	1286	6175	994	126
		Suramani	6	17.24	1834	8929	2311	178
		Sarabadi	7	25.94	1392	7209	1532	87
		Amrutulu	12	15.23	1621	8450	1984	23
		Hukuma	9	13.18	1220	6317	1305	328
		Sarnauti	12	12.34	714	3528	967	218
		Merikote	40	39.56	1290	5692	716	2540
		Goudagoth	38	47.56	1337	6536	810	3279
		Ekalapur	18	22.67	1914	9971	2704	175
		Raibandha	14	21.05	1443	7433	1097	118
		Badagada	5	6.78	1565	7745	1559	113
		Gangapur	8	12.07	1212	6307	982	246
		Sidhapur	13	14.56	1296	6211	1105	234
		CDBlock Total	**282**	**379.65**	**25519**	**125560**	**25455**	**12844**

Name of the C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste population	Scheduled Tribe population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Dharakote	0006	Singipur	9	31.18	881	4055	934	185
		Jhadabandha	23	25.33	1256	6629	658	570
		Jharapari	11	14.05	653	3097	727	312
		Jahada	6	9.3	1351	6841	757	0
		Baradabilli	11	13.61	1639	7525	1397	62
		Rugumu	13	14.52	1952	8794	2055	78
		Dharakote	10	12	1777	8414	2136	31
		Jagamohana	12	15.19	1082	5570	1072	104
		Mundamarai	4	3.7	1277	6410	1285	0
		Saradhapur	7	10.95	1165	6093	1004	0
		Baharapur	17	34.98	1575	7494	1404	463
		Balarampur	25	18.23	921	4693	741	2389
		Saba	16	16.76	861	3806	438	1913
		Manikyapur	21	27.13	1940	9322	1700	575
		Dhaugan	10	9.97	1511	7829	859	0
		Golladamodarpalli	6	4.05	1000	4961	539	0
		CDBlock Total	**201**	**260.95**	**20841**	**101533**	**17706**	**6682**
Asika	0007	Bangarada	2	5.27	1098	5023	823	0
		Munigadi	4	6.43	917	4573	606	0
		Kendupadar	3	5.89	611	2651	262	154
		Gahangu	3	4.6	858	4433	647	0
		Benapata	2	4.85	662	3257	595	40
		Nimina	2	7.05	957	4633	660	125
		Balisira	5	10	1372	7056	1430	141
		Kamagada	4	9.89	690	3389	765	0
		Badakholli	5	19.04	1228	6704	1288	54
		Pandiapathara	4	15.35	703	3427	1341	6
		Bhetanai	2	18.77	962	4600	1119	0
		Sidhanai	2	10.64	648	3531	894	0
		Gunthapada	4	9.85	996	4804	621	98
		Balichai	3	5.61	721	3549	441	0
		Gangapur	7	12.4	921	4680	265	1
		Mangalapur	8	10.34	1673	8054	1215	0
		Debabhumi	3	5.23	1308	6561	1470	141
		Allipur	6	9.74	858	4431	1228	26
		Babanapur	2	4.72	814	4323	583	23
		Kharia	6	13.02	1627	8032	1023	0
		Baragan	2	6.13	1259	6142	1384	16
		Kalasandhapur	2	2.13	767	3710	742	22
		Nalabanta	8	7.08	996	5155	819	0
		Khandadeuli	9	9.51	928	4751	435	79
		Jayapur	5	6.94	1324	6557	1654	0
		Haradapadar	6	10.34	2022	9361	2086	6
		CDBlock Total	**109**	**230.82**	**26920**	**133387**	**24396**	**932**

Name of the C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste population	Scheduled Tribe population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Kavisurjyanagar	0008	Subalaya	4	7.04	1169	5976	532	0
		Kaniari	5	5.96	933	4703	1538	0
		Barida	1	4.58	1124	5736	665	0
		Paikajamuna	5	8.33	966	5069	707	0
		Sunapalli	3	6.85	1026	5021	988	19
		Baunsia	5	10.03	1299	5721	846	61
		Budhamba	4	8.11	1041	5324	745	221
		Khajapalli	4	7.07	988	5043	683	4
		Badamahuri	6	8.22	1011	5347	2501	11
		Athagadapatana	1	19.2	1000	4806	886	4
		Gangapur	5	6.67	1188	5787	1305	0
		Sialia	3	6.82	1157	6043	726	0
		Nandiagada	4	5.45	1066	5356	631	0
		Borasingi	4	3.99	1181	5514	349	0
		Ambapua	4	4.43	882	4626	401	0
		Baliasara	5	6.91	1156	6147	535	0
		Bolasara	5	6.91	1134	5808	1602	0
		Gudiali	2	12.87	1117	5811	874	0
		Jarada	4	8.83	940	4603	1339	35
		CDBlock Total	**74**	**148.27**	**20378**	**102441**	**17853**	**355**
Polasara	0009	Mandara	4	9.69	928	5243	710	0
		Kendubadi	2	6.54	610	3164	591	11
		Kanachai	3	6.22	756	3802	449	0
		Dhunkapada	4	11.48	881	4474	1230	0
		Chirikipadasasan	3	8.67	1470	7066	902	22
		Bhabarada	4	5.62	704	3178	521	4
		Gochhabadi	25	33.15	949	4596	1106	1006
		Pandiripada	27	13.37	1194	5188	1138	1630
		Malatentulia	5	5.9	840	4045	348	134
		Nimina	3	6.48	831	4142	790	117
		Madhupalli	5	10.36	966	4825	775	83
		Budheisuni	2	3.44	746	3472	373	1
		Badapankalabadi	3	6.6	931	4530	1207	1
		Sodaka	6	8.09	956	4679	953	2
		Belagan	4	6.16	1399	6931	638	0
		Bartini	3	4.69	663	3593	446	0
		Rumagada	4	11.1	988	5397	794	9
		Hatiota	7	9.05	1119	5904	546	0
		Khanduru	4	4.39	1062	5162	335	0
		Kalamba	2	2.6	1400	6438	263	0
		Balichai	2	3.23	665	3345	205	0
		Ghodapalan	3	3.05	660	3417	185	0
		Jakara	2	9.94	957	4840	547	0
		Mathura	7	19.21	1419	7133	1396	0
		Banthapalli	4	6.02	593	2717	774	0
		CDBlock Total	**138**	**215.05**	**23687**	**117281**	**17222**	**3020**

Name of the C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste population	Scheduled Tribe population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Beguniapada	0010	Kumbharigam	13	11.19	839	3652	1332	79
		Angargan	7	10.93	1089	5024	1274	98
		Sandhamula	7	8.88	815	3648	492	217
		Talasara	9	9.47	1227	5873	916	44
		Sankuda	5	4.79	784	3783	693	304
		Sumandala	9	6.03	943	4349	712	93
		Burujhari	10	11.21	1043	4884	683	0
		Badakhairakhama	15	15.04	1272	5657	910	42
		Chandanpur	12	10.49	1037	4801	1237	674
		Saurachhachina	6	10.35	1170	5430	1556	205
		Chingudikhol	8	6.22	625	3040	210	5
		Barida(K)	7	16.67	1460	7286	1132	0
		Khandianai	10	10.86	1268	5857	1009	14
		Beguniapada	3	1.58	820	4129	635	0
		Mardakote	4	8.43	1286	6277	754	0
		Mardamekha	4	16.12	1593	7980	835	9
		Kalimeghi	22	19.62	1140	5366	874	997
		Sanaustapada	3	4.07	584	3056	407	5
		Beruhanbadi	4	5.45	863	4523	708	0
		Mathasara Singi	11	8.24	1073	5285	1358	6
		Digapada	7	6.89	1179	5702	902	1
		Phasi	6	8.75	1462	7368	1640	0
		CDBlock Total	**182**	**211.28**	**23572**	**112970**	**20269**	**2793**
Khalikote	0011	Badapalli	24	22.02	942	4209	5	3614
		Khojapalli	5	5.44	752	3785	266	0
		Aitipur	16	10.97	1329	6381	148	0
		Bhikapada	4	3.25	611	2934	578	5
		Langaleswar	12	12.2	1929	8824	947	85
		Pathara	7	6.46	1771	9044	4630	83
		Kanheipur	9	10.14	1777	8496	772	83
		S.K. Saranpur	6	6.73	1057	5511	101	2
		Bikrampur	10	8.34	1300	6315	776	0
		Kairasi	1	4.09	813	3951	210	0
		Badhi Nuapalli	14	19.49	1244	5929	362	121
		Tulasipur	7	7.87	489	2568	503	20
		Mathura	16	14.94	1450	7184	1181	45
		Naikanipalli	7	12.09	1049	4776	877	0
		Kanchana	4	12.47	1343	6109	658	2
		Danapur	8	17.69	1160	5915	1833	21
		Bedanala Nakhyapur	13	14.13	1180	5679	1219	0
		Kumanda	7	23.96	1068	5131	2930	0
		Bania	4	10.7	701	3286	859	109
		Chikili	4	17.92	951	4559	1559	0
		Talapada	9	14.57	889	4230	749	6
		Dimiria	10	16.16	937	4538	1540	671
		Kesapur	13	87.56	1223	6592	3507	94
		Kanaka	12	13.8	939	5097	2794	0
		Sabulia	4	24.17	1187	6130	1666	49
		CDBlock Total	**226**	**397.16**	**28091**	**137173**	**30670**	**5010**

Name of the C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste population	Scheduled Tribe population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Ganjam	0012	Poirasi	10	14.32	1630	8399	3511	0
		Khanda Deuli	8	14.66	1060	5048	755	32
		Palanga	12	33.22	699	3316	2361	58
		Sanaramchandrapur	18	19.04	1487	7392	1371	92
		Ramagada	13	36.45	1977	9872	3200	183
		Subalaya	9	17.49	1064	5216	1180	97
		Humma	3	11.91	1385	6685	1407	45
		Santoshpur	14	17.82	1415	7027	1636	0
		Malada	13	19.36	1462	6817	756	0
		Rajapur	3	4.8	657	3361	340	0
		Karapada	3	7.8	1305	6820	809	0
		Kainchapur	5	11.28	1000	4771	899	0
		Palli Bandha	4	8.61	1572	7978	873	0
		CDBlock Total	**115**	**216.76**	**16713**	**82702**	**19098**	**507**
Purusottampur	0013	Tankachhai	5	11.99	1141	5399	1215	6
		Jhadabai	4	13.13	1259	5696	1207	9
		Antarigam	4	8.36	1236	5454	743	24
		Changudi Padar -	3	8.17	892	4309	859	0
		Bada Kharida	5	16.49	1832	8460	2135	24
		Pandia	2	4.18	1004	4811	1247	0
		Bhimpur	3	5.39	990	4670	1042	0
		Bhutasarasingi	7	20.06	1333	6084	2932	0
		Arakhapur	3	3.88	728	3336	593	25
		Sikula	1	8.18	1057	5646	1537	0
		Chingudighai	3	5.75	929	4431	696	0
		Sama	5	5.05	1016	4963	1572	0
		Badabaragan	6	11.07	974	4386	1515	0
		Handi Ghara	7	9.69	1155	5629	2001	7
		Kamanali -	6	13.05	1088	5289	2476	19
		Pratapur	2	5.8	809	3775	1304	86
		Raipur	4	8.58	1422	6840	2277	49
		Baghala	5	11.62	1369	6657	1067	0
		Jagannathpur	8	12.97	1124	5211	722	0
		Rana Jhalli	7	10.98	1507	7207	2809	0
		Jamuni	2	6.14	926	4370	1045	0
		Gangadahani	2	3.69	978	4865	776	0
		Bhata Kumarda	1	15.17	1341	6900	1510	1
		Sunathara	2	10.89	1010	5118	683	0
		CDBlock Total	**97**	**230.28**	**27120**	**129506**	**33963**	**250**

Name of the C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste population	Scheduled Tribe population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Hinjilicut	0014	Burupada	2	7.97	1670	8783	2119	30
		Chanduli	2	4.51	737	3353	881	0
		Kharida	2	6.33	966	4908	854	196
		Sikiri	2	6.51	1315	6612	768	0
		Ralaba	2	2.55	1224	5964	344	0
		Nandika	1	5.53	725	3375	759	7
		Putia Padar	4	6.74	891	4254	1043	0
		Sahapur	2	10.58	792	4418	711	0
		Dhobadi	1	3.08	754	3389	790	0
		Bellagan	1	6.08	649	2812	695	0
		Sasanambagan	2	7.99	1117	5067	1078	0
		Saru	3	8.34	1013	4588	1017	186
		Pochilima	5	11.92	951	4326	1611	0
		Makarjhola	3	9.39	1153	5635	1191	0
		Bada Khandi	3	8.02	1266	5905	1220	0
		Kanchuru	5	9.29	1570	7599	1886	0
		Darubhadra	4	10.2	1191	5742	1233	25
		Durubandha	3	11.99	1736	8526	2121	0
		Gandala	3	10.32	1466	6576	2236	4
		Bhabandha	2	8.12	1177	5221	1508	3
		CDBlock Total	**52**	**155.46**	**22363**	**107053**	**24065**	**451**
Seragad	0015	Bandhaguda	13	13.73	1637	8275	2199	226
		Kulagada	3	6.95	891	4662	547	0
		Mahupadar	10	16.07	1727	8484	1492	0
		Baramundali	7	6.99	1391	7372	1573	0
		Karadakana	7	5.6	898	4171	698	176
		Seragad	9	12.06	2318	11412	2216	19
		Takarada	4	9	1127	5963	666	0
		Dhabalpur	3	6.04	681	3326	874	0
		Narendrapur	11	28.36	1383	7473	820	0
		Pitala	3	4.41	1536	7482	1004	0
		Brahmanchai	2	3.98	849	4309	960	0
		Tahanara	2	5.08	759	3734	1158	16
		Govindapur	4	11.33	1169	6314	941	0
		Dhanantar	7	13.21	1177	6003	1001	145
		Krushnachhai	5	5.62	971	4793	489	0
		Denga Padar	3	5.65	937	4641	1142	6
		Thuruburai	4	2.89	1026	5484	777	0
		Gothagam	2	4.45	962	5155	911	0
		Kurulla	6	5.07	817	4149	1184	0
		Allarigada	3	7.28	880	4423	803	10
		CDBlock Total	**108**	**173.77**	**23136**	**117625**	**21455**	**598**

Name of the C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste population	Scheduled Tribe population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Sanakhemundi	0016	T. Govindapur	17	42.14	1130	5485	832	2733
		Pudamari	10	25.68	2023	9906	1025	885
		Pattiguda	10	17.32	979	4877	883	515
		Chanameri	7	10.65	1647	8169	1268	1
		Singipur	8	12.13	2378	11230	946	174
		Maula Bhanja	17	24.46	2310	11248	2279	78
		Gangapur	9	15.03	929	4417	653	644
		S. Gopalpur	17	19.7	1694	8338	1454	839
		Ramachandrapur	9	16.57	1613	8092	527	0
		Dengadi	4	4.39	1295	6732	940	0
		Adapada	6	8.11	1453	7593	795	46
		Konkarada	6	8.23	2331	12102	1334	3
		Khallingi	4	6.42	1292	6676	578	6
		Erendra	6	8.92	1140	6044	446	0
		Pattapur	5	9.63	2265	11670	1073	0
		Sahaspur	5	11.14	1151	5447	995	0
		Chudangpur	7	13.1	1380	6583	1433	77
		Goutami	7	14.45	1877	9346	1751	4
		Dayanidhipur	5	7.44	751	3833	422	0
		CDBlock Total	**159**	**275.51**	**29638**	**147788**	**19634**	**6005**
Digapahandi	0017	Sahadev -	13	26.81	817	4058	366	1047
		Bhishmagiri	1	9.7	1330	6550	1023	17
		Phasiguda	6	11.01	1498	7799	1508	0
		Ankorada	4	8.21	825	4243	940	0
		Kusapada	4	7.87	890	3813	298	0
		Gokarnapur	6	13.89	1537	7033	992	0
		Sidheswar	20	33.25	2026	10367	1002	338
		Basudevpur	7	15.63	871	3675	650	269
		Turubudi	14	34.62	1779	7771	1049	704
		Padmanavpur	9	22.16	1598	7625	1003	1
		Koithada	11	17.51	1424	6431	997	133
		Kaithakhandi	14	21.23	1715	7957	1811	154
		Nimakhandipentha	20	31.61	1992	9482	1468	975
		Khamarigam	25	45.98	1500	6937	1479	1126
		B.L. Narayanpur	9	7.9	643	3073	542	614
		Bhramarapur	6	13.91	1060	5093	738	836
		Choudhury-	7	10.33	554	3092	309	0
		Goudagam	5	7.09	878	4564	792	177
		Gada Govindapur	5	9.2	867	4037	900	0
		Jakara	3	7.19	669	3100	586	11
		Bamokoi	17	20.54	1603	7153	843	638
		Kara Pada	10	15.19	1331	6110	1276	456
		Bada Dumula	16	41.61	1448	6655	826	1297
		CDBlock Total	**232**	**432.44**	**28855**	**136618**	**21398**	**8793**

Name of the C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste population	Scheduled Tribe population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Patrapur	0018	Turubudi	38	28.61	1428	7040	1444	1772
		Khariaguda	45	23.34	1715	8850	1189	734
		Surangigada	14	14.43	1367	6381	1984	236
		Tandipur	12	12.17	1372	5942	1113	92
		Kharnipada	5	8.85	1145	5322	1320	0
		Podadigi	7	7.64	1384	6662	883	30
		Patrapur	13	12.97	1991	9742	1943	16
		Sountia Palli	9	15.62	1499	6908	1252	6
		Badapur	14	14.37	1444	6747	833	199
		Jaradagada	6	5.63	1038	4793	1073	150
		Manda Rada	11	12.1	752	3743	800	180
		Ankuli	47	50.1	623	2992	14	2893
		Burutala	26	40.79	554	2609	0	2608
		Tumbagada	39	37.27	998	4482	237	3274
		Samantrapur	19	9.49	726	3275	679	889
		Ambapur	12	9.39	686	3083	280	430
		Gundra	10	9.53	1195	5207	1208	0
		Khamarigam	5	8.4	962	4595	242	0
		Jayantipur	4	11.93	1137	4797	550	7
		Baranga	7	9.11	874	4469	427	85
		Kesharipada	4	11.12	835	3293	409	23
		Gudipadar	3	3.72	693	2988	155	0
		B. Nuagam	5	6.49	893	4196	1040	8
		CDBlock Total	**355**	**363.07**	**25311**	**118116**	**19075**	**13632**
Chikiti	0019	Lalmenta-Laxmi	13	10.16	887	4108	750	84
		Nua Pada	2	2.77	734	3290	752	6
		K. Nuagam	22	15.98	1446	6472	1750	788
		Ramachandrapur	26	22.84	1869	8670	2068	658
		Chandapur	14	10.34	922	4196	502	424
		Gobinda Nagar	7	8.87	816	3934	1355	73
		Girisola	9	14.04	1410	6596	1112	163
		Pitotali	5	9.85	906	4294	737	19
		Kolabada	12	16.81	2125	9911	1294	340
		Kotilingi	6	9.74	840	3811	541	0
		Rampa	5	9.01	727	3279	233	33
		R. Subani	2	22.36	1513	7424	4061	0
		Jhati Padar	5	13.49	1405	6665	376	3
		Surala	2	11.8	1583	7974	5892	1
		Sunapur	2	12.68	1545	7291	3071	4
		Kotturu	5	16.49	1364	6026	1404	0
		CDBlock Total	**137**	**207.23**	**20092**	**93941**	**25898**	**2596**

Name of the C.D. Block	C.D. Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Households	Total Population	Scheduled Caste population	Scheduled Tribe population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Kukudakhandi	0020	Rohigam	3	9.15	1040	5650	831	0
		Baula Jhalli	4	14.49	957	4381	1184	8
		Kukuda Khandi	3	12.55	1861	8909	2484	1
		Masia Khalli	3	5.7	709	3837	853	16
		Hugulapatta	5	15.03	1337	6743	1150	0
		Gurunthi	2	10.41	1232	6082	1454	0
		Borigam	7	14.09	1238	6269	1497	11
		Nima Khandi	2	5.04	2327	11904	996	51
		Jagadalpur	1	5.92	985	5356	2079	110
		Ankusapur	5	14.62	1408	7198	1578	30
		Dakhinapur	7	17.83	1825	9246	1655	250
		Ballipada	4	9.9	1080	5517	1556	270
		Dengapadar	3	10.9	994	4984	1526	333
		Banthapalli	7	12.96	1049	4841	125	1158
		Anantei	4	7.03	1429	7203	2318	0
		Lathi	2	8.7	1562	8579	2067	0
		Mohada	6	16.99	972	4590	1498	241
		Kankia	21	35.89	629	2413	254	2106
		Sihala	5	13.45	1379	6680	2997	518
		Baghalati	5	8.87	867	4216	1406	375
		CDBlock Total	**99**	**249.52**	**24880**	**124598**	**29508**	**5478**
Rangeilunda	0021	Sata Kutuni	3	11.87	1915	9903	1446	227
		Badakustali	6	12.41	1893	9392	2857	5
		Korapalli	6	10.71	2140	10216	1482	41
		Dura	3	13.53	1392	7344	1957	17
		Ganju	5	10.67	962	4718	3058	2
		Phulta	4	11.03	1310	7048	863	0
		Konisi	5	13.31	1918	9529	2706	0
		Rangipur	4	7.49	906	4653	1330	7
		Kolathigam	3	9.62	1069	4929	1840	0
		Padmapur	5	6.65	928	4572	1305	0
		Chikarada	1	3.12	607	2959	496	0
		Randha	2	4.46	1089	5567	936	0
		Golanthara	1	5.1	944	4879	714	54
		Kutharsingi	4	8.35	1101	5349	716	199
		Mantridi	4	9.91	834	3921	673	0
		Biswanathpur	3	11.12	1024	4752	513	0
		Sasanpadar	5	12.33	1366	6173	541	0
		Indrakhi	4	9.37	1252	5501	505	0
		Keluapalli	5	13.52	1385	6463	1271	0
		Golabandha	5	26.28	2735	12175	564	17
		Narayanpur	5	13.07	2183	9584	1599	17
		CDBlock Total	**83**	**223.92**	**28953**	**139627**	**27372**	**586**

Name of the C.D.Block	C.D. Block Code	Gram Panchayat Name	No. of Villages	Area in Sq. Km.	Number of Household	Total Population	Scheduled Caste population	Scheduled Tribe population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Chhatrapur	0022	Tanganpalli	5	13.43	1343	6377	3125	4
		Sundarpur	3	20.56	2193	10933	2840	22
		Mahanandpur	4	11.63	853	4802	2047	0
		Baulgam	5	5.03	940	4543	2304	23
		Badamadhapur	4	12.83	1657	8250	1845	41
		Potalampur	5	10.74	1584	7805	1529	9
		Bipulingi	7	14.89	1907	9207	2174	16
		Chikalakhandi	4	11.63	1566	7238	768	13
		Bhikaripalli	8	20.22	1726	7957	3445	67
		Laxmipur	4	15.37	1343	6389	1181	38
		Narendrapur	4	12.48	1371	6998	1248	99
		Chamakhandi	6	22.83	2111	9594	3201	39
		Kalipalli	6	18.2	1764	7937	1702	1
		Konomona	5	15.93	3195	14597	4210	80
		Podapadar	5	17.74	1218	5700	983	4
		Agastinuagaon	5	13.94	1529	7348	1290	62
		CDBlock Total	**80**	**237.45**	**26300**	**125675**	**33892**	**518**

ANNEXURE-II

Fertility and Mortality, 1991 Census

The district of Ganjam was split up into two districts namely Ganjam and Gajapati after the 1991 Census. The estimates for 1991 Census had been calculated for the undivided district of Ganjam and the same crude birth rate, fertility rate and other tables and statements presented and discussed herein after will be applicable for the newly formed districts of Gajapati as the same for each of the districts is not available separately for the 1991 Census.

Table- I provide details of child mortality by q (1), q (2), q (3) and q (5) for persons, males and females. Here q (1), q (2), q (3) and q (5) refer to probability of dying between birth and age one, two, three and five respectively. The table shows a sharp decline of child mortality in age one, age two, age three and age five in 1991 both in persons, males and females in the state and the district in comparison to 1981. In 1981 the child mortality rate was much higher in the state as well as in the district. A notable feature that emerges out of the study of the annexure is that the female child mortality in all the ages is lower than the male child in the state in 1981 and 1991.

Table - II
Estimates of child mortality indicators by sex at state and district

State/ Dist	Year	Person				Male				Female			
		q(1)	q(2)	q(3)	q(5)	q(1)	q(2)	q(3)	q(5)	q(1)	q(2)	q(3)	q(5)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Orissa	1981	163	162	165	179	172	170	170	181	153	153	160	176
	1991	125	127	129	133	129	142	147	154	111	114	125	128
Ganjam	1981	152	165	180	200	157	170	181	195	146	159	180	205
	1991	133	136	144	149	134	141	146	151	128	132	139	152

ANNEXURE-III

Various measures of Fertility and mean at marriage, 1991 Census

Fertility and mortality are natural processes and contribute substantially to the growth of population. The 1991 Census also records information relating to fertility namely age at marriage, number of surviving children, number of children ever born alive and children born alive during the last year. The first three questions were asked to all ever-married women and the last question related to currently married women only. The measures of fertility worked out are based on F-Series Tables of 1991 Census pertaining to Orissa and these measures have been defined under Non-Census Concepts.

Data on various measures of fertility and mean age at marriage for erstwhile 13 districts of Orissa and that of the state on the basis of 1991 Census results are presented in the following table.

Table -III

Various measures of fertility and mean age at marriage, 1991 census

Sl. No.	State/ District	GFR	GMFR	TFR	TMFR	CBR	No. of Children ever born per woman in age group 45-49	Child woman Ratio (0-4) Ages	Mean age at marriage of currently married women
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	ORISSA	**135**	**178**	**4.27**	**5.84**	**32.98**	**4.22**	**46.5**	**17.96**
1	Sambalpur	131	171	4.21	5.87	32.01	3.88	44.5	17.92
2	Sundargarh	121	168	3.91	5.84	30.24	3.96	44.8	18.76
3	Kendujhar	134	184	4.15	6.28	32.94	4.34	50.0	18.83
4	Mayurbhanj	132	163	4.05	5.53	32.79	3.08	51.5	17.88
5	Baleshwar	160	212	4.96	6.71	38.06	5.32	49.7	17.24
6	Cuttack	134	180	4.27	6.03	32.27	4.61	44.4	18.24
7	Dhenkanal	134	171	4.35	5.73	32.43	4.03	46.6	17.82
8	Phulbani	156	204	5.00	6.6	39.06	4.06	49.5	18.21
9	Balangir	132	170	4.03	5.71	32.57	4.02	46.0	17.83
10	Kalahandi	120	141	3.82	4.57	29.86	3.94	44.7	17.57
11	Koraput	133	166	4.18	5.33	34.01	3.63	49.3	18.03
12	**Ganjam**	**99**	**129**	**3.12**	**4.17**	**24.06**	**4.21**	**48.5**	**17.69**
13	Puri	123	164	3.96	5.38	29.92	4.28	41.9	18.00

Mean age at marriage:

The table depicts the various measures of fertility and the mean age at marriage in 1991 Census. The mean age at marriage of the females is the average age at marriage. The figure is 18 for the state and 17.7 for Ganjam District as per the 1991 Census.

Child-woman ratio:

The ratio between the child and woman is a very useful and simple form of fertility measurement. Child-woman ratio is the ratio of children of age 0-4 years and women from 15-49 years of age. As per the 1991 Census, the child-woman ratio was 46.5 at the state level. At the district level it is seen that seven districts namely Kendujhar, Mayurhanj, Baleshwar, Phulabani, Koraput, Ganjam and Dhenkanal have recorded higher child-woman ratio than the state and the rest six districts have recorded lower child-woman ratio.

Number of children ever born per woman in 45-49 age group, 1991

As shown in the table, the number was 4.22 at the state level but at the district level, the highest number of children (5.32), ever born to women in this age group was recorded for Baleshwar District followed by Cuttack, Kendujhar, Dhenkanal and Puri. The lowest number of children (3.80) is marked in Mayurbhanj District.

Mean age at marriage of currently married women:

Mean age or in other words, the average age at marriage of currently married women in the state is 17.96 years as per the 1991 Census.

As far as the average age of currently married women at the districts is concerned, it is observed that six districts namely Sundargarh, Koraput, Phulabani, Kendujhar, Cutttack and Puri have recorded higher average than the state. However, among these districts, Koraput, Phulabani, Sundargarh and Kendujhar are mainly inhabited by scheduled tribe population.

ANNEXURE-IV

Percentage distributation of migrants by place of birth/place of last residence, 2001 Census

Among the different factors that influence growth of population of a particular geographical area, migration plays a vital role. Though reasons of migration are numerous, the Census of India for the first time in 1981 Ccensus endeavored to enlist the reasons of migration. Concepts relating to migration and their definitions have been provided under the chapter "Non-Census Concepts".

Table-IV

Inmigrants classified by place of birth, 2001

State/ District	Total			From other district of the state			From other states/UTs			From other countries		
	Person	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Person	Males	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Orissa	3,189,242	1,159,780	2,029,462	2,472,336	868,127	1,604,209	658,984	260,729	398,255	57,922	30,924	26,998
				(77.52)	(74.85)	(79.05)	(20.66)	(22.48)	(19.62)	(1.82)	(2.67)	(1.33)
Ganjam	67,829	27,432	40,397	43,660	18,194	25,466	23,842	9,061	14,781	327	177	150
				(64.37)	(66.32)	(63.04)	(35.15)	(33.03)	(36.59)	(0.48)	(0.65)	(0.37)

Table-IV depicts sex-wise distribution of inmigrants classified by place of birth. The inmigrants from other districts of the state constitute 66.32 percent males and 63.04 percent females. Among the inmigrants of the district Ganjam, 33.03 percent of males and 36.59 percent of females have inmigrated from other states of the country but the inmigrants from other countries are very negligible in percentage.

Table -V

Migrants classified by place of last residence with duration of residence, 0-9 years 2001 Census

State/ District	Total migrants			From other districts of the state			From other states /UTs of India			From other countries		
	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Orissa	1,176,547	494,822	681,725	942,929	388,565	554,364	229,687	103,986	125,701	3,931	2,271	1,660
				(80.14)	(78.53)	(81.32)	(19.52)	(21.01)	(18.44)	(0.33)	(0.46)	(0.24)
Ganjam	39,331	20,292	19,039	25,655	12,462	13,193	13,594	7,779	5,815	82	51	31
				(65.23)	(61.41)	(69.29)	(34.56)	(38.34)	(30.54)	(0.21)	(0.25)	(0.16)

Table - V depicts inmigrants by place of last residence. In the Ganjam district, 65.23 percent of persons have inmigrated from other districts of the State, 34.56 per cent have inmigrated from other states and 0.21 per cent have immigrated from other countries. These inmigrants have been classified by place of last residence with duration of 0-9 years.

It may be mentioned here that, Ganjam and Gajapati districts were created from the old Ganjam district in which the number of inmigrants by place of last residence with duration of residence 0-9 years was 40,502 with 18,866 males and 21,636 females and 63.62 percent migrants were from other districts of the state in the 1991 Census.

ANNEXURE - V

Brief account of main religion in the district as per 2001 Census

Religion plays an important role on the life of human being. This, not only influences the socio-cultural life of the people but also binds the whole community belonging to a specific religion in the bonds of unity and brotherhood. The information on religion, collected by the Census of India solve

Table - VI
Six numerically major religions arranged in descending order for the state and Ganjam district, 2001 Census

State/ District	Religion	No. of followers	% of Pop ulation	Proportion	
				Rural	Urban
Orissa	**All Religions**	**36,804,660**	**100.00**	**85.01**	**14.99**
	Hindus	34,726,129	94.35	85.51	14.49
	Christians	897,861	2.44	85.00	15.00
	Muslims	761,985	2.07	58.33	41.67
	Others	361,981	0.98	98.03	1.97
	Religion not stated	20,195	0.05	89.17	10.83
	Sikhs	17,492	0.05	11.96	88.04
	Buddhists	9,863	0.03	85.93	14.07
	Jains	9,154	0.02	34.04	65.96
Ganjam	All Religions	3,160,635	100.00	82.40	17.60
	Hindus	3,132,628	99.11	82.64	17.36
	Christians	14,818	0.47	70.95	29.05
	Muslims	10,910	0.35	28.21	71.79
	Religion not stated	1,780	0.06	86.35	13.65
	Sikhs	325	0.01	48.31	51.69
	Jains	86	0.00	53.49	46.51
	Others	49	0.00	69.39	30.61
	Buddhists	39	0.00	46.15	53.85

the greater interests of demographers, planners, anthropologists, sociologists, administrators and the public in general.

It is noticed from the Table- VI that the followers of Hindu Religion constitute more than 90 percent of population in the state as well as in the district. The Hindus in Ganjam District are of 99.11 percent whereas Christians are found to be 0.47 percent. The followers of other two religions such as Muslim and Sikh claim a very negligible proportion.

A look at the rural urban break up of six major religions reveals that more than 82 percent of Hindus, Christians and Buddhists are found in rural areas but the follower of other religions are mostly seen in urban areas.

In the 1991 Census, the total number of followers of all Religions in undivided Ganjam district was 3,158,764 and the percentage of Hindu religion was 95.51followed by Christian 4.14 percent.The followers of other religions claimed a very negilgible proportion.

ANNEXURE-VI
Marital Status of population as per 2001 Census

Marital status is one of the important characteristics of the population statistics. The population statistics on the basis of marital status such as (a) never married, (b) married, (c) widowed, (d) divorced or separated for the state and the district have been presented in Table-VII.

Table -VII
Sexwise Distribution of Population by Marital Status, 2001 Census

State/ District	Marital Status	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5
Orissa	**Total**	**36,804,660**	**18,660,570**	**18,144,090**
	Never married	18,447,277	10,117,851	8,329,426
		(50.12)	(54.22)	(45.91)
	Married	16,518,353	8,172,008	8,346,345
		(44.88)	(43.79)	(46.00)
	Widowed	1,706,175	336,052	1,370,123
		(4.64)	(1.80)	(7.55)
	Divorced/ Separated	132,855	34,659	98,196
		(0.36)	(0.19)	(0.54)
Ganjam	**Total**	**3160635**	**1,581,986**	**1,578,649**
	Never married	1,593,816	879,548	714,268
		(50.43)	(55.60)	(45.25)
	Married	1,409,972	677,755	732,217
		(44.61)	(42.84)	(46.38)
	Widowed	149,117	23,402	125,715
		(4.72)	(1.48)	(7.96)
	Divorced/ Separated	7,730	1,281	6,449
		(0.24)	(0.08)	(0.41)

It was observed from the above Table-VII that the never married category occupied 50.12 per cent of total population of the state whereas it is 50.43 percent for Ganjam District. Similarly married category claimed 44.88 per cent of the state and 44.61 per cent for the district. As regards the widowed category it was 4.64 per cent found in the state whereas 4.72 per cent were found in Ganjam district. Persons in other two categories such as Divorced or Separated and Unspecified, are very negligible both in the state and in the district.

In undivided Ganjam district, the percentage of married persons was 43.95 in the 1991 Census.

ANNEXURE-VII

Age, Sex and Education in the district, 2001 Census

Educational qualification according to age and sex is depicted in various tables of Census.Certain concepts associated with literacy have been defined in the earlier paragraphs under "Census Concepts".

Distribution of literate persons in different educational levels at the state:

Distribution of literate persons in different educational levels at the state level is shown below.

Table - VIII
Distribution of literate and educated persons in different educational levels in the State, 2001

Name of State/ District	Educational Level	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5
ORISSA	Total Population	36,804,660	18,660,570	18,144,090
	Literate	19,837,055	11,992,333	7,844,722
	i) Literate without any formal schooling including educational level unclassified	428,001 (2.16)	279,304 (2.33)	148,697 (1.90)
	ii) Below Primary	5,755,797 (29.02)	3,328,385 (27.75)	2,427,412 (30.94)
	iii) Primary	5,798,954 (29.23)	3,280,957 (27.36)	2,517,997 (32.10)
	iv) Middle	2,875,760 (14.50)	1,783,236 (14.87)	1,092,524 (13.93)
	v) Matric/Secondary	2,616,294 (13.19)	1,665,245 (13.89)	951,049 (12.12)
	vi) Higher secondary/Intermediate Pre-University/Senior secondary	1,021,802 (5.15)	664,408 (5.54)	357,394 (4.56)
	vii) Non-technical diploma or certificate not equal to degree	8,944 (0.05)	7,495 (0.06)	1,449 (0.02)
	viii) Technical diploma or certificate not equal to degree	145,863 (0.74)	116,593 (0.97)	29,270 (0.37)
	ix) Graduate & above	1,185,640 (5.98)	866,710 (7.23)	318,930 (4.07)

The proportion of literate persons in different educational levels does not provide an encouraging picture since more than 50 per cent (58.25 per cent) among literate persons, males and females have attained only primary and below primary level of education followed by middle standard with 14.50 percent persons, 14.87 per cent males and 13.93 per cent females.

As far as technical education is concerned, it may be mentioned here that the proportion of such persons to total literate persons is abysmally low. It is only 0.74 per cent.

Among the higher educational levels graduate and above educational level claims 5.98 per cent followed by higher secondary/ intermediate with only 5.15 per cent.

Table - IX
Distribution of literate and educated persons in different educational levels in the district, 2001

Name of District	Educational Level	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5
Ganjam	**Total Population**	**3,160,635**	**1,581,986**	**1,578,649**
	Literate	1,631,722	1,005,585	626,137
	i) Literate without any formal schooling including educational level unclassified	55,794 (3.42)	36,228 (3.60)	19,566 (3.12)
	ii) Below Primary	515,568 (31.60)	305,730 (30.40)	209,838 (33.51)
	iii) Primary	522,328 (32.01)	299,156 (29.75)	223,172 (35.64)
	iv) Middle	191,227 (11.72)	121,123 (12.05)	70,104 (11.20)
	v) Matric/Secondary	188,021 (11.52)	125,508 (12.48)	62,513 (9.98)
	vi) Higher secondary/Intermediate Pre-University/Senior secondary	71,717 (4.40)	50,364 (5.01)	21,353 (3.41)
	vii) Non-technical diploma or certificate not equal to degree	750 (0.05)	669 (0.07)	81 (0.01)
	viii) Technical diploma or certificate not equal to degree	9,510 (0.58)	8,055 (0.80)	1,455 (0.23)
	ix) Graduate & above	76,807 (4.71)	58,752 (5.84)	18,055 (2.88)

As per the 2001 Census, the population of Ganjam district is 3,160,635 of which 475,464 were below seven years. After excluding population under 0-6 age group, the population of Ganjam district comes to 2,685,171 of which 1,336,780 are males and 1,348,391 are females.. The literate and educated persons in the district number 1,631,722 with 1,005,585 males and 626,137 females. The proportion of literates constitutes 51.62 percent of the total population of the district. The distribution of literates is shown in Table- IX.

The attainment of education of persons, males and females is classified in different educational levels as shown in the above table. Among these educational levels, below primary educational level claims nearly one-third of the total literate population both among persons, males and females. The next educational levels to follow are middle (11.72 per cent) and matriculation (11.52 per cent) respectively. Graduate and above educational level has claimed comparatively higher percentage among males and females than higher secondary, technical diploma and technical degree levels.

In the 1991 Census the total literate persons of the undivided Ganjam district was 1,154,972 of which the highest percentage was recorded under Below primary i.e.34.11 and the lowest percentage was 0.13 in the educational level of Non-technical diploma not equal to degree. The percentage of Graduate and above persons was 3.61 only whereas Middle standard claimed 21.30 per cent and Matriculation / Secondary educational level claimed 7.86 per cent to total literate persons of the district.

Table - X
Distribution of females in the age group 15-44 years by educational level, 2001

State/ District	Total Rural Urban	No. of women aged 15-44 years	Percentage of women aged 15-44 years by educational level					
			Total	Illiterate	Literate but below middle	Middle but below Matric	Matric but below Graduate	Graduate & above
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Orissa	Total	8,589,378	100	46.29	26.39	9.06	14.78	3.48
	Rural	7,224,698	100	50.62	27.07	8.72	11.74	1.85
	Urban	1,364,680	100	23.39	22.76	10.89	30.84	12.12
Ganjam	Total	728,611	100	51.75	28.68	6.16	11.09	2.32
	Rural	591,635	100	57.95	29.05	5.26	6.92	0.82
	Urban	136,976	100	24.93	27.07	10.08	29.11	8.8

Table - X provides distribution of women in the age group 15-44 in different educational levels in the state as well as in Ganjam district. The proportion of female literacy of the district in this age group is higher than the state average for total, rural and urban areas in the educational level of 'literate but below middle'. But in other educational levels the district percentage is lower than the state average.

In undivided Ganjam district the percentage of literate in the educational level, literate but below middle was 15.47 for total, 14.86 for rural and 18.81 for urban areas of the district during period of the Census 1991. The percentages for all educational levels of the district were lower than the state average except the educational level, literate but below middle for urban areas of the district.

Table - XI
Children in the age group of 0-14 years with number of children attending school, 2001 Census

State/ District	Description	Total			Rural			Urban		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Orissa	Total Population in the age group 0-14 years	12,207,872	6,235,873	5,971,999	10,592,499	5,402,181	5,190,318	1,615,373	833,692	781,681
	No. of Children attending School	5,618,880	3,042,840	2,576,040	4,721,148	2,569,809	2,151,339	897,732	473,031	424,701
	Percentage	(46.03)	(48.80)	(43.14)	(44.57)	(47.57)	(41.45)	(55.57)	(56.74)	(54.33)
Ganjam	Total Population in the age group 0-14 years	1,086,191	553,915	532,276	921,488	468,901	452,587	164,703	85,014	79,689
	No. of Children attending School	480,589	261,380	219,209	389,637	213,475	176,162	90,952	47,905	43,047
	Percentage	(44.25)	(47.19)	(41.18)	(42.28)	(45.53)	(38.92)	(55.22)	(56.35)	(54.02)

Table-XI depicts the sex-wise distribution of children in the age group 0-14 attending school in rural and urban areas of the state and Ganjam district. In rural areas 42.28 per cent and in urban areas 55.22 per cent children of age 0-14 of the district are attending schools. The proportion of children aged 0-14 attending schools in the district is less as compared to the state.

ANNEXURE- VIII

Mother tongue, 2001 Census

Language is an important attribute of population and has great relevance and significance in a multi-ethnic social structure like Orissa. The definition of 'Mother tongue' has been explained under "Census Concept".

The Census of India is the richest source of language data and has thrown much light on the ethnic and linguistic characteristics of population. Like the previous censuses, the mother tongue as returned by each individual was collected, classified and grouped under appropriate languages according to their linguistic characteristics. Details of mother tongue returns as recorded in the 2001 Census are given in Table- XII.

At the state level the major language returned as mother tongue are Oriya (81.22 percent) followed by Kui(2.48 percent), Telugu(1.94 percent), Santali(1.82 percent) and other languages. Oriya language being the language of the state holds the highest percentage followed by languages mainly spoken by the tribal people of the state. The scheduled languages which have been returned as mother tongue and have a prominent place are Telegu(1.94 percent), Urdu (1.66 percent), Bengali(1.33 percent) and Hindi (1.02 percent).

Table - XII
Major Languages returned as Mother Tongue in the State, 2001 Census

Sl.No.	Mother tongue	No. of persons who returned the language as their mother tongues, 2001					
		TOTAL	Percentage to total population	RURAL	URBAN	Proportion	
						Rural	Urban
	ORISSA	**36,804,660**	**100**	**31,287,422**	**5,517,238**	**85.01**	**14.99**
1	ORIYA	29,893,729	81.22	25,707,762	4,185,967	86.00	14.00
2	KUI	914,142	2.48	893,894	20,248	97.79	2.21
3	TELUGU	712,291	1.94	422,842	289,449	59.36	40.64
4	SANTALI	670,111	1.82	632,136	37,975	94.33	5.67
5	URDU	611,502	1.66	354,853	256,649	58.03	41.97
6	SAMBALPURI	516,914	1.40	482,710	34,204	93.38	6.62
7	BENGALI	490,586	1.33	353,235	137,351	72.00	28.00
8	HINDI	376,325	1.02	85,650	290,675	22.76	77.24
9	SADAN/SADRI	322,416	0.88	264,670	57,746	82.09	17.91
10	HO	252,526	0.69	240,756	11,770	95.34	4.66
11	MUNDA	231,980	0.63	203,766	28,214	87.84	12.16
12	SAVARA	172,287	0.47	166,342	5,945	96.55	3.45
13	KISAN	139,428	0.38	129,905	9,523	93.17	6.83
14	MUNDARI	119,573	0.32	112,440	7,133	94.03	5.97
15	KOYA	113,668	0.31	113,300	368	99.68	0.32
16	KURMALI THAR	112,916	0.31	111,430	1,486	98.68	1.32
17	KHOND/KONDH	110,602	0.30	108,101	2,501	97.74	2.26
18	CHHATTISGARHI	107,350	0.29	96,185	11,165	89.60	10.40
19	Total of Other Mother Tongues	936,314	2.54	807,445	128,869	86.24	13.76

Table - XIII
Major Languages returned as Mother Tongue in Ganjam District, 2001 Census

Sl. No.	Mother tongue	No. of persons who returned the language as their mother tongues, 2001					
		TOTAL	Percentage to total	RURAL	URBAN	Proportion	
						Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	GANJAM	**3,160,635**	**100.00**	**2,604,276**	**556,359**	**82.40**	**17.60**
1	ORIYA	2,836,462	89.74	2,360,637	475,825	83.22	16.78
2	TELUGU	274,772	8.69	207,734	67,038	75.60	24.40
3	KUI	16,500	0.52	16,285	215	98.70	1.30
4	URDU	7,374	0.23	1,175	6,199	15.93	84.07
5	HINDI	6,570	0.21	3,592	2,978	54.67	45.33
6	SAVARA	4,682	0.15	4,573	109	97.67	2.33
7	BENGALI	2,192	0.07	478	1,714	21.81	78.19
8	MALAYALAM	536	0.02	187	349	34.89	65.11
9	KHOND/KONDH	522	0.02	371	151	71.07	28.93
10	Total of Other Mother Tongues	11,025	0.35	9,244	1,781	83.85	16.15

As shown in the above Table - XIII, major mother tongue returns of the district have been arranged in descending order of the number of speakers as per the 2001 Census. Of these speakers of 9 mother tongues, speakers of 'Oriya' mother tongue are the highest in the district and constitute 89.74 per cent of total population. The next major mother tongue is Telugu, the speakers of which constitute 8.69 per cent. Then the next major mother tongue of the district is the Kui language, which is a tribal language and this claims 0.52 per cent of the total population. The speakers of the next major language i.e. Savara as mother tongue constitutes 0.15 per cent of the total population. Now it is marked from the table that the speakers of other 5 languages claim very negligible percentage of the total population.

The total number of Oriya speakers in undivided Ganjam district was 2,590,741 during the 1991 Census and their percentage to total population was 82.02 followed by Telugu with 11.02 per cent, Savara with 4.64 per cent. The speakers of other languages varies inbetween 0.01 to 1.59 per cent.